

REFERENCE: B-3186/B-5898

PROJECT: 38332/48030

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	B-3186/B-5898	1	17

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STRUCTURE
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY HAYWOOD
PROJECT DESCRIPTION US 23/US 74/US 19 (GREAT SMOKY MOUNTAIN HWY) FROM WEST OF NC 209 (CRABTREE RD.) TO EAST OF RUSS AVE.
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 168 ON -YIRT- (US 19) OVER -L-, -L LT- AND -L RT- (US 74 /US 23) BETWEEN US 276 AND NC 209

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (919) 707-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

- NOTES:
1. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.
 2. BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

PERSONNEL

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DRAWN BY T. LYNN

CHECKED BY K. BUSSEY

SUBMITTED BY HDR

DATE NOVEMBER 2021



SIGNATURE _____ DATE _____

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION
 SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM D1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE, *VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6*

SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION

GENERAL CLASS.	GRANULAR MATERIALS (≤ 35% PASSING #200)							SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (> 35% PASSING #200)							ORGANIC MATERIALS				
	A-1	A-1-b	A-2	A-2-4	A-2-5	A-2-6	A-2-7	A-4	A-5	A-6	A-7	A-1, A-2	A-3	A-4, A-5	A-6, A-7				
GROUP CLASS.	A-1-a	A-1-b	A-2-4	A-2-5	A-2-6	A-2-7		A-4	A-5	A-6	A-7	A-1, A-2	A-3	A-4, A-5	A-6, A-7				
SYMBOL																			
% PASSING #10 #40 #200	50 MX 30 MX 15 MX	50 MX 25 MX	51 MN 10 MX	35 MX	35 MX	35 MX	35 MX	36 MN	36 MN	36 MN	36 MN	36 MN	36 MN						
MATERIAL PASSING #40 LL PI	- 6 MX	- NP	40 MX 10 MX	41 MN 10 MX	40 MX 11 MN	41 MN 11 MN	40 MX 11 MN	41 MN 11 MN	40 MX 11 MN	41 MN 11 MN									
GROUP INDEX	0	0	0	4 MX	8 MX	12 MX	16 MX	NO MX											
USUAL TYPES OF MAJOR MATERIALS	STONE FRAGS. GRAVEL, AND SAND	FINE SAND	SILTY OR CLAYEY GRAVEL AND SAND	SILTY SOILS	CLAYEY SOILS														
GEN. RATING AS SUBGRADE	EXCELLENT TO GOOD							FAIR TO POOR				FAIR TO POOR	POOR	UNSATURABLE					

PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30

CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS

PRIMARY SOIL TYPE	COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY	RANGE OF STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE (N-VALUE)	RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/FT ²)
GENERALLY GRANULAR MATERIAL (NON-COESIVE)	VERY LOOSE LOOSE MEDIUM DENSE DENSE VERY DENSE	< 4 4 TO 10 10 TO 30 30 TO 50 > 50	N/A
GENERALLY SILT-CLAY MATERIAL (COESIVE)	VERY SOFT SOFT MEDIUM STIFF STIFF VERY STIFF HARD	< 2 2 TO 4 4 TO 8 8 TO 15 15 TO 30 > 30	< 0.25 0.25 TO 0.5 0.5 TO 1.0 1 TO 2 2 TO 4 > 4

TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE

U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (MM)	4	10	40	60	200	270
	4.76	2.00	0.42	0.25	0.075	0.053
BOULDER (BLDR.)						
COBBLE (COB.)						
GRAVEL (GR.)						
COARSE SAND (CSE. SD.)						
FINE SAND (F SD.)						
SILT (SL.)						
CLAY (CL.)						

GRAIN SIZE MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005
 IN. 12 3

SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS

SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS)	FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION
LL - LIQUID LIMIT	- SATURATED - (SAT.)	USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE
PL - PLASTIC LIMIT	- WET - (W)	SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE
OM - OPTIMUM MOISTURE SHRINKAGE LIMIT	- MOIST - (M)	SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE
SL - SHRINKAGE LIMIT	- DRY - (D)	REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE

PLASTICITY

NON PLASTIC	PLASTICITY INDEX (PI)	DRY STRENGTH
SLIGHTLY PLASTIC	0-5	VERY LOW
MODERATELY PLASTIC	6-15	SLIGHT
HIGHLY PLASTIC	16-25	MEDIUM
	26 OR MORE	HIGH

COLOR

DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-BROWN). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.

GRADATION

WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE.
 UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE.
 GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.

ANGULARITY OF GRAINS

THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.

MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION

MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.

COMPRESSIBILITY

SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE	LL < 31
MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE	LL = 31 - 50
HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE	LL > 50

PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL

ORGANIC MATERIAL	GRANULAR SOILS	SILT - CLAY SOILS	OTHER MATERIAL
TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER	2 - 3%	3 - 5%	TRACE 1 - 10%
LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER	3 - 5%	5 - 12%	LITTLE 10 - 20%
MODERATELY ORGANIC	5 - 10%	12 - 20%	SOME 20 - 35%
HIGHLY ORGANIC	> 10%	> 20%	HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE

GROUND WATER

WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING

STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS

PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA

SPRING OR SEEP

MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS

RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS

ABBREVIATIONS

AR - AUGER REFUSAL	MED. - MEDIUM	VST - VANE SHEAR TEST
BT - BORING TERMINATED	MICA - MICACEOUS	WEA. - WEATHERED
CL - CLAY	MOD. - MODERATELY	U - UNIT WEIGHT
CPT - COARSE PENETRATION TEST	NP - NON PLASTIC	D - DRY UNIT WEIGHT
CSE. - COARSE	ORG. - ORGANIC	
DMT - DILATOMETER TEST	PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST	
DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST	SAP. - SAPROLITIC	
e - VOID RATIO	SD. - SAND, SANDY	
F - FINE	SL. - SILT, SILTY	
FOSS. - FOSSILIFEROUS	SLI. - SLIGHTLY	
FRAC. - FRACTURED, FRACTURES	TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL	
FRAGS. - FRAGMENTS	w - MOISTURE CONTENT	
HI. - HIGHLY	V - VERY	

EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT

DRILL UNITS:	ADVANCING TOOLS:	HAMMER TYPE:
<input type="checkbox"/> CME-45C	<input type="checkbox"/> CLAY BITS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AUTOMATIC <input type="checkbox"/> MANUAL
<input type="checkbox"/> CME-55	<input type="checkbox"/> 6" CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER	CORE SIZE:
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CME-550X	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8" HOLLOW AUGERS	<input type="checkbox"/> -B <input type="checkbox"/> -H
<input type="checkbox"/> VANE SHEAR TEST	<input type="checkbox"/> HARD FACED FINGER BITS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> -N Q2
<input type="checkbox"/> PORTABLE HOIST	<input type="checkbox"/> TUNG-CARBIDE INSERTS	HAND TOOLS:
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CME-75	<input type="checkbox"/> CASING <input type="checkbox"/> W/ ADVANCER	<input type="checkbox"/> POST HOLE DIGGER
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE *STEEL TEETH	<input type="checkbox"/> HAND AUGER
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE *TUNG-CARB.	<input type="checkbox"/> SOUNDING ROD
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CORE BIT	<input type="checkbox"/> VANE SHEAR TEST
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MUD ROTARY	

ROCK DESCRIPTION

HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:

WEATHERED ROCK (WR)		NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.
CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR)		FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.
NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR)		FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.
COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK (CP)		COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC.

WEATHERING

FRESH	ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.
VERY SLIGHT (V SLI.)	ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN. CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.
SLIGHT (SLI.)	ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.
MODERATE (MOD.)	SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.
MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.)	ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL</i>
SEVERE (SEV.)	ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF</i>
VERY SEVERE (V SEV.)	ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF</i>
COMPLETE	ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.

ROCK HARDNESS

VERY HARD	CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.
HARD	CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.
MODERATELY HARD	CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.
MEDIUM HARD	CAN BE GROUDED OR GOUGED 0.25 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PIECES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.
SOFT	CAN BE GROUDED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.
VERY SOFT	CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGER NAIL.

FRACTURE SPACING		BEDDING	
TERM	SPACING	TERM	THICKNESS
VERY WIDE	MORE THAN 10 FEET	VERY THICKLY BEDDED	4 FEET
WIDE	3 TO 10 FEET	THICKLY BEDDED	1.5 - 4 FEET
MODERATELY CLOSE	1 TO 3 FEET	THINLY BEDDED	0.16 - 1.5 FEET
CLOSE	0.16 TO 1 FOOT	VERY THINLY BEDDED	0.03 - 0.16 FEET
VERY CLOSE	LESS THAN 0.16 FEET	THICKLY LAMINATED	0.008 - 0.03 FEET
		THINLY LAMINATED	< 0.008 FEET

INDURATION

FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.

FRIABLE	RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.
MODERATELY INDURATED	GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.
INDURATED	GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.
EXTREMELY INDURATED	SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.

TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.

AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.

ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.

ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.

ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.

CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.

COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.

CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.

DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.

DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.

FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.

FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.

FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLOADED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.

FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.

FORMATION (FM) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.

JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.

LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.

LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.

MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.

PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.

RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.

ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.

SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.

SLICKENISE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.

STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.

STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.

BENCH MARK: N/A

ELEVATION: FEET

NOTES:
 BORING ELEVATIONS OBTAINED FROM GPS UNIT
 FIAD - FILLED IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING

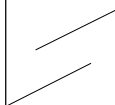
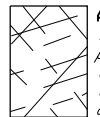
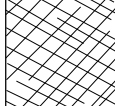
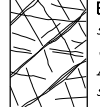

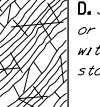
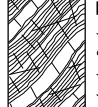
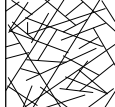



