

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

BEVERLY EAVES PERDUE GOVERNOR

EUGENE A. CONTI, JR. SECRETARY

December 9, 2011

U. S. Army Corps of Engineers Regulatory Field Office 151 Patton Avenue Room 208 Asheville, NC 28801-5006

ATTN:

Ms. Lori Beckwith

NCDOT Coordinator

Subject:

Application for Section 404 Nationwide Permit 13 for the proposed replacement of Bridge No. 75 and 76 over Right Prong Mud Creek and Left Prong Mud Creek on SR 1123 (Little River Road) in Henderson County, Federal Aid Project No. BRZ-1123 (11); Division 14; TIP No. B-4147; WBS

33496.1.1

Dear Madam:

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) proposes to replace Bridge No. 75, a 68-foot single-span bridge over Right Prong Mud Creek and Bridge No. 76, a 21-foot single-span bridge over Left Prong Mud Creek on Little River Road (SR 1123), with a 160foot two-span bridge at existing location. There are 148 linear feet of permanent impacts associated with the replacement of Bridges Nos. 75 and 76 due to the use of riprap for bank stabilization.

Comments from the North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission (NCWRC) will be required prior to authorization by the Corps of Engineers. By copy of this letter and attachments. NCDOT hereby requests NCWRC review. NCDOT requests that NCWRC forward their comments to the Corps of Engineers and the NCDOT within 30 calendar days of receipt of this application.

Please see enclosed copies of the Pre-Construction Notification (PCN) Form, Stormwater Management Plan, Rapanos Form, Permit drawings and Design plans. The Categorical Exclusion (CE) was completed on February 4, 2008. Documents were distributed shortly thereafter. Additional copies are available upon request.

TELEPHONE: 919-707-5100 FAX: 919-212-5785

LOCATION: 1020 BIRCH RIDGE DRIVE Rai Figh NC 27610-4328

WEBSITE: WWW.NCDOT.ORG

This project calls for a letting date of July 17, 2012 and a review date of May 29, 2012; however the let date may advance as additional funding becomes available.

A copy of this permit application and its distribution list will be posted on the NCDOT website at: http://www.ncdot.org/doh/preconstruct/pe/neu/permit.html. If you have any questions or need additional information, please call Jennifer Harrod at (919) 707-6124.

Sincerel

Gregory J. Thorpe, Ph.D., Manager

Project Development and Environmental Analysis

Cc: NCDOT Permit Application Standard Distribution List File





Office Use Only:
Corps action ID no
DWQ project no
Form Version 1.3 Dec 10 2008

	Pre-Construction Notification (PCN) Form						
A.	Applicant Information						
1.	Processing						
1a.	. Type(s) of approval sought from the						
1b.	Specify Nationwide Permit (NWP)	number: 1	or General Permit (GF	P) number:			
1c.	Has the N WP or GP number bee	n verified b	by the Corps?	Yes	⊠ No		
1d.	Type(s) of approval sought from	the DWQ (check all that apply):				
		n – Regula	r Non-404 Jurisdictiona	ıl General Permit	t		
	☐ 401 Water Quality Certification	n – Expres	s Riparian Buffer Autho	rization			
1e.	Is this notification solely for the re		For the record only for DWQ 401	For the record of	only for Corps Permit:		
	because written approval is not re	equirea?	Certification: ☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes	⊠ No		
1f.	1f. Is payment into a mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program proposed for mitigation of impacts? If so, attach the acceptance letter from mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program.						
1g.	Is the project located in any of Nebelow.	C's twenty	coastal counties. If yes, answer 1h	Yes	⊠ No		
1h.	Is the project located within a NC	DCM Area	of Environmental Concern (AEC)?	Yes	⊠ No		
2.	Project Information						
2a.	Name of project:		nent of Bridge No. 75 over Right Pron g Mud Creek on Little River Road (SF		d Bridge No. 76 over		
2b.	County:	Henderso	on · · · · ·				
2c.	Nearest municipality / town:	Edneyville	e				
2d	Subdivision name:	not applic	cable	,	<i>)</i>		
2e	NCDOT only, T.I.P. or state project no:	B-4147					
3.	Owner Information						
3a	Name(s) on Recorded Deed:	North Ca	rolina Department of Transportation		,		
	. Deed Book and Page No.	not applic	cable				
3с	c. Responsible Party (for LLC i f applicable):						
3d	. Street address:	1598 Mai	Il Service Center				
3е	. City, state, zip:	Raleigh,	NC 27699-1598				
3f.	Telephone no.:	(919) 707	7-6124				
3g	. Fax no.:	(919) 212	2-5785				
3h	. Email address:	jwharrod(@ncdot.gov				

4.	Applicant Information (if different from owner)						
4a.	Applicant is:	☐ Agent ☐	Other, specify:				
4b.	Name:	not applicable					
4c.	Business name (if applicable):						
4d.	Street address:						
4e.	City, state, zip:						
4f.	Telephone no.:						
4g.	Fax no.:						
4h.	Email address:						
5.	Agent/Consultant Information	(if applicable)					
5a.	Name:	not applicable					
5b.	Business name (if applicable):						
5c.	Street address:						
5d.	City, state, zip:						
5e.	Telephone no.:		,				
5f.	Fax no.:						
5g.	Email address:						

B. Project Information and Prior Project History						
1. Property Identification						
1a. Property identification no. (tax PIN or parcel ID):	not applicable					
1b. Site coordinates (in decimal degrees):	Latitude: 35.264779 Longitude: - 82.486154 (DD.DDDDDD) (-DD.DDDDDD)					
1c. Property size:	0.002 acres					
2. Surface Waters						
Name of nearest body of water (stream, river, etc.) to proposed project:	Right and Left Prong Mud Creek					
2b. Water Quality Classification of nearest receiving water:	C					
2c. River basin:	Broad					
3. Project Description	•					
3a. Describe the existing conditions on the site and the general application:	and use in the vicinity of the project at the time of this					
Residential development along roads interspersed with agric	culture; forested along stream					
3b. List the total estimated acreage of all existing wetlands on th	e property:					
3c. List the total estimated linear feet of all existing streams (inte	rmittent and perennial) on the property:					
Bridge No. 76 and the spacing between the two bridges of 1	Bridge No. 76 is structurally deficient and Bridge No. 75 is functionally obsolete. Due to the required hydraulic opening for Bridge No. 76 and the spacing between the two bridges of 15 feet, it is not feasible or practical to replace Bridge No. 76 and not replace Bridge No. 75. One structure will replace both existing bridges and result in safer and more efficient					
3e. Describe the overall project in detail, including the type of ed. The project involves replacing a 68-foot bridge, Bridge No. 7 span bridge on the existing alignment with an off-site detour and cranes will be used.	75, and a 21-foot bridge, Bridge No. 76, with a 160-foot, 2-					
4. Jurisdictional Determinations						
4a. Have jurisdictional wetland or stream determinations by the Corps or State been requested or obtained for this property project (including all prior phases) in the past? Comments: We are requesting a final approved JD with this application.	/ ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Unknown					
4b. If the Corps made the jurisdictional determination, what type of determination was made?	Preliminary Final					
4c. If yes, who delineated the jurisdictional areas? Name (if known):	Agency/Consultant Company: Other:					
4d. If yes, list the dates of the Corps jurisdictional determination	s or State determinations and attach documentation.					
5. Project History						
5a. Have permits or certifications been requested or obtained for this project (including all prior phases) in the past?	or ☐ Yes					
5b. If yes, explain in detail according to "help file" instructions.						

6. Future Project Plans	
6a. Is this a phased project?	☐ Yes
6b. If yes, explain.	

C. Proposed Impa	acts Inventory								
1. Impacts Summ	1. Impacts Summary								
1a. Which sections	a. Which sections were completed below for your project (check all that apply):								
☐ Wetlands	etlands 🖂 Streams - tributaries 🔲 Buffers								
Open Waters	☐ Open Waters ☐ Pond Construction								
2. Wetland Impac	2 Wetland Impacts								
· -		on the site, then com	plete this quest	ion for each wetland a	rea impacte	d.			
2a.	2b.	2c.	2d.	2e.	otion	2f.			
Wetland impact number –	Type of impact	Type of wetland	Forested	Type of jurisdi (Corps - 404,		Area of impact			
Permanent (P) or Temporary (T)		(if known)		DWQ – non-404	, other)	(acres)			
Site 1 P T			Yes	☐ Corps					
Site I LIF LI			□ No	DWQ					
Site 2 P T			│	│					
Site 3 P T			Yes	☐ Corps					
Site 3 L P L I			□ No	☐ DWQ					
Site 4 P T			│	│					
			☐Yes	☐ Corps					
Site 5 P T			□No	☐ DWQ					
Site 6 P T			☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Corps					
			🗀 140			X Permanent			
				2g. Total wetlan	id impacts	X Temporary			
2h. Comments:									
3. Stream Impacts									
If there are perennia question for all strea		eam impacts (includii	ng temporary in	npacts) proposed on t	he site, then	complete this			
3a.	3b.	3c.	3d.	3e.	3f.	3g.			
Stream impact	Type of impact	Stream name	Perennial	Type of	Average	Impact length (linear feet)			
number - Permanent (P) or	:		(PER) or intermittent	jurisdiction (Corps - 404, 10	stream width	(iliteal leet)			
Temporary (T)			(INT)?	DWQ - non-404,	(feet)				
	Bank	Left Prong Mud		other)					
Site 1 ⊠ P □ T	Stabilization	Creek	⊠ PER	⊠ Corps	17,	60			
	due to Bridge			DWQ					
Site 2 ⊠ P □ T	Bank Stabilization	Left Prong Mud	⊠ PER	□ Corps	17	10			
	due to Ditch	Creek	☐ INT	☐ DWQ					
Site 3 ⊠ P □ T	Bank Stabilization	Right Prong Mud	⊠ PER	☑ Corps	15	65			
Site 3 M P L 1	due to Bridge	Creek	☐ INT	☐ DWQ	15	05			
6" 4 2 5 5 7 5	Bank	Right Prong Mud	⊠ PER	⊠ Corps	4-	40			
Site 4 🖾 P 🗌 T	Stabilization due to Ditch	Creek	☐ INT	DWQ	15	13			
Site 5 P T			PER	☐ Corps					
			INT	DWQ					
Site 6 P T			☐ PER ☐ INT	☐ Corps ☐ DWQ					
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						

