

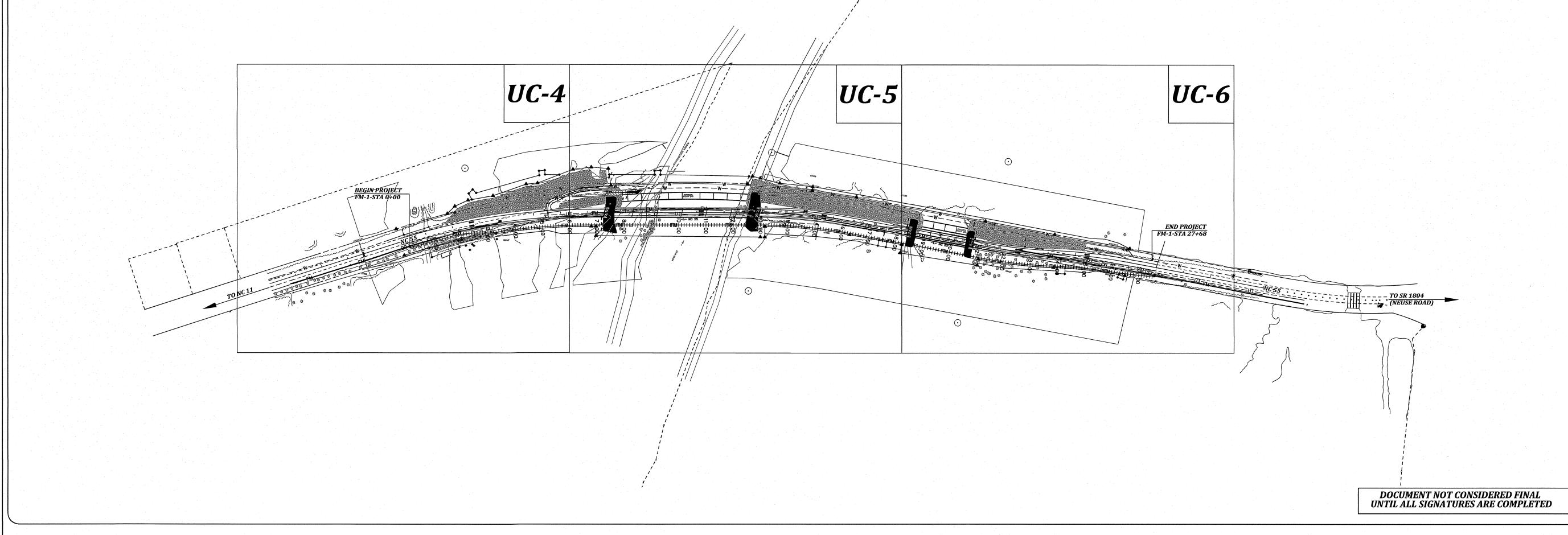
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA VISION OF HIGHWAYS

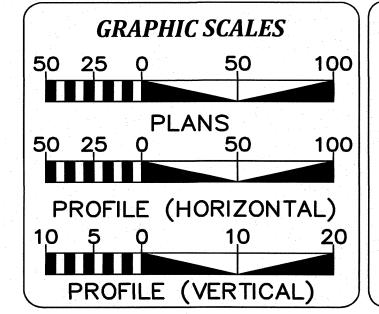
T.I.P. NO. SHEET NO. B - 4926UC-1

UTILITY CONSTRUCTION PLANS LENOIR COUNTY

LOCATION: BRIDGE NO. 20 AND BRIDGE NO. 34 ON NC 55 **OVER THE NEUSE RIVER**

TYPE OF WORK: FORCE MAIN RELOCATION





INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NO.:

DESCRIPTION:

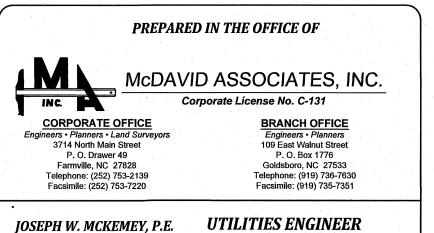
UC-1

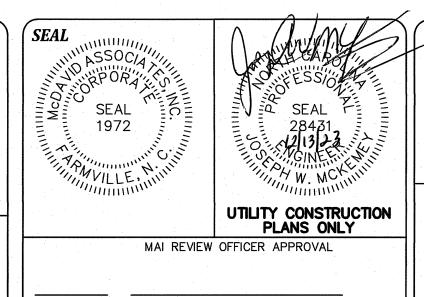
UC-3 THRU UC-3B UC-3C THRU UC-3F UC-4 THRU UC-6

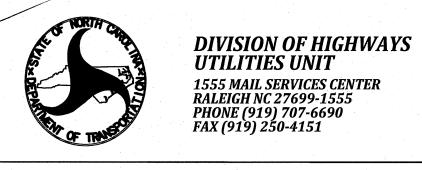
TITLE SHEET UTILITY SYMBOLOGY **UTILITY NOTES** UTILITY DETAILS **UTILITY CONSTRUCTION SHEETS**

WATER AND SEWER **OWNERS ON PROJECT**

(A) SANITARY SEWER - TOWN OF DOVER (B) WATER (TRANSMISSION) - NLWC







UTILITY ENGINEER DAVID KRAMER **UTILITY COORDINATOR** CHAD MILLS

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA VISION OF HIGHWAYS

Utility Line by Others

UTILITIES PLAN SHEET SYMBOLS

PROPOSED WATER SYMBOLS Water Line (Sized as Shown) 11? Degree Bend 22? Degree Bend +++ 45 Degree Bend + ** Telephone Pedestal Butterfly Valve Line Stop with Bypass Blow Off Fire Hydrant Relocate Fire Hydrant Remove Fire Hydrant Water Meter Relocate Water Meter Remove Water Meter Water Pump Station RPZ Backflow Preventer DCV Backflow Preventer Relocate RPZ Backflow Preventer Relocate DCV Backflow Preventer PROPOSED SEWER SYMBOLS Gravity Sewer Line (Sized as Shown) Force Main Sewer Line (Sized as Shown) Manhole (Sized per Note)

PS(SS)

Sewer Pump Station

PROPOSED MISCELLANOUS UTILITIES SYMBOLS

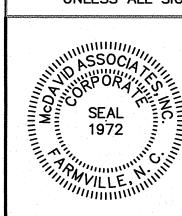
Thrust Block

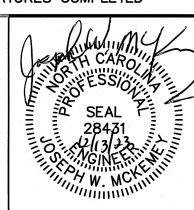
incusement by open out	i dy item Mote	PAY ITEM
Encasement		
EXISTING UTILIT	TIES SYMBOLS	
Power Pole · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*Underground Power Line	
Γelephone Pole ····································	*Underground Telephone Cable ————	
Joint Use Pole	*Underground Telephone Conduit ———	
Jtility Pole	*Underground Fiber Optics Telephone Cable —	
Jtility Pole with Base	*Underground TV Cable	
H−Frame Pole····································	*Underground Fiber Optics TV Cable —	
Power Transmission Line Tower	*Underground Gas Pipeline ————————————————————————————————————	
Water Manhole	Aboveground Gas Pipeline	A/G Gas
Power Manhole ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	*Underground Water Line	
Telephone Manhole	Aboveground Water Line	A/G Water
Sanitary Sewer Manhole	*Underground Gravity Sanitary Sewer Line —	
Hand Hole for Cable	Aboveground Gravity Sanitary Sewer Line —	A/G Sanitary Sewer
Power Transformer	*Underground SS Forced Main Line	
Telephone Pedestal	Underground Unknown Utility Line -	
CATV Pedestal	SUE Test Hole	
Gas Valve	Water Meter	
Gas Meter	Water Valve	⊗
_ocated Miscellaneous Utility Object ⊙	Fire Hydrant	\$
Abandoned According to Utility Records AATUR	Sanitary Sewer Cleanout	
End of Information E.O.I.	*For Existing Utilities	
	Utility Line Drawn from Record (Type as Shown) Designated Utility Line	

(Type as Shown

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.			SHEET NO.	
B-4926			UC-2	
DESIGNED BY:	JWM		RTH CAROLINA	
DRAWN BY:	MW		PARTMENT OF ANSPORTATION	
CHECKED BY:	DEG	UTILITIES	S ENGINEERING SEC	
APPROVED BY: JWM PHON		E: (919)707-6690 : (919)250-4151		
REVISED:		FAX	: (919)250–4151	

UTILITY CONSTRUCTION





UTILITY CONSTRUCTION PLANS ONLY

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Engineers • Planners
109 East Walnut Street
P. O. Box 1776
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Telephone: (919) 736-7630
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	REVISIONS		
10.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	
		MAI REVIEW OFFICER APPROVAL	
	DATE	MAI REVIEW OFFICER	

- CONTRACTOR shall assign a full-time competent resident superintendent or supervisor employed by the CONTRACTOR. The superintendent/supervisor shall have authority to act, direct the WORK, supervise all subcontractors, etc. on behalf of the respective CONTRACTOR. CONTRACTOR shall not replace resident superintendent without written acknowledgment to ENGINEER and approval from OWNER
- 2. CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for coordination of the following:
 - A. Field Superintendent/Project Manager shall contact ENGINEER daily between 6:30am and 7:00am beginning three (3) days in advance of starting construction throughout the duration of the PROJECT.
 - B. Construction and operation efforts between PROJECT related CONTRACTORS.
 - C. All subcontractors for each respective CONTRACTOR.
 - D. Tie-ins, site construction, etc. by all PROJECT related CONTRACTORS.
 - E. Notification to ENGINEER of field conflicts, delays, changes, coordination issues, etc.
- 3. CONTRACTOR shall submit shop drawings and/or catalogue cuts on selected materials for approval prior to ordering materials.
- 4. Legend of abbreviations used in plans:
 - A. WDC = Water Distribution CONTRACTOR.
 - B. STC = Street CONTRACTOR.
 - C. FM with Solid Line = Proposed Force Main.
 - D. FM with Dashed Line = Existing Force Main.
 - E. W with Solid Line = Proposed Water Line.
 - F. W with Dashed Line = Existing Water Line.
 - G. V = Valve.
 - H. ST with Solid Line = Proposed Storm Sewer.
 - I. ST with Dashed Line = Existing Storm Sewer.
- 5. The CONTRACTOR shall include all clearing in the UNIT PRICE of the pipe or applicable construction item.
- 6. All stone bedding shall be included in the UNIT PRICE of the pipe or applicable construction item.
- 7. Backfill material shall be as follows:
 - A. Under proposed pavement and curb and gutter
 - 1. Suitable soil material excavated from the site shall be used for backfill unless directed otherwise by the ENGINEER. Payment for backfilling shall be included within the UNIT PRICE of the pipe.
 - Borrow shall be used at the direction of the ENGINEER if existing on-site material is not suitable. Payment for BORROW shall included within the UNIT PRICE of the pipe.
 - B. Not under proposed pavement and curb and gutter.
 - Suitable soil material excavated from the site shall be used for backfill unless directed otherwise by the ENGINEER. Payment for backfilling shall be included within the UNIT PRICE of the pipe.
- 8. All construction is on a UNIT PRICE basis.
- 9. The CONTRACTOR is responsible for all subsurface conditions and construction methods necessary to install the facility.
- 10. Backfill compaction for all force main construction shall be in accordance with SECTION 02226, EXCAVATION, BACKFILL, AND COMPACTION FOR FORCE MAINS. This section shall supersede any less stringent compaction requirements found elsewhere in the PLANS and/or SPECIFICATIONS.
- 11. CONTRACTOR shall contact all utility companies prior to beginning work and shall fully coordinate and have all utilities flagged within the area of construction. Known utilities within the project area and their respective contacts are as follows:
 - A. Electrical

