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**DESCRIPTION** 

LEGEND (SOIL & ROCK)

SUPPLEMENTAL LEGEND (GSI)

ROCK LABORATORY RESULTS SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

BORE LOGS, CORE REPORTS & CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

TITLE SHEET

SITE PLAN PROFILE CROSS SECTIONS

SHEET NO.

2A

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#### STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

# **STRUCTURE** SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

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STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO. BR-0048

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THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (1999) 707-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

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J. STICKNEY C. DRISCOLL C. SMITH TRIGON EXPLORATION INVESTIGATED BY <u>J. STICKNEY</u> DRAWN BY \_S. PAPKE

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# NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

# SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE.	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.
ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM D1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:	GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.	SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN	AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.
CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:	ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE,  VERY STIFF.GRAY.SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS:	SI//AI//A	ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	WEATHERED VIOLENTIAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION	CRYSTALLINE CRYSTA	WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND
LLASS. (\$\(\sigma\) 2000 (\$\(\sigma\) 35% PASSING "2000)	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC.  ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	ROCK (CR) WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.	SURFACE.
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5 CLASS. A-1-a A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5 A-6 A-7	COMPRESSIBILITY	NON-CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN	CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.  COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM
000000000	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31	ROCK (NCR)  SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YEILD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED.  ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.	OF SLOPE.
SYMBOL 000000000000000000000000000000000000	MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50	COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED
7. PASSING	HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50  PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC.	BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
*40 30 MX 50 MX 51 MN CLAY PEAT		- WEATHERING	DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.
א מון אויי בין אייני איי	GRANULAR SILT - CLAY ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER	DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE
MATERIAL PASSING *40	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20%	HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.	HORIZONTAL.
LL - 40 MX 41 MN	MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35%	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, (V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE
PI 6 MX NP IW MX IW MX II MN II MN IW MX IW MX II MN II MN MODERATE ORGANIC	HIGHLY ORGANIC > 10% > 20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE	OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH,
GROUP INDEX W W 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX NU MX AMOUNTS OF SOILS	GROUND WATER	SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO (SLI.) I INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
USUAL TYPES STUNE HARDS. FINE SILTY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY MATTER	WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING	CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.
MATERIALS SAND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS SOILS	$lacksquare$ static water level after $\underline{24}$ hours	MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM
GEN. RATING EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR POOR UNSUITABLE	<u> </u>	(MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED	PARENT MATERIAL.
AS SUBURADE POUR	SPRING OR SEEP	WITH FRESH ROCK.	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30	-	MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS  RANGE OF STANDARD RANGE OF UNCONFINED	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH (MOD. SEV.)  AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK.	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) 25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION	<u>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL</u>	LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO
(N-VALUE) (TUNS/FT-)	WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES	SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT (SEV.) REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED	ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
GENERALLY VERY LOOSE 4 TO 10	SOIL SYMBOL  OPT DMT TEST BORING  SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION	(SEV.) REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.
MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30 N/A	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER AUGER BORING COME PENETROMETER	IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF	MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.
(NON-COHESIVE) DENSE 30 TO 50  VERY DENSE > 50	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER  THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT  AUGER BORING  CONE PENETROMETER TEST	VERY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE SEVERE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE
VERY SOFT < 2 < 0.25	— INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY — CORE BORING SOUNDING ROD	(V SEV.) REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR	OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.5	TEST BORING	VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <u>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES &lt; 100 BPF</u>	RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
SILT-CLAY         MEDIUM STIFF         4 TO 8         0.5 TO 1.0           MATERIAL         STIFF         8 TO 15         1 TO 2	MONITORING WELL WITH CORE	COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL, ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF
(COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4	→▼▼▼→ ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY  △ PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION  — SPT N-VALUE	ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
HARD > 30 > 4  TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS	ROCK HARDNESS	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT
		VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES	ROCK.
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270 OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	UNSUITABLE WASTE	SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO
COARSE FINE	SHALLOW UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL	HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.
BUULDER CUBBLE GRAVEL SAND SAND SILI CLAY	UNDERCOT LESS ACCEPTABLE DEGRAPABLE NOCK	MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT
(USE, SU.) (F SU.)	ABBREVIATIONS	HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.	OR SLIP PLANE.
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005 SIZE IN. 12 3	AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED	MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB, HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY 7 - UNIT WEIGHT	HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE	WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL
COL MOISTURE COLE FIELD MOISTURE	CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC $\gamma_{ m d}$ - DRY UNIT WEIGHT CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC	POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.  STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY
(ATTERBERG LIMITS)  OESCRIPTION  GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST <u>SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS</u>	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN	TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY	DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON	PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SRQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY
(SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE	VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES 1 INCH SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
PLASTIC CONTROL TO CON	FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL	FINGERNAIL.	TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
RANGE - WET - (W) SEMISULIDE REQUIRES DRIVING TO	FRAGS FRAGMENTS $\omega$ - MOISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING	FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING	BENCH MARK: BL- 6 AT STA. 18+58.91-L- 12' RT
(P) PL PLASTIC LIMIT ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO	TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS	(924566 FT.N., 1477946 FT.E.)
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET VERY THICKLY BEDDED 4 FEET WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET	ELEVATION: 892.63 FEET
SL _ SHRINKAGE LIMIT	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE:	MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET	NOTES:
REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO	CME-45C CLAY BITS X AUTOMATIC MANUAL	CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FOOT VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET	FIAD - FILLED IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING
- DRY - (D) ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	X CME-55  G' CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER  CORE SIZE:	THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET	The state of the s
PLASTICITY	X 8 HULLOW AUGERS   □-B □-H	INDURATION	
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH	X CME-550X HARD FACED FINGER BITS X-N X	FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	
NON PLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW	TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS	FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
SLIGHTLY PLASTIC 6-15 SLIGHT MODERATELY PLASTIC 16-25 MEDIUM	VANE SHEAR TEST X CASING X W/ ADVANCER HAND TOOLS:  POST HOLE DIGGER	CONTROL CAN DE CEDADATED FROM CAMPLE MITH CTEFL DOOR	
HIGHLY PLASTIC 26 OR MORE HIGH	PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH HAND AUGER	MODERATELY INDURATED  ORANINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE;  BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	
COLOR	X TRICONE 1-15/6 TUNGCARB. SOUNDING ROD	INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE;	
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).	X CORE BIT SOUNDING NOD	DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.		EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE;	2275 2 75
•		SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	DATE: 8-15-1