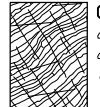


**NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT**

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

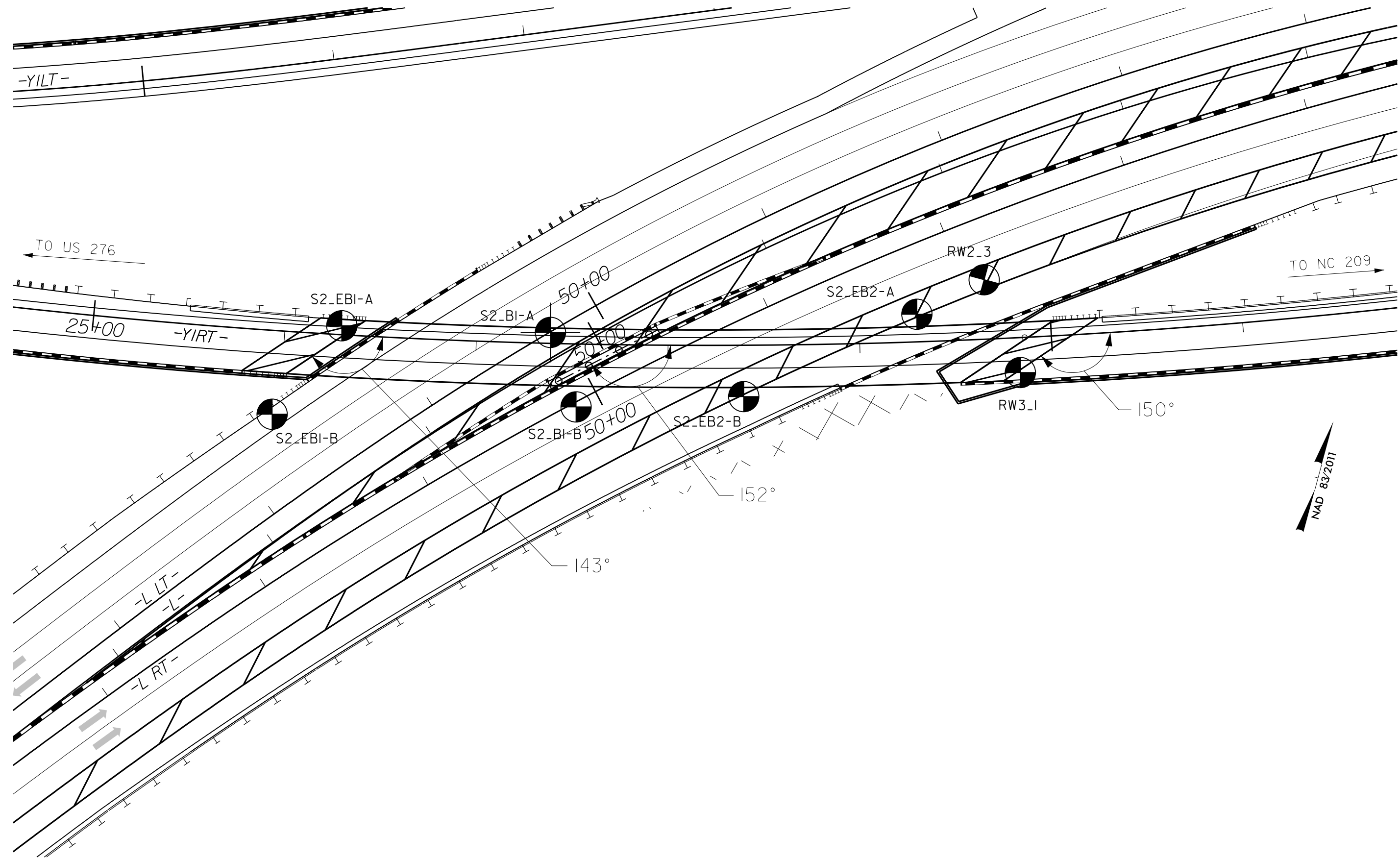
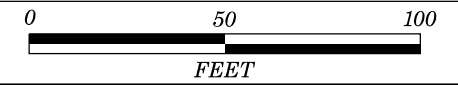
**SUPPLEMENTAL LEGEND, GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) TABLES
FROM AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS**

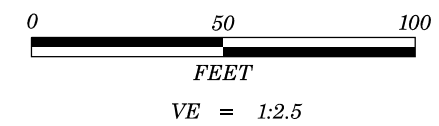
AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-1 — Determination of GSI for Jointed Rock Mass (Marinos and Hoek, 2000)

AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-2 — Determination of GSI for Tectonically Deformed Heterogeneous Rock Masses (Marinos and Hoek, 2000)

GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) FOR JOINTED ROCKS (Hoek and Marinos, 2000)	SURFACE CONDITIONS					GSI FOR HETEROGENEOUS ROCK MASSES SUCH AS FLYSCH (Marinos, P and Hoek E., 2000)	SURFACE CONDITIONS OF DISCONTINUITIES (Predominantly bedding planes)				
<p>From the lithology, structure and surface conditions of the discontinuities, estimate the average value of GSI. Do not try to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than stating that GSI = 35. Note that the table does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where weak planar structural planes are present in an unfavorable orientation with respect to the excavation face, these will dominate the rock mass behaviour. The shear strength of surfaces in rocks that are prone to deterioration as a result of changes in moisture content will be reduced if water is present. When working with rocks in the fair to very poor categories, a shift to the right may be made for wet conditions. Water pressure is dealt with by effective stress analysis.</p>	VERY GOOD Very rough, fresh unweathered surfaces	GOOD Rough, slightly weathered, iron stained surfaces	FAIR Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces	POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with compact coatings or fillings or angular fragments	VERY POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings	<p>From a description of the lithology, structure and surface conditions (particularly of the bedding planes), choose a box in the chart. Locate the position in the box that corresponds to the condition of the discontinuities and estimate the average value of GSI from the contours. Do not attempt to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than giving GSI = 35. Note that the Hoek-Brown criterion does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where unfavourably oriented continuous weak planar discontinuities are present, these will dominate the behaviour of the rock mass. The strength of some rock masses is reduced by the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair, poor and very poor conditions. Water pressure does not change the value of GSI and it is dealt with by using effective stress analysis.</p>	VERY GOOD - Very Rough, fresh unweathered surfaces	GOOD - Rough, slightly weathered surfaces	FAIR - Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces	POOR - Very smooth, occasionally slickensided surfaces with compact coatings or fillings with angular fragments	VERY POOR - Very smooth, slickensided or highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings
	STRUCTURE	DECREASING SURFACE QUALITY →					COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURE				
 INTACT OR MASSIVE - intact rock specimens or massive in situ rock with few widely spaced discontinuities	90			N/A	N/A	 A. Thick bedded, very blocky sandstone. The effect of pelitic coatings on the bedding planes is minimized by the confinement of the rock mass. In shallow tunnels or slopes these bedding planes may cause structurally controlled instability.	70				
 BLOCKY - well interlocked undisturbed rock mass consisting of cubical blocks formed by three intersecting discontinuity sets	80	70				 B. Sandstone with thin inter-layers of siltstone  C. Sandstone and siltstone in similar amounts  D. Siltstone or silty shale with sandstone layers  E. Weak siltstone or clayey shale with sandstone layers	60	50			
 VERY BLOCKY - interlocked, partially disturbed mass with multi-faceted angular blocks formed by 4 or more joint sets		60	50			 F. Tectonically deformed, intensively folded/faulted, sheared clayey shale or siltstone with broken and deformed sandstone layers forming an almost chaotic structure	50	40	30		
 BLOCKY/DISTURBED/SEAMY - folded with angular blocks formed by many intersecting discontinuity sets. Persistence of bedding planes or schistosity			40	30	C, D, E, and G - may be more or less folded than illustrated but this does not change the strength. Tectonic deformation, faulting and loss of continuity moves these categories to F and H .		40	30	20		
 DISINTEGRATED - poorly interlocked, heavily broken rock mass with mixture of angular and rounded rock pieces				20		 G. Undisturbed silty or clayey shale with or without a few very thin sandstone layers  H. Tectonically deformed silty or clayey shale forming a chaotic structure with pockets of clay. Thin layers of sandstone are transformed into small rock pieces.			10		
 LAMINATED/SHEARED - Lack of blockiness due to close spacing of weak schistosity or shear planes	N/A	N/A			→ Means deformation after tectonic disturbance						

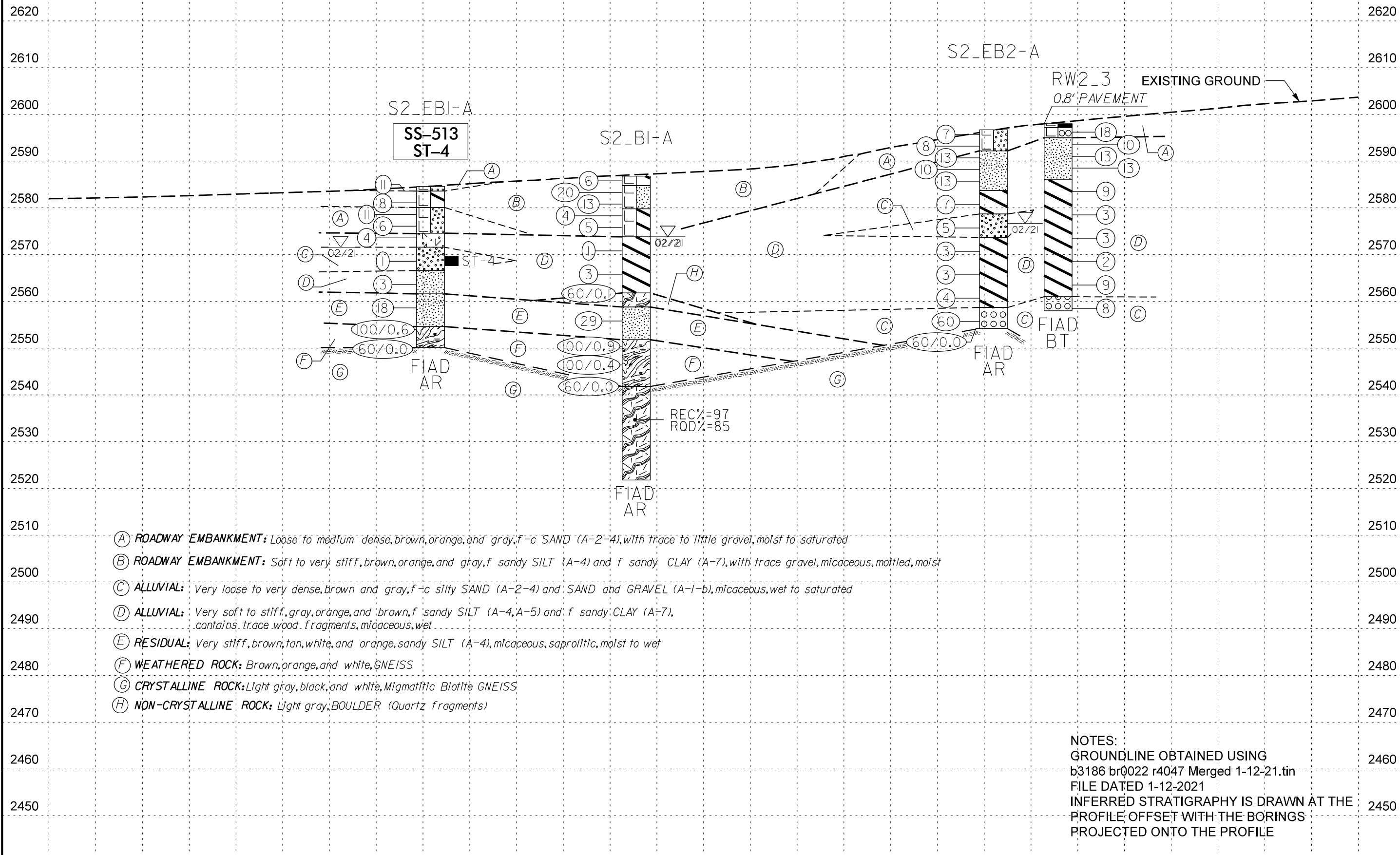
SITE PLAN





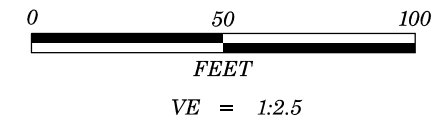
SOIL TEST RESULTS

SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			% MOISTURE	% ORGANIC
							C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200		
SS-513	5' LT	26+29	10.0' - 11.5'	A-5 (9)	48	10	4.1	32.5	49.9	13.5	100.0	98.0	74.1	51	-
ST-4	5' LT	26+29	15.0' - 17.0'	A-2-4	27	6	41.2	30.8	7.0	21.0	94.4	66.3	31.2	28	-



- (A) ROADWAY EMBANKMENT: Loose to medium dense, brown, orange, and gray, f-c SAND (A-2-4), with trace to little gravel, moist to saturated
- (B) ROADWAY EMBANKMENT: Soft to very stiff, brown, orange, and gray, f sandy SILT (A-4) and f sandy CLAY (A-7), with trace gravel, micaceous, mottled, moist
- (C) ALLUVIAL: Very loose to very dense, brown and gray, f-c silty SAND (A-2-4) and SAND and GRAVEL (A-1-b), micaceous, wet to saturated
- (D) ALLUVIAL: Very soft to stiff, gray, orange, and brown, f sandy SILT (A-4, A-5) and f sandy CLAY (A-7), contains trace wood fragments, micaceous, wet
- (E) RESIDUAL: Very stiff, brown, tan, white, and orange, sandy SILT (A-4), micaceous, saprolitic, moist to wet
- (F) WEATHERED ROCK: Brown, orange, and white, GNEISS
- (G) CRYSTALLINE ROCK: Light gray, black, and white, Migmatitic Blotite GNEISS
- (H) NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK: Light gray, BOULDER (Quartz fragments)

