

PROJECT: 67155

REFERENCE: BR-0155

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STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STRUCTURE
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY ROCKINGHAM
PROJECT DESCRIPTION REPLACE BRIDGE 163 ON
US 158 OVER HOGAN'S CREEK

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	BR-0155	1	

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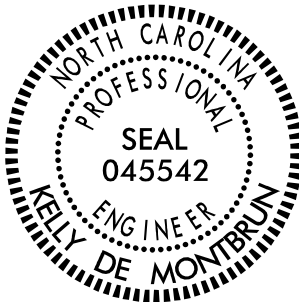
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Prepared in the Office of:



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NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION										GRADATION										ROCK DESCRIPTION										TERMS AND DEFINITIONS									
SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM D1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE, <i>VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6</i>										WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.										HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS: WEATHERED ROCK (WR) NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED. CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR) FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC. NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR) FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC. COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK (CP) COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC.										ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLOGGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL. FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT. LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS. SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATERIAL.									
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION										MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION										WEATHERING																			
GENERAL CLASS. GRANULAR MATERIALS (< 35% PASSING #200) SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (> 35% PASSING #200) ORGANIC MATERIALS										MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.										FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.																			
GROUP CLASS. A-1-a A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-3 A-4, A-5 A-6, A-7										SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50										VERY SLIGHT (V SL.) ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.																			
SYMBOL										PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL										SLIGHT (SL.) ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.																			
Z PASSING #10 #40 #200										ORGANIC MATERIAL GRANULAR SOILS SILT - CLAY SOILS OTHER MATERIAL										MODERATE (MOD.) SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.																			
MATERIAL PASSING #40 LL PI										GROUND WATER										MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL</i>																			
GROUP INDEX										MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS										SEVERE (SEV.) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF</i>																			
USUAL TYPES OF MAJOR MATERIALS										RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS										VERY SEVERE (V SEV.) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF</i>																			
GEN. RATING AS SUBGRADE										ABBREVIATIONS										COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.																			
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS < LL - 30; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30										EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT										ROCK HARDNESS																			
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS										DRILL UNITS:										VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.																			
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY RANGE OF STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE (N-VALUE) RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/FT ²)										ADVANCING TOOLS:										HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.																			
GENERALLY GRANULAR MATERIAL (NON-COHESSIVE)										CME-45C										MODERATELY HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.																			
GENERALLY SILT-CLAY MATERIAL (COHESSIVE)										CME-55										MEDIUM HARD CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PIECES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.																			
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE										CME-550X										SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.																			
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (MM)										VANE SHEAR TEST										VERY SOFT CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.																			
BOULDER (BLDR.) COBBLE (COB.) GRAVEL (GR.) COARSE SAND (CSE. SD.) FINE SAND (F SD.) SILT (SL.) CLAY (CL.)										PORTABLE HOIST										FRACTURE SPACING																			
GRAIN SIZE										MOBILE B-29										BEDDING																			
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS										COLOR										INDURATION																			
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS) FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION										DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.										FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.																			
LL LIQUID LIMIT - SATURATED - (SAT.) USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE																				FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.																			
PLASTIC RANGE (PI) PL PLASTIC LIMIT - WET - (W) SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE																				MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.																			
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE SHRINKAGE LIMIT - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE																				INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.																			
																				EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.																			

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DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

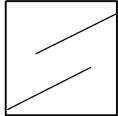
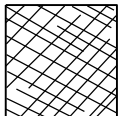
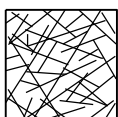
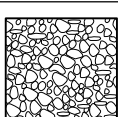
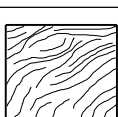
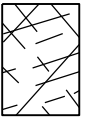
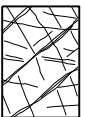
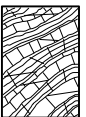
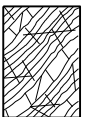
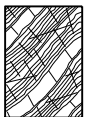
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SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