	3h. Total stream and tributary impacts 148 Perm 0 Temp								l	
3i. Comme	3i. Comments:									
4. Open	4. Open Water Impacts									
	If there are proposed impacts to lakes, ponds, estuaries, tributaries, sounds, the Atlantic Ocean, or any other open water of the U.S. then individually list all open water impacts below.									
4a. Open w impact nu Permanen Tempora	/ater mber – it (P) or iry (T)	4b. Name of waterbody (if applicable)	4c.		e of impact		4d. Waterbod	y type	4e. Area of im	pact (acres)
01 🗆 F	, □ ⊥ , □ ⊥			···		· ··				
O3 □ F	ΥΠΤ									
04 🗌 F	, □ 1									
4f. Total open water impacts X Permanent X Temporary										
4g. Comm	ents:									
5. Pond	or Lake	Construction								
If pond or		struction proposed,	then com	plete	the chart b	elow.	,			
5a. Pond ID		pposed use or	5c. W∈	etland	Impacts (a	cres)	5d. Strea	ım İmpad	cts (feet)	5e. Upland (acres)
number	pur	pose of pond	Flood	led	Filled	Excavat ed	Flooded	Filled	Excavated	Flooded
P1									-	
P2										
		5f. Total								
5g. Comm				r						
5h. Is a dam high hazard permit required?			□Y	es	□No	If yes, per	mit ID no	:		
5i. Expected pond surface area (acres):										
5j. Size o	5j. Size of pond watershed (acres):								:	,
5k. Method of construction:					•			,		

6. Buffer Impacts (for DWQ)								
If project will impact a protected riparian buffer, then complete the chart below. If yes, then individually list all buffer impacts below. If any impacts require mitigation, then you MUST fill out Section D of this form.								
6a.	☐ Neuse ☐ Far-Pamilco ☐ Other:							
Project is in which	protected basin?		│	☐ Randleman				
6b.	6c.	6d.	6e.	6f.	6g.			
Buffer impact number – Permanent (P) or Temporary (T)	Reason for impact	Stream name	Buffer mitigation required?	Zone 1 impact (square feet)	Zone 2 impact (square feet)			
B1 □ P □ T			☐ Yes ☐ No					
B2 □ P □ T			☐ Yes ☐ No					
ВЗ □Р□Т			☐ Yes ☐ No					
		6h. Tota	l buffer impacts					
6i. Comments:	,							

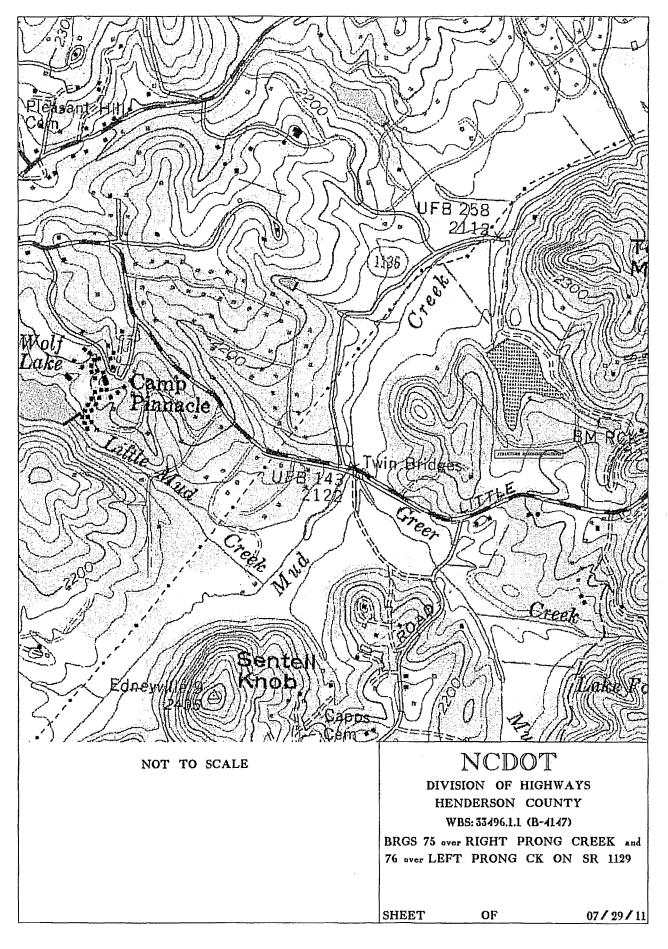
D.	Impact Justification and Mitigation					
1.	Avoidance and Minimization					
1a.	a. Specifically describe measures taken to avoid or minimize the proposed impacts in designing project.					
	The proposed bridge is 71 feet longer than the two existing bridges allowing for a larger hydraulic opening; the proposed bridge will be at approximately the same grade as the existing structure; an off site detour will be used.					
1b.	Specifically describe measures taken to avoid or minimize t	he proposed impacts t	hrough construction techniques.			
	By replacing the existing bridges with a single structure on a modification for Mud Creek and allows for less construction					
2.	Compensatory Mitigation for Impacts to Waters of the U	J.S. or Waters of the	State			
	·	☐ Yes				
2a.	Does the project require Compensatory Mitigation for impacts to Waters of the U.S. or Waters of the State?	If no, explain: impact stabilization and is no U.S.	s are due to the use of riprap for bank ot considered a loss of waters of the			
2b.	If yes, mitigation is required by (check all that apply):	☐ DWQ ☐ Co	rps			
2c.	If yes, which mitigat ion option will be used for this project?	 ☐ Mitigation bank ☐ Payment to in-lieu fee program ☐ Permittee Responsible Mitigation 				
3.	Complete if Using a Mitigation Bank					
3a.	Name of Mitigation Bank: not applicable					
3b.	Credits Purchased (attach receipt and letter)	Туре	Quantity			
3c.	Comments:					
4.	Complete if Making a Payment to In-lieu Fee Program					
4a.	Approval letter from in-lieu fee program is attached.	Yes				
4b.	Stream mitigation requested:	linear feet				
4c.	If using stream mitigation, stream temperature:	☐ warm ☐ co	ol			
4d.	Buffer mitigation requested (DWQ only):	square feet				
4e.	Riparian wetland mitigation requested:	acres				
4f.	4f. Non-riparian wetland mitigation requested: acres					
4g.	Coastal (tidal) wetland mitigation requested:	acres				
4h.	4h. Comments:					
5.	Complete if Using a Permittee Responsible Mitigation F	Plan				
5a.	5a. If using a permittee responsible mitigation plan, provide a description of the proposed mitigation plan.					

6. Buffer Mitigation (State Regulated Riparian Buffer Rules) – required by DWQ									
l	6a. Will the project result in an impact within a protected riparian buffer that requires Yes No								
	6b. If yes, then identify the square feet of impact to each zone of the riparian buffer that requires mitigation. Calculate the amount of mitigation required.								
Zone	Zone 6c. 6d. 6e. 6e. Reason for impact Total impact Multiplier Required mitigation (square feet)								
Zone 1			3 (2 for Catawba)						
Zone 2			1.5						
		6f. Total buffer	mitigation required:						
6g. If buffer mitigation is required, discuss what type of mitigation is proposed (e.g., payment to private mitigation bank, permittee responsible riparian buffer restoration, payment into an approved in-lieu fee fund).									
6h. Comme	6h. Comments:								

E.	Stormwater Management and Diffuse Flow Plan (required by DWQ)			
1.	Diffuse Flow Plan			
1a.	Does the project include or is it adjacent to protected riparian buffers identified within one of the NC Riparian Buffer Protection Rules?	☐ Yes	⊠ No	
1b.	If yes, then is a diffuse flow plan included? If not, explain why. Comments:	Yes	□No	
2.	Stormwater Management Plan			
2a.	What is the overall percent imperviousness of this project?	N/A		
2b.	Does this project require a Stormwater Management Plan?	⊠ Yes	□No	
2c.	If this project DOES NOT require a Stormwater Management Plan, explain why:			
2d.	If this project DOES require a Stormwater Management Plan, then provide a brief, nat See attached permit drawings.	rrative descriptio	n of the plan:	
2e. Who will be responsible for the review of the Stormwater Management Plan? ☐ Certified Local G☐ DWQ Stormwate ☐ DWQ 401 Unit				
3.	Certified Local Government Stormwater Review			
3а.	In which local government's jurisdiction is this project?	not applicable		
3b.	Which of the following locally-implemented stormwater management programs apply (check all that apply):	☐ Phase II ☐ NSW ☐ USMP ☐ Water Supp ☐ Other:	ly Watershed	
3с.	Has the approved Stormwater Management Plan with proof of approval been attached?	Yes	□ No	
4.	DWQ Stormwater Program Review		:	
4a.	Which of the following state-implemented stormwater management programs apply (check all that apply):	Coastal could HQW ORW Session La	unties aw 2006-246	
4b.	Has the approved Stormwater Management Plan with proof of approval been attached?	☐ Yes Stormwate	⊠ No r Permit is Pending	
5.	DWQ 401 Unit Stormwater Review			
5a.	Does the Stormwater Management Plan meet the appropriate requirements?	☐ Yes	□ No N/A	
5b.	Have all of the 401 Unit submittal requirements been met?	☐ Yes	□ No N/A	

