

# STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

BEVERLY PERDUE GOVERNOR EUGENE CONTI Secretary

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September 6, 2011

MEMORANDUM TO:	Mr. Jerry Jennings, PE Division 1 Engineer
FROM:	Philip S. Harris, III, P.E., Unit Head Natural Environment Unit
	Project Development and Environmental Analysis Branch
SUBJECT:	Dare County, Emergency permits for <b>Hurricane Irene Damage</b> ; Repair of NC 12 at two breach areas: Rodanthe and Pea Island National Wildlife Refuge; WBS Element 13201.1028011 Dare.

Attached are emergency permits for both locations of the above mentioned project All environmental permits have been received for the construction of this project.

For the Rodanthe Breach:

• N.C. Division of Coastal Management CAMA Permit

For the Pea Island Breach:

- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Section 404 Nationwide Permit 23,
- N.C. Division of Water Quality Section 401 Water Quality Certification,
- N.C. Division of Coastal Management CAMA Permit

For both breach areas:

- USFWS Special Use Permit for NC 12 repair on Pea Island National Wildlife Refuge
- USFWS Special Use Permit to excavate sand from the groin area behind the USCG Station

A copy of this permit package will be posted on the NCDOT website at: http://www.ncdot.gov/doh/preconstruct/pe/neu/permit.html

Cc:

Mr. Terry Gibson, PE, State Highway Administrator Ms. Deborah Barbour, PE, Director of Preconstruction Dr. Gregory J. Thorpe, PhD, PDEA Branch Manager Mr. Majed Alghandour, PE, Programming and TIP Mr. Jay Bennett, PE, Roadway Design Unit Mr. Dewayne Sykes, PE Utilities Unit Dr. David Chang, PE, Hydraulics Unit Mr. Art McMillan, PE, Highway Design Branch Mr. Greg Perfetti, PE, Structure Design Unit Mr. Ron Hancock, PE, State Rdwy Construction Engineer Mr. Mike Robinson, PE, State Bridge Construction Engineer Mr. Rob Hanson, PE,PDEA Eastern Region Unit Head

Mr. Clay Willis, Division Environmental Officer

WEBSITE: WWW.NCDOT.ORG

#### U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS WILMINGTON DISTRICT

Action ID. <u>SAW-2011-01633</u>

County: Dare

USGS Quad: Pea Island, NC

#### GENERAL PERMIT (REGIONAL AND NATIONWIDE) VERIFICATION

Property Owner / Authorized Agent: Dr. Gregory J. Thorpe, Ph.D

Address: Environmental Management Director, PDEA N.C. Department of Transportation 1598 Mail Service Center Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1598

Telephone No.: (919) 707-6156

Size and location of property (water body, road name/number, town, etc.): <u>The project is located on NC Highway 12</u> (within NCDOT's existing right-of-way with a project length of 0.45 miles) approximately 6 miles south of Oregon Inlet in the vicinity of the old Fish and Wildlife Service Headquarters buildings, adjacent to the Pamlico Sound and the Atlantic Ocean.

Description of projects area and activity: <u>Repair the previously existing roadway by filling previously existing</u> <u>uplands and wetlands according to the submitted workplan drawings. This work includes the use of sandbags and</u> <u>sand fill material obtained exclusively from approved upland sources. The authorization also includes the</u> <u>installation of a 650-foot long pile supported bridge structure and a 200-foot temporary work bridge for</u> <u>construction purposes. Total permanent wetland impacts for the project equal 1500 square feet (0.03 acres).</u> <u>SEE ADDITIONAL SPECIAL CONDITIONS.</u>

Your work is authorized by the above referenced permit provided it is accomplished in strict accordance with the attached conditions and your submitted plans. Any violation of the attached conditions or deviation from your submitted plans may subject the permittee to a stop work order, a restoration order and/or appropriate legal action.

This verification is valid until the NWP is modified, reissued, or revoked. All of the existing NWPs are scheduled to be modified, reissued, or revoked prior to March 18, 2012. It is incumbent upon you to remain informed of changes to the NWPs. We will issue a public notice when the NWPs are reissued. Furthermore, if you commence or are under contract to commence this activity before the date that the relevant nationwide permit is modified or revoked, you will have twelve (12) months from the date of the modification or revocation of the NWP to complete the activity under the present terms and conditions of this nationwide permit.

Activities subject to Section 404 (as indicated above) may also require an individual Section 401 Water Quality Certification. You should contact the NC Division of Water Quality (telephone (919) 733-1786) to determine Section 401 requirements.

For activities occurring within the twenty coastal counties subject to regulation under the Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA), prior to beginning work you must contact the N.C. Division of Coastal Management .

This Department of the Army verification does not relieve the permittee of the responsibility to obtain any other required Federal, State or local approvals/permits.

If there are any questions regarding this verification, any of the conditions of the Permit, or the Corps of Engineers regulatory program, please contact Bill Biddlecome at (910) 251-4558.

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Corps Regulatory Official	M.J.JR.1228726504	DN: c=US, o=U.S. Government, ou=DoD, ou=PKI, ou=USA, cn=B DDLECOME.WILLIAM.JJR.1228726504 Date: 2011.09.06 13:13:29-04'00'	<u>09/06/2011</u>

Expiration Date of Verification: 03/18/2012

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The Wilmington District is committed to providing the highest level of support to the public. To help us ensure we continue to do so, please complete the Customer Satisfaction Survey located at our website at <u>http://regulatory.usacesurvey.com/</u> to complete the survey online.

#### **Determination of Jurisdiction:**

- Based on preliminary information, there appear to be waters of the US including wetlands within the above described project area. This preliminary determination is not an appealable action under the Regulatory Program Administrative Appeal Process (Reference 33 CFR Part 331).
- There are Navigable Waters of the United States within the above described project area subject to the permit requirements of Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act and Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. Unless there is a change in the law or our published regulations, this determination may be relied upon for a period not to exceed five years from the date of this notification.
- There are waters of the US and/or wetlands within the above described project area subject to the permit requirements of Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA)(33 USC § 1344). Unless there is a change in the law or our published regulations, this determination may be relied upon for a period not to exceed five years from the date of this notification.

The jurisdictional areas within the above described project area have been identified under a previous action. Please reference jurisdictional determination issued <u>04/26/2006</u>. Action ID <u>200632020</u>

Basis of Jurisdictional Determination: See previous action.

#### Appeals Information (This information applies only to approved jurisdictional determinations.)

Attached to this verification is an approved jurisdictional determination. If you are not in agreement with that approved jurisdictional determination, you can make an administrative appeal under 33 CFR 331. Enclosed you will find a Notification of Appeal Process (NAP) fact sheet and request for appeal (RFA) form. If you request to appeal this determination you must submit a completed RFA form to the following address:

District Engineer, Wilmington Regulatory Division Attn:William Biddlecome, Project Manager, Washington Regulatory Field Office P.O. Box 1000 Washington, North Carolina 27889

In order for an RFA to be accepted by the Corps, the Corps must determine that it is complete, that it meets the criteria for appeal under 33 CFR part 331.5, and that it has been received by the District Office within 60 days of the date of the NAP. Should you decide to submit an RFA form, it must be received at the above address by N/A.

\*\*It is not necessary to submit an RFA form to the District Office if you do not object to the determination in this correspondence.\*\*

Corps Regulatory Official:

Date <u>09/06/2011</u>

Expiration Date

SURVEY PLATS, FIELD SKETCH, WETLAND DELINEATION FORMS, PROJECT PLANS, ETC., MUST BE ATTACHED TO THE FILE COPY OF THIS FORM, IF REQUIRED OR AVAILABLE.

Copy Furnished:

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Action ID Number: <u>SAW-2011-01633</u>

County:<u>Dare</u>

Permittee: NCDOT, Greg Thorpe, Ph. D.

Date Verification Issued: <u>09/06/2011</u>

Project Manager: <u>Biddlecome</u>

Upon completion of the activity authorized by this permit and any mitigation required by the permit, sign this certification and return it to the following address:

## US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS WILMINGTON DISTRICT WILMINGTON REGULATORY FIELD OFFICE POST OFFICE BOX 1890 WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA 28402-1890

Please note that your permitted activity is subject to a compliance inspection by a U. S. Army Corps of Engineers representative. If you fail to comply with this permit you are subject to permit suspension, modification, or revocation.

I hereby certify that the work authorized by the above referenced permit has been completed in accordance with the terms and condition of the said permit, and required mitigation was completed in accordance with the permit conditions.

Signature of Permittee

Date

#### ADDITIONAL SPECIAL CONDITIONS

# Action I.D. # SAW-2011-01633 - NCDOT, NC 12 Repair, Pea Island, Dare County, NC

- a) All work authorized by this permit must be performed in strict compliance with the plans which were submitted with the permit application and are considered part of this permit. Any modification to these plans must be approved by the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) prior to implementation.
- b) The permittee shall require its contractors and/or agents to comply with the terms and conditions of this permit in the construction and maintenance of this project, and shall provide each or its contractors and/or agents associated with the construction or maintenance of this project with a copy of this permit, and any authorized modifications. A copy of this permit, and any authorized modifications, including all conditions, shall be available at the project site during construction and maintenance of this project.
- c) All excavated materials will be confined above normal high water and landward of regularly or irregularly flooded wetlands behind adequate dikes or retaining structures to prevent spillover of solids into any wetlands or surrounding waters.
- d) Except as authorized by this permit or any USACE approved modification to this permit, no excavation, fills, or mechanized land-clearing activities shall take place at any time in the construction or maintenance of this project, within waters or wetlands, or any activities that cause the degradation of waters or wetlands, except as authorized by this permit, or any modification to this permit. This permit does not authorize temporary placement or double handling of excavated or fill material within waters or wetlands outside the permitted area. There shall be no excavation from, waste disposal into, or degradation of, jurisdictional waters or wetlands associated with this permit without appropriate modification of this permit, including appropriate compensatory mitigation. This prohibition applies to all borrow and fill activities connected with this project.
- e) No road demolition debris or excavated or fill material will be placed at any time, in any wetlands or surrounding waters, outside of the alignment of the fill area indicated on the work plans.
- f) The permittee will report any violations of these conditions or violations of section 404 of the Clean Water Act or Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act in writing to the Wilmington District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, within 24 hours of the permittee's discovery of the violation.

g) Failure to institute and carry out the details of special conditions a. - f, above, may result in a directive to cease all ongoing and permitted work within waters and/or wetlands associated with this project, or such other remedy as the District Engineer or his authorized representatives may seek.

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#### NATIONWIDE PERMIT 23 DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS FINAL NOTICE OF ISSUANCE AND MODIFICATION OF NATIONWIDE PERMITS FEDERAL REGISTER AUTHORIZED MARCH 19, 2007

**Approved Categorical Exclusions.** Activities undertaken, assisted, authorized, regulated, funded, or financed, in whole or in part, by another Federal agency or department where:

(a) That agency or department has determined, pursuant to the Council on Environmental Quality's implementing regulations for the National Environmental Policy Act (40 CFR part 1500 et seq.), that the activity is categorically excluded from environmental documentation, because it is included within a category of actions which neither individually nor cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment; and

(b) The Office of the Chief of Engineers (Attn: CECW-CO) has concurred with that agency's or department's determination that the activity is categorically excluded and approved the activity for authorization under NWP 23.

The Office of the Chief of Engineers may require additional conditions, including preconstruction notification, for authorization of an agency's categorical exclusions under this NWP.

<u>Notification</u>: Certain categorical exclusions approved for authorization under this NWP require the permittee to submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer prior to commencing the activity (see general condition 27). The activities that require pre-construction notification are listed in the appropriate Regulatory Guidance Letters. (Sections 10 and 404)

<u>Note</u>: The agency or department may submit an application for an activity believed to be categorically excluded to the Office of the Chief of Engineers (Attn: CECW-CO). Prior to approval for authorization under this NWP of any agency's activity, the Office of the Chief of Engineers will solicit public comment. As of the date of issuance of this NWP, agencies with approved categorical exclusions are the: Bureau of Reclamation, Federal Highway Administration, and U.S. Coast Guard. Activities approved for authorization under this NWP as of the date of this notice are found in Corps Regulatory Guidance Letter 05-07, which is available at:

<u>http://www.usace.army.mil/inet/functions/cw/cecwo/reg/rglsindx.htm</u>. Any future approved categorical exclusions will be announced in Regulatory Guidance Letters and posted on this same web site.

#### NATIONWIDE PERMIT CONDITIONS

The following General Conditions must be followed in order for any authorization by a NWP to be valid:

1. <u>Navigation</u>. (a) No activity may cause more than a minimal adverse effect on navigation.

(b) Any safety lights and signals prescribed by the U.S. Coast Guard, through regulations or otherwise, must be installed and maintained at the permittee's expense on authorized facilities in navigable waters of the United States.

(c) The permittee understands and agrees that, if future operations by the United States require the removal, relocation, or other alteration, of the structure or work herein authorized, or if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Army or his authorized representative, said structure or work shall cause unreasonable obstruction to the free navigation of the navigable waters, the permittee will be required, upon due notice from the Corps of Engineers, to remove, relocate, or alter the structural work or obstructions caused thereby, without expense to the United States. No claim shall be made against the United States on account of any such removal or alteration.

2. <u>Aquatic Life Movements</u>. No activity may substantially disrupt the necessary life cycle movements of those species of aquatic life indigenous to the waterbody, including those species that normally migrate through the area, unless the activity's primary purpose is to impound water. Culverts placed in streams must be installed to maintain low flow conditions.

3. <u>Spawning Areas</u>. Activities in spawning areas during spawning seasons must be avoided to the maximum extent practicable. Activities that result in the physical destruction (e.g., through excavation, fill, or downstream smothering by substantial turbidity) of an important spawning area are not authorized.

4. <u>Migratory Bird Breeding Areas</u>. Activities in waters of the United States that serve as breeding areas for migratory birds must be avoided to the maximum extent practicable.

5. <u>Shellfish Beds</u>. No activity may occur in areas of concentrated shellfish populations, unless the activity is directly related to a shellfish harvesting activity authorized by NWPs 4 and 48.

6. <u>Suitable Material</u>. No activity may use unsuitable material (e.g., trash, debris, car bodies, asphalt, etc.). Material used for construction or discharged must be free from toxic pollutants in toxic amounts (see Section 307 of the Clean Water Act).

7. <u>Water Supply Intakes</u>. No activity may occur in the proximity of a public water supply intake, except where the activity is for the repair or improvement of public water supply intake structures or adjacent bank stabilization.

8. <u>Adverse Effects From Impoundments</u>. If the activity creates an impoundment of water, adverse effects to the aquatic system due to accelerating the passage of water, and/or restricting its flow must be minimized to the maximum extent practicable.

9. <u>Management of Water Flows</u>. To the maximum extent practicable, the pre-construction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters must be maintained for each activity, including stream channelization and storm water management activities, except as provided below. The activity must be constructed to withstand expected high flows. The activity must not restrict or impede the passage of normal or high flows, unless the primary purpose of the activity is to impound water or manage high flows. The activity may alter the pre-construction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters if it benefits the aquatic environment (e.g., stream restoration or relocation activities).

10. <u>Fills Within 100-Year Floodplains</u>. The activity must comply with applicable FEMA-approved state or local floodplain management requirements.

11. <u>Equipment</u>. Heavy equipment working in wetlands or mudflats must be placed on mats, or other measures must be taken to minimize soil disturbance.

12. <u>Soil Erosion and Sediment Controls</u>. Appropriate soil erosion and sediment controls must be used and maintained in effective operating condition during construction, and all exposed soil and other fills, as well as any work below the ordinary high water mark or high tide line, must be permanently stabilized at the earliest practicable date. Permittees are encouraged to perform work within waters of the United States during periods of low-flow or no-flow.

13. <u>Removal of Temporary Fills</u>. Temporary fills must be removed in their entirety and the affected areas returned to pre-construction elevations. The affected areas must be revegetated, as appropriate.

14. <u>Proper Maintenance</u>. Any authorized structure or fill shall be properly maintained, including maintenance to ensure public safety.

15. <u>Wild and Scenic Rivers</u>. No activity may occur in a component of the National Wild and Scenic River System, or in a river officially designated by Congress as a "study river" for possible inclusion in the system while the river is in an official study status, unless the appropriate Federal agency with direct management responsibility for such river, has determined in writing that the proposed activity will not adversely affect the Wild and Scenic River designation or study status. Information on Wild and Scenic Rivers may be obtained from the appropriate Federal land management agency in the area (e.g., National Park Service, U.S. Forest Service, Bureau of Land Management, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service).

16. <u>Tribal Rights</u>. No activity or its operation may impair reserved tribal rights, including, but not limited to, reserved water rights and treaty fishing and hunting rights.

17. <u>Endangered Species</u>. (a) No activity is authorized under any NWP which is likely to jeopardize the continued existence of a threatened or endangered species or a species proposed for such designation, as identified under the Federal Endangered Species Act (ESA), or which will destroy or adversely modify the critical habitat of such species. No activity is authorized

under any NWP which "may affect" a listed species or critical habitat, unless Section 7 consultation addressing the effects of the proposed activity has been completed.

(b) Federal agencies should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of the ESA. Federal permittees must provide the district engineer with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate compliance with those requirements.

(c) Non-federal permittees shall notify the district engineer if any listed species or designated critical habitat might be affected or is in the vicinity of the project, or if the project is located in designated critical habitat, and shall not begin work on the activity until notified by the district engineer that the requirements of the ESA have been satisfied and that the activity is authorized. For activities that might affect Federally-listed endangered or threatened species or designated critical habitat, the pre-construction notification must include the name(s) of the endangered or threatened species that may be affected by the proposed work or that utilize the designated critical habitat that may be affected by the proposed work. The district engineer will determine whether the proposed activity "may affect" or will have "no effect" to listed species and designated critical habitat and will notify the non-Federal applicant of the Corps' determination within 45 days of receipt of a complete pre-construction notification. In cases where the non-Federal applicant has identified listed species or critical habitat that might be affected or is in the vicinity of the project, and has so notified the Corps, the applicant shall not begin work until the Corps has provided notification the proposed activities will have "no effect" on listed species or critical habitat, or until Section 7 consultation has been completed.

