CONTENTS SHEET NO. TITLE SHEET LEGEND (SOIL & ROCK) 2 SITE PLAN 3 PROFILE 5 BORE LOGS

5986B

REFERENCE

DESCRIPTION

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY _HARNETT

PROJECT DESCRIPTION <u>I-95 WIDENING FROM SR 1811</u> (BUD HAWKINS ROAD) (EXIT 70) TO I-40 (EXIT 81) - WIDEN TO EIGHT LANES SITE DESCRIPTION SECTION 2 OF 4; I-5878 PORTION, CULVERT BENEATH PROPOSED -NBCD- ALIGNMENT

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CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOLI TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT 1999 707-680. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-FLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOLL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOLL MOISTIGE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO LIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OFINION OT THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. OFINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDENSATION OF FOR AN THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

- NOTES: I. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS. SPECIFICATIONS OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT. 2. BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

PERSONNEL

M. HARTMAN
R. NORWOOD
INVESTIGATED BYS&ME, INC.
DRAWN BY <u>C. CHANDLER</u>
CHECKED BY <u>K. HILL</u>
SUBMITTED BY <u>S. MITCHELL</u>
DATE
9751 SOUTHERN PINE BLVD CHARLOTTE, NC 28273 (704) 523-4726
SEAL 032125 <i>F. MICHTURE</i> <i>E. MICHTURE</i>
Stacie Mitchell 2/5/2020
BBC611B64E19458 SIGNATURE DATE
DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

