DocuSign Envelope ID: 0C04B4F9-84C9-4FBB-9821-D08D48E6276F

REFERENCE

SEE SHEET 3 FOR PLAN SHEET LAYOUT AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

CONTENTS

<u>LINE</u>	<u>STATION</u>	<u>PLAN</u>	PROFILE
-L-	529+00 TO 559+IO	4-6	N/A
-Y36-	13+00 TO 29+00	5	N/A
-Y37-	13+75 TO 16+36	6	N/A

ROADWAY SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

CROSS SECTIONS

<u>LINE</u>	<u>STATION</u>	SHEETS
-L-	529+50 TO 559+00	7-19
-Y36-	13+00 TO 29+00	20-28
-Y37-	13+50 TO 16+00	29-31

APPENDICES

APPENDIX	<u>T1</u>	SHEETS		
Α	LABORATORY	TEST	RESULTS	32-33

COUNTY <u>CALDWELL</u>

PROJECT DESCRIPTION US-321 (HICKORY BLVD) AT MISSION ROAD

INVENTORY

STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO. 35 U-4700CC

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT 1991 707-680. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BORCHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (INP-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY TO WISIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR PINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY RESAON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

- TES:
 THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N.C. DEPARTMENT
 OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS
 OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.
 BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS
 FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE
 CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

PERSONNEL A. SUTTLE, GIT

INVESTIGATED BY ECS SOUTHEAST, LLP

DRAWN BY K. DE MONTBRUN, P.E. CHECKED BY M. WALKO, P.E.

SUBMITTED BY ECS SOUTHEAST, LLP

DATE AUGUST 2021

Prepared in the Office of:

ECS SOUTHEAST, LLP
1812 CENTER PARK DRIVE, SUITE D
CHARLOTTE, NC 2821
(704) 525-5152 [PHONE]
(704) 537-0023 [FAX]
NC REGISTRED
ENGINERING
FIRM # F-1078



kelly de Montbrun 8/27/2021

DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO.

U-4700CC

2

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM DISBG). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE ABATHO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE, VERY STIFF, GRAY, SLITY CLAY, WOIST WITH INTERBEDED FINE SAND LAFERS, MIGHLY PLASTIC, A7-6 SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES. ANGULARITY OF GRAINS THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS: WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGULACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT
GENERAL CLASS. GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 SYMBOL SOURCE SOU	MINERAL OGICAL COMPOSITION MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KADLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE. COMPRESSIBILITY SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50 PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR) NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR) NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR) COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YELLD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK (NCR) COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YELLD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YELLD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED (CP) WEATHERING	WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT
"200 15 MX 25 MX 10 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 50 MN 5	ORGANIC MATERIAL ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS TRACE 1 - 10% LITTLE 10 - 20% SOME 20 - 35% HIGHLY ORGANIC > 10% > 20% HIGHLY ORGANIC SOME 20 - 35% HIGHLY ORGANIC SOME 20 - 35% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE CROUND WATER WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS PW PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE. VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, (V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE. SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH, OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY, IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY, ROCK HAS	ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.
EXCELLENT TO GOOD	PW PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA SPRING OR SEEP MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) 25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES SOIL SYMBOL SYMBOL SPIT TEST BORING SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION	DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK. MODERATELY SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITIOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM, FORMATION (FM,) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT. LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.
MARNULAR MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30 N/A	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT AUGER BORING CONE PENETROMETER TEST INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY CORE BORING SOUNDING ROD TIPETTE INFERRED ROCK LINE MONITORING WELL WITH CORE TIPETTE ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION SPT N-VALUE	VERY VERY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK (V SEV.) REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS, SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE. ROCK HARDNESS	MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREQULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS UNDERCUT UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNSUITABLE WASTE SHALLOW UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL ABBREVIATIONS AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST WEA WEATHERED CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY MOD MODERATELY TO SHEAT TEST WEA WEATHERED TO SHE OR	VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN. MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS. MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS. SILICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. SIANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF I FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER, SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.I FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY
CATTERBERG LIMITS) - SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE PLASTIC RANGE (PI) PL PLASTIC LIMIT - WET - (W) SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TC - TRICOR REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL FRACS, - FRACMENTS W - MOISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK, CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE, CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES I INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNALL. FRACTURE SPACING TERM SPACING TICKNESS THICKNESS	TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SRQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER. BENCH MARK: N/A
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE - DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE - DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE - PLASTICITY PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH	DRILL UNITS: ORICH UNITS: OR	VERY WIDE	NOTES: ROADWAY DESIGN FILES, .TIN FILE, AND GPK FILE PROVIDED BY VAUGHN & MELTON. NORTHING AND EASTINGS OBTAINED USING A TRIMBLE GEOTX, BORING STEPLATIONS FOR PROADWAY PORTIONS WERE OBTAINED USING PROVIDED.
NON PLASTIC NON PLASTIC SLIGHTLY PLASTIC SLIGHTLY PLASTIC 16-25 MEDIUM HIGHLY PLASTIC 26 OR MORE HIGH COLOR DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	VANE SHEAR TEST VANE SHEAR TEST CASING W/ ADVANCER PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH TRICONE TRICONE SOUNDING ROD CORE BIT VANE SHEAR TEST	FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINCER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE. MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER. INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER. EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	ELEVATIONS FOR ROADWAY BORINGS WERE OBTAINED USING PROVIDED TIN FILE FIAD = FILLED IN AFTER DRILLING DATE: 8-15-1:

700C IE TIP

BEGIN PROJECT

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

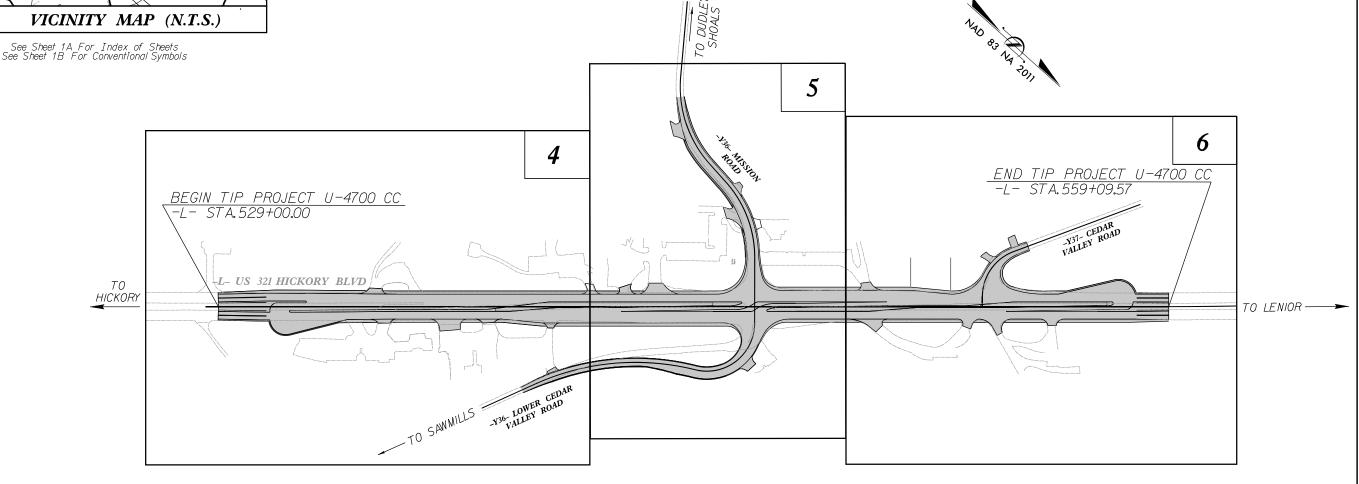
CALDWELL COUNTY

LOCATION: US 321 (HICKORY BLVD) AT MISSION ROAD TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, DRAINAGE, PAVING AND SIGNALS

N.C. U-4700CC 35993.1.12 NHF-321(18)

35

3



Clearing on this project shall be performed to the limits established by Method III.

This project is within the municipal boundaries of the city of Hudson

END TIP PROJECT U-4700 CC

This is a partially Controlled-Access Project with access being limited to points as shown on the plans.

PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED



GRAPHIC SCALES

DESIGN DATA ADT 2019 = 33,500ADT 2039 = 43,900

FUNC CLASS =

PRINCIPAL ARTERIAL

D = 55 %= 60 MPH * TTST = 3 DUAL 4

PROJECT LENGTH

LENGTH ROADWAY PROJECT U-4700CC = 0.570 MI. LENGTH STRUCTURE PROJECT U-4700CC = 0.000 MI. TOTAL LENGTH OF PROJECT U-4700CC = 0.570 MI.

VAUGHN & MELTON

ASHEVILLE NC, 28806
FOR THE NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS 2018 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

RIGHT OF WAY DATE: REECE SCHULER, PE, PLS PROJECT ENGINEER DANIEL ALMUETI, EIT LETTING DATE: PROJECT DESIGN ENGINEER JUNE 2019

HYDRAULICS ENGINEER ROADWAY DESIGN **ENGINEER**

DocuSign Envelope ID: 0C04B4F9-84C9-4FBB-9821-D08D48E6276F Sheet 3A



ECS Southeast, LLP

1812 Center Park Drive, Suite D Charlotte, NC 28217 T 704.525.5152 I F 704.357.0023 www.ecslimited.com

August 27, 2021

WBS NO: N/A

U-4700CC TIP NO: COUNTY: Caldwell

DESCRIPTION: US 321 (Hickory Boulevard) at Mission Road

SUBJECT: **Geotechnical Report – Inventory**

Project Description

The project consists of interchange improvements along US 321/Hickory Boulevard at Mission Road in Caldwell County, North Carolina. Improvements include widening and resurfacing US 321 (-L-) and constructing two U-turn bulb outs along the L-alignment to the north and south of the Mission Road. Other improvements also consist of widening and resurfacing Mission Road (-Y36-). The project is approximately 0.57 miles in length, measured along the US 321 (-L-) alignment.

US 321 will be widened in the vicinity of Mission Road to accommodate 2 through lanes in each direction, with either a 30-foot wide median or a turning lane. Two (2) corresponding U-Turn bulb outs to the north and south of the intersection will also be constructed along the -L- alignment. Mission Road (-Y36alignment) will consist of one 12-foot-wide travel lane in each direction.

At the beginning of the project, the proposed road grade along the -L- alignment centerline start at approximate elevation 1,232 feet and slopes downward to a low elevation of approximately 1,220 feet at the end of the project. Soils encountered in the proposed construction areas generally consisted of roadway embankment underlain by residual soils. Mass grading will generally be limited to the widened areas with cut depths on the order of approximately 18 feet or less and fill heights on the order of 9 feet or less.