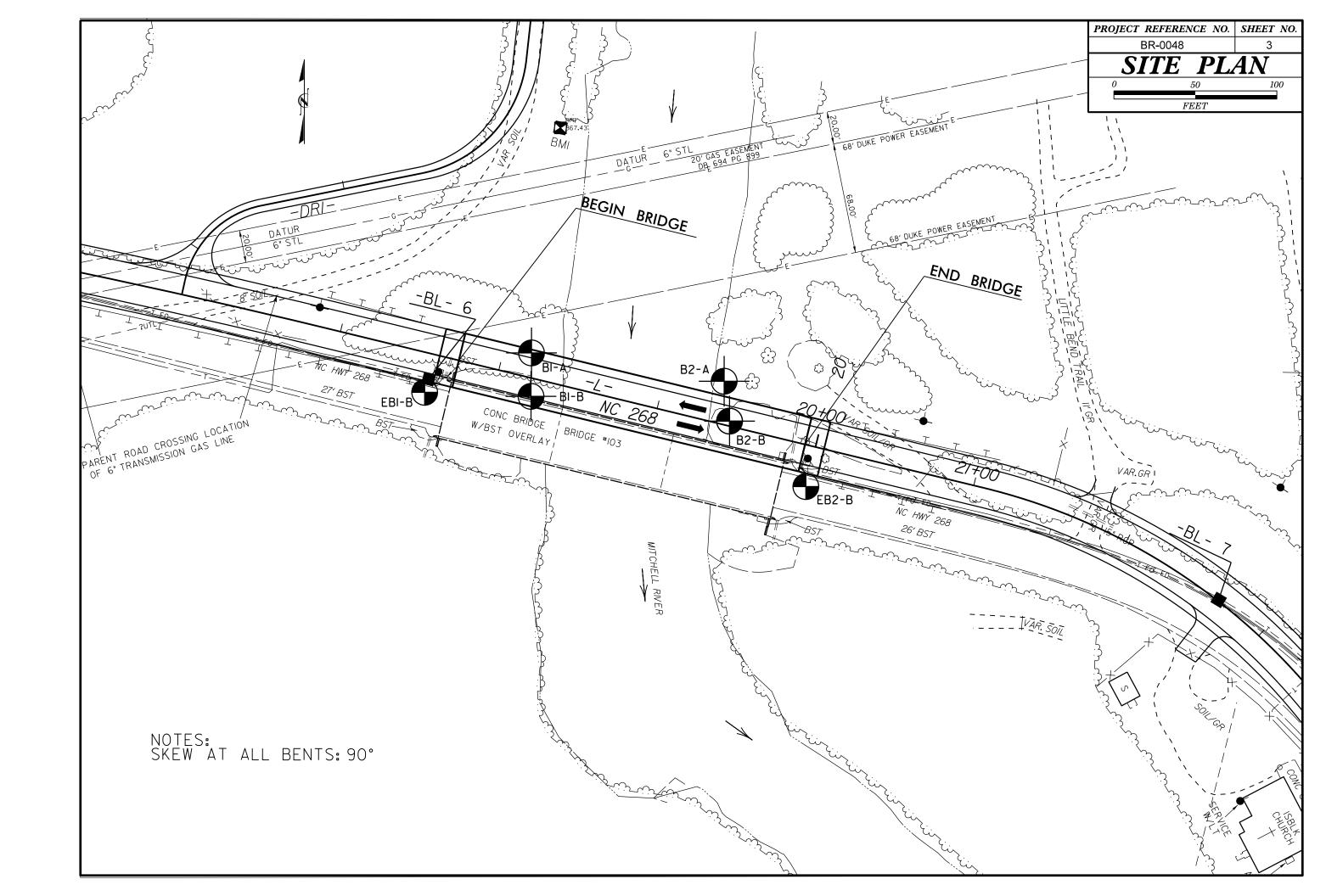
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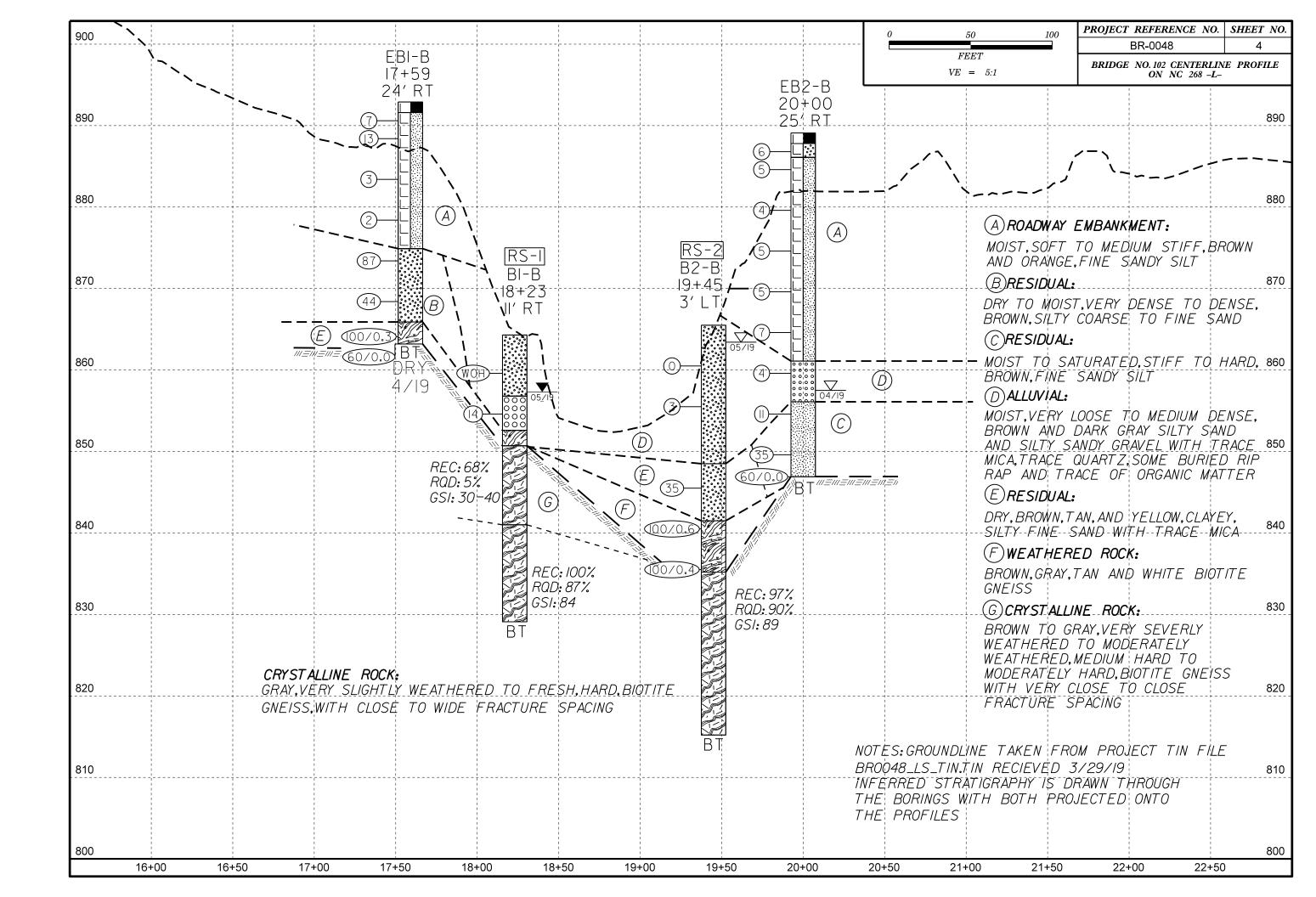
# NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