F.	F. Supplementary Information							
1.	Environmental Documentation (DWQ Requirement)							
1a.	Does the project involve an expenditure of public (federal/state/local) funds or the use of public (federal/state) land?	⊠ Yes	□ No					
1b.	If you answered "yes" to the above, does the project require preparation of an environmental document pursuant to the requirements of the National or State (North Carolina) Environmental Policy Act (NEPA/SEPA)?	⊠ Yes	□ No					
1c.	If you answered "yes" to the above, has the document review been finalized by the State Clearing House? (If so, attach a copy of the NEPA or SEPA final approval letter.) Comments:	⊠ Yes	□ No					
2.	Violations (DWQ Requirement)							
2a.	Is the site in violation of DWQ Wetland Rules (15A NCAC 2H .0500), Isolated Wetland Rules (15A NCAC 2H .1300), DWQ Surface Water or Wetland Standards, or Riparian Buffer Rules (15A NCAC 2B .0200)?	☐ Yes	⊠ No					
2b.	Is this an after-the-fact permit application?	☐ Yes	⊠ No					
2c.	If you answered "yes" to one or both of the above questions, provide an explanation of	of the violation(s):						
3.	Cumulative Impacts (DWQ Requirement)							
За.	Will this project (based on past and reasonably anticipated future impacts) result in additional development, which could impact nearby downstream water quality?	☐ Yes ☑ No						
3b.	If you answered "yes" to the above, submit a qualitative or quantitative cumulative im most recent DWQ policy. If you answered "no," provide a short narrative description.	pact analysis in a	ccordance with the					
	Due to the minimal transportation impact resulting from this bridge replacement, this project will neither influence nearby land uses nor stimulate growth. Therefore, a detailed indirect or cumulative effects study will not be necessary.							
4.	Sewage Disposal (DWQ Requirement)							
4a.	Clearly detail the ultimate treatment methods and disposition (non-discharge or discharge the proposed project, or available capacity of the subject facility. not applicable	arge) of wastewat	er generated from					

5.	Endangered Species and Designated Critical Habitat (Corps Requirement)					
5a.	Will this project occur in or near an are habitat?	a with federally protected species or	⊠ Yes	□ No		
5b.	Have you checked with the USFWS co impacts?	ncerning Endangered Species Act	⊠ Yes	□ No		
5c.	If yes, ind icate the USFWS Field Office	you have contacted.	☐ Raleigh ☐ Asheville			
5d.	What data sources did you use to dete Habitat?	rmine whether your site would impact Er	ndangered Species or D	esignated Critical		
		lenderson County lists seven species. Hotoe, Small whorled pogonia and White ir e of element occurrences				
6.	Essential Fish Habitat (Corps Requi	rement)				
6a.	Will this project occur in or near an area	a designated as essential fish habitat?	☐ Yes	⊠ No		
6b.	6b. What data sources did you use to determine whether your site would impact Essential Fish Habitat?					
	NMFS County Index					
7.	7. Historic or Prehistoric Cultural Resources (Corps Requirement)					
7a.	Will this project occur in or near an are governments have designated as having status (e.g., National Historic Trust des North Carolina history and archaeology	⊠ Yes	□ No			
7b.	7b. What data sources did you use to determine whether your site would impact historic or archeological resources?					
	NEPA Documentation - On May 29, 2007 the NCDOT met with HPO and the Federal Highway Administration to discuss effects on the Flat Rock Historic District; it was determined that this alternative would have "No Adverse Effect" on the Flat Rock Historic District.					
8. I	8. Flood Zone Designation (Corps Requirement)					
8a.	8a. Will this project occur in a FEMA-designated 100-year floodplain?			□ No		
8b.	8b. If yes, explain how project meets FEMA requirements: NCDOT Hydraulics Unit coordination with FEMA					
8c.	What source(s) did you use to make th	e floodplain determination? FEMA Maps				
	Dr. Gregory J. Thorpe, Ph D Applicant/Agent's Printed Name	Applicant/Agent's Sig (Agent's signature is valid only if an authorizat is provided.)		(7.8.1) Date		



PROPERTY OWNERS

NAMES AND ADDRESSES

PARCEL NO.	NAMES	ADDRESSES	
4 and 7	F. G. Shealy	P.O. Box 476 Flat Rock, NC 28731	
5	Mary Ann Baldwin Martha Rose Gordon	21 Alpon Rose Way Horseshoe, NC 28742	
6	Michael & Pamela Cooper	P.O. Box 2526 Hendersonville, NC 28793	
8	Hal M. Huntor	2520 Asheville Highway Hendersonville, NC 28791	-

NCDOT

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS HENDERSON COUNTY WBS 53496.1.1 (B-4147)

BRGS 75 ever RIGHT PRONG CREEK and 76 ever LEFT PRONG CK ON SR 1129

SHEBT

OF

07/29/11

Station Structure Fill in Fill Fill in Fill Fill in					WE	WETLAND PERMIT IMPACT SUMMARY	RMIT IMPA	CT SUMMA	RY			
Structure Fill In in				WET	LAND IMPA	CTS			SURFACE	WATER IM	PACTS	
Structure Size / Type (ac) Fill In Vertical Mechanized (learing Size / Type (ac)) Excavation Mechanized (learing Size / Type (ac)) Ditch (ac)							Hand			Existing	Existing	
Size / Type		č		Temp.	Excavation	Mechanized		Permanent	Temp.	Channel	Channel	Natural
Bridge Rank Stabilization	100 770)	Size / Type	Wetlands	Wetlands	Wetlands	in Wetlands		impacts	impacts	Permanent		Design
Bank Stabilization Co.01 60 Ditch 60 60 Bank Stabilization 60 10 Bank Stabilization 60 10 Bank Stabilization 65 65 Bank Stabilization 65 13 Bank Stabilization 65 13 Bank Stabilization 65 13 Bank Stabilization 65 65 Bank Stabilization 60 60 Bank Stabilization 60			(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)		(ac)	(ac)	(£)	_	(£)
Bank Stabilization < 0.001	21+25											
Ditch Ditch Ditch												
Ditch Bank Stabilization 400 100		Left Prong	F					< 0.01		09		
Bank Stabilization 10 Bridge 0.00												
Bank Stabilization Buridge 10 Bridge Co.01	2 LT	Ditch										
Bank Stabilization < 0.00 0.00<		Bank Stabilization								10		
Bridge Bank Stabilization < 0.00 0.0												
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Right Prong < 0.00 < 0.001 65 Ditch 13 13 13 Bank Stabilization 13 13 13 Bank Stabilization 13 13 12 Bank Stabilization 143 13 12 Bank Stabilization 13 14 12 Bank Stabilization 13 14 12 12 Bank Stabilization 148 10 148 10 14		Bank Stabilization										
Ditch 13 Bank Stabilization 13 Image: Control of the cont		Right Prong	3					< 0.01		65		
Bank Stabilization 13 Bank Stabilization 148										i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		
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0.00 0.00 0.00 <0.01 148 0												
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0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 < 0.01 0.00 148 0												
			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	< 0.01	0.00	148	0	0

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
Brgs 75 over Right Prong Creek and
76 over Left Prong Creek on SR 1123
HENDERSON COUNTY
WBS -33496.1.1 (B-4147)

REV.

IMPACTS TO SURFACE WATER LEFT PRONG: LESS THAN 0.0! ACRES (120.95 SQ. FT.)
IMPACTS TO SURFACE WATER RIGHT PRONG: LESS THAN 0.0! ACRES (134.82 SQ. FT.)

Permit Drawing Sheet 3 of 1

ATN Revised 3/31/05

See Sheet 1-A For Index of Sheets VICINITY MAP

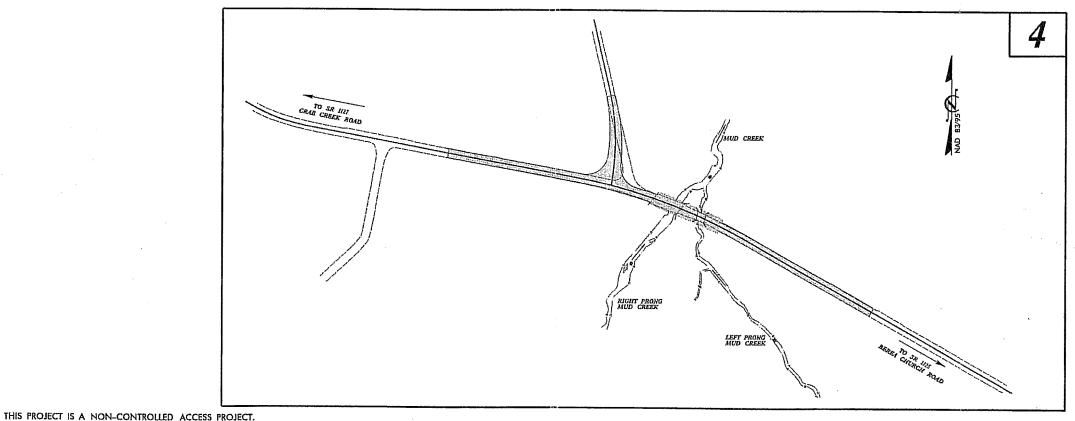
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

HENDERSON COUNTY

LOCATION: BRIDGE NO. 75 OVER RIGHT PRONG MUD CREEK BRIDGE NO. 76 OVER LEFT PRONG MUD CREEK ON SR 1123 (LITTLE RIVER ROAD) TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, PAVING, DRAINAGE & STRUCTURE

BTATE	\$TATI	E PROJECT ARTERENCE HO.	SHEET	TOTAL
N.C.	B	4147	1	
STATE 7	EOT NO	EAMOUNG.	DESCRIP	130H
3349	6.1.1	BRZ-1123(11)	PE	
3349	6.2.1	BRZ-1123(11)	R/W &	UTIL.
		 		
		J	l .	

WETLAND AND STREAM IMPACTS



PRELIMINARY PLANS

GRAPHIC SCALES PROFILE (HORIZONTAL)

DESIGN DATA

THIS PROJECT IS A NOT WITHIN ANY MUNICIPAL BOUNDARIES.

ADT 2011 = 1595 ADT 2031 = 3515 DHV = 12 %

> D 4 55 % V = 40 MPH

CLEARING ON THIS PROJECT SHALL BE PERFORMED TO THE LIMITS ESTABLISHED BY METHOD II.

