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STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY _**HAYWOOD**

PROJECT DESCRIPTION US 23/US 74/US 19 (GREAT SMOKY MOUNTAIN HWY) FROM WEST OF NC 209 (CRABTREE RD.) TO EAST OF RUSS AVE. SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 430110 & 430107 ON -L LT- (US 19/23/74 WB) OVER THE BLUE RIDGE SOUTHERN RAILROAD (BLU) BETWEEN US 276 AND NC 209

STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO. TOTAL SHEETS B-3186/B-5898

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT 1999 707-6805. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

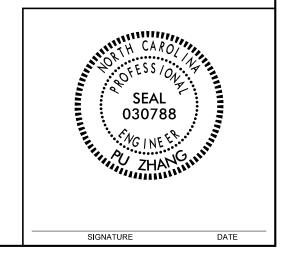
GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRAYT OR CUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE TO MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISTY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

- TES:
 THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N.C. DEPARTMENT
 OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS
 OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.
 BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS
 FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE
 CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

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	GUST 2021

PERSONNEL



B-3186/B-5898

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE.	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.
BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM D1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION	UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.	ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60	AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.
IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK.	ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE,	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS:	ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:	ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING
VERY STIFF,GRAY,SILTY CLAY,MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS,HIGHLY PLASTIC,A-7-6 SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > ROCK (WR) 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.	A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT
CENERAL CRANIII AR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION	EINE TO COARSE CRAIN ICNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT	WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND
CLASS. (≤ 35% PASSING *200) (> 35% PASSING *200) ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAQLIN, ETC.	CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR) WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, COMEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.	SURFACE.
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5	ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	NON-CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN	CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
0000d0000d000d000d000d000d000d000d000d	COMPRESSIBILITY SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31	ROCK (NCR) SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YELLD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.
SYMBOL 000000000000000000000000000000000000	MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50	COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED
% PASSING GRANULAR SILT- MUCK,	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	(CP) SHELL BEDS, ETC.	BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
*40 30 MX 50 MX 51 MN SOILS SOILS PEAT	GRANIII AR STILT - CLAY	WEATHERING	DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.
*200 15 MX 25 MX 10 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 36 MN 3	ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.	<u>DIP</u> - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE
PASSING #40 SQUIS WITH	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20%	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN,	HORIZONTAL.
LL — — 40 MX 41 MN LITTLE OR HIGHLY	MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35% HIGHLY ORGANIC > 10% > 20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE	(V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.
CROUP INDEX A A A AMY 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX NO MX AMOUNTS OF ORGANIC	GROUND WATER	SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE
USUAL TYPES STONE FRAGS. FINE SILTY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY MATTER	✓ WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING	(SLI.) 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR	SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
OF MAJOR GRAVEL, AND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS SOILS	▼ STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS	CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS. MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS, IN	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM
CEN BATING FAIR TO	─────────────────────────────────────	(MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS	PARENT MATERIAL.
AS SUBGRADE EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITABLE	SPRING OR SEEP	DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30	U 11	MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH (MOD. SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK.	FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR RANGE OF STANDARD RANGE OF UNCONFINED PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) 25/825 DIP & DIP DIRECTION	IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL	LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO
CONSISTENCY (N-VALUE) (TONS/FT ²)	WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES	SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT	ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
GENERALLY VERY LOOSE	SOIL SYMBOL OPT ONT TEST BORING SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION	(SEV.) REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.
MATERIAL MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30 N/A	ADJUSTICIAL STALL AS LOTHER AS COME DEMISTROMETER	IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF	MOTILED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AFRATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.
(NON-COHESIVE) DENSE 30 TO 50 VERY DENSE > 50	THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT AUGER BORING CONE PENETRUMETER	VERY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE SEVERE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE
VERY SOFT < 2 < 0.25	— INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY — CORE BORING SOUNDING ROD	(V SEV.) REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR	OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.5 SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1.0	TEST BORING MONITORING WELL	VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <u>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF</u> COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL, ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 1 TO 2	A PIEZOMETER	SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS, QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS, SAPROLITE IS	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE
(COHESIVE)	TTTTA ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY A INSTALLATION SPT N-VALUE	ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS	ROCK HARDNESS VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFF OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270	UNDERCUT UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE	VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND
OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	SHALLOW STEET OF SHALLOW USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF	HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED	RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY	UNDERCUT ACCEPTABLE DEGRADABLE ROCK EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL	TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN. MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT
(BLDR.) (COB.) (GR.) (CSE. SD.) (F SD.) (SL.) (CL.)	ABBREVIATIONS	HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED	OR SLIP PLANE.
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005 SIZE IN. 12 3	AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED	BY MODERATE BLOWS.	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL
	CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY γ - UNIT WEIGHT	MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE	WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE CHURC FOR FIELD MOISTURE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC $\gamma_{ m d}$ - DRY UNIT WEIGHT CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC	POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.
(ATTERBERG LIMITS) (ATTERBERG LIMITS) DESCRIPTION GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY	DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON	PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY
(SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE	VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES 1 INCH SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
PLASTIC SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO	FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL	FINGERNAIL.	TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
(PI) ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	FRAGS FRAGMENTS	FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING	BENCH MARK: N/A
"" PL L PLASTIC LIMIT	HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET VERY THICKLY BEDDED 4 FEET	FI FUATION FEET
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE:	WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET	ELEVATION: FEET
SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT	CME-45C CLAY BITS X AUTOMATIC MANUAL	MODERATELY CLOSE	NOTES:
- DRY - (D) REOUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	6 CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER CORE SIZE:	VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET	BORING ELEVATIONS OBTAINED FROM TRIMBLE RI2 GNSS RECEIVER CERTIFIED WITH FCC PART 15 (CLASS B DEVICE), 24, 32; RCM; PTCRB; BT SIG
PLASTICITY	X CME-55 CORE SIZE: CORE SIZE: -H	INDURATION	BT SIG
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH	X CME-550 HARD FACED FINGER BITS X-N Q2	FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	FIAD - FILLED IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING
NON PLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW	TUNG-CARRIDE INSERTS	RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS;	
SLIGHTLY PLASTIC 6-15 SLIGHT MODERATELY PLASTIC 16-25 MEDIUM	VANE SHEAR TEST CASING W/ ADVANCER HAND TOOLS:	GENILE BLUW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
HIGHLY PLASTIC 26 OR MORE HIGH	POST HOLE DIGGER	MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	
COLOR	TRICONE TUNG-CARB. SOUNDING ROD	CDAING ADE DISCIPLET TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROPE.	
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN. RED. YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).	X CORE BIT SUUNDING ROD VANE SHEAR TEST	INDURATED DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	VAINE SILEM TEST	EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE;	DATE O JE 1
		SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	DATE: 8-15-1-

