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STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY WAKE

PROJECT DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 247 ON -L-(SR 2555) OVER WHITE OAK CREEK AT STA. 17 + 70 STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO. B-5326

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT 1999 707-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOL. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE OR INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION, THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISTY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS FOOD THE PROJECT FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

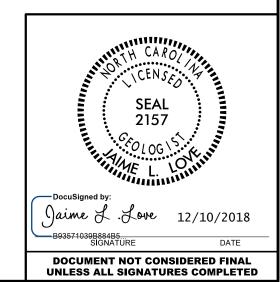
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A. N. KINTNER D. G. PINTER R. E. CLARKE INVESTIGATED BY J. L. LOVE DRAWN BY _A. N. KINTNER CHECKED BY _N. T. ROBERSON SUBMITTED BY N. T. ROBERSON DATE __MAY 2018

PERSONNEL



PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO. 2

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

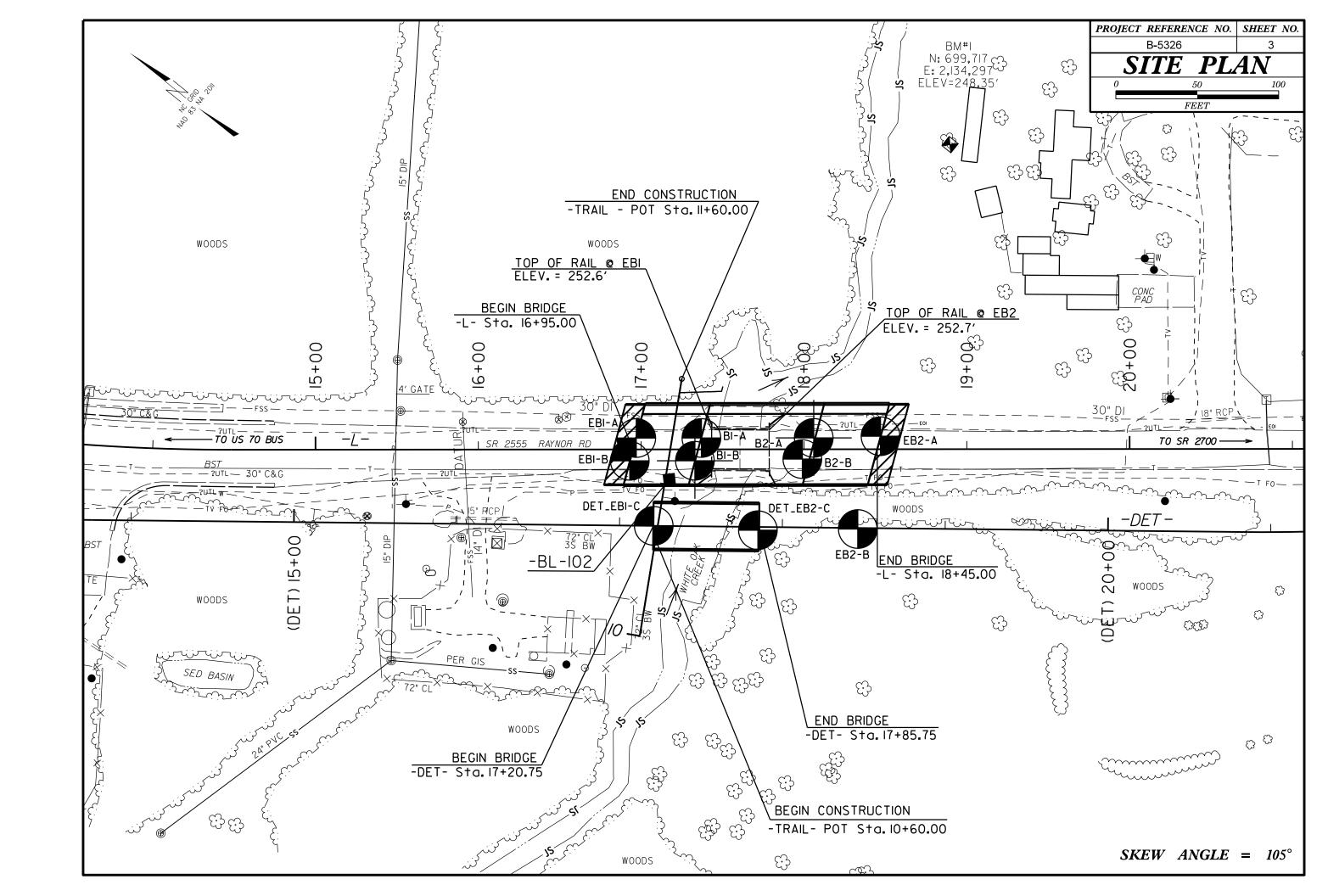
001, 0500017701	A CONTRACTION	Tooly Occopination	TEDUS AND SEETHITIONS
SOIL DESCRIPTION SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE.	ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.
ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM D1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM, BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:	GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.	SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN	AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.
CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE,	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:	ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING
VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS:	WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES >	A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	ROCK (WR) 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION	CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT	WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.
LLASS. (\$ 35% PASSING "2000) (> 35% PASSING "2000)	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	ROCK (CR) WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.	CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5 CLASS. A-1-0 A-1-6 A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 B-2-5 A-3 A-6, A-7	COMPRESSIBILITY	NON-CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YELLD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED.	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM
SYMBOL 000000000000000000000000000000000000	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31	ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.	OF SLOPE.
6666666666666	MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50	COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL, ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED
7. PASSING SILT- SILT- MUCK,	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	(CP) SHELL BEDS, ETC.	BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
■ 40 38 MX 58 MX 51 MN SOILS CLAY PEAT	GRANULAR SILT - CLAY	- WEATHERING	DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.
25 MX 25 MX 25 MX 25 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 36 MN 36 MN	ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3%, 3 - 5%, TRACE 1 - 10%	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.	DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE
MATERIAL PASSING *40	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20%	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN,	HORIZONTAL.
LL 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN LITTLE OR	MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35% HIGHLY ORGANIC > 10% > 20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE	(V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH,
PI 6 MX NP 10 MX 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN 10 MX 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN MODERATE ORGANIC	GROUND WATER	OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE
GROUP INDEX 0 0 0 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX NO MX AMOUNTS OF SOILS		SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO (SLI.) 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR	SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
USUAL TYPES STONE FRAGS. FINE SILTY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY MATTER	WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING	CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.
MATERIALS SAND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS SOILS	STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS	MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM
GEN, RATING EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITABLE	<u>∨pw</u> PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA	(MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED	PARENT MATERIAL.
AS SUBGRADE POOR TOUR POOR TOUR ORDER	- O-M- SPRING OR SEEP	WITH FRESH ROCK.	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM,
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30 CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT OUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.
DANCE OF CTANDARD DANCE OF UNICONSTRUCT	_	(MOD.SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES CLUNK SOUND WHEN STRUCK.	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACIATES ON PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) 25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES	<u>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL</u>	<u>LEDGE</u> - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO
(N-VHLUE) (TUNS/FT)	- CDT	SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED	ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
