

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

BEVERLY EAVES PERDUE
GOVERNOR

EUGENE A. CONTI, JR. SECRETARY

November 3, 2009

U. S. Army Corps of Engineers 151 Patton Avenue, Room 208 Asheville, NC 28801-5006

ATTN:

Mr. David Baker

NCDOT Coordinator

Subject:

Application for Section 404 Nationwide Permits 23, 33 and Section 401 Water Quality Certification for the proposed replacement of Bridge No. 37 over Hopper Creek on NC 226 in McDowell County, Federal Aid Project No.

BRSTP-226(9); Division 14; TIP No. B-4190

\$240.00 debit WBS 33537.1.1

Dear Sir:

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) proposes to replace Bridge No. 37 over Hopper Creek on NC 226 with a culvert. There will be 62 linear feet of permanent impact to Hopper Creek due to installation of a three barrel (12 ft. x 11 ft.) box culvert and 48 linear feet of permanent impact due to bank stabilization. An additional 0.04 acre of temporary impact will occur due to the placement of an on-site detour and dewatering of Hopper Creek during installation of the box culvert.

Please see enclosed copies of the Pre-Construction Notification (PCN), jurisdictional determination form, stormwater management plan, permit drawings and design plans for the above mentioned project. A request to EEP has been sent for mitigation of the 62-foot culvert. The acceptance letter is pending. The Categorical Exclusion (CE) was completed in September 2005 and a Right of Way Consultation was completed in June 2009. Copies of these were distributed shortly thereafter. Additional copies are available upon request.

Please note that this project is an accelerated bridge project on NCDOT's Maintenance of Effort list. The NCDOT Administration has deemed these projects highest priority. This project calls for a letting date of June 15, 2010 and a review date of April 27, 2010; however, the let date may advance as additional funding becomes available.

TELEPHONE: 919-431-2000 FAX: 919-431-2002 LOCATION: 4701 ATLANTIC AVENUE SUITE 116 RALEIGH NC 27604

WEBSITE: WWW.NCDOT.ORG

A copy of this permit application will be posted on the NCDOT Website at: http://www.ncdot.org/doh/preconstruct/pe/. If you have any questions or need additional information, please call Jason Dilday at (919) 431-6693.

Sincerely

Gregory J. Thorpe, Ph.D.

Environmental Management Director, PDEA

W/attachment

Mr. Brian Wrenn, NCDWQ (5 Copies)

Ms. Marella Buncick, USFWS

Ms. Marla Chambers, NCWRC

W/o attachment (see website for attachments)

Dr. David Chang, P.E., Hydraulics

Mr. Victor Barbour, P.E., Project Services Unit

Mr. Greg Perfetti, P.E., Structure Design

Mr. Mark Staley, Roadside Environmental

Mr. J.J. Swain, P.E. (Div. 13), Division Engineer

Mr. Roger Bryan (Div. 13), DEO

Mr. Jay Bennett, P.E., Roadway Design

Mr. Majed Alghandour, P. E., Programming and TIP

Mr. Art McMillan, P.E., Highway Design

Mr. Scott McLendon, USACE, Wilmington

Ms. Beth Harmon, EEP

Mr. Phillip Ayscue, NCDOT External Audit Branch

Mr. Vincent J. Rhea, PE, PDEA Project Planning Engineer





Office Use Only:	
Corps action ID no.	
DWQ project no.	
Form Version 1.3 Dec 10 2008	

	Pre-Construction Notification (PCN) Form					
A.	Applicant Information					
1.	Processing					
1a.	Type(s) of approval sought from t	he	⊠ Section 404 Permit ☐ Section	on 10 Permit	and the second s	
1b.	Specify Nationwide Permit (NWP)	number: 2	23 33 or General Permit (GP)	number:		
1c.	Has the NWP or GP number been	n verified b	by the Corps?	Yes	⊠ No	
1d.	Type(s) of approval sought from t	he DWQ (d	check all that apply):			
		,	,	al General Permi	t	
	☐ 401 Water Quality Certification	n – Expres	s Riparian Buffer Autho	orization		
1e.	Is this notification solely for the rebecause written approval is not re		For the record only for DWQ 401 Certification:	For the record	only for Corps Permit:	
		·	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	⊠ No	
1f.	1f. Is payment into a mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program proposed for mitigation of impacts? If so, attach the acceptance letter from mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program.				□No	
1g.	1g. Is the project located in any of NC's twenty coastal counties. If yes, answer 1h below.				⊠ No	
1h.	Is the project located within a NC	DCM Area	a of Environmental Concern (AEC)?	Yes	⊠ No	
2.	Project Information					
2a.	Name of project:	Replacme	ent of Bridge 37 over Hopper Creek o	on NC 226		
2b.	County:	McDowell	1			
2c.	Nearest municipality / town:	Dysartsvi	lle			
	Subdivision name:	not applic	cable			
2e.	NCDOT only, T.I.P. or state project no:	B-4190				
3.	Owner Information					
3a.	Name(s) on Recorded Deed:	North Ca	rolina Department of Transportation			
<u> </u>	Deed Book and Page No.	not applicable				
	Responsible Party (for LLC if applicable):	or LLC if not applicable				
	d. Street address: 1598 Mail Service Center					
	. City, state, zip:	state, zip: Raleigh, NC 27699-1598				
3f.	Telephone no.:	(919) 431	1-6693	****		
<u> </u>	. Fax no.:	(919) 431	1-2002			
3h.	h. Email address: jldilday@ncdot.gov					

4.	Applicant Information (if different from owner)			
4a.	Applicant is:	☐ Agent		Other, specify:
4b.	Name:	not applicat	le	
4c.	Business name (if applicable):			
4d.	Street address:			
4e.	City, state, zip:			
4f.	Telephone no.:			
4g.	Fax no.:			
4h.	Email address:			
5.	Agent/Consultant Information	n (if applicab	le)	
5a.	Name:	not applicat	le	
5b.	Business name (if applicable):			
5c.	Street address:			
5d.	City, state, zip:			
5e.	Telephone no.:			
5f.	Fax no.:			
5g.	Email address:			ı

В.	Project Information and Prior Project History		B. Project Information and Prior Project History					
1.	Property Identification							
1a.	Property identification no. (tax PIN or parcel ID):	not applicable						
1b.	Site coordinates (in decimal degrees):	Latitude: 35.5967 (DD.DDDDDD		Longitude: - 81.85977 (-DD.DDDDDD)				
1c.	Property size:	6.8 acres						
2.	Surface Waters							
2a.	Name of nearest body of water (stream, river, etc.) to proposed project:	Hopper Creek						
2b.	Water Quality Classification of nearest receiving water:	С						
2c.	River basin:	Catawba						
3.	Project Description							
За.	Ba. Describe the existing conditions on the site and the general land use in the vicinity of the project at the time of this application: Agricultural with minor residential development.							
3b.	b. List the total estimated acreage of all existing wetlands on the property: 0.0							
Зс.	3c. List the total estimated linear feet of all existing streams (intermittent and perennial) on the property: 225 feet perennial (Hopper Creek)							
3d.	3d. Explain the purpose of the proposed project: To replace a structurally deficient and functionally obsolete bridge (Sufficiency rating of 42.6 out of 100 in 2005).							
3e.	Be. Describe the overall project in detail, including the type of equipment to be used:							
	The project involves replacing a 76-foot long, three span bridge building equipment, such as trucks, dozers, and cranes will be		12' x 11') box	cuivert. Standard road				
4.	Jurisdictional Determinations							
4a	 Have jurisdictional wetland or stream determinations by the Corps or State been requested or obtained for this property / project (including all prior phases) in the past? Comments: No JD was needed. Hopper Creek is a perennial stream. 	☐ Yes	⊠ No	Unknown				
4b	. If the Corps made the jurisdictional determination, what type of determination was made?	☐ Preliminary [Final					
4c	. If yes, who delineated the jurisdictional areas? Name (if known):	Agency/Consulta Other:	ant Company	:				
4d	. If yes, list the dates of the Corps jurisdictional determinations of	or State determina	tions and atta	ach documentation.				
5.	Project History			The second secon				
5a	. Have permits or certifications been requested or obtained for this project (including all prior phases) in the past?	☐ Yes [⊠ No	Unknown				
5b	. If yes, explain in detail according to "help file" instructions.							
6.	Future Project Plans							
6a	. Is this a phased project?	☐ Yes	⊠ No					
6b	o. If yes, explain.							

C. Proposed Impa	cts Inventory								
1. Impacts Summa	ary								
1a. Which sections w	1a. Which sections were completed below for your project (check all that apply):								
☐ Wetlands	⊠s	treams - tributaries	☐ Buf	fers					
☐ Open Waters	□ P	ond Construction							
2. Wetland Impact					_				
				ion for each wetland a		of .			
2a. Wetland impact	2b.	2c.	2d.	2e. Type of jurisdic		2f.			
number –	Type of impact	Type of wetland	Forested	(Corps - 404,	10	Area of impact			
Permanent (P) or Temporary (T)		(if known)		DWQ – non-404,	otner)	(acres)			
Site 1 P T			Yes	Corps					
			☐ No ☐ Yes	☐ DWQ ☐ Corps					
Site 2 P T			☐ Yes	☐ Corps					
Site 3 P T			Yes	Corps					
			☐ No☐ Yes	DWQ Corps					
Site 4 P T			☐ No	DWQ					
Site 5 P T			Yes	Corps					
-··- · Ш ·			□ No □ Yes	DWQ					
Site 6 P T			☐ Yes	│					
	4		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2g. Total wetlar	nd impacts	X Permanent			
2h. Comments:				-		X Temporary			
3. Stream Impacts	s								
If there are perennia question for all strea		eam impacts (includ	ing temporary ir	npacts) proposed on t	he site, then c	omplete this			
3a.	3b.	3c.	3d.	3e.	3f.	3g.			
Stream impact number -	Type of impact	Stream name	Perennial (PER) or	Type of jurisdiction	Average stream	Impact length (linear feet)			
Permanent (P) or			intermittent	(Corps - 404, 10	width	(
Temporary (T)			(INT)?	DWQ - non-404,	(feet)				
			□ PER	other) Corps					
Site 1 🛛 P 🗌 T	Box Culvert	Hopper Creek	□ INT	□ DWQ	13	62			
Sito 2 M D T T	Bank Stabilization at	Honner Creat	⊠ PER	⊠ Corps	13	48			
Site 2 P T	Stabilization at Culvert	Hopper Creek	☐ INT	DWQ	13	40			
01.0	Dewatering		⊠ PER	⊠ Corps	4.0	80			
Site 3 ☐ P ☑ T	and On-site Detour	Hopper Creek	INT	DWQ	13	(0.04 acre)			
Site 4 P T			PER	Corps					
			☐ INT	☐ DWQ ☐ Corps					
Site 5 P T			□ INT	DWQ					
Site 6 P T			☐ PER ☐ INT	☐ Corps ☐ DWQ					
		1				110 Perm			
		3h. Total stream and tributary impacts 80 Temp							

