



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ROY COOPER  
GOVERNOR

JAMES H. TROGDON, III  
SECRETARY

January 29, 2020

Asheville Regulatory Field Office  
US Army Corps of Engineers  
151 Patton Avenue, Room 208  
Asheville, North Carolina 28801-5006

ATTN: Ms. Nicholle Braspennickx, NCDOT Coordinator

Subject: *Updated information for the Application Requesting Modification of Section 404 Individual Permit and Section 401 Water Quality Certification for the U-2579B Section of the Winston-Salem Northern Beltway, from US 158 to I-40 Business/US 421, Forsyth County, Division 9, WBS 34839.2.10*

References: Section 404 Individual Permit – Action ID No. SAW-2009-03183, issued June 17, 2014 and modifications issued July 2, 2014, February 21, 2019, and Section 404 Individual Renewal/ ATF Permit Modification, October 17, 2019

Section 401 Water Quality Certification – NCDWR Project No. 2014090 issued April 11, 2014 and modifications issued July 18, 2014, December 17, 2018, and Section 401 Water Quality Certification Renewal/ATF issued October 15, 2019

*Permit Application Request for Modification of Section 404 Individual Permit and Section 401 Water Quality Certification submitted on October 21, 2019*

Dear Madam:

*This letter and permit drawings dated January 14, 2020, are an update (shown in italics) to the previous letter and permit drawings submitted with the October 21, 2019 application for the Smith Creek relocation permit modification.*

*This update is required due to two minor design revisions. The landowner adjacent to the proposed relocation of Smith Creek owns several fish ponds and has utilized the Creek to fill the ponds each year. To enable the land owner the use of the Creek to fill his ponds, it is necessary to install a stream intake vault (see Permit Drawing Sheet 2 of 18) at the north end of the relocated stream (see Permit Drawing Sheet 14 of 18). This change will involve 12 linear feet of bank stabilization impacts as part of this modification at Site 28.*

Additionally, Site 28A will have an increase of Natural Stream Design (NSD) due to a better alignment for the confluence of UT Smith Creek to the mainstem. This will increase the NSD at site 28A from 344 linear feet to 384 linear feet.

Impact Changes for the Smith Creek Relocation and Updated Impacts from the Stream Vault:

	Current Permanent Stream (LF)	Current Stream Bank Stabilization (LF)	Current Stream Bank Temporary (LF)	New Permanent Stream (LF)	New Stream Bank Stabilization (LF)	Stream Reloc. In The TDE	New Stream Temporary (LF)	New Pond De-watering (AC)
Site 23	151	36	121	NC	<b>55</b>		<b>30</b>	
Site 28	598	194	127	<b>2233</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>0</b>	
Site 28A				<b>80</b>				
Site 28B								<b>1.62</b>
Site 28C								<b>6.20</b>

NC = No Change

Sites 28A, 28B, and 28C are new sites for this modification

*The impacts for the TDE (Temporary Drainage Easement) are separated out in this application.*

The total additional new permanent stream impacts requiring mitigation are as follows:

Site 28            1,711 Linear Feet of Stream Impacts

Site 28A        80 Linear Feet of Stream Impacts

**Total new permanent requiring mitigation = 1,791 Linear Feet**

Bank Stabilization Impact changes are as follows:

Site 23            +19 Linear Feet

Site 28            -62 Linear Feet

**Total reduction in Bank Stabilization Impacts = 43 Linear Feet**

Temporary impact changes will be as follows

Site 23            -91 Linear Feet

Site 28            -127 Linear Feet

**Total reduction in Temporary Impacts = 218 Linear Feet**

There will be new impacts to ponds for this modification. Pond 1 and Pond 2 will be drained to accommodate the relocation of Smith Creek totaling 7.82 acre of impacts.

The total permanent stream impacts requiring mitigation remain at 1,791 linear feet.

The modification of this permit for the relocation of Smith Creek, will now bring the total stream impacts for the U-2579B Section of the W-S Beltway to:

*12,492 linear feet of permanent stream impacts*

1,570 linear feet of temporary impacts

NCDOT proposes the relocated Smith Creek NSD for mitigation of the impacts for this permit modification. The mitigation success of this project will be determined once the construction of the NSD and monitoring is completed and determined successful. Currently the proposed NSD is 2,127 linear feet for Smith Creek (Site 28) and 384 linear feet for UT Smith Creek (Site 28A).

Please see the attached *revised permit drawings (Permit Drawing Sheets 1-18) for the relocation of Smith Creek and the corrected permit impact summary sheet. These permit Drawings will take the place of the previously submitted Permit Drawings in the October 2, 2019 Permit Modification. All other attachments with the October 21, 2019 application will remain the same.*

NCDOT is hereby requesting a Modification for this project. If you have any questions, please contact Carla Dagnino at [cdagnino@ncdot.gov](mailto:cdagnino@ncdot.gov) or (919) 707-6110.

Thank you!

Sincerely,

*Carla Dagnino*

*for* Philip S. Harris III, P.E., C.P.M.  
Environmental Analysis Unit Head



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Thank you!

Sincerely,

*Carla Dagnino*

*for* Philip S. Harris III, P.E., C.P.M.  
Environmental Analysis Unit Head



(Version 2.08; Released April 2018)

North Carolina Department of Transportation  
 Highway Stormwater Program  
 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN  
 FOR NCDOT PROJECTS



WBS Element: 34839.1.1 TIP No.: U-2579B County(ies): Forsyth County Page 1 of 2

General Project Information

WBS Element:	34839.1.1	TIP Number:	U-2579B	Project Type:	Roadway Relocation	Date:	1/14/2020
NCDOT Contact:	Amy Euliss	Contractor / Designer:		Address:	421 Fayetteville Street Suite #600 Raleigh, NC, 27601		
Address:	375 Silas Creek Parkway Winston-Salem NC 27127-7167			Phone:	(919) 677-2178		
Phone:	(336) 747-7802			Email:	dan.robinson@kimley-horn.com		
Email:	aeuliss@ncdot.gov						

City/Town:	Winston-Salem	County(ies):	Forsyth		
River Basin(s):	Yadkin-Pee Dee	CAMA County?	No		
Wetlands within Project Limits?	Yes				

Project Description

Project Length (lin. miles or feet):	4.06 miles	Surrounding Land Use:	Rural, Farmland, Suburban Neighborhoods		
		Proposed Project	Existing Site		
Project Built-Upon Area (ac.)	N/A ac.		N/A ac.		
Typical Cross Section Description:	In each direction there will be 3 12-foot lanes plus a 12-foot paved shoulder with a 22-foot grassed median.			N/A	
Annual Avg Daily Traffic (veh/hr/day):	Design/Future: 79880 ADT	Year: 2030	Existing:	53560 ADT	Year: 2010

General Project Narrative: (Description of Minimization of Water Quality Impacts)	9/19/2013 - Orginal Submittal Winston-Salem Northern Bellway (Eastern Section) (Future I-74) from US 158 to I-40 Bus US421: Grassed Swales were used throughout the Project to treat the stormwater. These Grassed Swales have side slopes that are 3:1 or flatter, with many side slopes being 6:1. have a velocity during the 2-Year Storm or less than 2 feet per second and have a minimum ditch length equivalent to 100 feet per acre of impervious area. In addition to the Grassed Swales, Preformed Scour Holes and Energy Dissipators are used at several locations.  12/13/2019 - Revised Submittal Modifications to U-2579B were performed and submitted January 2019. These changes include: - Stormdrain revisions - Proposed 32' 3 @ 8' x 9' RCBC Downstream Extension (Sta. 45+65 -Y4-) - Proposed 41' 3 @ 8' x 9' RCBC Upstream Extension (Sta. 45+65 -Y4-) - Smith Creek Stream Relocation (Sta. 47+27 to 67+63 -Y4-) - UT to Smith Creek Stream Relocation (Sta. 48+60 -Y4-)  A permit modification was needed for the revisions mentioned above. Included with this revised SMP are updated pipe sizes and flows of two outlets to Preformed Scour Holes (Sta. 43+00 and 46+00). All other stormwater features (swales, filter strip, energy dissipators, etc.) were not modified by these 2019 revisions and are not included with this modification. Refer to orginal stormwater management plan for other mitigation efforts.
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Waterbody Information

Surface Water Body (1):	Smith Creek		NCDWR Stream Index No.:	12-94-12-2-1	
NCDWR Surface Water Classification for Water Body	Primary Classification:	Water Supply III (WS-III)			
	Supplemental Classification:	None			
Other Stream Classification:					
Impairments:	None				
Aquatic T&E Species?	No	Comments:			
NRTR Stream ID:			Buffer Rules in Effect:	N/A	
Project Includes Bridge Spanning Water Body?	No	Deck Drains Discharge Over Buffer?	No	Dissipator Pads Provided in Buffer?	No
Deck Drains Discharge Over Water Body?	No	(If yes, provide justification in the General Project Narrative)		(If yes, describe in the General Project Narrative; if no, justify in the General Project Narrative)	
	(If yes, provide justification in the General Project Narrative)				



North Carolina Department of Transportation  
Highway Stormwater Program  
**STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN**  
**FOR NCDOT PROJECTS**



(Version 2.08; Released April 2018)

WBS Element: TIP No.: U-2579B County(ies): Forsyth County Page 2 of 2

## Preformed Scour Holes and Energy Dissipators

### **Additional Comments**

\* Refer to the NCDOT Best Management Practices Toolbox (2014), NCDOT Standards, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Hydraulic Engineering Circular No. 14 (HEC-14), Third Edition, Hydraulic Design of Energy Dissipators for Culverts and Channels (July 2006), as applicable, for design guidance and criteria.



# DETAIL

## STREAM INTAKE VAULT

(SEE SPECIAL PROVISIONS)

**Kimley Horn** ©2010

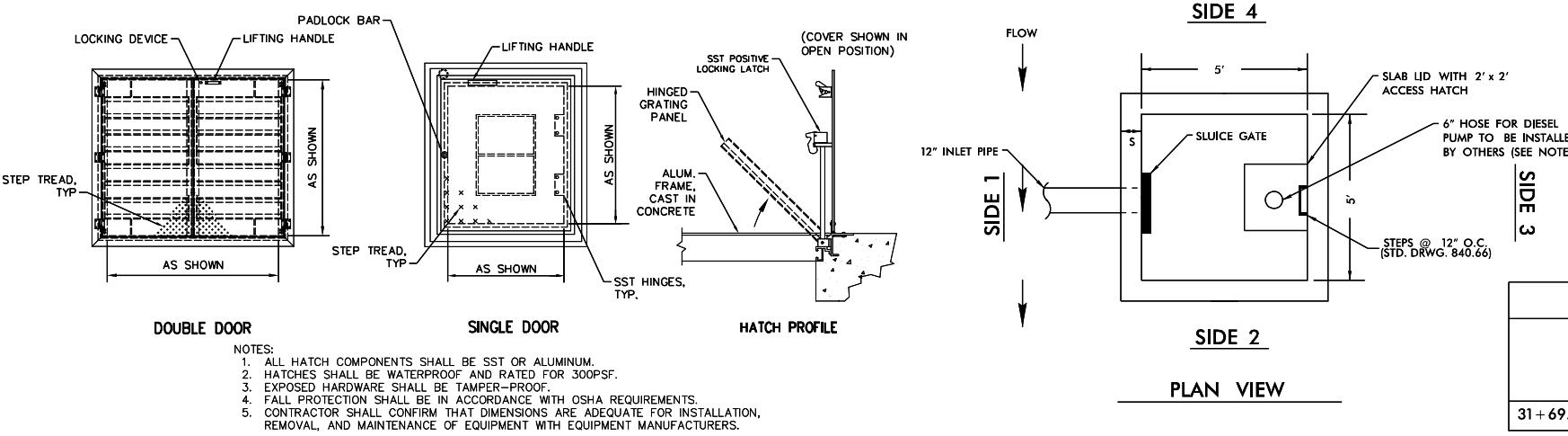
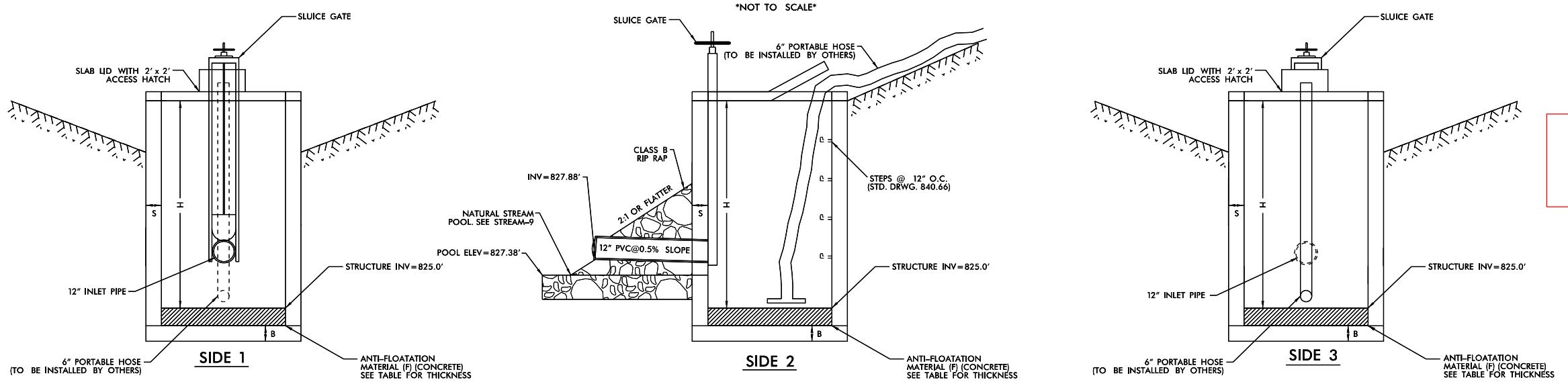
421 FAYETTEVILLE STREET, SUITE 600  
RALEIGH, NC 27601

RIGHT-OF-WAY REV.  
CONST. REV.

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
U-2579BA	2C-2
RW SHEET NO.	
HYDRAULIC DESIGN ENGINEER	

DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL  
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

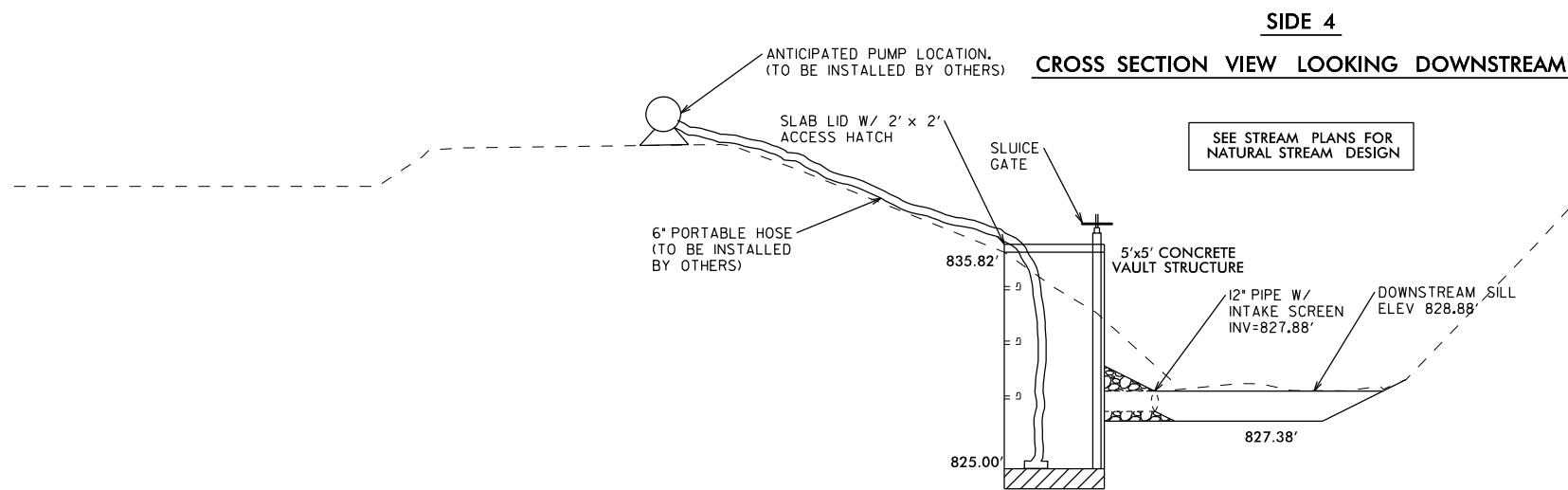
JANUARY 14, 2020  
PERMIT DRAWING  
SHEET 2 OF 18



NOTES:

1. SLUICE GATE IS FOR INTAKE VAULT AND SHOULD REMAIN CLOSED DURING NORMAL OPERATION.
2. SLUICE GATE SHALL PROVIDE WATERPROOF SEAL. PROVIDE ADEQUATE CLEARANCE FOR INTAKE VAULT OPERATION.
3. SELECT BOX STANDARD AS REQUIRED TO ACCOMMODATE SLUICE GATE AND SLAB LID WITH ACCESS HATCH.
4. ENSURE ACCESS HATCH OPENS FREELY AND WITHOUT INTERFERENCE WITH SLUICE GATE.
5. ADJUST FOOTER DIMENSIONS AS NEEDED FOR ANTI-FLOTATION. FOOTER DIMENSIONS CAN BE 5' x 5' x 9' DEEP OR 8' x 8' x 4' DEEP. ANTI-FLOTATION MATERIAL IS REQUIRED AND SHALL BE CONCRETE.
6. NOT IN CONTRACT. SEE SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

MINIMUM DIMENSIONS FOR STREAM INTAKE VAULT							
STATION	S (INCHES) 6" MIN.	B (INCHES) 6" MIN.	BASIN BOTTOM MINIMUM ELEV.	TOP ELEVATION CONTROL STRUCTURE	INV. ELEVATION	ANTI-FLOTATION MATERIAL (F) THICKNESS FEET <sup>5</sup>	CTL. STR. DIMENSIONS (W x L x H)
31+69.64 -SMITH CREEK-	6	6	825.00'	835.82'	827.88'	9.0'	5' X 5' X 10.82'



NOTE:  
THE DETAILS BELOW REPRESENT A PRECAST CONCRETE GRAVITY WALL WITH  
NATURAL BOULDER APPEARANCE ALONG FACE (PER PLANS). THIS PRODUCT  
OR A COMPARABLE PRODUCT CAN BE UTILIZED ON THIS PROJECT. A PRODUCT  
SUBMITTAL AND DESIGN TO BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER WILL BE REQUIRED.

**JANUARY 14, 2020**  
**PERMIT DRAWING**  
**SHEET 3 OF 18**

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. U-2579BA  
SHEET NO. 2C-3

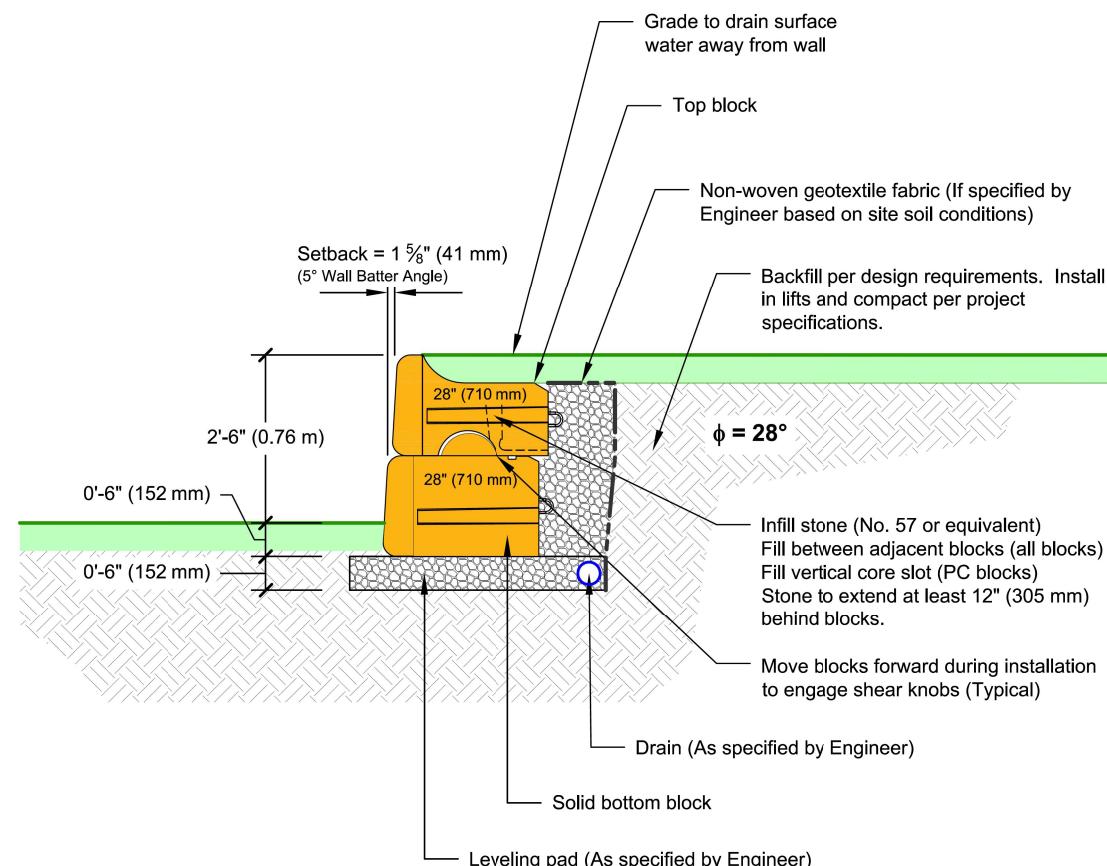
$\phi = 28^\circ$  | SILTY SAND or CLAYEY SAND

**LOAD CONDITION A** | NO LIVE LOAD SURCHARGE, NO BACK SLOPE, NO TOE SLOPE

**2 BLO2K HIGH SECTION**

(2) 28" (710 mm) Blocks

**PRELIMINARY**  
Professional Engineering Design  
Required for Construction



This drawing is for reference only. Determination of the suitability and/or manner of use of any details contained in this document is the sole responsibility of the design engineer of record. Final project designs, including all construction details, shall be prepared by a licensed professional engineer using the actual conditions of the proposed site. Final wall design must address both internal and external drainage and all modes of wall stability.

DRAWN BY:	TITLE: <b>Preliminary Wall Section</b>
APPROVED BY:	Silty Sand or Clayeey Sand, $\phi = 28^\circ$
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SHEET:	FILE: A_28_B_28_36_cad.dwg

1/14/2020  
U-2579ba\_streem\_dt1.dwg

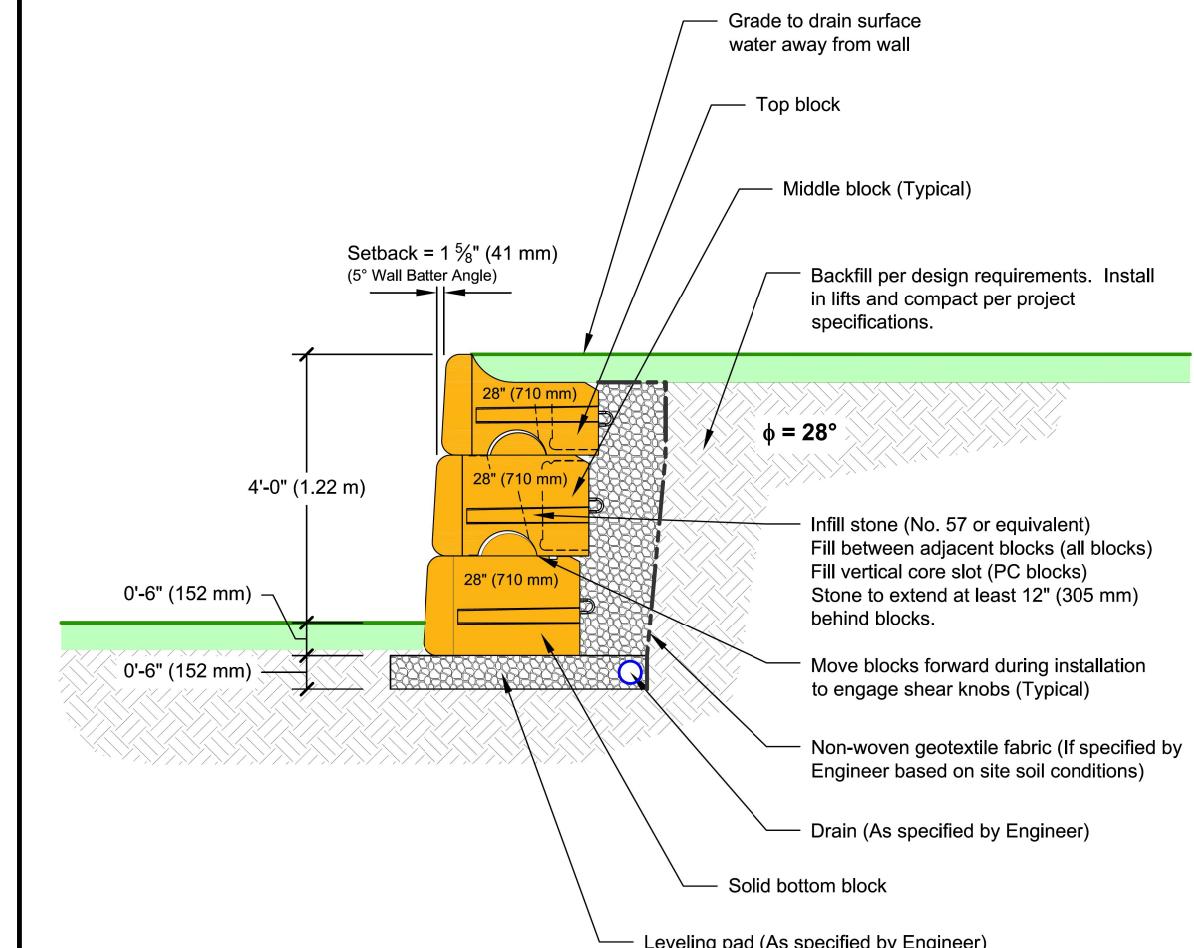
$\phi = 28^\circ$  | SILTY SAND or CLAYEY SAND

**LOAD CONDITION A** | NO LIVE LOAD SURCHARGE, NO BACK SLOPE, NO TOE SLOPE

**3 BLOCK HIGH SECTION**

(3) 28" (710 mm) Blocks

**PRELIMINARY**  
Professional Engineering Design  
Required for Construction



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NOTE:  
THE DETAILS BELOW REPRESENT A PRECAST CONCRETE GRAVITY WALL WITH  
NATURAL BOULDER APPEARANCE ALONG FACE (PER PLANS). THIS PRODUCT  
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SUBMITTAL AND DESIGN TO BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER WILL BE REQUIRED.

**JANUARY 14, 2020  
PERMIT DRAWING  
SHEET 4 OF 18**

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. U-2579BA  
SHEET NO. 2C-4

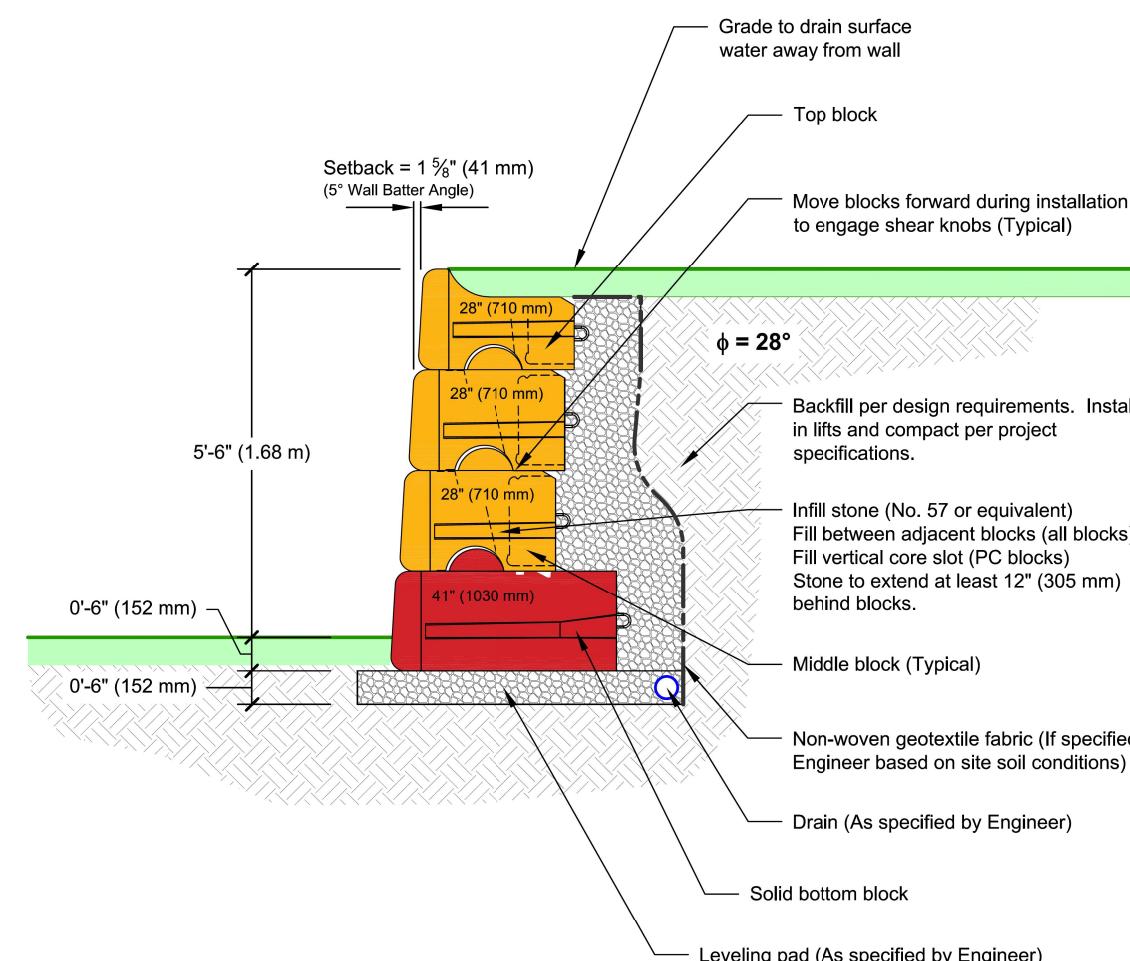
$\phi = 28^\circ$  | SILTY SAND or CLAYEY SAND

**LOAD CONDITION A** | NO LIVE LOAD SURCHARGE, NO BACK SLOPE, NO TOE SLOPE

**4 BLOCK HIGH SECTION**

(3) 28" (710 mm) Blocks  
(1) 41" (1030 mm) Block

**PRELIMINARY**  
Professional Engineering Design  
Required for Construction



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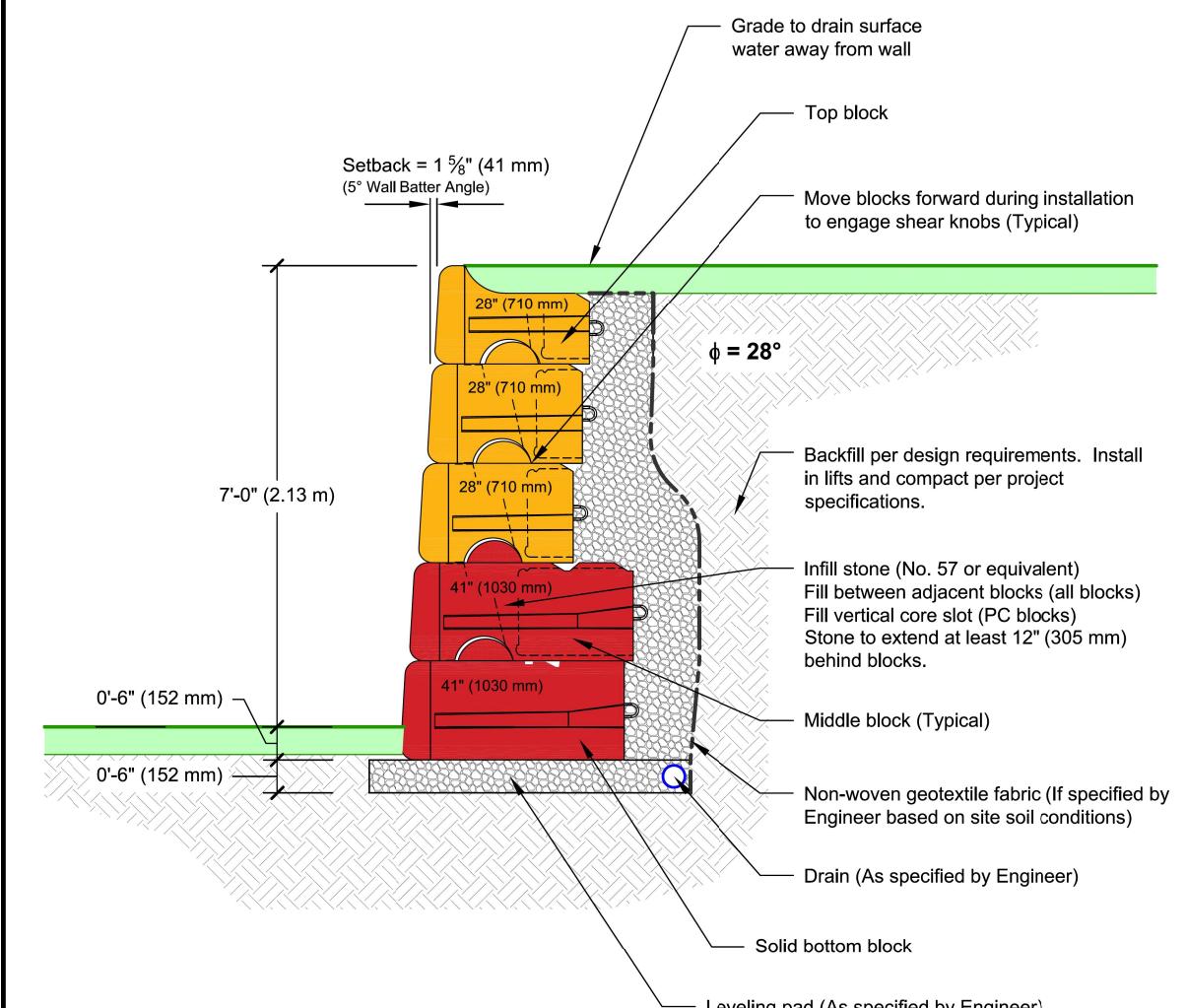
$\phi = 28^\circ$  | SILTY SAND or CLAYEY SAND

**LOAD CONDITION A** | NO LIVE LOAD SURCHARGE, NO BACK SLOPE, NO TOE SLOPE

**PRELIMINARY**  
Professional Engineering Design  
Required for Construction

**5 BLOCK HIGH SECTION**

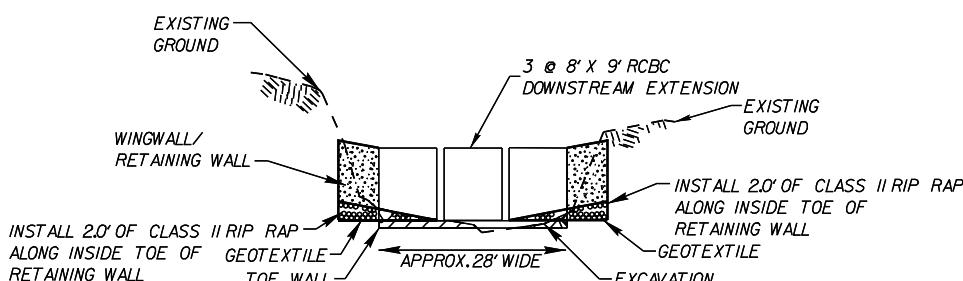
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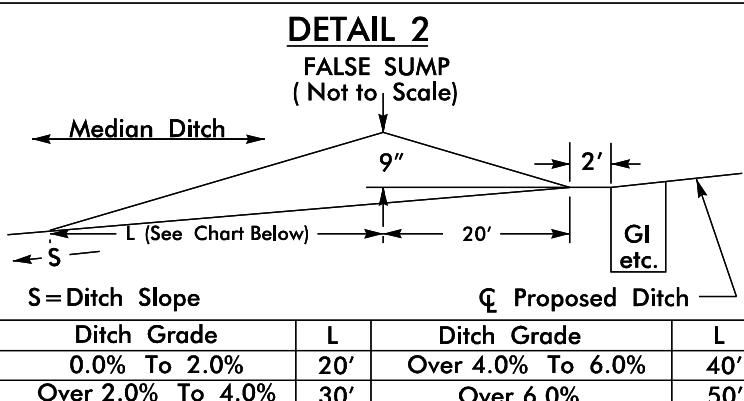
## DETAIL 1 OUTLET CHANNEL IMPROVEMENTS



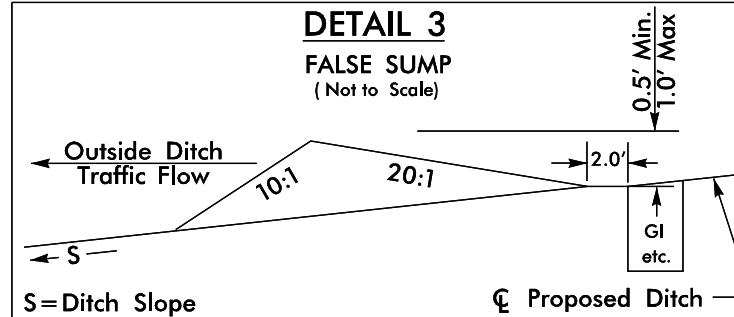
STA. 46+50 -Y4- (RT)

JANUARY 14, 2020  
PERMIT DRAWING  
SHEET 5 OF 18

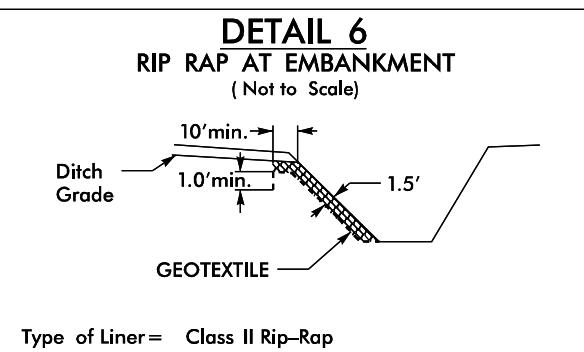
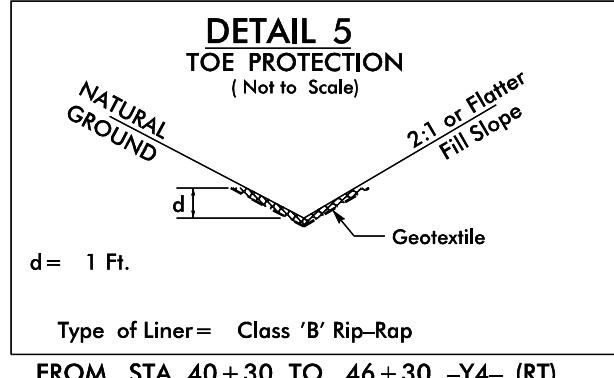
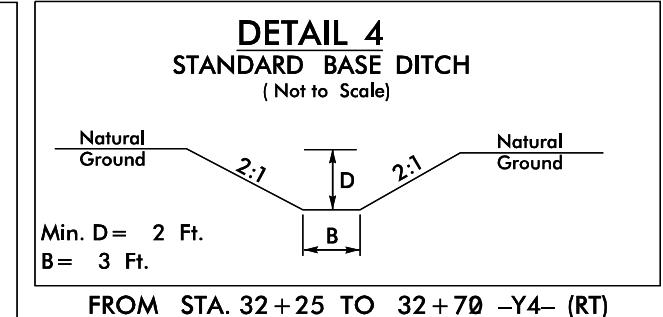
REVISIONS



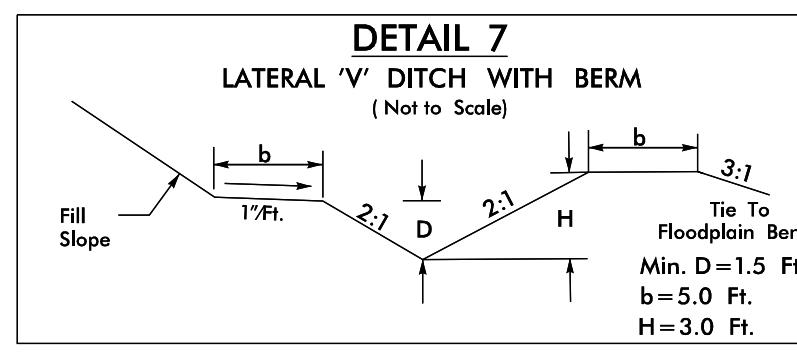
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STA. 50+14 -Y4- (CL), STA. 52+64 -Y4- (CL)  
STA. 56+37 -Y4- (CL), STA. 57+43 -Y4- (CL)  
STA. 60+79 -Y4- (CL), STA. 63+21 -Y4- (CL)  
STA. 67+22 -Y4- (CL), STA. 71+21 -Y4- (CL)



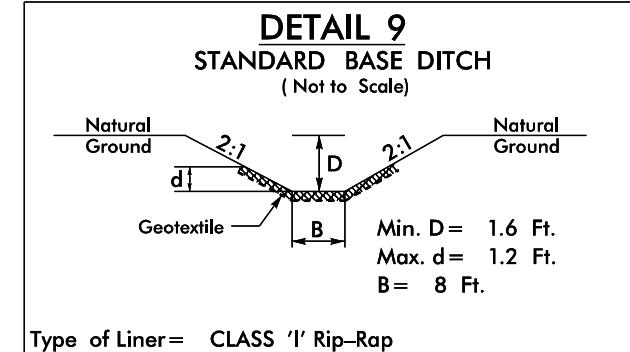
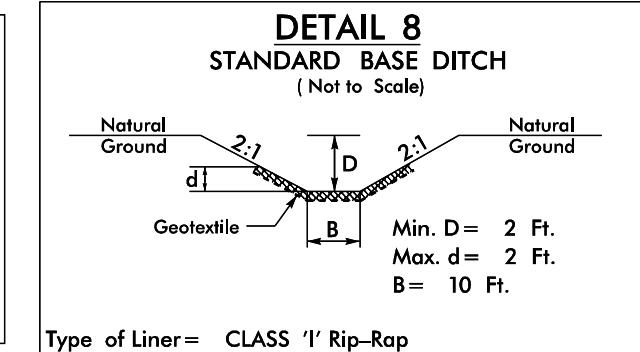
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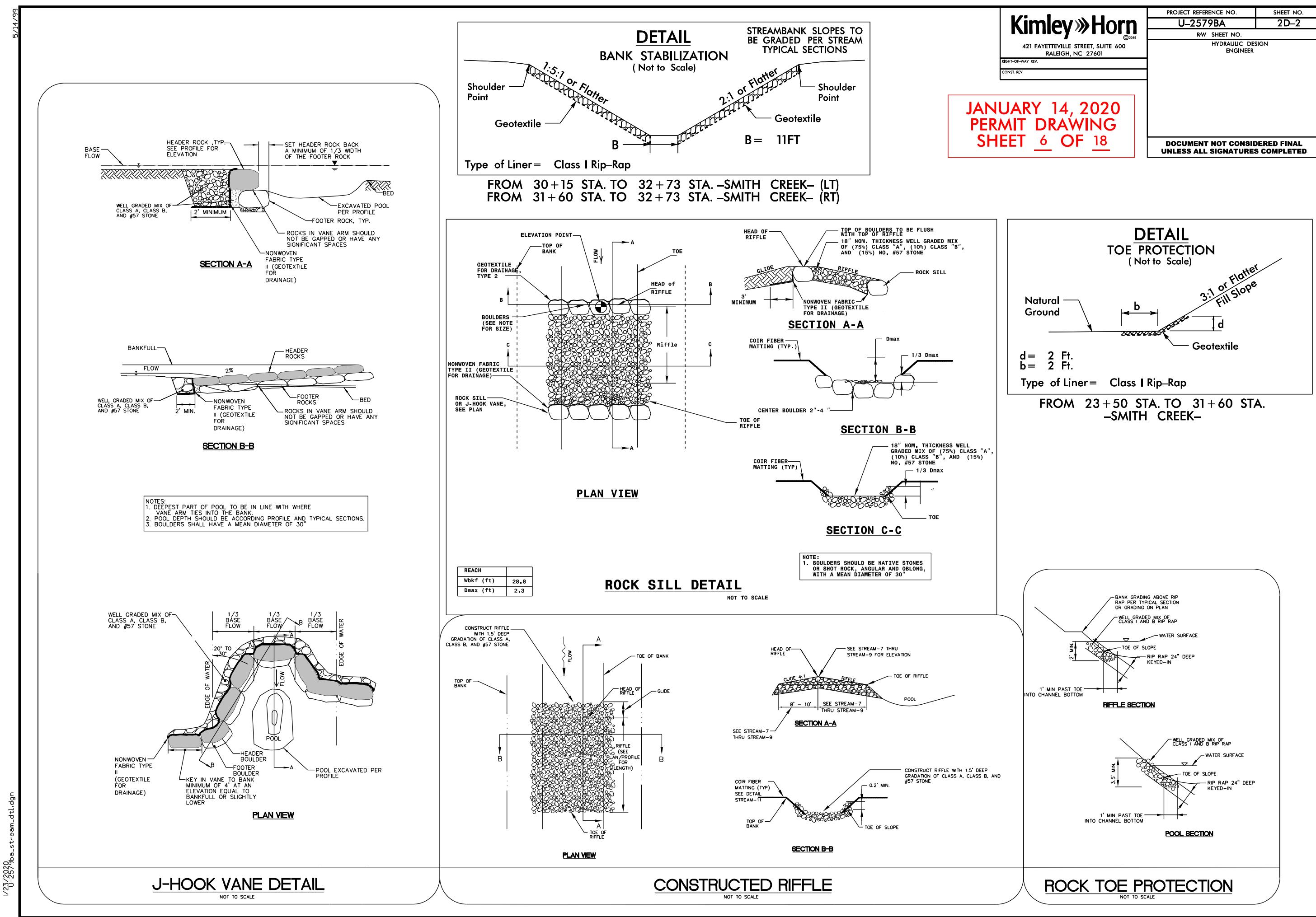


