REFERENCE

**CONTENTS** 

**DESCRIPTION** 

LEGEND (SOIL & ROCK)

TITLE SHEET

SITE PLAN

BORE LOGS SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

PROFILE

SHEET NO.

5-9

9062 3

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

## **STRUCTURE** SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY **EDGECOMBE** 

PROJECT DESCRIPTION NC 111 (WILSON ST) TO NC 122 (MCNAIR RD) TO US 64 ALTERNATE (WESTERN BLVD)

SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE 152 ON -L- (NC 111) OVER US 64 BYPASS

STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO. U-4424

#### **CAUTION NOTICE**

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (919) 707-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BORCHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IM-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS NIDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE SHOW THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISTY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

- NOTES:

  1. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

  2. BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

H. FISCHER

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INVESTIGATED BY B. WORLEY, PG

DRAWN BY B. WORLEY and B. SMITH

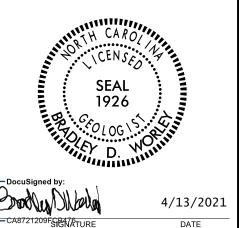
SUBMITTED BY \_\_B. WORLEY

DATE \_SEPTEMBER 2019

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U-4424

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.

U-44

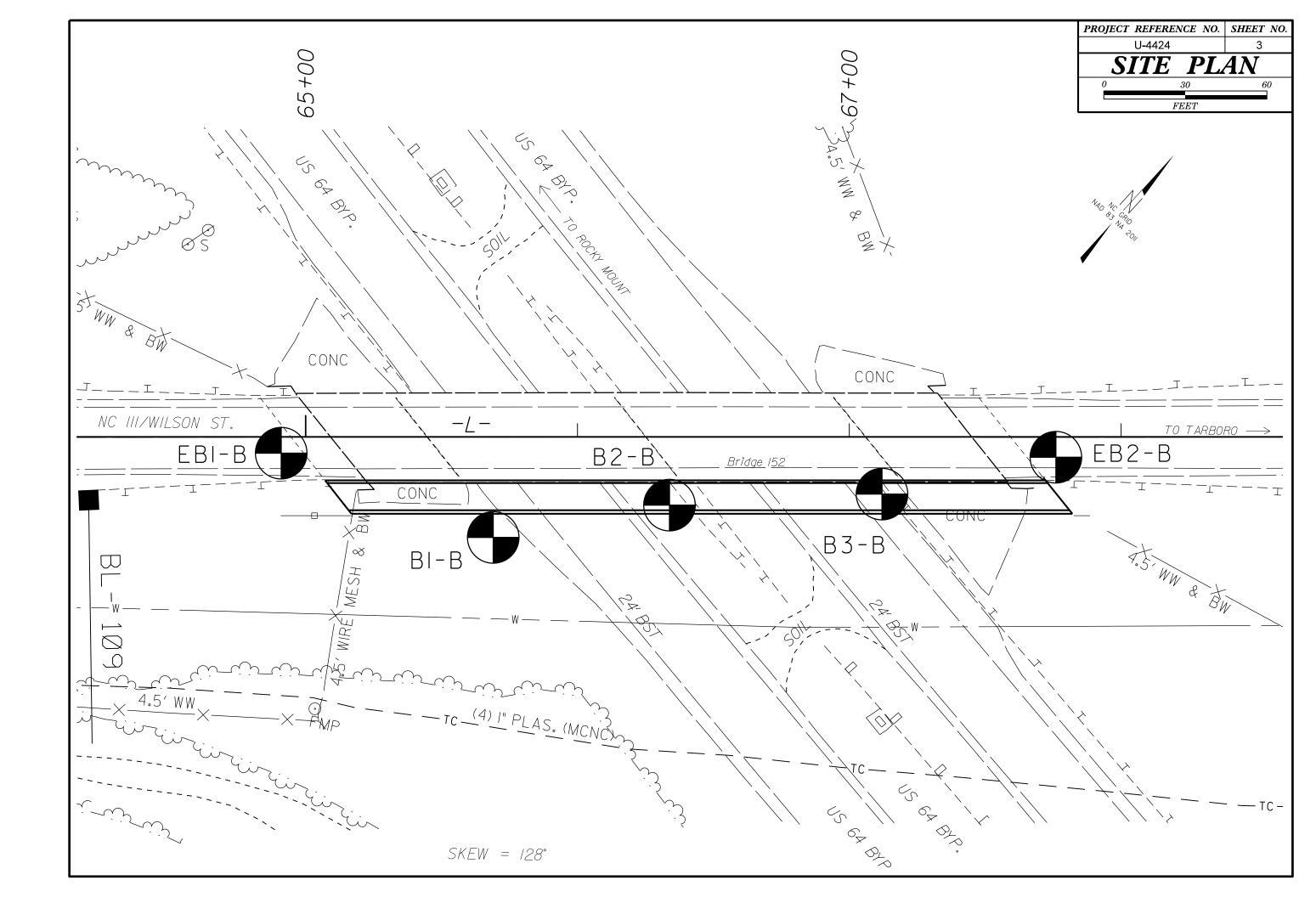
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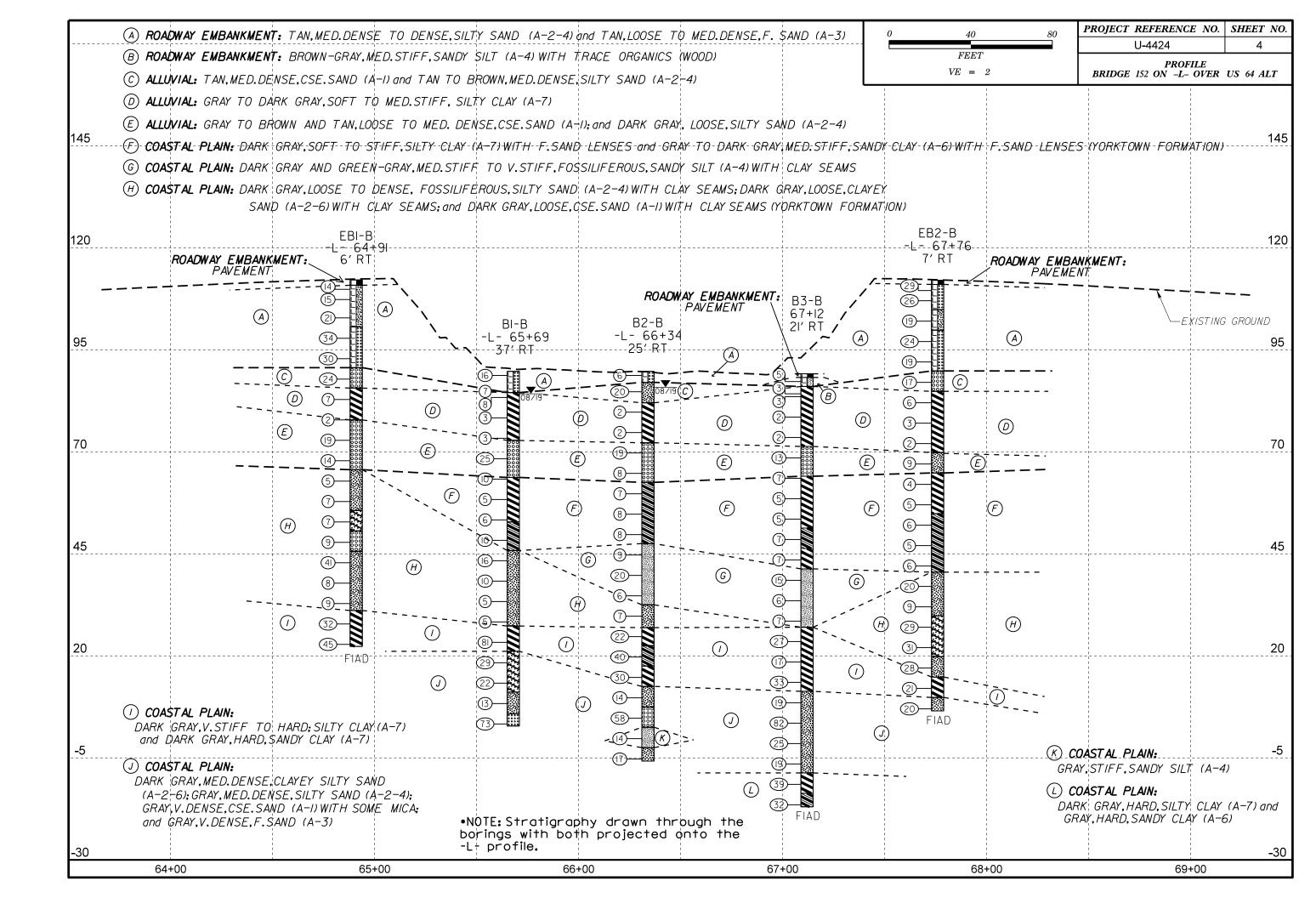
# NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

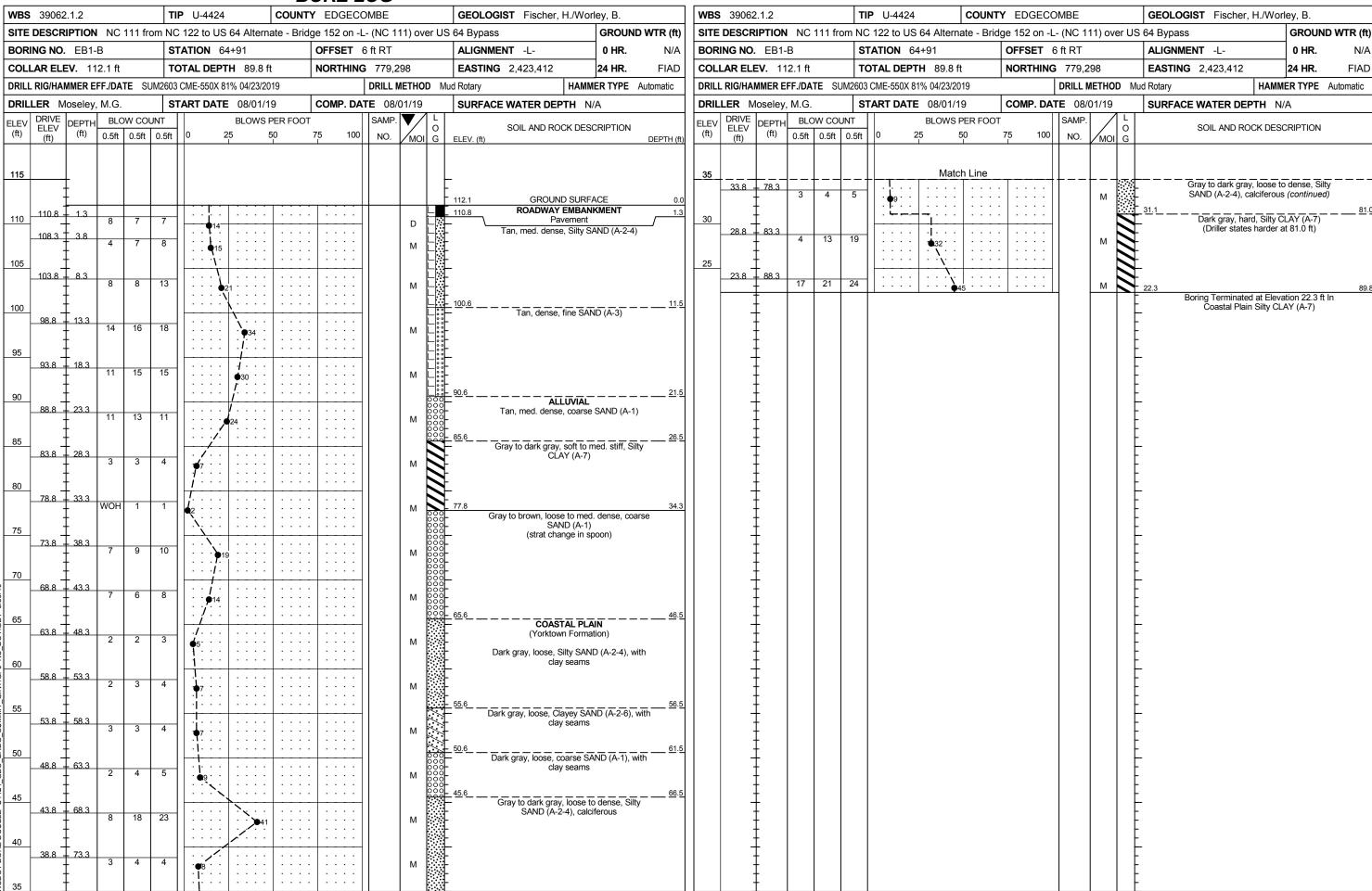
# SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE.	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.	ALLUYIUM (ALLUY.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.
ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM D1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION	GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.	SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN	AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.
IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM, BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK.	ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE, VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS:	ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:	ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	WEATHERED VILVA NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS OPERANC MATERIALS	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION	CRYSTALLINE CRYSTALLINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT	WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND
LLASS. ( \$ 35% PASSING *200) ( > 35% PASSING *200)	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC.  ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	ROCK (CR) WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.	SURFACE.  CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5 CLASS. A-1-0 A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-4, A-5 A-6, A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5 A-6, A-7	COMPRESSIBILITY	NON-CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YEILD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED.	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM
SYMBOL COCOGOGOGO	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31	ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.	OF SLOPE.
555556555	MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50	COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
7. PASSING 10 50 MX GRANULAR SILT- CLAY MUCK,	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	(CP) SHELL BEDS, ETC.	DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT
*40	GRANULAR SILT - CLAY	WEATHERING	ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.
MATERIAL	ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL  TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.	DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE
PASSING *40 SOILS WITH	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20% MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35%	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN.	HORIZONTAL.  DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE
LL	HIGHLY ORGANIC > 10% > 20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE	(V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.
GROUP INDEX A A A A MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX NO MX AMOUNTS OF ORGANIC	GROUND WATER	SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE
USUAL TYPES STONE FRAGS. FINE SILTY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY MATTER	✓ WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING	(SLI.) 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR	SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
OF MAJOR GRAVEL, AND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS SOILS	▼ STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS	CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.  MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS, IN	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.  FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM
CEN PATING.	✓ PW PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA	(MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY, ROCK HAS	PARENT MATERIAL.
AS SUBGRADE EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITABLE	SPRING OR SEEP	DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK,	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30	<b>3</b> 44	MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH (MOD. SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK.	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY RANGE OF STANDARD RANGE OF UNCONFINED PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) 25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION	IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL	LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO
(N-VALUE) (TUNS/FT-)	₩ITH SOIL DESCRIPTION → OF ROCK STRUCTURES	SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT	ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
GENERALLY VERY LOOSE 4 TO 10	SOIL SYMBOL  SOIL SYMBOL  SUPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION	(SEV.) REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.
MATERIAL MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30 N/A	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER AUGER BORING CONE PENETROMETER	IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF	MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.
DENSE   30 TO 50	THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT THOUGH BURING TEST	VERY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE SEVERE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE
VERY SOFT < 2 < 0.25	— INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY — CORE BORING ● SOUNDING ROD	(V SEV.) REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR	OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.5 SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1.0	INFERRED ROCK LINE MN MONITORING WELL TEST BORING	VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <u>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES &lt; 100 BFF</u> COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL, ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 1 TO 2	A PIETOMETER	SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE
(COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4  HARD > 30 > 4	ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY	ALSO AN EXAMPLE.  ROCK HARDNESS	RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS	VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270	UNDERCUT UNDERCUT UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNSUITABLE WASTE UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE	SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND
OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	SHALLOW UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF	HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED	RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY	SHALLOW UNDERCUT UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNDERCUT UNDERCUT UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL	TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.  MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT
(BLDR.) (COB.) (GR.) (CSE. SD.) (F SD.) (SL.) (CL.)	ABBREVIATIONS	HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED	OR SLIP PLANE.
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005 SIZE IN. 12 3	AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED	BY MODERATE BLOWS.  MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB, HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL
	CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY $\gamma$ - UNIT WEIGHT	HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE	WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER, SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS  SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE COURS FOR THE A MAINTURE OF SCALE OF THE A MAINTURE OF T	CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC 7 <sub>d</sub> - DRY UNIT WEIGHT CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC	POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.  STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY
(ATTERBERG LIMITS)  DESCRIPTION  GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST <u>SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS</u>	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN	TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY	DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON	PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SRQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY
(SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE	VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES 1 INCH SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE, CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
PLASTIC	FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK FRACT - FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL	FINGERNAIL.	TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
(P) ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	FRAGS FRAGMENTS	FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING	BENCH MARK: •SEE NOTES
	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS  VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET VERY THICKLY BEDDED 4 FEET	ELEVATION: FEET
OM _ OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE:	WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET	
SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT	CME-45C CLAY BITS X AUTOMATIC MANUAL	CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FOOT VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET	NOTES:
- DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	6° CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER CORE SIZE:	VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET	•TWO BENCH MARKS WERE USED DURING THE HUB SURVEY.
PLASTICITY	CME-55   CORE SIZE:	INDURATION	BL-108 N 778017 N 778017
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH	X CME-550X HARD FACED FINGER BITS	FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	BL-108 BL-109 N 778913 N 779237 E 2423028 E 2423371 ELEV. = 93.50 FT. ELEV. = 110.42 FT.
NON PLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW	TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS	FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	ELEV 33,30 FT. ELEV 110.42 FT.
SLIGHTLY PLASTIC 6-15 SLIGHT MODERATELY PLASTIC 16-25 MEDIUM	VANE SHEAR TEST  X CASING W/ ADVANCER  HAND TOOLS:  Post hole digger	CRAING CAN BE CERABATED FROM CAMBLE WITH CTEEL BRODE.	
HIGHLY PLASTIC 26 OR MORE HIGH	PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH HAND AUGER	MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	FIAD = FILLED IN AFTER DRILLING
COLOR	X TRICONE 2 15/6 TUNGCARB. SOUNDING ROD	INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE;	BORINGS EBI-B, B3-B, AND EB2-B WERE DRILLED IN THE EXISTING TRAVEL LANE AND FILLED IN AFTER DRILLING.
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).	CORE BIT VANE SHEAR TEST	DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	EXISTING TRAVEL LANE AND FILLED IN AFTER DRILLING.
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.		EXTREMELY INDURATED  SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	DATE: 8-15-1-
			32.0 13 1

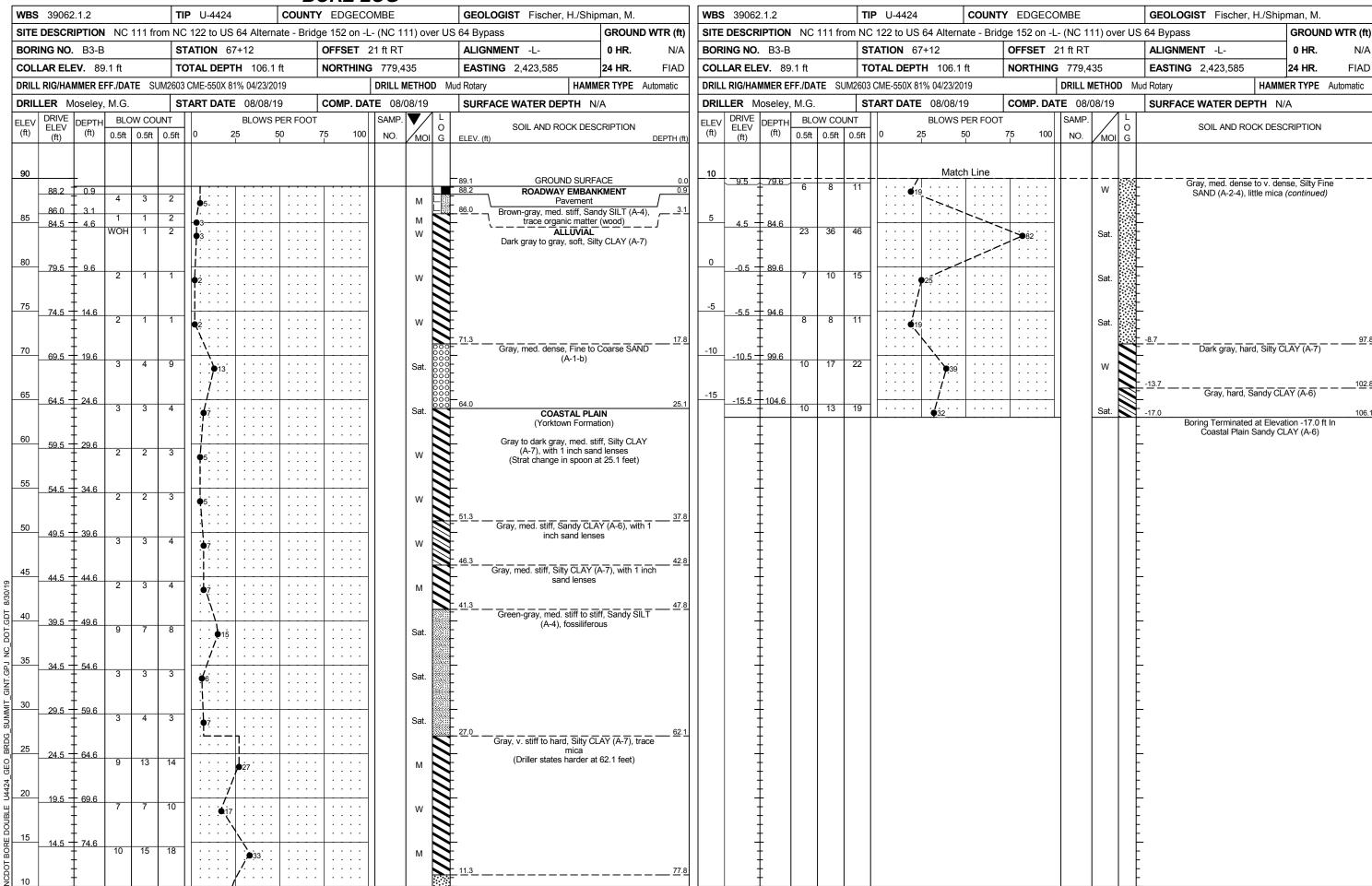


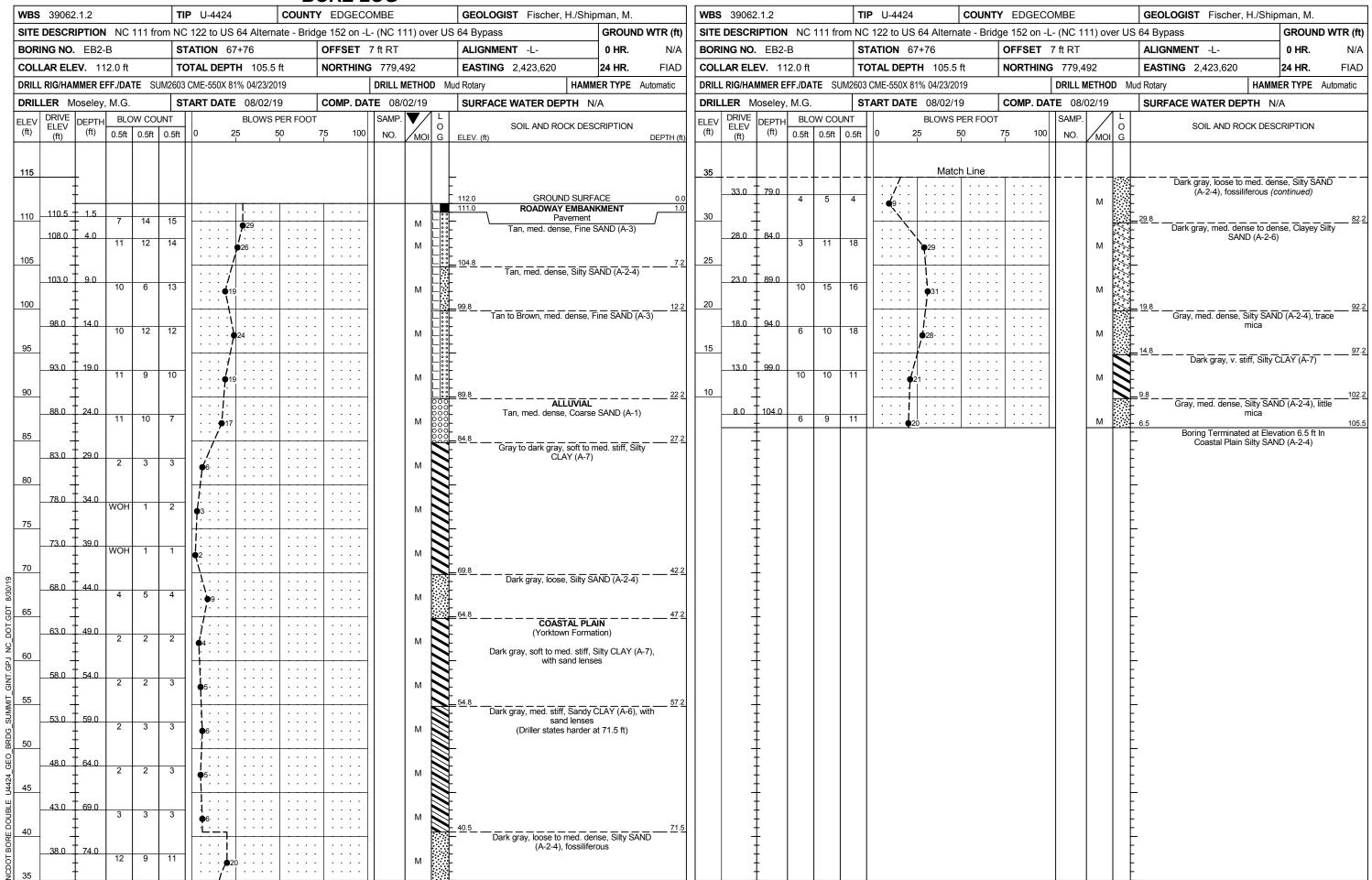




WB	3.9	9062.1.2			Т	I <b>P</b> U-442	4		TY EDGE			GEOLOGIST Fischer, H	H./Shipman. M.	WBS 3	9062.1.2			TIP	U-4424	COUN	ITY EDGEC	OMBF		G	<b>EOLOGIST</b> Fisc	her. H./Shi	pman, M.	
				: 111 fr							111) over	US 64 Bypass	GROUND WTR (ft)	H ———			111 fro		122 to US 64				11) ov				GROUND WTF	R (ft)
	BORING NO. B1-B STATION 65+69				<del>-</del>	37 ft R		ALIGNMENT -L-		NO. B1			STATION 65+69			OFFSET						<del>- </del>						
COL	COLLAR ELEV. 89.7 ft TOTAL DEPTH 86.9 ft			NORTHING 779,327			<b>EASTING</b> 2,423,490	<b>24 HR.</b> 5.5	COLLAF	R ELEV.	89.7 ft	9.7 ft <b>TOTAL DEPTH</b> 86.9 ft			NORTHIN	<b>3</b> 779,	327	E	<b>ASTING</b> 2,423,4	91	24 HR.	5.5						
DRIL	L RIG	/HAMMER	R EFF./DA	ATE S	UM2603	3 CME-550X	81% 04/23/2	2019		DRILL	METHOD	Mud Rotary	HAMMER TYPE Automatic	DRILL RI	G/HAMMER	EFF./DA	ATE SU	JM2603 C	CME-550X 81% 0	4/23/2019		DRILL	METHO	D Mud Ro	otary	HAM	MER TYPE Automa	natic
DRII	LLER	R Mosele	ey, M.G		S.	TART DAT	<b>E</b> 08/07/	/19	COMP.	DATE 08	3/07/19	SURFACE WATER DEPT	ΓΗ N/A	DRILLE	R Mosele	ey, M.G.		STA	ART DATE 0	8/07/19	COMP. DA	TE 08	/07/19	S	URFACE WATER	DEPTH N	I/A	
ELEV (ft)	DRI ELI (f	IVE EV DEPT (ft)	TH BL	OW CO		0	BLOWS	PER FOO		SAMF	MOI G	SOIL AND ROC	K DESCRIPTION  DEPTH (ft		RIVE LEV (ft) DEP1	TH BLC	OW COU		Bl 0 25	OWS PER FOO	OT 75 100	SAMP NO.	. MO	LOG	SOIL AND	O ROCK DES	SCRIPTION	
									·											Match Line	·							
90	89	<del>0.7   0.0</del>	3	8	8	1 1	6		: : : :	.	М	ROADWAY E	SURFACE 0.0  EMBANKMENT  ense, Fine SAND (A-3)	10	9.3 80.4	4	5	8	•13.	···		+	w	- -		nse, Silty SAN nica (continu	ND (A-2-4), trace ed)	
85		5.8 + 3.9 1.3 + 5.4	. 4	3	4	- /· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						84.5	UVIAL 5.2	5	4.3 + 85.4	1			: : : :   <b>*</b>	·				5.8		dense, Fine S	SAND (A-3)	83.
80		Ī	4	3	5	8.				.	M	Dark gray soft to med	d. stiff, Silty CLAY (A-7) er drilling at 16.9 feet)		<del>-                                    </del>	29	38	35			.●73		Sat.	2.8	Boring Term	inated at Ele Plain Fine S	vation 2.8 ft In AND (A-3)	86.
80	79	9.3 <del> </del> 10.4 	1	1	2	<b>4</b> 3				.	м				‡									-				
75	74	l.3	4	1 2	1					11					<u> </u>									<u> </u>				
70		‡			'	• · · · ·				1 1	M 00	72.8 Tan, med. dense,	Coarse SAND (A-1) 16.9		‡													
	69	9.3 <del>+</del> 20.4	9	13	12		25			.	Sat. 000	o <del>_</del> 000- 00- 00-			Ī									F				
65	64	1.3 + 25.4	4 4	4	6	- 210					M	0- 0- 0- 63.7	26.0		‡													
60		‡				710				.	"	- (Yorktown	AL PLAIN Formation) Silty CLAY (A-7), with		<u> </u>													
	59	9.3 + 30.4	2	2	3	<b>4</b> 5		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		.	м	fine sar	and lenses spoon at 26.0 feet)		‡									-				
55	54	1.3 <sup>+</sup> 35.4	4 2	3	3	; · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					M	52.8	36.9		‡									-				
50	10	0.3 + 40.4	,			1 .1				.		Dark gray, med. stil	ff, Sandy CLAY (A-6)		Ī													
	-43	<del>/.5   40.5</del> 	4	4	6	. •10				.	w	45.8	43.0		‡									-				
45	44	1.3 <del> </del> 45.4	4 6	5	11		6				w	Dark gray, loose to m (A-2-4), fo	ned. dense, Silty SAND ossiliferous		Ŧ									<del> </del>				
60 TGD:	39	).3 + 50.4								: - -		3 - -			‡									-				
NC_DOT		<u> </u>	2	3	7	10					Sat.				Ī									[				
35 SINT.GPJ 1	34	1.3 <del> </del> 55.4	3	2	3	<i>J</i>				-	Sat.	# <del>-</del>			+									-				
<u>10</u> 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30		0.3 ± 60.4	4 3							11		- - - -			‡													
DS 25		‡		2		<b>♦</b> 5		:+	<u>: -</u> ; ::	·     .	Sat.	27.3 Dark gray, hard,	Silty CLAY (A-7),		‡													
GEO	24	1.3 + 65.4	23	39	42				81 .	-	w E		s change at 62.4')		Ī													
E U4424	19	0.3 <del> </del> 70.4	4 11	12	17					·     .	M	Dark gray, med. den	se, Clayey Silty SAND — 68.6 2-6)		‡									-				
15 TS		‡		-			29			.	IVI	%;- %;- %;- %;-			‡													
OT BORE	14	1.3 <del>  75</del> .4	8	10	12		22				M	<del>-</del>			Ī									F				
Q 10		+				$  \cdot\cdot\cdot \gamma  $		.	.	.		11.1		1	+									1 -				