The following roads are included as part of this exploration:

<u>Line</u>	Road Name	Station (±)	<u>Offsets</u>
-L-	US 321/Hickory Blvd	529+00 to 559+10	LT to RT
-Y36-	Mission Road	13+00 to 29+00	LT to RT

A geotechnical field investigation was performed by ECS in March 2019. During this time period, a total of twenty-five (25) hand auger borings supplemented with Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP) tests were performed along the -L- and -Y36- alignments. Representative soil samples were collected for visual classification in the field and for analysis by ECS's testing laboratory.

Physiography and Geology

In accordance with the Geologic Map of North Carolina, 1985, the project corridor is located in the Piedmont Physiographic Provinces of North Carolina. Piedmont soils are the residual product of in-place chemical weathering of rock that is similar to the rock presently underlying the site. Bedrock at the site is mapped predominantly as mica schist, with local lenses of quartz schist, biotite gneiss, amphibolite, and phyllite.

Soil Properties

Soils within the area of this project have been divided into two categories: roadway embankment, and residual soils.

Roadway Embankment: Roadway Embankment (R.E.) soils generally consist of loose to medium dense silty fine to coarse sand (A-2-4), medium stiff to very stiff fine to coarse sandy silt (A-4), soft clayey silt (A-5), and stiff to very stiff silty clay (A-7-5). Trace amounts mica were encountered throughout the roadway embankment. The roadway embankment extends to depths ranging from approximately 1.0 to 5.0 feet below existing grades. Laboratory testing of the roadway embankment soils indicated a Plasticity Index (PI) 9 for the silty (A-4) soils, and a PI of 20 for the clayey (A-7-5) soils.

Residual Soils: Residual soils throughout the project corridor are derived from the weathering of the underlying parent bedrock. A majority of the residual soils encountered generally consisted of loose to medium dense silty fine to coarse sand (A-2-4), medium stiff to very stiff fine to coarse sandy silt (A-4), soft to very stiff clayey silt (A-5), and medium stiff to very stiff silty clay (A-7-5). Laboratory testing of the residual soils indicated Plasticity Indices (PI's) ranging from 27 to 30 for the clayey (A-7-5) soils.

Groundwater Properties

Groundwater levels were measured in the borings immediately after drilling (0-hr reading). At the time of drilling, water was not encountered within the borings to the depths explored. Upon the completion of

ECS Project Number: 08:12402 August, 2021 Caldwell County, North Carolina drilling, borings were backfilled for safety reasons and proximity to the roadway. The recovered soil samples were generally described as moist.

Areas of Special Geotechnical Interest

1) <u>Soft/Very Loose Soils</u>: The following areas contain relatively soft or very loose soils that have the potential for subgrade instability, embankment stability or long-term settlement problems during construction:

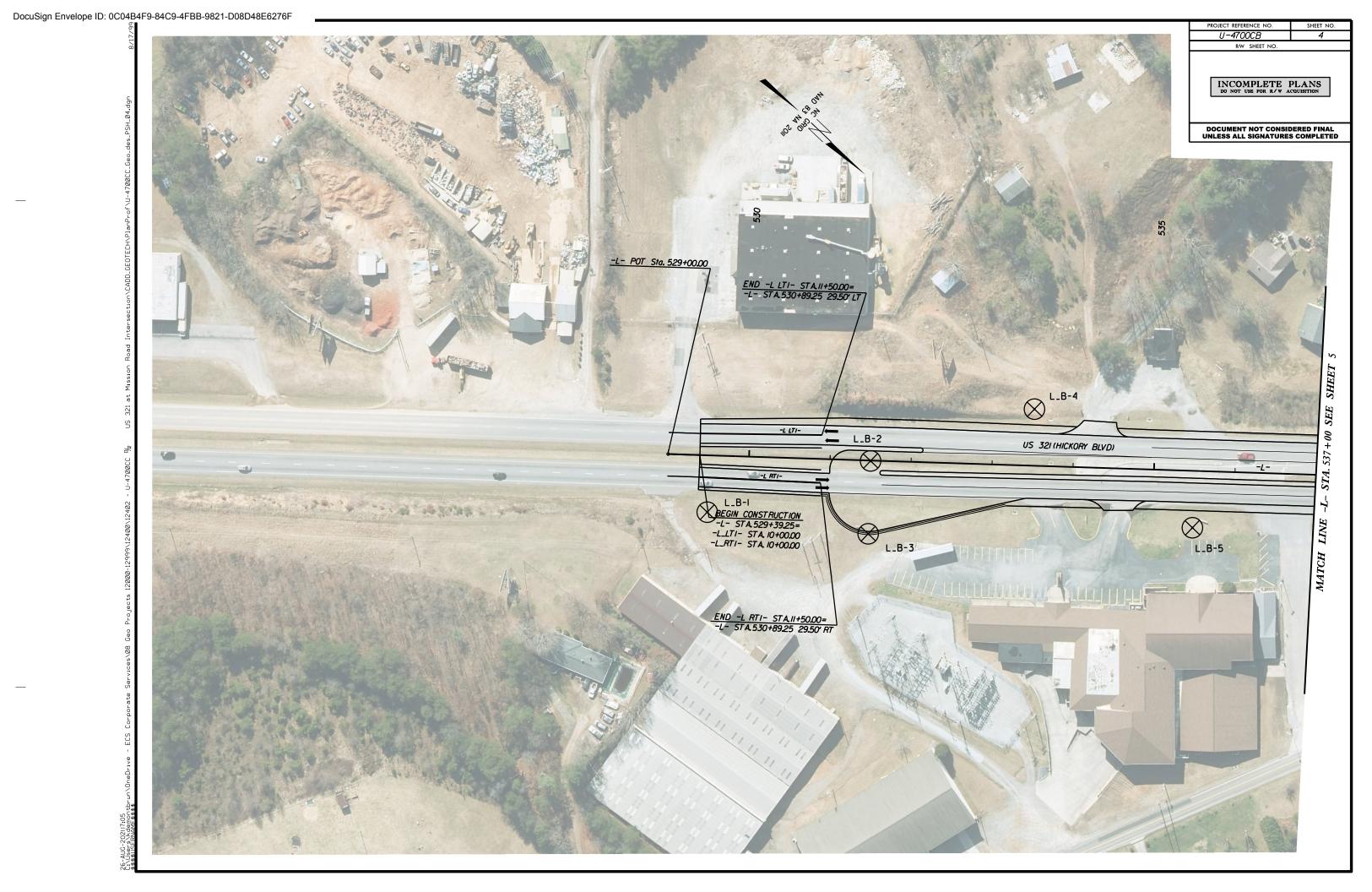
<u>Line</u>	Station (±)	<u>Offsets</u>
-Y36-	13+75 to 15+25	RT
-Y36-	24+75 to 29+00	LT to RT

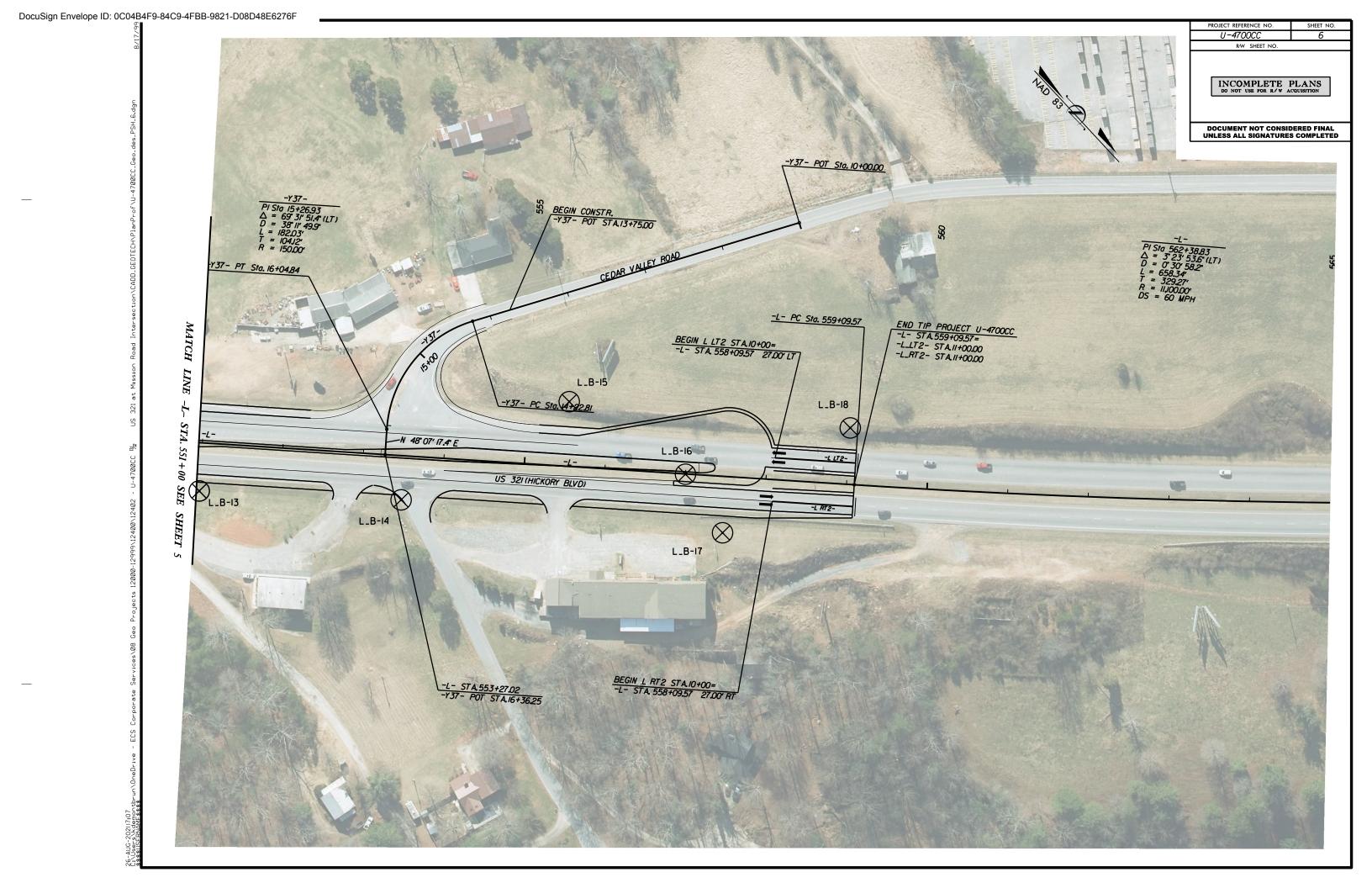
2) <u>High Plasticity Soils</u>: The following areas contain high plasticity soils with plasticity indices (PI's) in excess of 25. High plasticity soils have the potential to cause subgrade instability during construction, embankment stability or long term settlement problems.

