

REFERENCE: BR-0155

PROJECT: 67155

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STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STRUCTURE
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY ROCKINGHAM
PROJECT DESCRIPTION REPLACE BRIDGE 163 ON
US 158 OVER HOGAN'S CREEK

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	BR-0155	1	

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT, AT (919) 707-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

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 - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

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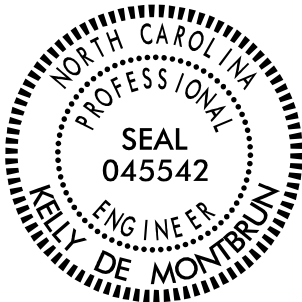
DATE MARCH 2025

Prepared in the Office of:



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Signed by: Kelly De Montbrun, P.E. 03/17/2025
SIGNATURE DATE

DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION

SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM D1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE, *VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6*

SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION

GENERAL CLASS.	GRANULAR MATERIALS (≤ 35% PASSING #200)							SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (> 35% PASSING #200)							ORGANIC MATERIALS															
GROUP CLASS.	A-1		A-3		A-2		A-2-4		A-2-5		A-2-6		A-2-7		A-4		A-5		A-6		A-7		A-1, A-2		A-3		A-4, A-5		A-6, A-7	
SYMBOL																														
% PASSING	50 MX		30 MX		50 MX		51 MN		35 MX		35 MX		35 MX		36 MN		36 MN		36 MN		36 MN		GRANULAR SOILS		SILT-CLAY SOILS		MUCK, PEAT			
MATERIAL PASSING #40	—		—		—		40 MX		41 MN		40 MX		41 MN		40 MX		41 MN		40 MX		41 MN		SOILS WITH LITTLE OR MODERATE AMOUNTS OF ORGANIC MATTER		HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS					
LL	6 MX		NP		NP		10 MX		11 MN		11 MN		11 MN		10 MX		11 MN		11 MN											
GROUP INDEX	0		0		0		4 MX		8 MX		12 MX		16 MX		NO MX															
USUAL TYPES OF MAJOR MATERIALS	STONE FRAGS. GRAVEL, AND SAND		FINE SAND		SILTY OR CLAYEY GRAVEL AND SAND						SILTY SOILS		CLAYEY SOILS																	
GEN. RATING AS SUBGRADE	EXCELLENT TO GOOD							FAIR TO POOR							FAIR TO POOR		POOR		UNSUITABLE											
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30																														

CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS

PRIMARY SOIL TYPE	COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY	RANGE OF STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE (N-VALUE)	RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/FT ²)
GENERALLY GRANULAR MATERIAL (NON-COHESIVE)	VERY LOOSE LOOSE MEDIUM DENSE DENSE VERY DENSE	< 4 4 TO 10 10 TO 30 30 TO 50 > 50	N/A
GENERALLY SILT-CLAY MATERIAL (COHESIVE)	VERY SOFT SOFT MEDIUM STIFF STIFF VERY STIFF HARD	< 2 2 TO 4 4 TO 8 8 TO 15 15 TO 30 > 30	< 0.25 0.25 TO 0.5 0.5 TO 1.0 1 TO 2 2 TO 4 > 4

TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE

U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (MM)	4	10	40	60	200	270
	4.75	2.00	0.42	0.25	0.075	0.053
BOULDER (BLDR.)						
COBBLE (COB.)						
GRAVEL (GR.)						
COARSE SAND (CSE. SD.)						
FINE SAND (F SD.)						
SILT (SL.)						
CLAY (CL.)						

GRAIN SIZE

GRAIN SIZE	MM IN.	305	75	2.0	0.25	0.05	0.005
		12	3				

SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS

SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS)	FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION
LL PLASTIC RANGE (PI) PL	- SATURATED - (SAT.)	USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE
	- WET - (W)	SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE
	- MOIST - (M)	SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE
OM SL	- DRY - (D)	REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE

PLASTICITY

	PLASTICITY INDEX (PI)	DRY STRENGTH
NON PLASTIC	0-5	VERY LOW
SLIGHTLY PLASTIC	6-15	SLIGHT
MODERATELY PLASTIC	16-25	MEDIUM
HIGHLY PLASTIC	26 OR MORE	HIGH

COLOR

DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.

GRADATION

WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE.
UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE.
GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.

ANGULARITY OF GRAINS

THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS:
ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.

MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION

MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.

COMPRESSIBILITY

	LL < 31	LL = 31 - 50	LL > 50
SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE			
MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE			
HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE			

PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL

	GRANULAR SOILS	SILT - CLAY SOILS	OTHER MATERIAL
TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER	2 - 3%	3 - 5%	TRACE
LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER	3 - 5%	5 - 12%	LITTLE
MODERATELY ORGANIC	5 - 10%	12 - 20%	SOME
HIGHLY ORGANIC	> 10%	> 20%	HIGHLY

GROUND WATER

WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING
STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS
PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA
SPRING OR SEEP

MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS

ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION
SOIL SYMBOL
ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT
INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY
INFERRED ROCK LINE
ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY
DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES
TEST BORING
AUGER BORING
CORE BORING
MONITORING WELL
PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION
SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION
CONE PENETROMETER TEST
SOUNDING ROD
TEST BORING WITH CORE
SPT N-VALUE

RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS

UNDERCUT
SHALLOW UNDERCUT
UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNSUITABLE WASTE
UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE DEGRADABLE ROCK
UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL

ABBREVIATIONS

AR - AUGER REFUSAL
BT - BORING TERMINATED
CL - CLAY
CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST
CSE - COARSE
DMT - DILATOMETER TEST
DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST
e - VOID RATIO
F - FINE
FOSS. - FOSSILIFEROUS
FRAC. - FRACTURED, FRACTURES
FRAGS. - FRAGMENTS
HL - HIGHLY
MED. - MEDIUM
MICA - MICACEOUS
MOD. - MODERATELY
NP - NON PLASTIC
ORG. - ORGANIC
PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST
SAP. - SAPROLITIC
SD. - SAND, SANDY
SL. - SILT, SILTY
SLI. - SLIGHTLY
TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL
w - MOISTURE CONTENT
V - VERY
VST - VANE SHEAR TEST
WEA. - WEATHERED
UNIT WEIGHT
DRY UNIT WEIGHT
SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS
S - BULK
SS - SPLIT SPOON
ST - SHELBY TUBE
RS - ROCK
RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL
CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO

EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT

DRILL UNITS:
☐ CME-45C
☐ CME-55
☐ CME-550X
☐ VANE SHEAR TEST
☐ PORTABLE HOIST
☒ MOBILE B-29

ADVANCING TOOLS:
☐ CLAY BITS
☐ 6" CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER
☒ 8" HOLLOW AUGERS
☐ HARD FACED FINGER BITS
☐ TUNG-CARBIDE INSERTS
☒ CASING
☒ W/ ADVANCER
☐ TRICONE
☐ TRICONE
☒ CORE BIT

HAMMER TYPE:
☐ AUTOMATIC
☐ MANUAL
CORE SIZE:
☐ B
☐ H
☒ N Q
HAND TOOLS:
☐ POST HOLE DIGGER
☒ HAND AUGER
☐ SOUNDING ROD
☐ VANE SHEAR TEST

ROCK DESCRIPTION

HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:

WEATHERED ROCK (WR)
 CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR)
 NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR)
 COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK (CP)

NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.
FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.
FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.
COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC.