Duke Energy Progress (800) 452-2777

B. Gas

Piedmont Natural Gas (800) 752-7504

C. Cable TV

Optimum (252) 955-8088

D. Telephone

- Brightspeed (252) 751-5751
- E. Sewer Force Main

Town of Dover (252) 523 9610 Chuck Cauley (252) 560-1789

F. Water Lines

North Lenoir Water Corporation Melvin Albritton - Office: (252) 527-8352 Mobile: (252) 560-1490

- 2. CONTRACTOR shall contact the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NC DOT) as follows:
 - A. CONTRACTOR shall contact the NC DOT District Engineer or the NC DOT District Engineer's representative at the following times:
 - 1. Five (5) days prior to any WORK within NC DOT rights-of-way
 - 2. Upon completion of all WORK within NC DOT rights-of-way
 - 3. Prior to any lane closures within NC DOT rights-of-way
 - B. The NC DOT District Engineer's contact information for this PROJECT is:
 - N. C. Department of Transportation Division of Highways 1629 Highway 258 South Kinston, NC 28504 Telephone: 252-775-6530 Facsimile: 252-527-7920
- 13. Prior to force main construction within any area where road construction is in progress by a D.O.T. contractor, the force main contractor shall coordinate the installation of the proposed force main with the D.O.T. contractor and the D.O.T. inspector to insure that the force main is installed in a manner to avoid conflicts with the D.O.T. construction and to provide all specified bury depths and clearances.
- 4. All material and workmanship shall conform to the NC Department of Transportation "Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures", "Roadway Standard Drawings", and "Policies and Procedures for Accommodating Utilities on Highway Rights of Way", latest edition.
- 15. Construction zones and approaches to construction zones shall be signed and marked to maximize public safety in accordance with the following:
 - A. "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", latest revision, by U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration
 - B. "North Carolina Construction and Maintenance Operations Supplement to the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", latest revision, by Division of Highways, NC Department of Transportation
 - C. "North Carolina Highway Marking Manual and Supplement to the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", latest revision, by Division of Highways, NC Department of Transportation
 - D. NC DOT "Roadway Standard Drawings", latest revision, by NC Department of Transportation
 - E. NC DOT "Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures", latest revision, by NC Department of Transportation
- 16. Any roadway signs removed during construction shall be reinstalled immediately.
- 17. The CONTRACTOR shall adhere to all NC DOT safety standards, rules and regulations. A "Work Zone Traffic Control Supervisor" is a trained and qualified individual who is employed by the CONTRACTOR and is capable of identifying unsafe work zone conditions and improper traffic control. NC DOT qualified "Work Zone Flaggers" shall be used for all flagging operations.
- 18. The CONTRACTOR shall not perform any construction or cleanup activities unless appropriate traffic control devices and/or flagmen are in place and functional. Traffic control devices and/or flagmen shall remain in place and be maintained by the CONTRACTOR as long as necessary to prevent any unsafe condition.
- 19. Any work requiring equipment or personnel within five (5) feet of the edge of any travel lane of an undivided highway and within ten (10) feet of the edge of any travel lane of a divided highway shall require a lane closure with appropriate traffic control devices.
- 20. Work shall not be performed on both sides of the road simultaneously within the same area with the exception of a drybore or road crossing.
- 1. Excavation material shall not be placed on pavements. If for any reason, excavation material must be placed on pavement, written permission shall be obtained from NC DOT and presented to the ENGINEER prior to placement of the excavation material on the pavement. Excavation material shall not be placed in a manner that blocks drainage structures or creates a roadway hazard after removal. CONTRACTOR shall place screening material between the pavement and the excavation material as necessary to prevent excavation material from adhering to the pavement. The cost of screening material and the placement and removal thereof shall be included within the UNIT PRICE of the pipe.

- 22. All locations of existing utilities, storm drainage and other facilities are approximate and shall be field verified by the CONTRACTOR prior to installation of new construction. PLANS do not show all existing utilities, storm drainage and other facilities. The CONTRACTOR shall make his own prebid field determination of all existing utilities, storm drainage and other facilities.
- 23. CONTRACTOR shall install all force mains and appurtenances in the locations shown on the PLANS.
- 24. When minimum cover in all directions is less than thirty-six (36) inches, the pipe shall be ductile iron pipe.
- 25. All excavations inside the theoretical 1:1 slope from the existing edge of pavement to the bottom of the nearest excavation wall shall be made in accordance with the following:
 - A. Active excavation shoring, such as sheet piling, shall be installed. The design of the shoring shall include the effects of traffic loads. The shoring system shall be designed and sealed by a professional engineer licensed in North Carolina. Shoring plans and design calculations shall be submitted to the NC DOT Division Engineer for review and approval prior to construction. Trench boxes are not acceptable as shoring.
 - B. All trench excavation inside the limits of the theoretical 1:1 slope, shall be completely backfilled and compacted at the end of each construction day. No portion of the trench shall be left open overnight.
 - C. An appropriate performance bond shall be posted by the CONTRACTOR with NC DOT for a period of two (2) to five (5) years to cover any long term pavement repairs which may be required as a result of the installation.
- 26. Trenches, bore pits and/or other excavations shall not be left open or unsafe
- 27. CONTRACTOR shall be responsible and liable for any damages to existing items caused by the CONTRACTOR or resulting from the CONTRACTOR'S work associated with accomplishing the PROJECT. PLANS do not show all items that exist in the PROJECT area. For those items shown on the PLANS, locations are approximate. The existence of these items will significantly impact the CONTRACTOR'S ability to install the proposed piping and accomplish the WORK required by the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. The CONTRACTOR shall make his own pre-bid field determination and investigation regarding the existence and the exact location of all items within the PROJECT area. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for judging and determining how and to what extent existing items will impact the CONTRACTOR'S ability to accomplish the WORK. The CONTRACTOR shall contact the owner of the respective utilities within the PROJECT area and coordinate the protection of the existing utility. Any and all fees charged by the owner of the existing utility related to the protection, holding, or relocation of the existing utility shall be paid by the CONTRACTOR. The CONTRACTOR shall repair, provide new, or replace items damaged or destroyed during construction whether said items are shown on the PLANS or not. Damage repair, new, or replacement of those items shall be included within the UNIT PRICE of the pipe. NC DOT owned or maintained items damaged or removed shall be replaced or reinstalled in conformance with NC DOT "Roadway Standard Drawings", latest revision, by NC Department of Transportation and NC DOT "Standard Specifications for Road and Structures", latest revision, by NC Department of Transportation. The costs associated with accomplishing the proposed WORK in the immediate vicinity of existing items and the protection of these existing items shall be included within the UNIT PRICE of the pipe. There shall be no additional payment to the CONTRACTOR for costs associated with temporary or permanent locating and/or relocating existing items necessary to accomplish proposed construction activities; holding existing items out of the way of construction activities; measures required for the protection of existing items; or, temporary repair, removal, providing new, and/or replacement of existing items damaged by the CONTRACTOR.
 - A. CONTRACTOR shall protect existing storm drainage pipe before, during, and after removal and replacement. Existing undamaged storm drainage piping may be reused. Existing drainage piping damaged by the CONTRACTOR shall be replaced with new piping. Existing damaged drainage piping shall be replaced with new piping if CONTRACTOR disturbs the existing damaged piping. A storm drain pipe collar shall be installed around the joint of any pipe segment disturbed, installed, or reinstalled during construction. Drainage structures shall not be blocked with excavation materials.
 - B. CONTRACTOR shall protect existing underground and above ground utilities within the PROJECT area. Existing underground and above ground utilities within the PROJECT area include but are not limited to: water lines, sewer lines, natural gas lines, telephone cables (including fiber optic cables), cable TV cables, and electric cables.
 - Existing utilities are numerous and alignments are irregular. Accurate depiction of the utilities on the PLANS is not possible or practical and therefore the PLANS do not typically attempt to illustrate all utilities and locations of all utilities.
 - 2. If necessary, CONTRACTOR shall coordinate with the owner of existing overhead utilities to have utility line, pole, or guy wire, etc. held or temporarily relocated to accomplish installation of the proposed WORK.

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO.