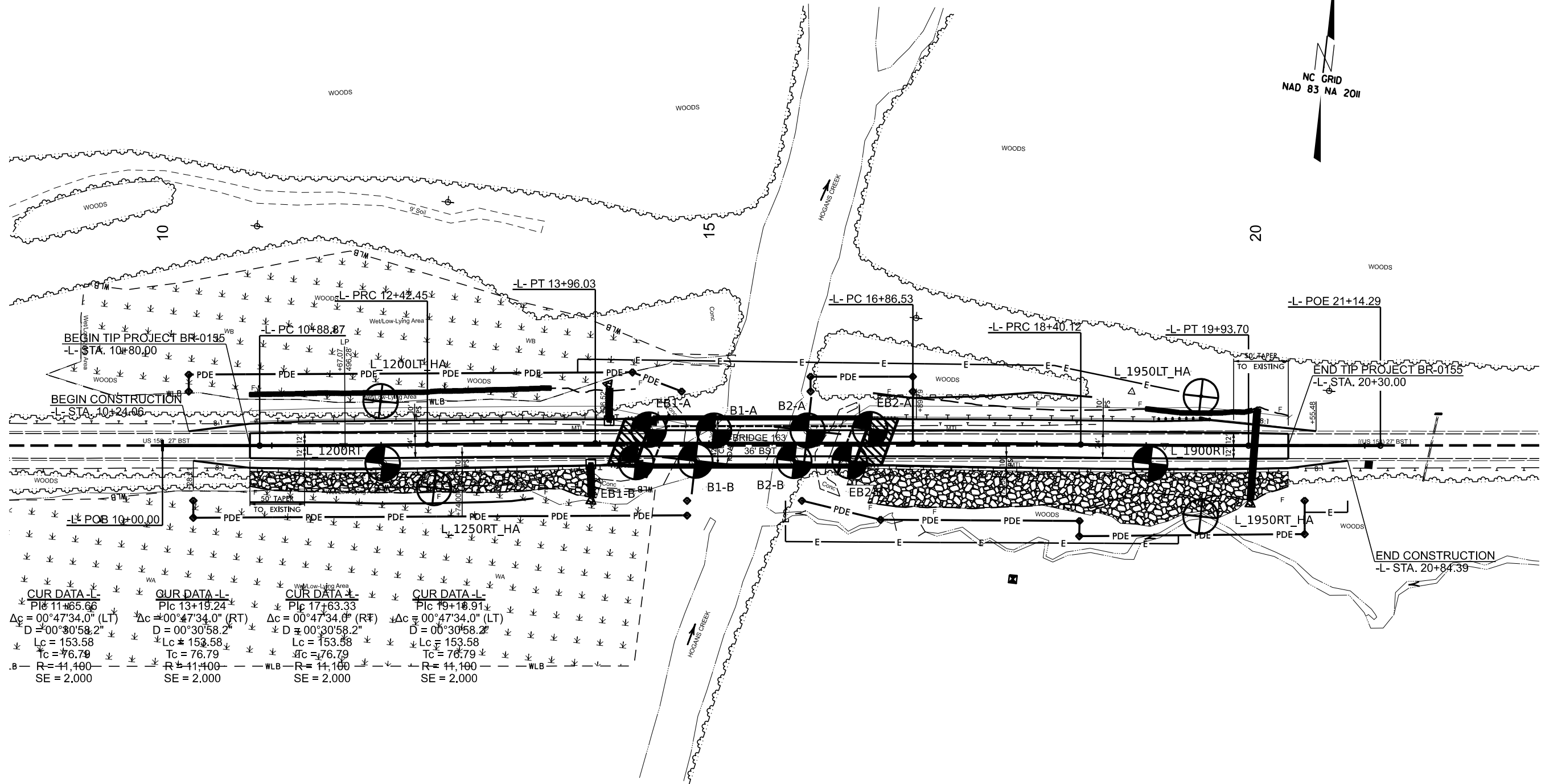
SUPPLEMENTAL LEGEND, GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) TABLES
FROM AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS

AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-1 — Determination of GSI for Jointed Rock Mass (Marinos and Hoek, 2000)

AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-2 — Determination of GSI for Tectonically Deformed Heterogeneous Rock Masses (Marinos and Hoek, 2000)

GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) FOR JOINTED ROCKS (Hoek and Marinos, 2000) From the lithology, structure and surface conditions of the discontinuities, estimate the average value of GSI. Do not try to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than stating that GSI = 35. Note that the table does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where weak planar structural planes are present in an unfavorable orientation with respect to the excavation face, these will dominate the rock mass behaviour. The shear strength of surfaces in rocks that are prone to deterioration as a result of changes in moisture content will be reduced if water is present. When working with rocks in the fair to very poor categories, a shift to the right may be made for wet conditions. Water pressure is dealt with by effective stress analysis.	SURFACE CONDITIONS VERY GOOD Very rough, fresh unweathered surfaces GOOD Rough, slightly weathered, iron stained surfaces FAIR Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with compact coatings or fillings or angular fragments VERY POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings	STRUCTURE INTACT OR MASSIVE - intact rock specimens or massive in situ rock with few widely spaced discontinuities BLOCKY - well interlocked undisturbed rock mass consisting of cubical blocks formed by three intersecting discontinuity sets VERY BLOCKY - interlocked, partially disturbed mass with multi-faceted angular blocks formed by 4 or more joint sets BLOCKY/DISTURBED/SEAMY - folded with angular blocks formed by many intersecting discontinuity sets. Persistence of bedding planes or schistosity DISINTEGRATED - poorly interlocked, heavily broken rock mass with mixture of angular and rounded rock pieces LAMINATED/SHEARED - Lack of blockiness due to close spacing of weak schistosity or shear planes	DECREASING SURFACE QUALITY ➡ 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 N/A N/A	GSI FOR HETEROGENEOUS ROCK MASSES SUCH AS FLYSCH (Marinos, P and Hoek E., 2000) From a description of the lithology, structure and surface conditions (particularly of the bedding planes), choose a box in the chart. Locate the position in the box that corresponds to the condition of the discontinuities and estimate the average value of GSI from the contours. Do not attempt to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than giving GSI = 35. Note that the Hoek-Brown criterion does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where unfavourably oriented continuous weak planar discontinuities are present, these will dominate the behaviour of the rock mass. The strength of some rock masses is reduced by the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair, poor and very poor conditions. Water pressure does not change the value of GSI and it is dealt with by using effective stress analysis.	SURFACE CONDITIONS OF DISCONTINUITIES (Predominantly bedding planes) VERY GOOD - Very Rough, fresh unweathered surfaces GOOD - Rough, slightly weathered surfaces FAIR - Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces POOR - Very smooth, occasionally slickensided surfaces with compact coatings or fillings with angular fragments VERY POOR - Very smooth, slickensided or highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings	COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURE A. Thick bedded, very blocky sandstone The effect of pelitic coatings on the bedding planes is minimized by the confinement of the rock mass. In shallow tunnels or slopes these bedding planes may cause structurally controlled instability. B. Sandstone with thin inter-layers of siltstone C. Sandstone and siltstone in similar amounts D. Siltstone or silty shale with sandstone layers E. Weak siltstone or clayey shale with sandstone layers C, D, E, and G - may be more or less folded than illustrated but this does not change the strength. Tectonic deformation, faulting and loss of continuity moves these categories to F and H. F. Tectonically deformed, intensively folded/faulted, sheared clayey shale or siltstone with broken and deformed sandstone layers forming an almost chaotic structure G. Undisturbed silty or clayey shale with or without a few very thin sandstone layers H. Tectonically deformed silty or clayey shale forming a chaotic structure with pockets of clay. Thin layers of sandstone are transformed into small rock pieces. 70 60 50 40 30 20 10
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➡ Means deformation after tectonic disturbance