STA. 57+27 -Y4- (RT)  
STA. 64+65 -Y4- (RT)



FROM STA. 57+60 TO 64+00 -Y4- (RT)





PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
U-2579BA	2D-3
R/W SHEET NO.	
HYDRAULIC DESIGN ENGINEER	

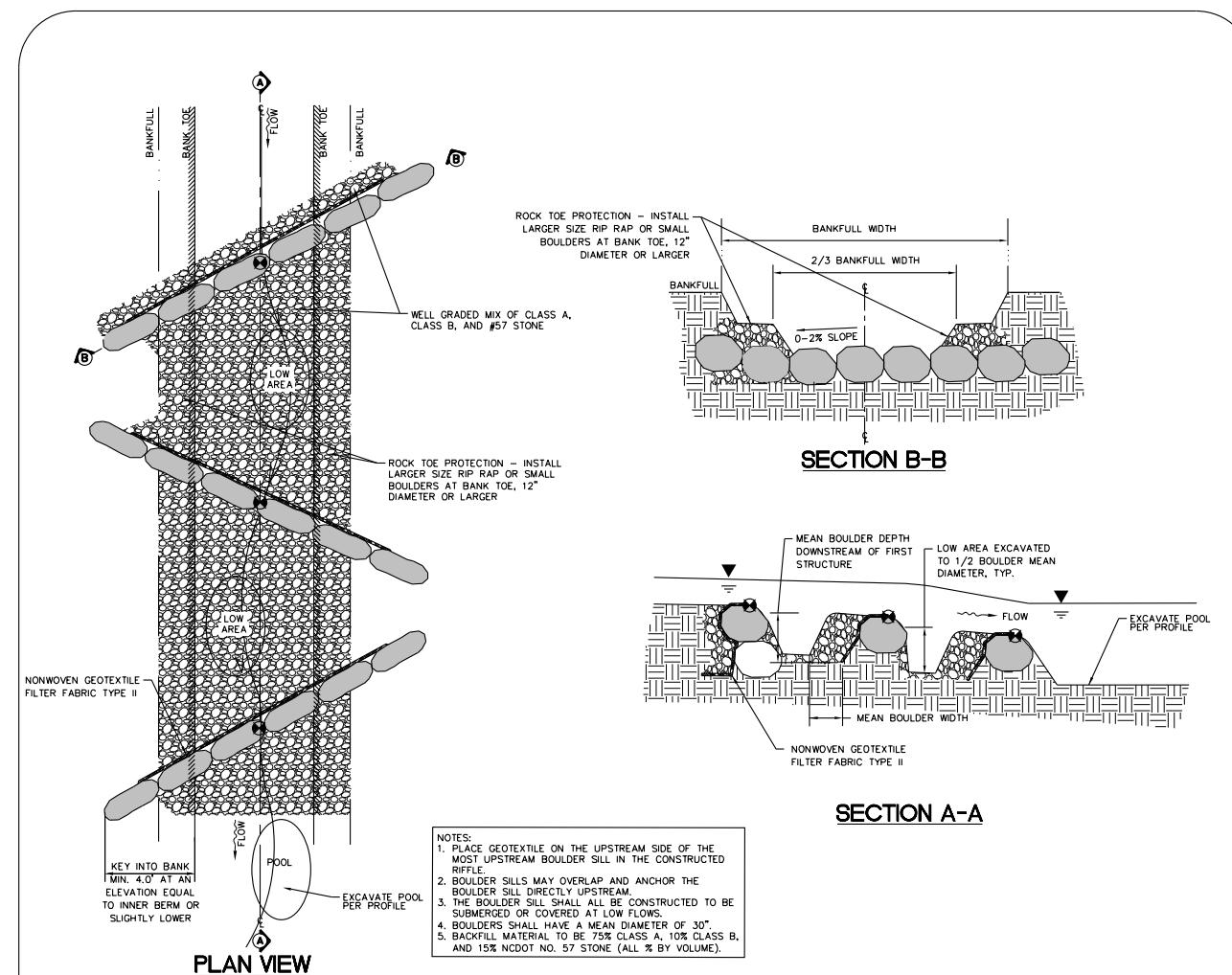
**Kimley Horn**  
©2018

421 FAYETTEVILLE STREET, SUITE 600  
RALEIGH, NC 27601

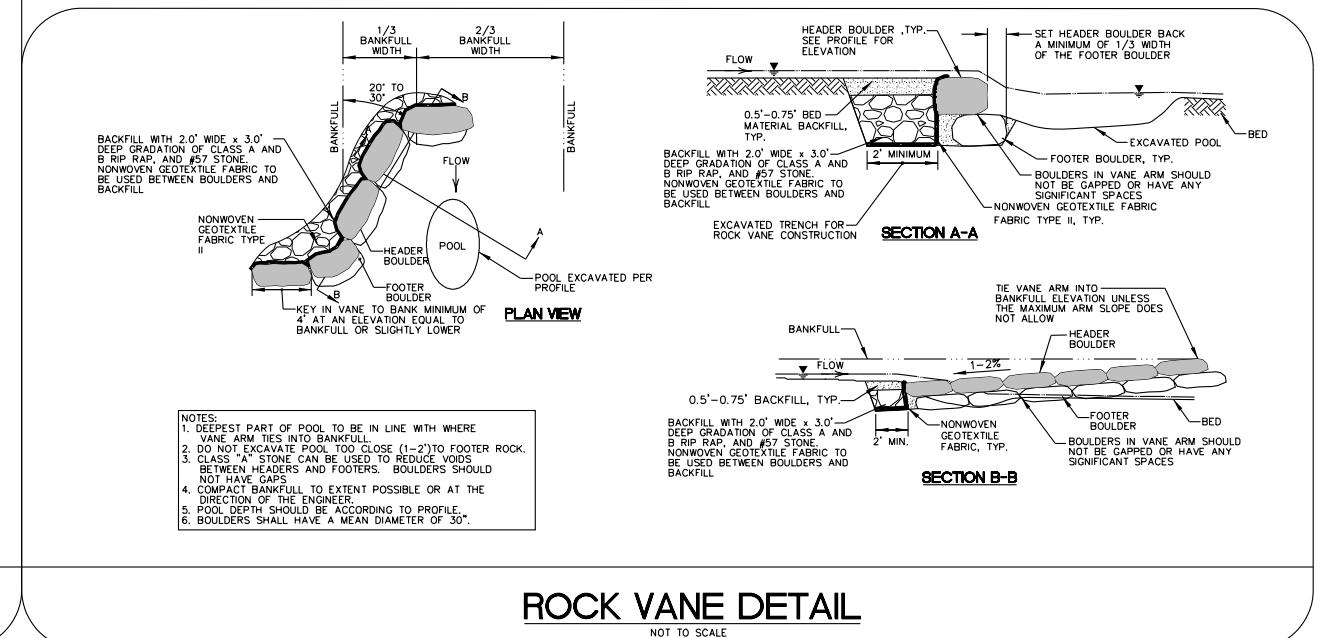
RIGHT-OF-WAY REV  
CONSTR. REV.

**JANUARY 14, 2020  
PERMIT DRAWING  
SHEET 7 OF 18**

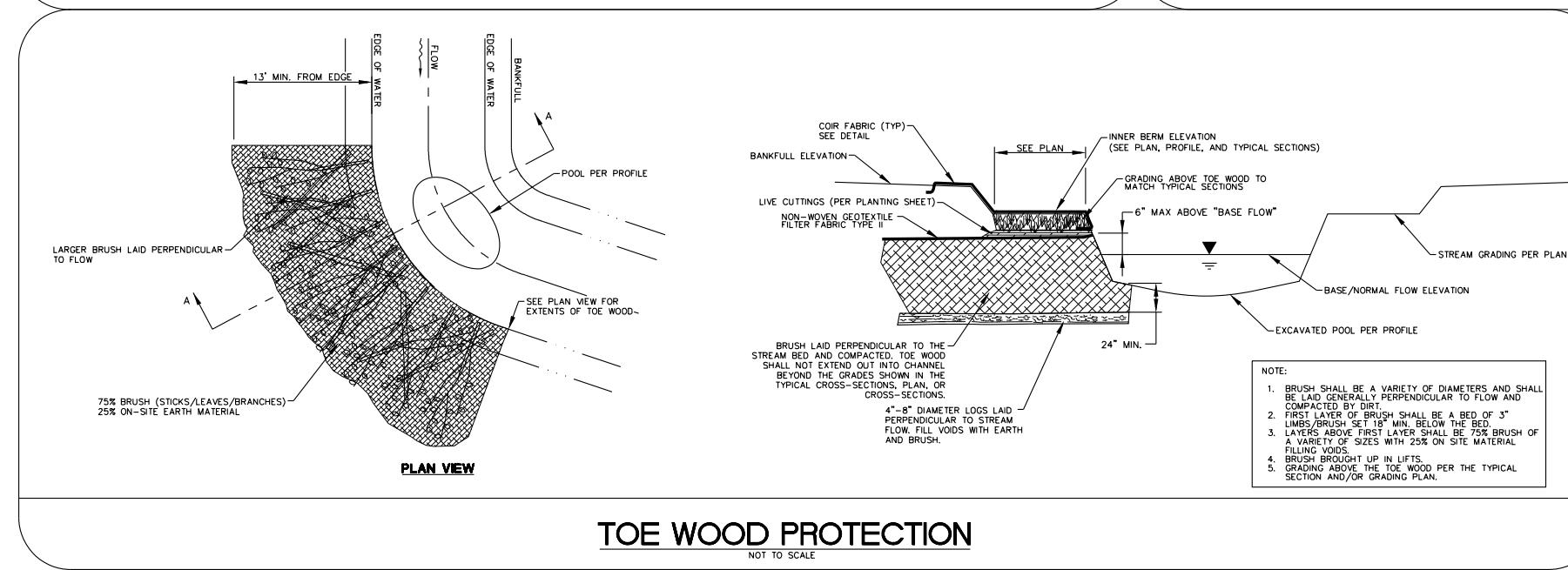
DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL  
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED



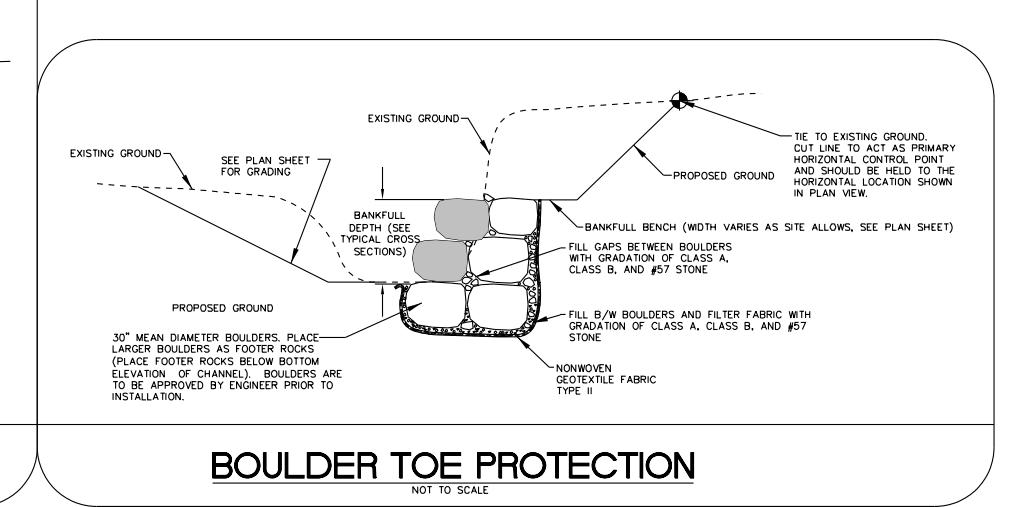
**BOULDER ROCK AND ROLL RIFFLE**  
NOT TO SCALE



**ROCK VANE DETAIL**  
NOT TO SCALE

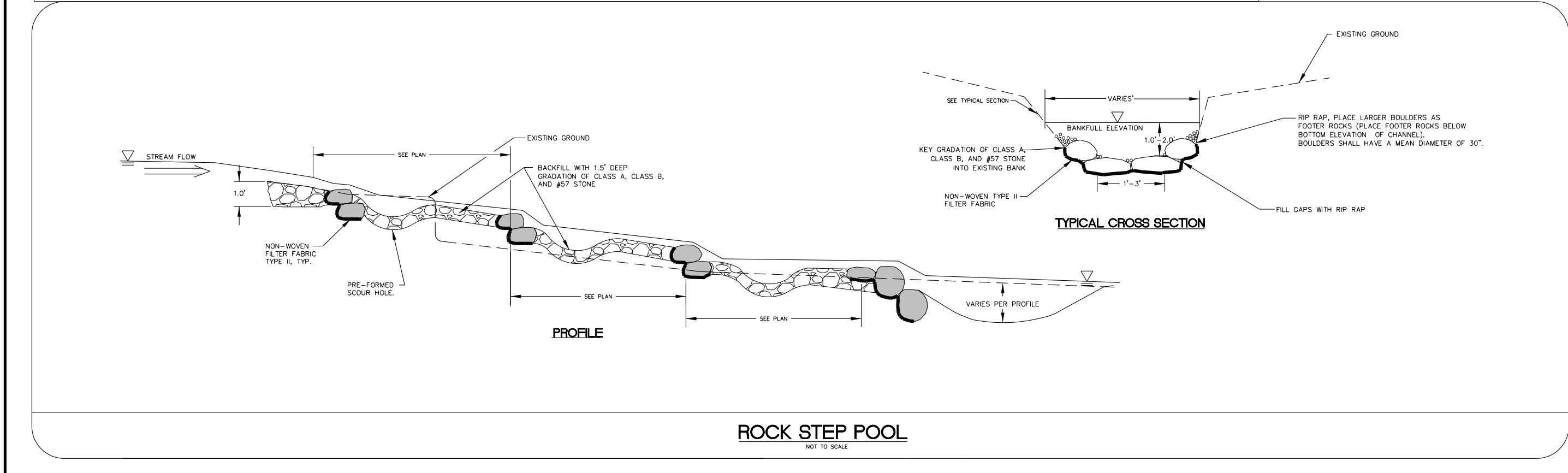
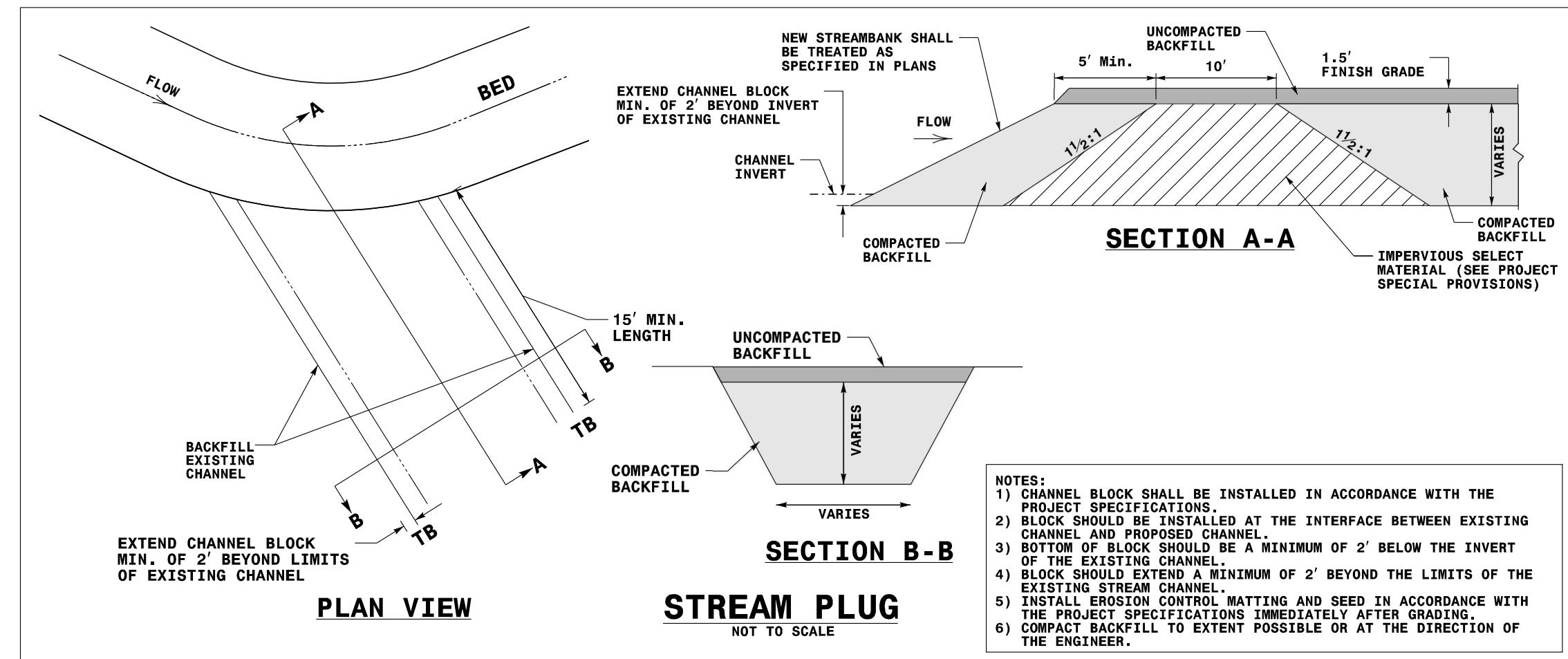


**TOE WOOD PROTECTION**  
NOT TO SCALE



**BOULDER TOE PROTECTION**  
NOT TO SCALE

**JANUARY 14, 2020  
PERMIT DRAWING  
SHEET 8 OF 18**

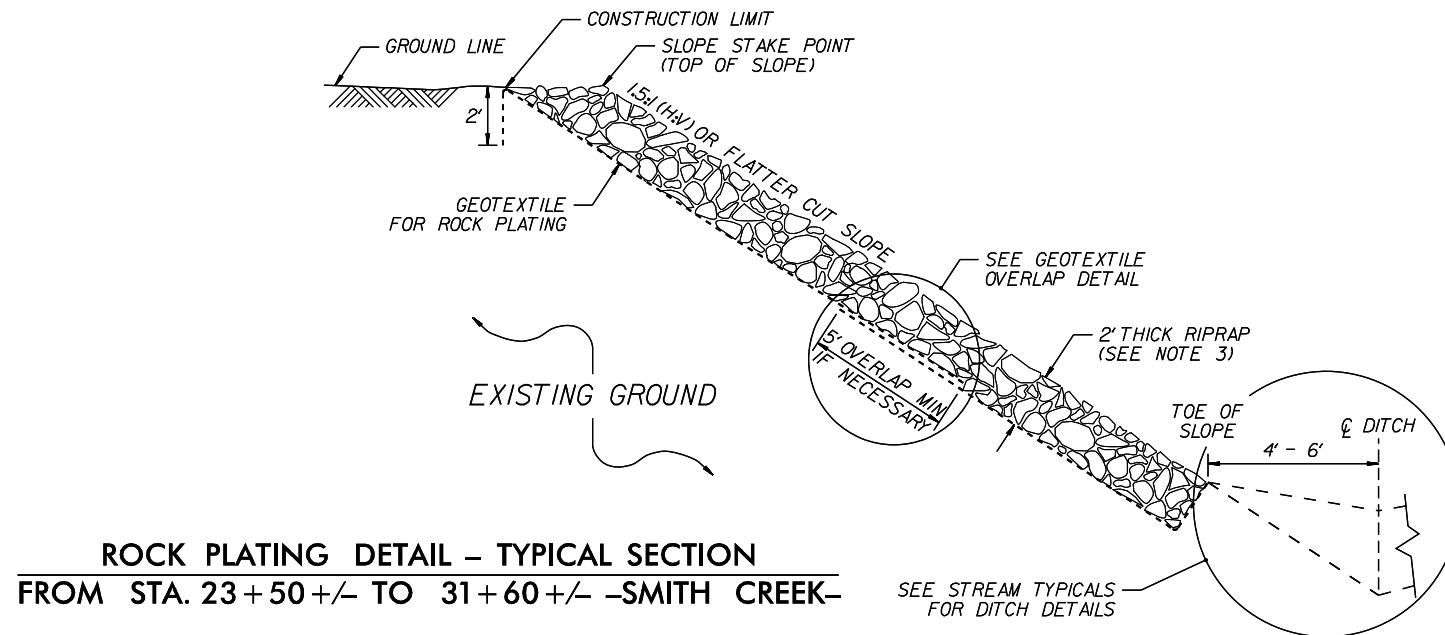


PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
34433933-GX84(11-25791B)	2G-1
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER 	

SIGNATURE DATE SIGNATURE DATE

DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL  
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

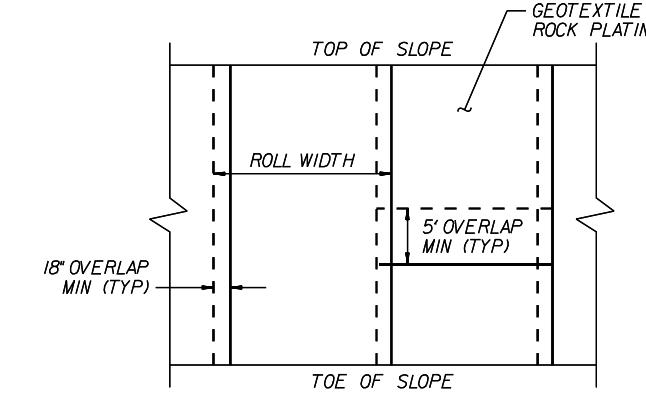
JANUARY 14, 2020  
PERMIT DRAWING  
SHEET 9 OF 18



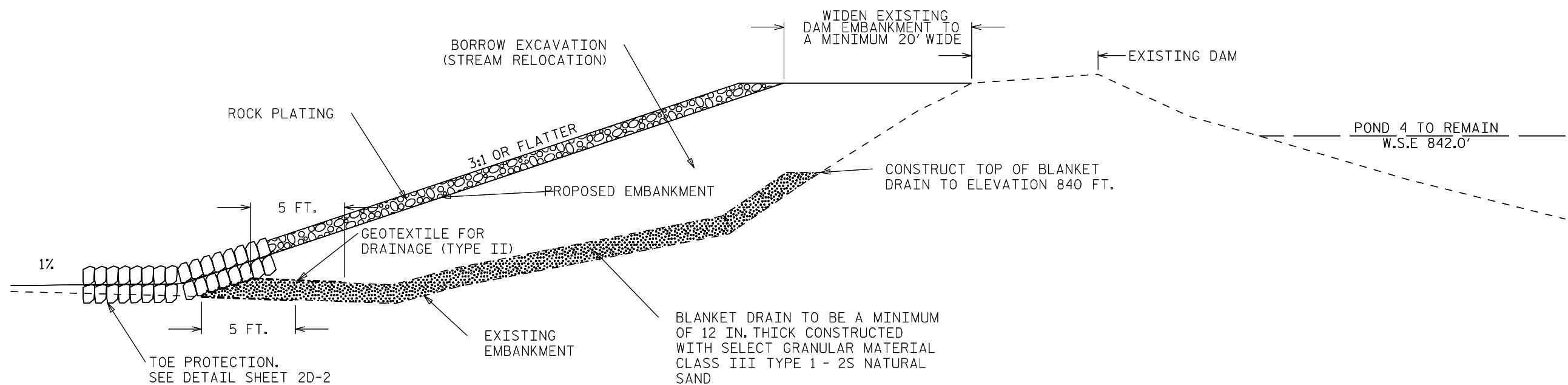
ROCK PLATING DETAIL - TYPICAL SECTION  
FROM STA. 23+50+/- TO 31+60+/- -SMITH CREEK-

NOTES:

1. SEE STREAM PLANS FOR ROCK PLATING LOCATIONS.
2. FOR STANDARD ROCK PLATING, SEE SECTION 275.01 OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.
3. USE CLASS 2 RIPRAP.



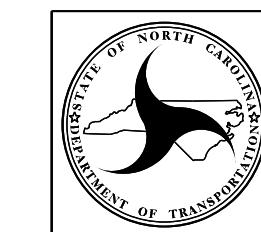
GEOTEXTILE OVERLAP DETAIL  
(PLAN VIEW)



ESTIMATED QUANTITIES	
PAY ITEM	PAY UNIT
SELECT GRANULAR MATERIAL, CLASS III .....	1,350 CY
BORROW EXCAVATION (STREAM RELOCATION) .....	2,750 CY
GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE (TYPE II) .....	1,050 SY
ROCK PLATING .....	3,750 SY

NOTES:  
1) FOR DAM EMBANKMENT WIDENING, SEE  
DAM EMBANKMENT WIDENING PROVISION.

DAM EMBANKMENT WIDENING DETAIL  
FROM STA. 23+50+/- TO 31+60+/- -SMITH  
CREEK-



NORTH CAROLINA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS  
**GEOTECHNICAL  
ENGINEERING UNIT**

DAM EMBANKMENT  
WIDENING DETAIL

REVISIONS					
NO.	BY	DATE	NO.	BY	DATE
1			3		
2			4		

## **PERMIT DRAWING MODIFICATION LEGEND**

	DENOTES TEMPORARY IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER		DENOTES IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER (CULVERT IMPACTS)		DENOTES IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER (STREAMBANK STABILIZATION)
	DENOTES IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER (STORM STABILIZATION)		DENOTES IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER		

**JANUARY 14, 2020  
PERMIT DRAWING  
SHEET 10 OF 18**

**PERMIT DRAWING  
MODIFICATION FOR  
SITE 23 AND 28**

PREVIOUS U-2579E  
SHEET 25/26

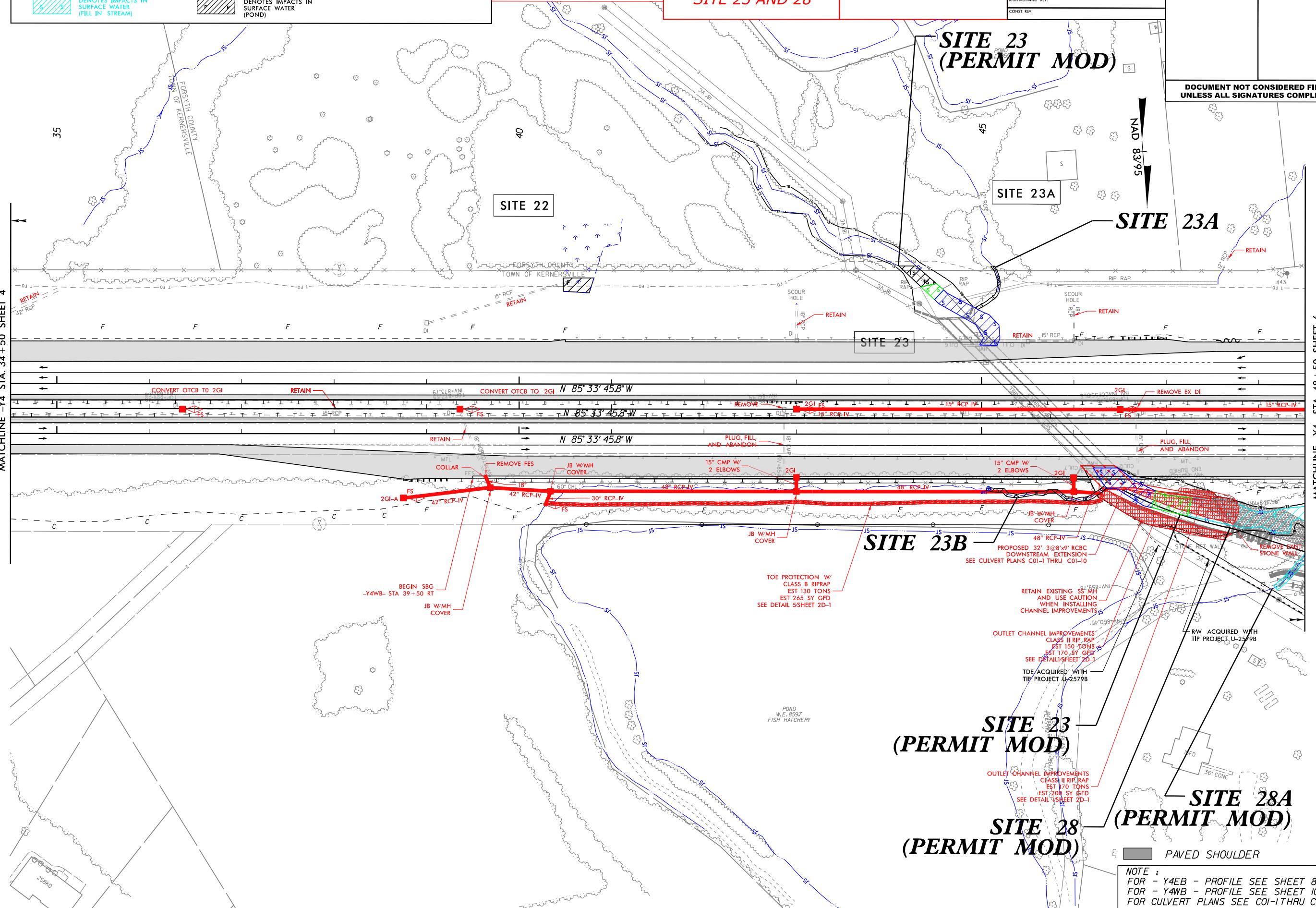
PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
U-2579BA	5
RW SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	PAVEMENT DESIGN ENGINEER

**DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL  
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED**

## REVISIONS

MATCHLINE -Y4 STA. 34+50 SHEET 4

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**PERMIT DRAWING MODIFICATION LEGEND**

	DENOTES TEMPORARY IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER		DENOTES IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER (CULVERT IMPACTS)		DENOTES IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER (STREAMBANK STABILIZATION)
	DENOTES IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER (BIL. IN STREAM)		DENOTES IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER (PIPE)		

JANUARY 14, 2020  
PERMIT DRAWING  
SHEET 11 OF 18

**PERMIT DRAWING  
MODIFICATION FOR  
SITE 23 AND 28**

PREVIOUS U-2579E  
SHEET 25/26

**Kimley Horn**   
©2019  
421 FAYETTEVILLE STREET, SUITE 600  
RALEIGH, NC 27601

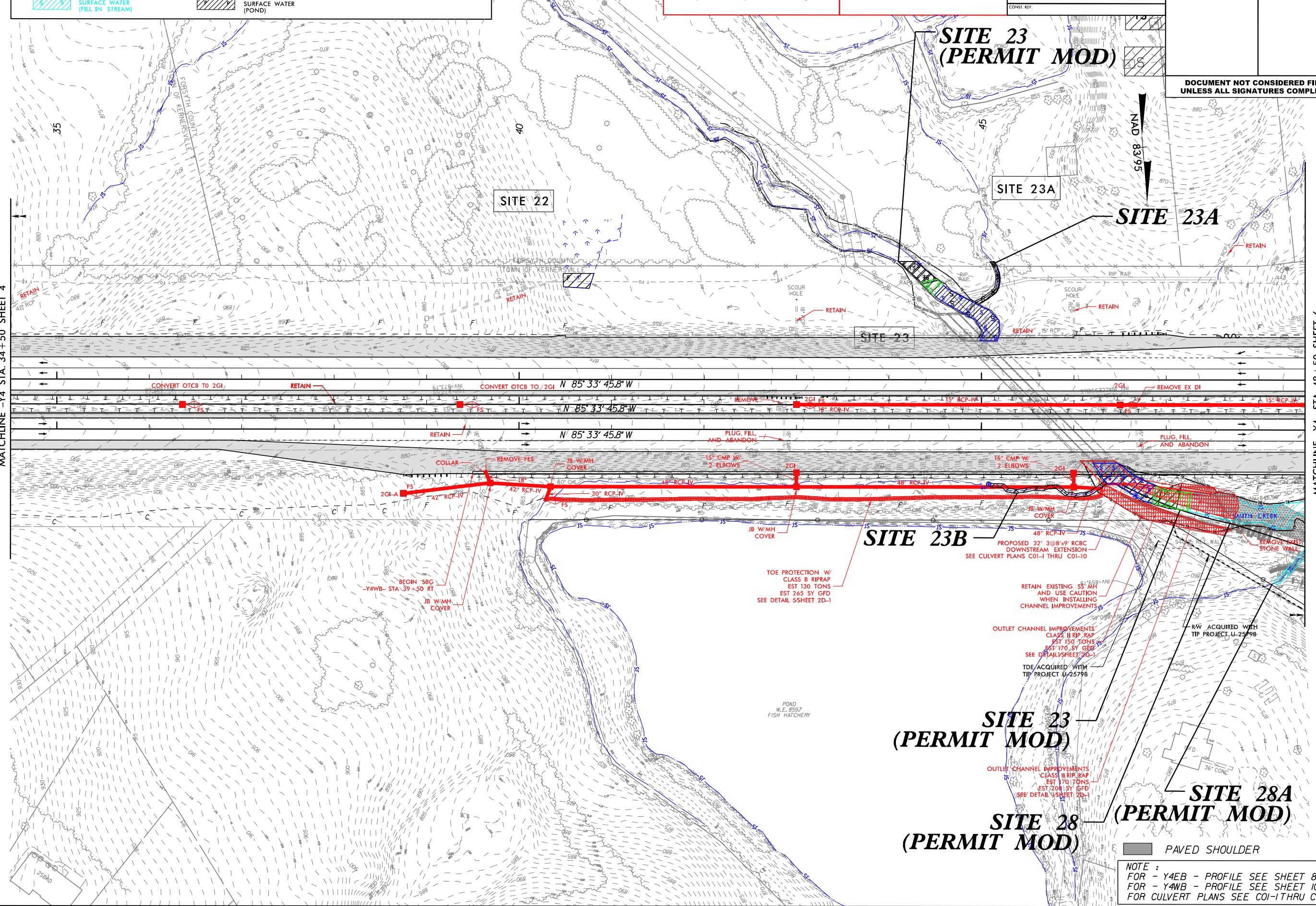
PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
U-2579BA	5
RW SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	PAVEMENT DESIGN ENGINEER

**DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL  
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED**

MATCHLINE -Y4 STA 34+50 SHEET 4

MATCHLINE -Y4 STA. 34 + 50 SHEET 4

100



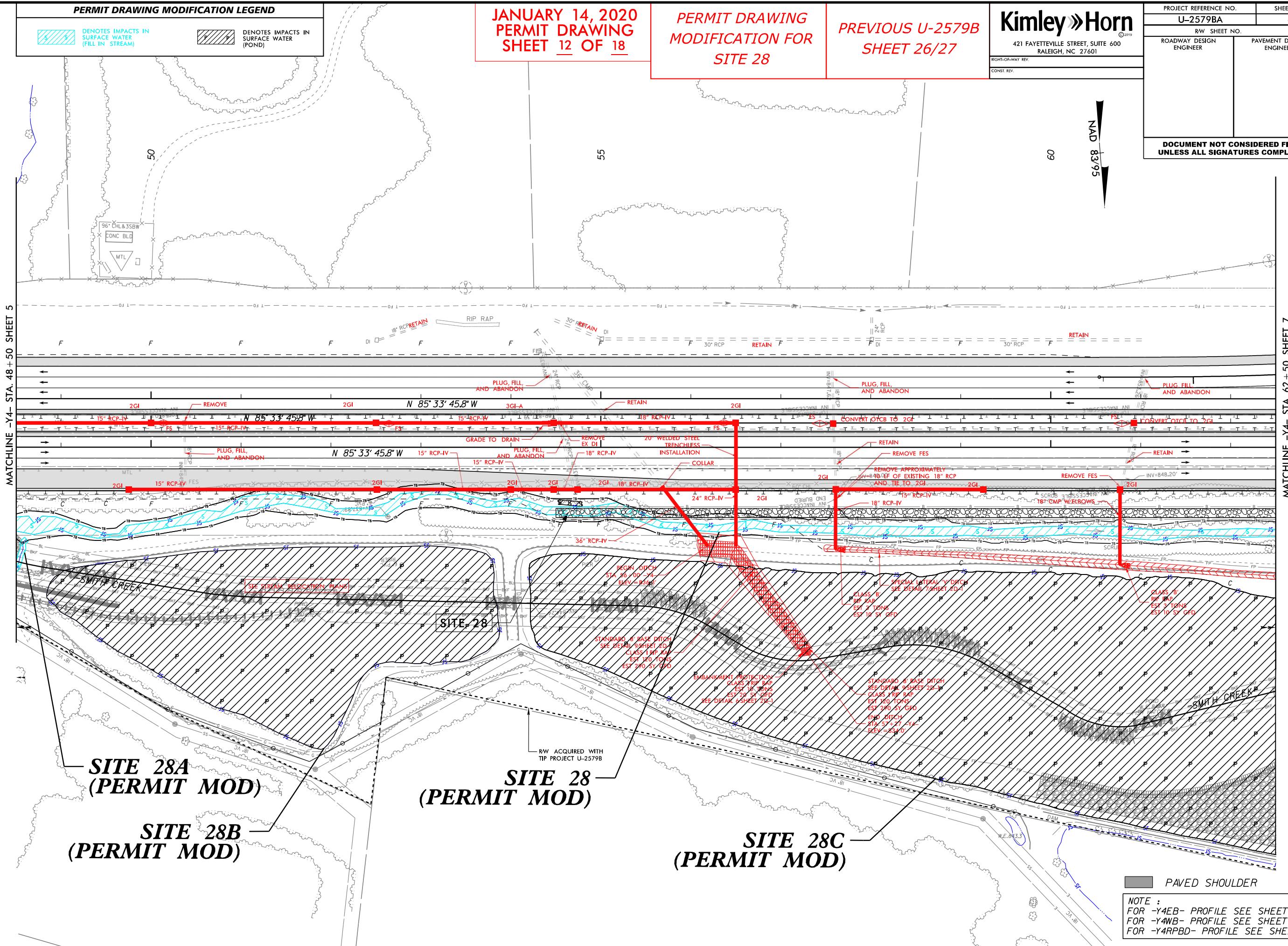
## PERMIT DRAWING MODIFICATION LEGEND

DENOTES IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER (FILL IN STREAM)

DENOTES IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER (POND)

JANUARY 14, 2020  
PERMIT DRAWING  
SHEET 12 OF 18PERMIT DRAWING  
MODIFICATION FOR  
SITE 28PREVIOUS U-2579B  
SHEET 26/27Kimley Horn  
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421 FAYETTEVILLE STREET, SUITE 600  
RALEIGH, NC 27601

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
U-2579BA	6
RW SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	PAVEMENT DESIGN ENGINEER

DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL  
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

PERMIT DRAWING MODIFICATION LEGEND

 S S DENOTES IMPACTS  
SURFACE WATER  
(FILL IN STREAM)

 DENOTES IN  
SURFACE W  
IT-114

**JANUARY 14, 2020  
PERMIT DRAWING  
SHEET 13 OF 18**

**PERMIT DRAWING  
MODIFICATION FORM  
SITE 28**

*PREVIOUS U-2579B  
SHEET 26/27*



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421 FAYETTEVILLE STREET, SUITE 600  
RALEIGH, NC 27601  
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PROJECT REFERENCE NO.		SHEET NO.
U-2579BA		6
RW SHEET NO.		
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER		PAVEMENT DESIGN ENGINEER
<b>DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED</b>		

**DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL  
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED**

## REVISIONS

MATCHLINE -Y4- STA. 48 + 50 SHEET 5

**SITE 28A  
(PERMIT MOD)**

**SITE 28B**  
**(PERMIT MOD)**

## **SITE 2 (PERMIT MOD)**

**SITE 280  
(PERMIT MOD)**

PAVED SHOULDER  
: -Y4EB- PROFILE SEE SHEET 9  
-Y4WB- PROFILE SEE SHEET 11  
-Y4RPBD- PROFILE SEE SHEET 12





WETLAND PERMIT IMPACT SUMMARY												
Site No.	Station (From/To)	Structure Size / Type	WETLAND IMPACTS					SURFACE WATER IMPACTS				
			Permanent Fill In Wetlands (ac)	Temp Fill In Wetlands (ac)	Excavation in Wetlands (ac)	Mechanized Clearing in Wetlands (ac)	Hand Clearing in wetlands (ac)	Permanent SW impacts (ac)	Temporary SW impacts (ac)	Existing Channel Impacts Permanent (ft)	Existing Channel Impacts Temp. (ft)	Natural Stream Design (ft)
1	28+00 -Y-	ROAD FILL	0.03		<0.01	0.02		0.02		142		
2	16+00 -Y1 RPD-	ROAD FILL - INTERMITTENT						0.01		109		
		ROAD FILL - PERENNIAL						0.02		208		
		STREAMBANK STABILIZATION						<0.01	<0.01	10	37	
3	21+56-25+22 -Y1-	2 @ 7' x 6' RCBC						0.06	<0.01	438	33	
3A	17+36-21+53 -Y1-	DETOUR - ROAD FILL							0.08		545	
3B	20+55-21+32 -Y1-	DETOUR - ROAD FILL							0.03		194	
4	501+51-503+21 -L-	ROAD FILL						0.03	<0.01	493	18	
		STREAMBANK STABILIZATION						<0.01	<0.01	9	31	
5	503+85-507+80 -L-	ROAD FILL						0.05	<0.01	740	22	
5A	507+39-509+64 -L-	ROAD FILL						0.01		306		
6	523+00 -L-	ROAD FILL	0.03			<0.01		0.02	<0.01	312	42	
7	527+00 -L-	ROAD FILL	0.52			0.01						
		ROAD FILL - POND						0.59				
8	559-75 -L-	2 @ 10' x 6' RCBC						0.06	<0.01	442	53	
		STREAMBANK STABILIZATION						<0.01	<0.01	58	44	
9	560+75 -L-	ROAD FILL	0.03			0.01						
10	560+50-568+74 -L-	ROAD FILL	0.01					0.07	<0.01	783	22	
10A	566+84-572+75 -L-	ROAD FILL						0.05		684		
11	615+00 -L-	3 @ 10' x 9' RCBC						0.43	0.02	808	57	
11A	19+76-21+44 -Y4RPBD-	CHANNEL CHANGE						0.08	0.01	223	41	
12	15+84-18+86 -Y4RPBD-	CHANNEL CHANGE						0.01	0.02	88	205	
TOTALS:			0.62	0.00	< 0.01	0.05		1.53	0.19	5,853	1,344	

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

U-2579 B Forsyth County  
Winston Salem Northern Beltway  
(Eastern Section) (Future I-74)  
SHEET 62 of 64

JANUARY 14, 2020  
PERMIT DRAWING  
SHEET 16 OF 18

WETLAND PERMIT IMPACT SUMMARY												
Site No.	Station (From/To)	Structure Size / Type	WETLAND IMPACTS					SURFACE WATER IMPACTS				
			Permanent Fill In Wetlands (ac)	Temp Fill In Wetlands (ac)	Excavation in Wetlands (ac)	Mechanized Clearing in Wetlands (ac)	Hand Clearing in wetlands (ac)	Permanent SW impacts (ac)	Temporary SW impacts (ac)	Existing Channel Impacts Permanent (ft)	Existing Channel Impacts Temp. (ft)	Natural Stream Design (ft)
13	20+00-21+40 -Y4RPBD-	ROAD FILL	0.33									
14	629+95-635+90 -L-	ROAD FILL	0.04					0.05		688		
15	636+32-641+55 -L-	ROAD FILL	0.18					0.04		332		
		ROAD FILL-POND						2.38				
15A	644+00-645+00 -L-	ROAD FILL						<0.01		108		
16	643+56-644+61 -L-	ROAD FILL						<0.01		104		
		ROAD FILL-POND						0.16				
17	663+65-667+00 -L-	ROAD FILL	0.09			<0.01		0.06		928		
18	667+15 -L-	3 @ 12' x 10' RCBC						0.06	0.02	377	67	
		STREAMBANK STABILIZATION						0.02	0.01	80	59	
19	668+50 -L-	ROAD FILL	0.47			0.01						
20	687+80-691+59 -L-	ROAD FILL						0.03		163		
		ROAD FILL-POND						0.85				450
21	22+50 -Y1-	ROAD FILL	0.02									
22	40+50 -Y4-	OUTLET PAD	0.01									
23	45+65-Y4-	CULVERT EXTENSION						0.06	0.01	100	32	
		STREAMBANK STABILIZATION						0.02	0.06	54	89	
23A	44+95-45+18 -Y4-	ROAD FILL						<0.01		57		
23B	45+07-46+34 -Y4-	ROAD FILL						0.01		135		
24	80+73-81+57 -Y4RPBD-	ROAD FILL						0.02		202		
24A	80+50-81+51 -Y4RPBD-	ROAD FILL	0.06									
25	37+31 -Y4RPA-	30" RCP						<0.01		73		
		STREAMBANK STABILIZATION						<0.01	<0.01	21	16	
TOTALS:			1.20			0.02		3.67	0.03	3,268	142	450

11/19/2018 Revisions shown in red text.