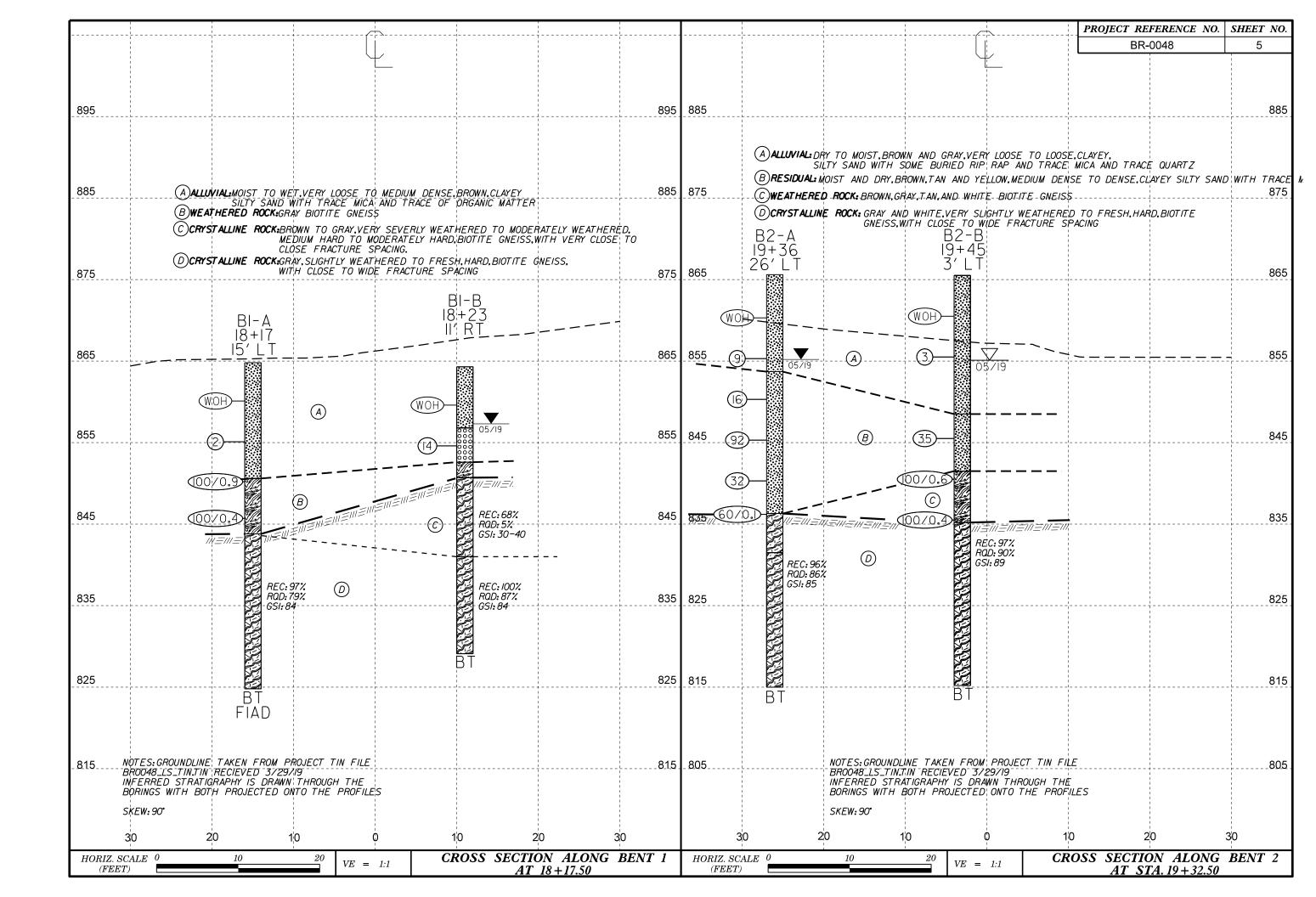
# SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SUPPLEMENTAL LEGEND, GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) TABLES

AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-1 — Determination of GSI for Joint	ed Rock Mass (Mar					GE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS  AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-2 — Determination of GSI for Tectonically Deformed Heterogeneous Rock Masses (Marinos and Hoek, 2000)	<b>1</b> Ø)
GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) FOR JOINTED ROCKS (Hoek and Marinos, 2000)  From the lithology, structure and surface conditions of the discontinuities, estimate the average value of GSI. Do not try to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than stating that GSI = 35. Note that the table does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where weak planar structural planes are present in an unfavorable orientation with respect to the excavation face, these will dominate the rock mass behaviour. The shear strength of surfaces in rocks that are prone to deterioration as a result of changes in moisture content will be reduced if water is present. When working with rocks in the fair to very poor categories, a shift to the right may be made for wet conditions. Water pressure is dealt with by effective stress analysis.	SURFACE CONDITIONS  VERY GOOD  Very rough, fresh unweathered surfaces	GOOD Rough, slightly weathered, iron stained surfaces	FAIR Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces	POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with compact coatings or fillings or angular fragments	VERY POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings	GSI FOR HETEROGENEOUS ROCK MASSES SUCH AS FLYSCH (Marinos. P and Hoek E., 2000)  From a description of the lithology, structure and surface conditions (particularly of the bedding planes), choose a box in the chart. Locate the position in the box that corresponds to the condition of the discontinuities and estimate the average value of GSI from the contours. Do not attempt to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than giving GSI = 35. Note that the Hoek-Brown criterion does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where unfavourably oriented continuous weak planar discontinuities are present, these will dominate the behaviour of the rock mass.  The strength of some rock masses is reduced by the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair, poor and very poor conditions. Water pressure does not change the value of GSI and it is dealt with by using effective stress analysis.	<pre>VERT roun - Very smooth, slicken- sided or highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings</pre>
INTACT OR MASSIVE - intact rock specimens or massive in situ rock with few widely spaced discontinuities	90 80	CREASING SUF	NI ACE GO	N/A	N/A	COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURE  A. Thick bedded, very blocky sandstone The effect of pelitic coatings on the bedding planes is minimized by the confinement of the rock mass. In shallow tunnels or slopes these bedding planes may cause structurally controlled instability.	
BLOCKY - well interlocked undisturbed rock mass consisting of cubical blocks formed by three intersecting discontinuity sets  VERY BLOCKY - interlocked, partially disturbed mass with multi-faceted angular blocks	OCKING OF ROCK PI	70 60 50				B. Sand- stone with thin inter- layers of siltstone amounts  D. Siltstone or silty shale with sand- stone layers stone layers amounts  B. Weak siltstone or clayey shale with sandstone layers  40	<del></del>
formed by 4 or more joint sets  BLOCKY/DISTURBED/SEAMY - folded with angular blocks formed by many intersecting discontinuity sets. Persistence of bedding planes or schistosity	ASING INTERLOC		40	30		C. D. E. and G - may be more or less folded than illustrated but this does not change the strength. Tectonic deformation, faulting and loss of continuity moves these categories to F and H.  F. Tectonically deformed, intensively folded/faulted, sheared clayey shale or siltstone with broken and deformed sandstone layers forming an almost chaotic structure	
DISINTEGRATED - poorly inter- locked, heavily broken rock mass with mixture of angular and rounded rock pieces	DECRE			20		G. Undisturbed silty or clayey shale with or clayey shale forming a chaotic structure with pockets of clay. Thin sandstone layers of sandstone are transformed into small rock pieces.	
LAMINATED/SHEARED - Lack of blockiness due to close spacing of weak schistosity or shear planes	V N/A	N/A	//		10	——→ Means deformation after tectonic disturbance	ATE: 8-19-