CUR DATA -L-			
Plc 11+65.66	Plc 13+19.24	Plc 17+63.33	Plc 19+18.91
$\Delta c = 00^\circ 47' 34.0''$ (LT)	$\Delta c = 00^\circ 47' 34.0''$ (RT)	$\Delta c = 00^\circ 47' 34.0''$ (RT)	$\Delta c = 00^\circ 47' 34.0''$ (LT)
$D = 00^\circ 30' 58.2''$	$D = 00^\circ 30' 58.2''$	$D = 00^\circ 30' 58.2''$	$D = 00^\circ 30' 58.2''$
$Lc = 153.58$	$Lc = 153.58$	$Lc = 153.58$	$Lc = 153.58$
$Tc = 76.79$	$Tc = 76.79$	$Tc = 76.79$	$Tc = 76.79$
$R = 41,400$	$R = 41,400$	$R = 41,400$	$R = 41,400$
$SE = 2,000$	$SE = 2,000$	$SE = 2,000$	$SE = 2,000$



GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

BORE LOG

WBS 67155.1.1				TIP BR-0155				COUNTY ROCKINGHAM				GEOLOGIST M. Malisher					
SITE DESCRIPTION Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogan's Creek																GROUND WTR (ft)	
BORING NO. L_1200LT_HA				STATION 12+00				OFFSET 40 ft LT				ALIGNMENT -L-				0 HR. 2.0	
COLLAR ELEV. 484.2 ft				TOTAL DEPTH 3.2 ft				NORTHING 964,431				EASTING 1,843,716				24 HR. FIAD	
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE N/A										DRILL METHOD Hand Auger				HAMMER TYPE N/A			
DRILLER N/A				START DATE 01/03/25				COMP. DATE 01/03/25				SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A					
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION			
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100				ELEV. (ft) DEPTH (ft)			
485																	
														484.2	GROUND SURFACE 0.0		
												M		483.2	ALLUVIAL Soft, Brown-Gray, Fine Sandy CLAY (A-6), with trace mica and organics 1.0		
														482.2	Very Loose to Medium Dense, Brown-Gray, Clayey Fine SAND (A-2-6), with trace mica 2.0		
												W		481.0	and gravel Very Loose, Gray, Silty Fine to Coarse SAND (A-2-4), with trace mica and gravel 3.2		
														Boring Terminated at Elevation 481.0 ft In Alluvial Silty SAND (A-2-4)			
														Note: Hand auger terminated upon manual auger refusal. Multiple offsets attempted with similar refusal depths.			

WBS 67155.1.1			TIP BR-0155			COUNTY ROCKINGHAM			GEOLOGIST P. Perry					
SITE DESCRIPTION Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogan's Creek									GROUND WTR (ft)					
BORING NO. L_1200RT			STATION 12+01			OFFSET 17 ft RT			ALIGNMENT -L-			0 HR. 16.0		
COLLAR ELEV. 495.4 ft			TOTAL DEPTH 30.0 ft			NORTHING 964,375			EASTING 1,843,724			24 HR. 12.2		
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE CG29022 Mobile B-29 92% 04/09/2024						DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers			HAMMER TYPE Automatic					
DRILLER M. Brewer			START DATE 01/08/25			COMP. DATE 01/08/25			SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A					
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100				
500														
495	494.4	1.0	6	6	5									495.4 GROUND SURFACE 0.0
	491.9	3.5	9	10	10						SS-1	12%		ROADWAY EMBANKMENT
490	489.4	6.0	100/0.3									M		Medium Dense, Brown-Orange, Silty Fine SAND (A-2-4), with trace organics and gravel
	486.9	8.5	2	3	5							M		Boulders Encountered 6.0'-8.0'
485	481.9	13.5	WOH	1	1							▼		487.4 8.0
480	476.9	18.5	1	2	3							M		ALLUVIAL
	471.9	23.5	2	2	2							W		Medium Stiff, Gray-Brown, Fine Sandy SILT (A-4), with trace organics, gravel, and mica
475	466.9	28.5	2	1	2							W		483.4 12.0
470												W		Soft to Medium Stiff, Gray-Brown-Orange, Silty CLAY (A-7), with trace to little organics, wood fragments, and fine sand
														471.2 24.2
														Very Loose to Loose, Gray-White, Clayey Fine to Coarse SAND (A-2-6)
														465.4 30.0
														Boring Terminated at Elevation 465.4 ft In Alluvial Clayey SAND (A-2-6)

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE BR0155 GEO_BRDG_GTM.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 2/11/25