GENERALLY LOOSE 4 TO 10	SOIL SYMBOL OPT ONT TEST BORING SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION	TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.
GRANULAR	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY FMRANKMENT AUGER BORING CONE PENETROMETER TEST	IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF	MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.
(NON-COHESIVE) VERY DENSE > 50	THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT TEST	VERY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE SEVERE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE
VERY SOFT < 2 < 0.25	── INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY ————————————————————————————————————	(V SEV.) REMAINING, SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR	OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.5 SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1.0	INFERRED ROCK LINE MAN MONITORING WELL TEST BORING	VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <u>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF</u> COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 1 TO 2	WITH CORE	SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS, QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS, SAPROLITE IS	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE
(COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4 HARD > 30 > 4	TTTTT ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY A PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION - SPT N-VALUE	ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS	- ROCK HARDNESS	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270		VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND
OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	UNSUITABLE WASTE ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE	HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED	RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY	SHALLOW UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - USED IN THE TUP 3 FEET OF EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL	TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.
(BLDR.) (COB.) (GR.) (CSE. SD.) (F SD.) (SL.) (CL.)	ABBREVIATIONS	MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005	AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST	HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF
SIZE IN. 12 3	BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED	MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.	A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY 7 - UNIT WEIGHT CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC 7 - DRY UNIT WEIGHT	HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER, SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE CHIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK, CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY
(ATTERBERG LIMITS) DESCRIPTION GOIDE FOR FIELD MOISTORE DESCRIPTION	DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK	FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN	TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY	e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON	PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE, CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES 1 INCH	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY
(SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK	SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
PLASTIC SEMISOLITO PEDILIPES DEVINE TO	FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL	FINGERNAIL.	TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	FRAGS FRAGMENTS w - MOISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO	FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING	BENCH MARK: BL-102, REBAR AND CAP AT -L- Stg. 17+17, 18'RT
"" PLL + PLASTIC LIMIT -	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET VERY THICKLY BEDDED 4 FEET	5. 5.4.7.10.1. 0.40.5.7 555.7.
OM _ OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE:	WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET	ELEVATION: 249.53 FEET
SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT	CME-45C CLAY BITS X AUTOMATIC MANUAL	MODERATELY CLOSE	NOTES:
- DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	C* CONTINUIDUS EL ICHT AUCED	VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET	TOP OF RAIL AT EBI-L- Sta.17+43,13'LT ELEV.= 252.6'
	X CMF-55	THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET INDURATION	
PLASTICITY		INDUM I ION FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	TOP OF RAIL AT EB2 -L- Sta.17+79,17′LT ELEV.= 252.7′
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) ORY STRENGTH	□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	DURBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS CRAINS.	
NON PLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW SLIGHTLY PLASTIC 6-15 SLIGHT	VANE SHEAR TEST TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS HAND TOOLS:	FRIABLE GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
MODERATELY PLASTIC 16-25 MEDIUM HIGHLY PLASTIC 26 OR MORE HIGH	X CASING X W/ ADVANCER POST HOLE DIGGER	MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE;	
	PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH HAND AUGER	BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	
COLOR	TRICONE TUNGCARB. SOUNDING ROD	INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER,	
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).	X CORE BIT VANE SHEAR TEST	SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO RREAK SAMPLE.	
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.		EXTREMELY INDURATED SHAMP HAMMER BLOWS RECOURED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	DATE: 8-15-1-
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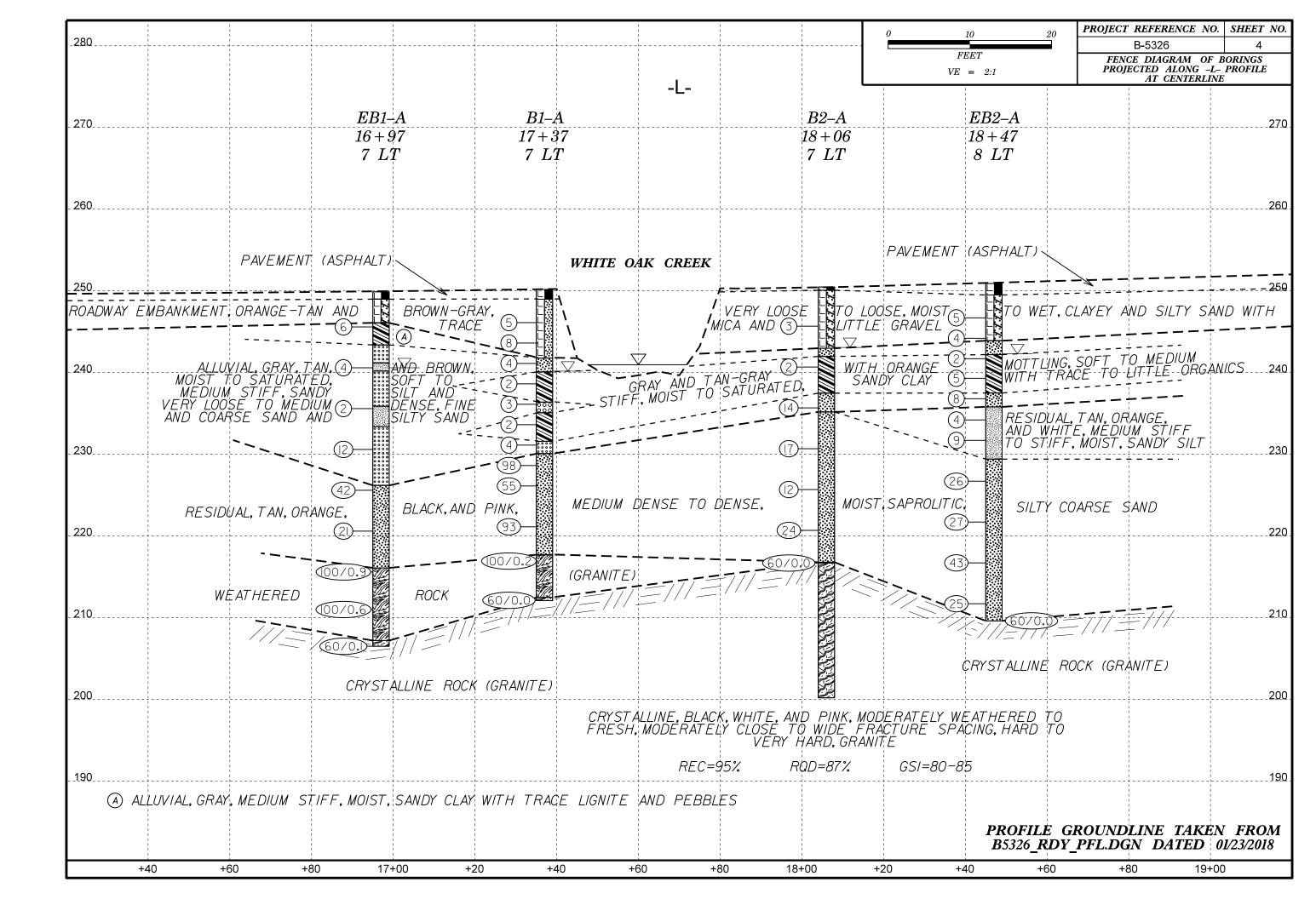
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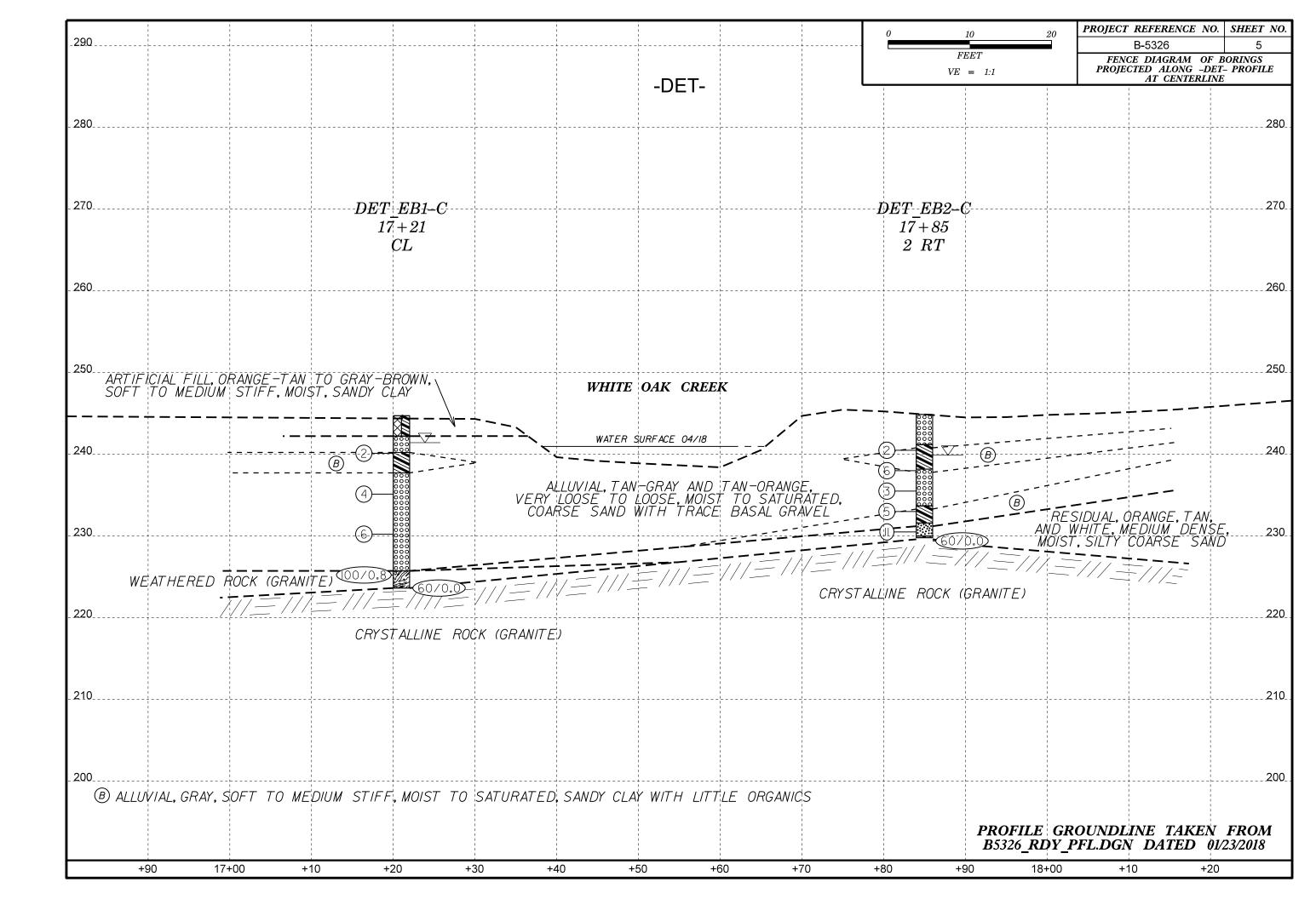
NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