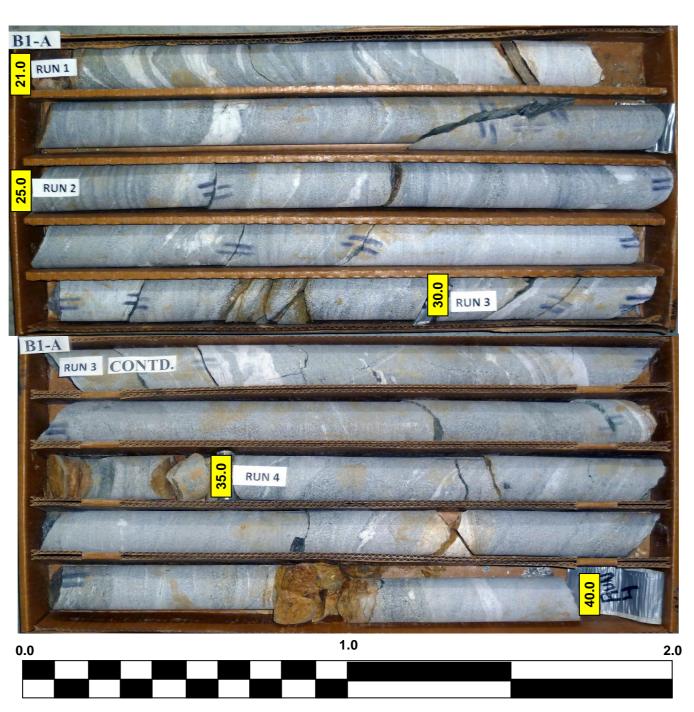


								В	<u>ORE L</u>	<u>.OG</u>							
WBS	67048.1.1				TI	<b>P</b> BR-0048	1	COUNT	Y SURRY				GEOLOGI	ST C. Drisc	oll		
				lacem		Bridge 103		8 over Mi									ID WTR (ft
	ING NO. EI					TATION 17			OFFSET				ALIGNMEI			0 HR.	Dry
COLL	LAR ELEV.	892	2.9 ft		TO	OTAL DEPTI	<b>H</b> 29.7 ft		NORTHIN					1,477,944		24 HR.	FIA
DRILL	RIG/HAMME	R EF	F./DA	TE TE	RI0055	CME-55 87%	03/21/2019				D H	.S. Augers		HAMME	R TYPE	Automatic	
DRIL	LER R. To	othn				TART DATE			COMP. DA		15/19	<del></del>	SURFACE	WATER DE	PTH N/A	١	
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft) DEF		BLC 0.5ft	0.5ft	JNT 0.5ft	0 25	BLOWS P	PER FOOT	75 100	SAMP.	MOI	O G	ELEV. (ft)	SOIL AND RO	OCK DESC	RIPTION	DEPTH (
895												-	— - 892.9	GPO! IN	ID SURFA	^E	(
	891.6 + 1.	.3	_										- 891.6	ROADWAY	EMBANK	MENT	
890	889.4 3.	.5	7	4	3	7	· · · ·			-	М			ABC Stone		Feet)	
	‡		5	6	7	13.					М		- -	Brown and Orai	nge, Fine S	andy SIL	Т
885						:/:::							- -				
000	884.4 + 8.	.5	2	1	2	1 7				1	M		-				
	‡										"		- -				
880	+ 879.4 + 13	5.5								-			- 				
	<del></del>		1	1	1	<b>d</b> 2					М	L	- -				
875	‡					::::7	·						-				
6/3	874.4 18	3.5	20	17	70					1	D		<u>874.9</u>		SIDUAL		18
	‡												-	Brown, Silty C	oarse to Fi	ne SAND	
870	+ 869.4 + 23						· · · ·	/					- -				
	009.4 23		3	17	27						М		- -				
005							: : : <u> </u>						865.9				2
865	864.4 28		00/0.3						100/0.3	1			<del>-</del> - 863.2		White GNE		00
	863.2 T 29		60/0.0						60/0.0	H		34774	- Е	Boring Terminat	ed WITH S	TANDAR	.D
	1													PENETRATION ation 863.2 ft o	n CRYSTA		
	1												<u>-</u>	G	SNEISS		
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	1 7												_				
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SHEET 6