B-4926 UC-3

DESIGNED BY: JWM NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

CHECKED BY: DEG
APPROVED BY: JWM PHONE: (919)707-6690

REVISED:

REVISED:

UTILITY CONSTRUCTION

DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED





UTILITY CONSTRUCTION PLANS ONLY

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	,	REVISIONS
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
1	1/26/2024	Revised Note 22 Per NCDOT Comments
		MAI REVIEW OFFICER APPROVAL
DATE		MAI REVIEW OFFICER

- 3. CONTRACTOR shall replace all existing water service lines damaged or cut during construction of the PROJECT from the existing water line to the existing meter stop with new 200 psi service line with no joints or splices.
- C. CONTRACTOR shall protect above ground items within the PROJECT area. Existing above ground items within the PROJECT area include but are not limited to: right-of-way monuments, adjacent property monuments, roadway signs, guardrails, improvements, mail boxes, shrubbery, small ornamental trees, fences, headwalls, paved and unpaved driveways, pavements, curbing, gutters, roads, paths, walkways, drives to mail boxes, etc.
 - 1. Prior to beginning construction, CONTRACTOR shall identify all right-of-way monuments or adjacent property corner monuments to be disturbed by the WORK. Any monuments to be disturbed by the WORK shall be referenced by a Registered Land Surveyor prior to the WORK and reset after construction by a Registered Land Surveyor.
- 2. Existing roadway signs disturbed, damaged, or removed shall be replaced, restored, and reinstalled by the CONTRACTOR as soon as possible. Existing roadway signs disturbed, damaged, or removed shall be replaced, restored, and reinstalled by the CONTRACTOR the same day disturbed, damaged, or removed. Temporary signing shall be utilized until existing permanent signs are replaced, restored, and reinstalled.
- 3. Existing undamaged guardrail removed by CONTRACTOR shall be reinstalled. Existing guardrail damaged by CONTRACTOR shall be replaced with new guardrail. Existing damaged guardrail shall be replaced with new guardrail if CONTRACTOR disturbs the existing damaged guardrail. Provide and maintain temporary barricades until the guard rail is replaced.
- 4. Existing mail boxes disturbed, damaged, or removed shall be replaced, restored, and reinstalled by the CONTRACTOR the same day disturbed, damaged, or removed.
- 5. Other improvements disturbed, damaged, or removed shall be replaced, restored, and reinstalled by the CONTRACTOR.
- 6. Shrubbery and small ornamental trees [three (3) inches diameter and smaller] disturbed, damaged, or removed shall be replaced and/or reinstalled by the CONTRACTOR within thirty (30) calendar days from the day disturbed, damaged, or removed. Shrubbery and small ornamental trees to be reused may be replanted in a temporary protected area provided by the CONTRACTOR. All shrubbery and ornamental trees that do not survive during the construction period and within the one (1) year guarantee period shall be replaced by the CONTRACTOR within thirty (30) calendar days after notification by the ENGINEER. Trees shall be permanently replanted a minimum of fifteen (15) feet from the water line.
- 7. Fences disturbed, damaged, or removed shall be replaced, restored, and reinstalled by the CONTRACTOR the same day disturbed, damaged, or removed.
- 8. Headwalls disturbed, damaged, or removed shall be replaced by the CONTRACTOR within thirty (30) calendar days from the day disturbed, damaged, or removed.
- 9. All paved (concrete and/or asphalt) driveways disturbed, damaged, or removed during construction shall have the pavement replaced within thirty (30) calendar days of disturbance.
- 10. CONTRACTOR shall provide a minimum six (6) inches of INCIDENTAL STONE BASE to temporarily and satisfactorily restore all paved and unpaved driveways, roads, paths, walkways, and drives to mail boxes within two (2) hours of disturbance. INCIDENTAL STONE BASE shall be provided and installed in all areas where pavements are removed. INCIDENTAL STONE BASE shall be provided and installed for the full width of the unpaved driveway or walkway from the edge of the NC DOT pavement to fifteen (15) feet past the opposite side of the water line trench or any other areas of driveways, roads, paths, or walkways disturbed by the CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTOR shall maintain all driveways, roads, paths, walkways and drives to mail boxes until said driveways, roads, paths, walkways, and drives to mailboxes are accepted by the OWNER and the ENGINEER as being as good as or better than their original condition.
- 28. CONTRACTOR shall bore under all concrete or asphalt driveways and under all concrete or asphalt private roads. No casing required. Bore hole diameter shall not be greater than one (1) inch larger than pipe outside diameter. PLANS do not show all driveways and private roads. The CONTRACTOR shall make his own prebid field determination of the quantity of bores under concrete or asphalt driveways and under all concrete or asphalt private roads and shall include the associated cost within the UNIT PRICE of the pipe unless shown otherwise in the BID SCHEDULE.
- 29. In cases where the existing conditions make it difficult or impossible to bore concrete or asphalt driveways and concrete or asphalt private roads, the CONTRACTOR with the permission of the ENGINEER shall be permitted to open cut by sawing, breaking, removing, disposing and replacing of all concrete or asphalt driveways and concrete or asphalt private roads. PLANS do not show all driveways and private roads. Associated cost for BREAK, REMOVE, AND REPLACE EXISTING PAVEMENTS shall be included within the UNIT PRICE of the pipe.
- CONTRACTOR shall immediately restore all driveways, private roads and drives to mail boxes to as good as or better than original condition. CONTRACTOR shall maintain all driveways, private roads and mail box drives until said drives are accepted by the ENGINEER as being as good as or better than their original condition. Associated cost (including CABC required by D.O.T.) to be included in UNIT PRICE of pipe.
- 31. All secondary roads and major highways shall be crossed by cased drybore as shown on the PLANS. Drybore shall extend a minimum of five (5) feet beyond the edge of the asphalt. Drybore quantities for which payment shall be made will be based upon termination of the casing no more than five (5) feet beyond the asphalt regardless of the quantity shown on the PLANS or the actual quantity installed.

- 32. All other roads or aprons shall be open cut unless PLANS specifically require a drybore. All associated cost for sawing, breaking, removing, disposing and replacing pavement shall be included in the UNIT PRICE of the pipe. PLANS do not show all aprons or roads requiring open cut. The CONTRACTOR shall make his own prebid field determination of the quantity of BREAK, REMOVE, AND REPLACE EXISTING PAVEMENTS and shall include the associated cost within the UNIT PRICE of pipe.
- 33. Blocking of Force Mains
 - A. Twelve (12) Inches and Smaller Sizes
 - 1. Provide concrete thrust blocking, rodding, gripping ring systems, restrained joints, pipe joint restraining systems, or other means approved by the ENGINEER to prevent movement of pipe, fittings, and valves, due to internal pressures resulting from hydrostatic testing and system operation.
 - 2. Blocking, rodding, gripping ring system, restrained joints, and pipe joint restraining system requirements described in the following paragraphs represent minimum requirements. Adequate blocking and joint restraint necessary to successfully accomplish hydrostatic testing shall be provided in all cases. No additional payment shall be made for blocking, rodding, gripping ring systems, and joint restraint provided over and above that required in this section.
 - 3. Provide concrete thrust blocking as follows:
 - a. At all fittings except vertical down fittings.
 - 4. Provide thrust rodding in addition to concrete thrust blocking as follows:
 - a. At the ends of steel casings, between the steel casing and the first fitting on the pipe line exiting the casing if the fitting is within ten (10) feet of the end of the casing.
 - b. At the ends of steel casings, where a valve is located between the end of the casing and a fitting within ten (10) feet of the end of the casing, thrust rodding shall be carried through the valve.
 - c. Where specifically shown on the PLANS.
 - 5. Provide gripping rings in addition to concrete thrust blocking as follows:
 - a. At all vertical up fittings.
 - b. Where specifically shown on the PLANS.
 - 6. Provide either thrust rodding or gripping rings in addition to concrete thrust blocking as follows:
 - a. Where bends are within ten (10) feet of tees, crosses, or tapping sleeves and valves.
 - b. Where specifically shown on the PLANS.
 - Provide thrust rodding and gripping rings in addition to concrete thrust blocking where specifically shown on the PLANS.
 - 8. Provide gripping rings as follows:
 - a. At all vertical down fittings.
 - b. Where specifically shown on the PLANS.
 - 9. Provide restrained joints for ductile iron pipe as follows:
 - a. Where specifically shown on the PLANS and/or called for in the BID SCHEDULE.
 - Wedge action retainer glands, set screw retainer glands, or equals are not acceptable to be used in restrained joint pipe.
 - c. If repair of newly installed restrained joint pipe is necessary, the CONTRACTOR shall remove the restrained joint pipe and re-lay from the location to be repaired to the end of the restrained joint segment. Use of repair couplings is not acceptable in restrained joint segments of pipe.
 - 10. Provide thrust rodding, gripping rings, and/or restrained joints as follows:
 - a. Where space limitations, poor soil, or disturbed soil will not permit concrete thrust blocking.
 - b. Where required to ensure accessibility for repairs
 - c. Where specifically shown on the PLANS.
- 34. CONTRACTOR shall provide No. 57 stone bedding beneath all valves and fittings. Sufficient stone bedding shall be on site prior to installation of valves and fittings or tie-ins to existing force main. Stone bedding shall have a minimum thickness of six (6) inches and shall extend as follows:
 - A. For 8" and smaller valves and fittings.
 - Stone bedding shall extend a minimum of two (2) feet along the pipe line in each direction away from the valve or fitting joints.
 - 2. Stone bedding shall extend a minimum of one (1) foot beyond the valve or fitting in the lateral direction.
 - B. For 10" and larger valves and fittings.
 - 1. Stone bedding shall extend a minimum of three (3) feet along the pipe line in each direction away from the valve or fitting joints.
 - 2. Stone bedding shall extend a minimum of one (1) foot beyond the valve or fitting in the lateral direction.