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

BORE LOG

WBS 67155.1.1				TIP BR-0155				COUNTY ROCKINGHAM				GEOLOGIST M. Malisher					
SITE DESCRIPTION Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogan's Creek												GROUND WTR (ft)					
BORING NO. L_1250RT_HA				STATION 12+50				OFFSET 40 ft RT				ALIGNMENT -L-				0 HR. 0.5	
COLLAR ELEV. 484.0 ft				TOTAL DEPTH 3.5 ft				NORTHING 964,358				EASTING 1,843,773				24 HR. FIAD	
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE N/A								DRILL METHOD Hand Auger				HAMMER TYPE N/A					
DRILLER N/A				START DATE 01/03/25				COMP. DATE 01/03/25				SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A					
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.		L O G	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION			
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100						ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)
485																	
														484.0	GROUND SURFACE	0.0	
						- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -				ALLUVIAL Very Soft, Brown-Gray, Fine Sandy CLAY (A-6), with trace organics and mica				
						- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -		W						
						- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -				480.5	Boring Terminated at Elevation 480.5 ft In Alluvial Sandy CLAY (A-6)			
														Note: Hand auger terminated due hole cave-in. Multiple offsets attempted.			

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE BR0155 GEO_BRDG_GTM.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 2/11/25

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE BR0155 GEO_BRDG_GTM.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 2/13/25

WBS		67155.1.1		TIP		BR-0155		COUNTY		ROCKINGHAM		GEOLOGIST		P. Perry							
SITE DESCRIPTION												Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogan's Creek				GROUND WTR (ft)					
BORING NO.		EB1-B		STATION		14+33		OFFSET		17 ft RT		ALIGNMENT		-L-		0 HR.		15.5			
COLLAR ELEV.		498.1 ft		TOTAL DEPTH		46.3 ft		NORTHING		964,402		EASTING		1,843,954		24 HR.		15.5			
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE								CG29022 Mobile B-29 92% 04/09/2024				DRILL METHOD				H.S. Augers		HAMMER TYPE		Automatic	
DRILLER				M. Brewer		START DATE		01/08/25		COMP. DATE		01/08/25		SURFACE WATER DEPTH						N/A	
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION							
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100											
500																					
	497.1	1.0																			
495	494.7	3.4	11	8	5							M		GROUND SURFACE 498.1 0.0							
	492.1	6.0	2	4	4							M		ROADWAY EMBANKMENT							
490	489.7	8.4	3	4	4							M		Medium Stiff to Stiff, Orange, Fine Sandy SILT (A-4), with trace gravel, asphalt fragments, organics, and mica							
	484.7	13.4	3	4	5							M									
485			2	4	96/0.3									Boulders encountered 14.5' - 16.0'							
480	479.7	18.4										▼		ALLUVIAL							
	474.7	23.4	2	2	2							W		Soft, Brown-Gray, Silty CLAY (A-7), with trace organics and trace to little fine sand							
475			WOH	WOH	2							W									
470	469.7	28.4										Sat.		Soft, Gray-Brown, Fine Sandy CLAY (A-6), with trace gravel							
	464.7	33.4	2	1	1									Very Loose, Gray-White, Silty Fine to Coarse SAND (A-2-4), with trace wood fragments							
465			4	1	0							Sat.									
460	459.7	38.4										W		Very Soft, Gray, Fine Sandy CLAY (A-6), with trace organics and mica							
	454.7	43.4	1	4	3									Loose, Gray-White, Clayey Fine to Coarse SAND (A-2-6)							
455																					
	451.8	46.3	100/0.5											RESIDUAL							
			60/0.0											Medium Stiff, Brown-Gray, Fine Sandy SILT (A-4), with trace gravel and mica							
														WEATHERED ROCK							
														Gray-Brown-Orange (Biotite Gneiss)							
														Boring Terminated with Standard Penetration Test Refusal at Elevation 451.8 ft On Crystalline Rock (Biotite Gneiss)							
														Surficial Organic Soil 0.0-0.3'							

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

BORE LOG

WBS 67155.1.1			TIP BR-0155			COUNTY ROCKINGHAM			GEOLOGIST P. Perry							
SITE DESCRIPTION Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogan's Creek									GROUND WTR (ft)							
BORING NO. B1-A			STATION 15+05			OFFSET 12 ft LT			ALIGNMENT -L-			0 HR. N/A				
COLLAR ELEV. 483.6 ft			TOTAL DEPTH 31.4 ft			NORTHING 964,438			EASTING 1,844,022			24 HR. 0.9				
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE CG29022 Mobile B-29 92% 04/09/2024						DRILL METHOD NW Casing w/ SPT			HAMMER TYPE Automatic							
DRILLER M. Brewer			START DATE 01/09/25			COMP. DATE 01/09/25			SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A							
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION		DEPTH (ft)
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100						
485																
	483.6	0.0	1	0	1	1									GROUND SURFACE	0.0
480															ALLUVIAL	
	478.7	4.9	2	1	0										Very Soft, Gray-Brown, Silty CLAY (A-7), with trace fine to coarse sand, gravel, and organics	3.0
475															Very Soft, Orange-Brown, Fine to Coarse Sandy SILT (A-4)	
	473.7	9.9	2	8	4										Medium Dense, White-Gray, Silty Fine to Coarse SAND (A-2-4)	8.0
470																
	468.7	14.9	4	1	3										Loose, Gray-White-Orange, Clayey Fine to Coarse SAND (A-2-6), with trace gravel	13.5
465																
	463.7	19.9	7	11	29										RESIDUAL	
460															Hard, Orange, Fine Sandy SILT (A-4), with trace to little mica	
	458.7	24.9	27	60	40/0.2											
	456.0	27.6													WEATHERED ROCK	
455															Brown-Gray-Orange, (Biotite Gneiss)	
	454.7	28.9	60	40/0.3												
			55	45/0.2												
	452.2	31.4														
			60/0.0													
					</											