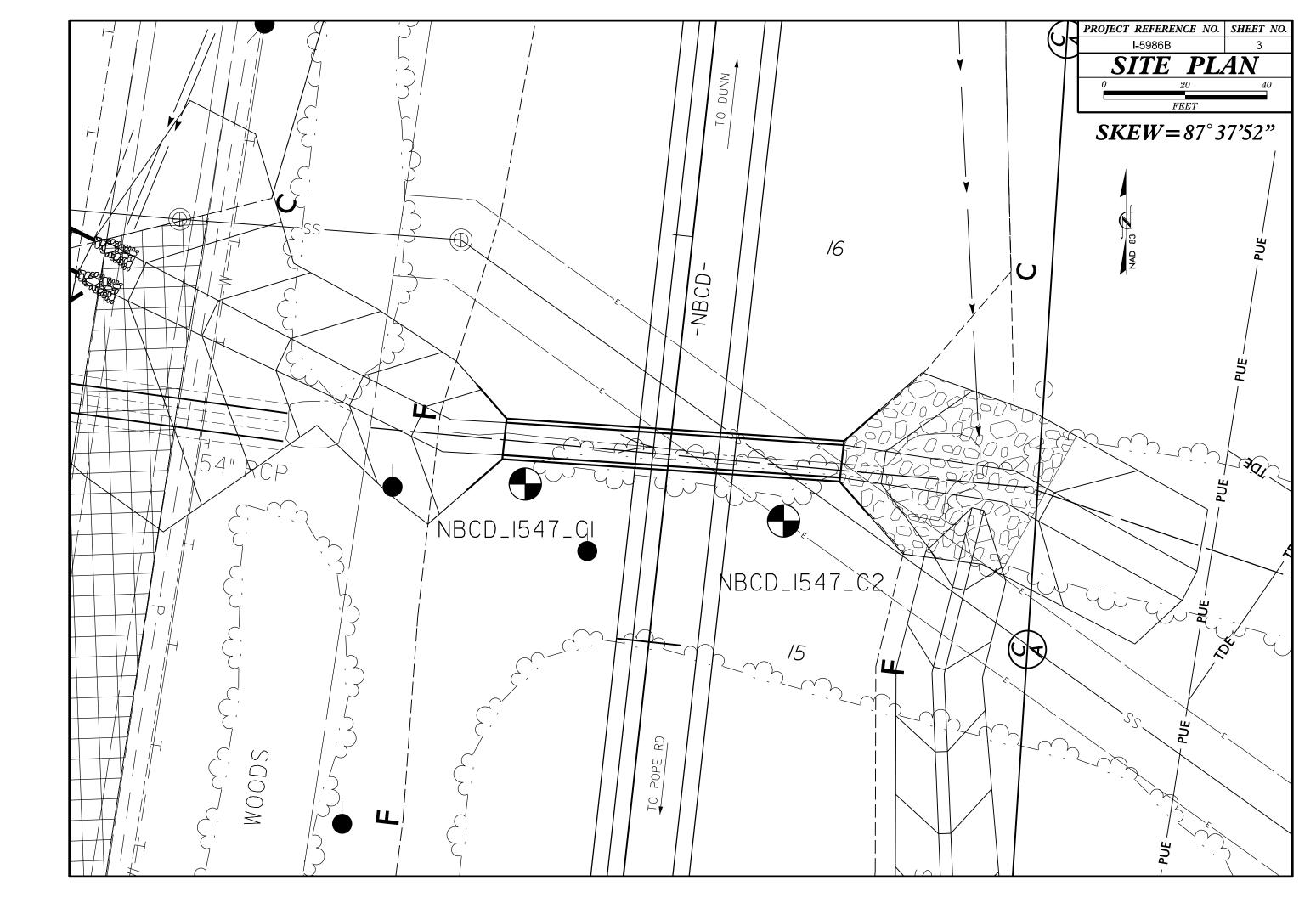
SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION
SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM DI586), SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE ARABITD SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MONSTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH	<u>WELL GRADED</u> - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. <u>GAP-GRADED</u> - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES. ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTEC ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH MON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK I REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK.
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE, VERY STIFF.GRAY.SULTY CLAY.MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS.HIGHLY PLASTIC.A-7-6	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS:	ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT ROCK (WR) 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS CLASS. (≤ 35%, PASSING *200) (> 35%, PASSING *200) (> 35%, PASSING *200)	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS OUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR) GRISS, GABRO, SCHORE, ETC.
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5 CLASS. A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-7 A-3 A-6, A-7 SYMBDL 000000000000000000000000000000000000	COMPRESSIBILITY SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31	NON-CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL ROCK (NCR) FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL ROCK (NCR) FINE NO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL
STMEDL 000000000000000000000000000000000000	MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50	COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT N SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDST (CP) SHELL BEOS, ETC.
*10 50 MX GRANULAR MUCK,	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	WEATHERING
*200 15 MX 25 MX 10 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN	GRANULAR SILT - CLAY <u>ORGANIC MATERIAL</u> GRANULAR SILT - CLAY <u>OTHER MATERIAL</u> <u>OTHER MATERIAL</u>	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK R
MATERIAL PASSING *40 LL 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN 501LS WITH LL 48 MX 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN 18 MX 18 MX 11 MN 11 MN 11 MN 11 MN PI 6 MX NP 18 MX 18 MX 11 MN 11 MN 18 MX 18 MX 11 MN 11 MN 11 MN 1000RATE	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10% LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20% MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35% HIGHLY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35%	HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE. VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COU (V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAY OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.
GROUP INDEX 0 0 0 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX NO MX AMOUNTS OF UNGANIL	GROUND WATER	SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK
USUAL TYPES STONE FRAGS. FINE SILTY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY MATTER OF MAJOR GRAVEL, AND SAN GRAVEL AND SAN SON SON SON S	✓ WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING ✓ STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER <u>24</u> HOURS	(SLI) 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS.
GEN, RATING EXCELLENT TO COOD FAIR TO POOR INSUITABLE	<u> </u>	MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATERING EFFECTS. (MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENOTH
AS SUBGRADE PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ;PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30	SPRING OR SEEP	WITH FRESH ROCK.
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FE SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOS
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR CONSTRUCTION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) 25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION	(MOD.SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WI IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL
CENERALLY VERY LOOSE < 4 CENERALLY LOOSE 4 TO 10	SUDPE INDICATOR SUL SYMBOL SUL SYMBOL S	SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EV (SEV.) REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS AF TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.
MATERIAL MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30 N/A	R1	IE TESTED WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPE
(NON-COHESIVE) UENDE VERY DENSE > 50 VERY SOFT < 2	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER AUGER BORING CONE PENETROMETER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT - AUGER BORING TEST	VERY ALL ROCK EXCEPT OUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE SEVERE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOLL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF (V SEV.) REMAINING, SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT (
GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.5 SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1.0 MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 1 TO 2		VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <u>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N YA</u> COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS.
(COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4 HARD > 30 > 4	TTTTT ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY A PIEZUMEIER SPT N-VALUE	ALSO AN EXAMPLE.
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS	ROCK HARDNESS
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270	UNDERCUT UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION -	SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.
OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053 BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SLLT CLAY	SHALLOW UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL	HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLG TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.
(BLDR.) (COB.) (GR.) Simulation (CSE.) (F SD.) (SL.) (CL.) GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005	ABBRE VIATIONS AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST	MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEE HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DE' BY MODERATE BLOWS.
SIZE IN. 12 3	BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY γ - UNIT WEIGHT	MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD E
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC $\gamma_{ m d}$ - DRY UNIT WEIGHT	POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE (ATTERBERG LIMITS) DESCRIPTION GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSURMETER TEST <u>SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS</u> DPT - DVINAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN F FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY (SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SL SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK	VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. F SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHE
PLASTIC RANGE - WET - (W) SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL FRAGS FRAGMENTS w - MOISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING	FINGERNAIL. FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING
	HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO	TERM SPACING TERM T VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET VERY THICKLY BEDDED
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	EOUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE:	WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16
- DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	CME-45C	CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FOOT VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.00E THINLY LAMINATED < (
PLASTICITY	□ CME-55 □ </td <td>INDURATION</td>	INDURATION
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH	CME-550 HARD FACED FINGER BITS	FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEA
NON PLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW SLIGHTLY PLASTIC 6-15 SLIGHT		FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.
HIGHLY PLASTIC 26 OR MORE HIGH	PORTABLE HOIST	MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STE BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.
COLOR	X CME-750 TRICONE TUNGCARB.	INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL P DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	CORE BIT VANE SHEAR TEST	EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.

