

Engineering of NC INC

an affiliate of The GEL Group INC

GEOENVIRONMENTAL PHASE II INVESTIGATION REPORT PARCEL #6

20915 & 20917 N. MAIN SREET, CORNELIUS, NC

December 5, 2019

WBS Number: 46425.1.1

TIP Number: U-5873

County: Mecklenburg

Description: Intersection of NC 115 and Potts Street;

Construct Improvements, Cornelius,

Mecklenburg County, NC

Parcel No (PIN): Parcel #6; Howell and Sons Canvas

PIN # 00320412

Address: 20915 & 20917 N. Main Street, Cornelius, NC

28031

Submitted to:

North Carolina Department of Transportation

Geotechnical Engineering Unit 1589 Mail Service Center

Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1589

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This document, entitled *GeoEnvironmental Phase II Investigation Report, Parcel #6, 20915 & 20917 N. Main Street, Cornelius, NC*, has been prepared by GEL Engineering of NC, Inc., for the parcel identified above in accordance with the Notice to Proceed issued by the North Carolina Department of Transportation – Geotechnical Engineering Unit on September 17, 2019. It has been prepared in accordance with accepted quality control practices for the exclusive use of the North Carolina Department of Transportation and has been reviewed by the undersigned.

GEL ENGINEERING OF NC, INC. an Affiliate of The GEL Group, Inc.

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94FA7F0AF918

December 5, 2019

Date

GEL Engineering of NC, Inc. an Affiliate of The GEL Group, Inc.

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GEOENVIRONMENTAL PHASE II INVESTIGATION REPORT PARCEL #6, 20915 & 20917 N. MAIN SREET, CORNELIUS, NC

December 5, 2019

Intersection of NC 115 and Potts Street; Construct Improvements,
Cornelius, Mecklenburg County, NC
Parcel #6; Howell and Sons Canvas, PIN # 00320412
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Mecklenburg County

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TABLE

1 Soil Sample Field Screening and Laboratory Analytical Results Summary

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APPENDICES

- 1 Site Photographs
- 2 Soil Boring Logs
- 3 Laboratory Analytical Report and Chain of Custody Record for Soil Samples

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) authorized GEL Engineering of NC, Inc. (GEL), to perform a Phase II GeoEnvironmental Investigation at the subject parcel in Mecklenburg County. The objective of the investigation was to evaluate the presence of potential environmental hazards within the existing and proposed rights-of-way (ROWs) and/or easements, including objects such as underground storage tanks (USTs) and petroleum contaminated soil. The subject parcel location is shown on Figure 1 and listed below.

Parcel #	<u>Owner</u>	Business Name	<u>Address</u>	Mecklenburg County PIN #
6	Nickolaos P. Drossopoulos and Wife, Stella M. Rhodes	Howell and Sons Canvas	20915 & 20917 N. Main St. Cornelius, NC 28031	00320412

A portion of the parcel was designated as the investigation area from information included in NCDOT's U-5873 CAD files and input the NCDOT GeoEnvironmental Project Manager provided to GEL. This area is shown on Figure 2 and extends from the edge-of-pavement to the innermost existing or proposed ROW or easement. Geophysical surveys were conducted across the investigation area using ground penetrating radar (GPR) and time-domain electromagnetic (TDEM) technologies. Twelve geoenvironmental soil borings were installed within the investigation area at the locations shown on Figure 3. The methodologies and results of these investigations are discussed in the following sections.

In addition to the electronic DocuSign copy of this report, GEL is submitting to NCDOT (a) an electronic MicroStation U-5873_Geo_env.dgn file that provides the geoenvironmental soil boring locations, and (b) a Microsoft Excel file of the soil sample ultra-violet fluorescence (UVF) spectrometry analytical results prepared by RED Lab, LLC, of Wilmington, North Carolina (RED Lab).

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2.0 HISTORY

Pre-scoping comments prepared by the NCDOT GeoEnvironmental Section for the subject parcel are as follows:

Parcel 006: Site is likely the site of a former gas station. USTs may be on site. Currently the site has two bay garage doors that may have hydraulic lifts.

GEL searched North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality (NCDEQ) electronic records and contacted the NCDEQ Mooresville Regional Office and NCDEQ Headquarters in Raleigh to obtain pertinent environmental records and regulatory history. NCDEQ responded they have no record of the facility in their various databases. This is consistent with the results of GEL's online search of the NCDEQ registered USTs, UST incidences, and other data systems.

As further discussed in Section 3.0, GEL was informed by the current Property owner that, prior to his ownership, a fueling station did in fact operate at the Property.

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3.0 SITE OBSERVATIONS

In advance of the field investigation, the GEL Project Manager contacted Mr. Nick Drossopoulos, the owner of the Property and the onsite business, Howell and Sons Canvas, of the planned investigation activities. The GEL Project Manager also discussed the operations with Mr. Drossopoulos and interviewed him while conducting a site reconnaissance on October 16, 2019, during the beginning of the investigation. Representative photographs taken during the site reconnaissance are provided in Appendix A.

GEL was informed during the site reconnaissance that a fueling station did in fact historically operate at the Property. Mr. Drossopoulos stated that this was mentioned to him from the now deceased prior Property owner. Mr. Drossopoulos understood that the fuel tanks were situated somewhere on the north side of the commercial building toward Davidson Street, but he did not know exactly where or whether they were USTs or aboveground tanks. Remnants of the fuel dispenser pedestal were observed, as shown in Photograph 11 in Appendix A.

Other than the fuel dispenser pedestal remnants, no features of potential environmental concern were observed within or adjacent to the investigation area. The interior of the canvas/upholstery operation facility is depicted in Photographs 15 and 16 (Appendix A). Mr. Drossopoulos stated his facility has no hydraulic lifts or other interior equipment utilizing fuels or other substances of environmental concern. The only obstructions to the geophysical survey across the investigation area were minor surface utility structures, signposts, and landscaping.

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4.0 METHODS

This section describes the field methods followed to complete the geophysical surveys and the geoenvironmental soil boring and sampling program.

4.1 Geophysical Survey Methods

The geophysical evaluation included the deployment of GPR and TDEM technologies to the site. These technologies were used in concert with one another in order to identify the presence of potential USTs or other subsurface features of concern such as buried drums. A brief description of these technologies is presented in the following paragraphs.

The GPR and TDEM surveys were conducted by towing the geophysical equipment along a system of transect lines on an approximately 2.5-foot spaced grid established within the investigation area. In spatially restricted and surface obstructed areas, a modified pattern of transect lines was implemented to maximize data acquisition. Positioning for the investigation was provided using a Trimble real-time kinematic (RTK) global positioning system (GPS).

4.1.1 Ground Penetrating Radar Methodology

An ImpulseRadar Crossover dual-channel digital radar control system configured with a 400- and 800-Megahertz (MHz) antenna array was used in this investigation. GPR is an electromagnetic geophysical method that detects interfaces between subsurface materials with differing dielectric constants. The GPR system consists of an antenna which houses the transmitter and receiver, a digital control unit which both generates and digitally records the GPR data, and a color video monitor to view data as it is collected in the field.

The transmitter radiates repetitive short duration electromagnetic waves (at radar frequencies) into the earth from an antenna moving across the ground surface. These radar waves are reflected back to the receiver from the interface of materials with different dielectric constants. The intensity of the reflected signal is a function of the contrast in the dielectric constant between the materials, the conductivity of the material through which the wave is traveling, and the frequency of the signal.

Subsurface features that commonly cause such reflections are: 1) natural geologic conditions, such as changes in sediment composition, bedding, and cementation horizons and voids; or 2) unnatural changes to the subsurface such as disturbed soils, soil backfill, buried debris, tanks,

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pipelines, and utilities. The digital control unit processes the signal from the receiver and produces a continuous cross-section of the subsurface interface reflection events.

GPR data profiles were collected along transects covering the entire investigation area. Depth of investigation of the GPR signal is highly site specific and is limited by signal attenuation (absorption) in the subsurface materials. Signal attenuation is dependent upon the electrical conductivity of the subsurface materials. Signal attenuation is greatest in materials with relatively high electrical conductivities such as clays, brackish groundwater, or groundwater with a high dissolved solid content from natural or manmade sources. Signal attenuation is lowest in relatively low conductivity materials such as dry sand or rock. Depth of investigation is also dependent on the antenna's transmitting frequency. Depth of investigation generally increases as transmitting frequency decreases; however, the ability to resolve smaller subsurface features is diminished as frequency is decreased. The average depth of penetration at this site was approximately 3 to 5 feet below the surface.

The GPR antenna used at this site is internally shielded from aboveground interference sources. Accordingly, the GPR response is not affected by overhead power lines, metallic buildings, or nearby objects.

4.1.2 Time Domain Electromagnetic Methodology

TDEM methods measure the electrical conductivity of subsurface materials. The conductivity is determined by inducing (from a transmitter) a time or frequency-varying magnetic field and measuring (with a receiver) the amplitude and phase shift of an induced secondary magnetic field. The secondary magnetic field is created by subsurface conductive materials behaving as an inductor as the primary magnetic field is passed through them.

The Geonics EM-61 system used in this investigation operates within these principles. However, the EM-61 TDEM system can discriminate between moderately conductive earth materials and very conductive metallic targets. The EM-61 consists of a portable coincident loop time domain transmitter and receiver with a 1.0-meter by 0.5-meter coil system. The EM-61 generates 150 pulses per second and measures the response from the ground after transmission or between pulses. The secondary EM responses from metallic targets are of longer duration than those created by conductive earth materials. By recording the later time EM arrivals, only the response from metallic targets is measured, rather than the field generated by the earth material.

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4.2 GeoEnvironmental Soil Borings and Soil Sampling

A direct push technology (DPT) drilling rig provided by our subcontracted driller, Regional Probing Services, Inc., was used to advance soil borings across the investigation area at the locations shown on Figure 3. A utility clearance was performed by North Carolina One-Call across the investigation area prior to the soil boring program. In addition to the GPR and TDEM geophysical investigations described in Section 4.1, GEL specifically cleared each planned drilling location for underground utilities utilizing radio frequency electromagnetics instrumentation.

GEL installed each of the 12 soil borings to 10 feet below ground surface (bgs). DPT soil sampling consists of pushing/hammering a stainless-steel, 4-foot long, Macro-Core soil sampler and PVC liner to the desired sampling depth. The liner is removed from the soil sampler and cut to expose a continuous soil core for characterization and sampling. Lithologic descriptions of soil samples were recorded on soil boring logs along with other field observations. The soil boring logs are provided as Appendix B. Downhole DPT equipment was decontaminated before and after each boring was constructed. Following sample collection, the borings were backfilled with bentonite chips, and the location of each boring (Figure 3) was measured using the Trimble RTK/GPS.

Subsurface soil was screened for organic vapors using a field photoionization detector (PID), and these measurements were recorded on the soil boring logs (Appendix B). The PID measures the concentration of organic compounds in the vapor space above a soil sample resulting from volatilization of organic compounds contained in the soil. To screen the soils, each sample was placed in a clean, resealable polyethylene bag. The bag was sealed, the sample was allowed to equilibrate, the probe of the PID was then inserted into the bag, and the airspace above the soil was screened for organic vapors.

After the soil core extracted from each boring was logged, the horizon with the highest field PID reading was selected for laboratory analysis. In the absence of discernable PID reading differences, the sample collected from 1 to 2 feet bgs was selected for laboratory analysis, because the NCDOT U-5873 plans and cross sections indicated this to be the most representative soil horizon to be cut or otherwise handled by NCDOT at this parcel during the planned construction project.

To collect the sample, approximately 10 grams of soil from the selected horizon were extracted using a laboratory-provided Terra-Core sampler and transferred into a laboratory-provided VOA

vial containing 20 milliliters of methanol preservative and handled according to RED Lab field sampling protocol. Laboratory-quality nitrile gloves were worn by sampling personnel throughout the sampling process and changed between each sample. Upon collection, sample bottles were placed on ice in a cooler and transported to the analytical laboratory under proper chain-of-custody procedures. The samples were submitted to RED Lab and analyzed by UVF Spectrometry for the following indicator parameters to evaluate the investigation area for the presence petroleum of contaminated soil:

• Total benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX) (C6-C9 fraction)

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- Diesel Range Organics (DRO) (C10-C35 fraction)
- Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) (C5-C10 fraction)
- Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) (C5-C35 fraction)
- Total Aromatics (C10-C35 fraction)
- 16 EPA Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) (total PAH value)
- Benzo(a)Pyrene.

5.0 RESULTS

The results of the geophysical surveys and geoenvironmental soil boring and soil sampling program are presented below.

5.1 Geophysical Survey Results

The geophysical field investigation was successfully performed at the subject parcel. Interpretation of the GPR data was conducted in the field, with subsequent data processing including band pass filtering, background removal, horizontal smoothing, and gain adjustments. TDEM was also used to scan the project site. The TDEM survey results are displayed on Figure 4. No electromagnetic or GPR anomalies were detected that were indicative of buried metallic objects that warranted marking in the field. All high TDEM responses shown on Figure 4 are correlated to underground utilities, surface metallic debris, and/or above-ground metal structures as labeled on the figure and are not considered to be representative of "Potential USTs." Although not discerned in the field using GPR or radio frequency electromagnetics instrumentation, office review of the TDEM data revealed a feature possibly indicative of a fuel line that had connected the fuel dispensers to the supply tanks, which reportedly were positioned on the north side of the commercial building toward Davidson Street (see Section 3.0).

5.2 Soil Sample Analytical Results

The field PID screening measurements are listed in Table 1. These measurements did not indicate the presence of significant organic vapors, with a highest PID measurement of 1.1 parts per million (ppm). Where discernable PID-reading differences across soil horizons within a soil boring were discernable, a sample of the soil collected from the horizon with the highest measurement was submitted for laboratory analysis. Otherwise, the horizon selected for laboratory analysis was 1 to 2 feet bgs as discussed in Section 4.2. The selected soil samples were submitted to RED Lab for indicator-parameter UVF Spectrometry analysis to evaluate for the presence petroleum contaminated soil. A summary of the soil sampling details is tabulated in Table 1, along with a listing of the northing and easting coordinates for the boring locations.

The UVF Spectrometry analytical results for GRO, DRO, and TPH are presented in Table 1. These results are also presented in Appendix B along with hydrocarbon fingerprint graphs prepared by RED Lab and the chain-of-custody form completed for the project. Consistent with the field PID measurement results, none of the samples contained notable concentrations of petroleum

hydrocarbons. The highest reported TPH concentration (carbon range C5 through C35) was 1.46 mg/Kg in the sample from boring SB-5, and this concentration is below the NCDEQ screening levels for GRO (50 mg/Kg) and DRO (100 mg/Kg). The distribution of the reported TPH concentrations are illustrated on Figure 5. The soil borings placed adjacent to the prior fuel dispenser pedestal (SB-9) and within the TDEM anomaly that may represent the fuel line that had connected the fuel pumps to the supply tanks (SB-7) had TPH results of 0.79 and 0.18 mg/Kg, respectively.

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6.0 CONCLUSIONS

Field and office review of the geophysical field investigation data correlated all identified geophysical anomalies to underground utilities, surface or shallow-buried metallic debris, and/or above ground metal structures. No potential anomalies were marked in the field, and the geophysical survey results suggest there are no buried metallic objects indicative of "Potential USTs" within the investigation area.

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Only minor concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons were identified in soil samples. The highest concentration of 1.46 mg/Kg is well below NCDEQ screening levels.

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7.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

No additional environmental investigation of the soil at the site is recommended at this time. Should project plans change to include additional area of disturbance on the north side of the commercial building where, reportedly, either USTs or aboveground tanks serviced the historical fueling station, additional assessment may be required considering the limited area included on that side of the parcel in this Phase II Investigation (see Figure 2).

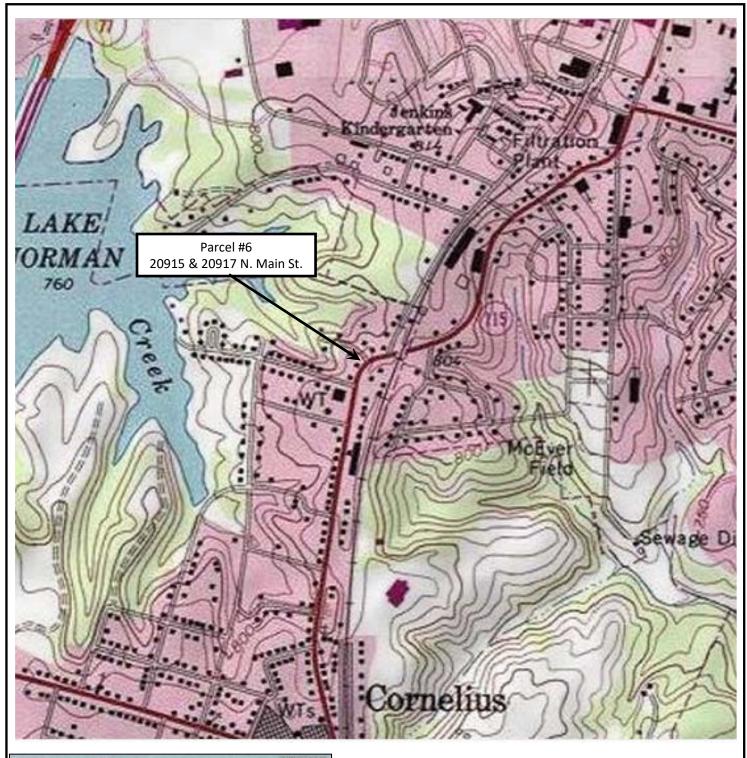
Although geophysical methods provide a high level of assurance for the location of subsurface objects, the possibility exists that not all features can or will be identified. Therefore, due caution should be used when performing subsurface excavation across the entire investigation area.

FIGURES

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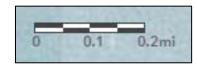
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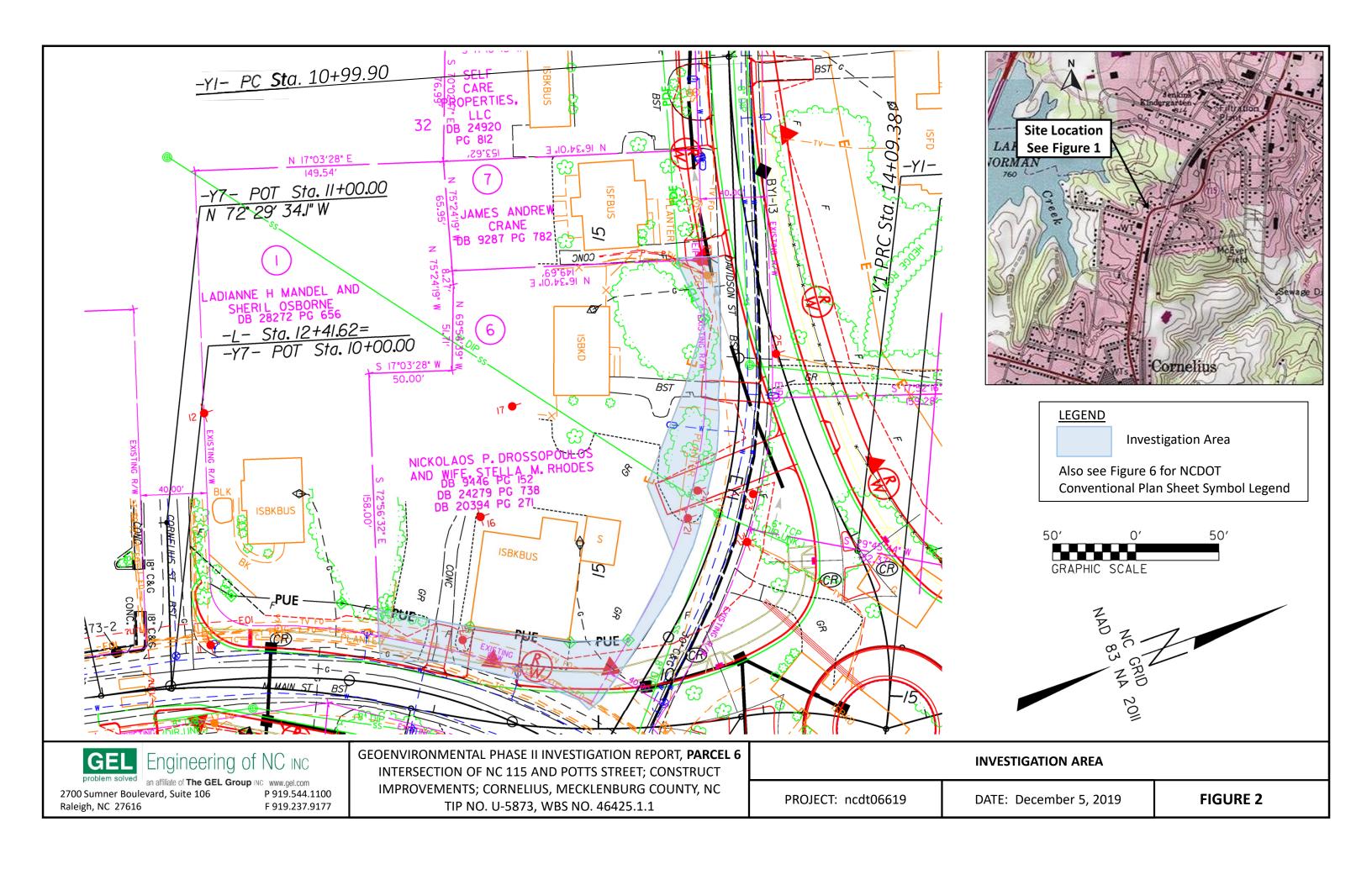


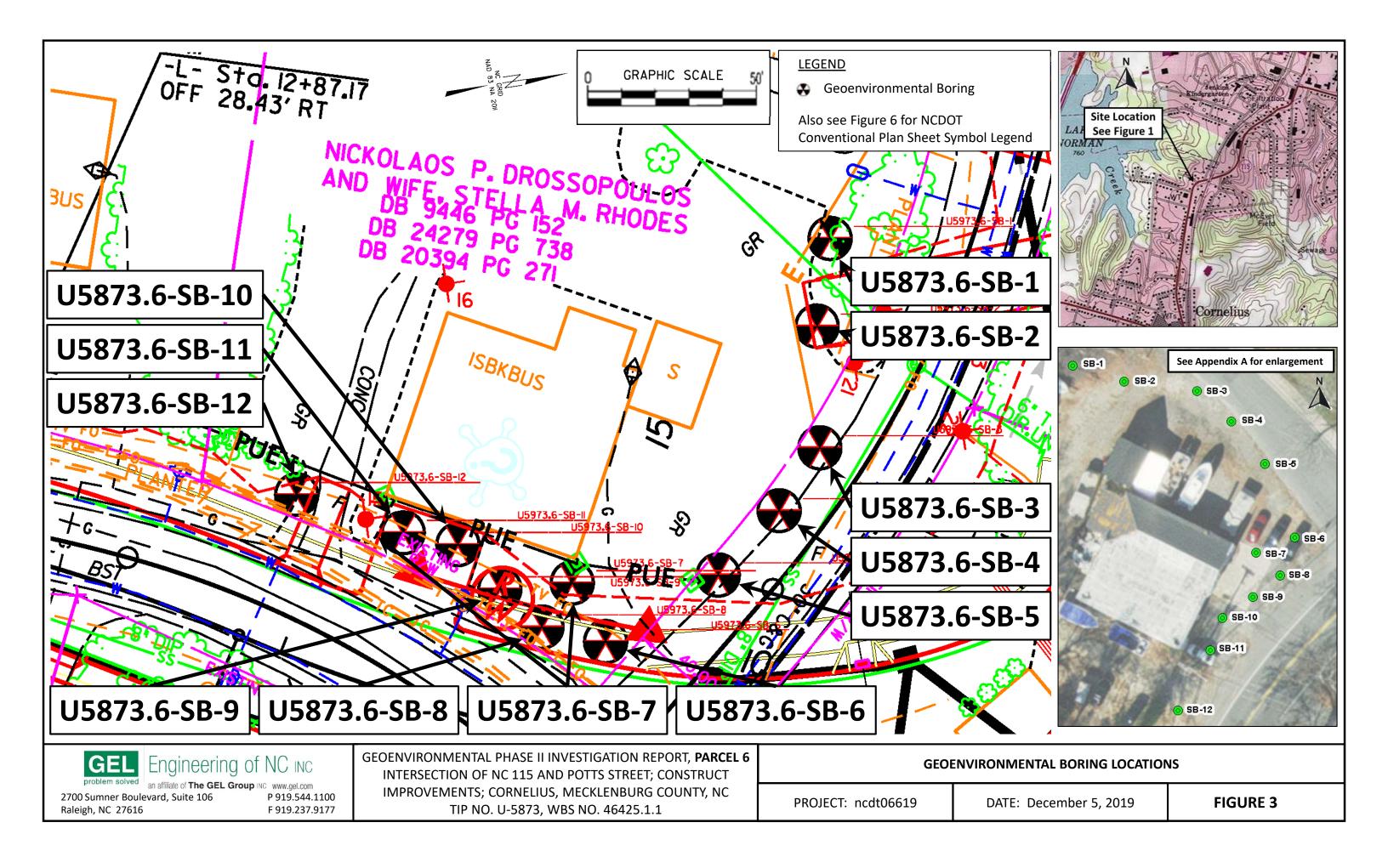
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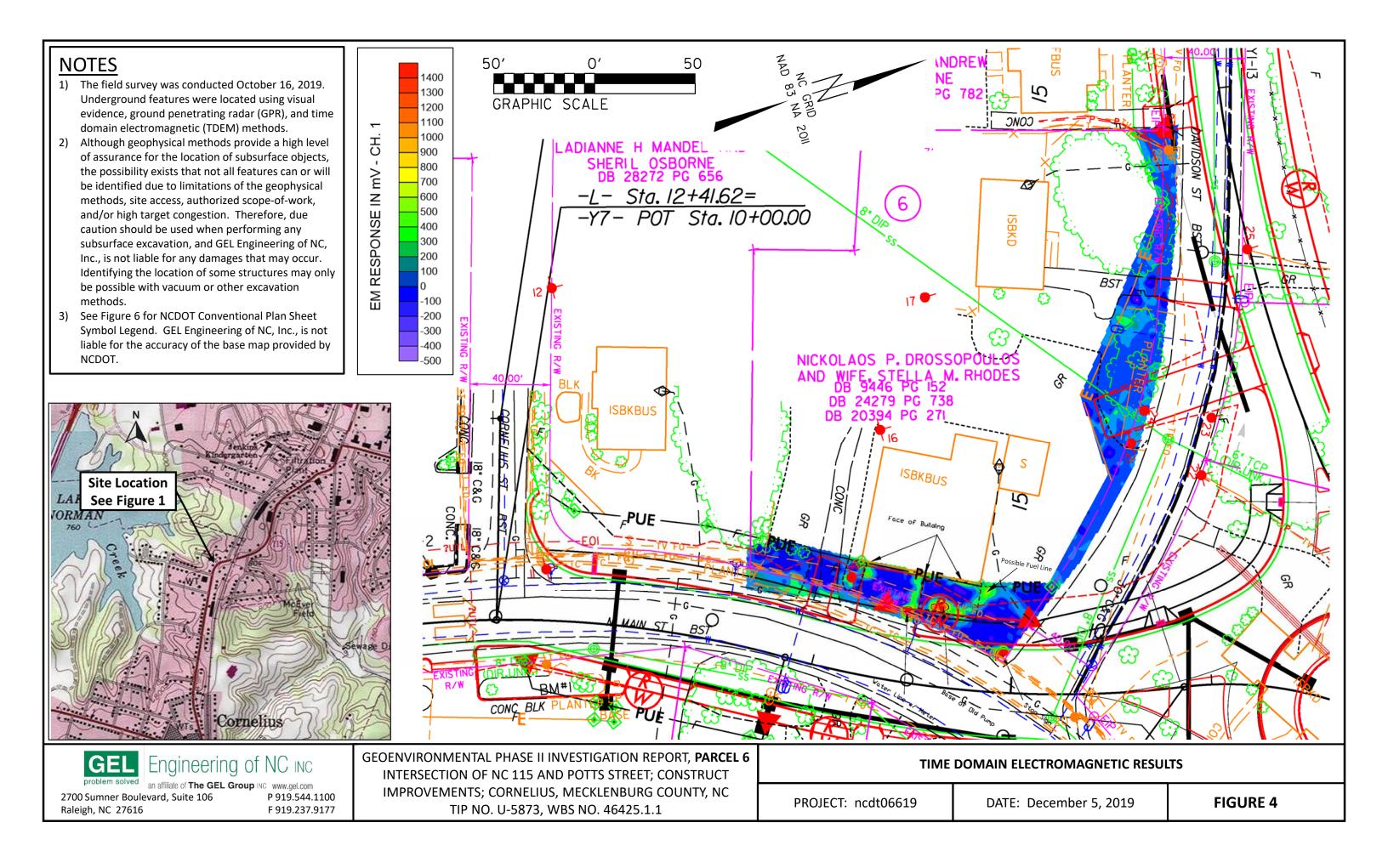
2700 Sumner Boulevard, Suite 106 Raleigh, NC 27616 P 919.544.1100 F 919.237.9177

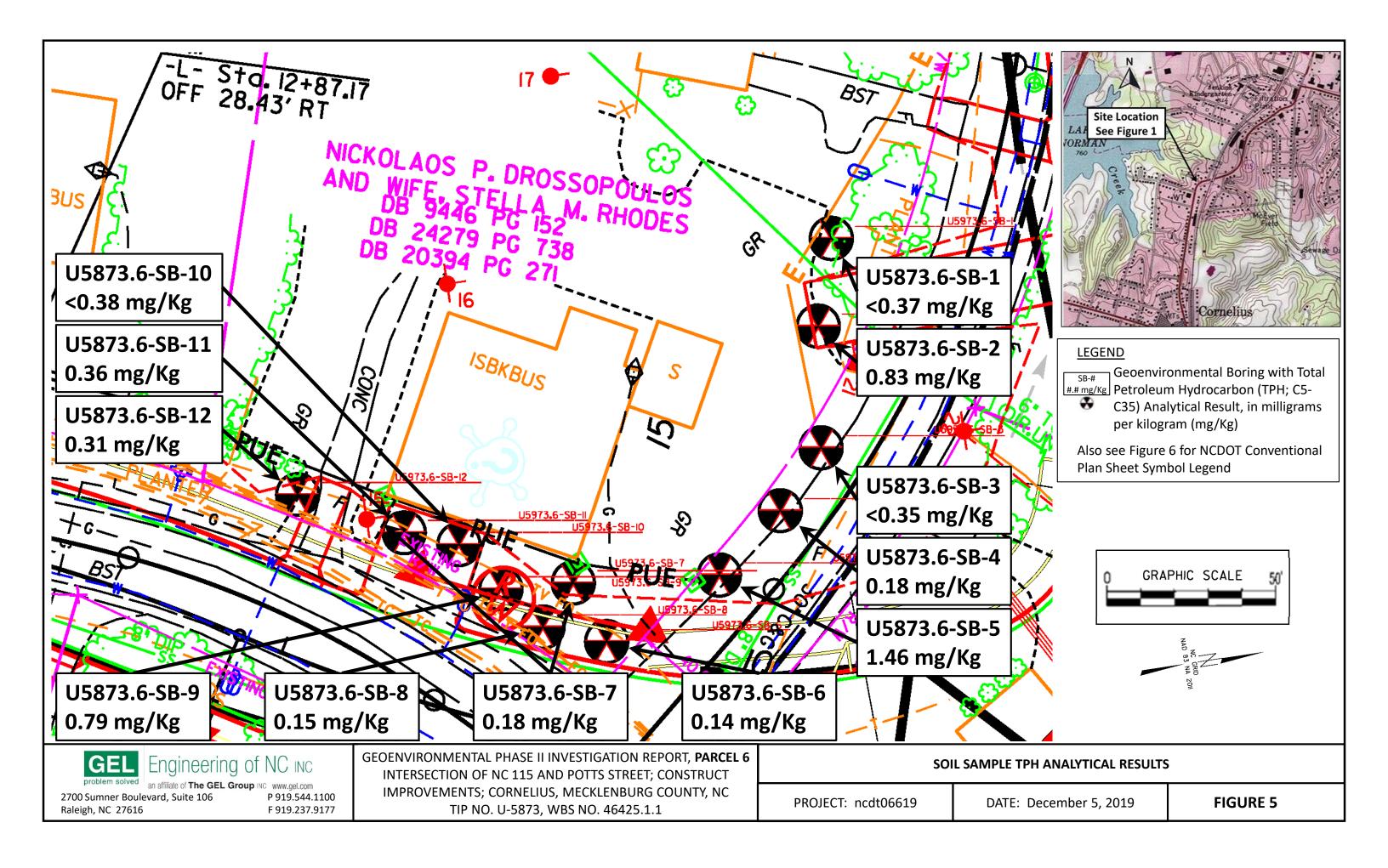
PROJECT: ncdt06619
GEOENVIRONMENTAL PHASE II
INVESTIGATION REPORT, PARCEL 6
INTERSECTION OF NC 115 AND POTTS
STREET; CONSTRUCT IMPROVEMENTS
CORNELIUS, MECKLENBURG COUNTY, NO
TIP NO. U-5873, WBS NO. 46425.1.1

DATE: December 5, 2019	
SITE LOCATION MAP	FIGURE
RAWN BY: ADS	









273				CADOLIA	Y A INTERIOR		Z A WZCI	PROJECT REPRINCE NO. BH	NOTE:
9478			STATE OF NORTH	CAROLIN	A, DIVISI				Legend provided
2			CONVENTION	AL PL	AN SH	ieet symbo	OLS		by NCDOT
	BOUNDARIES AND PROPERT	Y :	Note: Not to S	Scale *S.	U.E. = Subst	urface Utility Engineering	g	WATER:	by Nebo1
	State Line							Water Manhole	
	County Line		RAILROADS:					Water Meter —	
	Township Line		Standard Gauge	CSX THANSPORTATION	Orchard —		- 00000	Water Valve	
	City Line		RR Signal Milepost	CSX THANSPORTATION	Vineyard		Ylneyard	Water Hydrant	
	Reservation Line		Switch			STRUCTURES:		U/G Water Line LOS B (S.U.E*)	rac
	Property Line		RR Abandoned	SWITCH		SINUCIUMES.		U/G Water Line LOS C (S.U.E*)	-
	Existing Iron Pin	€iP	RR Dismantled		MAJOR:	.		U/G Water Line LOS D (S.U.E*)	_
	Property Corner	×	RIGHT OF WAY:		Bridge, Tunnel		CONC	Above Ground Water Line	_
	Property Monument	ECM	SUSTINIA SUSTAIN STAND SECURIS SANDA SUSTAIN SECURIS SUSTAIN SECURIS S	_	A Mark Control	Vall, Head Wall and End Wall	- CONC WW	TV:	
	Parcel/Sequence Number	(23)	Baseline Control Point	*	MINOR: Head and End	Wall -	CONC HW	TV Pedestal	
	Existing Fence Line	_xxx_	Existing Right of Way Marker	\triangle	Pipe Culvert	77411	_ =========	TV Tower — ⊗	
	Proposed Woven Wire Fence	-	Existing Right of Way Line	(A)	Footbridge —			U/G TV Cable Hand Hole	
	Proposed Chain Link Fence		Proposed Right of Way Line —————			NGC 19 20 479, 36, MANGE ASSOCIA		U/G TV Cable LOS B (S.U.E.*)	
	Proposed Barbed Wire Fence	─	Proposed Right of Way Line with Iron Pin and Cap Marker			Catch Basin, DI or JB	C8	U/G TV Cable LOS C (S.U.E.*)	
	Existing Wetland Boundary		Proposed Right of Way Line with		Paved Ditch G	70 180 1800		U/G TV Cable LOS D (S.U.E.*)	
	Proposed Wetland Boundary		Concrete or Granite RW Marker		Storm Sewer /	Manhole —	<u> </u>	U/G Fiber Optic Cable LOS B (S.U.E.*)	
	Existing Endangered Animal Boundary	EAR	Proposed Control of Access Line with Concrete C/A Marker		Storm Sewer			U/G Fiber Optic Cable LOS C (S.U.E.*)	
	Existing Endangered Plant Boundary		Existing Control of Access	(E)	UTILITIES.			U/G Fiber Optic Cable LOS D (S.U.E.*)	
	Existing Historic Property Boundary		500 100 100 W W	(8)	POWER:				
	Known Contamination Area: Soil		Proposed Control of Access	- (3)	Existing Power	Pole -	_	GAS:	
	Potential Contamination Area: Soil		Existing Easement Line	——E——	Proposed Power		- b	Gas Valve	
	Known Contamination Area: Water		Proposed Temporary Construction Easement –	E	Existing Joint U		_ •	Gas Meter O	
	Potential Contamination Area: Water —		Proposed Temporary Drainage Easement	TDE	Proposed Joint			U/G Gas Line LOS B (S.U.E.*)	-
	Contaminated Site: Known or Potential		Proposed Permanent Drainage Easement —	PDE-	Power Manhole		— ®	U/G Gas Line LOS C (S.U.E.*)	-
	BUILDINGS AND OTHER CU.	TTIDE.	Proposed Permanent Drainage / Utility Easemen	tDUE	Power Line Tox		_ 🔻	U/G Gas Line LOS D (S.U.E.*)	-
		LI OIL.	Proposed Permanent Utility Easement ———	PUE	Power Transfor		_ 🗷	Above Ground Gas Line ————————————————————————————————————	-
	Gas Pump Vent or U/G Tank Cap		Proposed Temporary Utility Easement ———	TUE	U/G Power Ca		_	SANITARY SEWER:	
	Sign —	3	Proposed Aerial Utility Easement ————	AUE		bie nana noie		Sanitary Sewer Manhole — @	
	Well		Proposed Permanent Easement with	^	H-Frame Pole	- LOC D (CLLE*)		Sanitary Sewer Cleanout ————	
	Small Mine		Iron Pin and Cap Marker	*		e LOS B (S.U.E.*)		U/G Sanitary Sewer Line	
	Foundation		ROADS AND RELATED FEATURE	ES:		e LOS C (S.U.E.*)		Above Ground Sanitary Sewer	
	Area Outline		Existing Edge of Pavement		U/G Power Lin	e LOS D (S.U.E.*)		SS Forced Main Line LOS B (S.U.E.*)	
	Cemetery		Existing Curb		TELEPHONE:			SS Forced Main Line LOS C (S.U.E.*)	
	Building —		Proposed Slope Stakes Cut	<u>c</u>	Existing Teleph	one Pole	_	SS Forced Main Line LOS D (S.U.E.*)	
	School —		Proposed Slope Stakes Fill	<u>F</u>	Proposed Telep		-0-	33 Forced Main Line LOS D (3.O.L.)	=
	Church -		Proposed Curb Ramp		Telephone Mai		a	MISCELLANEOUS:	
	Dam —		Existing Metal Guardrail	- T T	Telephone Ped			Utility Pole	
	HYDROLOGY:		Proposed Guardrail		Telephone Cel		_	Utility Pole with Base	
	Stream or Body of Water ——————		Existing Cable Guiderail			Cable Hand Hole	— Fig	Utility Located Object	
	Hydro, Pool or Reservoir ——————		Proposed Cable Guiderail		7.5	Cable LOS B (S.U.E.*)	CH	Utility Traffic Signal Box	
	Jurisdictional Stream		Equality Symbol	⊕		Cable LOS C (S.U.E.*)		Utility Unknown U/G Line LOS B (S.U.E.*)	_
	Buffer Zone 1	BZ 1	Pavement Removal					U/G Tank; Water, Gas, Oil	
	Buffer Zone 2	BZ 2	VEGETATION:		75	Cable LOS D (S.U.E.*)			
	Flow Arrow —		Single Tree	63	1.7	Conduit LOS B (S.U.E.*)		Underground Storage Tank, Approx. Loc	
	Disappearing Stream		Single Shrub	0	ACCOUNT NAME OF THE	Conduit LOS C (S.U.E.*)		State State Secretary Secr	
	Spring —	-0	Hedge	~~~~~~~~~~~		Conduit LOS D (S.U.E.*)		Geoenvironmental Boring	
	Wetland ————————————————————————————————————	<u>*</u>	Woods Line		2100-2100-0	ics Cable LOS B (S.U.E.*) —		U/G Test Hole LOS A (S.U.E.*)	
	Proposed Lateral, Tail, Head Ditch ———	→ FLOW	Woods Line			ics Cable LOS C (S.U.E.*)		Abandoned According to Utility Records — AATUR	
	False Sump —	\rightarrow			U/G Fiber Opt	ics Cable LOS D (S.U.E.*)	1 80	End of Information — E.O.I.	
<u>.</u>									
CEL France	oring of NC wa	EOENVIRONN	MENTAL PHASE II INVESTIGATIOI	N REPORT, I	PARCEL 6		NICDOT C	CONVENITION AT DEARLOUGHT CVAADOU	ECEND
GEL Engine	ering of NC INC		ON OF NC 115 AND POTTS STRI	•			אנטטו (CONVENTIONAL PLAN SHEET SYMBOL L	.EGEND
problem solved an affiliate of The	GEL Group INC www.gel.com			•	-				
2700 Sumner Boulevard, Suite 10		IMPROVEM	IENTS; CORNELIUS, MECKLENBU	JKG COUNT	Y, NC	DDOIECT: no	d+06610	DATE: Docombor E 2010	FIGURE 6
Raleigh, NC 27616	F 919.237.9177		TIP NO. U-5873, WBS NO. 4642	5.1.1		PROJECT: nc	u100013	DATE: December 5, 2019	FIGURE 0

TABLE

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TABLE 1. SOIL SAMPLE FIELD SCREENING AND LABORATORY ANALYTICAL RESULTS SUMMARY (Page 1 of 3)

				QED UVF Results (mg/Kg)		
Soil Boring ID		5	010 0 "	GRO	DRO	:
(Northing/	Date	Depth	PID Reading	(C5-C10)	(C10-C35)	TPH
Easting)		(feet bgs)	(ppm)	(action	(action	(C5-C35)
<i>5,</i>				level=50)	level=100)	(,
		0-1	0.2			
		1-2	0.1	<0.37	<0.37	< 0.37
		2-3	0.3			
		3-4	0.1			
U5873.6-SB-1	10/17/2019	4-5	0.5			
		5-6	0.2			
(639422.031/		6-7	0.3			
1447101.191)		7-8	0.2			
		8-10	0.3			
		0-1	0.6			
		1-2	0.5	<0.37	0.83	0.83
		2-3	0.2			
		3-4	0.3			
U5873.6-SB-2	10/17/2019	4-5	0.4			
		5-6	0.3			
(639414.225 /		6-7	0.3			
1447126.543)		7-8	0.3			
		8-10	0.3			
		0-1	0.6			
		1-2	0.4			
		2-3	0.5	<0.35	<0.35	< 0.35
		3-4	0.4			
U5873.6-SB-3	10/17/2019	4-5	0.4			
		5-6	0.4			
(639409.606/		6-7	0.3			
1447162.658)		7-8	0.2			
		8-10	0.4			
		0-1	0.5			
		1-2	0.3			
		2-3	0.6	<0.36	<0.36	0.18
		3-4	0.3			
U5873.6-SB-4	10/17/2019	4-5	0.4			
		5-6	0.1			
(639394.712 /		6-7	0.2			
1447179.506)		7-8	0.2			
		8-10	0.3			
		0-1	0.6			
		1-2	0.6	0.72	0.74	1.46
		2-3	0.4			
		3-4	0.5			
U5873.6-SB-5	10/17/2019	4-5	0.4			
		5-6	0.3			
(639373.754/		6-7	0.6			
1447195.877)		7-8	0.3			
		8-10	0.6			

TABLE 1. SOIL SAMPLE FIELD SCREENING AND LABORATORY ANALYTICAL RESULTS SUMMARY (Page 2 of 3)

				QED UVF Results (mg/Kg)		
C-II De de		De et	DID D II.	GRO	DRO	<u>-</u>
Soil Boring	Date	Depth	PID Reading	(C5-C10)	(C10-C35)	TPH
ID		(feet bgs)	(ppm)	(action	(action	(C5-C35)
				level=50)	level=100)	, ,
		0-1	0.7			
		1-2	0.7	<0.28	<0.28	0.14
		2-3	0.5			
		3-4	0.3			
U5873.6-SB-6	10/17/2019	4-5	0.5			
		5-6	0.5			
(639337.392 /		6-7	0.5			
1447210.540)		7-8	0.6			
		8-10	0.2			
		0-1	0.9			
		1-2	0.7			
		2-3	0.9	<0.37	<0.37	0.18
		3-4	0.8			
U5873.6-SB-7	10/17/2019	4-5	0.8			
		5-6	0.7			
(639330.146/		6-7	0.6			
1447191.640)		7-8	0.6			
		8-10	0.5			
		0-1	0.1			
		1-2	0.4			
		2-3	0.6			
		3-4	0.6			
U5873.6-SB-8	10/17/2019	4-5	0.4			
,,		5-6	0.4			
(639319.163 /		6-7	0.5			
1447203.345)		7-8	0.6	<0.30	<0.30	0.15
		8-10	0.6			
		0-1	0.1			
		1-2	0.7			
		2-3	0.7	.0.07	0.70	0.70
	10/17/22:	3-4	1.1	<0.37	0.79	0.79
U5873.6-SB-9	10/17/2019	4-5	0.8			
(626222 '		5-6	0.4			
(639308.440 /		6-7	0.5			
1447190.166)		7-8	0.6			
		8-10	0.6			
		0-1	1.0	.0.00	.0.22	.0.00
		1-2	1.1	<0.38	<0.38	<0.38
		2-3	1.1			
UE072 C CD 40	10/17/2012	3-4	0.8			
U5873.6-SB-10	10/17/2019	4-5	0.8			
(620207.005.1		5-6	0.9			
(639297.985 /		6-7	0.6			
1447175.152)		7-8	0.6			
		8-10	0.7			

fc: ncdt06619

TABLE 1. SOIL SAMPLE FIELD SCREENING AND LABORATORY ANALYTICAL RESULTS SUMMARY (Page 3 of 3)

				QED UVF Results (mg/Kg)		
Soil Boring ID	Date	Depth (feet bgs)	PID Reading (ppm)	GRO (C5-C10) (action level=50)	DRO (C10-C35) (action level=100)	TPH (C5-C35)
		0-1	0.8			
		1-2	1.0	<0.36	0.36	0.36
		2-3	0.7			
		3-4	0.9			
U5873.6-SB-11	10/17/2019	4-5	0.7			
		5-6	0.8			
(639282.302 /		6-7	0.7			
1447169.188)		7-8	0.7			
		8-10	0.7			
		0-1	0.7			
		1-2	0.8			
		2-3	1.0	<0.31	0.31	0.31
		3-4	0.7			
U5873.6-SB-12	10/17/2019	4-5	0.6			
		5-6	0.7			
(639252.438 /		6-7	0.6			
1447153.056)		7-8	0.6			
		8-10	0.7			

DRO = Diesel range organics

mg/Kg = milligrams per kilogram

GRO = Gasoline range organics

ppm = parts per million

TPH = Total petroleum hydrocarbons

feet bgs = feet below ground surface

N/A = not applicable

GRO and DRO action levels per 7/26/16 NCDEQ UST Corrective Action Branch memornadum

APPENDIX A

December 5, 2019

fc: ncdt06619

TIP Number: U-5873

WBS Number: 46425.1.1

SITE PHOTOGRAPHS



Photograph 1. Aerial photograph showing GeoEnvironmental soil boring locations.

TIP Number: U-5873



Photograph 2. Northwestern portion of investigation area along residential frontage evaluated with geophysical surveys only.



Photograph 3. GeoEnvironmental soil boring location U5873.6-SB-1.

TIP Number: U-5873



Photograph 4. GeoEnvironmental soil boring location U5873.6-SB-2.



Photograph 5. GeoEnvironmental soil boring location U5873.6-SB-3.

TIP Number: U-5873



Photograph 6. GeoEnvironmental soil boring location U5873.6-SB-4.

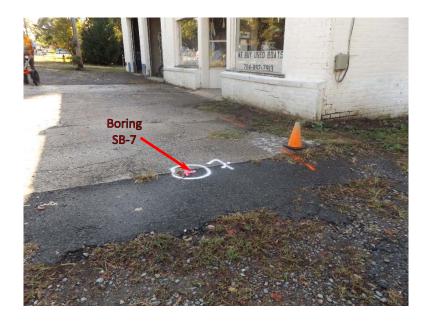


Photograph 7. GeoEnvironmental soil boring location U5873.6-SB-5.

TIP Number: U-5873



Photograph 8. GeoEnvironmental soil boring location U5873.6-SB-6.



Photograph 9. GeoEnvironmental soil boring location U5873.6-SB-7.

TIP Number: U-5873



Photograph 10. GeoEnvironmental soil boring location U5873.6-SB-8.



Photograph 11. GeoEnvironmental soil boring location U5873.6-SB-9.

TIP Number: U-5873



Photograph 12. GeoEnvironmental soil boring location U5873.6-SB-10.



Photograph 13. GeoEnvironmental soil boring location U5873.6-SB-11.

TIP Number: U-5873



Photograph 14. GeoEnvironmental soil boring location U5873.6-SB-12.



Photograph 15. Interior of the canvas/upholstery operation facility.

TIP Number: U-5873



fc: ncdt06619

TIP Number: U-5873

Photograph 16. Interior of the canvas/upholstery operation facility.

APPENDIX B

December 5, 2019

fc: ncdt06619

TIP Number: U-5873

WBS Number: 46425.1.1

SOIL BORING LOGS

GEL Engineering, of NC, Inc., Raleigh, North Carolina

Project Name: NCDOT Intersection of NC 115 and Potts Street; Construct Improvements,

Cornelius, Mecklenburg County, NC;

<u>TIP No. U- 5873, WBS No. 46425.1.1</u> GEL Project Code: <u>NCDT06619</u>

Parcel Address: Parcel 6, 20915 & 20917 N. Main St. Cornelius, NC 28031 (Howell and Sons Canvas)

Drilling Date: October 17, 2019 Drilling Contractor: Regional Probing Services, Inc.; NC Cert No. 3322A

Depth (ft bgs)	PID (ppm)	Soil Description (depths are in feet below ground surface [ft bgs])	Laboratory Analysis
	<u>'</u>	BORING ID: U5873.6-SB-1	-
0-1	0.2	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, slight moisture, mica present.	
1-2	0.1	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, slight moisture, mica present.	•
2-3	0.3	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, slight moisture.	
3-4	0.1	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, slight moisture.	
4-5	0.5	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
5-6	0.2	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
6-7	0.3	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
7-8	0.2	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
8-10	0.3	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
		BORING ID: U5873.6-SB-2	•
0-1	0.6	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 10% medium grained sand, 10% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry.	
1-2	0.5	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry.	•
2-3	0.2	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
3-4	0.3	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
4-5	0.4	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
5-6	0.3	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
6-7	0.3	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
7-8	0.3	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
8-10	0.3	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	

GEL Engineering, of NC, Inc., Raleigh, North Carolina

Project Name: NCDOT Intersection of NC 115 and Potts Street; Construct Improvements,

Cornelius, Mecklenburg County, NC;

<u>TIP No. U- 5873, WBS No. 46425.1.1</u> GEL Project Code: <u>NCDT06619</u>

Parcel Address: Parcel 6, 20915 & 20917 N. Main St. Cornelius, NC 28031 (Howell and Sons Canvas)

Drilling Date: October 17, 2019 Drilling Contractor: Regional Probing Services, Inc.; NC Cert No. 3322A

Depth (ft bgs)	PID (ppm)	Soil Description (depths are in feet below ground surface [ft bgs])	Laboratory Analysis
	<u> </u>	BORING ID: U5873.6-SB-3	
0-1	0.6	Sandy CLAY (70% clay, 20% fine grained sand, 10% medium grained sand), dark orange, dry, mica present.	
1-2	0.4	Sandy CLAY (70% clay, 20% fine grained sand, 10% medium grained sand), dark orange, dry, mica present.	
2-3	0.5	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	•
3-4	0.4	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry.	
4-5	0.4	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry.	
5-6	0.4	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry.	
6-7	0.3	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry.	
7-8	0.2	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry.	
8-10	0.4	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry.	
		BORING ID: U5873.6-SB-4	
0-1	0.5	Gravely SAND (50% medium grained sand, 20% coarse grained sand, 20% fine grained sand, 10% gravel), gray, dry.	
1-2	0.3	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry.	
2-3	0.6	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry.	•
3-4	0.3	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry.	
4-5	0.4	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry.	
5-6	0.1	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
6-7	0.2	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
7-8	0.2	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
8-10	0.3	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	

GEL Engineering, of NC, Inc., Raleigh, North Carolina

Project Name: NCDOT Intersection of NC 115 and Potts Street; Construct Improvements,

Cornelius, Mecklenburg County, NC;

<u>TIP No. U- 5873, WBS No. 46425.1.1</u> GEL Project Code: <u>NCDT06619</u>

Parcel Address: Parcel 6, 20915 & 20917 N. Main St. Cornelius, NC 28031 (Howell and Sons Canvas)

Drilling Date: October 17, 2019 Drilling Contractor: Regional Probing Services, Inc.; NC Cert No. 3322A

Depth (ft bgs)	PID (ppm)	Soil Description (depths are in feet below ground surface [ft bgs])	Laborator Analysis
		BORING ID: U5873.6-SB-5	
0-1	0.6	Sandy CLAY (60% clay, 20% medium grained sand, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry.	
1-2	0.6	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry.	•
2-3	0.4	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry.	
3-4	0.5	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry.	
4-5	0.4	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry.	
5-6	0.3	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
6-7	0.6	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
7-8	0.3	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
8-10	0.6	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
		BORING ID: U5873.6-SB-6	
0-1	0.7	Sandy CLAY (60% clay, 20% medium grained sand, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry.	
1-2	0.7	Sandy CLAY (70% clay, 15% medium grained sand, 15% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry.	•
2-3	0.5	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry.	
3-4	0.3	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry.	
4-5	0.5	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry.	
5-6	0.5	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
6-7	0.5	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
7-8	0.6	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
8-10	0.2	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	

GEL Engineering, of NC, Inc., Raleigh, North Carolina

Project Name: NCDOT Intersection of NC 115 and Potts Street; Construct Improvements,

Cornelius, Mecklenburg County, NC;

<u>TIP No. U- 5873, WBS No. 46425.1.1</u> GEL Project Code: <u>NCDT06619</u>

Parcel Address: Parcel 6, 20915 & 20917 N. Main St. Cornelius, NC 28031 (Howell and Sons Canvas)

Drilling Date: October 17, 2019 Drilling Contractor: Regional Probing Services, Inc.; NC Cert No. 3322A

Depth (ft bgs)	PID (ppm)	Soil Description (depths are in feet below ground surface [ft bgs])	Laborator Analysis
	-	BORING ID: U5873.6-SB-7	
0-1	0.9	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 10% fine grained sand, 5% coarse grained sand, 5% medium grained sand), orange, slight moisture, mica present.	
1-2	0.7	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 10% medium grained sand, 10% fine grained sand), dark orange, sligh moisture.	
2-3	0.9	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry.	•
3-4	0.8	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry.	
4-5	0.8	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry, mica present.	
5-6	0.7	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry, mica present.	
6-7	0.6	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry, mica present.	
7-8	0.6	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry, mica present.	
8-10	0.5	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry, mica present.	
		BORING ID: U5873.6-SB-8	
0-1	0.1	GRAVEL, gray, dry.	
1-2	0.4	Sandy CLAY (70% clay, 15% medium grained sand, 15% fine grained sand), dark orange, sligh moisture.	
2-3	0.6	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry.	
3-4	0.6	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry.	
4-5	0.4	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, slight moisture.	
5-6	0.4	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry, mica present.	
6-7	0.5	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry, mica present.	
7-8	0.6	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry, mica present, slight petroleum odor present.	•
8-10	0.6	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry, mica present.	

GEL Engineering, of NC, Inc., Raleigh, North Carolina

Project Name: NCDOT Intersection of NC 115 and Potts Street; Construct Improvements,

Cornelius, Mecklenburg County, NC;

<u>TIP No. U- 5873, WBS No. 46425.1.1</u> GEL Project Code: <u>NCDT06619</u>

Parcel Address: Parcel 6, 20915 & 20917 N. Main St. Cornelius, NC 28031 (Howell and Sons Canvas)

Drilling Date: October 17, 2019 Drilling Contractor: Regional Probing Services, Inc.; NC Cert No. 3322A

Depth (ft bgs)	PID (ppm)	Soil Description (depths are in feet below ground surface [ft bgs])	Laborator Analysis
		BORING ID: U5873.6-SB-9	
0-1	0.1	GRAVEL, gray, dry, concrete and asphalt present	
1-2	0.7	Sandy CLAY (70% clay, 15% medium grained sand, 15% fine grained sand), dark orange, sligh moisture.	
2-3	0.7	Sandy CLAY (60% clay, 20% medium grained sand, 10% coarse grained sand, 10% fine grained sand), dark orange, slight moisture.	
3-4	1.1	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 10% medium grained sand, 10% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry.	•
4-5	0.8	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry.	
5-6	0.4	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry.	
6-7	0.5	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
7-8	0.6	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
8-10	0.6	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
		BORING ID: U5873.6-SB-10	
0-1	1.0	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, asphalt present.	
1-2	1.1	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry.	•
2-3	1.1	Sandy CLAY (60% clay, 20% fine grained sand, 10% coarse grained sand, 10% medium grained sand), dark orange, dry.	
3-4	0.8	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry.	
4-5	0.8	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
5-6	0.9	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
6-7	0.6	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
7-8	0.6	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
8-10	0.7	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	

GEL Engineering, of NC, Inc., Raleigh, North Carolina

Project Name: NCDOT Intersection of NC 115 and Potts Street; Construct Improvements,

Cornelius, Mecklenburg County, NC;

<u>TIP No. U- 5873, WBS No. 46425.1.1</u> GEL Project Code: <u>NCDT06619</u>

Parcel Address: Parcel 6, 20915 & 20917 N. Main St. Cornelius, NC 28031 (Howell and Sons Canvas)

Drilling Date: October 17, 2019 Drilling Contractor: Regional Probing Services, Inc.; NC Cert No. 3322A

Depth (ft bgs)	PID (ppm)	Soil Description (depths are in feet below ground surface [ft bgs])	Laborator Analysis
	1	BORING ID: U5873.6-SB-11	
0-1	0.8	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 10% medium grained sand, 10% fine grained sand), orange, slight moisture.	
1-2	1.0	Sandy CLAY (70% clay, 20% fine grained sand, 5% coarse grained sand, 5% medium grained sand), dark orange, slight moisture.	•
2-3	0.7	Sandy CLAY (70% clay, 20% fine grained sand, 5% coarse grained sand, 5% medium grained sand), dark orange, slight moisture.	
3-4	0.9	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, slight moisture.	
4-5	0.7	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
5-6	0.8	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
6-7	0.7	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
7-8	0.7	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
8-10	0.7	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), orange, dry, mica present.	
		BORING ID: U5873.6-SB-12	
0-1	0.7	Sandy CLAY (60% clay, 20% medium grained sand, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, slight moisture.	
1-2	0.8	Sandy CLAY (60% clay, 20% medium grained sand, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry.	
2-3	1.0	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry.	•
3-4	0.7	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry.	
4-5	0.6	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry, mica present.	
5-6	0.7	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry, mica present.	
6-7	0.6	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry, mica present.	
7-8	0.6	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry, mica present.	
8-10	0.7	Sandy CLAY (80% clay, 20% fine grained sand), dark orange, dry, mica present.	

APPENDIX C

December 5, 2019

fc: ncdt06619

TIP Number: U-5873

WBS Number: 46425.1.1

LABORATORY ANALYTICAL REPORT AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD FOR SOIL SAMPLES





Hydrocarbon Analysis Results

 Client:
 GEL ENGINEERING
 Samples taken
 10/16/19-10/17/19

 Address:
 Samples extracted
 10/16/19-10/17/19

Samples analysed Friday, October 18, 2019

Contact: ANDREW STAHL Operator CAROLINE STEVENS

Project: NCDOT 06619

													U00904																		
Matrix	Sample ID	Dilution used	BTEX (C6 - C9)	GRO (C5 - C10)	DRO (C10 - C35)	TPH (C5 - C35)	Total Aromatics (C10-C35)	16 EPA PAHs	ВаР	% Ratios		% Ratios		% Ratios		% Ratios		% Ratios		% Ratios		% Ratios		% Ratios		% Ratios		% Ratios		•	HC Fingerprint Match
										C5 - C10	C10 - C18	C18																			
S	U5873.6-1	14.9	<0.37	< 0.37	<0.37	<0.37	<0.07	<0.12	<0.015	0	0	0	Residual HC																		
S	U5873.6-3	13.8	<0.35	< 0.35	<0.35	< 0.35	<0.07	<0.11	<0.014	0	100	0	Residual HC																		
S	U5873.6-4	14.5	<0.36	<0.36	<0.36	0.18	0.18	<0.12	<0.015	0	67	33	Residual HC																		
	Initia	Calibrator	QC check	OK					Final FC	CM QC	Check	OK	106.3 %																		

Concentration values in mg/kg for soil samples and mg/L for water samples. Soil values uncorrected for moisture or stone content. Fingerprints provide a tentative hydrocarbon identification.