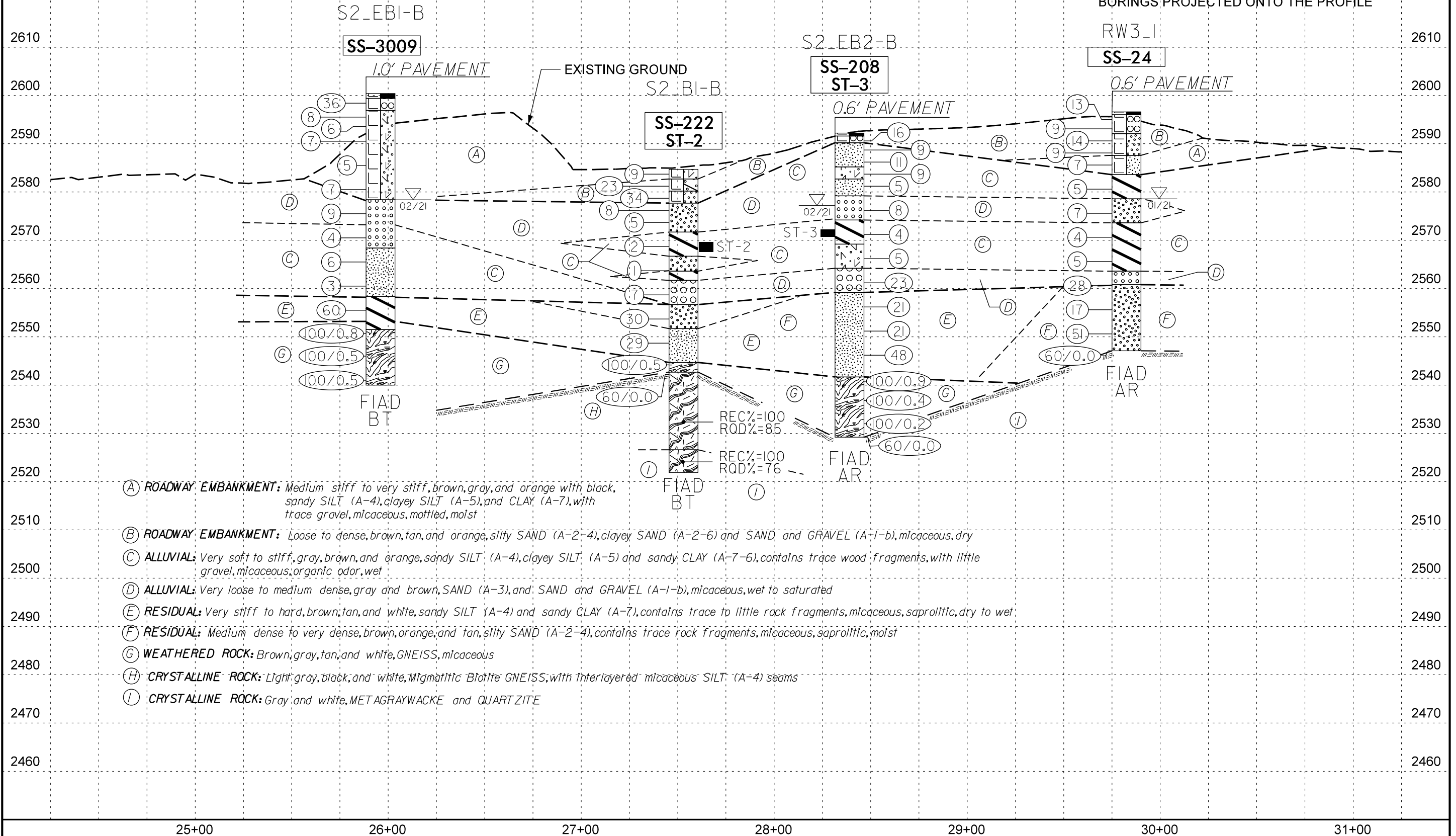
NOTES:
GROUNDLINE OBTAINED USING
b3186 br0022 r4047 Merged 1-12-21.tin
FILE DATED 1-12-2021
INFERRED STRATIGRAPHY IS DRAWN AT THE
PROFILE OFFSET WITH THE BORINGS
PROJECTED ONTO THE PROFILE



SOIL TEST RESULTS

SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			% MOISTURE	% ORGANIC
							C. SAND	F. SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200		
SS-3009	44' RT	25+96	38.9' - 40.4'	A-4	37	8	26.8	36.0	25.4	11.8	86.6	72.3	36.7	43	-
SS-222	33' RT	27+53	15.0' - 16.5'	A-5 (13)	51	10	1.1	21.2	59.5	18.2	100.0	99.5	85.8	62	-
ST-2	33' RT	27+53	15.0' - 17.0'	A-7-5 (16)	57	11	1.3	14.3	66.8	17.6	100.0	99.6	87.3	68	-
SS-208	27' RT	28+39	20.0' - 21.5'	A-7-5 (29)	77	21	2.5	13.1	70.9	13.5	100.0	98.9	89.2	73	-
ST-3	27' RT	28+39	20.0' - 21.5'	A-4	NP	NP	6.7	33.0	38.9	21.4	100	97.2	69.0	46	-
SS-24	7' LT	29+84	15.0' - 16.1'	A-7-6 (11)	47	23	20.8	20.5	23.6	35.1	92.0	79.1	58.5	26	-

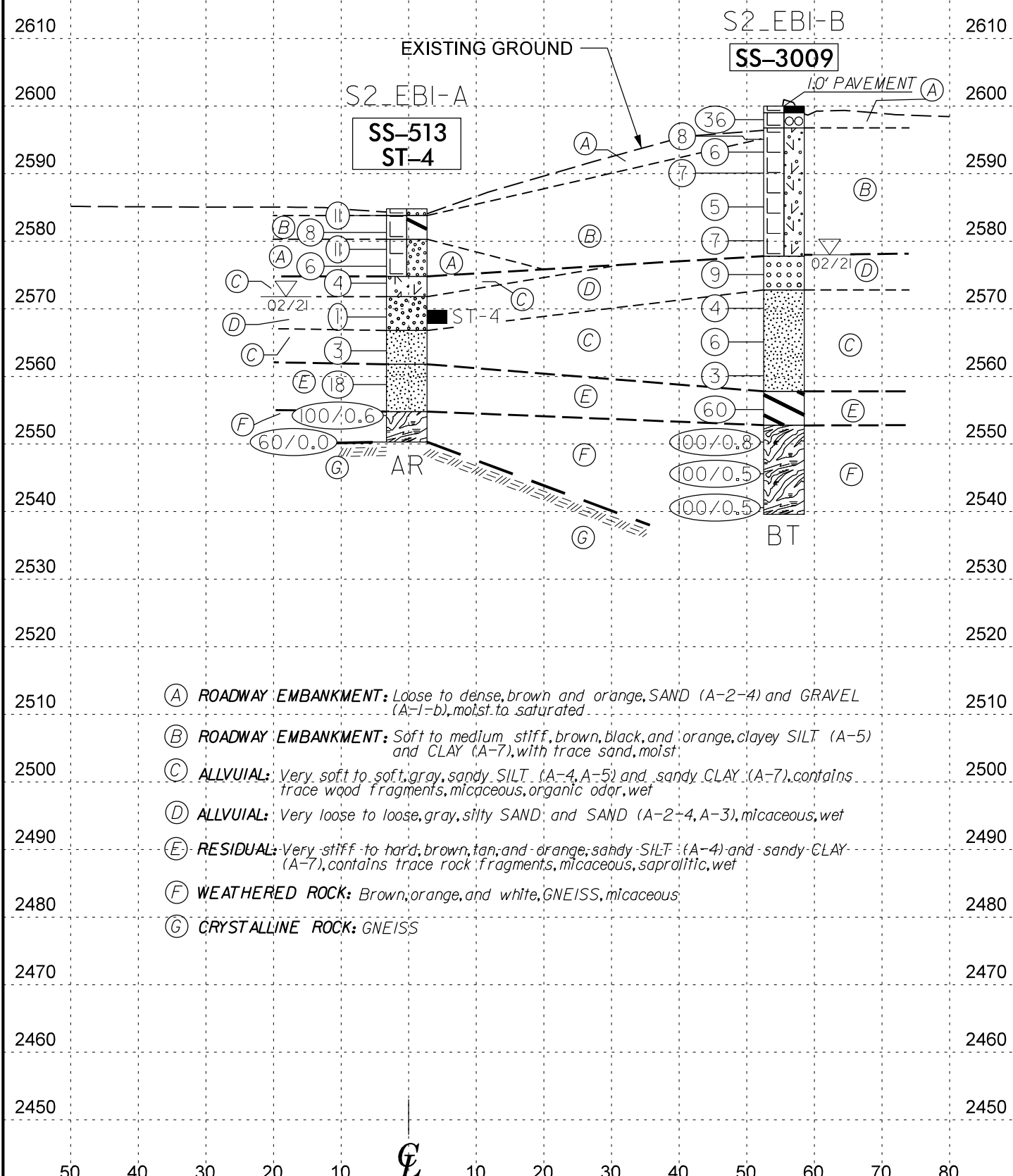
NOTES:
GROUNDLINE OBTAINED USING b3186 br0022
r4047 Merged 1-12-21.tin FILE DATED
1-12-2021. INFERRED STRATIGRAPHY IS
DRAWN AT THE PROFILE OFFSET WITH THE
BORINGS PROJECTED ONTO THE PROFILE