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT
BORE LOG

WBS 67155.1.1				TIP BR-0155		COUNTY ROCKINGHAM		GEOLOGIST T. Wenner							
SITE DESCRIPTION Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogan's Creek										GROUND WTR (ft)					
BORING NO. B1-B		STATION 14+88		OFFSET 16 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-		0 HR. N/A							
COLLAR ELEV. 484.5 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 44.5 ft		NORTHING 964,409		EASTING 1,844,008		24 HR. 1.5							
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE CG29022 Mobile B-29 92% 04/09/2024					DRILL METHOD NW Casing W/SPT & Core			HAMMER TYPE Automatic							
DRILLER M. Brewer			START DATE 01/13/25		COMP. DATE 01/13/25		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A								
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100				ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)
485															
	484.5	0.0	2	2	1									484.5	0.0
480														GROUND SURFACE	
	479.5	5.0	1	1	1									ALLUVIAL	
475														Soft, Brown-Gray. Fine Sandy SILT (A-4), with trace mica and organics	
	474.5	10.0	1	1	2									476.5	8.0
470														Very Loose to Loose, Gray, Silty Fine to Coarse SAND (A-2-4), with trace gravel	
	469.5	15.0	2	2	3									467.0	17.5
465														RESIDUAL	
	464.5	20.0	30	48	52/0.4									464.0	20.5
460														Very Stiff, Tan, Fine to Coarse Sandy SILT (A-4), with trace mica	
	460.0	24.5	60/0.0											460.0	24.5
455														CRYSTALLINE ROCK	
														456.8	27.7
450														455.8	28.7
														Brown-Gray, (Biotite Gneiss)	
445														REC = 100% RQD = 0% GSI = 15-20	
														WEATHERED ROCK	
440														Brown-Gray, (Biotite Gneiss)	
														CRYSTALLINE ROCK	
														Gray-White, (Biotite Gneiss)	
														REC = 98% RQD = 75% GSI = 55-60	
														Boring Terminated at Elevation 440.0 ft In Crystalline Rock (Biotite Gneiss)	

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE BR0155_GEO_BRDG_GTM.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 2/13/25

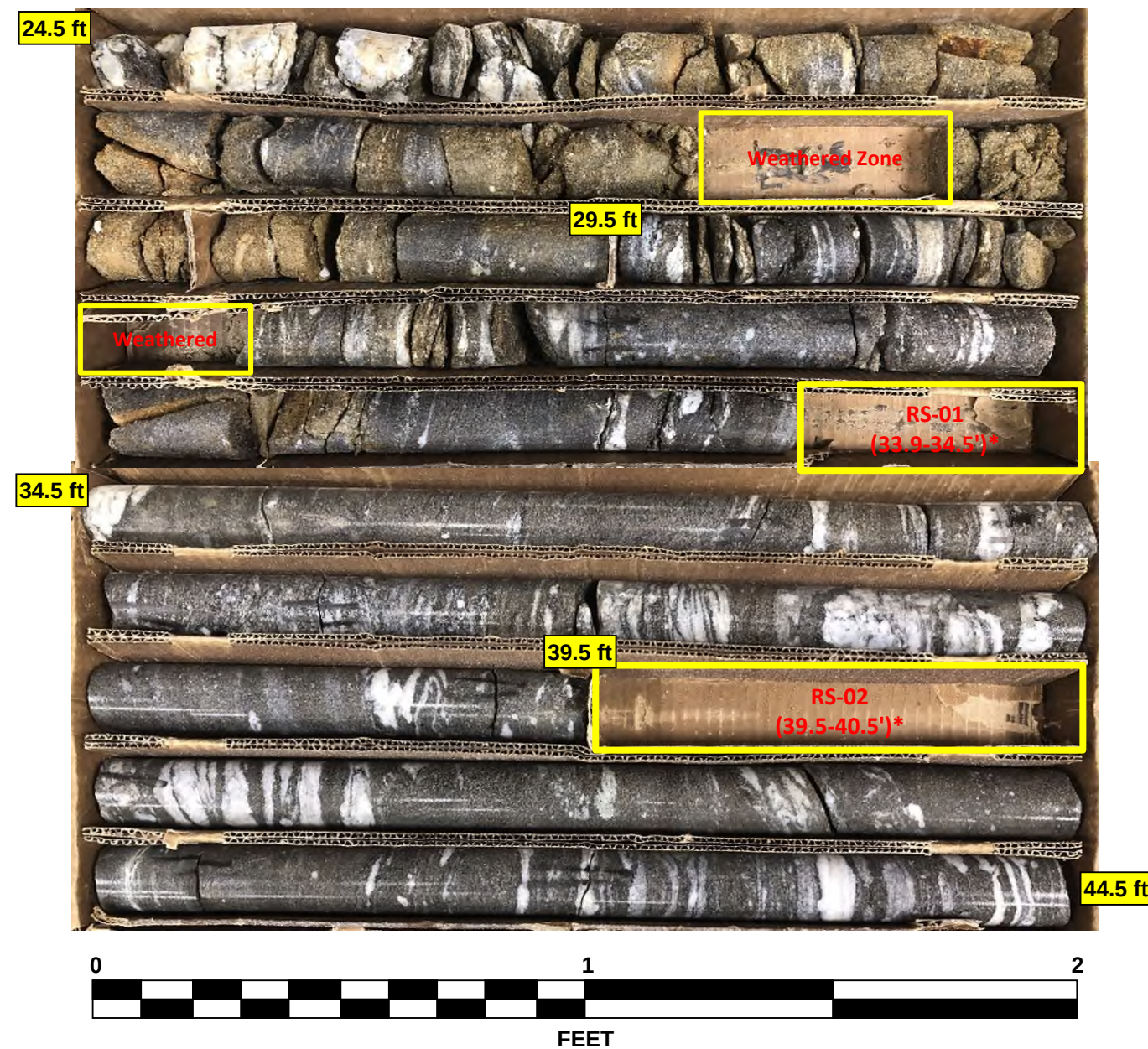
GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT
CORE LOG