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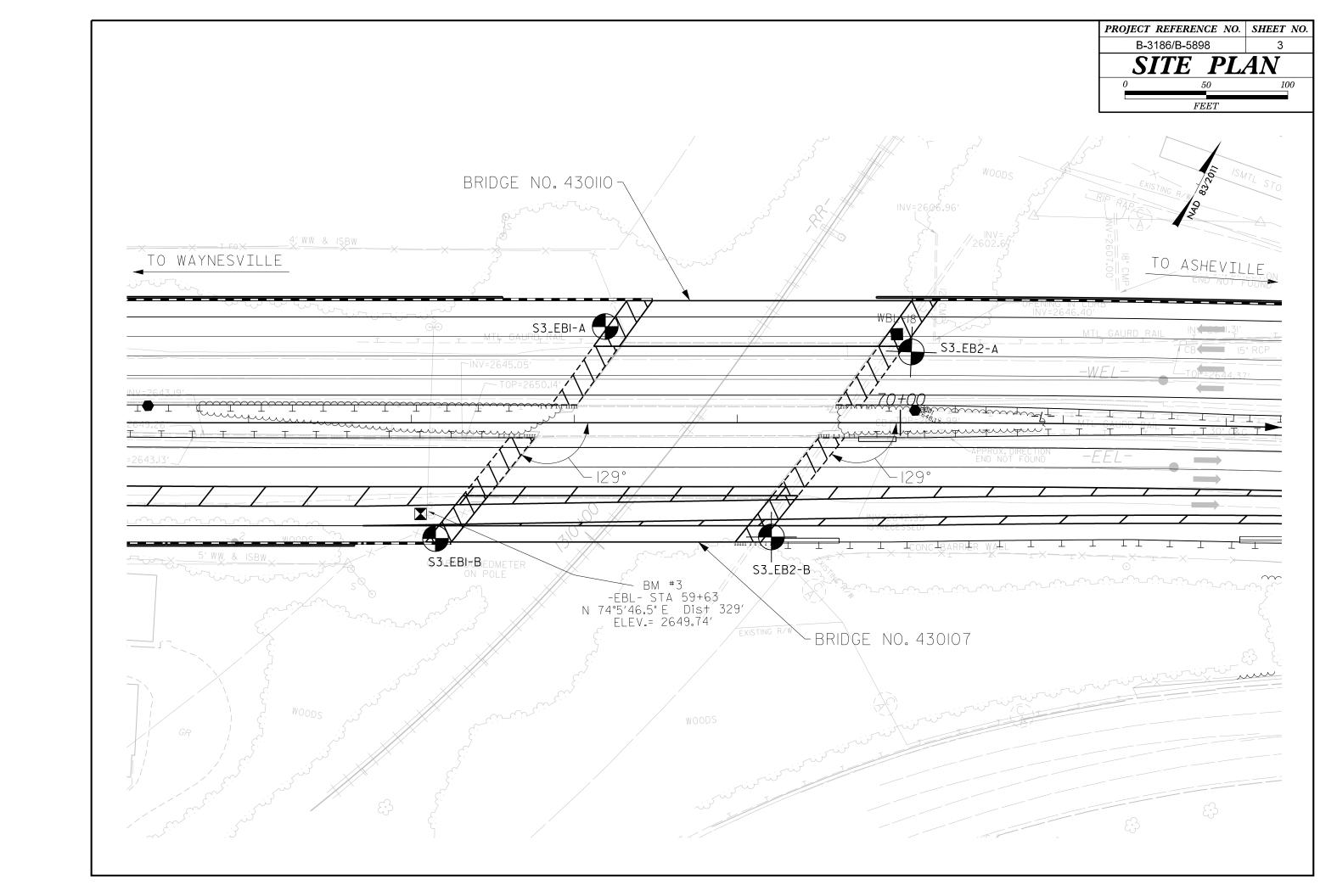
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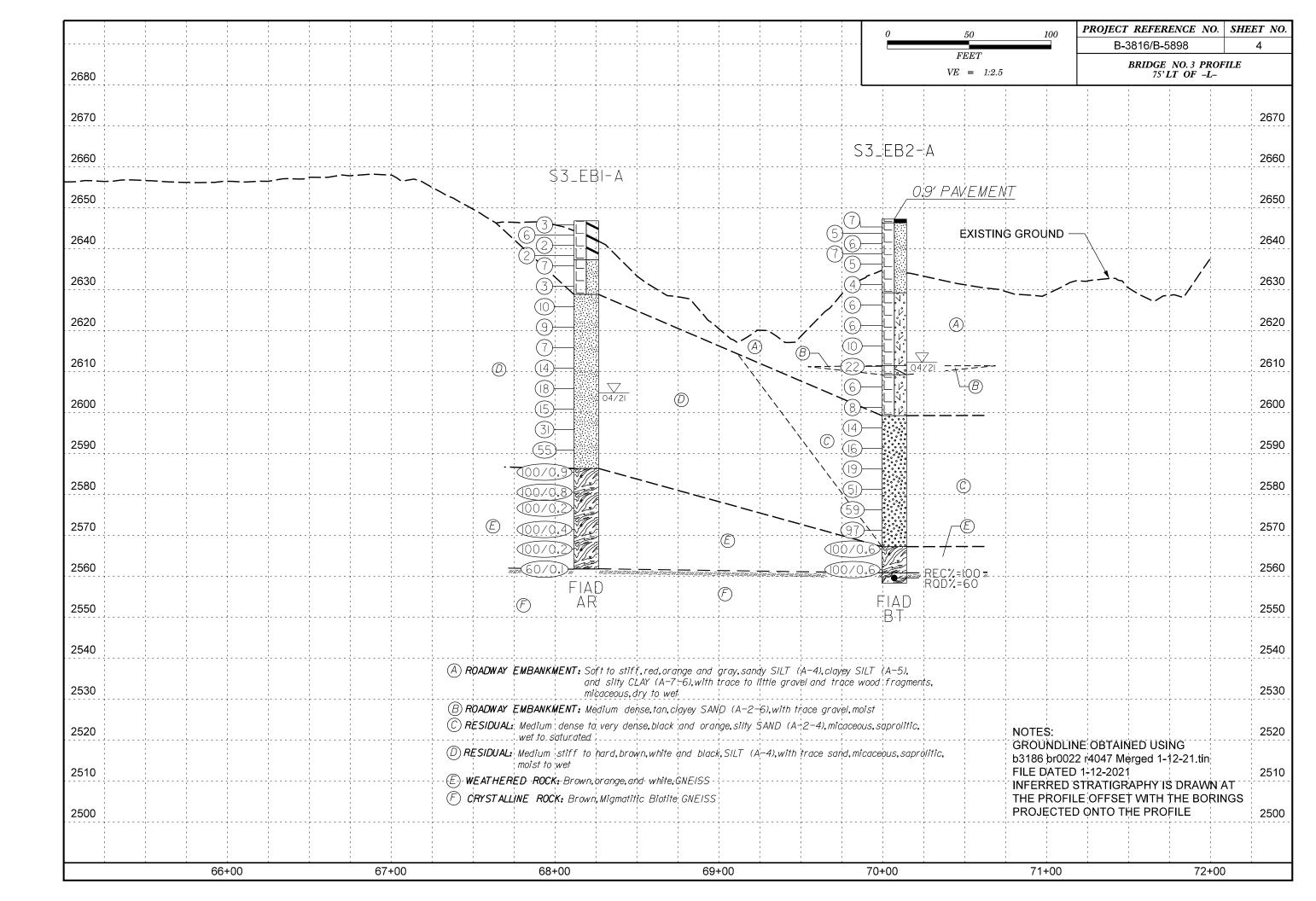
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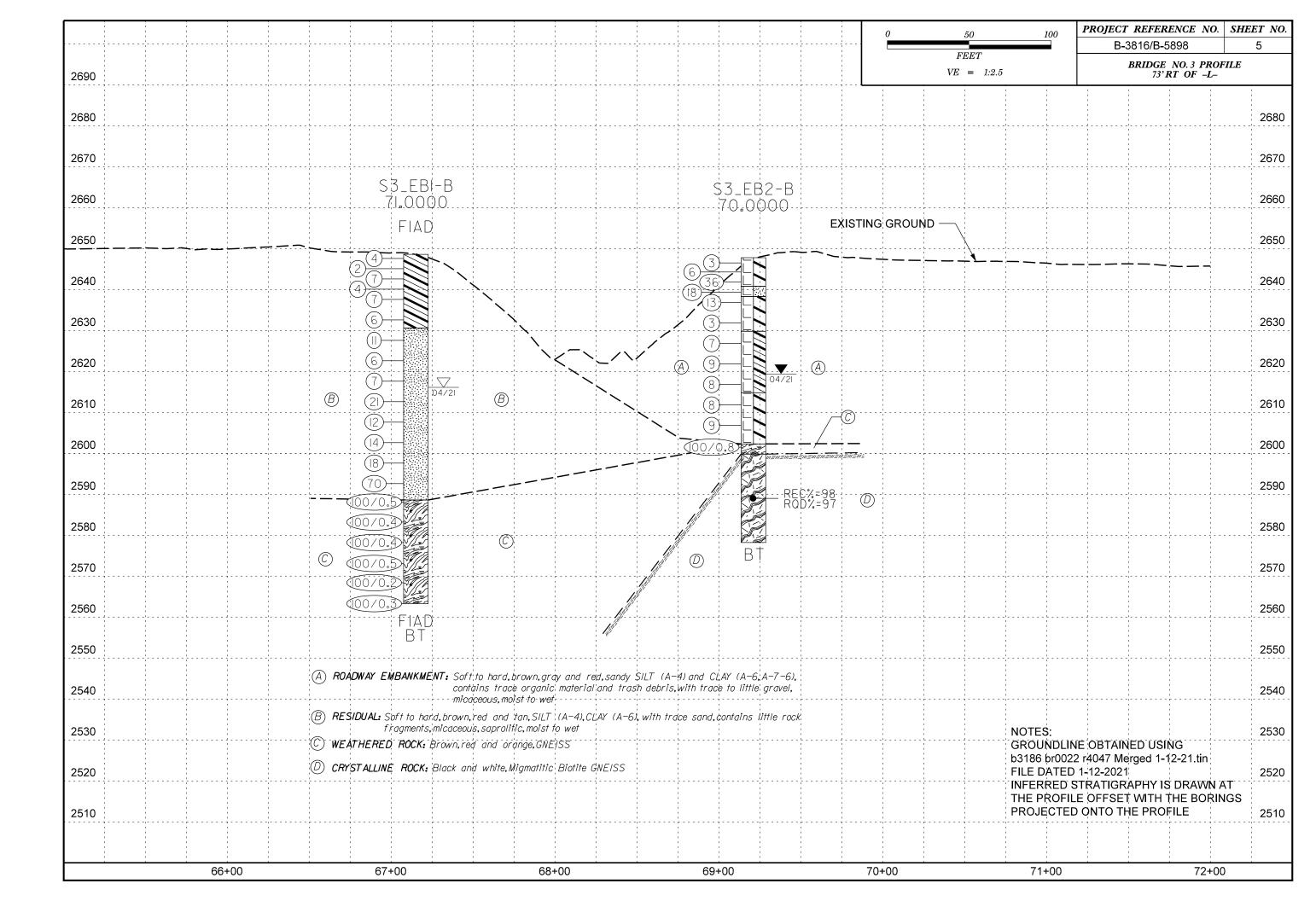
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