(d) As a result of formal or informal consultation with the FWS or NMFS the district engineer may add species-specific regional endangered species conditions to the NWPs.

(e) Authorization of an activity by a NWP does not authorize the "take" of a threatened or endangered species as defined under the ESA. In the absence of separate authorization (e.g., an ESA Section 10 Permit, a Biological Opinion with "incidental take" provisions, etc.) from the U.S. FWS or the NMFS, both lethal and non-lethal "takes" of protected species are in violation of the ESA. Information on the location of threatened and endangered species and their critical habitat can be obtained directly from the offices of the U.S. FWS and NMFS or their world wide Web pages at http://www.fws.gov/ and http://www.noaa.gov/fisheries.html respectively.

18. <u>Historic Properties</u>. (a) In cases where the district engineer determines that the activity may affect properties listed, or eligible for listing, in the National Register of Historic Places, the activity is not authorized, until the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) have been satisfied.

(b) Federal permittees should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. Federal permittees must provide the district engineer with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate compliance with those requirements.

(c) Non-federal permittees must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer if the authorized activity may have the potential to cause effects to any historic properties listed, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places, including previously unidentified properties. For such activities, the pre-construction notification must state which historic properties may be affected by the proposed work or include a vicinity map indicating the location of the historic properties or the potential for the presence of historic properties. Assistance regarding information on the location of or potential for the presence of historic resources can be sought from the State Historic Preservation Officer or Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, as appropriate, and the National Register of Historic Places (see 33 CFR 330.4(g)). The district engineer shall make a reasonable and good faith effort to carry out appropriate identification efforts, which may include background research, consultation, oral history interviews, sample field investigation, and field survey. Based on the information submitted and these efforts, the district engineer shall determine whether the proposed activity has the potential to cause an effect on the historic properties. Where the non-Federal applicant has identified historic properties which the activity may have the potential to cause effects and so notified the Corps, the non-Federal applicant shall not begin the activity until notified by the district engineer either that the activity has no potential to cause effects or that consultation under Section 106 of the NHPA has been completed.

(d) The district engineer will notify the prospective permittee within 45 days of receipt of a complete pre-construction notification whether NHPA Section 106 consultation is required. Section 106 consultation is not required when the Corps determines that the activity does not have the potential to cause effects on historic properties (see 36 CFR 800.3(a)). If NHPA section 106 consultation is required and will occur, the district engineer will notify the non-Federal applicant that he or she cannot begin work until Section 106 consultation is completed.

(e) Prospective permittees should be aware that section 110k of the NHPA (16 U.S.C. 470h-2(k)) prevents the Corps from granting a permit or other assistance to an applicant who, with intent to avoid the requirements of Section 106 of the NHPA, has intentionally significantly adversely affected a historic property to which the permit would relate, or having legal power to prevent it, allowed such significant adverse effect to occur, unless the Corps, after consultation with the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP), determines that circumstances justify granting such assistance despite the adverse effect created or permitted by the applicant. If circumstances justify granting the assistance, the Corps is required to notify the ACHP and provide documentation specifying the circumstances, explaining the degree of damage to the integrity of any historic properties affected, and proposed mitigation. This documentation must include any views obtained from the applicant, SHPO/THPO, appropriate Indian tribes if the undertaking occurs on or affects historic properties on tribal lands or affects properties of interest to those tribes, and other parties known to have a legitimate interest in the impacts to the permitted activity on historic properties.

19. <u>Designated Critical Resource Waters</u>. Critical resource waters include, NOAAdesignated marine sanctuaries, National Estuarine Research Reserves, state natural heritage sites, and outstanding national resource waters or other waters officially designated by a state as having particular environmental or ecological significance and identified by the district engineer after notice and opportunity for public comment. The district engineer may also designate additional critical resource waters after notice and opportunity for comment.

(a) Discharges of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States are not authorized by NWPs 7, 12, 14, 16, 17, 21, 29, 31, 35, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 49, and 50 for any activity within, or directly affecting, critical resource waters, including wetlands adjacent to such waters.

(b) For NWPs 3, 8, 10, 13, 15, 18, 19, 22, 23, 25, 27, 28, 30, 33, 34, 36, 37, and 38, notification is required in accordance with general condition 27, for any activity proposed in the designated critical resource waters including wetlands adjacent to those waters. The district engineer may authorize activities under these NWPs only after it is determined that the impacts to the critical resource waters will be no more than minimal.

20. <u>Mitigation</u>. The district engineer will consider the following factors when determining appropriate and practicable mitigation necessary to ensure that adverse effects on the aquatic environment are minimal:

(a) The activity must be designed and constructed to avoid and minimize adverse effects, both temporary and permanent, to waters of the United States to the maximum extent practicable at the project site (i.e., on site).

(b) Mitigation in all its forms (avoiding, minimizing, rectifying, reducing, or compensating) will be required to the extent necessary to ensure that the adverse effects to the aquatic environment are minimal.

(c) Compensatory mitigation at a minimum one-for-one ratio will be required for all wetland losses that exceed 1/10 acre and require pre-construction notification, unless the district engineer determines in writing that some other form of mitigation would be more environmentally appropriate and provides a project-specific waiver of this requirement. For wetland losses of 1/10 acre or less that require pre-construction notification, the district engineer may determine on a case-by-case basis that compensatory mitigation is required to ensure that the activity results in minimal adverse effects on the aquatic environment. Since the likelihood of success is greater and the impacts to potentially valuable uplands are reduced, wetland restoration should be the first compensatory mitigation considered.

(d) For losses of streams or other open waters that require pre-construction notification, the district engineer may require compensatory mitigation, such as stream restoration, to ensure that the activity results in minimal adverse effects on the aquatic environment.

(e) Compensatory mitigation will not be used to increase the acreage losses allowed by the acreage limits of the NWPs. For example, if an NWP has an acreage limit of 1/2 acre, it cannot be used to authorize any project resulting in the loss of greater than 1/2 acre of waters of the United States, even if compensatory mitigation is provided that replaces or restores some of the lost waters. However, compensatory mitigation can and should be used, as necessary, to ensure that a project already meeting the established acreage limits also satisfies the minimal impact requirement associated with the NWPs.

(f) Compensatory mitigation plans for projects in or near streams or other open waters will normally include a requirement for the establishment, maintenance, and legal protection (e.g., conservation easements) of riparian areas next to open waters. In some cases, riparian areas may be the only compensatory mitigation required. Riparian areas should consist of native species. The width of the required riparian area will address documented water quality or aquatic habitat loss concerns. Normally, the riparian area will be 25 to 50 feet wide on each side of the stream, but the district engineer may require slightly wider riparian areas to address documented water quality or habitat loss concerns. Where both wetlands and open waters exist on the project site, the district engineer will determine the appropriate compensatory mitigation (e.g., riparian areas and/or wetlands compensation) based on what is best for the aquatic environment on a watershed basis. In cases where riparian areas are determined to be the most appropriate form of compensatory mitigation, the district engineer may waive or reduce the requirement to provide wetland compensatory mitigation for wetland losses.

(g) Permittees may propose the use of mitigation banks, in-lieu fee arrangements or separate activity-specific compensatory mitigation. In all cases, the mitigation provisions will specify the party responsible for accomplishing and/or complying with the mitigation plan.

(h) Where certain functions and services of waters of the United States are permanently adversely affected, such as the conversion of a forested or scrub-shrub wetland to a herbaceous wetland in a permanently maintained utility line right-of-way, mitigation may be required to reduce the adverse effects of the project to the minimal level.

21. <u>Water Quality</u>. Where States and authorized Tribes, or EPA where applicable, have not previously certified compliance of an NWP with CWA Section 401, individual 401 Water Quality Certification must be obtained or waived (see 33 CFR 330.4(c)). The district engineer or State or Tribe may require additional water quality management measures to ensure that the authorized activity does not result in more than minimal degradation of water quality.

22. <u>Coastal Zone Management</u>. In coastal states where an NWP has not previously received a state coastal zone management consistency concurrence, an individual state coastal zone management consistency concurrence must be obtained, or a presumption of concurrence must occur (see 33 CFR 330.4(d)). The district engineer or a State may require additional measures to ensure that the authorized activity is consistent with state coastal zone management requirements.

23. <u>Regional and Case-By-Case Conditions</u>. The activity must comply with any regional conditions that may have been added by the Division Engineer (see 33 CFR 330.4(e)) and with any case specific conditions added by the Corps or by the state, Indian Tribe, or U.S. EPA in its section 401 Water Quality Certification, or by the state in its Coastal Zone Management Act consistency determination.

24. <u>Use of Multiple Nationwide Permits</u>. The use of more than one NWP for a single and complete project is prohibited, except when the acreage loss of waters of the United States authorized by the NWPs does not exceed the acreage limit of the NWP with the highest specified acreage limit. For example, if a road crossing over tidal waters is constructed under NWP 14, with associated bank stabilization authorized by NWP 13, the maximum acreage loss of waters of the United States for the total project cannot exceed 1/3-acre.

25. <u>Transfer of Nationwide Permit Verifications</u>. If the permittee sells the property associated with a nationwide permit verification, the permittee may transfer the nationwide permit verification to the new owner by submitting a letter to the appropriate Corps district office to validate the transfer. A copy of the nationwide permit verification must be attached to the letter, and the letter must contain the following statement and signature:

"When the structures or work authorized by this nationwide permit are still in existence at the time the property is transferred, the terms and conditions of this nationwide permit, including any special conditions, will continue to be binding on the new owner(s) of the property. To validate

the transfer of this nationwide permit and the associated liabilities associated with compliance with its terms and conditions, have the transferee sign and date below."

(Transferee)

(Date)

26. <u>Compliance Certification</u>. Each permittee who received an NWP verification from the Corps must submit a signed certification regarding the completed work and any required mitigation. The certification form must be forwarded by the Corps with the NWP verification letter and will include:

(a) A statement that the authorized work was done in accordance with the NWP authorization, including any general or specific conditions;

(b) A statement that any required mitigation was completed in accordance with the permit conditions; and

(c) The signature of the permittee certifying the completion of the work and mitigation.

27. <u>Pre-Construction Notification</u>. (a) <u>Timing</u>. Where required by the terms of the NWP, the prospective permittee must notify the district engineer by submitting a pre-construction notification (PCN) as early as possible. The district engineer must determine if the PCN is complete within 30 calendar days of the date of receipt and, as a general rule, will request additional information necessary to make the PCN complete only once. However, if the prospective permittee does not provide all of the requested information, then the district engineer will notify the prospective permittee that the PCN is still incomplete and the PCN review process will not commence until all of the requested information has been received by the district engineer. The prospective permittee shall not begin the activity until either:

(1) He or she is notified in writing by the district engineer that the activity may proceed under the NWP with any special conditions imposed by the district or division engineer; or

(2) Forty-five calendar days have passed from the district engineer's receipt of the complete PCN and the prospective permittee has not received written notice from the district or division engineer. However, if the permittee was required to notify the Corps pursuant to general condition 17 that listed species or critical habitat might affected or in the vicinity of the project, or to notify the Corps pursuant to general condition 18 that the activity may have the potential to cause effects to historic properties, the permittee cannot begin the activity until receiving written notification from the Corps that is "no effect" on listed species or "no potential to cause effects" on historic properties, or that any consultation required under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (see 33 CFR 330.4(f)) and/or Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation (see 33 CFR 330.4(g)) is completed. Also, work cannot begin under NWPs 21, 49, or 50 until the permittee has received written approval from the Corps. If the proposed activity requires a written waiver to exceed specified limits of an NWP, the permittee cannot begin the activity until the district engineer issues the waiver. If the district or division engineer notifies the permittee in writing that an individual permit is required within 45 calendar days of receipt of a complete PCN, the permittee cannot begin the activity until an individual permit has been obtained.

Subsequently, the permittee's right to proceed under the NWP may be modified, suspended, or revoked only in accordance with the procedure set forth in 33 CFR 330.5(d)(2).

(b) <u>Contents of Pre-Construction Notification</u>: The PCN must be in writing and include the following information:

(1) Name, address and telephone numbers of the prospective permittee;

(2) Location of the proposed project;

(3) A description of the proposed project; the project's purpose; direct and indirect adverse environmental effects the project would cause; any other NWP(s), regional general permit(s), or individual permit(s) used or intended to be used to authorize any part of the proposed project or any related activity. The description should be sufficiently detailed to allow the district engineer to determine that the adverse effects of the project will be minimal and to determine the need for compensatory mitigation. Sketches should be provided when necessary to show that the activity complies with the terms of the NWP. (Sketches usually clarify the project and when provided result in a quicker decision.);

(4) The PCN must include a delineation of special aquatic sites and other waters of the United States on the project site. Wetland delineations must be prepared in accordance with the current method required by the Corps. The permittee may ask the Corps to delineate the special aquatic sites and other waters of the United States, but there may be a delay if the Corps does the delineation, especially if the project site is large or contains many waters of the United States. Furthermore, the 45 day period will not start until the delineation has been submitted to or completed by the Corps, where appropriate;

(5) If the proposed activity will result in the loss of greater than 1/10 acre of wetlands and a PCN is required, the prospective permittee must submit a statement describing how the mitigation requirement will be satisfied. As an alternative, the prospective permittee may submit a conceptual or detailed mitigation plan.

(6) If any listed species or designated critical habitat might be affected or is in the vicinity of the project, or if the project is located in designated critical habitat, for non-Federal applicants the PCN must include the name(s) of those endangered or threatened species that might be affected by the proposed work or utilize the designated critical habitat that may be affected by the proposed work. Federal applicants must provide documentation demonstrating compliance with the Endangered Species Act; and

(7) For an activity that may affect a historic property listed on, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially eligible for listing on, the National Register of Historic Places, for non-Federal applicants the PCN must state which historic property may be affected by the proposed work or include a vicinity map indicating the location of the historic property. Federal applicants must provide documentation demonstrating compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act.

(c) <u>Form of Pre-Construction Notification</u>: The standard individual permit application form (Form ENG 4345) may be used, but the completed application form must clearly indicate that it is a PCN and must include all of the information required in paragraphs (b)(1) through (7) of this general condition. A letter containing the required information may also be used.

(d) <u>Agency Coordination</u>: (1) The district engineer will consider any comments from Federal and state agencies concerning the proposed activity's compliance with the terms and conditions of the NWPs and the need for mitigation to reduce the project's adverse environmental effects to a minimal level.

(2) For all NWP 48 activities requiring pre-construction notification and for other NWP activities requiring pre-construction notification to the district engineer that result in the loss of greater than 1/2-acre of waters of the United States, the district engineer will immediately provide (e.g., via facsimile transmission, overnight mail, or other expeditious manner) a copy of the PCN to the appropriate Federal or state offices (U.S. FWS, state natural resource or water quality agency, EPA, State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) or Tribal Historic Preservation Office (THPO), and, if appropriate, the NMFS). With the exception of NWP 37, these agencies will then have 10 calendar days from the date the material is transmitted to telephone or fax the district engineer notice that they intend to provide substantive, site-specific comments. If so contacted by an agency, the district engineer will wait an additional 15 calendar days before making a decision on the pre-construction notification. The district engineer will fully consider agency comments received within the specified time frame, but will provide no response to the resource agency, except as provided below. The district engineer will indicate in the administrative record associated with each pre-construction notification that the resource agencies' concerns were considered. For NWP 37, the emergency watershed protection and rehabilitation activity may proceed immediately in cases where there is an unacceptable hazard to life or a significant loss of property or economic hardship will occur. The district engineer will consider any comments received to decide whether the NWP 37 authorization should be modified, suspended, or revoked in accordance with the procedures at 33 CFR 330.5.

(3) In cases of where the prospective permittee is not a Federal agency, the district engineer will provide a response to NMFS within 30 calendar days of receipt of any Essential Fish Habitat conservation recommendations, as required by Section 305(b)(4)(B) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act.

(4) Applicants are encouraged to provide the Corps multiple copies of pre-construction notifications to expedite agency coordination.

(5) For NWP 48 activities that require reporting, the district engineer will provide a copy of each report within 10 calendar days of receipt to the appropriate regional office of the NMFS.

(e) District Engineer's Decision: In reviewing the PCN for the proposed activity, the district engineer will determine whether the activity authorized by the NWP will result in more than minimal individual or cumulative adverse environmental effects or may be contrary to the public interest. If the proposed activity requires a PCN and will result in a loss of greater than 1/10 acre of wetlands, the prospective permittee should submit a mitigation proposal with the PCN. Applicants may also propose compensatory mitigation for projects with smaller impacts. The district engineer will consider any proposed compensatory mitigation the applicant has included in the proposal in determining whether the net adverse environmental effects to the aquatic environment of the proposed work are minimal. The compensatory mitigation proposal may be either conceptual or detailed. If the district engineer determines that the activity complies with the terms and conditions of the NWP and that the adverse effects on the aquatic environment are minimal, after considering mitigation, the district engineer will notify the permittee and include any conditions the district engineer deems necessary. The district engineer must approve any compensatory mitigation proposal before the permittee commences work. If the prospective permittee elects to submit a compensatory mitigation plan with the PCN, the district engineer will expeditiously review the proposed compensatory mitigation plan. The district engineer must review the plan within 45 calendar days of receiving a complete PCN and determine whether the proposed mitigation would ensure no more than minimal adverse effects on the aquatic environment. If the net adverse effects of the project on the aquatic environment

(after consideration of the compensatory mitigation proposal) are determined by the district engineer to be minimal, the district engineer will provide a timely written response to the applicant. The response will state that the project can proceed under the terms and conditions of the NWP.