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS  
  
U-2579 B Forsyth County  
Winston Salem Northern Beltway  
(Eastern Section) (Future I-74)  
SHEET 63 of 64

JANUARY 14, 2020  
PERMIT DRAWING  
SHEET 17 OF 18

WETLAND AND SURFACE WATER IMPACTS SUMMARY											
Site No.	Station (From/To)	Structure Size / Type	WETLAND IMPACTS					SURFACE WATER IMPACTS			
			Permanent Fill In Wetlands (ac)	Temp. Fill In Wetlands (ac)	Excavation in Wetlands (ac)	Mechanized Clearing in Wetlands (ac)	Hand Clearing in Wetlands (ac)	Permanent SW impacts (ac)	Temp. SW impacts (ac)	Existing Channel Impacts Permanent (ft)	Existing Channel Impacts Temp. (ft)
26	29+16-31+12 -4RPC-	ROAD FILL-POND						0.38			
27A	104+63 - 107+53-Y4-	ROAD FILL						0.02		205	
27B	107+60 -Y4-	42" WELDED STEEL	0.05					0.01	< 0.01	130	14
27C	107+58 - 108+44 -Y4-	30" RCP						< 0.01		116	
28	50+50-56+00 -Y4- R <sub>t</sub>	STREAMBANK STABILIZATION						0.02	0.15	365	188
29	145+62 -Y4-	ROAD FILL				< 0.01					
30	64+34 -Y4-	STREAMBANK STABILIZATION						< 0.01		28	
31	557+28 -L-	STREAMBANK STABILIZATION						< 0.01		21	
2018 Permit Modifications											
23	44+10 to 47+96 -Y4-	3 @ 8' x 9' RCBC EXTENSION						0.06		151	
		STREAMBANK STABILIZATION						0.02	0.01	55	30
28	47+96 to 56+84 -Y4-	2 @ 10' x 10' RCBC and 1 @ 10' x 8' RCBC						0.50		2233	2085
		SMITH CREEK RELOCATION IN TDE (SEE PERMIT SHEET 7)						0.01		76	42
		STREAMBANK STABILIZATION IN TDE (SEE PERMIT SHEET 7)						0.03		132	
28A	48+16 to 48+65 -Y4-	UT TO SMITH CREEK RELOCATION						0.01		80	384
28B	48+84 to 53+86 -Y4-	DRAIN POND						1.62			
28C	54+20 to 67+00 -Y4-	DRAIN POND						6.20			
09/18/2019 Permit Modifications											
8A		STREAM RELOCATION							144	40	
SUBTOTALS, THIS PAGE:			0.05		< 0.01			8.87	0.01	3371	84 2511
SUBTOTALS, PAGE 1			0.62		< 0.01	0.05		1.53	0.19	5853	1344
SUBTOTALS, PAGE 2			1.20			0.02		3.67	0.03	3268	142 450
TOTALS:			1.87		< 0.01	0.08		14.07	0.23	12492	1570 2961

11/19/2018 Revisions shown in red text.

10/1/2019 Revisions shown in green text.

12/13/2019 Revisions shown in orange text.

09/18/2019 Revisions shown in blue text.

Revised 2018 Feb

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

U-2579 B Forsyth County  
Winston Salem Northern Beltway  
(Eastern Section) (Future I-74)

SHEET 64 OF 64

JANUARY 14, 2020  
PERMIT DRAWING  
SHEET 18 OF 18



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ROY COOPER  
GOVERNOR

JAMES H. TROGDON, III  
SECRETARY

October 21, 2019

Asheville Regulatory Field Office  
US Army Corps of Engineers  
151 Patton Avenue, Room 208  
Asheville, North Carolina 28801-5006

ATTN: Ms. Nicholle Braspennickx, NCDOT Coordinator  
  
Subject: Request for Modification of Section 404 Individual Permit and Section 401 Water Quality Certification for the U-2579B Section of the Winston-Salem Northern Beltway, from US 158 to I-40 Business/US 421, Forsyth County, Division 9, WBS 34839.2.10  
  
References: Section 404 Individual Permit – Action ID No. SAW-2009-03183, issued June 17, 2014 and modifications issued July 2, 2014, February 21, 2019, and Section 404 Individual Renewal/ ATF Permit Modification, October 17, 2019  
Section 401 Water Quality Certification – NCDWR Project No. 2014090 issued April 11, 2014 and modifications issued July 18, 2014, December 17, 2018, and Section 401 Water Quality Certification Renewal/ATF issued October 15, 2019

Dear Madam:

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) requests a Permit Modification for the Winston -Salem Northern Beltway Eastern Section from US 158 to I-40, B Section of the U-2579 TIP. This project is currently under construction.

This modification request will include revised impacts to Smith Creek (Sites 28 and 23), new impacts to UT Smith Creek (site 28A), and new impacts to two ponds (sites 28B and 28C). Smith Creek is a parallel stream along this section of the Beltway. Due to multiple large storm events, the original proposed roadway has been destabilized, undermining the fill slopes. To correct this situation, NCDOT had determined that the only option for Smith Creek is to relocate away from the road fill. A culvert option was investigated but the length of the culvert will complicate maintenance and inspections (located under a travel lane), have drainage complications, is cost prohibitive, and overall determined to be structurally unsound.

Impact changes for the Smith Creek Relocation:

	Current Permanent Stream (LF)	Current Stream Bank Stabilization (LF)	Current Stream Temporary (LF)	New Permanent Stream (LF)	New Stream Bank Stabilization (LF)	New Stream Temporary (LF)	New Pond De-watering (AC)
Site 23	151	36	121	NC	55	30	
Site 28	598	194	127	<b>2309</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>0</b>	
Site 28A				<b>80</b>			
Site 28B							<b>1.62</b>
Site 28C							<b>6.20</b>

NC = No Change

Sites 28A, 28B, and 28C are new sites for this modification

The total additional new permanent stream impacts requiring mitigation are as follows:

Site 28            1,711 Linear Feet of Stream Impacts

Site 28A           80 Linear Feet of Stream Impacts

**Total new permanent requiring mitigation = 1,791 Linear Feet**

Bank Stabilization Impact changes are as follows:

Site 23            +19 Linear Feet

Site 28            -74 Linear Feet

**Total reduction in Bank Stabilization Impacts = 55 Linear Feet**

Temporary impact changes will be as follows:

Site 23            -91 Linear Feet

Site 28            -127 Linear Feet

**Total reduction in Temporary Impacts = 218 Linear Feet**

There will be new impacts to ponds for this modification. Pond 1 and Pond 2 will be drained to accommodate the relocation of Smith Creek totaling 7.82 acre of impacts.

The total new permanent stream impacts for this modification are 1,736 Linear feet (1,791 LF – 55 LF).

The modification of this permit for the relocation of Smith Creek, will now bring the total stream impacts for the U-2579B Section of the W-S Beltway to:

12,480 linear feet of permanent stream impacts

1,570 linear feet of temporary impacts

The mitigation for new impacts will be determined when the final plans for the relocated stream are complete. This plan will be submitted to the USACE and NCDWR for determination of credits applicable for the Natural Stream Design (NSD) plans for this stream. Currently the proposed NSD is 2,127 linear feet for Smith Creek (Site 28) and 344 linear feet for UT Smith Creek (Site 28A). Once the credit for NSD has been determined, NCDOT will contact DMS for the balance.

Please see the attached revised permit drawings for the relocation of Smith Creek and the corrected permit impact summary sheet. NCDOT is hereby requesting a Modification for this project. If you have any questions, please contact Carla Dagnino at [cdagnino@ncdot.gov](mailto:cdagnino@ncdot.gov) or (919) 707-6110.

Thank you!

Sincerely,

*Carla Dagnino*

*for* Philip S. Harris III, P.E., C.P.M.  
Environmental Analysis Unit Head

## Smith Creek Stream Relocation Plan: U2579B

### Site Summary

Smith Creek runs parallel to existing west bound Business 40 just east of the interchange with the Winston Salem Northern Beltway in Forsyth County. There are two active fish hatchery ponds on the north side of Smith Creek. Construction of the deceleration lane from Business 40 onto the Winston Salem Northern Beltway resulted in a need to widen the highway toward Smith Creek. In the 2014 permit application, the plans called for armoring Smith Creek with a series of retaining walls and rip rap bank stabilization. Following the initial survey work in 2008, high stormwater flows have accelerated erosion along Smith Creek between Business 40 and the two fish hatchery ponds. The stream bank erosion was further accelerated when the area received several large rain events in 2018. As a result, Smith Creek has migrated closer to existing Business 40, making it impossible to construct the series of retaining walls and rip rap bank stabilization without jeopardizing the fish hatchery ponds. NCDOT has explored a culvert running the distance of Smith Creek. However due to cost, constructability and long-term maintenance concerns, NCDOT has opted to drain the two fish hatchery ponds and relocate Smith Creek and an Unnamed Tributary to Smith Creek into new channels. The relocated channels have been designed using natural channel techniques, maximizing floodplain width for long term stability. A riparian buffer will be planted utilizing native riparian vegetation, including herbaceous plants, shrubs and trees. A monitoring plan for the stream relocation and vegetation success is detailed below (see sections titled "Stream Assessment Success Criteria" and "Vegetation Success"). The area will be held under NCDOT Right of Way and a Control of Access fence will be erected around the site.

### Water Access for Existing Fish Hatchery

The two fish hatchery ponds that will be drained for the stream relocation are part of a larger fish hatchery operation. Currently, the property owner utilizes an existing dam in Smith Creek, just downstream of the existing culvert under Business 40, to keep his ponds at full capacity for aquaculture operations. There is currently an 8-inch pipe that runs from the dam to fill the series of three ponds. Two of the three ponds will be removed to relocate the stream. Since the NCDOT project will remove the inline dam and impact the 8-inch pipe, we needed to provide the property owner a means to access water to fill his remaining pond that is equivalent to his existing operation. NCDOT has reviewed a couple of different methods to maintain water access. One method included an installation of a stream bypass structure which sends water into a pipe that runs the length of the stream relocation. This method was determined infeasible due to maintenance concerns associated with the long flat slope of the proposed pipe. Instead, NCDOT has decided to install an instream vault downstream of the project area where the property owner can place a pump as needed to fill the ponds.

NCDOT has investigated the amount of water that is currently being taken from Smith Creek to determine if the property owner's existing methods are in compliance with North Carolina General Statute §143-215.22H(b1). This statute requires 'any person who with draws or transfers 1,000,000 gallons per day' to register and report their withdrawal with the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality (NCDEQ). If the property owner took two weeks to fill the ponds utilizing the 8" pipe he currently has, then he would remove 230,037 gallons per day. In conversations with the property owner, he fills the pond over a five-week period. The property owner is not currently registered, nor is does NCDOT believe he is required to be registered with the NCDEQ. Since NCDOT's project is going to decrease the amount of water the property owner needs by decreasing the number of ponds, the amount of water being removed from Smith Creek will decrease, and not change his need to register with NCDEQ. If his operations change in the future, it will be the property owner's responsibility to coordinate with NCDEQ.

### **Stream Assessment Success Criteria**

The stream relocation site shall be monitored for five years or until success criteria are satisfied. Monitoring protocols shall follow the Monitoring Level I outlined in the Stream Mitigation Guidelines, April 2003. NCDOT will evaluate the success of the stream relocation project based on guidance provided by the Stream Mitigation Guidelines disseminated by the United States Army Corps of Engineers-Wilmington District. The survey of channel dimension will consist of permanent cross sections placed at six (6) cross sections (three riffles and three pools). Annual photographs showing both banks and upstream and downstream views will be taken from permanent, mapped photo points. The survey of the longitudinal profile will cover a cumulative total of approximately 2,471 linear feet of channel (2,127' for Smith Creek and 344' for the unnamed tributary. The entire restored length of stream will be investigated for channel stability and in-stream structure functionality. Any evidence of channel instability will be identified, mapped and photographed. Pebble counts shall not be conducted. In the event that success criteria are not being met, remedial measures will be coordinated with resource agencies. The monitoring shall be conducted annually for a minimum of five (5) years after final planting. The monitoring results shall be submitted to resource agencies in a final report within sixty (60) days after completing monitoring. After 5 years, the NCDOT shall contact resource agencies to schedule a site visit to "close out" the mitigation site if the site has met success criteria. If success is not met, NCDOT will make necessary adjustments to the site or pay mitigation fees to cover the impacts.

### **Vegetation Success**

The success of vegetation and plantings will be measured through stem counts. Permanent quadrants will be used to sample the riparian buffer and restoration wetlands. Survival of the live stakes will be determined by visual observation throughout the five-year monitoring period.

Bare root vegetation will be evaluated using three (3) staked survival plots. Plots will be 50ft. by 50ft. If site conditions prevent a 50ft. by 50ft. plot, then the plot will have varying dimensions to encompass an area of 2,500 ft<sup>2</sup>. All flagged stems will be counted in those plots. Success will be defined as 320 stems per acre after three years and 260 stems per acre after five years. All vegetation monitoring will be conducted during the growing season.

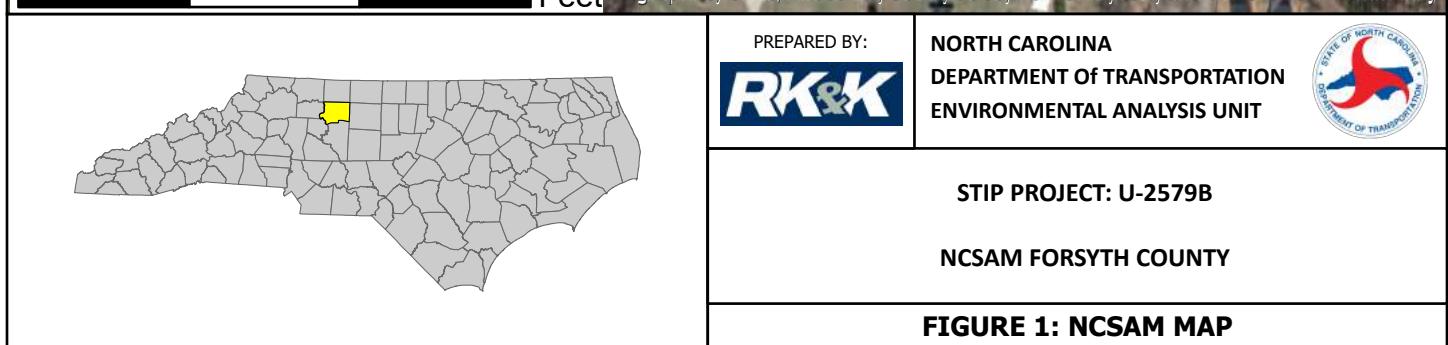
Appropriate measures will be taken to control nuisance vegetation during the monitoring period if it affects the success of the planted vegetation.

### **Functional Assessment: Pre and Post construction**

A NCSAM form was completed for Smith Creek and the UT to Smith Creek. The forms have been attached to this Stream Relocation plan and are labeled Appendix 1. Smith Creek was divided into 3 sections, labeled SA-1, SA-2 and SA-3. SA-1 and 3 received an overall score of low, while SA-2 received a score of medium. The UT-1 to Smith Creek was assessed in its entirety within the project footprint and received an overall score of low.

A NCSAM form will be completed after the monitoring period in order to compare the potential functional uplift to pre-project conditions. It was decided with input from NCDOT, USACE, NCDWR, and NCWRC that the form will not be used to determine success of the site, but rather it will be used for comparison of pre and post project functions.

**APPENDIX ONE: NCSAM Forms for Smith Creek and UT1 to Smith Creek**



**SA-1**

**NC SAM FIELD ASSESSMENT RESULTS**  
**Accompanies User Manual Version 2.1**

USACE AID #:	NCDWR #:		
<b>INSTRUCTIONS:</b> Attach a sketch of the assessment area and photographs. Attach a copy of the USGS 7.5-minute topographic quadrangle, and circle the location of the stream reach under evaluation. If multiple stream reaches will be evaluated on the same property, identify and number all reaches on the attached map, and include a separate form for each reach. See the NC SAM User Manual for detailed descriptions and explanations of requested information. Record in the "Notes/Sketch" section if supplementary measurements were performed. See the NC SAM User Manual for examples of additional measurements that may be relevant.			
<b>NOTE EVIDENCE OF STRESSORS AFFECTING THE ASSESSMENT AREA (do not need to be within the assessment area).</b>			
<b>PROJECT/SITE INFORMATION:</b>			
1. Project name (if any):	U-2579B (SA-1)	2. Date of evaluation:	11/07/2019
3. Applicant/owner name:	NCDOT	4. Assessor name/organization:	H. Bain, M. Martin / RK&K
5. County:	Forsyth	6. Nearest named water body	
7. River basin:	Yadkin-PeeDee	on USGS 7.5-minute quad:	Smith Creek
8. Site coordinates (decimal degrees, at lower end of assessment reach):	36.112393, -80.115401		
<b>STREAM INFORMATION: (depth and width can be approximations)</b>			
9. Site number (show on attached map):	SA-1	10. Length of assessment reach evaluated (feet):	150
11. Channel depth from bed (in riffle, if present) to top of bank (feet):	1.0-3.0	□ Unable to assess channel depth.	
12. Channel width at top of bank (feet):	20-30	13. Is assessment reach a swamp stream?	□ Yes □ No
14. Feature type:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Perennial flow <input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent flow <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal Marsh Stream		
<b>STREAM CATEGORY INFORMATION:</b>			
15. NC SAM Zone:	<input type="checkbox"/> Mountains (M) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Piedmont (P) <input type="checkbox"/> Inner Coastal Plain (I) <input type="checkbox"/> Outer Coastal Plain (O)		
16. Estimated geomorphic valley shape (skip for Tidal Marsh Stream):	<input type="checkbox"/> A  (more sinuous stream, flatter valley slope)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B  (less sinuous stream, steeper valley slope)	
17. Watershed size: (skip for Tidal Marsh Stream)	<input type="checkbox"/> Size 1 (< 0.1 mi <sup>2</sup> ) <input type="checkbox"/> Size 2 (0.1 to < 0.5 mi <sup>2</sup> ) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Size 3 (0.5 to < 5 mi <sup>2</sup> ) <input type="checkbox"/> Size 4 (≥ 5 mi <sup>2</sup> )		
<b>ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:</b>			
18. Were regulatory considerations evaluated?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If Yes, check all that apply to the assessment area.		
<input type="checkbox"/> Section 10 water <input type="checkbox"/> Classified Trout Waters <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water Supply Watershed (□ I □ II <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> III □ IV □ V) <input type="checkbox"/> Essential Fish Habitat <input type="checkbox"/> Primary Nursery Area <input type="checkbox"/> High Quality Waters/Outstanding Resource Waters <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Publicly owned property <input type="checkbox"/> NCDWR Riparian buffer rule in effect <input type="checkbox"/> Nutrient Sensitive Waters <input type="checkbox"/> Anadromous fish <input type="checkbox"/> 303(d) List <input type="checkbox"/> CAMA Area of Environmental Concern (AEC) <input type="checkbox"/> Documented presence of a federal and/or state listed protected species within the assessment area.			
List species: <input type="checkbox"/> Designated Critical Habitat (list species)			
19. Are additional stream information/supplementary measurements included in "Notes/Sketch" section or attached?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No		

1. **Channel Water – assessment reach metric (skip for Size 1 streams and Tidal Marsh Streams)**
  - A Water throughout assessment reach.
  - B No flow, water in pools only.
  - C No water in assessment reach.
2. **Evidence of Flow Restriction – assessment reach metric**
  - A At least 10% of assessment reach in-stream habitat or riffle-pool sequence is severely affected by a flow restriction or fill to the point of obstructing flow or a channel choked with aquatic macrophytes or ponded water or impoundment on flood or ebb within the assessment reach (examples: undersized or perched culverts, causeways that constrict the channel, tidal gates, debris jams, beaver dams).
  - B Not A
3. **Feature Pattern – assessment reach metric**
  - A A majority of the assessment reach has altered pattern (examples: straightening, modification above or below culvert).
  - B Not A
4. **Feature Longitudinal Profile – assessment reach metric**
  - A Majority of assessment reach has a substantially altered stream profile (examples: channel down-cutting, existing damming, over widening, active aggradation, dredging, and excavation where appropriate channel profile has not reformed from any of these disturbances).
  - B Not A
5. **Signs of Active Instability – assessment reach metric**

**Consider only current instability, not past events from which the stream has currently recovered.** Examples of instability include active bank failure, active channel down-cutting (head-cut), active widening, and artificial hardening (such as concrete, gabion, rip-rap).

  - A < 10% of channel unstable
  - B 10 to 25% of channel unstable
  - C > 25% of channel unstable

6. Streamside Area Interaction – streamside area metric  
Consider for the Left Bank (LB) and the Right Bank (RB).

LB	RB	
<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	Little or no evidence of conditions that adversely affect reference interaction
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	Moderate evidence of conditions (examples: berms, levees, down-cutting, aggradation, dredging) that adversely affect reference interaction (examples: limited streamside area access, disruption of flood flows through streamside area, leaky or intermittent bulkheads, causeways with floodplain constriction, minor ditching [including mosquito ditching])
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	Extensive evidence of conditions that adversely affect reference interaction (little to no floodplain/intertidal zone access [examples: causeways with floodplain and channel constriction, bulkheads, retaining walls, fill, stream incision, disruption of flood flows through streamside area] <u>or</u> too much floodplain/intertidal zone access [examples: impoundments, intensive mosquito ditching]) <u>or</u> floodplain/intertidal zone unnaturally absent <u>or</u> assessment reach is a man-made feature on an interstream divide

7. Water Quality Stressors – assessment reach/intertidal zone metric

Check all that apply.

- A Discolored water in stream or intertidal zone (milky white, blue, unnatural water discoloration, oil sheen, stream foam)
- B Excessive sedimentation (burying of stream features or intertidal zone)
- C Noticeable evidence of pollutant discharges entering the assessment reach and causing a water quality problem
- D Odor (not including natural sulfide odors)
- E Current published or collected data indicating degraded water quality in the assessment reach. Cite source in "Notes/Sketch" section.
- F Livestock with access to stream or intertidal zone
- G Excessive algae in stream or intertidal zone
- H Degraded marsh vegetation in the intertidal zone (removal, burning, regular mowing, destruction, etc)
- I Other: \_\_\_\_\_ (explain in "Notes/Sketch" section)
- J Little to no stressors

8. Recent Weather – watershed metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)

For Size 1 or 2 streams, D1 drought or higher is considered a drought; for Size 3 or 4 streams, D2 drought or higher is considered a drought.

- A Drought conditions and no rainfall or rainfall not exceeding 1 inch within the last 48 hours
- B Drought conditions and rainfall exceeding 1 inch within the last 48 hours
- C No drought conditions

9. Large or Dangerous Stream – assessment reach metric

Yes  No Is stream is too large or dangerous to assess? If Yes, skip to Metric 13 (Streamside Area Ground Surface Condition).

10. Natural In-stream Habitat Types – assessment reach metric

10a.  Yes  No Degraded in-stream habitat over majority of the assessment reach (examples of stressors include excessive sedimentation, mining, excavation, in-stream hardening [for example, rip-rap], recent dredging, and snagging) **(evaluate for Size 4 Coastal Plain streams only, then skip to Metric 12)**

10b. Check all that occur (occurs if > 5% coverage of assessment reach) **(skip for Size 4 Coastal Plain streams)**

<input type="checkbox"/> A	Multiple aquatic macrophytes and aquatic mosses (include liverworts, lichens, and algal mats)	Check for Tidal Marsh Streams Only	<input type="checkbox"/> F	5% oysters or other natural hard bottoms
<input type="checkbox"/> B	Multiple sticks and/or leaf packs and/or emergent vegetation		<input type="checkbox"/> G	Submerged aquatic vegetation
<input type="checkbox"/> C	Multiple snags and logs (including lap trees)		<input type="checkbox"/> H	Low-tide refugia (pools)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> D	5% undercut banks and/or root mats and/or roots in banks extend to the normal wetted perimeter		<input type="checkbox"/> I	Sand bottom
<input type="checkbox"/> E	Little or no habitat		<input type="checkbox"/> J	5% vertical bank along the marsh
			<input type="checkbox"/> K	Little or no habitat

\*\*\*\*\*REMAINING QUESTIONS ARE NOT APPLICABLE FOR TIDAL MARSH STREAMS\*\*\*\*\*

11. Bedform and Substrate – assessment reach metric (skip for Size 4 Coastal Plain streams and Tidal Marsh Streams)

11a.  Yes  No Is assessment reach in a natural sand-bed stream? **(skip for Coastal Plain streams)**

11b. Bedform evaluated. **Check the appropriate box(es).**

- A Riffle-run section **(evaluate 11c)**
- B Pool-glide section **(evaluate 11d)**
- C Natural bedform absent **(skip to Metric 12, Aquatic Life)**

11c. In riffle sections, check all that occur below the normal wetted perimeter of the assessment reach – whether or not submerged. **Check at least one box in each row (skip for Size 4 Coastal Plain streams and Tidal Marsh Streams).** Not Present (NP) = absent, Rare (R) = present but  $\leq$  10%, Common (C) = > 10-40%, Abundant (A) = > 40-70%, Predominant (P) = > 70%. Cumulative percentages should not exceed 100% for each assessment reach.

NP	R	C	A	P	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Bedrock/saprolite				
<input type="checkbox"/>	Boulder (256 – 4096 mm)				
<input type="checkbox"/>	Cobble (64 – 256 mm)				
<input type="checkbox"/>	Gravel (2 – 64 mm)				
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sand (.062 – 2 mm)				
<input type="checkbox"/>	Silt/clay (< 0.062 mm)				
<input type="checkbox"/>	Detritus				
<input type="checkbox"/>	Artificial (rip-rap, concrete, etc.)				

11d.  Yes  No Are pools filled with sediment? **(skip for Size 4 Coastal Plain streams and Tidal Marsh Streams)**

**12. Aquatic Life – assessment reach metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

12a.  Yes  No Was an in-stream aquatic life assessment performed as described in the User Manual?

If No, select one of the following reasons and skip to Metric 13.  No Water  Other: \_\_\_\_\_

12b.  Yes  No Are aquatic organisms present in the assessment reach (look in riffles, pools, then snags)? If Yes, check all that apply. If No, skip to Metric 13.

1 >1 Numbers over columns refer to “individuals” for Size 1 and 2 streams and “taxa” for Size 3 and 4 streams.

- Adult frogs
- Aquatic reptiles
- Aquatic macrophytes and aquatic mosses (include liverworts, lichens, and algal mats)
- Beetles
- Caddisfly larvae (T)
- Asian clam (*Corbicula*)
- Crustacean (isopod/amphipod/crayfish/shrimp)
- Damselfly and dragonfly larvae
- Dipterans
- Mayfly larvae (E)
- Megaloptera (alderfly, fishfly, dobsonfly larvae)
- Midges/mosquito larvae
- Mosquito fish (*Gambusia*) or mud minnows (*Umbra pygmaea*)
- Mussels/Clams (not *Corbicula*)
- Other fish
- Salamanders/tadpoles
- Snails
- Stonefly larvae (P)
- Tipulid larvae
- Worms/leeches

**13. Streamside Area Ground Surface Condition – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams and B valley types)**

**Consider for the Left Bank (LB) and the Right Bank (RB).** Consider storage capacity with regard to both overbank flow and upland runoff.

LB RB

- A  A Little or no alteration to water storage capacity over a majority of the streamside area
- B  B Moderate alteration to water storage capacity over a majority of the streamside area
- C  C Severe alteration to water storage capacity over a majority of the streamside area (examples: ditches, fill, soil compaction, livestock disturbance, buildings, man-made levees, drainage pipes)

**14. Streamside Area Water Storage – streamside area metric (skip for Size 1 streams, Tidal Marsh Streams, and B valley types)**

**Consider for the Left Bank (LB) and the Right Bank (RB) of the streamside area.**

LB RB

- A  A Majority of streamside area with depressions able to pond water  $\geq$  6 inches deep
- B  B Majority of streamside area with depressions able to pond water 3 to 6 inches deep
- C  C Majority of streamside area with depressions able to pond water  $<$  3 inches deep

**15. Wetland Presence – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

**Consider for the Left Bank (LB) and the Right Bank (RB).** Do not consider wetlands outside of the streamside area or within the normal wetted perimeter of assessment reach.

LB RB

- Y  Y Are wetlands present in the streamside area?
- N  N

**16. Baseflow Contributors – assessment reach metric (skip for Size 4 streams and Tidal Marsh Streams)**

**Check all contributors within the assessment reach or within view of and draining to the assessment reach.**

- A Streams and/or springs (jurisdictional discharges)
- B Ponds (include wet detention basins; do not include sediment basins or dry detention basins)
- C Obstruction passing flow during low-flow periods within the assessment area (beaver dam, leaky dam, bottom-release dam, weir)
- D Evidence of bank seepage or sweating (iron in water indicates seepage)
- E Stream bed or bank soil reduced (dig through deposited sediment if present)
- F None of the above

**17. Baseflow Detractors – assessment area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

**Check all that apply.**

- A Evidence of substantial water withdrawals from the assessment reach (includes areas excavated for pump installation)
- B Obstruction not passing flow during low-flow periods affecting the assessment reach (ex: watertight dam, sediment deposit)
- C Urban stream ( $\geq$  24% impervious surface for watershed)
- D Evidence that the streamside area has been modified resulting in accelerated drainage into the assessment reach
- E Assessment reach relocated to valley edge
- F None of the above

**18. Shading – assessment reach metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Consider aspect. Consider “leaf-on” condition.

- A Stream shading is appropriate for stream category (may include gaps associated with natural processes)
- B Degraded (example: scattered trees)
- C Stream shading is gone or largely absent

**19. Buffer Width – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Consider “vegetated buffer” and “wooded buffer” separately for left bank (LB) and right bank (RB) starting at the top of bank out to the first break.

Vegetated      Wooded

LB	RB	LB	RB	
<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	≥ 100 feet wide or extends to the edge of the watershed
<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	From 50 to < 100 feet wide
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	From 30 to < 50 feet wide
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> D	From 10 to < 30 feet wide
<input type="checkbox"/> E	<input type="checkbox"/> E	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> E	<input type="checkbox"/> E	< 10 feet wide or no trees

**20. Buffer Structure – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Consider for left bank (LB) and right bank (RB) for Metric 19 (“Vegetated” Buffer Width).

LB      RB

<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	Mature forest
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	Non-mature woody vegetation or modified vegetation structure
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	Herbaceous vegetation with or without a strip of trees < 10 feet wide
<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	Maintained shrubs
<input type="checkbox"/> E	<input type="checkbox"/> E	Little or no vegetation

**21. Buffer Stressors – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Check all appropriate boxes for left bank (LB) and right bank (RB). Indicate if listed stressor abuts stream (Abuts), does not abut but is within 30 feet of stream (< 30 feet), or is between 30 to 50 feet of stream (30-50 feet).

If none of the following stressors occurs on either bank, check here and skip to Metric 22:

Abuts      < 30 feet      30-50 feet

LB	RB	LB	RB	LB	RB
<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A				
<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	Maintained turf
<input type="checkbox"/> C	Pasture (no livestock)/commercial horticulture				
<input type="checkbox"/> D	Pasture (active livestock use)				

**22. Stem Density – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Consider for left bank (LB) and right bank (RB) for Metric 19 (“Wooded” Buffer Width).

LB      RB

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	Medium to high stem density
<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	Low stem density
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	No wooded riparian buffer or predominantly herbaceous species or bare ground

**23. Continuity of Vegetated Buffer – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Consider whether vegetated buffer is continuous along stream (parallel). Breaks are areas lacking vegetation > 10 feet wide.

LB      RB

<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A	The total length of buffer breaks is < 25 percent.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	The total length of buffer breaks is between 25 and 50 percent.
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	The total length of buffer breaks is > 50 percent.

**24. Vegetative Composition – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Evaluate the dominant vegetation within 100 feet of each bank or to the edge of the watershed (whichever comes first) as it contributes to assessment reach habitat.

LB      RB

<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	Vegetation is close to undisturbed in species present and their proportions. Lower strata composed of native species, with non-native invasive species absent or sparse.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	Vegetation indicates disturbance in terms of species diversity or proportions, but is still largely composed of native species. This may include communities of weedy native species that develop after clear-cutting or clearing or communities with non-native invasive species present, but not dominant, over a large portion of the expected strata or communities missing understory but retaining canopy trees.
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	Vegetation is severely disturbed in terms of species diversity or proportions. Mature canopy is absent or communities with non-native invasive species dominant over a large portion of expected strata or communities composed of planted stands of non-characteristic species or communities inappropriately composed of a single species or no vegetation.

**25. Conductivity – assessment reach metric (skip for all Coastal Plain streams)**

25a. Yes    No    Was conductivity measurement recorded?

If No, select one of the following reasons. No Water Other: \_\_\_\_\_

25b. Check the box corresponding to the conductivity measurement (units of microsiemens per centimeter).

<input type="checkbox"/> A	< 46	<input type="checkbox"/> B	46 to < 67	<input type="checkbox"/> C	67 to < 79	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> D	79 to < 230	<input type="checkbox"/> E	≥ 230
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Notes/Sketch:

Reach is from Culvert to lowhead dam

**Draft NC SAM Stream Rating Sheet**  
**Accompanies User Manual Version 2.1**

Stream Site Name	U-2579B (SA-1)	Date of Assessment	11/07/2019
Stream Category	Pb3	Assessor Name/Organization	H. Bain, M. Martin / RK&K

Notes of Field Assessment Form (Y/N)	YES
Presence of regulatory considerations (Y/N)	YES
Additional stream information/supplementary measurements included (Y/N)	YES
NC SAM feature type (perennial, intermittent, Tidal Marsh Stream)	Perennial

Function Class Rating Summary	USACE/ All Streams	NCDWR Intermittent
(1) Hydrology	LOW	
(2) Baseflow	HIGH	
(2) Flood Flow	LOW	
(3) Streamside Area Attenuation	LOW	
(4) Floodplain Access	MEDIUM	
(4) Wooded Riparian Buffer	LOW	
(4) Microtopography	NA	
(3) Stream Stability	LOW	
(4) Channel Stability	HIGH	
(4) Sediment Transport	LOW	
(4) Stream Geomorphology	LOW	
(2) Stream/Intertidal Zone Interaction	NA	
(2) Longitudinal Tidal Flow	NA	
(2) Tidal Marsh Stream Stability	NA	
(3) Tidal Marsh Channel Stability	NA	
(3) Tidal Marsh Stream Geomorphology	NA	
(1) Water Quality	MEDIUM	
(2) Baseflow	HIGH	
(2) Streamside Area Vegetation	MEDIUM	
(3) Upland Pollutant Filtration	MEDIUM	
(3) Thermoregulation	MEDIUM	
(2) Indicators of Stressors	NO	
(2) Aquatic Life Tolerance	MEDIUM	
(2) Intertidal Zone Filtration	NA	
(1) Habitat	LOW	
(2) In-stream Habitat	LOW	
(3) Baseflow	HIGH	
(3) Substrate	LOW	
(3) Stream Stability	MEDIUM	
(3) In-stream Habitat	LOW	
(2) Stream-side Habitat	LOW	
(3) Stream-side Habitat	LOW	
(3) Thermoregulation	MEDIUM	
(2) Tidal Marsh In-stream Habitat	NA	
(3) Flow Restriction	NA	
(3) Tidal Marsh Stream Stability	NA	
(4) Tidal Marsh Channel Stability	NA	
(4) Tidal Marsh Stream Geomorphology	NA	
(3) Tidal Marsh In-stream Habitat	NA	
(2) Intertidal Zone	NA	
Overall	LOW	

**SA-2**

**NC SAM FIELD ASSESSMENT RESULTS**  
Accompanies User Manual Version 2.1

USACE AID #:	NCDWR #:		
<b>INSTRUCTIONS:</b> Attach a sketch of the assessment area and photographs. Attach a copy of the USGS 7.5-minute topographic quadrangle, and circle the location of the stream reach under evaluation. If multiple stream reaches will be evaluated on the same property, identify and number all reaches on the attached map, and include a separate form for each reach. See the NC SAM User Manual for detailed descriptions and explanations of requested information. Record in the "Notes/Sketch" section if supplementary measurements were performed. See the NC SAM User Manual for examples of additional measurements that may be relevant.			
<b>NOTE EVIDENCE OF STRESSORS AFFECTING THE ASSESSMENT AREA (do not need to be within the assessment area).</b>			
<b>PROJECT/SITE INFORMATION:</b>			
1. Project name (if any):	U-2579B (SA-2)	2. Date of evaluation:	11/07/2019
3. Applicant/owner name:	NCDOT	4. Assessor name/organization:	H. Bain, M. Martin / RK&K
5. County:	Forsyth	6. Nearest named water body	
7. River basin:	Yadkin-PeeDee	on USGS 7.5-minute quad:	Smith Creek
8. Site coordinates (decimal degrees, at lower end of assessment reach):	36.112396, -80.116455		
<b>STREAM INFORMATION: (depth and width can be approximations)</b>			
9. Site number (show on attached map):	SA-2	10. Length of assessment reach evaluated (feet):	350
11. Channel depth from bed (in riffle, if present) to top of bank (feet):	0.5-2.0	□ Unable to assess channel depth.	
12. Channel width at top of bank (feet):	3-15	13. Is assessment reach a swamp stream?	□ Yes □ No
14. Feature type:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Perennial flow <input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent flow <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal Marsh Stream		
<b>STREAM CATEGORY INFORMATION:</b>			
15. NC SAM Zone:	<input type="checkbox"/> Mountains (M) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Piedmont (P) <input type="checkbox"/> Inner Coastal Plain (I) <input type="checkbox"/> Outer Coastal Plain (O)		
16. Estimated geomorphic valley shape (skip for Tidal Marsh Stream):	<input type="checkbox"/> A  (more sinuous stream, flatter valley slope)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B  (less sinuous stream, steeper valley slope)	
17. Watershed size: (skip for Tidal Marsh Stream)	<input type="checkbox"/> Size 1 (< 0.1 mi <sup>2</sup> ) <input type="checkbox"/> Size 2 (0.1 to < 0.5 mi <sup>2</sup> ) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Size 3 (0.5 to < 5 mi <sup>2</sup> ) <input type="checkbox"/> Size 4 (≥ 5 mi <sup>2</sup> )		
<b>ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:</b>			
18. Were regulatory considerations evaluated?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If Yes, check all that apply to the assessment area.		
<input type="checkbox"/> Section 10 water <input type="checkbox"/> Classified Trout Waters <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water Supply Watershed (I, II, III, IV, V) <input type="checkbox"/> Essential Fish Habitat <input type="checkbox"/> Primary Nursery Area <input type="checkbox"/> High Quality Waters/Outstanding Resource Waters <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Publicly owned property <input type="checkbox"/> NCDWR Riparian buffer rule in effect <input type="checkbox"/> Nutrient Sensitive Waters <input type="checkbox"/> Anadromous fish <input type="checkbox"/> 303(d) List <input type="checkbox"/> CAMA Area of Environmental Concern (AEC) <input type="checkbox"/> Documented presence of a federal and/or state listed protected species within the assessment area.			
List species: <input type="checkbox"/> Designated Critical Habitat (list species)			
19. Are additional stream information/supplementary measurements included in "Notes/Sketch" section or attached?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No		

1. **Channel Water – assessment reach metric (skip for Size 1 streams and Tidal Marsh Streams)**
  - A Water throughout assessment reach.
  - B No flow, water in pools only.
  - C No water in assessment reach.
2. **Evidence of Flow Restriction – assessment reach metric**
  - A At least 10% of assessment reach in-stream habitat or riffle-pool sequence is severely affected by a flow restriction or fill to the point of obstructing flow or a channel choked with aquatic macrophytes or ponded water or impoundment on flood or ebb within the assessment reach (examples: undersized or perched culverts, causeways that constrict the channel, tidal gates, debris jams, beaver dams).
  - B Not A
3. **Feature Pattern – assessment reach metric**
  - A A majority of the assessment reach has altered pattern (examples: straightening, modification above or below culvert).
  - B Not A
4. **Feature Longitudinal Profile – assessment reach metric**
  - A Majority of assessment reach has a substantially altered stream profile (examples: channel down-cutting, existing damming, over widening, active aggradation, dredging, and excavation where appropriate channel profile has not reformed from any of these disturbances).
  - B Not A
5. **Signs of Active Instability – assessment reach metric**

**Consider only current instability, not past events from which the stream has currently recovered.** Examples of instability include active bank failure, active channel down-cutting (head-cut), active widening, and artificial hardening (such as concrete, gabion, rip-rap).

  - A < 10% of channel unstable
  - B 10 to 25% of channel unstable
  - C > 25% of channel unstable

6. Streamside Area Interaction – streamside area metric  
Consider for the Left Bank (LB) and the Right Bank (RB).

LB	RB	
<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	Little or no evidence of conditions that adversely affect reference interaction
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	Moderate evidence of conditions (examples: berms, levees, down-cutting, aggradation, dredging) that adversely affect reference interaction (examples: limited streamside area access, disruption of flood flows through streamside area, leaky or intermittent bulkheads, causeways with floodplain constriction, minor ditching [including mosquito ditching])
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	Extensive evidence of conditions that adversely affect reference interaction (little to no floodplain/intertidal zone access [examples: causeways with floodplain and channel constriction, bulkheads, retaining walls, fill, stream incision, disruption of flood flows through streamside area] <u>or</u> too much floodplain/intertidal zone access [examples: impoundments, intensive mosquito ditching]) <u>or</u> floodplain/intertidal zone unnaturally absent <u>or</u> assessment reach is a man-made feature on an interstream divide

7. Water Quality Stressors – assessment reach/intertidal zone metric

Check all that apply.

- A Discolored water in stream or intertidal zone (milky white, blue, unnatural water discoloration, oil sheen, stream foam)
- B Excessive sedimentation (burying of stream features or intertidal zone)
- C Noticeable evidence of pollutant discharges entering the assessment reach and causing a water quality problem
- D Odor (not including natural sulfide odors)
- E Current published or collected data indicating degraded water quality in the assessment reach. Cite source in "Notes/Sketch" section.
- F Livestock with access to stream or intertidal zone
- G Excessive algae in stream or intertidal zone
- H Degraded marsh vegetation in the intertidal zone (removal, burning, regular mowing, destruction, etc)
- I Other: \_\_\_\_\_ (explain in "Notes/Sketch" section)
- J Little to no stressors

8. Recent Weather – watershed metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)

For Size 1 or 2 streams, D1 drought or higher is considered a drought; for Size 3 or 4 streams, D2 drought or higher is considered a drought.

- A Drought conditions and no rainfall or rainfall not exceeding 1 inch within the last 48 hours
- B Drought conditions and rainfall exceeding 1 inch within the last 48 hours
- C No drought conditions

9. Large or Dangerous Stream – assessment reach metric

Yes  No Is stream is too large or dangerous to assess? If Yes, skip to Metric 13 (Streamside Area Ground Surface Condition).

10. Natural In-stream Habitat Types – assessment reach metric

10a.  Yes  No Degraded in-stream habitat over majority of the assessment reach (examples of stressors include excessive sedimentation, mining, excavation, in-stream hardening [for example, rip-rap], recent dredging, and snagging) **(evaluate for Size 4 Coastal Plain streams only, then skip to Metric 12)**

10b. Check all that occur (occurs if > 5% coverage of assessment reach) **(skip for Size 4 Coastal Plain streams)**

<input type="checkbox"/> A	Multiple aquatic macrophytes and aquatic mosses (include liverworts, lichens, and algal mats)	Check for Tidal Marsh Streams Only	<input type="checkbox"/> F	5% oysters or other natural hard bottoms
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	Multiple sticks and/or leaf packs and/or emergent vegetation		<input type="checkbox"/> G	Submerged aquatic vegetation
<input type="checkbox"/> C	Multiple snags and logs (including lap trees)		<input type="checkbox"/> H	Low-tide refugia (pools)
<input type="checkbox"/> D	5% undercut banks and/or root mats and/or roots in banks extend to the normal wetted perimeter		<input type="checkbox"/> I	Sand bottom
<input type="checkbox"/> E	Little or no habitat		<input type="checkbox"/> J	5% vertical bank along the marsh
		<input type="checkbox"/> K	Little or no habitat	

\*\*\*\*\*REMAINING QUESTIONS ARE NOT APPLICABLE FOR TIDAL MARSH STREAMS\*\*\*\*\*

11. Bedform and Substrate – assessment reach metric (skip for Size 4 Coastal Plain streams and Tidal Marsh Streams)

11a.  Yes  No Is assessment reach in a natural sand-bed stream? **(skip for Coastal Plain streams)**

11b. Bedform evaluated. **Check the appropriate box(es).**

- A Riffle-run section **(evaluate 11c)**
- B Pool-glide section **(evaluate 11d)**
- C Natural bedform absent **(skip to Metric 12, Aquatic Life)**

11c. In riffle sections, check all that occur below the normal wetted perimeter of the assessment reach – whether or not submerged. **Check at least one box in each row (skip for Size 4 Coastal Plain streams and Tidal Marsh Streams).** Not Present (NP) = absent, Rare (R) = present but  $\leq$  10%, Common (C) = > 10-40%, Abundant (A) = > 40-70%, Predominant (P) = > 70%. Cumulative percentages should not exceed 100% for each assessment reach.