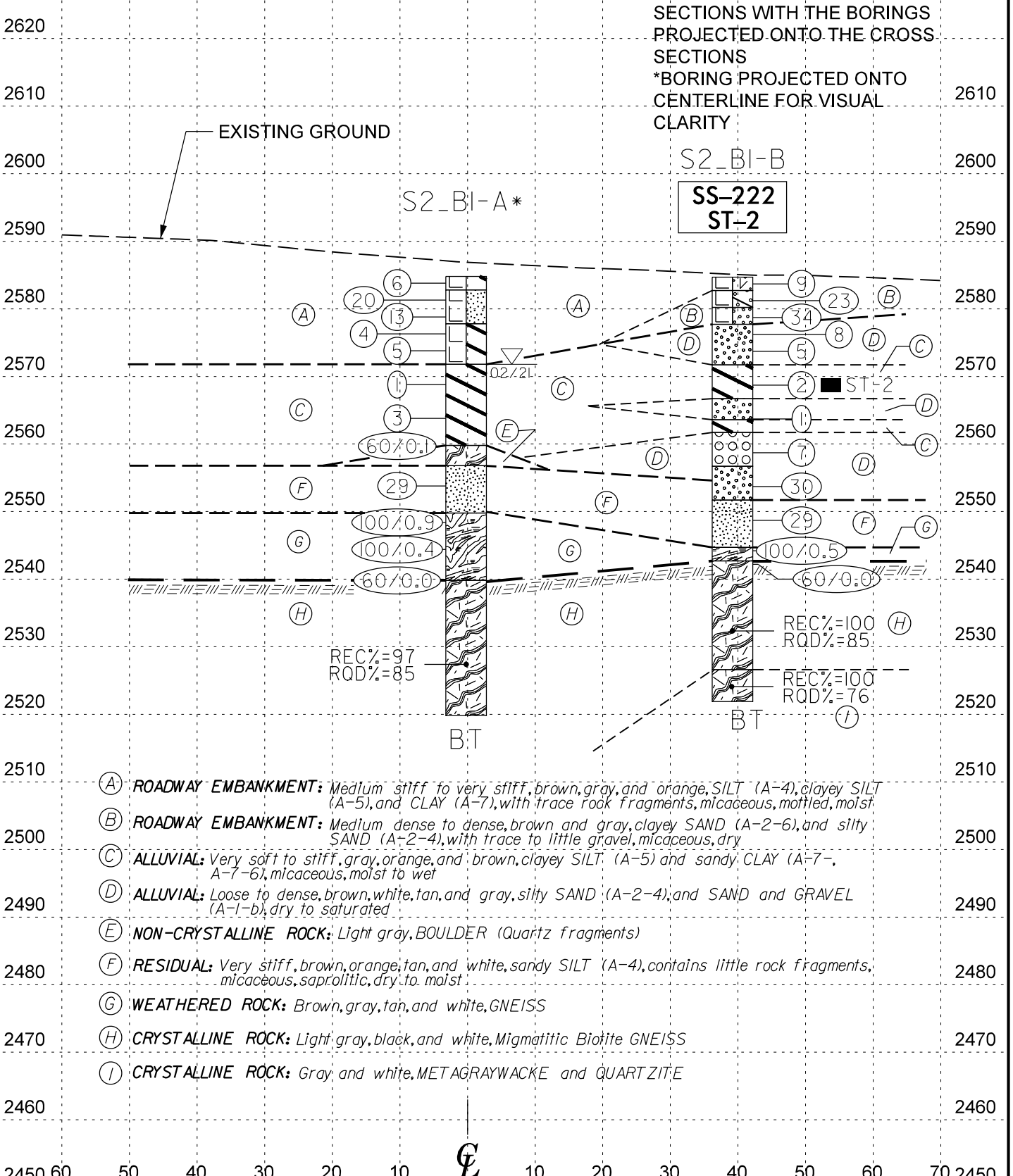
- (A) ROADWAY EMBANKMENT: Medium stiff to very stiff, brown, gray, and orange with black, sandy SILT (A-4), clayey SILT (A-5), and CLAY (A-7), with trace gravel, micaceous, mottled, moist
- (B) ROADWAY EMBANKMENT: Loose to dense, brown, tan, and orange, silty SAND (A-2-4), clayey SAND (A-2-6) and SAND and GRAVEL (A-1-b), micaceous, dry
- (C) ALLUVIAL: Very soft to stiff, gray, brown, and orange, sandy SILT (A-4), clayey SILT (A-5) and sandy CLAY (A-7-6), contains trace wood fragments, with little gravel, micaceous, organic odor, wet
- (D) ALLUVIAL: Very loose to medium dense, gray and brown, SAND (A-3), and SAND and GRAVEL (A-1-b), micaceous, wet to saturated
- (E) RESIDUAL: Very stiff to hard, brown, tan, and white, sandy SILT (A-4) and sandy CLAY (A-7), contains trace to little rock fragments, micaceous, saprolitic, dry to wet
- (F) RESIDUAL: Medium dense to very dense, brown, orange, and tan, silty SAND (A-2-4), contains trace rock fragments, micaceous, saprolitic, moist
- (G) WEATHERED ROCK: Brown, gray, tan, and white, GNEISS, micaceous
- (H) CRYSTALLINE ROCK: Light gray, black, and white, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS, with interlayered micaceous SILT (A-4) seams
- (I) CRYSTALLINE ROCK: Gray and white, METAGRAYWACKE and QUARTZITE

SOIL TEST RESULTS															
SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			% MOISTURE	% ORGANIC
							C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200		
SS-513	5' LT	26+29	10.0' - 11.5'	A-5 (9)	48	10	4.1	32.5	49.9	13.5	100.0	98.0	74.1	51	-
ST-4	5' LT	26+29	15.0' - 17.0'	A-2-4	27	6	41.2	30.8	7.0	21.0	94.4	66.3	31.2	28	-
SS-3009	44' RT	25+96	38.9' - 40.4	A-4	37	8	26.8	36.0	25.4	11.8	86.6	72.3	36.7	43	-
SS-222	33' RT	27+53	15.0' - 16.5'	A-5 (13)	51	10	1.1	21.2	59.5	18.2	100.0	99.5	85.8	62	-
ST-2	33' RT	27+53	15.0' - 17.0'	A-7-5 (16)	57	11	1.3	14.3	66.8	17.6	100.0	99.6	87.3	68	-

NOTES:
 GROUNDLINE OBTAINED USING b3186 br0022 r4047 Merged 1-12-21.tin
 FILE DATED 1-12-2021
 INFERRED STRATIGRAPHY IS DRAWN AT THE CROSS SECTIONS WITH THE BORINGS PROJECTED ONTO THE CROSS SECTIONS
 *BORING PROJECTED ONTO CENTERLINE FOR VISUAL CLARITY



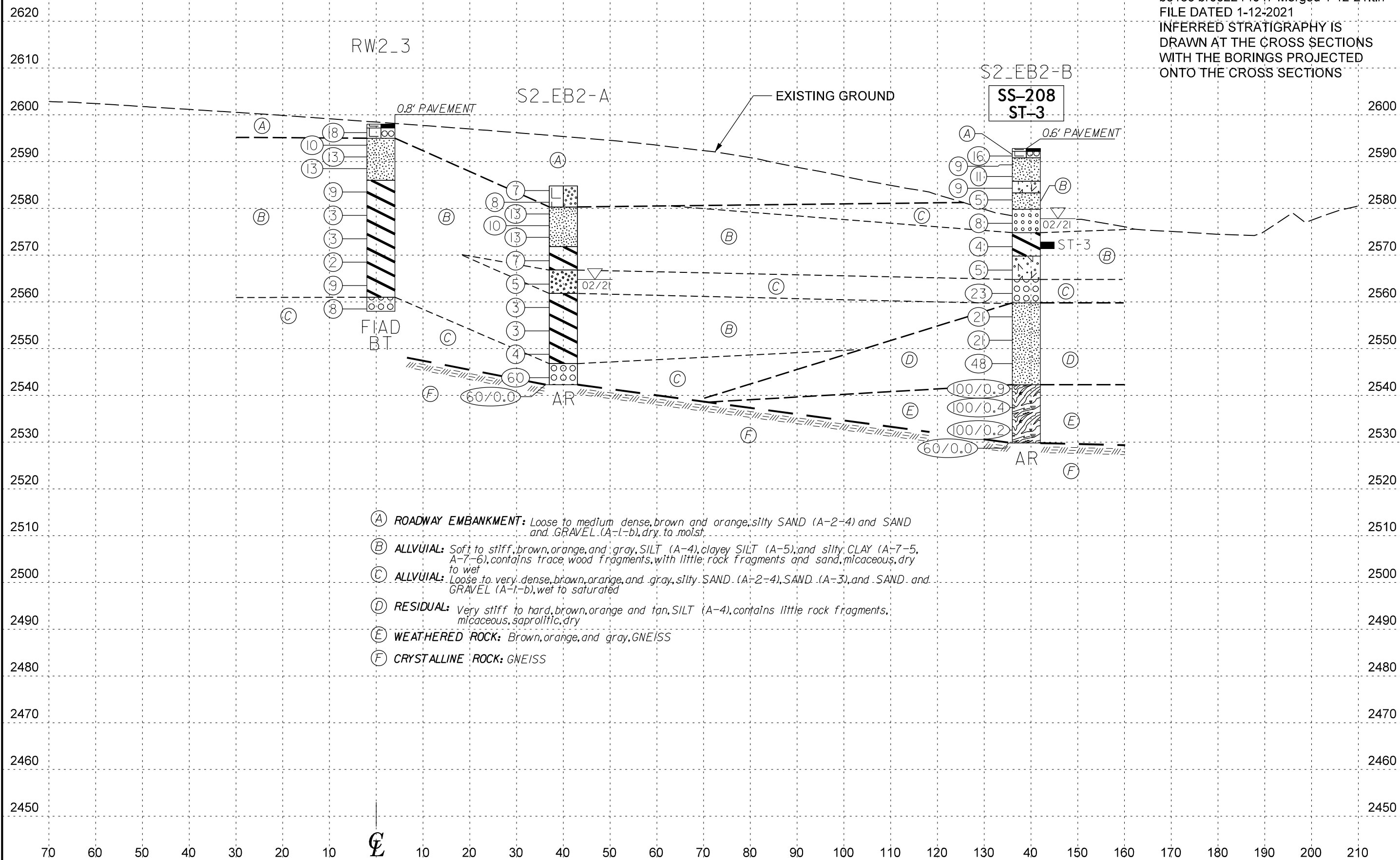
- (A) ROADWAY EMBANKMENT: Loose to dense, brown and orange, SAND (A-2-4) and GRAVEL (A-1-b), moist to saturated
- (B) ROADWAY EMBANKMENT: Soft to medium stiff, brown, black, and orange, clayey SILT (A-5) and CLAY (A-7), with trace sand, moist
- (C) ALLUVIAL: Very soft to soft, gray, sandy SILT (A-4, A-5) and sandy CLAY (A-7), contains trace wood fragments, micaceous, organic odor, wet
- (D) ALLUVIAL: Very loose to loose, gray, silty SAND and SAND (A-2-4, A-3), micaceous, wet
- (E) RESIDUAL: Very stiff to hard, brown, tan, and orange, sandy SILT (A-4) and sandy CLAY (A-7), contains trace rock fragments, micaceous, saprolitic, wet
- (F) WEATHERED ROCK: Brown, orange, and white, GNEISS, micaceous
- (G) CRYSTALLINE ROCK: GNEISS



- (A) ROADWAY EMBANKMENT: Medium stiff to very stiff, brown, gray, and orange, SILT (A-4), clayey SILT (A-5), and CLAY (A-7), with trace rock fragments, micaceous, mottled, moist
- (B) ROADWAY EMBANKMENT: Medium dense to dense, brown and gray, clayey SAND (A-2-6), and silty SAND (A-2-4), with trace to little gravel, micaceous, dry
- (C) ALLUVIAL: Very soft to stiff, gray, orange, and brown, clayey SILT (A-5) and sandy CLAY (A-7, A-7-6), micaceous, moist to wet
- (D) ALLUVIAL: Loose to dense, brown, white, tan, and gray, silty SAND (A-2-4), and SAND and GRAVEL (A-1-b), dry to saturated
- (E) NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK: Light gray, BOULDER (Quartz fragments)
- (F) RESIDUAL: Very stiff, brown, orange, tan, and white, sandy SILT (A-4), contains little rock fragments, micaceous, saprolitic, dry to moist
- (G) WEATHERED ROCK: Brown, gray, tan, and white, GNEISS
- (H) CRYSTALLINE ROCK: Light gray, black, and white, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS
- (I) CRYSTALLINE ROCK: Gray and white, METAGRAYWACKE and QUARTZITE

SOIL TEST RESULTS															
SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			% MOISTURE	% ORGANIC
							C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200		
SS-208	27' RT	28+39	20.0' - 21.5'	A-7-5 (29)	77	21	2.5	13.1	70.9	13.5	100.0	98.9	89.2	7.3	-
ST-3	27' RT	28+39	20.0' - 21.5'	A-4	NP	NP	6.7	33.0	38.9	21.4	100	97.2	69.0	46	-

NOTES:
 GROUNDLINE OBTAINED USING:
 b3186 br0022 r4047 Merged 1-12-21.tin
 FILE DATED 1-12-2021
 INFERRED STRATIGRAPHY IS
 DRAWN AT THE CROSS SECTIONS
 WITH THE BORINGS PROJECTED
 ONTO THE CROSS SECTIONS



- (A) ROADWAY EMBANKMENT: Loose to medium dense, brown and orange, silty SAND (A-2-4) and SAND and GRAVEL (A-1-b), dry to moist.
- (B) ALLUVIAL: Soft to stiff, brown, orange, and gray, SILT (A-4), clayey SILT (A-5), and silty CLAY (A-7-5, A-7-6), contains trace wood fragments, with little rock fragments and sand, micaceous, dry to wet.
- (C) ALLUVIAL: Loose to very dense, brown, orange, and gray, silty SAND (A-2-4), SAND (A-3), and SAND and GRAVEL (A-1-b), wet to saturated.
- (D) RESIDUAL: Very stiff to hard, brown, orange and tan, SILT (A-4), contains little rock fragments, micaceous, saprolitic, dry.
- (E) WEATHERED ROCK: Brown, orange, and gray, GNEISS.
- (F) CRYSTALLINE ROCK: GNEISS.