Abbreviations :- FCM = Results calculated using Fundamental Calibration Mode : % = confidence of hydrocarbon identification : (PFM) = Poor Fingerprint Match : (T) = Turbid : (P) = Particulate detected

B = Blank Drift : (SBS)/(LBS) = Site Specific or Library Background Subtraction applied to result : (BO) = Background Organics detected : (OCR) = Outside cal range : (M) = Modifed Result.

% Ratios estimated aromatic carbon number proportions: HC = Hydrocarbon: PHC = Petroleum HC: FP = Fingerprint only. Data generated by HC-1 Analyser





Hydrocarbon Analysis Results

Client: GEL ENGINEERING

Address:

Samples taken Samples extracted Thursday, October 17, 2019 Thursday, October 17, 2019

Samples analysed

Friday, October 18, 2019

Contact: ANDREW STAHL Operator CAROLINE STEVENS

Project: NCDOT 06619

													U00904				
Matrix	Sample ID	Dilution used	BTEX (C6 - C9)	GRO (C5 - C10)	DRO (C10 - C35)	TPH (C5 - C35)	Total Aromatics (C10-C35)	16 EPA PAHs	ВаР	% Ratios		% Ratios		% Ratios		3	HC Fingerprint Match
										C5 - C10	C10 - C18	C18					
S	U5873.6-2	14.8	<0.37	<0.37	0.83	0.83	0.67	<0.12	<0.015	0	66.7	33.3	Deg.Fuel 85.1%,(FCM)				
s	U5873.6-5	15.6	<0.39	0.72	0.74	1.46	0.5	<0.12	<0.016	76	16.5	7.6	Deg.PHC 77.2%,(FCM)				
S	U5873.6-6	11.1	<0.28	<0.28	<0.28	0.14	0.14	<0.09	<0.011	0	52.6	47.4	Residual HC				
s	U5873.6-8	12.0	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3	0.15	0.15	<0.1	<0.012	0	56.3	43.7	Residual HC,(BO)				
S	U5873.6-9	14.8	<0.37	<0.37	0.79	0.79	0.62	<0.12	<0.015	66.7	20.1	13.2	Deg.Fuel 74.6%,(FCM)				
s	U5873.6-10	15.0	<0.38	<0.38	<0.38	<0.38	<0.08	<0.12	<0.015	0	0	0	PHC not detected,(BO)				
s	U5873.6-7	14.7	<0.37	<0.37	<0.37	0.18	0.18	<0.12	<0.015	0	51.3	48.7	Residual HC				
s	U5873.6-11	14.3	<0.36	<0.36	0.36	0.36	0.23	<0.11	<0.014	0	60.7	39.3	Deg Fuel 75.5%,(FCM)				
S	U5873.6-12	12.4	<0.31	<0.31	0.31	0.31	0.25	<0.1	<0.012	0	54.3	45.7	V.Deg.PHC 74.2%,(FCM),(BO)				
	1.0	a litta waa taa wa ƙ	0011	OK					Fire all FC		6 1 1	01/	405.0.0/				

Initial Calibrator QC check OK

Final FCM QC Check OK

105.9 %

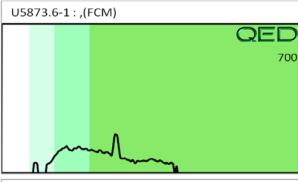
Concentration values in mg/kg for soil samples and mg/L for water samples. Soil values uncorrected for moisture or stone content. Fingerprints provide a tentative hydrocarbon identification.

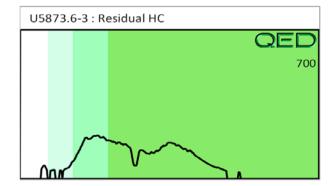
Abbreviations :- FCM = Results calculated using Fundamental Calibration Mode : % = confidence of hydrocarbon identification : (PFM) = Poor Fingerprint Match : (T) = Turbid : (P) = Particulate detected

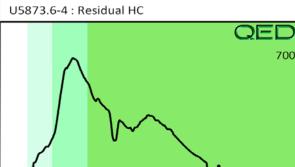
B = Blank Drift : (SBS)/(LBS) = Site Specific or Library Background Subtraction applied to result : (BO) = Background Organics detected : (OCR) = Outside cal range : (M) = Modifed Result.

% Ratios estimated aromatic carbon number proportions : HC = Hydrocarbon : PHC = Petroleum HC : FP = Fingerprint only. Data generated by HC-1 Analyser

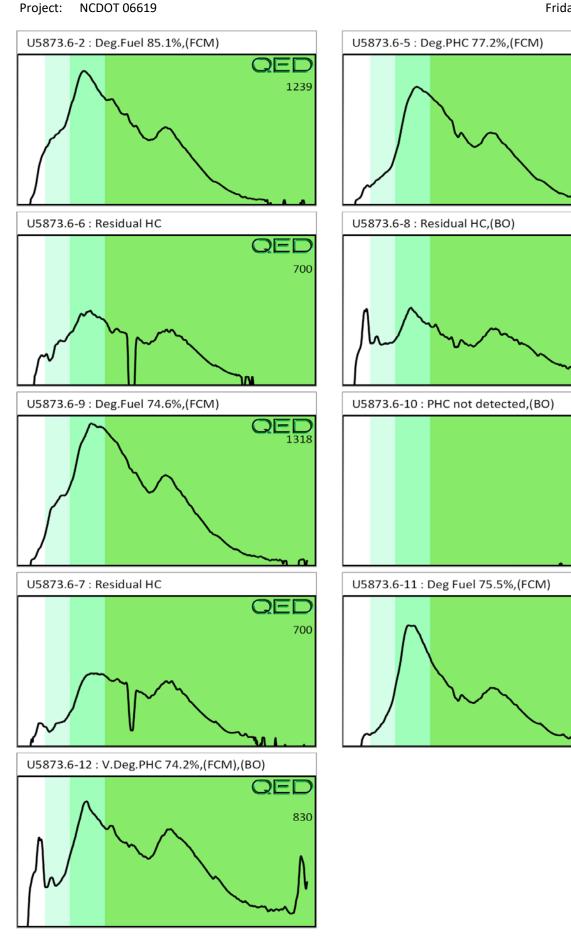
Project: NCDOT 06619







Friday, October 18, 2019



Client Name:	GEL Engineering
Address:	
Contact:	Andrew Stahl
Project Ref.:	NCD T 06619
Email:	
Phone #:	Andrew . Stanl @ gel. com 919-819-2510
Collected by:	BPB



RED Lab, LLC 5598 Marvin K Moss Lane MARBIONC Bldg, Suite 2003 Wilmington, NC 28409

Each sample will be analyzed for BTEX, GRO, DRO, TPH, PAH total aromatics and BaP

Sample Collection	TAT Requested		Taldala	Initials Sample ID					
Date/Time	24 Hour	48 Hour	initials		Sample ID		Total Wt.	Tare Wt.	Sample Wt.
10-16-19/1345		X	BPB	U587	3.2-1		55-6	45.0	10
1 1400		X	BPB		3.2-2		54.5	45-1	94
1415		X	BPB	U5873	. 2 - 3		55-1	45.)	10
1435		X	BPB	U5873	.2-4		55-6	44.9	10.7
1500		X	BPB	U587	3.2-5		53-6	44.8	79
1515		X	BPB	U587			53.6	45-1	8.5
V 1530		X	BPB	U587	3.2-7		56.0	44-7	1).7
10-17-19/0800		X	BPB	()5873	-6-1		56-0	44.8	114
0820		×	BIB	U5873	6-23		56.9	44.6	12.3
0840		X	BPB	U5873	6-4		56.5	44.8	11.7
0855		×	BPB		6-6-2		56.5	45.0	11.5
0910		X	BPB	U5873	3.6-5		55.4	44.6	109
0940		×	BPB	U5873			SS-5	44.7	10.8
1000		×	BPB	U5873			54.5	44.5	10
1020		8	B813	U5873	3.6-9		56.3	44.8	11-5
1055		X	BPB	U5873			56.3	45.0	11.3
1115		X	BPB	U5873	6-7		50.60	45,0	11.6
1130		×	BOB	U5873		F	56.6	44.7	119
V 1195		X	BPB	U 5873	-6-12		54.2	44.5	9.7
Comments:							RE	D Lab-USE	ONLY
								(10	
	uished by		Date,	/Time	Accepted by	Date/Time	1	(19)
Bri Best	~		12-17-19	/ 1300			1		
Relinqu	ished by		Date,	Time	Accepted by	Date/Time			
		4		HO	CCS	16/18/19 11:00	1	B	139