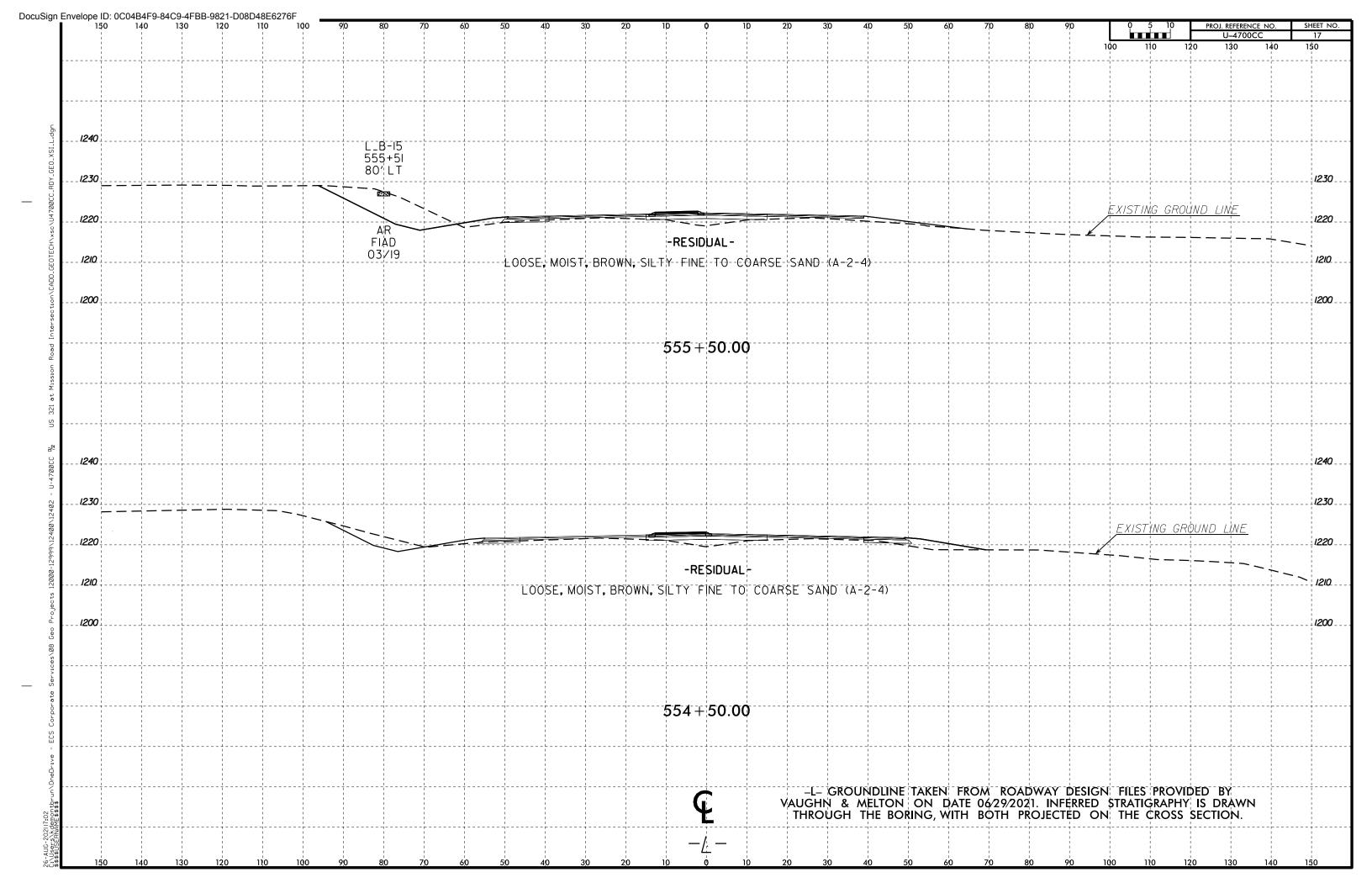
<u>Line</u>	<u>Station (±)</u>	<u>Offsets</u>
-L-	536+25 to 538+25	LT to RT
-L-	550+25 to 554+25	LT to RT
-Y36-	24+75 to 29+00	LT to RT

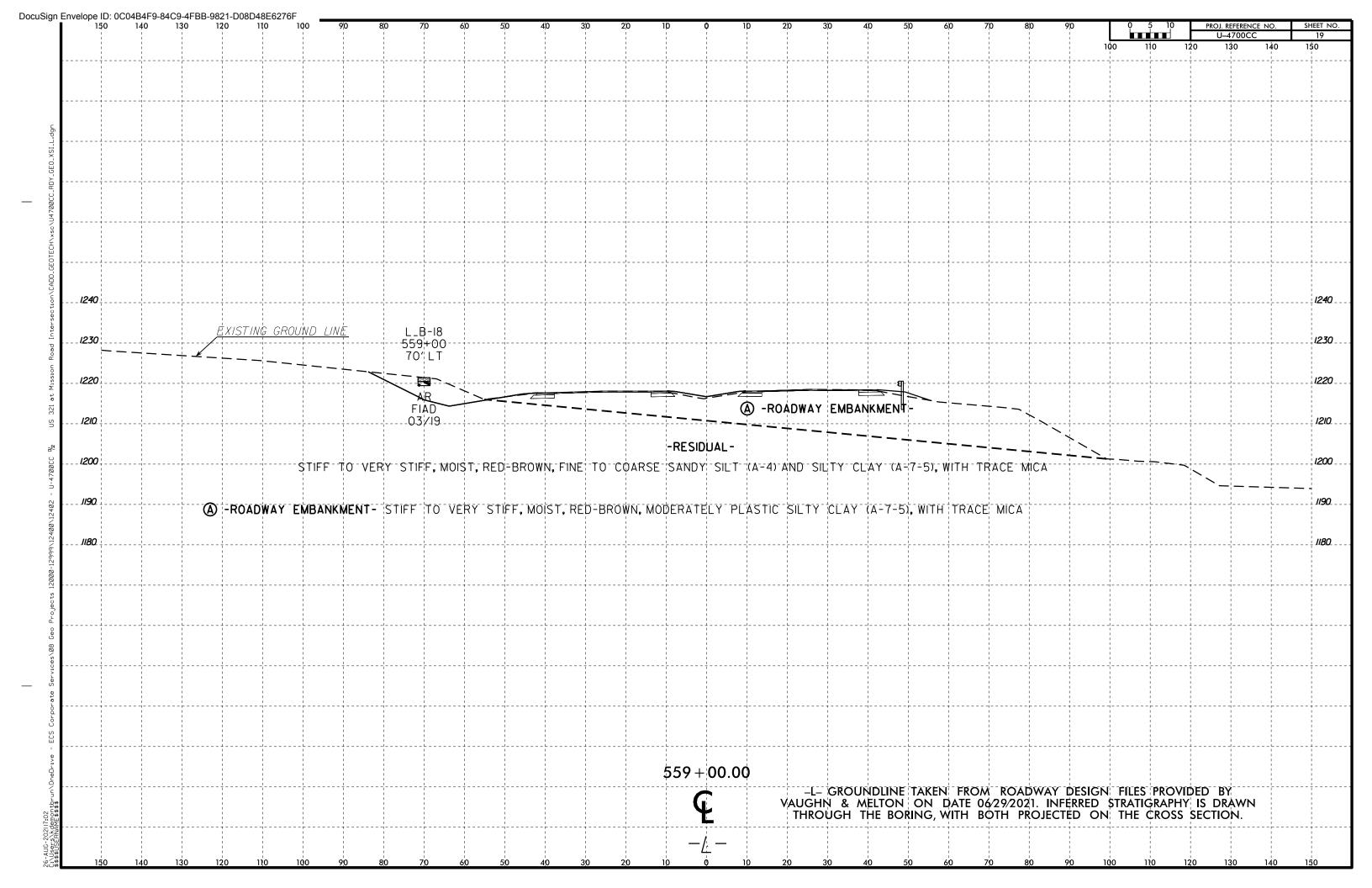
3) <u>Hand Auger Refusal</u>: The following areas encountered hand auger refusal above or within 6 feet of proposed subgrade. Hand auger refusal could indicate areas of rocky embankment fill, hard or dense residual soils layers, weathered rock or crystalline rock.

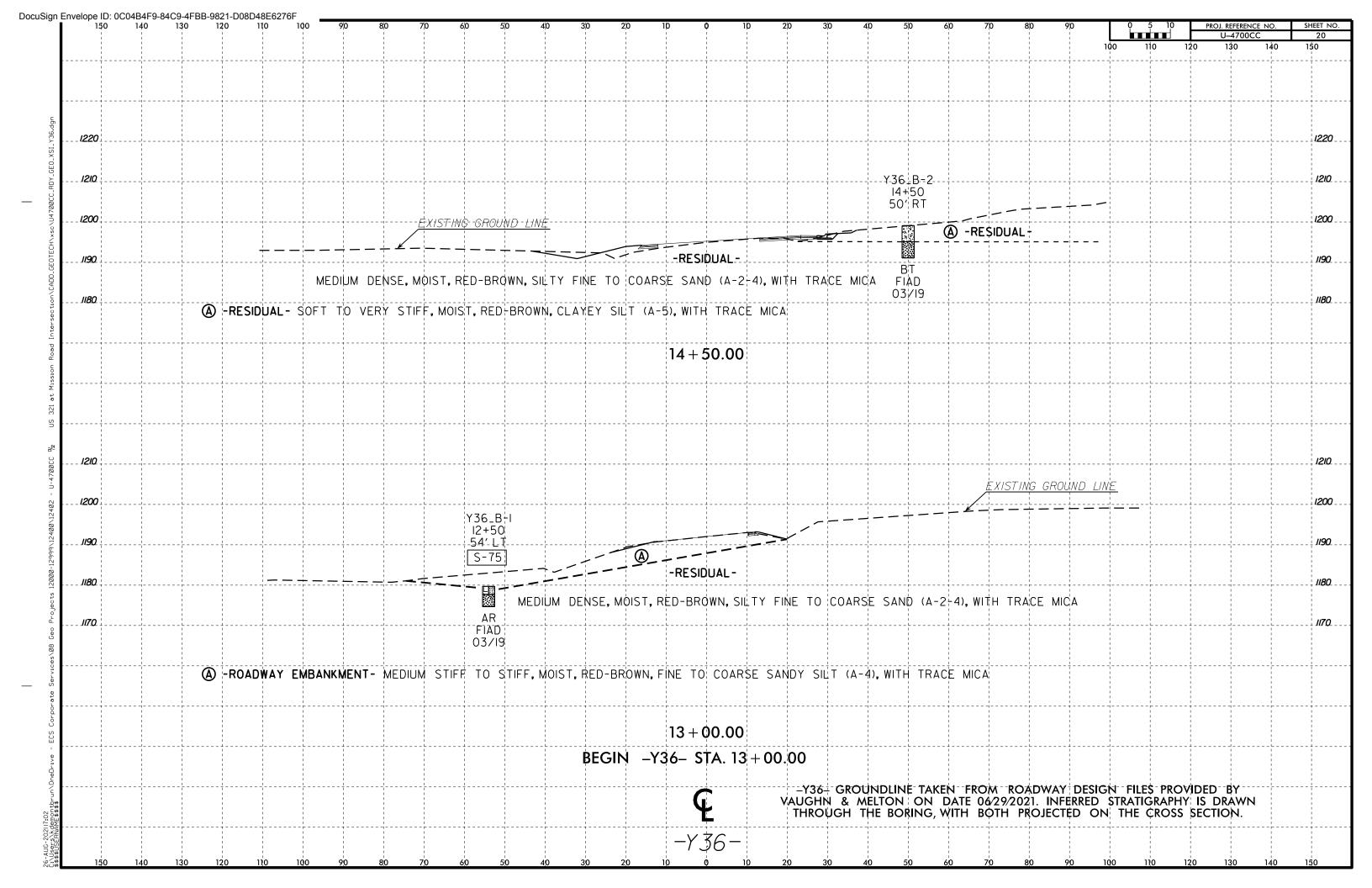
<u>Line</u>	Station (±)	<u>Offsets</u>
-L-	529+00 to 536+75	LT to RT
-L-	538+25 to 540+25	LT
-L-	542+25 to 546+25	LT to RT
-L-	554+25 to 557+25	LT to RT
-L-	558+25 to 559+10	LT
-Y36-	15+25 to 17+25	RT
-Y36-	24+25 to 26+75	RT