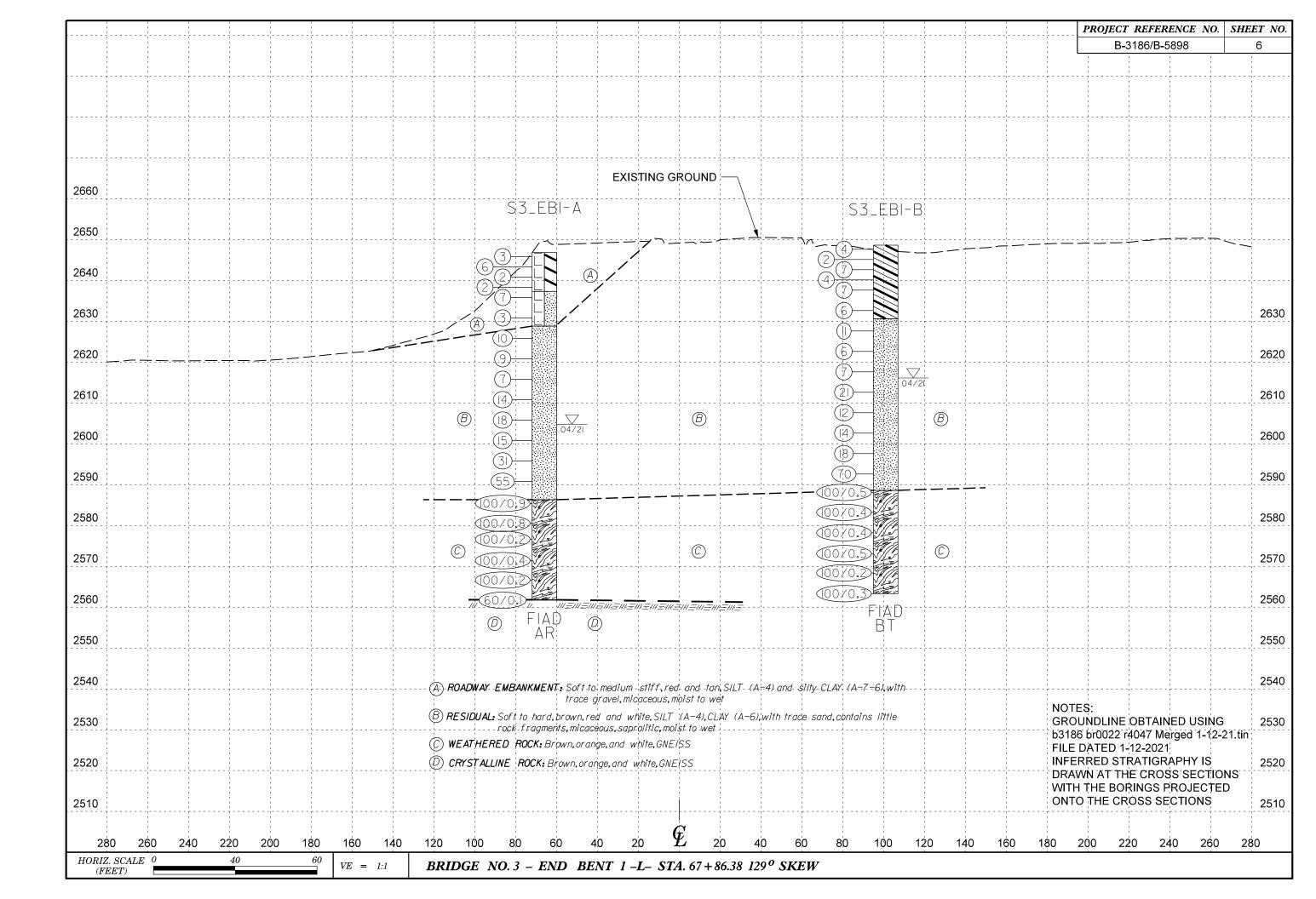
SUPPLEMENTAL LEGEND, GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) TABLES