If the district engineer determines that the adverse effects of the proposed work are more than minimal, then the district engineer will notify the applicant either: (1) That the project does not qualify for authorization under the NWP and instruct the applicant on the procedures to seek authorization under an individual permit; (2) that the project is authorized under the NWP subject to the applicant's submission of a mitigation plan that would reduce the adverse effects on the aquatic environment to the minimal level; or (3) that the project is authorized under the NWP with specific modifications or conditions. Where the district engineer determines that mitigation is required to ensure no more than minimal adverse effects occur to the aquatic environment, the activity will be authorized within the 45-day PCN period. The authorization will include the necessary conceptual or specific mitigation or a requirement that the applicant submit a mitigation plan that would reduce the adverse effects on the aquatic environment to the minimal level. When mitigation is required, no work in waters of the United States may occur until the district engineer has approved a specific mitigation plan.

28. <u>Single and Complete Project</u>. The activity must be a single and complete project. The same NWP cannot be used more than once for the same single and complete project.

#### **FURTHER INFORMATION**

1. District Engineers have authority to determine if an activity complies with the terms and conditions of an NWP.

2. NWPs do not obviate the need to obtain other federal, state, or local permits, approvals, or authorizations required by law.

3. NWPs do not grant any property rights or exclusive privileges.

4. NWPs do not authorize any injury to the property or rights of others.

5. NWPs do not authorize interference with any existing or proposed Federal project.

#### **DEFINITIONS**

<u>Best management practices (BMPs)</u>: Policies, practices, procedures, or structures implemented to mitigate the adverse environmental effects on surface water quality resulting from development. BMPs are categorized as structural or non-structural.

<u>Compensatory mitigation</u>: The restoration, establishment (creation), enhancement, or preservation of aquatic resources for the purpose of compensating for unavoidable adverse impacts which remain after all appropriate and practicable avoidance and minimization has been achieved.

<u>*Currently serviceable:*</u> Useable as is or with some maintenance, but not so degraded as to essentially require reconstruction.

*Discharge*: The term "discharge" means any discharge of dredged or fill material.

<u>Enhancement</u>: The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of an aquatic resource to heighten, intensify, or improve a specific aquatic resource function(s). Enhancement results in the gain of selected aquatic resource function(s), but may also lead to a

decline in other aquatic resource function(s). Enhancement does not result in a gain in aquatic resource area.

<u>Ephemeral stream</u>: An ephemeral stream has flowing water only during, and for a short duration after, precipitation events in a typical year. Ephemeral stream beds are located above the water table year-round. Groundwater is not a source of water for the stream. Runoff from rainfall is the primary source of water for stream flow.

<u>Establishment (creation)</u>: The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics present to develop an aquatic resource that did not previously exist at an upland site. Establishment results in a gain in aquatic resource area.

<u>*Historic Property:*</u> Any prehistoric or historic district, site (including archaeological site), building, structure, or other object included in, or eligible for inclusion in, the National Register of Historic Places maintained by the Secretary of the Interior. This term includes artifacts, records, and remains that are related to and located within such properties. The term includes properties of traditional religious and cultural importance to an Indian tribe or Native Hawaiian organization and that meet the National Register criteria (36 CFR part 60).

<u>Independent utility</u>: A test to determine what constitutes a single and complete project in the Corps regulatory program. A project is considered to have independent utility if it would be constructed absent the construction of other projects in the project area. Portions of a multi-phase project that depend upon other phases of the project do not have independent utility. Phases of a project that would be constructed even if the other phases were not built can be considered as separate single and complete projects with independent utility.

*Intermittent stream*: An intermittent stream has flowing water during certain times of the year, when groundwater provides water for stream flow. During dry periods, intermittent streams may not have flowing water. Runoff from rainfall is a supplemental source of water for stream flow.

Loss of waters of the United States: Waters of the United States that are permanently adversely affected by filling, flooding, excavation, or drainage because of the regulated activity. Permanent adverse effects include permanent discharges of dredged or fill material that change an aquatic area to dry land, increase the bottom elevation of a waterbody, or change the use of a waterbody. The acreage of loss of waters of the United States is a threshold measurement of the impact to jurisdictional waters for determining whether a project may qualify for an NWP; it is not a net threshold that is calculated after considering compensatory mitigation that may be used to offset losses of aquatic functions and services. The loss of stream bed includes the linear feet of stream bed that is filled or excavated. Waters of the United States temporarily filled, flooded, excavated, or drained, but restored to pre-construction contours and elevations after construction, are not included in the measurement of loss of waters of the United States. Impacts resulting from activities eligible for exemptions under Section 404(f) of the Clean Water Act are not considered when calculating the loss of waters of the United States.

<u>Non-tidal wetland</u>: A non-tidal wetland is a wetland that is not subject to the ebb and flow of tidal waters. The definition of a wetland can be found at 33 CFR 328.3(b). Non-tidal wetlands contiguous to tidal waters are located landward of the high tide line (i.e., spring high tide line).

<u>Open water</u>: For purposes of the NWPs, an open water is any area that in a year with normal patterns of precipitation has water flowing or standing above ground to the extent that an ordinary high water mark can be determined. Aquatic vegetation within the area of standing or

flowing water is either non-emergent, sparse, or absent. Vegetated shallows are considered to be open waters. Examples of "open waters" include rivers, streams, lakes, and ponds.

<u>Ordinary High Water Mark</u>: An ordinary high water mark is a line on the shore established by the fluctuations of water and indicated by physical characteristics, or by other appropriate means that consider the characteristics of the surrounding areas (see 33 CFR 328.3(e)).

<u>Perennial stream</u>: A perennial stream has flowing water year-round during a typical year. The water table is located above the stream bed for most of the year. Groundwater is the primary source of water for stream flow. Runoff from rainfall is a supplemental source of water for stream flow.

<u>*Practicable:*</u> Available and capable of being done after taking into consideration cost, existing technology, and logistics in light of overall project purposes.

<u>Pre-construction notification</u>: A request submitted by the project proponent to the Corps for confirmation that a particular activity is authorized by nationwide permit. The request may be a permit application, letter, or similar document that includes information about the proposed work and its anticipated environmental effects. Pre-construction notification may be required by the terms and conditions of a nationwide permit, or by regional conditions. A pre-construction notification is not required and the project proponent wants confirmation that the activity is authorized by nationwide permit.

<u>Preservation</u>: The removal of a threat to, or preventing the decline of, aquatic resources by an action in or near those aquatic resources. This term includes activities commonly associated with the protection and maintenance of aquatic resources through the implementation of appropriate legal and physical mechanisms. Preservation does not result in a gain of aquatic resource area or functions.

<u>*Re-establishment:*</u> The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of a site with the goal of returning natural/historic functions to a former aquatic resource. Re-establishment results in rebuilding a former aquatic resource and results in a gain in aquatic resource area.

<u>Rehabilitation</u>: The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of a site with the goal of repairing natural/historic functions to a degraded aquatic resource. Rehabilitation results in a gain in aquatic resource function, but does not result in a gain in aquatic resource area.

<u>*Restoration:*</u> The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of a site with the goal of returning natural/historic functions to a former or degraded aquatic resource. For the purpose of tracking net gains in aquatic resource area, restoration is divided into two categories: re-establishment and rehabilitation.

<u>*Riffle and pool complex:*</u> Riffle and pool complexes are special aquatic sites under the 404(b)(1) Guidelines. Riffle and pool complexes sometimes characterize steep gradient sections of streams. Such stream sections are recognizable by their hydraulic characteristics. The rapid movement of water over a course substrate in riffles results in a rough flow, a turbulent surface, and high dissolved oxygen levels in the water. Pools are deeper areas associated with riffles. A slower stream velocity, a streaming flow, a smooth surface, and a finer substrate characterize pools.

<u>*Riparian areas*</u>: Riparian areas are lands adjacent to streams, lakes, and estuarine-marine shorelines. Riparian areas are transitional between terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems, through

which surface and subsurface hydrology connects waterbodies with their adjacent uplands. Riparian areas provide a variety of ecological functions and services and help improve or maintain local water quality. (See general condition 20.)

<u>Shellfish seeding</u>: The placement of shellfish seed and/or suitable substrate to increase shellfish production. Shellfish seed consists of immature individual shellfish or individual shellfish attached to shells or shell fragments (i.e., spat on shell). Suitable substrate may consist of shellfish shells, shell fragments, or other appropriate materials placed into waters for shellfish habitat.

<u>Single and complete project</u>: The term "single and complete project" is defined at 33 CFR 330.2(i) as the total project proposed or accomplished by one owner/developer or partnership or other association of owners/developers. A single and complete project must have independent utility (see definition). For linear projects, a "single and complete project" is all crossings of a single water of the United States (i.e., a single waterbody) at a specific location. For linear projects crossing a single waterbody several times at separate and distant locations, each crossing is considered a single and complete project. However, individual channels in a braided stream or river, or individual arms of a large, irregularly shaped wetland or lake, etc., are not separate waterbodies, and crossings of such features cannot be considered separately.

<u>Stormwater management</u>: Stormwater management is the mechanism for controlling stormwater runoff for the purposes of reducing downstream erosion, water quality degradation, and flooding and mitigating the adverse effects of changes in land use on the aquatic environment.

<u>Stormwater management facilities</u>: Stormwater management facilities are those facilities, including but not limited to, stormwater retention and detention ponds and best management practices, which retain water for a period of time to control runoff and/or improve the quality (i.e., by reducing the concentration of nutrients, sediments, hazardous substances and other pollutants) of stormwater runoff.

<u>Stream bed</u>: The substrate of the stream channel between the ordinary high water marks. The substrate may be bedrock or inorganic particles that range in size from clay to boulders. Wetlands contiguous to the stream bed, but outside of the ordinary high water marks, are not considered part of the stream bed.

<u>Stream channelization</u>: The manipulation of a stream's course, condition, capacity, or location that causes more than minimal interruption of normal stream processes. A channelized stream remains a water of the United States.

<u>Structure</u>: An object that is arranged in a definite pattern of organization. Examples of structures include, without limitation, any pier, boat dock, boat ramp, wharf, dolphin, weir, boom, breakwater, bulkhead, revetment, riprap, jetty, artificial island, artificial reef, permanent mooring structure, power transmission line, permanently moored floating vessel, piling, aid to navigation, or any other manmade obstacle or obstruction.

<u>*Tidal wetland:*</u> A tidal wetland is a wetland (i.e., water of the United States) that is inundated by tidal waters. The definitions of a wetland and tidal waters can be found at 33 CFR 328.3(b) and 33 CFR 328.3(f), respectively. Tidal waters rise and fall in a predictable and measurable rhythm or cycle due to the gravitational pulls of the moon and sun. Tidal waters end where the rise and fall of the water surface can no longer be practically measured in a predictable rhythm due to masking by other waters, wind, or other effects. Tidal wetlands are located channelward of the high tide line, which is defined at 33 CFR 328.3(d). <u>Vegetated shallows</u>: Vegetated shallows are special aquatic sites under the 404(b)(1) Guidelines. They are areas that are permanently inundated and under normal circumstances have rooted aquatic vegetation, such as seagrasses in marine and estuarine systems and a variety of vascular rooted plants in freshwater systems.

<u>*Waterbody*</u>: For purposes of the NWPs, a waterbody is a jurisdictional water of the United States that, during a year with normal patterns of precipitation, has water flowing or standing above ground to the extent that an ordinary high water mark (OHWM) or other indicators of jurisdiction can be determined, as well as any wetland area (see 33 CFR 328.3(b)). If a jurisdictional wetland is adjacent--meaning bordering, contiguous, or neighboring--to a jurisdictional waterbody displaying an OHWM or other indicators of jurisdiction, that waterbody and its adjacent wetlands are considered together as a single aquatic unit (see 33 CFR 328.4(c)(2)). Examples of "waterbodies" include streams, rivers, lakes, ponds, and wetlands.

# REGIONAL CONDITIONS FOR NATIONWIDE PERMITS IN THE WILMINGTON DISTRICT

# 1.0 Excluded Waters

The Corps has identified waters that will be excluded from the use of all NWP's during certain timeframes. These waters are:

# 1.1. Anadromous Fish Spawning Areas

Waters of the United States identified by either the North Carolina Division of Marine Fisheries (NCDMF) or the North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission (NCWRC) as anadromous fish spawning areas are excluded during the period between February 15 and June 30, without prior written approval from NCDMF or NCWRC and the Corps.

# **1.2. Trout Waters Moratorium**

Waters of the United States in the twenty-five designated trout counties of North Carolina are excluded during the period between October 15 and April 15 without prior written approval from the NCWRC. (see Section I. b. 7. for a list of the twenty-five trout counties).

# **1.3. Sturgeon Spawning Areas**

Waters of the United States designated as sturgeon spawning areas are excluded during the period between February 1 and June 30, without prior written approval from the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS).

# 2.0 Waters Requiring Additional Notification

The Corps has identified waters that will be subject to additional notification requirements for activities authorized by all NWP's. These waters are:

# 2.1. Western NC Counties that Drain to Designated Critical Habitat

Waters of the U.S. that requires a Pre-Construction Notification pursuant to General Condition 27 (PCN) and located in the sixteen counties listed below, applicants must provide a copy of the PCN to the US Fish and Wildlife Service, 160 Zillicoa Street, Asheville, North Carolina 28805. This PCN must be sent concurrently to the US Fish and Wildlife Service and the Corps Asheville Regulatory Field Office. Please see General Condition 17 for specific notification requirements related to Federally Endangered Species and the following website for information on the location of designated critical habitat.

Counties with tributaries that drain to designated critical habitat that require notification to the Asheville US Fish and Wildlife Service: Avery, Cherokee, Forsyth, Graham, Haywood,

Henderson, Jackson, Macon Mecklenburg, Mitchell, Stokes, Surry, Swain, Transylvania, Union and Yancey.

# Website and office addresses for Endangered Species Act Information:

The Wilmington District has developed the following website for applicants which provide guidelines on how to review linked websites and maps in order to fulfill NWP general condition 17 requirements.

http://www.saw.usace.army.mil/wetlands/ESA

Applicants who do not have internet access may contact the appropriate US Fish and Wildlife Service offices or the US Army Corps of Engineers office listed below.

US Fish and Wildlife Service Asheville Field Office 160 Zillicoa Street Asheville, NC 28801 Telephone: (828) 258-3939

Asheville US Fish and Wildlife Service Office counties: All counties west of and including Anson, Stanly, Davidson, Forsyth and Stokes Counties

US Fish and Wildlife Service Raleigh Field Office Post Office Box 33726 Raleigh, NC 27636-3726 Telephone: (919) 856-4520

Raleigh US Fish and Wildlife Service Office counties: all counties east of and including Richmond, Montgomery, Randolph, Guilford, and Rockingham Counties.

# **2.2. Special Designation Waters**

Prior to the use of any NWP in any of the following North Carolina identified waters and contiguous wetlands, applicants must comply with Nationwide Permit General Condition 27 (PCN). The North Carolina waters and contiguous wetlands that require additional notification requirements are:

"Outstanding Resource Waters" (ORW) and "High Quality Waters" (HQW) (as designated by the North Carolina Environmental Management Commission), or "Inland Primary Nursery Areas" (IPNA) (as designated by the North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission), or "Contiguous Wetlands" (as defined by the North Carolina Environmental Management Commission), or "Primary Nursery Areas" (PNA) (as designated by the North Carolina Marine Fisheries Commission).

## 2.3. Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA) Areas of Environmental Concern

Non-Federal applicants for any NWP in a designated "Area of Environmental Concern" (AEC) in the twenty (20) counties of Eastern North Carolina covered by the North Carolina Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA), must also obtain the required CAMA permit. Construction activities for non-Federal projects may not commence until a copy of the approved CAMA permit is furnished to the appropriate Wilmington District Regulatory Field Office (Wilmington Field Office – P.O. Box 1890, Wilmington, NC 28402 or Washington Field Office – P.O. Box 1000, Washington, NC 27889).

## 2.4. Barrier Islands

Prior to the use of any NWP on a barrier island of North Carolina, applicants must comply with Nationwide Permit General Condition 27 (PCN).

## 2.5. Mountain or Piedmont Bogs

Prior to the use of any NWP in a "Mountain or Piedmont Bog" of North Carolina, applicants shall comply with Nationwide Permit General Condition 27 (PCN).

Note: The following wetland community types identified in the N.C. Natural Heritage Program document, "Classification of Natural communities of North Carolina (Michael P. Schafale and Alan S. Weakley, 1990), are subject to this regional condition.

Mountain Bogs	Piedmont Bogs
Swamp Forest-Bog Complex	Upland depression Swamp
	Forest
Swamp Forest-Bog Complex	
(Spruce Subtype)	
Southern Appalachian Bog	
(Northern Subtype)	
Southern Appalachian Bog	
(Southern Subtype)	
Southern Appalachian Fen	

## 2.6. Animal Waste Facilities

Prior to use of any NWP for construction of animal waste facilities in waters of the US, including wetlands, applicants shall comply with Nationwide Permit General Condition 27 (PCN).

## 2.7. Trout Waters

Prior to any discharge of dredge or fill material into streams or waterbodies within the twentyfive (25) designated trout counties of North Carolina, the applicant shall comply with Nationwide Permit General Condition 27 (PCN). The applicant shall also provide a copy of the notification to the appropriate NCWRC office to facilitate the determination of any potential impacts to designated Trout Waters. Notification to the Corps of Engineers will include a statement with the name of the NCWRC biologist contacted, the date of the notification, the location of work, a delineation of wetlands, a discussion of alternatives to working in the mountain trout waters, why alternatives were not selected, and a plan to provide compensatory mitigation for all unavoidable adverse impacts to mountain trout waters.