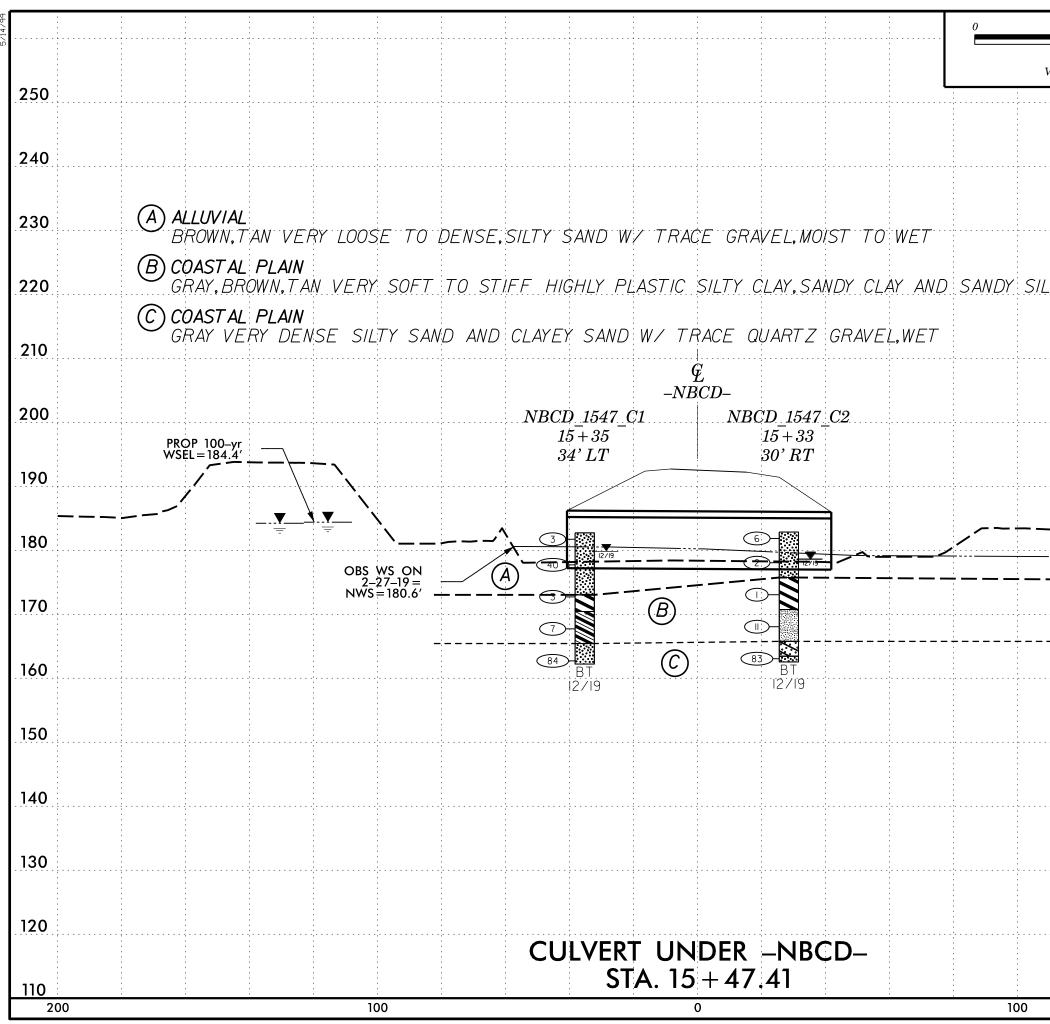
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TERMS AND DEFINITIONS ED. AN INFERRED ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. I SPT REFUSAL. FOOT PER 60 SPT REFUSAL. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. 「 N VALUES > ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND ОСК ТНАТ SURFACE. ICLUDES GRANITE. CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. AL PLAIN IF TESTED. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. MAY NOT YIELD CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. TONE, CEMENTED DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT BOCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE BOCK. RINGS UNDER <u>DIP</u> - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. OATINGS IF OPEN. <u>DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH)</u> - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. AMMER BLOWS IF FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE OCK UP TO SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. E FELDSPAR R BLOWS. FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL. IS. IN Y. ROCK HAS AS COMPARED FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD. FELDSPARS DULL LOSS OF STRENGTH WHEN STRUCK. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT. VIDENT BUT ARE KAOLINIZED LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. RE DISCERNIBLE PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. ONLY MINOR ALUES < 100 BPF RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. IN SMALL AND ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR CREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE 5. SAPROLITE IS RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT BUCK NS REQUIRES <u>SILL</u> - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO LOWS REQUIRED THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS. SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT EEP CAN BE ETACHED OR SLIP PLANE. STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE)(SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL R PICK POINT. BLOWS OF THE TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. FRAGMENTS NT. SMALL, THIN STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. PIECES 1 INCH ED READILY BY TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER. BENCH MARK: . SEE NOTE THICKNESS 4 FEET 1.5 - 4 FEET ELEVATION: FEET 16 - 1.5 FEET NOTES: 03 - 0.16 FEET 08 - 0.03 FEET * Elevations derived from geopak and the .tin file 0.008 FEET 15986b_Merged_ls_tin.tin dated 01/09/19 EAT. PRESSURE, ETC TEEL PROBE; PROBE: DATE: 8-15-14





