

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

MICHAEL F. EASLEY GOVERNOR

LYNDO TIPPETT SECRETARY

February 20, 2004

U. S. Army Corps of Engineers 6508 Falls of the Neuse Road, Suite 120 Raleigh, North Carolina 27615

ATTN: Mr. Eric Alsemeyer NCDOT Coordinator

Dear Sir:

Subject:

Application for Section 404 and 401 Permits for Improvements to I-85 from North of SR 1002 to North of SR 2120 Near the Town of Spencer in Rowan County, Federal Aid No. IR-IM-85-3(132)74, State Project No. 8.1631503, TIP No. I-2511CB, \$475.00 Debit work order 8.1631503, WBS Element 34163.1.7

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) proposes to make improvements to I-85 from north of SR 1002 (Bringle Ferry Road) to north of SR 2120 (Long Ferry Road, Exit 81) near the town of Spencer in Rowan County. The project length is approximately 3.4 miles. Proposed improvements involve widening of the existing highway to eight lanes. This project lies in the Piedmont Physiographic Province in Rowan County in the Yadkin-Pee Dee River Basin (Hydrologic Catalog Unit 03040103). Work is scheduled to commence on Section I-2511CB of I-85 in July 2004. The application consists of this cover letter, an ENG Form 4345, 8.5- x 11-inch permit drawings, 11- x 17-inch half-size plan sheets, and interagency meeting minutes.

<u>Purpose and Need</u>: The purpose of the proposed project is to make improvements to I-85 including widening to an eight-lane facility. The proposed improvements will provide needed pavement rehabilitation as well as subgrade improvements which will increase the life of the surface pavement. The proposed improvements will also provide additional travel lanes which will alleviate current and future capacity deficiencies along the studied portion of I-85. In addition, interchange and service road revisions will provide safer access to businesses and neighborhoods in the project area.

Summary of Impacts: Impacts to areas that are jurisdictional under the Federal Clean Water Act due to the proposed project footprint include the following.

- 0.05 acre of permanent impacts to riverine wetlands (fill and mechanized clearing)
- 0.47 acre of permanent impacts to non-riverine wetlands (fill and mechanized clearing)
- 2218 linear feet of stream (1642 linear feet requiring mitigation)

- No temporary wetland impacts
- No permanent impacts to ponds (filling or draining)

<u>Summary of Mitigation</u>: The project has been designed to avoid and minimize impacts to jurisdictional areas throughout the NEPA and design processes. Detailed descriptions of these actions are presented elsewhere in this application. Compensatory mitigation for the remaining impacts includes the following.

- 1375 linear feet of on-site stream relocation using natural channel design techniques
- 0.05 acre of on-site wetland restoration from the adjacent TIP Project I-2304AA
- 267 linear feet of stream will be mitigated through the use of the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources Ecosystem Enhancement Program (EEP)
- 0.47 acre of impacts to non-riverine wetlands will be mitigated through the use of EEP

NEPA DOCUMENT STATUS

The Environmental Assessment (EA) for this project was approved on December 12, 1994 and the Finding of no Significant Impact (FONSI) was signed on August 30, 1995. Subsequently, the approved documents were circulated to federal, state, and local agencies. Additional copies will be provided upon request.

INDEPENDENT UTILITY

The project is in compliance with 23 CFR Part 771.111(f) which lists the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) characteristics of independent utility of a project including the following.

- 1. The project connects logical termini and is of sufficient length to address environmental matters on a broad scope.
- 2. The project is usable and a reasonable expenditure even if no additional transportation improvements are made in the area.
- 3. The project does not restrict consideration of alternatives for other reasonably foreseeable transportation improvements.

The proposed project is needed to connect projects along I-85 that are recently completed or to be completed in the near future. The southwestern terminus will tie into another section of TIP Project I-2511 to SR 1002 (Bringle Ferry Road), and the northeastern terminus will tie into TIP Project I-2304AA near the town of Spencer north of SR 2120 (Long Ferry Road, Exit 81 of I-85). The locations of the proposed project's termini have been coordinated with other programmed TIP projects in the area. The locations of the termini do not preclude the development and assessment of multiple alternates for other programmed TIP projects in the area. In this regard, the proposed project demonstrates logical termini and independent utility.

This project can stand alone as a functioning project and is designed to be compatible with other TIP projects in the area. The environmental impacts of the other projects will be fully evaluated in separate environmental documents. NCDOT has determined this project meets the criteria set forth in 23 CFR 771.111(f).

RESOURCE STATUS

<u>Delineations</u>: Delineations of jurisdictional streams and wetlands were completed by NCDOT biologists in April and May 2002. Guidance provided in the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual (Environmental Laboratory, 1987) was used for determining wetland boundaries. Jurisdictional area delineations were verified on May 30, 2003 by U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) field personnel. The N.C. Division of Water Quality (DWQ) deferred verification.

As previously mentioned, this project will result in 0.05 acre of permanent impacts to riverine wetlands, 0.47 acre of permanent impacts to non-riverine wetlands, 2218 linear feet of stream impacts, no temporary wetland impacts, and no permanent impacts to ponds. The following tables summarize jurisdictional impacts. These tables refer to the impact summary table on Sheet 29 of the permit drawings.

Table 1. Jurisdictional Impacts for I-2511CB

Site	Permanent Wetland Impacts (acres)* Riverine Non-Riverine		Stream	Stream Impacts Requiring	Natural Channel
			Impacts (linear feet)	Mitigation (linear feet)	Design (linear feet)
1	0	0	66	66	0
2	0	0	180	180	0
3	0	0	93	0	0
4	0.004	0	114	114	0
5	0	0	864	864	1375
6	0.047	0	200	37	0
7	0	0	481	251	0
8	0	0.47	90	0	0
9	0	0	130	130	0
Total	0.05	0.47	2218	1642	1375

^{* --} Includes fill, excavation, and mechanized clearing.

<u>Wetlands</u>: Impacts to jurisdictional wetlands occur at three sites within the project area in the Yadkin-Pee Dee River Basin (Hydrologic Catalog Unit 03040103, Subbasin 03-07-04). Table 2 summarizes information for each wetland impact site associated with I-2511CB. A description of each site is as follows.

Table 2. Jurisdictional Wetland Information for I-2511CB

Site	Cowardin	Quality	Community Name	Impact Type	Total Impact
	Classification*			**	(acres)
4	PFO	Medium	Bottomland Hardwood Forest	F, M	0.004
6	PFO	Low	Bottomland Hardwood Forest	F, M	0.047
8	PEM	Medium	Bottomland Hardwood Forest	F, M	0.470
Total					0.52

^{*--}P = palustrine; FO = forested; EM = emergent

<u>Site 4</u>: This wetland site is located southeast of I-85 at Station RPIC 16+00. Vegetation within the wetland includes tag alder (*Alnus serrulata*), sweet-gum (*Liquidambar styraciflua*), American elm (*Ulmus americana*), poison ivy (*Toxicodendron radicans*), microstegium (*Microstegium vimineum*), Virginia creeper (*Parthenocissus quinquefolia*), and false nettle (*Boehmeria cylindrica*).

<u>Site 6</u>: This wetland site is located just east of I-85 at Station SRC 31+40. Vegetation within this wetland consists primarily of black willow (*Salix nigra*), sweet-gum, red maple (*Acer rubrum*), green ash (*Fraxinus pennsylvanica*), tulip poplar (*Liriodendron tulipifera*), microstegium, ironwood (*Carpinus caroliniana*), Japanese honeysuckle (*Lonicera japonica*), false nettle, and poison ivy.

<u>Site 8</u>: This wetland site is located northwest of I-85 at Station SR1 72+00. Vegetation within this wetland includes red maple, green ash, slippery elm (*Ulmus rubra*), false nettle, jewelweed (*Impatiens capensis*), and lizard's tail (*Saururus cernuus*).

Streams: Impacts to eight jurisdictional stream sites occur on Town Creek and tributaries to Town Creek within the Yadkin-Pee Dee River Basin (Hydrologic Catalog Unit 03040103, Subbasin 03-07-04). Table 3 summarizes the information for each of the stream impact sites associated with I-2511CB.

^{**--}F = fill; E = excavation; M = mechanized clearing (method III)

Table 3. Jurisdictional Stream Information for I-2511CB

Site	Station No.	Structure	Stream	DWQ Index No./ Classification	Impact (linear feet)	Mitigation Required (linear feet)
1	647+50 -	30" RCP	UT to Town	12-115-3	66	66
	L- (LT/RT)		Creek	C		
2	680+00 -	30" RCP	UT to Town	12-115-3	180	180
	L- (LT/RT)		Creek	C		
3	49+27	18" RCP	UT to Town	12-115-3	93	0
	-SR1- (LT)		Creek	C		
4	RPIC	18" RCP	UT to Town	12-115-3	114	114
	16+00		Creek	C		
5	708+00-	SPANS:	UT to Town	12-115-3	864	864
	717+00 -	3@60';	Creek	C		
	L-	1@45'				
6	SRC 31+40	None	UT to Town	12-115-3	200	37
	(LT)		Creek	C		
7	808+00-	18"/30"	UT to Town	12-115-3	481	251
	812+00	RCP/8x7	Creek	C		
		RCBC				
8	SR1-	None	UT to Town	12-115-3	90	0
	72+00		Creek	C		
9	752+65.85	4@11'x13'	Town Creek	12-115-3	130	130
	-L-	RCBC		C		
Total					2218	1642

<u>Town Creek</u>: Impacts to Town Creek will occur at Site 9. Town Creek is approximately 30 feet in width with a depth ranging from 1 to 4 feet. The substrate is composed of silt, sand, and gravel.

<u>Unnamed Tributaries to Town Creek</u>: Impacts to unnamed tributaries to Town Creek will occur at Sites 1 through 8. The tributaries range from 1 to 3 feet in width and average less than 1 foot in depth. The substrates are composed of silt, sand, and gravel.

<u>Water Quality Information</u>: The portions of tributaries to Town Creek within the project have been assigned DWQ Index No. 12-115-3 and a best usage classification of C. The designation C refers to waters protected for secondary recreation, fishing, wildlife, fish and aquatic life propagation and survival, and agriculture. Secondary recreation includes wading, boating, and other uses involving human body contact with water where such activities take place in an infrequent, unorganized, or incidental manner. There are no restrictions on watershed development or types of discharges.

Town Creek and its tributaries, from SR 1526 to Crane Creek, are listed in the North Carolina 2002 Section 303(d) list as impaired due to biological data.

PROTECTED SPECIES

Plants and animals with federal classification of Endangered (E) or Threatened (T) are protected under provisions of Section 7 and Section 9 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended. As of February 25, 2003, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) lists two federally protected species for Rowan County (Table 3).

Table 4. Federally Protected Species for Rowan County

Scientific Name	Common Name	Status
Haliaeetus leucocephalus	bald eagle	Threatened *
Helianthus schweinitzii	Schweinitz's sunflower	Endangered

Endangered -- a species that is in danger of extinction throughout all or a significant portion of its range.

Threatened -- a species likely to become Endangered within the foreseeable future throughout all or a significant portion of its range.

<u>Bald eagle</u>: Bald eagles typically nest in tall, living trees in conspicuous locations near open water. Suitable habitat for bald eagle does not occur within the project study area; therefore, this project will have no effect on bald eagle.

<u>Schweinitz's sunflower</u>: Schweinitz's sunflower is typically found in full sunlight or light shade in clearings and along the edges of open stands of upland woods. Habitat in the form of disturbed woodland edges with sandy clay soil is present within the boundaries of the project study area. Plant-by-plant surveys were conducted in areas of suitable habitat by NCDOT biologists on October 6, 2003 and no Schweinitz's sunflower plants were found. Based on surveys for Schweinitz's sunflower, N.C. Natural Heritage Program (NHP) records search, and professional judgment, this project may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect Schweinitz's sunflower.

CULTURAL RESOURCES

Architectural Resources: This project is subject to compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, implemented by the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation's Regulations for Compliance with Section 106, codified at 36 CFR Part 800. Section 106 requires that if a federally-funded, licensed, or permitted project has an effect on a property listed on or eligible for the National Register of Historic Places, the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation will be given an opportunity to comment.

Photographs, maps, and information about the area of potential effect were provided by NCDOT and reviewed with the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO). The site was surveyed on July 2, 1992 by an NCDOT staff architectural historian, and no structures were found to be over 50 years old.

Since there are no properties either listed in or eligible for the National Register in the area of potential effect, no further compliance with Section 106 is required. SHPO will be afforded the opportunity to comment through the document review process.

<u>Archaeological Resources</u>: The SHPO Officer has reviewed the proposed project regarding the identification of archaeological sites. The SHPO stated in a letter dated August 26, 1992: "Given

^{*--} denotes a species proposed for delisting.

the extent of development, prior construction activities, and the nature of topography within areas adjacent to the existing right-of-way, we consider the proposed project unlikely to affect archaeological resources that might be eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places. We, therefore, recommend no further archaeological investigation be conducted in connection with this project."

UTILITY IMPACTS

In addition to impacts from the construction of the road, impacts often result from the need to move existing utilities. These impacts to jurisdictional areas result from activities that "but for" the construction of the road would not have occurred. The following paragraphs describe and quantify the "but for" impacts. Occasionally a utility company will decide to upgrade a line or construct a new line near the proposed highway right-of-way. The impacts from these activities would have occurred whether or not the road project was constructed. Therefore, they do not fall under the "but for" scenario. In those cases, the utility company is responsible for obtaining any permits and the impacts are not addressed in the highway project application. However, if the information is available to us, we will attempt to identify these non-"but for" actions so that you are kept informed about the actions that may occur near our right-of-way.

According to the NCDOT, no utility relocations will result in additional impacts to jurisdictional areas.

FEMA COMPLIANCE

According to the NCDOT hydraulics engineers, a Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) detailed study has been performed on Town Creek, and a Floodway revision (CLOMR) has been submitted to FEMA. Approval is expected in January 2004. The Town Creek channel will be moved to accommodate new ramps associated with interchange upgrades.

ICE INFORMATION

An Indirect and Cumulative Effects (ICE) study is not proposed for this project due to the low probability of indirect and cumulative effects.

WILD AND SCENIC RIVERS

The project will not impact any Designated Wild and Scenic Rivers or any rivers included in the list of study rivers (Public Law 90-542, as amended).

ESSENTIAL FISH HABITAT

The project will not impact any Essential Fish Habitat (EFH) afforded protection under the Magnuson-Stevens Act of 1996 (16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*).

MITIGATION OPTIONS

The USACE has adopted, through the Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ), a wetland mitigation policy that embraces the concept of "no net loss of wetlands" and sequencing. The purpose of this policy is to restore and maintain the chemical, biological, and physical integrity

of the waters of the United States. Mitigation of wetland and surface water impacts has been defined by the CEQ to include: avoiding impacts, minimizing impacts, rectifying impacts, reducing impacts over time and compensating for impacts (40 CFR 1508.20). Executive Order 11990 (Protection of Wetlands) and Department of Transportation Order 5660.1A (Preservation of the Nations Wetlands), emphasize protection of the functions and values provided by wetlands. These directives require that new construction in wetlands be avoided as much as possible and that all practicable measures are taken to minimize or mitigate impacts to wetlands.

The NCDOT is committed to incorporating all reasonable and practicable design features to avoid and minimize wetland impacts, and to provide full compensatory mitigation of all remaining wetland impacts. Avoidance measures were taken during the planning and minimization measures were incorporated as part of the project design.

AVOIDANCE: All wetland areas not affected by the project will be protected from unnecessary encroachment.

- 1. No staging of construction equipment or storage of construction supplies will be allowed in wetlands or near surface waters.
- 2. Aquatic Life Movement: The project was designed to avoid disturbance to aquatic life movements.

<u>MINIMIZATION</u>: Minimization includes the examination of appropriate and practicable steps to reduce the adverse impacts. Minimization techniques implemented include the following.

- 1. <u>High Quality Waters BMP</u>: NCDOT has committed that "construction related impacts associated with the proposed action will be minimized through the use of High Quality Waters erosion and sediment control measures. All practical measures have been taken to minimize environmental harm."
- 2. <u>Protection of Surface Waters BMP</u>: In order to minimize potential impacts to water resources in the project area, NCDOT BMPs for the Protection of Surface Waters will be strictly enforced during the construction phase of the project.
- 3. Slopes: Fill slopes in wetlands are at a 2:1 ratio.
- 4. <u>Ditching</u>: It is the policy of the NCDOT to eliminate lateral ditching in wetlands as much as possible, thus preserving the hydrology of adjacent wetlands.
- 5. Median Width: The project was designed using a 46-foot median width.

COMPENSATION: The primary emphasis of the compensatory mitigation is to reestablish a condition similar to what would have existed if the project was not built. As previously stated, mitigation is limited to reasonable expenditures and practicable considerations related to highway operation. Mitigation is generally accomplished through a combination of methods designed to replace wetland functions and values lost as a result of construction of the project. These methods consist of creation of new wetlands from uplands, borrow pits, and other non-wetland areas; restoration of wetlands; and enhancement of existing wetlands. Where such options may not be available, or when existing wetlands and wetland-surface water complexes are considered to be important resources worthy of preservation, consideration is given to preservation as at least one component of a compensatory mitigation proposal.

<u>FHWA Step-Down Compliance</u>: All compensatory mitigation must be in compliance with 23 CFR Part 777.9, "Mitigation of Impacts," that describes the actions that should be followed to

qualify for federal-aid highway funding. This process known as the FHWA "Step Down" procedures includes the following.

- 1. Consideration must be given to mitigation within the right-of-way and should include the enhancement of existing wetlands and the creation of new wetlands in the highway median, borrow pit areas, interchange areas, and along the roadside.
- 2. Where mitigation within the right-of-way does not fully offset wetland losses, compensatory mitigation may be conducted outside the right-of-way including enhancement, creation, and preservation.

Based upon the agreements stipulated in the "Memorandum of Agreement Among the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, the North Carolina Department of Transportation, and the United States Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington District" (MOA), it is understood that EEP will assume responsibility for satisfying the federal Clean Water Act compensatory mitigation requirements for NCDOT projects that are listed in Exhibit 1 of the subject MOA during the EEP transition period which ends on June 30, 2005.

Although the subject project is not listed in Exhibit 1, the necessary compensatory mitigation to offset unavoidable impacts to waters that are jurisdictional under the federal Clean Water Act is anticipated to be provided by the EEP. The offsetting mitigation will derive from an inventory of assets already in existence within the same 8-digit cataloguing unit. NCDOT has avoided and minimized impacts to jurisdictional resources to the greatest extent possible as described above. The remaining, unavoidable impacts to 0.47 acre of non-riverine wetlands and 267 linear feet of jurisdictional streams will be offset by compensatory mitigation provided by the EEP program.

Compensatory mitigation for this project consists of the following.

<u>Wetland Mitigation</u>: Wetland impacts total 0.05 acres of riverine wetland impacts and 0.47 acre of non-riverine wetland impacts. The following combination of compensatory mitigation is proposed.

- 1. 0.05 acres of riverine wetland restoration within Site 2 of I-2304AA.
- 2. 0.47 acres of non-riverine wetland will be mitigated through the use of EEP.

<u>Stream Mitigation</u>: Stream impacts requiring mitigation total 1642 linear feet of intermittent and perennial streams. The following combination of compensatory mitigation is proposed.

- 1. Natural channel design and relocation of 1375 linear feet of stream impacted within Site 5 of I-2511CB.
- 2. 267 linear feet of stream will be mitigated through the use of EEP.

REGULATORY APPROVALS

Application is hereby made for a USACE Individual 404 Permit and a 401 Water Quality Certification from DWQ as required for the activities described above. In compliance with Section 143-215.3D(e) of the NCAC, we will provide \$475.00 to act as payment for processing the Section 401 Water Quality Certification previously noted in this application (see Subject line). Seven copies of this application are provided to DWQ for review.

If you have any questions or need additional information please call Matt Haney at (919) 715-1428.

Sincerely,

Gregory Thorpe, Ph.D.

Environmental Management Director, PDEA

cc: Mr. David Franklin, USACE, Wilmington

Mr. John Dorney, NCDWQ (7 copies)

Ms. Marla Chambers, NCWRC

Ms. Becky Fox, USEPA

Ms. Marella Buncick, USFWS

Mr. John F. Sullivan III, FHWA

Mr. Jay Bennett, P.E., Roadway Design

Mr. Omar Sultan, Programming and TIP

Mr. Art McMillan, P.E., Highway Design

Mr. David Chang, P.E., Hydraulics

Mr. Greg Perfetti, P.E., Structure Design

Mr. Mark Staley, Roadside Environmental

Mr. S.P. Ivey, P.E. (Div. 9), Division Engineer

Ms. Diane Hampton, P.E. (Div. 9), Division Environmental Officer

APPLICATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY PERMIT OMB APPROVAL NO. 071-0003 (33 CFR 325) Expires December 31, 2004 The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 10 hours per response, although the majority of applications should require 5 hours or less. This includes time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to Department of Defense, Washington Headquarters Service Directorate of Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302; and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0710-0003), Washington, DC 20503. Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if it does not display a currently valid OMB control number. Please DO NOT RETURN your form to either of those addresses. Completed applications must be submitted to the District Engineer having jurisdiction over the location of the proposed activity. PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT Authorities: Rivers and Harbors Act, Section 10, 33 USC 403; Clean Water Act, Section 404, 33 USC 1344; Marine Protection, Research, and Sanctuaries Act, Section 103, 33 USC 1413. Principal Purpose: Information provided on this form will be used in evaluating the application for a permit. Routine Uses: This information may be shared with the Department of Justice and other federal, state, and local government agencies. Submission of requested information is voluntary, however, if information is not provided, the permit application cannot be processed nor can a permit be issued. One set of original drawings or good reproducible copies which show the location and character of the proposed activity must be attached to this application (see sample drawings and instructions) and be submitted to the District Engineer having jurisdiction over the location of the proposed activity. An application that is not completed in full will be returned. (ITEMS 1 THRU 4 TO BE FILLED BY THE CORPS) 3. DATE RECEIVED 4.DATE APPLICATION COMPLETED 1. APPLICATION NO. 2. FIELD OFFICE CODE (ITEMS BELOW TO BE FILLED BY APPLICANT) 5. APPLICANT=S NAME 8. AUTHORIZED AGENT=S NAME AND TITLE (an agent is not required) Gregory J. Thorpe, Ph.D., Environmental Management Director Not Applicable Project Development and Environmental Analysis North Carolina Department of Transportation 6.APPLICANT=S ADDRESS 9. AGENT=S ADDRESS 1548 Mail Service Center Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1548

b. Business (919) 733-3141 b. Business

11. STATEMENT OF AUTHORIZATION

I hereby authorize, ------ to act in my behalf as my agent in the processing of this application and to furnish, upon request, supplemental information in support of this permit application.