3i. Comme	3i. Comments: Temporary impacts to Hopper Creek due to installation of culvert and on-site detour equals 0.04 acres.									
4. Open	Water In	npacts								
		ed impacts to lakes, dually list all open w				es, sounds	s, the Atlantic	Ocean,	or any other op	en water of
4a.	4a. 4b. 4c.						4d.	d. 4e.		
Open w impact nui Permanen	mber – t (P) or	Name of waterbody (if applicable)	Type of impact		Waterbody type		Area of impact (acres)			
Tempora O1 ☐ P										
02 🗆 P										
02 🔲 F			<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
03 🔲 F				··········						
<u> </u>	4f. Total open water impacts X Permanent X Temporary									
4g. Comm	ents:									
5. Pond	or Lake	Construction		····						
If pond or	lake con	struction proposed,	then com	plete	the chart b	elow.				
5a.	5b.	on action proposed,	5c.	p.0.0			5d.			5e.
Pond ID	Pro	oposed use or	We	Wetland Impacts (acres)		Stream Impac		cts (feet)	Upland (acres)	
number	pu	rpose of pond	Flood	ed	Filled	Excavat ed	Flooded	Filled	Excavated	Flooded
P1										
P2										
		5f. Total								
5g. Comm	nents:									
5h. Is a dam high hazard permit required?			ΠY	es	□No	If yes, per	mit ID no):		
5i. Expe	5i. Expected pond surface area (acres):									
5j. Size	5j. Size of pond watershed (acres):									
5k. Method of construction:										

6. Buffer Impacts (for DWQ)							
If project will impact a protected riparian buffer, then complete the chart below. If yes, then individually list all buffer impacts below. If any impacts require mitigation, then you MUST fill out Section D of this form.							
6a.			☐ Neuse	☐ Tar-Pamlico	Other:		
Project is in which i	protected basin?		☐ Catawba	Randleman			
6b.	6c.	6d.	6e.	6f.	6g.		
Buffer impact number – Permanent (P) or Temporary (T)	Reason for impact	Stream name	Buffer mitigation required?	Zone 1 impact (square feet)	Zone 2 impact (square feet)		
B1 □ P □ T			☐ Yes ☐ No				
B2			☐ Yes ☐ No				
ВЗ □Р□Т			☐ Yes ☐ No				
	6h. Total buffer impacts						
6i. Comments:	6i. Comments:						

D.	. Impact Justification and Mitigation					
1.	Avoidance and Minimization					
1a.	Specifically describe measures taken to avoid or minimize the	he proposed impacts in designing project.				
	Replacing a structurally deficient bridge with a structure that cost of maintanence.	t is safer for commuters. Placement of box culvert will reduce				
1b.	Specifically describe measures taken to avoid or minimize to	he proposed impacts through construction techniqu ϵ s.				
	Rip rap for bank stabilization will be kept at a minimum and will only be used to protect the culvert.					
2.	Compensatory Mitigation for Impacts to Waters of the L	J.S. or Waters of the State				
2a.	Does the project require Compensatory Mitigation for impacts to Waters of the U.S. or Waters of the State?					
2b.	If yes, mitigation is required by (check all that apply):	☐ DWQ ☐ Corps				
2c.	If yes, which mitigation option will be used for this project?	 ☐ Mitigation bank ☑ Payment to in-lieu fee program ☐ Permittee Responsible Mitigation 				
3.	. Complete if Using a Mitigation Bank					
За	Ba. Name of Mitigation Bank: not applicable					
3b	. Credits Purchased (attach receipt and letter)	Type Quantity				
3с	. Comments:					
4.	Complete if Making a Payment to In-lieu Fee Program					
4a	. Approval letter from in-lieu fee program is attached.	⊠ Yes				
4b	. Stream mitigation requested:	62 linear feet				
40	. If using stream mitigation, stream temperature:	⊠ warm □ cool □cold				
40	. Buffer mitigation requested (DWQ only):	square feet				
46	. Riparian wetland mitigation requested:	acres				
4f	Non-riparian wetland mitigation requested:	acres				
40	. Coastal (tidal) wetland mitigation requested:	acres				
4r	. Comments: Mitigation is for the placement of the box culver	rt replacing the current bridge.				
5.	Complete if Using a Permittee Responsible Mitigation I	Plan				
58	5a. If using a permittee responsible mitigation plan, provide a description of the proposed mitigation plan.					

6. Buffer	6. Buffer Mitigation (State Regulated Riparian Buffer Rules) – required by DWQ							
	project result in an impact w nitigation?	☐ Yes						
6b. If yes, then identify the square feet of impact to each zone of the riparian buffer that requires mitigation. Calculate the amount of mitigation required.								
	6c.	6d.		6e.				
Zone	Reason for impact	Total impact (square feet)	Multiplier	Required mitigation (square feet)				
Zone 1			3 (2 for Catawba)					
Zone 2			1.5					
		6f. Total buffer	mitigation required:					
6g. If buffer mitigation is required, discuss what type of mitigation is proposed (e.g., payment to private mitigation bank, permittee responsible riparian buffer restoration, payment into an approved in-lieu fee fund).								
6h. Comme	6h. Comments:							

E.	Stormwater Management and Diffuse Flow Plan (required by DWQ)	
1.	Diffuse Flow Plan	
1a.	Does the project include or is it adjacent to protected riparian buffers identified within one of the NC Riparian Buffer Protection Rules?	☐ Yes
1b.	If yes, then is a diffuse flow plan included? If no, explain why. Comments:	☐ Yes ☐ No
2.	Stormwater Management Plan	
2a.	What is the overall percent imperviousness of this project?	N/A
2b.	Does this project require a Stormwater Management Plan?	⊠ Yes □ No
2c.	If this project DOES NOT require a Stormwater Management Plan, explain why:	
2d.	. If this project DOES require a Stormwater Management Plan, then provide a brief, nar See attached permit drawings.	rrative description of the plan:
2e	. Who will be responsible for the review of the Stormwater Management Plan?	☐ Certified Local Government☐ DWQ Stormwater Program☐ DWQ 401 Unit
3.	Certified Local Government Stormwater Review	
3a.	In which local government's jurisdiction is this project?	not applicable
3b	. Which of the following locally-implemented stormwater management programs apply (check all that apply):	☐ Phase II ☐ NSW ☐ USMP ☐ Water Supply Watershed ☐ Other:
3с.	. Has the approved Stormwater Management Plan with proof of approval been attached?	☐ Yes ☐ No
4.	DWQ Stormwater Program Review	
4a	Which of the following state-implemented stormwater management programs apply (check all that apply):	☐ Coastal counties ☐ HQW ☐ ORW ☐ Session Law 2006-246 ☐ Other:
4t	Has the approved Stormwater Management Plan with proof of approval been attached?	☐ Yes ☐ No
5.	DWQ 401 Unit Stormwater Review	
56	a. Does the Stormwater Management Plan meet the appropriate requirements?	⊠ Yes □ No
5t	o. Have all of the 401 Unit submittal requirements been met?	⊠ Yes □ No

F.	Supplementary Information				
1.	Environmental Documentation (DWQ Requirement)				
1a.	Does the project involve an expenditure of public (federal/state/local) funds or the use of public (federal/state) land?	⊠ Yes	□No		
1b.	If you answered "yes" to the above, does the project require preparation of an environmental document pursuant to the requirements of the National or State (North Carolina) Environmental Policy Act (NEPA/SEPA)?	⊠ Yes	□No		
1c.	If you answered "yes" to the above, has the document review been finalized by the State Clearing House? (If so, attach a copy of the NEPA or SEPA final approval letter.)	⊠ Yes	□No		
	Comments:				
2.	Violations (DWQ Requirement)				
2a.	Is the site in violation of DWQ Wetland Rules (15A NCAC 2H .0500), Isolated Wetland Rules (15A NCAC 2H .1300), DWQ Surface Water or Wetland Standards, or Riparian Buffer Rules (15A NCAC 2B .0200)?	Yes	⊠ No		
2b.	Is this an after-the-fact permit application?	☐ Yes	⊠ No		
2¢.	If you answered "yes" to one or both of the above questions, provide an explanation of	of the violation(s):			
3.	Cumulative Impacts (DWQ Requirement)				
3a	. Will this project (based on past and reasonably anticipated future impacts) result in additional development, which could impact nearby downstream water quality?	☐ Yes ☑ No			
3b	. If you answered "yes" to the above, submit a qualitative or quantitative cumulative impost recent DWQ policy. If you answered "no," provide a short narrative description.	pact analysis in a	ccordance with the		
	Due to the minimal transportation impact resulting from this bridge replacement, this project will neither influence nearby land uses nor stimulate growth. Therefore, a detailed indirect or cumulative effects study will not be necessary.				
4.	Sewage Disposal (DWQ Requirement)		AND		
4a	. Clearly detail the ultimate treatment methods and disposition (non-discharge or discharge the proposed project, or available capacity of the subject facility. not applicable	arge) of wastewa	ter generated from		

5.	Endangered Species and Designated Critical Habitat (Corps Requirement)					
5a.	Will this project occur in or near an area habitat?	a with federally protected species or	☐ Yes I	⊠ No		
5b.	Have you checked with the USFWS co impacts?	☐ Yes	⊠ No			
5c.	If yes, indicate the USFWS Field Office	☐ Raleigh ☐ Asheville				
5d.	What data sources did you use to dete Habitat?	rmine whether your site would impact Er	ndangered Species or D	esignated Critical		
	USFWS web page of T/E species for N	IcDowell County and the NHP database	of element occurrences			
6.	Essential Fish Habitat (Corps Requi	rement)				
6a.	Will this project occur in or near an area	a designated as essential fish habitat?	☐Yes	⊠ No		
6b.	6b. What data sources did you use to determine whether your site would impact Essential Fish Habitat? NMFS County Index					
7.	Historic or Prehistoric Cultural Reso	ources (Corps Requirement)		A. C. M. W.		
7a.	7a. Will this project occur in or near an area that the state, federal or tribal governments have designated as having historic or cultural preservation status (e.g., National Historic Trust designation or properties significant in North Carolina history and archaeology)? ☐ Yes ☐ No					
7b	. What data sources did you use to dete NEPA Documentation	ermine whether your site would impact hi	storic or archeological re	esources?		
8.	Flood Zone Designation (Corps Requ	irement)				
8a	. Will this project occur in a FEMA-desig	nated 100-year floodplain?	⊠ Yes [□ No		
8b. If yes, explain how project meets FEMA requirements: NCDOT Hydraulics coordination with FEMA						
8c. What source(s) did you use to make the floodplain determination? FEMA Maps						
Dr. Gregory J. Thorpe, Ph D Applicant/Agent's Printed Name Applicant/Agent's Signature (Agent's signature is valid only if an authorization letter from the applicant is provided.)						