Mr. Ron Linville			
Western Piedmont Region	Alleghany	Caldwell	Watauga
Coordinator			
3855 Idlewild Road	Ashe	Mitchell	Wilkes
Kernersville, NC 27284-9180	Avery	Stokes	
Telephone: (336) 769-9453	Burke	Surry	

Mr. Dave McHenry			
Mountain Region Coordinator	Buncombe	Henderson	Polk
20830 Great Smoky Mtn.	Cherokee	Jackson	Rutherford
Expressway			
Waynesville, NC 28786	Clay	Macon	Swain
Telephone: (828) 452-2546	Graham	Madison	Transylvania
Fax: (828) 452-7772	Haywood	McDowell	Yancey

## 3.0 List of Corps Regional Conditions for All Nationwide Permits

The following conditions apply to all Nationwide Permits in the Wilmington District:

# 3.1. Limitation of Loss of Perennial Stream Bed

NWPs may not be used for activities that may result in the loss or degradation of greater than 300 total linear feet of perennial streams. The NWPs may not be used for activities that may result in the loss or degradation of greater than 300 total linear feet of ephemeral and intermittent streams that exhibit important aquatic function(s)\* Loss of stream includes the linear feet of stream bed that is filled, excavated, or flooded by the proposed activity. The District Commander can waive the 300 linear foot limit for ephemeral and intermittent streams on a case-by-case basis if he determines that the proposed activity will result in minimal individual and cumulative adverse impacts to the aquatic environment. Waivers for the loss of ephemeral and intermittent streams must be in writing. This waiver only applies to the 300 linear feet threshold for NWPs. Mitigation may still be required for impacts to the aquatic environment of the proposed project. [\*Note: The Corps uses the Stream Quality Assessment Worksheet, located with Permit Information on the Regulatory Program Web Site, to aid in the determination of aquatic function within the intermittent stream channel.]

# 3.2. Mitigation for Loss of Stream Bed Exceeding 150 Feet.

For any NWP that results in a loss of more than 150 linear feet of perennial and/or ephemeral/intermittent stream, the applicant shall provide a mitigation proposal to compensate for the loss of aquatic function associated with the proposed activity. For stream losses less than 150 linear feet, that require a PCN, the District Commander may determine, on a case-by-case basis that compensatory mitigation is required to ensure that the activity results in minimal adverse effect on the aquatic environment.

## 3.3. Pre-construction Notification for Loss of Streambed Exceeding 150 Feet.

Prior to use of any NWP for any activity which impacts more than 150 total linear feet of perennial stream or ephemeral/ intermittent stream, the applicant must comply with Nationwide Permit General Condition 27 (PCN). This applies to NWPs that do not have specific notification requirements. If a NWP has specific notification requirements, the requirements of the NWP should be followed.

## **3.4. Restriction on Use of Live Concrete**

For all NWPs which allow the use of concrete as a building material, measures will be taken to prevent live or fresh concrete, including bags of uncured concrete, from coming into contact with waters of the state until the concrete has hardened.

## 3.5. Requirements for Using Riprap for Bank Stabilization

For all NWPs that allow for the use of riprap material for bank stabilization, the following measures shall be applied:

**3.5.1.** Filter cloth must be placed underneath the riprap as an additional requirement of its use in North Carolina waters.

**3.5.2.** The placement of riprap shall be limited to the areas depicted on submitted work plan drawings.

**3.5.3.** The riprap material shall be clean and free from loose dirt or any pollutant except in trace quantities that would not have an adverse environmental effect.

**3.5.4.** It shall be of a size sufficient to prevent its movement from the authorized alignment by natural forces under normal conditions.

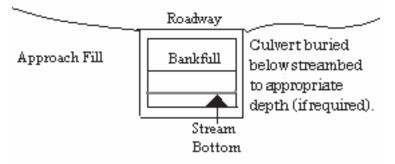
**3.5.5.** The riprap material shall consist of clean rock or masonry material such as, but not limited to, granite, marl, or broken concrete.

**3.5.6.** A waiver from the specifications in this Regional Condition may be requested in writing. The waiver will only be issued if it can be demonstrated that the impacts of complying with this Regional condition would result in greater adverse impacts to the aquatic environment.

# 3.6. Safe Passage Requirements for Culvert Placement

For all NWPs that involve the construction/installation of culverts, measures will be included in the construction/installation that will promote the safe passage of fish and other aquatic organisms. The dimension, pattern, and profile of the stream above and below a pipe or culvert should not be modified by widening the stream channel or by reducing the depth of the stream in connection with the construction activity. The width, height, and gradient of a proposed opening should be such as to pass the average historical low flow and spring flow without adversely altering flow velocity. Spring flow should be determined from gage data, if available. In the absence of such data, bankfull flow can be used as a comparable level.

In the twenty (20) counties of North Carolina designated as coastal counties by the Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA): All pipe and culvert bottoms shall be buried at least one foot below normal bed elevation when they are placed within the Public Trust Area of Environmental Concern (AEC) and/or the Estuarine Waters AEC as designated by CAMA, and/or all streams appearing as blue lines on United States Geological Survey (USGS) quad sheets.



In all other counties: Culverts greater than 48 inches in diameter will be buried at least one foot below the bed of the stream. Culverts 48 inches in diameter or less shall be buried or placed on the stream bed as practicable and appropriate to maintain aquatic passage, and every effort shall be made to maintain the existing channel slope. The bottom of the culvert must be placed at a depth below the natural stream bottom to provide for passage during drought or low flow conditions.

Destabilizing the channel and head cutting upstream should be considered in the placement of the culvert.

A waiver from the depth specifications in this condition may be requested in writing. The waiver will be issued if it can be demonstrated that the proposal would result in the least impacts to the aquatic environment.

All counties: Culverts placed in wetlands do not have to be buried.

## 3.7. Notification to NCDENR Shellfish Sanitation Section

Applicants shall notify the NCDENR Shellfish Sanitation Section prior to dredging in or removing sediment from an area closed to shell fishing where the effluent may be released to an area open for shell fishing or swimming in order to avoid contamination from the disposal area and cause a temporary shellfish closure to be made. Such notification shall also be provided to the appropriate Corps of Engineers Regulatory Field Office. Any disposal of sand to the ocean beach should occur between November 1 and April 30 when recreational usage is low. Only clean sand should be used and no dredged sand from closed shell fishing areas may be used. If beach disposal were to occur at times other than stated above or if sand from a closed shell fishing area is to be used, a swimming advisory shall be posted, and a press release shall be issued.

## 3.8. Preservation of Submerged Aquatic Vegetation

Adverse impacts to Submerged Aquatic Vegetation (SAV) are not authorized by any NWP within any of the twenty coastal counties defined by North Carolina's Coastal Area Management Act of 1974 (CAMA).

## 4.0 Additional Regional Conditions for Specific Nationwide Permits

**4.1** The following regional condition is required for NWP #23 – Approved Categorical Exclusions

No development activities authorized by this NWP may begin until the permittee obtains a consistency determination or a CAMA permit from the North Carolina Division of Coastal Management, if either required.

# **NC DIVISION OF WATER QUALITY - GENERAL CERTIFICATION CONDITIONS**

For the most recent General Certification conditions, call the NC Division of Water Quality, Wetlands/401 Certification Unit at (919) 733-1786 or access the following website: <u>http://h2o.enr.state.nc.us/ncwetlands/certs.html</u>

# NC DIVISION OF COASTAL MANAGEMENT - STATE CONSISTENCY

In a letter dated May 7, 2007, the North Carolina Division of Coastal Management found this NWP consistent with the North Carolina Coastal Zone Management Program. Updates on CAMA Consistency for NC can be found on the NC DCM web site at: <u>http://dcm2.enr.state.nc.us/Permits/consist.htm</u>

# EASTERN BAND OF THE CHEROKEE INDIANS TRIBAL WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATIONS

In a letter dated May 8, 2007, US EPA, on behalf of the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians, provided Tribal General Conditions for Nationwide Permits on Cherokee Indian Reservation. These Tribal General Conditions are located on the Corps website at: <u>http://www.saw.usace.army.mil/WETLANDS/NWP2007/EBCI-certs.html</u>

# **Citations:**

2007 Nationwide Permits Public Notice for Final Issue Date: March 15, 2007

Correction Notice for Nationwide Permits, Federal Register / Vol. 72, No. 88 / Tuesday, May 8, 2007 / Notices p.26082

2007 SAW Regional Conditions - Authorized June 1, 2007

This and other information can be found on the Corps web site at: <u>http://www.saw.usace.army.mil/WETLANDS/NWP2007/nationwide-permits.html</u>



North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources

Division of Water Quality

Beverly Eaves Perdue	Coleen H. Sullins	Dee Freeman
Governor	Director	Secretary

September 6, 2011 Dare County DWQ Project No. 20110820 NC 12 Emergency Repair

#### APPROVAL of 401 WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATION with ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS

Dr. Gregory Thorpe, Ph.D., Environmental Management Director Project Development and Environmental Analysis Branch N. C. Department of Transportation 1598 Mail Service Center Raleigh, North Carolina, 27699-1548

Dear Dr. Thorpe:

You have our approval, in accordance with the conditions listed below, for the following impacts for the purpose of the emergency repair of NC 12, including the construction of a temporary bridge over an unnamed channel in Dare County:

#### Wetland Impacts in the Pasquotank Basin

Site Number	Coastal Wetlands Fill (ac)	Open Water Fill (ac)
NC 12	0.03	< 0.01

The project shall be constructed in accordance with your application dated received via e-mail September 2, 2011. After reviewing your application, we have decided that these impacts are covered by General Water Quality Certification Number 3701. This certification corresponds to the Nationwide Permit 23 issued by the Corps of Engineers. In addition, you should acquire any other federal, state or local permits before you proceed with your project including (but not limited to) Sediment and Erosion Control, Non-Discharge and Water Supply Watershed regulations. This approval will expire with the accompanying 404 permit.

This approval is valid solely for the purpose and design described in your application (unless modified below). Should your project change, you must notify the DWQ and submit a new application. If the property is sold, the new owner must be given a copy of this Certification and approval letter, and is thereby responsible for complying with all the conditions. If total wetland fills for this project (now or in the future) exceed one acre, or of total impacts to streams (now or in the future) exceed 150 linear feet, compensatory mitigation may be required as described in 15A NCAC 2H .0506 (h) (6) and (7). For this approval to remain valid, you must adhere to the conditions listed in the attached certification.

1. The issuance of this certification does not exempt the Permittee from complying with any and all statutes, rules, regulations, or ordinances that may be imposed by other government agencies (i.e. local, state, and federal) having jurisdiction, including but not limited to applicable buffer rules, stormwater management rules, soil erosion and sedimentation control requirements, etc.

North Carolina Division of Water Quality 943 Washington Square Mall Washington, NC 27889 
 Internet:
 www.ncwaterquality.org

 Phone:
 252-946-6481

 FAX
 252-946-9215



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- 2. The permittee and its authorized agents shall conduct its activities in a manner consistent with State water quality standards (including any requirements resulting from compliance with §303(d) of the Clean Water Act) and any other appropriate requirements of State and Federal law. If DWQ determines that such standards or laws are not being met (including the failure to sustain a designated or achieved use) or that State or federal law is being violated, or that further conditions are necessary to assure compliance, DWQ may reevaluate and modify this certification.
- 3. The Permittee shall ensure that the final design drawings adhere to the certification and to the drawings submitted for approval.
- 4. During the construction of the project, no staging of equipment of any kind is permitted in waters of the U.S., or protected riparian buffers.
- 5. All mechanized equipment operated near surface waters must be regularly inspected and maintained to prevent contamination of stream waters from fuels, lubricants, hydraulic fluids, or other toxic materials.
- 6. There shall be no excavation from, or waste disposal into, jurisdictional wetlands or waters associated with this certification without appropriate modification. Should waste or borrow sites, or access roads to waste or borrow sites, be located in wetlands or streams, compensatory mitigation will be required since that is a direct impact from road construction activities.
- Erosion and sediment control practices must be in full compliance with all specifications governing the proper design, installation and operation and maintenance of such Best Management Practices in order to protect surface waters standards:
  - a. The erosion and sediment control measures for the project must be designed, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the most recent version of the North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Planning and Design Manual.
  - b. The design, installation, operation, and maintenance of the sediment and erosion control measures must be such that they equal, or exceed, the requirements specified in the most recent version of the *North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Manual*. The devices shall be maintained on all construction sites, borrow sites, and waste pile (spoil) projects, including contractor-owned or leased borrow pits associated with the project.
  - c. For borrow pit sites, the erosion and sediment control measures must be designed, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the most recent version of the North Carolina Surface Mining Manual.
  - d. The reclamation measures and implementation must comply with the reclamation in accordance with the requirements of the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act.
- 8. The Permittee shall report any violations of this certification to the Division of Water Quality within 24 hours of discovery.
- 9. Upon completion of the project (including any impacts at associated borrow or waste site), the NCDOT Division Engineer shall complete and return the enclosed "Certification of Completion Form" to notify DWQ when all work included in the 401 Certification has been completed.
- 10. A copy of this Water Quality Certification shall be maintained on site at the construction site at all times. In addition, the Water Quality Certification and all subsequent modifications, if any, shall be maintained with the Division Engineer and the on-site project manager.

If you do not accept any of the conditions of this certification, you may ask for an adjudicatory hearing. You must act within 60 days of the date that you receive this letter. To ask for a hearing, send a written petition that conforms to Chapter 150B of the North Carolina General Statutes to the Office of Administrative Hearings, 6714 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, N.C. 27699. This certification and its conditions are final and binding unless you ask for a hearing. This letter completes the review of the Division of Water Quality under Section 401 of the Clean Water Act. If you have any questions, please contact Garcy Ward at (252) 948-3922.

Sincere for Coleen Su

Attachments (General Certification and Certificate of Completion form)

cc: Clay Willis, DOT Division 1 Environmental Officer
 Bill Biddlecome, US Army Corps of Engineers, Washington Field Office
 Stephen Lane, DCM, Morehead City
 Cathy Brittingham, DCM, Raleigh
 Sonia Carrillo, NC DWQ, 401/Wetlands Unit
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DWQ Project No.:	County:
Applicant:	
Project Name:	
Date of Issuance of 401 Water Quality	Certification:

#### **Certificate of Completion**

Upon completion of all work approved within the 401 Water Quality Certification or applicable Buffer Rules, and any subsequent modifications, the applicant is required to return this certificate to the 401 Transportation Permitting Unit, North Carolina Division of Water Quality, 1650 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC, 27699-1650. This form may be returned to DWQ by the applicant, the applicant's authorized agent, or the project engineer. It is not necessary to send certificates from all of these.

#### **Applicant's Certification**

I, \_\_\_\_\_\_, hereby state that, to the best of my abilities, due care and diligence was used in the observation of the construction such that the construction was observed to be built within substantial compliance and intent of the 401 Water Quality Certification and Buffer Rules, the approved plans and specifications, and other supporting materials.

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

#### **Agent's Certification**

I, \_\_\_\_\_\_, hereby state that, to the best of my abilities, due care and diligence was used in the observation of the construction such that the construction was observed to be built within substantial compliance and intent of the 401 Water Quality Certification and Buffer Rules, the approved plans and specifications, and other supporting materials.

Signature:

Date:

#### **Engineer's Certification**

Partial Final \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, as a duly registered Professional Engineer in the State of North Carolina, having been authorized to observe (periodically, weekly, full time) the construction of the project, for the

Carolina, having been authorized to observe (periodically, weekly, full time) the construction of the project, for the Permittee hereby state that, to the best of my abilities, due care and diligence was used in the observation of the construction such that the construction was observed to be built within substantial compliance and intent of the 401 Water Quality Certification and Buffer Rules, the approved plans and specifications, and other supporting materials.

Signature	Registration No.	
0		Second

Date

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# Water Quality Certification Nº. 3701

### GENERAL CERTIFICATION FOR PROJECTS ELIGIBLE FOR U.S. ARMY CORPS OF **ENGINEERS NATIONWIDE PERMIT NUMBER 23 (APPROVED CATEGORICAL** EXCLUSIONS) AND RIPARIAN AREA PROTECTION RULES (BUFFER RULES)

Water Quality Certification Number 3701 is issued in conformity with the requirements of Section 401, Public Laws 92-500 and 95-217 of the United States and subject to the North Carolina Division of Water Quality Regulations in 15A NCAC 2H, Section .0500 and 15A NCAC 2B .0200 for the discharge of fill material to waters and wetland areas as described in 33 CFR 330 Appendix A (B) (23) and for the Riparian Area Protection Rules (Buffer Rules) in 15A NCAC 2B .0200. The category of activities shall include only Federally-approved Categorical Exclusion projects.

The State of North Carolina certifies that the specified category of activity will not violate applicable portions of Sections 301, 302, 303, 306 and 307 of the Public Laws 92-500 and 95-217 if conducted in accordance with the conditions hereinafter set forth.

Any proposed fill or substantial modification of wetlands or waters (including streams) under this General Certification requires notification to the Division of Water Quality (the "Division"). Two (2) copies shall be submitted to the Division at the time of notification in accordance with 15A NCAC 2H .0501(a).

If any one (1) of the Conditions of Certification cannot be met, or, if the activities meet any one (1) of the following thresholds, then require written approval from the Division of Water Quality (the "Division") is required:

- Stream and/or buffer impacts: 1.

  - a. Stream impacts equal or greater than 40 linear feet.b. Any impacts to streams and/or buffers in the Neuse, Tar-Pamlico, Randleman and Catawba River Basins (or any other basins with Riparian Area Protection Rules [Buffer Rules] in effect at the time of application [in accordance with 15A NCAC 2B .0200]), unless the activities are listed as "EXEMPT" from these Rules.
- Impacts to waters of equal to or greater than one-third (1/3) of an acre. 11.
- III. Wetland impacts:
  - a. Equal to or greater than one-third (1/3) acre East of Interstate-95.
  - b. Equal to or greater than one-tenth (1/10) acre West of Interstate-95.
- c. Any impacts to wetlands adjacent to waters designated as: ORW, SA, WS-I, WS-
  - II, or Trout, or wetlands contiguous to waters designated as a North Carolina or National Wild and Scenic River.
  - d. Any impacts to coastal wetlands [15A NCAC 7H .0205)], or Unique Wetlands (UWL) [15A NCAC 2H .0506].
- IV. If the activity is associated with or in response to a Notice of Violation or an enforcement action initiated by the Division and/or the Division of Land Resources.
- Projects with any impacts to streams, wetlands, and/or waters that have received a V. Notice of Violation from the Division and/or Division of Land Resources.