APPLICANT=S SIGNATURE

DATE

NAME, LOCATION, AND DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT OR ACTIVITY

a. Residence

10. AGENTS PHONE NOS. WITH AREA CODE

12. PROJECT NAME OR TITLE(see instructions)

7. APPLICANT=S PHONE NOS. WITH AREA CODE

a. Residence

Improvements to I-85 from north of SR 1002 (Bringle Ferry Road) to north of SR 2120 (Long Ferry Road) near the town of Spencer in Rowan County. Proposed improvements involve widening the existing highway to eight lanes. Federal Aid No. IR-IM-85-3(132)74, State Project No. 8.1631503, TIP No. I-2511CB

13. NAME OF WATERBODY, IF KNOWN (if applicable)
Town Creek and it's tributaries

14. PROJECT STREET ADDRESS (if applicable)
Not Applicable

LOCATION OF PROJECT

Rowan
COUNTY

NC
STATE

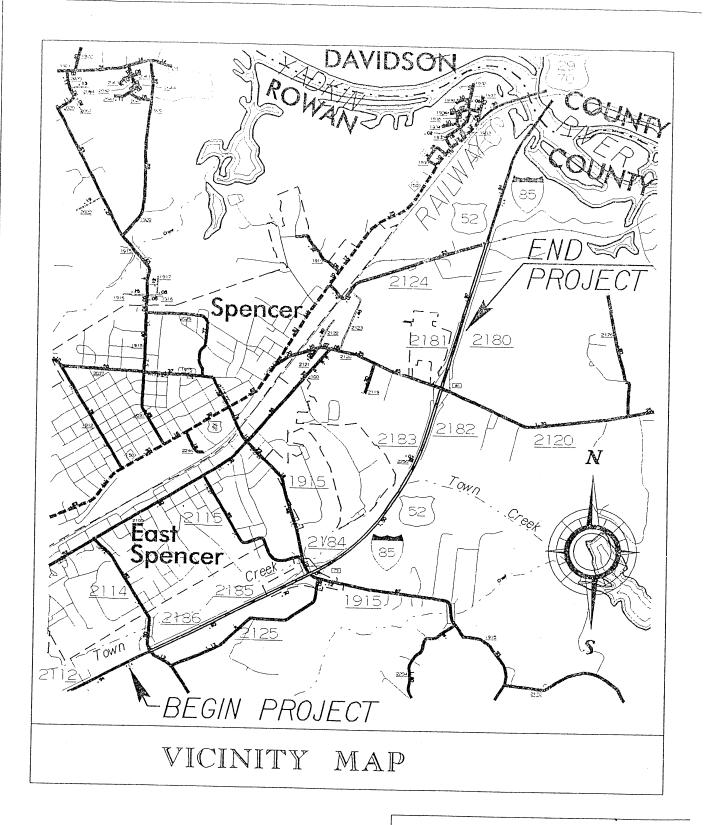
16. OTHER LOCATION DESCRIPTIONS, IF KNOWN (see instructions)

See the December 1994 Environmental Assessment (EA) and August 1995 Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI).

17. DIRECTIONS TO THE SITE

See the attached permit drawings and half size plan sheets.

18. Nature of Activity (Description of project, The North Carolina Department of Transports Ferry Road) to north of SR 2120 (Long Ferry by a 46-foot median.	ation proposes to improve a	nd widen I-85 near the town of Spencer in Rov Ive the widening of the existing I-85 to an 8-lar	wan County from north of SR 1002 (Bringle ne facility, 4 lanes in each direction separated
19. Project Purpose (Describe the reason or To make improvements to I-85, a public high cover letter and are explained in detail in the	way facility, for public safety	and transportation. The purpose and need a	
USE B	LOCKS 20-22 IF DREDGE	D AND/OR FILL MATERIAL IS TO BE DISCH	IARGED
		in Rowan County from north of SR 1002 (Bring in 8-lane facility, 4 lanes in each direction sepa	
21. Type(s) of Material Being Discharged and See the attached permit drawings.	the Amount of Each Type i	in Cubic Yards	
22. Surface Area in Acres of Wetlands or Oth See sheet 29 of the attached permit drawings		ctions)	
23. Is Any Portion of the Work Already Compl	ete? YES NO X_IF	F YES, DESCRIBE THE COMPLETED WORK	<
24. Addresses of Adjoining Property Owners, supplemental list). See sheets 30 and 31 of the attached permit		perty Adjoins the Waterbody (If more than can	be entered here, please attach a
25. List of Other Certifications or Approvals/D Agency Type approval* Not Applicable	enials Received from other Identification number		escribed in This Application. Date Denied
*Would include but is not restricted to zoning,	building, and flood plain pe	ermits.	
		ork described in this application. I certify that e work described herein or am acting as the d	the information is this application is complete luly authorized agent of the applicant.
SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT	DATE	SIGNATURE OF AGENT	DATE
The application must be signed by the person statement in block 11 has been filled out and		the proposed activity (applicant) or it may be s	igned by a duly authorized agent if the
falsifies, conceals, or covers up any trick, sch	eme, or disguises a materia	jurisdiction of any department or agency of that fact or makes any false, fictitious, or fraudule ctitious, or fraudulent statements of entry, sha	ent statements or representations or makes or



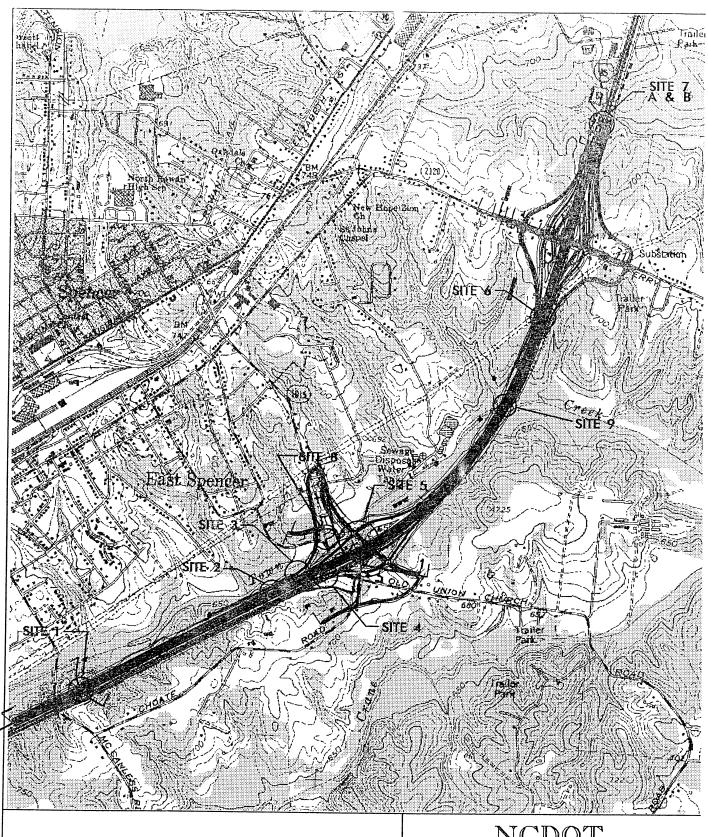
NCDOT

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS ROWAN COUNTY PROJECT: 8.1631503 (I-2511CB)

I-85 FROM N OF SR 1002 (BRINGLE FERRY RD.) TO N OF SR 2120 (LONG FERRY RD.) NEAR SPENCER

SHEET OF

07 / 01 / 02



SITE MAP

NCDOT

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS ROWAN COUNTY PROJECT: 8.1631503 (I-2511CB)

I-85 N OF SR 1002 (BRINGLE FERRY RD.) TO N OF SR 2120 (LONG FERRY RD.) NEAR SPENCER

SHEET

OF

02 / 20 / 03

WETLAND LEGEND -WLB------- WETLAND BOUNDARY PROPOSED BRIDGE WLB WETLAND PROPOSED BOX CULVERT DENOTES FILL IN WETLAND PROPOSED PIPE CULVERT 12"-48" DENOTES FILL IN (DASHED LINES DENOTE PIPES SURFACE WATER EXISTNG STRUCTURES) 54' PIPES & ABOVE DENOTES FILL IN SURFACE WATER (POND) SINGLE TREE DENOTES TEMPORARY FILL IN WETLAND WOODS LINE - رنۍ دن DENOTES EXCAVATION IN WETLAND DRAINAGE INLET DENOTES TEMPORARY FILL IN SURFACE WATER ROOTWAD DENOTES MECHANIZED CLEARING → FLOW DIRECTION 200 da RIP RAP - TOP OF BANK ADJACENT PROPERTY OWNER - EDGE OF WATER 5 OR PARCEL NUMBER $^{\text{C}}$ — PROP. LIMIT OF CUT IF AVAILABLE _F_ — PROP.LIMIT OF FILL PREFORMED SCOUR HOLE - PROP. RIGHT OF WAY LEVEL SPREADER (LS) — — NG — — NATURAL GROUND _PL _ - PROPERTY LINE DITCH / GRASS SWALE -TDE - TEMP. DRAINAGE EASEMENT -- PDE ---- PERMANENT DRAINAGE EASEMENT - EAB - EXIST. ENDANGERED ANIMAL BOUNDARY - EPB - EXIST, ENDANGERED PLANT BOUNDARY - WATER SURFACE LIVE STAKES NCDOT BOULDER

CORE FIBER ROLLS

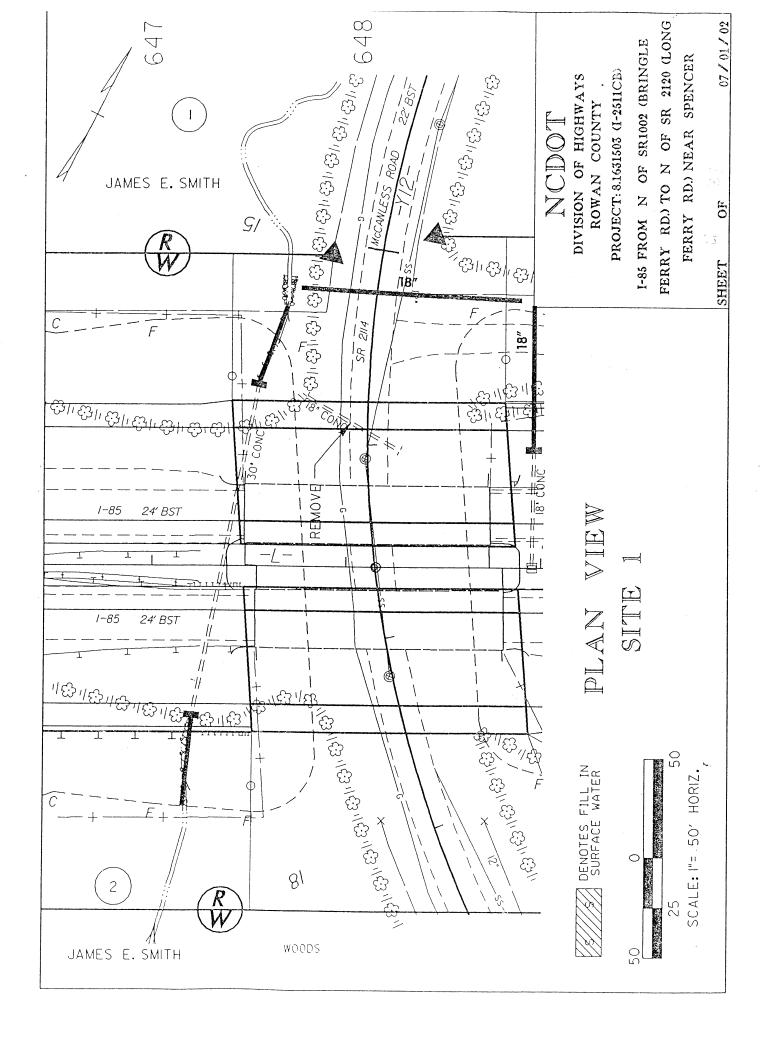
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
ROWAN COUNTY
PROJECT: 8.1631503 (I-2511CB)

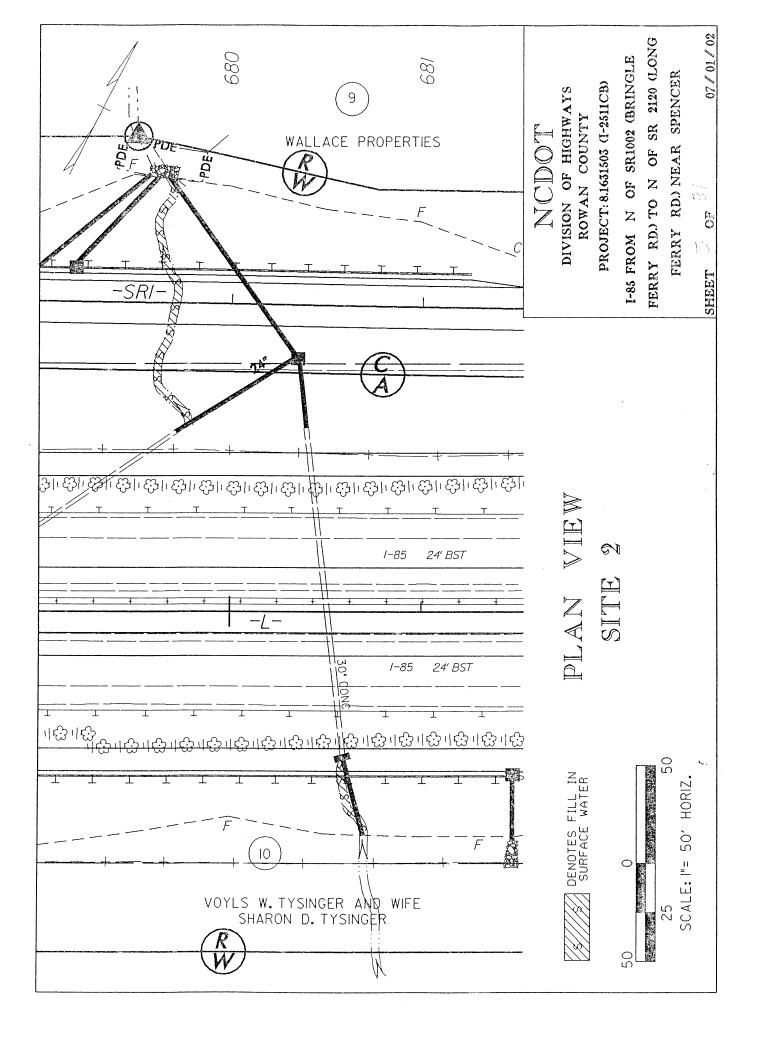
I-85 FROM N OF SR 1002 (BRINGLE
FERRY RD.) TO N OF SR 2120 (LONG
FERRY RD.) NEAR SPENCER