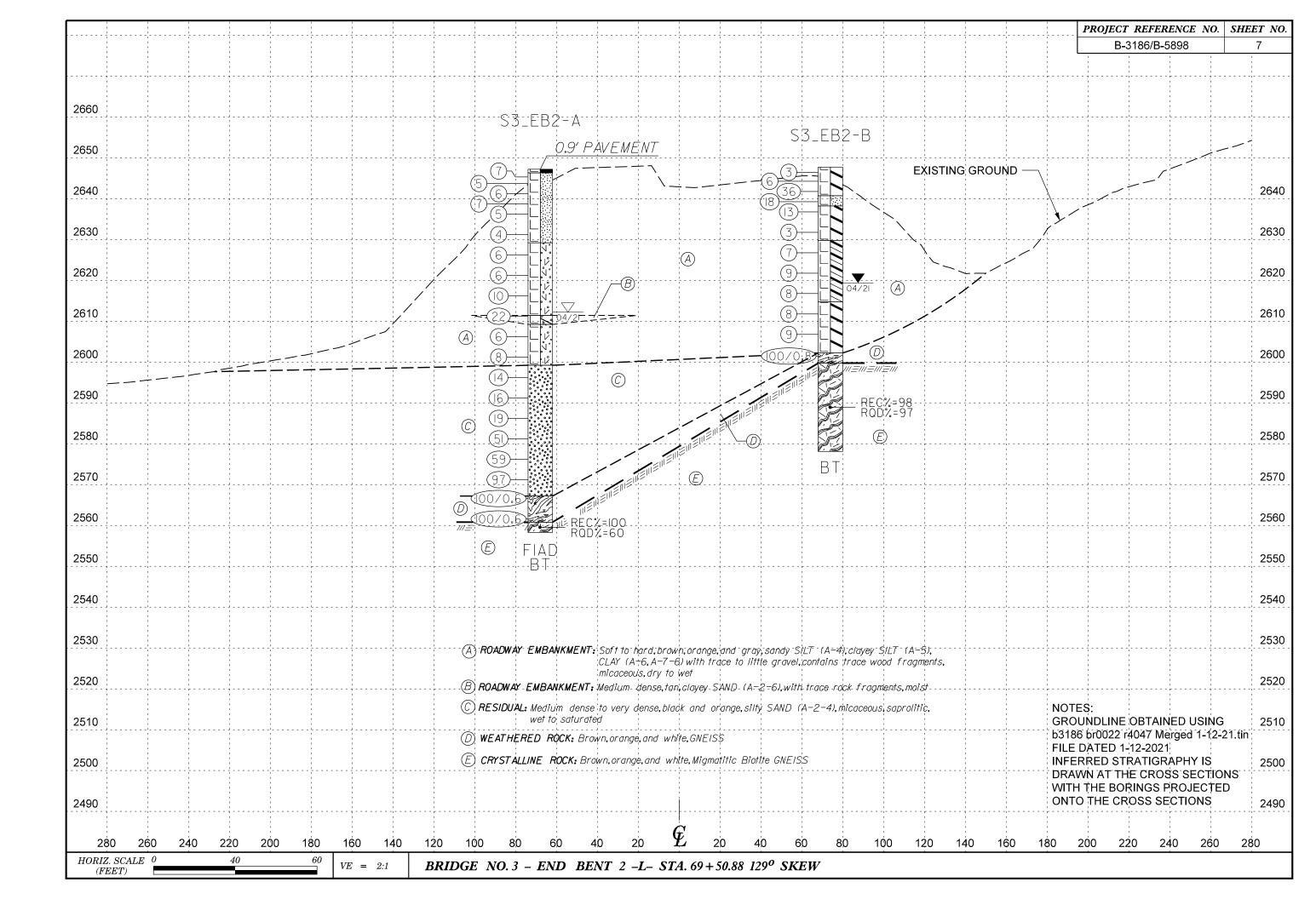
FROM AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-2 — Determination of GSI for Tectonically Deformed Heterogeneous Rock Masses (Marinos and Hoek, 2000) AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-1 — Determination of GSI for Jointed Rock Mass (Marinos and Hoek, 2000) GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) FOR GSI FOR HETEROGENEOUS ROCK MASSES SUCH JOINTED ROCKS (Hoek and Marinos, 2000) AS FLYSCH (Marinos. P and Hoek E., 2000) From a description of the lithology, structure and ,occasionally ses with compact s with angular POOR - Very smooth, slicken-l or highly weathered surfaces soft clay coatings or fillings From the lithology, structure and surface and athered sur or fillings conditions of the discontinuities, estimate the average value of GSI. Do not try to surface conditions (particularly of the bedding planes), choose a box in the chart. Locate the planes) be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than stating that GSI = 35. Note that the table does not position in the box that corresponds to the condition of the discontinuities and estimate the average value of GSI from the contours. Do not attempt to be too apply to structurally controlled failures. Where weak planar structural planes are precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than giving GSI = 35. Note that the slightly present in an unfavorable orientation smooth, c surface fillings highly coating Hoek-Brown criterion does not apply to structurally with respect to the excavation face, these will dominate the rock mass controlled failures. Where unfavourably oriented behaviour. The shear strength of surfaces continuous weak planar discontinuities are present, in rocks that are prone to deterioration slightly es these will dominate the behaviour of the rock mass. Rough, blickensided, houth compact of angular free as a result of changes in moisture content will be reduced if water is The strength of some rock masses is reduced by the 1 0 GOOD rough, presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for present. When working with rocks in the by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair, fair to very poor categories, a shift to th, r poor and very poor conditions. Water pressure does the right may be made for wet conditions. GOOD Rough, s surface VERY | sided with s FAIR -weath VERY Slick with VERY Very VERY Water pressure is dealt with by effective FAIR Smooralter not change the value of GSI and it is dealt with by stress analysis. using effective stress analysis. STRUCTURE DECREASING SURFACE QUALITY COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURE INTACT OR MASSIVE - intact A. Thick bedded, very blocky sandstone 90 rock specimens or massive in 7Ó N/A N/A The effect of pelitic coatings on the bedding situ rock with few widely spaced planes is minimized by the confinement of PIECES discontinuities the rock mass. In shallow tunnels or slopes these bedding planes may cause structurally 80 controlled instability. 60 BLOCKY - well interlocked un-70[′] disturbed rock mass consisting of cubical blocks formed by three D. Siltstone B. Sand-stone wi thin inte intersecting discontinuity sets WWW E. Weak 50 🛭 C. Sand-60 stone and stone with or silty shale siltstone thin inter siltstone with sandor clayey С shale with layers of an similar stone layers VERY BLOCKY - interlocked. amounts sands tone siltstone 40 partially disturbed mass with 50 multi-faceted angular blocks formed by 4 or more joint sets INTERL $C_{\bullet}D_{\bullet}E_{\bullet}$ and G - may be more or F. Tectonically deformed, BLOCKY/DISTURBED/SEAMY -30 less folded than illustrated but intensively folded/faulted, folded with angular blocks this does not change the strength. sheared clayey shale or siltstone formed by many intersecting Tectonic deformation, faulting and with broken and deformed CREASING loss of continuity moves these discontinuity sets. Persistence sandstone layers forming an 30 categories to F and H. of bedding planes or schistosity almost chaotic structure 20 DISINTEGRATED - poorly interlocked, heavily broken rock mass 20 H. Tectonically deformed silty with mixture of angular and or clayey shale with or clayey shale forming a 10 rounded rock pieces or without a few very chaotic structure with pockets thin sandstone layers of clay. Thin layers of sandstone are transformed into small rock pieces 10 LAMINATED/SHEARED - Lack of blockiness due to close spacing N/A N/A → Means deformation after tectonic disturbance of weak schistosity or shear planes