Hopper Creek

APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION FORM **U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**

This form should be completed by following the instructions provided in Section IV of the JD Form Instructional Guidebook.

Α.	REPORT COMPLETION DATE FOR APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (JD):
B.	DISTRICT OFFICE, FILE NAME, AND NUMBER: B-4190 (Replacement of Bridge No. 37 on NC 226 over Hopper Creek)
C.	PROJECT LOCATION AND BACKGRO JND INFORMATION: State: NC County/parish/borou 3h: McDowell City: Dysartsville Center coordinates of site (lat/long in degree decimal format): Lat. 35.59674° N, Long. 81.85977'° W. Universal Transverse Mercator: Name of nearest waterbody: Hopper Creek Name of nearest Traditional Navigable Water (TNW) into which the aquatic resource flows: South Fork New River Name of watershed or Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC): 05050001 Check if map/diagram of review area and/or potential jurisdictional areas is/are available upon request.
	Check if other sites (e.g., offsite mitigation sites, disposal sites, etc) are associated with this action and are recorded on a different JD form.
D.	REVIEW PERFORMED FOR SITE EVALUATION (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY): Office (Desk) Determination. Date: Field Determination. Date(s):
SEC A.	CTION II: SUMMARY OF FINDINGS RHA SECTION 10 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION.
	where Are no "navigable waters of the U.S." within Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 329) in the lew area. [Required] Waters subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. Waters are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce. Explain:
В.	CWA SECTION 404 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION.
The	ere Are "waters of the U.S." within Clean Water Act (CWA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 328) in the review area. [Required]
	1. Waters of the U.S. a. Indicate presence of waters of U.S. in review area (check all that apply): TNWs, including territorial seas Wetlands adjacent to TNWs Relatively permanent waters² (RPWs) that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs Non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs Wetlands directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs Impoundments of jurisdictional waters Isolated (interstate or intrastate) waters, including isolated wetlands
	b. Identify (estimate) size of waters of the U.S. in the review area: Non-wetland waters: 250 linear feet: 13 width (ft) and/or acres. Wetlands: acres.
	c. Limits (boundaries) of jurisdiction based on: Established by OHWM. Elevation of established OHWM (if known):
	 Non-regulated waters/wetlands (check if applicable):³ Potentially jurisdictional waters and/or wetlands were assessed within the review area and determined to be not jurisdictional Explain:

SECTION I: BACKGROUND INFORMATION

¹ Boxes checked below shall be supported by completing the appropriate sections in Section III below.
² For purposes of this form, an RPW is defined as a tributary that is not a TNW and that typically flows year-round or has continuous flow at least "seasonally" (e.g., typically 3 months).

3 Supporting documentation is presented in Section III.F.

SECTION III: CWA ANALYSIS

A. TNWs AND WETLANDS ADJACENT TO TNWs

The agencies will assert jurisdiction over TNWs and wetlands adjacent to TNWs. If the aquatic resource is a TNW, complete Section III.A.1 and Section III.D.1. only; if the aquatic resource is a wetland adjacent to a TNW, complete Sections III.A.1 and 2 and Section III.D.1.; otherwise, see Section III.B below.

1	l_	Т	N	W	7

Identify TNW:

Summarize rationale supporting determination:

2. Wetland adjacent to TNW

Summarize rationale supporting conclusion that wetland is "adjacent":

B. CHARACTERISTICS OF TRIBUTARY (THAT IS NOT A TNW) AND ITS ADJACENT WETLANDS (IF ANY):

This section summarizes information regarding characteristics of the tributary and its adjacent wetlands, if any, and it helps determine whether or not the standards for jurisdiction established under *Rapanos* have been met.

The agencies will assert jurisdiction over non-navigable tributaries of TNWs where the tributaries are "relatively permanent waters" (RPWs), i.e. tributaries that typically flow year-round or have continuous flow at least seasonally (e.g., typically 3 months). A wetland that directly abuts an RPW is also jurisdictional. If the aquatic resource is not a TNW, but has year-round (perennial) flow, skip to Section III.D.2. If the aquatic resource is a wetland directly abutting a tributary with perennial flow, skip to Section III.D.4.

A wetland that is adjacent to but that does not directly abut an RPW requires a significant nexus evaluation. Corps districts and EPA regions will include in the record any available information that documents the existence of a significant nexus between a relatively permanent tributary that is not perennial (and its adjacent wetlands if any) and a traditional navigable water, even though a significant nexus finding is not required as a matter of law.

If the waterbody is not an RPW, or a wetland directly abutting an RPW, a JD will require additional data to determine if the waterbody has a significant nexus with a TNW. If the tributary has adjacent wetlands, the significant nexus evaluation must consider the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands. This significant nexus evaluation that combines, for analytical purposes, the tributary and all of its adjacent wetlands is used whether the review area identified in the JD request is the tributary, or its adjacent wetlands, or both. If the JD covers a tributary with adjacent wetlands, complete Section III.B.1 for the tributary, Section III.B.2 for any onsite wetlands, and Section III.B.3 for all wetlands adjacent to that tributary, both onsite and offsite. The determination whether a significant nexus exists is determined in Section III.C below.

1. Characteristics of non-TNWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNW

(i) General Area Conditions:

Watershed size: Pick List
Drainage area: Pick List
Average annual rainfall: inches
Average annual snowfall: inches

(ii) Physical Characteristics:

(a) Relationship with TNW:

Tributary flows directly into TNW.

Tributary flows through **Pick List** tributaries before entering TNW.

Project waters are **Pick List** river miles from TNW. Project waters are **Pick List** river miles from RPW.

Project waters are **Pick List** aerial (straight) miles from TNW.

Project waters are Pick List aerial (straight) miles from RPW.

Project waters cross or serve as state boundaries. Explain:

Identify flow route to TNW⁵:

Tributary stream order, if known:

⁴ Note that the Instructional Guidebook contains additional information regarding swales, ditches, washes, and erosional features generally and in the arid West.

⁵ Flow route can be described by identifying, e.g., tributary a, which flows through the review area, to flow into tributary b, which then flows into TNW.

	(b)	Tributary is: Natural Artificial (man-made). Explain: Manipulated (man-altered). Explain:
		Tributary properties with respect to top of bank (estimate): Average width: feet Average depth: feet Average side slopes: Pick List.
,		Primary tributary substrate composition (check all that apply): Silts Sands Concrete Cobbles Gravel Muck Bedrock Vegetation. Type/% cover: Other. Explain:
		Tributary condition/stability [e.g., highly eroding, sloughing banks]. Explain: Presence of run/riffle/pool complexes. Explain: Tributary geometry: Pick List Tributary gradient (approximate average slope): %
	(c)	Flow: Tributary provides for: Pick List Estimate average number of flow events in review area/year: Pick List Describe flow regime: Other information on duration and volume:
		Surface flow is: Pick List. Characteristics: .
		Subsurface flow: Pick List. Explain findings: Dye (or other) test performed:
		Tributary has (check all that apply): Bed and banks OHWM ⁶ (check all indicators that apply): clear, natural line impressed on the bank changes in the character of soil shelving vegetation matted down, bent, or absent leaf litter disturbed or washed away sediment deposition water staining other (list): Discontinuous OHWM. ⁷ Explain:
		If factors other than the OHWM were used to determine lateral extent of CWA jurisdiction (check all that apply): High Tide Line indicated by: Oil or scum line along shore objects Fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) Physical markings/characteristics Ditable datum; physical markings; vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
(iii)	Ch	remical Characteristics: aracterize tributary (e.g., water color is clear, discolored, oily film; water quality; general watershed characteristics, etc.) Explain: entify specific pollutants, if known:

⁶A natural or man-made discontinuity in the OHWM does not necessarily sever jurisdiction (e.g., where the stream temporarily flows underground, or where the OHWM has been removed by development or agricultural practices). Where there is a break in the OHWM that is unrelated to the waterbody's flow regime (e.g., flow over a rock outcrop or through a culvert), the agencies will look for indicators of flow above and below the break.

⁷Ibid.

		ogical Characteristics. Channel supports (check all that apply): Riparian corridor. Characteristics (type, average width): Wetland fringe. Characteristics: Habitat for: Federally Listed species. Explain findings: Fish/spawn areas. Explain findings: Other environmentally-sensitive species. Explain findings: Aquatic/wildlife diversity. Explain findings:
2. Chai	racte	eristics of wetlands adjacent to non-TNW that flow directly or indirectly into TNW
		sical Characteristics: General Wetland Characteristics: Properties: Wetland size: acres Wetland type. Explain: Wetland quality. Explain: Project wetlands cross or serve as state boundaries. Explain:
	(b)	General Flow Relationship with Non-TNW: Flow is: Pick List. Explain:
		Surface flow is: Pick List Characteristics:
		Subsurface flow: Pick List. Explain findings: Dye (or other) test performed:
	(c)	Wetland Adjacency Determination with Non-TNW: ☐ Directly abutting ☐ Not directly abutting ☐ Discrete wetland hydrologic connection. Explain: ☐ Ecological connection. Explain: ☐ Separated by berm/barrier. Explain:
	(d)	Proximity (Relationship) to TNW Project wetlands are Pick List river miles from TNW. Project waters are Pick List aerial (straight) miles from TNW. Flow is from: Pick List. Estimate approximate location of wetland as within the Pick List floodplain.
(ii)	Cha	emical Characteristics: aracterize wetland system (e.g., water color is clear, brown, oil film on surface; water quality; general watershed characteristics; etc.). Explain: ntify specific pollutants, if known:
(iii)	Bio	Riparian buffer. Characteristics (type, average width): Vegetation type/percent cover. Explain: Habitat for: Federally Listed species. Explain findings: Fish/spawn areas. Explain findings: Other environmentally-sensitive species. Explain findings: Aquatic/wildlife diversity. Explain findings:
3. Cha	All	teristics of all wetlands adjacent to the tributary (if any) wetland(s) being considered in the cumulative analysis: Pick List proximately () acres in total are being considered in the cumulative analysis.

Directly abuts? (Y/N)

Size (in acres)

Directly abuts? (Y/N)

Size (in acres)

Summarize overall biological, chemical and physical functions being performed:

C. SIGNIFICANT NEXUS DETERMINATION

A significant nexus analysis will assess the flow characteristics and functions of the tributary itself and the functions performed by any wetlands adjacent to the tributary to determine if they significantly affect the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of a TNW. For each of the following situations, a significant nexus exists if the tributary, in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, has more than a speculative or insubstantial effect on the chemical, physical and/or biological integrity of a TNW. Considerations when evaluating significant nexus include, but are not limited to the volume, duration, and frequency of the flow of water in the tributary and its proximity to a TNW, and the functions performed by the tributary and all its adjacent wetlands. It is not appropriate to determine significant nexus based solely on any specific threshold of distance (e.g. between a tributary and its adjacent wetland or between a tributary and the TNW). Similarly, the fact an adjacent wetland lies within or outside of a floodplain is not solely determinative of significant nexus.