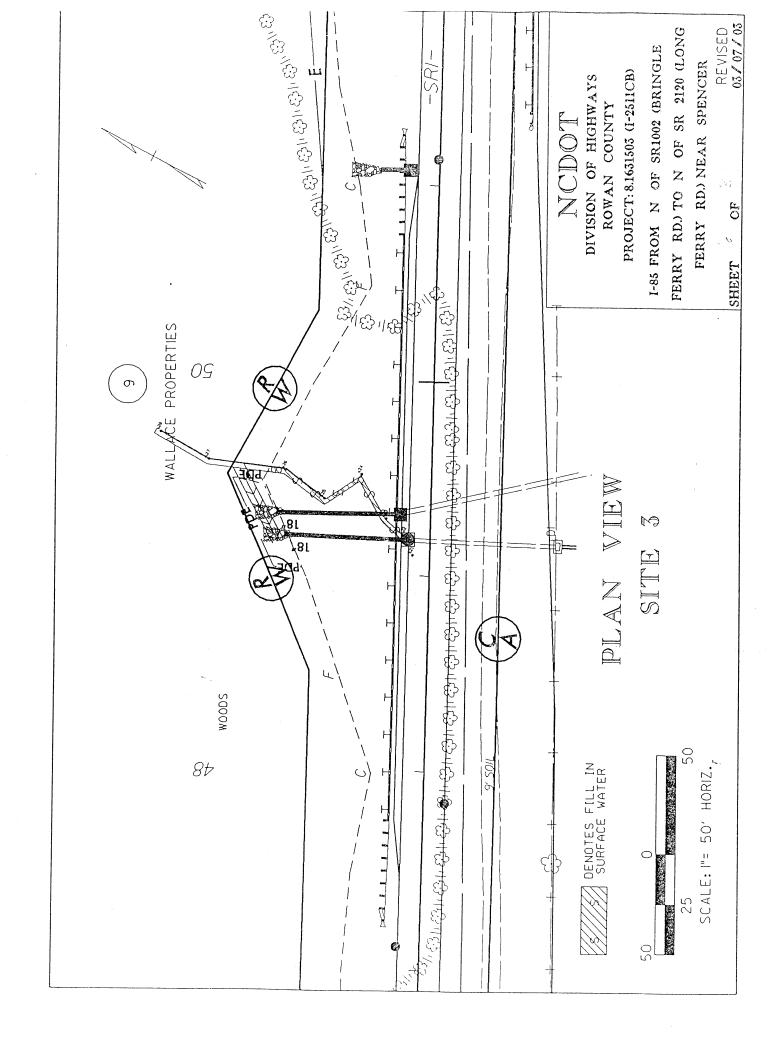
SHEET

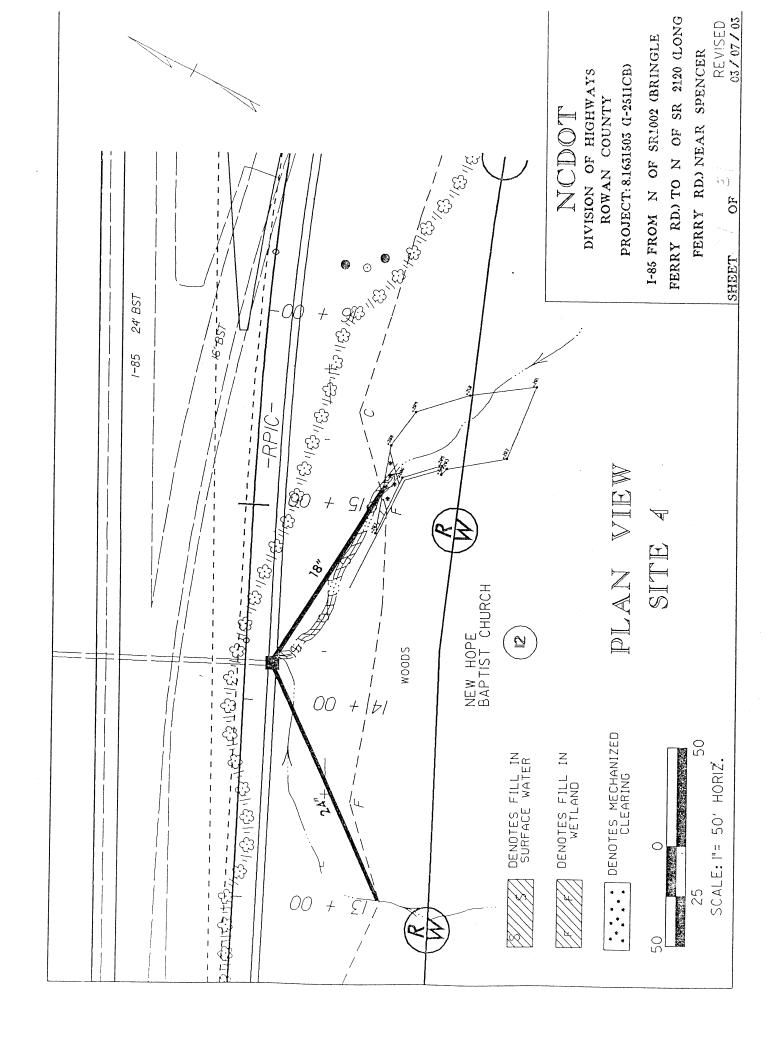
OF

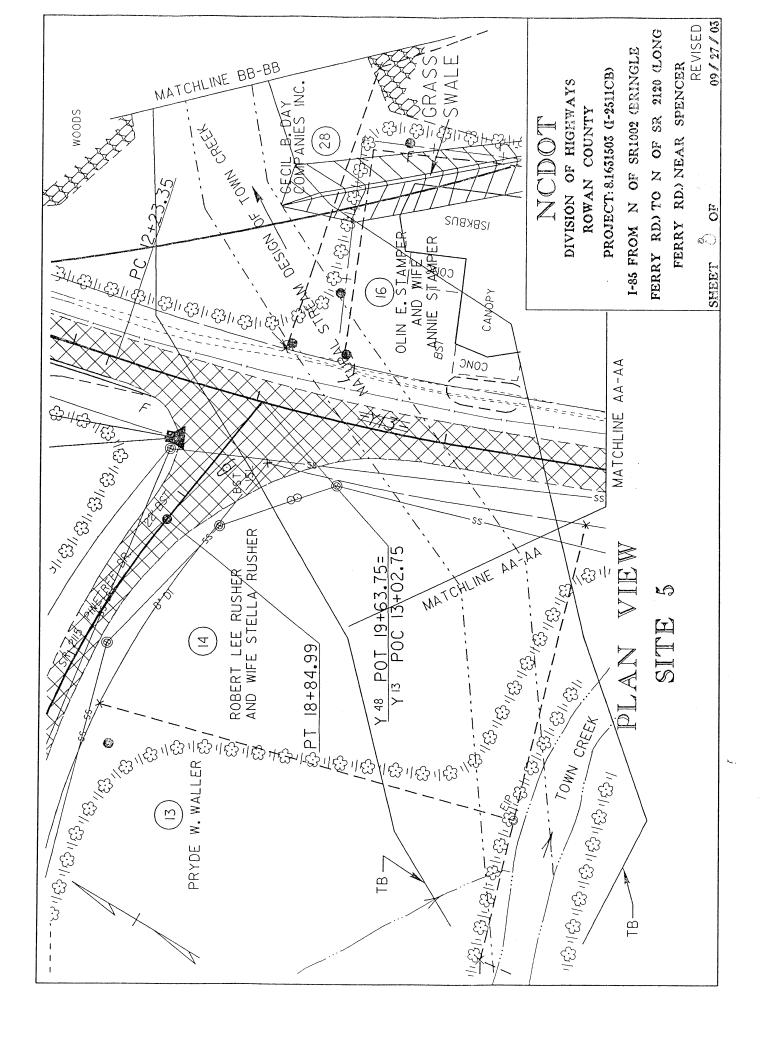
07 / 01 / 02

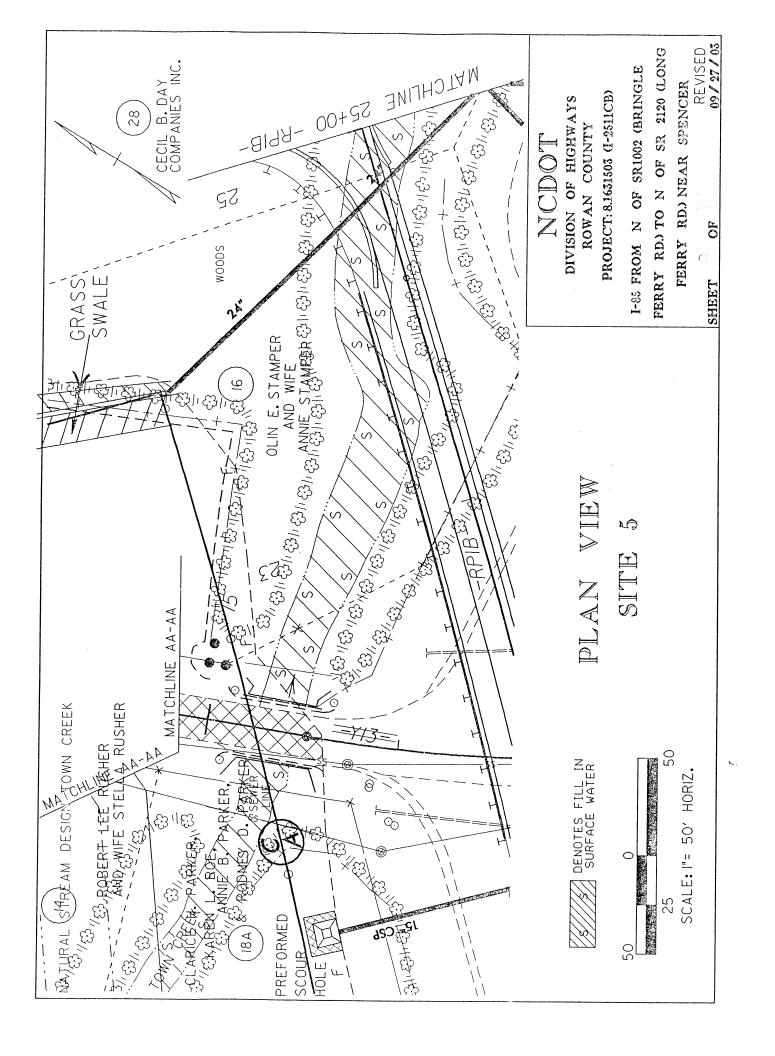


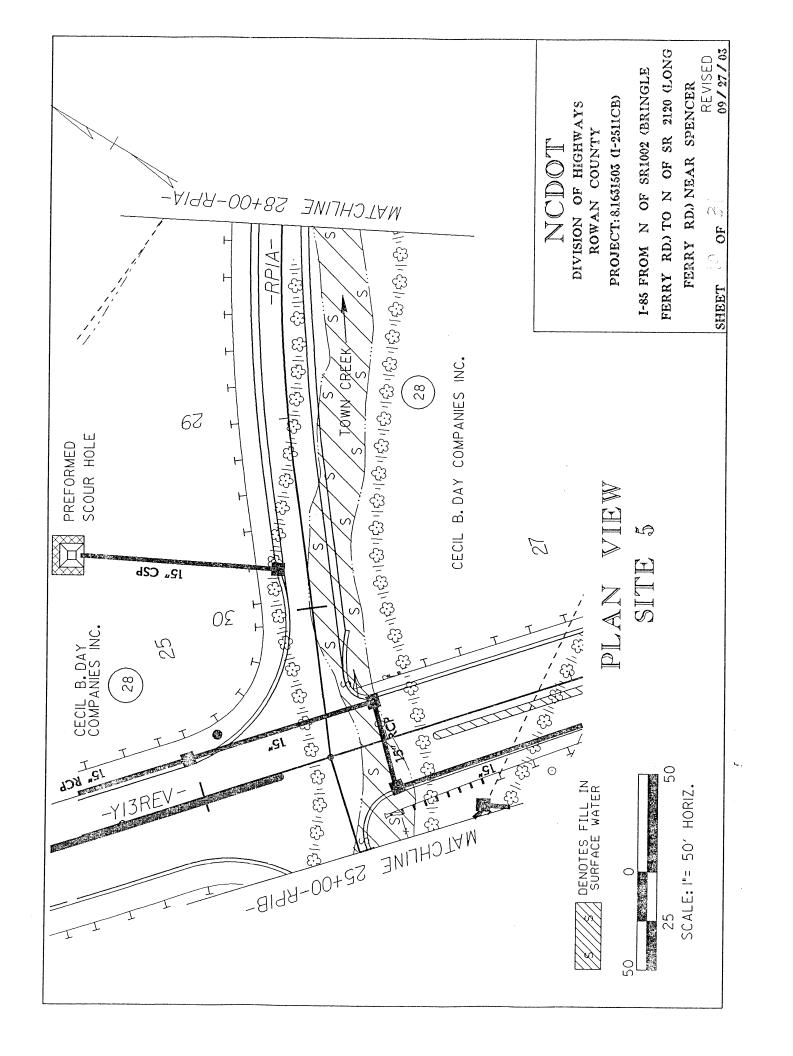


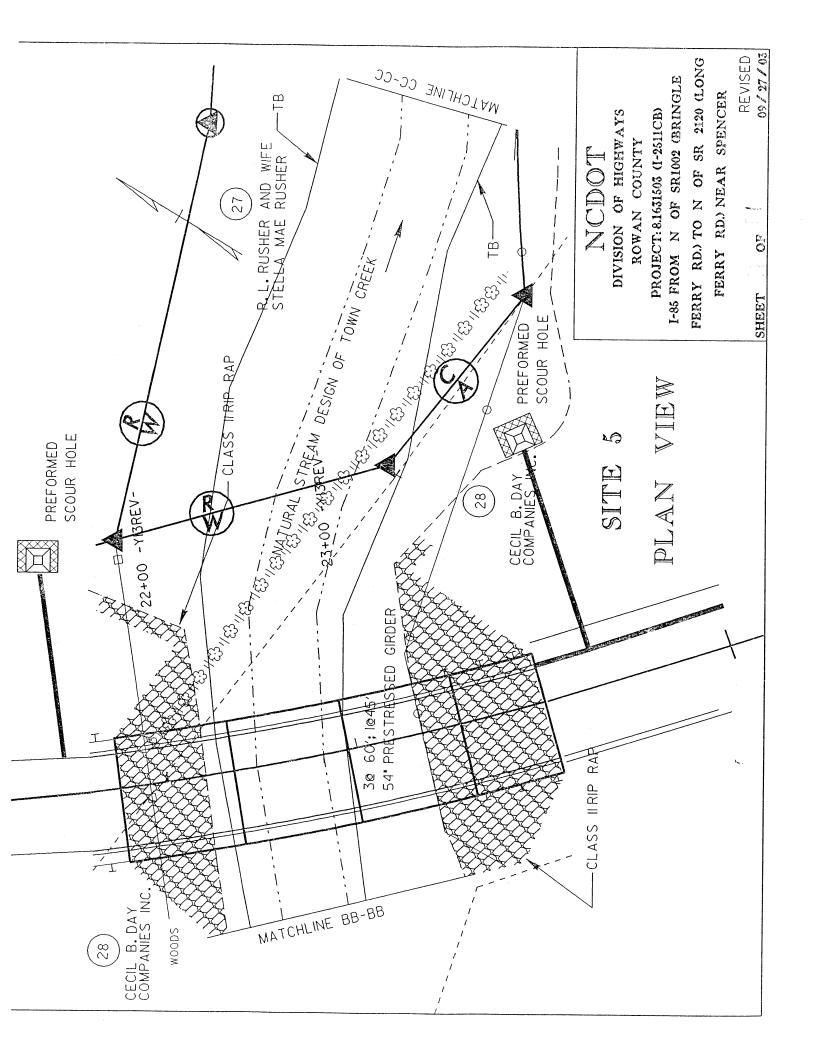


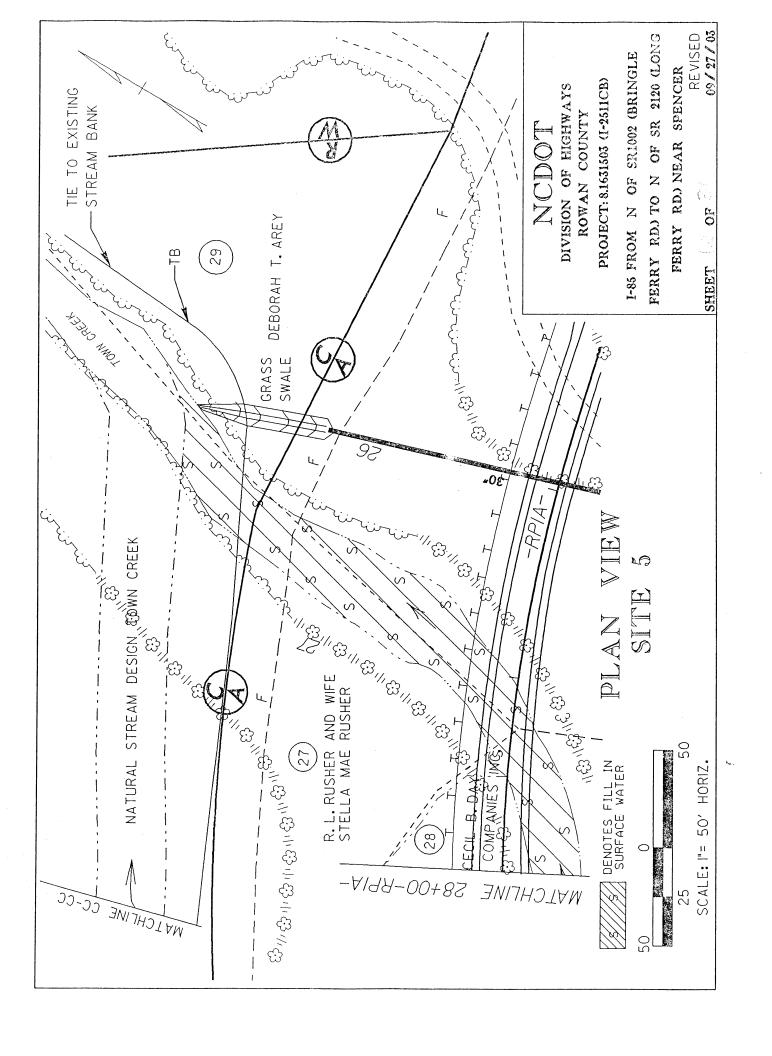












Stream Mitigation Plan I-2511CB Rowan County January 21, 2003

This project involves relocation and restoration of approximately 1375ft. of Town Creek. Town Creek is unavoidably being impacted by the proposed I-85 widening from north of SR 1002(Bringle Ferry Rd.) to north of SR 2110(Long Ferry Rd.) near Spencer. Upstream of the site Town Creek flows through Salisbury where it passes through several road culverts and an 800ft. bottomless culvert as it leaves the city limits. Downstream Town Creek flows through a 4-barrel culvert under I-85 before reaching High Rock Lake. The existing stream has been channelized and relocated over the years and is apparent from the trapezoidal shape of the stream and earth berm adjacent to the stream bank. The stream has very little riffle/ pool sequence and sinuosity. The side slopes are 1:1 and are relatively stable in wooded areas. The existing stream reach is entrenched and most nearly fits the geomorphic characteristics of a G4 stream type (see Morphological Measurement Table).

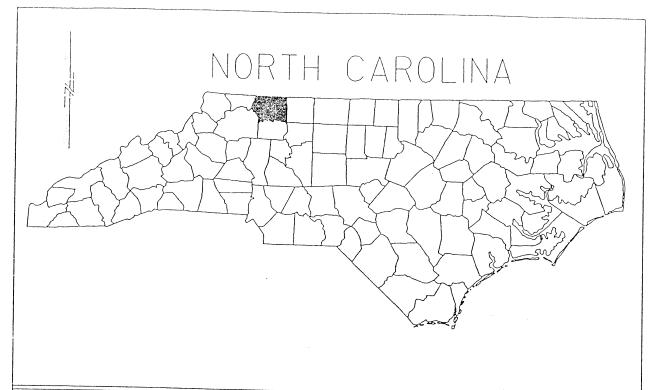
The drainage area contributing to this project site is 16.3sq.mi. Town Creek for the most part lies between I-85 and the Southern Railroad and is predominately wooded and agrarian in the upper half and heavily developed from Salisbury to Spencer. Development in the basin is estimated to be between 10 and 15% and is expected to increase. The stream extends approximately 12mi. upstream of the site.

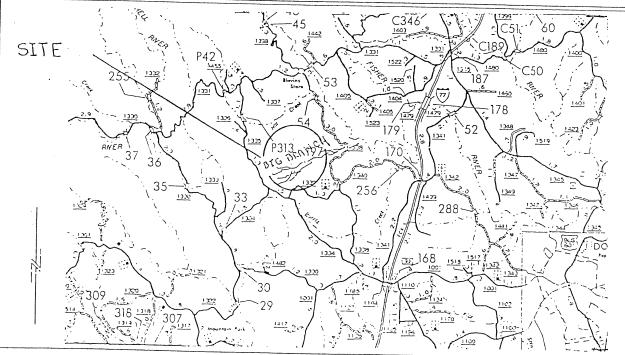
As stated above the existing stream is entrenched. Morphological data was difficult to collect on the existing stream but was attempted and is shown on the Morphological Measurement Table. Pebble counts were conducted at two locations and the D50 size material was approximately 0.16ft. (52mm). The bankfull depth and width were determined for the existing stream so that a bankfull discharge could be developed for design purposes.

The reference stream for the proposed project is Big Branch in Surry County (see attached location map). The drainage area for Big Branch is 1.9sq.mi. Morphological ratios from the reference stream were used in conjunction with the bankfull depth from the existing stream to extrapolate pertinent data to the proposed stream. Big Branch best fits the geomorphic characteristics of an E4 stream type (see Morphological Measurement Table).

The proposed stream reach has a drainage area of 16.3sq.mi. and will be 1375ft. long. The width/depth ratio was adjusted to 14.5 so that the stream could be constructed as a C4 stream type. Bed material from the existing stream will be removed, stockpiled and placed on the riffles of the proposed stream (see plan for location.).

Sheet 12 of 31





VICINITY MAPS

NCDOT

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS ROWAN COUNTY

PROJECT: 8.1651503 (I-2511CB)
VICINITY MAP OF REFERENCE
STREAM IN SURRY COUNTY FOR
TOWN CREEK NATURAL STREAM
DESIGN.

SHEET

]1/

JF ²

9/19/02

Sediment Transport:

The following is the comparison for shear stress and stream power for the existing and proposed Town Creek.

The shear calculations come from the HYCHL program in the FHWA Integrated Drainage Design Computer System, Version 6.0 (HYDRAIN). HYCHL can analyze channels for stability through application of tractive force theory. The program compares shear exerted on the lining with the permissible shear stress of the lining. HYCHL can analyze composite linings (i.e. a bed lining and a side slope lining). Attached are the results calculated by HYCHL for the proposed stream having a natural cobble bed liner (d50=0.16ft.) and vegetative side slope lining. The results were determined for the existing bankfull elevation, the proposed bankfull elevation, and the proposed Q2 elevation. The results indicate a stable composite lining for the proposed stream. Stream power in lb/ft-s is given by the equation $\omega = \tau$ V, where: τ is the average channel shear stress in lb/ft² given by HYCHL.

	STREAM POWER	BED SHEAR	SIDE SHEAR	PERMI SHEAR	SSIBLE
- DYMARD LO				Bed	Side
EXISTING STREAM (bkf)	3.1	1.12	0.86	1.5	2.0
PROPOSED STREAM (bkf)	2.9	1.03	0.80	1.5	2.0
PROPOSED Q2	2.6	1.43	1.39	1.5	2.0

```
Commands Read From File: 1-2511t1.chl
      JOB -TOWN CREEK NATURAL STREAM DESIGN(1-2511CB)
 ** UNITS PARAMETER = 0 (ENGLISH)
     CHL .0043,500
     TRP 25 2
** LEFT SIDE SLOPE 2.0 AND RIGHT SIDE SLOPE
                                            2.0
** THE BASE WIDTH OF THE TRAPEZOID (ft) 25.00
     N .04,.09
** LOW FLOW N VALUE= .040
** SIDE SLOPE N VALUE= .090
     LRR 0.16,3
** D50 (ft)
            , 16
     CPS 1
     LVG C
     PSS 1.5,2
** USER SUPPLIED - LOW PERMIS. SHEAR = (lb/ft^2)
** USER SUPPLIED - HIGH PERMIS. SHEAR = (1b/ft^2) 2.00
-TOWN CREEK NATURAL STREAM DESIGN(I-2511CB)
______
INPUT REVIEW
```

DEFAULT ANGLE OF REPOSE (degrees): 35.71

DESIGN PARAMETERS:

DESIGN DISCHARGE (ft^3/s):

500.00

CHANNEL SHAPE:

TRAPEZOIDAL

CHANNEL SLOPE (ft/ft):

LINING TRANSITION HEIGHT (ft):

HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS USING NORMAL DEPTH

	DESIGN	MUMIXAM
FLOW (cfs)	500.00	794.65
DEPTH (ft)	4.17	5.59
AREA (ft^2)	138.89	202.26
WETTED PERIMETER (ft)	43.63	50.00
HYDRAULIC RADIUS (ft)	3.18	4.05
VELOCITY (ft/s)	3.60	3.93
MANNINGS N (LOW FLOW)	.040	.040
MANNINGS N (SIDE SLOPE)	.090	.090
EFFECTIVE MANNINGS N	.059	.063
REYNOLDS NUMBER (10^5)	.11	

STABILITY ANALYSIS

CONDITION	LINING TYPE		PERMIS SHR (lb/ft^2)	CALC. SHR (lb/ft^2)	STAB. FACTOR	REMARKS
LOW FLOW LINING BOTTOM; STRAIGHT SIDE SLOPE LINING	RIPRAP		1.50	1.12	1.34	STABLE
SIDE; STRAIGHT	VEGETATIVE	С	2.00	. 8 6	2.33	STABLE

RATIO OF SIDE SHEAR TO BOTTOM SHEAR = .77

EXISTING BANKFULL

D. M. 19 44 3

^{***} NORMAL END OF HYCHL ***

Commands Read From File: 1-2511t.chl

JOB -TOWN CREEK NATURAL STREAM DESIGN(I-2511CB) UNI

** UNITS PARAMETER = 0 (ENGLISH)

CHL .0043,500 TRP 30 2

** LEFT SIDE SLOPE 2.0 AND RIGHT SIDE SLOPE

** THE BASE WIDTH OF THE TRAPEZOID (ft) 30.00 N .04,.1

** LOW FLOW N VALUE= .040

** SIDE SLOPE N VALUE= .100

LRR 0.16,3

** D50 (ft) .16

CPS 1

LVG B

PSS 1.5,2

** USER SUPPLIED - LOW PERMIS. SHEAR = (lb/ft^2) 1.50

** USER SUPPLIED - HIGH PERMIS. SHEAR = (lb/ft^2) 2.00

END

-TOWN CREEK NATURAL STREAM DESIGN(I-2511CB)

INPUT REVIEW _____

DEFAULT ANGLE OF REPOSE (degrees):

DESIGN PARAMETERS:

DESIGN DISCHARGE (ft^3/s):

500.00

CHANNEL SHAPE:

TRAPEZOIDAL

CHANNEL SLOPE (ft/ft):

.004

LINING TRANSITION HEIGHT (ft):

_____ HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS USING NORMAL DEPTH

	DESIGN	MUMIXAM
FLOW (cfs)	500.00	887.62
DEPTH (ft)	3.82	5.59
AREA (ft^2)	143.84	230.21
WETTED PERIMETER (ft)	47.09	55.00
HYDRAULIC RADIUS (ft)	3.05	4.19
VELOCITY (ft/s)	3.48	3.86
MANNINGS N (LOW FLOW)	.040	.040
MANNINGS N (SIDE SLOPE)	.100	.100
EFFECTIVE MANNINGS N	.059	.066
REYNOLDS NUMBER (10^5)	.11	

-----STABILITY ANALYSIS

CONDITION	LINING TYPE	PERMIS SHR (1b/ft^2)	CALC. SHR (lb/ft^2)	STAB. FACTOR	REMARKS
LOW FLOW LINING BOTTOM; STRAIGHT SIDE SLOPE LINING	RIPRAP	1.50	1.03	1.46	STABLE
SIDE; STRAIGHT	VEGETATIVE	B 2.00	.80	2.51	STABLE

RATIO OF SIDE SHEAR TO BOTTOM SHEAR = .78

*** NORMAL END OF HYCHL ***

PROPOSED BANKFULL

PROPOSED Q2

Commands Read From File: 1-2511co.chl

JOB -TOWN CREEK NATURAL STREAM DESIGN(I-2511CB) UNI

** UNITS PARAMETER = 0 (ENGLISH)

CHL .0043 1000 TRP 30 6.7

** LEFT SIDE SLOPE 6.7 AND RIGHT SIDE SLOPE

** THE BASE WIDTH OF THE TRAPEZOID (ft) 30.00

N .04 .1

** LOW FLOW N VALUE= .040

** SIDE SLOPE N VALUE= .100

LRR 0.16 3

** D50 (ft) .16

CPS 1.0

LVG B

PSS 1.5 2

** USER SUPPLIED - LOW PERMIS. SHEAR = (lb/ft^2) 1.50

** USER SUPPLIED - HIGH PERMIS. SHEAR = (lb/ft^2) 2.00

END

-TOWN CREEK NATURAL STREAM DESIGN(I-2511CB)

INPUT REVIEW ______

DEFAULT ANGLE OF REPOSE (degrees): 35.71

DESIGN PARAMETERS:

DESIGN DISCHARGE (ft^3/s):

1000.00

CHANNEL SHAPE:

TRAPEZOIDAL

CHANNEL SLOPE (ft/ft):

LINING TRANSITION HEIGHT (ft): ______

HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS USING NORMAL DEPTH

______ DESTON MAVIMIM

	DESIGN	MOMITARIA
FLOW (cfs)	1000.00	1095.98
DEPTH (ft)	5.33	5.59
AREA (ft^2)	349.91	377.10
WETTED PERIMETER (ft)	102.17	105.74
HYDRAULIC RADIUS (ft)	3.42	3.57
VELOCITY (ft/s)	2.86	2.91
MANNINGS N (LOW FLOW)	.040	.040
MANNINGS N (SIDE SLOPE)	.100	.100
EFFECTIVE MANNINGS N	.077	.078
REYNOLDS NUMBER (10^5)	.11	

STABILITY ANALYSIS

CONDITIONLOW FLOW LINING	LINING TYPE	PERMIS SHR (1b/ft^2)	CALC. SHR (1b/ft^2)		REMARKS
BOTTOM; STRAIGHT SIDE SLOPE LINING	RIPRAP	1.50	1.43	1.05	STABLE
SIDE; STRAIGHT	VEGETATIVE	B 2.00	1.39	1.44	STABLE

RATIO OF SIDE SHEAR TO BOTTOM SHEAR = .97

*** NORMAL END OF HYCHL ***

Ber 12 0 31

Variables	Existing Channel	Proposed Reach	USGS Station	Reference Reach
Stream type	G4	C4	NONE	E4
2. Drainage area (D.A.)	16.3sq.mi.	16.3sq.mi.		1.9sq.mi.
3. Bankfull width (W _{bkf})	40ft.	45ft.		21.5ft.
4. Bankfull mean depth (d _{bkf})	3.6ft.	3.1ft.		2.0ft.
5. Width/depth ratio (W _{bkf} /d _{bkf})	11	14.5		10.8
6. Bankfull cross-sectional area (A _{bkf})	138sq.ft.	139sq.ft.		42.8ft.
7. Bankfull mean velocity (V _{bkf})	3.6fps	3.5fps		
8. Bankfull discharge (Q _{bkf})	450cfs	500cfs		
9. Bankfull max depth (d _{mbkf})	4.0ft.	3.7.		2.6ft.
10. Width of floodprone area (W _{fpa})	54ft.	130ft.		70ft.
11. Entrenchment ratio (W _{fpa} /W _{bkf})	1.35	2.9		3.26
12. Meander length (L _m)	N/A	715ft.		54ft.
13. Ratio of meander length to bankfull width (L _m /W _{bkf})	N/A	16		2.58
14. Radius of curvature (R _c)	N/A	353ft.		223ft.
15. Ratio of radius of curvature to bankfull width (R₀Wыkf)	N/A	7.8		10.4
16. Belt width (WbII)	N/A	190ft.		37ft.
17. Meander width ratio (W _{blt} /W _{bsf})	N/A	4.2		1.8
18. Sinuosity (stream length/valley length) (K)	1.1	1.16		1.1
19. Valley Slope (VS)	0.0044	0.005		0.0087
20. Average slope (CS)	0.0041	0.0043		0.0087
21. Pool slope	N/A	0.0001		0.0001
22. Ratio of pool slope to average slope	N/A	0.02		0.02
23. Maximum pool depth (dp _{max})	N/A	7.2ft.		4.0ft.
24. Ratio of pool depth to average bankfull depth (dp/d _{bkf})	N/A	2.3		2
25. Pool width (Wp)	N/A	37ft.		17.8ft.
26. Ratio of pool width to bankfull width	N/A	0.82		0.83
27. Pool to pool spacing	N/A	353ft.		138.7ft.
28. Ratio of pool to pool spacing to bankfull width	N/A	7.8		6.68
29. Ratio of lowest bank height to bankfull height (or max bankfull depth) (BH _{iow} /d _{mbkl})	1.8	1		1

Note: See sheet 9C of 18 for vicinity map of reference stream

NATURAL CHANNEL DESIGN DATA

MORPHOLOGICAL MEASUREMENT TABLE

Reference Reach Name: Big Branch

SITE _5_

N.C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
ROWAN COUNTY
PROJECT: 8.1631503(I-2511CB)
I-85 FROM N OF SR1002(BRINGLE FERRY
ROAD TO N OF SR2120(LONG FERRY
ROAD) NEAR SPENCER
DATE: SEPTEMBER 2001
SHEET 19 OF

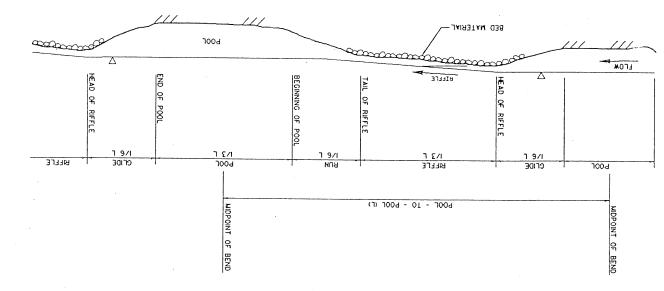
NOT TO SCALE

TYPICAL PROFILE

S. REFER TO MORPHOLOGICAL MEASUREMENT TABLE AND PLAN SHEET FOR DIMENSIONS.

I. THE POOL TO POOL SPACING (L) SHALL BE MEASURED AS THE DISTANCE FROM THE MIDPOINT OF THE DOWNSTREAM BEND.

NOTES:



NOT TO SCALE TYPICAL PLAN

3. LOCATE ROCK VANES ACCORDING TO PLAN SHEET.

OF THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE CHANNEL, STAKE-OUT ALIGNMENT SHALL BE REQUIRED PRIOR TO INITIATION AVOID CERTAIN OBSTACLES, APPROVAL BY THE ENGINEER OF THE 2. FIELD ADJUSTMENTS OF THE ALKONMENT MAY BE REQUIRED TO

WITH A STRAIGHT LINE, RI= +/-468ff. BEND USING THE INDICATED RADIUS, AND SCRIBING CENTERLINE OF THE TANGENT SECTIONS BY CONNECTING SUCCESSIVE BENDS

RADIUS, SCRIBING THE CENTER LINE OF THE CHANNEL FOR EACH THE CONTRACTOR SHALL LAYOUT THE CHANNEL ALICNMENT WHICH SHALL CONSIST OF STAKING OUT THE CENTER OF EACH NOTES:

89.9 ANK DUDY OF TOOL OF TOOK OF STANK ANN ₹8.0 28.0 7 11.8.71 1715 AN AN 110.4 ANN 0.02 50.0 A\N 11 1800.0 1800.0 1000.0 0000 A \ N 0.0043 4400.0 A/N ##Z£ AN P.OI 8.1 AN 13534 ++£2£ AN 85.5 91 1102 VZN 1101 57 541 113.5 + FIE

0.1

Laso.mi 112.1S

TO SYNEKIT WINTH
NYIJO OK SYDIAS OK CARAVIANE
SYDIAS OK CARAVIANE IN ENTRENCHMENT RATIO 410.4 solds solds SANKEULL MEAN VELOCITY 13.026&1 13.028&1 HANDIULL CROSS-SECTION 10.S 10.8 OLLVE BLAZO / HLGIA

40++

1m.025,01

MORPHOLOGICAL MEASUREMENT TABLE

SYNTANIT HEYN DELLH

VERY BOYNIVED

VARIABLES

-LOCATE J- HOOK VANE A.PPROXIMATELY I/3 INTO RUN

-LOCATE CROSS VANE APPROXIMATELY IN3 INTO GLIDE

KEYCH 2 PROPOSED EXISTING

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1m.pe£,31

RILE

NEYE SPENCER

KOAD TO N OF SR2120 (LONG FERRY ROAD)

I-82 EKOW N OF SRI002(BRINGLE FERRY

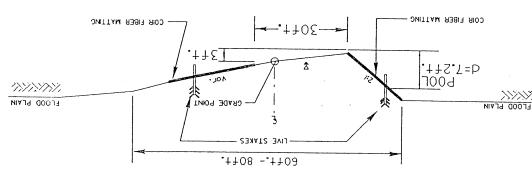
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KOMVN CONNLY

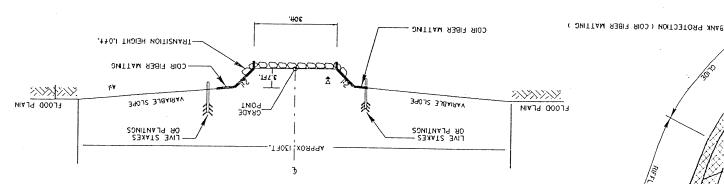
DIAISION OF HIGHWAYS

NCDOL

NOT TO SCALE TYPICAL POOL SECTION



NOT TO SCALE TYPICAL RIFFLE SECTION

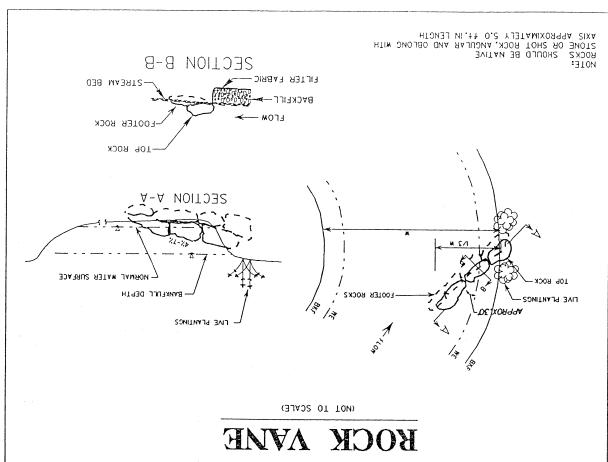


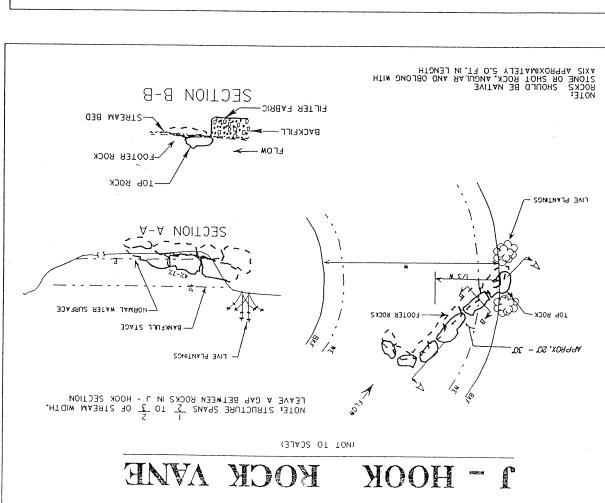
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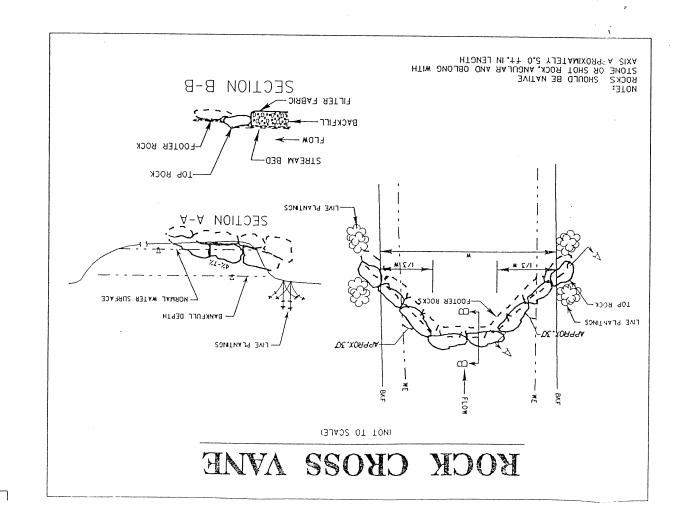
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PROJECT REPERENCE NO.









NEAR SPENCER

PROJECT: 8.165150 (LONG FERRY ROAD)

1-85 FROM N OF SR1002(BRINGLE FERRY

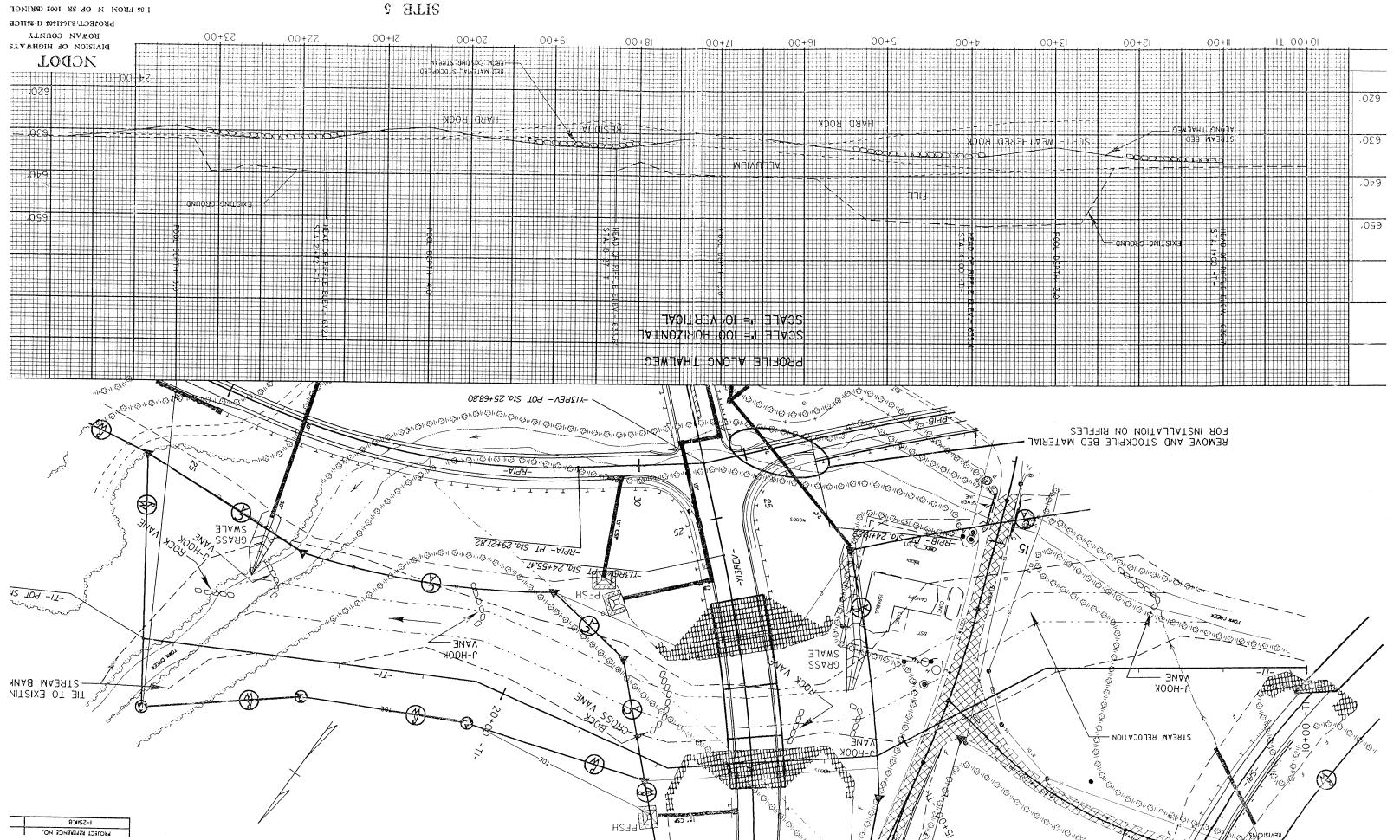
PROJECT: 8.1651503 (1-2511CB)