In accordance with North Carolina General Statute Section 143-215.3D(e), any requirement for written approval for a 401 Water Quality Certification must include the appropriate fee. If a project also requires a CAMA Permit, then one payment to both agencies shall be submitted and will be the higher of the two fees.

# Water Quality Certification N°. 3701

Conditions of Certification:

1. No Impacts Beyond those Authorized in the Written Approval or Beyond the Thresholds for use of This Certification

No waste, spoil, solids, or fill of any kind shall occur in wetlands, waters, or riparian areas beyond the footprint of the impacts authorized in the written approval or beyond the thresholds allowed for use of this General Certification, including incidental impacts. All construction activities, including the design, installation, operation, and maintenance of sediment and erosion control Best Management Practices, shall be performed so that no violations of state water quality standards, statutes, or rules occur.

2. Standard Erosion and Sediment Control Practices

Erosion and sediment control practices must be in full compliance with all specifications governing the proper design, installation and operation and maintenance of such Best Management Practices:

- a. Design, installation, operation, and maintenance of the sediment and erosion control measures must be such that they equal, or exceed, the requirements specified in the most recent version of the North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Manual. The devices shall be maintained on all construction sites, borrow sites, and waste pile (spoil) projects, including contractor-owned or leased borrow pits associated with the project.
- b. For borrow pit sites, the erosion and sediment control measures must be designed, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the most recent version of the North Carolina Surface Mining Manual.
- c. Reclamation measures and implementation must comply with the reclamation in accordance with the requirements of the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act and the Mining Act of 1971.
- d. Sufficient materials required for stabilization and/or repair of erosion control measures and stormwater routing and treatment shall be on site at all times, except for publicly funded linear transportation projects when materials can be accessed offsite in a timely manner.
- e. If the project occurs in waters or watersheds classified as Primary Nursery Areas (PNA's), Trout (Tr), SA, WS-I, WS-II, High Quality (HQW), or Outstanding Resource (ORW) waters, then the sediment and erosion control requirements contained within *Design Standards in Sensitive Watersheds* (15A NCAC 04B .0124) supercede all other sediment and erosion control requirements.
- 3. No Sediment and Erosion Control Measures in Wetlands or Waters

Sediment and erosion control measures should not be placed in wetlands or waters outside of the permitted impact areas without prior written approval by the Division. If placement of sediment and erosion control devices in wetlands and waters is unavoidable, design and placement of temporary erosion control measures shall not be conducted in a manner that may result in dis-equilibrium of wetlands or stream beds or banks, adjacent to or upstream and down stream of the above structures. All sediment and erosion control devices shall be removed and the natural grade restored within two (2) months of the date that the Division of Land Resources or locally delegated program has released the project.

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# Water Quality Certification Nº. 3701

4. Construction Stormwater Permit NCG010000

Upon the approval of an Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan issued by the Division of Land Resources (DLR) or a DLR delegated local erosion and sedimentation control program, an NPDES General stormwater permit (NCG010000) administered by the Division is automatically issued to the project. This General Permit allows stormwater to be discharged during land disturbing construction activities as stipulated by conditions in the permit. If your project is covered by this permit [applicable to construction projects that disturb one (1) or more acres], full compliance with permit conditions including the sedimentation control plan, self-monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements are required. A copy of this permit and monitoring report forms may be found at <a href="http://h2o.enr.state.nc.us/su/Forms\_Documents.htm">http://h2o.enr.state.nc.us/su/Forms\_Documents.htm</a>.

NCDOT shall be required to be in full compliance with the conditions related to construction activities within the most recent version of their individual NPDES (NCS000250) stormwater permit.

5. Construction Moratoriums and Coordination

If activities must occur during periods of high biological activity (i.e. sea turtle or bird nesting), then biological monitoring may be required at the request of other state or federal agencies and coordinated with these activities. This condition can be waived through written concurrence on a case-by-case basis upon reasonable justification.

All moratoriums on construction activities established by the NC Wildlife Resources Commission (WRC), US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), NC Division of Marine Fisheries (DMF), or National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) to lessen impacts on trout, anadromous fish, larval/post-larval fishes and crustaceans, or other aquatic species of concern must be obeyed. This condition can be waived through written concurrence on a case-by-case basis upon reasonable justification.

Work within the twenty-five (25) designated trout counties or identified state or federal endangered or threatened species habitat shall be coordinated with the appropriate WRC, USFWS, NMFS, and/or DMF personnel.

- 6. If concrete is used during the construction, then a dry work area should be maintained to prevent direct contact between curing concrete and stream water. Water that inadvertently contacts uncured concrete should not be discharged to surface waters due to the potential for elevated pH and possible aquatic life/fish kills.
- 7. Riparian Area Protection (Buffer) Rules

Activities located in the protected 50-foot wide riparian areas (whether jurisdictional wetlands or not) within the Neuse, Tar-Pamlico, Randleman, or Catawba River Basins (or any other basin with buffer rules), shall be limited to "uses" identified within and constructed in accordance with 15A NCAC 2B .0233, .0259, .0250, and .0243, and shall be located, designed, constructed, and maintained to have minimal disturbance to protect water quality to the maximum extent practicable through the use of best management practices. All riparian area protection rule requirements, including diffuse flow requirements, must be met.

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Water Quality Certification No. 3701

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# Water Quality Certification N°. 3701

8. Water Supply Watershed Buffers

The 100-foot wide (high-density development) or the 30-foot wide vegetative buffer (all other development) shall be maintained adjacent to all perennial waters except for allowances as provided in the Water Supply Watershed Protection Rules [15A NCAC 2B .0212 through .0215].

9. Work in the Dry

All work in or adjacent to stream waters shall be conducted in a dry work area. Approved best management practices from the most current version of the NC Sediment and Erosion Control Manual, or the NC DOT Construction and Maintenance Activities Manual, such as sandbags, rock berms, cofferdams, and other diversion structures shall be used to minimize excavation in flowing water. Channel realignments shall be constructed by excavating the new channel from downstream to upstream before connecting it to the existing channel. Exceptions to this condition require submittal to, and approval by, the Division of Water Quality.

- For all activities requiring re-alignment of streams, a stream relocation plan must be included for written Division approval. Relocated stream designs should include the same dimensions, patterns and profiles as the existing channel (or a stable reference reach if the existing channel is unstable), to the maximum extent practical. The new channel should be constructed in the dry and water shall not be turned into the new channel until the banks are stabilized. Vegetation used for permanent bank stabilization shall be limited to native woody species, and should include establishment of a 30-foot wide wooded and an adjacent 20-foot wide vegetated buffer on both sides of the relocated channel to the maximum extent practical. A transitional phase incorporating appropriate erosion control matting materials and seedling establishment is allowable. Rip-rap, A-Jacks, concrete, gabions or other hard structures may be allowed if it is necessary to maintain the physical integrity of the stream, but the applicant must provide written justification and any calculations used to determine the extent of rip-rap coverage. Please note that if the stream relocation is conducted as a stream restoration as defined in the US Army Corps of Engineers Wilmington District, April 2003 Stream Mitigation Guidelines (or its subsequent updates), the restored length can be used as compensatory mitigation for the impacts resulting from the relocation.
- 11. Placement of Culverts and Other Structures in Waters and Wetlands

The application must include construction plans with cross-sectional details in order to indicate that the current stability of the stream will be maintained or enhanced (i.e., not result in head cuts).

Culverts required for this project shall be designed and installed in such a manner that the original stream profiles are not altered and allow for aquatic life movement during low flows. Existing stream dimensions (including the cross section dimensions, pattern, and longitudinal profile) must be maintained above and below locations of each culvert. Placement of culverts and other structures in waters, streams, and wetlands must be placed below the elevation of the streambed by one foot for all culverts with a diameter greater than 48 inches, and 20 percent of the culvert diameter for culverts having a diameter less than 48 inches, to allow low flow passage of water and aquatic life unless otherwise justified and approved by the Division.

Installation of culverts in wetlands must ensure continuity of water movement and be designed to adequately accommodate high water or flood conditions. Additionally, when roadways, causeways or other fill projects are constructed across FEMA-designated floodways or wetlands, openings such as culverts or bridges must be provided to maintain

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# Water Quality Certification Nº. 3701

the natural hydrology of the system as well as prevent constriction of the floodway that may result in destabilization of streams or wetlands.

Any rip rap required for normal pipe burial and stabilization shall be buried such that the original stream elevation is restored and maintained.

The establishment of native, woody vegetation and other soft stream bank stabilization techniques must be used where practicable instead of rip-rap or other bank hardening methods.

12. Compensatory Mitigation 2010 1200 (h), compensatory mitigation maybe required for losses of 150 linear feet or more of streams and/or one (1) acre or more of wetlands. For linear, public transportation projects, impacts equal to or exceeding 150 lines feet per stream may require mitigation.

In watersheds classified as: ORW, HQW, Tr, WS-I, and WS-II, compensatory stream mitigation may be required at a 1:1 ratio for not only perennial but also intermittent stream impacts equal to or exceeding 150 feet and that require application and written approval from the Division, unless the project is a linear, publicly-funded transportation project, which has a 150-foot per-stream impact allowance.

Buffer mitigation may be required for any project with Buffer Rules in effect at the time of application for buffer impacts resulting from activities classified as "allowable with mitigation" within the Buffer Rules or require a variance under the Buffer Rules.

A determination of buffer, wetland and stream mitigation requirements shall be made for any General Certification for this Nationwide Permit.

When compensatory mitigation is required for a project, the mitigation plans must be approved by the Division, in writing, before the impacts approved by this Certification occur. The most current design and monitoring protocols from the Division shall be followed and written plans submitted for the Division approval as required in those protocols. Alternately, the Division will accept payment into an in-lieu fee program or mitigation bank. Before any permanent building or structure on site is occupied, the mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program must be provided to the Division. In the case of public road projects, the mitigation plan must be implemented or at the earliest reasonable time during the construction of the project

- If an environmental document is required under NEPA or SEPA, then this General Certification is not valid until a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) or Record of Decision (ROD) is issued by the State Clearinghouse.
- For activities requiring written approval, additional site-specific conditions may be added to the cover letter projects in order to ensure compliance with all applicable water quality and effluent standards.
- 15. Certificate of Completion

When written authorization is required for use of this certification, upon completion of all permitted impacts included within the approval and any subsequent modifications, the applicant shall be required to return the certificate of completion attached to the approval. One copy of the certificate shall be sent to the DWQ Central Office in Raleigh at 1650 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC, 27699-1650.

Water Quality Certification No. 3701

# Water Quality Certification N°. 3701

- 16. This General Certification shall expire three (3) years from the date of issuance of the written approval or on the same day as the expiration date of the corresponding Nationwide and Regional General Permits. In accordance with General Statute 136-44.7B, certifications issued to the NCDOT shall expire only upon expiration of the federal 404 Permit. The conditions in effect on the date of issuance of Certification for a specific project shall remain in effect for the life of the project, regardless of the expiration date of this Certification. If the construction process for approved activities will overlap the expiration and renewal date of the corresponding 404 Permit and the Corps allows for continued use of the 404 Permit, then the General Certification shall also remain in effect without requiring re-application and reapproval to use this Certification for the specific impacts already approved.
- 17. The applicant/permittee and their authorized agents shall conduct all activities in a manner consistent with State water quality standards (including any requirements resulting from compliance with §303(d) of the Clean Water Act), and any other appropriate requirements of State and Federal Law. If the Division determines that such standards or laws are not being met, including failure to sustain a designated or achieved use, or that State or Federal law is being violated, or that further conditions are necessary to assure compliance, then the Division may reevaluate and modify this General Water Quality Certification.

Non-compliance with or violation of the conditions herein set forth by a specific fill project shall result in revocation of this General Certification for the project and may result in criminal and/or civil penalties.

The Director of the North Carolina Division of Water Quality may require submission of a formal application for individual certification for any project in this category of activity, if it is determined that the project is likely to have a significant adverse effect upon water quality including state or federally listed endangered or threatened aquatic species or degrade the waters so that existing uses of the wetland, stream or downstream waters are precluded.

Public hearings may be held for specific applications or group of applications prior to a Certification decision if deemed in the public's best interest by the Director of the North Carolina Division of Water Quality.

Effective date: November 1, 2007

**DIVISION OF WATER QUALITY** 

By

Coleen H. Sullins

Director

History Note: Water Quality Certification (WQC) Number 3701 replaces Water Quality Certification Number 2670 issued on January 21, 1992, WQC Number 2734 issued on May 1 1993, WQC Number 3107 issued on February 11, 1997, WQC Certification Number 3361 issued March 18, 2002, WQC Certification Number 3403 issued March 2003, and WQC Number 3632 issued March 2007. This General Certification is rescinded when the Corps of Engineers reauthorizes Nationwide Permit 23 or when deemed appropriate by the Director of the DWQ.

Permit Class EMERGENCY	Permit Number <b>103-11</b>				
STATE OF NOR					
Department of Environme an	ent and Natural Resources				
Coastal Resource	•				
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∎.º fc	)r				
<u>X</u> Major Development pursuant to NCGS 11	in an Area of Environmental Concern 13A-118				
<u>X</u> Excavation and/or fil	ling pursuant to NCGS 113-229				
Issued to N.C. Department of Transportation, 113 A	irport Drive, Suite 100, Edenton, NC 27932				
Authorizing development in Dare	County at Atlantic Ocean, NC 12 north of Rodanthe				
, as requested in the p	permittee's application dated <u>9/2/11 including attached</u>				
workplan drawings (3): 1 dated 9/2/11, and 2 dated 9/1/11, Descript	ion of Work dated 9/2/11 and AEC Hazard Notice dated 9/2/11.				
This permit, issued on <u>September 2, 2011</u> , is a with the permit), all applicable regulations, special conditions be subject to fines, imprisonment or civil action; or may cause					
Emergency	Response				
<ol> <li>Unless specifically altered herein, this permit authorizes filling, roadway reconstruction, slope -stabilization sandbags, and dune reconstruction activities, all as depicted on the attached workplan drawings. Any other development activities may require additional authorization.</li> <li>This Permit does not authorize any development activities outside of NCDOT right of way unless</li> </ol>					
<ul> <li>2) This remit does not denotize any development derivities outside of recipier right of why diffess easements or similar legal instruments are first obtained from all property owners where the authorized work is to take place.</li> <li>3) All fill material, including that used to fill the slope-stabilization sandbags, shall be clean and free of any pollutants, except in trace quantities.</li> <li>(See attached sheet for Additional Conditions)</li> </ul>					
3) All fill material, including that used to fill the slope-stabilization sandbags, shall be clean and free of any pollutants, except in trace quantities.					
(See attached sheet for A	Additional Conditions)				
This permit action may be appealed by the permittee or other qualified persons within twenty (20) days of the issuing date. An appeal requires resolution prior to work initiation or	Chairman of the Coastal Resources Commission.				
continuance as the case may be.	Dougle V Haggett - for				
This permit must be accessible on-site to Department personnel when the project is inspected for compliance.	James H. Gregson, Director				
Any maintenance work or project modification not covered hereunder requires further Division approval.	Division of Coastal Management				
All work must cease when the permit expires on	This permit and its conditions are hereby accepted.				
April 30, 2015	Division of Coastal Management This permit and its conditions are hereby accepted.				
In issuing this permit, the State of North Carolina agrees					
that your project is consistent with the North Carolina Coastal Management Program.	Signature of Permittee				

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### N.C. Department of Transportation

## ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS

4) Only beach quality sand shall be utilized for dune reconstruction purposes.

- 5) Any reconstructed dunes shall be planted with appropriate vegetation as soon as possible after project completion.
- 6) All work shall be accomplished in such a manner that damage to existing vegetation is minimized.
- 7) Any waste materials or debris generated in the demolition and removal of the existing roadway, including exposed, damaged or remnant pavement, shall be disposed of at an approved upland site or shall be recycled in an environmentally appropriate manner provided appropriate authorizations from any relevant state, federal, or local authorities are obtained.

## <u>General</u>

- 8) The permittee shall obtain any necessary authorizations or approvals from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers prior to initiation of the permitted activity.
- 9) Nothing in this State Permit should be construed as overriding or superceding any U.S. Army Corps of Engineers permit requirement or condition.
- 10) This permit does not eliminate the need to obtain any additional state, federal or local permits, approvals or authorizations that may be required, including any approvals that may be required for the use of the proposed borrow area(s).
- **<u>NOTE:</u>** The permittee is advised that the Coastal Area Management Act and the rules of the Coastal Resources Commission prohibit the use of permanent erosion control structures within the Ocean Hazard Area of Environmental Concern.