Draw connections between the features documented and the effects on the TNW, as identified in the *Rapanos* Guidance and discussed in the Instructional Guidebook. Factors to consider include, for example:

- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have the capacity to carry pollutants or flood waters to TNWs, or to reduce the amount of pollutants or flood waters reaching a TNW?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), provide habitat and lifecycle support functions for fish and other species, such as feeding, nesting, spawning, or rearing young for species that are present in the TNW?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have the capacity to transfer nutrients and organic carbon that support downstream foodwebs?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have other relationships to the physical, chemical, or biological integrity of the TNW?

Note: the above list of considerations is not inclusive and other functions observed or known to occur should be documented below:

- 1. Significant nexus findings for non-RPW that has no adjacent wetlands and flows directly or indirectly into TNWs. Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary itself, then go to Section III.D:
- 2. Significant nexus findings for non-RPW and its adjacent wetlands, where the non-RPW flows directly or indirectly into TNWs. Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, then go to Section III.D:
- 3. Significant nexus findings for wetlands adjacent to an RPW but that do not directly abut the RPW. Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, then go to Section III.D:

D. DETERMINATIONS OF JURISDICTIONAL FINDINGS. THE SUBJECT WATERS/WETLANDS ARE (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):

1.	TNWs and Adjacent Wetlands. Check all that apply and provide size estimates in review area:
	TNWs: linear feet width (ft), Or, acres.
	Wetlands adjacent to TNWs: acres.
2.	RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.
	Tributaries of TNWs where tributaries typically flow year-round are jurisdictional. Provide data and rationale indicating that
	tributary is perennial: Hopper Creek is a perennial stream and has a NCDWQ stream rating scores greater than 30.
	Tributaries of TNW where tributaries have continuous flow "seasonally" (e.g., typically three months each year) are
	jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.B. Provide rationale indicating that tributary flows
	seasonally:

		Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area (check all that apply): Tributary waters: 250 linear feet 13 width (ft). Other non-wetland waters: acres. Identify type(s) of waters: .
	3.	Non-RPWs ⁸ that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs. Waterbody that is not a TNW or an RPW, but flows directly or indirectly into a TNW, and it has a significant nexus with a TNW is jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.
		Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters within the review area (check all that apply): Tributary waters: linear feet width (ft). Other non-wetland waters: acres. Identify type(s) of waters: .
	4.	Wetlands directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs. Wetlands directly abut RPW and thus are jurisdictional as adjacent wetlands. Wetlands directly abutting an RPW where tributaries typically flow year-round. Provide data and rationale indicating that tributary is perennial in Section III.D.2, above. Provide rationale indicating that wetland is directly abutting an RPW:
		Wetlands directly abutting an RPW where tributaries typically flow "seasonally." Provide data indicating that tributary is seasonal in Section III.B and rationale in Section III.D.2, above. Provide rationale indicating that wetland is directly abutting an RPW:
		Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.
	5.	Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs. Wetlands that do not directly abut an RPW, but when considered in combination with the tributary to which they are adjacent and with similarly situated adjacent wetlands, have a significant nexus with a TNW are jurisidictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.
		Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.
	6.	Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs. Wetlands adjacent to such waters, and have when considered in combination with the tributary to which they are adjacent and with similarly situated adjacent wetlands, have a significant nexus with a TNW are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.
		Provide estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.
	7.	As a general rule, the impoundment of a jurisdictional tributary remains jurisdictional. Demonstrate that impoundment was created from "waters of the U.S.," or Demonstrate that water meets the criteria for one of the categories presented above (1-6), or Demonstrate that water is isolated with a nexus to commerce (see E below).
E.	DE	CLATED [INTERSTATE OR INTRA-STATE] WATERS, INCLUDING ISOLATED WETLANDS, THE USE, GRADATION OR DESTRUCTION OF WHICH COULD AFFECT INTERSTATE COMMERCE, INCLUDING ANY CH WATERS (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY): 10 which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce. Interstate isolated waters. Explain: Other factors. Explain:
	Ide	entify water body and summarize rationale supporting determination:

⁸See Footnote # 3.

⁹ To complete the analysis refer to the key in Section III.D.6 of the Instructional Guidebook.

¹⁰ Prior to asserting or declining CWA jurisdiction based solely on this category, Corps Districts will elevate the action to Corps and EPA HQ for review consistent with the process described in the Corps/EPA Memorandum Regarding CWA Act Jurisdiction Following Rapanos.

		ide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area (check all that apply): Fributary waters: linear feet width (ft). Other non-wetland waters: acres. Identify type(s) of waters: . Wetlands: acres.
F.		N-JURISDICTIONAL WATERS, INCLUDING WETLANDS (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY): If potential wetlands were assessed within the review area, these areas did not meet the criteria in the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual and/or appropriate Regional Supplements. Review area included isolated waters with no substantial nexus to interstate (or foreign) commerce. Prior to the Jan 2001 Supreme Court decision in "SWANCC," the review area would have been regulated based solely on the "Migratory Bird Rule" (MBR). Waters do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such a finding is required for jurisdiction. Explain: Other: (explain, if not covered above):
	factoriudg	ride acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area, where the <u>sole</u> potential basis of jurisdiction is the MBR ors (i.e., presence of migratory birds, presence of endangered species, use of water for irrigated agriculture), using best professional ment (check all that apply): Non-wetland waters (i.e., rivers, streams): linear feet width (ft). Lakes/ponds: acres. Other non-wetland waters: acres. List type of aquatic resource: . Wetlands: acres.
	a fin	vide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area that do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such iding is required for jurisdiction (check all that apply): Non-wetland waters (i.e., rivers, streams): linear feet, width (ft). Lakes/ponds: acres. Other non-wetland waters: acres. List type of aquatic resource: Wetlands: acres.
	SUPI	PORTING DATA. Data reviewed for JD (check all that apply - checked items shall be included in case file and, where checked requested, appropriately reference sources below): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant: Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant. Office concurs with data sheets/delineation report. Office does not concur with data sheets/delineation report.
		Data sheets prepared by the Corps: Corps navigable waters' study: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: USGS NHD data. USGS 8 and 12 digit HUC maps.
	麗	U.S. Geological Survey map(s). Cite scale & quad name: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey. Citation: National wetlands inventory map(s). Cite name: State/Local wetland inventory map(s): FEMA/FIRM maps: 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (National Geodectic Vertical Datum of 1929) Photographs: Aerial (Name & Date): or Other (Name & Date):
		Previous determination(s). File no. and date of response letter: Applicable/supporting case law: Applicable/supporting scientific literature: Other information (please specify):

B. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS TO SUPPORT JD:

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

Project: 33537.1.1 TIP #: B-4190 McDowell County

10/23/2009

Hydraulics Project Manager: Roger Weadon, P.E. (MA Engineering),

Marshal Clawson, P.E. (NCDOT Hydraulics Unit)

ROADWAY DESCRIPTION

The project B-4190 consists of constructing a new 3@12'x11' Reinforced Concrete Box Culverts (RCBC) to replace existing Bridge # 32 in McDowell County on NC-226 over Hopper Creek. The total project length is 0.033 miles. The project creates impacts to Hopper Creek, which is located in the Catawba River Basin. The project drainage systems consist of roadside ditches and driveway culverts.

Jurisdiction Stream: Hopper Creek

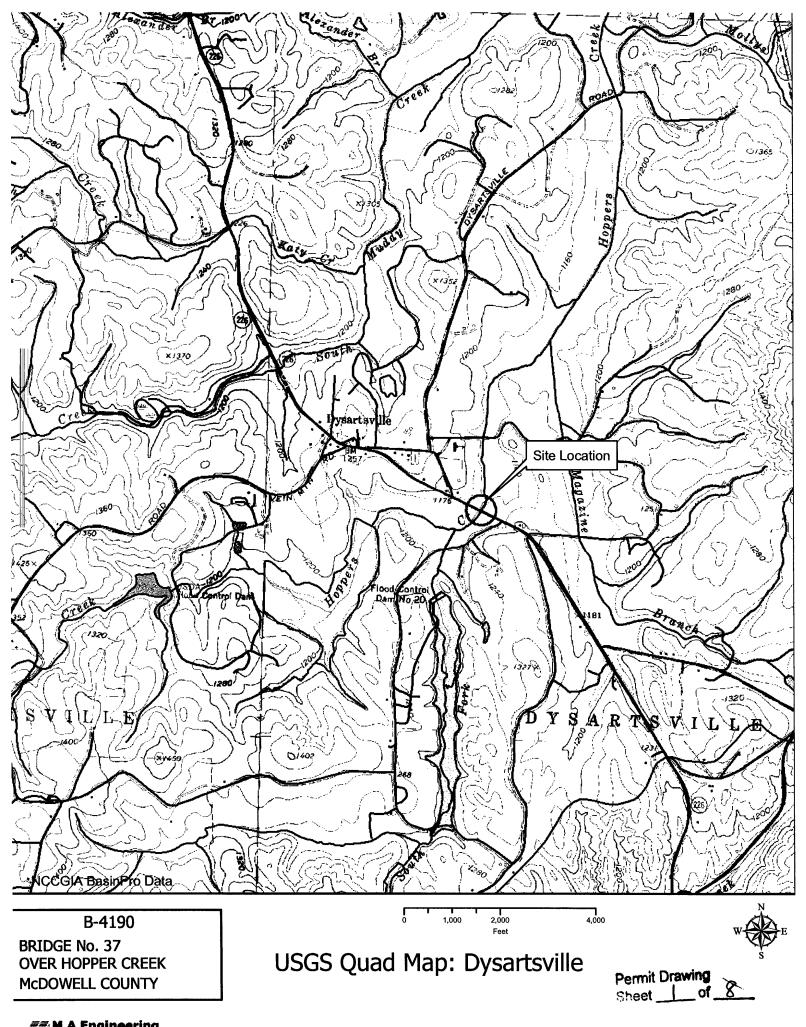
ENVIRONMENTAL DESCRIPTION

The project is located within the Catawba River Basin in McDowell County. Stream impacts have been minimized by the use steepening fill slopes at the culvert and utilizing two of the three barrels as floodplain culverts to minimize impacts to the stream.

BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND MAJOR STRUCTURES

The primary goal of Best Management Practices (BMPs) is to prevent degradation of the states surface waters by the location, construction and operation of the highway system. The BMPs are activities, practices and procedures taken to prevent or reduce stormwater pollution. The BMP measures used on this project to reduce stormwater impacts are:

- Overflow floodplain culvert
- Roadside ditches



M A Engineering

	Property	Owners						
Parcel Number	Names		Addresses					
	Mecklenburg County Council Boy							
2	Scouts of America, Inc	Route 1 Box 761	Nebo	NC	28761			
	Shawn Douglas Stevens & Carol 409 Trinty Church							
3	Ann Crosby	Loop	Nebo	NC	28761			
4	Harold P. McKinney Dairy Farm	1351 Dairy Drive	Nebo	NC	28761			

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

McDowell COUNTY
WBS - 33537.1.1 (B-4190)

SHEET 10/16/2009

Permit Drawing

	•			V () () () ()			WEILAND FERMIT INTACTOR	ŀ	SLIBEACE WATER IMPACTS	MPACTS	
			WEJ	WETLAND IMPACTS	CTS			YLYON L	C WATER -	Evietina Total	
						Hand			Existing	CAISIIII	104.14
		Permanent	Temp.	Excavation	Excavation Mechanized	Clearing	Permanent SW	Temp.	Channel	Channel	Stream
Station (From/To)	Structure Size / Type	Wetlands	Wetlands	Wetlands	in Wetlands	Wetlands	impacts	impacts	Permanent	Temp.	Design (#)
		(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(H)	(III)	(11)
-L- 17+63 to 18+12	3 @ 12 x 11 RCBC						0.01	0.01	79		
-L- 17+63 to 18+12	Bank Stabilization						0.01		48		
	Tempoarary 12 X 10 X 8 Pipe							0.03		80	
-DET- 17+91 to 18+22	Arch							20:0			
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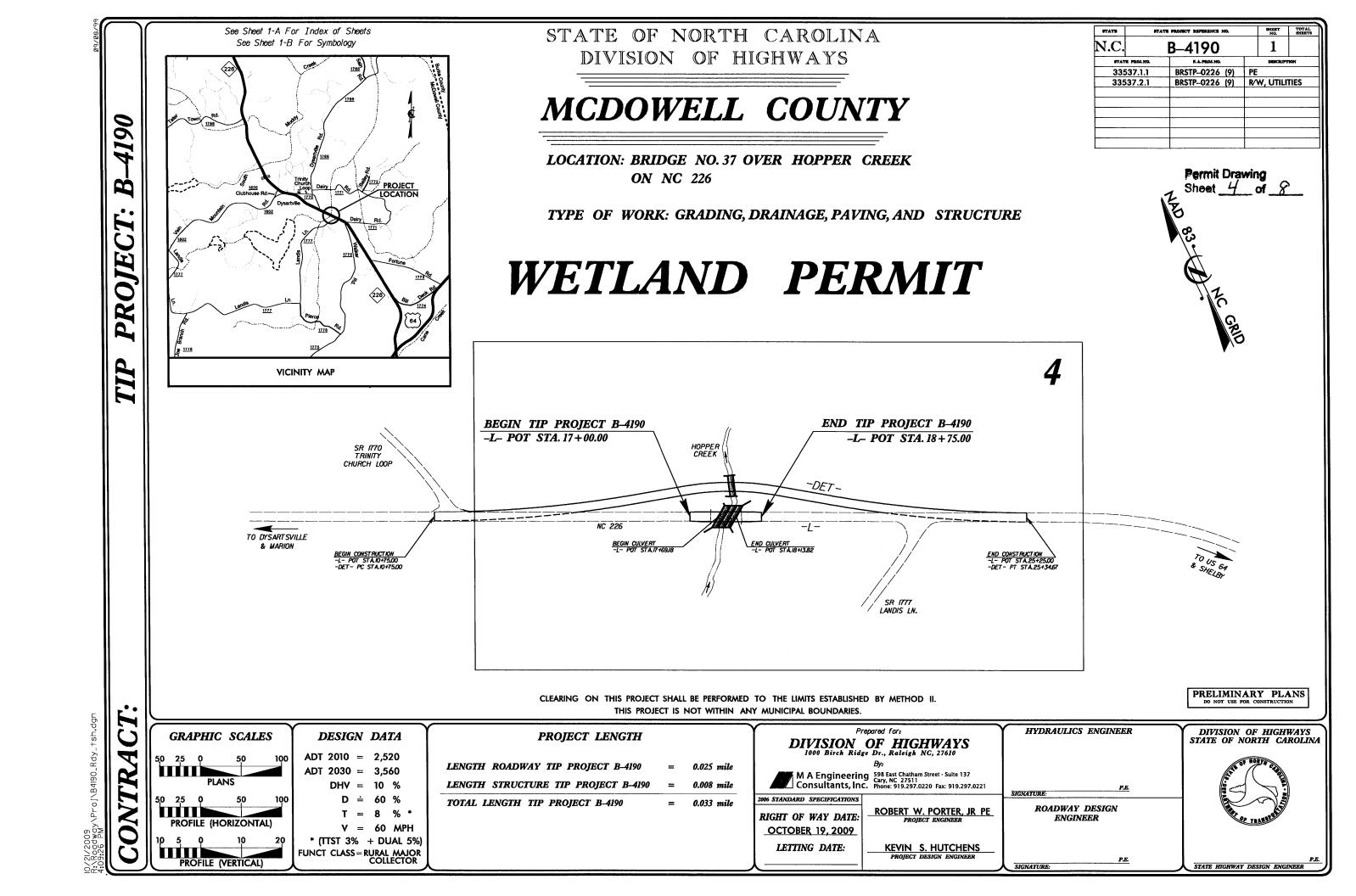


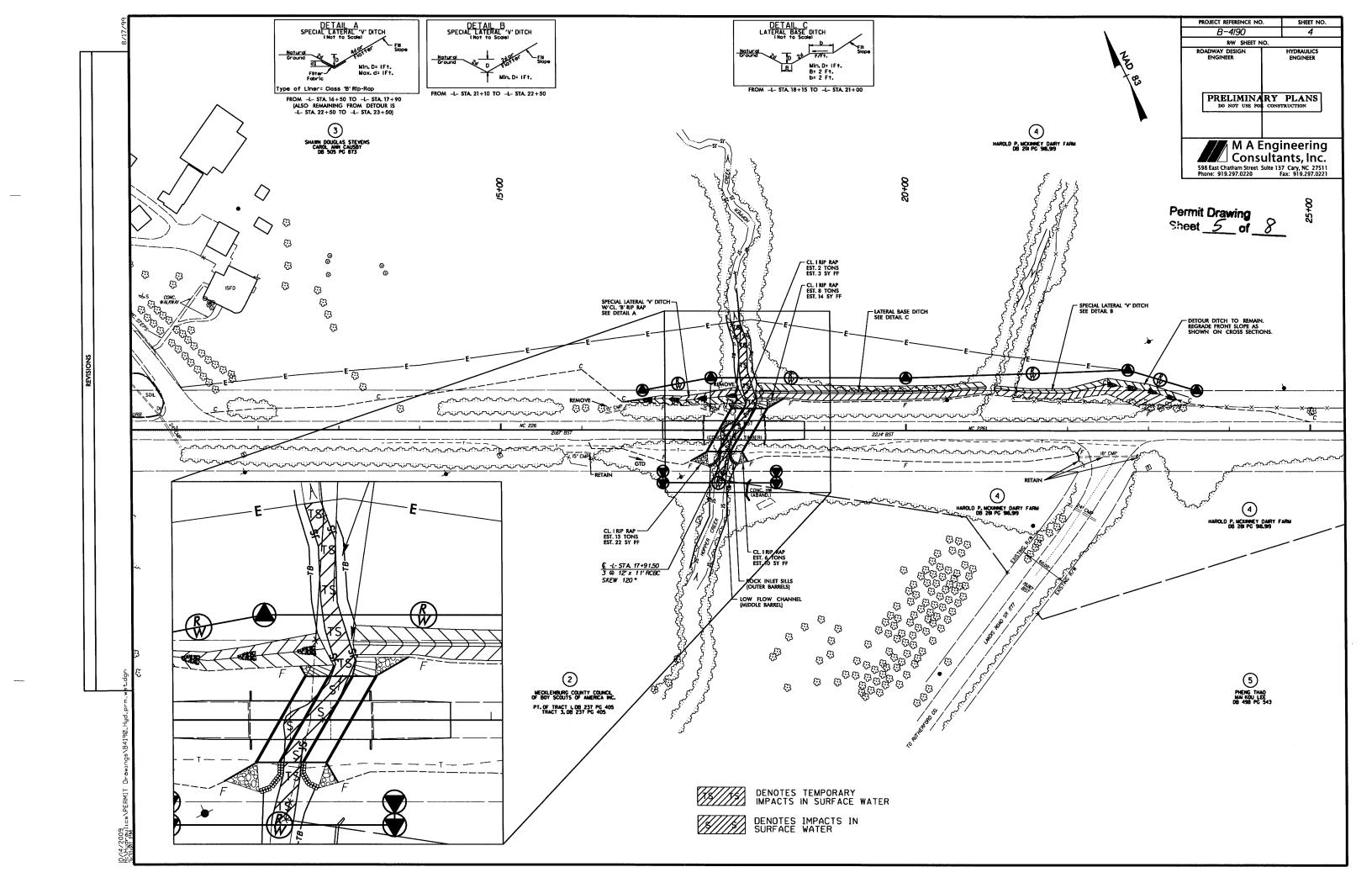
McDowell COUNTY
WBS - 33537.1.1 (B-4190)