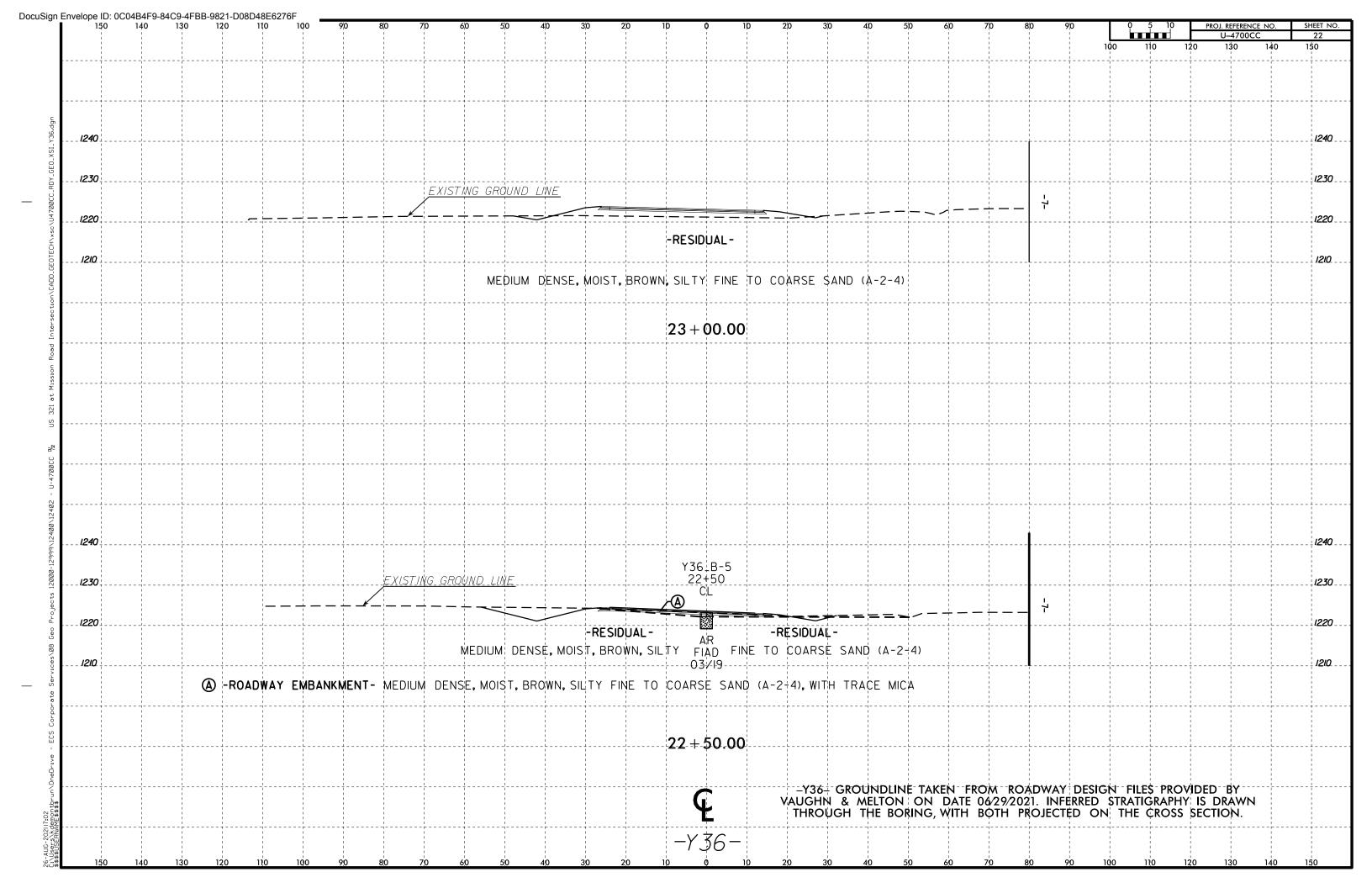


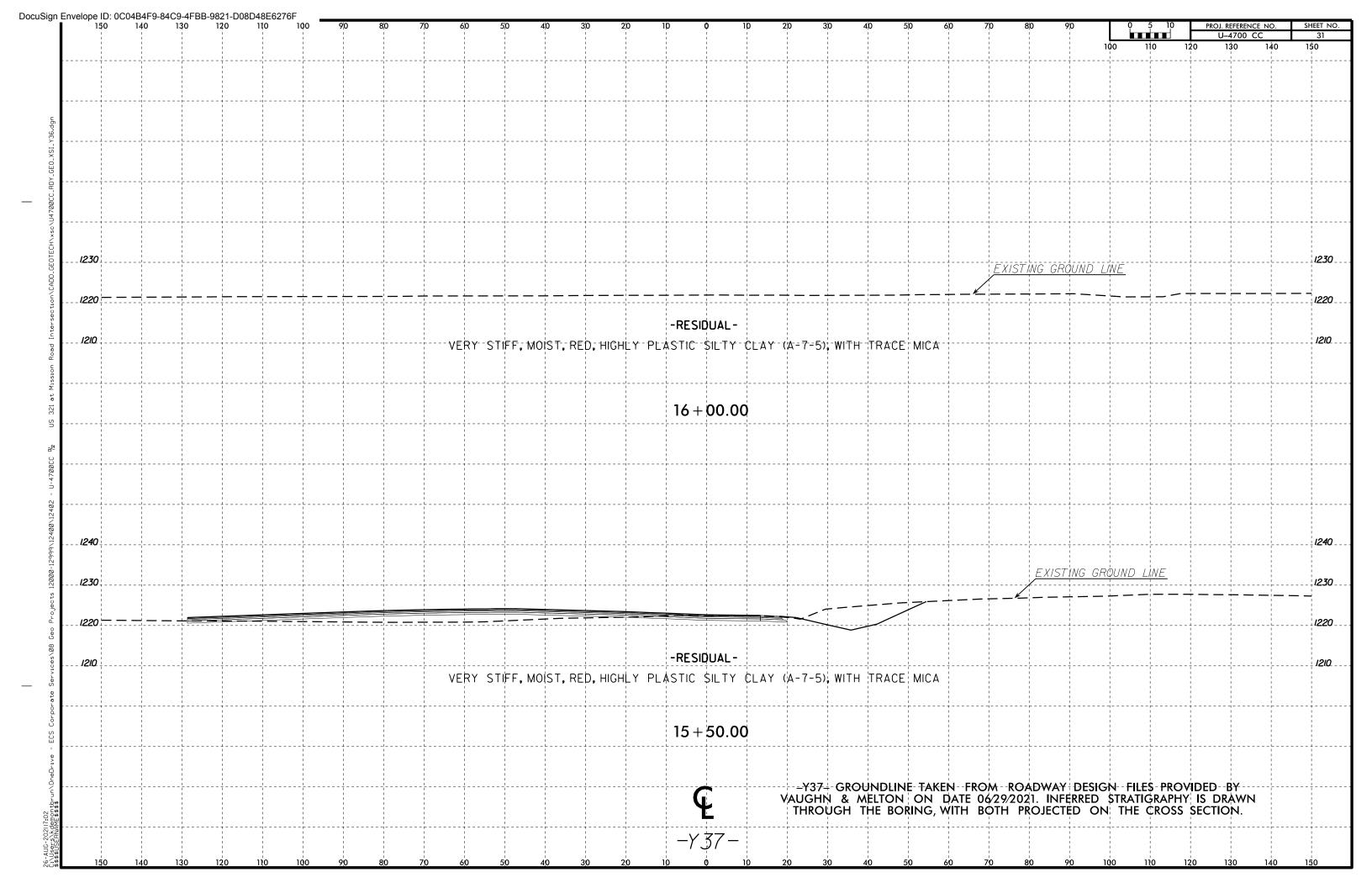












DocuSign Envelope ID: 0C04B4F9-84C9-4FBB-9821-D08D48E6276F PROJECT REFERENCE NO. 32 U-4700CC NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION APPENDIX A LABORATORY TEST RESULTS REFERENCE:

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
U-4700CC	33

	SOIL TEST RESULTS															
BORING	SAMPLE	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH	AASHTO	T T	P.I.		% BY W	EIGHT		% PAS	SSING (S	IEVES)	%	%
NO.	NO.	OFFSEI	STATION	INTERVAL	CLASS.	$\mid L.L. \mid$	P.1.	C. SAND	F. SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200	MOISTURE	ORGANIC
L_B-6	S-11	100' LT	537+49	1.0-2.0'	A-7-5(19)	64	27	22.3	12.1	11.3	54.4	96.1	80.6	66.0	24.8	_
L_B-14	S-24	55' RT	553+50	1.0-2.0'	A-7-5(19)	57	28	19.3	11.7	9.0	60.1	95.3	82.6	68.4	22.4	_
L_B-17	S-68	70' RT	557+51	4.0-5.0'	A-7-5(13)	60	20	24.2	13.0	8.9	53.9	94.6	77.5	62.4	22.5	_
Y36_B-1	S-75	$54^{\circ}LT$	12 + 50	1.0-2.0'	A-4(0)	30	9	36.5	18.5	15.6	29.4	76.7	56.4	37.5	10.3	-
Y36 B-7	S-105	CL	26 + 51	1.0-2.0'	A-7-5(24)	70	30	19.7	9.9	8.5	61.9	97.4	83.6	70.6	31.2	_

LAB TECHNICIAN: C. RUPERT

NCDOT CERTIFICATION NO. 112-01-1003

DocuSign Envelope ID: 0C04B4F9-84C9-4FBB-9821-D08D48E6276F

REFERENCE

SEE SHEET 3 FOR PLAN SHEET LAYOUT AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION

CONTENTS

CROSS SECTIONS

<u>LINE</u>	STATION	SHEETS
-L-	550+00 TO 554+50	4-9
-Y36-	23+00 TO 29+00	10-16
-Y37-	13+50 TO 16+00	17-19

APPENDICES

APPENDIX <u>TITLE</u> **SHEETS** LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

ROADWAY SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY <u>CALDWELL</u> PROJECT DESCRIPTION <u>US-321 (HICKORY BLVD)</u> AT MISSION ROAD

RECOMMENDATIONS

STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO. U-4700CC 21

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT 1999 707-6550. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

CENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORNESS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU INN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INN-RENAT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR PINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY RESAON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

- TES:
 THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N.C. DEPARTMENT
 OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS
 OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.
 BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS
 FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE
 CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

PERSONNEL A. SUTTLE, GIT INVESTIGATED BY ECS SOUTHEAST, LLP

DRAWN BY K. DE MONTBRUN, P.E.