NP	R	C	A	P	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Bedrock/saprolite
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Boulder (256 – 4096 mm)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Cobble (64 – 256 mm)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Gravel (2 – 64 mm)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Sand (.062 – 2 mm)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Silt/clay (< 0.062 mm)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Detritus
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Artificial (rip-rap, concrete, etc.)

11d.  Yes  No Are pools filled with sediment? **(skip for Size 4 Coastal Plain streams and Tidal Marsh Streams)**

**12. Aquatic Life – assessment reach metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

12a.  Yes  No Was an in-stream aquatic life assessment performed as described in the User Manual?

If No, select one of the following reasons and skip to Metric 13.  No Water  Other: \_\_\_\_\_

12b.  Yes  No Are aquatic organisms present in the assessment reach (look in riffles, pools, then snags)? If Yes, check all that apply. If No, skip to Metric 13.

1 >1 Numbers over columns refer to “individuals” for Size 1 and 2 streams and “taxa” for Size 3 and 4 streams.

- Adult frogs
- Aquatic reptiles
- Aquatic macrophytes and aquatic mosses (include liverworts, lichens, and algal mats)
- Beetles
- Caddisfly larvae (T)
- Asian clam (*Corbicula*)
- Crustacean (isopod/amphipod/crayfish/shrimp)
- Damselfly and dragonfly larvae
- Dipterans
- Mayfly larvae (E)
- Megaloptera (alderfly, fishfly, dobsonfly larvae)
- Midges/mosquito larvae
- Mosquito fish (*Gambusia*) or mud minnows (*Umbra pygmaea*)
- Mussels/Clams (not *Corbicula*)
- Other fish
- Salamanders/tadpoles
- Snails
- Stonefly larvae (P)
- Tipulid larvae
- Worms/leeches

**13. Streamside Area Ground Surface Condition – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams and B valley types)**

**Consider for the Left Bank (LB) and the Right Bank (RB).** Consider storage capacity with regard to both overbank flow and upland runoff.

LB RB

- A  A Little or no alteration to water storage capacity over a majority of the streamside area
- B  B Moderate alteration to water storage capacity over a majority of the streamside area
- C  C Severe alteration to water storage capacity over a majority of the streamside area (examples: ditches, fill, soil compaction, livestock disturbance, buildings, man-made levees, drainage pipes)

**14. Streamside Area Water Storage – streamside area metric (skip for Size 1 streams, Tidal Marsh Streams, and B valley types)**

**Consider for the Left Bank (LB) and the Right Bank (RB) of the streamside area.**

LB RB

- A  A Majority of streamside area with depressions able to pond water  $\geq$  6 inches deep
- B  B Majority of streamside area with depressions able to pond water 3 to 6 inches deep
- C  C Majority of streamside area with depressions able to pond water  $<$  3 inches deep

**15. Wetland Presence – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

**Consider for the Left Bank (LB) and the Right Bank (RB).** Do not consider wetlands outside of the streamside area or within the normal wetted perimeter of assessment reach.

LB RB

- Y  Y Are wetlands present in the streamside area?
- N  N

**16. Baseflow Contributors – assessment reach metric (skip for Size 4 streams and Tidal Marsh Streams)**

**Check all contributors within the assessment reach or within view of and draining to the assessment reach.**

- A Streams and/or springs (jurisdictional discharges)
- B Ponds (include wet detention basins; do not include sediment basins or dry detention basins)
- C Obstruction passing flow during low-flow periods within the assessment area (beaver dam, leaky dam, bottom-release dam, weir)
- D Evidence of bank seepage or sweating (iron in water indicates seepage)
- E Stream bed or bank soil reduced (dig through deposited sediment if present)
- F None of the above

**17. Baseflow Detractors – assessment area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

**Check all that apply.**

- A Evidence of substantial water withdrawals from the assessment reach (includes areas excavated for pump installation)
- B Obstruction not passing flow during low-flow periods affecting the assessment reach (ex: watertight dam, sediment deposit)
- C Urban stream ( $\geq$  24% impervious surface for watershed)
- D Evidence that the streamside area has been modified resulting in accelerated drainage into the assessment reach
- E Assessment reach relocated to valley edge
- F None of the above

**18. Shading – assessment reach metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Consider aspect. Consider “leaf-on” condition.

- A Stream shading is appropriate for stream category (may include gaps associated with natural processes)
- B Degraded (example: scattered trees)
- C Stream shading is gone or largely absent

**19. Buffer Width – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Consider “vegetated buffer” and “wooded buffer” separately for left bank (LB) and right bank (RB) starting at the top of bank out to the first break.

Vegetated      Wooded

LB	RB	LB	RB	
<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	≥ 100 feet wide <u>or</u> extends to the edge of the watershed
<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	From 50 to < 100 feet wide
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	From 30 to < 50 feet wide
<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> D	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	From 10 to < 30 feet wide
<input type="checkbox"/> E	<input type="checkbox"/> E	<input type="checkbox"/> E	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> E	< 10 feet wide <u>or</u> no trees

**20. Buffer Structure – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Consider for left bank (LB) and right bank (RB) for Metric 19 (“Vegetated” Buffer Width).

LB      RB

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	Mature forest
<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	Non-mature woody vegetation <u>or</u> modified vegetation structure
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C	Herbaceous vegetation with or without a strip of trees < 10 feet wide
<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	Maintained shrubs
<input type="checkbox"/> E	<input type="checkbox"/> E	Little or no vegetation

**21. Buffer Stressors – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Check all appropriate boxes for left bank (LB) and right bank (RB). Indicate if listed stressor abuts stream (Abuts), does not abut but is within 30 feet of stream (< 30 feet), or is between 30 to 50 feet of stream (30-50 feet).

If none of the following stressors occurs on either bank, check here and skip to Metric 22:

Abuts      < 30 feet      30-50 feet

LB	RB	LB	RB	LB	RB
<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A
<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C
<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D

Row crops  
Maintained turf  
Pasture (no livestock)/commercial horticulture  
Pasture (active livestock use)

**22. Stem Density – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Consider for left bank (LB) and right bank (RB) for Metric 19 (“Wooded” Buffer Width).

LB      RB

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	Medium to high stem density
<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	Low stem density
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	No wooded riparian buffer <u>or</u> predominantly herbaceous species <u>or</u> bare ground

**23. Continuity of Vegetated Buffer – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Consider whether vegetated buffer is continuous along stream (parallel). Breaks are areas lacking vegetation > 10 feet wide.

LB      RB

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	The total length of buffer breaks is < 25 percent.
<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	The total length of buffer breaks is between 25 and 50 percent.
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	The total length of buffer breaks is > 50 percent.

**24. Vegetative Composition – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Evaluate the dominant vegetation within 100 feet of each bank or to the edge of the watershed (whichever comes first) as it contributes to assessment reach habitat.

LB      RB

<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	Vegetation is close to undisturbed in species present and their proportions. Lower strata composed of native species, with non-native invasive species absent or sparse.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	Vegetation indicates disturbance in terms of species diversity or proportions, but is still largely composed of native species. This may include communities of weedy native species that develop after clear-cutting or clearing <u>or</u> communities with non-native invasive species present, but not dominant, over a large portion of the expected strata <u>or</u> communities missing understory but retaining canopy trees.
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C	Vegetation is severely disturbed in terms of species diversity or proportions. Mature canopy is absent <u>or</u> communities with non-native invasive species dominant over a large portion of expected strata <u>or</u> communities composed of planted stands of non-characteristic species <u>or</u> communities inappropriately composed of a single species <u>or</u> no vegetation.

**25. Conductivity – assessment reach metric (skip for all Coastal Plain streams)**

25a. Yes    No    Was conductivity measurement recorded?

If No, select one of the following reasons. No Water    Other: \_\_\_\_\_

25b. Check the box corresponding to the conductivity measurement (units of microsiemens per centimeter).

<input type="checkbox"/> A	< 46	<input type="checkbox"/> B	46 to < 67	<input type="checkbox"/> C	67 to < 79	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> D	79 to < 230	<input type="checkbox"/> E	≥ 230
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Notes/Sketch:

Reach is from lowhead dam to substrate change.

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**Draft NC SAM Stream Rating Sheet**  
**Accompanies User Manual Version 2.1**

Stream Site Name	U-2579B (SA-2)	Date of Assessment	11/07/2019
Stream Category	Pb3	Assessor Name/Organization	H. Bain, M. Martin / RK&K

Notes of Field Assessment Form (Y/N)	YES
Presence of regulatory considerations (Y/N)	YES
Additional stream information/supplementary measurements included (Y/N)	YES
NC SAM feature type (perennial, intermittent, Tidal Marsh Stream)	Perennial

Function Class Rating Summary	USACE/ All Streams	NCDWR Intermittent
(1) Hydrology	<b>MEDIUM</b>	
(2) Baseflow	<b>HIGH</b>	
(2) Flood Flow	<b>MEDIUM</b>	
(3) Streamside Area Attenuation	<b>LOW</b>	
(4) Floodplain Access	<b>MEDIUM</b>	
(4) Wooded Riparian Buffer	<b>LOW</b>	
(4) Microtopography	NA	
(3) Stream Stability	<b>HIGH</b>	
(4) Channel Stability	<b>HIGH</b>	
(4) Sediment Transport	<b>HIGH</b>	
(4) Stream Geomorphology	<b>MEDIUM</b>	
(2) Stream/Intertidal Zone Interaction	NA	
(2) Longitudinal Tidal Flow	NA	
(2) Tidal Marsh Stream Stability	NA	
(3) Tidal Marsh Channel Stability	NA	
(3) Tidal Marsh Stream Geomorphology	NA	
(1) Water Quality	<b>HIGH</b>	
(2) Baseflow	<b>HIGH</b>	
(2) Streamside Area Vegetation	<b>MEDIUM</b>	
(3) Upland Pollutant Filtration	<b>MEDIUM</b>	
(3) Thermoregulation	<b>MEDIUM</b>	
(2) Indicators of Stressors	NO	
(2) Aquatic Life Tolerance	<b>HIGH</b>	
(2) Intertidal Zone Filtration	NA	
(1) Habitat	<b>MEDIUM</b>	
(2) In-stream Habitat	<b>HIGH</b>	
(3) Baseflow	<b>HIGH</b>	
(3) Substrate	<b>HIGH</b>	
(3) Stream Stability	<b>HIGH</b>	
(3) In-stream Habitat	<b>HIGH</b>	
(2) Stream-side Habitat	<b>LOW</b>	
(3) Stream-side Habitat	<b>LOW</b>	
(3) Thermoregulation	<b>MEDIUM</b>	
(2) Tidal Marsh In-stream Habitat	NA	
(3) Flow Restriction	NA	
(3) Tidal Marsh Stream Stability	NA	
(4) Tidal Marsh Channel Stability	NA	
(4) Tidal Marsh Stream Geomorphology	NA	
(3) Tidal Marsh In-stream Habitat	NA	
(2) Intertidal Zone	NA	
Overall	<b>MEDIUM</b>	

# SA-3

**NC SAM FIELD ASSESSMENT RESULTS**  
Accompanies User Manual Version 2.1

USACE AID #:	NCDWR #:		
<b>INSTRUCTIONS:</b> Attach a sketch of the assessment area and photographs. Attach a copy of the USGS 7.5-minute topographic quadrangle, and circle the location of the stream reach under evaluation. If multiple stream reaches will be evaluated on the same property, identify and number all reaches on the attached map, and include a separate form for each reach. See the NC SAM User Manual for detailed descriptions and explanations of requested information. Record in the "Notes/Sketch" section if supplementary measurements were performed. See the NC SAM User Manual for examples of additional measurements that may be relevant.			
<b>NOTE EVIDENCE OF STRESSORS AFFECTING THE ASSESSMENT AREA (do not need to be within the assessment area).</b>			
<b>PROJECT/SITE INFORMATION:</b>			
1. Project name (if any):	U-2579B (SA-3)	2. Date of evaluation:	11/07/2019
3. Applicant/owner name:	NCDOT	4. Assessor name/organization:	H. Bain, M. Martin / RK&K
5. County:	Forsyth	6. Nearest named water body	
7. River basin:	Yadkin-PeeDee	on USGS 7.5-minute quad:	Smith Creek
8. Site coordinates (decimal degrees, at lower end of assessment reach):	36.113886, -80.122150		
<b>STREAM INFORMATION: (depth and width can be approximations)</b>			
9. Site number (show on attached map):	SA-3	10. Length of assessment reach evaluated (feet):	1000
11. Channel depth from bed (in riffle, if present) to top of bank (feet):	1.0-3.0	□ Unable to assess channel depth.	
12. Channel width at top of bank (feet):	6.0-12.0	13. Is assessment reach a swamp stream?	□ Yes □ No
14. Feature type:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Perennial flow <input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent flow <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal Marsh Stream		
<b>STREAM CATEGORY INFORMATION:</b>			
15. NC SAM Zone:	<input type="checkbox"/> Mountains (M) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Piedmont (P) <input type="checkbox"/> Inner Coastal Plain (I) <input type="checkbox"/> Outer Coastal Plain (O)		
16. Estimated geomorphic valley shape (skip for Tidal Marsh Stream):	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A  (more sinuous stream, flatter valley slope)	<input type="checkbox"/> B  (less sinuous stream, steeper valley slope)	
17. Watershed size: (skip for Tidal Marsh Stream)	<input type="checkbox"/> Size 1 (< 0.1 mi <sup>2</sup> ) <input type="checkbox"/> Size 2 (0.1 to < 0.5 mi <sup>2</sup> ) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Size 3 (0.5 to < 5 mi <sup>2</sup> ) <input type="checkbox"/> Size 4 (≥ 5 mi <sup>2</sup> )		
<b>ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:</b>			
18. Were regulatory considerations evaluated? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If Yes, check all that apply to the assessment area.		
<input type="checkbox"/> Section 10 water <input type="checkbox"/> Classified Trout Waters <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water Supply Watershed (□ I □ II <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> III □ IV □ V) <input type="checkbox"/> Essential Fish Habitat <input type="checkbox"/> Primary Nursery Area <input type="checkbox"/> High Quality Waters/Outstanding Resource Waters <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Publicly owned property <input type="checkbox"/> NCDWR Riparian buffer rule in effect <input type="checkbox"/> Nutrient Sensitive Waters <input type="checkbox"/> Anadromous fish <input type="checkbox"/> 303(d) List <input type="checkbox"/> CAMA Area of Environmental Concern (AEC) <input type="checkbox"/> Documented presence of a federal and/or state listed protected species within the assessment area.			
List species: <input type="checkbox"/> Designated Critical Habitat (list species)			
19. Are additional stream information/supplementary measurements included in "Notes/Sketch" section or attached?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No		

1. **Channel Water – assessment reach metric (skip for Size 1 streams and Tidal Marsh Streams)**
  - A Water throughout assessment reach.
  - B No flow, water in pools only.
  - C No water in assessment reach.
2. **Evidence of Flow Restriction – assessment reach metric**
  - A At least 10% of assessment reach in-stream habitat or riffle-pool sequence is severely affected by a flow restriction or fill to the point of obstructing flow or a channel choked with aquatic macrophytes or ponded water or impoundment on flood or ebb within the assessment reach (examples: undersized or perched culverts, causeways that constrict the channel, tidal gates, debris jams, beaver dams).
  - B Not A
3. **Feature Pattern – assessment reach metric**
  - A A majority of the assessment reach has altered pattern (examples: straightening, modification above or below culvert).
  - B Not A
4. **Feature Longitudinal Profile – assessment reach metric**
  - A Majority of assessment reach has a substantially altered stream profile (examples: channel down-cutting, existing damming, over widening, active aggradation, dredging, and excavation where appropriate channel profile has not reformed from any of these disturbances).
  - B Not A
5. **Signs of Active Instability – assessment reach metric**

**Consider only current instability, not past events from which the stream has currently recovered.** Examples of instability include active bank failure, active channel down-cutting (head-cut), active widening, and artificial hardening (such as concrete, gabion, rip-rap).

  - A < 10% of channel unstable
  - B 10 to 25% of channel unstable
  - C > 25% of channel unstable

6. Streamside Area Interaction – streamside area metric  
Consider for the Left Bank (LB) and the Right Bank (RB).

LB	RB	
<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	Little or no evidence of conditions that adversely affect reference interaction
<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	Moderate evidence of conditions (examples: berms, levees, down-cutting, aggradation, dredging) that adversely affect reference interaction (examples: limited streamside area access, disruption of flood flows through streamside area, leaky or intermittent bulkheads, causeways with floodplain constriction, minor ditching [including mosquito ditching])
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C	Extensive evidence of conditions that adversely affect reference interaction (little to no floodplain/intertidal zone access [examples: causeways with floodplain and channel constriction, bulkheads, retaining walls, fill, stream incision, disruption of flood flows through streamside area] <u>or</u> too much floodplain/intertidal zone access [examples: impoundments, intensive mosquito ditching]) <u>or</u> floodplain/intertidal zone unnaturally absent <u>or</u> assessment reach is a man-made feature on an interstream divide

7. Water Quality Stressors – assessment reach/intertidal zone metric

Check all that apply.

- A Discolored water in stream or intertidal zone (milky white, blue, unnatural water discoloration, oil sheen, stream foam)
- B Excessive sedimentation (burying of stream features or intertidal zone)
- C Noticeable evidence of pollutant discharges entering the assessment reach and causing a water quality problem
- D Odor (not including natural sulfide odors)
- E Current published or collected data indicating degraded water quality in the assessment reach. Cite source in "Notes/Sketch" section.
- F Livestock with access to stream or intertidal zone
- G Excessive algae in stream or intertidal zone
- H Degraded marsh vegetation in the intertidal zone (removal, burning, regular mowing, destruction, etc)
- I Other: \_\_\_\_\_ (explain in "Notes/Sketch" section)
- J Little to no stressors

8. Recent Weather – watershed metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)

For Size 1 or 2 streams, D1 drought or higher is considered a drought; for Size 3 or 4 streams, D2 drought or higher is considered a drought.

- A Drought conditions and no rainfall or rainfall not exceeding 1 inch within the last 48 hours
- B Drought conditions and rainfall exceeding 1 inch within the last 48 hours
- C No drought conditions

9. Large or Dangerous Stream – assessment reach metric

Yes  No Is stream is too large or dangerous to assess? If Yes, skip to Metric 13 (Streamside Area Ground Surface Condition).

10. Natural In-stream Habitat Types – assessment reach metric

10a.  Yes  No Degraded in-stream habitat over majority of the assessment reach (examples of stressors include excessive sedimentation, mining, excavation, in-stream hardening [for example, rip-rap], recent dredging, and snagging) **(evaluate for Size 4 Coastal Plain streams only, then skip to Metric 12)**

10b. Check all that occur (occurs if > 5% coverage of assessment reach) **(skip for Size 4 Coastal Plain streams)**

<input type="checkbox"/> A	Multiple aquatic macrophytes and aquatic mosses (include liverworts, lichens, and algal mats)	Check for Tidal Marsh Streams Only	<input type="checkbox"/> F	5% oysters or other natural hard bottoms
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	Multiple sticks and/or leaf packs and/or emergent vegetation		<input type="checkbox"/> G	Submerged aquatic vegetation
<input type="checkbox"/> C	Multiple snags and logs (including lap trees)		<input type="checkbox"/> H	Low-tide refugia (pools)
<input type="checkbox"/> D	5% undercut banks and/or root mats and/or roots in banks extend to the normal wetted perimeter		<input type="checkbox"/> I	Sand bottom
<input type="checkbox"/> E	Little or no habitat		<input type="checkbox"/> J	5% vertical bank along the marsh
			<input type="checkbox"/> K	Little or no habitat

\*\*\*\*\*REMAINING QUESTIONS ARE NOT APPLICABLE FOR TIDAL MARSH STREAMS\*\*\*\*\*

11. Bedform and Substrate – assessment reach metric (skip for Size 4 Coastal Plain streams and Tidal Marsh Streams)

11a.  Yes  No Is assessment reach in a natural sand-bed stream? **(skip for Coastal Plain streams)**

11b. Bedform evaluated. **Check the appropriate box(es).**

- A Riffle-run section **(evaluate 11c)**
- B Pool-glide section **(evaluate 11d)**
- C Natural bedform absent **(skip to Metric 12, Aquatic Life)**

11c. In riffle sections, check all that occur below the normal wetted perimeter of the assessment reach – whether or not submerged. **Check at least one box in each row (skip for Size 4 Coastal Plain streams and Tidal Marsh Streams).** Not Present (NP) = absent, Rare (R) = present but  $\leq$  10%, Common (C) = > 10-40%, Abundant (A) = > 40-70%, Predominant (P) = > 70%. Cumulative percentages should not exceed 100% for each assessment reach.

NP	R	C	A	P	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Bedrock/saprolite
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Boulder (256 – 4096 mm)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Cobble (64 – 256 mm)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Gravel (2 – 64 mm)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Sand (.062 – 2 mm)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Silt/clay (< 0.062 mm)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Detritus
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Artificial (rip-rap, concrete, etc.)

11d.  Yes  No Are pools filled with sediment? **(skip for Size 4 Coastal Plain streams and Tidal Marsh Streams)**

**12. Aquatic Life – assessment reach metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

12a.  Yes  No Was an in-stream aquatic life assessment performed as described in the User Manual?

If No, select one of the following reasons and skip to Metric 13.  No Water  Other: \_\_\_\_\_

12b.  Yes  No Are aquatic organisms present in the assessment reach (look in riffles, pools, then snags)? If Yes, check all that apply. If No, skip to Metric 13.

1 >1 Numbers over columns refer to “individuals” for Size 1 and 2 streams and “taxa” for Size 3 and 4 streams.

- Adult frogs
- Aquatic reptiles
- Aquatic macrophytes and aquatic mosses (include liverworts, lichens, and algal mats)
- Beetles
- Caddisfly larvae (T)
- Asian clam (*Corbicula*)
- Crustacean (isopod/amphipod/crayfish/shrimp)
- Damselfly and dragonfly larvae
- Dipterans
- Mayfly larvae (E)
- Megaloptera (alderfly, fishfly, dobsonfly larvae)
- Midges/mosquito larvae
- Mosquito fish (*Gambusia*) or mud minnows (*Umbra pygmaea*)
- Mussels/Clams (not *Corbicula*)
- Other fish
- Salamanders/tadpoles
- Snails
- Stonefly larvae (P)
- Tipulid larvae
- Worms/leeches

**13. Streamside Area Ground Surface Condition – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams and B valley types)**

**Consider for the Left Bank (LB) and the Right Bank (RB).** Consider storage capacity with regard to both overbank flow and upland runoff.

LB RB

- A  A Little or no alteration to water storage capacity over a majority of the streamside area
- B  B Moderate alteration to water storage capacity over a majority of the streamside area
- C  C Severe alteration to water storage capacity over a majority of the streamside area (examples: ditches, fill, soil compaction, livestock disturbance, buildings, man-made levees, drainage pipes)

**14. Streamside Area Water Storage – streamside area metric (skip for Size 1 streams, Tidal Marsh Streams, and B valley types)**

**Consider for the Left Bank (LB) and the Right Bank (RB) of the streamside area.**

LB RB

- A  A Majority of streamside area with depressions able to pond water  $\geq$  6 inches deep
- B  B Majority of streamside area with depressions able to pond water 3 to 6 inches deep
- C  C Majority of streamside area with depressions able to pond water  $<$  3 inches deep

**15. Wetland Presence – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

**Consider for the Left Bank (LB) and the Right Bank (RB).** Do not consider wetlands outside of the streamside area or within the normal wetted perimeter of assessment reach.

LB RB

- Y  Y Are wetlands present in the streamside area?
- N  N

**16. Baseflow Contributors – assessment reach metric (skip for Size 4 streams and Tidal Marsh Streams)**

**Check all contributors within the assessment reach or within view of and draining to the assessment reach.**

- A Streams and/or springs (jurisdictional discharges)
- B Ponds (include wet detention basins; do not include sediment basins or dry detention basins)
- C Obstruction passing flow during low-flow periods within the assessment area (beaver dam, leaky dam, bottom-release dam, weir)
- D Evidence of bank seepage or sweating (iron in water indicates seepage)
- E Stream bed or bank soil reduced (dig through deposited sediment if present)
- F None of the above

**17. Baseflow Detractors – assessment area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

**Check all that apply.**

- A Evidence of substantial water withdrawals from the assessment reach (includes areas excavated for pump installation)
- B Obstruction not passing flow during low-flow periods affecting the assessment reach (ex: watertight dam, sediment deposit)
- C Urban stream ( $\geq$  24% impervious surface for watershed)
- D Evidence that the streamside area has been modified resulting in accelerated drainage into the assessment reach
- E Assessment reach relocated to valley edge
- F None of the above

**18. Shading – assessment reach metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Consider aspect. Consider “leaf-on” condition.

- A Stream shading is appropriate for stream category (may include gaps associated with natural processes)
- B Degraded (example: scattered trees)
- C Stream shading is gone or largely absent

**19. Buffer Width – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Consider “vegetated buffer” and “wooded buffer” separately for left bank (LB) and right bank (RB) starting at the top of bank out to the first break.

Vegetated      Wooded

LB	RB	LB	RB	
<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	≥ 100 feet wide <u>or</u> extends to the edge of the watershed
<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	From 50 to < 100 feet wide
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	From 30 to < 50 feet wide
<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> D	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	From 10 to < 30 feet wide
<input type="checkbox"/> E	<input type="checkbox"/> E	<input type="checkbox"/> E	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> E	< 10 feet wide <u>or</u> no trees

**20. Buffer Structure – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Consider for left bank (LB) and right bank (RB) for Metric 19 (“Vegetated” Buffer Width).

LB      RB

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	Mature forest
<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	Non-mature woody vegetation <u>or</u> modified vegetation structure
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C	Herbaceous vegetation with or without a strip of trees < 10 feet wide
<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	Maintained shrubs
<input type="checkbox"/> E	<input type="checkbox"/> E	Little or no vegetation

**21. Buffer Stressors – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Check all appropriate boxes for left bank (LB) and right bank (RB). Indicate if listed stressor abuts stream (Abuts), does not abut but is within 30 feet of stream (< 30 feet), or is between 30 to 50 feet of stream (30-50 feet).

If none of the following stressors occurs on either bank, check here and skip to Metric 22:

Abuts      < 30 feet      30-50 feet

LB	RB	LB	RB	LB	RB
<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A
<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C
<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D

Row crops  
Maintained turf  
Pasture (no livestock)/commercial horticulture  
Pasture (active livestock use)

**22. Stem Density – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Consider for left bank (LB) and right bank (RB) for Metric 19 (“Wooded” Buffer Width).

LB      RB

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	Medium to high stem density
<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	Low stem density
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	No wooded riparian buffer <u>or</u> predominantly herbaceous species <u>or</u> bare ground

**23. Continuity of Vegetated Buffer – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Consider whether vegetated buffer is continuous along stream (parallel). Breaks are areas lacking vegetation > 10 feet wide.

LB      RB

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A	The total length of buffer breaks is < 25 percent.
<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	The total length of buffer breaks is between 25 and 50 percent.
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	The total length of buffer breaks is > 50 percent.

**24. Vegetative Composition – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Evaluate the dominant vegetation within 100 feet of each bank or to the edge of the watershed (whichever comes first) as it contributes to assessment reach habitat.

LB      RB

<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	Vegetation is close to undisturbed in species present and their proportions. Lower strata composed of native species, with non-native invasive species absent or sparse.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	Vegetation indicates disturbance in terms of species diversity or proportions, but is still largely composed of native species. This may include communities of weedy native species that develop after clear-cutting or clearing <u>or</u> communities with non-native invasive species present, but not dominant, over a large portion of the expected strata <u>or</u> communities missing understory but retaining canopy trees.
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C	Vegetation is severely disturbed in terms of species diversity or proportions. Mature canopy is absent <u>or</u> communities with non-native invasive species dominant over a large portion of expected strata <u>or</u> communities composed of planted stands of non-characteristic species <u>or</u> communities inappropriately composed of a single species <u>or</u> no vegetation.

**25. Conductivity – assessment reach metric (skip for all Coastal Plain streams)**

25a. Yes    No    Was conductivity measurement recorded?

If No, select one of the following reasons. No Water    Other: \_\_\_\_\_

25b. Check the box corresponding to the conductivity measurement (units of microsiemens per centimeter).

<input type="checkbox"/> A	< 46	<input type="checkbox"/> B	46 to < 67	<input type="checkbox"/> C	67 to < 79	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> D	79 to < 230	<input type="checkbox"/> E	≥ 230
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Notes/Sketch:

Reach is from substrate change to end of study area.

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**Draft NC SAM Stream Rating Sheet**  
**Accompanies User Manual Version 2.1**

Stream Site Name	U-2579B (SA-3)	Date of Assessment	11/07/2019
Stream Category	Pa3	Assessor Name/Organization	H. Bain, M. Martin / RK&K

Notes of Field Assessment Form (Y/N)	YES
Presence of regulatory considerations (Y/N)	YES
Additional stream information/supplementary measurements included (Y/N)	YES
NC SAM feature type (perennial, intermittent, Tidal Marsh Stream)	Perennial

Function Class Rating Summary	USACE/ All Streams	NCDWR Intermittent
(1) Hydrology	LOW	
(2) Baseflow	HIGH	
(2) Flood Flow	LOW	
(3) Streamside Area Attenuation	LOW	
(4) Floodplain Access	LOW	
(4) Wooded Riparian Buffer	LOW	
(4) Microtopography	LOW	
(3) Stream Stability	LOW	
(4) Channel Stability	MEDIUM	
(4) Sediment Transport	LOW	
(4) Stream Geomorphology	LOW	
(2) Stream/Intertidal Zone Interaction	NA	
(2) Longitudinal Tidal Flow	NA	
(2) Tidal Marsh Stream Stability	NA	
(3) Tidal Marsh Channel Stability	NA	
(3) Tidal Marsh Stream Geomorphology	NA	
(1) Water Quality	HIGH	
(2) Baseflow	HIGH	
(2) Streamside Area Vegetation	MEDIUM	
(3) Upland Pollutant Filtration	MEDIUM	
(3) Thermoregulation	MEDIUM	
(2) Indicators of Stressors	NO	
(2) Aquatic Life Tolerance	HIGH	
(2) Intertidal Zone Filtration	NA	
(1) Habitat	LOW	
(2) In-stream Habitat	LOW	
(3) Baseflow	HIGH	
(3) Substrate	LOW	
(3) Stream Stability	MEDIUM	
(3) In-stream Habitat	MEDIUM	
(2) Stream-side Habitat	LOW	
(3) Stream-side Habitat	LOW	
(3) Thermoregulation	MEDIUM	
(2) Tidal Marsh In-stream Habitat	NA	
(3) Flow Restriction	NA	
(3) Tidal Marsh Stream Stability	NA	
(4) Tidal Marsh Channel Stability	NA	
(4) Tidal Marsh Stream Geomorphology	NA	
(3) Tidal Marsh In-stream Habitat	NA	
(2) Intertidal Zone	NA	
Overall	LOW	

UT-1

**NC SAM FIELD ASSESSMENT RESULTS**  
**Accompanies User Manual Version 2.1**

USACE AID #:	NCDWR #:		
<b>INSTRUCTIONS:</b> Attach a sketch of the assessment area and photographs. Attach a copy of the USGS 7.5-minute topographic quadrangle, and circle the location of the stream reach under evaluation. If multiple stream reaches will be evaluated on the same property, identify and number all reaches on the attached map, and include a separate form for each reach. See the NC SAM User Manual for detailed descriptions and explanations of requested information. Record in the "Notes/Sketch" section if supplementary measurements were performed. See the NC SAM User Manual for examples of additional measurements that may be relevant.			
<b>NOTE EVIDENCE OF STRESSORS AFFECTING THE ASSESSMENT AREA (do not need to be within the assessment area).</b>			
<b>PROJECT/SITE INFORMATION:</b>			
1. Project name (if any):	U-2579B (UT-1)	2. Date of evaluation:	11/07/2019
3. Applicant/owner name:	NCDOT	4. Assessor name/organization:	H. Bain, M. Martin / RK&K
5. County:	Forsyth	6. Nearest named water body	
7. River basin:	Yadkin-PeeDee	on USGS 7.5-minute quad:	Smith Creek
8. Site coordinates (decimal degrees, at lower end of assessment reach):	36.112630, -81.115104		
<b>STREAM INFORMATION: (depth and width can be approximations)</b>			
9. Site number (show on attached map):	UT-1	10. Length of assessment reach evaluated (feet):	200
11. Channel depth from bed (in riffle, if present) to top of bank (feet):	1.0-1.5	□ Unable to assess channel depth.	
12. Channel width at top of bank (feet):	1.0-3.0	13. Is assessment reach a swamp stream?	□ Yes □ No
14. Feature type:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Perennial flow <input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent flow <input type="checkbox"/> Tidal Marsh Stream		
<b>STREAM CATEGORY INFORMATION:</b>			
15. NC SAM Zone:	<input type="checkbox"/> Mountains (M) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Piedmont (P) <input type="checkbox"/> Inner Coastal Plain (I) <input type="checkbox"/> Outer Coastal Plain (O)		
16. Estimated geomorphic valley shape (skip for Tidal Marsh Stream):	<input type="checkbox"/> A  (more sinuous stream, flatter valley slope)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B  (less sinuous stream, steeper valley slope)	
17. Watershed size: (skip for Tidal Marsh Stream)	<input type="checkbox"/> Size 1 (< 0.1 mi <sup>2</sup> ) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Size 2 (0.1 to < 0.5 mi <sup>2</sup> ) <input type="checkbox"/> Size 3 (0.5 to < 5 mi <sup>2</sup> ) <input type="checkbox"/> Size 4 (≥ 5 mi <sup>2</sup> )		
<b>ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:</b>			
18. Were regulatory considerations evaluated? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If Yes, check all that apply to the assessment area.		
<input type="checkbox"/> Section 10 water <input type="checkbox"/> Classified Trout Waters <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water Supply Watershed (I, II, III, IV, V) <input type="checkbox"/> Essential Fish Habitat <input type="checkbox"/> Primary Nursery Area <input type="checkbox"/> High Quality Waters/Outstanding Resource Waters <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Publicly owned property <input type="checkbox"/> NCDWR Riparian buffer rule in effect <input type="checkbox"/> Nutrient Sensitive Waters <input type="checkbox"/> Anadromous fish <input type="checkbox"/> 303(d) List <input type="checkbox"/> CAMA Area of Environmental Concern (AEC) <input type="checkbox"/> Documented presence of a federal and/or state listed protected species within the assessment area.			
List species: <input type="checkbox"/> Designated Critical Habitat (list species)			
19. Are additional stream information/supplementary measurements included in "Notes/Sketch" section or attached?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No		

1. **Channel Water – assessment reach metric (skip for Size 1 streams and Tidal Marsh Streams)**
  - A Water throughout assessment reach.
  - B No flow, water in pools only.
  - C No water in assessment reach.
2. **Evidence of Flow Restriction – assessment reach metric**
  - A At least 10% of assessment reach in-stream habitat or riffle-pool sequence is severely affected by a flow restriction or fill to the point of obstructing flow or a channel choked with aquatic macrophytes or ponded water or impoundment on flood or ebb within the assessment reach (examples: undersized or perched culverts, causeways that constrict the channel, tidal gates, debris jams, beaver dams).
  - B Not A
3. **Feature Pattern – assessment reach metric**
  - A A majority of the assessment reach has altered pattern (examples: straightening, modification above or below culvert).
  - B Not A
4. **Feature Longitudinal Profile – assessment reach metric**
  - A Majority of assessment reach has a substantially altered stream profile (examples: channel down-cutting, existing damming, over widening, active aggradation, dredging, and excavation where appropriate channel profile has not reformed from any of these disturbances).
  - B Not A
5. **Signs of Active Instability – assessment reach metric**

**Consider only current instability, not past events from which the stream has currently recovered.** Examples of instability include active bank failure, active channel down-cutting (head-cut), active widening, and artificial hardening (such as concrete, gabion, rip-rap).

  - A < 10% of channel unstable
  - B 10 to 25% of channel unstable
  - C > 25% of channel unstable

6. Streamside Area Interaction – streamside area metric  
Consider for the Left Bank (LB) and the Right Bank (RB).

LB	RB	
<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A	Little or no evidence of conditions that adversely affect reference interaction
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	Moderate evidence of conditions (examples: berms, levees, down-cutting, aggradation, dredging) that adversely affect reference interaction (examples: limited streamside area access, disruption of flood flows through streamside area, leaky or intermittent bulkheads, causeways with floodplain constriction, minor ditching [including mosquito ditching])
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	Extensive evidence of conditions that adversely affect reference interaction (little to no floodplain/intertidal zone access [examples: causeways with floodplain and channel constriction, bulkheads, retaining walls, fill, stream incision, disruption of flood flows through streamside area] <u>or</u> too much floodplain/intertidal zone access [examples: impoundments, intensive mosquito ditching]) <u>or</u> floodplain/intertidal zone unnaturally absent <u>or</u> assessment reach is a man-made feature on an interstream divide

7. Water Quality Stressors – assessment reach/intertidal zone metric

Check all that apply.

- A Discolored water in stream or intertidal zone (milky white, blue, unnatural water discoloration, oil sheen, stream foam)
- B Excessive sedimentation (burying of stream features or intertidal zone)
- C Noticeable evidence of pollutant discharges entering the assessment reach and causing a water quality problem
- D Odor (not including natural sulfide odors)
- E Current published or collected data indicating degraded water quality in the assessment reach. Cite source in "Notes/Sketch" section.
- F Livestock with access to stream or intertidal zone
- G Excessive algae in stream or intertidal zone
- H Degraded marsh vegetation in the intertidal zone (removal, burning, regular mowing, destruction, etc)
- I Other: \_\_\_\_\_ (explain in "Notes/Sketch" section)
- J Little to no stressors

8. Recent Weather – watershed metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)

For Size 1 or 2 streams, D1 drought or higher is considered a drought; for Size 3 or 4 streams, D2 drought or higher is considered a drought.

- A Drought conditions and no rainfall or rainfall not exceeding 1 inch within the last 48 hours
- B Drought conditions and rainfall exceeding 1 inch within the last 48 hours
- C No drought conditions

9. Large or Dangerous Stream – assessment reach metric

Yes  No Is stream is too large or dangerous to assess? If Yes, skip to Metric 13 (Streamside Area Ground Surface Condition).

10. Natural In-stream Habitat Types – assessment reach metric

10a.  Yes  No Degraded in-stream habitat over majority of the assessment reach (examples of stressors include excessive sedimentation, mining, excavation, in-stream hardening [for example, rip-rap], recent dredging, and snagging) **(evaluate for Size 4 Coastal Plain streams only, then skip to Metric 12)**

10b. **Check all that occur** (occurs if > 5% coverage of assessment reach) **(skip for Size 4 Coastal Plain streams)**

<input type="checkbox"/> A	Multiple aquatic macrophytes and aquatic mosses (include liverworts, lichens, and algal mats)	Check for Tidal Marsh Streams Only	<input type="checkbox"/> F	5% oysters or other natural hard bottoms
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	Multiple sticks and/or leaf packs and/or emergent vegetation		<input type="checkbox"/> G	Submerged aquatic vegetation
<input type="checkbox"/> C	Multiple snags and logs (including lap trees)		<input type="checkbox"/> H	Low-tide refugia (pools)
<input type="checkbox"/> D	5% undercut banks and/or root mats and/or roots in banks extend to the normal wetted perimeter		<input type="checkbox"/> I	Sand bottom
<input type="checkbox"/> E	Little or no habitat		<input type="checkbox"/> J	5% vertical bank along the marsh
			<input type="checkbox"/> K	Little or no habitat

\*\*\*\*\*REMAINING QUESTIONS ARE NOT APPLICABLE FOR TIDAL MARSH STREAMS\*\*\*\*\*

11. Bedform and Substrate – assessment reach metric (skip for Size 4 Coastal Plain streams and Tidal Marsh Streams)

11a.  Yes  No Is assessment reach in a natural sand-bed stream? **(skip for Coastal Plain streams)**

11b. Bedform evaluated. **Check the appropriate box(es).**

- A Riffle-run section **(evaluate 11c)**
- B Pool-glide section **(evaluate 11d)**
- C Natural bedform absent **(skip to Metric 12, Aquatic Life)**

11c. In riffle sections, check all that occur below the normal wetted perimeter of the assessment reach – whether or not submerged. **Check at least one box in each row (skip for Size 4 Coastal Plain streams and Tidal Marsh Streams).** Not Present (NP) = absent, Rare (R) = present but  $\leq$  10%, Common (C) = > 10-40%, Abundant (A) = > 40-70%, Predominant (P) = > 70%. Cumulative percentages should not exceed 100% for each assessment reach.

NP	R	C	A	P	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Bedrock/saprolite
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Boulder (256 – 4096 mm)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Cobble (64 – 256 mm)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Gravel (2 – 64 mm)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Sand (.062 – 2 mm)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Silt/clay (< 0.062 mm)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Detritus
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Artificial (rip-rap, concrete, etc.)

11d.  Yes  No Are pools filled with sediment? **(skip for Size 4 Coastal Plain streams and Tidal Marsh Streams)**

**12. Aquatic Life – assessment reach metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

12a.  Yes  No Was an in-stream aquatic life assessment performed as described in the User Manual?

If No, select one of the following reasons and skip to Metric 13.  No Water  Other: \_\_\_\_\_

12b.  Yes  No Are aquatic organisms present in the assessment reach (look in riffles, pools, then snags)? If Yes, check all that apply. If No, skip to Metric 13.

1 >1 Numbers over columns refer to “individuals” for Size 1 and 2 streams and “taxa” for Size 3 and 4 streams.

- Adult frogs
- Aquatic reptiles
- Aquatic macrophytes and aquatic mosses (include liverworts, lichens, and algal mats)
- Beetles
- Caddisfly larvae (T)
- Asian clam (*Corbicula*)
- Crustacean (isopod/amphipod/crayfish/shrimp)
- Damselfly and dragonfly larvae
- Dipterans
- Mayfly larvae (E)
- Megaloptera (alderfly, fishfly, dobsonfly larvae)
- Midges/mosquito larvae
- Mosquito fish (*Gambusia*) or mud minnows (*Umbra pygmaea*)
- Mussels/Clams (not *Corbicula*)
- Other fish
- Salamanders/tadpoles
- Snails
- Stonefly larvae (P)
- Tipulid larvae
- Worms/leeches

**13. Streamside Area Ground Surface Condition – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams and B valley types)**

**Consider for the Left Bank (LB) and the Right Bank (RB).** Consider storage capacity with regard to both overbank flow and upland runoff.

LB RB

- A  A Little or no alteration to water storage capacity over a majority of the streamside area
- B  B Moderate alteration to water storage capacity over a majority of the streamside area
- C  C Severe alteration to water storage capacity over a majority of the streamside area (examples: ditches, fill, soil compaction, livestock disturbance, buildings, man-made levees, drainage pipes)

**14. Streamside Area Water Storage – streamside area metric (skip for Size 1 streams, Tidal Marsh Streams, and B valley types)**

**Consider for the Left Bank (LB) and the Right Bank (RB) of the streamside area.**

LB RB

- A  A Majority of streamside area with depressions able to pond water  $\geq$  6 inches deep
- B  B Majority of streamside area with depressions able to pond water 3 to 6 inches deep
- C  C Majority of streamside area with depressions able to pond water  $<$  3 inches deep

**15. Wetland Presence – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

**Consider for the Left Bank (LB) and the Right Bank (RB).** Do not consider wetlands outside of the streamside area or within the normal wetted perimeter of assessment reach.

LB RB

- Y  Y Are wetlands present in the streamside area?
- N  N

**16. Baseflow Contributors – assessment reach metric (skip for Size 4 streams and Tidal Marsh Streams)**

**Check all contributors within the assessment reach or within view of and draining to the assessment reach.**

- A Streams and/or springs (jurisdictional discharges)
- B Ponds (include wet detention basins; do not include sediment basins or dry detention basins)
- C Obstruction passing flow during low-flow periods within the assessment area (beaver dam, leaky dam, bottom-release dam, weir)
- D Evidence of bank seepage or sweating (iron in water indicates seepage)
- E Stream bed or bank soil reduced (dig through deposited sediment if present)
- F None of the above

**17. Baseflow Detractors – assessment area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

**Check all that apply.**

- A Evidence of substantial water withdrawals from the assessment reach (includes areas excavated for pump installation)
- B Obstruction not passing flow during low-flow periods affecting the assessment reach (ex: watertight dam, sediment deposit)
- C Urban stream ( $\geq$  24% impervious surface for watershed)
- D Evidence that the streamside area has been modified resulting in accelerated drainage into the assessment reach
- E Assessment reach relocated to valley edge
- F None of the above

**18. Shading – assessment reach metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Consider aspect. Consider “leaf-on” condition.