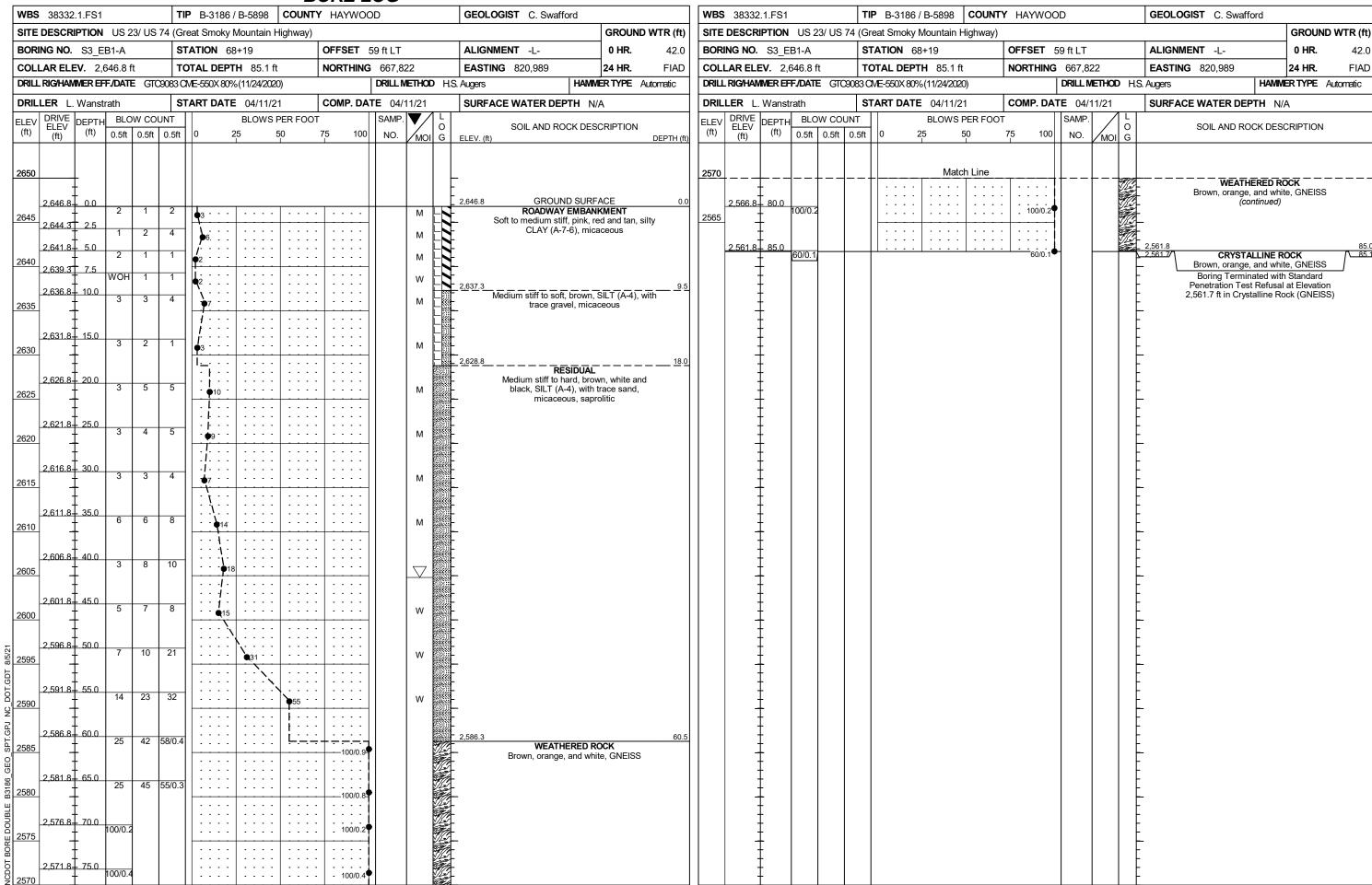






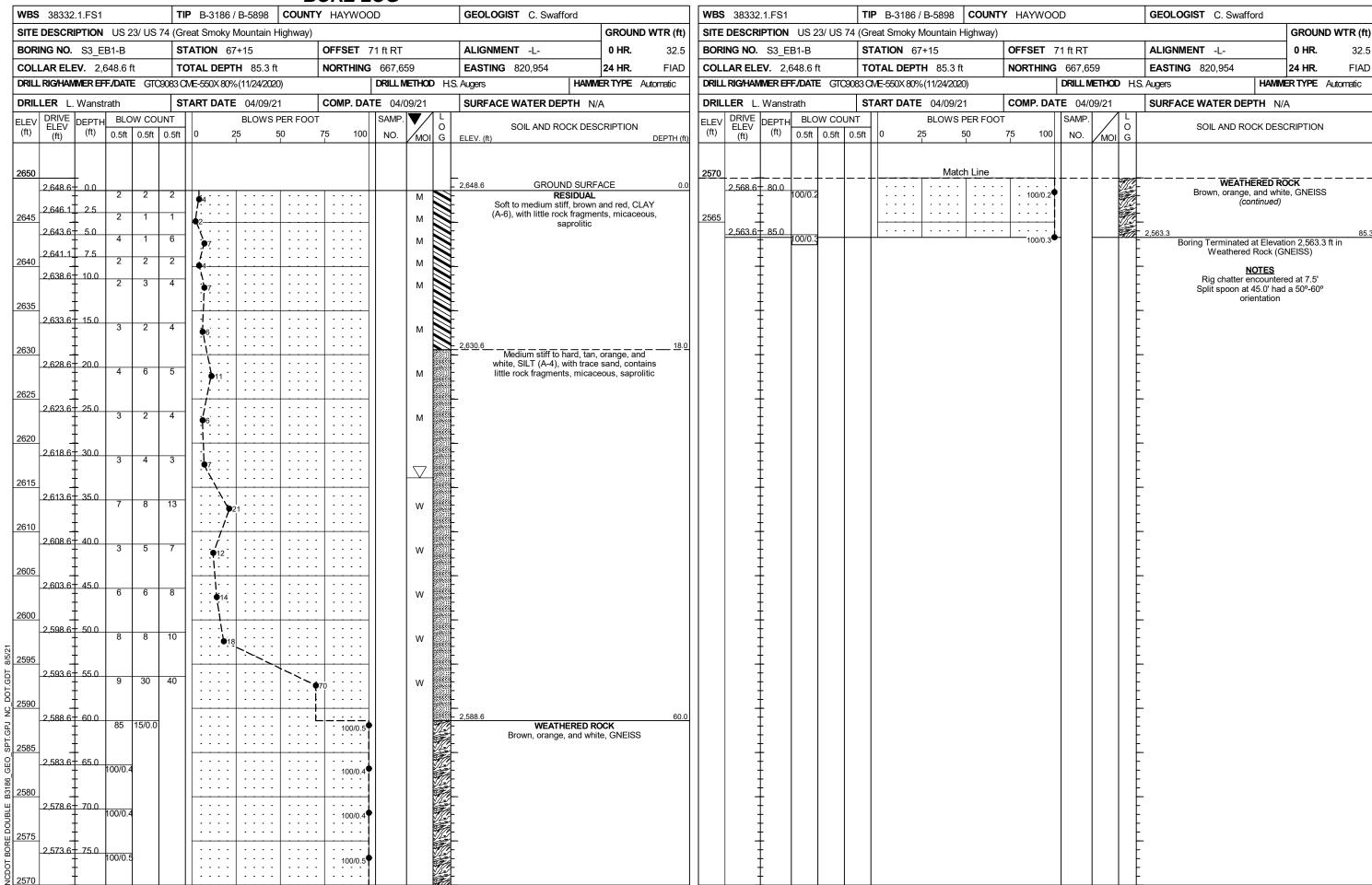


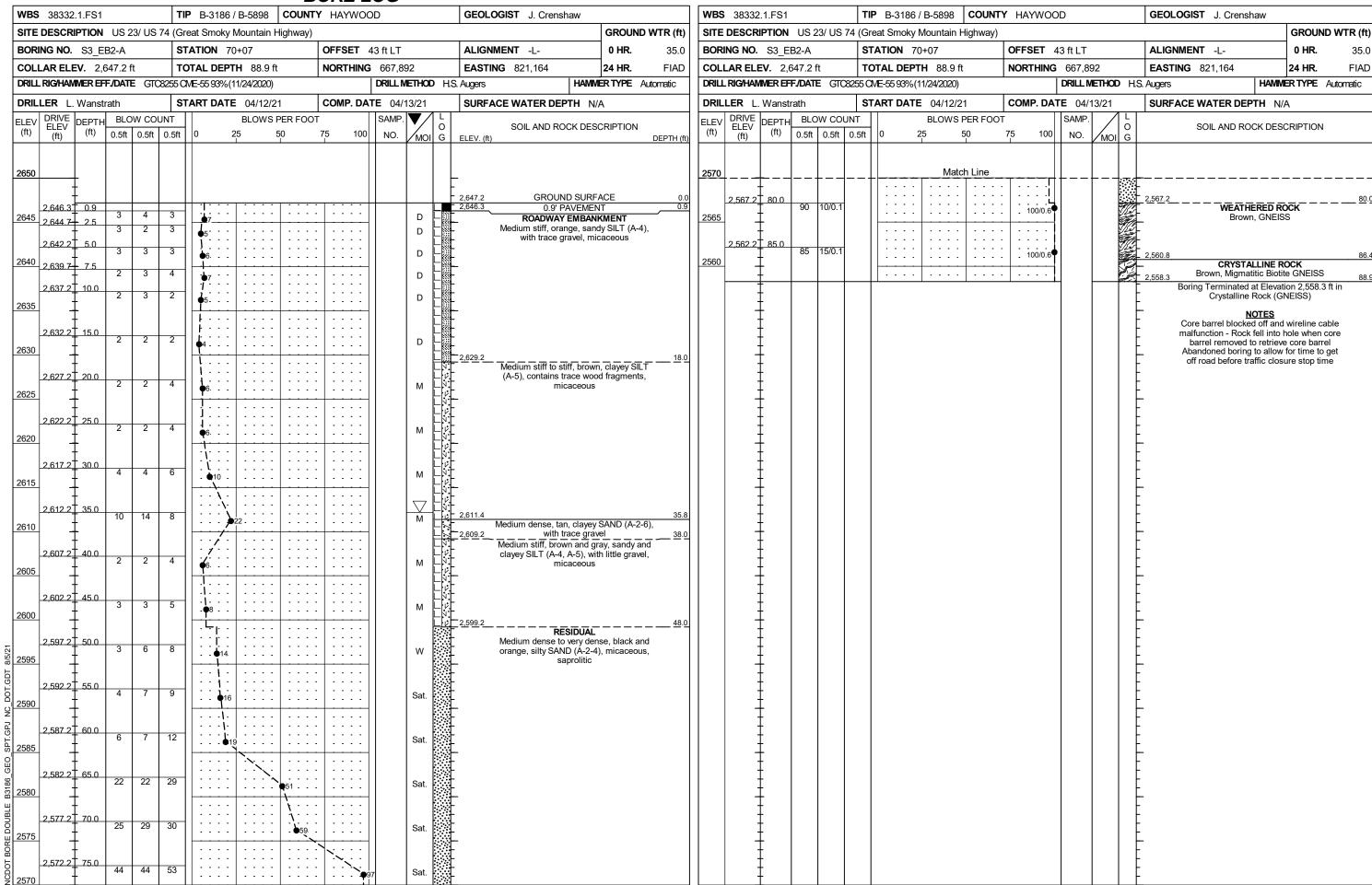




32.5

FIAD





GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT CORE LOG

WBS									C						
	38332	2.1.FS1			TIP	B-318	6 / B-589	8 C	OUNT	Y HAYWO	OD	GEOLOGIST	J. Crenshaw		
SITE	DESCR	IPTION	US 2	23/ US 74	(Great	t Smok	y Mounta	in High	nway)					GROUN	ID WTR (ft)
BORING NO. S3_EB2-A					STA	TION	70+07			OFFSET	43 ft LT	ALIGNMENT	-L-	0 HR.	35.0
COLLAR ELEV. 2,647.2 ft				ft			PTH 88.	9 ft			G 667,892	21,164	24 HR.	FIAD	
DRILL	RIG/HAI	/IMER EF	F./DAT	E GTC825	55 CME	-55 93%	6(11/24/202	20)		l	DRILL METHOD	H.S. Augers	HAMM	ER TYPE	Automatic
DRIL	LER L	. Wansti	rath		STAI	RT DA	TE 04/1:	2/21		COMP. D	ATE 04/13/21	SURFACE WA	ATER DEPTH N/	A	
	E SIZE						V 2.5 ft						<u>:</u>		
ELEV	RUN	DEPTH	RIIN	DRILL	RI	IN	SAMP.	STR	ATA	L					
(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	RATE (Min/ft)	(ft)	RQD (ft) %	NO.	REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %	O G _{ELEV}	(ft)	DESCRIPTION AN			DEPTH (fi
2560.8 2560	2,560. <u>8</u>	86.4	2.5	1:11	(2.5)	(1.5)		(2.5)	(1.5)	2,560	8	Begin Coring (CRYSTALLII	@ 86.4 ft NE ROCK		86.4
	2,558.3			1:56 2:35/0.5	100%	60%		100%	60%	2,560 2,558		tic Biotite GNEISS, mo close fracture		athering, h	nard, 88.9
		ŧ								<u> </u>	Boring Termina	ated at Elevation 2,558	3.3 ft in Crystalline R	ock (GNEI	SS)
											Core barrel block	NOTE Red off and wireline ca en core barrel removec ring to allow for time to stop ti	ES ble malfunction - Ro I to retrieve core bar o get off road before	ock fell into	hole