WEATHERING

FRESH
VERY SLIGHT (V SLI.)
SLIGHT (SLI.)
MODERATE (MOD.)
MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.)
SEVERE (SEV.)
VERY SEVERE (V SEV.)
COMPLETE

ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.
ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN. CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.
ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.
SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.
ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. *IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL*
ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. *IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF*
ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. *IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF*
ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.

ROCK HARDNESS

VERY HARD
HARD
MODERATELY HARD
MEDIUM HARD
SOFT
VERY SOFT

CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.
CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.
CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.
CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PIECES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.
CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.
CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.

FRACTURE SPACING

TERM	SPACING
VERY WIDE	MORE THAN 10 FEET
WIDE	3 TO 10 FEET
MODERATELY CLOSE	1 TO 3 FEET
CLOSE	0.16 TO 1 FOOT
VERY CLOSE	LESS THAN 0.16 FEET

BEDDING

TERM	THICKNESS
VERY THICKLY BEDDED	4 FEET
THICKLY BEDDED	1.5 - 4 FEET
THINLY BEDDED	0.16 - 1.5 FEET
VERY THINLY BEDDED	0.03 - 0.16 FEET
THICKLY LAMINATED	0.008 - 0.03 FEET
THINLY LAMINATED	< 0.008 FEET

INDURATION

FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.
FRIABLE
MODERATELY INDURATED
INDURATED
EXTREMELY INDURATED

RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.
GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.
GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.
SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.

TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.
AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.
ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.
ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.
ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.
CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.
CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.
DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.
DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.
FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.
FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLOGGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.
FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.
FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.
JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.
MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.
PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.
SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.
SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.
STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.
STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.

BENCH MARK:

ELEVATION: FEET

NOTES:

ROADWAY DESIGN FILES PROVIDED BY NCDOT DATED DECEMBER 2, 2024.

BRIDGE BORING COLLAR ELEVATION OBTAINED USING CARLSON BRx7 GPS.

FIAD = FILLED IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING

DATE: 8-15-14

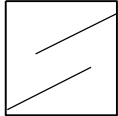
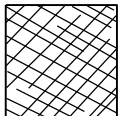
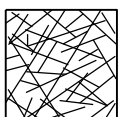
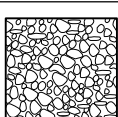
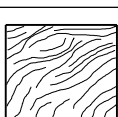
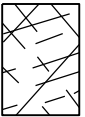
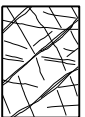
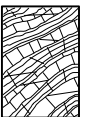
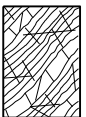
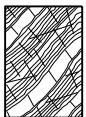
NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

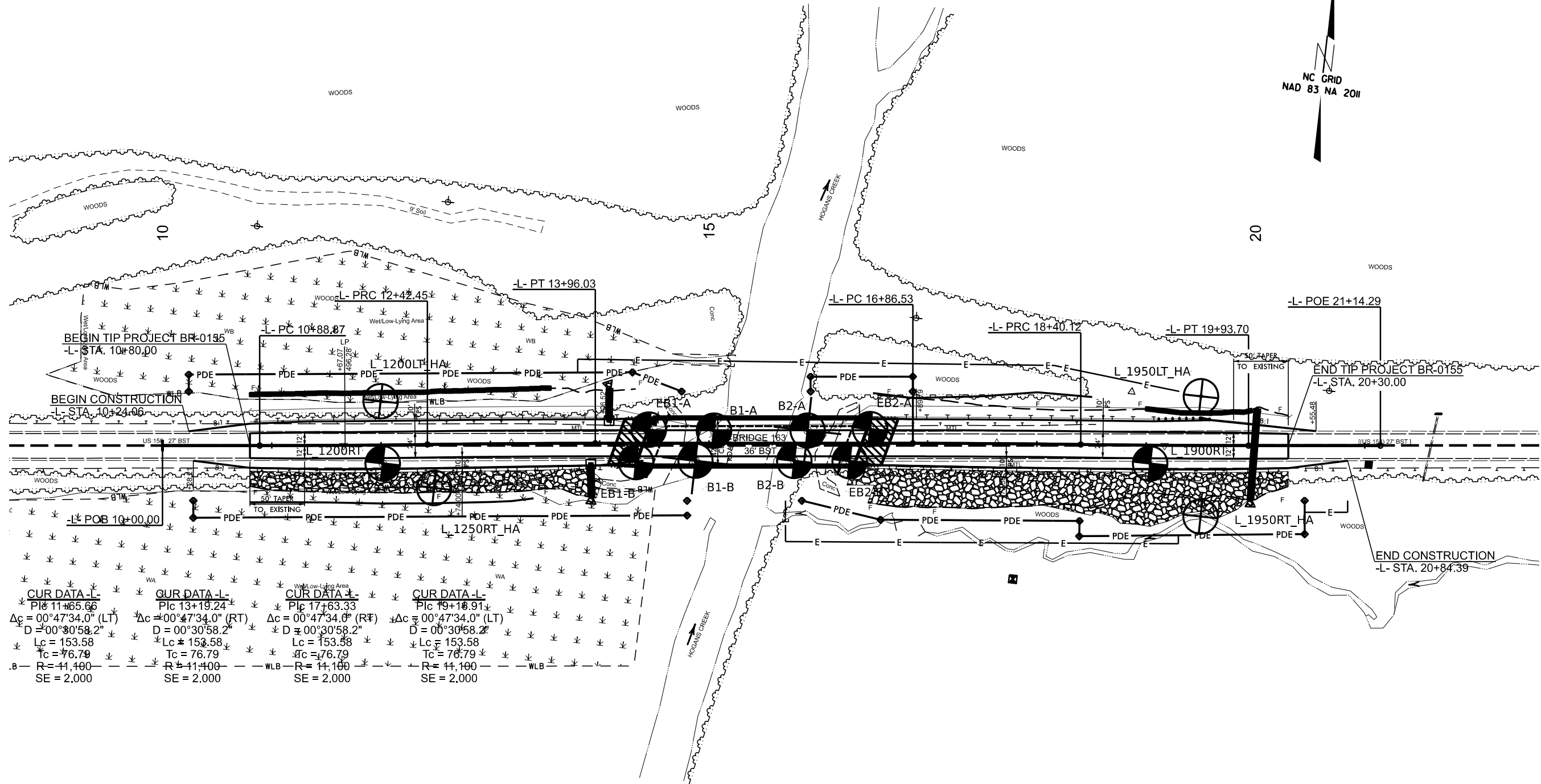
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SUPPLEMENTAL LEGEND, GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) TABLES
FROM AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS

AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-1 — Determination of GSI for Jointed Rock Mass (Marinos and Hoek, 2000)

AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-2 — Determination of GSI for Tectonically Deformed Heterogeneous Rock Masses (Marinos and Hoek, 2000)

GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) FOR JOINTED ROCKS (Hoek and Marinos, 2000) From the lithology, structure and surface conditions of the discontinuities, estimate the average value of GSI. Do not try to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than stating that GSI = 35. Note that the table does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where weak planar structural planes are present in an unfavorable orientation with respect to the excavation face, these will dominate the rock mass behaviour. The shear strength of surfaces in rocks that are prone to deterioration as a result of changes in moisture content will be reduced if water is present. When working with rocks in the fair to very poor categories, a shift to the right may be made for wet conditions. Water pressure is dealt with by effective stress analysis.	SURFACE CONDITIONS VERY GOOD Very rough, fresh unweathered surfaces GOOD Rough, slightly weathered, iron stained surfaces FAIR Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with compact coatings or fillings or angular fragments VERY POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings	STRUCTURE INTACT OR MASSIVE - intact rock specimens or massive in situ rock with few widely spaced discontinuities BLOCKY - well interlocked undisturbed rock mass consisting of cubical blocks formed by three intersecting discontinuity sets VERY BLOCKY - interlocked, partially disturbed mass with multi-faceted angular blocks formed by 4 or more joint sets BLOCKY/DISTURBED/SEAMY - folded with angular blocks formed by many intersecting discontinuity sets. Persistence of bedding planes or schistosity DISINTEGRATED - poorly interlocked, heavily broken rock mass with mixture of angular and rounded rock pieces LAMINATED/SHEARED - Lack of blockiness due to close spacing of weak schistosity or shear planes	DECREASING SURFACE QUALITY ➡ 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 N/A N/A	GSI FOR HETEROGENEOUS ROCK MASSES SUCH AS FLYSCH (Marinos, P and Hoek E., 2000) From a description of the lithology, structure and surface conditions (particularly of the bedding planes), choose a box in the chart. Locate the position in the box that corresponds to the condition of the discontinuities and estimate the average value of GSI from the contours. Do not attempt to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than giving GSI = 35. Note that the Hoek-Brown criterion does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where unfavourably oriented continuous weak planar discontinuities are present, these will dominate the behaviour of the rock mass. The strength of some rock masses is reduced by the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair, poor and very poor conditions. Water pressure does not change the value of GSI and it is dealt with by using effective stress analysis.	SURFACE CONDITIONS OF DISCONTINUITIES (Predominantly bedding planes) VERY GOOD - Very Rough, fresh unweathered surfaces GOOD - Rough, slightly weathered surfaces FAIR - Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces POOR - Very smooth, occasionally slickensided surfaces with compact coatings or fillings with angular fragments VERY POOR - Very smooth, slickensided or highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings	COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURE A. Thick bedded, very blocky sandstone The effect of pelitic coatings on the bedding planes is minimized by the confinement of the rock mass. In shallow tunnels or slopes these bedding planes may cause structurally controlled instability. B. Sandstone with thin inter-layers of siltstone C. Sandstone and siltstone in similar amounts D. Siltstone or silty shale with sandstone layers E. Weak siltstone or clayey shale with sandstone layers C, D, E, and G - may be more or less folded than illustrated but this does not change the strength. Tectonic deformation, faulting and loss of continuity moves these categories to F and H. F. Tectonically deformed, intensively folded/faulted, sheared clayey shale or siltstone with broken and deformed sandstone layers forming an almost chaotic structure G. Undisturbed silty or clayey shale with or without a few very thin sandstone layers H. Tectonically deformed silty or clayey shale forming a chaotic structure with pockets of clay. Thin layers of sandstone are transformed into small rock pieces. ➡ Means deformation after tectonic disturbance	70 60 50 40 30 20 10
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CUR DATA -L-			
Plc 11+65.66	Plc 13+19.24	Plc 17+63.33	Plc 19+18.91
$\Delta c = 00^\circ 47' 34.0''$ (LT)	$\Delta c = 00^\circ 47' 34.0''$ (RT)	$\Delta c = 00^\circ 47' 34.0''$ (RT)	$\Delta c = 00^\circ 47' 34.0''$ (LT)
$D = 00^\circ 30' 58.2''$	$D = 00^\circ 30' 58.2''$	$D = 00^\circ 30' 58.2''$	$D = 00^\circ 30' 58.2''$
$Lc = 153.58$	$Lc = 153.58$	$Lc = 153.58$	$Lc = 153.58$
$Tc = 76.79$	$Tc = 76.79$	$Tc = 76.79$	$Tc = 76.79$
$R = 41,400$	$R = 41,400$	$R = 41,400$	$R = 41,400$
$SE = 2,000$	$SE = 2,000$	$SE = 2,000$	$SE = 2,000$

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

BORE LOG

[illegible]

WBS 67155.1.1			TIP BR-0155			COUNTY ROCKINGHAM			GEOLOGIST P. Perry					
SITE DESCRIPTION Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogan's Creek												GROUND WTR (ft)		
BORING NO. L_1200RT			STATION 12+01			OFFSET 17 ft RT			ALIGNMENT -L-			0 HR. 16.0		
COLLAR ELEV. 495.4 ft			TOTAL DEPTH 30.0 ft			NORTHING 964,375			EASTING 1,843,724			24 HR. 12.2		
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE CG29022 Mobile B-29 92% 04/09/2024						DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers			HAMMER TYPE Automatic					
DRILLER M. Brewer			START DATE 01/08/25			COMP. DATE 01/08/25			SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A					
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	L O G	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100				
500														
495														
	494.4	1.0	6	6	5									
	491.9	3.5	9	10	10									
490														
	489.4	6.0	100/0.3							100/0.3				
	486.9	8.5	2	3	5									
485														
	481.9	13.5	WOH	1	1									
480														
	476.9	18.5	1	2	3									
475														
	471.9	23.5	2	2	2									
470														
	466.9	28.5	2	1	2									