- A Stream shading is appropriate for stream category (may include gaps associated with natural processes)
- B Degraded (example: scattered trees)
- C Stream shading is gone or largely absent

**19. Buffer Width – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Consider “vegetated buffer” and “wooded buffer” separately for left bank (LB) and right bank (RB) starting at the top of bank out to the first break.

Vegetated      Wooded

LB	RB	LB	RB	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	≥ 100 feet wide <u>or</u> extends to the edge of the watershed
<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	From 50 to < 100 feet wide
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	From 30 to < 50 feet wide
<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	From 10 to < 30 feet wide
<input type="checkbox"/> E	<input type="checkbox"/> E	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> E	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> E	< 10 feet wide <u>or</u> no trees

**20. Buffer Structure – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Consider for left bank (LB) and right bank (RB) for Metric 19 (“Vegetated” Buffer Width).

LB      RB

<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	Mature forest
<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	Non-mature woody vegetation <u>or</u> modified vegetation structure
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C	Herbaceous vegetation with or without a strip of trees < 10 feet wide
<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	Maintained shrubs
<input type="checkbox"/> E	<input type="checkbox"/> E	Little or no vegetation

**21. Buffer Stressors – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Check all appropriate boxes for left bank (LB) and right bank (RB). Indicate if listed stressor abuts stream (Abuts), does not abut but is within 30 feet of stream (< 30 feet), or is between 30 to 50 feet of stream (30-50 feet).

If none of the following stressors occurs on either bank, check here and skip to Metric 22:

Abuts      < 30 feet      30-50 feet

LB	RB	LB	RB	LB	RB
<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	Row crops
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	Maintained turf
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	Pasture (no livestock)/commercial horticulture
<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	<input type="checkbox"/> D	Pasture (active livestock use)

**22. Stem Density – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Consider for left bank (LB) and right bank (RB) for Metric 19 (“Wooded” Buffer Width).

LB      RB

<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	Medium to high stem density
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	Low stem density
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	No wooded riparian buffer <u>or</u> predominantly herbaceous species <u>or</u> bare ground

**23. Continuity of Vegetated Buffer – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Consider whether vegetated buffer is continuous along stream (parallel). Breaks are areas lacking vegetation > 10 feet wide.

LB      RB

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A	The total length of buffer breaks is < 25 percent.
<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> B	The total length of buffer breaks is between 25 and 50 percent.
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	The total length of buffer breaks is > 50 percent.

**24. Vegetative Composition – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)**

Evaluate the dominant vegetation within 100 feet of each bank or to the edge of the watershed (whichever comes first) as it contributes to assessment reach habitat.

LB      RB

<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> A	Vegetation is close to undisturbed in species present and their proportions. Lower strata composed of native species, with non-native invasive species absent or sparse.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	Vegetation indicates disturbance in terms of species diversity or proportions, but is still largely composed of native species. This may include communities of weedy native species that develop after clear-cutting or clearing <u>or</u> communities with non-native invasive species present, but not dominant, over a large portion of the expected strata <u>or</u> communities missing understory but retaining canopy trees.
<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> C	Vegetation is severely disturbed in terms of species diversity or proportions. Mature canopy is absent <u>or</u> communities with non-native invasive species dominant over a large portion of expected strata <u>or</u> communities composed of planted stands of non-characteristic species <u>or</u> communities inappropriately composed of a single species <u>or</u> no vegetation.

**25. Conductivity – assessment reach metric (skip for all Coastal Plain streams)**

25a. Yes    No    Was conductivity measurement recorded?

If No, select one of the following reasons. No Water Other: \_\_\_\_\_

25b. Check the box corresponding to the conductivity measurement (units of microsiemens per centimeter).

A    < 46    B    46 to < 67    C    67 to < 79    D    79 to < 230    E    ≥ 230

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Notes/Sketch:

Small Stream bounded by lawn with few trees present, large macroinvertebrate assemblage, habitat in stream appears diverse.

**Draft NC SAM Stream Rating Sheet**  
**Accompanies User Manual Version 2.1**

Stream Site Name	U-2579B (UT-1)	Date of Assessment	11/07/2019
Stream Category	Pb2	Assessor Name/Organization	H. Bain, M. Martin / RK&K

Notes of Field Assessment Form (Y/N)	YES
Presence of regulatory considerations (Y/N)	YES
Additional stream information/supplementary measurements included (Y/N)	YES
NC SAM feature type (perennial, intermittent, Tidal Marsh Stream)	Perennial

Function Class Rating Summary	USACE/ All Streams	NCDWR Intermittent
(1) Hydrology	LOW	
(2) Baseflow	HIGH	
(2) Flood Flow	LOW	
(3) Streamside Area Attenuation	LOW	
(4) Floodplain Access	HIGH	
(4) Wooded Riparian Buffer	LOW	
(4) Microtopography	NA	
(3) Stream Stability	MEDIUM	
(4) Channel Stability	HIGH	
(4) Sediment Transport	MEDIUM	
(4) Stream Geomorphology	MEDIUM	
(2) Stream/Intertidal Zone Interaction	NA	
(2) Longitudinal Tidal Flow	NA	
(2) Tidal Marsh Stream Stability	NA	
(3) Tidal Marsh Channel Stability	NA	
(3) Tidal Marsh Stream Geomorphology	NA	
(1) Water Quality	HIGH	
(2) Baseflow	HIGH	
(2) Streamside Area Vegetation	LOW	
(3) Upland Pollutant Filtration	LOW	
(3) Thermoregulation	MEDIUM	
(2) Indicators of Stressors	NO	
(2) Aquatic Life Tolerance	HIGH	
(2) Intertidal Zone Filtration	NA	
(1) Habitat	LOW	
(2) In-stream Habitat	MEDIUM	
(3) Baseflow	HIGH	
(3) Substrate	MEDIUM	
(3) Stream Stability	HIGH	
(3) In-stream Habitat	MEDIUM	
(2) Stream-side Habitat	LOW	
(3) Stream-side Habitat	LOW	
(3) Thermoregulation	LOW	
(2) Tidal Marsh In-stream Habitat	NA	
(3) Flow Restriction	NA	
(3) Tidal Marsh Stream Stability	NA	
(4) Tidal Marsh Channel Stability	NA	
(4) Tidal Marsh Stream Geomorphology	NA	
(3) Tidal Marsh In-stream Habitat	NA	
(2) Intertidal Zone	NA	
Overall	LOW	



(Version 2.08; Released April 2018)

North Carolina Department of Transportation  
Highway Stormwater Program  
STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN  
FOR NCDOT PROJECTS



WBS Element:	34839.1.1	TIP No.:	U-2579B	County(ies):	Forsyth County	Page:	1	of	2	
<b>General Project Information</b>										
WBS Element:	34839.1.1	TIP Number:	U-2579B	Project Type:	Roadway Relocation	Date:	10/1/2019			
NCDOT Contact:	Amy Euliss		Contractor / Designer:	Kimley-Horn						
Address:	375 Silas Creek Parkway Winston-Salem NC 27127-7167			Address:	421 Fayetteville Street Suite #600 Raleigh, NC, 27601					
	Phone:	(336) 747-7802			Phone:	(919) 677-2178				
	Email:	aeuliss@ncdot.gov			Email:	dan.robinson@kimley-horn.com				
City/Town:	Winston-Salem			County(ies):	Forsyth					
River Basin(s):	Yadkin-Pee Dee			CAMA County?	No					
Wetlands within Project Limits?	Yes									
<b>Project Description</b>										
Project Length (lin. miles or feet):	4.06 miles	Surrounding Land Use:	Rural, Farmland, Suburban Neighborhoods							
Project Built-Upon Area (ac.)	N/A ac.			Existing Site						
Typical Cross Section Description:	In each direction there will be 3 12-foot lanes plus a 12-foot paved shoulder with a 22-foot grassed median.			N/A						
Annual Avg Daily Traffic (veh/hr/day):	Design/Future:	79880 ADT	Year:	2030	Existing:	53560 ADT	Year:	2010		
General Project Narrative: (Description of Minimization of Water Quality Impacts)	9/19/2013 - Orginal Submittal Winston-Salem Northern Bellway (Eastern Section) (Future I-74) from US 158 to I-40 Bus US421: Grassed Swales were used throughout the Project to treat the stormwater. These Grassed Swales have side slopes that are 3:1 or flatter, with many side slopes being 6:1. have a velocity during the 2-Year Storm or less than 2 feet per second and have a minimum ditch length equivalent to 100 feet per acre of impervious area. In addition to the Grassed Swales, Preformed Scour Holes and Energy Dissipators are used at several locations.  <b>10/1/2019 - Revised Submittal</b> Modifications to U-2579B were performed and submitted January 2019. These changes include: - Stormdrain revisions - Proposed 32' 3 @ 8' x 9' RCBC Downstream Extension (Sta. 45+65 -Y4-) - Proposed 41' 3 @ 8' x 9' RCBC Upstream Extension (Sta. 45+65 -Y4-) - Smith Creek Stream Relocation (Sta. 47+27 to 67+63 -Y4-) - UT to Smith Creek Stream Relocation (Sta. 48+60 -Y4-)  A permit modification was needed for the revisions mentioned above. Included with this revised SMP are updated pipe sizes and flows of two outlets to Preformed Scour Holes (Sta. 43+00 and 46+00). All other stormwater features (swales, filter strip, energy dissipators, etc.) were not modified by these 2019 revisions and are not included with this modification. Refer to orginal stormwater management plan for other mitigation efforts.									
<b>Waterbody Information</b>										
Surface Water Body (1):	Smith Creek			NCDWR Stream Index No.:	12-94-12-2-1					
NCDWR Surface Water Classification for Water Body		Primary Classification:	Water Supply III (WS-III)							
		Supplemental Classification:	None							
Other Stream Classification:										
Impairments:	None									
Aquatic T&E Species?	No	Comments:								
NRTR Stream ID:				Buffer Rules in Effect:	N/A					
Project Includes Bridge Spanning Water Body?	No	Deck Drains Discharge Over Buffer?	No	Dissipator Pads Provided in Buffer?	No					
Deck Drains Discharge Over Water Body?	No	(If yes, provide justification in the General Project Narrative)			(If yes, describe in the General Project Narrative; if no, justify in the General Project Narrative)					
(If yes, provide justification in the General Project Narrative)										



North Carolina Department of Transportation  
Highway Stormwater Program  
**STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN**  
**FOR NCDOT PROJECTS**



(Version 2.08; Released April 2018)

WBS Element: TIP No.: U-2579B County(ies): Forsyth County Page 2 of 2

## Preformed Scour Holes and Energy Dissipators

### **Additional Comments**

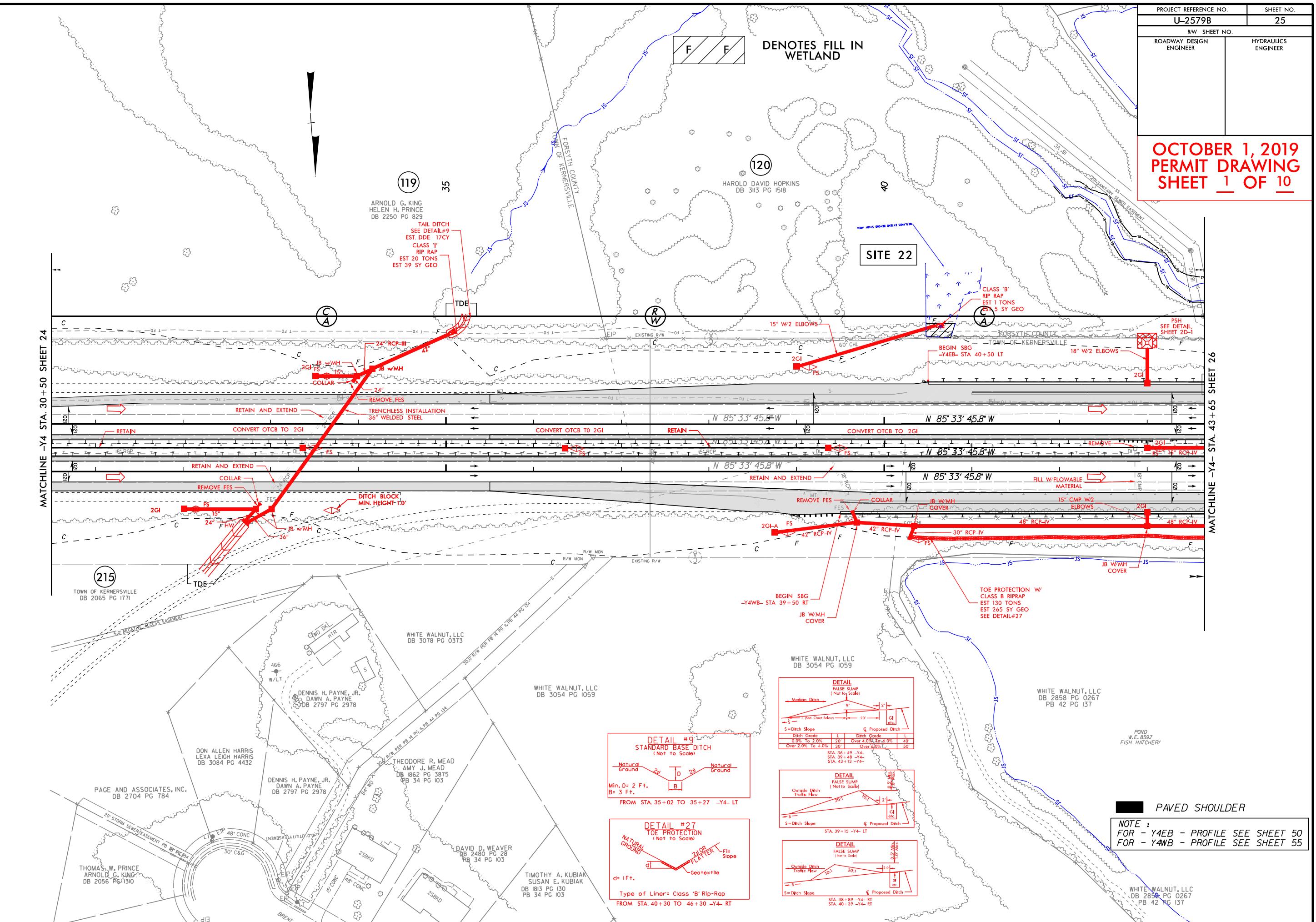
\* Refer to the NCDOT Best Management Practices Toolbox (2014), NCDOT Standards, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Hydraulic Engineering Circular No. 14 (HEC-14), Third Edition, Hydraulic Design of Energy Dissipators for Culverts and Channels (July 2006), as applicable, for design guidance and criteria.

OCTOBER 1, 2019  
PERMIT DRAWING  
SHEET 1 OF 10

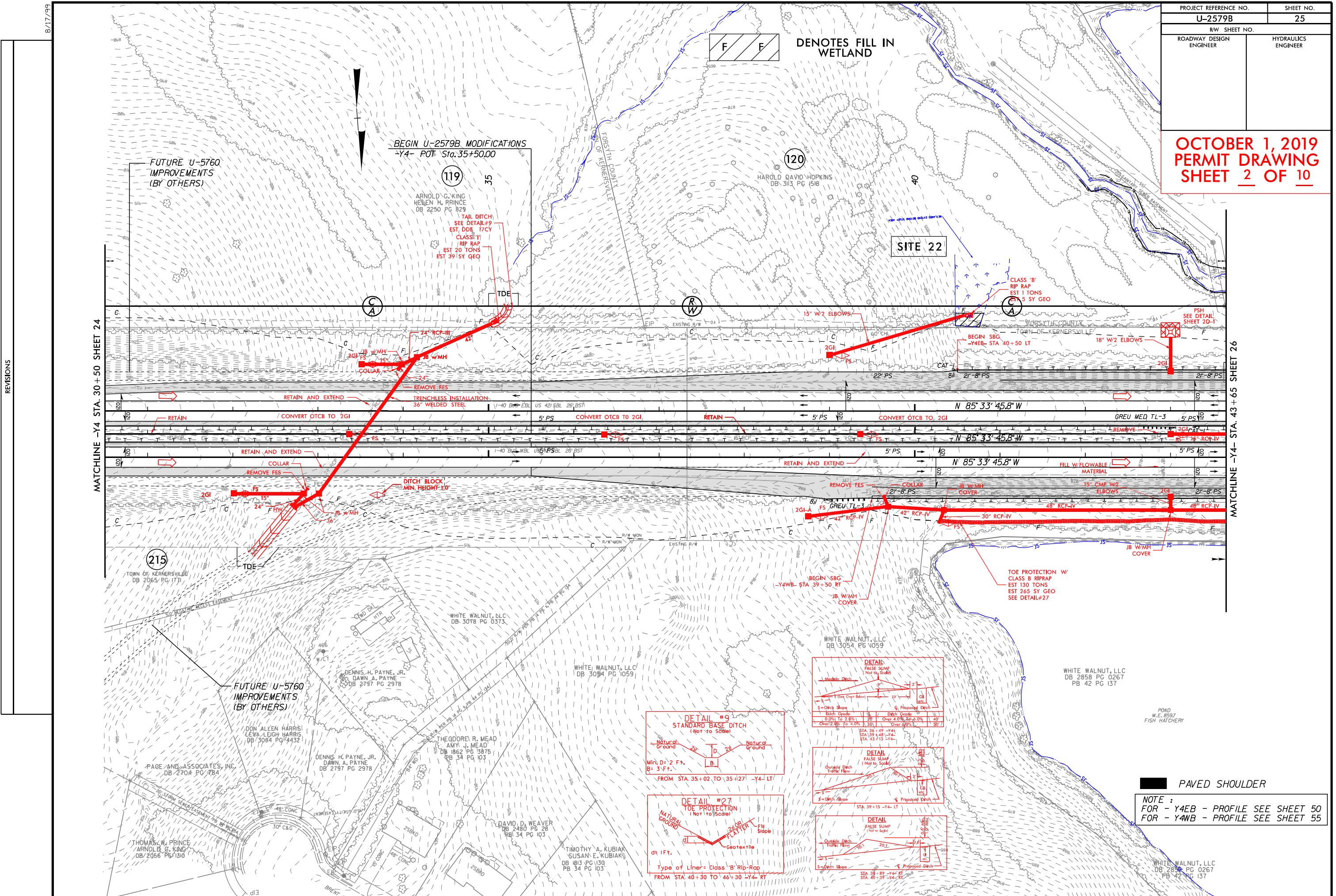
REVIEWS

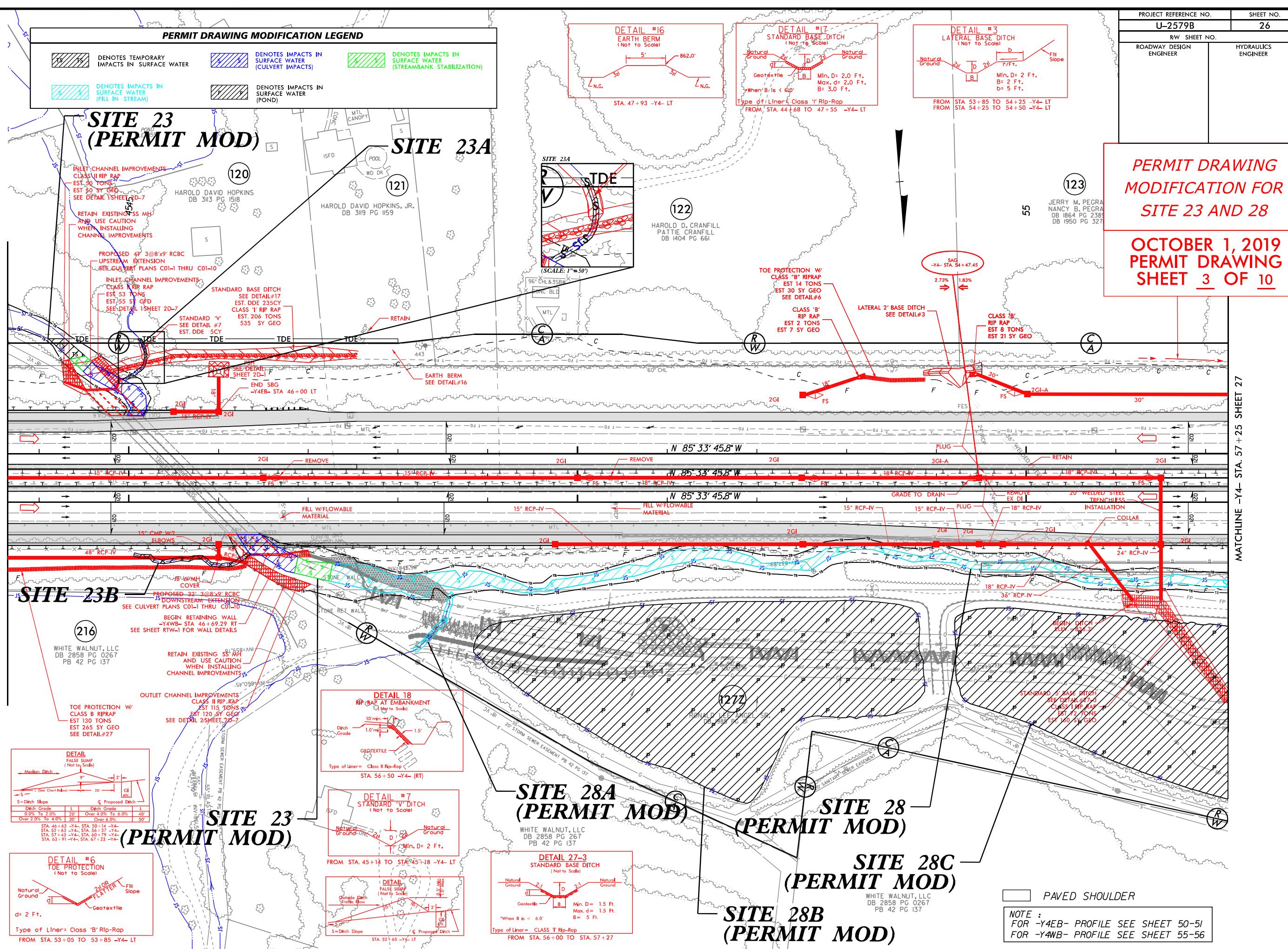
MATCHLINE -Y4 STA. 30 + 50 SHEET 24

MATCHLINE -Y4- S/A. 43+65 SHEET 26



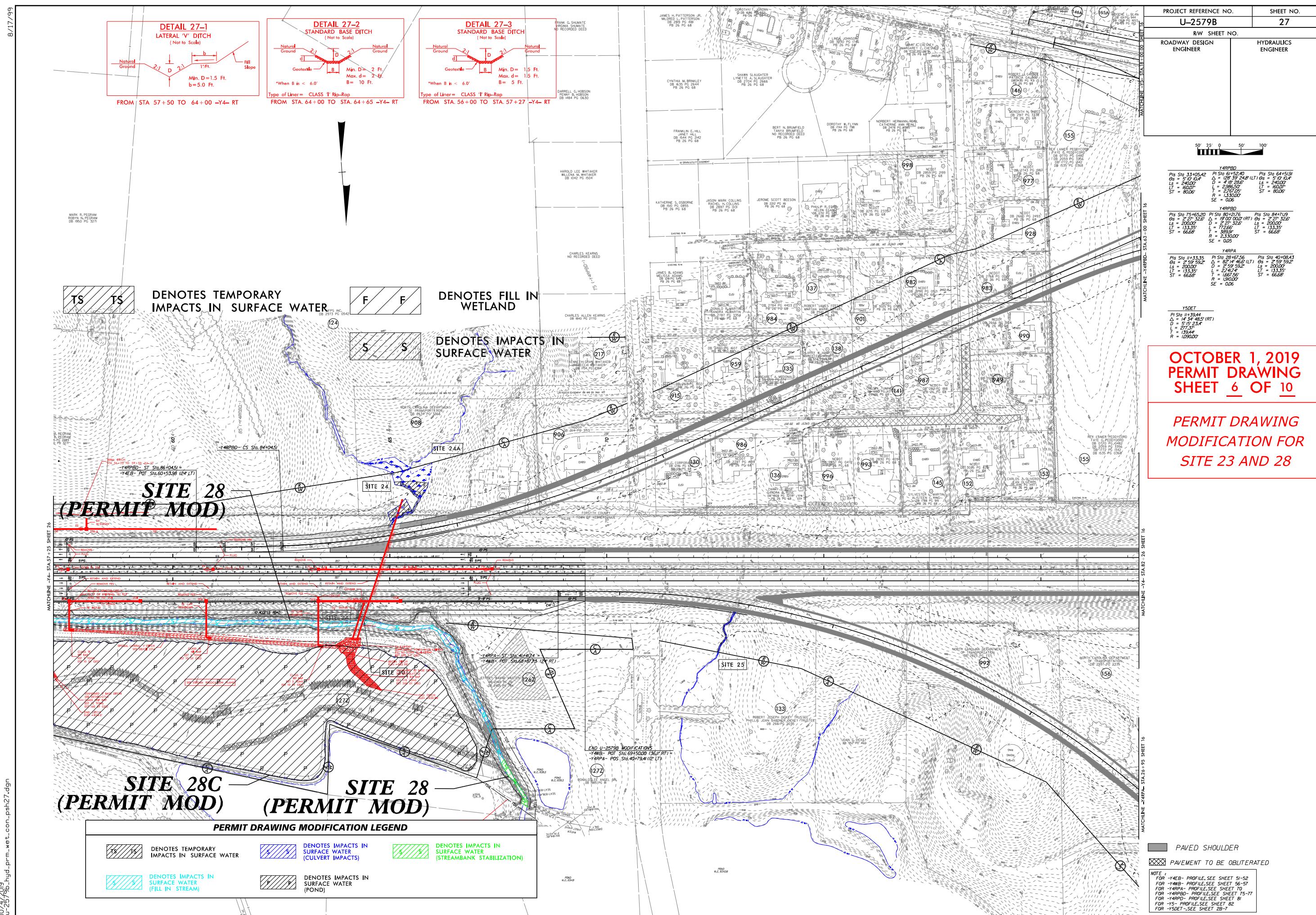
OCTOBER 1, 2019  
 PERMIT DRAWING SHEET 2 OF 10







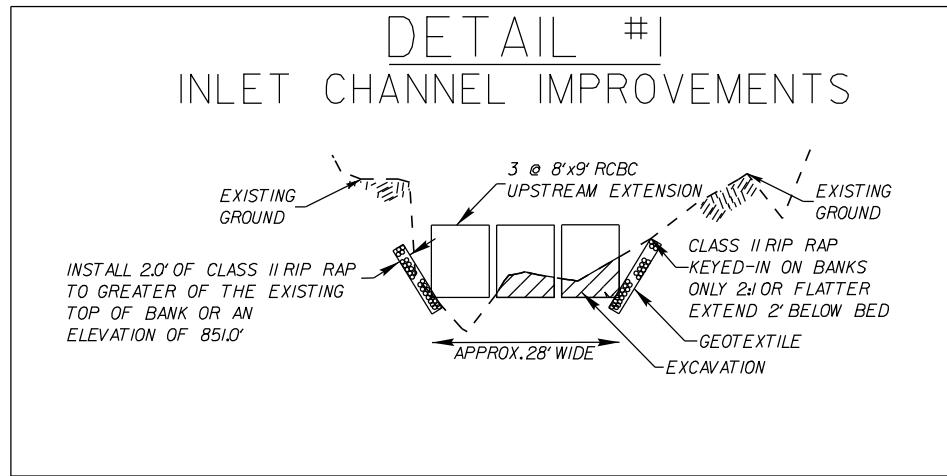




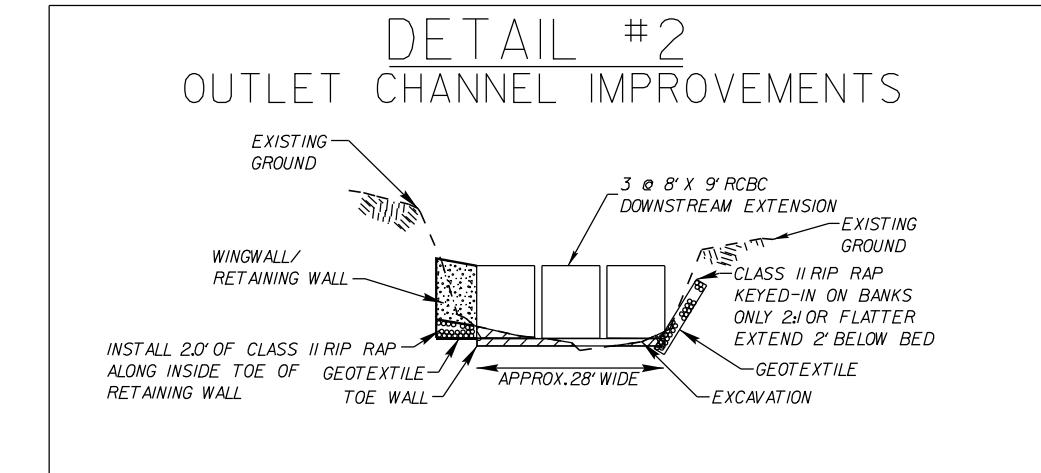
PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
U-2579B	2D-7
HYDRAULICS ENGINEER	

DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL  
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

OCTOBER 1, 2019  
PERMIT DRAWING  
SHEET 7 OF 10



STA. 44+70 -Y4- LT



STA. 46+50 -Y4- RT

WETLAND PERMIT IMPACT SUMMARY												
Site No.	Station (From/To)	Structure Size / Type	WETLAND IMPACTS					SURFACE WATER IMPACTS				
			Permanent Fill In Wetlands (ac)	Temp Fill In Wetlands (ac)	Excavation in Wetlands (ac)	Mechanized Clearing in Wetlands (ac)	Hand Clearing in wetlands (ac)	Permanent SW impacts (ac)	Temporary SW impacts (ac)	Existing Channel Impacts Permanent (ft)	Existing Channel Impacts Temp. (ft)	Natural Stream Design (ft)
1	28+00 -Y-	ROAD FILL	0.03		<0.01	0.02		0.02		142		
2	16+00 -Y1 RPD-	ROAD FILL - INTERMITTENT						0.01		109		
		ROAD FILL - PERENNIAL						0.02		208		
		STREAMBANK STABILIZATION						<0.01	<0.01	10	37	
3	21+56-25+22 -Y1-	2 @ 7' x 6' RCBC						0.06	<0.01	438	33	
3A	17+36-21+53 -Y1-	DETOUR - ROAD FILL							0.08		545	
3B	20+55-21+32 -Y1-	DETOUR - ROAD FILL							0.03		194	
4	501+51-503+21 -L-	ROAD FILL						0.03	<0.01	493	18	
		STREAMBANK STABILIZATION						<0.01	<0.01	9	31	
5	503+85-507+80 -L-	ROAD FILL						0.05	<0.01	740	22	
5A	507+39-509+64 -L-	ROAD FILL						0.01		306		
6	523+00 -L-	ROAD FILL	0.03			<0.01		0.02	<0.01	312	42	
7	527+00 -L-	ROAD FILL	0.52			0.01						
		ROAD FILL - POND						0.59				
8	559-75 -L-	2 @ 10' x 6' RCBC						0.06	<0.01	442	53	
		STREAMBANK STABILIZATION						<0.01	<0.01	58	44	
9	560+75 -L-	ROAD FILL	0.03			0.01						
10	560+50-568+74 -L-	ROAD FILL	0.01					0.07	<0.01	783	22	
10A	566+84-572+75 -L-	ROAD FILL						0.05		684		
11	615+00 -L-	3 @ 10' x 9' RCBC						0.43	0.02	808	57	
11A	19+76-21+44 -Y4RPBD-	CHANNEL CHANGE						0.08	0.01	223	41	
12	15+84-18+86 -Y4RPBD-	CHANNEL CHANGE						0.01	0.02	88	205	
TOTALS:			0.62	0.00	< 0.01	0.05		1.53	0.19	5,853	1,344	

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

U-2579 B Forsyth County  
Winston Salem Northern Beltway  
(Eastern Section) (Future I-74)

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OCTOBER 1, 2019  
PERMIT DRAWING  
SHEET 8 OF 10

WETLAND PERMIT IMPACT SUMMARY												
Site No.	Station (From/To)	Structure Size / Type	WETLAND IMPACTS					SURFACE WATER IMPACTS				
			Permanent Fill In Wetlands (ac)	Temp Fill In Wetlands (ac)	Excavation in Wetlands (ac)	Mechanized Clearing in Wetlands (ac)	Hand Clearing in wetlands (ac)	Permanent SW impacts (ac)	Temporary SW impacts (ac)	Existing Channel Impacts Permanent (ft)	Existing Channel Impacts Temp. (ft)	Natural Stream Design (ft)
13	20+00-21+40 -Y4RPBD-	ROAD FILL	0.33									
14	629+95-635+90 -L-	ROAD FILL	0.04					0.05		688		
15	636+32-641+55 -L-	ROAD FILL	0.18					0.04		332		
		ROAD FILL-POND						2.38				
15A	644+00-645+00 -L-	ROAD FILL						<0.01		108		
16	643+56-644+61 -L-	ROAD FILL						<0.01		104		
		ROAD FILL-POND						0.16				
17	663+65-667+00 -L-	ROAD FILL	0.09			<0.01		0.06		928		
18	667+15 -L-	3 @ 12' x 10' RCBC						0.06	0.02	377	67	
		STREAMBANK STABILIZATION						0.02	0.01	80	59	
19	668+50 -L-	ROAD FILL	0.47			0.01						
20	687+80-691+59 -L-	ROAD FILL						0.03		163		
		ROAD FILL-POND						0.85				450
21	22+50 -Y1-	ROAD FILL	0.02									
22	40+50 -Y4-	OUTLET PAD	0.01									
23	45+65-Y4-	CULVERT EXTENSION						0.06	0.01	100	32	
		STREAMBANK STABILIZATION						0.02	0.06	54	89	
23A	44+95-45+18 -Y4-	ROAD FILL						<0.01		57		
23B	45+07-46+34 -Y4-	ROAD FILL						0.01		135		
24	80+73-81+57 -Y4RPBD-	ROAD FILL						0.02		202		
24A	80+50-81+51 -Y4RPBD-	ROAD FILL	0.06									
25	37+31 -Y4RPA-	30" RCP						<0.01		73		
		STREAMBANK STABILIZATION						<0.01	<0.01	21	16	
TOTALS:			1.20			0.02		3.67	0.03	3,268	142	450

11/19/2018 Revisions shown in red text.

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

U-2579 B Forsyth County  
Winston Salem Northern Beltway  
(Eastern Section) (Future I-74)

SHEET 63 of 64

OCTOBER 1, 2019  
PERMIT DRAWING  
SHEET 9 OF 10

**WETLAND PERMIT IMPACT SUMMARY**

Site No.	Station (From/To)	Structure Size / Type	WETLAND IMPACTS					SURFACE WATER IMPACTS				
			Permanent Fill In Wetlands (ac)	Temp Fill In Wetlands (ac)	Excavation in Wetlands (ac)	Mechanized Clearing in Wetlands (ac)	Hand Clearing in wetlands (ac)	Permanent SW impacts (ac)	Temporary SW impacts (ac)	Existing Channel Impacts Permanent (ft)	Existing Channel Impacts Temp. (ft)	Natural Stream Design (ft)
26	29+16-31+12 -Y4RPC-	ROAD FILL-POND						0.38				
27A	104+63 - 107+53 -Y4-	ROAD FILL						0.02		205		
27B	107+60 -Y4-	42" WELDED STEEL	0.05					0.01	<0.01	130	14	
27C	107+58 - 108+44 -Y4-	30" RCP						<0.01		116		
<b>28</b>	<b>50+50 - 56+00 -Y4- Rt</b>	<b>STREAMBANK STABILIZATION</b>						<b>0.02</b>	<b>0.15</b>	<b>365</b>	<b>188</b>	
29	145+62 -Y4-	ROAD FILL				<0.01						
30	64+34 -Y4-	STREAMBANK STABILIZATION						<0.01		28		
31	557+28 -L-	STREAMBANK STABILIZATION						<0.01		21		
	<b>2018 Permit Modifications</b>											
23	44+10 to 47+96 -Y4-	3 @ 8' x 9' RCBC Extension						<b>0.06</b>		<b>151</b>		
		STREAMBANK STABILIZATION						<b>0.02</b>	<b>0.01</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>30</b>	
28	47+96 to 56+85 -Y4-	2 @ 10' x 10' RCBC and 1 @ 10' x 8' RCBC						<b>0.51</b>		2309	<b>427</b>	<b>2127</b>
		STREAMBANK STABILIZATION						<b>0.02</b>		<b>120</b>		
28A	48+16 to 48+65 Y4	UT to Smith Creek Relocation						<b>0.01</b>		<b>80</b>		<b>344</b>
28B	48+84 to 53+86 Y4	UT to Smith Creek Relocation						<b>1.62</b>				
28C	54+20 to 67+00 Y4	Drain Pond						<b>6.20</b>				
	<b>2019 Permit Modifications</b>											
8A		STREAM RELOCATION								<b>144</b>	<b>40</b>	
SUBTOTALS, THIS PAGE:			0.05			<0.01		<b>8.86</b>	<b>0.01</b>	<b>3,359</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>2471</b>
SUBTOTALS, PAGE 1			0.62		<0.01	0.05		<b>1.53</b>	<b>0.19</b>	<b>5,853</b>	<b>1,344</b>	
SUBTOTALS, PAGE 2			1.20			0.02		<b>3.67</b>	<b>0.03</b>	<b>3,268</b>	<b>142</b>	450
<b>TOTALS:</b>			1.87		<0.01	0.08		<b>14.06</b>	<b>0.23</b>	<b>12,480</b>	<b>1,570</b>	<b>2,921</b>

11/19/2018 Revisions shown in red text.

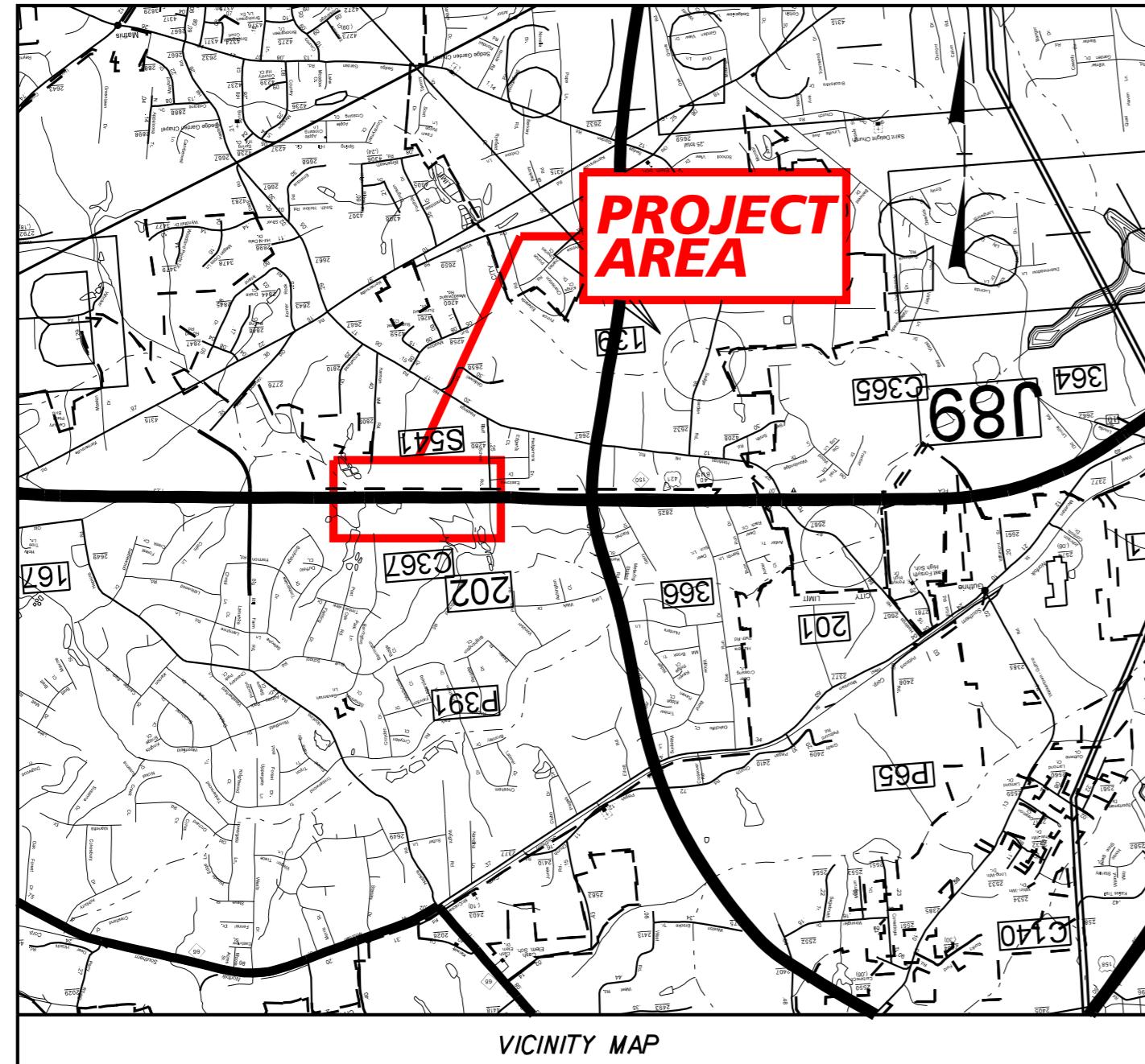
10/10/2019 Revisions shown in green text.