- 35. CONTRACTOR shall install marking tape above the pipe approximately one (1) foot below the ground surface for the entire length of all force mains installed except for force mains installed by horizontal directional drilling. The marking tape shall be made of three (3) inch wide, electromagnetic detectable, metallic material. The tape shall include a printed message reading "CAUTION: BURIED FORCE MAIN BELOW."
- 36. CONTRACTOR shall install and attach two (2) each continuous stranded stainless steel tracer wires on top of the pipe for the entire length of all force mains installed by horizontal directional drilling. Wire shall be Type 304 stainless steel aircraft cable having a minimum diameter of 0.25 inches and 7x19 stranded construction. Wire shall be secured to the pipe at intervals not greater than five (5) feet such that the wire shall remain secured in place throughout the pulling process. Wire shall be continuous from valve box to valve box for each segment of force mains installed by horizontal directional drilling. Wire shall be looped through valve boxes to facilitate attachment of a signal generator to the wire. CONTRACTOR shall provide equipment to test and demonstrate continuous conductivity of the wire in the presence of the OWNER and the ENGINEER.
- 37. CONTRACTOR shall obtain permission from respective property owners prior to encroaching on private properties for construction purposes including, but not limited to, bore pits for drybores.
- 38. With respect to sewer main installation under existing facilities i.e., storm drainage, gas mains, etc., sewer main joints shall not be installed within four (4) feet of the existing facility. Sewer main shall be centered on existing facility.
- 39. Final Backfill and Compaction
 - A. Final Backfill Zone Materials
 - 1. Zone A Under roadway, driveway, and parking area pavements
 - a. Native soil, borrow, or select backfill material consisting of soil classified as Type GW, GP, SW, SP, GM, GC, SM, or SC in accordance with ASTM D2487. Borrow and/or select backfill shall be used if native soil cannot be compacted to the required density.
 - b. No. 67 or No. 78M stone in compliance with the NCDOT Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures.
 - 2. Zone B Between the edge of pavement and bottom of side ditch (or 10 feet from edge of pavement when there is no side ditch) below the theoretical 1:1 slope from the edge of pavement to the bottom of the nearest excavation wall
 - a. Native soil, borrow, or select backfill material consisting of soil classified as Type GW, GP, SW, SP, GM, GC, SM, or SC in accordance with ASTM D2487.
 - b. No. 67 or No. 78M stone in compliance with the NCDOT Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures.
 - Zone C Between the edge of pavement and bottom of side ditch (or 10 feet from edge of pavement when there is no side ditch) above the theoretical 1:1 slope from the edge of pavement to the bottom of the nearest excavation wall
 - a. Native soil free of lumps, clods, stones, rocks, boulders, highly plastic clay, frozen lumps, or other objectionable material. Provide and add suitable soil materials as required to meet compaction requirements. Suitable soil materials shall be soil classified as Type GW, GP, SW, SP, GM, GC, SM, or SC in accordance with ASTM D2487.
 - b. Borrow or select backfill material consisting of soil classified as Type GW, GP, SW, SP, GM, GC, SM, or SC in accordance with ASTM D2487.
 - 4. Zone D Beyond the Centerline of side ditch (or 10 feet from edge of pavement when there is no side ditch)
 - a. Native soil free of lumps, clods, stones, rocks, boulders, highly plastic clay, frozen lumps, or other objectionable material. Provide and add suitable soil materials as required to meet compaction requirements. Suitable soil materials shall be soil classified as Type GW, GP, SW, SP, GM, GC, SM, or SC in accordance with ASTM D2487.
 - B. Final Backfill Compaction Requirements Not Within Public Rights-of-way
 - 1. All Traffic Ways 98% Standard Proctor Density (ASTM D698)
 - 2. Non-Traffic Ways 95% Standard Proctor Density (ASTM D698)
 - C. Final Backfill Compaction Requirements Within Public Rights-of-way
 - 1. Zone A Under roadway pavements
 - a. From the top of initial backfill to eight (8) inches below the finished subgrade 98% Standard Proctor Density (ASTM D698)
 - From eight (8) inches below the finished subgrade to the finished subgrade – 100% Standard Proctor Density (ASTM D698)
 - 2. Zone A Under driveway and parking areas (paved and unpaved)
 - a. From the top of initial backfill to the finished subgrade 98% Standard Proctor Density (ASTM D698)
 - Zone B Between the edge of pavement and bottom of side ditch (or 10 feet from edge of pavement when there is no side ditch) below the theoretical 1:1 slope from the edge of pavement to the bottom of the nearest excavation wall
 - a. From the top of initial backfill to the finished grade 98% Standard Proctor Density (ASTM D698)

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO.

B-4926

DESIGNED BY: JWM

DRAWN BY: MW

CHECKED BY: DEG

APPROVED BY: JWM

REVISED:

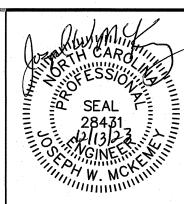
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UTILITY CONSTRUCTION

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UTILITY CONSTRUCTION PLANS ONLY

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DEFICE BRANCH OFFICE Engineers · Planners

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		REVISIONS
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
		MAI REVIEW OFFICER APPROVAL
-		
- '		
	DATE	MAI REVIEW OFFICER 1-19-0309-3401

SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- 4. Zone C Between the edge of pavement and bottom of side ditch (or 10 feet from edge of pavement when there is no side ditch) above the theoretical 1:1 slope from the edge of pavement to the bottom of the nearest excavation wall
- a. All Traffic Ways 98% Standard Proctor Density (ASTM D698)
- b. Non-Traffic Ways 95% Standard Proctor Density (ASTM D698)
- 5. Zone D Between the centerline of side ditch (or 10 feet from edge of pavement when there is no side ditch)
- a. All Traffic Ways 98% Standard Proctor Density (ASTM D698)
- b. Non-Traffic Ways 95% Standard Proctor Density (ASTM D698)
- D. Compaction Requirements Adjacent to Buildings, Structures, and Utilities
- 1. 98% Standard Proctor Density (ASTM D698)
- E. Moisture Control
- 1. Moisten and/or dry backfill materials as necessary to adjust moisture content to within two (2) percent of optimum moisture content and achieve the required density and structural stability.
- F. Disposal of Excess And/or Unsuitable Materials
 - Dispose of excess and/or unsuitable excavated materials not required for fill or backfill at an approved off-site disposal site provided by the CONTRACTOR.
- 40. Relation of sewer force main lines to water mains.
 - A. Lateral separation of sewer force main lines and water mains.
 - 1. Sewer force main lines shall be laid at least ten (10) feet laterally from existing water mains, unless local conditions or barriers prevent a ten (10) foot lateral separation.
 - a. If a sewer force main line cannot be laid with a ten (10) foot lateral separation with respect to water mains, the sewer force main line shall be laid within a separate trench with the elevation of the top of the sewer force main line at least eighteen (18) inches below the bottom of the water main.
 - B. Crossing a sewer force main line under a water main.
 - Whenever it is necessary for a sewer force main line to cross under a water main, the sewer force main line shall be laid at such an elevation that the top of the sewer force main line is at least eighteen (18) inches below the bottom of the water main, unless local conditions or barriers prevent an eighteen (18) inch vertical separation. If an eighteen (18) inch separation can not be achieved, both the water main and sewer force main shall be constructed of ferrous materials and with joints that are equivalent to water main standards for a distance of ten (10) feet on each side of the point of crossing.
 - C. Crossing of a sewer force main line over a water main.
 - 1. Whenever it is necessary for a sewer force main line to cross over a water main, both the sewer force main and the water main shall be constructed of ferrous materials and with joints equivalent to water main standards for a distance of ten (10) feet on each side of the point of crossing. A section of sewer force main line shall be centered at the point of crossing.
- 41. Deactivation and detachment of existing force mains.
 - A. The detachment from OWNER'S sewer system of all existing lines being replaced by new lines, the break, removal and replacement of pavement caused by the detachment, and any fittings necessary to sever, plug, and/or stop any sewerage leakage of the existing system shall be included in the UNIT PRICE of the pipe.
 - B. Force mains to be severed and plugged are shown on PLANS. These lines are shown based upon the best known evidence with respect to their size, location, and type of material. CONTRACTOR shall predetermine and field verify the exact size, type, and location of the existing sewer force main line as applicable to insure minimum interruption of service.
- 42. Existing force main lines shall remain active until replaced by a new force main line. Temporary measures, at CONTRACTOR'S expense, may be used to insure service remains active.
- 43. Interruption of service.
 - A. Detachments or tie-ins.
 - 1. CONTRACTOR shall notify OWNER, all affected users, and the ENGINEER prior to interruption of service.
 - 2. If interruption of service will last greater than two (2) hours, the CONTRACTOR shall preschedule the work with OWNER at a mutually agreeable time that would impose a minimum inconvenience on the affected users.

- 44. Daily Cleanup and Maintenance of Ingress and Egress
 - A. All excavation, pipelaying, and backfilling activities shall be completed not later than 5:00 p.m. each work day. Incidental stone, grading, provisions for temporary drainage, and cleanup after each day's construction activities shall be completed immediately following completion of excavation, pipelaying, and backfilling operations each day. The CONTRACTOR shall not leave or abandon the work site until all daily cleanup, provisions for temporary drainage, and provisions for convenient ingress and egress have been completed.
 - B. Maintenance of all disturbed areas shall be provided on a daily basis as required to provide drainage and convenient ingress and egress to all properties, minimize threats for injuries associated with vehicular and/or pedestrian traffic, and maintain all unpaved areas in a manner acceptable for normal lawn care activities by adjoining residents and/or property owners.
 - C. The CONTRACTOR shall initiate and continuously pursue until completion all specific cleanup, cleanup maintenance, and/or repair activities requested by the ENGINEER within four (4) hours of the ENGINEER's request. The ENGINEER may request such activities based upon his observations, citizen complaints, directions from regulatory agencies, and items brought to the ENGINEER's attention by others.
 - D. The cost for providing temporary drainage, satisfactory ingress and egress, cleanup, and maintenance of disturbed areas shall be included within the price for the WORK. No additional payment shall be provided for these activities.
 - E. Failure by the CONTRACTOR to adequately provide and maintain satisfactory conditions for drainage and/or ingress and egress, correct specific cleanup, cleanup maintenance, and/or repair activities requested by the ENGINEER may result in the employment by the OWNER of an outside party to accomplish these activities. The OWNER may employ an outside party at any time the CONTRACTOR is not on the project site and unsatisfactory conditions exist regarding drainage, ingress, egress, safety, or cleanup.
 - F. Payment for all costs incurred by the OWNER relating to the employment of an outside party shall be reimbursed to the OWNER on a monthly basis by the CONTRACTOR. Failure to reimburse the OWNER shall result in the OWNER deducting payment for these costs from payments to the CONTRACTOR.
 - G. The CONTRACTOR should expect these provisions relative to daily cleanup and maintenance of ingress and egress to be strictly and rigorously enforced throughout the CONTRACT period.
- CONTRACTOR shall, at its own expense, strictly adhere to all pertinent safety standards, rules, and OSHA regulations required or recommended by governmental or quasi-governmental authorities having jurisdiction. By submitting a BID for this CONTRACT, CONTRACTOR acknowledges that it has its own OSHA compliant safety program for all WORK covered by or performed under this CONTRACT. The CONTRACTOR by submitting a BID for this CONTRACT further acknowledges that OSHA Safety Regulations require the CONTRACTOR to keep a trained "competent person" on the job. A "competent person" is a trained individual who is employed by the CONTRACTOR and is capable of identifying existing and predictable hazards or working conditions that are hazardous, unsanitary, or dangerous to employees and has the authority to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate or control any hazard or unsafe conditions. The CONTRACTOR agrees to keep as many "competent persons" on site as necessary to maintain safe working conditions at all times. In addition to keeping as many "competent persons" on site at all times workers are in trenches and other types of excavation, the CONTRACTOR also agrees to conduct its own frequent and regular inspections of all WORK covered by or performed under this CONTRACT at the PROJECT site to verify compliance with the CONTRACTOR'S safety program and all applicable safety standards, rules, and OSHA regulations. The CONTRACTOR and the OWNER acknowledge and agree that neither the OWNER nor the ENGINEER has any control, responsibility, or authority over the CONTRACTOR or the CONTRACTOR'S employees or SUBCONTRACTOR'S with regard to the safety and health conditions relating to or arising out of the CONTRACTOR'S work or the performance of any work covered by this CONTRACT. The PROJECT OBSERVER is an employee of the ENGINEER and is not a trained "competent person". The CONTRACTOR has the sole responsibility and authority for ensuring that any and all hazardous conditions relating to or arising out of the CONTRACTOR'S work are identified and corrected. With regard to the CONTRACTOR'S work or any WORK covered by or performed under this CONTRACT, the OWNER is not the controlling employer or controlling entity for the purpose of detecting hazardous conditions or ensuring that hazardous conditions are corrected.
- 46. Record Drawing Access
- A. The CONTRACTOR shall install vertical PVC pipe at locations as specified herein to be used for access to the installed force mains for collection of record drawing information. Collection of record drawing information shall be by the ENGINEER. Compensation for the vertical PVC pipe and the installation thereof shall be included within the UNIT PRICE of the pipe.
- B. The CONTRACTOR shall place a minimum four (4) inch diameter PVC pipe vertically at all locations where transitions in materials occur (ends of casings, transitions from DI to PVC, transitions from Push-On Joint to Restrained Joint, fittings, etc.). The vertical PVC pipe shall rest on top of the center of the pipe and shall extend a minimum of eighteen (18) inches above the land surface. The vertical PVC pipe shall be installed plumb to the ground. The lower end of the vertical PVC pipe shall be capped. The lower one foot portion of the vertical PVC pipe shall contain a minimum of five (5) each 1/4" diameter holes. The CONTRACTOR shall record on the exposed portion of the vertical PVC pipe the distance in hundredths of a foot from the top of the force main to the invert of the force main. The vertical PVC pipe shall be kept open and clean of debris. Immediately after installation, the vertical PVC pipe shall be capped with duct tape to prevent debris entering the vertical PVC pipe. A sufficient number of vertical PVC pipes shall be installed so that the spacing between vertical PVC pipe shall not exceed two hundred (200) feet.