* TTST 1% + DUAL 6% CLASSIFICATION: RURAL LOCAL SUBREGIONAL TIER DESIGN

PROJECT LENGTH

TOTAL ROADWAY LENGTH TIP PROJECT B-4147 = 0.169mi TOTAL STRUCTURE LENGTH TIP PROJECT B-4147 = 0.030mi TOTAL LENGTH TIP PROJECT B-4147 = 0.199mi

MAY 20, 2011 LETTING DATE: JULY 17, 2012

RIGHT OF WAY DATE:

NCDOT CONTACT

EDWARD G. WETHERILL, PE BOB A, MAY, PE

K. ZAK HAMIDI, PE PROJECT ENGINEER-ROADWAY DESIGN

epared for the North Carolina Depa

2012 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

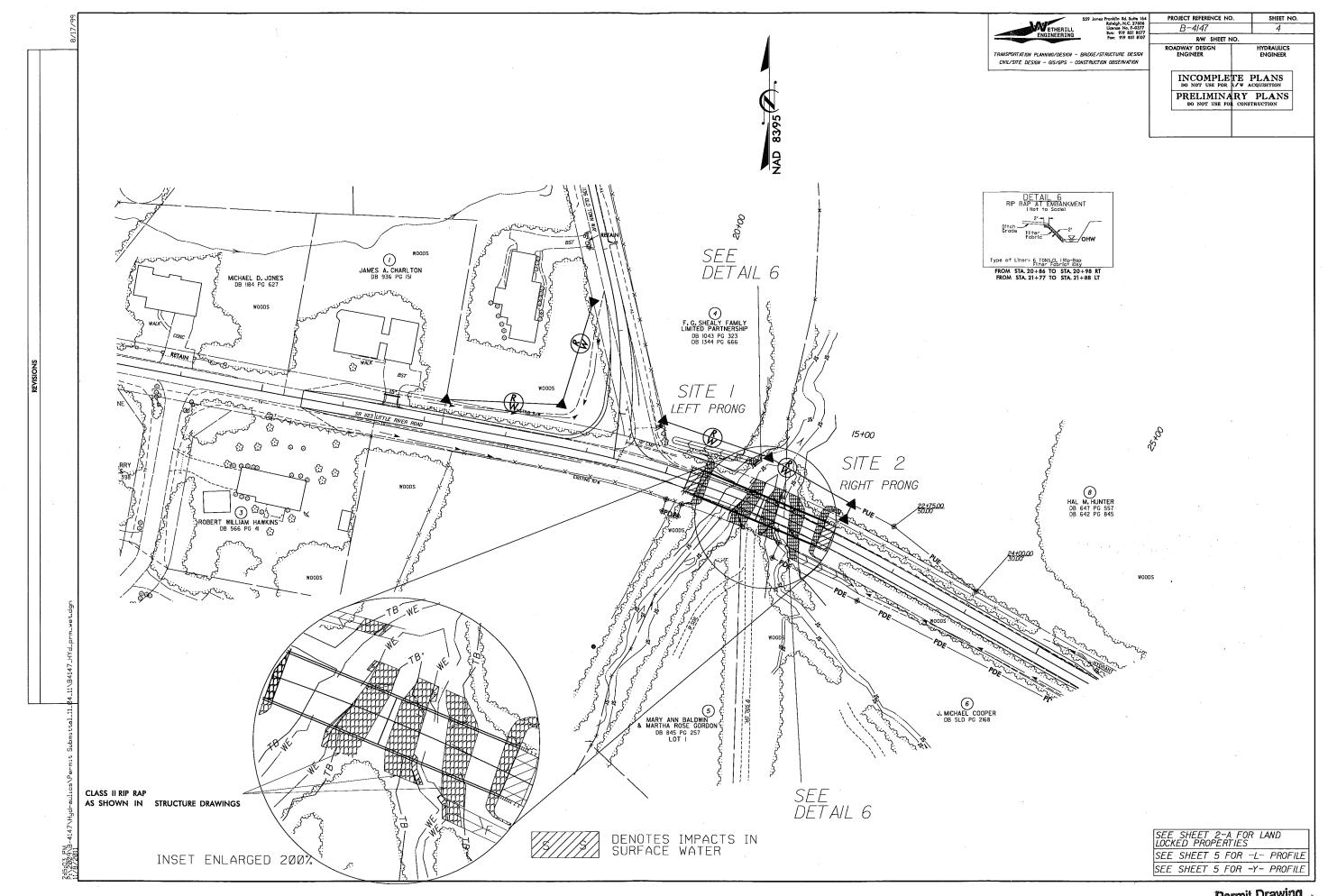
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER

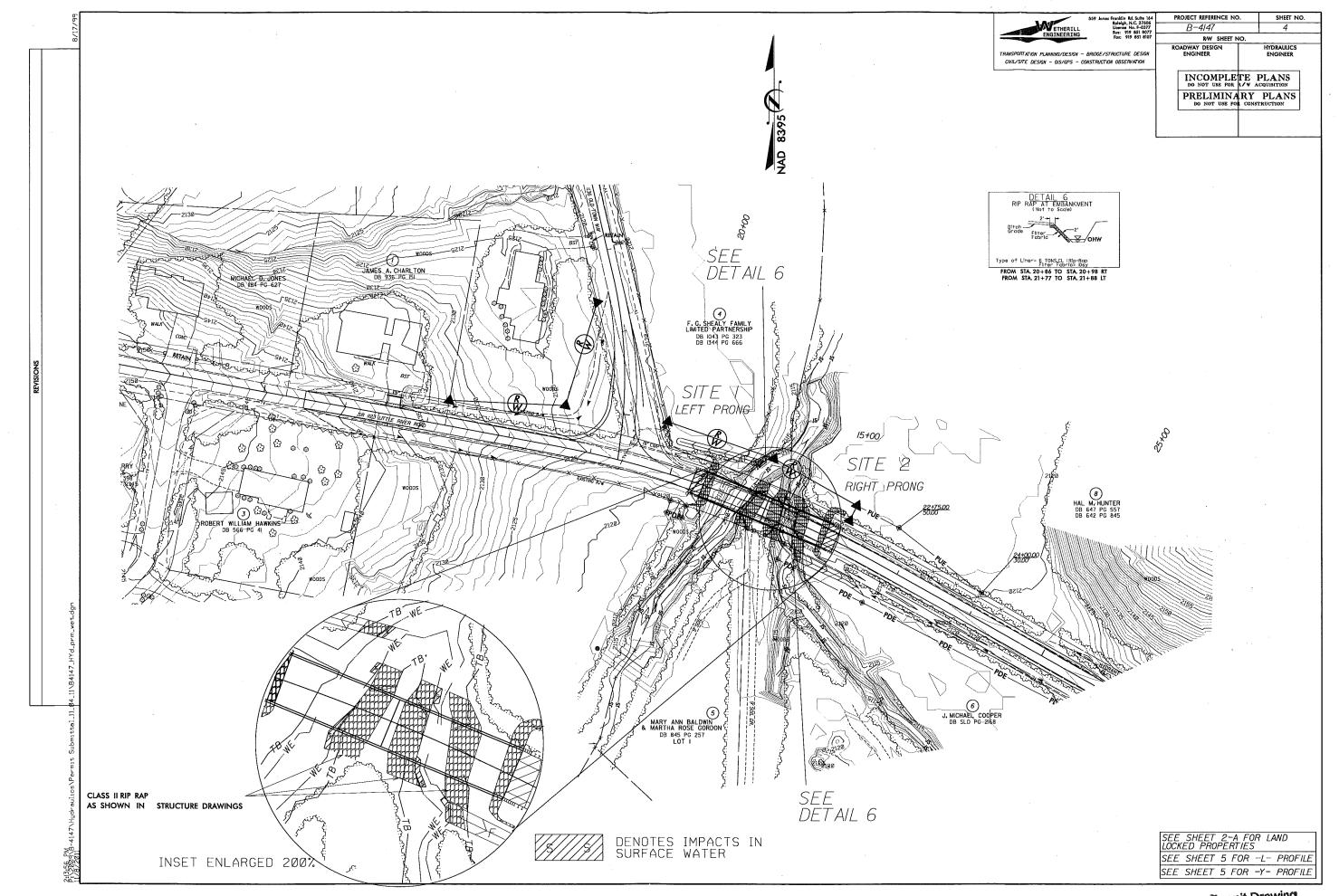


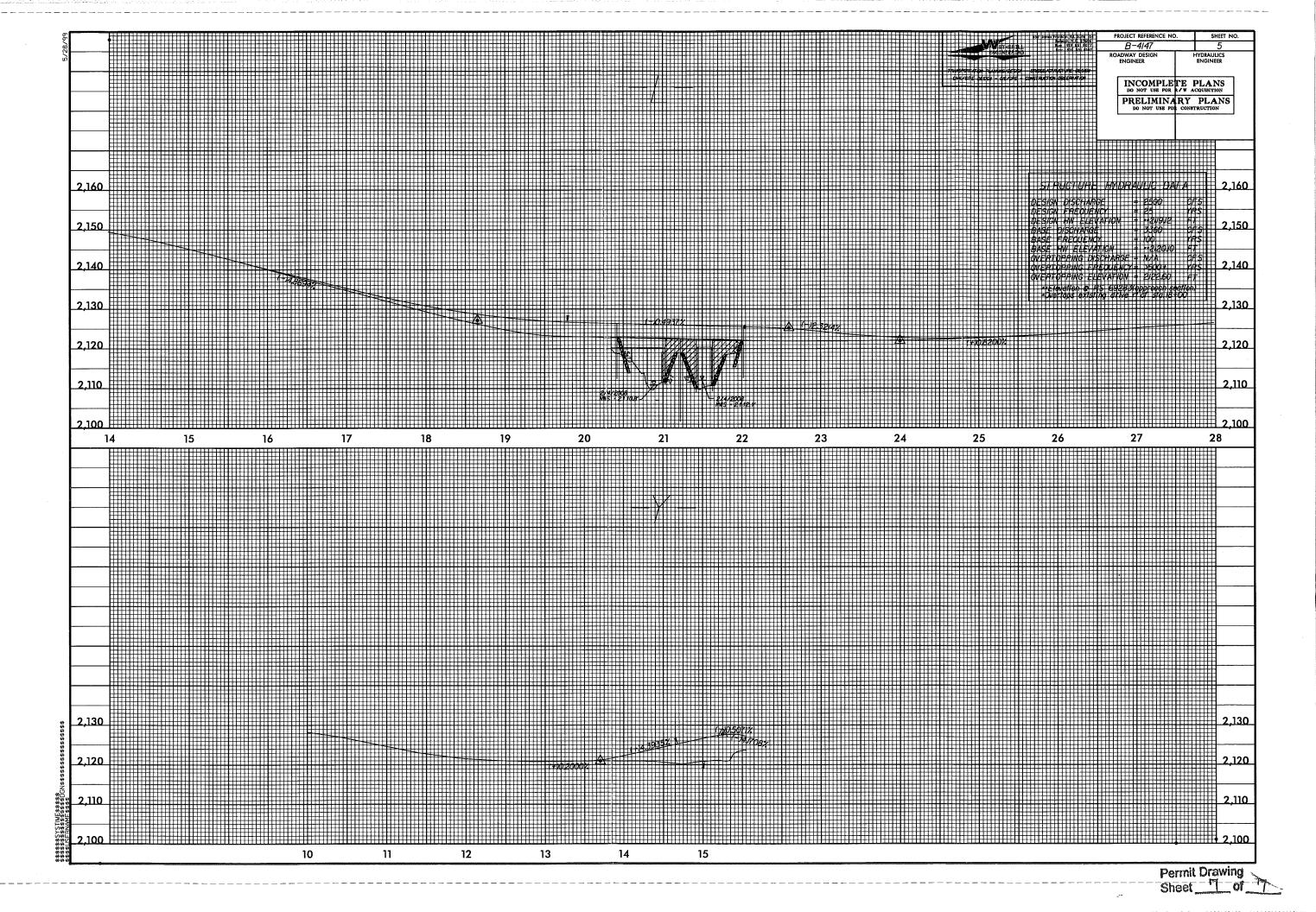
2

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PRO,







Ö **PROJECT:**

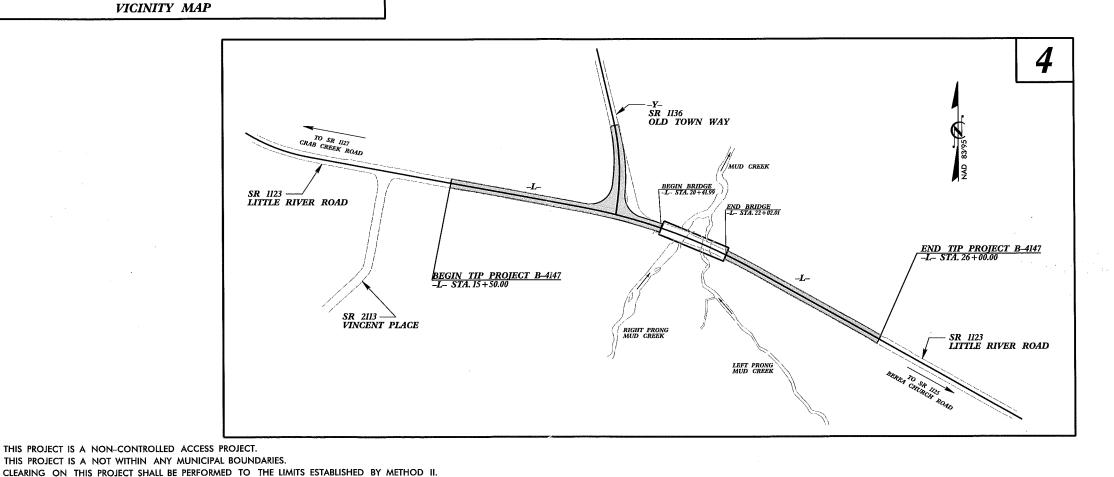
See Sheet 1-A For Index of Sheets

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

HENDERSON COUNTY

LOCATION: BRIDGE NO. 75 OVER RIGHT PRONG MUD CREEK BRIDGE NO. 76 OVER LEFT PRONG MUD CREEK ON SR 1123 (LITTLE RIVER ROAD) TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, PAVING, DRAINAGE & STRUCTURE

STATE	STATI	S PROJECT REPERENCE NO.	NO.	SHEETS	
N.C.	B-4	4147	1		
STAT	E PROJ.NO.	P. A. PROJ. NO.	DESCRI	PTION	
33	496.1.1	BRZ-1123(11)	PE	PE	
334	496.2.1	BRZ-1123(11)	R/W &	UTIL.	
		<u> </u>			
		<u> </u>			
			<u> </u>		



PRELIMINARY PLANS

GRAPHIC SCALES PROFILE (HORIZONTAL)

DESIGN DATA ADT 2011 = 1595 ADT 2031 = 3515

DHV = 12 % D ≗ 55 % T = 7 % *

V = 40 MPH* TTST 1% + DUAL 6% CLASSIFICATION: RURAL LOCAL

SUBREGIONAL TIER DESIGN

PROJECT LENGTH

TOTAL ROADWAY LENGTH TIP PROJECT B-4147 = 0.169mi TOTAL STRUCTURE LENGTH TIP PROJECT B-4147 = 0.030mi TOTAL LENGTH TIP PROJECT B-4147 = 0.199mi

2012 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS RIGHT OF WAY DATE: EDWARD G. WETHERILL, PE JUNE 17, 2011 LETTING DATE: BOB A. MAY, PE PROJECT DESIGN ENGINEER JULY 17, 2012

K. ZAK HAMIDI, PE

NCDOT CONTACT

ROADWAY DESIGN **ENGINEER**

HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

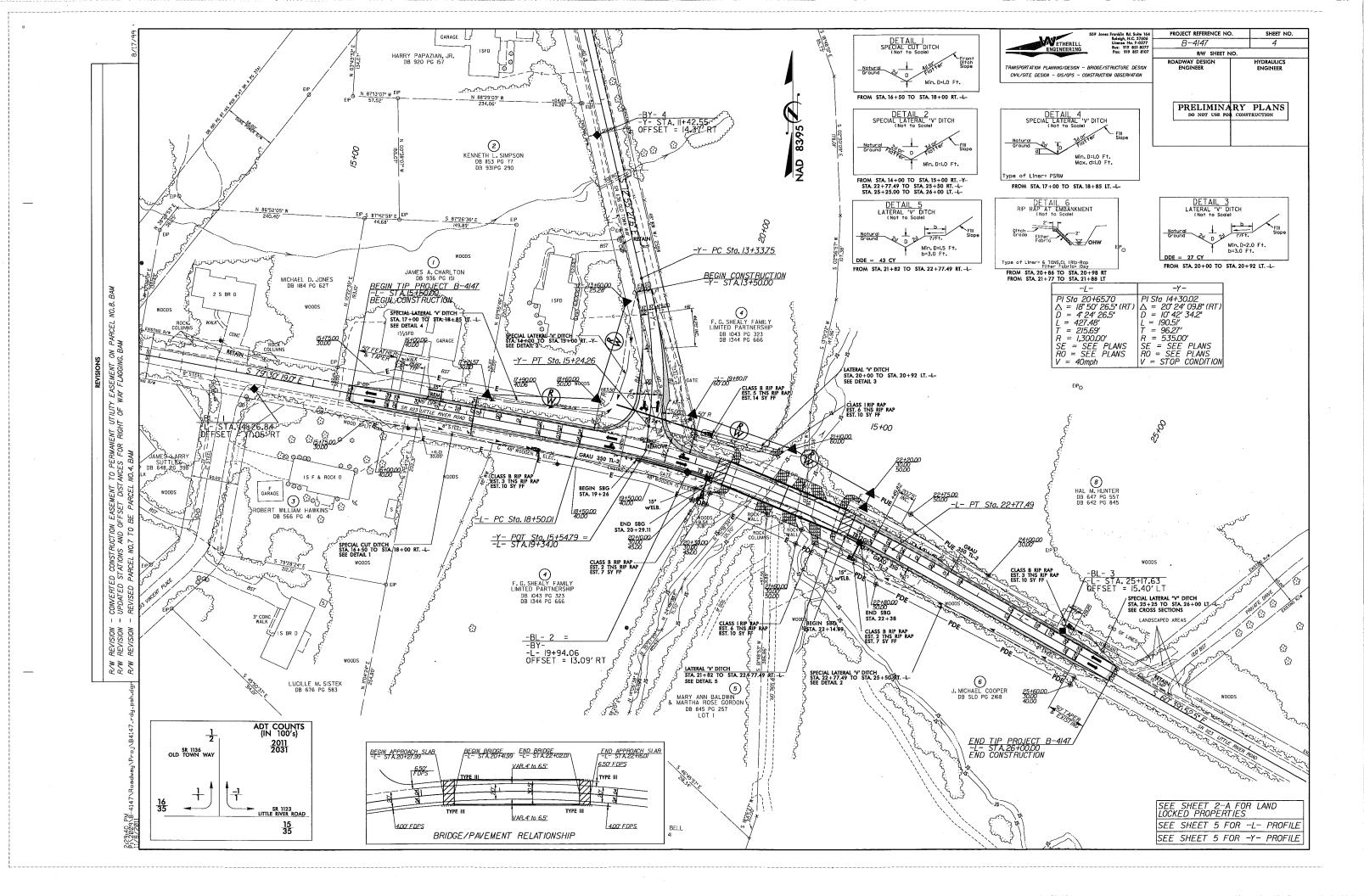
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