	<i>E</i>	BORE LOG					CORE LOG	
<b>WBS</b> 67048.1.1	TIP BR-0048 COUNT	TY SURRY	GEOLOGIST Stickney, J. K.	_	<b>WBS</b> 67048.1.1	TIP BR-0048 COUN	TY SURRY	GEOLOGIST Stickney, J. K.
SITE DESCRIPTION Replaceme	ent of Bridge 103 on NC 268 over Mit	chell River	·	GROUND WTR (ft)	SITE DESCRIPTION Replace	ement of Bridge 103 on NC 268 over Mi	tchell River	GROUND WTR (ft)
BORING NO. B1-A	STATION 18+17		ALIGNMENT -L-	<b>0 HR.</b> N/A	BORING NO. B1-A	STATION 18+17	OFFSET 15 ft LT	ALIGNMENT -L- 0 HR. N/A
COLLAR ELEV. 864.8 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 40.0 ft		1	<b>24 HR.</b> N/A	COLLAR ELEV. 864.8 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 40.0 ft	<b>NORTHING</b> 924,714	<b>EASTING</b> 1,478,042 <b>24 HR.</b> N/A
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE HF		DRILL METHOD NW	Casing W/SPT & Core HAMMI	ER TYPE Automatic		HFO0072 CME-550X 92% 08/15/2018		NW Casing W/SPT & Core HAMMER TYPE Automatic
DRILLER Smith, C. L.	<b>START DATE</b> 05/22/19		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/	/A	DRILLER Smith, C. L.	START DATE 05/22/19	COMP. DATE 05/22/19	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A
ELEV DRIVE DEPTH BLOW COU	JNT BLOWS PER FOC 0.5ft 0 25 50	7   0	SOIL AND ROCK DESC	CRIPTION	CORE SIZE NX	TOTAL RUN 19.0 ft		
(ft) (ft) (ft) 0.5ft 0.5ft	0.5ft 0 25 50	75 100 NO. MOI G	ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	ELEV RUN DEPTH RUN R. (ft) (ft) (M	RILL   RUN   STRATA     ATE   REC.   RQD   NO.   (ft)   (ft)     Ini/ft)   (ft)   (ft)   (ft)   (ft)		DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS
					(II)		<u> </u>	DEPTH (fi
865		1.000.00	.864.8 GROUND SURF. ALLUVIAL		843.8 21.0 4.0 NN	W/1.0 (3.6) (3.2) (18.4) (15.	1) 843.8	Begin Coring @ 21.0 ft CRYSTALLINE ROCK 21.0
		-	Brown, Clayey Silty SAND wand Trace of Organic Matte	with Trace Mica er (Leaves and	NN 1:4	W1.0 (3.6) (3.2) (18.4) (15. W1.0 90% 80% 97% 7994.4/1.0	6 Gray, Slightly	Weathered to Fresh, Hard, Biotite Gneiss with Close to Wide Fracture Spacing
860 861.1 3.7 WOH WOH	WOH 0	M	Wood)	`	840 839.8 25.0 1.5 5.0 1.3	0/1.0   (4.9)   (4.3)   (4.10)		GSI: 84
					1:4	17/1.0   98%   86%		
856.1 8.7	1	.			835 834.8 30.0 1:4 1:4	15/1.0 1/1/1.0		
855 2 1	'   • 2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				+   5.0   1:5 1:4	0/1.0   55/8   66/8   60/8   6		
851.1 1 13.7					1.4	12/1.0 14/1.0		
850 851.1 13.7 2 98/0.4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100/0.9   N/J=/1	WEATHERED RO	OCK 14.2	629.8 <u>35.0</u> 1:4 - 5.0 1:3	11/1.0   18/1.0   (5.0)   (3.7)   15/1.0   100%   74%	1) 843.8 Gray, Slightly	
			Gray BIOTITE GN	NEISS		19/1.0   100%   74%		
845 1 18.7 100/0.4		100/0.4			825 824.8 40.0 1:4	9/1.0 4/1.0	824.8 Boring Terr	40. minated at Elevation 824.8 ft in CRYSTALLINE ROCK:
			843.8 CRYSTALLINE R	21.0			-	BIOTITE GNEISS
			Gray BIOTITE GN				<u> </u>	
840								
835					+		-	
830								
825			.824.8	40.0			-	
			Boring Terminated at Eleva CRYSTALLINE ROCK: BIO	ation 824.8 ft in OTITE GNEISS				
					‡		-	
					‡			
							F	
							F	
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		F					[	
849 								
		[-						
		[						
		[			‡		-	
NCDOT BORE DOUBLE BROOM GEO_BROG_GINT.GPU NC_DOT.GDU 6/26/19								
		[						
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**B1-A**BOX 1 & 2: 21.0 to 40.0 FEET