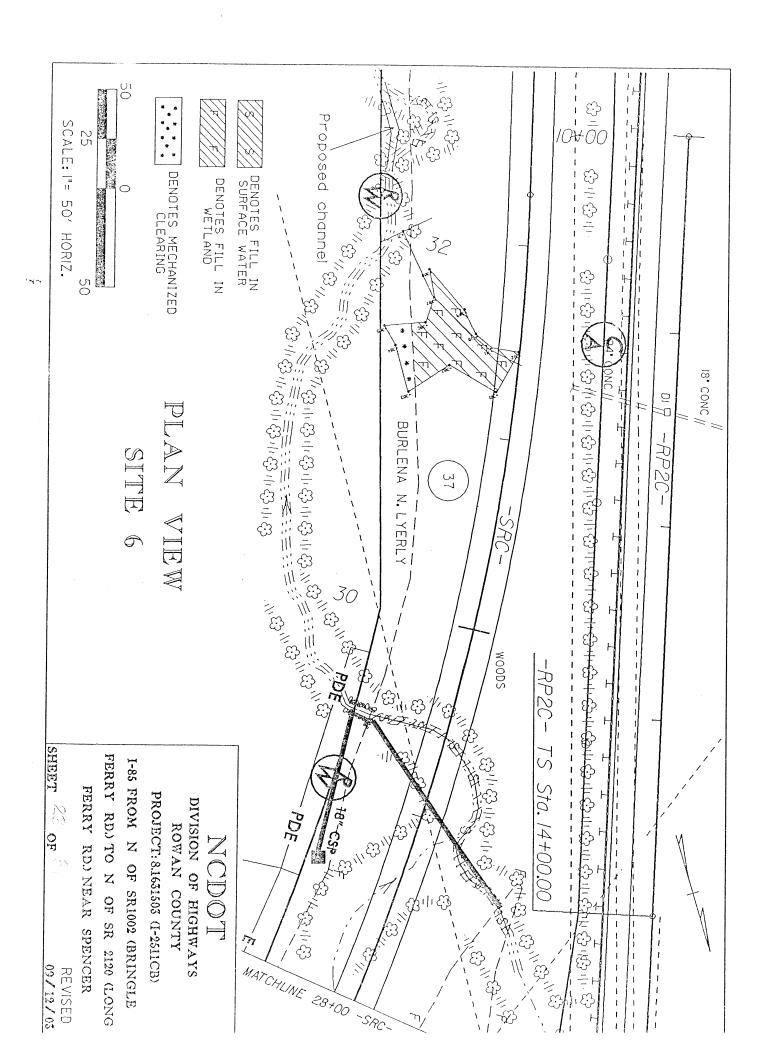
TOWAN COUNTY

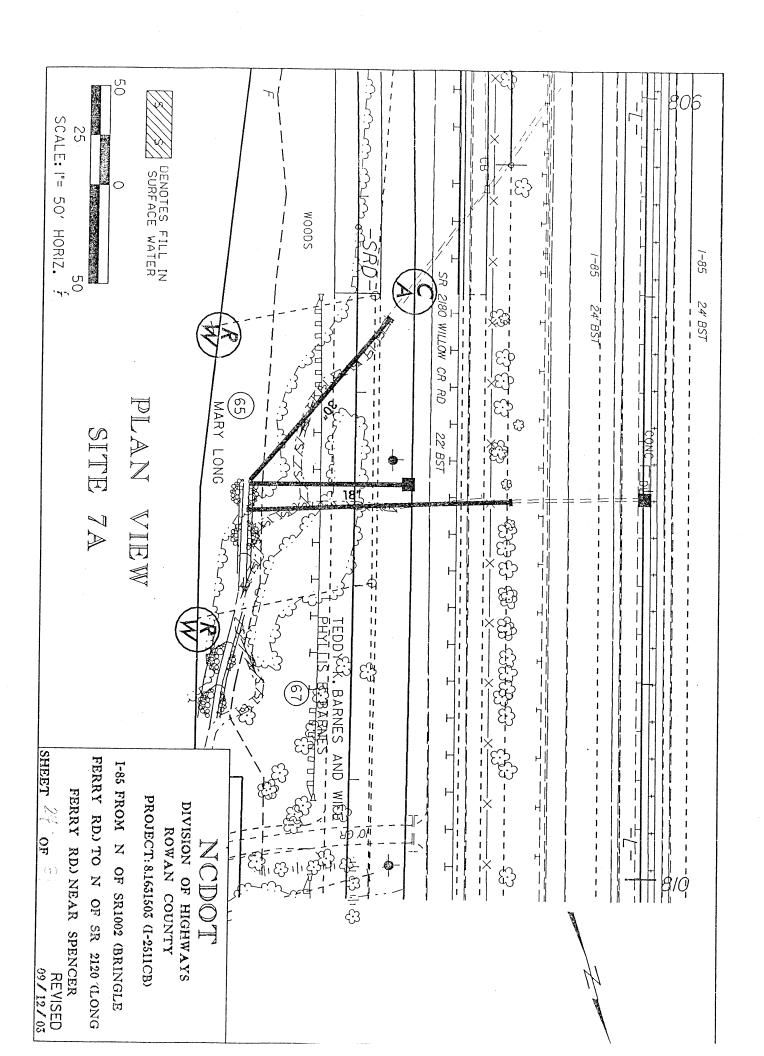
FOWAN COUNTY

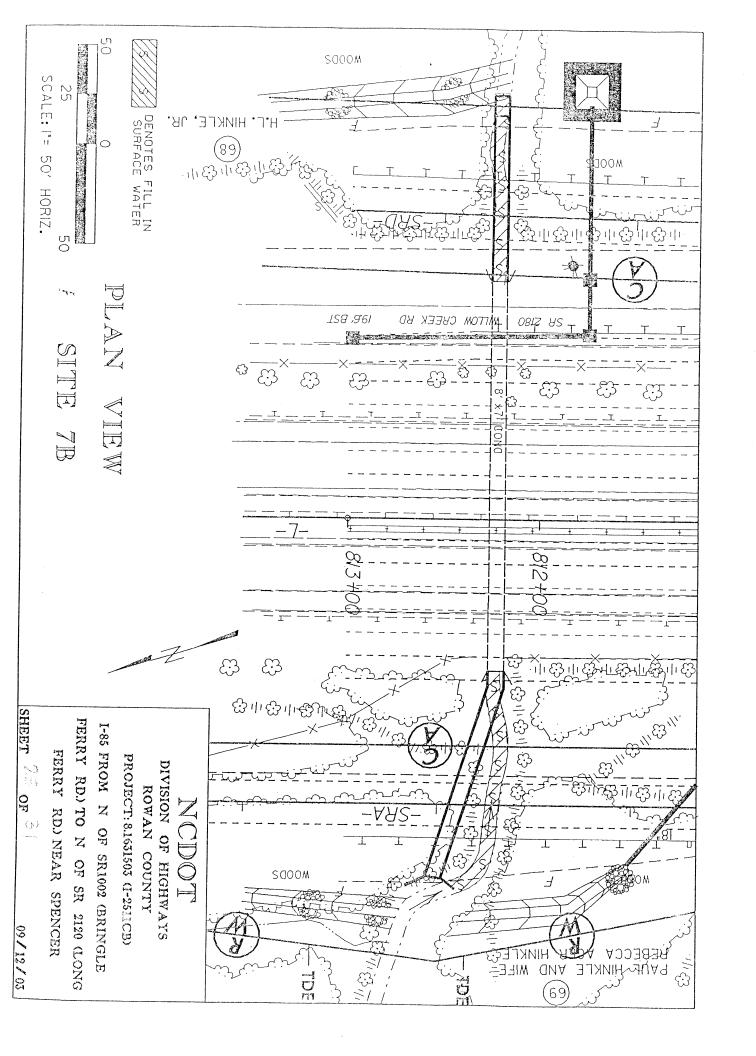
TOWAN OF HIGHWAYS

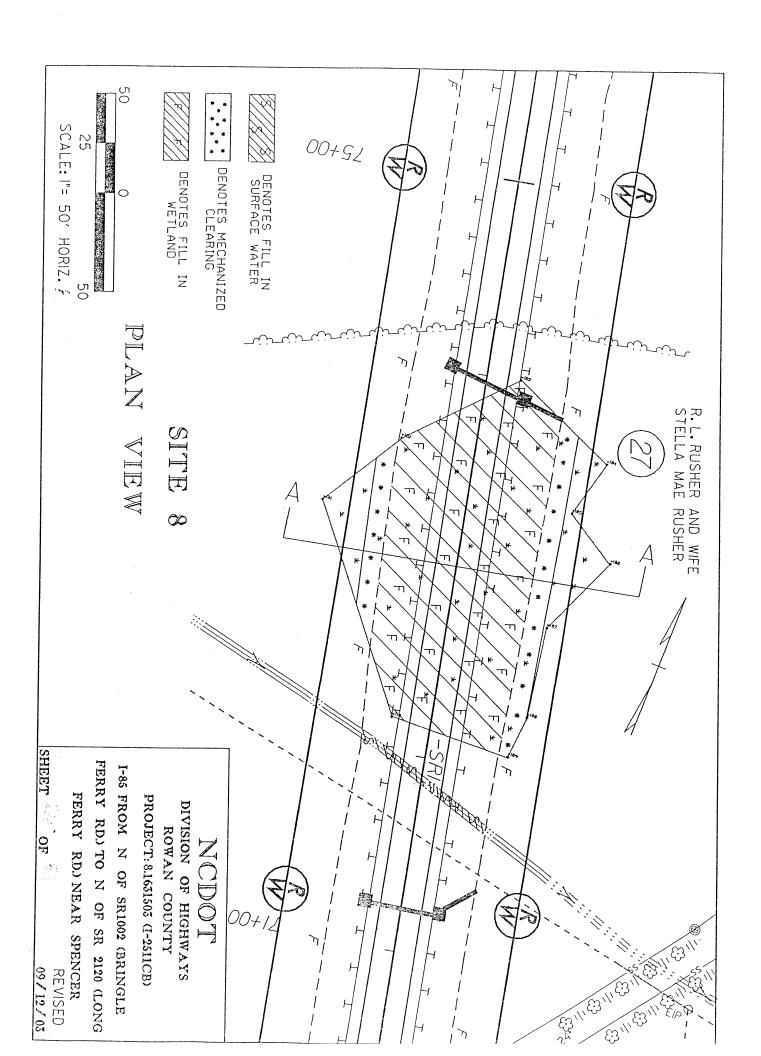
1-SZICB

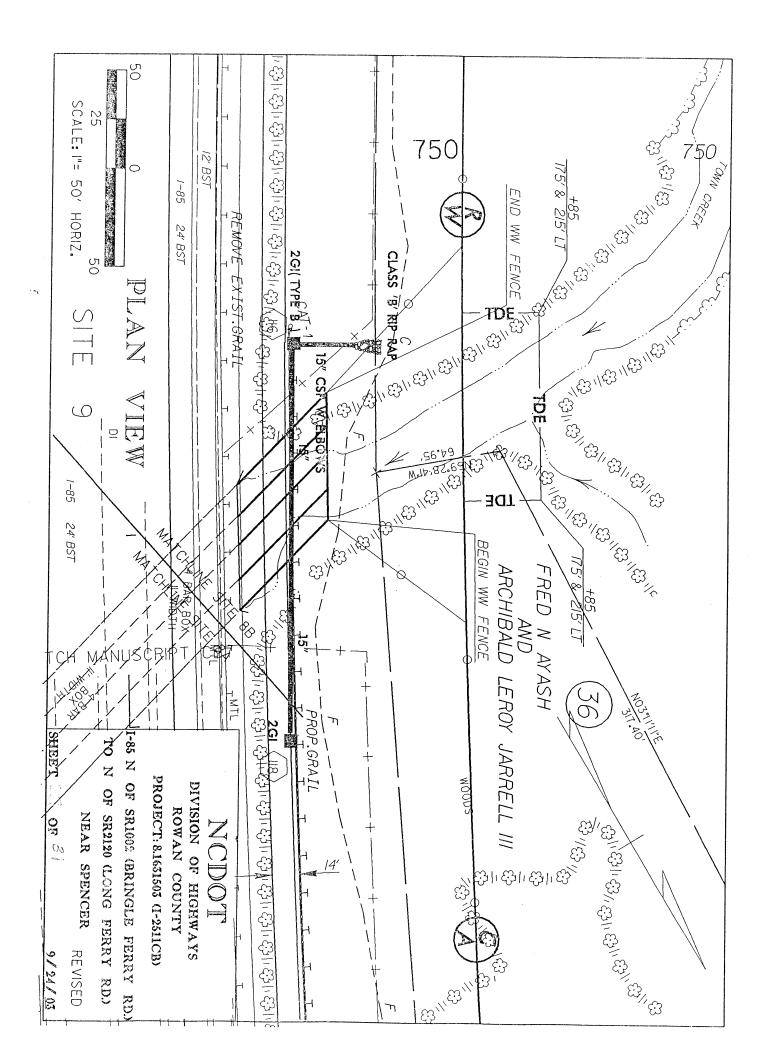


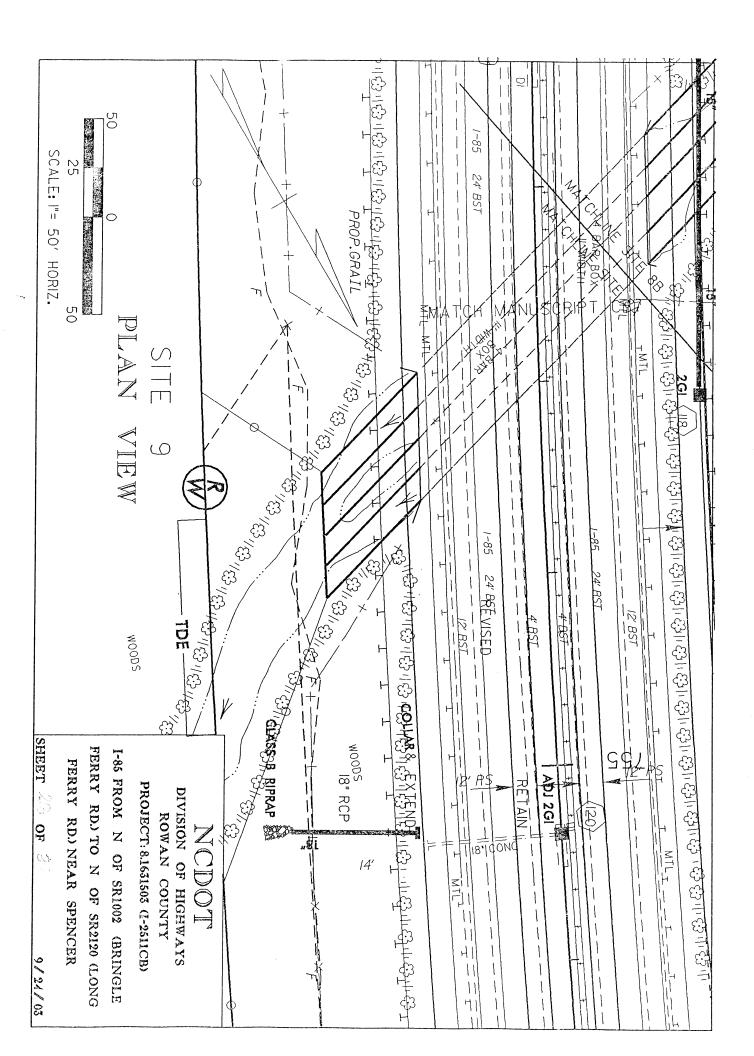












Sit S17	No. 1 647 2 680 3 49+ 4 RPI 5 708 5 708 6 SR0 6 SR0 8 8 SR. 9 752 9 752	Site	CONTRACTOR AND
SITE 6: 163ft. Does not require mitigate 37ft. Does not require mitigation 37ft. Does require mitigation SITE 7A: 230ft. Does not require mitigation 22ft. Does require mitigation Site8: 90ft. Does not require mitigation	(From/To) (-L-) (+50 -L- (LT/RT) (+50 -L- (LT/RT) (-27 -SR1- (LT.) C 16+00 (-00-717+00 -L- C 31+40 (LT.) (+00-812+00 (-72+00 (-72+00 (-72+00) (-72+	Station	
SITE 6: 163ft. Does not require mitigation 37ft. Does not require mitigation 37ft. Does require mitigation SITE 7A: 230ft. Does not require mitigation 22ft. Does require mitigation Site8: 90ft. Does not require mitigation	Size / Type 30" RCP 18" RCP 18" RCP SPANS:3@60";1@45" BRIDGE NONE 18"/30"RCP/8x7 RCBC NONE 4@11" x 13" RCBC	Structure	
	Wetlands (ac) 0 0 0 0 0 0.001 0 0 0.041 0 0.41 0 0.41 0 0.452	Fill	WETI
	In Wetlands (ac) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	WETLAND IMPACTS Temp. Fill Excavation	WETLAND PERMIT IMPACT SUMMARY
	In Wetlands (ac) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	IMPACTS Excavation	MIT IMPA
	(Method III) (ac) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Mechanized Clearing	CT SUMM.
N.C. DI PROJ SHEET	(Natural) (ac) 0.003 0.01 0.01 0.08 0.64 0.009 0.009 0.006 0.01	Fill In SW	ARY
ROWAN ROJECT: 8.16	(Pond) (ac) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	SURFAC	
N.C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS ROWAN COUNTY PROJECT: 8.1631503 (I-2511CB) REVISED SHEET OF (9/12/03)	In SW (ac) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	SURFACE WATER IMPACTS Existing the surface of the s	
AYS 511CB) SED (9/12/03)	Impacted (ft) 66 180 93 1114 864 864 90 130 130 1218	MPACTS Existing	
	Design (ft) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Natural	

NAMES AND ADDRESSES

PARCEL	NO. NAMES	ADDRESSES
1	JAMES E.SMITH	453 STEEPLECHASE TRAIL SALISBURY N.C. 28144
2	JAMES E.SMITH	453 STEEPLECHASE TRAIL SALISBURY N.C. 28144
9	WALLACE PROPERTIES	301 N. MAIN ST. SALISBURY N.C. 28145-0102
10	VOYLS W.& SHARON TYSINGER	740 CHOATE RD. SALISBURY N.C. 28146
12	NEW HOPE BAPTIST CHURCH	830 CHOATE RD. SALISBURY N.C. 28146
16	OLIN E. STAMPER & WIFE	308 HENDERSON ST. SALISBURY N.C. 28144
27	ROBERT LEE & STELLA RUSHER	721 ANDREWS ST. SALISBURY N.C. 28144-8714
28	CECIL B. DAY COMPANIES, INC.	7000 CENTRAL PARKWAY NE STE. 850 ATLANTA GA. 30328
29	DEBORAH T. AREY	2685 PROVIDENCE CHURCH RD. SALISBURY N.C. 28146

NCDOT

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS ROWAN COUNTY PROJECT: 8.1631503 (I-2511CB)

I-85 FROM N OF SR 1002 (BRINGLE FERRY RD.) TO N OF SR 2120 (LONG FERRY RD.) NEAR SPENCER

SHEET 30 OF 3

7 1 02 02

NAMES AND ADDRESSES

PARCEL NO.	NAMES	ADDRESSES						
37	BURLENA N.LYERLY	1031 OLD MOCKSVILLE RD. SALISBURY N.C. 28144						
65	MARY LONG	OVERHILL DR. SALISBURY N.C. 28144						
67	TEDDY BARNES & WIFE	405 WILLOW CREEK DR. SALISBURY, N.C. 28146- 2469						
18A	CLARICE H.& KAREN L.ROE	2 LAUREL BROOK CT. GREENSBORO, N.C. 27407- 5037						

NCDOT

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS ROWAN COUNTY PROJECT: 8.1631503 (I-2511CB)

I-85 FROM N OF SR 1002 (BRINGLE FERRY RD.) TO N OF SR 2120 (LONG FERRY RD.) NEAR SPENCER

SHEET 3! OF 3

07/02/02

HYDRAULIC DESIGN MEETING FOR I-2511CB, ROWAN COUNTY, ON 6-20-02

Team Members: Randy Henegar, NCDOT Hydraulics

Elizabeth Lusk, NCDOT PDEA(PRESENT)
Cynthia Van Der Wiele, NCDWQ(PRESENT)

Eric Alsmeyer, COE (PRESENT) David Cox, NCWRC (ABSENT) Marella Buncick, USFWS (ABSENT)

Participants: David Chang, NCDOT Hydraulics

Greg Crosby, NCDOT Hydraulics Diane Hampton, NCDOT Div. 9 Roger Thomas, NCDOT Roadway Sam St. Clair, NCDOT Roadway

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Team Members: Randy Henegar, NCDOT Hydraulics

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J. K. Henderou 11 ru

DFC 1 9 2002

DIV, E. D.

LYNDO TIPPETT

SECRETARY

State of North Carolina

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

MICHAEL F. EASLEY

GOVERNOR

MEMO TO:

Mr. David R. Henderson, PE

State Hydraulics Engineer

ATTN:

Mr. Randy Henegar, PE

FROM:

Roger Thomas, PE

Project Engineer

DATE:

December 18, 2002

SUBJECT:

Project 8.1631503(I-2511CB) Rowan County

F. A. Project IR-IM-85-3(132)74

Reconstruction of I-85 from North of SR 1002 (Bringle

Ferry Rd) to North of SR 2120 (Long Ferry Rd)

Merger 4C Meeting - Wetland Site 8

This letter is in response to the Merger 4C meeting held September 19, 2002. During the meeting, Mr. Eric Alsmeyer, with the US Army Corps of Engineers, requested additional information documenting why adjustments could not be made to the preliminary design to avoid/minimize impacts to wetland site 8.

Wetland site 8 is impacted by a relocated service road in the southwest quadrant of the reconstructed Old Union Church Road interchange. The purpose of the service road is to provide access to the properties along I-85 and Old Union Church Road. Without the service road, these properties would not have access because the project requires full control of access along I-85 and Old Union Church Road. The control of access extends along Old Union Church Road approximately 900 feet from the proposed ramp terminal. This control of access will prohibit any future driveway connections that could effect the operation of the at grade intersection with the proposed interchange ramps and Old Union Church Road.

The service road ties into Old Union Church Road approximately 600 feet west beyond the proposed control of access. It was relocated beyond the control of access help maintain traffic during construction and avoid conflicting with a temporary detour. The temporary detour is required while earth embankment is placed to raise the grade along Old Union Church Road.

Mr. David R. Henderson, PE December 16, 2002 Page 2

The construction limits required for the service road is approximately 100 feet. The approximate width of the wetland site 8 is 150 feet. To shift the horizontal alignment to avoid the wetland site would require the horizontal alignment to shift approximately 130 feet to the north or a shift of 120 feet to the south.

Because of the relatively short distance from wetland site 8 to the proposed intersection between the service road and Old Union Church Road, shifting the horizontal alignment northward would be unacceptable from a design standpoint. The alignment would not meet our current design guidelines for the design speed of the service road. Shifting the horizontal alignment southward would require the relocation of a cell tower. Based upon coordination with our Right of Way Branch, the approximate costs to relocate the cell tower is \$250,000.

In summary, I regret that wetland site 8 is impacted by the service road; however, due to the existing constraints as noted above, it appears that impacts to the wetland site 8 are unavoidable.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (919) 250-4016.

RDT

cc: Jay A. Bennett, PE
Wayne Patterson - Div. 9 Right of Way

EEDEKYT HICHMYX YDWINIZLKYLION DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ENCINEER SIVIE DESIGN ENCINEER ROADWAY DESIGN ROGER D. THOMAS, PE

HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

SLYLE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

PROJECT DESIGN ENGINEER SAMUEL L. ST. CLAIR

PROJECT ENGINEER

AUGUST 19, 2003 TELLING DYLE:

NOT AUTHORIZED

RICHT OF WAY DATE:

1995 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS RALE IGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27610

JOOO BIECHEIDGE DEINE DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

BOUNDRIES OF EAST SPENCER 0.36 MILES OF THIS PROJECT ARE WITHIN THE MUNICIPAL

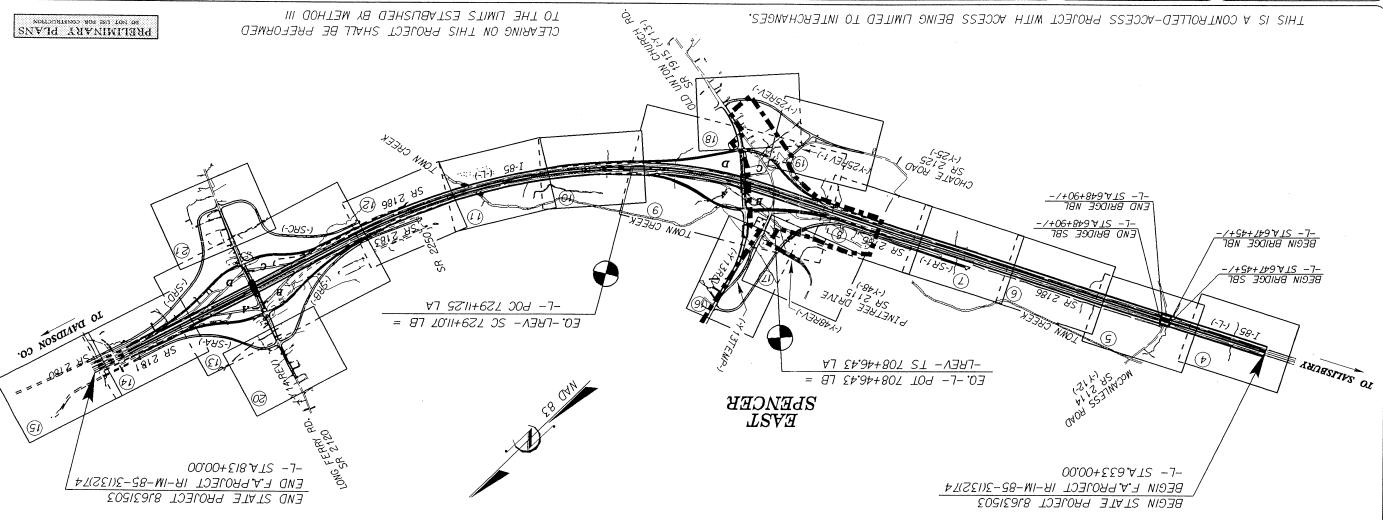
TOTAL LENGTH STATE PROJECT 8,163,1503 = 3,409 MI. TENCTH BOADWAY F.A.PROJECT IR-IM-85-3(132)74 = 0.027 MI, LENCTH ROADWAY F.A.PROJECT IR-IM-85-3(132)74 = 3.382 MI,

PROJECT LENGTH

* TTST=21% DAL=6% HqM OT = V* % \(\Z \) = \(\I % 99 = 0ADT 2020 = 8510000074 = 8991 TDADESIGN DYLY

PROFILE (HORIZONTAL) 20 52 0 20 52 0 CENTRIC SCALES

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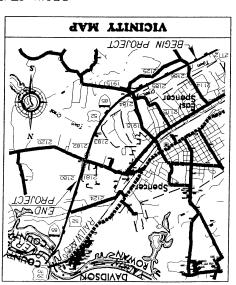


INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS GUARDRAIL, STRUCTURES, CULVERT EXTENSIONS & TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, DRAINAGE, PAVING, WIDENING, RESURFACING,

(TONG LEKKK KOVD) (BRINGLE FERRY ROAD) TO NORTH OF SR 2120 TOCYLION: KECONSLKUCLION OF 1-85 FROM NORTH OF SR 1002

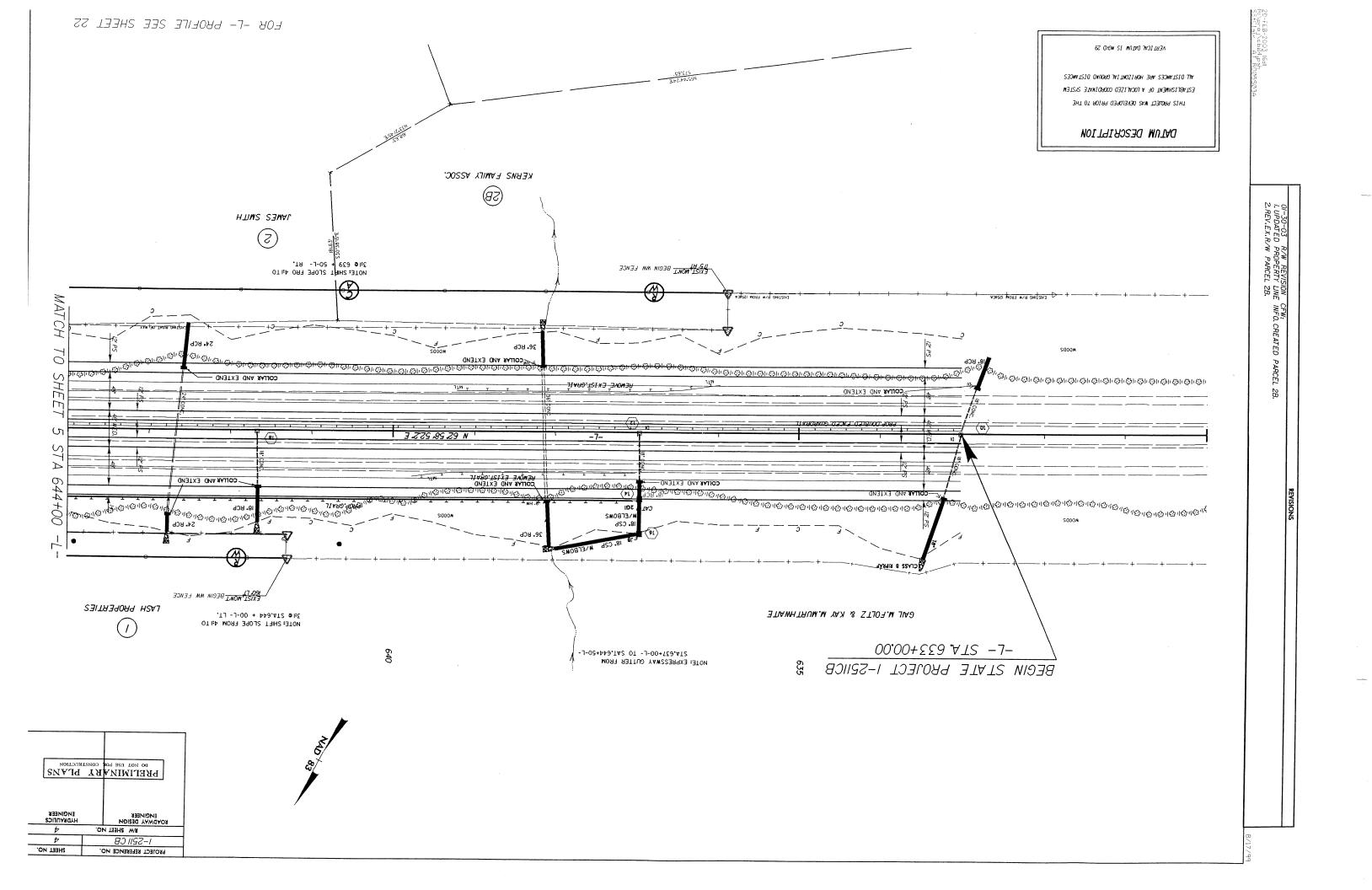
BOWAN COUNTY

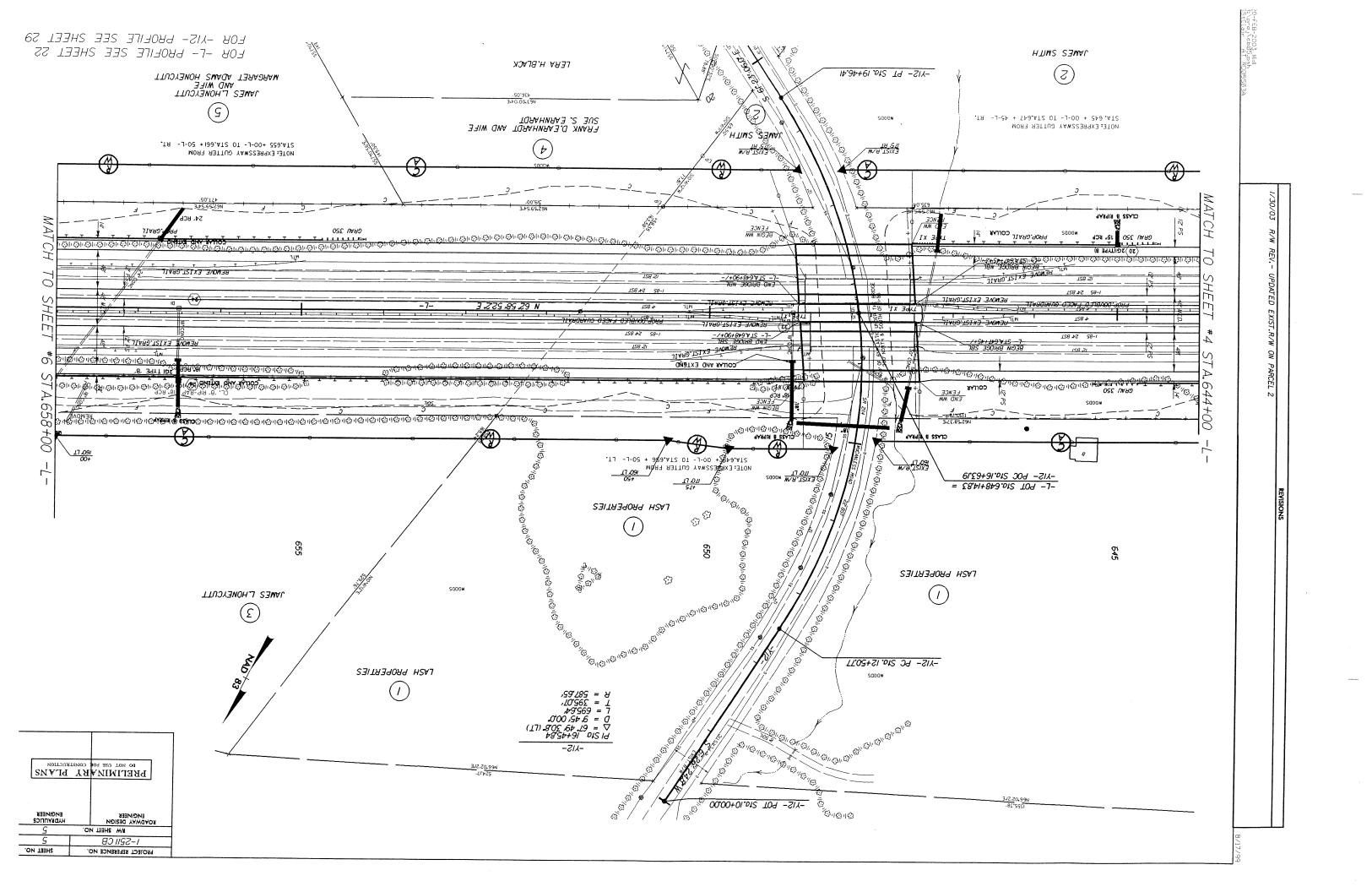
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