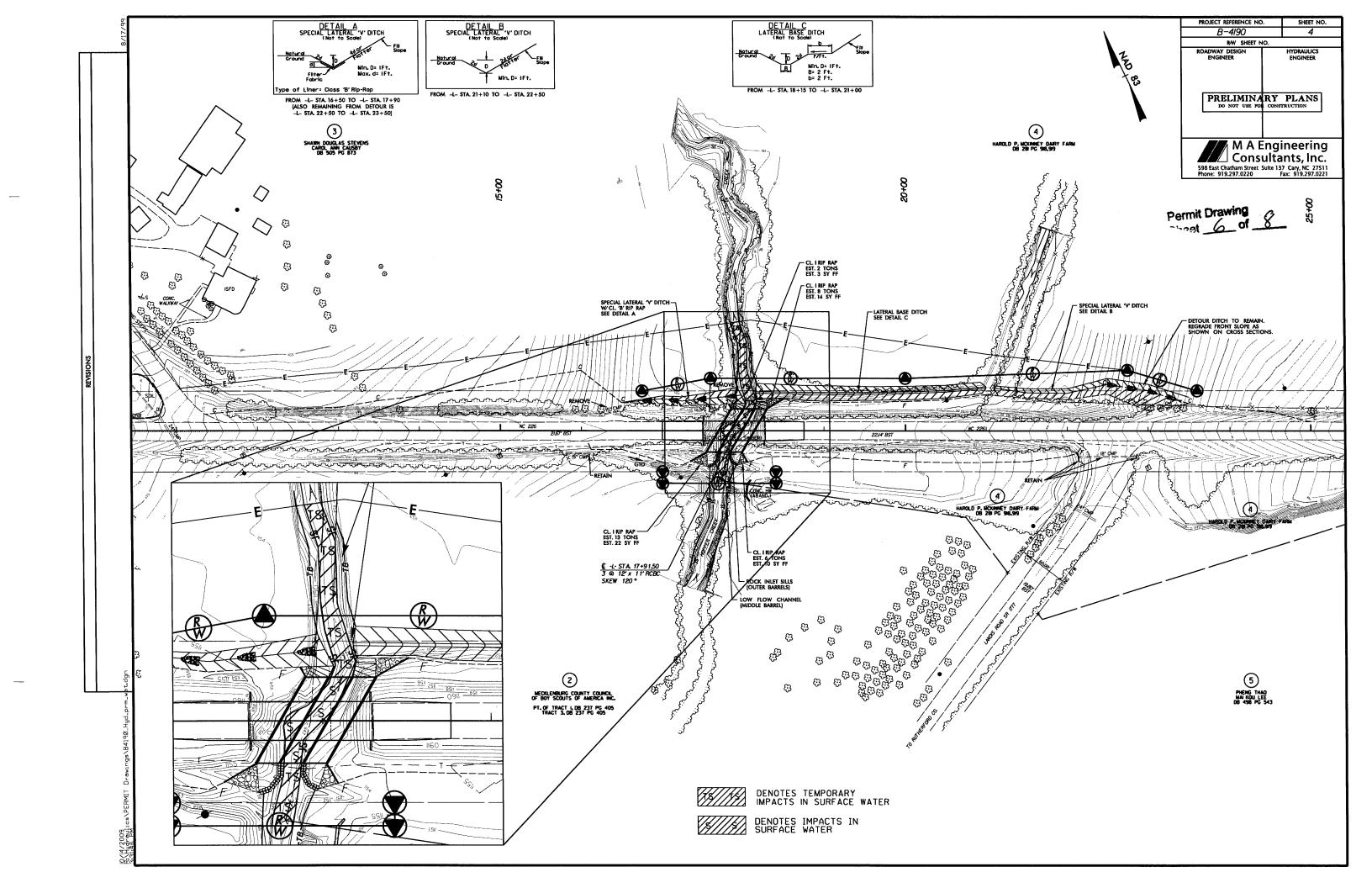
SHEET

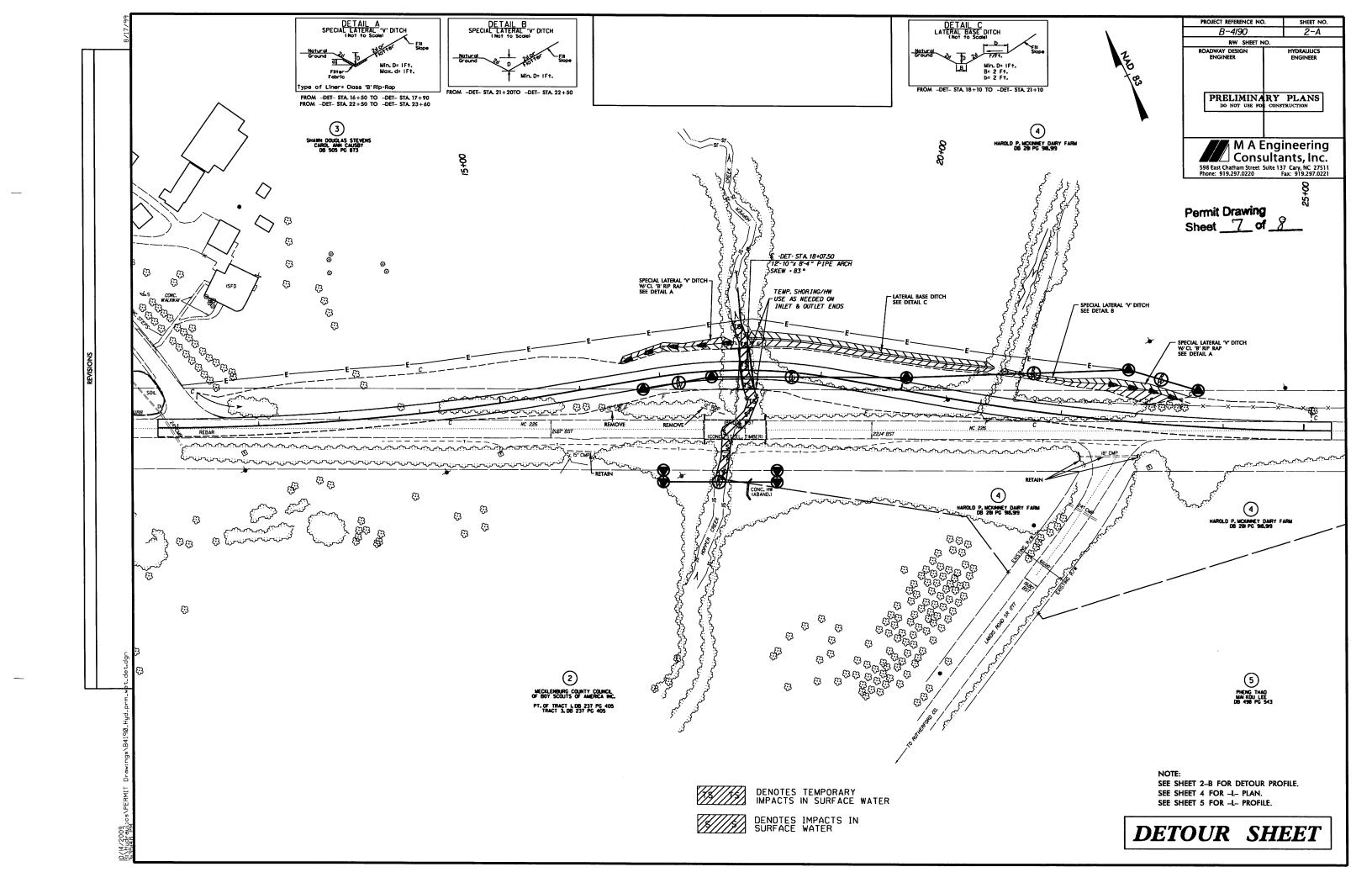
10/30/2009

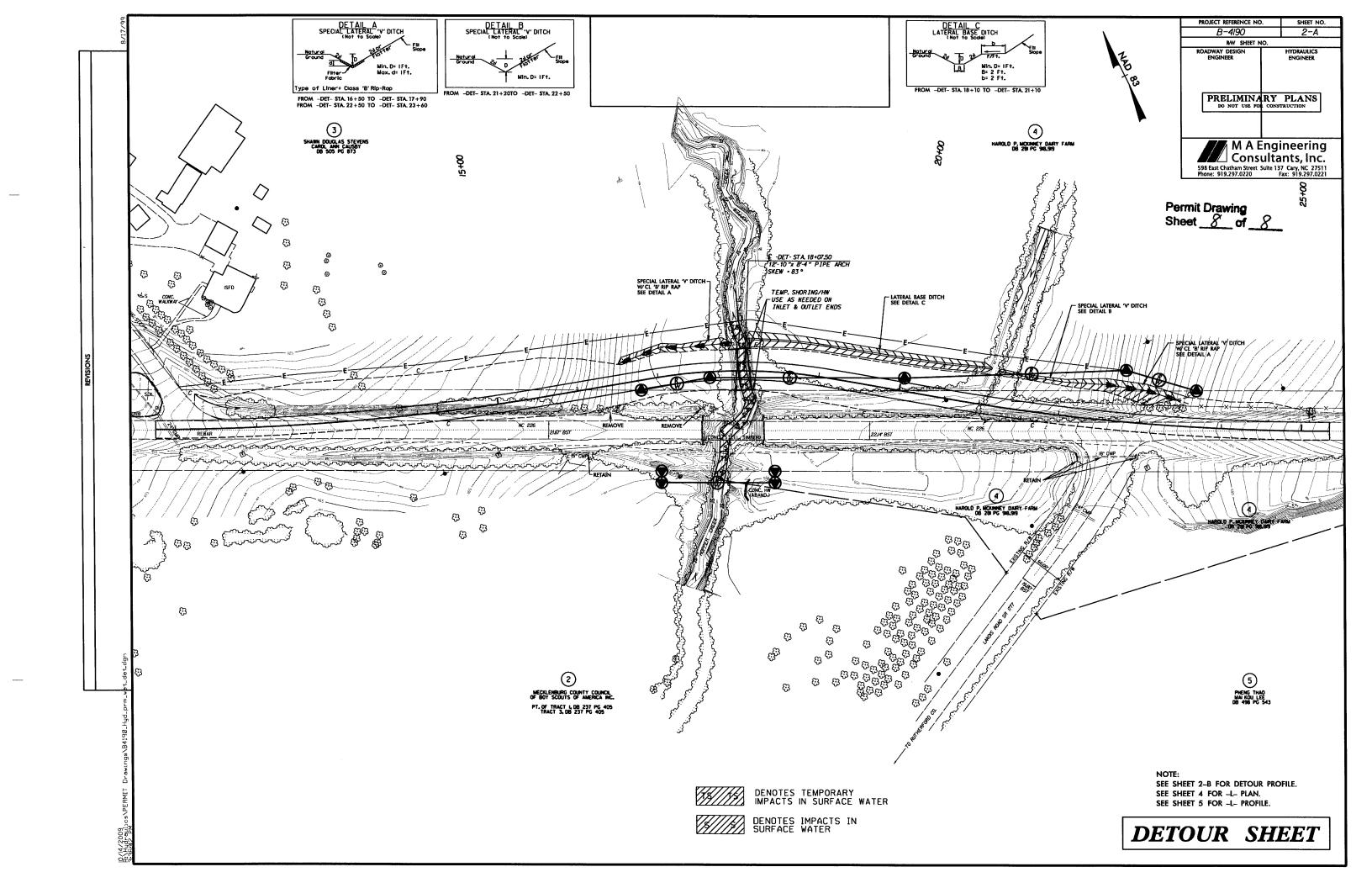
Permit Drawing 8

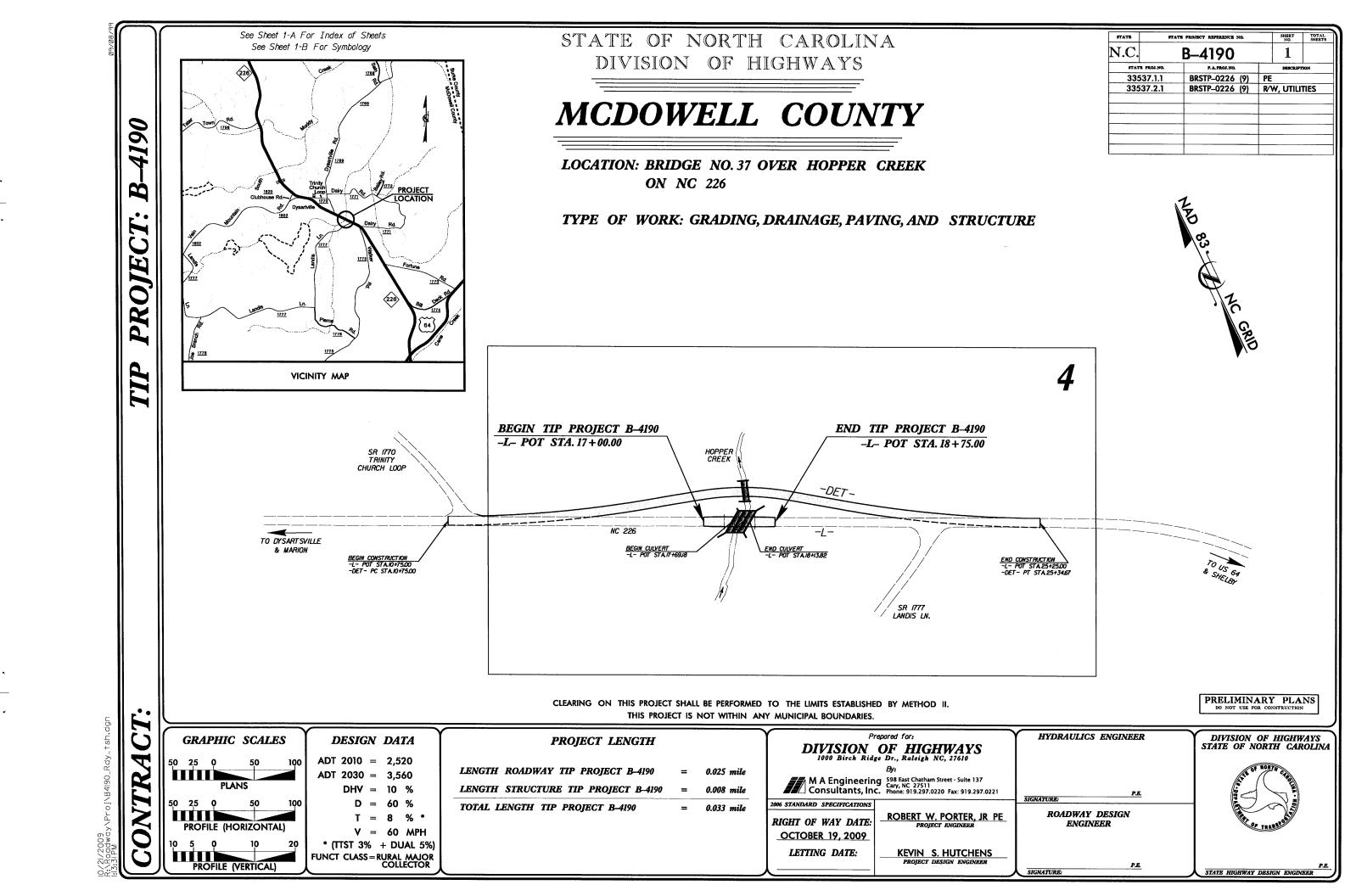












*S.U.E. = Subsurface Utility Engineering

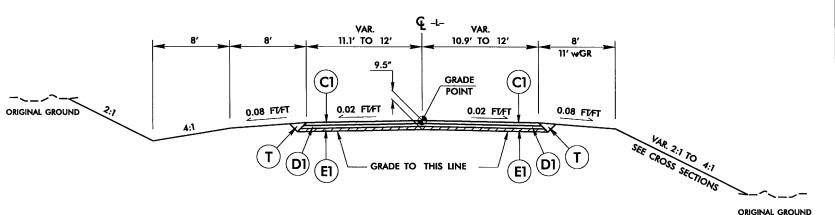
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

CONVENTIONAL PLAN SHEET SYMBOLS

BOUNDARIES AND PROPERT	Y :	RAILROADS:				Water Manhole	- ₩
State Line		Standard Gauge	CSX TRANSPORTATION			Water Meter	
County Line		RR Signal Milepost	⊙ <i>MILEPOST 3</i> 5			Water Valve	
Township Line		Switch		EXISTING STRUCTURES:		Water Hydrant	
City Line		RR Abandoned		MAJOR:		Recorded U/G Water Line —	-
Reservation Line		RR Dismantled		Bridge, Tunnel or Box Culvert	CONC	Designated U/G Water Line (S.U.E.*)	
Property Line ——————————				Bridge Wing Wall, Head Wall and End Wall -) CONC WW (Above Ground Water Line	- A/G Water
		RIGHT OF WAY:	_	MINOR:			
Existing Iron Pin		Baseline Control Point	•	Head and End Wall	CONC HW	TV:	
Property Corner		Existing Right of Way Marker	- 🛆	Pipe Culvert		TV Satellite Dish	- &
Property Monument		Existing Right of Way Line		Footbridge	>	TV Pedestal	- C
Parcel/Sequence Number		Proposed Right of Way Line	— **	Drainage Box: Catch Basin, DI or JB		TV Tower	
Existing Fence Line		Proposed Right of Way Line with		Paved Ditch Gutter	_	U/G TV Cable Hand Hole	_
Proposed Woven Wire Fence		Iron Pin and Cap Marker	w –	Storm Sewer Manhole ——————		Recorded U/G TV Cable	
Proposed Chain Link Fence		Proposed Right of Way Line with Concrete or Granite Marker		Storm Sewer		Designated U/G TV Cable (S.U.E.*)	
Proposed Barbed Wire Fence		Existing Control of Access	(Ē)	Siorini Sewei	·	Recorded U/G Fiber Optic Cable	
Existing Wetland Boundary		Proposed Control of Access	\D>	UTILITIES:			
Proposed Wetland Boundary		Existing Easement Line	•			Designated U/G Fiber Optic Cable (S.U.E.*)	
Existing Endangered Animal Boundary	EAB	Proposed Temporary Construction Easement		POWER:	1	0.40	
Existing Endangered Plant Boundary	EP8	• • •	_	Existing Power Pole	•	GAS:	
BUILDINGS AND OTHER CU	TTIPF.	Proposed Temporary Drainage Easement		Proposed Power Pole	o	Gas Valve	
		Proposed Permanent Drainage Easement —		Existing Joint Use Pole	- €-	Gas Meter	
Gas Pump Vent or U/G Tank Cap Sign		Proposed Permanent Utility Easement —	PUE	Proposed Joint Use Pole	colon de la colonia de la colo	Recorded U/G Gas Line	
Well —		ROADS AND RELATED FEATUR	RES:	Power Manhole	®	Designated U/G Gas Line (S.U.E.*)	
Small Mine		Existing Edge of Pavement		Power Line Tower	\boxtimes	Above Ground Gas Line	A/G Gas
		Existing Curb		Power Transformer	\square		
Foundation —		Proposed Slope Stakes Cut		U/G Power Cable Hand Hole		SANITARY SEWER:	