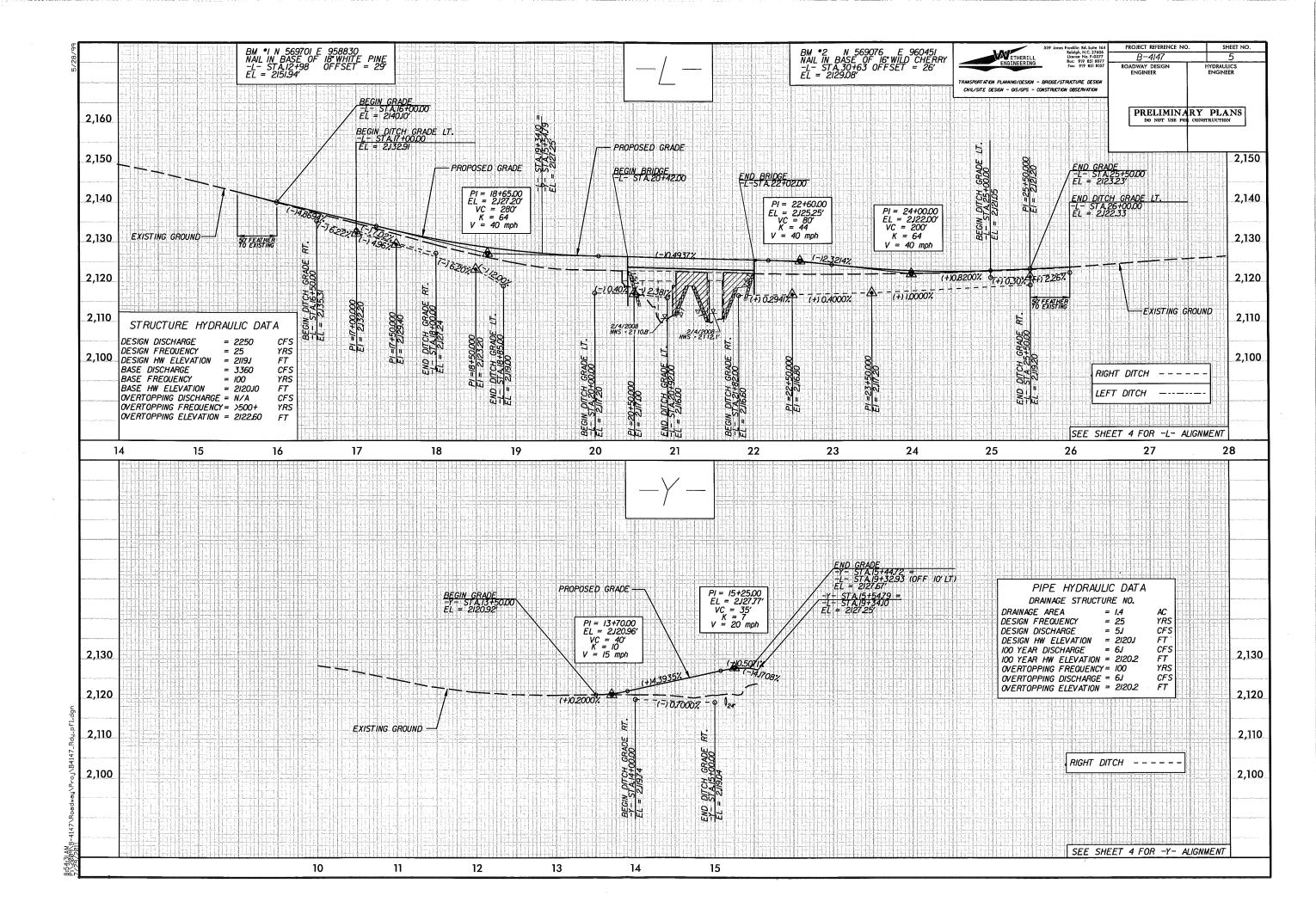
OJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET
R-4147	7-

*S.U.E. = Subsurface Utility Engineering

CONVENTIONAL PLAN SHEET SYMBOLS

BOUNDARIES AND PROPERTY:		CONTRICTOR		AII SIILLI SIML		WATER:	
State Line						Water Manhole	W
County Line		RAILROADS:				Water Meter	0
Township Line		Standard Gauge	CSX TRANSPORTATION			Water Valve	8
City Line		RR Signal Milepost ————————————————————————————————————	⊙ MILEPOST 35	Orchard ————————————————————————————————————		Water Hydrant —	
Reservation Line		Switch —		Vineyard	Vineyard	Recorded U/G Water Line ————	
Property Line		RR Abandoned		EVICTING CTRICTIBES.		Designated U/G Water Line (S.U.E.*)	
Existing Iron Pin		RR Dismantled		EXISTING STRUCTURES:		Above Ground Water Line	
Property Corner		RIGHT OF WAY:		MAJOR:		, <u> </u>	
Property Monument		Baseline Control Point		Bridge, Tunnel or Box Culvert		TV:	
Parcel/Sequence Number		Existing Right of Way Marker	*	Bridge Wing Wall, Head Wall and End Wall —	J CONC WW L	TV Satellite Dish	K
Existing Fence Line		Existing Right of Way Line		MINOR: Head and End Wall ——————————————————————————————————	CONC HW	TV Pedestal ————————————————————————————————————	
Proposed Woven Wire Fence		Proposed Right of Way Line	_	Pipe Culvert	CONC HW	TV Tower —	
Proposed Chain Link Fence		Proposed Right of Way Line with		Footbridge		U/G TV Cable Hand Hole	_
Proposed Barbed Wire Fence		Iron Pin and Cap Marker	- (b) - ▲ -	-		Recorded U/G TV Cable	
Existing Wetland Boundary		Proposed Right of Way Line with		Drainage Box: Catch Basin, DI or JB	СВ	Designated U/G TV Cable (S.U.E.*)	
Proposed Wetland Boundary		Concrete or Granite Marker		Paved Ditch Gutter			
		Existing Control of Access	(O)	Storm Sewer Manhole —————		Recorded U/G Fiber Optic Cable	
Existing Endangered Animal Boundary		Proposed Control of Access ————	•	Storm Sewer		Designated U/G Fiber Optic Cable (S.U.E.*)—	
Existing Endangered Plant Boundary	200	Existing Easement Line ————————————————————————————————————	——E——			0.40	
Known Soil Contamination: Area or Site	000	Proposed Temporary Construction Easement -	———E———	UTILITIES:		GAS:	
Potential Soil Contamination: Area or Site —	000	Proposed Temporary Drainage Easement——	TDE	POWER:		Gas Valve	
BUILDINGS AND OTHER CULT	URE:	Proposed Permanent Drainage Easement ——	PDE	Existing Power Pole		Gas Meter	-
Gas Pump Vent or U/G Tank Cap		Proposed Permanent Drainage / Utility Easemen	nt	Proposed Power Pole ————	6	Recorded U/G Gas Line	
Sign —	•	Proposed Permanent Utility Easement ———	PUE	Existing Joint Use Pole		Designated U/G Gas Line (S.U.E.*)———	
Well	. "	Proposed Temporary Utility Easement ———	TUE	Proposed Joint Use Pole	- 6-	Above Ground Gas Line	A/G GOS
Small Mine		Proposed Aerial Utility Easement	AUE	Power Manhole —			
Foundation ————————————————————————————————————	_	Proposed Permanent Easement with		Power Line Tower	\boxtimes	SANITARY SEWER:	
Area Outline	_	Iron Pin and Cap Marker	*	Power Transformer —	M	Sanitary Sewer Manhole	•
Cemetery		ROADS AND RELATED FEATURE	ES:	U/G Power Cable Hand Hole		Sanitary Sewer Cleanout	•
Building —		Existing Edge of Pavement		H-Frame Pole	••	U/G Sanitary Sewer Line ————————————————————————————————————	
School	- 📥	Existing Curb		Recorded U/G Power Line		Above Ground Sanitary Sewer	A/G Sanitary Sew
Church		Proposed Slope Stakes Cut	<u>c</u>	Designated U/G Power Line (S.U.E.*)		Recorded SS Forced Main Line	FSS
Dam		Proposed Slope Stakes Fill	F	Designated to Fewer Line (c.e.e.)		Designated SS Forced Main Line (S.U.E.*) —	
		Proposed Curb Ramp	(CR)	TELEPHONE:		,	
HYDROLOGY:		Curb Cut Future Ramp	(CCFR)	Existing Telephone Pole	-	MISCELLANEOUS:	
Stream or Body of Water		Existing Metal Guardrail		Proposed Telephone Pole ————	•	Utility Pole	
Hydro, Pool or Reservoir		Proposed Guardrail —————		Telephone Manhole		Utility Pole with Base —	
Jurisdictional Stream		Existing Cable Guiderail		Telephone Booth ———————————————————————————————————	<u>)</u>	Utility Located Object —————	. ⊙
Buffer Zone 1		Proposed Cable Guiderail		Telephone Pedestal		Utility Traffic Signal Box ——————	S
Buffer Zone 2		Equality Symbol	•			Utility Unknown U/G Line	
Flow Arrow	•	Pavement Removal		Telephone Cell Tower		U/G Tank; Water, Gas, Oil —	
Disappearing Stream —		VEGETATION:	K*************************************	U/G Telephone Cable Hand Hole		Underground Storage Tank, Approx. Loc. ——	
Spring		Single Tree	₩	Recorded U/G Telephone Cable		A/G Tank; Water, Gas, Oil	
Wetland	_	Single Shrub		Designated U/G Telephone Cable (S.U.E.*)—		Geoenvironmental Boring	
Proposed Lateral, Tail, Head Ditch		Hedge		Recorded U/G Telephone Conduit ———		U/G Test Hole (S.U.E.*)	•
False Sump	\Leftrightarrow	Woods Line		Designated U/G Telephone Conduit (S.U.E.*)		Abandoned According to Utility Records	-
		woods line		Recorded U/G Fiber Optics Cable ————		End of Information ————————————————————————————————————	
				Designated LIG Fiber Optics Cable /SILE *\-	T FO :	and of millionidinon	E.U.I.