- C. Record drawing information for horizontal directional drilling shall be obtained by the CONTRACTOR as follows:
- 1. CONTRACTOR shall track the depth, pitch, and position of the drill head as it is advanced while drilling the pilot hole. CONTRACTOR shall mark the tracked path and depth below ground surface as tracking proceeds.
- 2. At ten (10) feet intervals, CONTRACTOR shall place flags, wooden stakes, or provide other means approved by the ENGINEER to permit field location of the path and recordation of the alignment and depth upon completion of drilling operations. Accurately record entry and exit locations.
- 3. CONTRACTOR shall provide the datum location for the bore log and provide station and offset measurements from the roadway centerline if practical. Record the measurements and provide one (1) copy of the record drawing to the ENGINEER. Provide one (1) copy of the bore log to the ENGINEER.
- D. Record drawing information shall be collected by the ENGINEER at force main intervals not to exceed five thousand (5000) feet.
- E. Record drawing information will be used to verify:
- 1. Installation compliance with CONTRACT requirements, and
- 2. Final pay quantities.
- F. After record drawing information has been obtained, the CONTRACTOR, upon authorization by the ENGINEER, shall remove the vertical PVC pipe. CONTRACTOR shall backfill hole and compact.
- 47. Contractor Certified Record Drawings
 - A. The CONTRACTOR shall provide Contractor Certified Record Drawings to the ENGINEER of all force main construction WORK. Record Drawings shall be developed based upon field measurements of "as-built" conditions. All deviations (horizontal and vertical) from PLAN requirements shall be clearly illustrated by a single line "strike through" of the original criteria and the as-built condition written above or beside the "strike through."
 - CONTRACTOR's submission and ENGINEER's approval of Record Drawings are required before the CONTRACTOR will be considered substantially complete.
 - C. Record Drawings shall contain the following certification by the CONTRACTOR:

Contractor's Reco	Contractor's Record Drawing Certification		
I,	, being duly authorized by the Board of Director		
(Individual)			

(Contractor)
as shown on these PLANS, do hereby certify that these Record Drawings are
made from field measurements of "as-built" facilities and are true and accurate
to the best of my knowledge and belief.

, the prime contractor for the PROJECT

Attest:

Corporation Secretary

<u>Engineer's Disclosure</u>

These "Record Drawings" were prepared from marked up drawings supplied by the CONTRACTOR and have not been field verified by the ENGINEER.

Engineer's Name, P.E.

Seal

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO.

B-4926

DESIGNED BY: JWM

DRAWN BY: MW

CHECKED BY: DEG

APPROVED BY: JWM

REVISED:

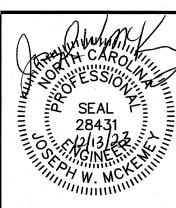
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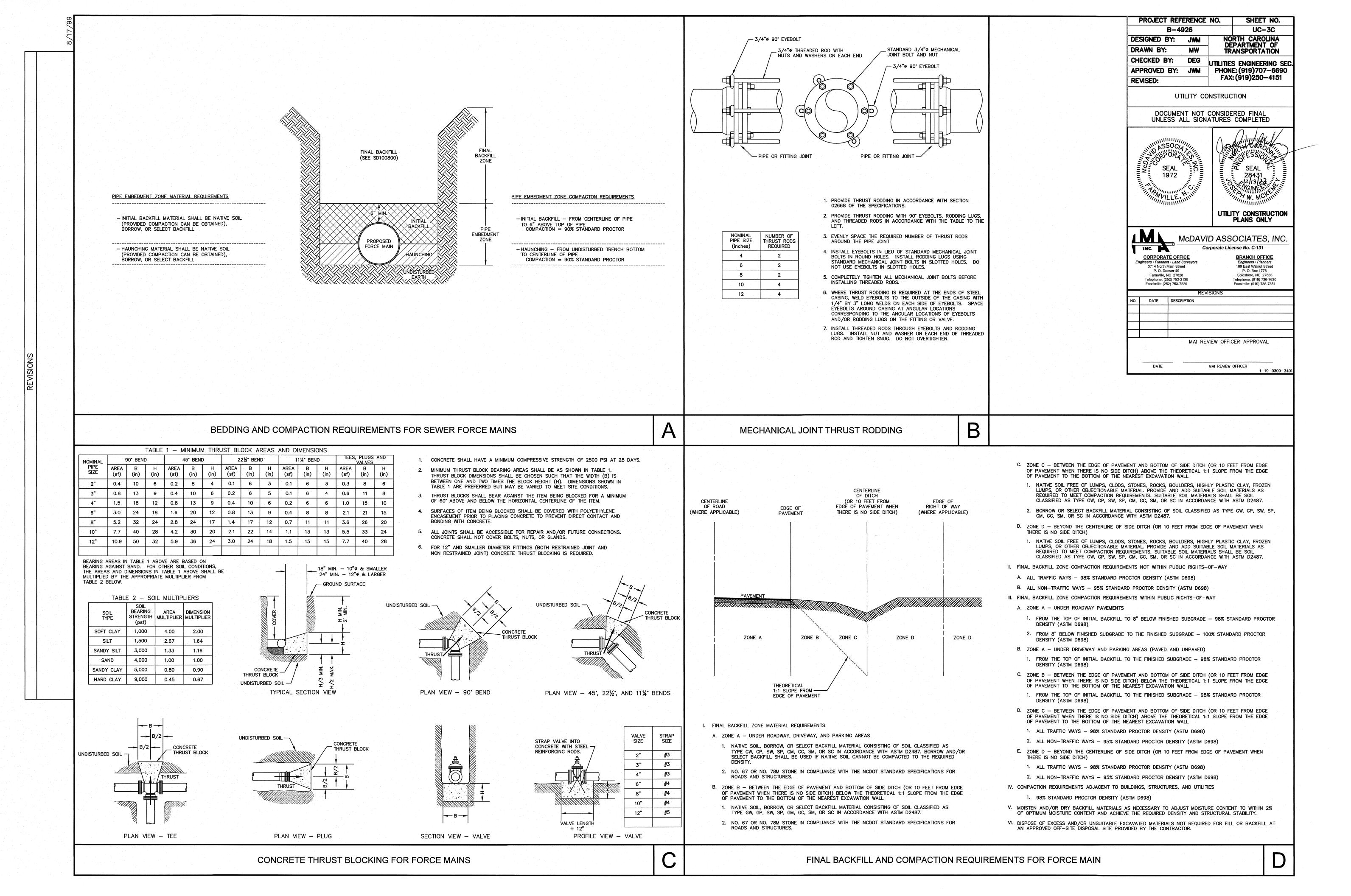