9/18/2019 Revisions shown in blue text

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

U-2579 B Forsyth County  
Winston Salem Northern Beltway  
(Eastern Section) (Future I-74)

SHEET 64 of 64



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA  
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

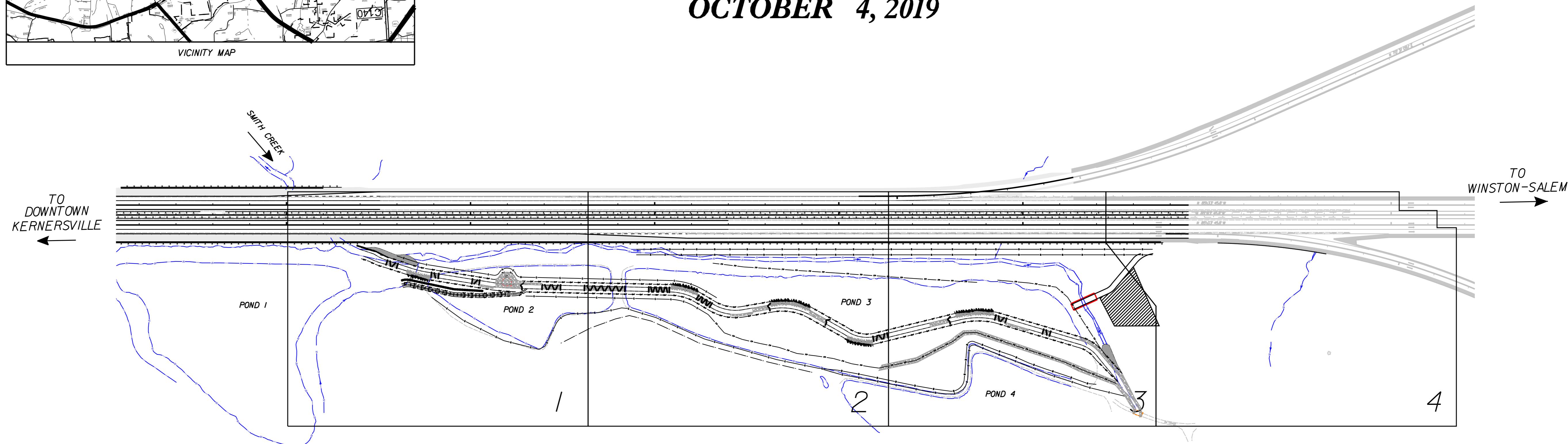
# FORSYTH COUNTY

## U-2579B STREAM RELOCATION AND DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	HEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	U-2579B	1	
STATE PROJ. NO.	F.A. PROJ. NO.	DESCRIPTION	

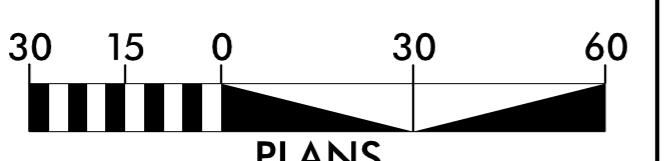
NC GRID  
NAD 83/95

60% PLANS  
OCTOBER 4, 2019

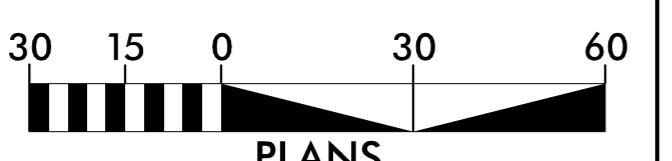


INCOMPLETE PLANS  
DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION  
DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL  
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

### GRAPHIC SCALES



### DESIGN DATA



### PROJECT LENGTH

PLANS PREPARED FOR  
THE NCDOT BY:

**Kimley-Horn**

NO. LICENSE #P2512  
PAVEMENT DESIGN, SUITE 600  
RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27601  
PHONE: (919) 833-2000

2018 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

RIGHT OF WAY DATE:

PROJECT ENGINEER

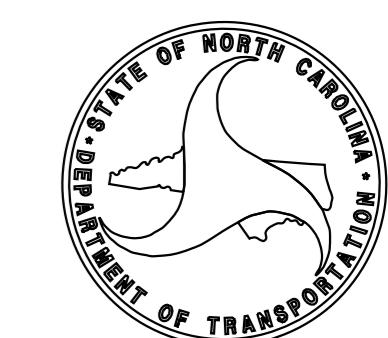
LETTING DATE:

PROJECT DESIGN ENGINEER

PROJECT TEAM LEAD  
NCDOT DIVISION 9

### HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

P.E.  
SIGNATURE:  
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER



PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
U-2579B	TYPE-I
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED	

LEGEND	
CHANNEL TOE	
BKF	BANKFULL
FP	FLOODPLAIN BENCH
G	GRADING LIMITS
B	TOP OF BERM

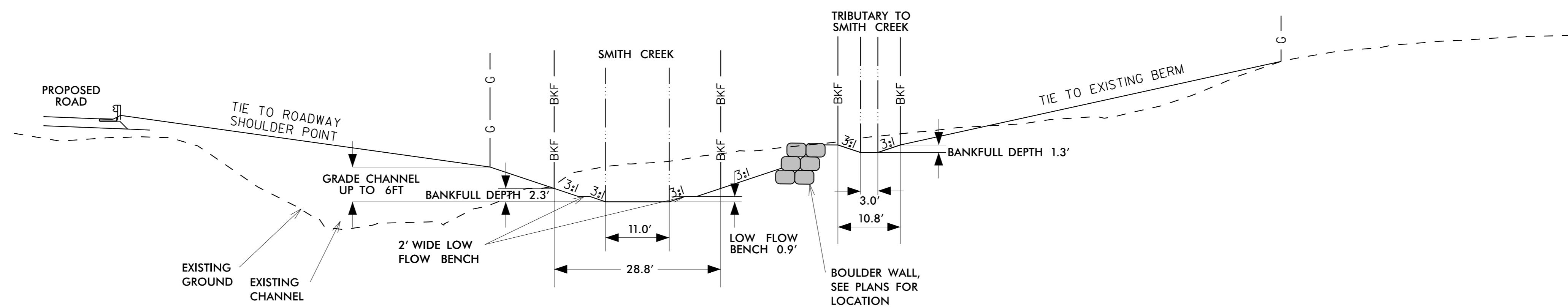
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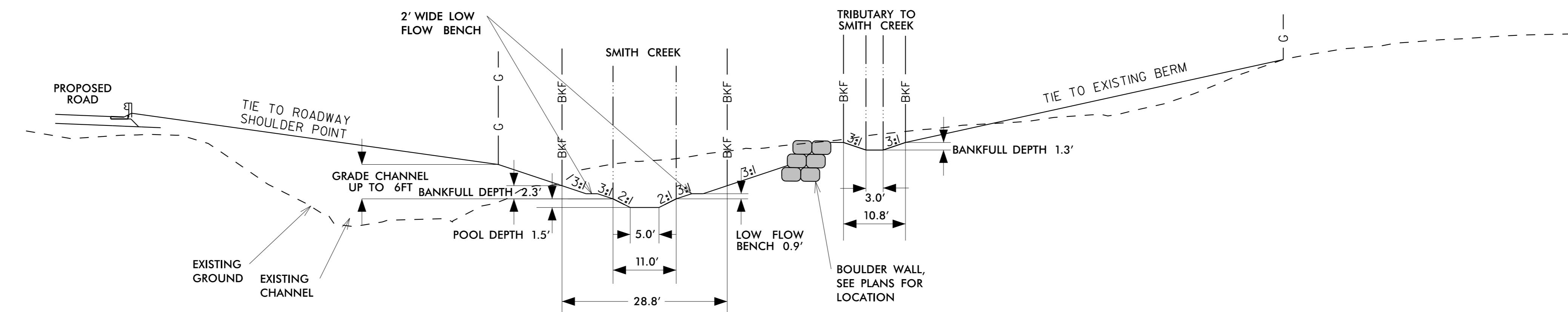
STA 10+00 TO 14+55

SEE PROFILE FOR RIFFLE AND POOL LOCATIONS

### RIFFLE



### POOL



PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
U-2579B	TYPE-2
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED	

LEGEND	
—	CHANNEL TOE
— BKF —	BANKFULL
— FP —	FLOODPLAIN BENCH
— G —	GRADING LIMITS
— B —	TOP OF BERM

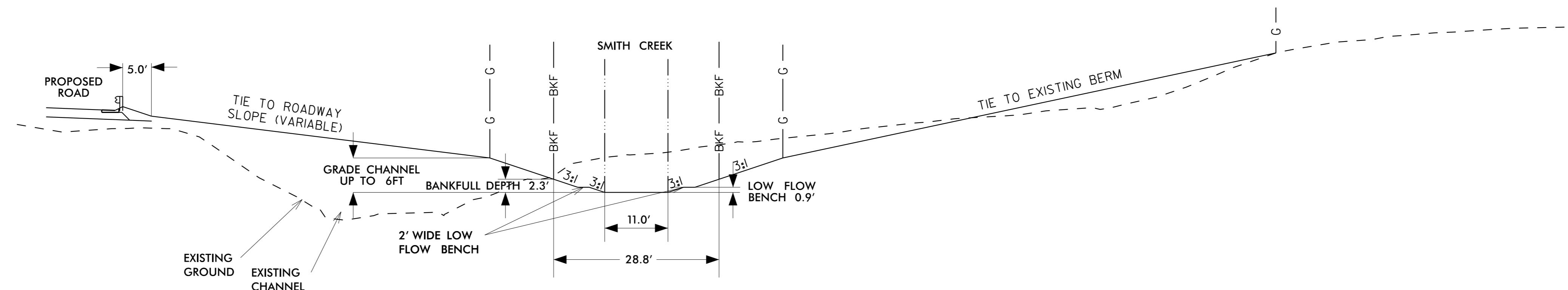
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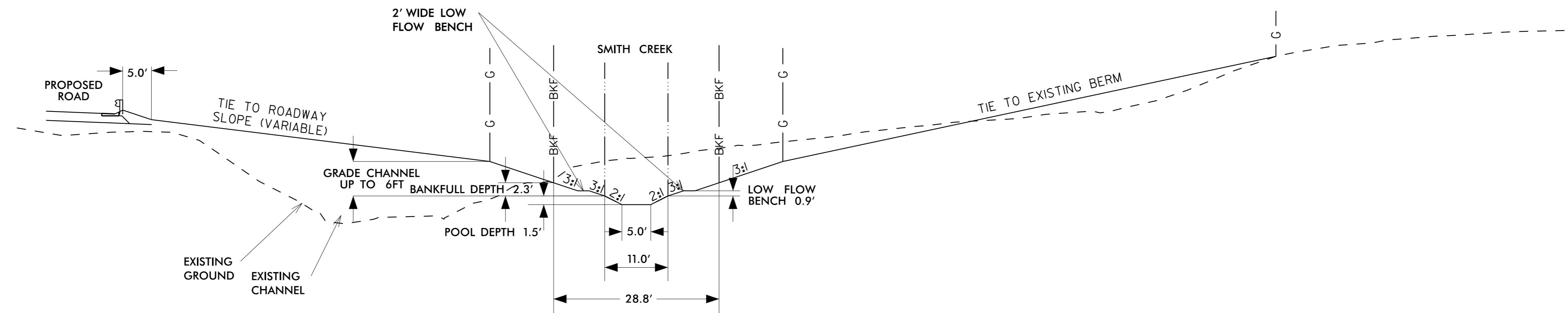
STA 14+00 TO 18+52

SEE PROFILE FOR RIFFLE AND POOL LOCATIONS

### RIFFLE



### POOL



PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
U-2579B	TYP-3
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
	DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

LEGEND	
CHANNEL TOE	
BKF	BANKFULL
FP	FLOODPLAIN BENCH
G	GRADING LIMITS
B	TOP OF BERM

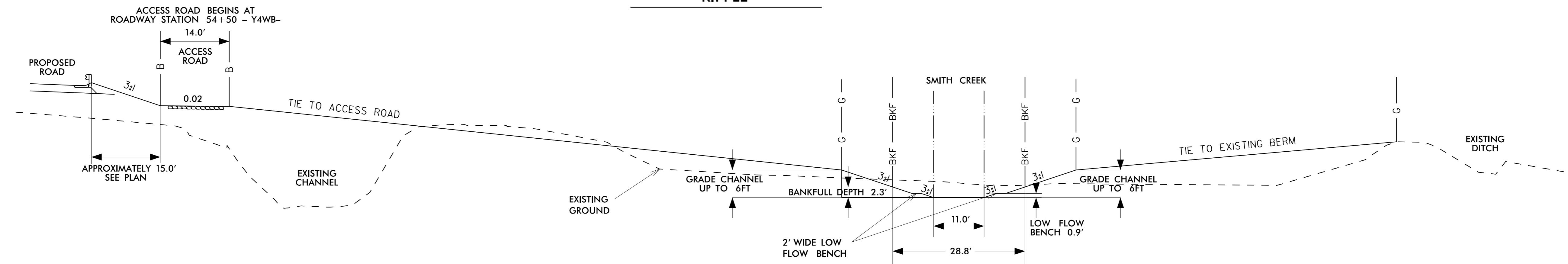
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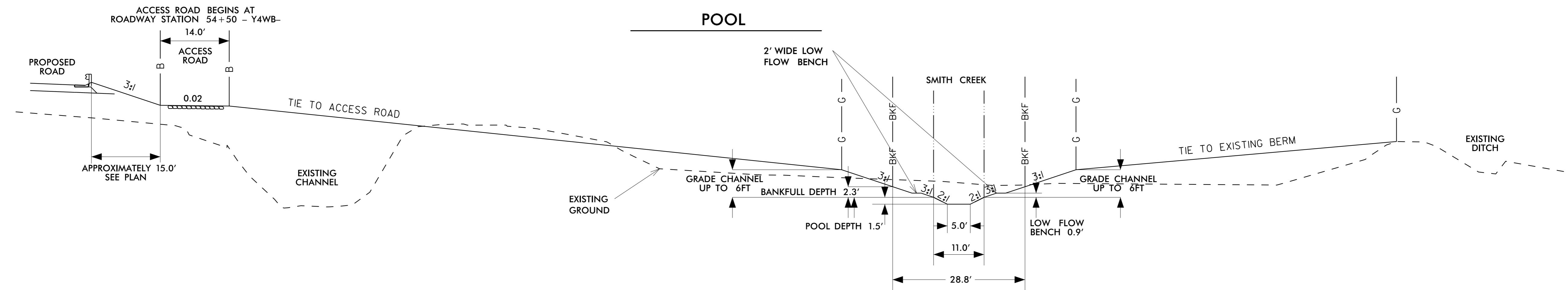
STA 18+52 TO 19+55

SEE PROFILE FOR RIFFLE AND POOL LOCATIONS

### RIFFLE



### POOL



PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
U-2579B	TYPE-4
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
	DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

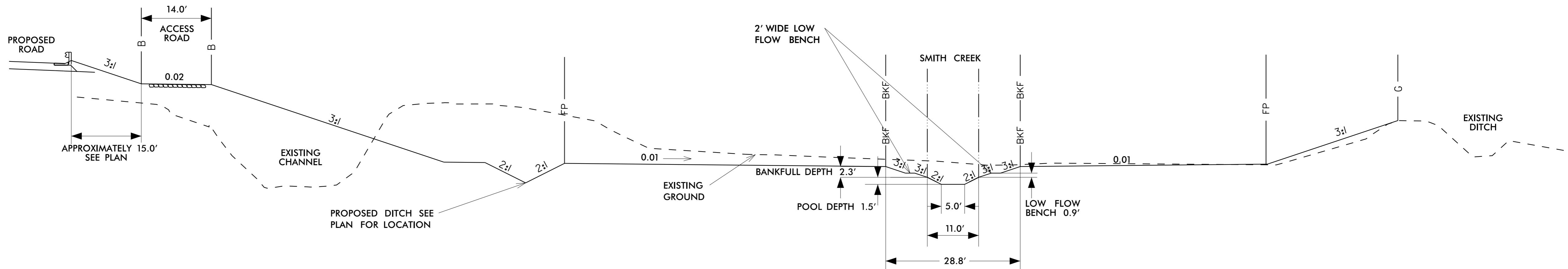
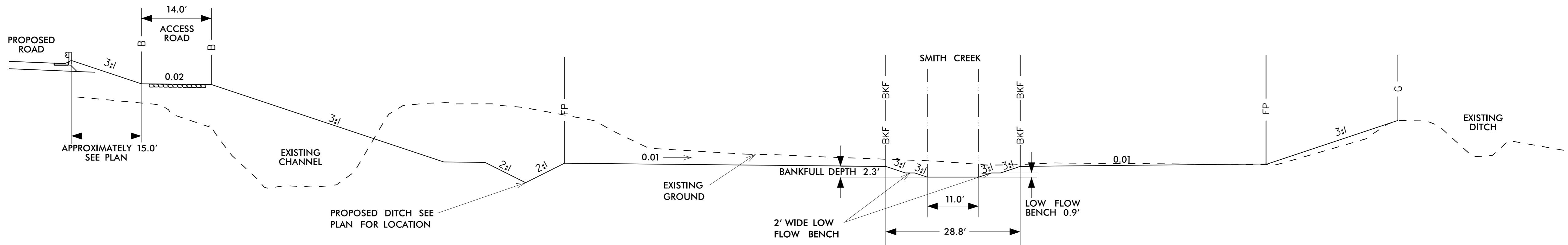
LEGEND	
CHANNEL TOE	
BKF	BANKFULL
FP	FLOODPLAIN BENCH
G	GRADING LIMITS
B	TOP OF BERM

## TYPICAL SECTION NO. 4

DRAWING NOT TO SCALE

STA 19+55 TO 23+40

SEE PROFILE FOR RIFFLE AND POOL LOCATIONS



PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
U-2579B	TYP-25
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED	

LEGEND	
CHANNEL TOE	
BKF	BANKFULL
FP	FLOODPLAIN BENCH
G	GRADING LIMITS
B	TOP OF BERM

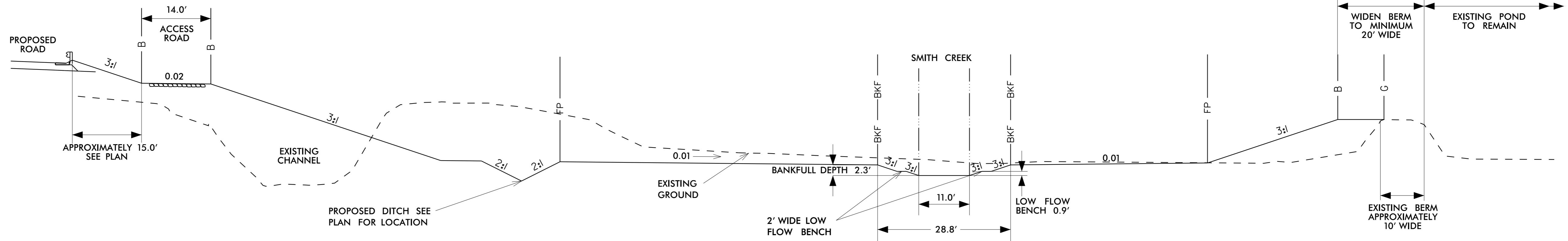
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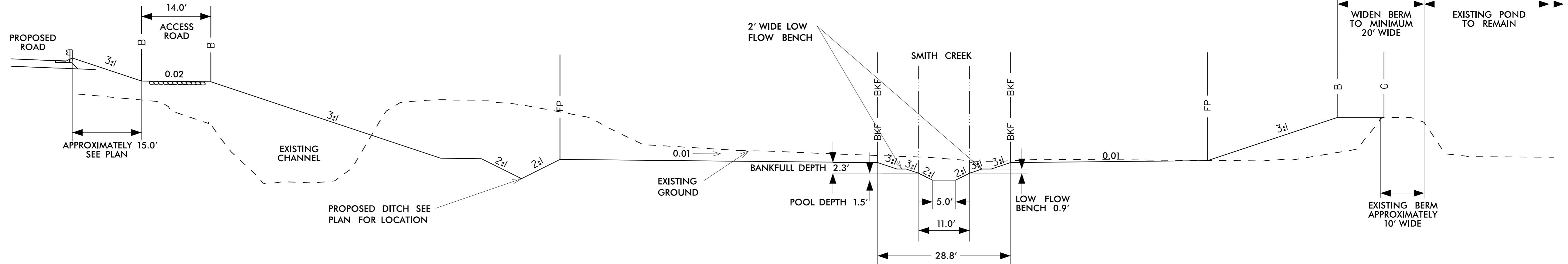
STA 23+44 TO 31+43

SEE PROFILE FOR RIFFLE AND POOL LOCATIONS

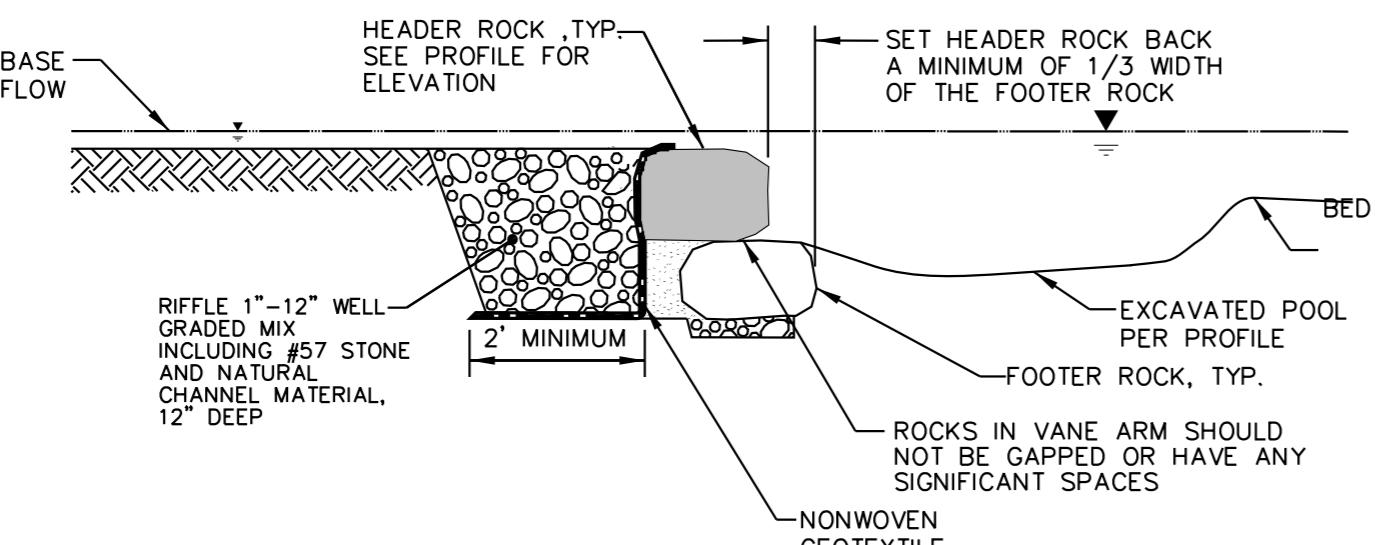
### RIFFLE



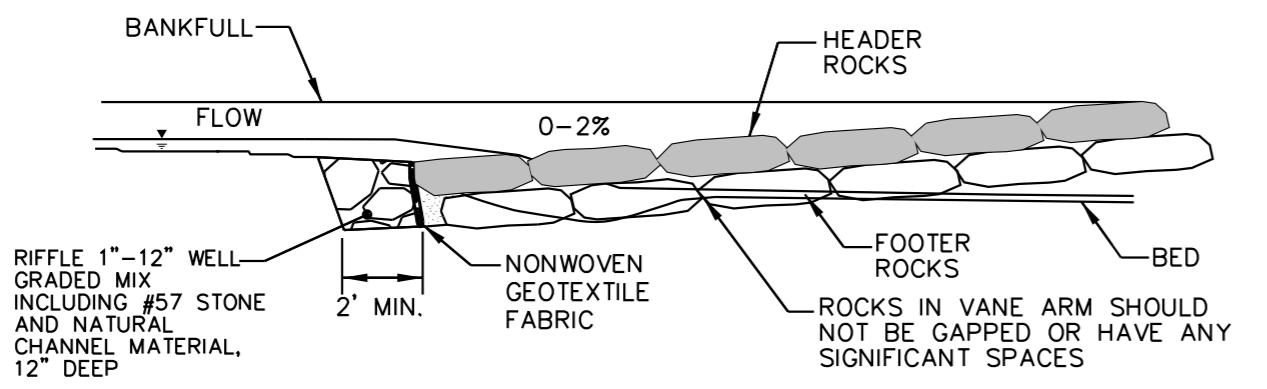
### POOL



PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
U-2579B	2D-1
RW SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	PAVEMENT DESIGN ENGINEER

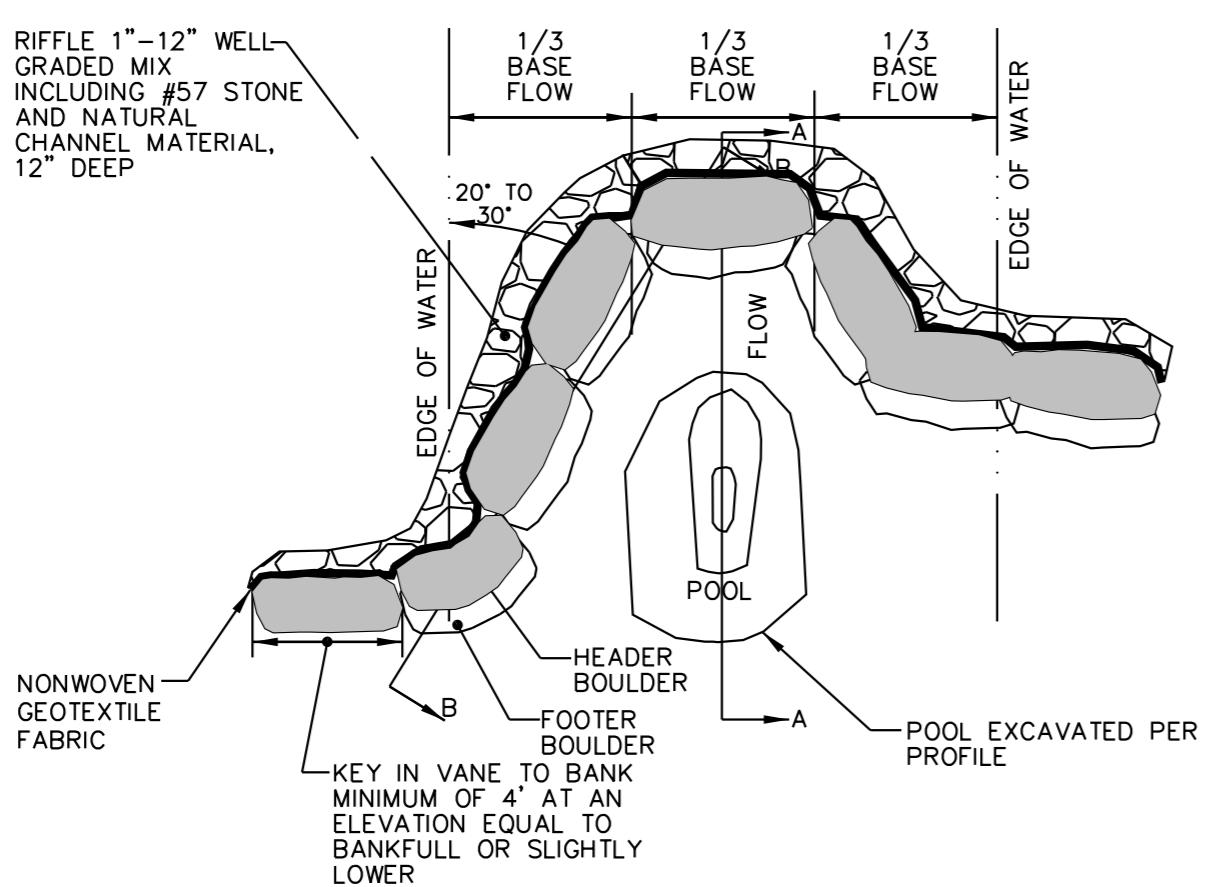
DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL  
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

SECTION A-A



SECTION B-B

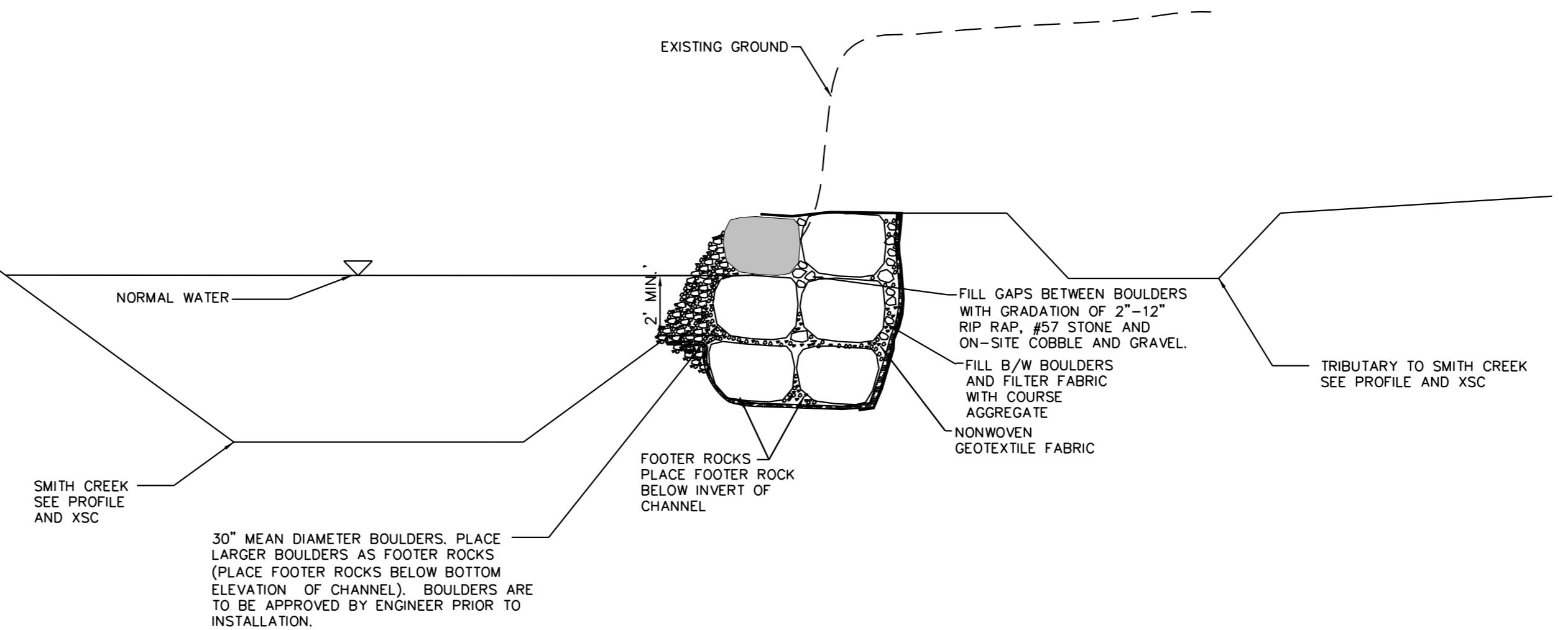
NOTES:  
1. DEEPEST PART OF POOL TO BE IN LINE WITH WHERE  
VANE ARM TIES INTO THE BANK.  
2. POOL DEPTH SHOULD BE ACCORDING PROFILE.  
3. BOULDERS SHALL HAVE A MEAN DIAMETER OF 30"



PLAN VIEW

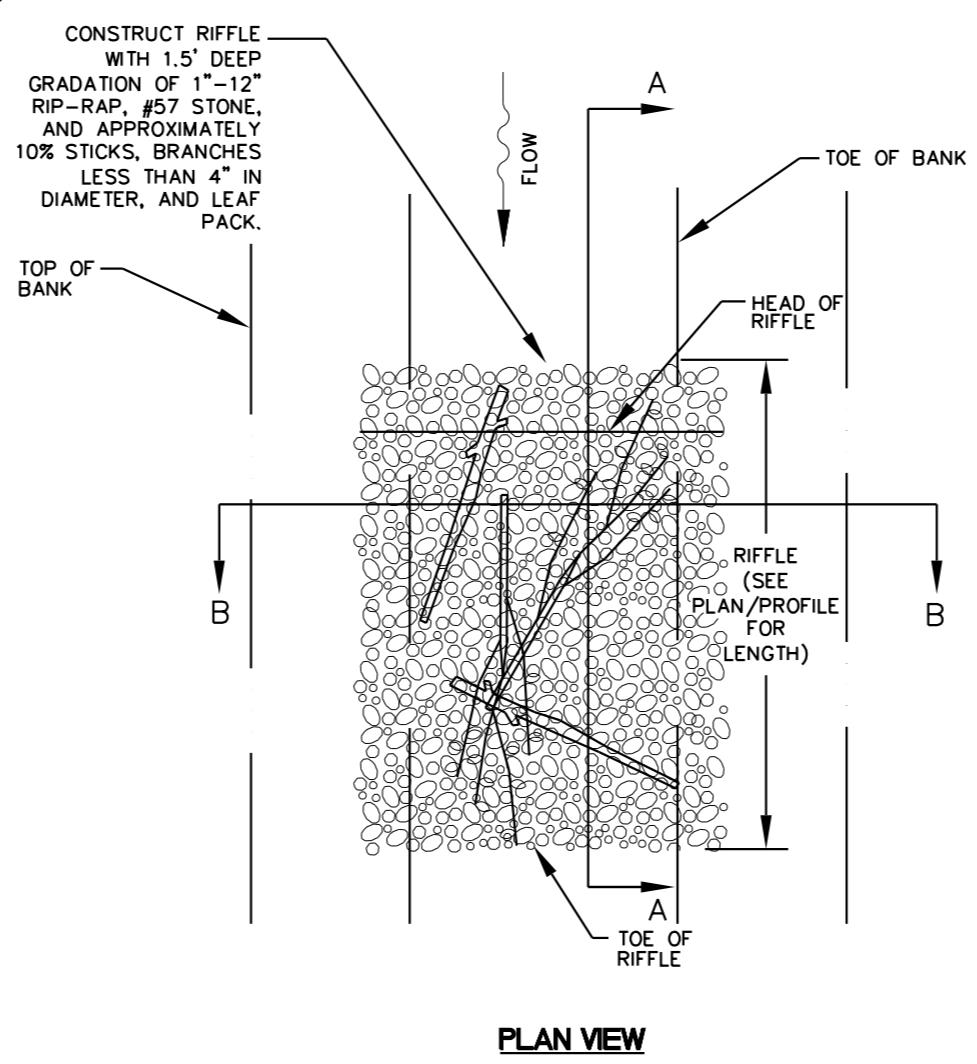
## J-HOOK VANE DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE



## BOULDER WALL PROTECTION

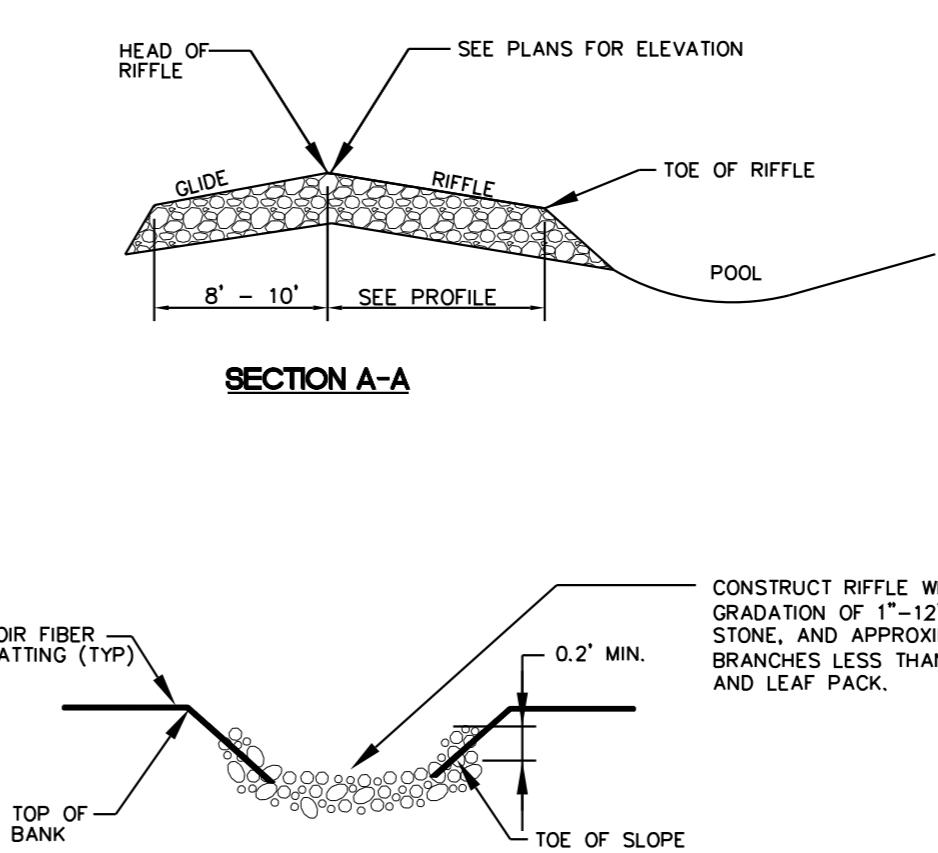
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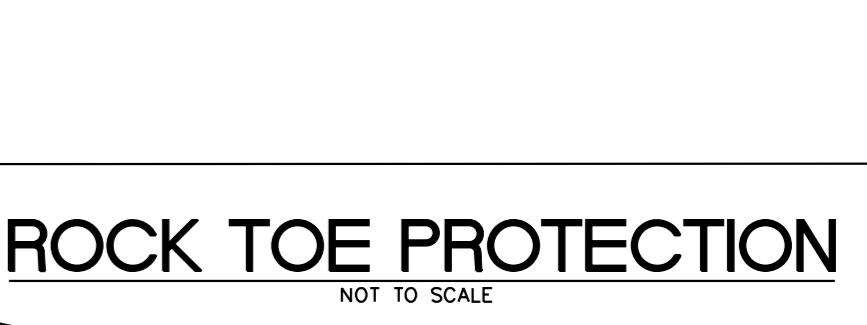
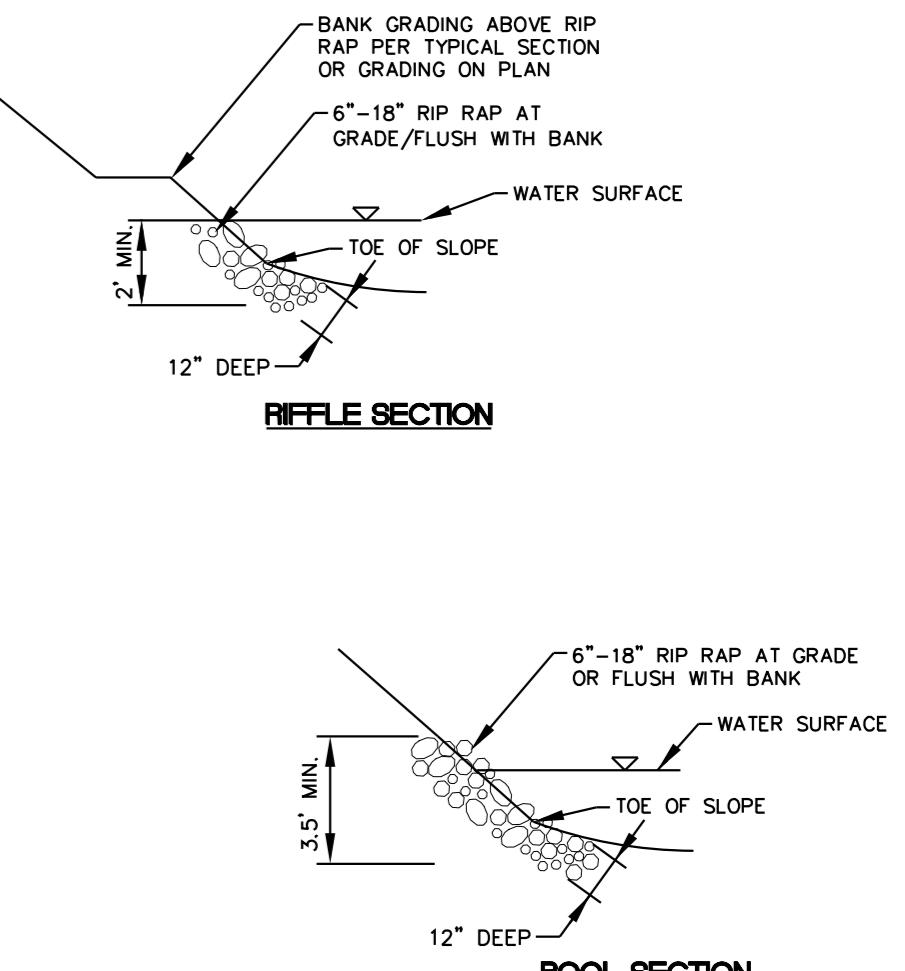
PLAN VIEW

## CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE

NOT TO SCALE



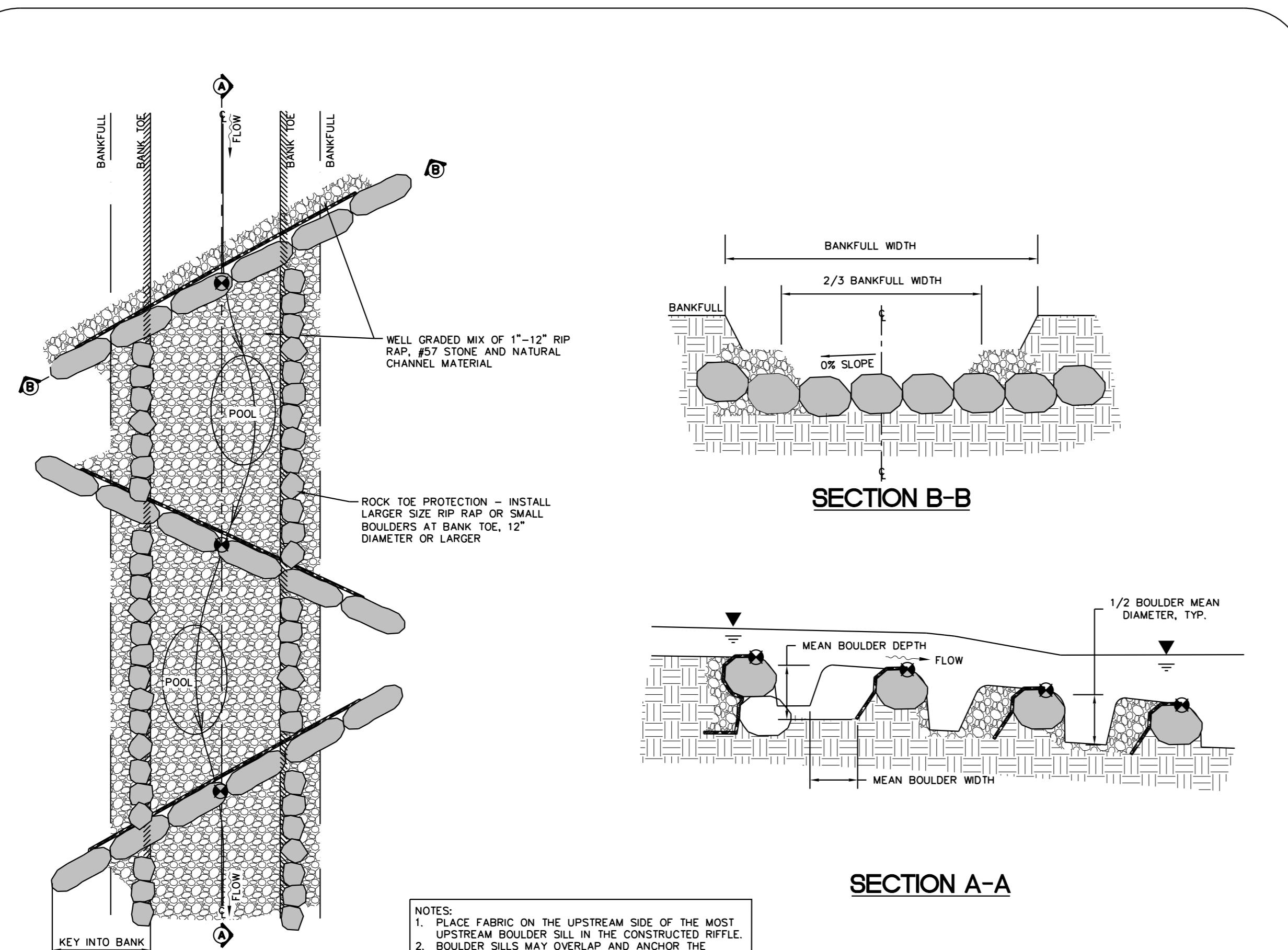
SECTION B-B



## ROCK TOE PROTECTION

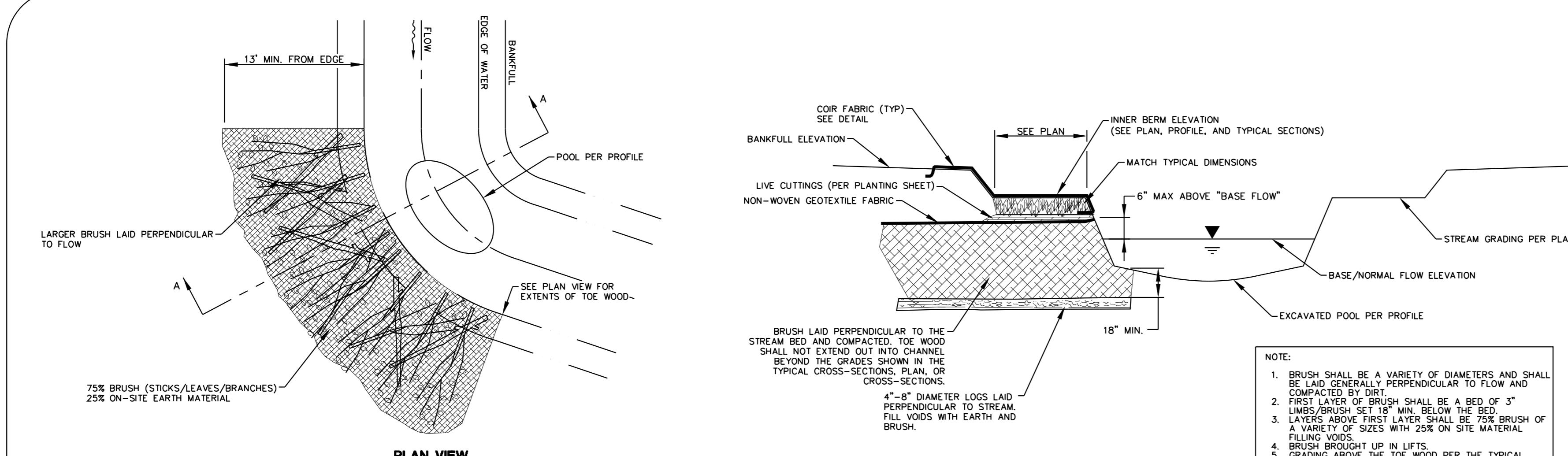
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PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
U-2579B	2D-2
RW SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	PAVEMENT DESIGN ENGINEER
DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED	