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Highway.	North Carolina Department of Transportation	nent of Transportation	Vones 11	A
Reimand, July 2010 (DRAFT)	Highway Stormwater Program STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PI AN	water Program	Version 1.1	
			Page	of
	General Project Information	:t Information		
Project No.:	33496.1.1 (B-4147)	Date:	4/5/2011	
Sity/Town:		Designer:	Max Price - Wetherill Eingineering	
County(ies):	Henderson County	Project Manager:	Marshall Clawson	
River Basin(s):	French Broad	CAMA County?	no TVA County?	yes
Primary Receiving Water:	Mud Creeks	NCDWQ Stream Index:		
ICDWQ Surface Water Classification for Primary Receiving Water	y Receiving Water Primary:	Class C		
	Supplemental:			
Other Stream Classification:				
103(d) Stream?	no Type(s) of Impairment:			
State Stormwater Permit Required?				
Sould the Project Impact Threatened or Endangered Species?		ou		
Description:				
Anadromous Fish Present?	Ou			
3uffer Rules in Effect?	ПО	Buffer Rules:		
	Existing Site	g Site		
Jescription of Existing Project Area:	Rural two lane two way SR route			
Average Daily Traffic (existing):	1595			
Existing Gross Section:	2 - 10' travel lanes with shoulder section.			
Surrounding Land Use:	farmland ,woods, some residential			
Jeneral Comments:	Sub-Regional Tier Guidelines apply			
	Project Description	scription		
Jescription of Proposed Project:	Replace Insufficient bridges			
werage Daily Traffic (proposed):	3515 (year 2031)			
Proposed Gross-Section:	2 - 10' travel lanes with shoulder section.			
nterchange Modification:		Median Type:		
Terminus:				
Terminus:				
Project Length (lin. miles/feet):	0.199 miles	Added Impervious Area (ac.):	insignificant, pavement width not increased	reased
Seneral Comments:				

WQv° (ft³) Q₁₀ (ft³/s) ō Ω₂ (ft³/s) SCM Type | Complete? | DA (ac.) Page Version 1.1 2 Riparian Buffer and Jurisdictional Stream Impacts and Associated SCMs 2 @ 80°; 33" Box Beam Bridge Proposed Structure North Carolina Department of Transportation Highway Stormwater Program STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN **Environmental Summary** Classific-ation? Class C **Buffer?** No Jurisdict. Stream Perennial RPW Stream Type Stream Name Mud Creeek Highway - - - Stormwater Relonsed: July 2010 (DRAFT) General Comments: Station 21+22

Construct ability/Permitting/Commitments

Has the method of construction for proposed bridges and / or culverts been addressed? See CFI Checklist attached to field inspection letter.
<u> </u>
Has the method of removal for bridge superstructure and substructure been discussed? See CFI Checklist attached to field inspection letter. The existre bridges are crutch bend, steel grider, wooden deck structures. Section 402-2 will cover removal.
Structures. Dection 402-2 will cover removal.
Is any additional right of way, construction easements, or drainage easements required other than those shown on the plans for the issues discussed above. If so, show location and limits (Specify temporary or permanent).
Does the proposed design take into consideration the constructability issues associated with constructing the roadway, drainage, structures, utilities, and maintaining traffic so that the right of way limits and permit application can be developed accordingly.
Have all environmental commitments been reviewed and can they be implemented? See FDEA comments
Are historic properties and / or archeological sites clearly identified on the plans? Do the commitments clearly explain how the impacts to these sites will be avoided or minimized?

APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION FORM U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

This form should be completed by following the instructions provided in Section IV of the JD Form Instructional Guidebook.

	ION I: BACKGROUND INFORMATION EPORT COMPLETION DATE FOR APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (JD):
B. D	DISTRICT OFFICE, FILE NAME, AND NUMBER:
over L S C	ROJECT LOCATION AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION: Bridge No. 75 over Right Prong Mud Creek and Bridge No. 76 eft Prong Mud Creek on Little River Road (SR 1123). tate: NC County/parish/borough: Henderson City: Edneyville lenter coordinates of site (lat/long in degree decimal format): Lat. 35.264779° N. Long82.486154° W. Universal Transverse Mercator: Iame of nearest waterbody: Right Prong Mud Creek and Left Prong Mud Creek Iame of nearest Traditional Navigable Water (TNW) into which the aquatic resource flows: French Broad River Iame of watershed or Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC): 06010105 Check if map/diagram of review area and/or potential jurisdictional areas is/are available upon request. Check if other sites (e.g., offsite mitigation sites, disposal sites, etc) are associated with this action and are recorded on a different JD form.
D. R	REVIEW PERFORMED FOR SITE EVALUATION (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY): Office (Desk) Determination. Date: Field Determination. Date(s):
	TION II: SUMMARY OF FINDINGS HA SECTION 10 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION.
	Pick List "navigable waters of the U.S." within Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 329) in the varea. [Required] Waters subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. Waters are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce. Explain:
B. CV	WA SECTION 404 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION.
There	Pick List "waters of the U.S." within Clean Water Act (CWA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 328) in the review area. [Required]
1	. Waters of the U.S. a. Indicate presence of waters of U.S. in review area (check all that apply): TNWs, including territorial seas Wetlands adjacent to TNWs Relatively permanent waters² (RPWs) that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs Non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs Wetlands directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs Impoundments of jurisdictional waters Isolated (interstate or intrastate) waters, including isolated wetlands
	b. Identify (estimate) size of waters of the U.S. in the review area: Non-wetland waters: 106 lf of Right Prong; 104 lf of Left Prong linear feet: width (ft) an d/or acres. Wetlands: 0 acres.
	c. Limits (boundaries) of jurisdiction based on: 1987 Delineation Manual Elevation of established OHWM (if known):
2	Non-regulated waters/wetlands (check if applicable): ³ Potentially jurisdictional waters and/or wetlands were assessed within the review area and determined to be not jurisdictional.

Explain:

¹ Boxes checked below shall be supported by completing the appropriate sections in Section III below.
² For purposes of this form, an RPW is defined as a tributary that is not a TNW and that typically flows year-round or has continuous flow at least "seasonally"

⁽e.g., typically 3 months).

³ Supporting documentation is presented in Section III.F.

SECTION III: CWA ANALYSIS

A. TNWs AND WETLANDS ADJACENT TO TNWs

The agencies will assert jurisdiction over TNWs and wetlands adjacent to TNWs. If the aquatic resource is a TNW, complete Section III.A.1 and Section III.D.1. only; if the aquatic resource is a wetland adjacent to a TNW, complete Sections III.A.1 and 2 and Section III.D.1.; otherwise, see Section III.B below.

1. TNW

Identify TNW:

Summarize rationale supporting determination:

2. Wetland adjacent to TNW

Summarize rationale supporting conclusion that wetland is "adjacent":

B. CHARACTERISTICS OF TRIBUTARY (THAT IS NOT A TNW) AND ITS ADJACENT WETLANDS (IF ANY):

This section summarizes information regarding characteristics of the tributary and its adjacent wetlands, if any, and it helps determine whether or not the standards for jurisdiction established under *Rapanos* have been met.

The agencies will assert jurisdiction over non-navigable tributaries of TNWs where the tributaries are "relatively permanent waters" (RPWs), i.e. tributaries that typically flow year-round or have continuous flow at least seasonally (e.g., typically 3 months). A wetland that directly abuts an RPW is also jurisdictional. If the aquatic resource is not a TNW, but has year-round (perennial) flow, skip to Section III.D.2. If the aquatic resource is a wetland directly abutting a tributary with perennial flow, skip to Section III.D.4.

A wetland that is adjacent to but that does not directly abut an RPW requires a significant nexus evaluation. Corps districts and EPA regions will include in the record any available information that documents the existence of a significant nexus between a relatively permanent tributary that is not perennial (and its adjacent wetlands if any) and a traditional navigable water, even though a significant nexus finding is not required as a matter of law.

If the waterbody is not an RPW, or a wetland directly abutting an RPW, a JD will require additional data to determine if the waterbody has a significant nexus with a TNW. If the tributary has adjacent wetlands, the significant nexus evaluation must consider the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands. This significant nexus evaluation that combines, for analytical purposes, the tributary and all of its adjacent wetlands is used whether the review area identified in the JD request is the tributary, or its adjacent wetlands, or both. If the JD covers a tributary with adjacent wetlands, complete Section III.B.1 for the tributary, Section III.B.2 for any onsite wetlands, and Section III.B.3 for all wetlands adjacent to that tributary, both onsite and offsite. The determination whether a significant nexus exists is determined in Section III.C below.

1. Characteristics of non-TNWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNW

(i) General Area Conditions:

Watershed size: 11.02 square miles
Drainage area: Pick List
Average annual rainfall: ????? inches

Average annual snowfall: checked Asheville, NC: 15.2 inches

(ii) Physical Characteristics:

(a) Relationship with TNW:

Tributary flows directly into TNW.

Tributary flows through **Pick List** tributaries before entering TNW.

Project waters are 10-15 river miles from TNW.

Project waters are 1 (or less) river miles from RPW.

Project waters are 5-10 aerial (straight) miles from TNW.

Project waters are 1 (or less) aerial (straight) miles from RPW.

Project waters cross or serve as state boundaries. Explain:

Identify flow route to TNW⁵: Mud Creek (Right and Left Prong) flows directly to the French Broad River. Tributary stream order, if known: 3.

⁴ Note that the Instructional Guidebook contains additional information regarding swales, ditches, washes, and erosional features generally and in the arid West.

⁵ Flow route can be described by identifying, e.g., tributary a, which flows through the review area, to flow into tributary b, which then flows into TNW.

	(b)	General Tributary Characteristics (check all that apply): Tributary is: Natural Artificial (man-made). Explain: Manipulated (man-altered). Explain:
		Tributary properties with respect to top of bank (estimate): Average width: 15-17 feet Average depth: 3-8 feet Average side slopes: 4:1 (or greater).
		Primary tributary substrate composition (check all that apply): Silts Sands Concrete Gravel Muck Bedrock Vegetation. Type/% cover: Other. Explain:
		Tributary condition/stability [e.g., highly eroding, sloughing banks]. Explain: fairly stable. Presence of run/riffle/pool complexes. Explain: run/pool sequence present. Tributary geometry: Meandering Tributary gradient (approximate average slope): %
	(c)	Flow: Tributary provides for: Seasonal flow Estimate average number of flow events in review area/year: 2-5 Describe flow regime: Other information on duration and volume:
		Surface flow is: Confined. Characteristics:
		Subsurface flow: Unknown. Explain findings: Dye (or other) test performed:
		Tributary has (check all that apply): Bed and banks OHWM ⁶ (check all indicators that apply): clear, natural line impressed on the bank changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation the presence of wrack line sediment sorting sediment deposition abrupt change in plant community other (list):
		☐ Discontinuous OHWM. ⁷ Explain:
		If factors other than the OHWM were used to determine lateral extent of CWA jurisdiction (check all that apply): High Tide Line indicated by:
(iii)	Cha	emical Characteristics: aracterize tributary (e.g., water color is clear, discolored, oily film; water quality; general watershed characteristics, etc.). Explain: water clarity is good and velocity is strong. ntify specific pollutants, if known:

⁶A natural or man-made discontinuity in the OHWM does not necessarily sever jurisdiction (e.g., where the stream temporarily flows underground, or where the OHWM has been removed by development or agricultural practices). Where there is a break in the OHWM that is unrelated to the waterbody's flow regime (e.g., flow over a rock outcrop or through a culvert), the agencies will look for indicators of flow above and below the break. ⁷Ibid.