CHECKED BY M. WALKO, P.E.

SUBMITTED BY ECS SOUTHEAST, LLP

DATE AUGUST 2021

Prepared in the Office of:

ECS SOUTHEAST, LLP
1812 CENTER PARK DRIVE, SUITE D
CHARLOTTE, NC 2821
(704) 525-5152 [PHONE]
(704) 537-0023 [FAX]
NC REGISTRED
ENGINERING
FIRM # F-1078



de Montbrun 8/27/2021

SIGNATURE

DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL **UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED**

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO.

U-4700CC

2

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS		
SOIL DESCRIPTIONS SOIL S CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM DISBG). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE ABASHTO SYSTEM, BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE, VERY STIFF, GRAY, SLITY CLAY, WOIST WITH INTEREDEDED FINE SAND LAFERS, MIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6 SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES. ANGULARITY OF GRAINS THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK, ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS: WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVIN A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT		
GENERAL CLASS. GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 CLASS A-1-0 A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-1 A-1 A-3 A-6 A-7 A-3 A-6 A-7 A-1 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-3 A-6 A-7 A-1 A-1 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1 A-1 A-1 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1 A-1 A-1 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1	MINERAL OGICAL COMPOSITION MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KADLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE. COMPRESSIBILITY SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50 PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR) NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR) NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR) COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, SANDSTONE, ETC. COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC. COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YELLD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC. COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED WEATHERING	WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT		
** 200	ORGANIC MATERIAL ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS TRACE 1 - 10% LITTLE 10 - 20% SOME 20 - 35% HIGHLY ORGANIC > 10% > 20% HIGHLY ORGANIC SOME 20 - 35% HIGHLY ORGANIC SOME 20 - 35% AND ABOVE CROUND WATER WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS PW PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE. VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, (V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE. SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH, OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY, IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY, ROCK HAS	ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.		
EXCELLENT TO GOOD	PW PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA SPRING OR SEEP MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) 25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES SOIL SYMBOL SYMBOL SPIT TEST BORING SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION SPIT SUST PRINT TEST BORING INSTALLATION	DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK. MODERATELY SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITIOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM, FORMATION (FM,) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT. LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.		
MARNULAR MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30 N/A	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT AUGER BORING CONE PENETROMETER TEST INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY CORE BORING SOUNDING ROD TIPETTE INFERRED ROCK LINE MONITORING WELL WITH CORE TIPETTE ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION SPT N-VALUE	VERY VERY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK (V SEV.) REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS, SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE. ROCK HARDNESS	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.		
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS UNDERCUT UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNSUITABLE WASTE SHALLOW UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL ABBREVIATIONS AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST WEA WEATHERED CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY MOD MODERATELY TO SHEAT TEST WEA WEATHERED TO SHE OR	VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN. MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS. MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS. SILICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. SIANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF I FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER, SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.I FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY		
CATTERBERG LIMITS) - SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE PLASTIC RANGE (PI) PL PLASTIC LIMIT - WET - (W) SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TC - TRICOR REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL FRAGS, - FRAGMENTS W - MOISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK, CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE, CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES I INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNALL. FRACTURE SPACING TERM SPACING TICKNESS THICKNESS	TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SRQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER. BENCH MARK: N/A		
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE - DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE - DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE - PLASTICITY PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH	DRILL UNITS: ORICH UNITS: OR	VERY WIDE	NOTES: ROADWAY DESIGN FILES, .TIN FILE, AND GPK FILE PROVIDED BY VAUGHN & MELTON. NORTHING AND EASTINGS OBTAINED USING A TRIMBLE GEOTX, BORING ELEVATIONS FOR PROADWAY POPULOS WERE OBTAINED USING PROVIDED.		
NON PLASTIC NON PLASTIC SLIGHTLY PLASTIC SLIGHTLY PLASTIC G-15 SLIGHT MODERATELY PLASTIC 16-25 MEDIUM HIGHLY PLASTIC 26 OR MORE HIGH COLOR DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	VANE SHEAR TEST TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS CASING W/ ADVANCER PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH TRICONE TRICONE SOUNDING ROD CORE BIT VANE SHEAR TEST	FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE. MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER. INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER. EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	ELEVATIONS FOR ROADWAY BORINGS WERE OBTAINED USING PROVIDED .TIN FILE FIAD = FILLED IN AFTER DRILLING DATE: 8-15-1		

TIP PROJECT: U-4700CC

BEGIN PROJECT

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

CALDWELL COUNTY

LOCATION: US 321 (HICKORY BLVD) AT MISSION ROAD

TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, DRAINAGE, PAVING AND SIGNALS

| STATE | STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO. | SHEET NO. | SH

Consulting Engineers | Sort feature, SC |
S64-374-4775 | SA She Ville, | Charleston, SC |
Morth Corolline, | S83-374-550 |
S28-233-2796 | Micdeaboro, XY |
S93-377-9595 | 704-337-0488 | Antono, GA |

☐ Micdisabor-o, KY
e, NC 606-748-6600
0-688 ☐ Artont-o, GA
710-627-3509
en. Inc. All Right's Reserved

See Sheet 14 Fr John of Sheets
See Sheet 15 Fr John of Sheets

Clearing on this project shall be performed to the limits established by Method III.

This project is within the municipal boundaries of the city of Hudson

END TIP PROJECT U-4700 CC

This is a partially Controlled-Access Project with access being limited to points as shown on the plans.

PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

INCOMPLETE PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION

DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED



GRAPHIC SCALES 50 0 50 100 PLANS 50 0 50 100 PROFILE (HORIZONTAL) 10 0 10 20

DESIGN DATAADT 2019 = 33,500

ADT 2017 = 33,300 ADT 2039 = 43,900 K = 8 % D = 55 % T = 7 % *

V = 60 MPH
* TTST = 3 DUAL 4
FUNC CLASS =

PRINCIPAL ARTERIAL

PROJECT LENGTH

LENGTH ROADWAY PROJECT U-4700CC = 0.570 MI.

LENGTH STRUCTURE PROJECT U-4700CC = 0.000 MI.

TOTAL LENGTH OF PROJECT U-4700CC = 0.570 MI.

Prepared in the Office of: VAUGHN & MELTON 1318-F PATTON AVE.

ASHEVILLE NC, 28866
FOR THE NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

2018 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

RIGHT OF WAY DATE: REECE SCHULER, PE, PLS
PROJECT ENGINEER

LETTING DATE:

JUNE 2019

DANIEL ALMUETI, EIT

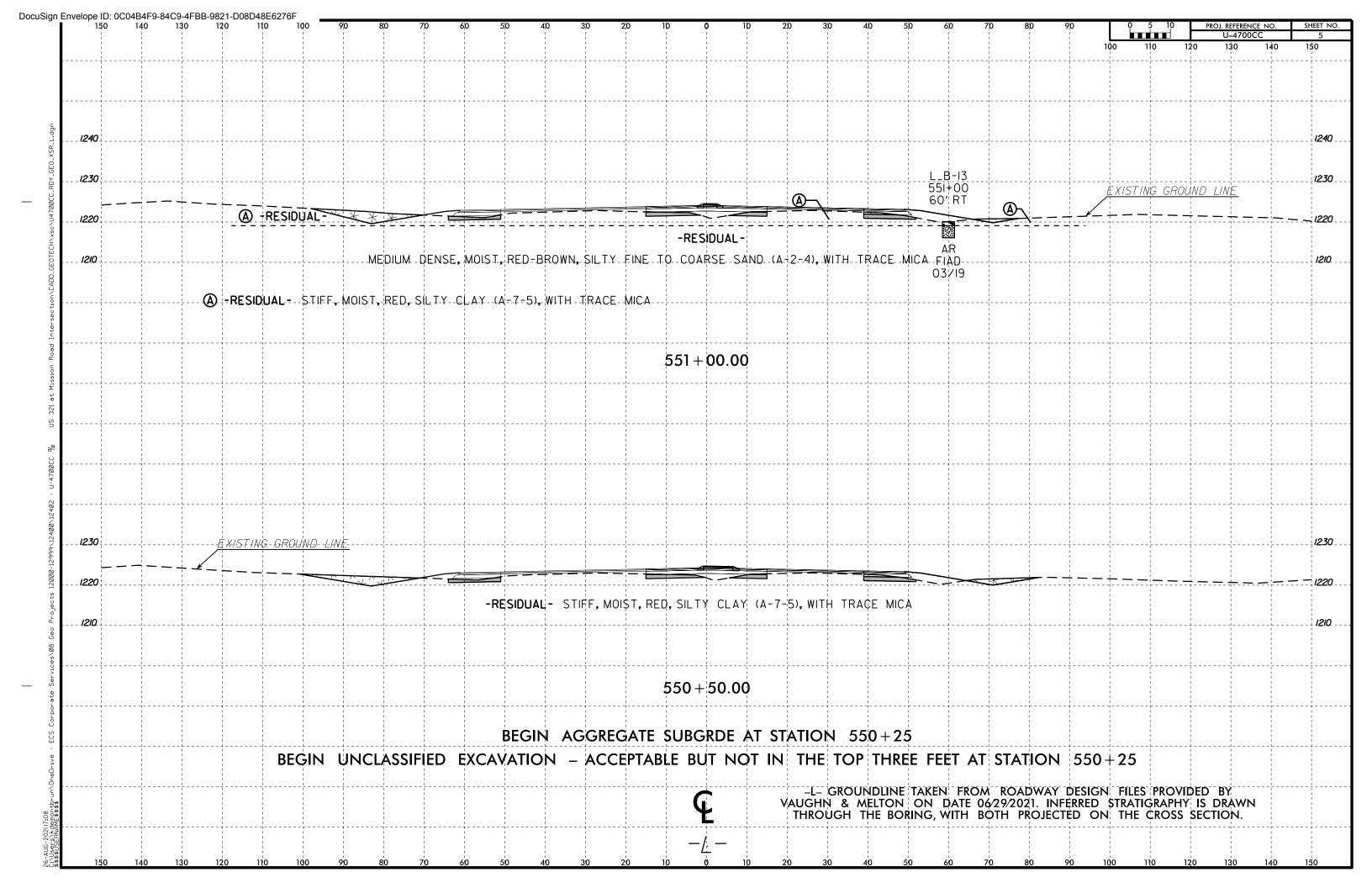
PROJECT DESIGN ENGINEER

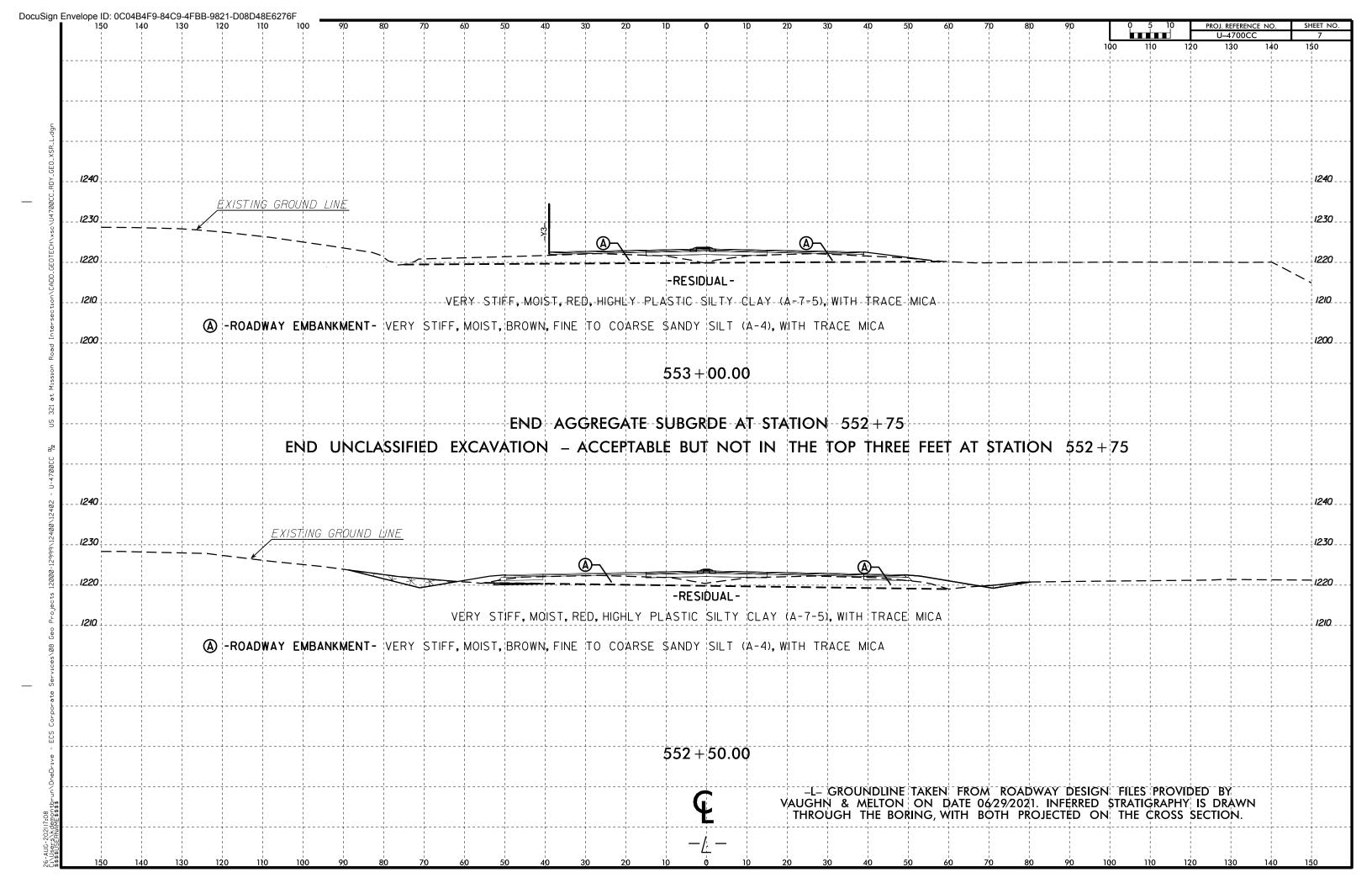
P.E.

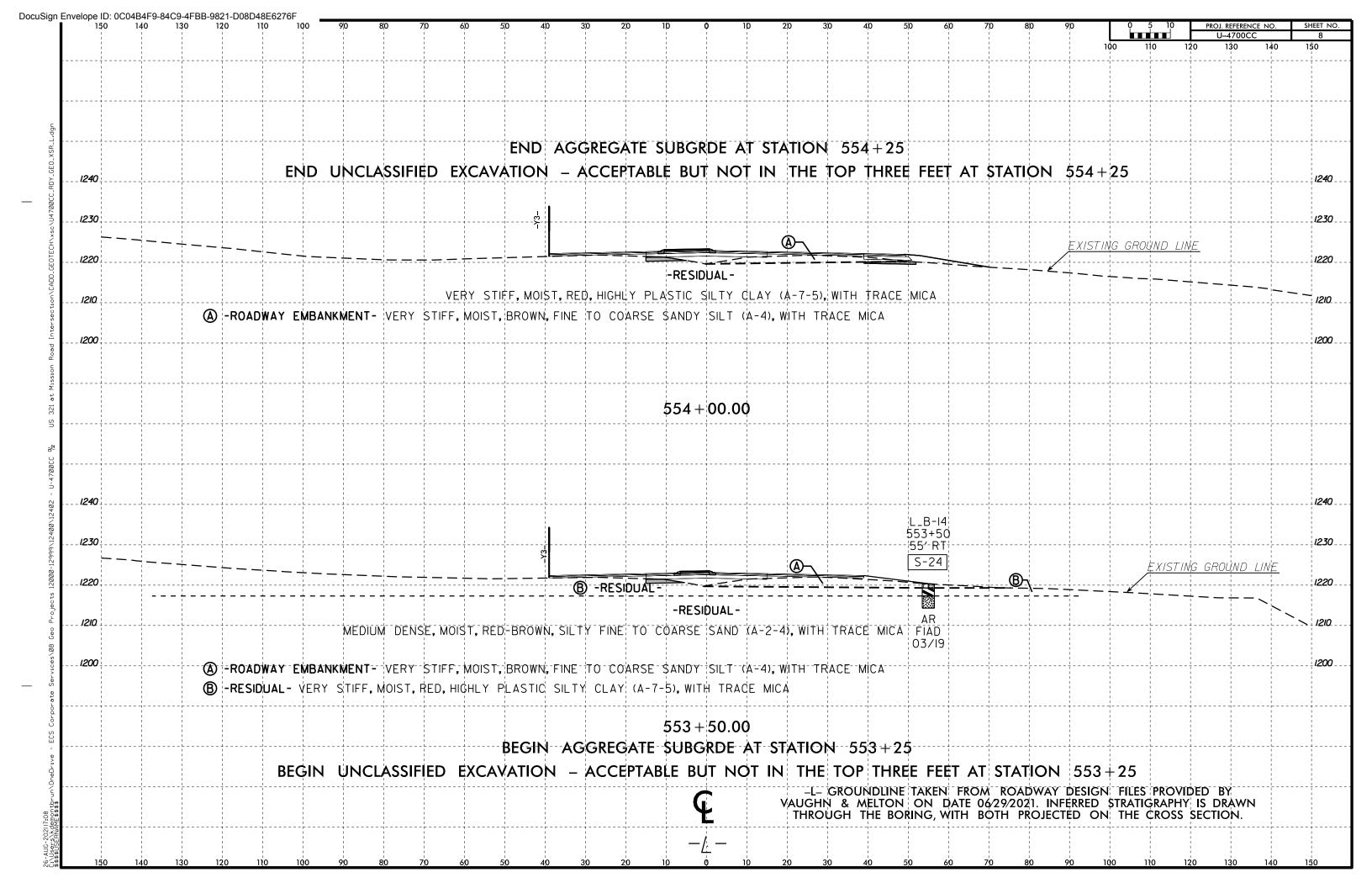
HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

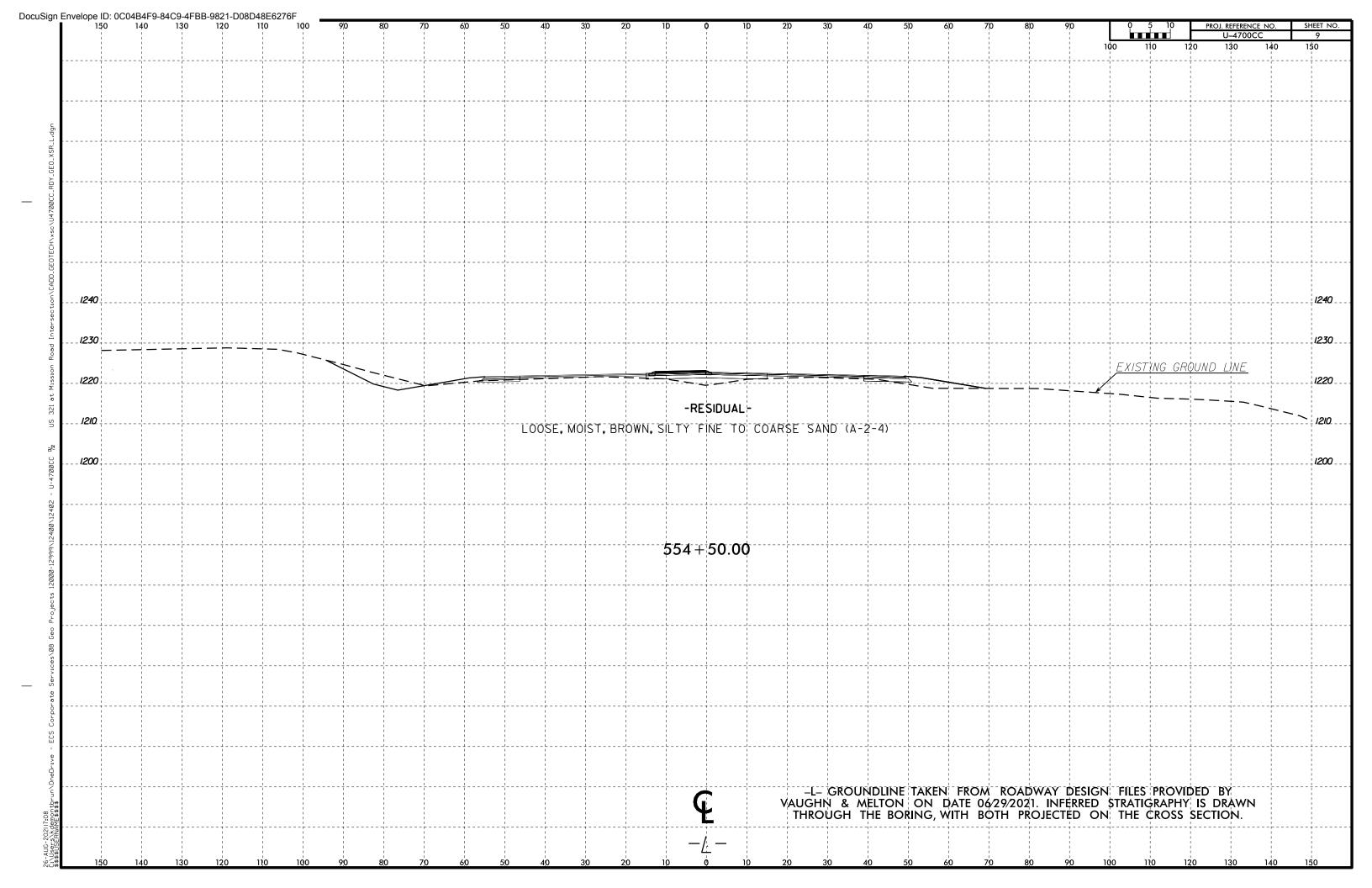
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER

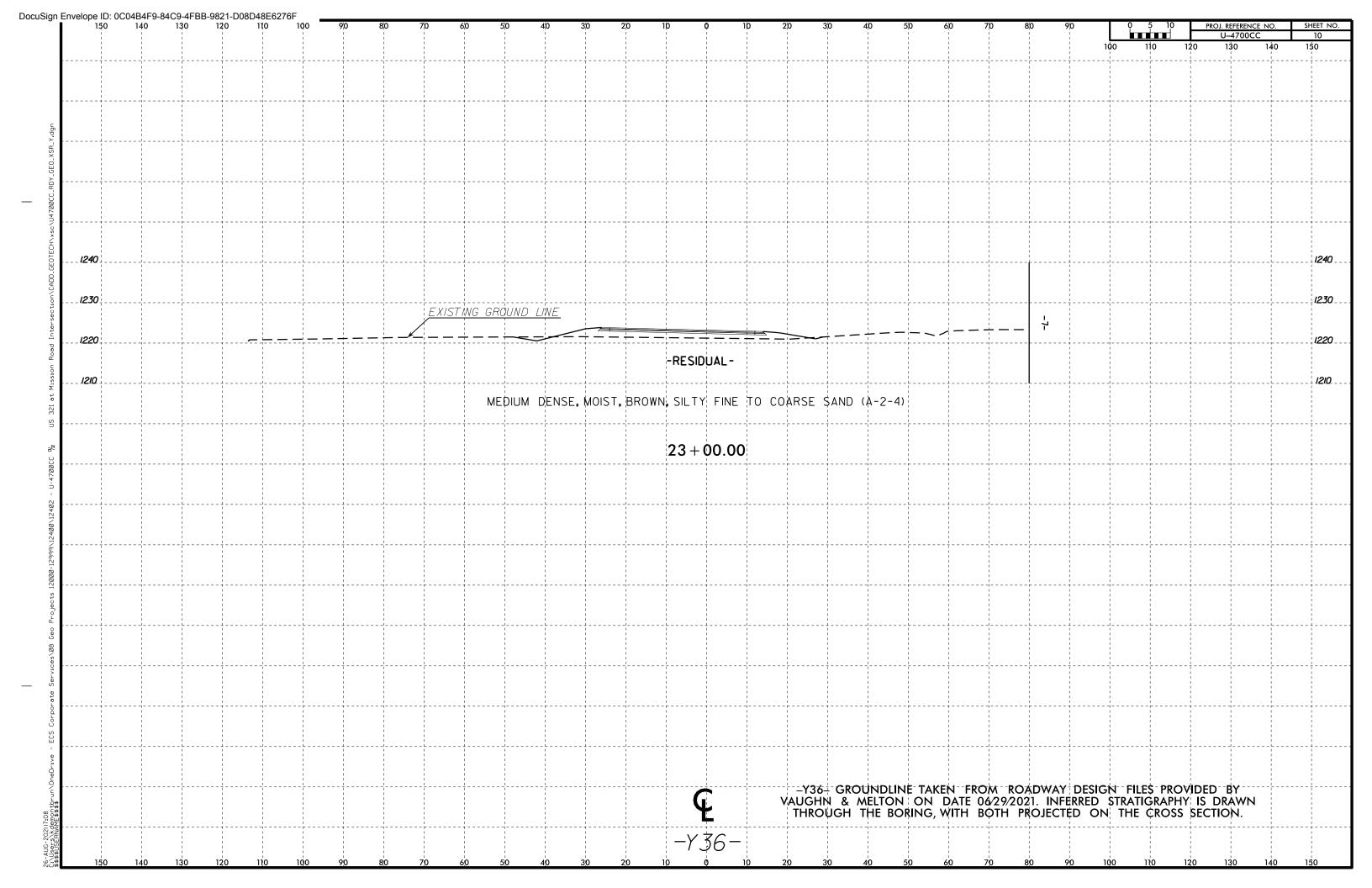


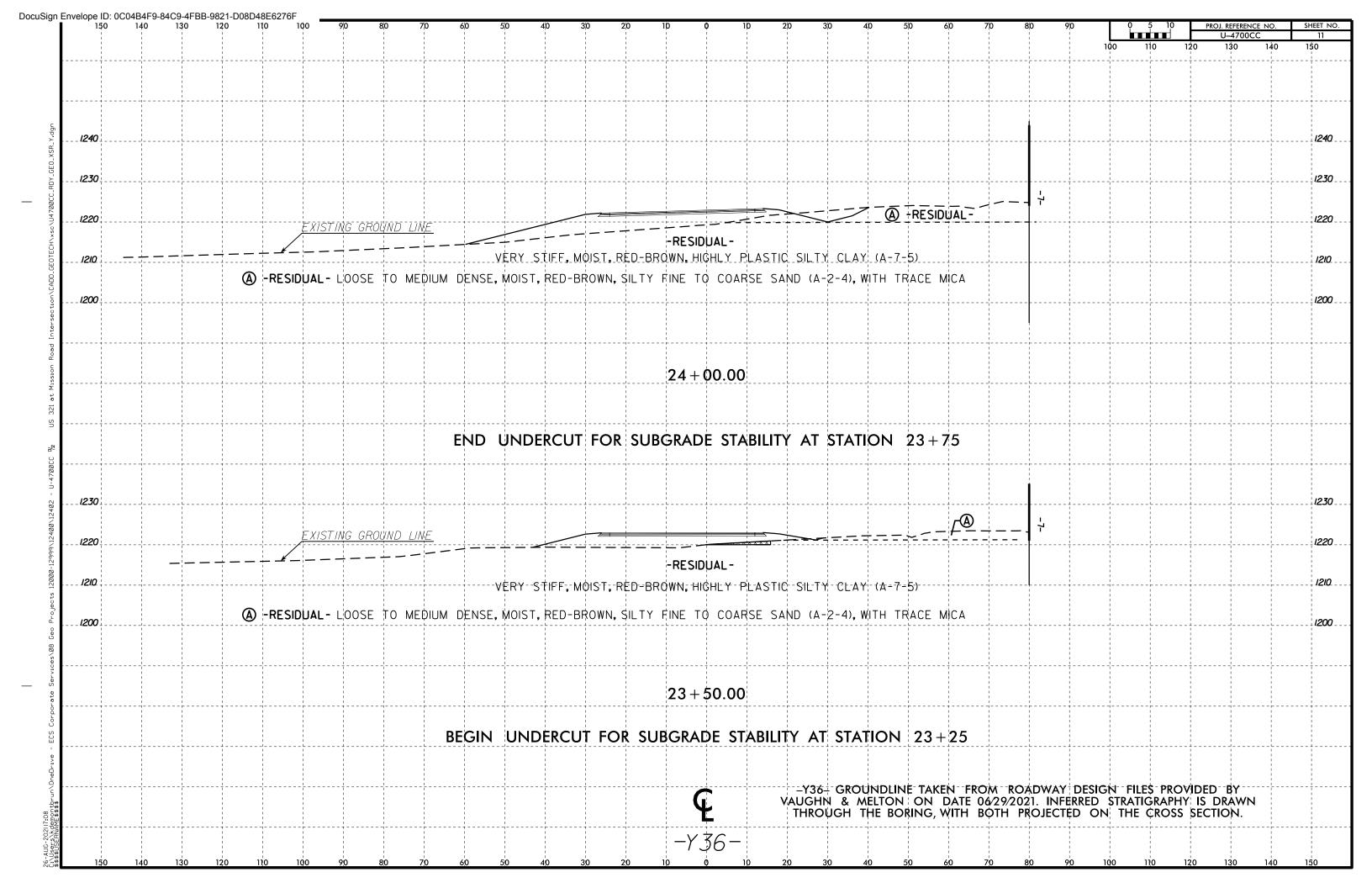


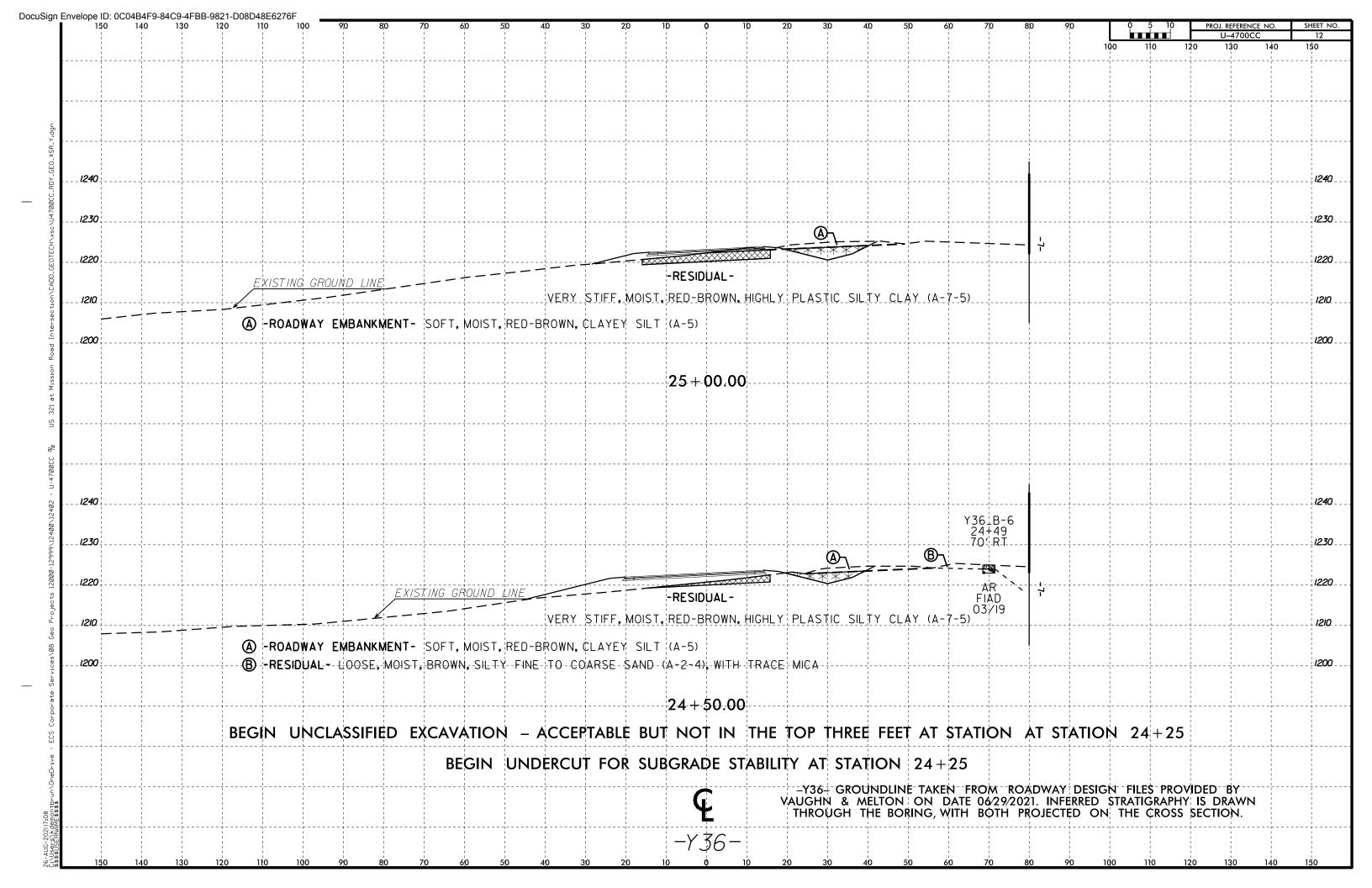


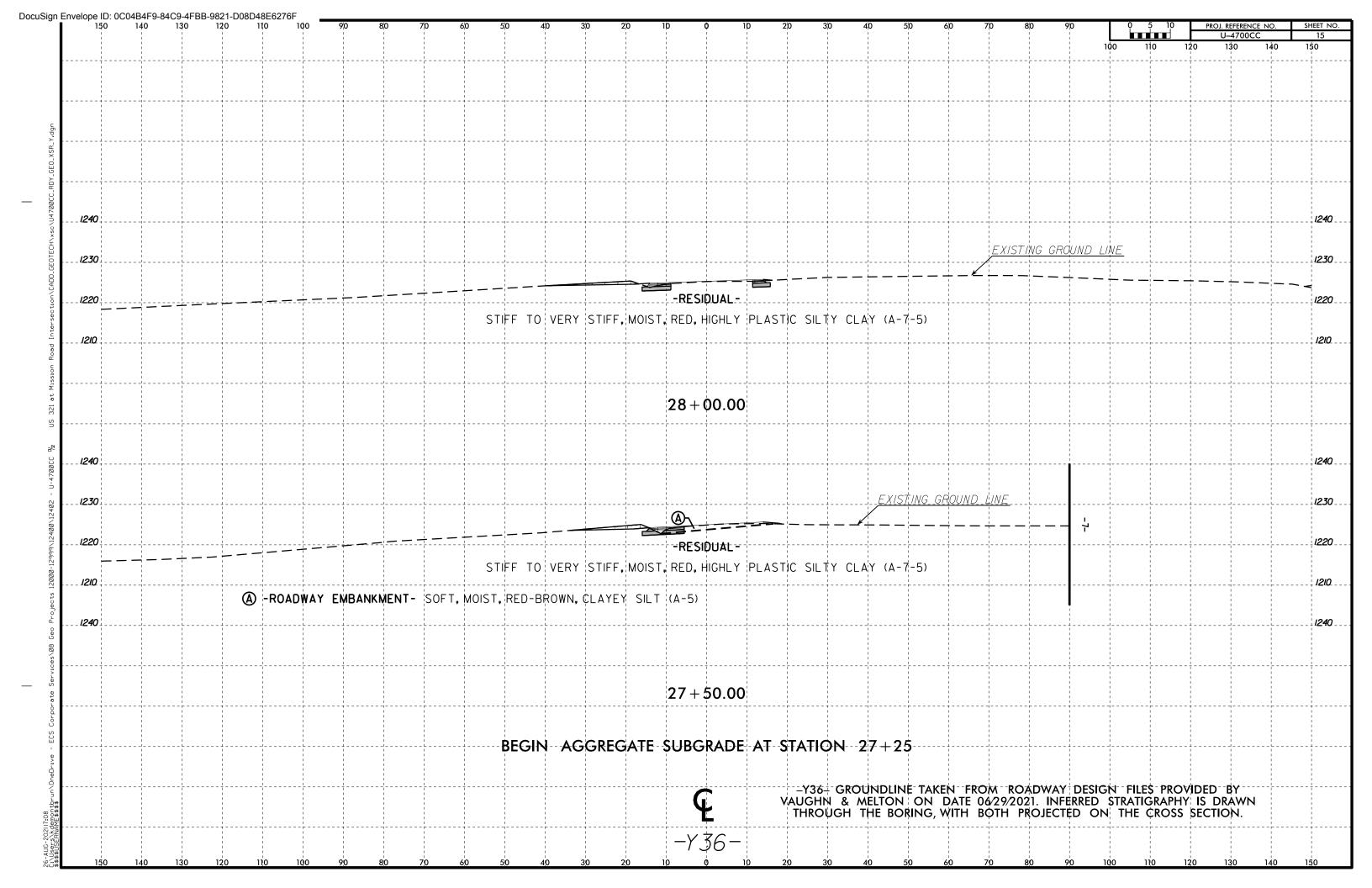


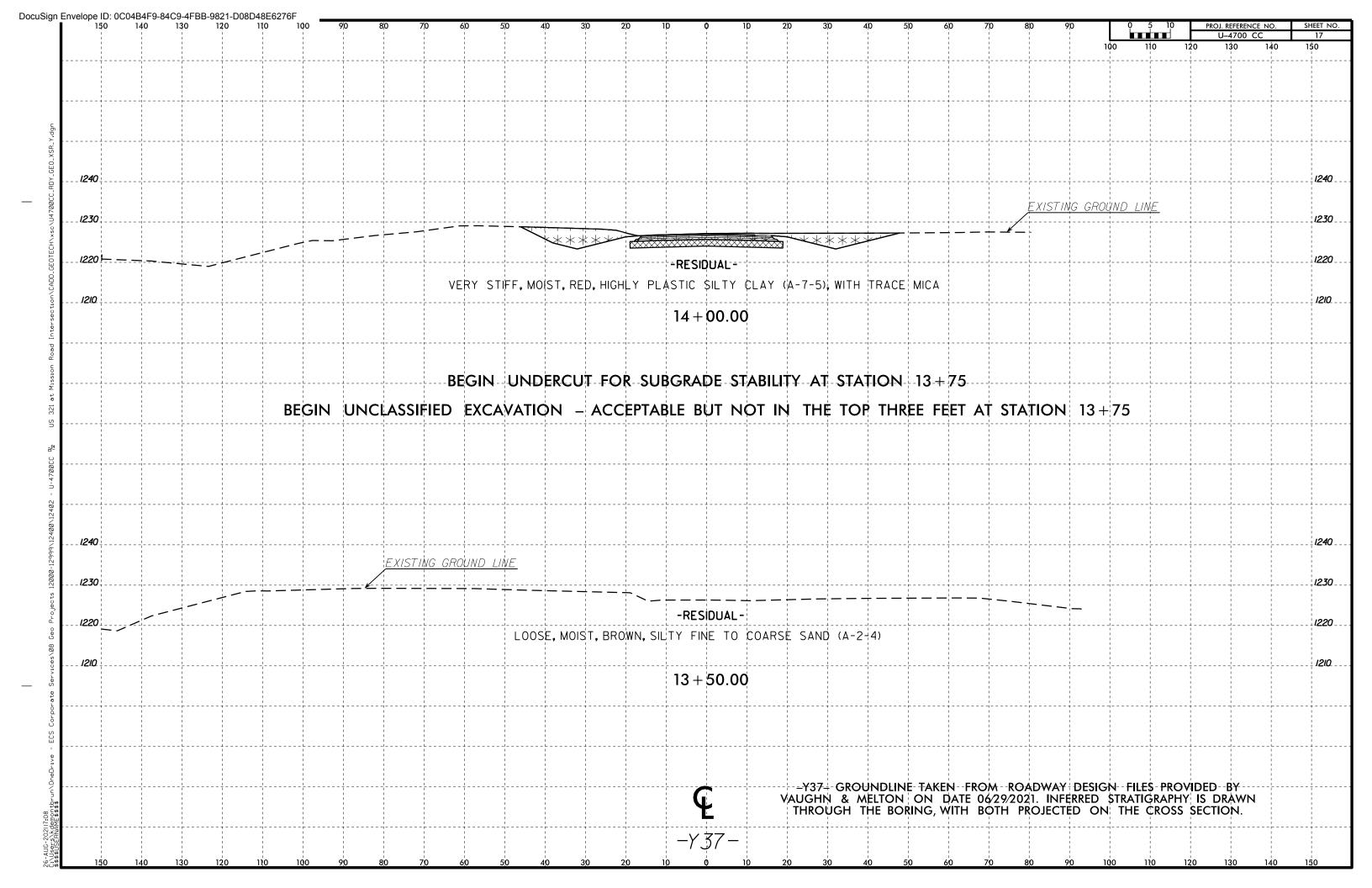












DocuSign Envelope ID: 0C04B4F9-84C9-4FBB-9821-D08D48E6276F PROJECT REFERENCE NO. 20 U-4700CC NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION APPENDIX A LABORATORY TEST RESULTS REFERENCE:

U-4700CC 21

SOIL TEST RESULTS																
BORING	SAMPLE	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH	AASHTO		I I DI		% BY W	% BY WEIGHT		% PASSING (SIEVES)			%	%
NO.	NO.			INTERVAL	CLASS.		$L. \mid P.I.$	C. SAND	F. SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200	MOISTURE	ORGANIC
L_B-14	S-24	55' RT	553+50	1.0-2.0'	A-7-5(19)	57	28	19.3	11.7	9.0	60.1	95.3	82.6	68.4	22.4	-
Y36 B-7	S-105	CL	26+51	1.0-2.0'	A-7-5(24)	70	30	19.7	9.9	8.5	61.9	97.4	83.6	70.6	31.2	_

LAB TECHNICIAN: C. RUPERT

NCDOT CERTIFICATION NO. 112-01-1003