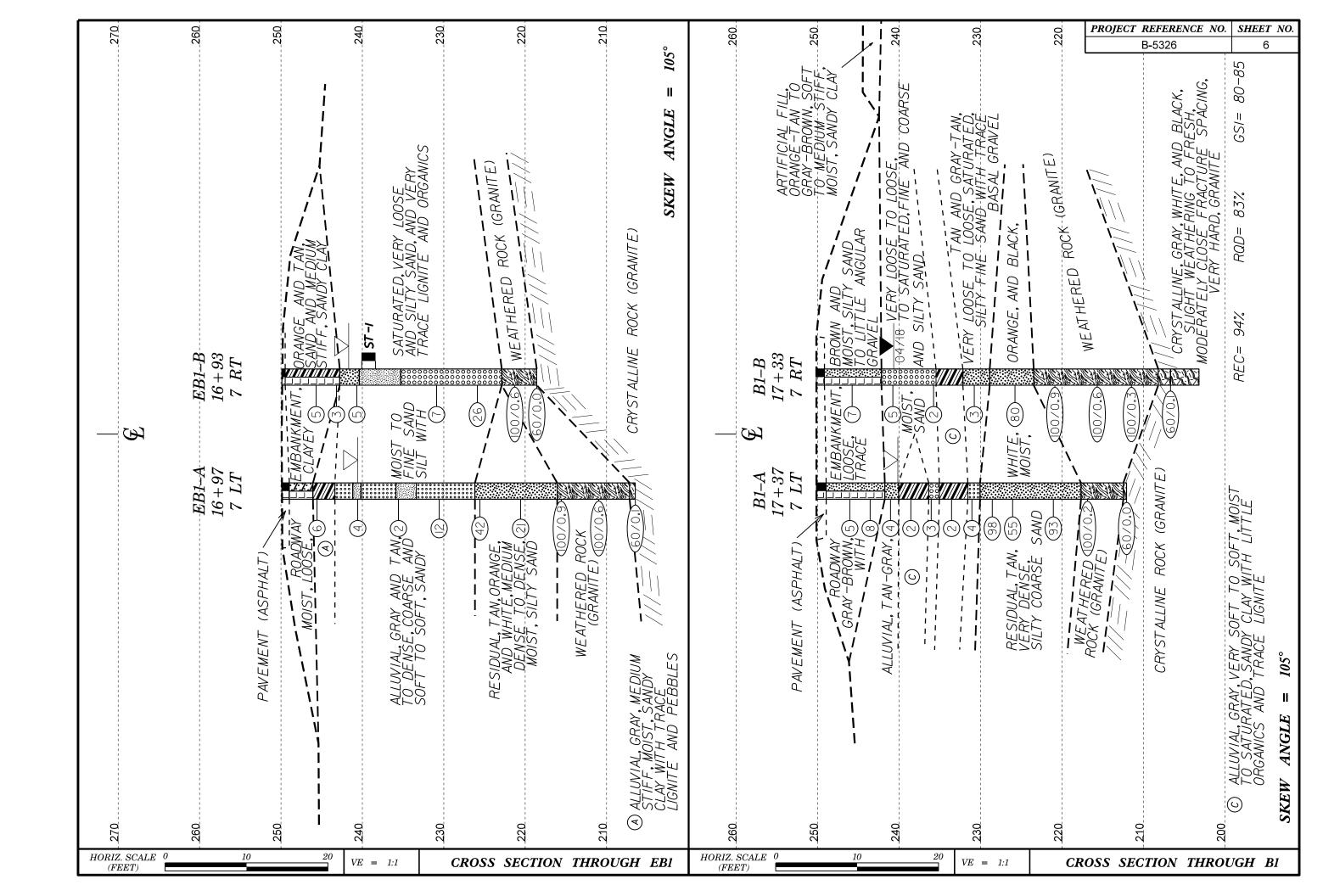
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