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

BORE LOG

WBS 38332.1.FS1		TIP B-3186 / B-5898		COUNTY HAYWOOD		GEOLOGIST C. Swafford								
SITE DESCRIPTION US 23/ US 74 (Great Smoky Mountain Highway)							GROUND WTR (ft)							
BORING NO. S2_EB1-A		STATION 26+29		OFFSET 5 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -Y1RT-								
COLLAR ELEV. 2,584.6 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 34.5 ft		NORTHING 666,917		EASTING 819,274								
DRILL RIGHAMMER EFF./DATE GTC9083 CME-550X 80%(11/24/2020)			DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers			HAMMER TYPE Automatic								
DRILLER L. Wanstrath		START DATE 02/25/21		COMP. DATE 02/25/21		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A								
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG MOI	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100				
2585	2,584.6	0.0	5	7	4							M	GROUND SURFACE	0.0
	2,582.1	2.5	3	4	4							M	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT Medium dense, brown, f SAND (A-2-4), with trace gravel	1.0
2580	2,579.6	5.0	6	5	6							M	Soft, brown and orange, CLAY (A-7)	4.5
	2,577.1	7.5	3	3	3							Sat.	Loose to medium dense, gray, f-c SAND (A-2-4)	
2575	2,574.6	10.0	3	2	2							SS-513	ALLUVIAL	10.0
	2,571.6	13.0										W 28%	Soft, gray, SILT (A-5)(9), micaceous	13.0
2570	2,569.6	15.0	1	WOH	1							W	Very loose, gray, f silty SAND (A-2-4), micaceous	18.0
2565	2,566.6	20.0	1	1	2							W	Soft, gray, f sandy SILT (A-4), micaceous	23.0
2560	2,559.6	25.0	4	7	11							W	RESIDUAL Very stiff, brown and orange, f sandy SILT (A-4), micaceous, saprolitic	30.0
2555	2,554.6	30.0	90	10/0.1									WEATHERED ROCK Brown, orange, and white, GNEISS	34.5
	2,550.1	34.5	60/0.0										Boring Terminated with Standard Penetration Test Refusal at Elevation 2,550.1 ft on Crystalline Rock (GNEISS)	
													Other Samples: ST-4 (15.0 - 17.0)	

WBS 38332.1.FS1		TIP B-3186 / B-5898		COUNTY HAYWOOD		GEOLOGIST C. Swafford								
SITE DESCRIPTION US 23/ US 74 (Great Smoky Mountain Highway)							GROUND WTR (ft)							
BORING NO. S2_EB1-B		STATION 25+96		OFFSET 44 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -Y1RT-								
COLLAR ELEV. 2,600.4 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 60.4 ft		NORTHING 666,863		EASTING 819,251								
DRILL RIGHAMMER EFF./DATE GTC3277 CME-75 83%(09/15/2020)			DRILL METHOD Mud Rotary			HAMMER TYPE Automatic								
DRILLER K. Boone		START DATE 02/27/21		COMP. DATE 02/27/21		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A								
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG MOI	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100				
2605													GROUND SURFACE	0.0
2600	2,599.4	1.0	11	20	16							M	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT 1.0' PAVEMENT	1.0
	2,596.5	3.9	6	4	4							M	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT Dense, brown, GRAVEL (A-1-b)	3.5
2595	2,594.6	5.8	6	3	3							M	Medium stiff, orange and brown with black, clayey SILT (A-5), with trace sand	
	2,591.5	8.9	4	3	4							M		
2590	2,586.5	13.9	3	2	3							M		
2585	2,581.5	18.9	3	3	4							M		
2580	2,576.5	23.9	4	4	5							W	ALLUVIAL Very loose to loose, gray, SAND (A-3), micaceous	22.0
2575	2,571.5	28.9	3	3	1							W	Soft to medium stiff, gray, sandy SILT (A-4), contains trace wood fragments, micaceous, organic odor	27.0
2570	2,566.5	33.9	1	3	3							W		
2565	2,561.5	38.9	WOH	1	2							W		
2560	2,556.5	43.9	18	27	33							W	RESIDUAL Hard, tan and brown, sandy CLAY (A-7), contains trace rock fragments, micaceous, saprolitic	42.0
2555	2,551.5	48.9	32	68/0.3									WEATHERED ROCK Brown, GNEISS, micaceous	48.9
2550	2,546.5	53.9	86	14/0.0										
2545	2,541.5	58.9	79	21/0.0										
2540													Boring Terminated at Elevation 2,540.0 ft in Weathered Rock (GNEISS)	60.4

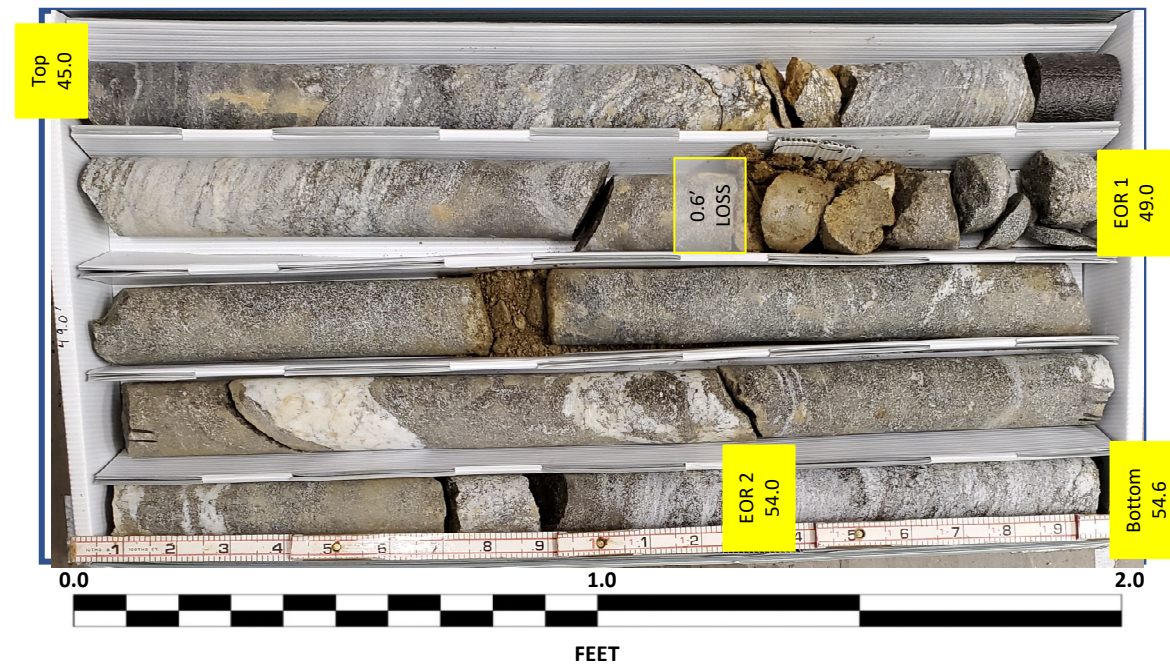
NCDOT BORE DOUBLE B3186_GEO_SITE 2.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 11/23/21

CORE PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD

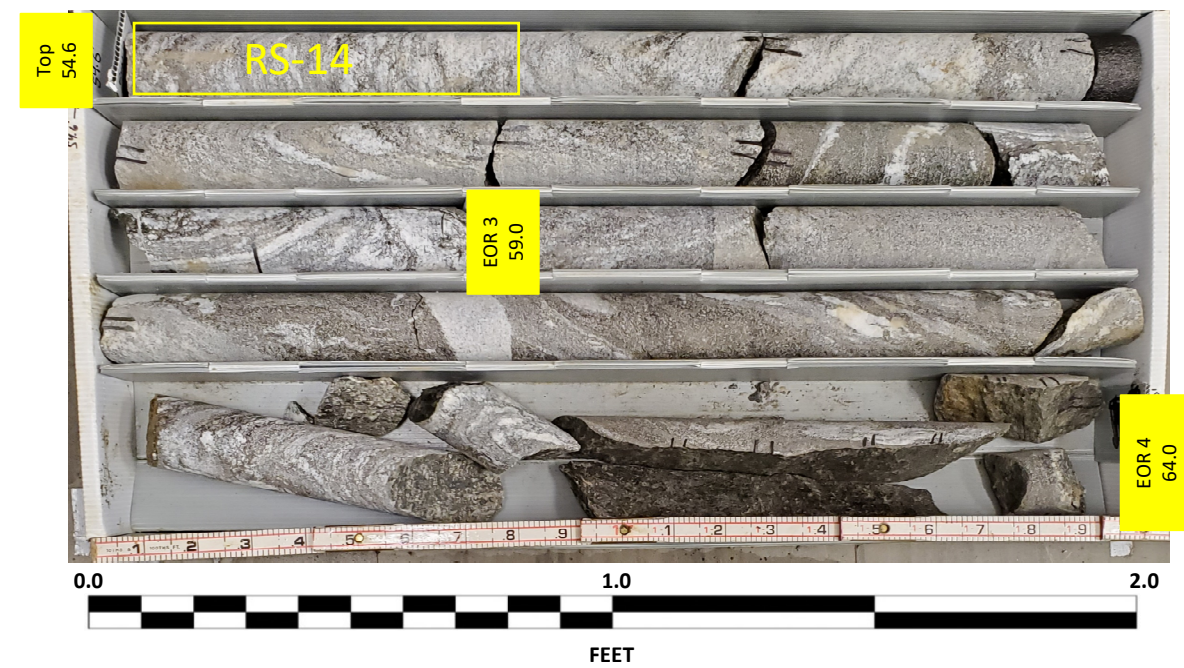
38330.1.FS1 (B-3186/B-5898)

US 23/ US 74 Great Smokey Mountain Highway

S2_B1-A
Box 1 of 3: 45.0 – 54.6 FEET
DRY



S2_B1-A
Box 2 of 3: 54.6 – 64.0 FEET
DRY



S2_B1-A
Box 1 of 3: 45.0 – 54.6 FEET
WET

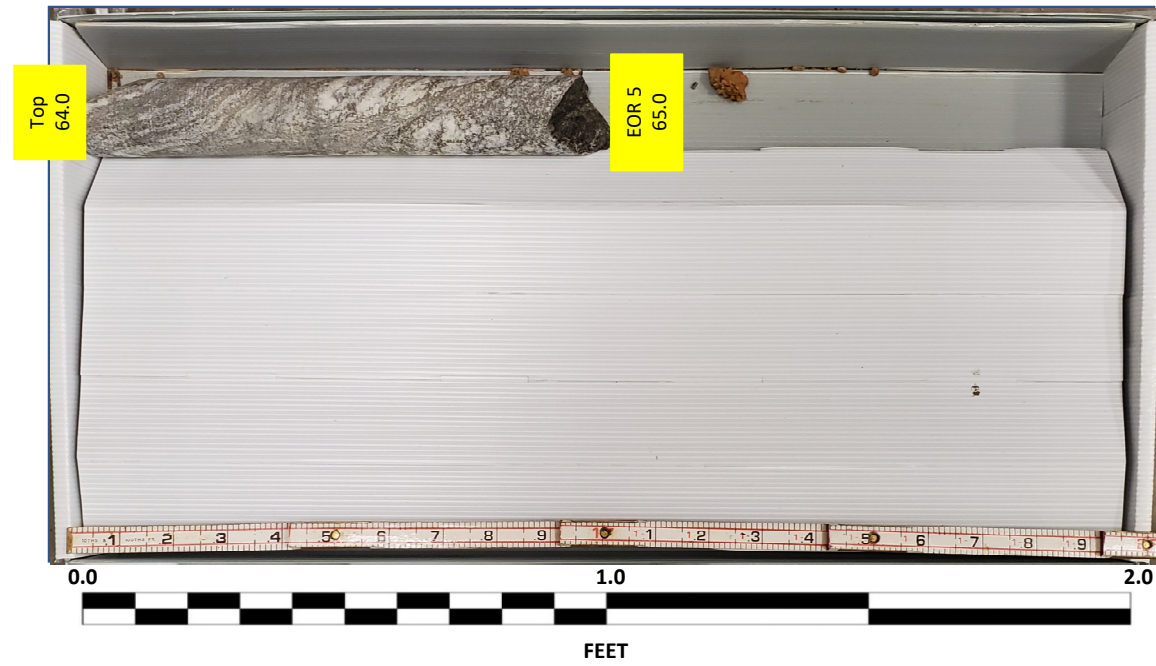


S2_B1-A
Box 2 of 3: 54.6 – 64.0 FEET
WET

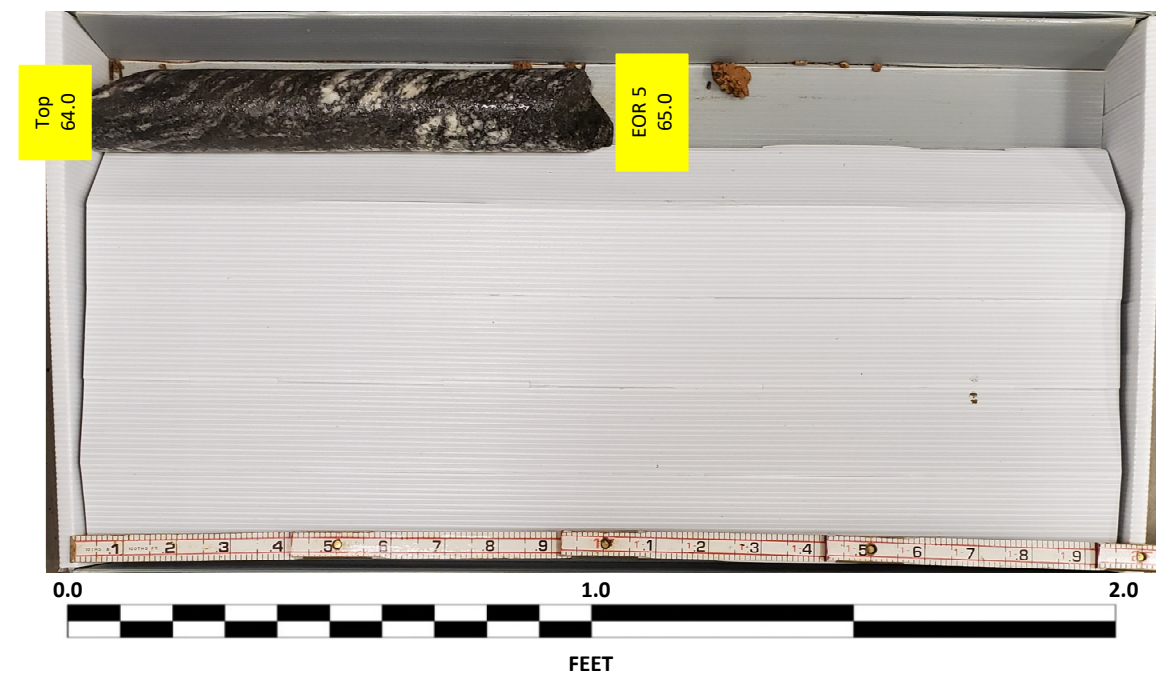


CORE PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD
38330.1.FS1 (B-3186/B-5898)
US 23/ US 74 Great Smokey Mountain Highway

S2_B1-A
Box 3 of 3: 64.0 – 65.0 FEET
DRY



S2_B1-A
Box 3 of 3: 64.0 – 65.0 FEET
WET



GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT BORE LOG

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT CORE LOG

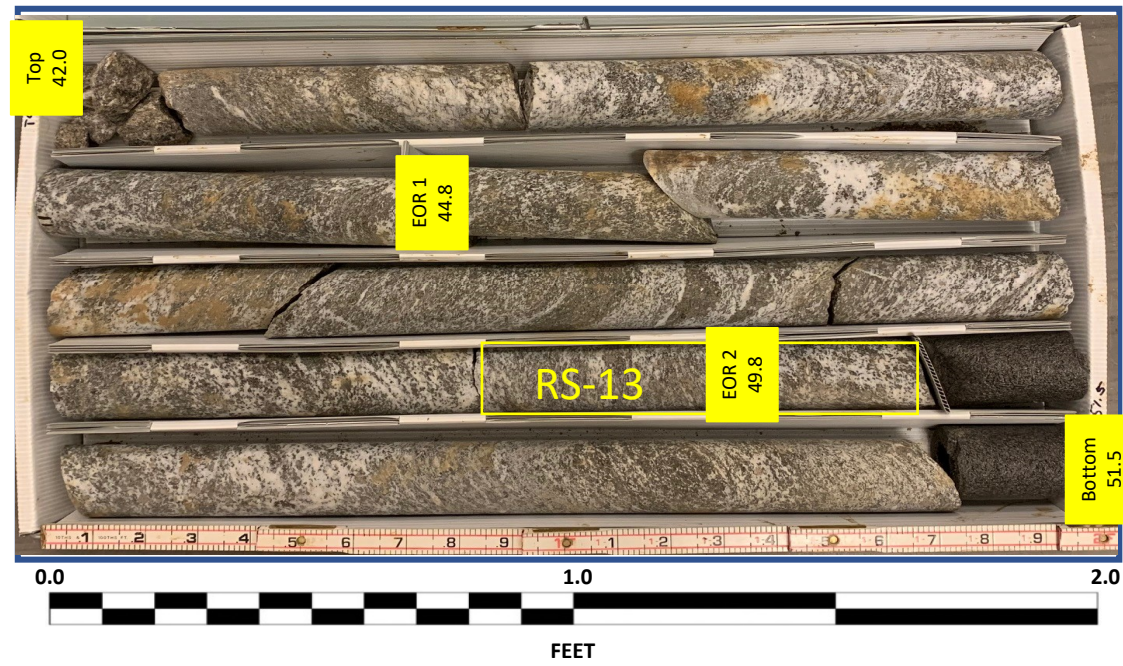
WBS 38332.1.FS1		TIP B-3186 / B-5898		COUNTY HAYWOOD		GEOLOGIST R. Dugger								
SITE DESCRIPTION US 23/ US 74 (Great Smoky Mountain Highway)						GROUND WTR (ft)								
BORING NO. S2_B1-B		STATION 27+53		OFFSET 33 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -Y1RT-								
COLLAR ELEV. 2,584.7 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 62.8 ft		NORTHING 666,908		EASTING 819,403								
DRILL RIGHAMMER EFF./DATE GTC9083 CME-550X 80%(11/24/2020)		DRILL METHOD SPT Core Boring		HAMMER TYPE Automatic										
DRILLER L. Wanstrath		START DATE 02/10/21		COMP. DATE 02/27/21		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A								
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100				
2585	2,584.7	0.0	2	4	5							M	GROUND SURFACE	0.0
	2,582.2	2.5	7	12	11							D	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT Stiff, brown and orange, clayey SILT (A-5), micaceous	2.9
2580	2,579.7	5.0	18	18	16							D	Medium dense, brown, clayey SAND (A-2-6) with trace gravel	4.5
	2,577.2	7.5	4	4	4							D	Dense, brown and gray, silty SAND (A-2-4) with little gravel, micaceous	7.0
2575	2,574.7	10.0	2	2	3							M	ALLUVIAL Loose, brown and gray, silty SAND (A-2-4), micaceous	
2570	2,569.7	15.0	1	1	1							M	Very soft, gray, silty CLAY (A-7-5)(16) and SILT (A-5)(13), micaceous	13.0
	2,566.7	18.0										SS-222		
2565	2,564.7	20.0	WOH	WOH	1							W	Very loose, brown and gray, silty SAND (A-2-4)	21.1
2560	2,559.7	25.0	7	5	2							Sat.	Very soft, brown and gray, CLAY (A-7-6)	23.0
	2,556.7	28.0										D	Loose, gray, SAND and GRAVEL (A-1-b)	28.0
2555	2,554.7	30.0	9	16	14							D	RESIDUAL Medium dense to dense, brown, white, and tan, silty SAND (A-2-4) with little rock fragments	30.0
2550	2,549.7	35.0	15	15	14							D	Very stiff, brown, orange, and tan, sandy SILT (A-4) with little rock fragments, micaceous, saprolitic	33.0
2545	2,544.7	40.0	100/0.5										WEATHERED ROCK	40.0
	2,542.2	42.5	60/0.0										Brown, gray, and white, GNEISS	42.0
2540													CRYSTALLINE ROCK No Recovery, begin rock coring at 42.0' Light to dark gray and white with trace pink, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS	
2535														
2530														
2525													Grey and white, METAGRAYWACKE and QUARTZITE	58.1
													Boring Terminated at Elevation 2,521.9 ft in Crystalline Rock (METAGRAYWACKE and QUARTZITE)	62.8
													NOTES 15.0- 17.0': ST-2 lab classified as (A-7-5)(16) in offset hole ~3' upstation 15.0 - 16.5': SS-222 lab classified as (A-5)(13) Other Samples: ST-2 (15.0 - 17.0)	

WBS 38332.1.FS1		TIP B-3186 / B-5898		COUNTY HAYWOOD		GEOLOGIST R. Dugger				
SITE DESCRIPTION US 23/ US 74 (Great Smoky Mountain Highway)						GROUND WTR (ft)				
BORING NO. S2_B1-B		STATION 27+53		OFFSET 33 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -Y1RT-				
COLLAR ELEV. 2,584.7 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 62.8 ft		NORTHING 666,908		EASTING 819,403				
DRILL RIGHAMMER EFF./DATE GTC9083 CME-550X 80%(11/24/2020)		DRILL METHOD SPT Core Boring		HAMMER TYPE Automatic						
DRILLER L. Wanstrath		START DATE 02/10/21		COMP. DATE 02/27/21		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A				
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	TOTAL RUN		STRATA	LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	DEPTH (ft)
					REC. (%)	RQD (%)				
2542.7	2,542.7	42.0	2.8	0:36/0.8 1:43/1.0 2:21/1.0	(2.8)	(2.6)	(16.1)	(13.7)	Begin Coring @ 42.0 ft CRYSTALLINE ROCK	42.0
2540	2,539.9	44.8	5.0	1:41/1.0 1:30/1.0 1:39/1.0 1:29/1.0 2:20/1.0	(5.0)	(5.0)	100%	85%	Light to dark grey and white with trace pink, Migmatitic Biotite GNEISS, with trace garnet porphyroblasts, slight to very slight weathering, hard, moderately close to close fracture spacing	
2535	2,534.9	49.8	5.0	1:55/1.0 1:52/1.0 1:45/1.0 2:14/1.0 2:20/1.0	(5.0)	(2.8)	100%	56%	RS-13 49.5' - 50.2' GSI= 75 - 85 Qu= 17,889 psi	
2530	2,529.9	54.8	5.0	1:44/1.0 2:04/1.0 2:22/1.0 2:38/1.0 2:46/1.0	(5.0)	(4.5)	100%	90%	Moderately severe to severe weathering, very close fracture spacing (80-90° joint), with trace epidote along fracture plane Very slight to slight weathering, wide fracture spacing	
2525	2,524.9	59.8	3.0	3:16/1.0 3:15/1.0 2:30/1.0	(3.0)	(2.4)	(4.5)	(3.4)	Grey and white, METAGRAYWACKE and QUARTZITE (eye fold), slight weathering, hard, close to moderately close fracture spacing, with few healed fractures (variable orientations), foliations oriented 55-65°	58.1
	2,521.9	62.8							Boring Terminated at Elevation 2,521.9 ft in Crystalline Rock (METAGRAYWACKE and QUARTZITE)	62.8
									NOTES 15.0- 17.0': ST-2 lab classified as (A-7-5)(16) in offset hole ~3' upstation 15.0 - 16.5': SS-222 lab classified as (A-5)(13) Other Samples: ST-2 (15.0 - 17.0)	

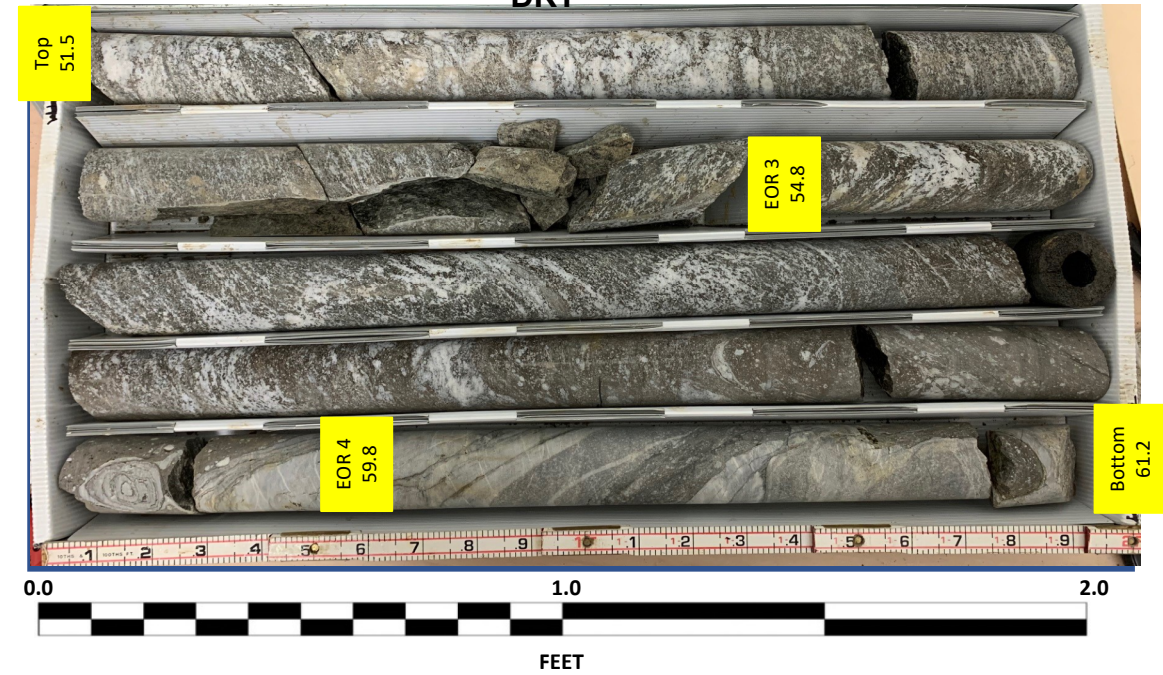
NCDOT BORE DOUBLE B3186_GEO_SITE 2.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 11/23/21

CORE PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD
38330.1.FS1 (B-3186/B-5898)
US 23/ US 74 Great Smokey Mountain Highway

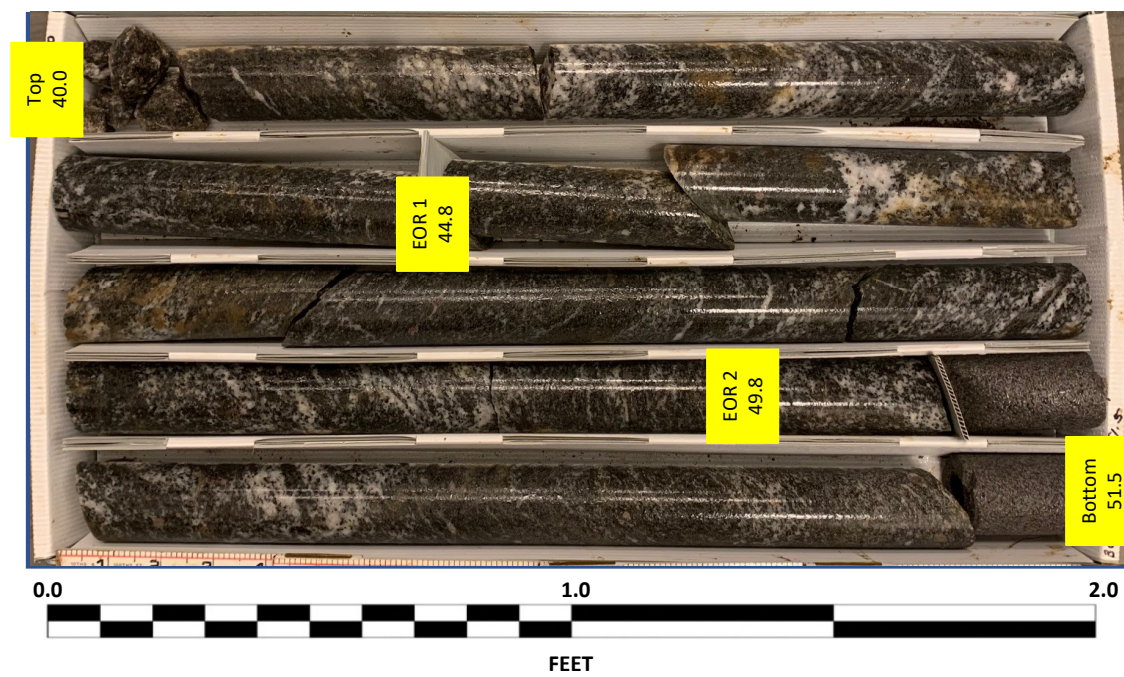
S2_B1-B
Box 1 of 3: 42.0 – 51.5 FEET
DRY



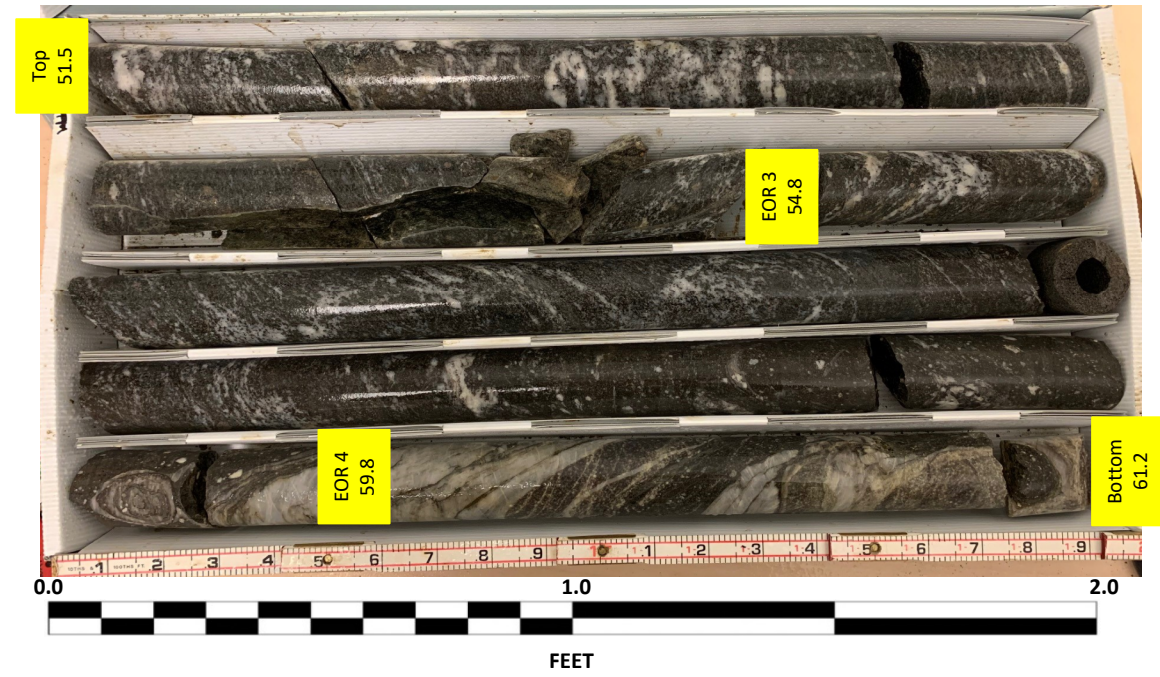
S2_B1-B
Box 2 of 3: 51.5 – 61.2 FEET
DRY