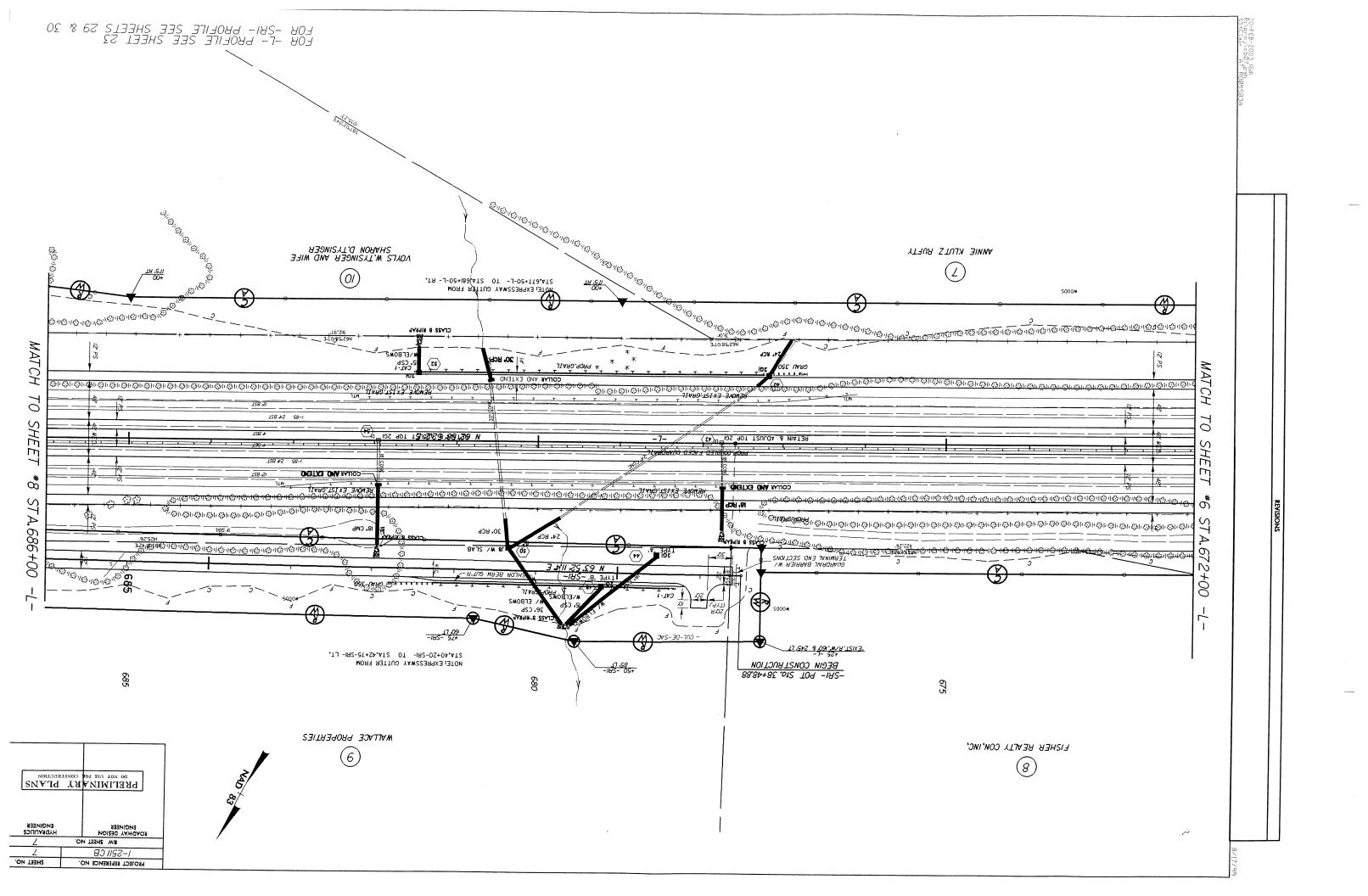


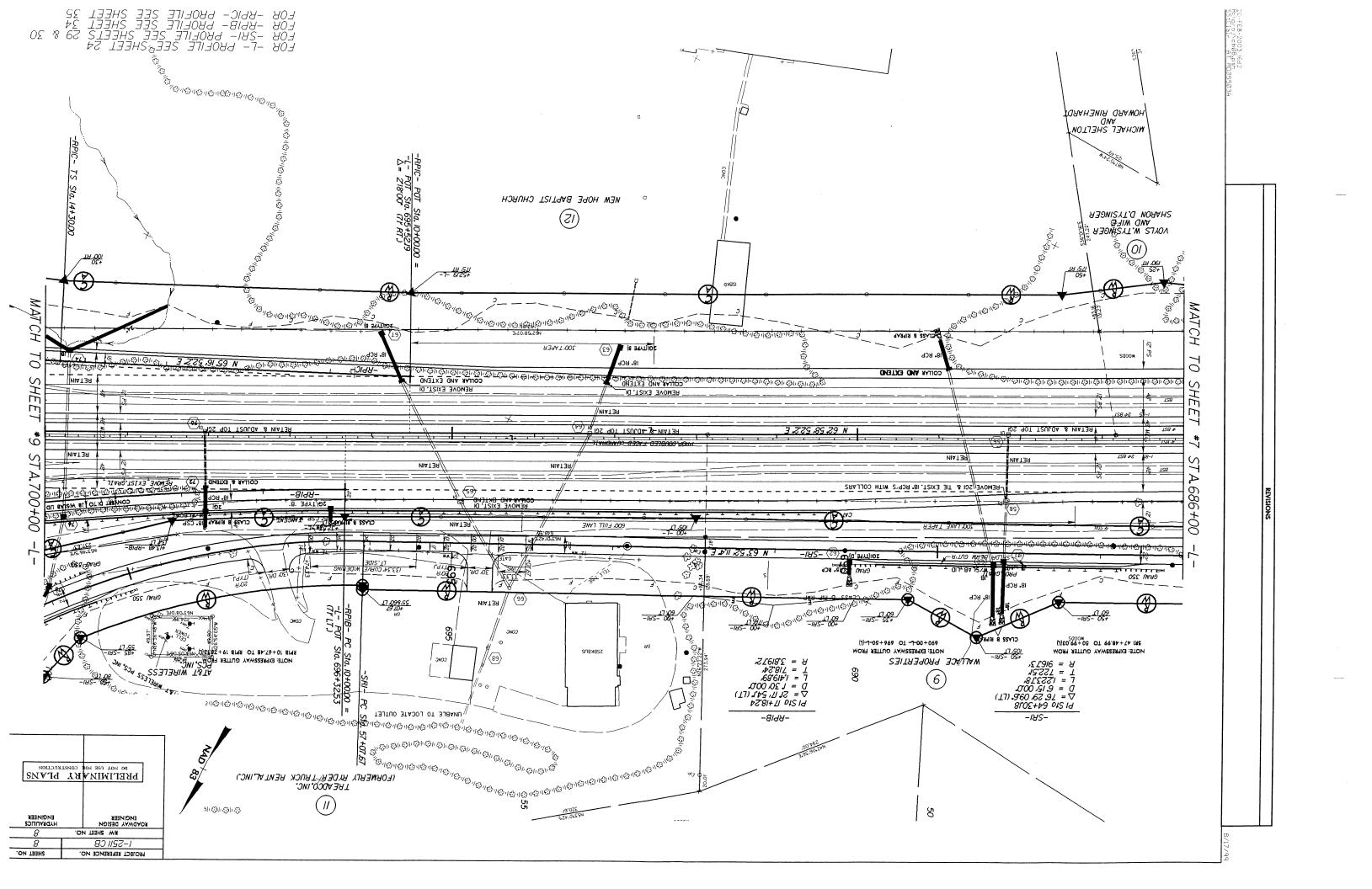
See Sheet 1-B For Conventional Symbols See Sheets Tor Index of Sheets

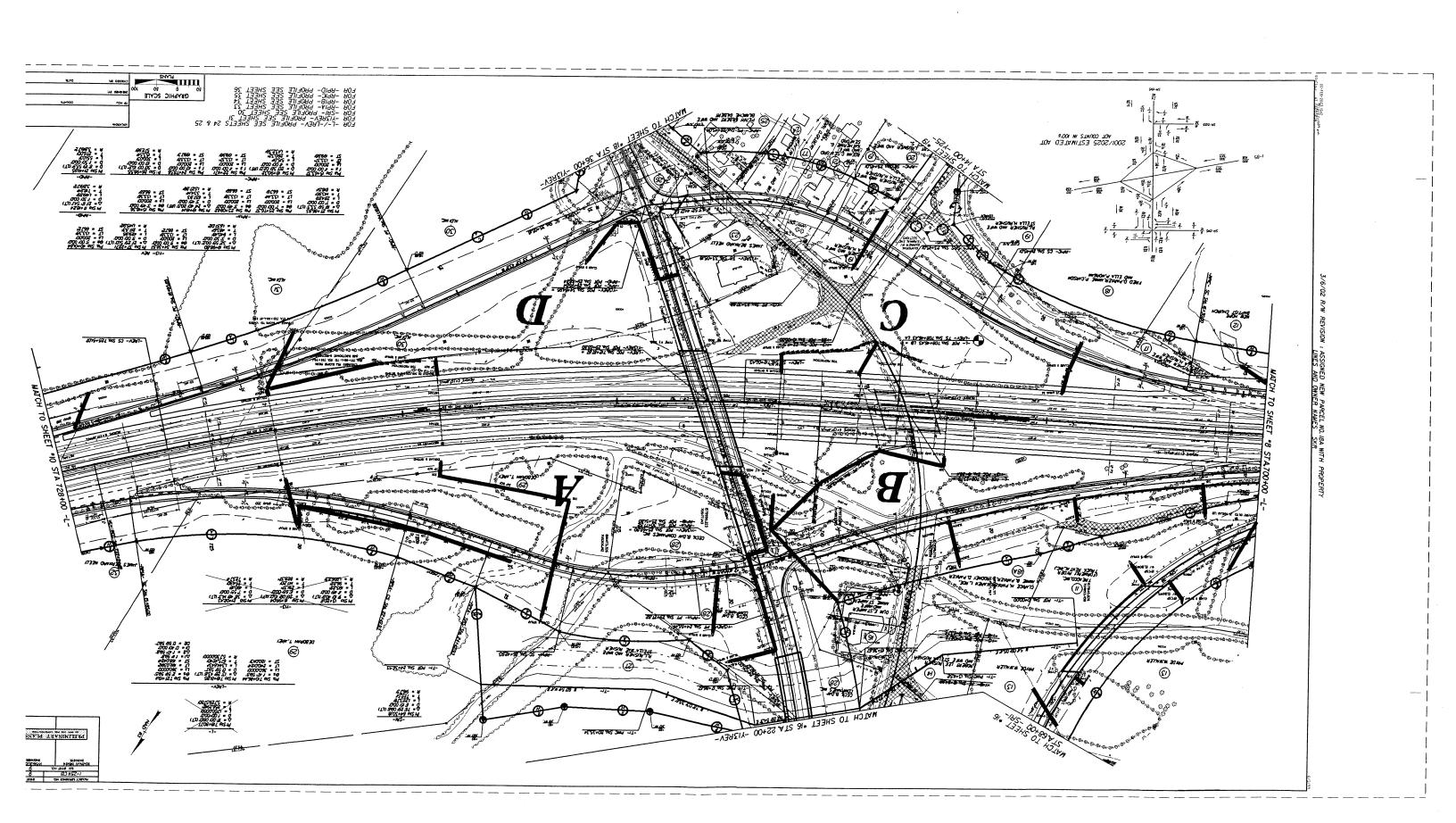
IR-IM-85-3(132)74 8,1631503 1-2511CB $N^{\circ}C$ AHEET NO.