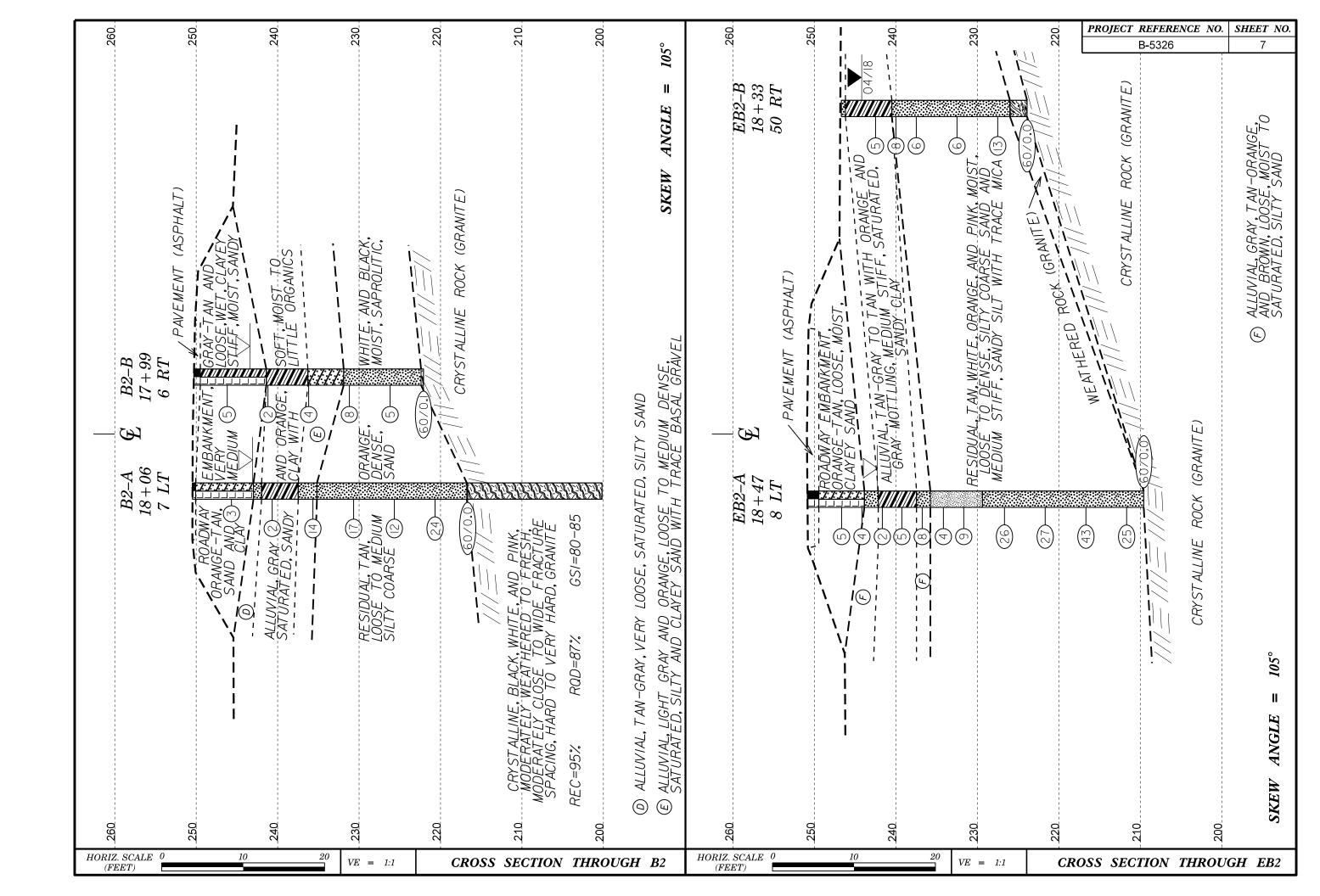
AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-1 $-$ Determination of GSI for Join	ted Rock Mass (M	arinos and Hoek,	2000)		1	AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-2 — Determination of GSI for Tectonically Def	ormed Heterogeneous Roc	k Masses (Mar:	inos and Hoek	, 2000)
GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) FOR JOINTED ROCKS (Hoek and Marinos, 2000)	у Ф О	o C		s o o o	ν ω υ	GSI FOR HETEROGENEOUS ROCK MASSES SUCH AS FLYSCH (Marinos P and Hoek E., 2000)				
From the lithology, structure and surface conditions of the discontinuities, estimate the average value of GSI. Do not try to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than stating that GSI = 35. Note that the table does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where weak planar structural planes are present in an unfavorable orientation with respect to the excavation face, these will dominate the rock mass behaviour. The shear strength of surfaces in rocks that are prone to deterioration as a result of changes in moisture content will be reduced if water is present. When working with rocks in the fair to very poor categories, a shift to the right may be made for wet conditions. Water pressure is dealt with by effective stress analysis.	SURFACE CONDITIONS VERY GOOD Very rough, fresh unweathered surfa	G00D Rough, slightly weathered, iron stai surfaces	FAIR Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces	POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surf with compact coatings or fillings or angular fragments	VERY POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfa with soft clay coatings or fillings	From a description of the lithology, structure and surface conditions (particularly of the bedding planes), choose a box in the chart. Locate the position in the box that corresponds to the condition of the discontinuities and estimate the average value of GSI from the contours. Do not attempt to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than giving GSI = 35. Note that the Hoek-Brown criterion does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where unfavourably oriented continuous weak planar discontinuities are present, these will dominate the behaviour of the rock mass. The strength of some rock masses is reduced by the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair, poor and very poor conditions. Water pressure does not change the value of GSI and it is dealt with by using effective stress analysis.	VERY GOOD - Very Rough, fresh unweathered surfaces GOOD - Rough, slightly weathered surfaces	FAIR - Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces	POOR - Very smooth, occasionally slickensided surfaces with compact coatings or fillings with angular fragments	VERY POOR - Very smooth, slicken- sided or highly weathered surfaces
STRUCTURE		ECREASING S	URFACE QU	ALITY =	⇒	COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURE				
INTACT OR MASSIVE - intact rock specimens or massive in situ rock with few widely spaced discontinuities	PIECES 80 80			N/A	N/A	A. Thick bedded, very blocky sandstone The effect of pelitic coatings on the bedding planes is minimized by the confinement of the rock mass, in shallow tunnels or slopes these bedding planes may cause structurally controlled instability.	70 A			
BLOCKY - well interlocked undisturbed rock mass consisting of cubical blocks formed by three intersecting discontinuity sets	OF ROCK F	70 60				8. Sand- stone with stone and thin inter- sultstone C. Sand- stone and with sand- with sand- with sand- with sand-	50 B	/ _c /		
VERY BLOCKY - interlocked, partially disturbed mass with multi-faceted angular blocks formed by 4 or more joint sets	OCKING		50			layers of sold with stone layers shale with sandstone layers	40	/ /	D/ /E	
BLOCKY/DISTURBED/SEAMY - folded with angular blocks formed by many intersecting discontinuity sets. Persistence of bedding planes or schistosity	ASING INTERL		40	30		C.D.E. and G - may be more or less folded than illustrated but this does not change the strength. Tectonic deformation, faulting and loss of continuity moves these categories to F and H. F. Tectonically deformed, intensively folded/faulted, sheared clayey shale or siltstone with broken and deformed sandstone layers forming an almost chaotic structure		30	F 20	
DISINTEGRATED - poorly inter- locked, heavily broken rock mass with mixture of angular and rounded rock pieces	DECRE			20		G. Undisturbed silty or clayey shale with or without a few very thin sandstone layers H. Tectonically deformed silty or clayey shale forming a chaotic structure with pockets of clay. Thin layers of sandstone are transformed unto small rock pieces.			S / H	10
LAMINATED/SHEARED - Lack of blockiness due to close spacing of weak schistosity or shear planes	V N/A	N/A			10	Into small rock pieces. → Means deformation after tectonic disturbance				