	(iv)	\boxtimes	ogical Characteristics. Channel supports (check all that apply): Riparian corridor. Characteristics (type, average width): less than 40 feet wide.
			Wetland fringe. Characteristics: Habitat for:
		rea;	Federally Listed species. Explain findings: habitat for White irisette and Small whorled pogonia exists within the however the biological conclusion is No Effect; Marginal habitat exists within the psa for the Appalachian elktoe, agust 14, 2006 Survey Report, but no freshwater mussels were found in 2.0 manhours of survey time. Fish/spawn areas. Explain findings:
			Other environmentally-sensitive species. Explain findings: Aquatic/wildlife diversity. Explain findings:
2.	Cha	racte	eristics of wetlands adjacent to non-TNW that flow directly or indirectly into TNW
	(i)		sical Characteristics:
		(a)	General Wetland Characteristics: Properties:
			Wetland size: acres
			Wetland type. Explain: .
			Wetland quality. Explain:
			Project wetlands cross or serve as state boundaries. Explain: .
		(b)	General Flow Relationship with Non-TNW: Flow is: Pick List. Explain:
			Surface flow is: Pick List Characteristics:
			Subsurface flow: Pick List . Explain findings:
		(c)	Wetland Adjacency Determination with Non-TNW: Directly abutting
			☐ Not directly abutting ☐ Discrete wetland hydrologic connection. Explain:
			Ecological connection. Explain: Separated by berm/barrier. Explain:
		(d)	Proximity (Relationship) to TNW
			Project wetlands are Pick List river miles from TNW. Project waters are Pick List aerial (straight) miles from TNW.
			Flow is from: Pick List. Estimate approximate location of wetland as within the Pick List floodplain.
	(ii)	Che	emical Characteristics: racterize wetland system (e.g., water color is clear, brown, oil film on surface; water quality; general watershed
		Clia	characteristics; etc.). Explain:
		Ider	ntify specific pollutants, if known:
	Giii) Biol	logical Characteristics. Wetland supports (check all that apply):
	(Riparian buffer. Characteristics (type, average width):
			Vegetation type/percent cover. 'Explain: .
		Ш	Habitat for: Federally Listed species. Explain findings:
			Fish/spawn areas. Explain findings:
			☐ Other environmentally-sensitive species. Explain findings: ☐ Aquatic/wildlife diversity. Explain findings:
3.	Cha		eristics of all wetlands adjacent to the tributary (if any)
			wetland(s) being considered in the cumulative analysis: Pick List broximately () acres in total are being considered in the cumulative analysis.
		44	justice j to the interest of the considered in the cumulative analysis.

For each wetland, specify the following:

Directly abuts? (Y/N)

Size (in acres)

Directly abuts? (Y/N)

Size (in acres)

Summarize overall biological, chemical and physical functions being performed:

C. SIGNIFICANT NEXUS DETERMINATION

A significant nexus analysis will assess the flow characteristics and functions of the tributary itself and the functions performed by any wetlands adjacent to the tributary to determine if they significantly affect the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of a TNW. For each of the following situations, a significant nexus exists if the tributary, in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, has more than a speculative or insubstantial effect on the chemical, physical and/or biological integrity of a TNW. Considerations when evaluating significant nexus include, but are not limited to the volume, duration, and frequency of the flow of water in the tributary and its proximity to a TNW, and the functions performed by the tributary and all its adjacent wetlands. It is not appropriate to determine significant nexus based solely on any specific threshold of distance (e.g. between a tributary and its adjacent wetland or between a tributary and the TNW). Similarly, the fact an adjacent wetland lies within or outside of a floodplain is not solely determinative of significant nexus.

Draw connections between the features documented and the effects on the TNW, as identified in the Rapanos Guidance and discussed in the Instructional Guidebook. Factors to consider include, for example:

- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have the capacity to carry pollutants or flood waters to TNWs, or to reduce the amount of pollutants or flood waters reaching a TNW?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), provide habitat and lifecycle support functions for fish and other species, such as feeding, nesting, spawning, or rearing young for species that are present in the TNW?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have the capacity to transfer nutrients and organic carbon that support downstream foodwebs?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have other relationships to the physical, chemical, or biological integrity of the TNW?

Note: the above list of considerations is not inclusive and other functions observed or known to occur should be documented below:

- 1. Significant nexus findings for non-RPW that has no adjacent wetlands and flows directly or indirectly into TNWs. Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary itself, then go to Section III.D:
- 2. Significant nexus findings for non-RPW and its adjacent wetlands, where the non-RPW flows directly or indirectly into TNWs. Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, then go to Section III.D:
- 3. Significant nexus findings for wetlands adjacent to an RPW but that do not directly abut the RPW. Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, then go to Section III.D:

D.	DETERMINATIONS OF JURISDICTIONAL FINDINGS. THE SUBJECT WATERS/WETLANDS ARE (CHECK ALL
	THAT APPLY):

1.	TNWs and Adjacent Wetlands. Check all that apply and provide size estimates in review area: TNWs: li near feet width (ft), Or, acres. Wetlands adjacent to TNWs: acres.
[RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs. Tributaries of TNWs where tributaries typically flow year-round are jurisdictional. Provide data and rationale indicating that tributary is perennial: Clear bed and bank, flowing water each site visit. Tributaries of TNW where tributaries have continuous flow "seasonally" (e.g., typically three months each year) are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.B. Provide rationale indicating that tributary flows seasonally:

	Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area (check all that apply): Tributary waters: 106 If of Right Prong and 104 If of Left Prong linear feet width (ft). Other non-wetland waters: acres. Identify type(s) of waters: .
3.	Non-RPWs ⁸ that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs. Waterbody that is not a TNW or an RPW, but flows directly or indirectly into a TNW, and it has a significant nexus with a TNW is jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.
	Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters within the review area (check all that apply): Tributary waters: linear feet width (ft). Other non-wetland waters: acres. Identify type(s) of waters: .
4.	Wetlands directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs. Wetlands directly abut RPW and thus are jurisdictional as adjacent wetlands. Wetlands directly abutting an RPW where tributaries typically flow year-round. Provide data and rationale indicating that tributary is perennial in Section III.D.2, above. Provide rationale indicating that wetland is directly abutting an RPW: Wetlands directly abutting an RPW where tributaries typically flow "seasonally." Provide data indicating that tributary is
	seasonal in Section III.B and rationale in Section III.D.2, above. Provide rationale indicating that wetland is directly abutting an RPW: Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.
	Trovide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wedands in the review area.
5.	Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs. Wetlands that do not directly abut an RPW, but when considered in combination with the tributary to which they are adjacent and with similarly situated adjacent wetlands, have a significant nexus with a TNW are jurisidictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.
	Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.
6.	Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs. Wetlands adjacent to such waters, and have when considered in combination with the tributary to which they are adjacent and with similarly situated adjacent wetlands, have a significant nexus with a TNW are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.
	Provide estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.
7.	Impoundments of jurisdictional waters. As a general rule, the impoundment of a jurisdictional tributary remains jurisdictional. Demonstrate that impoundment was created from "waters of the U.S.," or Demonstrate that water meets the criteria for one of the categories presented above (1-6), or
	Demonstrate that water is isolated with a nexus to commerce (see E below).
DE SU U U U	DLATED [INTERSTATE OR INTRA-STATE] WATERS, INCLUDING ISOLATED WETLANDS, THE USE, GRADATION OR DESTRUCTION OF WHICH COULD AFFECT INTERSTATE COMMERCE, INCLUDING ANY CH WATERS (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY): 10 which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce. Interstate isolated waters. Explain: Other factors. Explain:
Ide	entify water body and summarize rationale supporting determination:

E.

 ⁸See Footnote # 3.
 9 To complete the analysis refer to the key in Section III.D.6 of the Instructional Guidebook.
 10 Prior to asserting or declining CWA jurisdiction based solely on this category, Corps Districts will elevate the action to Corps and EPA HQ for review consistent with the process described in the Corps/EPA Memorandum Regarding CWA Act Jurisdiction Following Rapanos.

		vide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area (check all that apply): Tributary waters: linear feet widt h (ft). Other non-wetland waters: acres. Identify type(s) of waters: . Wetlands: acres.
F.		N-JURISDICTIONAL WATERS, INCLUDING WETLANDS (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY): If potential wetlands were assessed within the review area, these areas did not meet the criteria in the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual and/or appropriate Regional Supplements. Review area included isolated waters with no substantial nexus to interstate (or foreign) commerce. Prior to the Jan 2001 Supreme Court decision in "SWANCC," the review area would have been regulated based solely on the "Migratory Bird Rule" (MBR). Waters do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such a finding is required for jurisdiction. Explain: Other: (explain, if not covered above):
	fact	vide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area, where the <u>sole</u> potential basis of jurisdiction is the MBR tors (i.e., presence of migratory birds, presence of endangered species, use of water for irrigated agriculture), using best professional gment (check all that apply): Non-wetland waters (i.e., rivers, streams): li near feet width (ft). Lakes/ponds: acres. Other non-wetland waters: acres. List type of aquatic resource: . Wetlands: acres.
		wide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area that do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such nding is required for jurisdiction (check all that apply): Non-wetland waters (i.e., rivers, streams): li near feet, width (ft). Lakes/ponds: acres. Other non-wetland waters: acres. List type of aquatic resource: Wetlands: acres.
SE	CTIC	ON IV: DATA SOURCES.
A.		PORTING DATA. Data reviewed for JD (check all that apply - checked items shall be included in case file and, where checked requested, appropriately reference sources below): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant: Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant. Office concurs with data sheets/delineation report. Office does not concur with data sheets/delineation report. Data sheets prepared by the Corps: Corps navigable waters' study: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: USGS NHD data.
		U.S. Geological Survey map(s). Cite scale & quad name: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey. Citation: National wetlands inventory map(s). Cite name: State/Local wetland inventory map(s): FEMA/FIRM maps: 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (National Geodectic Vertical Datum of 1929) Photographs: ☐ Aerial (Name & Date): or ☐ Other (Name & Date): Previous determination(s). File no. and date of response letter: Applicable/gampating accelers.
		Applicable/supporting case law: Applicable/supporting scientific literature: Other information (please specify):

B. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS TO SUPPORT JD: