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S Ä REFERENCE **CONTENTS**

DESCRIPTION

LEGEND (SOIL & ROCK)

SUPPLEMENTAL LEGEND (GSI)

BORE LOG(S), CORE REPORT(S), & CORE PHOTOGRAPH(S)

TITLE SHEET

SITE PLAN

CROSS SECTION(S)

SITE PHOTOGRAPH(S)

SHEET NO.

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STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY LINCOLN SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 7 ON NC 182 OVER INDIAN CREEK AT -L- STATION 17+40

STATE PROJECT REPERENCE NO. B-4571

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR NSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT 1991 707-680. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

CENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU INN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INN-RENET IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS NDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS THE ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

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 1. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

 2. BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

J.K. STICKNEY C.L. SMITH INVESTIGATED BY _K.B. MILLER DRAWN BY T.T. WALKER, F&R Inc. CHECKED BY _K.B. MILLER SUBMITTED BY K.B. MILLER DATE __DECEMBER 2018

PERSONNEL



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NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

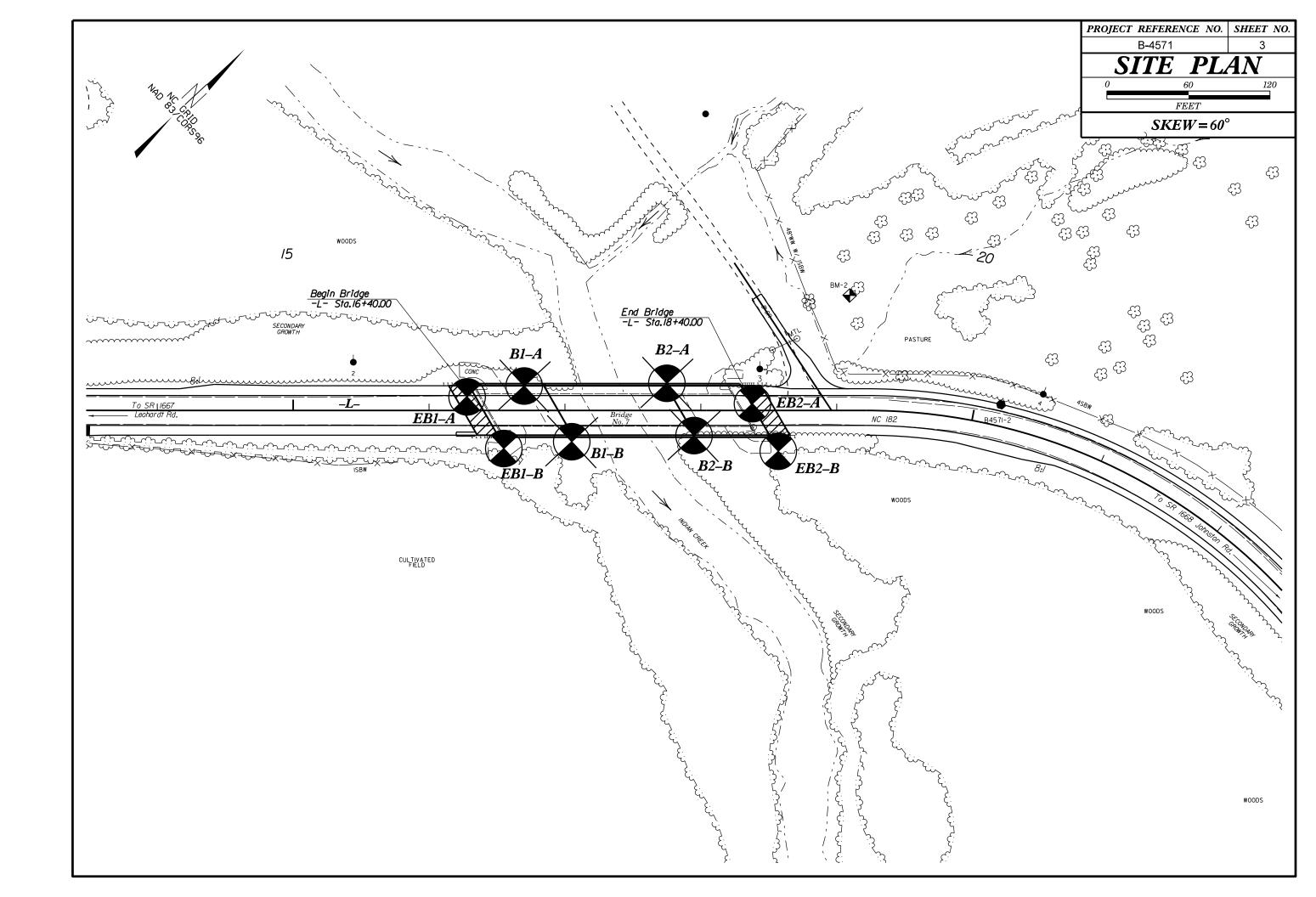
SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM D1586), SOIL CLASSIFICATION	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN Ø1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.
IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK.	ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE, VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS:	ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS: WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES >	ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED. MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION	ROCK (WR) 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT
GENERAL CRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS CLASS. (≤ 35% PASSING *200) (> 35% PASSING *200) ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERAL DOICHL COMPOSITION MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAQLIN, ETC.	CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE,	WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5	ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	CNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.	CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
CLASS. A-1-6 A-1-6 A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-7-5 A-7-6	COMPRESSIBILITY	NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR) ROCK (NCR) ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.
SYMBOL 000000000000000000000000000000000000	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50	COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL, ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED
7. PASSING GRANULAR SILT- GRANULAR SILT- GRANULAR GRANULAR	HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50 PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	(CP) SHELL BEDS, ETC.	BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT
*40 30 MX 50 MX 51 MN PEAT SOILS PEAT SOILS PEAT SOILS PEAT	CRANULAR SILT - CLAY ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL	WEATHERING FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER	ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.
MATERIAL	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3%, 3 - 5%, TRACE 1 - 10%, LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5%, 5 - 12%, LITTLE 10 - 20%	HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.	<u>DIP</u> - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.
PASSING *40 LL 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 11 MN 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 11 MN 48 MX 11 MN 11 MN LITTLE OR PI 6 MX NP 18 MX 18 MX 11 MN 11 MN 18 MX 18 MX 11 MN 11 MN 11 MN MOREATE HIGHLY	MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35% HIGHLY ORGANIC > 10% > 20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, (V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.
GROUP INDEX	GROUND WATER ✓ WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING	SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO (SLIJ) 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY, IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CONTAINS ADECUMENT OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER DESIGNATION OF THE OWNER D	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
OF MAJOR GRAVEL, AND MATERIALS SAND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS SOILS	▼ STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER <u>24</u> HOURS	CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS. MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM
GEN. RATING EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR POOR UNSUITABLE	$rac{ extstyle extstyle$	(MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED	PARENT MATERIAL.
AS SUBGRADE P10 F A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ;P10 F A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30	SPRING OR SEEP	WITH FRESH ROCK,	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH	FIELD.
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR RANGE OF STANDARD RANGE OF UNCONFINED PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) 25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION	(MOD. SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO
CUNSISTENCY (N-VALUE) (TONS/FT ²)	₩ITH SOIL DESCRIPTION → OF ROCK STRUCTURES	SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT (SEV.) REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED	ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
GENERALLY VERY LOOSE < 4 TO 10 GRANULAR LOOSE 4 TO 10	SOIL SYMBOL SOIL SYMBOL SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION SLOPE INDICATOR	TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS
MATERIAL DENSE 30 TO 50	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER AUGER BORING COME PENETROMETER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT AUGER BORING TEST	IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF VERY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE	USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.
VERY DENSE > 50 VERY SOFT < 2	INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY CORE BORING SOUNDING ROD	SEVERE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK (V SEV.) REMAINING, SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.5 SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1.0	INFERRED ROCK LINE MW MONITORING WELL TEST BORING	VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <u>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF</u> COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 1 TO 2 (COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4	WITH CURE	SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS, QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS, SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE
HARD > 30 > 4	INSTREETION	ROCK HARDNESS	RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS XX UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - T. 78 UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION -	VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES	ROCK.
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270 OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	UNSUITABLE WASTE	SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED	SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY	SHALLOW UNDERCUT UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL	TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS. SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT
(BLDR.) (COB.) (GR.) (CSE. SD.) (F SD.) (SL.) (CL.)	ABBREVIATIONS	MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED	OR SLIP PLANE.
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005 SIZE IN. 12 3	AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED	BY MODERATE BLOWS. MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY γ - UNIT WEIGHT CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC γ - DRY UNIT WEIGHT	HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION (ATTERBERG LIMITS) DESCRIPTION	CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY	DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK	FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SRQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL
(SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	e - VOID RATIO	VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE, CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES I INCH SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	TENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
PLASTIC PLOUID LIMIT SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO	FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL	FINGERNAIL.	TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
RANGE - WET - (W) SEMISULID REGULARS DATING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	FRAGS FRAGMENTS	FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS	BENCH MARK: BM #2= RR SPIKE IN 24" OAK -L- STA. 19+10, 85' LT
- MOIST - (M) COLIDAT OR NEAR ORTIMUM MOISTURE	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	VERY WIDE	NORTHING: 624339, EASTING: 1291651
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE: CME-45C CLAY BITS X AUTOMATIC MANUAL	WIDE	NOTES:
- DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	6° CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER	VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET	FIAD= FILLED IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING
PLASTICITY	CME-55 B + HOLLOW AUGERS CORE SIZE: - H	THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET INDURATION	
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH	CME-550 HARD FACED FINGER BITS	FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	
NON PLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW SLIGHTLY PLASTIC 6-15 SLIGHT	TUNG,-CARBIDE INSERTS	FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; FRIABLE GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
MODERATELY PLASTIC 16-25 MEDIUM HIGHLY PLASTIC 26 OR MORE HIGH	X CASING X W/ ADVANCER POST HOLE DIGGER	MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE:	
COLOR	PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH HAND AUGER TRICONE TUNGCARB. COUNDING POR	BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).	X CME-550X IRICUNE - TONGCARB. SOUNDING ROD VANE SHEAR TEST	INDURATED ORANINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	THIS SILENT LEST	EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	DATE: 8-15-14

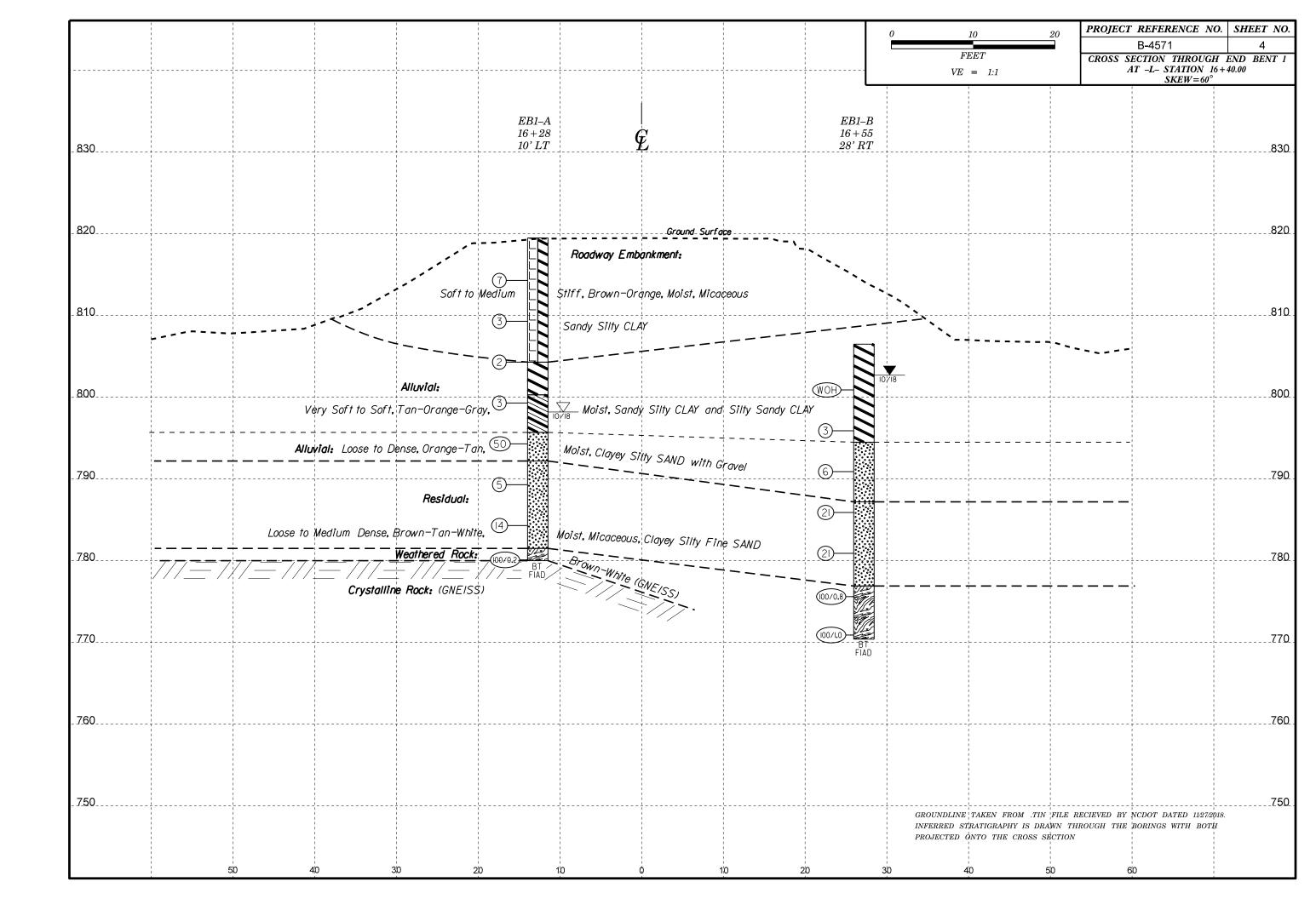
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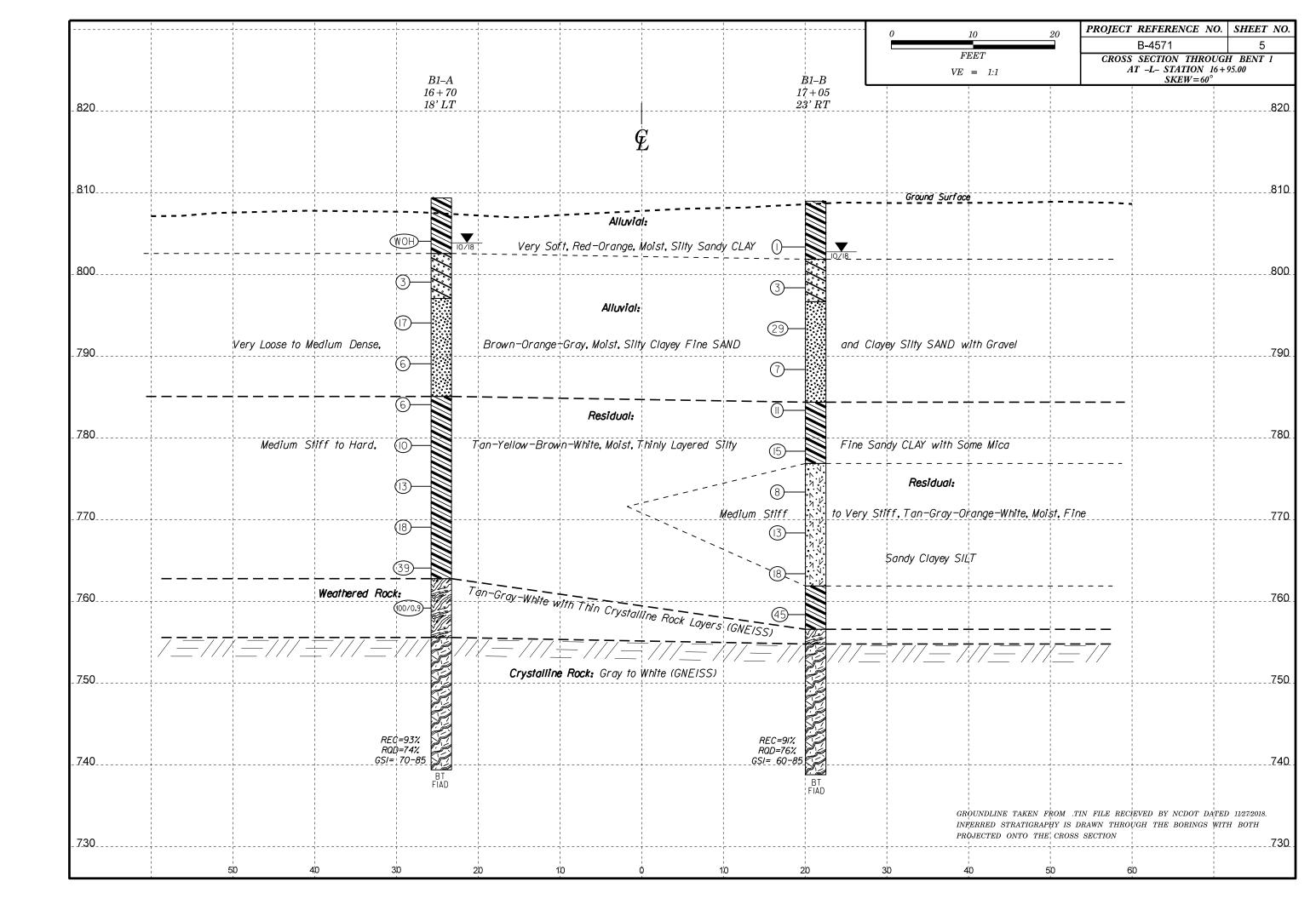
NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

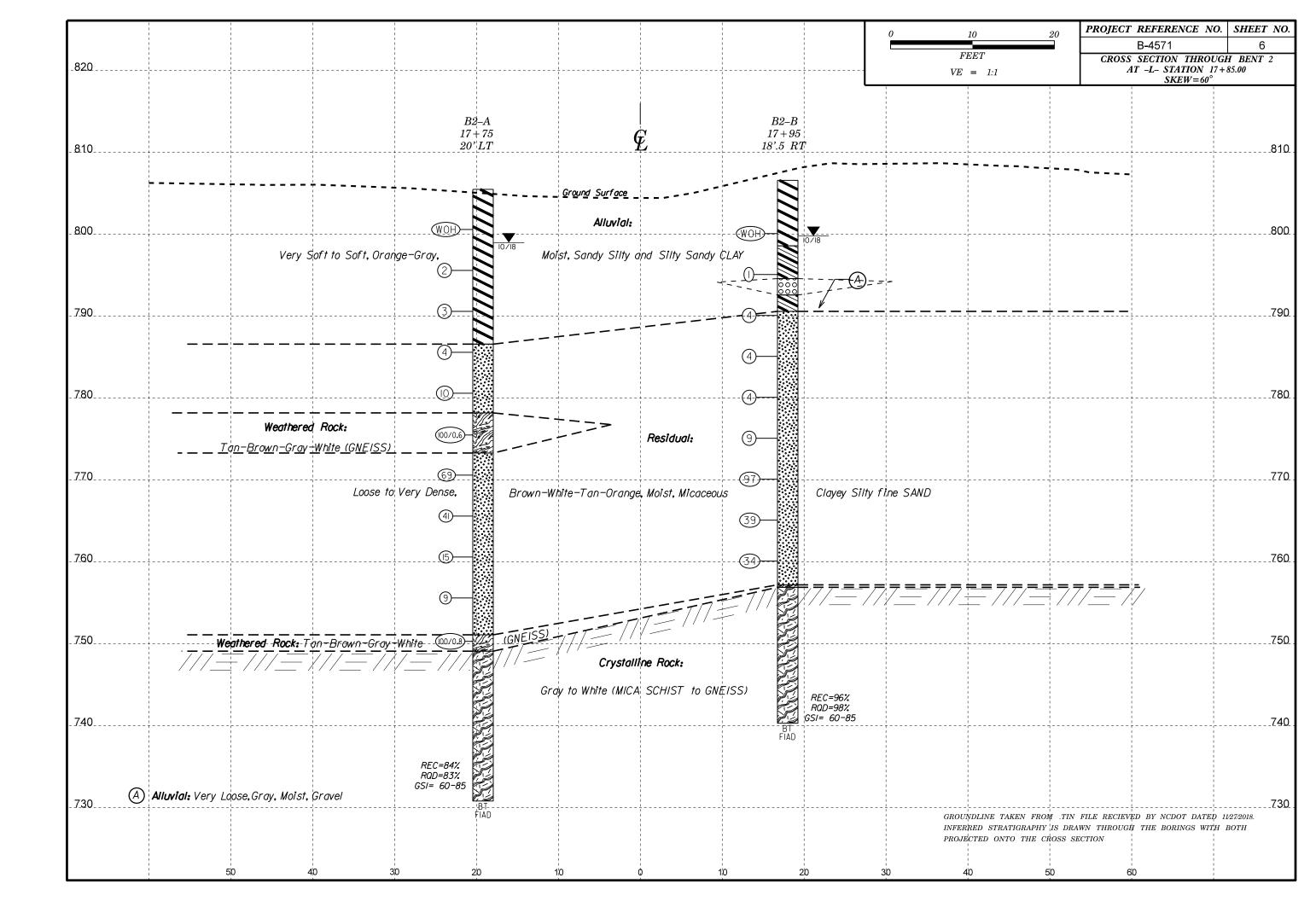
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

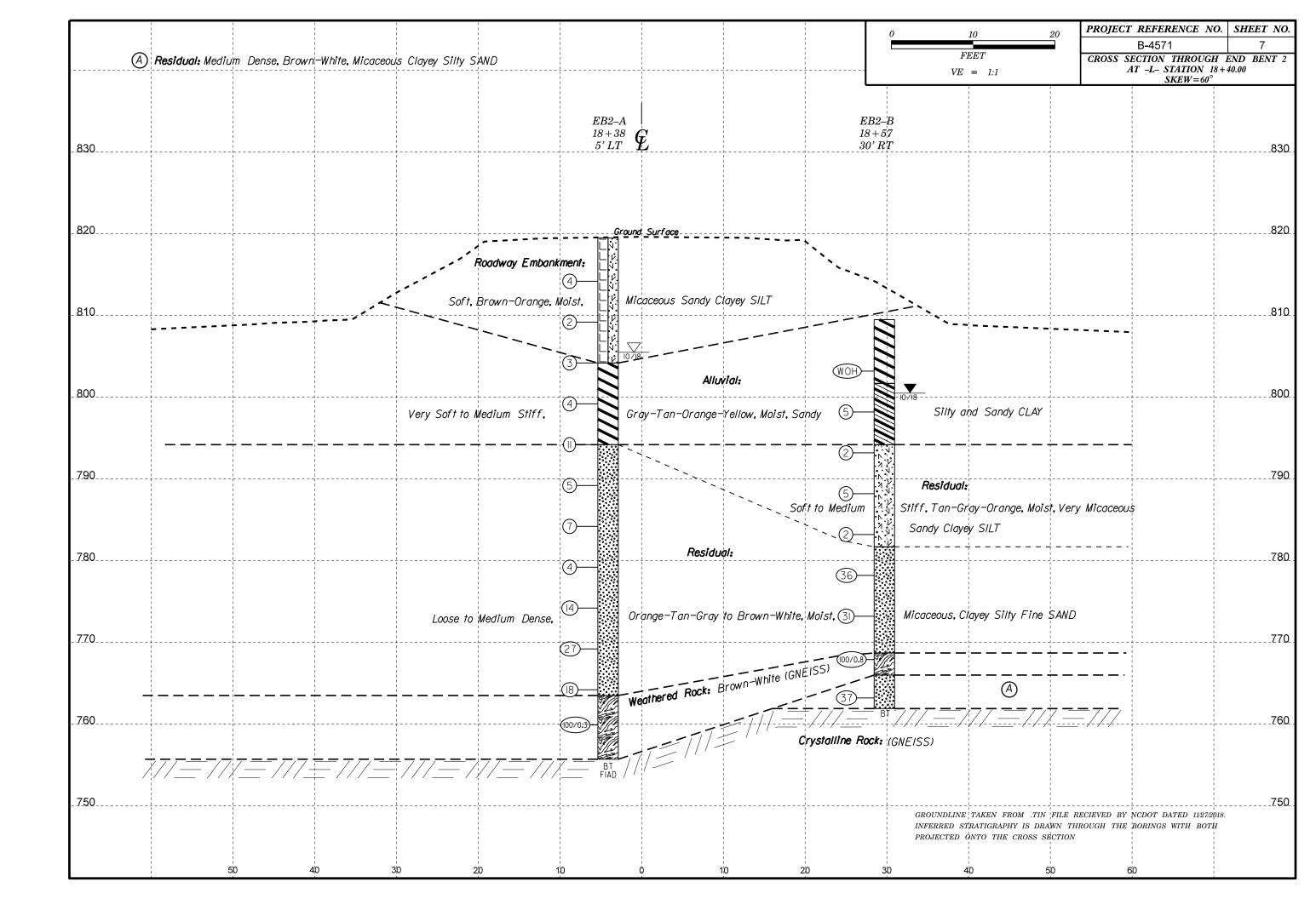
SUPPLEMENTAL LEGEND, GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) TABLES FROM AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS														
AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-1 — Determination of GSI for Jointed Rock Mass (Marinos and Hoek, 2000) AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-2 — Determination of GSI for Tectonically Deformed Heterogeneous Rock Masses (Marinos and Hoek, 2000)														
GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) FOR JOINTED ROCKS (Hoek and Marinos, 2000) From the lithology, structure and surface conditions of the discontinuities, estimate the average value of GSI. Do not try to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than stating that GSI = 35. Note that the table does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where weak planar structural planes are present in an unfavorable orientation with respect to the excavation face, these will dominate the rock mass behaviour. The shear strength of surfaces in rocks that are prone to deterioration as a result of changes in moisture content will be reduced if water is present. When working with rocks in the fair to very poor categories, a shift to the right may be made for wet conditions. Water pressure is dealt with by effective stress analysis.	SURFACE CONDITIONS VERY GOOD Very rough, fresh unweathered surfaces	GOOD Rough, slightly weathered, iron stained surfaces	FAIR Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces	POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with compact coatings or fillings or angular fragments	VERY POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings	GSI FOR HETEROGENEOUS ROCK MASSES SUCH AS FLYSCH (Marinos. P and Hoek E., 2000) From a description of the lithology, structure and surface conditions (particularly of the bedding planes), choose a box in the chart. Locate the position in the box that corresponds to the condition of the discontinuities and estimate the average value of GSI from the contours. Do not attempt to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than giving a range from 35 to 37 is more realistic than giving controlled failures. Where unfavourably oriented continuous weak planar discontinuities are present, these will dominate the behaviour of the rock mass. The strength of some rock masses is reduced by the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair, poor and very poor thingly weathered such conditions. Water pressure does not change the value of GSI and it is dealt with by using effective stress analysis.								
STRUCTURE	- 1	CREASING S		ALITY =	!	COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURE								
INTACT OR MASSIVE - intact rock specimens or massive in situ rock with few widely spaced discontinuities	90 80 80			N/A	N/A	A. Thick bedded, very blocky sandstone The effect of pelitic coating on the bedding planes is minimized by the confinement of the rock mass, in shallow tunnels or slopes these bedding planes may cause structurally controlled instability. A. Thick bedded, very blocky sandstone 70 A.								
BLOCKY - well interlocked undisturbed rock mass consisting of cubical blocks formed by three intersecting discontinuity sets VERY BLOCKY - interlocked, partially disturbed mass with	OF ROCK	70 60	50			B. Sand- stone with stone and siltstone in similar amounts B. Sand- Stone and siltstone or silty shale with sand- stone layers or clayey shale with sandstone layers amounts Solution Or Siltstone or clayey shale with sandstone layers								
multi-faceted angular blocks formed by 4 or more joint sets BLOCKY/DISTURBED/SEAMY -	INTERLOCKING		40			C. D. E. and G - may be more or less folded than illustrated but The folded faulted, The conically deformed, Intensively folded/faulted,								
folded with angular blocks formed by many intersecting discontinuity sets. Persistence of bedding planes or schistosity	ASING			30		this does not change the strength. Tectonic deformation, faulting and loss of continuity moves these categories to F and H . sheared clayey shale or siltstone with broken and deformed sandstone layers forming an almost chaotic structure								
DISINTEGRATED - poorly inter- locked, heavily broken rock mass with mixture of angular and rounded rock pieces	DECKE			20		G. Undisturbed silty or clayey shale formed silty or clayey shale with or without a few very thin sandstone layers H. Tectonically deformed silty or clayey shale forming a chaptic structure with pockets of clay. Thin layers of sandstone are transformed								
LAMINATED/SHEARED - Lack of blockiness due to close spacing of weak schistosity or shear planes	V N/A	N/A			10	into small rock pieces. → Means deformation after tectonic disturbance DATE: 8-19-16								

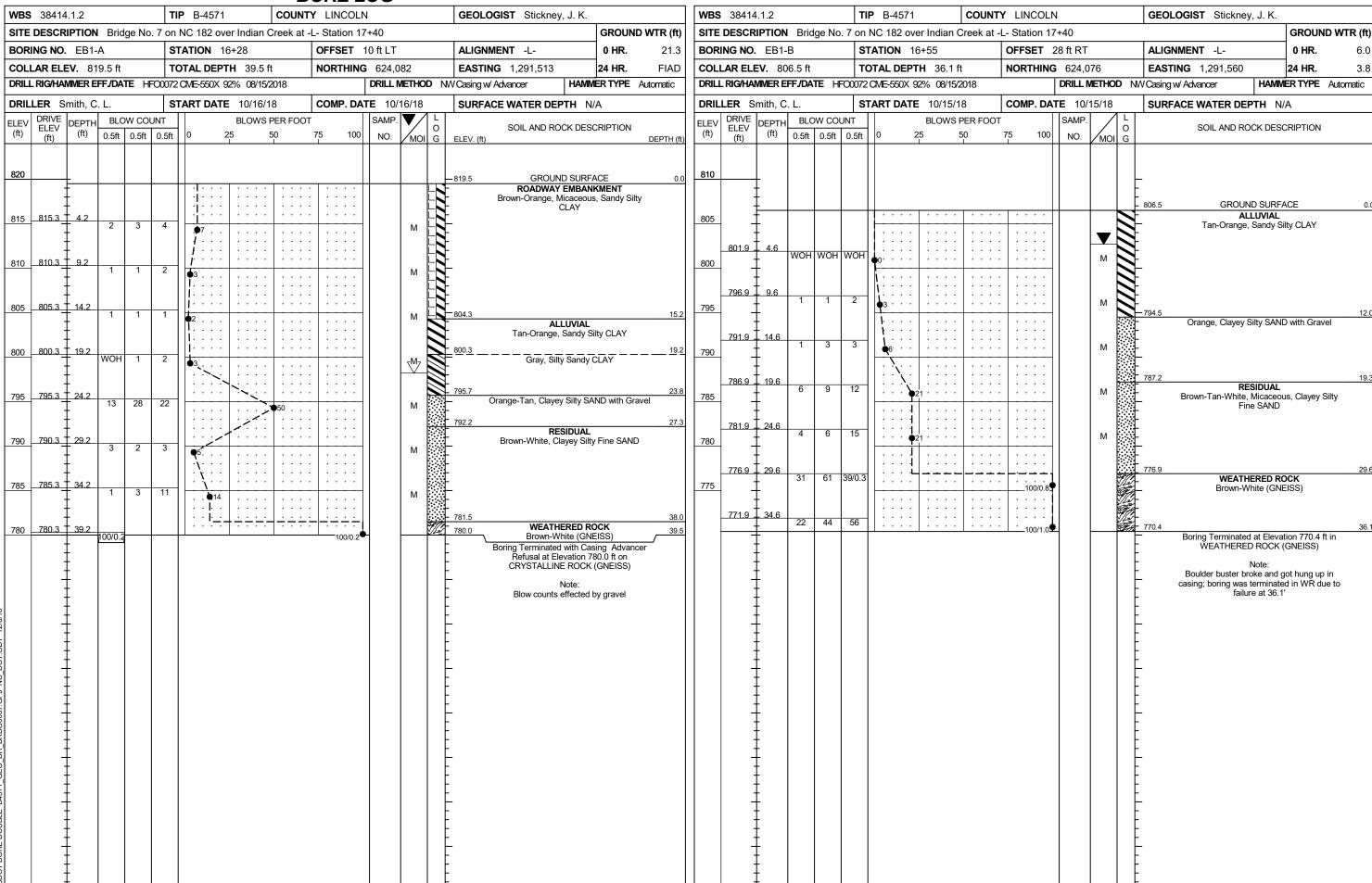










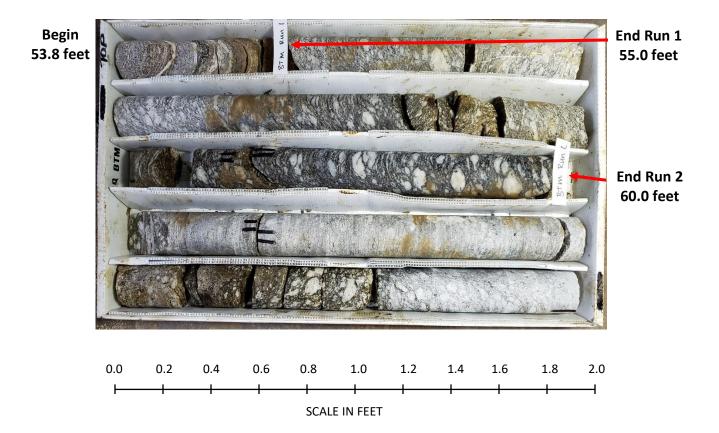


WBS 38414.1.2 COUNTY LINCOLN **TIP** B-4571 GEOLOGIST Stickney, J. K. SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 7 on NC 182 over Indian Creek at -L- Station 17+40 **GROUND WTR (ft)** OFFSET 18 ft LT ALIGNMENT -L-BORING NO. B1-A **STATION** 16+70 0 HR. 4.3 COLLAR ELEV. 809.4 ft TOTAL DEPTH 70.0 ft **NORTHING** 624,118 **EASTING** 1,291,536 24 HR. 5.5 DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE HF00072 CME-550X 92% 08/15/2018 HAMMER TYPE Automatic DRILL METHOD NW Casing w/ Advancer DRILLER Smith. C. L. **START DATE** 10/12/18 **COMP. DATE** 10/12/18 SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A SAMP. **BLOWS PER FOOT** SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION (ft) 0.5ft 0.5ft 0.5ft 75 100 NO. MOI G ELEV. (ft) DEPTH (f 810 **GROUND SURFACE** ALLUVIAL Red-Orange, Silty Sandy CLAY 805 805.1 M WOH WOH Brown-Gray, Silty Clayey Fine SAND 800 800.1 7 9.3 М Orange-Gray, Clayey Silty SAND with Gravel 795 795.1 <u>T</u> Μ 790 790.1 19.3 М 785 <u>785.1 24.3</u> RESIDUAL М Tan-Yellow-White, Thinly Layered Silty Fine Sandy CLAY with Mica 780 780.1 29.3 5 M 775 775.1 34.3 5 М 770 <u>770.1 </u> М 765 765.1 44.3 12 M 762.8 755.6 WEATHERED ROCK Tan-Gray-White with Thin Crystalline Rock 760 760.1 49.3 Layers (GNEISS) 20 80/0.4 100/0.9 53.8 755 CRYSTALLINE ROCK Gray to White (GNEISS) 750 745 740 Boring Terminated at Elevation 739.4 ft in CRYSTALLINE ROCK (GNEISS)

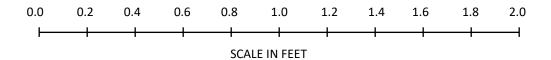
GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT CORE LOG

									C	<u>Ol</u>	RE L	OG					
WBS	38414	1.1.2			TIP	B-457	'1	C	OUNT	ΥL	INCOLN			GEOLOGIST Stickne	y, J. K.		
SITE	DESCR	IPTION	Brid	ge No. 7	on NC	182 0	over India	n Cre	ek at -	L-S	tation 17	+40				GROUNI	O WTR (ft)
BOR	ING NO.	. B1-A			STA	ΓΙΟΝ	16+70			OF	FSET 1	8 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-		0 HR.	4.3
	LAR ELI				ı		PTH 70			NO		624,118		EASTING 1,291,536	1	24 HR.	5.5
				TE HFOO					3		I			Casing w/ Advancer		IER TYPE	Automatic
	LER S		. L.		_		TE 10/1			СО	MP. DAT	E 10/12/1	8	SURFACE WATER DE	PTH N	/A	
	E SIZE			DRILL		AL RUI JN	N 16.2 f		ΔΤΔ	L							
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	RATE (Min/ft)	REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %	SAMP. NO.	STR REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %	O G	ELEV. (ft)	D	ESCRIPTION AND REMARI	KS .		DEPTH (ft)
7 <u>55</u> .6	755.6 -	53.8	1.2	NM/1.2	(0.8)	(0.4)		(15.0)	(11.0)		 755.6			Begin Coring @ 53.8 ft CRYSTALLINE ROCK			53.8
750	755.6 – 754.4 – 749.4 –		5.0	0:43/1.0 0:48/1.0 0:44/1.0 0:46/1.0 0:49/1.0 1:30/1.0	(0.8) (67%) (4.8) 96%	(0.4) (33% / (3.5) 70% (3.0) 60%		(15.0) 93%	(11.9) 73%		- /55.6 	Slightly Wear	thered, Ha	rd, Close to Moderately Clos to White GNEISS GSI = 70-85	se Fractur	e Spacing, (
745	744.4 -	65.0	5.0	1:34/1.0 1:38/1.0 1:31/1.0 1:32/1.0 2:01/1.0 2:07/1.0 2:06/1.0	(5.0) 100%	(5.0)					- - - -						
740	739.4	70.0		2:11/1.0 2:04/1.0							739.4	_		Elevation 739.4 ft in CRYST			70.0

CORE PHOTOGRAPHS: Bridge No. 7 on NC 182 over Indian Creek at -L- Station 17+40, B1-A 16+70, 18' LT





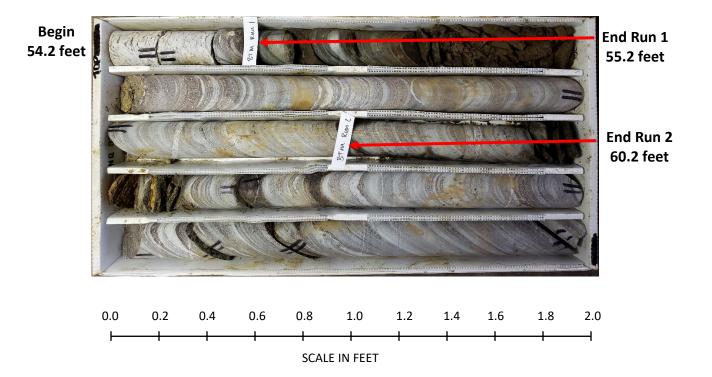


COUNTY LINCOLN **WBS** 38414.1.2 **TIP** B-4571 GEOLOGIST Stickney, J. K. SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 7 on NC 182 over Indian Creek at -L- Station 17+40 **GROUND WTR (ft)** OFFSET 23 ft RT ALIGNMENT -L-BORING NO. B1-B **STATION** 17+05 0 HR. 4.7 COLLAR ELEV. 809.0 ft TOTAL DEPTH 70.2 ft **NORTHING** 624,116 **EASTING** 1,291,590 24 HR. 6.2 HAMMER TYPE Automatic **DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE** HF00072 CME-550X 92% 08/15/2018 DRILL METHOD NW Casing w/ Advancer DRILLER Smith. C. L. **START DATE** 10/12/18 **COMP. DATE** 10/15/18 SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A SAMP. **BLOWS PER FOOT** SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION (ft) 0.5ft 0.5ft 0.5ft 75 100 NO. MOI G ELEV. (ft) DEPTH (ft 810 809.0 GROUND SURFACE ALLUVIAL Red-Orange, Silty Sandy CLAY 805 804.4 + 4.6 woн woн **™** Brown-Gray, Silty Clayey Fine SAND 800 799.4 + 9.6 М Orange-Gray, Clayey Silty SAND with Gravel 795 794.4 + 14.6 12 М 790 789.4 19.6 Μ 785 784.4 + 24.6 RESIDUAL Tan-Brown-White, Silty Fine Sandy CLAY with Some Mica М 779.4 + 29.6 М Tan-Gray-Orange-White, Fine Sandy Clayey 775 774.4 + 34.6 М 770 769.4 + 39.6 М 765 764.4 + 44.6 М Tan-Brown-White, Silty Fine Sandy CLAY 760 with Some Mica 759.4 + 49.6 21 24 М 52.4 WEATHERED ROCK 755 54.2 (GNFISS) CRYSTALLINE ROCK Gray to White (GNEISS to SCHIST) 750 745 740 Boring Terminated at Elevation 738.8 ft in **CRYSTALLINE ROCK (GNEISS)**

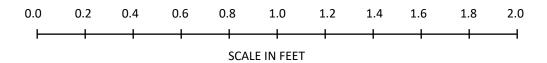
GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

WBS 38414.1.2		TIP E	B-457	1	С			RE L				—	GEOLOG	SIST S	Stickne	y, J. K.		
SITE DESCRIPTION	Bridge No. 7				!										GROUND W			
BORING NO. B1-B	<u>~</u>			17+05			1	FSET 2		RT		7	ALIGNME	ENT -	 L-		0 HR.	4.
COLLAR ELEV. 809	9.0 ft			PTH 70.	2 ft	NORTHING 624,116					-	EASTING 1,291,590				24 HR.	6.2	
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFI						3							asing w/ A			HAMI		Automatic
DRILLER Smith, C.		STAR	T DA	TE 10/1	2/18		СО	MP. DAT	ΓE 1	0/15/	 18	-	SURFAC	E WAT	ER DE	PTH N	//A	
CORE SIZE NX							_											
ELEV RUN DERTH	RUN DRILL	RUI	N DOD	SAMP.	STR	ATA	L											
	(ft) RATE (Min/ft)	REC. (ft) %	N RQD (ft)	NO.	STR REC. (ft) %	(ft)	O G	ELEV. (ff	t)			DES	SCRIPTIO	n and f	REMARI	K S		DEPTH (
754.8		,,,	,,		,,	,,,			-,			Е	Begin Co	rina @	54.2 ft			
754.8 54.2 753.8 55.2 750 748.8 60.2 745 743.8 65.2 740 740 740 740 740 740 740 740 740 754.8 754.8 754.2 755.2	1.0 NM/1.0 5.0 2:11/1/.0 2:29/1.0 2:29/1.0 2:29/1.0 2:26/1.0 1:55/1.0 1:55/1.0 2:11/1.0 5.0 2:00/1.0 1:53/1.0 1:53/1.0 2:11/1.0	(4.1) 82% (5.0) 100%	(0.4) 40% / (2.6) 52% (4.2) 84% (4.9) 98%		(14.6) 91%	(12.1) 76%		- 754.8 - - - - - - - - - - - -	S			itely S	CRYSTA Severe Wease Fracture	ALLINE athering	ROCK , Hard, 0 ng, SCHI	Gray to W	/hite, Close	54 e to
738.8 70.2	2:02/1.0							_ 738.8	Bori	ng Ter	minated	at El	evation 73	8.8 ft in	CRYST	ALLINE F	ROCK (GNI	EISS)

CORE PHOTOGRAPHS: Bridge No. 7 on NC 182 over Indian Creek at -L- Station 17+40, B1-B 17+05, 23' RT





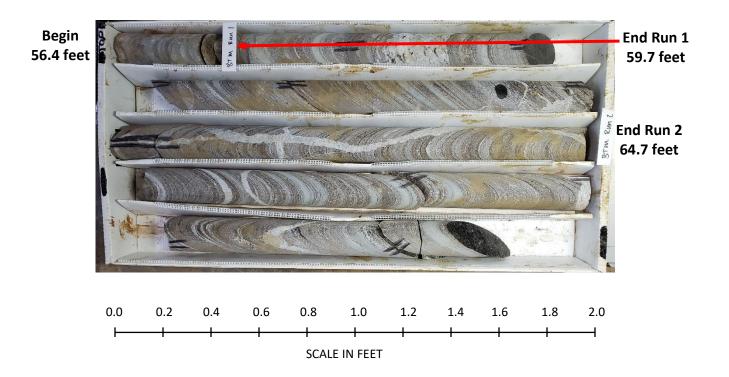


						BURE LUG	
	38414					B-4571 COUNTY LINCOLN	GEOLOGIST Stickney, J. K.
SITE	DESCR	IPTION	I Brid	dge No	o. 7 on	C 182 over Indian Creek at -L- Station 17+40	GROUND WTR (ft)
BORI	NG NO.	B2-A			S	OFFSET 20 ft LT	ALIGNMENT -L- 0 HR. 8.0
COLL	AR ELE	EV . 80)5.5 ft		T	AL DEPTH 74.7 ft NORTHING 624,196	6 EASTING 1,291,606 24 HR. 6.5
DRILL	RIG/HAI	MMER E	FF./DA	TE H	FO0072	ME-550X 92% 08/15/2018 DRILL ME	THOD NW Casing w/ Advancer HAMMER TYPE Automatic
DRIL	LER S	mith, C	. L.		S	RT DATE 10/15/18 COMP. DATE 10/15	5/18 SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A
LEV	DRIVE ELEV	DEPTH	BLO	ow co	UNT	BLOWS PER FOOT SAMP.	L SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION
(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0 25 50 75 100 NO.	MOI G ELEV. (ft) DEPTH (ft
810							
		L					
805	-						805.5 GROUND SURFACE 0.
05	-						ALLUVIAL Orange, Sandy Silty CLAY
	801.6	[3.9					Stange, sandy sixy 62 tr
00	-	- 0.0	WOH	WOH	WOH	0	<u>M</u>
	-	-				::::: :::: ::::	▼ \$
	796.6	8.9	1	1	1		🗲
95	-		'	'	ļ .	2	M 🙀
	791.6	13.9					S
90	/81.0 -	13.9	3	1	2	6 3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	м
	-	<u> </u>					
	786.6	18.9	3	2	2	<u>;</u>	786.6 18. RESIDUAL
85	-		3	2	4	4	Brown-White, Micaceous, Clayey Silty Fine
	-	L				7::: :::: ::::	SAND
80	781.6	23.9	1	1	9	. 10	M
50	-	_					
	776.6	28.9					WEATHERED ROCK Tan-Brown-Gray-White (GNEISS)
75	-	_	28	68	32/0.1	100/0.6	Tair-blown-Gray-White (GNE100)
	-						
70	771.6	33.9	33	40	29		Silty Fine SAND
70	-						
	766.6	38.9					
65	-	- 00.5	14	20	21		м
	-	-					
	761.6	43.9	5	6	9		
60	-	-				● 15	M
	756.6	- 48.9				: /: : : : : : : : : : : : : :	
55	1 JU.D _	40.9	2	4	5	• 6 9 · · · · · · · · · ·	м 📜
	-	<u> </u>					
-	751.6	53.9	11	53	47/0.3		—
50	-	<u> </u>	''	33	71/0.3	100/0.8	WEATHERED ROCK 749.1 Tan-Brown-Gray-White (GNEISS) 56.
	_	<u> </u>					CRYSTALLINE ROCK
45	-	<u> </u>					Gray to White (MICA SCHIST to GNEISS)
	-	<u> </u>					
	_	<u> </u>					
40	-	-					
	_	E					
35	-	L					
JJ	-	E					
	-	ŀ					
ŀ	-			1		····	730.8 74.1 Boring Terminated at Elevation 730.8 ft in
	_	[CRYSTALLINE ROCK (GNEISS)

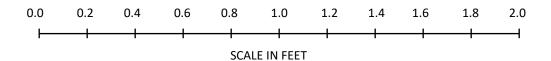
GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT CORE LOG

											RE L						
-	38414					B-457					LINCOLN			GEOLOGIST Stickney	, J. K.	1	
				lge No. 7	_			an Cre	ek at -	_	Station 17					1	D WTR (ft)
	ING NO.				 		17+75			+	FSET 2			ALIGNMENT -L-		0 HR.	8.0
	LAR ELE			TE HFOO	1		PTH 74		0	NC	DRTHING	624,196 DRILL METHOD	<u> </u>	EASTING 1,291,606	LIABARA	24 HR.	6.5
-				IIE HFOO					o	T			ואו טי	Casing w/ Advancer	1		Automatic
	LER S		5. L.				TE 10/1			CC	OMP. DA	TE 10/15/18		SURFACE WATER DEF	PTH N/	A	
	E SIZE RUN		Ī	DRILL	REC.	UN	N 18.31	STF	RATA	-							
ELEV (ft)	ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	(ft)	RATE (Min/ft)	REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %	SAMP. NO.	REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %	Ö G	ELEV. (f	·)	DI	ESCRIPTION AND REMARK	S.		DEPTH (ft)
749.1	749.1	56.4	3.3	NM/3.3	(0.5) 15%	(0.5) 15%		(15.3) 84%	(15.2) 83%		749.1	Very Slightly We	eathere	Begin Coring @ 56.4 ft CRYSTALLINE ROCK ed, Hard, Wide Fracture Space MICA SCHIST with Quartz Fill	ing, Thinl	y Foliated,	56.4 Gray
745	745.8 _	59.7 -	5.0	1:41/1.0 1:47/1.0 1:32/1.0	(5.0) 100%	(5.0) 100%					- - - -			9.0' to GNEISS, Change at 7. GSI = 60-85			
740	740.8	64.7	5.0	1:40/1.0 1:48/1.0 1:54/1.0 2:01/1.0 2:10/1.0		(4.7) 94%											
735	735.8	69.7	5.0	1:59/1.0 2:07/1.0 1:44/1.0	(5.0)	(5.0)					_						
	730.8	74.7		1:51/1.0 1:47/1.0 1:53/1.0 1:46/1.0	100%	100%					- - - - 730.8						74.7
	_			11.10/ 110							E	Boring Terminat	ated at I	Elevation 730.8 ft in CRYSTA	ALLINE R	OCK (GNE	ISS)
	-	E									[
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	-	E									E						
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CORE PHOTOGRAPHS: Bridge No. 7 on NC 182 over Indian Creek at -L- Station 17+40, B2-A 17+75, 20' LT





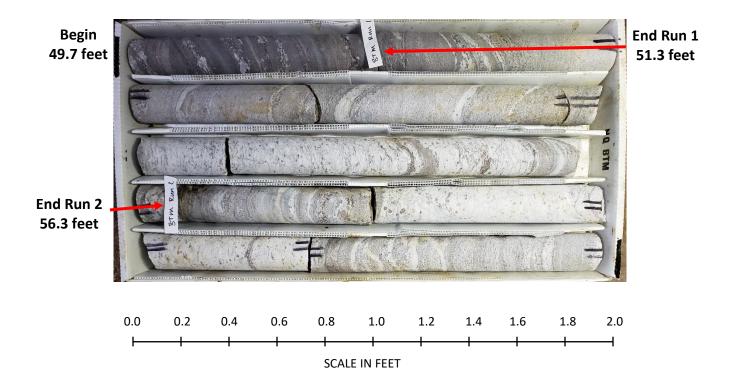


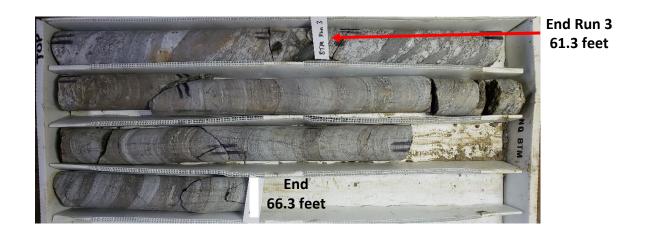
COUNTY LINCOLN **WBS** 38414.1.2 **TIP** B-4571 GEOLOGIST Stickney, J. K. SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 7 on NC 182 over Indian Creek at -L- Station 17+40 **GROUND WTR (ft)** OFFSET 19 ft RT ALIGNMENT -L-BORING NO. B2-B **STATION** 17+95 0 HR. 0.0 COLLAR ELEV. 806.6 ft TOTAL DEPTH 66.3 ft **NORTHING** 624,185 **EASTING** 1,291,648 24 HR. 6.8 DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE HF00072 CME-550X 92% 08/15/2018 HAMMER TYPE Automatic **DRILL METHOD** NW Casing w/ Advancer DRILLER Smith. C. L. **START DATE** 10/16/18 **COMP. DATE** 10/16/18 SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A SAMP. **BLOWS PER FOOT** SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION (ft) 0.5ft 0.5ft 0.5ft 75 100 NO. MOI G ELEV. (ft) DEPTH (ft 810 GROUND SURFACE ALLUVIAL 805 Orange, Sandy Silty CLAY WOH WOH WOH M Gray, Silty Sandy CLAY 796.1 10.5 WOH WOH Gray, Gravel 14.0 Gray, Silty Sandy CLAY 790 М RESIDUAL Brown-White, Micaceous, Clayey Silty Fine SAND М М 775 М 46 51 25 М М 14 760 M 49.4 ~__49.7*/* WEATHERED ROCK 755 (GNFISS) CRYSTALLINE ROCK 750 745 Boring Terminated at Elevation 740.3 ft in CRYSTALLINE ROCK (GNEISS)