*****				
Permit Class EMERGENCY	Permit Number <b>104-11</b>			
STATE OF NORT				
Department of Environmer				
ânc				
Coastal Resource	es Commission			
Per	mít			
for				
X Major Development in pursuant to NCGS 112	n an Area of Environmental Concern 3A-118			
<u>X</u> Excavation and/or fill	ing pursuant to NCGS 113-229			
Issued to N.C. Department of Transportation, 113 Air	port Drive, Suite 100, Edenton, NC 27932			
Authorizing development in <u>Dare</u> C	ounty at NC 12, six miles south of Oregon Inlet, Pea			
Island NWR, as requested in the pe	ermittee's application dated <u>9/2/11 including attached</u>			
workplan drawings (13), all dated received 9/2/11, and AEC Hazard	Notice dated 9/2/11.			
This permit, issued on <u>September 2, 2011</u> , is subject to compliance with the application (where consistent with the permit), all applicable regulations, special conditions and notes set forth below. Any violation of these terms may be subject to fines, imprisonment or civil action; or may cause the permit to be null and void.				
Emergency Response				
<ol> <li>Unless specifically altered herein, this permit authorizes filling, roadway reconstruction, a 200-foot long temporary work bridge, a 650-foot long temporary bridge, retaining walls, and slope-stabilization sandbags, all as depicted on the attached workplan drawings. Any other development activities may require additional authorization.</li> </ol>				
2) Nothing in this permit authorizes any activity that has not received approval from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) for work within the Pea Island National Wildlife Refuge. Should additional authorization from the USFWS be required for any portion of the authorized project, the permittee shall obtain this authorization prior to initiating that portion of the project.				
(See attached sheet for A	ion of the project. dditional Conditions)			
This permit action may be appealed by the permittee or other qualified persons within twenty (20) days of the issuing date. An appeal requires resolution prior to work initiation or continuance as the case may be.	Signed by the authority of the Secretary of DENR and the Chairman of the Coastal Resources Commission.			
	Dougle V Hogsett - for			
This permit must be accessible on-site to Department personnel when the project is inspected for compliance.	James H. Gregson, Director			
Any maintenance work or project modification not covered Division of Coastal Management				
hereunder requires further Division approval.	This permit and its conditions are hereby accepted.			

All work must cease when the permit expires on

# April 30, 2015

In issuing this permit, the State of North Carolina agrees that your project is consistent with the North Carolina Coastal Management Program.

Signature of Permittee

\*\*\*\*\*\*

### N.C. Department of Transportation

# ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS

- 3) All fill material, including that used to fill the slope-stabilization sandbags, shall be clean and free of any pollutants, except in trace quantities.
- 4) 15A NCAC 07H .0308(a)(1)(B) prohibits permanent erosion control structures within the Ocean Hazard Area of Environmental Concern (AEC). Therefore, in order to ensure compliance with this rule, the design of all retaining walls within the AEC shall be the absolute minimum necessary to retain the roadway fill material. The retaining walls shall not serve as or be designed to serve as permanent erosion control structures.
- 5) The slope-stabilization sandbags and retaining walls shall be removed in their entirety once they are no longer necessary, due to implementation of more permanent transportation solutions in the project area.
- 6) Any waste materials or debris generated in the demolition and removal of the existing roadway, including exposed, damaged or remnant pavement, shall be disposed of at an approved upland site or shall be recycled in an environmentally appropriate manner provided appropriate authorizations from any relevant state, federal, or local authorities are obtained.

## General

- 7) No vegetated wetland or open water areas shall be filled outside of the area(s) indicated on the attached workplan drawings.
- 8) The permittee shall obtain any necessary authorizations or approvals from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers prior to initiation of the permitted activity.
- 9) Nothing in this State Permit should be construed as overriding or superceding any U.S. Army Corps of Engineers permit requirement or condition.
- 10) This permit does not eliminate the need to obtain any additional state, federal or local permits, approvals or authorizations that may be required, including any approvals that may be required for the use of the proposed borrow area(s).
- **NOTE:** The permittee is advised that the Coastal Area Management Act and the rules of the Coastal Resources Commission prohibit the use of permanent erosion control structures within the Ocean Hazard Area of Environmental Concern.

09/05/2011	10:56	2524739849	MANTEO MAINT	PAGE 12/20
United States Department of the Interfor U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wildlife Refuge System General Special Use Application and Permit		AddressAddress	OMB Control Number 1018-0102 Expiration Date: 06/30/2014 Ind National Wildlife Refuge Manteo, NC 27954 e Bryant, Refuge Manager E-mail	
See instructions at the	end of the notic			
Applicant I				
2) Full Name:	Jerry Jenr	nings	6) Phone #	(252) 482-7787
3) Organization:	N. C. Dep	artment of Transportation	7) Fax #:	
4) Address:	113 Airpo	rt Drive	8) E-mail:	
5) City/State/Zip:	Edenton,	NC 27932		

9) Assistants/Subcontractors/Subpermittees; (List tull names, addresses and phone #'s and specifically describe services provided if subcontractors are used.)

Subcontractors will be used but are not known at this time due to the emergency nature of this activity.

# **Activity Information**

10) Activity type: O Event O Wood Cutting O Group Visit O Cabin/Subsistence Cabin O Educational Activity Other Storm damage repair to NC 12 resulting from Hurricane Irene

11) Describe Activity: (Specifically identify timing, frequency, and how the event is expected to proceed.)

NCDOT is requesting a permit for the repair of NC 12 in Dare County. There are two repair sites, one in Pea Island National Wildlife Refuge and another at the northern end of Rodanthe adjacent to and partially on the refuge. At the Rodanthe site all work required in this location will be to reestablish the roadway back to its original location both horizontally and vertically prior to Hurricane Irene. Sand bags will be required to protect the highway. At the Pea Island breach site NCDOT is proposing to place a temporary 650' bridge consisting of a 250' span over the main breach within the existing right of way. A temporary construction bridge, approximately 200 feet long with 20-foot spans may be required. Other channels resulting from the storm will be filled and the road reconstructed. Sandbag shoring will be required. The attached letter provides additional information.

12) Activity/site occupancy timeline: (Specifically identify beginning and ending dates, site occupation timeline, hours, clean-up and other major events.)

See attachments to this permit for additional detailed information regarding project construction and permit conditions.

09/06/2011 10:56 2524739849	MANTEO MAINT PAGE 13/20
0,00,2011 10.00 2027,000.0	
(Depending on the activity for which you are requesting a permit, y	OMB Control Number 1018-0102 Expiration Date: 06/30/2014 No may ask you for the following activity information
Please contact the specific refuge where the activity is being cond	lucted to determine what activity information is required.)
13) Expected number of participants:	14) Grade level of educational group:
Children Adults 50 Total 50	Grade
15) Will staff time/assistance be required?	16a) Plan of Operation required? 🔿 Yes 🔵 No 🛞 N/A
	16b) Plan of Operation attached? O Yes O No
17) Location: (Specifically identify location; GPS location preferred.)	
NC Highway 12 within Pea Island NWR	
(d) March 10 (a) as mained?	18b) Is map of location(s) attached?
18a) Is map of location(s) required?	() Yes () No
Insurance Coverage/Certifications/Pern	nits
19a) Is insurance required?	19b) Insurance: (Provided carrier, type and policy number)
⊖ Yes @ No ⊖ N/A	
20) Other licenses/certifications/permits required: (Specifically Identify	licenses, certifications, and permits.)
404 CAMA	
Logistics and Transportation	
21) Does activity require personnel to stay overnight onsite?	Yes () No
22) Personnel involved:	23) Specifically describe all equipment/gear and materials used:
NCDOT employees and contractors as needed	Excavators, buildozers, front-end loaders, dump trucks, and other heavy equipment as needed.
24) Transportation description(s) and license number(s) to access	s refuge(s): (Provide description of and specific auto license/boat/plane registration number(s).)
Official state and federal vehicles.	
as) Canadianily departing another work and/or living	26) Specifically describe onsite hazardous material storage or
25) Specifically describe onsite work and/or living	

27) Signature of Applicant	Eugens See	tão la le	ry Jenning	Date of Application:	09-02-2011
27) Signature of Applicant	- Same	000			

other onsite material storage space:

Sign, date, and print this form and return it to the refuge for processing. Do not fill out information below this page.

accommodations:

FWS Form 3-1383-G 03/11

PRINT FORM

MANTEO MAINT

OMB Control Number 1018-0102 Expiration Date: 08/30/2014

### For Official Use Only (This section to be filled out by refuge personnel only.)

Special Use Permit	2011-017 Permit #:
September 1, 2011 1) Date: 2)  Permit Approved	41630 O Permit Denied 3) Station #:
Additional special conditions required: (Special conditions may Include activity reports, before and after photographs, and other conditions.)     Wes O No O N/A	Additional sheets attached: Yes O No
5) Other licenses/permits required:	Verification of other licenses/permits, type: USACE - 404 permit NCDCM - CAMA permit
6) Insurance/certifications required: ○ Yes ○ No ④ N/A	Verification of insurance/certification, type:
7) Record of Payments:	8 H A
0 Amount of payment:	N/A Record of partial payment:
8) Bond posted: O Yes O No	

This permit is issued by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and accepted by the applicant signed below, subject to the terms, covenants, obligations, and reservations, expressed or implied herein, and to the notice, conditions, and requirements included or attached. A copy of this permit should be kept on hand so that it may be shown at any time to any refuge staff.

Permit approved and issued by (Signature and title):

vite Symp Date: 9/2/2011

Permit accepted by (Signature of applicant):

Eugene Secto for Jean Jenningen Date: 9/2/2011

OMB Control Number 1018-0102 Expiration Date: 08/30/2014

#### Notice

In accordance with the Privacy Act (5 U.S. C. 552a) and the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S. C. 3501), please note the following information:

1. The issuance of a permit and collection of fees on lands of the National Wildlife Refuge System are authorized by the National Wildlife Refuge System Administration Act (16 U.S. C. 668dd-ee) as amended, and the Refuge Recreation Act (16 U.S. C. 460k-460k-4).

2. The information that you provide is voluntary, however submission of requested information is required to evaluate the qualifications, determine eligibility, and document permit applicants under the above Acts. It is our policy not to use your name for any other purpose. The information is maintained in accordance with the Privacy Act. All information you provide will be considered in reviewing this application. False, flottitious, or fraudulent statements or representations made in the application may be grounds for revocation of the Special Use Permit and may be punishable by fine or imprisonment (18 U.S.C. 1001). Failure to provide all required information is sufficient cause for the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to deny a permit.

3. No Members of Congress or Resident Commissioner shall participate in any part of this contract or to any benefit that may arise from it, but this provision shall not pertain to this contract if made with a corporation for its general benefit.

4. The Permittee agrees to be bound by the equal opportunity "nondiscrimination in employment" clause of Executive Order 11246.

5. Routine use disclosures may also be made: (a) to the U.S. Department of Justice when related to litigation or anticipated litigation; (b) of information indicating a violation or potential violation of a statute, rule, order, or license to appropriate Federal, State, local or foreign agencies responsible for investigating or prosecuting the violation of or enforcing or implementing the statute, rule, regulations, order, or license; (c) from the record of the Individual in response to an inquiry from a Congressional office made at the request of the individual (42 FR 19083; April 11,1977); and (d) to provide addresses obtained from the Internal Revenue Service to debt collection agencies for purposes of locating a debtor to collect or compromise a Federal Claim against the debtor, or to consumer reporting agencies to prepare a commercial credit report for use by the Department (48 FR 54716; December 6, 1983).

6. An agency may not conduct or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. This information collection has been approved by OMB and assigned control number 1018-0102. The public reporting burden for this information collection varies based on the specific refuge use being requested. The relevant public reporting burden for the General Use Special Use Permit Application form is estimated to average 30 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Comments on this form should be mailed to the Information Collection Clearance Officer, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 4401 N. Fairfax Drive, MS 2042-PDM, Arlington, Virginia, 22203.

#### **General Conditions and Requirements**

1. Responsibility of Permittee: The permittee, by operating on the premises, shall be considered to have accepted these premises with all facilities, fixtures, or improvements in their existing condition as of the date of this permit. At the end of the period specified or upon earlier termination, the permittee shall give up the premises in as good order and condition as when received except for reasonable wear, tear, or damage occurring without fault or negligence. The permittee will fully repay the Service for any and all damage directly or indirectly resulting from negligence or failure on his/her part, and/or the part of anyone of his/her associates, to use reasonable care.

2. Operating Rules and Laws: The permittee shall keep the premises in a neat and orderly condition at all times, and shall comply with all municipal, county, and State laws applicable to the operations under the permittas well as all Federal laws, rules, and regulations governing national wildlife refuges and the area described in this permit. The permittee shall comply with all instructions applicable to this permit issued by the refuge official in charge. The permittee shall take all reasonable precautions to prevent the escape of fires and to suppress fires and shall render all reasonable assistance in the suppression of refuge fires.

3. Use Limitations: The permittee's use of the described premises is limited to the purposes herein specified and does not, unless provided for in this permit, allow him/her to restrict other authorized entry onto his/her area; and permits the Service to carry on whatever activities are necessary for: (1) protection and maintenance of the premises and adjacent lands administered by the Service; and (2) the management of wildlife and fish using the premises and other Service lands.

4. Transfer of Privilages: This permit is not transferable, and no privileges herein mentioned may be sublet or made available to any person or interest not mentioned in this permit. No interest hereunder may accrue through lien or be transferred to a third party without the approval of the Regional Director of the Service and the permit shall not be used for speculative purposes.

5. Compliance: The Service's failure to require strict compliance with any of this permit's terms, conditione, and requirements shall not constitute a waiver or be considered as a giving up of the Service's right to thereafter enforce any of the permit's terms or conditions.

6. Conditions of Permit not Fulfilled: If the permittee fails to fulfill any of the conditions and requirements set forth herein, all money paid under this permit shall be retained by the Government to be used to satisfy as much of the permittee's obligation as possible.

7. Payments: All payment shall be made on or before the due date to the local representative of the Service by a postal money order or check made payable to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

8. Termination Policy: At the termination of this permit the permittee shall immediately give up possession to the Service representative, reserving, however, the rights specified in paragraph 11. If he/she fails to do so, he/she will pay the government, as liquidated damages, an amount double the rate specified in this permit for the entire time possession is withheld. Upon yielding possession, the permittee will still be allowed to reenter as needed to remove his/her property as stated in paragraph 11. The acceptance of any fee for the liquidated damages or any other act of administration relating to the continued tenancy is not to be considered as an affirmation of the permittee's action nor shall it operate as a waiver of the Government's right to terminate or cancel the permit for the breach of any specified condition or requirement.

9. Revocation Policy: This permit may be revoked by the Regional Director of the Service without notice for noncompliance with the terms hereof or for violation of general and/or specific laws or regulations governing national wildlife refuges or for nonuse. It is at all times subject to discretionary revocation by the Director of the Service. Upon such revocation the Service, by and through any authorized representative, may take possession of the said premises for its own and sole use, and/or may enter and possess the premises as the agent of the permittee and for his/her account.

MANTEO MAINT

OME Control Number 1018-0102 Expiration Date: 08/30/2014

10. Damages: The United States shall not be responsible for any loss or damage to property including, but not limited to, growing crops, animals, and machinery or injury to the permittee or his/her relatives, or to the officers, agents, employees, or any other who are on the premises from instructions or by the sufferance of wildlife or employees or representatives of the Government carrying out their official responsibilities. The permittee agrees to save the United States or any of its agencies harmless from any and all claims for damages or losses that may arise to be incident to the flooding of the premises resulting from any associated Government river and harbor, flood control, reclamation, or Tennessee Valley Authority activity.

11, Removal of Permittee's Property: Upon the expiration or termination of this permit, if all rental charges and/or damage claims due to the Government have been paid, the permittee may, within a reasonable period as stated in the permit or as determined by the refuge official in charge, but not to exceed 60 days, remove all structures, machinery, and/or equipment, etc. from the premises for which he/she is responsible. Within this period the permittee must also remove any other of hts/her property including his/her acknowledged share of products or crops grown, cut, harvested, stored, or stacked on the premises. Upon failure to remove any of the above items within the aforesaid period, they shall become the property of the United States.

#### Instructions for Completing Application

You may complete the application portion verbally, in person or electronically and submit to the refuge for review. Note: Please read instructions carefully as not all information is required for each activity. Contact the specific refuge headquarters office where the activity is going to be conducted if you have questions regarding the applicability of a particular item.

1. Identify if permit application is for new, renewal or modification of an existing permit. Permit renewals may not need all information requested. Contact the specific refuge headquarters office where the activity is going to be conducted if you have questions regarding the applicability of a particular item.

2-8. Provide full name, organization (if applicable), address, phone, fax, and e-mail.

9. Provide names and addresses of assistants, subcontractors or subpermittees. Names and address are only required if the assistants, subcontractors or subpermittees will be operating on the refuge without the permittee being present. Volunteers, assistants, subcontractors or subpermittees that are accompanied by the permittee need not be identified.

10. Activity type: check one of the following categories:

- a. Event:
  - b. Wood cutting;
  - c. Group visit;
  - d. Cabin/Subsistence cabin;
  - e. Educational activity; or
  - f. Other-any other activity(s) not mentioned above. Please describe "other" activity.

11. Describe Activity: provide detailed information on the activity, including times, frequency and how the activity is expected to proceed, etc. Permit renewals may not need activity description, if the activity is unchanged from previous permit. Most repetitive activities, such as group visits, do not require an activity description for each visit. Contact the specific refuge headquarters office where the activity is going to be conducted to determine if an activity description is required.

12. Activity/site occupancy timeline: identify beginning and ending dates, site occupation timeline, hours, clean-up and other major events. Permit renewals may not need an activity/site occupancy timeline, if the activity is unchanged from previous permit. Most repetitive activities, such as group visits, do not require an activity/site occupancy timeline for each visit. Contact the specific refuge headquarters office where the activity is going to be conducted to determine if an activity/site occupancy timeline is required.

13-14 Expected number of participants: Provide an estimate of the number of adults, and children and grade level of group, if applicable.

15. Identify if onsite refuge staff will be required for group activities and anticipated time frame, if applicable.

16a-16b. Identify and attach Plan of Operation, if required. Most repetitive activities, such as group visits, do not require Plans of Operations for each visit. In addition, permit renewals may not require Plans of Operations if the activity is essentially unchanged from the previous permit. Contact the specific refuge headquarters office where the activity is going to be conducted to determine if a Plan of Operations is required.

17. Location: Identify specific location (GPS coordinates preferred), if not a named facility. Most repetitive activities, such as group visits, do not require a location. In addition, permit renewals may not require a location if the activity is essentially unchanged from the previous permit. Contact the specific refuge headquarters office where the activity is going to be conducted to determine if a location is required.

18a-18b. Attach a map of location, if required and not conducted at a named facility. Most repetitive activities, such as group visits, do not require a map. In addition, permit renewals may not require a map if the activity is essentially unchanged from the previous permit. Contact the specific refuge headquarters office where the activity is going to be conducted to determine if a map is required.