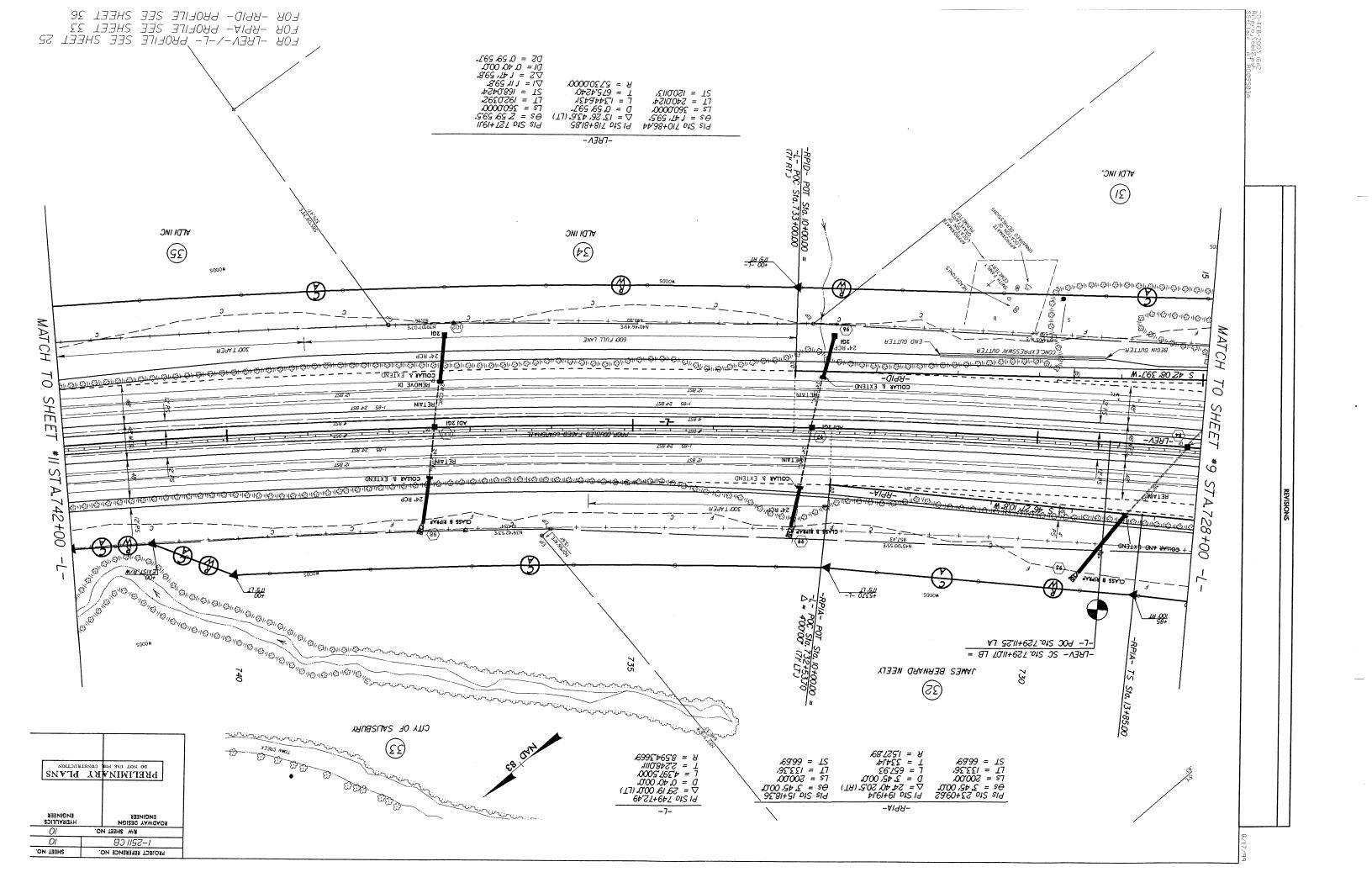


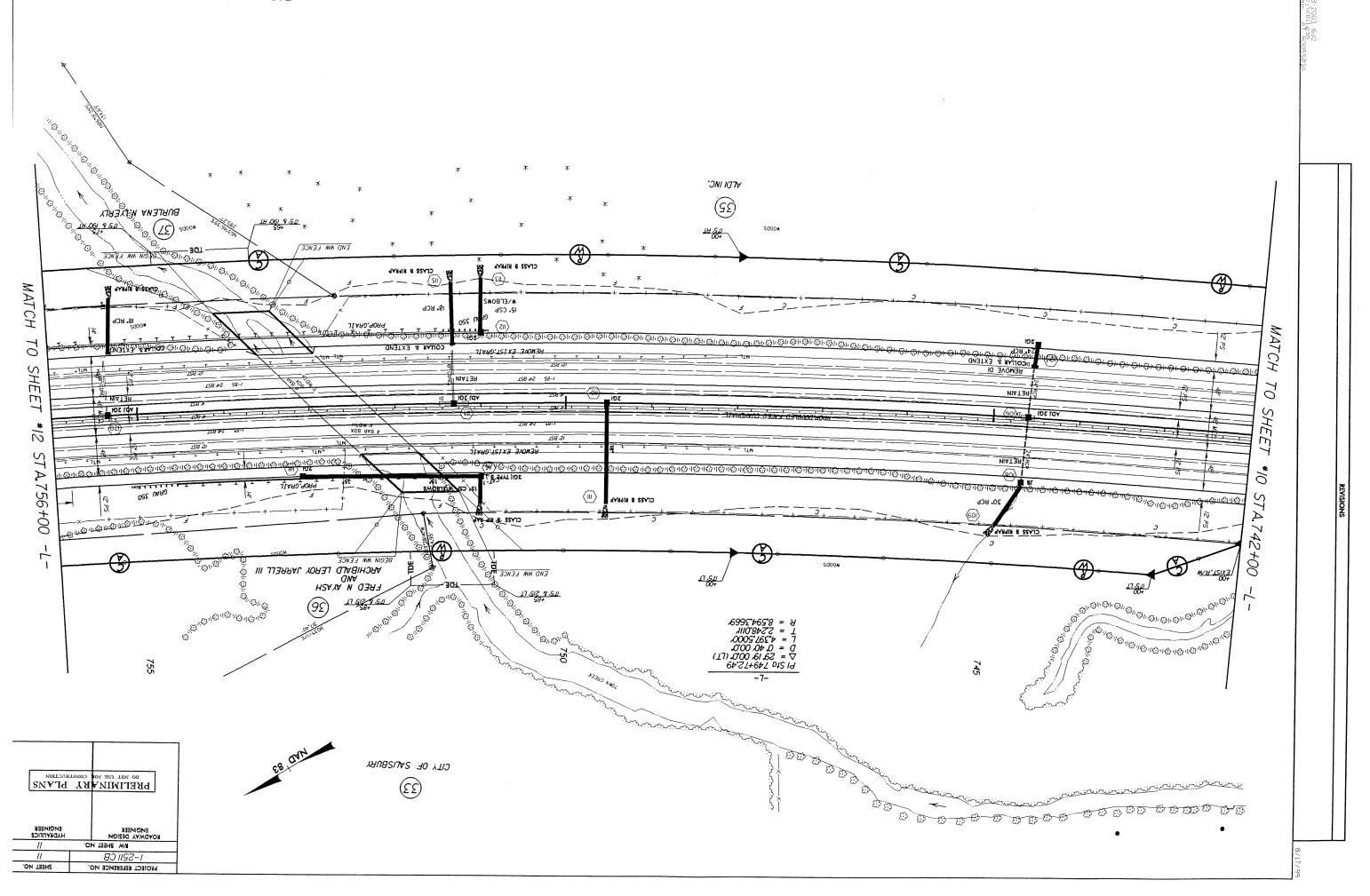


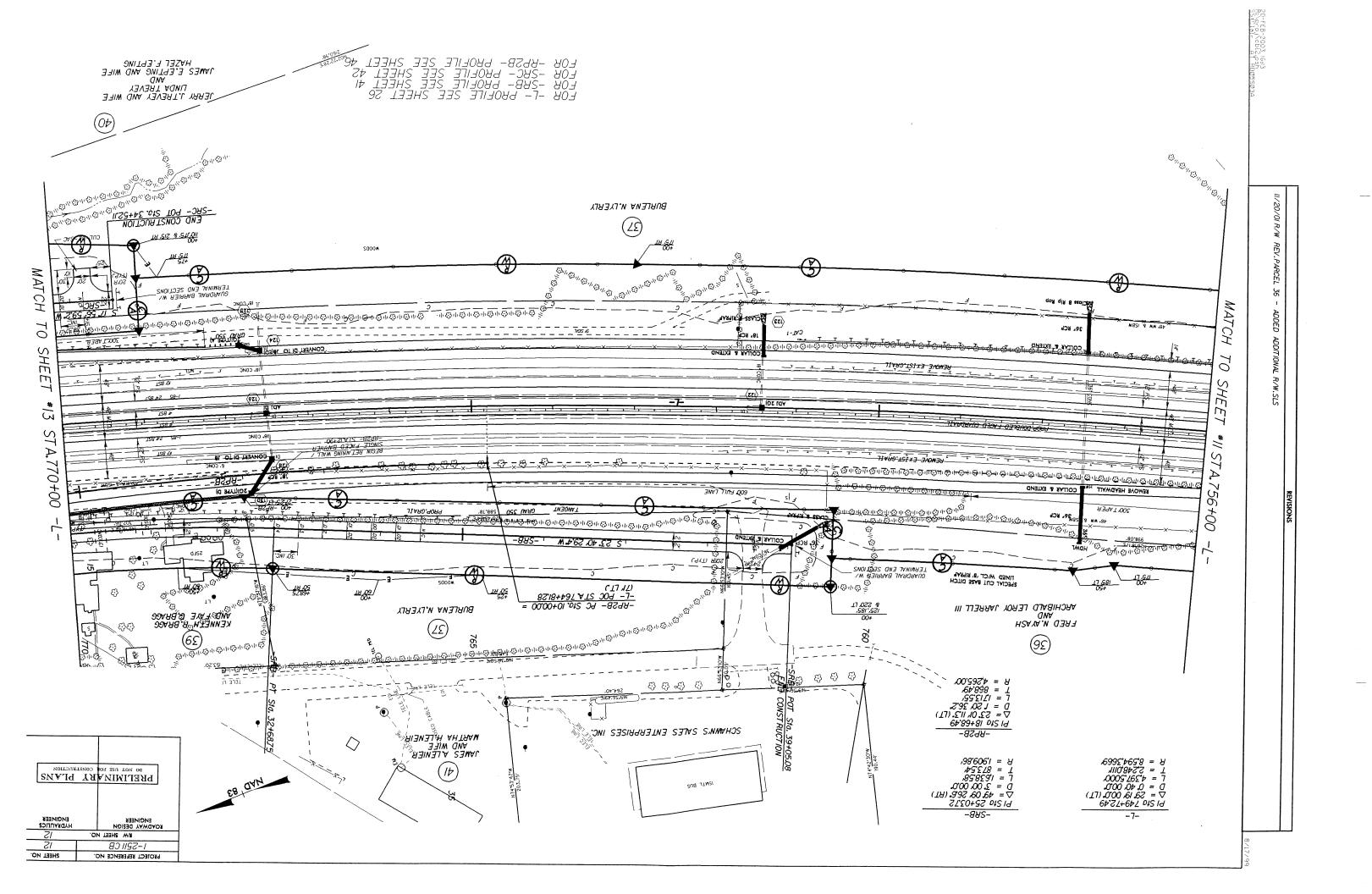




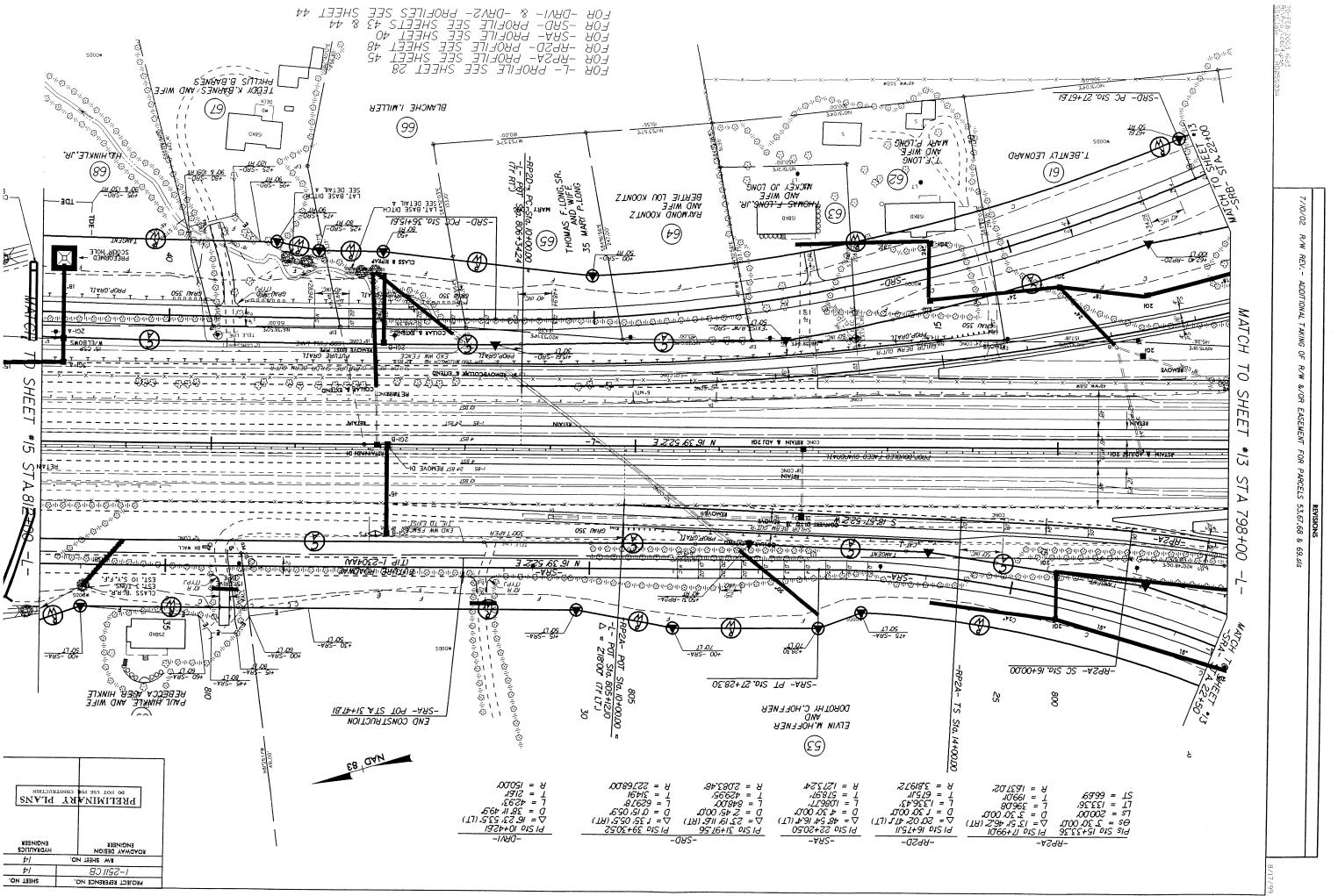


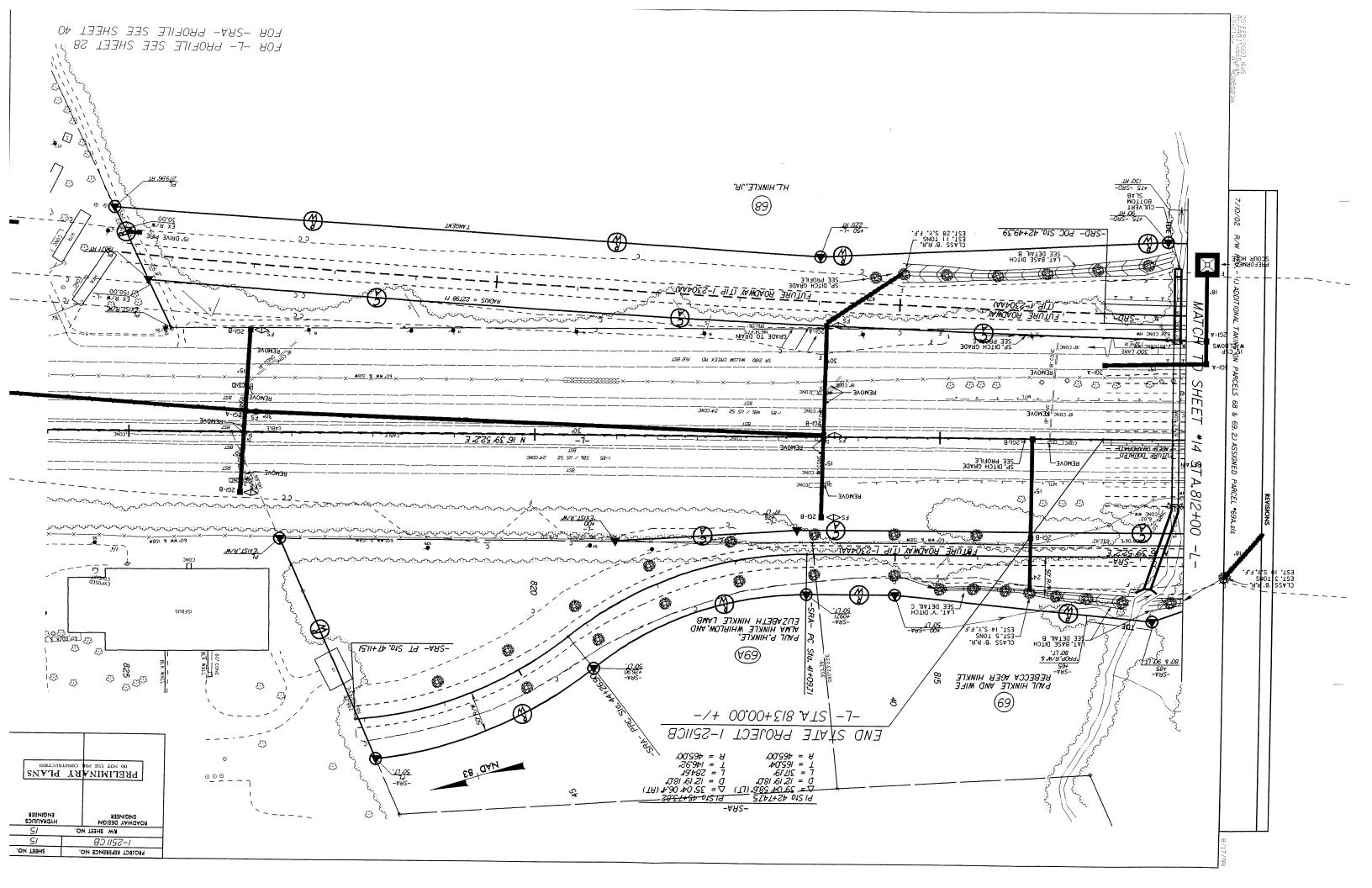


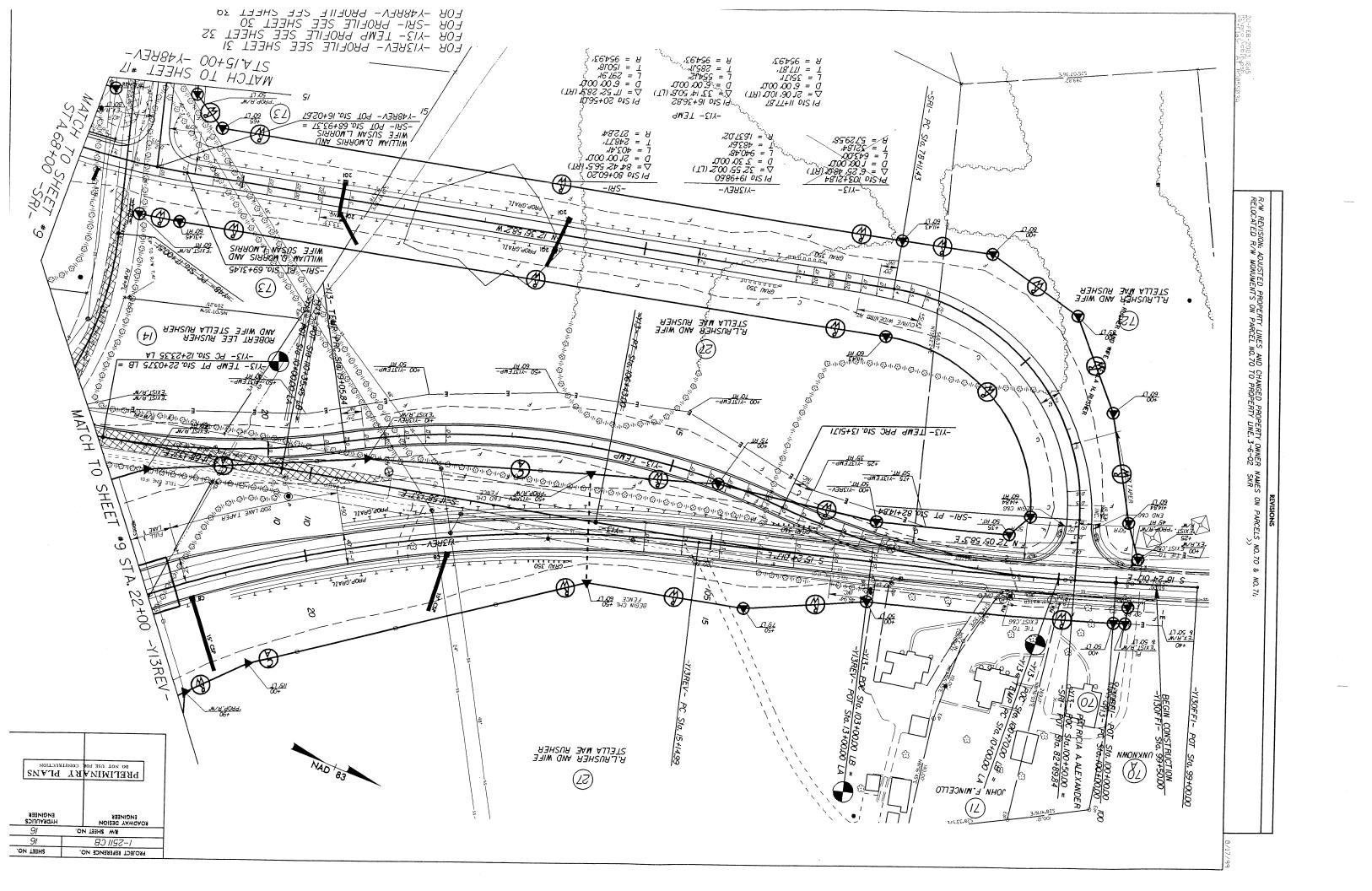


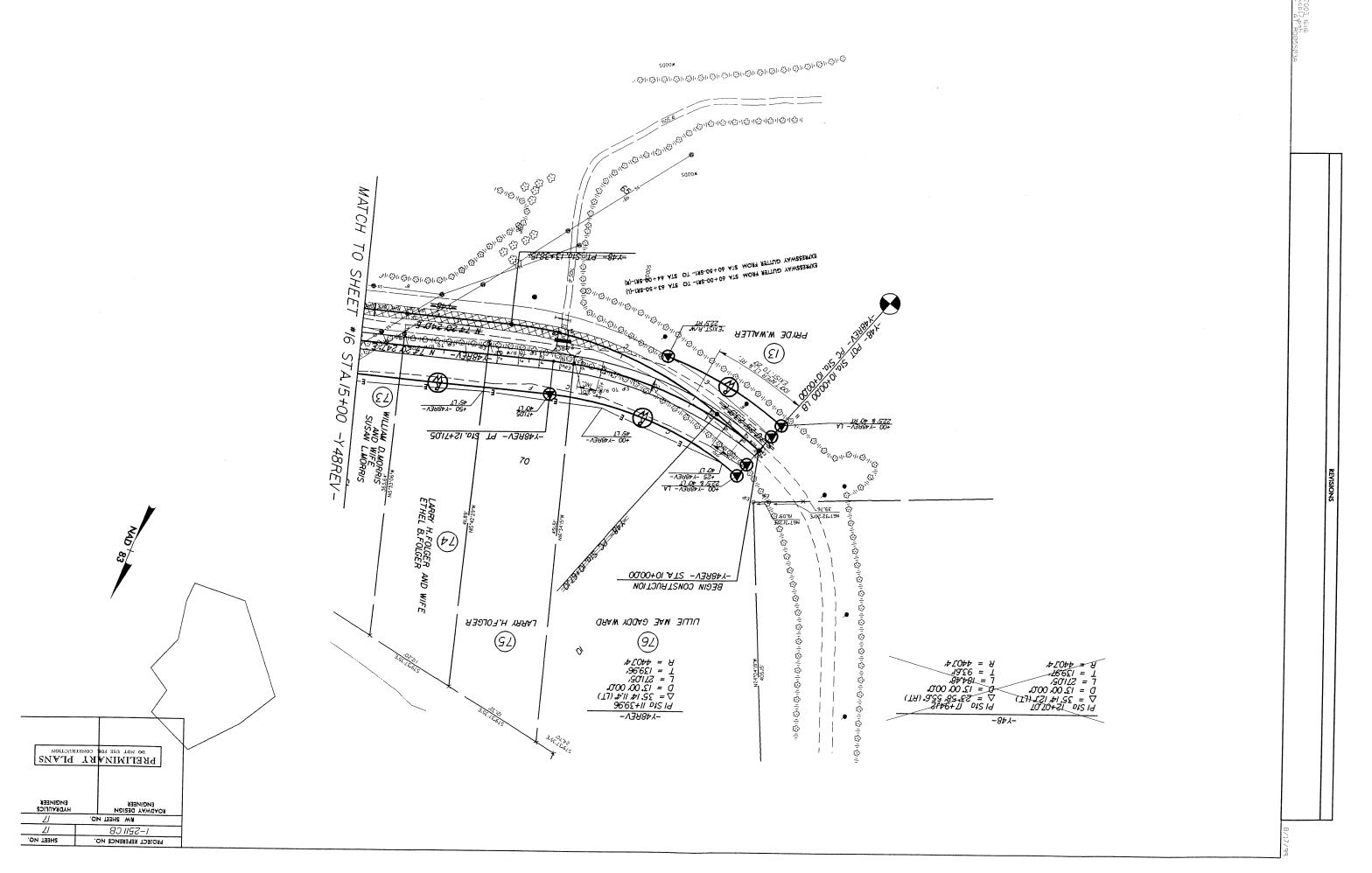


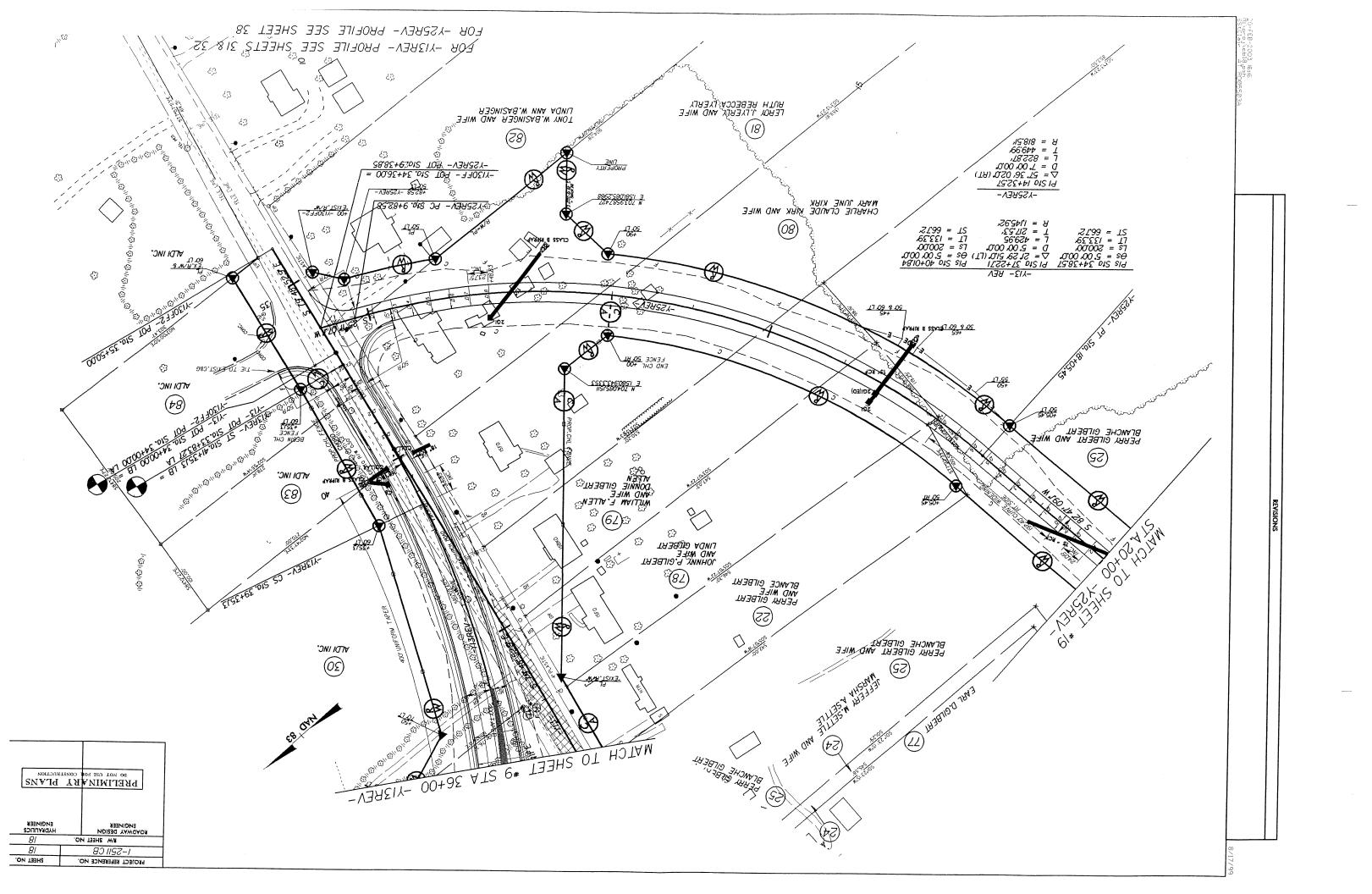
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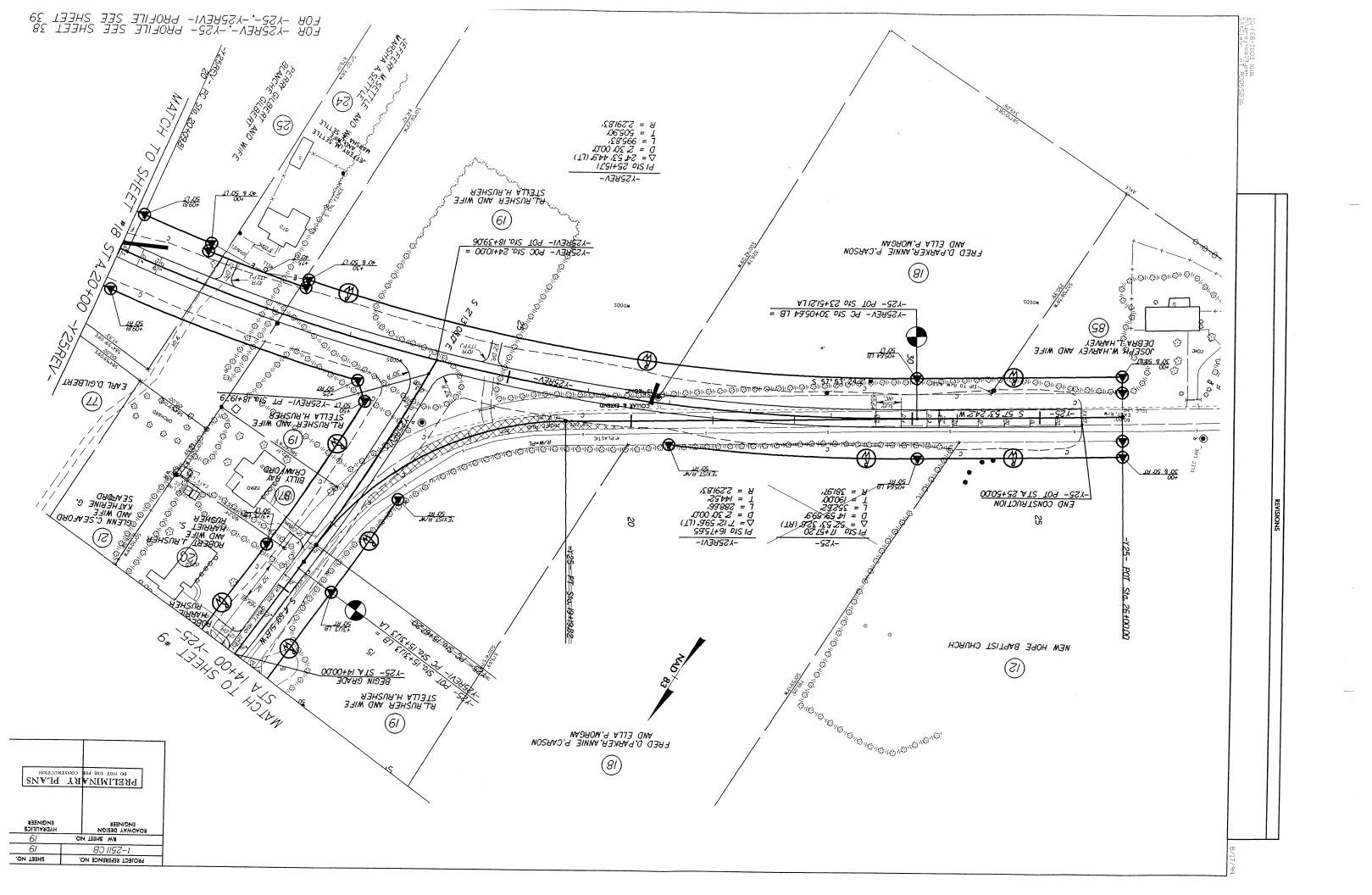