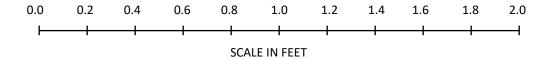
GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT CORE LOG

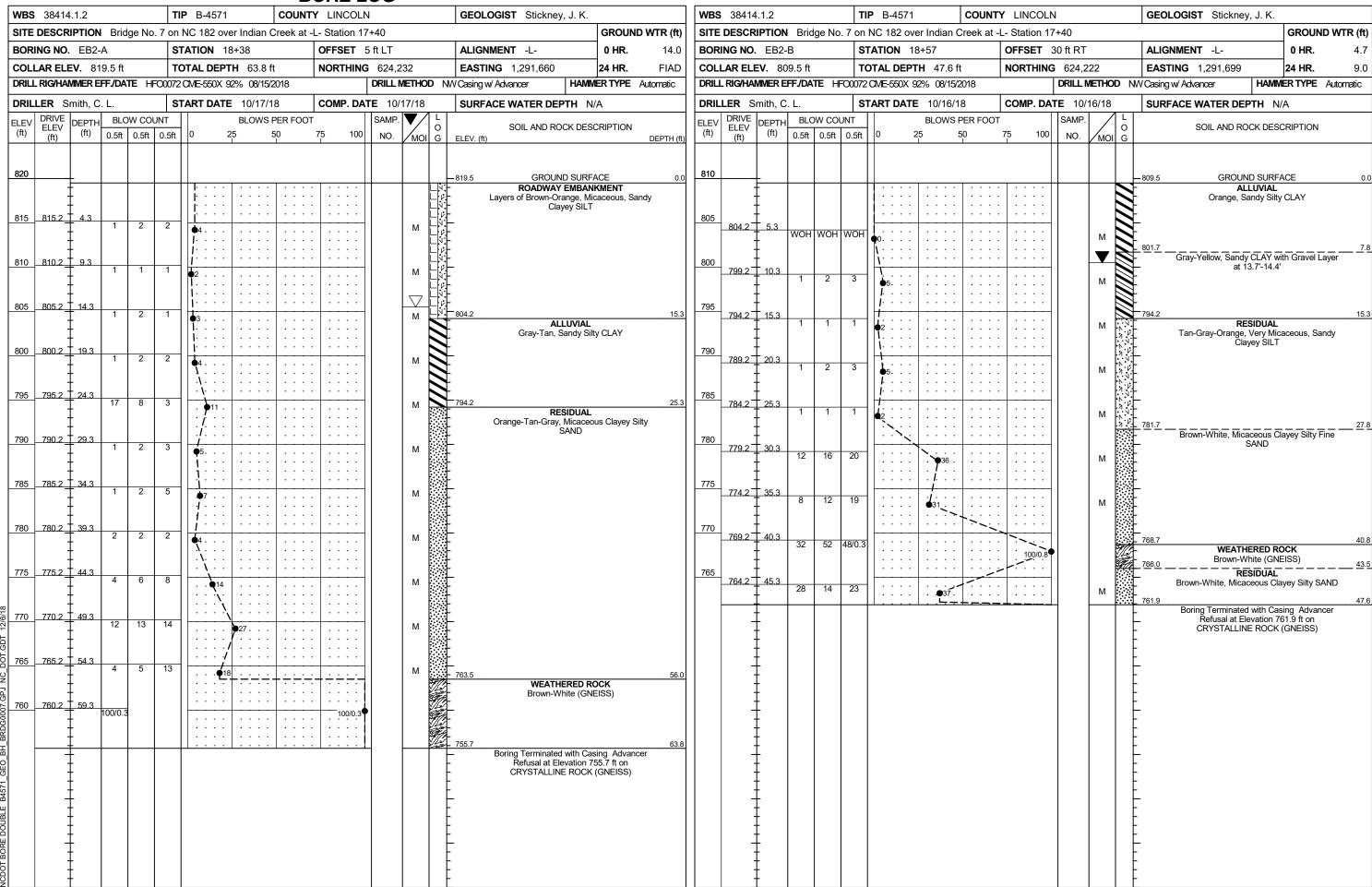
									C	OF	RE L	OG										
WBS	38414.1	1.2			TIP	B-457	'1	C	OUNT	ΥL	.INCOLN			GEOLOGIST Stickney	, J. K.							
SITE	DESCRIP	TION	Brid	ge No. 7	on NC	182 c	over India	n Cree	ek at -	L- Si	tation 17	+40				GROUN	D WTR (ft)					
BOR	ING NO.	B2-B			STA	TION	17+95			OF	FSET 1	9 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-		0 HR.	0.0					
	LAR ELEV				l .		PTH 66.			NO		624,185		EASTING 1,291,648		24 HR.	6.8					
	_ RIG/HAMI			TE HFOO					3				NW	/ Casing w/ Advancer	HAMM	ER TYPE	Automatic					
	LER Sm		. L.				TE 10/1			СО	MP. DAT	E 10/16/18		SURFACE WATER DEP	TH N/	Ά						
	E SIZE N	1X		DDILL	TOTA	AL RUI	N 16.6 f	t STR	ΔΤΔ	ļ.,	i											
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	EPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	REC. (ft)	RQD (ft) %	SAMP. NO.	REC. (ft)	RQD (ft) %	L O G	ELEV. (ft)	D	ESCRIPTION AND REMARK	S		DEPTH (ft)					
756.9	756.9	<u> 49 7</u>	16	1.52/1.0	(1.0)	(1.0)		(16.0)	(14.0)		750.0			Begin Coring @ 49.7 ft CRYSTALLINE ROCK			40.7					
755	758.3 -	56.3	5.0	1:53/1.0 NM/0.6 2:04/1.0 2:10/1.0 2:07/1.0 2:15/1.0 2:05/1.0 2:10/1.0 2:12/1.0 2:15/1.0	(1.0) (63%) (5.0) 100% (5.0) 100%	(1.0) 63% (4.9) 98% (4.9) 98%		(16.0) 96%	(14.9) 90%		_ 756.9 - - - - - - -	Slightly Weat	hered,	CRYSTALLINE ROCK Hard, Moderately Close Frac White GNEISS with Garnets GSI = 60-85	ture Spa	cing, Gray t	49.7					
745	745.3		5.0	2:11/1.0 2:13/1.0 2:18/1.0 2:20/1.0 2:08/1.0 2:01	(5.0) 100%	(4.1) 82%					- - - - - 740.3	Boring Terminal	ed at l	Elevation 740.3 ft in CRYSTA	JI INF R	OCK (GNF	66.3					

CORE PHOTOGRAPHS: Bridge No. 7 on NC 182 over Indian Creek at -L- Station 17+40, B2-B 17+95, 19' RT









Bridge No. 7 on NC 182 over Indian Creek at –L- Station 17+40





Photograph No. 1: Looking at End Bent 1 toward End Bent 2

Photograph No. 2: Looking Upstream