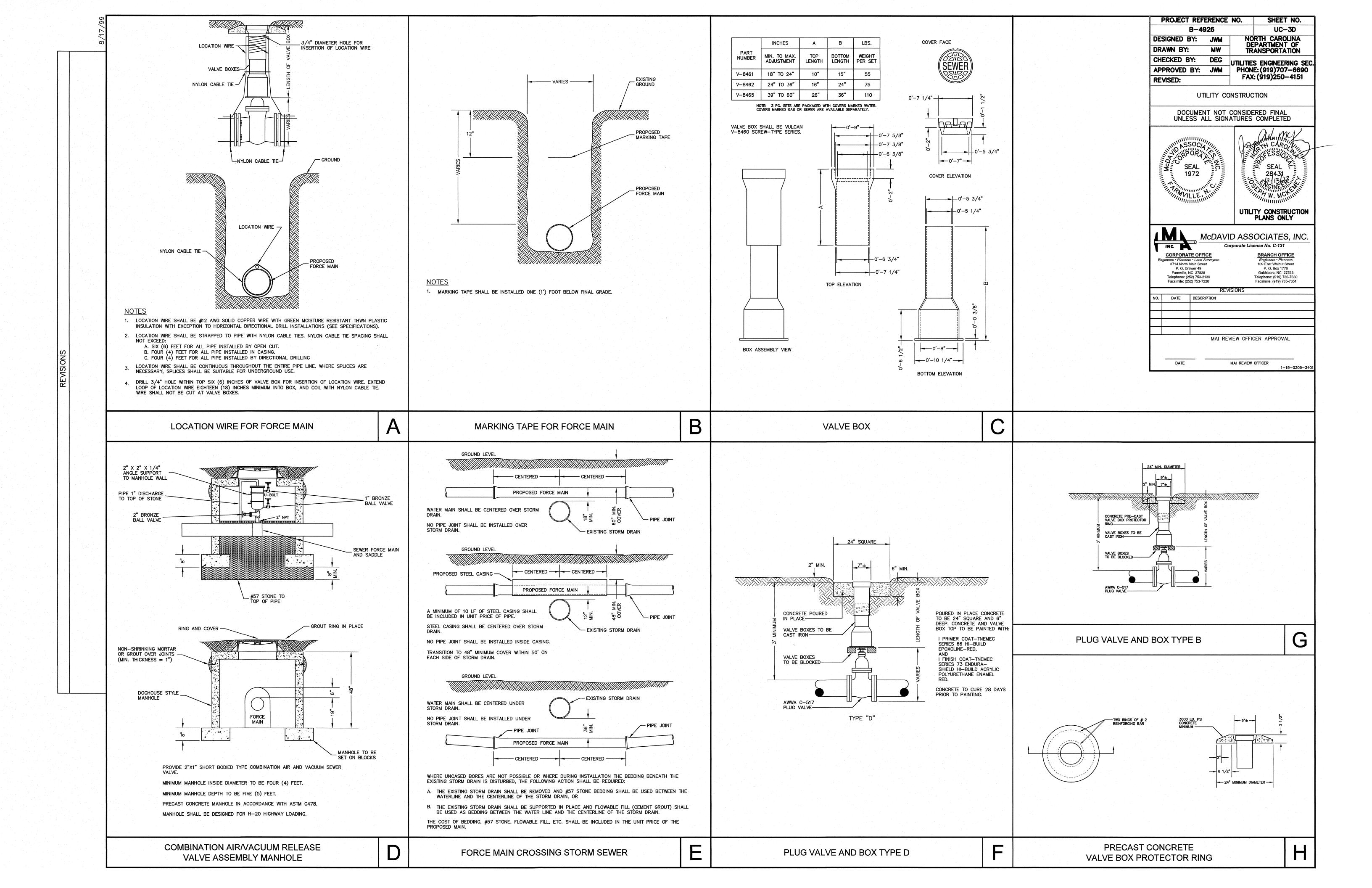


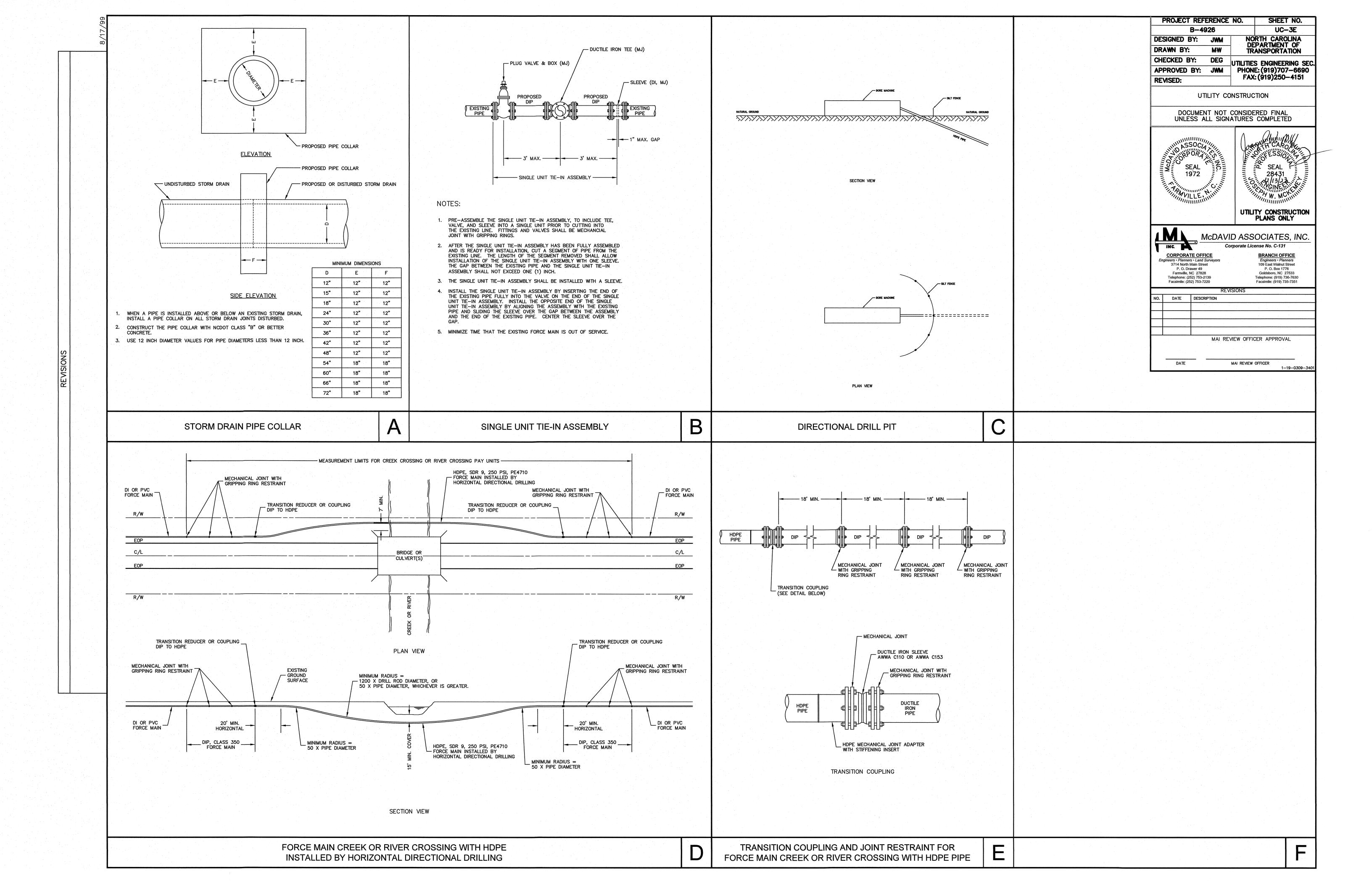
UTILITY CONSTRUCTION PLANS ONLY

	M	McDAVID	ASSOCIATES, INC.
_	INC.	Corp	orate License No. C-131
CORPORATE OFFICE Engineers • Planners • Land Surveyors 3714 North Main Street P. O. Drawer 49 Farmville, NC 27828 Telephone: (252) 753-2139			BRANCH OFFICE Engineers • Planners 109 East Walnut Street P. O. Box 1776 Goldsboro, NC 27533 Telephone: (919) 736-7630
_	Facsimile: (25	2) 753-7220 REVISI	Facsimile: (919) 735-7351 ONS
	DATE	DESCRIPTION	

	Facsimile: (2	52) 753-7220 Facsimile: (919) 735-7351	
		REVISIONS	
NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	
		MAI REVIEW OFFICER APPROVAL	
	DATE	MAI REVIEW OFFICER	
		1-19-0309-3	







- percent organic matter, and corrected to pH of 5.9 to 7.0 B. Lime shall be dolomitic agricultural—ground limestone containing
- C. Fertilizer shall be commercial type 10-20-20 with fifty (50) percent of the elements derived from organic sources.

not less than ten (10) percent magnesium oxide.

- D. Seed.
- 1. Seed shall be certified seed or equivalent based on North Carolina Seed Improvement Association requirements for certification. All seed shall be furnished in sealed standard containers. Seed which has become wet, moldy, or otherwise damaged prior to seeding, will not be acceptable.
- 2. One (1) percent maximum weed seed content permitted.
- 3. Seasonal mixtures for NC DOT right—of—ways:
- a. From September 1 to April 1:

Seventy-five (75) pounds per acre of Kentucky 31 Fescue. fifty (50) pounds per acre of Pensacola Bahiagrass, and five (5) pounds per acre of Centipede.

- b. From April 1 to September 1:
 - Seventy—five (75) pounds per acre of Pensacola Bahiagrass, fifty (50) pounds per acre of Kentucky 31 Fescue, and five (5) pounds per acre of Centipede.
- 4. Alternative seasonal mixtures outside NC DOT right-of-ways:
- a. From November 15 to March 1

Twenty-five (25) pounds per acre of Rye Grain, seventy-five (75) pounds per acre of Tall Fescue, Kentucky 31 or Alta Tall Fescue and fifty (50) pounds per acre of Pensacola Bahiagrass.

- b. From March 1 to May 15:
- Seventy-five (75) pounds per acre of Tall Fescue, Kentucky 31 or Alta Tall Fescue and fifty (50) pounds per acre of Pensacola Bahiagrass.
- c. From May 15 to September 15:
- Sixty (60) pounds per acre of Pensacola Bahiagrass and forty (40) pounds per acre of Annual Lespedeza (Kobe or
- d. From September 15 to November 15:
- Seventy—five (75) pounds per acre of Tall Fescue, Kentucky 31 or Alta Tall Fescue and fifty (50) pounds per acre of Pensacola Bahiagrass.
- E. Mulching material shall be out or wheat straw, in dry condition, reasonably free from weeds and foreign matter detrimental to plant life.

2. GENERAL CONDITIONS

SECTION A: SELF-INSPECTION

(1) Rain gauge

good working

outfalls (SDOs)

(6) Ground

measures

were delayed shall be noted in the Inspection Record.

(during normal

At least once per

7 calendar days

and within 24

24 hours

hours of a rain

At least once per

and within 24

24 hours

(4) Perimeter of At least once per

wetlands onsite 7 calendar days

hours of a rain

7 calendar days

and within 24

and within 24

hours of a rain

24 hours

of grading

event ≥ 1.0 inch in

event > 1.0 inch in

event ≥ 1.0 inch in

usiness hours)

A. When conditions are such by reason of drought, high winds, excessive moisture or other factors where satisfactory results will not be obtained, the WORK shall be stopped, and resumed only when conditions are favorable.

SELE-INSPECTION, RECORDING AND REPORTING

Self-inspections are required during normal business hours in accordance with the table

below. When adverse weather or site conditions would cause the safety of the inspection

which it is safe to perform the inspection. In addition, when a storm event of equal to or

greater than 1.0 inch occurs outside of normal business hours, the self-inspection shall be

ormed upon the commencement of the next business day. Any time when inspection

Inspection records must include:

Identification of the measures inspected

3. Name of the person performing the inspection

4. Indication of whether the measures were operating

5. Description of maintenance needs for the measure.

Identification of the discharge outfalls inspected,

sheen, floating or suspended solids or discoloration

3. An explanation as to the actions taken to control future

stream has visible increased turbidity from the construction

activity, then a record of the following shall be made:

4. Evidence of indicators of stormwater pollution such as oil

Description, evidence, and date of corrective actions take

If visible sedimentation is found outside site limits, then a record

1. Actions taken to clean up or stabilize the sediment that has left

2. Description, evidence, and date of corrective actions taken, and

Description, evidence and date of corrective actions taken, and

mentation that the required ground stabilization

timeframe or an assurance that they will be provided as

Non-surface withdrawals from sediment basins shall be allowed only when all of the following criteria have been met:

(b) The non-surface withdrawal has been reported as an anticipated bypass in accordance with Part III, Section C, Item (2)(c) and (d) of this permit,

(e) Velocity dissipation devices such as check dams, sediment traps, and riprap are provided at the discharge points of all dewatering devices, and

Regional Office per Part III, Section C, Item (2)(a) of this permit.