SHEET 8

WBS 67155.1.1				TIP BR-0155				COUNTY ROCKINGHAM				GEOLOGIST T. Wenner										
SITE DESCRIPTION Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogan's Creek												GROUND WTR (ft)										
BORING NO. B1-B				STATION 14+88				OFFSET 16 ft RT				ALIGNMENT -L-				0 HR. N/A						
COLLAR ELEV. 484.5 ft				TOTAL DEPTH 44.5 ft				NORTHING 964,409				EASTING 1,844,008				24 HR. 1.5						
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE CG29022 Mobile B-29 92% 04/09/2024								DRILL METHOD NW Casing W/SPT & Core				HAMMER TYPE Automatic										
DRILLER M. Brewer				START DATE 01/13/25				COMP. DATE 01/13/25				SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A										
CORE SIZE NQ				TOTAL RUN 20.0 ft																		
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	RUN		SAMP. NO.	STRATA		LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS											
					REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %		REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %													
460											Begin Coring @ 24.5 ft											
	460.0	24.5	5.0	N=60/0.0 4:50/1.0 1:37/1.0 1:17/1.0 1:50/1.0 3:02/1.0	(4.5) 90%	(0.4) 8%		(3.2) 100%	(0.0) 0%		460.0	CRYSTALLINE ROCK 24.5										
											456.8	Moderately Severe Weathering to Moderate Weathering, Soft to Moderately										
455	455.0	29.5		1:17/1.0 1:50/1.0 3:02/1.0				(0.5) 50%	(0.0) 0%		455.8	Hard, Brown-Gray, (Biotite Gneiss), with Very Close to Close Fracture Spacing 27.7										
			5.0	2:43/1.0 3:27/1.0 4:18/1.0 4:55/1.0 4:55/1.0	(4.7) 94%	(1.7) 34%		(15.5) 98%	(11.9) 75%			GSI = 15-20										
							RS-01					WEATHERED ROCK										
450	450.0	34.5		4:33/1.0 3:13/1.0 4:43/1.0 5:15/1.0 3:03/1.0	(5.0) 100%	(4.9) 98%						Brown-Gray, (Biotite Gneiss)										
			5.0	4:33/1.0 3:13/1.0 4:43/1.0 5:15/1.0 3:03/1.0	(5.0) 100%	(4.9) 98%						CRYSTALLINE ROCK										
												Moderate Weathering to Fresh, Moderately Hard to Hard, Gray-White										
445	445.0	39.5		2:50/1.0 3:33/1.0 1:53/1.0 3:06/1.0 4:30/1.0	(5.0) 100%	(4.9) 98%						(Biotite Gneiss), with Close to Wide Fracture Spacing										
			5.0	2:50/1.0 3:33/1.0 1:53/1.0 3:06/1.0 4:30/1.0	(5.0) 100%	(4.9) 98%	RS-02					GSI = 55-60										
												RS-01: 33.9'-34.5'										
												Unit Weight: 173.0 pcf										
												Unconfined Compressive Strength: 9,180 psi (1,320 ksf)										
440	440.0	44.5									440.0	RS-02: 39.5'-40.5'										
												Unit Weight: 171.8 pcf										
												Unconfined Compressive Strength: 10,560 psi (1,520 ksf)										
												Boring Terminated at Elevation 440.0 ft in Crystalline Rock (Biotite Gneiss)										

NCDOT CORE DOUBLE BR0155_GEO_BRDG_GTM.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 2/13/25

BR-0155 - Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogans Creek
Rockingham County, North Carolina
Rock Core Photographs
Boring: B1-B
24.5 to 44.5 Feet