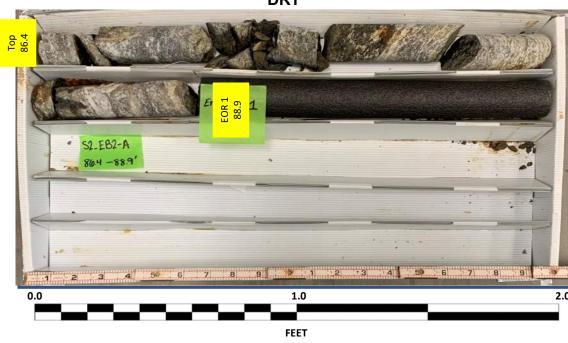
SHEET 11

CORE PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD

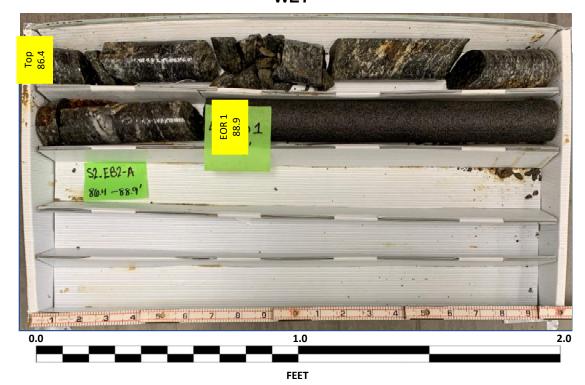
38330.1.FS1 (B-3186/B-5898)

US 23/ US 74 Great Smokey Mountain Highway

S3_EB2-A Box 1 of 1: 86.4 - 88.9 FEET DRY



\$3_EB2-A
Box 1 of 1: 86.4 - 88.9 FEET
WET



							1	ORE																			
-	38332				P B-3186		1	Y HAYWO	OOD		GEOL	OGIST C. Sw	afford	T		WBS 3833				3186 / B-5898 COU		OD		GEOLOGI	ST C. Swaffo		
-				`	reat Smoky		Highway)							GROUND W	` ′				`	moky Mountain Highwa	· ·			_			GROUND WTR (ft)
BOR	ING NO.	S3_EE	32-B	S.	TATION 6	9+21		OFFSET			ALIGI	NMENT -L-		0 HR.	38.0	BORING NO			STATIC	ON 69+21	OFFSET			ALIGNME	NT -L-		0 HR. 38.0
	LAR ELE				OTAL DEP			NORTHIN				ING 821,138		24 HR.	28.4	COLLAR EI				DEPTH 69.6 ft	NORTHING			EASTING	821,138		24 HR. 28.4
DRILL	L RIG/HAN	VIMER EFF	JOATE G	TC9083 C	ME-550X 80%	%(11/24/2020	(0)				H.S. Augers		HAMIN	MERTYPE Auto	matic	DRILL RIG/HA	MMER EFF./D/	ATE GTO		0X 80% (11/24/2020)			ETHOD H.S	S. Augers		HAMMER	RTYPE Automatic
DRIL	LER L.				TART DATI			COMP. D			SURF	ACE WATER D	DEPTH N	/A		DRILLER				DATE 04/09/21	COMP. DA		9/21	SURFACE	WATER DEP	TH N/A	
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH_ (ft)	0.5ft 0.5ft	OUNT ft 0.5ft	0		PER FOO ⁻ 50	T 75 10		MOI	O G ELEV. (ft		ROCK DES	SCRIPTION E	DEPTH (ft)	ELEV DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH B (ft) 0.5	SLOW CO	0.5ft 0	BLOWS PER FC 25 50	75 100	SAMP.	MOI G		SOIL AND RO	CK DESCF	RIPTION
2650	_										-					2570	<u> </u>	_		Match Line					chatter and hard	d drilling er	 ncountered at
	2,647.5	0.3	2 1	2	1					M	2,647.8		UND SURF		0.0		‡							- -		48.0' fusal at 48	.0'
2645	2,645.3	2.5	3 1		Q 3				_	1 1	3	Soft to hard, b trace gravel, con		Y (A-7-6), with debris and root			<u>†</u>							-			
	2,642.8-	5.0			6					M	3		nents, micad				<u> </u>							- -			
	-	+ 1	4 23	13		▶36				М	2,640.8				7.0		<u>†</u>										
2640	2,640.3	ĮΙ	3 9	9		8			+	М	2 630 0	Very stiff, gray, little gra	fine sandy savel and sor	SILT (A-4), with me clay			†						[<u> </u>			
	2,637.8-	10.0	6 7	6				.		M	2,638.3 -	Stiff to soft, bro	own and red	d, CLAY (A-7),	9.5		<u>†</u>						[-			
2635		<u>†</u>			#13°			.		"		with trac	e gravel, mi	icaceous			<u>†</u>						[- -			
	2.632.8-	15.0		1	:/: : :												<u>†</u>						[- -			
	-	1	2 1	2	∮ 3 · · ·					М							<u>†</u>										
2630		<u>†</u>			 				\exists		2,629.8	Medium stiff to	stiff, tan an	id brown, CLAY	18.0		†							<u> </u>			
	2,627.8-	20.0	3 3	4	7					l M			(A-6)				‡							- -			
2625	_	┧ ┃			- T '												<u>†</u>							. =			
	2.622.8-	25.0															<u>†</u>							-			
	-	1	3 4	5	- 9					M							<u>†</u>										
2620		<u>†</u>			 				-								+							<u> </u>			
	2,617.8-	30.0	4 3	5	· j. · ·					M							<u>†</u>							-			
2615	_	ŧ l			. V 8						2,614.8				33.0		<u> </u>							_			
	2,612.8-	35.0										Stiff, green, gra	ay, and brow	vn, CLAY (A-7), erial micaceous			<u>†</u>							-			
	-		3 3	5	:∳8					М	-1		. g	,			<u>†</u>							-			
2610	-	+			 . 			. 	+		}						+							-			
	2,607.8-	40.0	3 5	4	. l			.		l w	3						<u> </u>							<u>.</u>			
2605	_	<u>†</u>			-												<u>†</u>							<u>-</u>			
	2.602.8-	45.0													45.5		Ŧ							-			
	-,002.0	<u> </u>	3 41	59/0.3		 -	- -:		· •	7	2,602.3	WEA	THERED R	ROCK	45.5		<u>†</u>						[-			
2600	-	‡							-{		2,599.8	CRYS	nd brown, G	ROCK	48.0		<u>†</u>							<u>-</u>			
-	-	‡						.				Black and white	, Migmatitic	Biotite GNEISS			‡						[- -			
2595	_	‡							RS-12								‡						[- 			
GDT	-	‡															‡						[-			
DOT 3555		‡															‡						[-			
2590	-	‡							-[]								‡							-			
GPJ	-	‡							i I								‡							- -			
2585	_	┇							<u> </u>								‡							- 			
GEO	-	‡															‡							- -			
186	-	‡															‡							-			
<u>2580</u> щ	-	‡									2.570.0				69.6		‡						[-			
OUBL	-	‡		+			1		1		2,578.2	Boring Terminal					‡						<u> </u>	.			
ÄE DC	-	‡									Ł	•	ine Rock (G	•			‡						<u> </u>	- 			
CDOT BOF		<u> </u>									-	Rig chatter and	NOTES 0.3' Topsoil grinding end r encounter	countered at 5.0	1		‡							- - -			