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE BR0155 GEO_BRDG_GTM.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 2/11/25

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

BORE LOG

WBS 67155.1.1				TIP BR-0155				COUNTY ROCKINGHAM				GEOLOGIST M. Malisher					
SITE DESCRIPTION Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogan's Creek												GROUND WTR (ft)					
BORING NO. L_1250RT_HA				STATION 12+50				OFFSET 40 ft RT				ALIGNMENT -L-				0 HR. 0.5	
COLLAR ELEV. 484.0 ft				TOTAL DEPTH 3.5 ft				NORTHING 964,358				EASTING 1,843,773				24 HR. FIAD	
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE N/A								DRILL METHOD Hand Auger				HAMMER TYPE N/A					
DRILLER N/A				START DATE 01/03/25				COMP. DATE 01/03/25				SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A					
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.		LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION			
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100						ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)
485																	
														484.0	GROUND SURFACE	0.0	
															ALLUVIAL		
															Very Soft, Brown-Gray, Fine Sandy CLAY (A-6), with trace organics and mica		
														480.5	Boring Terminated at Elevation 480.5 ft In Alluvial Sandy CLAY (A-6)	3.5	
															Note: Hand auger terminated due hole cave-in. Multiple offsets attempted.		

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE BR0155 GEO_BRDG_GTM.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 2/11/25

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE BR0155 GEO_BRDG_GTM.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 2/13/25

WBS 67155.1.1			TIP BR-0155			COUNTY ROCKINGHAM			GEOLOGIST P. Perry					
SITE DESCRIPTION Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogan's Creek									GROUND WTR (ft)					
BORING NO. EB1-B			STATION 14+33			OFFSET 17 ft RT			ALIGNMENT -L-			0 HR. 15.5		
COLLAR ELEV. 498.1 ft			TOTAL DEPTH 46.3 ft			NORTHING 964,402			EASTING 1,843,954			24 HR. 15.5		
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE CG29022 Mobile B-29 92% 04/09/2024						DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers			HAMMER TYPE Automatic					
DRILLER M. Brewer			START DATE 01/08/25			COMP. DATE 01/08/25			SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A					
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100				
500														
	497.1	1.0												498.1 GROUND SURFACE 0.0
495	494.7	3.4	11	8	5							M		ROADWAY EMBANKMENT Medium Stiff to Stiff, Orange, Fine Sandy SILT (A-4), with trace gravel, asphalt fragments, organics, and mica
	492.1	6.0	2	4	4							M		
490	489.7	8.4	3	4	4							M		
	484.7	13.4	3	4	5							M		
485			2	4	96/0.3									Boulders encountered 14.5' - 16.0'
480	479.7	18.4												481.6 ALLUVIAL 16.5
	474.7	23.4	2	2	2							W		Soft, Brown-Gray, Silty CLAY (A-7), with trace organics and trace to little fine sand
475			WOH	WOH	2							W		474.2 Soft, Gray-Brown, Fine Sandy CLAY (A-6), with trace gravel 23.9
470	469.7	28.4												471.6 Very Loose, Gray-White, Silty Fine to Coarse SAND (A-2-4), with trace wood fragments 26.5
	464.7	33.4	2	1	1							Sat.		
465			4	1	0							Sat.		464.2 Very Soft, Gray, Fine Sandy CLAY (A-6), with trace organics and mica 33.9
460	459.7	38.4												461.1 Loose, Gray-White, Clayey Fine to Coarse SAND (A-2-6) 37.0
	454.7	43.4	1	4	3							W		
455														456.1 RESIDUAL 42.0
	451.8	46.3	100/0.5											454.7 Medium Stiff, Brown-Gray, Fine Sandy SILT (A-4), with trace gravel and mica 43.4
			60/0.0											451.8 WEATHERED ROCK 46.3
														Gray-Brown-Orange (Biotite Gneiss) Boring Terminated with Standard Penetration Test Refusal at Elevation 451.8 ft On Crystalline Rock (Biotite Gneiss) Surficial Organic Soil 0.0-0.3'

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

BORE LOG

[illegible]

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE BR0155 GEO_BRDG_GTM.GPJ NC DOT.GDT 2/13/25

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT
BORE LOG

WBS 67155.1.1			TIP BR-0155			COUNTY ROCKINGHAM			GEOLOGIST T. Wenner					
SITE DESCRIPTION Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogan's Creek									GROUND WTR (ft)					
BORING NO. B1-B			STATION 14+88			OFFSET 16 ft RT			ALIGNMENT -L-			0 HR. N/A		
COLLAR ELEV. 484.5 ft			TOTAL DEPTH 44.5 ft			NORTHING 964,409			EASTING 1,844,008			24 HR. 1.5		
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE CG29022 Mobile B-29 92% 04/09/2024						DRILL METHOD NW Casing W/SPT & Core			HAMMER TYPE Automatic					
DRILLER M. Brewer			START DATE 01/13/25			COMP. DATE 01/13/25			SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A					
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100		MOI	ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)
485														
	484.5	0.0	2	2	1								484.5	0.0
													GROUND SURFACE	
													ALLUVIAL	
													Soft, Brown-Gray. Fine Sandy SILT (A-4), with trace mica and organics	
480	479.5	5.0	1	1	1								476.5	8.0
													Very Loose to Loose, Gray, Silty Fine to Coarse SAND (A-2-4), with trace gravel	
475	474.5	10.0	1	1	2									
470	469.5	15.0	2	2	3									
465	464.5	20.0	30	48	52/0.4								467.0	17.5
													464.0	20.5
													RESIDUAL	
													Very Stiff, Tan, Fine to Coarse Sandy SILT (A-4), with trace mica	
460	460.0	24.5											460.0	24.5
													WEATHERED ROCK	
													Tan, (Biotite Gneiss)	
													CRYSTALLINE ROCK	
													Brown-Gray, (Biotite Gneiss)	
455													456.8	27.7
													455.8	28.7
													REC = 100%	
													RQD = 0%	
													GSI = 15-20	
													WEATHERED ROCK	
													Brown-Gray, (Biotite Gneiss)	
450											RS-01		CRYSTALLINE ROCK	
													Gray-White, (Biotite Gneiss)	
													REC = 98%	
													RQD = 75%	
													GSI = 55-60	
445											RS-02			
440													440.0	44.5
													Boring Terminated at Elevation 440.0 ft In Crystalline Rock (Biotite Gneiss)	