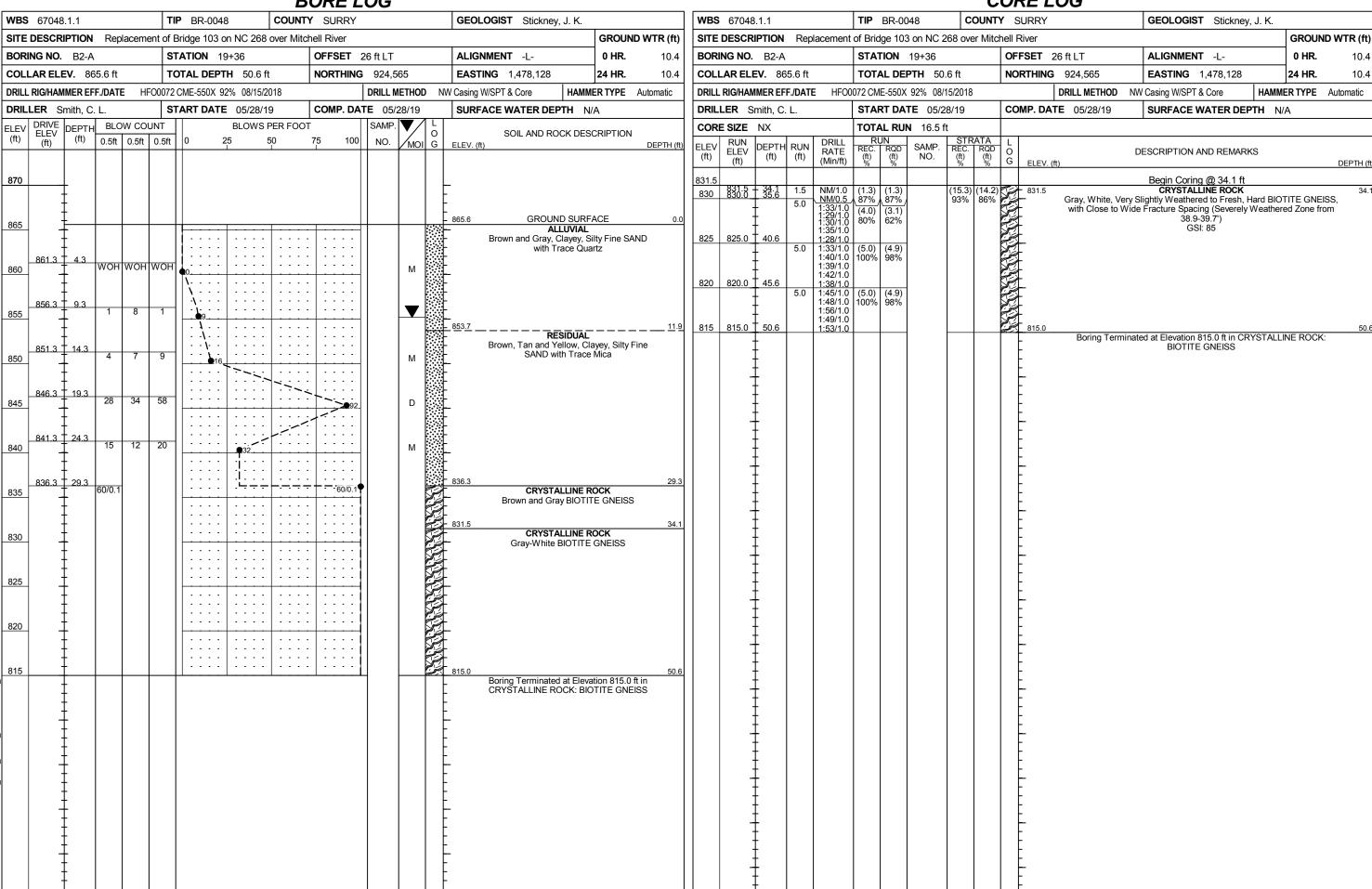


BORE LOG																		C	ORE	LOG													
WB	67048	3.1.1			TIF	BR-004	8	С	OUNTY	SURRY	<u> </u>			GEOLOGIST Stick	ney, J. K.			WBS	67048	3.1.1			TIP	BR-00	048	С	TNUO	Y SURR	Υ		GEOLOGIST Stickney	J. K.	
SITE	DESCR	IPTION	Rep	laceme	ent of B	ridge 103 o	on NC 2	268 ove	er Mitch	ell River						GROUND	WTR (ft)	SITE	DESCR	IPTION	Repl	acement	t of Bri	dge 103	3 on NC	268 ove	er Mitcl	nell River				GR	OUND WTR (ft)
BOF	ING NO.	B1-B			ST	ATION 1	8+23			OFFSET	11 ft R	Γ		ALIGNMENT -L-		0 HR.	7.0	BORI	NG NO.	B1-B			STA	TION	18+23			OFFSET	11 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-	0 H	<b>HR.</b> 7.0
COL	LAR EL	<b>EV</b> . 86	34.3 ft		то	TAL DEP	<b>TH</b> 35.2	.2 ft		NORTHIN	<b>IG</b> 924,	556		<b>EASTING</b> 1,478,00	9	24 HR.	7.0	COLL	AR ELI	<b>EV</b> . 86	4.3 ft		тот	AL DE	<b>PTH</b> 35	5.2 ft		NORTHI	<b>NG</b> 924,556		<b>EASTING</b> 1,478,009	24 I	<b>HR.</b> 7.0
DRIL	_ RIG/HAN	MER EF	F./DATE	E HF	O0072 (	ME-550X 9	2% 08/1	15/2018	3		DRILL	METHO	) NW C	Casing W/SPT & Core	HAMI	MER TYPE	Automatic	DRILL	RIG/HAN	IMER EF	F./DATE	HF00	0072 CI	ME-550X	92% 08	/15/2018	3		DRILL METH	OD N	NW Casing W/SPT & Core	HAMMER TY	PE Automatic
	LER S					ART DATI	E 05/22	2/19		COMP. D				SURFACE WATER [	DEPTH N	N/A		DRILI	L <b>ER</b> S	mith, C	L.		STA	RT DA	<b>TE</b> 05/2	22/19		COMP. [	DATE 05/22/1	9	SURFACE WATER DEF	TH N/A	
ELEV	DRIVE ELEV	DEPTH	BLO	W CO					R FOOT			°.  ▼/	L	SOIL AND	ROCK DES	SCRIPTION		CORE	SIZE	NX			тот	AL RU	<b>N</b> 21.6								
(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25 	50	7	75 10	0 NO.	MOI	G E	LEV. (ft)			DEPTH (ft)	ELEV		DEPTH	RUN	DRILL RATE	REC.	RUN RQD (ft) %	SAMP.	REC.	RATA RQD (ft) %	L			DESCRIPTION AND REMARK	S	
																		(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(Min/ft)	(II) %	(11)	NO.	(II) %	(II) %	G <sub>ELE</sub>	V. (ft)				DEPTH (ft)
865	_	<b>∔</b>											-86		UND SUR		0.0	850.7 850	850.7	13.6	1.6	NM/1.0	(0.8)	(0.5)		(6.6)	(0.5)	850	7		Begin Coring @ 13.6 ft CRYSTALLINE ROCK		13.6
		‡									1 1			Brown, Clayey,	ALLUVIAL Silty fine S	L SAND with Tra	ce	-	850.7 849.1	15.2	5.0	NM/0.6 NM/1.0	_ ₹ 50%	31%	ł	68%	5%	— 850. —	Brown to	Gray,	Very Severly Weathered to Mo loderately Hard, BIOTITE GNE	derately Weat	hered,
860	860.6	3.7	MOLL	MOLL	WOLL			.						. , , ,	Mica				-	Ŧ		NM/1.0 NM/1.0	62%	(0.0)					Close Fract	ure Spa	acing. (13.6-14.2' is Fresh Whit GSI: 30-40	e Plagioclase	Feldspar)