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT CORE LOG

									<u> </u>	U	KE L	<u>UG</u>							
WBS	38332	2.1.FS1			TIP	B-318	6 / B-589	8 C	OUNT	ΥH	AYWOO	D			GEOLOG	SIST C. S	Swafford		
SITE	DESCR	IPTION	US 2	23/ US 74	(Great	Smok	y Mounta	in High	nway)									GROUN	ID WTR (f
BOR	ING NO.	S3_E	B2-B		STA	ΓΙΟN	69+21			OF	FSET 7	'0 ft RT	-		ALIGNM	ENT -L-		0 HR.	38.
COLLAR ELEV. 2,647.8 ft				TOTAL DEPTH 69.6 ft						+						24 HR.	28.		
DRILL	_RIG/HAI	/IMER EF	F/DAT	E GTC90	83 CME	-550X 8	0%(11/24/2	2020)				DRILL	METHOD	H.S.	Augers		HAM	MER TYPE	Automatic
DRIL	LER L	. Wanst	rath		STAI	RT DA	TE 04/0	9/21		СО	MP. DAT	TE 04	/09/21		SURFAC	E WATER	DEPTH N	N/A	
COR	E SIZE	NQ2			TOTA	AL RUI	1 21.6 ft	t											
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	REC. (ft) %	JN RQD (ft) %	SAMP. NO.	STR REC. (ft) %	RATA RQD (ft) %	L O G	ELEV. (f	t)		DE	ESCRIPTIC	N AND REI	MARKS		DEPTH
2599.8															Begin Co	ring @ 48	.0 ft		
2595	2,599.8 2,598.2 2,593.2	† † †	1.6 5.0	0:30/0.6 1:59 1:49 1:13 1:40 1:32 2:04	(1.2) 75% (5.0) 100%		RS-12	(21.2) 98%	(21.0) 97%		_ 2,599.8 _ _ _ _ _	E	Black and weather	ing, har	CRYS1 Migmatition d to very had 0.4 Epidote alo RS-1	ALLINE RO Biotite GNI	OCK EISS, fresh to wide fractur	o very slight re spacing;	48
2590	2,588.2	59.6	5.0	1:37 1:41 1:50 1:52 2:08 1:58	(5.0) 100% (5.0)	(5.0) 100% (5.0)					- - - -					= 11,009 psi	i		
2585	2,583.2	64.6	5.0	1:36 2:08 1:59 2:29 1:46	(5.0)	(4.8)					- - - -								
2580	2,578.2	69.6		1:39 1:52 1:57 1:54	100%	96%						Borin	ng Termi	inated a	t Elevation	2,578.2 ft ir	n Crystalline	Rock (GNE	69 SS)
	-												Ri	F	0. atter and gr Rig chatter er and hard	encountered	ountered at		
	-	+ + + + + + + + + + +									- - - - - - - - -								

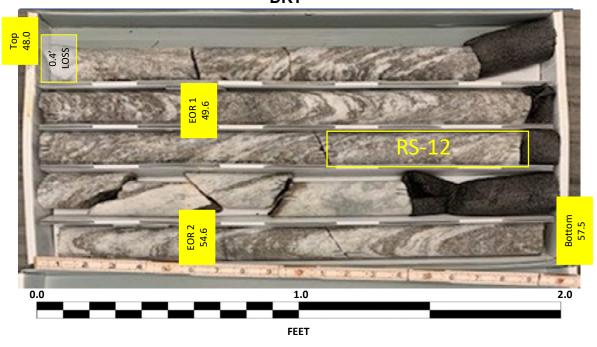
SHEET 14

CORE PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD

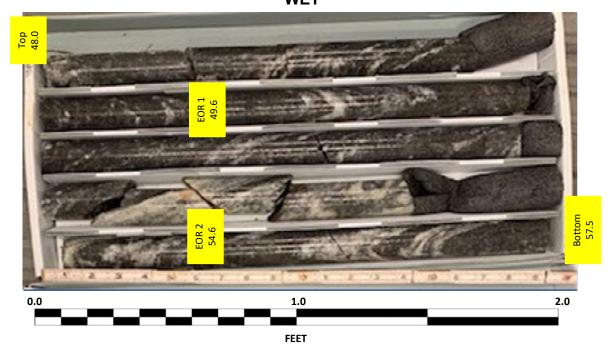
38330.1.FS1 (B-3186/B-5898)

US 23/ US 74 Great Smokey Mountain Highway

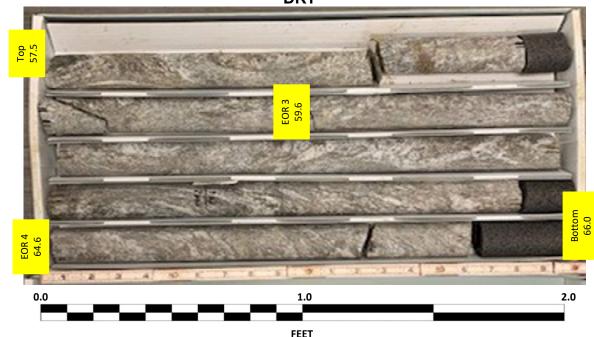
S3_EB2-B Box 1 of 3: 48.0 - 57.5 FEET DRY



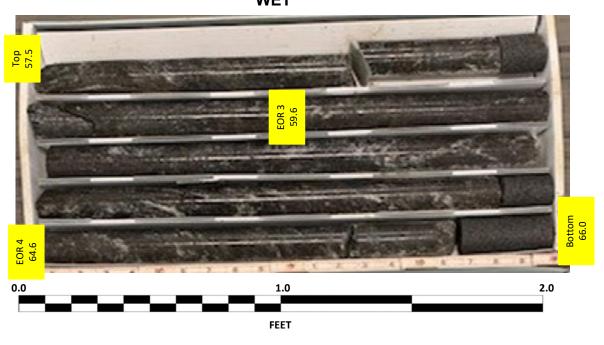
S3_EB2-B Box 1 of 3: 48.0 - 57.5 FEET WET



S3_EB2-B Box 2 of 3: 57.5 - 66.0 FEET DRY



S3_EB2-B Box 2 of 3: 57.5 - 66.0 FEET WET



CORE PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD

38330.1.FS1 (B-3186/B-5898)

US 23/ US 74 Great Smokey Mountain Highway

S3_EB2-B Box 3 of 3: 66.0 - 69.6 FEET DRY



S3_EB2-B Box 3 of 3: 66.0 - 69.6 FEET WET





REPORT ON SAMPLES OF: Rock For Quality

B-3186 / B-5898 PROJECT: DATE SAMPLED:

05/11/2021

SAMPLED FROM: Test Borings HDR SUBMITTED BY:

COUNTY: Haywood

RECEIVED: 5/11/2021

5/12/2021 REPORTED: BY / CERT NO: Kevin E. Walker

BORING NO	SAMPLE	DEPTH (FT)	ROCK TYPE	LENGTH (IN)	DIAMETER (IN)	UNIT WEIGHT (PCF)	UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (PSI)
S3_EB2-B	RS-12	52.1-52.8	Biotite Gneiss	4.13	1.86	179.10	11,009