WD	3006	212			TIE	<b>P</b> U-4424			Y EDGEC			GEOLOGIST Fischer, H./S	hinman M	WP	<b>S</b> 3006	212			TIP	P U-4424 COUI	NTY EDGEC	OMRE		GEOLOGIST Fischer, H./Sh	inman M
WBS 39062.1.2 TIP U-4424 COUNTY SITE DESCRIPTION NC 111 from NC 122 to US 64 Alternate - Bridge							vorll	•		<b>→                                    </b>	WBS 39062.1.2 SITE DESCRIPTION NC 111 from								11) 0, 0, 110		GROUND WTR (ft)				
				<del></del>		ver U		ALIGNMENT -L- 0 HR. N/A					11 11011			<u>i</u>			<del></del>	<b>⊣</b> ``1					
									OFFSET						BORING NO. B2-B					ATION 66+34	OFFSET 25 ft RT NORTHING 779,380			ALIGNMENT -L-	0 HR. N/A
				NORTHIN	<b>G</b> 779,380		<b>EASTING</b> 2,423,530 <b>24 HR.</b> 3.9			COLLAR ELEV. 89.7 ft					TAL DEPTH 95.5 ft	NORTHIN			<b>EASTING</b> 2,423,530	<b>24 HR.</b> 3.9					
	DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE SUM2603 CME-550X 81% 04/23/2019			DRILL METH		<del>,</del> ,	MMER TYPE Automatic	DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE SU									METHOD M	<del></del>	MER TYPE Automatic						
-		* .				ATE 08/06/19		<del>                                     </del>			DRILLER Moseley, M.G.					ART DATE 08/06/19	COMP. DATE 08/06/19			SURFACE WATER DEPTH	N/A				
ELE\ (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTI (ft)	H BL	OW CO		0 2		PER FOOT 50	T 75 100	SAMP. NO. MO	0	SOIL AND ROCK DI	ESCRIPTION DEPTH (ft	ELE\ (ft)	/ ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	0.5ft (			BLOWS PER FO 0 25 50	OT 75 100	SAMP.	MOI G	SOIL AND ROCK DE	SCRIPTION
90												_89.7 GROUND SUI	RFACE 0.0	0 10	<u></u>	<u> </u>				Match Line					
	89.7	T 0.0	4	4	2	6 : :				М	L	L Tan loose Fine S	SAND (A-3)	11		İ	5	6	-8- T				Sat.	Gray, med. dense, Silty SA mica (continu	ND (A-2-4), trace ued) 82.2
	85.7	4.0									,	L 87.0 — — — — ALLUVIA	AL		5.7	84.0							000	- Gray, v. dense, Coarse S.	AND (A-1), some
85	- 00.7	† <sup></sup>	11	11	9	2	 	1		- M		Tan to brown, med. de (A-2-4)		5	- 0.7	1	13	25	33	58		$\parallel$	м 000		
		Ŧ				1 /						82.0	7.7	7		Ŧ							000		87.2
80	80.7	9.0	2	1	1	<i>i</i> /						Gray to dark gray, soft,	Silty CLAY (A-7)	7   0	0.7	89.0	5	7	7					- Gray, stiff, Sandy 9	SIL1 (A-4)
	] .	Ŧ		'		<b>P</b> 2				M		F			] .	Ŧ		'	'	¶14.			Sat.		
	<b></b> -	Ŧ										<u> </u>				Ŧ								2.5 Gray, med. dense, Silty	SAND (A-2-4) 92.2
75	/5.7	14.0	WOH	1 1	1	1 · · · · ·	: : : :			-   _   м		<u> </u>		-5	-4.3	+ 94.0 +	7	7	10	17 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	Sat.		95.5
		‡				X	: : : :					<del> </del>  - <sub>72.2</sub>	17 5	5		‡					•			Boring Terminated at Ele Coastal Plain Silty S	evation -5.8 ft In
70	70.7	19.0				i X					000	Gray, loose to med. den: (A-1)		7		‡									"" (/ ( Z ¬)
70	1 -	‡	5	10	9		9			Sat	. 000	(Driller indicates harder d	drilling at 17.5 feet)			‡								<del>_</del> . -	
		‡				::/::					000	-				‡								- -	
65	65.7	24.0	5	3	5	. /				Sat	000	_				İ								<u>-</u>	
		ł				-78				Sai	· 000 000	- 62.5	27.0			1								<u>-</u> -	
	60.7	] 29.0				: : : :						COASTAL F		4		Ŧ								-	
60	- 60.7	<del>+ 29.0</del>	2	3	4	7				-   _   м		Yorktown For	•			Ŧ								<del>-</del>	
		‡				: : : :						Dark gray, med. stiff, Sand fine sand le	dy CLAY (A-6), with			‡								<del>-</del> -	
55	55.7	34.0										-				‡								<del>-</del> -	
	1 .	‡	2	3	5	. •8				-   М		<del> </del>  -				‡								<del>-</del> -	
		‡				-1						<del> -</del>  -				‡								- -	
50	50.7	39.0	3	4	4							-  -				1								<u>-</u>	
		<u>†</u>				. Y						- 47.5	42.2			<u> </u>								<u>-</u> -	
	45.7	44.0				-						Dark gray, med. stiff to v (A-4), fossiliferous, w	stiff, Sandy SILT			Ī								<u>-</u>	
<u>45</u> ග	- 75./	+ 77.5	4	4	5	9	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		-   м		(A-4), tossiliterous, w	nun ciay seams		.	$\pm$									
3/30/1		Ŧ				; ;/; ;						-				f								-	
8 5 40	40.7	49.0	7	7	12	: : /:						F				Ŧ								- -	
ο.Το 	1	Ŧ	'	'	'3	,	20					F				Ŧ								<del>-</del> -	
S D	25.5	Ŧ				: :/: :						F				Ŧ								- -	
35	35.7	<u>+ 54.0</u>	3	3	3	6				Sat	. (	<u> </u>				‡								<del>-</del>	
N. D.		‡					: : : :					- - 32.5	57.2	2		‡								<del>-</del> -	
ਰ <b>ੂ</b> 30	30.7	59.0				11::::						Dark gray, loose, Silty fossilifero	SAND (A-2-4), ous			‡								- -	
₩ 30	1 -	‡	3	3	4	7				Sat		(Driller indicates harder d	drilling at 62.8 feet)			‡								<del>_</del> . -	
ଧ		‡				11							62.8	3		‡								- -	
일 원 <u>25</u>	25.7	64.0	9	10	12	1						Gray, v. stiff, Silty	CLAY (A-7)			‡								- <del>-</del>	
o <u>'</u>		<u></u>				: : : :	×		.			- 22 5	e7 3	,		<u>†</u>								- -	
124 (	20.7	F 69.0				:	X					Dark gray, hard, San	dy CLAY (A-6)	1		±								- -	
20	- 20.7	1 03.0	13	19	21	<u> </u>	40		+	-   м		_				f								_	
JBLE		Ŧ					: ;/:::					<u>- 17.5 </u>	72.2	2		Ŧ								- -	
15 15	15.7	74.0	144	14	10		:/: : :					Dark gray, v. stiff, Sil	ity CLAY (Α-7)			Ŧ								<del>-</del> -	
BOR!	1 -	Ŧ	11	14	10		<b>1</b> 90 · · ·			-   M		<del>-</del> -				Ŧ								<del>-</del> -	
TOC		‡				1::::/	1::::					- 12.5 Gray, med. dense, Silty S	AND (A-2-4), trace 77.2	2		‡								- -	
있 10	10.7	79.0	-		$\vdash$	$ \cdot\cdot\cdot\rangle$		• • • •				mica	, ,, , , , , ,			+							1	-	

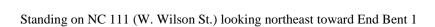




# **SITE PHOTOGRAPHS**

Bridge No. 152 on -L- (NC 111) over US 64 Bypass







View of proposed Bridge 152 widening, view facing west from US 64 Bypass



Standing on NC 111 (W. Wilson St.) looking southwest toward End Bent 2

Note: Images are courtesy Google Maps street view.