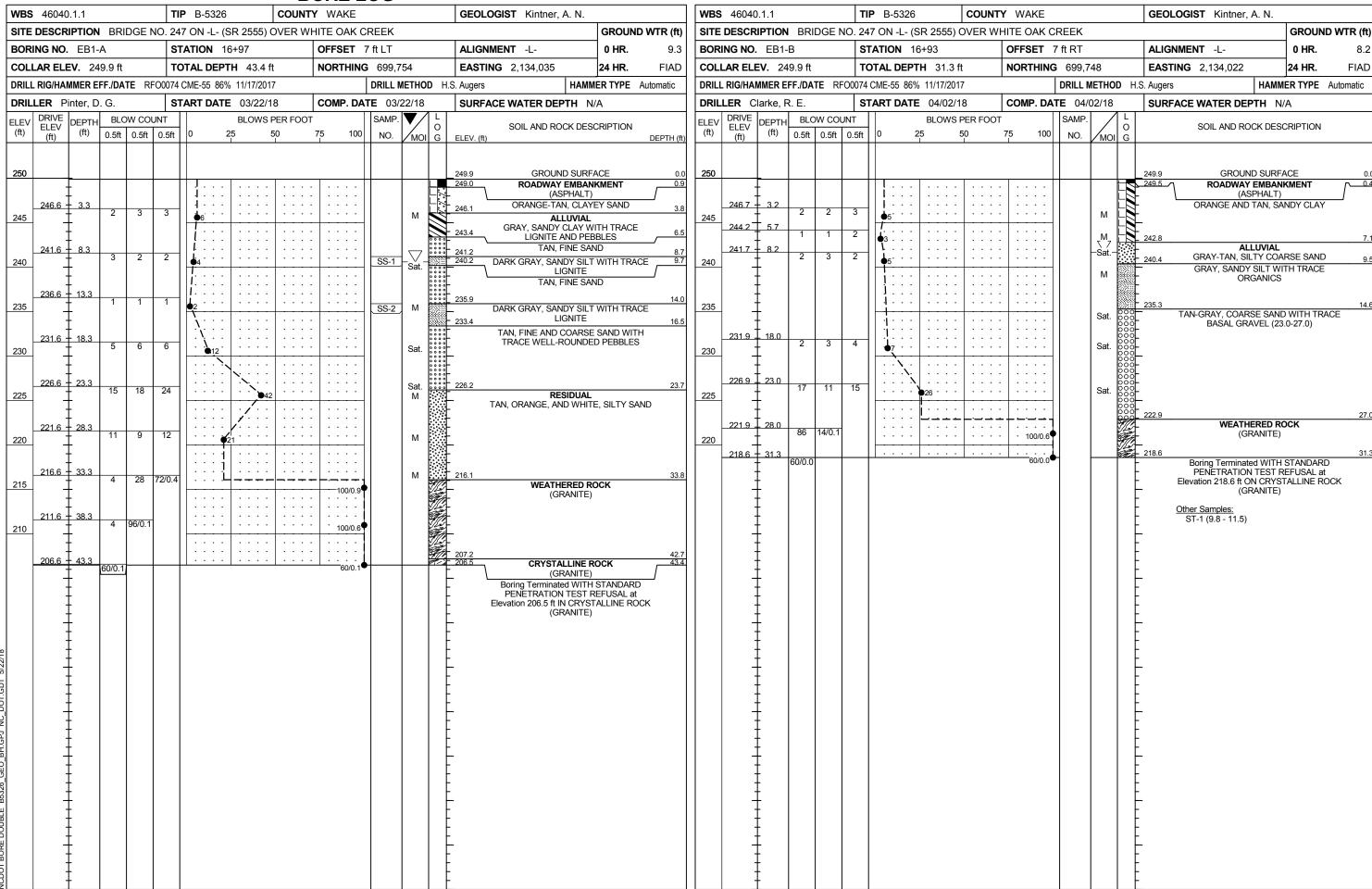








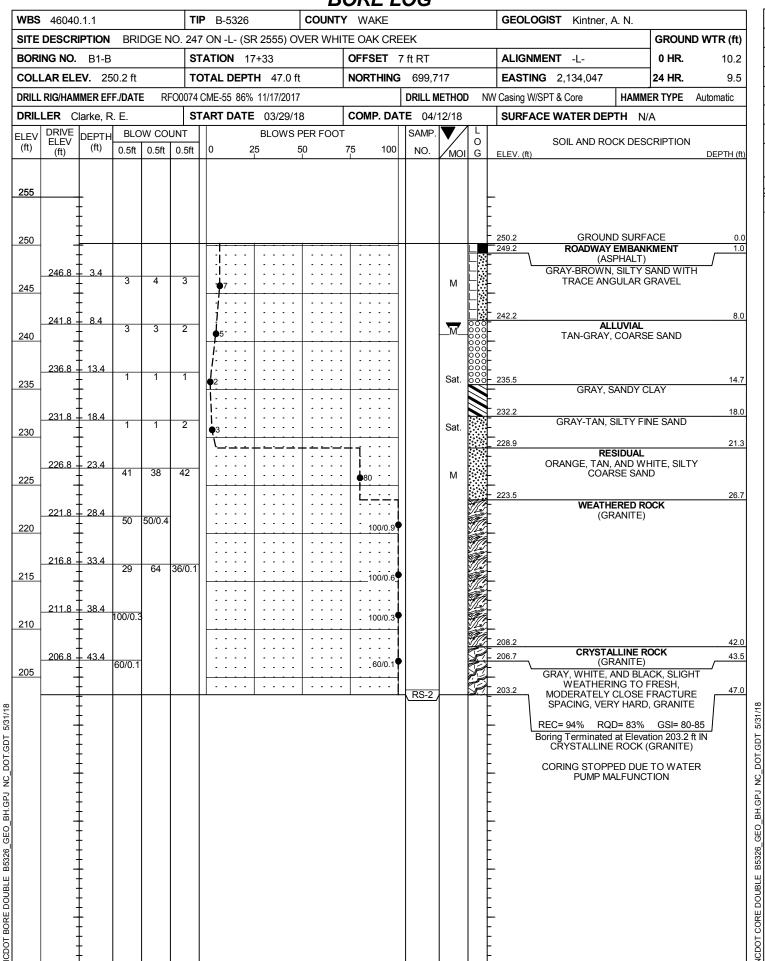




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SHEET 9

WBS	WBS 46040.1.1 TIP B-5326 CO										Y W	AKE					GEOLOGIST Kintner, A. N.						
SITE	DESCR	IPTION	I BRI	IDGE I	NO. 24	17 OI	N -L- (SR 2555) O\	/ER WI	HITE	OAK (CREE	K						GROUN	ID WTR (ft)		
-	NG NO.						ON 1					SET					ALIGNME	NT -L-		0 HR.	10.0		
COLI	AR ELI	EV. 25	50.2 ft		T	OTAI	L DEP	TH 38.	1 ft		NOF	RTHING	3 69	9.7	23		EASTING	2,134,060		24 HR.	FIAD		
								6 11/17/2								D H.	S. Augers		НАММ		Automatic		
	LER P							E 03/26			CON	MP. DA						WATER DEF					
ELEV	DRIVE	DEPTH		ow co						R FOOT	l		SAI			1 L	1001111111						
(ft)	ELEV (ft)	(ft)	0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	О	:	25	50		75	100	N	o.	MOI	O G		SOIL AND RO	CK DES	CRIPTION			
								•															
255																							
	-	ļ															- -						
		‡															•						
250	_	<u> </u>				Н.,											250.2	GROUN ROADWAY	D SURF		0.0		
		†					: : :				:						. \	(AS	SPHALT)				
0.15	247.1	3.1	2	3	2		 5				:				М		. BRO	OWN TO BROV WITH LIT			AND		
245	244.6	5.6	3	4	4	$ \vdash$	1	1	_		+-				N 4		<u>-</u>						
	242.1	8.1				j	9 8				.				М		. 241.8				8.4		
240	239.6	Į	3	2	2	•	1	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	_ : : :					Sat.		240.1	AL TAN-GRA	LUVIAL	SAND	10.1		
	239.6	10.6	2	1	1	12			-		1 -		SS	S-5	М		- (GRAY, SANDY	CLAY W		 E		
	237.1	13.1	1	1	2			: : :			:				Sat.		236.4		GANICS		13.8		
235	234.6	15.6							•		ļ:				Sal.	000	235.1	TAN-GRAY, HT GRAY, SAN			15.1		
	232.1	101	1	1	1	4 2					:		SS	S-6	Sat.				GANICS	· vviiii iiv	MOL		
220	232.1	18.1	WOH	WOH	4	•	 1				:				Sat.		- 231.6 - _{230.1} TA	AN, FINE SAND	WITH TI	RACE BAS	18.6 SAL 20.1		
230	229.6	20.6	25	40	58	╟┶]			М	0000	230.1	G	RAVEL SIDUAL				
	227.1	23.1				:				 	_ -:-		98		IVI		TAN	I, WHITE, AND	BLACK, S	SILTY COA	ARSE		
225	_	Ł	27	23	32	Ŀ			-	●55					М		_	`	SAND				
	-	+				-			-	,						-	-						
	222.1	28.1	43	45	48						`				М		•						
220	_	F				ا		+	-		ļ:	93			IVI		-						
	217.1	33.1										: :i <u>-</u>				· · · · ·	- 217.7			2017	32.5		
215		33.1	100/0.2	2		:					:	100/0.2					•		ERED RO RANITE)	OCK			
210	-	‡				-		1	-		 -						- ·						
	212.1	38.1	60/0.0	l l		Ŭ.			•		•		<u> </u>				· 212.5 · 212.1	CRYSTA	LLINE R	ОСК	37.7 38.1		
	_	t	60/0.0									00/0.0					·	(GF	RANITE)				
		ŧ															-	Boring Terminate PENETRATION	I TEST R	EFUSAL a	ıt		
		ł														1 -	. Ele\	ation 212.1 ft II/ GF	N CRYST RANITE)	ALLINE R	OCK		
	-	+														-	_ Othe	er Samples:	·				
	-	F																-5 = 7.5% (10.6	- 12.1)				
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GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT CORE LOG