Area Outline		Proposed Slope Stakes Fill		H-Frame Pole	••	Sanitary Sewer Manhole	- •
Cemetery				Recorded U/G Power Line	Р	Sanitary Sewer Cleanout	- ⊕
Building —		Proposed Wheel Chair Ramp		Designated U/G Power Line (S.U.E.*)		U/G Sanitary Sewer Line ——————	ss
School		Proposed Wheel Chair Ramp Curb Cut	_			Above Ground Sanitary Sewer —	— _A/G Sanitary Sewer
Church	— <u>选</u>	Curb Cut for Future Wheel Chair Ramp		TELEPHONE:		Recorded SS Forced Main Line	
Dam —		Existing Metal Guardrail		Existing Telephone Pole		Designated SS Forced Main Line (S.U.E.*) -	FSS
HYDROLOGY:		Proposed Guardrail		Proposed Telephone Pole	-0-		
Stream or Body of Water —————		Existing Cable Guiderail		Telephone Manhole	_	MISCELLANEOUS:	
Hydro, Pool or Reservoir		Proposed Cable Guiderail		Telephone Booth		Utility Pole	_
		Equality Symbol	-	Telephone Pedestal		Utility Pole with Base	
Jurisdictional StreamBuffer Zone 1		Pavement Removal		Telephone Cell Tower		Utility Located Object ————————————————————————————————————	_
Buffer Zone 2		VEGETATION:		U/G Telephone Cable Hand Hole		Utility Traffic Signal Box	
Flow Arrow		Single Tree	Φ.			Utility Unknown U/G Line	
Disappearing Stream ————————————————————————————————————	•	Single Shrub		Recorded U/G Telephone Cable			
Spring ————————————————————————————————————		Single Shrub ————————————————————————————————————		Designated U/G Telephone Cable (S.U.E.*)—			
Spring ————————————————————————————————————	-			Recorded U/G Telephone Conduit		AG Tank; Water, Gas, Oil	
		Woods Line		Designated U/G Telephone Conduit (S.U.E.*)			•
Proposed Lateral, Tail, Head Ditch	← na	Orchard —		Recorded U/G Fiber Optics Cable ————		Abandoned According to Utility Records —	-
False Sump ————————————————————————————————————	$ \Diamond$	Vineyard ————————	Vineyard	Designated U/G Fiber Optics Cable (S.U.E.*)	T FO ·	End of Information ————————————————————————————————————	– E.O.I.

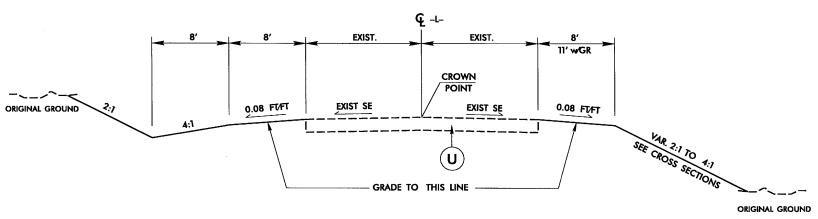
	PAVEMENT SCHEDULE
Cl	PROP. APPROX. 3.0" ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE \$9.5B, AT AN AYERAGE RATE OF 168 Lbs PER SQUARE YARD IN TWO LAYERS.
Dì	PROP. APPROX. 2.5" ASPHALT CONCRETE INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE 119.08, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 285 Lbs. PER SQUARE YARD.
ΕΊ	PROP. APPROX. 4.0" ASPHALT CONCRETE BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0B, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 456 Lbs PER SQUARE YARD.
J	PROP. 8" AGGREGATE BASE COURSE
Р	PRIME COAT (AT THE RATE OF 0.35 Gol, PER SQUARE YARD)
Т	EARTH MATERIAL
U	EXISTING PAYEMENT

PAYEMENT EDGE SLOPES AND TRENCH SLOPES ARE 1:1 UNLESS SHOWN OTHERWISE.