333	-	ŧ	WOH	WOH	WOH	0						M						845	844.1	20.2		NM/1.0 NM/1.0									GSI. 30-40		
		‡				\							8	56.8 Dark Gray, Silty	Sondy CD		7.5		-	ł	5.0	1:45/1.0 1:53/1.0 1:39/1.0	)   (4.7) )   94%	(1.8) 36%									
855	855.6	+ 8.7 +	4	6	8	14					-			of Organic N	Matter (Woo	od) and Trace	ace	840				1:50/1.0	) I			(11.9)	(10.4) 87%	841.	0 Gray, Ver	y Slightl	ly Weathered to Fresh, Hard, B	IOTITE GNEI	23.3 SS, with
		Ŧ				: :  ; :							000 <b>-</b> 8!	52.6	ATHERED F	BOCK	11.7	-	839.1	25.2	5.0	1:54/1.0 1:42/1.0	)   (5 0)	(5.0)		100%	87%				Close to Wide Fracture Spac GSI: 84	ng	
850		Ŧ						.					8	50.7 BIC	OTITE GNE	EISS	13.6		-	<u> </u>		1:38/1.0 1:34/1.0	) [	100%	RS-1								
		Ŧ												CRY: Brown to 0	STALLINE   Gray BIOTI	<b>ROCK</b> TE GNEISS		835	834.1	30.2		1:40/1.0 1:42/1.0	) l			1							
		Ŧ				: :  : :		.							•					ŧ	5.0	1:47/1.0 1:41/1.0 1:50/1.0	)   (5.0) )  100%	(3.6)									
845		Ŧ							· · · · ·									830				1:46/1.0	)					829.					
		Ŧ						.					8					-	829.1	35.2		1:51/1.0	)				+	829.	Boring B	Termina	ated at Elevation 829.1 ft in CR	YSTALLINE F	OCK: 35.2
840		Ŧ					1	-					8. L	41.0 Gray	BIOTITE G	SNEISS	23.3			‡											BIOTITE GNEISS		
		Ŧ				[								•					-	‡								-					
		ŧ						.			RS-1	-							-	‡													
835		╁				<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>			<del> </del>									-	‡													
		ŧ				 		.											-	‡								-					
830	_	ŧ				· · j. ·		-   -	 											‡													
		<del>                                     </del>				!							82	Boring Termina					-	‡								-					
		‡												CRYSTALLINE	ROCK: BI	IOTITE GNEIS	SS		-	‡													
	-	‡											-						-	‡													
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19		‡											-						-	‡													
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GDT		‡																	-	Ŧ								F					
DOT.	-	‡																		Ŧ								F					
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GINT	-	‡																	_	Ŧ								F					
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O_BR	-	‡																		Ŧ								F					
3 GE		‡											-						-	Ŧ								l F					
R004	:	‡																	-	Ŧ								F					
LE B	-	‡											-						-	F								F					
OUBI		‡																	-	Ŧ								F					
RE D		‡																		Ŧ								F					
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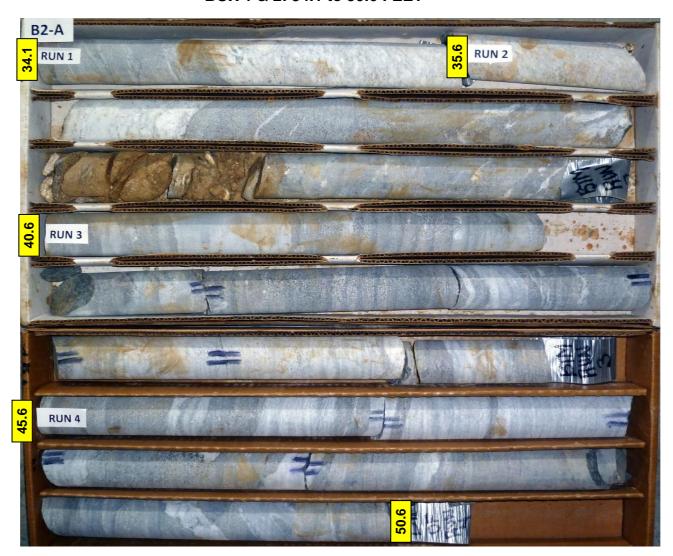
**B1-B**BOX 1: 13.6 to 35.2 FEET