								C	ORE L	.OG						
WBS 46040).1.1			TIP	B-532	6	С	OUNT	Y WAKE			GEOLOGIST Kintner,	4. N.			
SITE DESCR	IPTION	BRI	DGE NO.	247 O	N -L- (SR 2555)	OVEF	R WHI	TE OAK CR	EK				GROUN	ID WTR (ft)	
BORING NO.	B1-B			STA	TION	17+33			OFFSET	7 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-		0 HR.	10.2	
COLLAR EL	EV . 25	0.2 ft		TOTA	AL DE	PTH 47.	0 ft		NORTHING	699,717		EASTING 2,134,047		24 HR.	9.5	
DRILL RIG/HAI	MER EF	F./DAT	E RFO0	074 CM	E-55 80	6% 11/17/2	.017			DRILL METHOD	NW	Casing W/SPT & Core	HAMM	ER TYPE	Automatic	
DRILLER C	larke, R	R. E.		STA	RT DA	TE 03/2	9/18		COMP. DA	TE 04/12/18		SURFACE WATER DEP	TH N/	Α		
CORE SIZE	NWXL					N 3.5 ft										
ELEV RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	REC. (ft) %	JN RQD (ft) %	SAMP. NO.	STR REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %	C G ELEV.	ft)	DE	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS DE				
206.68	43.5	1.5	1:00/0.5	(1.2)	(1.0)		(2.2)	(2.0)	2 200.7	CDAY WIL	IITE AN	Begin Coring @ 43.5 ft	TEDINIC :	TO EDEC	L 40.5	
205 205.2	43.5	1.5 2.0	1:00/0.5 1:02/1.0 1:11/1.0 3:27/1.0	(2.0)	(1.0) (67%) (1.9) (95%)	RS-2	(3.3) 94%	(2.9) 83%	- 206.7 - 203.2 - 203.2	MODERATEL® Boring Tel	Y CLOS	Begin Coring (@ 43.5 ft ND BLACK, SLIGHT WEATH SE FRACTURE SPACING, \ GSI= 80-85 d at Elevation 203.2 ft IN CR (GRANITE) PED DUE TO WATER PUM	YSTALL	RD, GRA	NITE 47.0	

TIP B-5326 COUNTY WAKE GEOLOGIST Kintner, A. N. **WBS** 46040.1.1 SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 247 ON -L- (SR 2555) OVER WHITE OAK CREEK **GROUND WTR (ft)** OFFSET 7 ft LT **STATION** 18+06 ALIGNMENT -L-BORING NO. B2-A 0 HR. 7.4 COLLAR ELEV. 250.5 ft TOTAL DEPTH 50.3 ft **NORTHING** 699,669 **EASTING** 2,134,104 24 HR. FIAD DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE NW Casing W/SPT & Core HAMMER TYPE Automatic RFO0074 CME-55 86% 11/17/2017 DRILL METHOD DRILLER Pinter, D. G. **START DATE** 03/27/18 COMP. DATE 03/27/18 SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A ELEV DRIVE DEPTH BLOW COUNT (ft) (ft) (ft) 0.5ft 0.5ft 0.5ft **BLOWS PER FOOT** SAMP. SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION (ft) 0.5ft 0.5ft 0.5ft NO. 75 100 MOI G ELEV. (ft) 255 **GROUND SURFACE** 250 ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (ASPHALT) GRAY-TAN, CLAYEY SAND WITH TRACE 246.7 W 245 ∇ ALLUVIAL 241.7 -TAN-GRAY, SILTY SAND Sat. 240 GRAY, SANDY CLAY WITH LITTLE ORGANICS LIGHT GRAY TO ORANGE, SILTY SAND 236.7 9 WITH TRACE BASAL GRAVEL Sat. 235 RESIDUAL ORANGE, TAN, BLACK, AND WHITE, SILTY COARSE SAND М 230 226.7 М 225 221.7 + 28.8 10 Μ 220 216.7 + 33.8 60/0.0 CRYSTALLINE ROCK 215 (GRANITE) BLACK, WHITE, AND PINK, RS-1 MODERATELY WEATHERED TO FRESH, MODERATELY CLOSE TO WIDE FRACTURE SPACING, HARD TO VERY 210 HARD, GRANITE REC=95% RQD=87% GSI=80-85 205 Boring Terminated at Elevation 200.2 ft IN CRYSTALLINE ROCK (GRANITE)

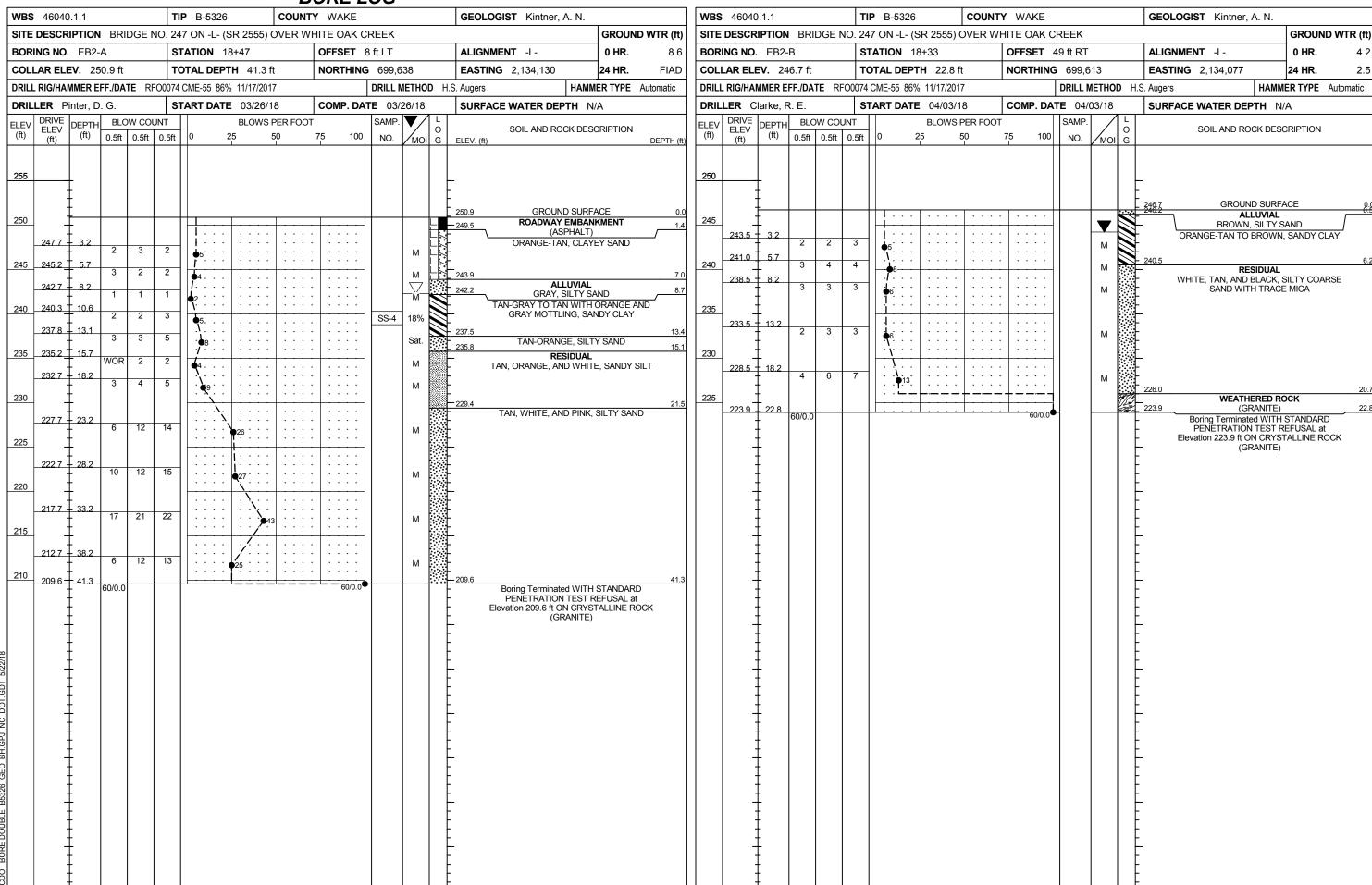
GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT CORFIGG