19a-19b. Provide name, type and carrier of insurance, if required. Contact the specific refuge headquarters office where the activity is going to be conducted to determine if insurance and type of insurance are required.

20. Specifically identify types and numbers of other licenses, certifications or permits, if required. Contact the specific refuge headquarters office where the activity is going to be conducted to determine the types of licenses, certifications or permits required, and to coordinate the simultaneous application of several types of licenses, certifications or permit (SUP) may be processed while other certifications are being obtained.

21-22. Provide name(s) of any personnel required to stay overnight, if applicable.

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23. Identify all equipment and materials, which will be used, if required. Most repetitive events, such as group visits, do not require a list of equipment. In addition, permit renewals may not require a list of equipment if the event is essentially unchanged from the previous permit. Contact the specific refuge headquarters office where the activity is going to be conducted to determine if a list of equipment is required.

24. Describe and provide vehicle descriptions and license plate or identification numbers of all vehicles, including boats and airplanes, if required. Motor vehicle descriptions are only required for permittee vehicle, and/or if the vehicle will be operated on the refuge without the permittee being present. Motor vehicles that are accompanied by the permittee as part of a group (convoy) activity need not be identified if cleared in advance by refuge supervisor. Specifically describe ship-to-shore, intersite (between islands, camps, or other sites) and onsite transportation mechanisms, and license plate or identification numbers, if required.

25. Specifically describe onsite work and/or living accommodations, if applicable.

26. Specifically describe onsite hazardous material storage, or other onsite material storage space (including on and offsite fuel caches).

27. Sign, date, and print the application. Click on the Print button to print the application (if using the fillable version). The refuge official will review and, if approved, fill out the remaining information, sign, and return a copy to you for signature and acceptance.

## The form is not valid as a permit unless it includes refuge approval, a station number, a refuge-assigned permit number, and is signed by a refuge official.

### Alligator River National Wildlife Refuge Pea Island National Wildlife Refuge



### CONDITIONS FOR SPECIAL USE PERMITS & AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES SUP 2011-017

- The Permittee or authorized person, and all officers, agents, employees, representatives, and clients of the Permittee or authorized person, shall comply with all Refuge, Federal, State, and local regulations and conditions that apply to the special use activity. Failure to comply with any applicable regulation or condition, and all Federal laws, rules, and regulations governing National Wildlife Refuges and the area described in the Special Use Permit (Permit) or authorizing documents may result in revocation of the Permit or authorized activity and/or criminal prosecution.
- 2. While engaged in a special use activity on the Refuge, the Permittee or authorized person, and his/her officers, agents, employees, or representatives, shall be in possession of a <u>copy</u> of the Permit or authorizing documents (including all attachments that contain conditions) and shall, upon request by an authorized Refuge official or by any authorized local, state, or federal law enforcement officer, display the <u>copy</u> authorizing their presence and activity on the Refuge and shall furnish any other licenses and identification documents as may be requested.
- 3. Entry on the Refuge during nighttime hours (i.e., ½-hour after sunset to ½-hour before sunrise) is prohibited, unless authorized in writing by the Refuge Manager.
- 4. It is unlawful to disturb, destroy, injure, collect, or take any wildlife, plant, natural object, mineral, cultural or historical feature, or public property on the Refuge, <u>unless authorized in writing by the</u> Refuge Manager.
- Wildlife shall not be harmed or harassed and disturbance shall be kept to a minimum, this includes all snakes (poisonous and non-poisonous snakes), <u>unless authorized in writing by the Refuge</u> Manager.
- 6. The Refuge Manager should be contacted <u>immediately</u> at (252) 473-1131 upon discovery of any <u>wildfire</u>, or any leak, spill, or break in a pipeline, power line, canal, or dike, or any other accident or incident that has the potential to have an adverse impact on the soil, wildlife, or plants in the area. Any unusual wildlife sightings or suspected illegal activities should be reported to the Refuge Manager.
- Any accident that results in a personal injury (i.e. an accident that requires professional medical treatment) shall be reported to the Refuge Manager within 24 hours of the accident.
- 8. All **locked** Refuge gates shall be closed and locked upon entering and leaving Refuge property. Refuge gates should be left the way they are found (i.e., open, closed, either locked or unlocked as the case may be).

Page 1 of 3

- 9. Vehicle travel shall only be on designated roads or routes of travel, <u>unless authorized in writing by</u> the Refuge Manager. Vehicles, boats, trailers, and other equipment shall be parked in such a manner that <u>roads and traits, including canoe trails and navigable waters, are not to be</u> <u>blocked</u>. Roads and trails need to be accessible to other Refuge visitors and to Refuge staff, cooperative farmers, fire trucks, emergency vehicles, maintenance equipment, and law enforcement patrols.
- 10. Vehicles with catalytic converters shall be restricted to paved roads, recently maintained gravel or dirt roads, or bare soil areas because of the high fire potential. Vehicles with catalytic converters shall not be parked over high vegetation or other fire hazardous materials.
- 11. Refuge gate or building keys **shall not be loaned** to other agencies, companies, or persons. If there is a need for access by other persons, please have them contact the Refuge Manager. All Refuge keys shall be returned to the Refuge Manager, or a designated staff member, within 10 calendar days, after expiration or termination of the Permit or authorized activity.
- 12. All dogs (or any other pet) must be confined or on a leash while on the Refuge, <u>unless authorized in</u> <u>writing by the Refuge Manager</u>. Leashed pets must be under the immediate control of the Permittee or authorized person, or the leash must be secured to a stationary object. The leash shall not be in excess of 10 feet in length.
- 13. Possession or use of firearms, air guns, bows and arrows, cross bows, spears, or gigs; or illegal knives, weapons, or devices; or explosives of any type is prohibited on the Refuge when engaged in a special use activity, <u>unless authorized in writing by the Refuge Manager</u>.
- Littering is prohibited. <u>All</u> materials brought into the Refuge shall be removed and properly disposed. Drink cans, bottles, candy wrappers, toilet paper, and other garbage and refuse shall not be left on the Refuge.
- 15. The Refuge Manager shall be contacted **before** any surface work is done. This includes mowing, road or trail improvements, digging, clearing or trimming of brush or vegetation, installation of structures, etc.
- 16. The use of herbicides and pesticides on Refuge property is prohibited, <u>unless authorized in writing</u> <u>by the Refuge Manager</u>. Unrestricted, over-the-counter-type, insect repellents may be used on or near the body and clothing to repel biting or stinging insects.
- 17. No permanent or semi-permanent markings shall be made on any Refuge building, structure, gate, post, sign, fence, tree, vegetation, or soil by either marking, painting, cutting, scratching, blazing, mowing, digging, or other destructive method, <u>unless authorized in writing by the Refuge</u> <u>Manager</u>. When needed, only temporary, removable markers (e.g., flagging tape, survey stakes, metal/paper/plastic tags, etc.) shall be used to mark site locations, plots, etc. Safety signs, informational signs, and any other signs required by law or regulation for the special use activity being

Page 2 of 3

conducted, shall be posted as required, but only with prior authorization by the Refuge Manager. All markers and signs shall be removed upon conclusion of the special use activity or upon expiration or termination of the Permit.

- 18. The use or possession of traps, snares, or other passive (i.e., unattended) collection devices, which are used to collect wildlife, is prohibited, <u>unless authorized in writing by the Refuge Manager</u>. Each individual trap, snare, or passive collection device shall have a weather-resistant, permanent tag attached with the Permittee's, authorized person's, and/or organization's name legibly marked on the tag <u>or</u> shall have the Permittee's, authorized person's, and/or organization's name legibly marked, imprinted, or engraved on the trap, snare, or device.
- 19. No permanent or semi-permanent fences, buildings, shelters, docks, piers, or other structures or facilities may be erected, built, or placed on the Refuge, <u>unless authorized in writing by the Refuge Manager</u>. No machinery, equipment, supplies, or materials may be placed or stored on the refuge, <u>unless authorized In writing by the Refuge Manager</u>.
- 20. All open fires are prohibited, <u>unless authorized in writing by the Refuge Manager</u>. Leaving an <u>authorized</u> open fire unattended or not completely extinguished is prohibited. Setting on fire or causing to be set on fire any timber, brush, grass, or other inflammable material, including camp or cooking fires, is prohibited, <u>unless authorized in writing by the Refuge Manager</u>. The use of cutting torches, arc welders, or any other open flame/sparking devices (which are required to conduct the special use activity) shall be exercised with caution and <u>only with prior authorization from the Refuge Manager or Refuge Fire Management Officer</u>. When use of these devices is necessary, the operator(s) shall have <u>immediate access to appropriate fire control equipment</u> (e.g., fire extinguishers, shovels, etc.) and <u>immediate communication access to local emergency services</u> (e.g., cellular telephone, two-way radio, etc.). Tobacco smokers shall practice caution when smoking; shall completely extinguish all matches, cigars, cigarettes, and pipes; and shall dispose of same in a proper container (e.g., a vehicle ash tray).
- 21. The effective dates of this permit include the period from September 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011. If it should become necessary to extend the effective period, a request for extension should be submitted no less than 6 days in advance. The Refuge Manager or designee shall be notified no less than 3 days prior to commencement of activities on the Refuge.
- 22. Activities authorized through this permit include reasonable and prudent work within the existing North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) right-of-way (ROW) for the existing NC Highway 12 for the purpose of re-establishing traffic flow. Care shall be taken so as to avoid harm to wildlife and fisheries resources, including their habitats.
- 23. Temporary work outside of the existing NC 12 ROW is authorized to the extent necessary to complete restoration of NC 12 in a safe and effective manner provided that full restoration of affected areas is completed to the satisfaction of the Refuge Manager or designee. Prior consultation with the Refuge Manager or designee is required for temporary work outside of the existing ROW.
- 24. Permanent modifications to the existing ROW may be allowable provided they are minor in nature and are necessary for the purpose of safety. Consultation with the Refuge Manager or designee shall occur prior to any permanent modification of the existing ROW.

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U.S.									
United States Department of the Interior U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wildlife Refuge System General Special Use Application and Permit (To be filled out by applicant. Note: Not all information is required for each use. See instructions at the end of the notice.) 1) New C Renewal Modification Other			OME Control Number 1018-0102 Expiration Date: 06/30/2014 Name of Refuge Pea Island National Wildlife Refuge Address P. O. Box 1969 Manteo, NC 27954 Address Mike Bryant, Refuge Manager Attn: (Refuge Official) Mike Bryant, Refuge Manager Phone # (252) 473-1131 E-mail mike_bryant@fws.gov						
a) Organization: 4) Address:	Jerry Jenn N. C. Depa 113 Airpor	ngs intment of Transportation	7) Fax #:	(252) 482-7787					

9) Assistante/Subcontractors/Subpermittees: (List full names, addresses and phone #'s and specifically describe services provided if subcontractors are used.)

Subcontractors will be used but are not known at this time due to the emergency nature of this activity.

### **Activity Information**

10) Activity type: O Event O Wood Cutting O Group Visit O Cabin/Subsistence Cabin O Educational Activity ( Other Mining sand from the fillet behind the terminal groin at Oregon Inlet for NC 12 repairs

11) Describe Activity: (Specifically identify timing, frequency, and how the event is expected to proceed.)

NCDOT requests a permit for excavation of the approximately 150,000 cubic yards of sand from the fillet area behind the Terminal Groin at Oregon Inlet. The purpose for mining this sand is to repair NC 12 in Dare County. The proposed mining area behind the groin is approximately 20 acres in size and will not go beyond 6-8 feet below the surface. The general area to be mined is shown within the attachments. A detailed mining site will be delineated by the Refuge in consultation and coordination with NCDOT. To facilitate the mining and transport NCDOT is proposing to temporarily move the staging area for the Bonner Bridge repairs to the parking lot adjacent to the bridge as shown on the attached photo. This is being done to accommodate the mining operation behind the Oregon Inlet groin. Additional detail is provided in the attachments.

12) Activity/site accupancy timeline: (Specifically identity beginning and ending dates, site occupation timeline, hours, dean-up and other major events.)

See attachments to this permit for additional detailed information regarding mining details and permit conditions

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(Depending on t Please contact t	he activity for	which you are r fuge where the	equesting a per activity is being	mit, we me conducted	iy ask you for the to determine wha	following acti	ivity ir rmatio	nformatio	Expiral In.	ol Number 1 lion Date: 08	
13) Expected nu	imber of partic	cipants:			14) Grade level	of educationa	it grou	ib:			
Children	Adi	utts	Total		Grade		N/	A			
15) Will staff tim	e/assistance	be required?			16a) Plan of Ope	eration require	ed?	🔿 Yee	() No	N/A	
🛞 Yes 🔿		ı			16b) Plan of Ope	aration attach	ed?	⊖ Yes	🔿 No		
17) Location: (Sp	ectrically identify	location; GPS locati	on preferred.)								
The fillet area south by State	bordered to e of North Ca	the north and arolina propert	west by the O y and with all ;	regon Inle properties	et Terminal Groi being wholly w	in; to the eas ithin or surro	st by ound	the Atle ed by F	ntic Oce 'ea Islar	ean; and id NWR	to the
18a) is map of lo	ocation(s) req	uired?			18b) is map of Ic	ocation(s) atta	ached	?			
🛞 Yes  )	) No 🔿 N/A	l.			🛞 Yes 🔿	No					
Insurance	Covera	ge/Certifi	cations/P	ermits							
19a) is insuranc	e required?				19b) Insurance:	(Provided carrier,	type a	and policy r	iumber)		
🔿 Yes 🔘		1				na tinan saturahan yang saturahan menangkan karan					
20) Other licens	es/cortificatio	ns/permits requi	rød: (Spacifically ic	entify license	s, certifications, and p	ermita.)					
404 permit CAMA permit											
Logistics	and Tra	nsportatio	n								
21) Does activit	y require pers	ionnel to stay ov	ernight onsite?	🔿 Yes	🛞 No						
22) Personnel ir	nvolved:				23) Specifically	describe <u>all</u> e	aquipr	nent/gea	ir and ma	iterials us	9d:
24) Transportati Official state			number(s) to a	xoss refuç	30(S): (Provide descri	iption of and spec	cific auf	to license/b	oaVplane n	egistration n	umber(s).)
CUBRICA STORE	und icualar	e ve li vev (2)									

25) Specifically describe onsite work and/or llving accommodations:

26) Specifically describe onsite hazardous material storage or other onsite material storage space:

27) Signature of Applicant Eugene Suppos for Jerry Jennings Date of Application: \_\_\_\_\_\_

Sign, date, and print this form and return it to the refuge for processing. Do not fill out information below this page.

> FWS Form 3-1383-G 03/11

PRINT FORM

OMB Control Number 1018-0102 Expiration Date: 05/30/2014

### For Official Use Only (This section to be filled out by refuge personnel only.)

Special Use Permit	2011-018 Permit #:
September 1, 2011 1) Date: 2)  Permit Approved	41630 O Permit Denied 3) Station #:
4) Additional special conditions required: (Special conditions may include activity reports, before and after photographs, and other conditions.)     ④ Yes O No O N/A	Additional sheets attached:
5) Other licenses/permits required: Yes O No O N/A	Verification of other licenses/permits, type: USACE - 404 permit NCDCM - CAMA permit
6) Insurance/certifications required:	Verification of insurance/certification, type:
7) Record of Payments: ( Exempt ) Partial ) Full 0 Amount of payment:	N/A Record of partial payment:

8) Bond posted: O Yes O No

This permit is issued by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and accepted by the applicant signed below, subject to the terms, covenants, obligations, and reservations, expressed or implied hersin, and to the notice, conditions, and requirements included or attached. A copy of this permit should be kept on hand so that it may be shown at any time to any refuge staff.

Permit approved and issued by (Signature and title):

With Engent Date: 9/2/2011

Permit accepted by (Signature of applicant):

Einen Sertes For Jerry Jennings Date: 9/2/2011

FWS Form 3-1383-G 03/11

OMS Control Number 1018-0102 Expiration Date: 08/30/2014

#### Notice

In accordance with the Privacy Act (5 U.S. C. 552a) and the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S. C. 3501), please note the following information:

1. The issuance of a permit and collection of fees on lands of the National Wildlife Refuge System are authorized by the National Wildlife Refuge System Administration Act (16 U.S. C. 668dd-ee) as amended, and the Refuge Recreation Act (16 U.S. C. 460k-460k-4).

2. The Information that you provide is voluntary; however submission of requested information is required to evaluate the qualifications, determine eligibility, and document permit applicants under the above Acts. It is our policy not to use your name for any other purpose. The information is maintained in accordance with the Privacy Act. All information you provide will be considered in reviewing this application. False, fictitious, or fraudulent statements or representations made in the application may be grounds for revocation of the Special Use Permit and may be punishable by fine or imprisonment (18 U.S.C. 1001). Failure to provide all required information is sufficient cause for the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to deny a permit.

3. No Members of Congress or Resident Commissioner shall participate in any part of this contract or to any benefit that may arise from it, but this provision shall not pertain to this contract if made with a corporation for its general benefit.

4. The Permittee agrees to be bound by the equal opportunity "nondiscrimination in employment" clause of Executive Order 11246:

5. Routine use disclosures may also be made: (a) to the U.S. Department of Justice when related to litigation or anticipated litigation; (b) of information indicating a violation or potential violation of a statute, rule, order, or license to appropriate Federal, State, local or foreign agencies responsible for investigating or prosecuting the violation or for enforcing or implementing the statute, rule, regulations, order, or license; (c) from the record of the individual in response to an inquiry from a Congressional office made at the request of the individual (42 FR 19083; April 11,1977); and (d) to provide addresses obtained from the Internat Revenue Service to debt collection agencies for purposes of locating a debtor to collect or compromise a Federal Claim against the debtor, or to consumer reporting agencies to prepare a commercial credit report for use by the Department (48 FR 54716; December 6, 1983).