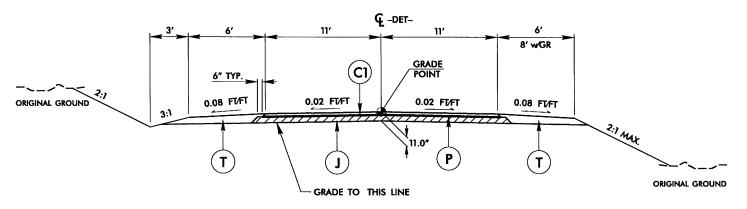
TYPICAL SECTION NO. 1

FROM -L- STA. 17+00.00 TO STA. 18+75.00



TYPICAL SECTION NO. 2

FROM -L- LT. STA. 11+35.00 TO STA. 17+00.00 FROM -L- LT. STA. 18+75.00 TO STA. 25+00.00 FROM -L- RT. STA. 16+05.00 TO STA. 17+00.00 FROM -L- RT. STA. 18+75.00 TO STA. 22+25.00



TYPICAL SECTION NO. 3

FROM -DET- STA. 10+75.00 TO STA. 13+20.46 (WIDEN USING EX. EOP ELEV. & EX. SUPERELEVATION)

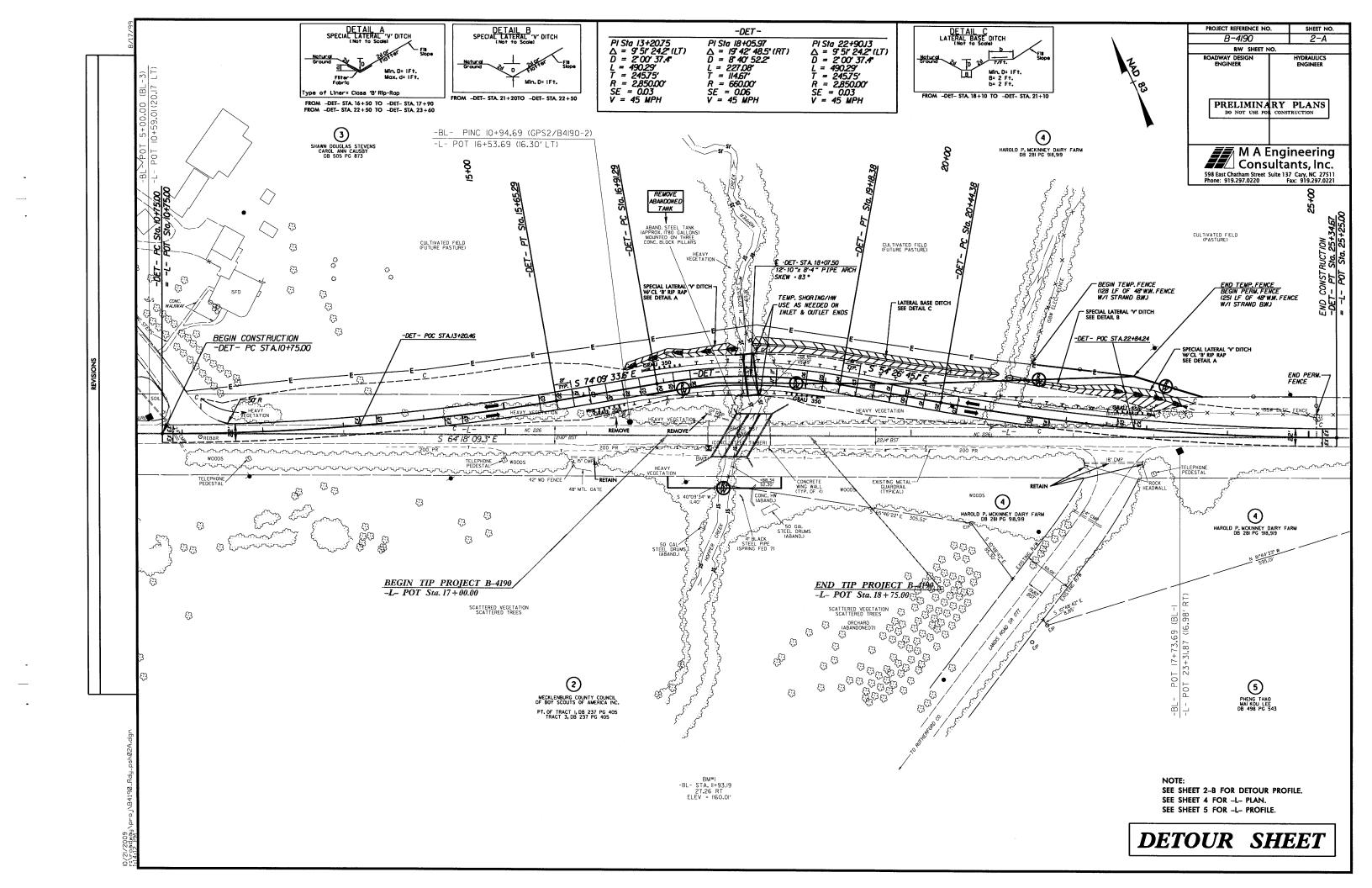
PROJECT REFERENCE NO. B-4/90 RW SHEET NO

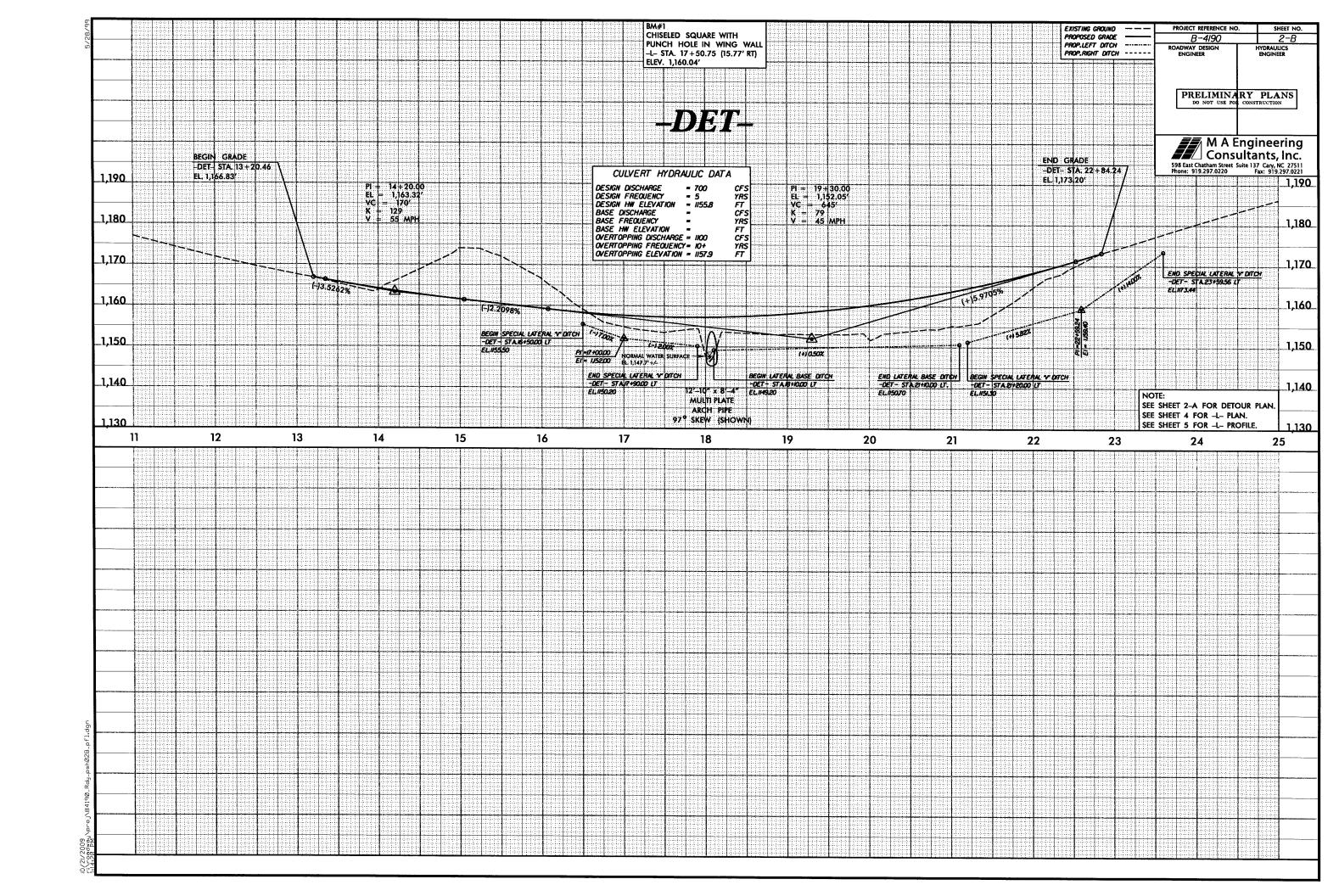
PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOI CONSTRUCTION

M A Engineering
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598 East Chatham Street Suite 137 Cary, NC 27511
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FROM -DET- STA. 13+20.46 TO STA. 22+84.24

FROM -DET- STA. 22+84.24 TO STA. 25+34.67 (WIDEN USING EX. EOP ELEV. & EX. SUPERELEVATION)





COMPUTED	BY:	RWP	DATE:_	09 / 28 / 2009
CHECKED	BY:		DATE:_	

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

SUMMARY OF EARTHWORK

IN CUBIC YARDS

LOCATION	UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION	UNDERCUT	EMBT+%	BORROW	WASTE
PHASE 1				l	
-DET- 10+75.00 TO 25+34.67	7,047		5,543		1,504
TOTAL (PHASE 1)	7,047		5,543	0	1,504
PHASE 2					
-L- 17+00.00 TO 18+75.00	64		673	609	0
-L- RT. 18+75.00 TO 22+25.00	0		620	620	0
SUBTOTAL (PHASE 2)	64		1,293	1,229	0
WASTE (FROM PHASE I) TO REPLACE BORROW				-1,229	-1,229
TOTAL (PHASE 2)	64		1,293	0	-1,229
PHASE 3					
-L- LT. 11+35.00 TO 17+00.00					
-L- LT. 18+75.00 TO 25+00.00	5,028		459		4,569
-DET- 11+35.00 TO 25+00.00 (DETOUR REMOVAL)	1				
TOTAL (PHASE 3)	5,028		459	0	4,569
TOTAL (BLACE 1 . BLACE 0 . BLACE 0)					
TOTAL (PHASE 1 + PHASE 2 + PHASE 3)	12,139		7,295	0	4,844
EST. LOSS DUE TO CLEARING & GRUBBING	-50				-50
GRAND TOTAL	12,089		7,295	0	4,794
	12,100				4,800

APPROXIMATE QUANTITIES ONLY. CLEARING AND GRUBBING, UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION, SHOULDER BORROW, FINE GRADING, AND REMOVAL OF EXISTING PAYEMENT WILL BE PAID FOR AT THE CONTRACT LUMP SUM PRICE FOR "GRADING".

NOTE: Earthwork quantities are calculated by the Roadway Design Unit. These earthwork quantities are based in part on subsurface data provided by the Geotechnical Engineering Unit.

EST. SHOULDER BORROW = 600 CY

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO.

B-4190 3-A

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PRELIMINARY PLANS
BO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

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