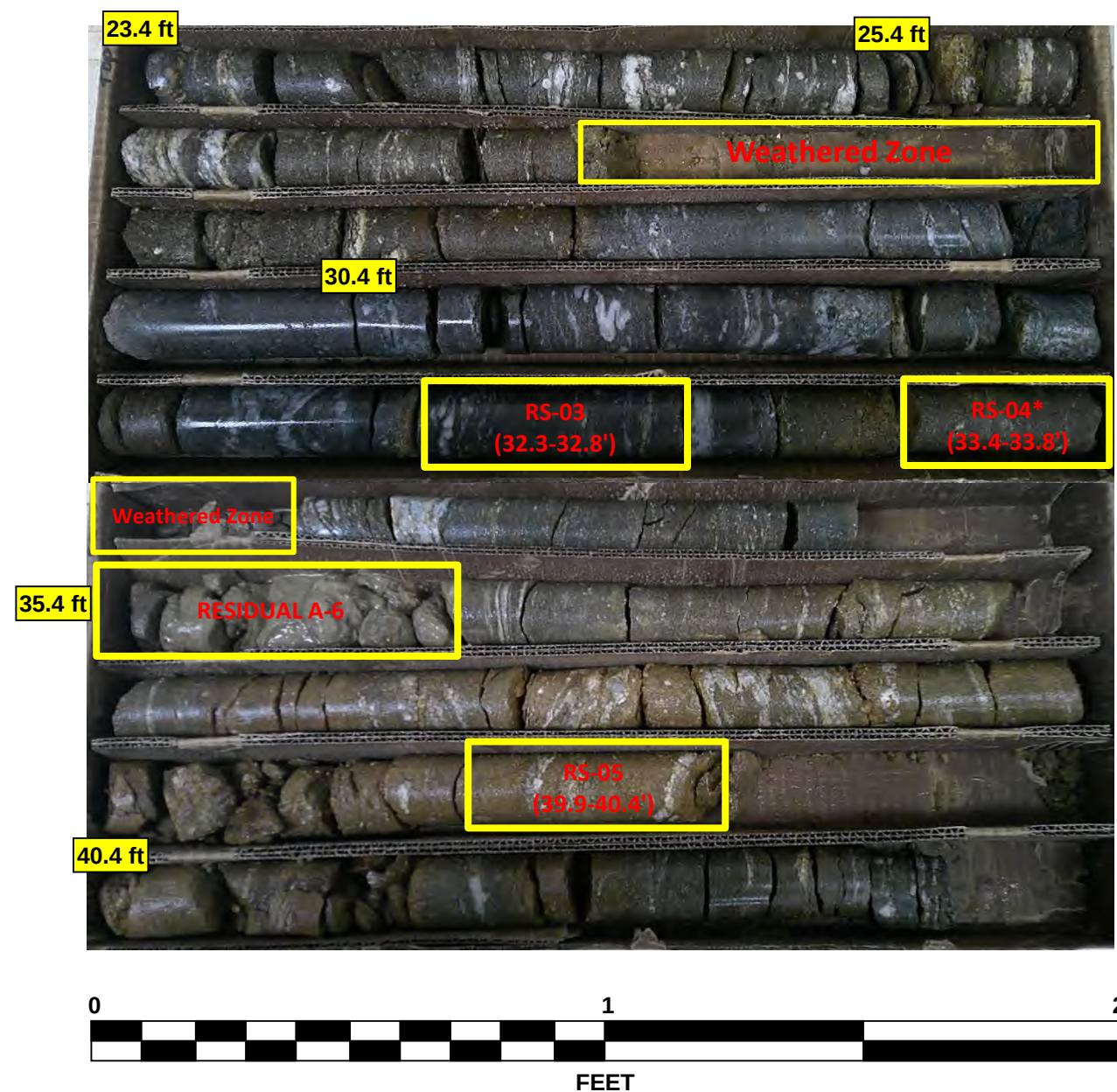


*Note: Sample was removed before the rock core box could be photographed.

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE BR0155 GEO BRDG GTM.GPJ NC DOT GDT 2/11/25

NCDOT CORE DOUBLE BR0155 GEO_BRDG_GTM.GPJ NC_DOT_GDT 2/11/25

BR-0155 - Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogans Creek
Rockingham County, North Carolina
Rock Core Photographs
Boring: B2-A
 23.4 to 50.4 Feet



*NOTE: Sample RS-04 was unable produce a qualified sample for testing during trimming.

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT
BORE LOG

WBS 67155.1.1			TIP BR-0155			COUNTY ROCKINGHAM			GEOLOGIST P. Perry						
SITE DESCRIPTION Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogan's Creek											GROUND WTR (ft)				
BORING NO. B2-B			STATION 15+78			OFFSET 16 ft RT			ALIGNMENT -L-			0 HR. N/A			
COLLAR ELEV. 486.1 ft			TOTAL DEPTH 29.4 ft			NORTHING 964,419			EASTING 1,844,098			24 HR. 3.5			
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE CG29022 Mobile B-29 92% 04/09/2024						DRILL METHOD NW Casing w/ SPT			HAMMER TYPE Automatic						
DRILLER M. Brewer			START DATE 01/10/25			COMP. DATE 01/10/25			SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A						
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100				ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)
490															
485	486.1	0.0	1	1	1	2						M		486.1	0.0
480	481.1	5.0	1	1	1	2						W		GROUND SURFACE	
475	476.1	10.0	WOH	WOH	WOH	0						Sat.		477.6	8.5
470	471.1	15.0	12	26	34							M		472.6	13.5
465	467.4	18.7	70	30/0.1						100/0.6				467.4	18.7
460	461.7	24.4	60/0.0							60/0.0				461.7	24.4
	456.7	29.4	60/0.0							60/0.0				456.7	29.4
														Boring Terminated with Standard Penetration Test Refusal at Elevation 456.7 ft In Crystalline Rock (Biotite Gneiss)	

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE BR0155_GEO_BRDG_GTM.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 2/13/25

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE BR0155 GEO_BRDG_GTM.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 2/13/25

[illegible]