6. An agency may not conduct or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. This information collection has been approved by OMB and assigned control number 1018-0102. The public reporting burden for this information collection varies based on the specific refuge use being requested. The relevant public reporting burden for the General Use Speciel Use Permit Application form is estimated to average 30 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Comments on this form should be mailed to the Information Collection Clearance Officer, U.S. Fish and Wildlite Service, 4401 N. Fairfax Drive, MS 2042-PDM, Arlington, Virginia, 22203.

### General Conditions and Requirements

1. Responsibility of Permittee: The permittee, by operating on the premises, shall be considered to have accepted these premises with all facilities, fixtures, or improvements in their existing condition as of the date of this permit. At the end of the period specified or upon earlier termination, the permittee shall give up the premises in as good order and condition as when received except for reasonable wear, tear, or damage occurring without fault or negligence. The permittee will fully repay the Service for any and all damage directly or indirectly resulting from negligence or failure on his/her part, and/or the part of anyone of his/her associates, to use reasonable care.

2. Operating Rules and Laws: The permittee shall keep the premises in a neat and orderly condition at all times, and shall comply with all municipal, county, and State laws applicable to the operations under the permittae well as all Federal laws, rules, and regulations governing national wildlife refuges and the area described in this permit. The permittee shall comply with all instructions applicable to this permit issued by the refuge official in charge. The permittee shall take all reasonable precautions to prevent the escape of fires and to suppress fires and shall render all reasonable assistance in the suppression of refuge fires.

3. Use Limitations: The permittee's use of the described premises is limited to the purposes herein specified and does not, unless provided for in this permit, allow him/her to restrict other authorized entry onto his/her area; and permits the Service to carry on whatever activities are necessary for: (1) protection and maintenance of the premises and adjacent lands administered by the Service; and (2) the management of wildlife and fish using the premises and other Service lands.

4. Transfer of Privileges: This permit is not transferable, and no privileges herein mentioned may be sublet or made available to any person or interest not mentioned in this permit. No interest hereunder may accrue through lien or be transferred to a third party without the approval of the Regional Director of the Service and the permit shall not be used for speculative purposes.

5. Compliance: The Service's failure to require strict compliance with any of this permit's terms, conditions, and requirements shall not constitute a waiver or be considered as a giving up of the Service's right to thereafter enforce any of the permit's terms or conditions.

6. Conditions of Permit not Fulfilled: If the permittee fails to fulfill any of the conditions and requirements set forth herein, all money paid under this permit shall be retained by the Government to be used to satisfy as much of the permittee's obligation as possible.

7. Payments: All payment shall be made on or before the due date to the local representative of the Service by a postal money order or check made payable to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

8. Termination Policy: At the termination of this permit the permittee shall immediately give up possession to the Service representative, reserving, however, the rights specified in paragraph 11. If he/she fails to do so, he/she will pay the government, as liquidated damages, an amount double the rate specified in this permit for the entire time possession is withheld. Upon yielding possession, the permittee will still be allowed to reenter as needed to remove his/her property as stated in paragraph 11. The acceptance of any fee for the liquidated damages or any other act of administration relating to the continued tenancy is not to be considered as an affirmation of the permittee's action nor shall it operate as a walver of the Government's right to terminate or cancel the permit for the breach of any specified condition or requirement.

9. Revocation Policy: This permit may be revoked by the Regional Director of the Service without notice for noncompliance with the terms hereof or for violation of general and/or specific laws or regulations governing national wildlife refuges or for nonuse. It is at all times subject to discretionary revocation by the Director of the Service. Upon such revocation the Service, by and through any authorized representative, may take possession of the said premises for its own and sole use, and/or may enter and possess the premises as the agent of the permittee and for his/her account.

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OMB Control Number 1018-0102 Expiration Date: 05/30/2014

10. Damages: The United States shall not be responsible for any loss or damage to property including, but not limited to, growing crops, animals, and machinery or injury to the permittee or his/her relatives, or to the officers, agents, employees, or any other who are on the premises from instructions or by the sufferance of wildlife or employees or representatives of the Government carrying out their official responsibilities. The permittee agrees to save the United States or any of its agencies harmless from any and all claims for damages or losses that may arise to be incident to the flooding of the premises resulting from any associated Government river and harbor, flood control, reclamation, or Tennessee Valley Authority activity.

11. Removal of Permittee's Property: Upon the expiration or termination of this permit, if all rental charges and/or damage claims due to the Government have been paid, the permittee may, within a reasonable period as stated in the permit or as determined by the refuge official in charge, but not to exceed 60 days, remove all structures, machinery, and/or equipment, etc. from the premises for which he/she is responsible. Within this period the permittee must also remove any other of his/her property including his/her acknowledged share of products or crops grown, cut, harvested, stored, or stacked on the premises. Upon failure to remove any of the above items within the aforesaid period, they shall become the property of the United States.

#### Instructions for Completing Application

You may complete the application portion verbally, in person or electronically and submit to the refuge for review. Note: Please read instructions carefully as not all information is required for each activity. Contact the specific refuge headquarters office where the activity is going to be conducted if you have questions regarding the applicability of a particular item.

1. Identify if permit application is for new, renewal or modification of an existing permit. Permit renewals may not need all information requested. Contact the appoint refuge headquarters office where the activity is going to be conducted if you have questions regarding the applicability of a particular item.

2-8. Provide full name, organization (if applicable), address, phone, fax, and e-mail.

9. Provide names and addresses of assistants, subcontractors or subpermittees. Names and address are only required if the assistants, subcontractors or subpermittees will be operating on the refuge without the permittee being present. Volunteers, assistants, subcontractors or subpermittees that are accompanied by the permittee need not be identified.

10. Activity type: check one of the following categories:

- a. Event;
- b, Wood cutting:
- c. Group visit;
- d. Cabin/Subsistence cabin;
- e. Educational activity; or
- f. Other-any other activity(s) not mentioned above. Please describe "other" activity.

11. Describe Activity: provide detailed information on the activity, including times, frequency and how the activity is expected to proceed, etc. Permit renewals may not need activity description, if the activity is unchanged from previous permit. Most repetitive activities, such as group visits, do not require an activity description for each visit. Contact the specific refuge headquarters office where the activity is going to be conducted to determine if an activity description is required.

12. Activity/site occupancy timeline: identify beginning and ending dates, site occupation timeline, hours, clean-up and other major events. Permit renewals may not need an activity/site occupancy timeline, if the activity is unchanged from previous permit. Most repetitive activities, such as group visits, do not require an activity/site occupancy timeline for each visit. Contact the specific refuge headquarters office where the activity is going to be conducted to determine if an activity/site occupancy timeline is required.

13-14 Expected number of participants: Provide an estimate of the number of adults, and children and grade level of group, if applicable.

15. Identify if onsite refuge staff will be required for group activities and anticipated time frame, if applicable.

16a-16b. Identify and attach Plan of Operation, if required. Most repetitive activities, such as group visits, do not require Plans of Operations for each visit. In addition, permit renewals may not require Plans of Operations if the activity is essentially unchanged from the previous permit. Contact the specific refuge headquarters office where the activity is going to be conducted to determine if a Plan of Operations is required.

17. Location: identify specific location (GPS coordinates preferred), if not a named facility. Most repetitive activities, such as group visits, do not require a location. In addition, permit renewals may not require a location if the activity is essentially unchanged from the previous permit. Contact the specific refuge headquarters office where the activity is going to be conducted to determine if a location is required.

18a-18b. Attach a map of location, if required and not conducted at a named facility. Most repetitive activities, such as group visits, do not require a map. In addition, permit renewals may not require a map if the activity is essentially unchanged from the previous permit. Contact the specific refuge headquarters office where the activity is going to be conducted to determine if a map is required.

19a-19b. Provide name, type and carrier of insurance, if required. Contact the specific refuge headquarters office where the activity is going to be conducted to determine if insurance and type of insurance are required.

20. Specifically identify types and numbers of other licenses, certifications or permits, if required. Contact the specific refuge headquarters office where the activity is going to be conducted to determine the types of licenses, certifications or permits required, and to coordinate the simultaneous application of several types of licenses, certifications or permits. This Special Use Permit (SUP) may be processed while other certifications are being obtained.

21-22. Provide name(s) of any personnel required to stay overnight, if applicable.

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23. Identify all equipment and materials, which will be used, if required. Most repetitive events, such as group visits, do not require a list of equipment. In addition, permit renewals may not require a list of equipment if the event is essentially unchanged from the previous permit. Contact the specific refuge headquarters office where the activity is going to be conducted to determine if a list of equipment is required.

24. Describe and provide vehicle descriptions and license plate or identification numbers of all vehicles, including boats and airplanes, if required. Motor vehicle descriptions are only required for permittee vehicle, and/or if the vehicle will be operated on the refuge without the permittee being present. Motor vehicles that are accompanied by the permittee as part of a group (convoy) activity need not be identified if cleared in advance by refuge supervisor. Specifically describe ship-to-shore, intersite (between islands, camps, or other sites) and onsite transportation mechanisms, and license plate or identification numbers, if required.

25. Specifically describe onsite work and/or living accommodations, if applicable.

26. Specifically describe onsite hazardous material storage, or other onsite material storage space (including on and offsite fuel caches).

27. Sign, date, and print the application. Click on the Print button to print the application (if using the fillable version). The refuge official will review and, if approved, fill out the remaining information, sign, and return a copy to you for signature and acceptance.

The form is not valid as a permit unless it includes refuge approval, a station number, a refuge-assigned permit number, and is signed by a refuge official.

### Alligator River National Wildlife Refuge Pea Island National Wildlife Refuge



# CONDITIONS FOR SPECIAL USE PERMITS & AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES SUP 2011-018

- The Permittee or authorized person, and all officers, agents, employees, representatives, and clients
  of the Permittee or authorized person, shall comply with all Refuge, Federal, State, and local
  regulations and conditions that apply to the special use activity. Failure to comply with any applicable
  regulation or condition, and all Federal laws, rules, and regulations governing National Wildlife
  Refuges and the area described in the Special Use Permit (Permit) or authorizing documents may
  result in revocation of the Permit or authorized activity and/or criminal prosecution.
- 2. While engaged in a special use activity on the Refuge, the Permittee or authorized person, and his/her officers, agents, employees, or representatives, shall be in possession of a <u>copy</u> of the Permit or authorizing documents (including all attachments that contain conditions) and shall, upon request by an authorized Refuge official or by any authorized local, state, or federal law enforcement officer, display the <u>copy</u> authorizing their presence and activity on the Refuge and shall furnish any other licenses and identification documents as may be requested.
- 3. Entry on the Refuge during nighttime hours (i.e., ½-hour after sunset to ½-hour before sunrise) is prohibited, unless authorized in writing by the Refuge Manager.
- It is unlawful to disturb, destroy, injure, collect, or take any wildlife, plant, natural object, mineral, cultural or historical feature, or public property on the Refuge, <u>unless authorized in writing by the</u> Refuge Manager.
- Wildlife shall not be harmed or harassed and disturbance shall be kept to a minimum, this includes all snakes (poisonous and non-poisonous snakes), <u>unless authorized in writing by the Refuge</u> Manager.
- 6. The Refuge Manager should be contacted <u>immediately</u> at (252) 473-1131 upon discovery of any <u>wildfire</u>, or any leak, spill, or break in a pipeline, power line, canal, or dike, or any other accident or incident that has the potential to have an adverse impact on the soil, wildlife, or plants in the area. Any unusual wildlife sightings or suspected illegal activities should be reported to the Refuge Manager.
- 7. Any accident that results in a personal injury (<u>I.e.</u>, an accident that requires professional medical treatment) shall be reported to the Refuge Manager within 24 hours of the accident.
- 8. All **locked** Refuge gates shall be closed and locked upon entering and leaving Refuge property. Refuge gates should be left the way they are found (i.e., open, closed, either locked or unlocked as the case may be).

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- 9. Vehicle travel shall only be on designated roads or routes of travel, <u>unless authorized in writing by</u> the Refuge Manager. Vehicles, boats, trailers, and other equipment shall be parked in such a manner that <u>roads and trails, including canoe trails and navigable waters, are not to be</u> <u>blocked</u>. Roads and trails shall be accessible to Refuge visitors and to Refuge staff, cooperative farmers, fire trucks, emergency vehicles, maintenance equipment, and law enforcement patrols.
- 10. Vehicles with catalytic converters shall be restricted to paved roads, recently maintained gravel or dirt roads, or bare soil areas because of the high fire potential. Vehicles with catalytic converters shall not be parked over high vegetation or other fire hazardous materials.
- 11. Refuge gate or building keys shall not be loaned to other agencies, companies, or persons. If there is a need for access by other persons, please have them contact the Refuge Manager. All Refuge keys shall be returned to the Refuge Manager, or a designated staff member, within 10 calendar days, after expiration or termination of the Permit or authorized activity.
- 12. All dogs (or any other pet) must be confined or on a leash while on the Refuge, <u>unless authorized in</u> <u>writing by the Refuge Manager</u>. Leashed pets must be under the immediate control of the Permittee or authorized person, or the leash must be secured to a stationary object. The leash shall not be in excess of 10 feet in length.
- 13. Possession or use of firearms, air guns, bows and arrows, cross bows, spears, or gigs; or illegal knives, weapons, or devices; or explosives of any type is prohibited on the Refuge when engaged in a special use activity, <u>unless authorized in writing by the Refuge Manager</u>.
- 14. Littering is prohibited. <u>All</u> materials brought into the Refuge shall be removed and properly disposed. Drink cans, bottles, candy wrappers, toilet paper, and other garbage and refuse shall not be left on the Refuge.
- 15. The Refuge Manager shall be contacted <u>before</u> any surface work is done. This includes mowing, road or trail improvements, digging, clearing or trimming of brush or vegetation, installation of structures, etc.
- 16. The use of herbicides and pesticides on Refuge property is prohibited, <u>unless authorized in writing</u> <u>by the Refuge Manager</u>. Unrestricted, over-the-counter-type, insect repellents may be used on or near the body and clothing to repel biting or stinging insects.
- 17. No permanent or semi-permanent markings shall be made on any Refuge building, structure, gate, post, sign, fence, tree, vegetation, or soil by either marking, painting, cutting, scratching, blazing, mowing, digging, or other destructive method, <u>unless authorized in writing by the Refuge</u> <u>Manager</u>. When needed, only temporary, removable markers (e.g., flagging tape, survey stakes, metal/paper/plastic tags, etc.) shall be used to mark site locations, plots, etc. Safety signs, informational signs, and any other signs required by law or regulation for the special use activity being conducted, shall be posted as required, <u>but only with prior authorization by the Refuge Manager</u>.

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All markers and signs shall be removed upon conclusion of the special use activity or upon expiration or termination of the Permit.

- 18. The use or possession of traps, snares, or other passive (i.e., unattended) collection devices, which are used to collect wildlife, is prohibited, <u>unless authorized in writing by the Refuge Manager</u>. Each individual trap, snare, or passive collection device shall have a weather-resistant, permanent tag attached with the Permittee's, authorized person's, and/or organization's name legibly marked on the tag <u>or</u> shall have the Permittee's, authorized person's, and/or organization's name legibly marked, imprinted, or engraved on the trap, snare, or device.
- 19. No permanent or semi-permanent fences, buildings, shelters, docks, piers, or other structures or facilities may be erected, built, or placed on the Refuge, <u>unless authorized in writing by the Refuge Manager</u>. No machinery, equipment, supplies, or materials may be placed or stored on the refuge, <u>unless authorized in writing by the Refuge Manager</u>.
- 20. All open fires are prohibited, <u>unless authorized in writing by the Refuge Manager</u>. Leaving an <u>authorized</u> open fire unattended or not completely extinguished is prohibited. Setting on fire or causing to be set on fire any timber, brush, grass, or other inflammable material, including camp or cooking fires, is prohibited, <u>unless authorized in writing by the Refuge Manager</u>. The use of cutting torches, arc welders, or any other open flame/sparking devices (which are required to conduct the special use activity) shall be exercised with caution and <u>only with orior authorization from the Refuge Manager</u> or Refuge Fire Management Officer. When use of these devices is necessary, the operator(s) shall have <u>immediate access to appropriate fire control equipment</u> (e.g., fire extinguishers, shovels, etc.) and <u>immediate communication access to local emergency services</u> (e.g., cellular telephone, two-way radio, etc.). Tobacco smokers shall practice caution when smoking; shall completely extinguish all matches, cigars, cigarettes, and pipes; and shall dispose of same in a proper container (e.g., a vehicle ash tray).
- 21. The effective dates of this permit include the period from September 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011. If it should become necessary to extend the effective period, a request for extension should be submitted no less than 5 days in advance. The Refuge Manager or designee shall be notified no less than 3 days prior to commencement of activities on the Refuge.
- 22. Activities authorized through this permit include reasonable and prudent sand mining within the fillet associated with the Oregon Inlet Terminal Groin as shown on the attached photograph. Care shall be taken so as to avoid unnecessary harm to wildlife and fisheries resources, including their habitats.
- 23. Due to the emergency nature of this work, the Refuge in consultation with NCDOT shall determine the actual area to be mined, the maximum allowable depth of mining, and the desired site condition after mining. All work shall be done to the satisfaction of the Refuge Manager.
- 24. To facilitate access and avoid interruptions to the ongoing Bonner Bridge maintenance project, this permit authorizes relocation of the staging area for this project from the current location to the parking lot adjacent to the existing bridge and NC 12. NCDOT shall notify and consult with the National Park Service Cape Hatteras National Seashore prior to relocation of the staging area. Upon completion of sand mining within the groin fillet, the need for further use of the parking lot shall be determined through consultation with the Refuge. NCDOT shall repair damages through restoration of the parking lot and grassed area to the pre-storm condition. In the event that NC 12 is reopened to the public prior to completion of the bridge maintenance project, NCDOT shall provide the public access to the parking lot and facilities.

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