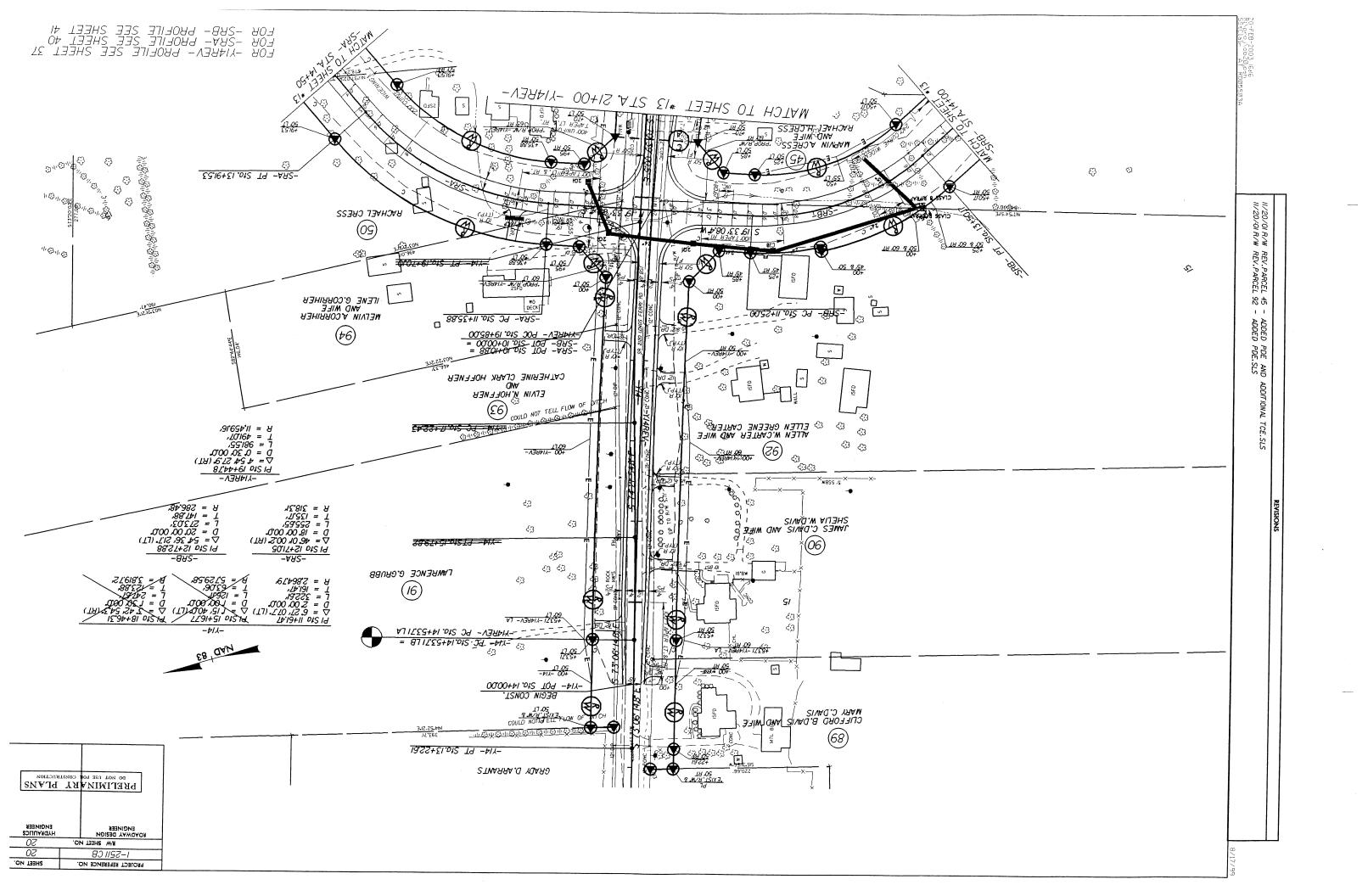


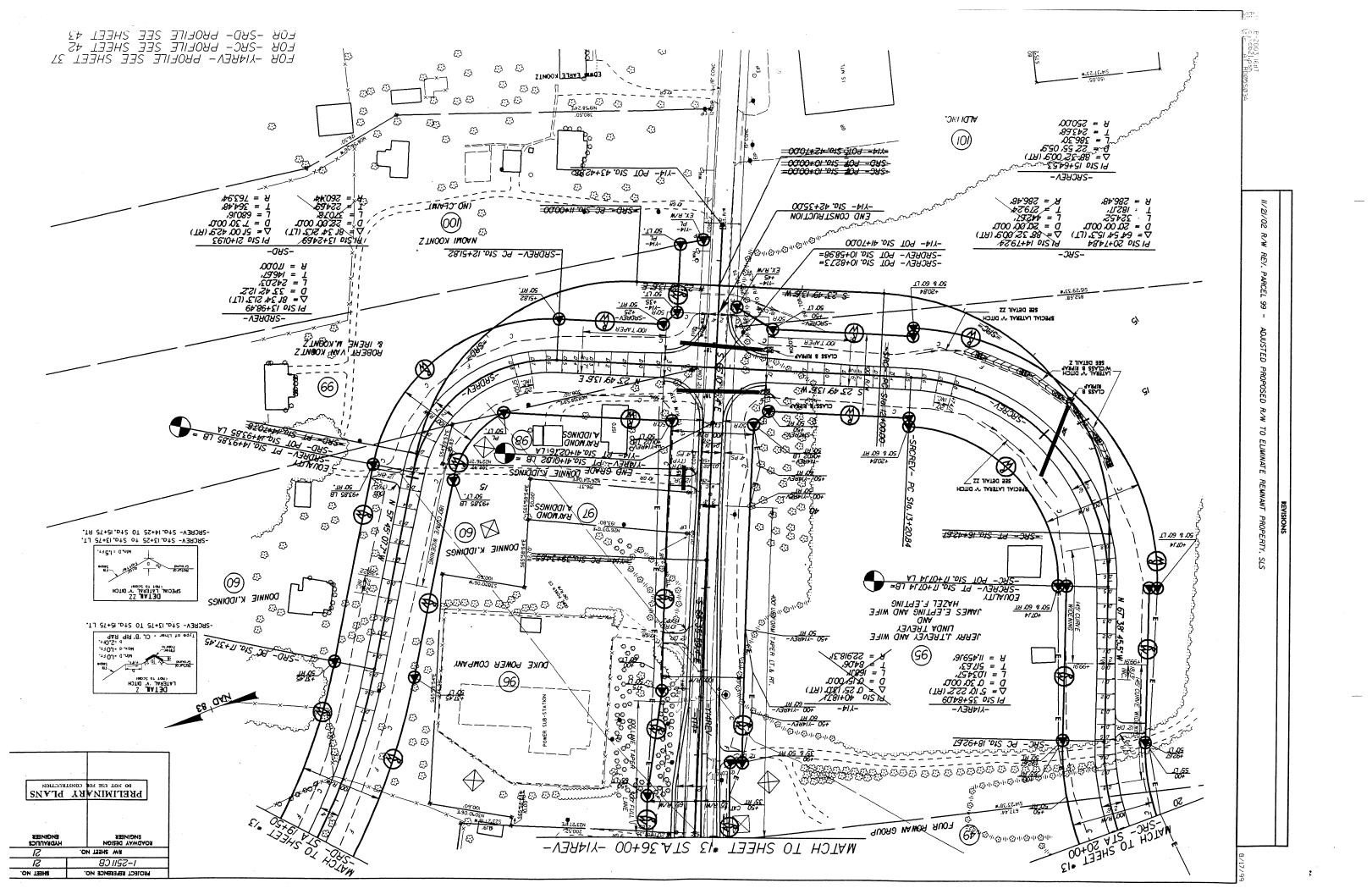


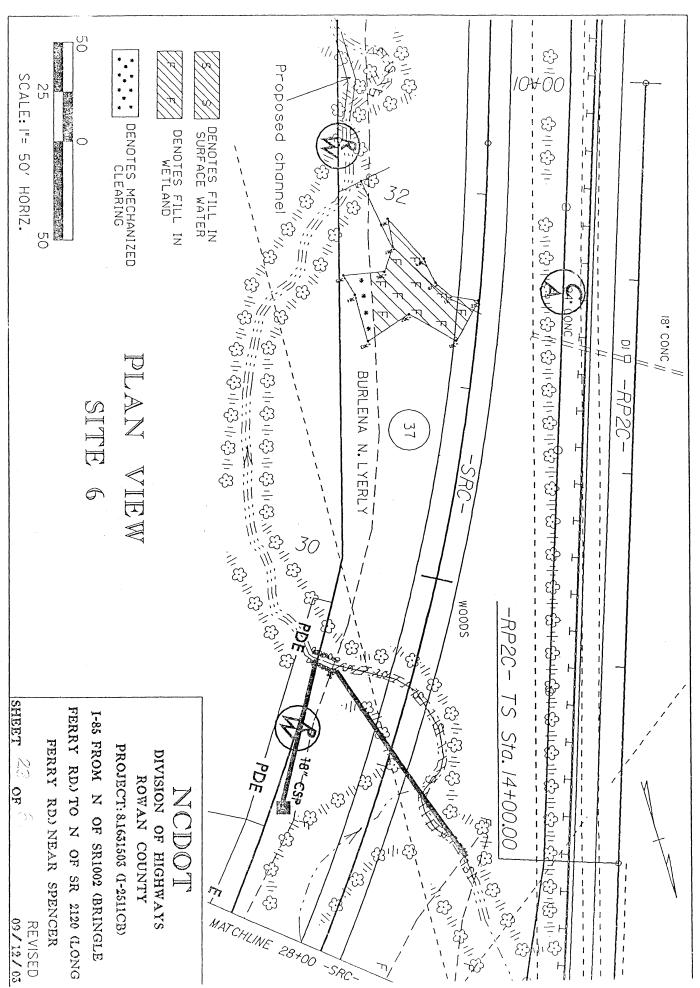


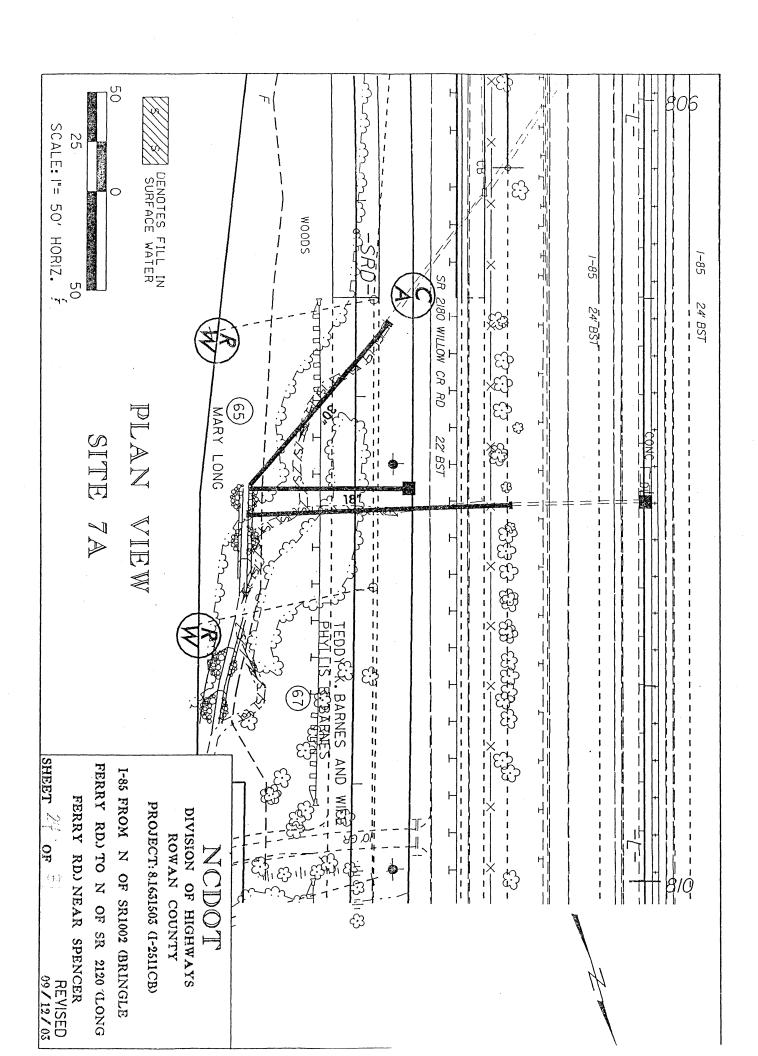


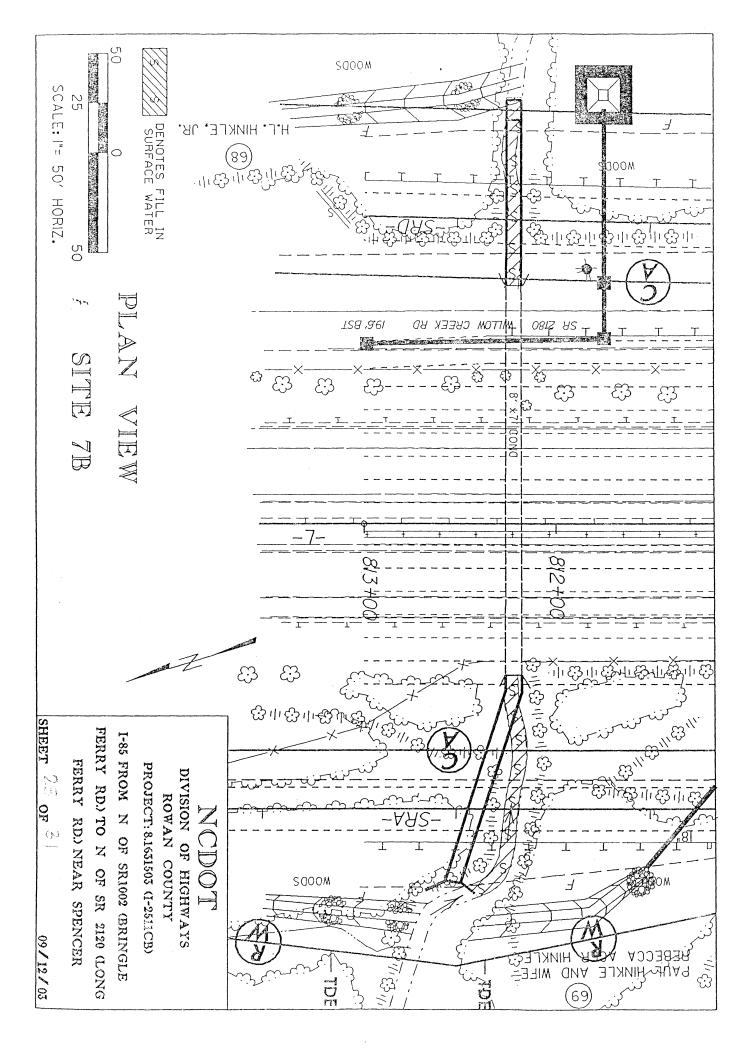


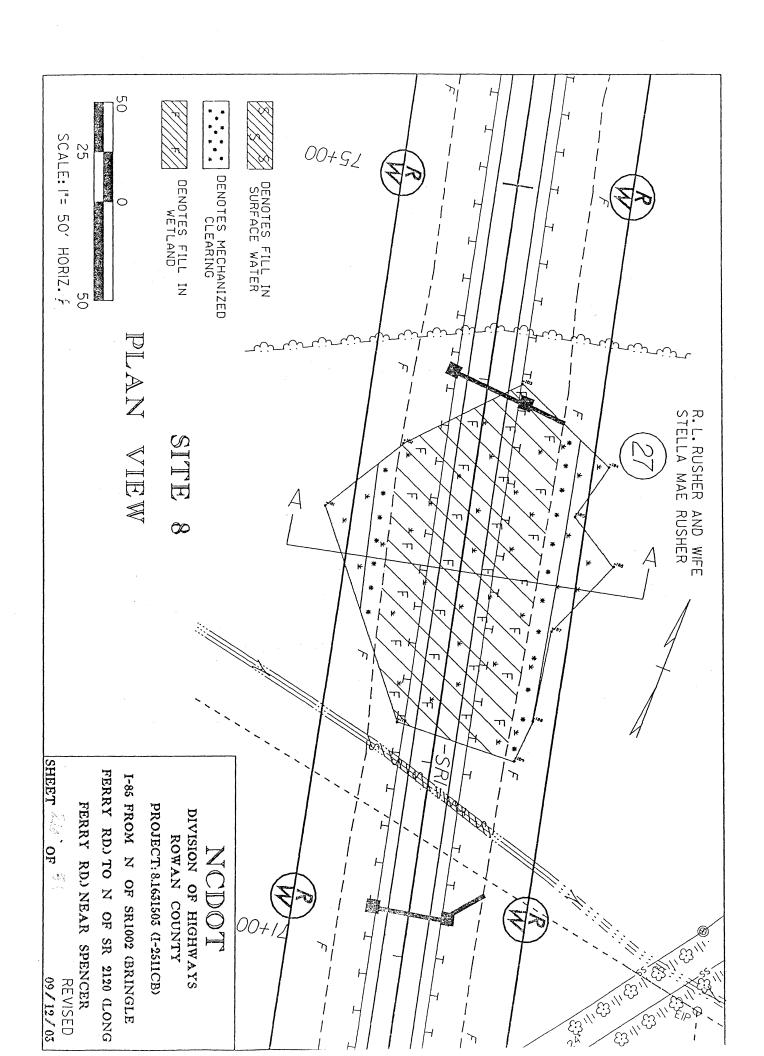


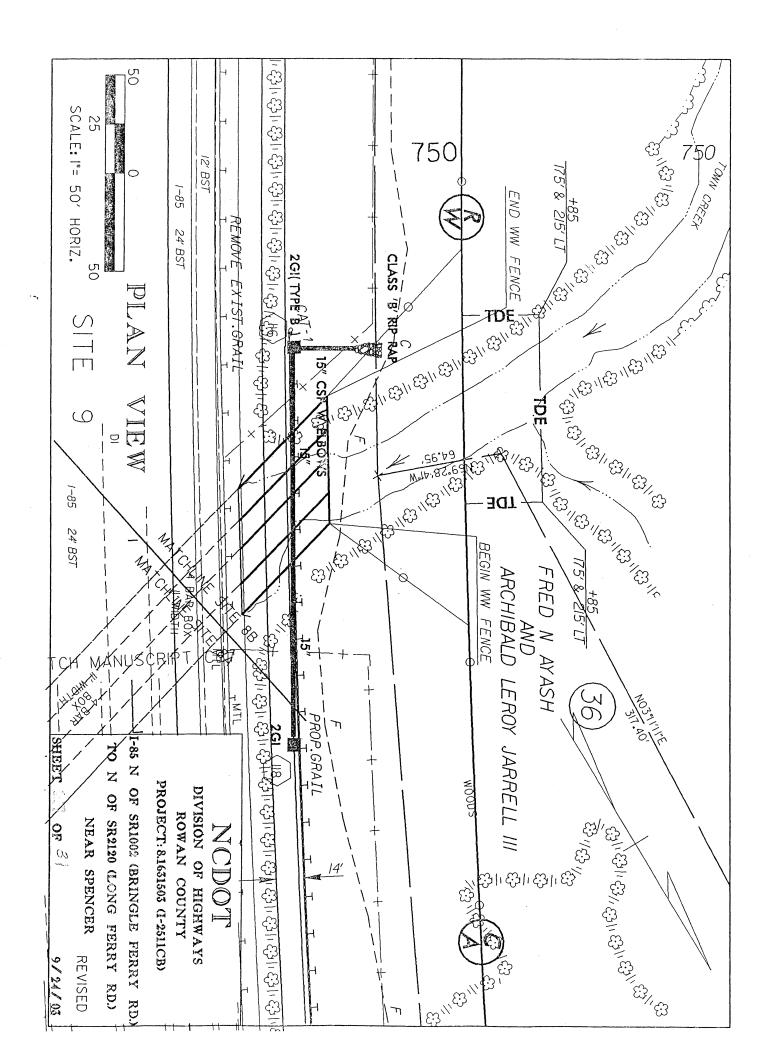


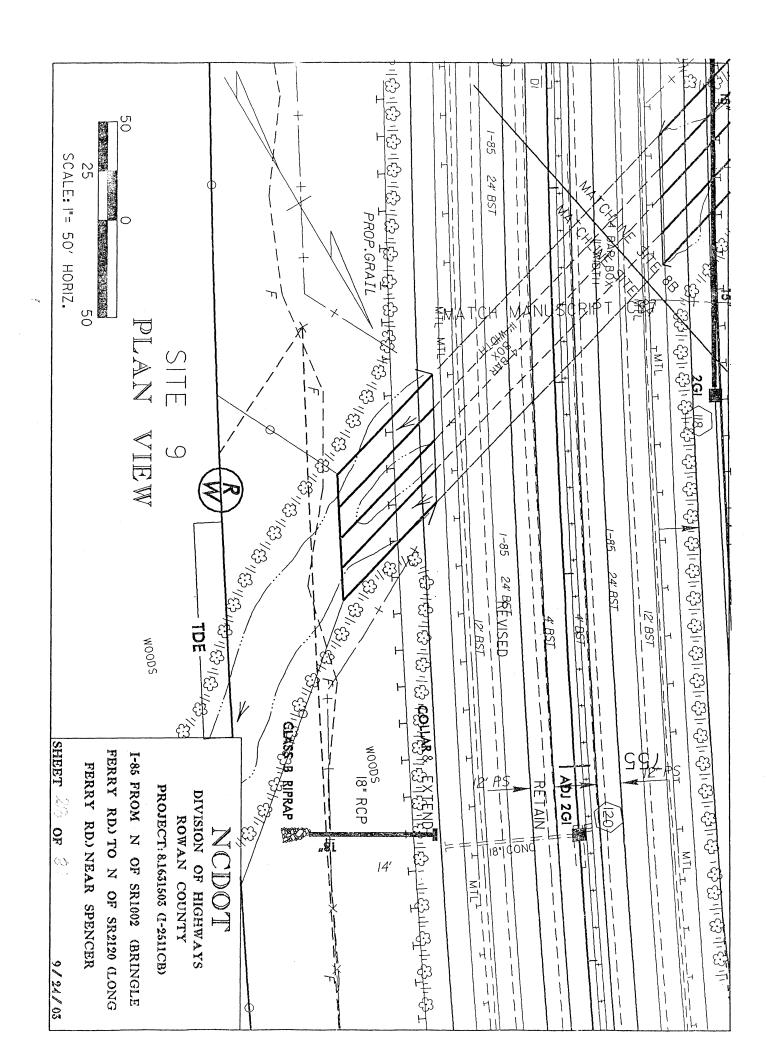












		TOTALS:				9		7B	o	5		ω			No.	Site		ACTION OF THE ABOVE OF
SITE 7A: 230ft. Does not require mitigation 22ft. Does require mitigation Site8: 90ft. Does not require mitigation	SITE 3: 93ft. Does SITE 6: 163ft. Does 37ft. Doe			-		752+65.85-L-	SR1-72+00	808+00-812+00	SRC 31+40 (LT.)	708+00-717+00 -L-	RPIC 16+00	49+27 -SR1- (LT.)	680+00 -L- (LT/RT)	647+50 -L- (LT/RT)	(From/To) (-L-)	Station		
SITE 7A: 230ft. Does not require mitigation 22ft. Does require mitigation Site8: 90ft. Does not require mitigation	93ft. Does not require mitigation 163ft. Does not require mitigation 37ft. Does require mitigation					4@11' x 13' RCBC	NONE	18"/30"RCP/8x7 RCBC	NONE	SPANS:3@60';1@45'	18" RCP	18" RCP	30" RCP	30" RCP	Size / Type	Structure		
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<u>\$</u>	N.C.	0.84				0.1	0	0.06	0.009	0.64	0.008	0.01	0.01	0.003	(Natural) (ac)	Fill In SW		ARY
PROJECT: 8.1	C. DEPT. OF DIVISION OR ROWA	0				0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	(Pond) (ac)	Fill In SW	SURFAC	
PROJECT: 8.1631503 (I-2511CB) REVISED HEET OF (9/12/03	DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS ROWAN COUNTY	0				0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	In SW (ac)	Temp. Fill	SURFACE WATER IMPACTS	
511CB) SED (9/12/03)	ATION S	2218				130	90	481	200	864	114	93	180	99	Impacted (ft)	Existing Channel	1PACTS	
		1375				0	0	0	0	13/5	0	0	0	0	Design (ft)	Natural Stream		

NAMES AND ADDRESSES

PARCEL	NO.	NAMES	ADDRESSES					
1		JAMES E.SMITH	453 STEEPLECHASE TRAIL SALISBURY N.C. 28144					
2		JAMES E.SMITH	453 STEEPLECHASE TRAIL SALISBURY N.C. 28144					
9		WALLACE PROPERTIES	301 N. MAIN ST. SALISBURY N.C. 28145-0102					
10	VOY	YLS W.& SHARON TYSINGER	740 CHOATE RD. SALISBURY N.C. 28146					
12	NE	W HOPE BAPTIST CHURCH	830 CHOATE RD. SALISBURY N.C. 28146					
16	0	LIN E. STAMPER & WIFE	308 HENDERSON ST. SALISBURY N.C. 28144					
27	ROB	ERT LEE & STELLA RUSHER	721 ANDREWS ST. SALISBURY N.C. 28144-8714					
28	CE	CIL B. DAY COMPANIES, INC.	7000 CENTRAL PARKWAY NE STE.850 ATLANTA GA.30328					
29		DEBORAH T. AREY	2685 PROVIDENCE CHURCH RD. SALISBURY N.C. 28146					

NCDOT

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS ROWAN COUNTY PROJECT: 8.1631503 (I-2511CB)

I-85 FROM N OF SR 1002 (BRINGLE FERRY RD.) TO N OF SR 2120 (LONG FERRY RD.) NEAR SPENCER

SHEET 30 OF 3 7/02/02

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65	MARY LONG	OVERHILL DR. SALISBURY N.C. 28144
67	TEDDY BARNES & WIFE	405 WILLOW CREEK DR. SALISBURY, N.C. 28146- 2469
18A.	CLARICE H.& KAREN L.ROE	2 LAUREL BROOK CT. GREENSBORO, N.C. 27407- 5037

NCDOT

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
ROWAN COUNTY

DROJECT: 91671507 (I-9511CB)

PROJECT: 8.1631503 (I-2511CB)

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D.K. Henderwyr

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

HYDIVIDLED GRA

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SECRETARY

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GOVERNOR MEMO TO:

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The Horses

Ferry Rd) to North of SR 2120 (Long Ferry Rd)

Merger 4C Meeting - Wetland Site 8

This letter is in response to the Merger 4C meeting held September 19, 2002. During the meeting, Mr. Eric Alsmeyer, with the US Army Corps of Engineers, requested additional information documenting why adjustments could not be made to the preliminary design to avoid/minimize impacts to wetland site 8.

Wetland site 8 is impacted by a relocated service road in the southwest quadrant of the reconstructed Old Union Church Road interchange. The purpose of the service road is to provide access to the properties along I-85 and Old Union Church Road. Without the service road, these properties would not have access because the project requires full control of access along I-85 and Old Union Church Road. The control of access extends along Old Union Church Road approximately 900 feet from the proposed ramp terminal. This control of access will prohibit any future driveway connections that could effect the operation of the at grade intersection with the proposed interchange ramps and Old Union Church Road.

The service road ties into Old Union Church Road approximately 600 feet west beyond the proposed control of access. relocated beyond the control of access help maintain traffic during construction and avoid conflicting with a temporary detour. The temporary detour is required while earth embankment is placed to raise the grade along Old Union Church Road.

TELEPHONE: 919-250-4016

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The construction limits required for the service road is approximately 100 feet. The approximate width of the wetland site 8 is 150 feet. To shift the horizontal alignment to avoid the wetland site would require the horizontal alignment to shift approximately 130 feet to the north or a shift of 120 feet to the south.

Because of the relatively short distance from wetland site 8 to the proposed intersection between the service road and Old Union Church Road, shifting the horizontal alignment northward would be unacceptable from a design standpoint. The alignment would not meet our current design guidelines for the design speed of the service road. Shifting the horizontal alignment southward would require the relocation of a cell tower. Based upon coordination with our Right of Way Branch, the approximate costs to relocate the cell tower is \$250,000.

In summary, I regret that wetland site 8 is impacted by the service road; however, due to the existing constraints as noted above, it appears that impacts to the wetland site 8 are unavoidable.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (919) 250-4016.

RDT

cc: Jay A. Bennett, PE
Wayne Patterson - Div. 9 Right of Way