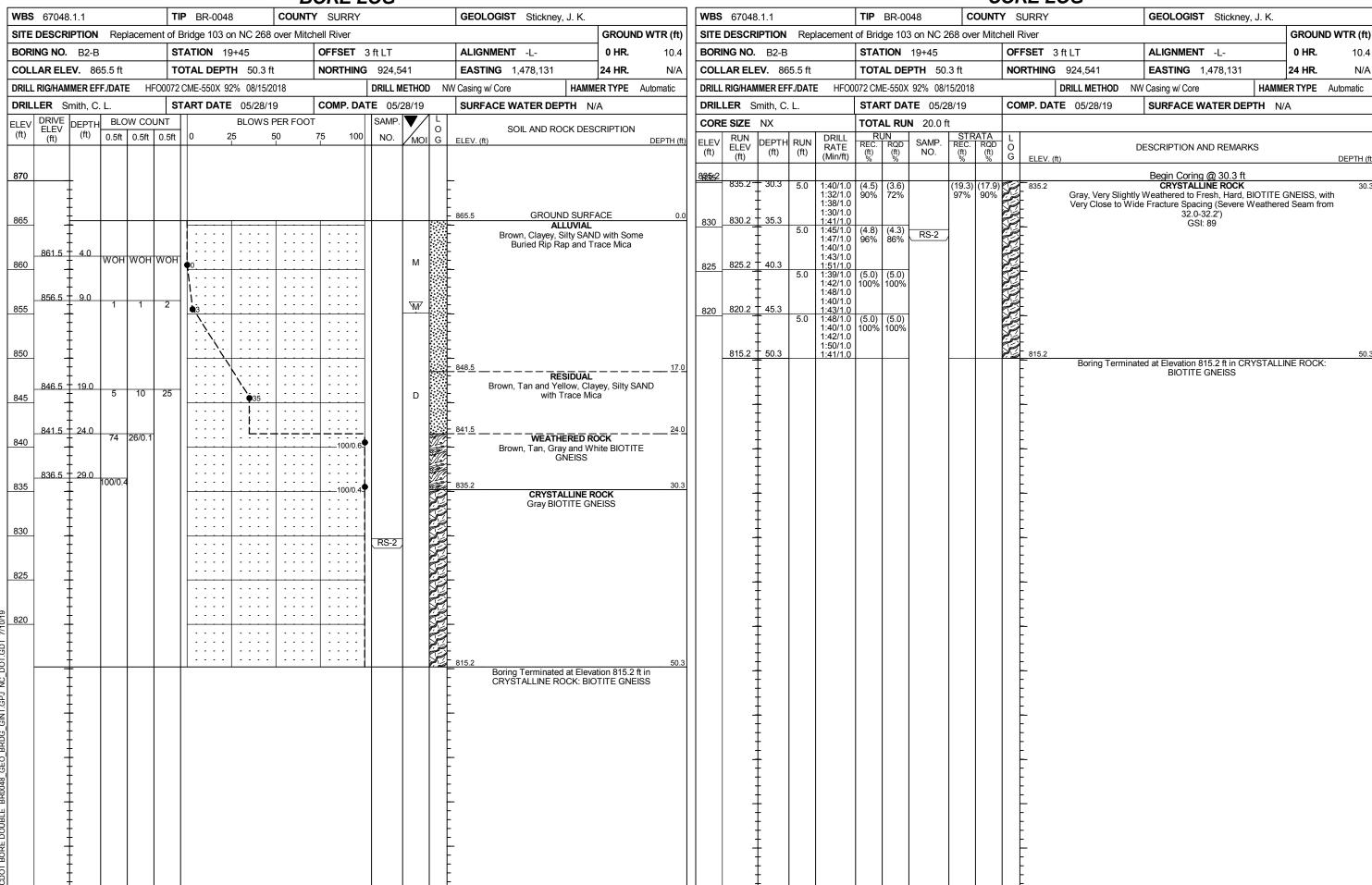


**B2-A**BOX 1 & 2: 34.1 to 50.6 FEET

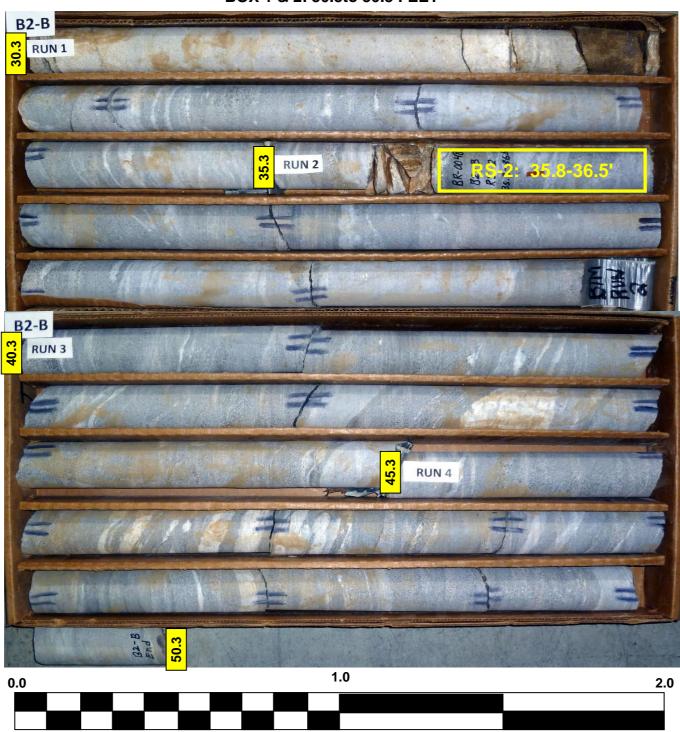




FEET



**B2-B**BOX 1 & 2: 30.3to 50.3 FEET



FEET

								<u>ORE L</u>	<u> </u>							
WBS	67048	.1.1			TI	<b>P</b> BR-0048	COUNT	Y SURRY				GEOLOGI	ST C. Drisc	oll		
SITE	DESCR	IPTION	Repl	aceme	ent of B	Bridge 103 on NC 268	over Mitch	ell River							GROUN	D WTR (ft)
BOR	ING NO.	EB2-	 В		S	<b>TATION</b> 20+00		OFFSET 2	25 ft RT			ALIGNME	NT -L-		0 HR.	31.6
	LAR ELE				-	OTAL DEPTH 42.21	ft	NORTHING		)1		FASTING	1,478,178		24 HR.	FIAD
				E TDI		ME-55 87% 03/21/2019		11011111111	DRILL M		шс		.,,		RTYPE	
				L IIV			10	COMP. DA			11.0		WATER RE			Automatic
	LER R. DRIVE			W CO		TART DATE 04/15/			SAMP.		LT	SURFACE	WATER DE	PIH N/A	4	
ELEV (ft)	ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	0.5ft			0 25	PER FOOT	75 100	NO.	'/	Ö G	ELEV. (ft)	SOIL AND RO	OCK DESC	RIPTION	DEPTH (ft)
890												889.1		ID SURFA		0.0
	887.8 -	1.3	5	3	3					l , l	- <u>-</u>	887.8	ROADWAY Asphalt	<b>( EMBANK</b> (0.0 - 0.5 F		1.3
885	885.6 -	3.5				•6				М	<u> :</u>	886.1	ABC Stone	è (0.5 - 1.3	Feet)	3.0
885	_		2	2	3	5	+	+		М		- ¦ (	Gray and Brown	n, Silty Coa th Trace G		e
	_	-								L		· - (	Orange and Bro			i — 1
880	880.6 -	8.5								Ĺ	-#					
000	-	-	2	2	2	4	<del> </del>	<del>   </del>		М		-				
	-	-								L	-84-					
875	875.6 -	13.5				(				Ĺ	-					
0/5	-	-	2	2	3	5	<del> </del>	<del>   </del>		М		-				
	-	-								L	-  } -					
870	870.6 -	18.5								Ĺ						
670	-	-	WOH	2	3	5	<del>                                     </del>	<del>   </del>		М	""	-				
	-	-								L	-81					
005	865.6 -	23.5				1 : : :   : : : :				Ĺ	-Wt					
865		-	2	3	4	<del>  •</del> 7	+	+		М	_   -	-				
	_	F								L	- <b>   </b>					
	- 860.6 -	28.5								إ		861.1				28.0
860	- 000.0	20.5	2	2	2	4	<del> </del>			М		_	<b>Al</b> Brown	LUVIAL , Fine SAN	1D	
	-	-				1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1								,		
	- 855.6 -	33.5				:\: : :   : : : :						856.1				33.0
855	- 655.0	- 55.5	2	2	9		<del> </del>	<del> </del>		М	▓┢	-		SIDUAL ine Sandy	SILT	
	-	ļ				::::::				******			2.0, .		0.2.	
	- 850.6 -	- - 38.5				:::::\.::::				3.500	鮲					
850	- 650.6	30.5	12	22	13	35	<del> </del>	<del> </del>		Sat.	₩	-				
	_	ļ								100000	**					
	846.9	42.2	60/0.0					60/0.0	4			846.9 B	oring Terminat	ed WITH	STANDAR	42.2 D
												_	PENETRATIOI Elevation 846.9	N TEST R	EFUSAL a 'STALLINE	t

SHEET 15

#### LABORATORY SUMMARY SHEET FOR ROCK CORE SAMPLES

SHEET 16

PROJECT NO.: 67048.1.1 (BR-0048)

**COUNTY: SURRY** 

REPLACEMENT OF BRIDGE NO. 103 ON NC 268 OVER MITCHELL RIVER

Sample No.	Boring No.	Depth (ft)	Rock Type	Geologic Map Unit	Run RQD (%)	Length (in)	Diameter (in)	Wet Unit Weight (lbf/ft <sup>3</sup> )	Unconfined Compressive Strength (ksi)	Young's Modulus (psi)	Splitting Tensile Strength (psi)	Remarks
RS-1	B1-B	27.3-27.8	Biotite Gneiss	CZmg	100	3.70	1.86	174.7	11.68	N/A	N/A	GSI 84
RS-2	B2-B	35.8-36.5	Biotite Gneiss	CZmg	90	3.69	1.86	169.9	16.05	N/A	N/A	GSI 89

# WBS NO.: 67048.1.1 - TIP NO.: BR-0048 REPLACEMENT OF BRIDGE NO. 103 ON NC 268 OVER MITCHELL RIVER SITE PHOTOGRAPHS



View from End Bent 1 Looking East



View from Downstream Side of Bridge