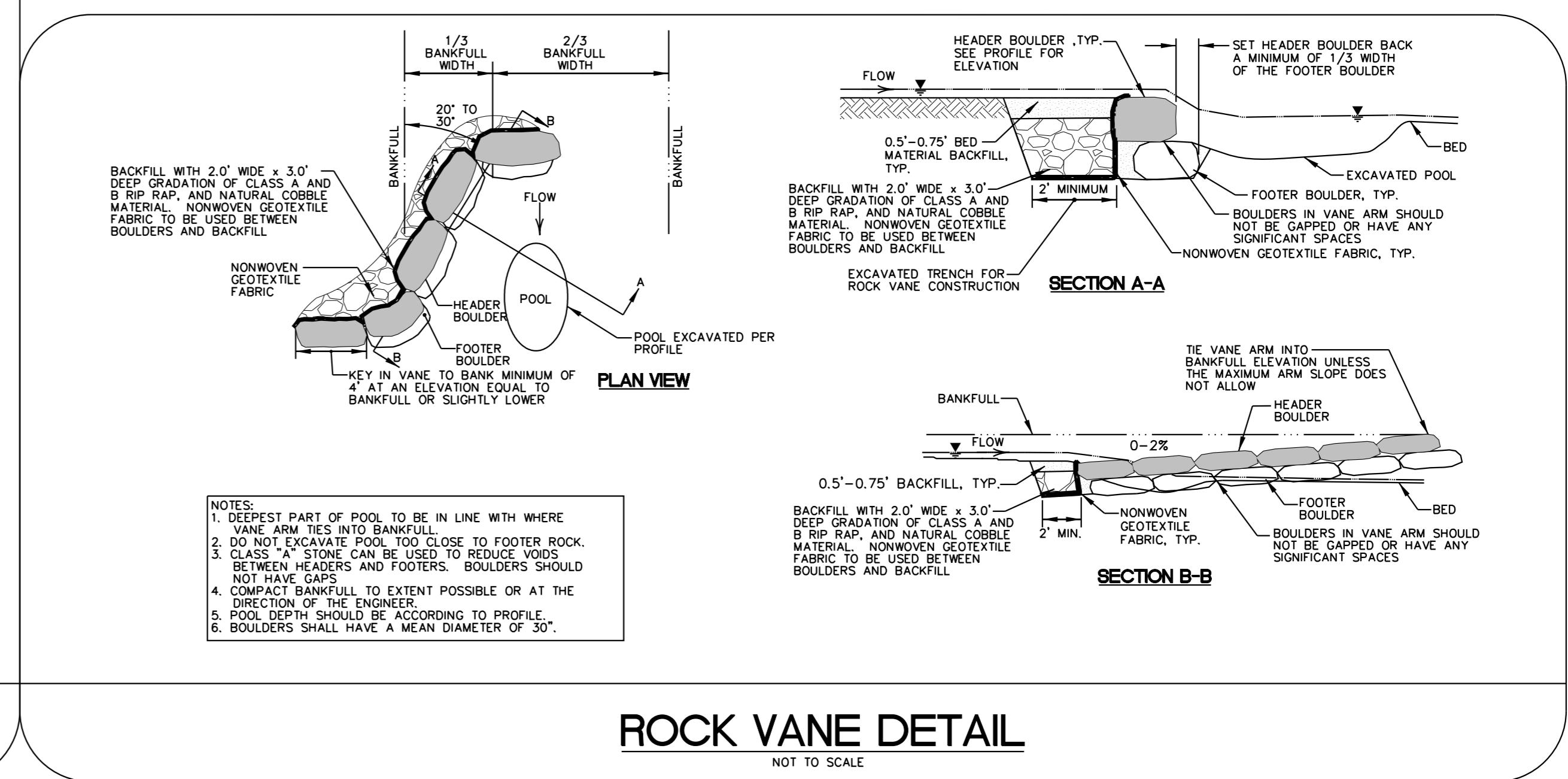
## BOULDER ROCK AND ROLL RIFFLE

NOT TO SCALE



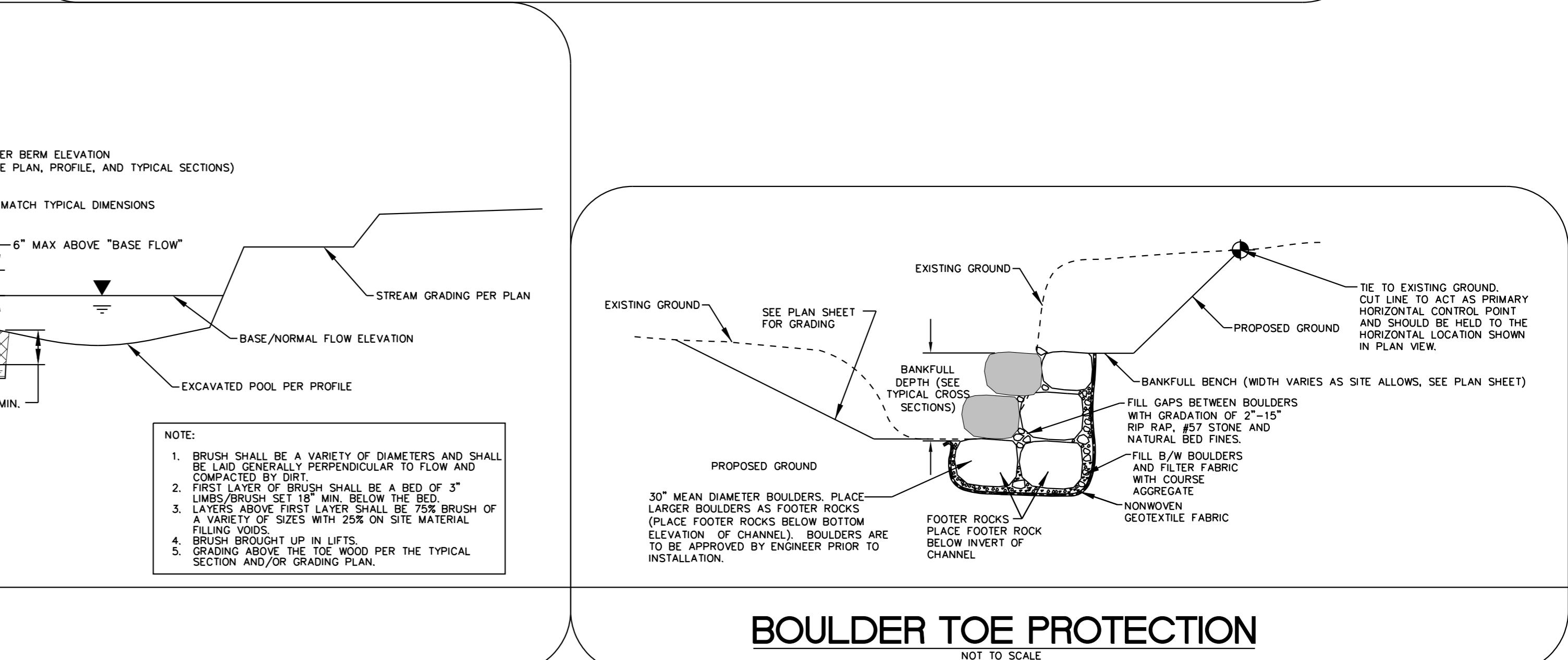
## TOE WOOD PROTECTION

NOT TO SCALE



## ROCK VANE DETAIL

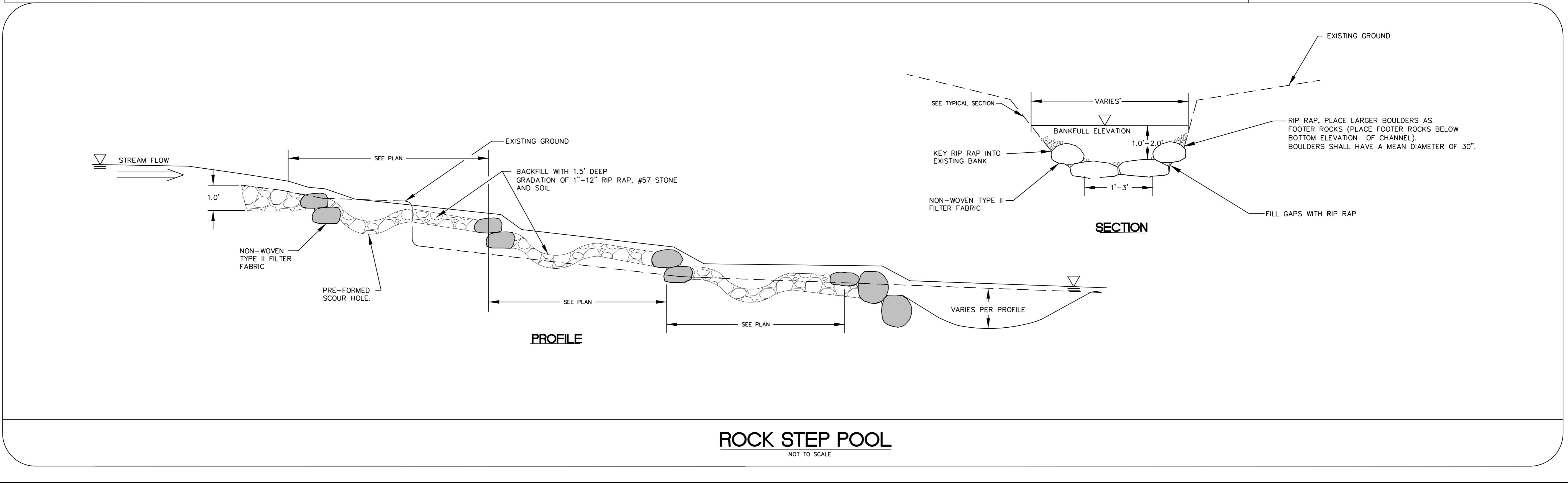
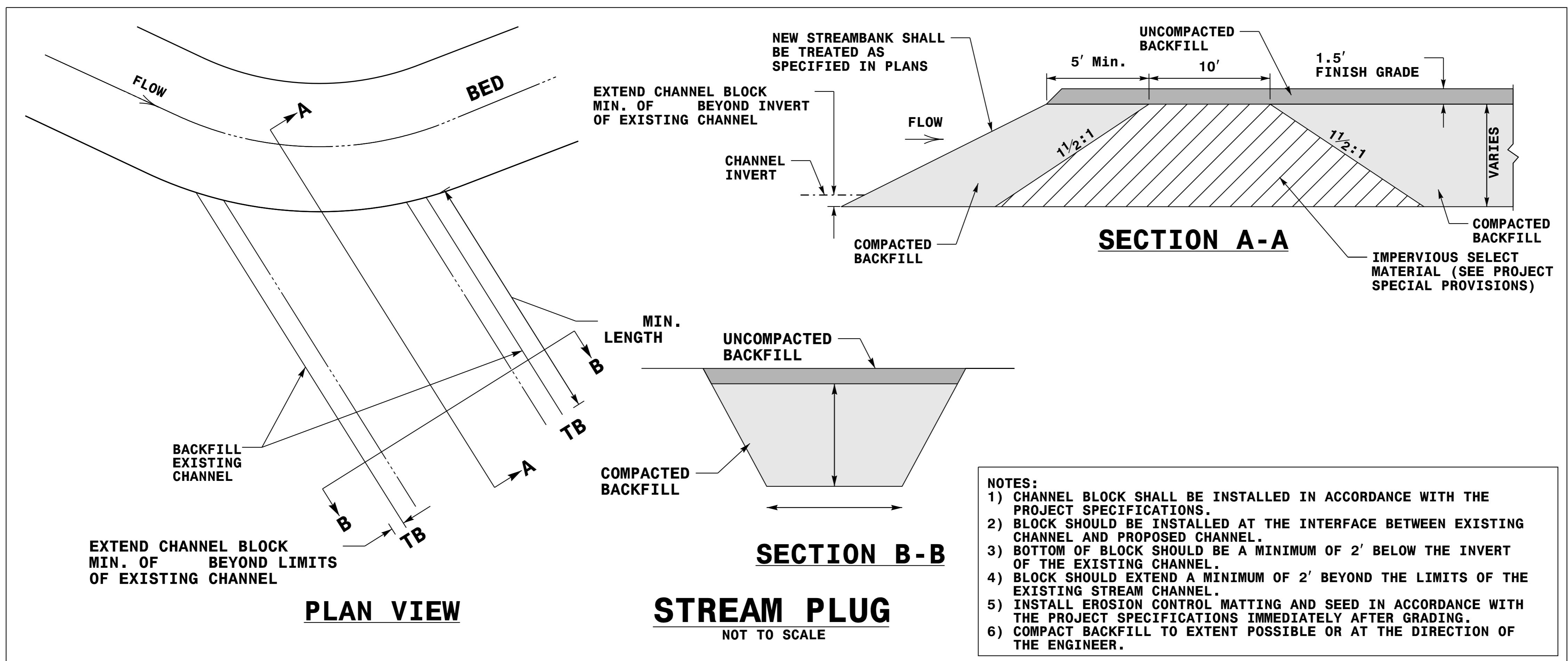
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## BOULDER TOE PROTECTION

NOT TO SCALE

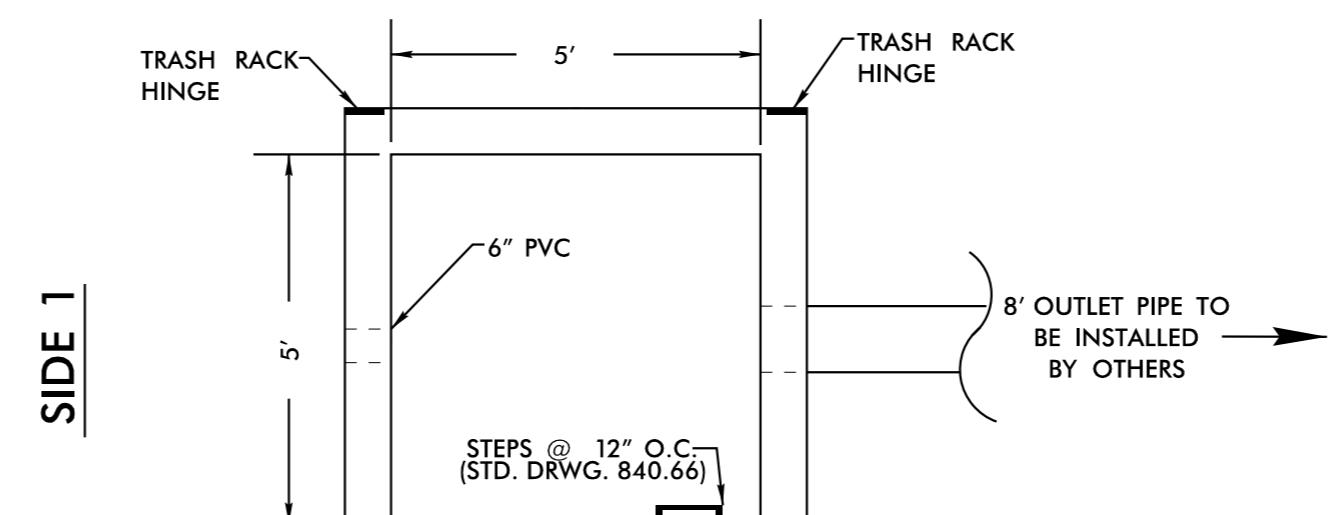
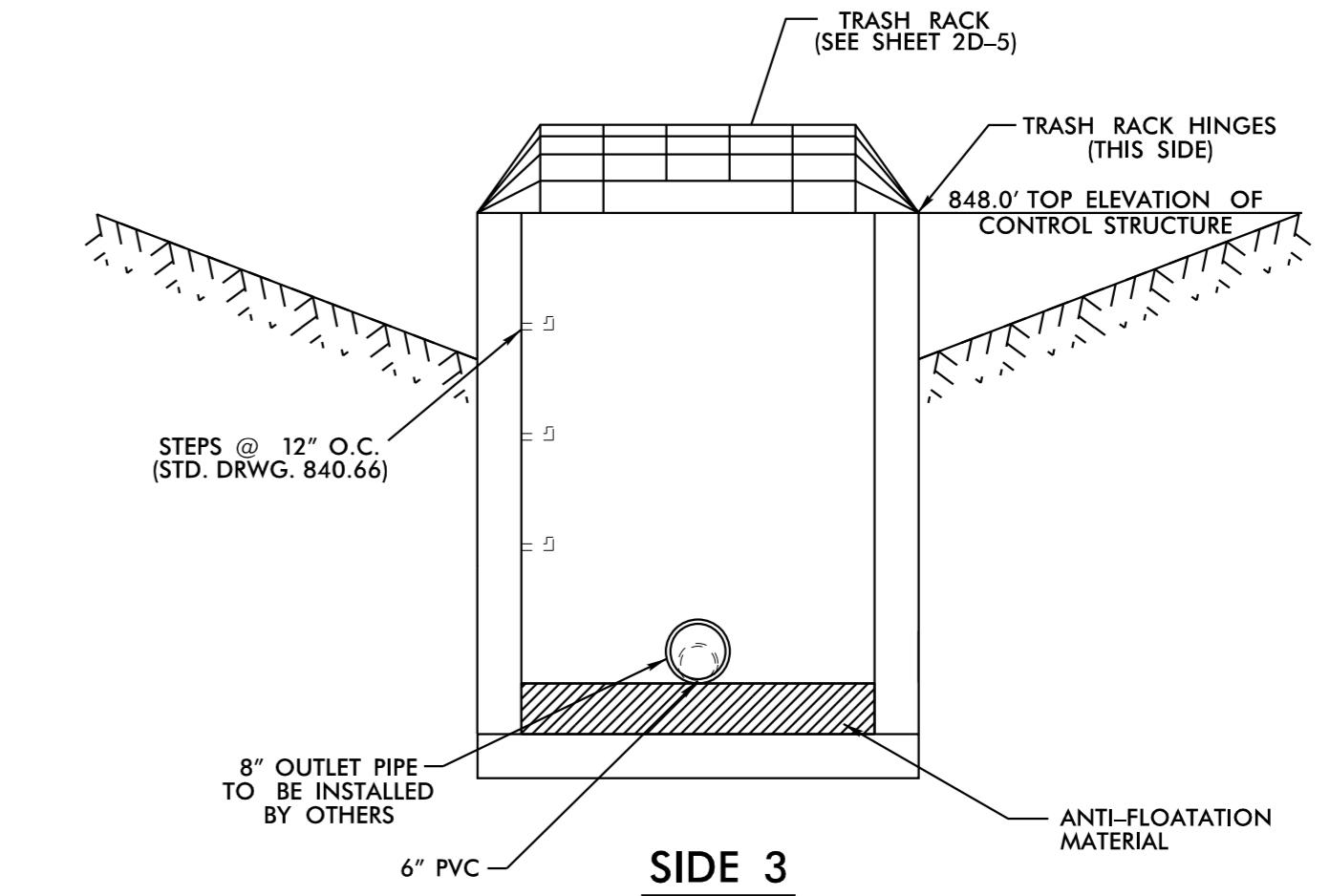
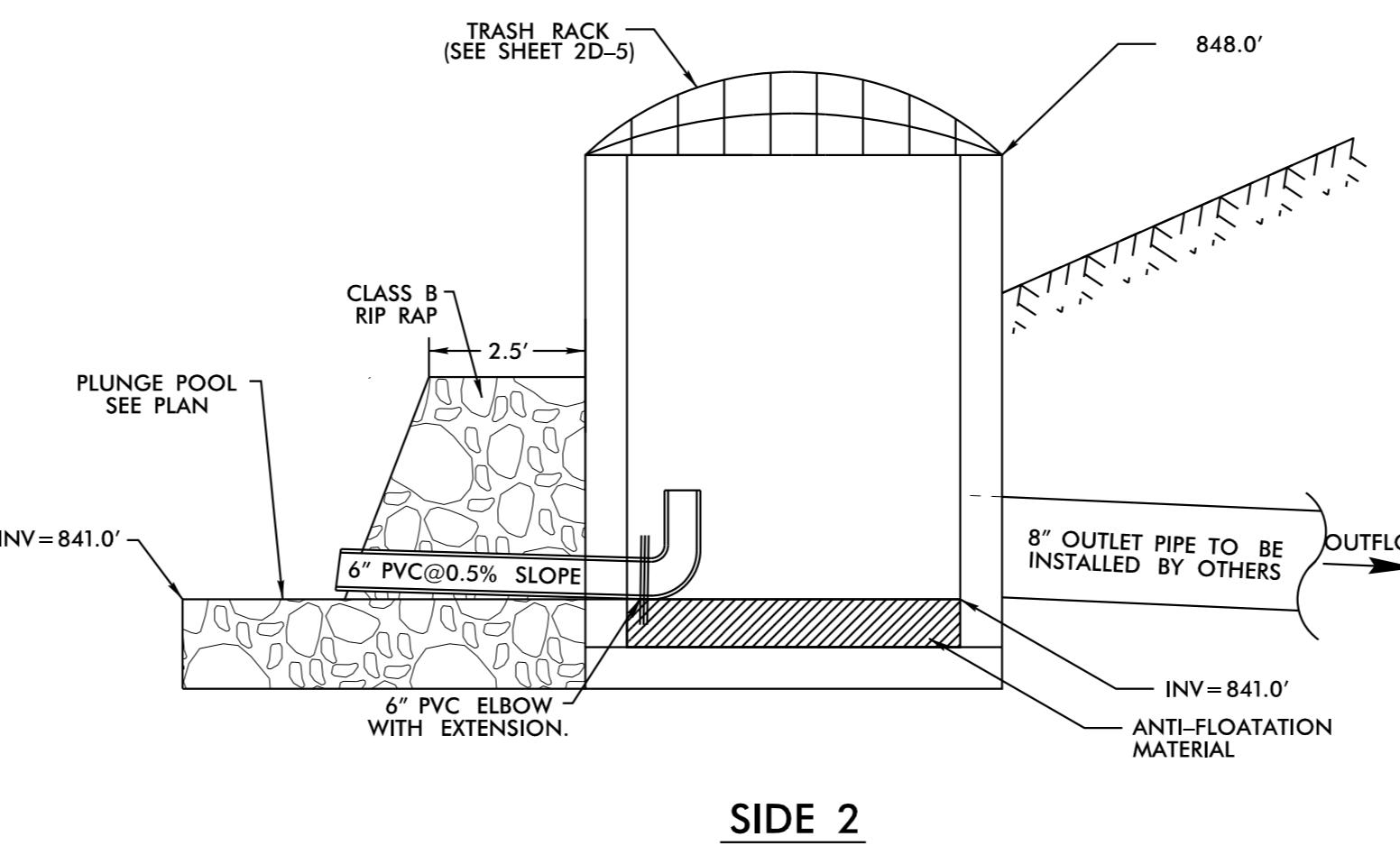
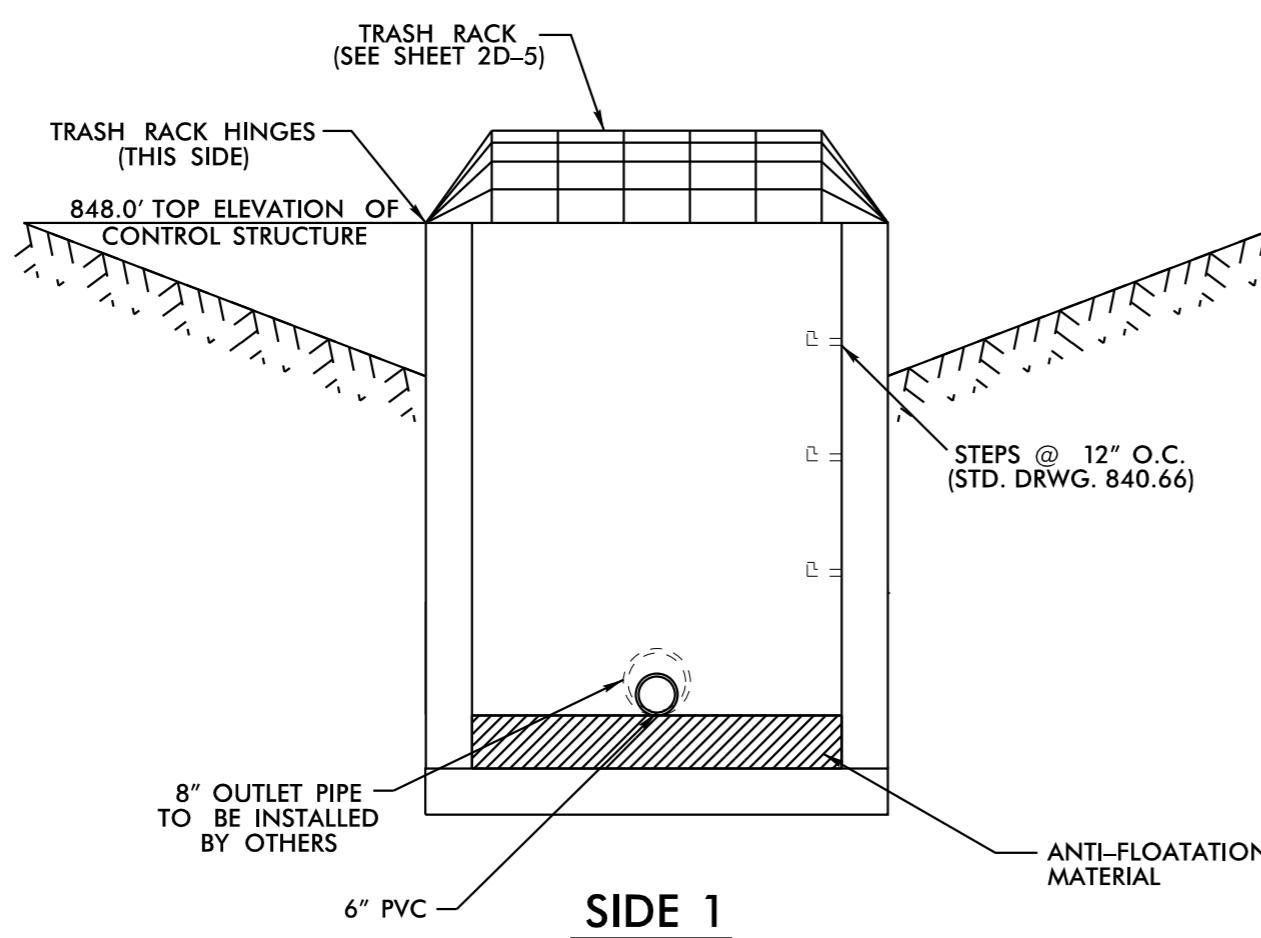
PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	HEET NO.
U-2579B 2D-3	
RW SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	PAVEMENT DESIGN ENGINEER
	DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED



PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
U-2579B	2D-4
RW SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN	PAVEMENT DESIGN
ENGINEER	ENGINEER
DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED	

**DETAIL**  
**STREAM BYPASS STRUCTURE**

\*NOT TO SCALE\*



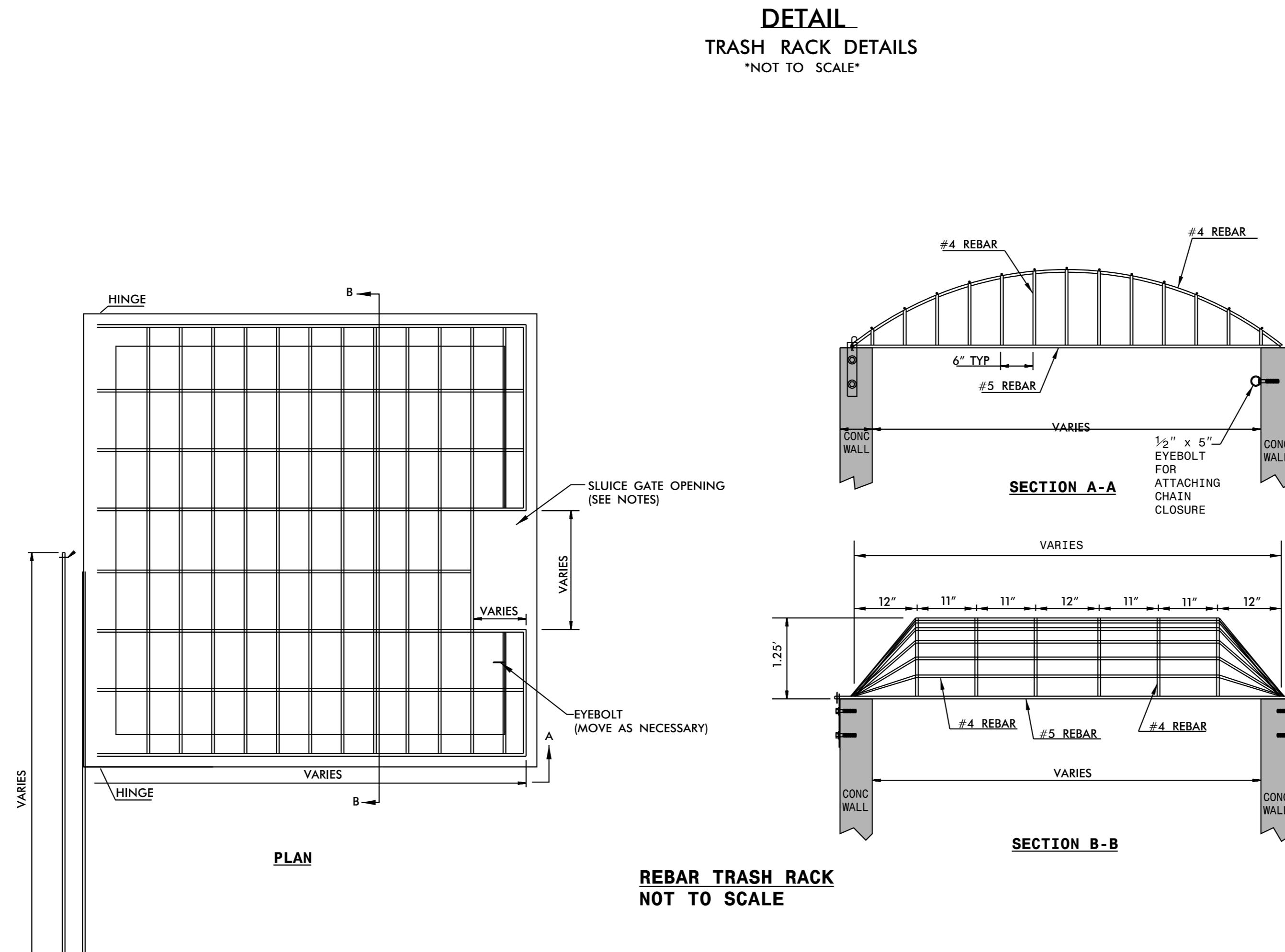
**PLAN VIEW**

TRASH RACK NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY

NOTES:

1. ADJUST FOOTER DIMENSIONS AS NEEDED FOR ANTI-FLOATATION. ANTI-FLOATATION MATERIAL IS REQUIRED AND SHALL BE CONCRETE.

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
U-2579B 2D-5	
RW SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	PAVEMENT DESIGN ENGINEER

DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL  
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

**RISER TRASH RACK NOTES:**

1. ALL JOINTS SHALL BE FULLY WELDED AROUND JOINT WITH A MINIMUM OF A 1/4" BEAD.
2. IF BOLTS ARE ANCHORED IN CONCRETE, FOLLOW STD. DWG. 862.03 AND 862.04 FOR ANCHORING PROCEDURE.
3. EYEBOLT FOR CHAIN CLOSURE SHALL BE INSTALLED BY THE SAME METHOD AS THE HINGE PLATE BOLTS.
4. RACK AND HARDWARE SHALL BE ALUMINUM OR REBAR AND GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM A-153.
5. PROVIDE OPENING IN TRASH RACK TO ACCOMODATE SLUICE GATE ON THE OUTLET PIPE. ENSURE TRASH RACK OPENS FREELY AND WITHOUT INTERFERENCE WITH SLUICE GATES.

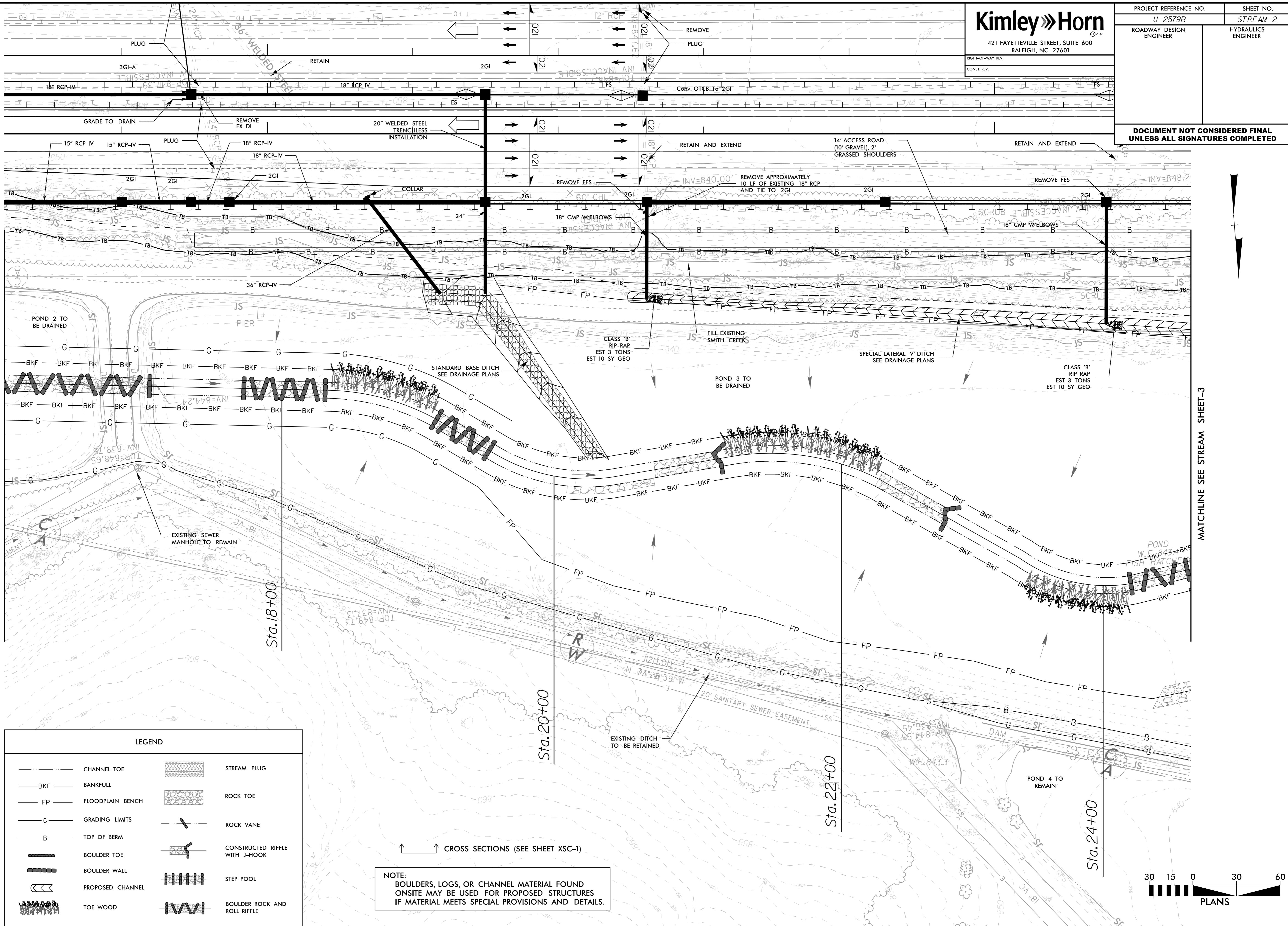


**DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL  
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED**

## REVISIONS

MATCHLINE SEE STREAM SHEET-1

WATCHLINE SEE STREAM SHEET 3

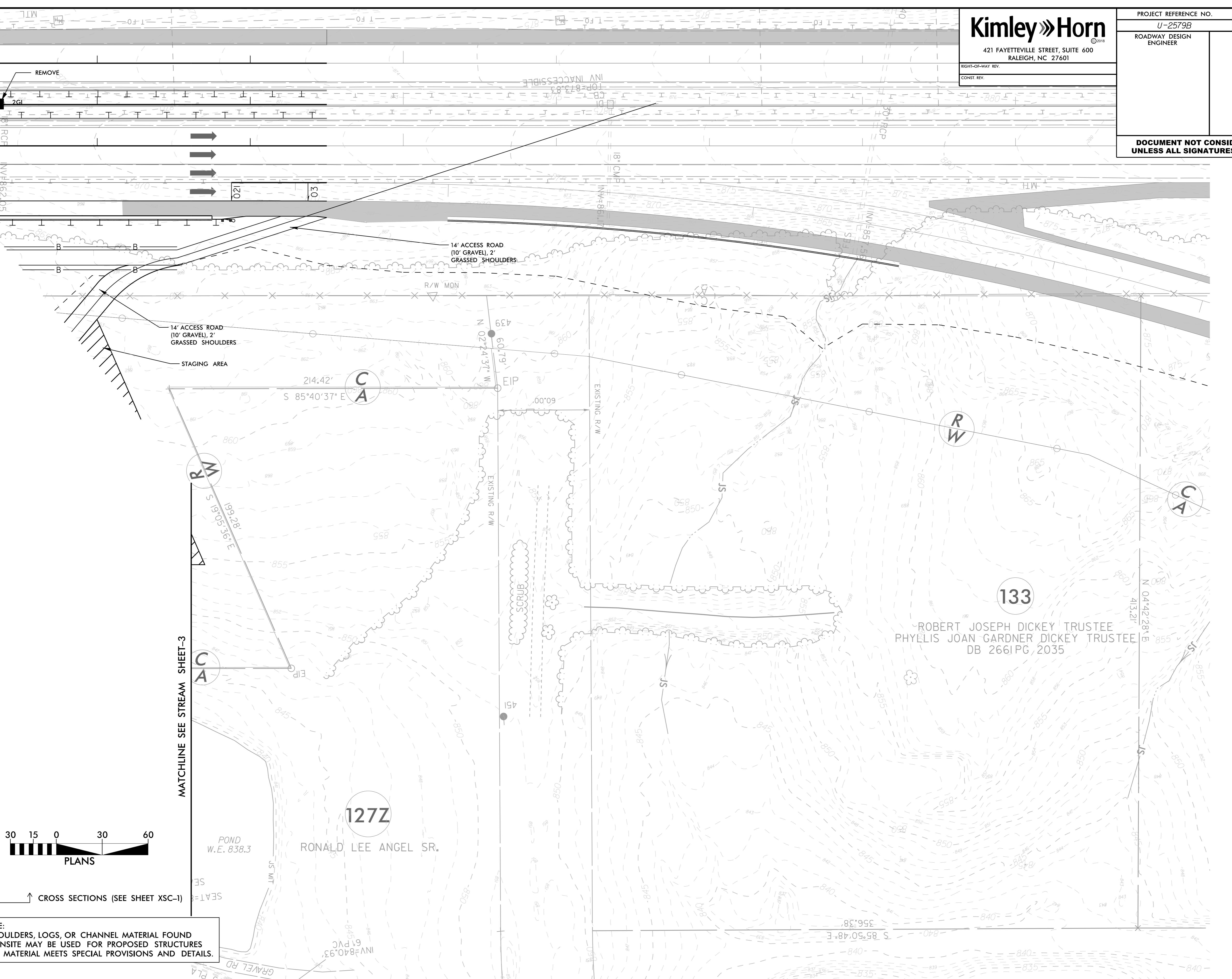


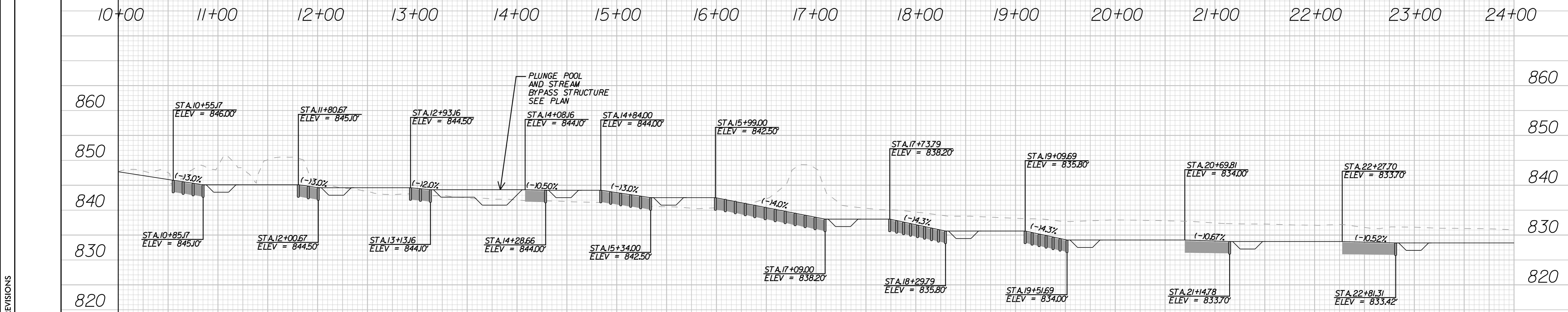


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UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED**

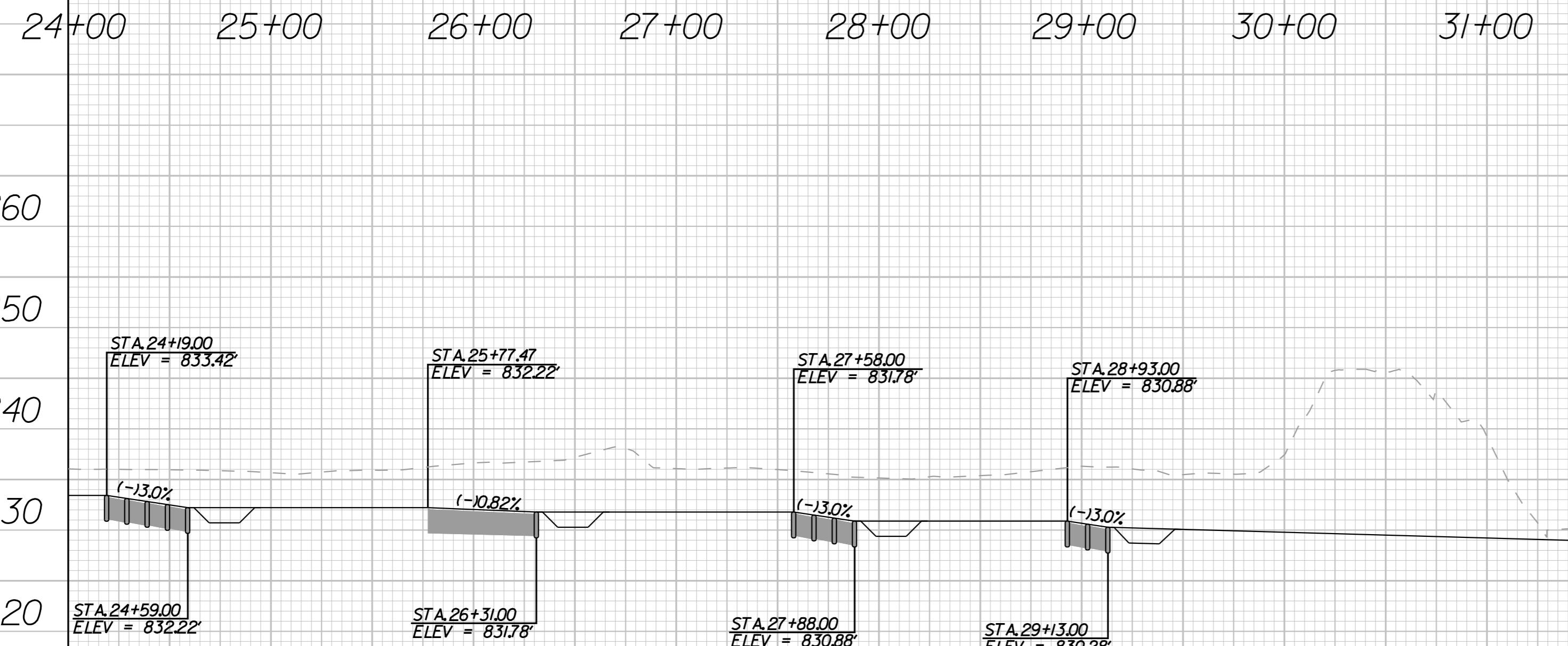
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## REVISIONS