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE BR0155_GEO_BRDG_GTM.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 2/13/25

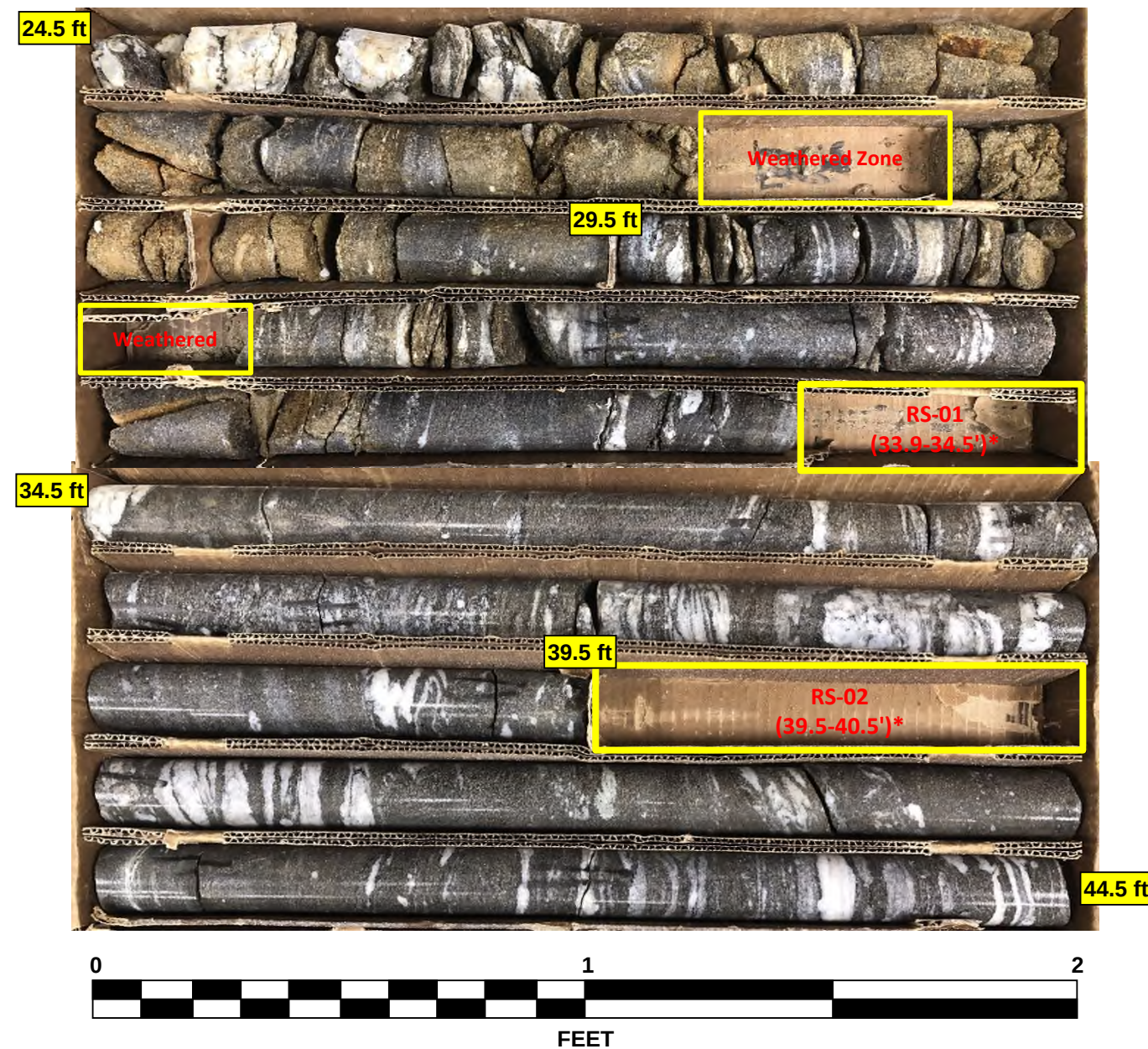
GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT
CORE LOG

SHEET 8

WBS 67155.1.1				TIP BR-0155				COUNTY ROCKINGHAM				GEOLOGIST T. Wenner												
SITE DESCRIPTION Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogan's Creek												GROUND WTR (ft)												
BORING NO. B1-B				STATION 14+88				OFFSET 16 ft RT				ALIGNMENT -L-				0 HR. N/A								
COLLAR ELEV. 484.5 ft				TOTAL DEPTH 44.5 ft				NORTHING 964,409				EASTING 1,844,008				24 HR. 1.5								
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE CG29022 Mobile B-29 92% 04/09/2024								DRILL METHOD NW Casing W/SPT & Core				HAMMER TYPE Automatic												
DRILLER M. Brewer				START DATE 01/13/25				COMP. DATE 01/13/25				SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A												
CORE SIZE NQ				TOTAL RUN 20.0 ft																				
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	RUN REC. (ft) %		RQD (ft) %	SAMP. NO.	STRATA REC. (ft) %		RQD (ft) %	LOG ELEV. (ft)	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS										DEPTH (ft)	
460													Begin Coring @ 24.5 ft											
	460.0	24.5	5.0	N=60/0.0 4:50/1.0 1:37/1.0 1:17/1.0 1:50/1.0 3:02/1.0	(4.5) 90%	(0.4) 8%			(3.2) 100%	(0.0) 0%			460.0	CRYSTALLINE ROCK										24.5
													456.8	Moderately Severe Weathering to Moderate Weathering, Soft to Moderately Hard, Brown-Gray, (Biotite Gneiss), with Very Close to Close Fracture Spacing										27.7
455	455.0	29.5							(0.5) 50%	(0.0) 0%			455.8											28.7
			5.0	2:43/1.0 3:27/1.0 4:18/1.0 4:55/1.0 4:55/1.0	(4.7) 94%	(1.7) 34%			(15.5) 98%	(11.9) 75%				GSI = 15-20										
														WEATHERED ROCK										
														Brown-Gray, (Biotite Gneiss)										
450	450.0	34.5		4:33/1.0 3:13/1.0 4:43/1.0 5:15/1.0 3:03/1.0	(5.0) 100%	(4.9) 98%	RS-01							CRYSTALLINE ROCK										
			5.0											Moderate Weathering to Fresh, Moderately Hard to Hard, Gray-White (Biotite Gneiss), with Close to Wide Fracture Spacing										
														GSI = 55-60										
445	445.0	39.5		2:50/1.0 3:33/1.0 1:53/1.0 3:06/1.0 4:30/1.0	(5.0) 100%	(4.9) 98%	RS-02							RS-01: 33.9'-34.5' Unit Weight: 173.0 pcf Unconfined Compressive Strength: 9,180 psi (1,320 ksf)										
			5.0											RS-02: 39.5'-40.5' Unit Weight: 171.8 pcf Unconfined Compressive Strength: 10,560 psi (1,520 ksf)										
440	440.0	44.5											440.0	Boring Terminated at Elevation 440.0 ft In Crystalline Rock (Biotite Gneiss)										44.5

NCDOT CORE DOUBLE BR0155_GEO_BRDG_GTM.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 2/13/25

BR-0155 - Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogans Creek
Rockingham County, North Carolina
Rock Core Photographs
Boring: B1-B
24.5 to 44.5 Feet

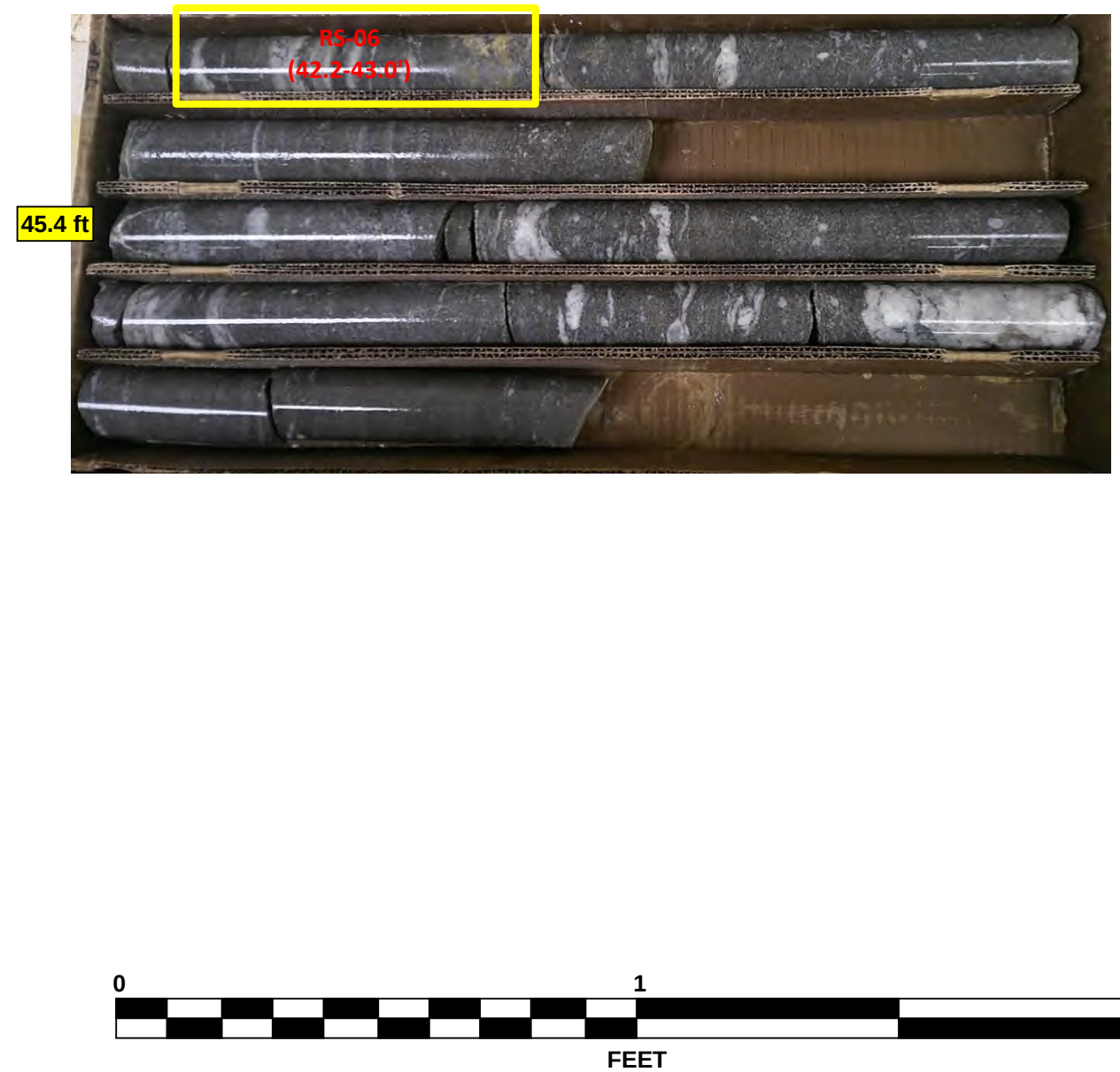
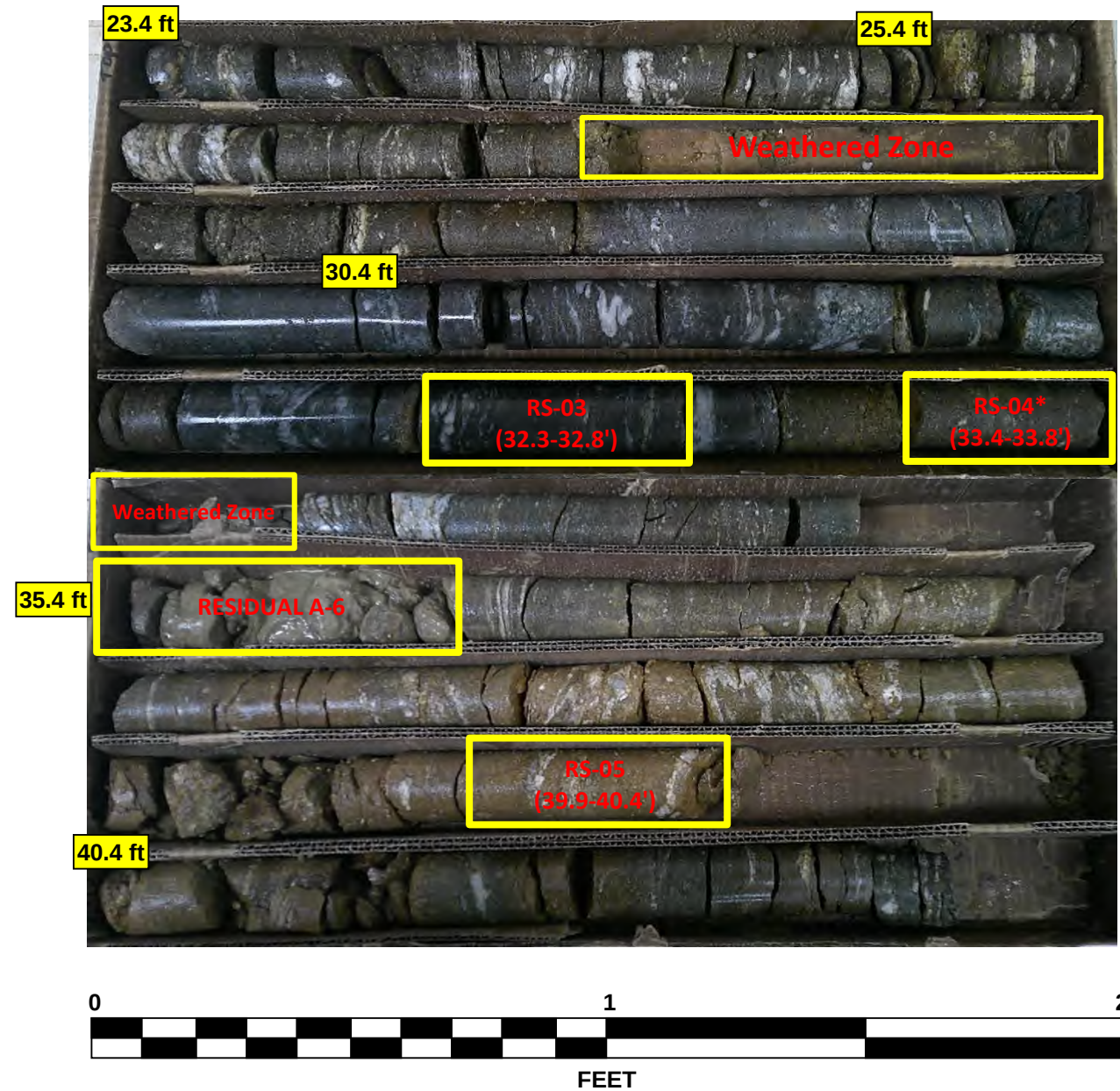