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

BORE LOG

WBS 67155.1.1				TIP BR-0155				COUNTY ROCKINGHAM				GEOLOGIST P. Perry					
SITE DESCRIPTION Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogan's Creek												GROUND WTR (ft)					
BORING NO. L_1900RT				STATION 19+04				OFFSET 17 ft RT				ALIGNMENT -L-				0 HR. Dry	
COLLAR ELEV. 511.3 ft				TOTAL DEPTH 13.0 ft				NORTHING 964,452				EASTING 1,844,422				24 HR. Dry	
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE CG29022 Mobile B-29 92% 04/09/2024								DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers				HAMMER TYPE Automatic					
DRILLER M. Brewer				START DATE 01/08/25				COMP. DATE 01/08/25				SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A					
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION			
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100					ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	
515																	
510	510.3	1.0													511.3 GROUND SURFACE 0.0		
505	507.8	3.5	3	3	3	1	6						M		ROADWAY EMBANKMENT Loose to Medium Dense, Orange-Gray-Brown, Silty Fine to Coarse SAND (A-2-4), with trace mica, organics, clay, and asphalt fragments		
	505.3	6.0	4	5	8	13							SS-34 15%				
500	502.8	8.5	4	3	3	6							M		RESIDUAL Very Stiff, Orange-Brown, Fine Sandy SILT (A-4), with trace gravel-sized rock fragments and mica		
	498.3	13.0	3	6	16	22							M				
															498.3 8.0		
															498.3 13.0		
															Boring Terminated with Standard Penetration Test Refusal at Elevation 498.3 ft On Crystalline Rock (Biotite Gneiss)		
															Surficial Organic Soil 0.0-0.2'		

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

BORE LOG

WBS 67155.1.1				TIP BR-0155				COUNTY ROCKINGHAM				GEOLOGIST M. Malisher				
SITE DESCRIPTION Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogan's Creek												GROUND WTR (ft)				
BORING NO. L_1950LT_HA				STATION 19+50				OFFSET 45 ft LT				ALIGNMENT -L-		0 HR. Dry		
COLLAR ELEV. 520.4 ft				TOTAL DEPTH 6.4 ft				NORTHING 964,518				EASTING 1,844,461		24 HR. FIAD		
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE N/A								DRILL METHOD Hand Auger				HAMMER TYPE N/A				
DRILLER N/A				START DATE 01/03/25				COMP. DATE 01/03/25				SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A				
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION		
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100				ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	
525																
														520.4	GROUND SURFACE	0.0
520											M			518.4	RESIDUAL Soft to Medium Stiff, Red-Brown, Fine to Coarse Sandy CLAY (A-6), with trace mica and roots	2.0
											M				Medium Dense, Red-Brown, Silty Fine SAND (A-2-4), with trace mica	
515											M			514.0		6.4
														Boring Terminated at Elevation 514.0 ft In Residual Silty SAND (A-2-4) Surficial Organic Soil 0.0-0.1'		

WBS 67155.1.1				TIP BR-0155				COUNTY ROCKINGHAM				GEOLOGIST M. Malisher					
SITE DESCRIPTION Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogan's Creek												GROUND WTR (ft)					
BORING NO. L_1950RT_HA				STATION 19+50				OFFSET 65 ft RT				ALIGNMENT -L-				0 HR. 1.6	
COLLAR ELEV. 489.8 ft				TOTAL DEPTH 5.5 ft				NORTHING 964,409				EASTING 1,844,473				24 HR. FIAD	
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE N/A								DRILL METHOD Hand Auger				HAMMER TYPE N/A					
DRILLER N/A				START DATE 01/03/25				COMP. DATE 01/03/25				SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A					
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION			
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100							
490														489.8 GROUND SURFACE 0.0			
485												▽		ALLUVIAL Very Loose to Loose, Brown-Gray, Silty Fine to Coarse SAND (A-2-4), with trace mica, roots, and gravel			
														484.3 Boring Terminated at Elevation 484.3 ft In Alluvial Silty SAND (A-2-4) Surficial Organic Soil 0.0-0.1' 5.5			

SOIL TEST RESULTS																		
BORING ID	SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	NORTHING	EASTING	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			% MOISTURE	% ORGANIC
										C. SAND	F. SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200		
L 1200RT	SS-1	17' RT	12+01 -L-	964375	1843724	1.0 - 2.5'	A-2-4	32	5	24.3	42.3	23.3	10.1	59.2	51.1	23.6	11.8	-
L 1900RT	SS-34	17' RT	19+04 -L-	964452	1844422	3.5 - 5.0'	A-2-4	32	8	29.2	33.0	23.5	14.3	79.8	65.1	33.6	15.1	-

ROCK TEST RESULTS									
SAMPLE NO.*	BORING	STATION	OFFSET	NORTHING	EASTING	DEPTH INTERVAL	ROCK TYPE	UNIT WEIGHT (PCF)	UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH
RS-01	B1-B	14+88 -L-	16' RT	964409	1844008	33.9 - 34.5'	BIOTITE GNEISS	173.0	9,180 psi (1,320 ksf)
RS-02	B1-B	14+88 -L-	16' RT	964409	1844008	39.5 - 40.5'	BIOTITE GNEISS	171.8	10,560 psi (1,520 ksf)
RS-03	B2-A	15+90 -L-	12' LT	964447	1844107	32.3 - 32.8'	BIOTITE GNEISS	170.7	7,020 psi (1,010 ksf)
RS-05	B2-A	15+90 -L-	12' LT	964447	1844107	39.9 - 40.4	BIOTITE GNEISS	154.5	970 psi (140 ksf)
RS-06	B2-A	15+90 -L-	12' RT	964447	1844107	42.2 - 43.0'	BIOTITE GNEISS	167.0	11,540 psi (1,660 ksf)

*NOTE: RS-04 SPECIMEN WAS UNABLE TO PRODUCE A TESTABLE SAMPLE DURING TRIMMING.

Alex M. Atkinson

AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE
NCDOT CERT NO. 130-0212

Prepared in the Office of:
F&ME CONSULTANTS, INC.
COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA
NCDOT LAB CERT. NO. 130-0212



PHOTO #1: VIEW OF BRIDGE 163 PROFILE FACING NORTH.



PHOTO #2: VIEW ALONG BRIDGE 163, FACING WEST, DOWNSTATION.