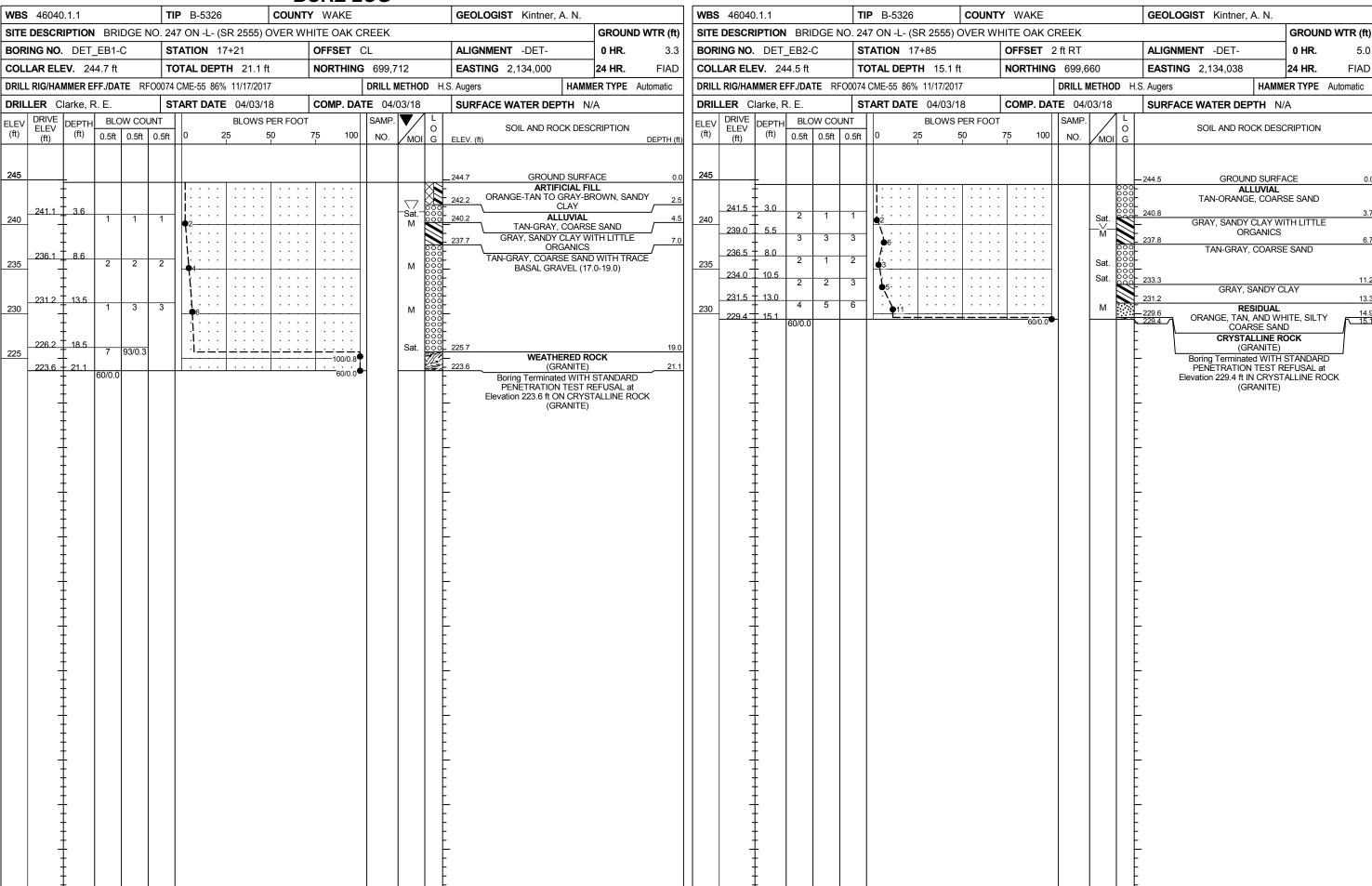
									C	O	RE L	OG								
WBS	46040).1.1			TIP	B-532	:6	C	OUNT	Υ \	WAKE			GEOLOGIST Kintner, A. N.						
SITE	DESCR	IPTION	BRI	DGE NO.	247 O	N -L- ((SR 2555	OVE	R WHI	TE (OAK CRE	EK				GROUN	ND WTR (ft			
BOR	NG NO.	B2-A	ı		STA	ΓΙΟΝ	18+06			OF	FSET 7	ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-		0 HR.	7.4			
COL	AR ELI	EV . 25	0.5 ft		TOT	AL DE	PTH 50.	.3 ft		NC	DRTHING	699,669		EASTING 2,134,104		24 HR.	FIAD			
DRILL	RIG/HAN	IMER EF	F./DAT	E RF00	074 CM	E-55 8	6% 11/17/2	2017				DRILL METH	OD NW	Casing W/SPT & Core	HAMM	ER TYPE	Automatic			
DRIL	LER P	inter, D	. G.		STAI	RT DA	TE 03/2	7/18		CC	OMP. DAT	E 03/27/1	8	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A						
COR	E SIZE	NWXL					N 16.5 f													
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	REC. (ft)	JN RQD (ft) %	SAMP. NO.	REC. (ft)	RQD (ft) %	L O G	ELEV. (f	i)	DI	ESCRIPTION AND REMARI	KS		DEPTH (
216.67	046.7	22.0	1.5	11.00/0	(4.5)	(4.0)		(45.0)	(4.4.0)			DI AGIC MI	UTE AND	Begin Coring @ 33.8 ft	A	D TO FD				
215	<u>216.7</u>	35:3	5.0	N=60/0.0 0:50/0.5 1:19/1.0 4:08/1.0 2:08/1.0 2:26/1.0 2:33/1.0	(1.5) 100% (4.7) 94%	(1.2) 80% (4.5) 90%	RS-1	(15.6) 95%	(14.3) 87%		216.7 -			D PINK, MODERATELY WE OSE TO WIDE FRACTURE VERY HARD, GRANITE GSI=80-85						
210	210.2	40.3	5.0	2:50/1.0 3:16/1.0	(5.0) 100%	(4.4) 88%					+			GSI-60-65						
205	205.2	45.3	5.0	2:55/1.0 2:40/1.0 3:53/1.0 5:44/1.0		(4.2)														
	200.2	50.3	0.0	3:20/1.0 5:24/1.0 7:27/1.0 12:24/1.0	88%	84%					200.2						50.			
	200.2	30.3		12.24/1.0						`رهي	200.2	Boring ²	Terminate	ed at Elevation 200.2 ft IN CF (GRANITE)	RYSTALL	INE ROC	K			