*Note: Sample was removed before the rock core box could be photographed.

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE BR0155 GEO BRDG GTM.GPJ NC DOT GDT 2/11/25

NCDOT CORE DOUBLE BR0155 GEO_BRDG_GTM.GPJ NC_DOT_GDT 2/11/25

BR-0155 - Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogans Creek
Rockingham County, North Carolina
Rock Core Photographs
Boring: B2-A
 23.4 to 50.4 Feet



*NOTE: Sample RS-04 was unable produce a qualified sample for testing during trimming.

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT
BORE LOG

WBS 67155.1.1			TIP BR-0155			COUNTY ROCKINGHAM			GEOLOGIST P. Perry						
SITE DESCRIPTION Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogan's Creek										GROUND WTR (ft)					
BORING NO. B2-B			STATION 15+78			OFFSET 16 ft RT			ALIGNMENT -L-		0 HR. N/A				
COLLAR ELEV. 486.1 ft			TOTAL DEPTH 29.4 ft			NORTHING 964,419			EASTING 1,844,098		24 HR. 3.5				
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE CG29022 Mobile B-29 92% 04/09/2024						DRILL METHOD NW Casing w/ SPT				HAMMER TYPE Automatic					
DRILLER M. Brewer			START DATE 01/10/25			COMP. DATE 01/10/25			SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A						
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100				ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)
490															
485	486.1	0.0	1	1	1	2								486.1	0.0
480	481.1	5.0	1	1	1	2									
475	476.1	10.0	WOH	WOH	WOH	0								477.6	8.5
470	471.1	15.0	12	26	34									472.6	13.5
465	467.4	18.7	70	30/0.1						100/0.6				467.4	18.7
460	461.7	24.4	60/0.0							60/0.0				461.7	24.4
	456.7	29.4	60/0.0							60/0.0				456.7	29.4
														Boring Terminated with Standard Penetration Test Refusal at Elevation 456.7 ft In Crystalline Rock (Biotite Gneiss)	

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE BR0155_GEO_BRDG_GTM.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 2/13/25

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE BR0155 GEO_BRDG_GTM.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 2/13/25

WBS			67155.1.1			TIP			BR-0155			COUNTY			ROCKINGHAM			GEOLOGIST			P. Perry								
SITE DESCRIPTION																		Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogan's Creek						GROUND WTR (ft)					
BORING NO.			EB2-B			STATION			16+29			OFFSET			16 ft RT			ALIGNMENT			-L-			0 HR.		20.6			
COLLAR ELEV.			502.3 ft			TOTAL DEPTH			44.0 ft			NORTHING			964,424			EASTING			1,844,148			24 HR.		19.3			
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE												CG29022 Mobile B-29 92% 04/09/2024						DRILL METHOD				H.S. Augers				HAMMER TYPE		Automatic	
DRILLER			M. Brewer			START DATE			01/08/25			COMP. DATE			01/08/25			SURFACE WATER DEPTH						N/A					
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	L O G	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION															
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100																			
505																													
500	501.3	1.0	5	3	3																								
	498.7	3.6	3	3	2							M		GROUND SURFACE 502.3 0.0															
	496.3	6.0	5	4	5							M		ROADWAY EMBANKMENT Soft to Stiff, Orange, Fine Sandy SILT (A-4), with trace gravel, organics, and mica															
495	493.7	8.6	2	1	3							M																	
	488.7	13.6	2	2	5							M		490.3 12.0															
490	483.7	18.6	2	2	4							M		Medium Stiff, Orange-Gray, Fine Sandy CLAY (A-6), with trace mica, gravel, and organics															
	478.7	23.6	5	5	7							M		485.3 17.0															
485	473.7	28.6	7	16	20							M		ALLUVIAL Medium Stiff, Orange-Brown, Silty CLAY (A-7), with trace mica, Manganese Oxide staining															
	468.7	33.6	26	25	59							M		480.3 22.0															
480	463.7	38.6	40	37	63/0.2							M		RESIDUAL Stiff to Hard, Orange-Red-Brown-White, Fine Sandy SILT (A-4), with trace to little mica															
	458.7	43.6	100/0.3									M		463.2 39.1															
475	458.3	44.0	60/0.0									M		WEATHERED ROCK Brown-Orange (Biotite Gneiss)															
												M		458.3 44.0															
470												M		Boring Terminated with Standard Penetration Test Refusal at Elevation 458.3 ft On Crystalline Rock (Biotite Gneiss)															
												M		Surficial Organic Soil 0.0-0.2'															
465												M																	
												M																	
460												M																	
												M																	

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

BORE LOG

WBS 67155.1.1				TIP BR-0155				COUNTY ROCKINGHAM				GEOLOGIST P. Perry					
SITE DESCRIPTION Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogan's Creek												GROUND WTR (ft)					
BORING NO. L_1900RT				STATION 19+04				OFFSET 17 ft RT				ALIGNMENT -L-				0 HR. Dry	
COLLAR ELEV. 511.3 ft				TOTAL DEPTH 13.0 ft				NORTHING 964,452				EASTING 1,844,422				24 HR. Dry	
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE CG29022 Mobile B-29 92% 04/09/2024								DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers				HAMMER TYPE Automatic					
DRILLER M. Brewer				START DATE 01/08/25				COMP. DATE 01/08/25				SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A					
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION			
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100				ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)		
515																	
510	510.3	1.0												511.3			
505	507.8	3.5	3	3	3	1								ROADWAY EMBANKMENT Loose to Medium Dense, Orange-Gray-Brown, Silty Fine to Coarse SAND (A-2-4), with trace mica, organics, clay, and asphalt fragments	0.0		
	505.3	6.0	4	5	8	6											
	502.8	8.5	4	3	3	6											
500			3	6	16									503.3	8.0		
	498.3	13.0												498.3	13.0		
			60/0.0							60/0.0				Boring Terminated with Standard Penetration Test Refusal at Elevation 498.3 ft On Crystalline Rock (Biotite Gneiss)			
														Surficial Organic Soil 0.0-0.2'			

NC DOT BORE DOUBLE BR0155 GEO_BRDG_GTM.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 2/11/25

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT
BORE LOG

WBS 67155.1.1			TIP BR-0155			COUNTY ROCKINGHAM			GEOLOGIST M. Malisher					
SITE DESCRIPTION Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogan's Creek											GROUND WTR (ft)			
BORING NO. L_1950LT_HA			STATION 19+50			OFFSET 45 ft LT			ALIGNMENT -L-		0 HR.	Dry		
COLLAR ELEV. 520.4 ft			TOTAL DEPTH 6.4 ft			NORTHING 964,518			EASTING 1,844,461		24 HR.	FIAD		
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE N/A						DRILL METHOD Hand Auger				HAMMER TYPE N/A				
DRILLER N/A			START DATE 01/03/25			COMP. DATE 01/03/25			SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A					
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100			ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)
525														
520														
515											M		520.4	GROUND SURFACE 0.0
											M		518.4	RESIDUAL Soft to Medium Stiff, Red-Brown, Fine to Coarse Sandy CLAY (A-6), with trace mica and roots 2.0
											M			Medium Dense, Red-Brown, Silty Fine SAND (A-2-4), with trace mica
											M		514.0	6.4
													Boring Terminated at Elevation 514.0 ft In Residual Silty SAND (A-2-4)	
													Surficial Organic Soil 0.0-0.1'	

WBS 67155.1.1				TIP BR-0155		COUNTY ROCKINGHAM				GEOLOGIST M. Malisher					
SITE DESCRIPTION Replace Bridge 163 on US 158 over Hogan's Creek												GROUND WTR (ft)			
BORING NO. L_1950RT_HA				STATION 19+50				OFFSET 65 ft RT				ALIGNMENT -L-		0 HR.	1.6
COLLAR ELEV. 489.8 ft				TOTAL DEPTH 5.5 ft				NORTHING 964,409				EASTING 1,844,473		24 HR.	FIAD
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE N/A								DRILL METHOD Hand Auger				HAMMER TYPE N/A			
DRILLER N/A				START DATE 01/03/25				COMP. DATE 01/03/25				SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A			
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION		
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100					
490													GROUND SURFACE 0.0		
485						<									

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE BR0155_GEO_BRDG_GTM.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 2/11/25

SOIL TEST RESULTS																		
BORING ID	SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	NORTHING	EASTING	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			% MOISTURE	% ORGANIC
										C. SAND	F. SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200		
L 1200RT	SS-1	17' RT	12+01 -L-	964375	1843724	1.0 - 2.5'	A-2-4	32	5	24.3	42.3	23.3	10.1	59.2	51.1	23.6	11.8	-
L 1900RT	SS-34	17' RT	19+04 -L-	964452	1844422	3.5 - 5.0'	A-2-4	32	8	29.2	33.0	23.5	14.3	79.8	65.1	33.6	15.1	-

ROCK TEST RESULTS									
SAMPLE NO.*	BORING	STATION	OFFSET	NORTHING	EASTING	DEPTH INTERVAL	ROCK TYPE	UNIT WEIGHT (PCF)	UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH
RS-01	B1-B	14+88 -L-	16' RT	964409	1844008	33.9 - 34.5'	BIOTITE GNEISS	173.0	9,180 psi (1,320 ksf)
RS-02	B1-B	14+88 -L-	16' RT	964409	1844008	39.5 - 40.5'	BIOTITE GNEISS	171.8	10,560 psi (1,520 ksf)
RS-03	B2-A	15+90 -L-	12' LT	964447	1844107	32.3 - 32.8'	BIOTITE GNEISS	170.7	7,020 psi (1,010 ksf)
RS-05	B2-A	15+90 -L-	12' LT	964447	1844107	39.9 - 40.4	BIOTITE GNEISS	154.5	970 psi (140 ksf)
RS-06	B2-A	15+90 -L-	12' RT	964447	1844107	42.2 - 43.0'	BIOTITE GNEISS	167.0	11,540 psi (1,660 ksf)

*NOTE: RS-04 SPECIMEN WAS UNABLE TO PRODUCE A TESTABLE SAMPLE DURING TRIMMING.

Alex M. Atkinson

AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE
NCDOT CERT NO. 130-0212

Prepared in the Office of:
F&ME CONSULTANTS, INC.
COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA
NCDOT LAB CERT. NO. 130-0212



PHOTO #1: VIEW OF BRIDGE 163 PROFILE FACING NORTH.



PHOTO #2: VIEW ALONG BRIDGE 163, FACING WEST, DOWNSTATION.