2. Records of the required reports to the appropriate Division

The phase of grading (installation of perimeter E&SC measures, clearing and grubbing, installation of storm

drainage facilities, completion of all land-disturbing

measures have been provided within the required

Name of the person performing the inspection

5. Indication of visible sediment leaving the site,

of the following shall be made:

ground cover).

soon as possible.

NOTE: The rain inspection resets the required 7 calendar day inspection requirement

shall not commence until the E&SC plan authority has approved these items,

properly sited, designed and maintained dewatering tanks, weir tanks, and filtration systems,

2. Date and time of the Inspection.

If no daily rain gauge observations are made during weekend

holiday periods, and no individual-day rainfall information is

attended days (and this will determine if a site inspection is

needed). Days on which no rainfall occurred shall be recorded as

"zero." The permittee may use another rain-monitoring device

personnel to be in jeopardy, the inspection may be delayed until the next business day on

- SEEDBED PREPARATION
- A. Protect existing underground improvements from damage.
- B. Clear the ground surface of stumps, stones, roots, cables, wire, grade stakes, and other materials that might hinder proper grading, tillage, seeding or subsequent maintenance operations.
- C. Remove contaminated subsoil.
- D. Grade to eliminate rough spots and low area where ponding may occur. Maintain smooth, uniform grade.
- E. Assure positive drainage away form buildings.

repairs to previously graded areas.

- F. Finish ground level firm and sufficient to prevent sinkage pockets when irrigation is applied.
- G. Grades on the area to be seeded shall be maintained to a true and even condition. Maintenance shall include any necessary
- H. Uniformly apply lime at a rate of 4000 pounds per acre prior to
- Thoroughly till all graded areas to a depth of at least five (5) inches by plowing, disking, harrowing, or other approved methods until the condition of the soil is acceptable. On sites where soil conditions are such that high clay content and excessive compaction cause difficulty in getting clods and lumps effectively pulverized, use rotary tillage machinery until soil mixture is acceptable and no clods or clumps larger than one—half (1/2)inch in diameter remain.
- J. Remove from site foreign materials collected during tilling.
- K. Uniformly apply fertilizer at a rate of 500 pounds per acre of
- L. Incorporate the fertilizer into the upper three (3) or four (4) inches of prepared seedbed just prior to the last tillage operation. However, never apply fertilizer more than (3) days prior to seeding. Use fertilizer immediately after delivery or store it in a manner that will not permit it to harden or destroy its
- M. The seedbed should be firm and compact. Prior to seeding, grade the seedbed and lightly compact it with a land roller, such as a cultipacker.

4. SEEDING

- A. Do not sow seed immediately following rain, when ground is too dry, or during windy periods. Do not apply grass seed and fertilizer at the same time in the same machine.
- B. Apply seed at specified seasonal rate.
- C. Rake seed in lightly.
- D. Roll seeded area with roller not exceeding 112 pounds (50 kg).
- E. Apply water with fine spray immediately after each area has been
- 5. MULCHING PRACTICES

SECTION B: RECORDKEEPING

A. Apply one (1) to two (2) tons of mulching material per acre to seeded areas. Apply mulching material with mechanical type equipment and obtain a uniform distribution which permits sunlight to penetrate to the ground surface. Bare areas and areas with thick clumps of straw are not acceptable.

SELF-INSPECTION, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

The approved E&SC plan as well as any approved deviation shall be kept on the site. The

The following items pertaining to the E&SC plan shall be kept on site and available for

and does not significantly deviate from the of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date

locations, dimensions and relative elevations | and sign an inspection report that lists each

(b) A phase of grading has been completed. Initial and date a copy of the approved E&SC

In addition to the E&SC plan documents above, the following items shall be kept on the

Division provides a site-specific exemption based on unique site conditions that make

(b) Records of inspections made during the previous twelve months. The permittee shall

record the required observations on the Inspection Record Form provided by the

Division or a similar inspection form that includes all the required elements. Use of

All data used to complete the e-NOI and all inspection records shall be maintained for a period

of three years after project completion and made available upon request. [40 CFR 122.41]

electronically-available records in lieu of the required paper copies will be allowed if

site and available for inspectors at all times during normal business hours, unless the

a) This General Permit as well as the Certificate of Coverage, after it is received.

shown to provide equal access and utility as the hard-copy records.

installation.

nstruction phase

ground cover specifications.

approved E&SC plan must be kept up-to-date throughout the coverage under this permit.

Initial and date each E&SC measure on a copy

E&SC measure shown on the approved E&SC

plan. This documentation is required upon the

initial installation of the E&SC measures or if

the E&SC measures are modified after initial

plan or complete, date and sign an inspection

Initial and date a copy of the approved E&SC

plan or complete, date and sign an inspection

Complete, date and sign an inspection report

Initial and date a copy of the approved E&SC

report to indicate the completion of the

plan or complete, date and sign an inspection

report to indicate compliance with approved

report to indicate completion of the

B. Anchor mulching material.

- 1. In areas with gentle slopes, crimp mulching material into soil.
- 2. On steeper slopes such as the sides of swales, anchor mulch
- 3. On road shoulders, anchor mulch with asphalt tack if crimping
- regulatory agencies or if directed by the ENGINEER. Typically, asphalt tack in lieu of crimping will be required in areas with high traffic because of wind generated by the traffic.

4. Use asphalt tack in lieu of crimping when required by

5. On slopes steeper than 2:1, jute, excelsior, or synthetic matting may be required to protect the slope from erosion. They should be installed before mulch is applied to surrounding

6. WATERING

- A. Lightly water to aid breakdown of fertilizer and to provide moist
- MAINTENANCE PERIOD
- A. Maintenance Period: until final acceptance

8. MAINTENANCE

- A. Maintain surfaces and supply additional topsoil where necessary, including areas affected by erosion.
- B. Water to ensure uniform seed germination and to keep surface of soil damp.
- C. Apply water slowly so that surface of soil will not puddle and
- D. Except for rye grain, cut grass first time when it reaches height of two and one-half (2 1/2) inches (60 mm) and maintain to minimum of two (2) inches (50 mm). Do not cut more than 1/3 of blade at any one mowing.
- E. If rye grain is planted mow to maintain grass height between three (3) and six (6) inches until Fescue matures enough to provide ground cover.
- F. After first mowing water grass sufficient to moisten soil from three (3) inches to five (5) inches (76 to 127 mm) deep.
- G. Apply weed killer when weeds start developing, during calm weather when air temperature is above fifty (50) degrees Fahrenheit [ten (10) degrees Celsius].
- H. Replant damaged grass areas showing root growth failure, deterioration, bare or thin spots, and eroded areas.

SELF-INSPECTION, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

They are less than 25 gallons but cannot be cleaned up within 24 hours,

Releases of hazardous substances in excess of reportable quantities under Section 311

(e) Noncompliance with the conditions of this permit that may endanger health or the

After a permittee becomes aware of an occurrence that must be reported, he shall contact

the appropriate Division regional office within the timeframes and in accordance with the

other requirements listed below. Occurrences outside normal business hours may also be

Reporting Timeframes (After Discovery) and Other Requirements

. Within 7 calendar days, a report that contains a description of the

sediment and actions taken to address the cause of the deposition.

Division staff may waive the requirement for a written report on a

If the stream is named on the NC 303(d) list as impaired for sediment

monitoring, inspections or apply more stringent practices if staff

Within 24 hours, an oral or electronic notification. The notification

shall include information about the date, time, nature, volume and

The report shall include an evaluation of the anticipated quality and

Within 7 calendar days, a report that includes an evaluation of the

Within 7 calendar days, a report that contains a description of the

including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has no

continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and

been corrected, the anticipated time noncompliance is expected to

prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance. [40 CFR 122.41(I)(6).

Division staff may waive the requirement for a written report on a

EFFECTIVE: 04/01/19

noncompliance, and its causes; the period of noncompliance

NORTH CAROLINA Environmental Quality

with the federal or state impaired-waters conditions.

Within 24 hours, an oral or electronic notification.

Within 24 hours, an oral or electronic notification.

related causes, the permittee may be required to perform additional

determine that additional requirements are needed to assure comp

reported to the Department's Environmental Emergency Center personnel at (800)

(a) Visible sediment • Within 24 hours, an oral or electronic notification.

case-by-case basis.

effect of the bypass.

location of the spill or release.

quality and effect of the bypass.

of the Clean Water Act (Ref: 40 CFR 110.3 and 40 CFR 117.3) or Section 102 of CERCLA

They cause sheen on surface waters (regardless of volume), or

They are within 100 feet of surface waters (regardless of volume).

9. RESTORATION

- A. Restore grassed areas until accepted.
- 10. ACCEPTANCE

SECTION C: REPORTING

(b) Oil spills if:

stream or wetland

(b) Oil spills and

substances per Ite

vpasses [40 CFR

(b)-(c) above

.22.41(m)(3)]

(d) Unanticipated

bypasses [40 CFR

(e) Noncompliance

of this permit that

122.41(m)(3)]

may endanger

health or the

release of

hazardous

1. Occurrences that Must be Reported

They are 25 gallons or more,

Permittees shall report the following occurrences:

(Ref: 40 CFR 302.4) or G.S. 143-215.85.

. Reporting Timeframes and Other Requirements

(d) Anticipated bypasses and unanticipated bypasses.

(a) Visible sediment deposition in a stream or wetland.

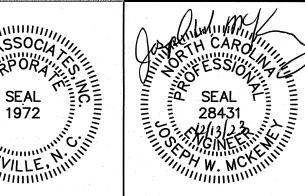
A. Seeded areas will be accepted at end of maintenance period when seeded areas are properly established and otherwise acceptable.

B-4926 UC-3F NORTH CAROLINA DESIGNED BY: DEPARTMENT OF DRAWN BY: TRANSPORTATION CHECKED BY: UTILITIES ENGINEERING SEC APPROVED BY: JWM PHONE: (919)707-6690 FAX: (919)250-4151 **REVISED:** UTILITY CONSTRUCTION

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.