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GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT BORE LOG

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						EATH PRO		NBCD-								GROUND WTR (ft)								OPOSED -I	NBCD-
BOR	NG NO.	. NBC	D_154	7_C1	S	TATION 1	5+35		OFFSET	34 ft LT			ALIGNN	ENT -NBCD-		0 HR. 3.4	BOR	Ring No.	. NBC	D_154	17_C2	ST	ATION	15+33	
COLI	AR ELI	EV. 18	82.7 ft		Т(OTAL DEPT	FH 20.5 ft	t	NORTHIN					G 2,118,402		24 HR. 2.9	COL	LAR ELI	EV. 18	32.9 ft		тс)TAL DEF	PTH 20.3 f	ť
DRILL	RIG/HA	MMER E	eff./da	TE SI	VIE9978	3 CME-750 74	4% 12/19/20)18		DRILLI	METHO	DD ⊦	I.S. Augers		HAMME	ER TYPE Automatic	DRIL	l rig/ha	MMER E	FF./DA	TE SN	√E9978	CME-750	74% 12/19/20	018
DRIL	LER R	. Norw	ood		S	TART DATE	E 12/11/1	9	COMP. DA	TE 12/	/11/19		SURFAC	E WATER DEP	TH N//	A	DRIL	LER R		ood		ST	ART DAT	FE 12/11/1	19
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(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0 2	25 5	50	75 100	NO.	Имо		ELEV. (ft)			DEPTH (ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50 7
185													_				185								
	182.7 -	0.0											182.7	GROUN	D SURFA	CE 0.0		182.9							
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170	-	Ł										X		RAY AND BROW	; (Á-7) [MI	IDDENDORF r- <u>12.3</u>	170		Ł				1		
	168.7 -	14.0	3	3	4						w		- \	FORI BROWN, MEDIUM	MATION]	i		169.1	13.8	5	5	6			
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165	163.7 -	T - 19.0							· · · · ·				$\frac{-165.4}{-1}$	RAY VERY DENS	SE SILTY	SAND (A-2-4) 17.3	165	164.1	T 18.8						+
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