		W
		SI BC CC DR DF ELL (ff
		DR
		ELI (f
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SHEET 12

WBS	46040	0.1.1			ТІ	P B-5326	 3	COUNT	Y WAKE				GEOLOGIS	ST Kintner,	A. N.		
SITE	DESCF	RIPTION	I BRI	DGE N	NO. 24	17 ON -L-	(SR 2555)	OVER WI	HITE OAK C	REEK			1			GROUN	ID WTR (ft)
		. B2-B				TATION			OFFSET				ALIGNMEN	NT -L-		0 HR.	6.9
COLI	LAR EL	EV . 25	0.3 ft		т	OTAL DEF	TH 28.2	ft	NORTHING	699,6	66		EASTING	2,134,089		24 HR.	FIAD
DRILL	RIG/HA	MMER E	FF./DA	TE R	00074	CME-55 86	% 11/17/20	17	ı	DRILL N	ИЕТНО	D H.S	S. Augers		HAMM	ER TYPE	Automatic
DRIL	LER C	Clarke, F	R. E.		S	TART DAT	E 04/02/	18	COMP. DA	TE 04/	02/18		SURFACE	WATER DEF	PTH N	Ά	
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLC 0.5ft	0.5ft	JNT 0.5ft	0		PER FOOT	75 100	SAMP. NO.	MOI	L O G		SOIL AND RO	OCK DESC	CRIPTION	
255		 											-				
250	-	<u> </u>				1		1::::		<u> </u>			250.3 -249.5	ROADWAY	ID SURFA EMBANI SPHALT)		0.0
245	247.2	3.1	3	2	3						М			ORANGE-TA		Y CLAY	
245	242.2	+ + + 8.1											_				
240		‡ <u>"</u> '	1	1	1	2					Sat.		241.4 - GR	AY TO ORANG			8.9 'ITH
00.5	237.2	1 13.1	2	1	3	4					М		236.3	LITTLE	ORGANI		14.0
235	232.2	+ + + _{18.1}				1					0-1	//////	231.9	LIGHT GRA	i, olate	. I OAIND	18.4
230		<u> </u>	3	4	4	8					Sat.			RE TE, GRAY, AN SILTY CO			•
225	227.2	23.1	1	2	3	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					м						
220	222.2	+ + - 28.1				1							222.4				27.9
	-	- 28.1 	60/0.1					+	6070.1					oring Terminate PENETRATION ration 222.1 ft II	RANITE) ed WITH I TEST R	STANDAR EFUSAL a	D t





PROJ. NO. - 46040 ID NO. - B-5326 COUNTY - Wake

EB1-A

DDIR															
	SOIL TEST RESULTS														
SAMPLE			DEPTH	AASHTO				% BY V	VEIGHT		% PAS	SING (S	IEVES)	%	%
NO.	OFFSET	STATION	INTERVAL	CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200	MOISTURE	ORGANIC
SS-1	7'LT	16+97	8.7-9.7	A-4(0)	26	4	13.1	40.6	26.2	20.1	100	95	53	-	-
SS-2	7'LT	16+97	14.0-14.8	A-4(0)	-	-	12.9	59.4	13.7	14.1	100	96	37	-	-

SHEET 15

EB1-B

SOIL TEST RESULTS															
SAMPLE			DEPTH	AASHTO					% PASSING (SIEVES)			%	%		
NO.	OFFSET	STATION	INTERVAL	CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200	MOISTURE	ORGANIC
ST-1	7'RT	16+93	9.8-11.5	A-4(4)	31	9	11.9	30.5	27.3	30.3	100	93	64	-	-

B1-A

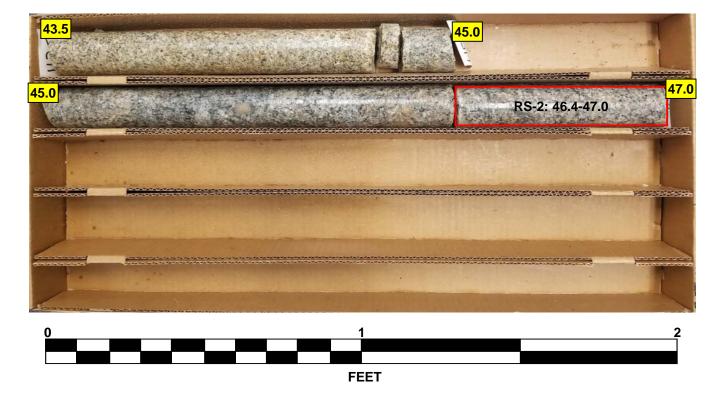
SOIL TEST RESULTS															
SAMPLE			DEPTH	AASHTO		% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)				%	%
NO.	OFFSET	STATION	INTERVAL	CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200	MOISTURE	ORGANIC
SS-5	7'LT	17+37	10.6-12.1	A-4(6)	35	10	11.1	27.0	29.8	32.2	100	94	69	-	7.5
SS-6	7'LT	17+37	15.6-17.1	A-6(8)	36	15	14.7	23.5	21.5	40.2	100	93	66	-	-

EB2-A

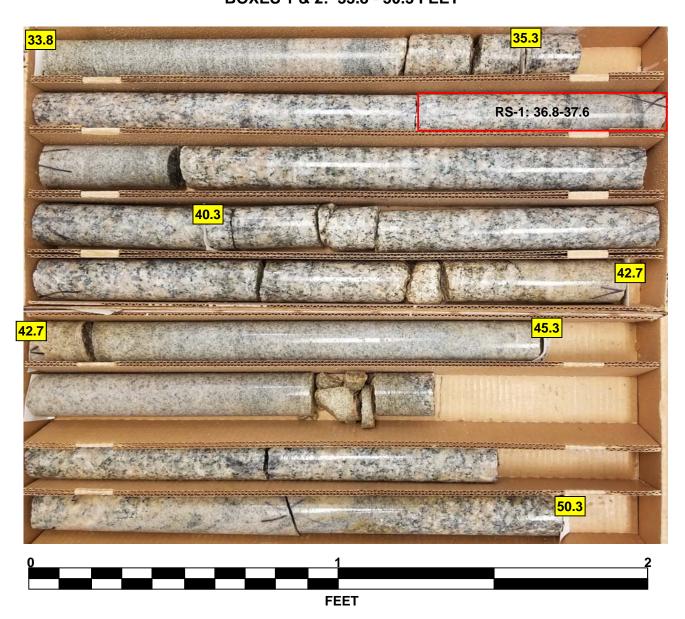
EBZ-A	EDZ-A														
SOIL TEST RESULTS															
SAMPLE			DEPTH	AASHTO				% BY W		% PASSING (SIEVES)			%	%	
NO.	OFFSET	STATION	INTERVAL	CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200	MOISTURE	ORGANIC
M-1	8'LT	18+47	8.7-9.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18.4	-
SS-4	8'LT	18+47	10.6-12.1	A-6(2)	32	13	32.4	31.2	10.3	26.2	100	79	41	-	-

CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

B1-BBOX 1: 43.5 - 47.0 FEET



B2-ABOXES 1 & 2: 33.8 - 50.3 FEET



SITE PHOTOGRAPH

Bridge No. 247 on -L- (SR 2555) over White Oak Creek



Looking Southeast towards End Bent 2