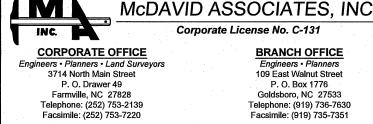
DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL

UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED



UTILITY CONSTRUCTION PLANS ONLY

SHEET NO.



Corporate License No. C-131 BRANCH OFFICE Engineers • Planners 09 East Walnut Street P. O. Box 1776 Goldsboro, NC 27533 Telephone: (919) 736-7630 Facsimile: (919) 735-7351

DATE DESCRIPTION MAI REVIEW OFFICER APPROVAL DATE MAI REVIEW OFFICER 1-19-0309-34

SEEDING CONSTRUCTION NOTES

inspection at all times during normal business hours.

(a) Each E&SC measure has been installed

c) Ground cover is located and installed

in accordance with the approved E&SC

(d) The maintenance and repair

have been performed.

PART II, SECTION G, ITEM (4)

DRAW DOWN OF SEDIMENT BASINS FOR MAINTENANCE OR CLOSE OUT

Sediment basins and traps that receive runoff from drainage areas of one acre or more shall use outlet structures that withdraw water from the surface when these devices need to be drawn down

for maintenance or close out unless this is infeasible. The circumstances in which it is not feasible to withdraw water from the surface shall be rare (for example, times with extended cold weather).

(a) The E&SC plan authority has been provided with documentation of the non-surface withdrawal and the specific time periods or conditions in which it will occur. The non-surface withdrawal

(c) Dewatering discharges are treated with controls to minimize discharges of pollutants from stormwater that is removed from the sediment basin. Examples of appropriate controls include

(f) Sediment removed from the dewatering treatment devices described in Item (c) above is disposed of in a manner that does not cause deposition of sediment into waters of the United States

(d) Vegetated, upland areas of the sites or a properly designed stone pad is used to the extent feasible at the outlet of the dewatering treatment devices described in Item (c) above,

equirements for all E&SC measures

this requirement not practical:

(e) Corrective actions have been taken

2. Additional Documentation to be Kept on Site

3. Documentation to be Retained for Three Years

shown on the approved E&SC plan.

A

ementing the details and specifications on this plan sheet will result in the construction activity being considered compliant with the Ground Stabilization and Materials Handling sections of the NCG01 Construction General Permit (Sections E and F, respectively). The permittee shall comply with the Erosion and Sediment Control plan approved by the delegated authority having jurisdiction. All details and specifications shown on this sheet

may not apply depending on site conditions and the delegated authority having jurisdiction.

GROUND STABILIZATION AND MATERIALS HANDLING PRACTICES FOR COMPLIANCE WITH

SECTION E: GROUND STABILIZATION Required Ground Stabilization Timeframes

THE NCG01 CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT

Stabilize within thi many calendar Timeframe variations Site Area Description days after ceasing (a) Perimeter dikes swales, ditches, a perimeter slope

I (b) High Quality Wate None (HQW) Zones f slopes are 10' or less in length and are (c) Slopes steeper than not steeper than 2:1, 14 days are 7 days for slopes greater than 50' in ength and with slopes steeper than 4:1 7 days for perimeter dikes, swales, (d) Slopes 3:1 to 4:1 ditches, perimeter slopes and HQW

-10 days for Falls Lake Watershed 7 davs for perimeter dikes, swales. ditches, perimeter slopes and HOW Zones -10 days for Falls Lake Watershed unless flatter than 4:1

Note: After the permanent cessation of construction activities, any areas with temporary ground stabilization shall be converted to permanent ground stabilization as soon as practicable but in no case longer than 90 calendar days after the last land disturbing activity. Temporary ground stabilization shall be maintained in a manner to render the surface stable against accelerated erosion until permanent ground stabilization is achieved.

GROUND STABILIZATION SPECIFICATION Stabilize the ground sufficiently so that rain will not dislodge the soil. Use one of the echniques in the table below **Temporary Stabilization**

- Temporary grass seed covered with straw or
 Permanent grass seed covered with straw or other mulches and tackifiers other mulches and tackifiers Geotextile fabrics such as permanent soil Rolled erosion control products with or without temporary grass seed Appropriately applied straw or other mulch Shrubs or other permanent plantings covered Plastic sheeting
 - Structural methods such as concrete, asphalt or retaining walls Rolled erosion control products with grass seed

sufficient to restrain erosion

Uniform and evenly distributed ground cover

POLYACRYLAMIDES (PAMS) AND FLOCCULANTS Select flocculants that are appropriate for the soils being exposed during construction, selecting from the NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants.

- Apply flocculants at or before the inlets to Erosion and Sediment Control Measures Apply flocculants at the concentrations specified in the NC DWR List of Approved *PAMS/Flocculants* and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- Provide ponding area for containment of treated Stormwater before discharging Store flocculants in leak-proof containers that are kept under storm-resistant cover or surrounded by secondary containment structures.

EARTHEN STOCKPILE MANAGEMENT

foot traffic areas.

with properly operating unit.

containers overflow.

PAINT AND OTHER LIQUID WASTE

construction sites.

PORTABLE TOILETS

Show stockpile locations on plans. Locate earthen-material stockpile areas at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets, sediment basins, perimeter sediment controls and surface waters unless it can be shown no other alternatives are reasonably

B

Maintain vehicles and equipment to prevent discharge of fluids.

to a recycling or disposal center that handles these materials.

receptacle) on site to contain construction and domestic wastes.

waters unless no other alternatives are reasonably available.

Dispose waste off-site at an approved disposal facility.

Contain liquid wastes in a controlled area.

on a gravel pad and surround with sand bags.

waters unless no other alternatives are reasonably available

Identify leaks and repair as soon as feasible, or remove leaking equipment from the

Remove leaking vehicles and construction equipment from service until the problem

5. Bring used fuels, lubricants, coolants, hydraulic fluids and other petroleum products

Never bury or burn waste. Place litter and debris in approved waste containers.

Locate waste containers at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface

Locate waste containers on areas that do not receive substantial amounts of runof

from upland areas and does not drain directly to a storm drain, stream or wetland

Cover waste containers at the end of each workday and before storm events or

provide secondary containment. Repair or replace damaged waste containers.

Empty waste containers as needed to prevent overflow. Clean up immediately if

On business days, clean up and dispose of waste in designated waste containers.

Do not dump paint and other liquid waste into storm drains, streams or wetlands.

Locate paint washouts at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface

Containment must be labeled, sized and placed appropriately for the needs of site.

Prevent the discharge of soaps, solvents, detergents and other liquid wastes from

Install portable toilets on level ground, at least 50 feet away from storm drains,

Monitor portable toilets for leaking and properly dispose of any leaked material.

streams or wetlands unless there is no alternative reasonably available. If 50 foot

offset is not attainable, provide relocation of portable toilet behind silt fence or place

Provide staking or anchoring of portable toilets during periods of high winds or in high

Utilize a licensed sanitary waste hauler to remove leaking portable toilets and replace

Anchor all lightweight items in waste containers during times of high winds.

Provide a sufficient number and size of waste containers (e.g dumpster, trash

Collect all spent fluids, store in separate containers and properly dispose as

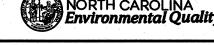
EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLE MAINTENANCE

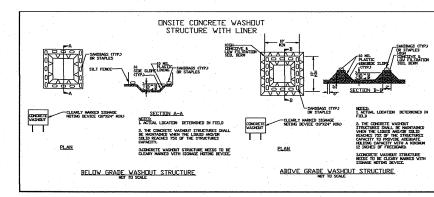
Provide drip pans under any stored equipment.

hazardous waste (recycle when possible).

LITTER, BUILDING MATERIAL AND LAND CLEARING WASTI

- Protect stockpile with silt fence installed along toe of slope with a minimum offset of five feet from the toe of stockpile Provide stable stone access point when feasible
- Stabilize stockpile within the timeframes provided on this sheet and in accordance with the approved plan and any additional requirements. Soil stabilization is defined as vegetative, physical or chemical coverage techniques that will restrain accelerated erosion on disturbed soils for temporary or permanent control needs.





CONCRETE WASHOUTS

Do not discharge concrete or cement slurry from the site. Dispose of, or recycle settled, hardened concrete residue in accordance with local and state solid waste regulations and at an approved facility.

Manage washout from mortar mixers in accordance with the above item and in addition place the mixer and associated materials on impervious barrier and within lot perimeter silt fence.

Install temporary concrete washouts per local requirements, where applicable. If an alternate method or product is to be used, contact your approval authority for review and approval. If local standard details are not available, use one of the two types of temporary concrete washouts provided on this detail.

Do not use concrete washouts for dewatering or storing defective curb or sidewalk sections. Stormwater accumulated within the washout may not be pumped into or discharged to the storm drain system or receiving surface waters. Liquid waste must be pumped out and removed from project. Locate washouts at least 50 feet from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless it

can be shown that no other alternatives are reasonably available. At a minimum. install protection of storm drain inlet(s) closest to the washout which could receive spills or overflow.

Locate washouts in an easily accessible area, on level ground and install a stone entrance pad in front of the washout. Additional controls may be required by the

approving authority Install at least one sign directing concrete trucks to the washout within the project

limits. Post signage on the washout itself to identify this location. Remove leavings from the washout when at approximately 75% capacity to limit overflow events. Replace the tarp, sand bags or other temporary structural omponents when no longer functional. When utilizing alternative or proprietary

products, follow manufacturer's instructions. LO. At the completion of the concrete work, remove remaining leavings and dispose of in an approved disposal facility. Fill pit, if applicable, and stabilize any disturbance caused by removal of washout.

HERBICIDES, PESTICIDES AND RODENTICIDES

Store and apply herbicides, pesticides and rodenticides in accordance with label Store herbicides, pesticides and rodenticides in their original containers with the label, which lists directions for use, ingredients and first aid steps in case of

accidental poisoning. Do not store herbicides, pesticides and rodenticides in areas where flooding is possible or where they may spill or leak into wells, stormwater drains, ground water

or surface water. If a spill occurs, clean area immediately. Do not stockpile these materials onsite.

Create designated hazardous waste collection areas on-site. Place hazardous waste containers under cover or in secondary containment.

3. Do not store hazardous chemicals, drums or bagged materials directly on the ground.

NCG01 GROUND STABILIZATION AND MATERIALS HANDLING

EFFECTIVE: 04/01/19

NCG01 SELF-INSPECTION, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

GENERAL PERMIT NCG01 GUIDELINES