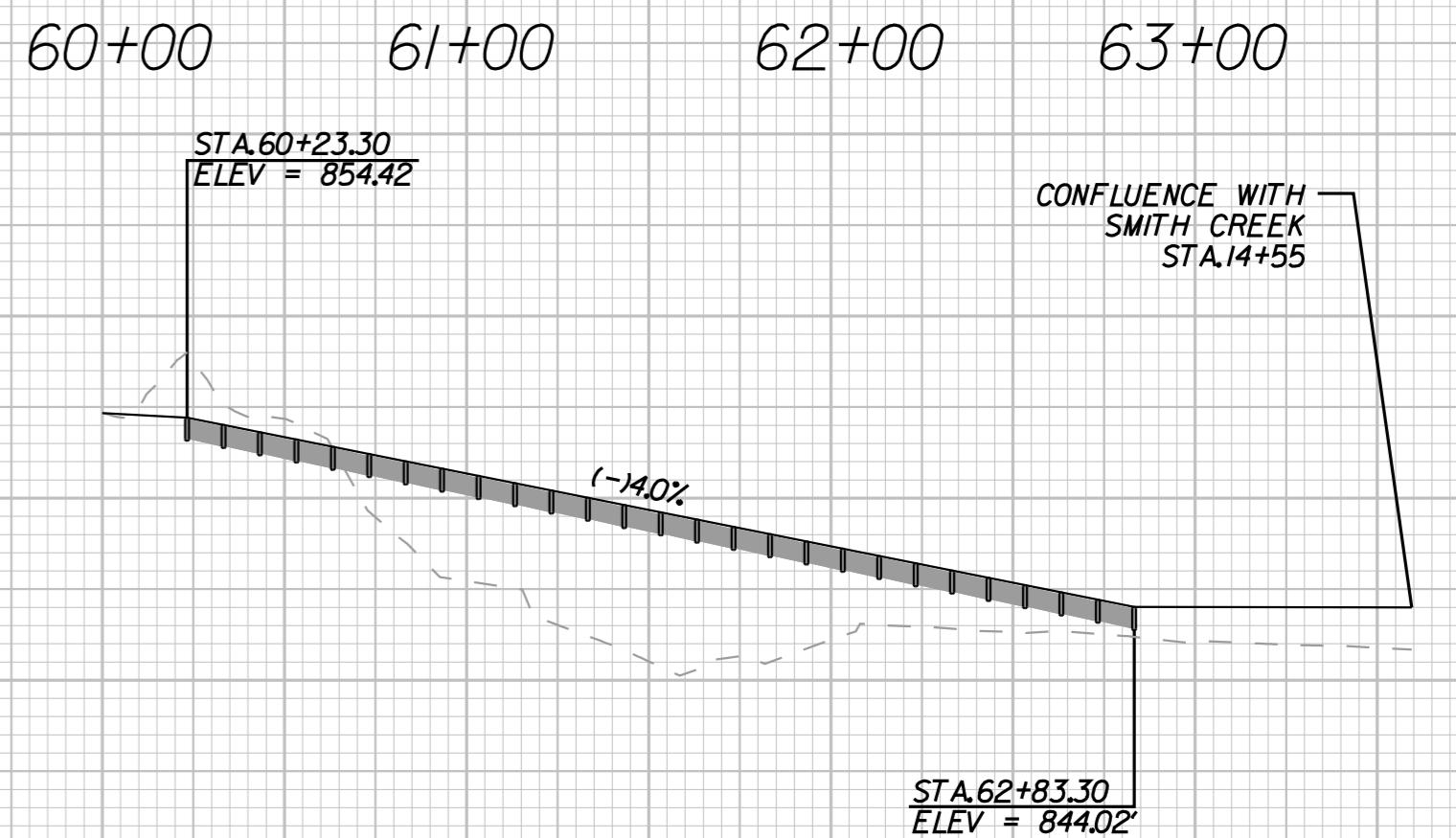




-SMITH CREEK-



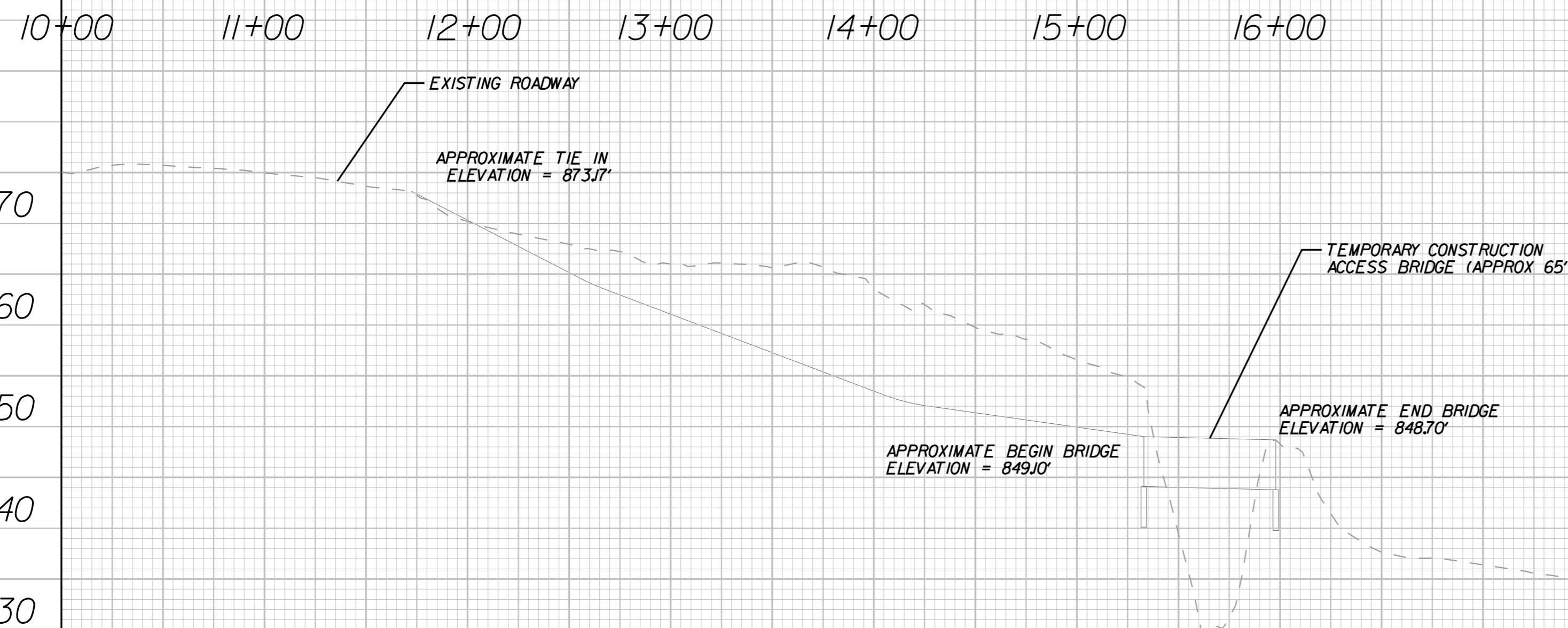
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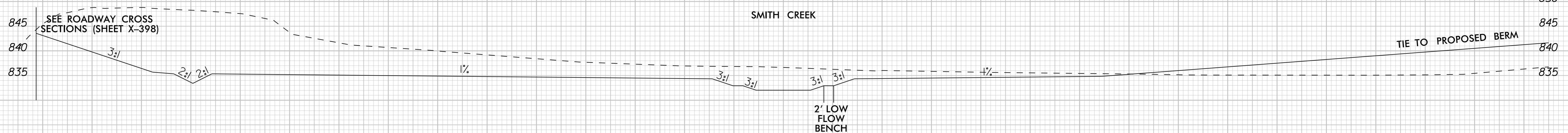
-TRIBUTARY TO SMITH CREEK-

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
U-2579B	PFL-2
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

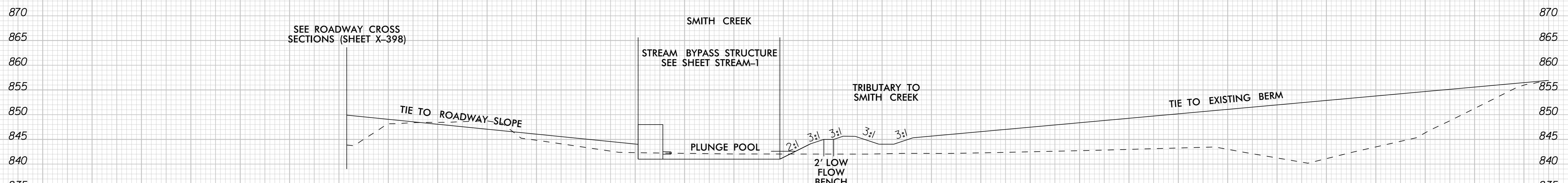
REVISIONS



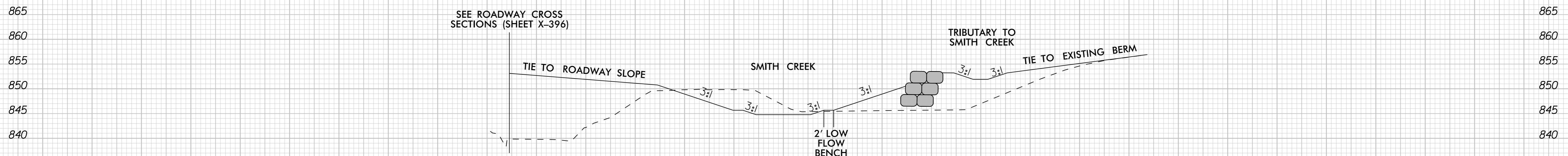
-TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ACCESS-



26 + 00



14 + 01.06



11 + 92.53

# -SMITH CREEK-

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
U-2579B	RF-1
RW SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

PLANTING ZONE DESCRIPTIONS AND NOTES	
	ZONE 1 - LIVE STAKE PLANTINGS
<u>LOCATION DESCRIPTION:</u> LOWER GRADED BANKS LOCATED BETWEEN NORMAL WATER ELEVATION AND BANKFULL ELEVATION.	
<u>APPLICATION:</u>	
1. AMEND SOIL AS DESCRIBED IN SPECIAL CONDITIONS, SOIL AMENDMENT SHALL BE SUITABLE FOR STREAM BANK APPLICATION, SO THAT AMENDMENTS ARE RESISTANT TO FREQUENT WATER INUNDATION. 2. APPLY TEMPORARY SEED AND PERMANENT SEED MIXTURES PER TABLE 2 THIS SHEET AND THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS. 3. APPLY WHEAT STRAW MULCH PER GENERAL NOTES THIS SHEET AND THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS. 4. INSTALL COIR FIBER MATTING PER THE COIR FIBER MATTING DETAIL ON ALL NEWLY GRADED STREAM BANK SLOPES. 5. INSTALL LIVE STAKE PLANTINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TABLE 1, LIVE STAKE DETAIL THIS SHEET, AND THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS.	
	ZONE 2 - RIPARIAN PLANTINGS
<u>LOCATION DESCRIPTION:</u> AREAS ABOVE BANKFULL.	
<u>APPLICATION:</u>	
1. AMEND SOIL AS DESCRIBED IN SPECIAL CONDITIONS, SOIL AMENDMENT SHALL BE SUITABLE FOR STREAM BANK APPLICATION, SO THAT AMENDMENTS ARE RESISTANT TO FREQUENT WATER INUNDATION. 2. APPLY TEMPORARY SEED AND PERMANENT SEED MIXTURES PER TABLE 2 THIS SHEET AND THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS. 3. APPLY WHEAT STRAW MULCH PER GENERAL NOTES THIS SHEET AND THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS. 4. INSTALL COIR FIBER MATTING ON ALL NEWLY GRADED OR DISTURBED SLOPES STEEPER THAN 1%. 5. INSTALL BARE ROOT PLANTINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TABLE 1, BARE ROOT DETAIL THIS SHEET, AND THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS.	

TABLE 1: TREES AND SHRUBS PLANTING TABLE <sup>4</sup>					
SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	TYPE <sup>1</sup>	MIN/MAX COMPOSITION OF EACH ZONE	PLANT SPACING	
				FEET ON CENTER <sup>2</sup>	NUMBER PER 1 ACRE <sup>3</sup>
ZONE 1					
<i>Salix nigra</i>	Black Willow	LS	20/50	2-3	10890
<i>Sambucus canadensis</i>	Elderberry	LS	20/50		
<i>Cornus amomum</i>	Silky Dogwood	LS	20/50		
ZONE 2					
<i>Betula nigra</i>	River Birch	B	10/30	6-10	680
<i>Cornus amomum</i>	Silky Dogwood	B	10/30		
<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>	Sycamore	B	10/30		
<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i>	Yellow poplar	B	10/30		
<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	Overcup Oak	B	10/30		
<i>Quercus phellos</i>	Willow Oak	B	10/30		
<i>Quercus michauxii</i>	Swamp Chestnut Oak	B	10/30		

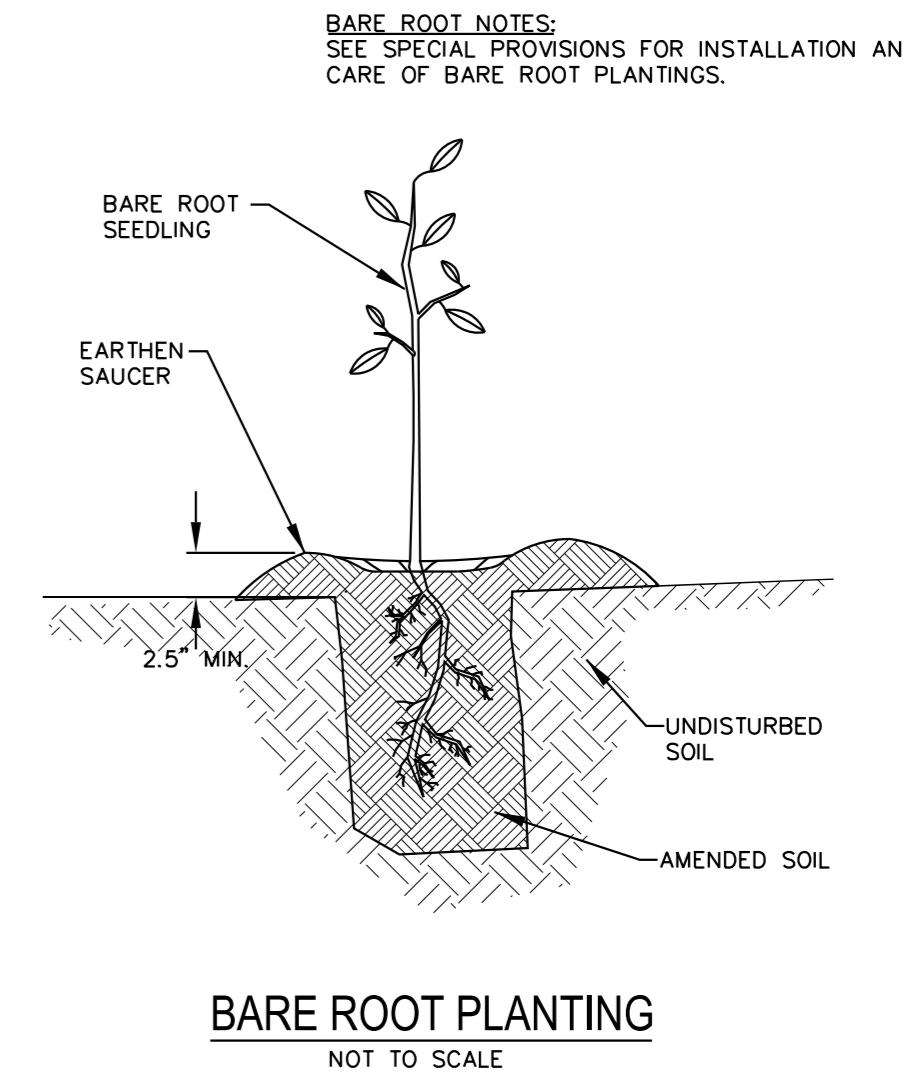
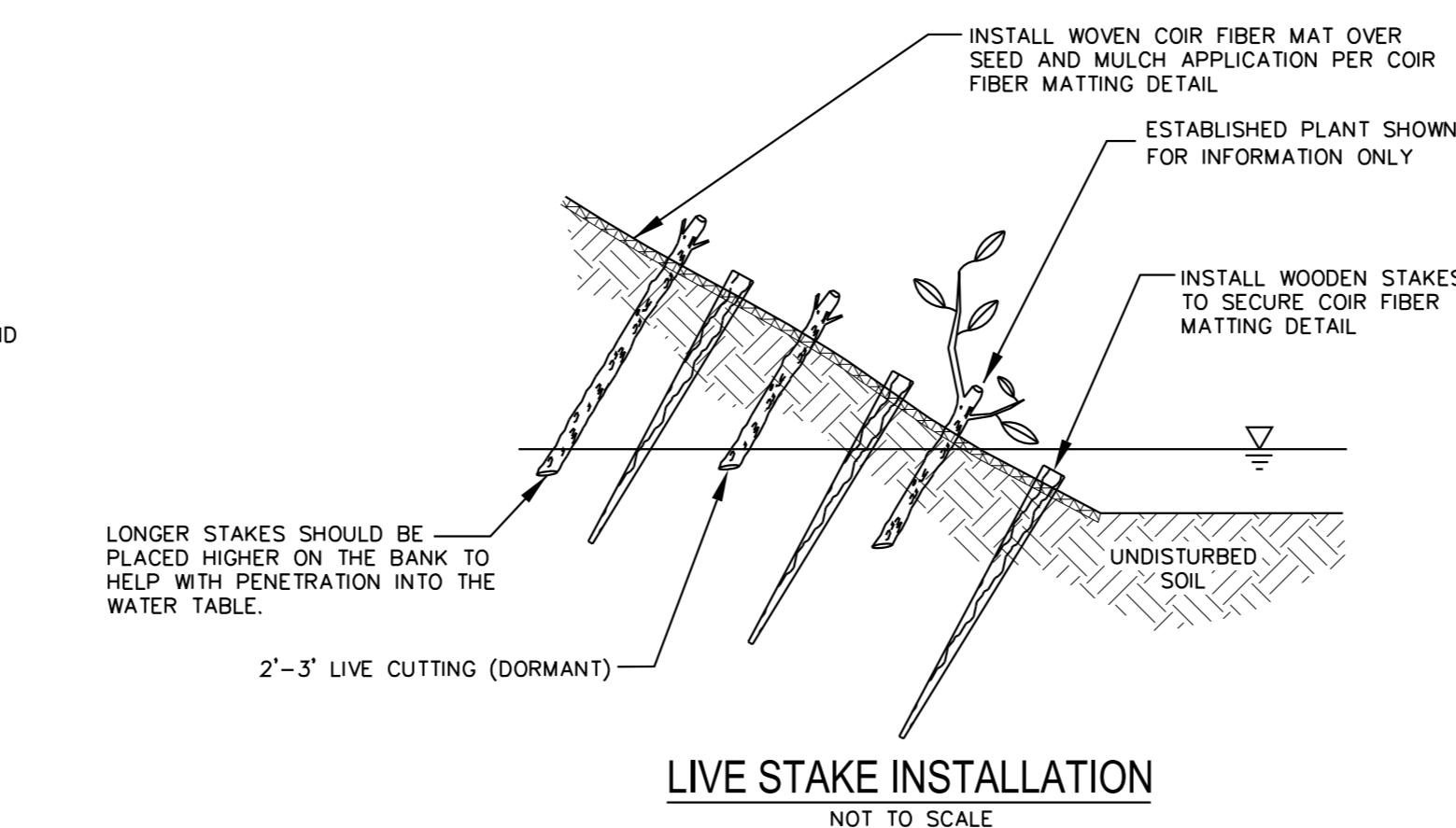
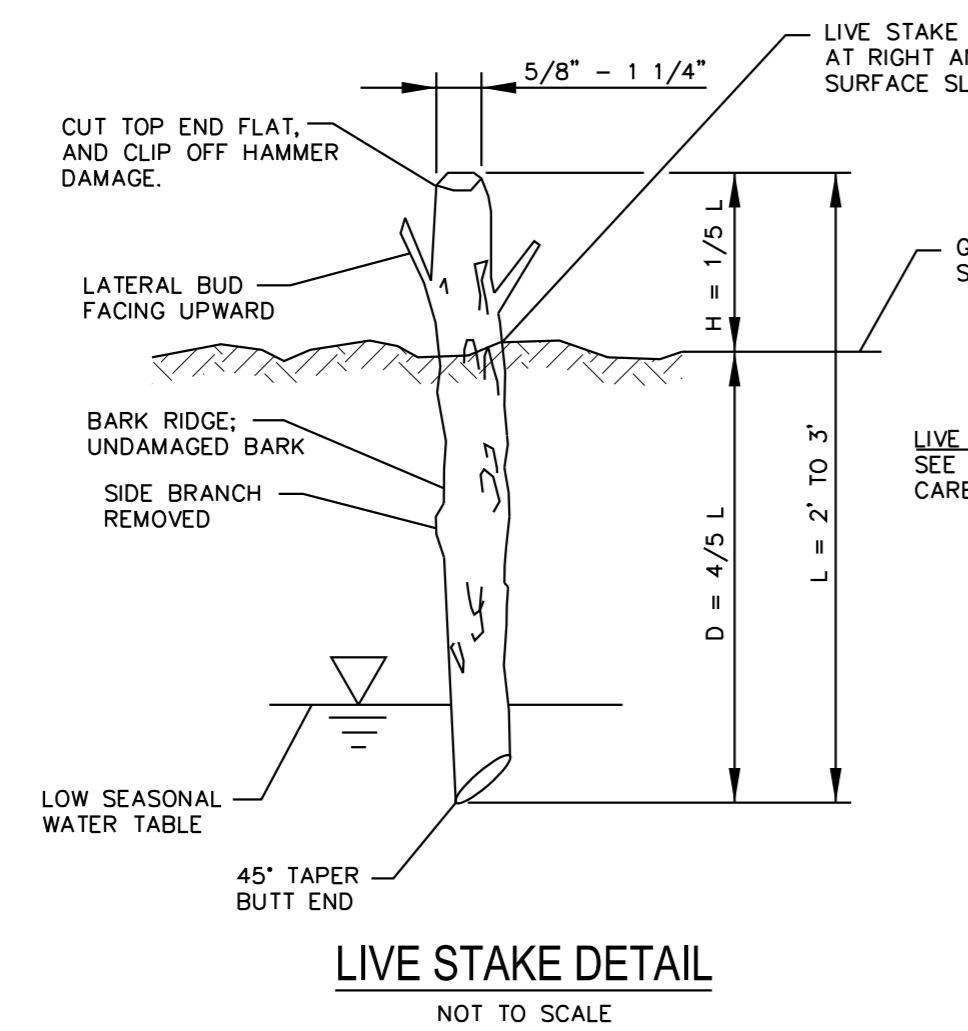
1. LS = LIVE STAKE, B = BARE ROOT SEEDLING
2. AVERAGE FEET ON CENTER SPACING
3. AVERAGE NUMBER PER 1 ACRE OF PLANTING ZONE
4. PLANT SPECIES TO BE PLANTED BASED ON AVAILABILITY

**GENERAL NOTES**

TEMPORARY PLANTING AND PERMANENT SEEDING SHALL OCCUR IMMEDIATELY AFTER CONSTRUCTION TO STABILIZE AREAS OF BARE SOIL. PERMANENT PLANTINGS SHALL BE COMPLETED BETWEEN NOVEMBER 15 AND MARCH 1. HOWEVER, PLANTING MAY OCCUR OUTSIDE THIS WINDOW AS APPROVED BY DESIGN ENGINEER.

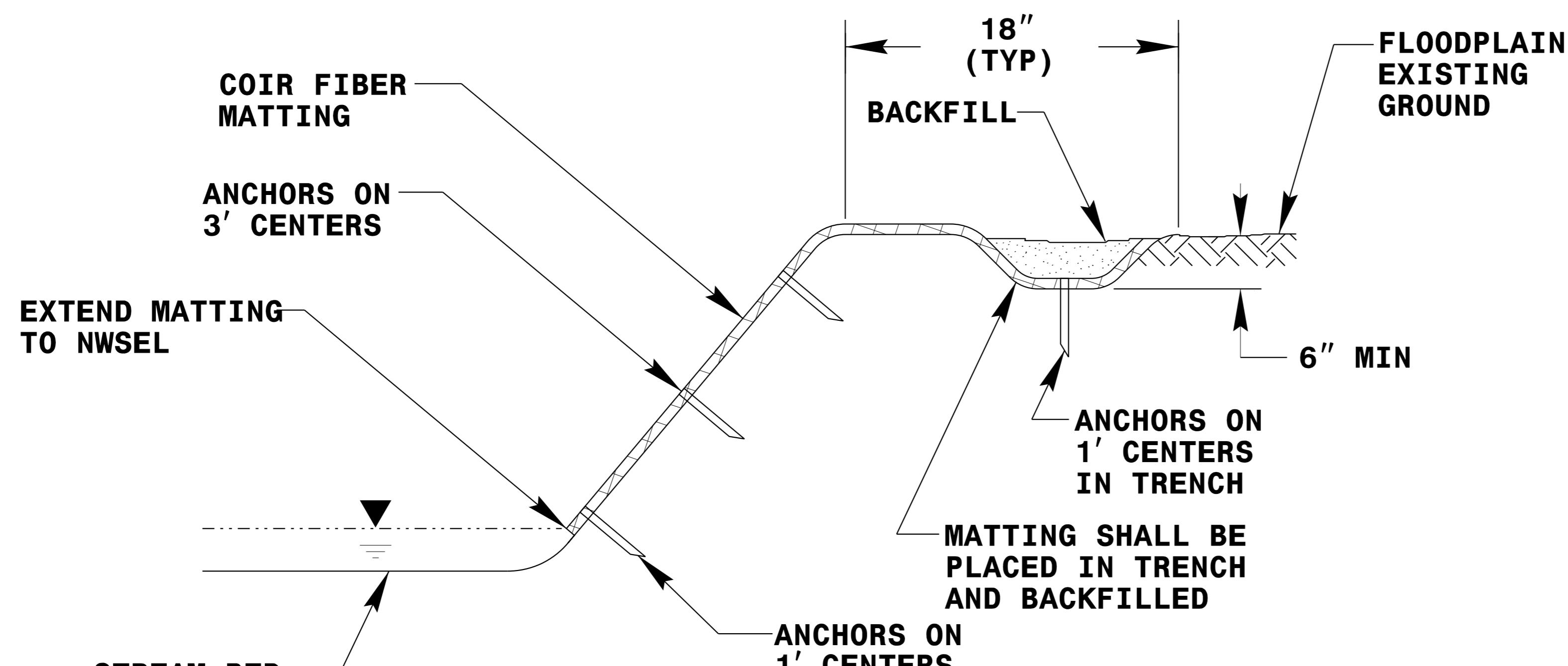
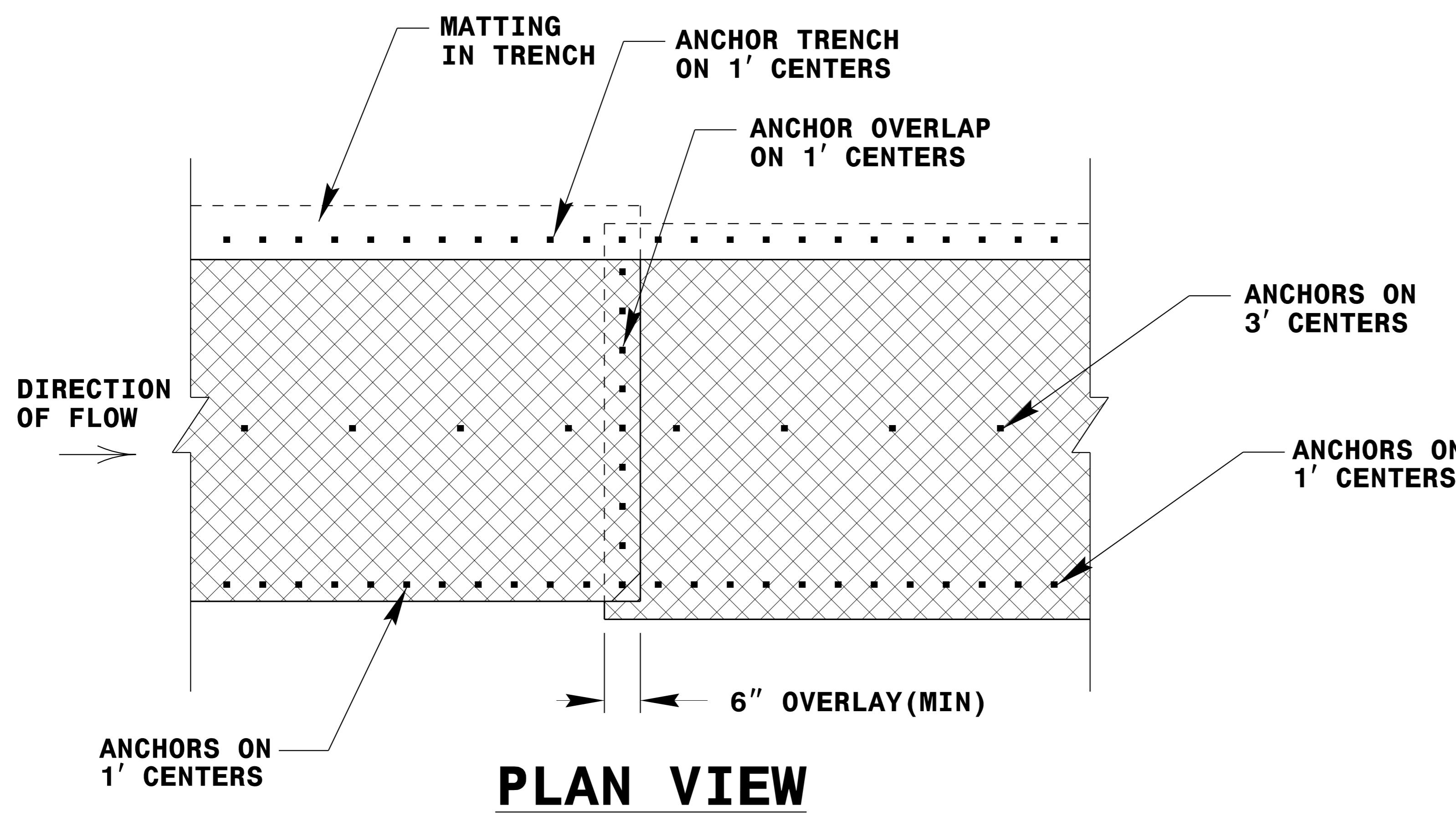
\*SEE NCDOT SPECIAL PROVISION FOR STABILIZATION REQUIREMENTS FOR TEMPORARY SEED MIX, FERTILIZER APPLICATION RATES, AND OTHER PLANTING DETAILS.

TABLE 2: PERMANENT SEED MIXTURE <sup>1</sup>	
COMMON NAME	LBS/ACRE
AUGUST 1 - JUNE 1	
Creeping Red Fescue	18
Big Bluestem	8
Indiangrass	6
Switchgrass	4
Rye Grass	35
*Fertilizer	500
Limestone	4000
MAY 1 - SEPTEMBER 1	
Creeping Red Fescue	18
Big Bluestem	8
Indiangrass	6
Switchgrass	4
German or Browntop Millet	25
*Fertilizer	500
Limestone	4000



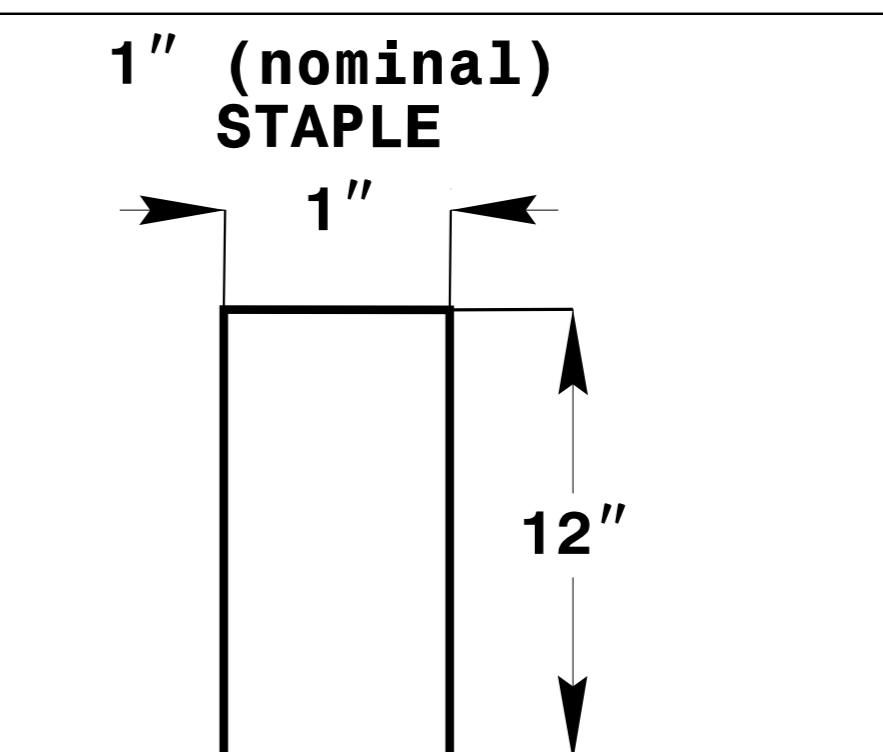
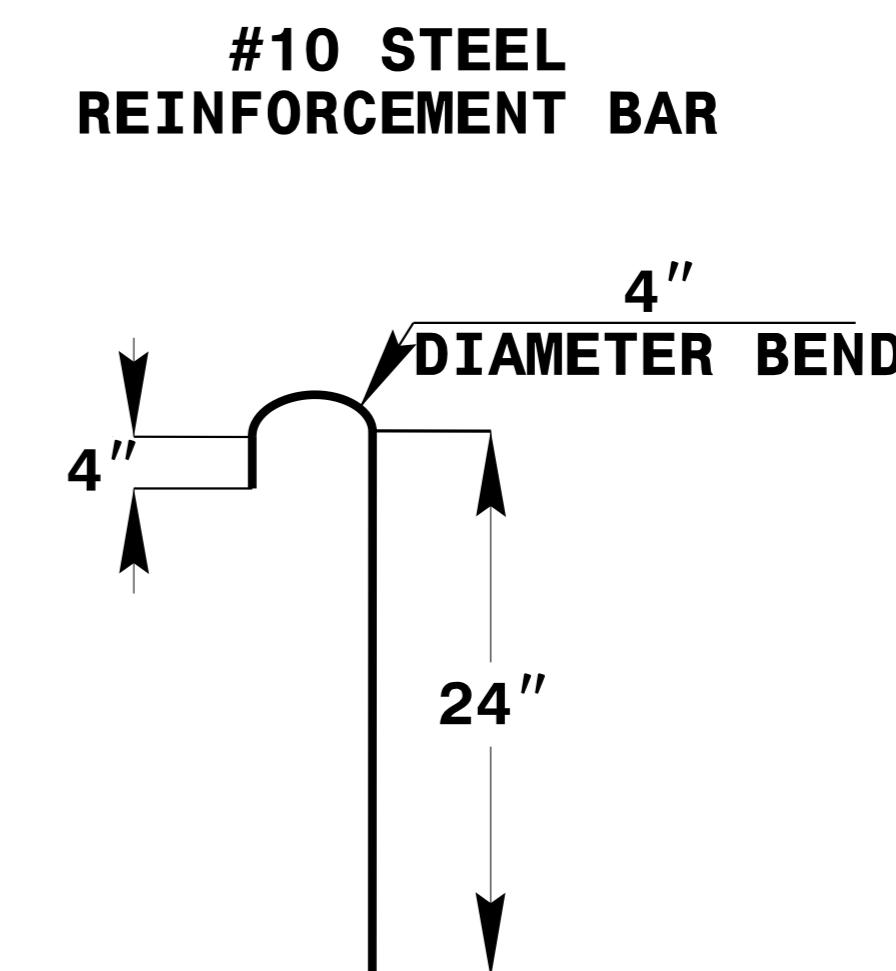
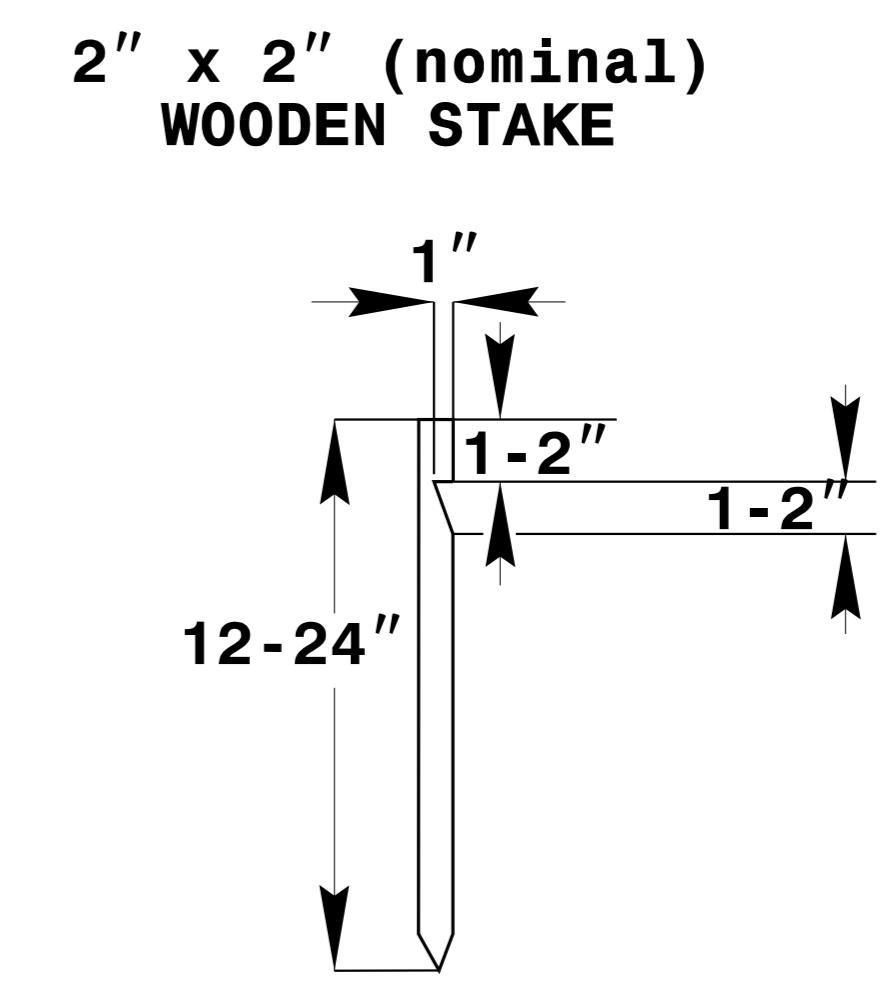
**STREAMBANK REFORESTATION**  
**DETAIL SHEET 1 OF 2**

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
U-2579B	RF-2
RW SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER



## COIR FIBER MATTING DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE



## ANCHOR OPTIONS

**STREAMBANK REFORESTATION  
DETAIL SHEET 2 OF 2**

N.C.D.O.T. - ROADSIDE ENVIRONMENTAL UNIT

## REVISIONS

## **MATCHLINE SEE PLANTING-2**

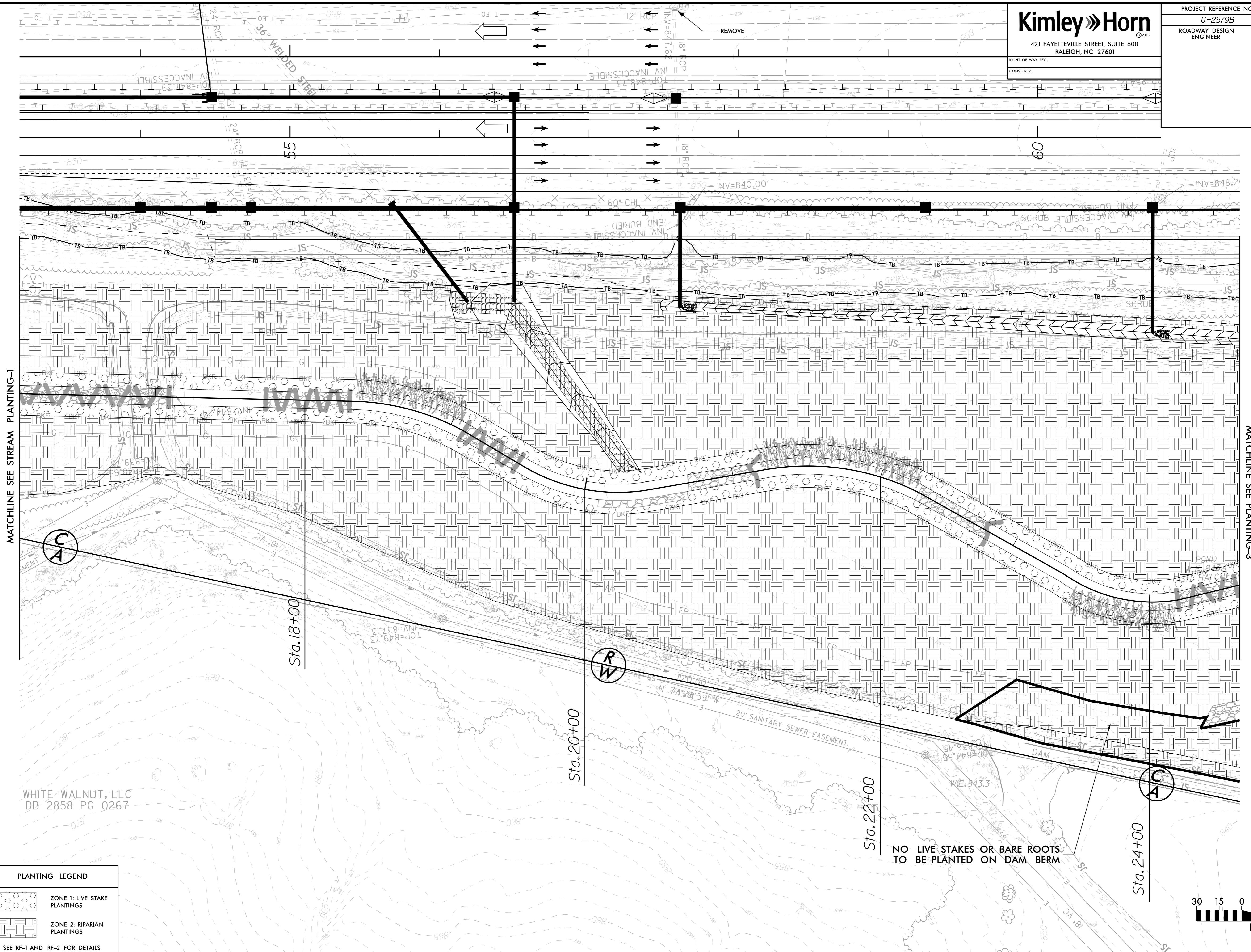
PLANTINGS

ZONE 2: RIPARIAN  
PLANTINGS

SEE RF-1 AND RF-2 FOR DETAILS

SEE RF-1 AND RF-2 FOR DETA

10/28/2019



PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	PLANTING-3
U-2579B	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	
HYDRAULICS ENGINEER	

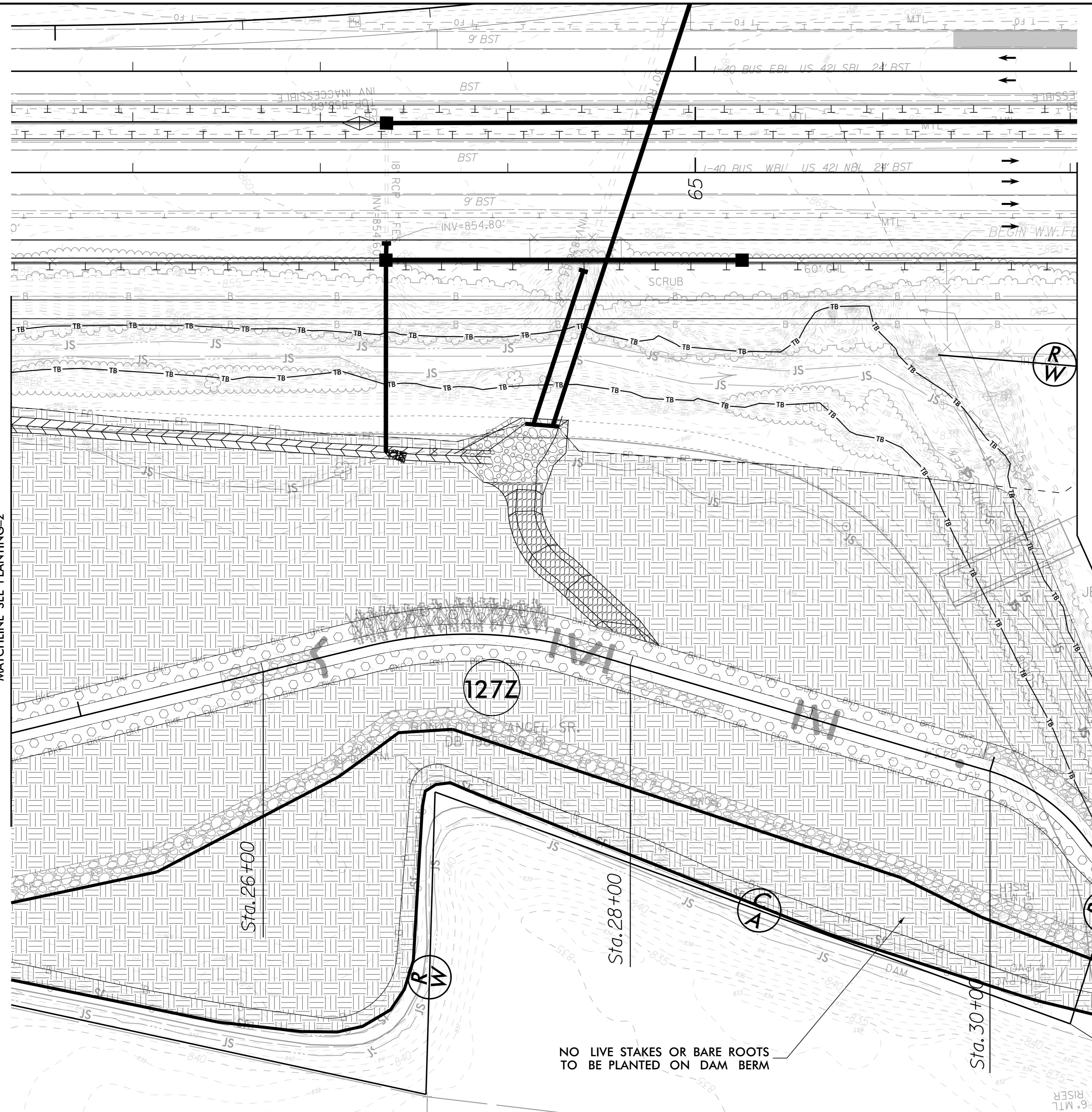
## PLANTING LEGEND

ZONE 1: LIVE STAKE  
PLANTINGSZONE 2: RIPARIAN  
PLANTINGS

SEE RF-1 AND RF-2 FOR DETAILS

REVISIONS

MATCHLINE SEE PLANTING-2



## REVISIONS