S2_B1-B
Box 1 of 3: 42.0 – 51.5 FEET
WET



S2_B1-B
Box 2 of 3: 51.5 – 61.2 FEET
WET

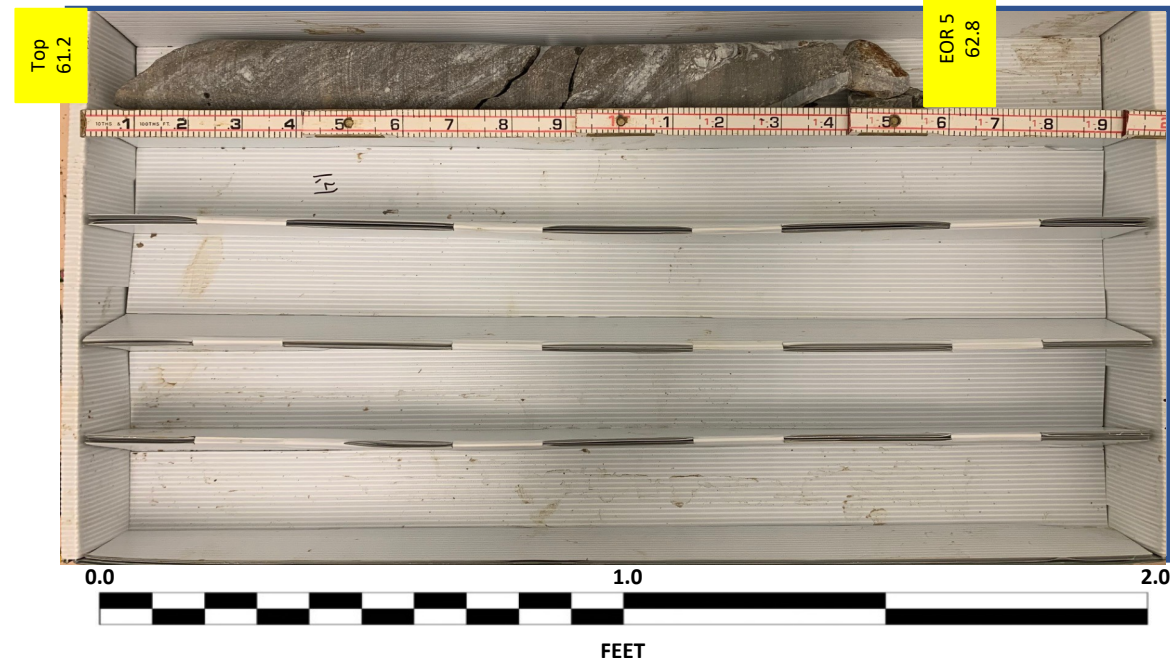


CORE PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD

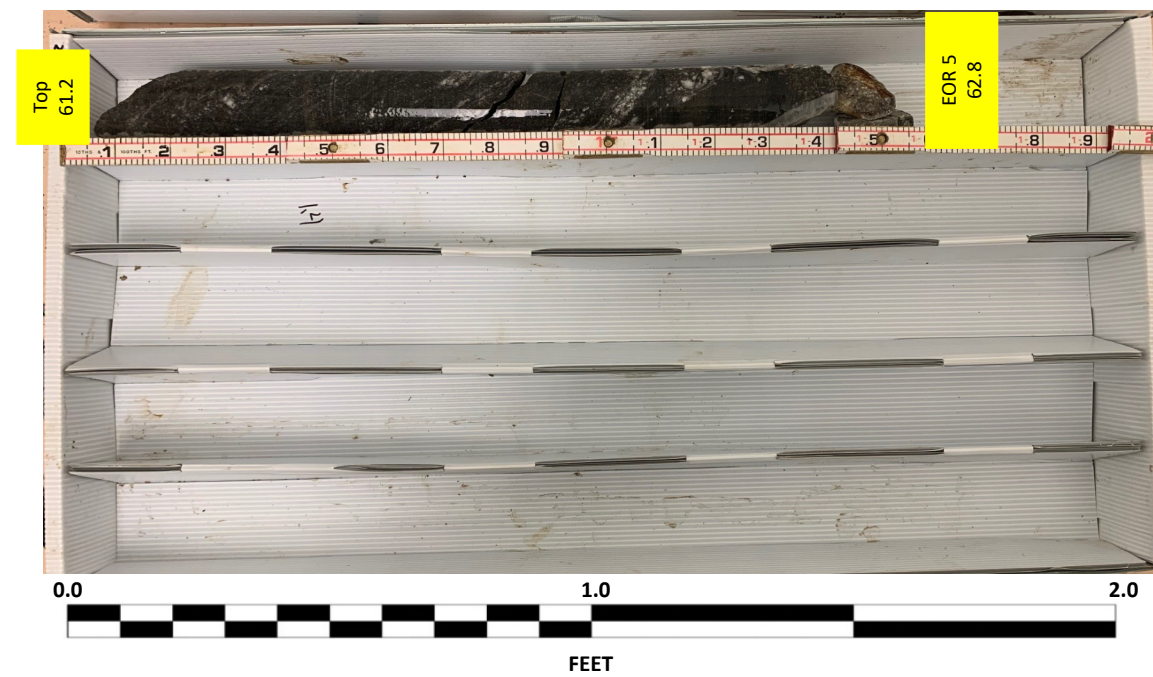
38330.1.FS1 (B-3186/B-5898)

US 23/ US 74 Great Smokey Mountain Highway

S2_B1-B
Box 3 of 3: 61.2 – 62.8 FEET
DRY



S2_B1-B
Box 3 of 3: 61.2 – 62.8 FEET
WET



GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

BORE LOG

WBS 38332.1.FS1		TIP B-3186 / B-5898		COUNTY HAYWOOD		GEOLOGIST R. Dugger									
SITE DESCRIPTION US 23/ US 74 (Great Smoky Mountain Highway)							GROUND WTR (ft)								
BORING NO. S2_EB2-A		STATION 29+30		OFFSET 14 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -Y1RT-									
COLLAR ELEV. 2,596.7 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 42.5 ft		NORTHING 667,001		EASTING 819,562									
DRILL RIGHAMMER EFF./DATE GTC9083 CME-550X 80%(11/24/2020)			DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers			HAMMER TYPE Automatic									
DRILLER L. Wanstrath		START DATE 02/10/21		COMP. DATE 02/10/21		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A									
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100					
2600	2,596.7	0.0												2,596.7	0.0
2595	2,594.2	2.5	2	3	4							M	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT Loose, brown and orange, f-c silty SAND (A-2-4), with little gravel	4.5	
2590	2,591.7	5.0	3	6	7							D	ALLUVIAL Stiff, brown and orange, SILT (A-4), micaceous	7.0	
2585	2,586.7	10.0	4	4	6							D		10.0	
2580	2,581.7	15.0	7	6	7							D	Medium stiff, brown and gray, f silty CLAY (A-7-6), micaceous	13.0	
2575	2,576.7	20.0	3	3	2							M	Loose, brown and gray, f-c silty SAND (A-2-4), micaceous	18.0	
2570	2,571.7	25.0	3	3	2							M	Soft to medium stiff, gray, CLAY (A-7-6), contains trace wood fragments, micaceous	23.0	
2565	2,566.7	30.0	1	1	2							M		30.0	
2560	2,561.7	35.0	1	2	2							M		35.0	
2555	2,556.7	40.0	9	25	35							W	Very dense, gray, SAND and GRAVEL (A-1-b)	38.0	
	2,554.2	42.5												42.5	
Boring Terminated with Standard Penetration Test Refusal at Elevation 2,554.2 ft on Crystalline Rock (GNEISS). A.R. at a depth of 42.5'.															

WBS 38332.1.FS1		TIP B-3186 / B-5898		COUNTY HAYWOOD		GEOLOGIST R. Dugger									
SITE DESCRIPTION US 23/ US 74 (Great Smoky Mountain Highway)							GROUND WTR (ft)								
BORING NO. S2_EB2-B		STATION 28+39		OFFSET 27 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -Y1RT-									
COLLAR ELEV. 2,592.2 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 63.0 ft		NORTHING 666,936		EASTING 819,486									
DRILL RIGHAMMER EFF./DATE GTC9083 CME-550X 80%(11/24/2020)			DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers			HAMMER TYPE Automatic									
DRILLER L. Wanstrath		START DATE 02/09/21		COMP. DATE 02/09/21		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A									
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100					
2595	2,592.2	0.0												2,592.2	0.0
2590	2,589.7	2.5	12	10	6							D	GROUND SURFACE 0.6' PAVEMENT	0.6	
2585	2,587.2	5.0	3	5	4							D	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT Medium dense, brown and orange, SAND and GRAVEL (A-1-b)	2.0	
2580	2,584.7	7.5	3	5	6							D	ALLUVIAL Stiff, brown and orange, SILT (A-4), micaceous	7.0	
2575	2,582.2	10.0	2	4	5							D	Stiff, brown and orange, clayey SILT (A-5) with little gravel, micaceous	9.5	
2570	2,577.2	15.0	2	2	3							D	Medium stiff, brown, orange and white, SILT (A-4) with little gravel and sand, micaceous	13.0	
2565	2,572.2	20.0	2	4	4							W	Loose, gray, SAND (A-3)	18.0	
2560	2,567.2	25.0	1	2	2							SS-208	Soft, gray, CLAY (A-7-5)(29), micaceous	23.0	
2555	2,562.2	30.0	2	2	3							W	Medium stiff, gray and brown, clayey SILT (A-5), micaceous	28.0	
2550	2,557.2	35.0	2	2	3							Sat.	Medium dense, brown and gray, SAND and GRAVEL (A-1-b)	33.0	
2545	2,552.2	40.0	13	12	11							D	RESIDUAL Very stiff to hard, brown, orange and tan, SILT (A-4) with little rock fragments, micaceous, saprolitic	38.0	
2540	2,547.2	45.0	5	9	12							D		45.0	
2535	2,542.2	50.0	11	10	11							D		50.0	
2530	2,537.2	55.0	37	48	52/0.4							D	WEATHERED ROCK Brown, orange, and gray, GNEISS	50.5	
	2,532.2	60.0												60.0	
	2,529.2	63.0												63.0	
Boring Terminated by Auger Refusal at Elevation 2,529.2 ft on Crystalline Rock (GNEISS)															
NOTES ST-3 was classified as gray, sandy SILT (A-4) Other Samples: ST-3 (20.0 - 21.5)															

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE B3186_GEO_SITE 2.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 11/23/21

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

BORE LOG

WBS 38332.1.FS1		TIP B-3186 / B-5898		COUNTY HAYWOOD		GEOLOGIST N. Yacobi										
SITE DESCRIPTION Retaining Wall No. 2 from -L_RT- STA 51+63 to 53+56							GROUND WTR (ft)									
BORING NO. RW2_3		STATION 54+92		OFFSET 28 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -RW2-										
COLLAR ELEV. 2,598.0 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 40.0 ft		NORTHING 667,028		EASTING 819,591										
DRILL RIGHAMMER EFF./DATE GTC3277 CME-75 83%(09/15/2020)			DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers			HAMMER TYPE Automatic										
DRILLER K. Boone		START DATE 02/10/21		COMP. DATE 02/10/21		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A										
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)		
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100						
2600																
	2,597.2	0.8	9	12	6											
2595	2,594.5	3.5	5	5	5											
	2,592.0	6.0	5	6	7											
2590	2,589.5	8.5	7	6	7											
	2,586.0	12.0														
2585	2,584.5	13.5	4	4	5											
	2,579.5	18.5	2	1	2											
2580	2,574.5	23.5	1	1	2											
	2,569.5	28.5	1	1	1											
2575	2,564.5	33.5	0	4	5											
	2,559.5	38.5	0	3	5											
2560																

WBS 38332.1.FS1		TIP B-3186 / B-5898		COUNTY HAYWOOD		GEOLOGIST R. Dugger										
SITE DESCRIPTION Retaining Wall No. 3 from -Y1RT- STA 29+35 to 40+54							GROUND WTR (ft)									
BORING NO. RW3_1		STATION 29+84		OFFSET 7 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -RW3-										
COLLAR ELEV. 2,596.6 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 49.5 ft		NORTHING 666,986		EASTING 819,622										
DRILL RIGHAMMER EFF./DATE GTC9083 CME-550X 80%(11/24/2020)			DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers			HAMMER TYPE Automatic										
DRILLER L. Wanstrath		START DATE 01/28/21		COMP. DATE 01/28/21		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A										
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)		
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100						
2600																
	2,596.6	0.6	8	7	6											
2595	2,594.1	2.5	3	4	5											
	2,591.6	5.0	7	7	7											
2590	2,589.1	7.5	6	5	4											
	2,586.6	10.0	3	3	4											
2585	2,581.6	15.0	3	2	3											
	2,576.6	20.0	3	3	4											
2580	2,571.6	25.0	1	2	2											
	2,566.6	30.0	WOH	2	3											
2575	2,561.6	35.0	4	15	13											
	2,556.6	40.0	5	7	10											
2570	2,551.6	45.0	18	19	32											
	2,547.1	49.5	60/0.0													

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE B3186_GEO_RWAL_GPJ_NC_DOT.GDT 11/23/21



REPORT ON SAMPLES OF: Rock For Quality

PROJECT: B-3186 / B-5898
DATE SAMPLED: 05/11/2021
SAMPLED FROM: Test Borings
SUBMITTED BY: HDR

COUNTY: Haywood
RECEIVED: 5/11/2021
REPORTED: 5/12/2021
BY / CERT NO: Kevin E. Walker

BORING NO	SAMPLE NO	DEPTH (FT)	ROCK TYPE	LENGTH (IN)	DIAMETER (IN)	UNIT WEIGHT (PCF)	UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (PSI)
S2_B1-A	RS-13	49.5-50.2	Migmatitic Biotite Gneiss	4.20	1.86	177.20	17,889
S2_B1-B	RS-14	54.6-55.2	Migmatitic Biotite Gneiss	4.22	1.86	171.90	16,778