B REFERENCE **CONTENTS**

DESCRIPTION

LEGEND (SOIL & ROCK)

SUPPLEMENTAL LEGEND (GSI)

BORE LOGS & CORE REPORTS

TITLE SHEET

SITE PLAN PROFILE

CROSS SECTIONS

CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

SHEET NO.

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5-7

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY WILKES

PROJECT DESCRIPTION REPLACE BRIDGE #0667 ON SR 1749 (AUSTIN TRAPHILL RD.) OVER SPARKS CREEK

STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO. BR-0126 14

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF PREPARING THE SCOPE OF WORK TO BE INCLUDED IN THE REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT 1991 707-6550. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

SOIL AND ROCK BOUNDARIES WITHIN A BOREHOLE ARE BASED ON GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION UNLESS ENCOUNTERED IN A SAMPLE. INTERPRETED BOUNDARIES MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA AND BOREHOLE INFORMATION MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS, THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD, THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS HOLD THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION OF THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION OF THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

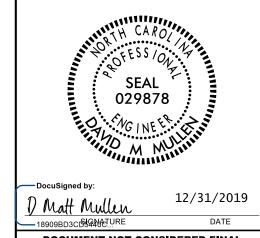
THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE TO MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISTY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

- NOTES:

 1. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

 2. BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

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CHECKED BY	
SUBMITTED BY .	
DATE	



DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL **UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED**

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO.

BR-0126

2

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

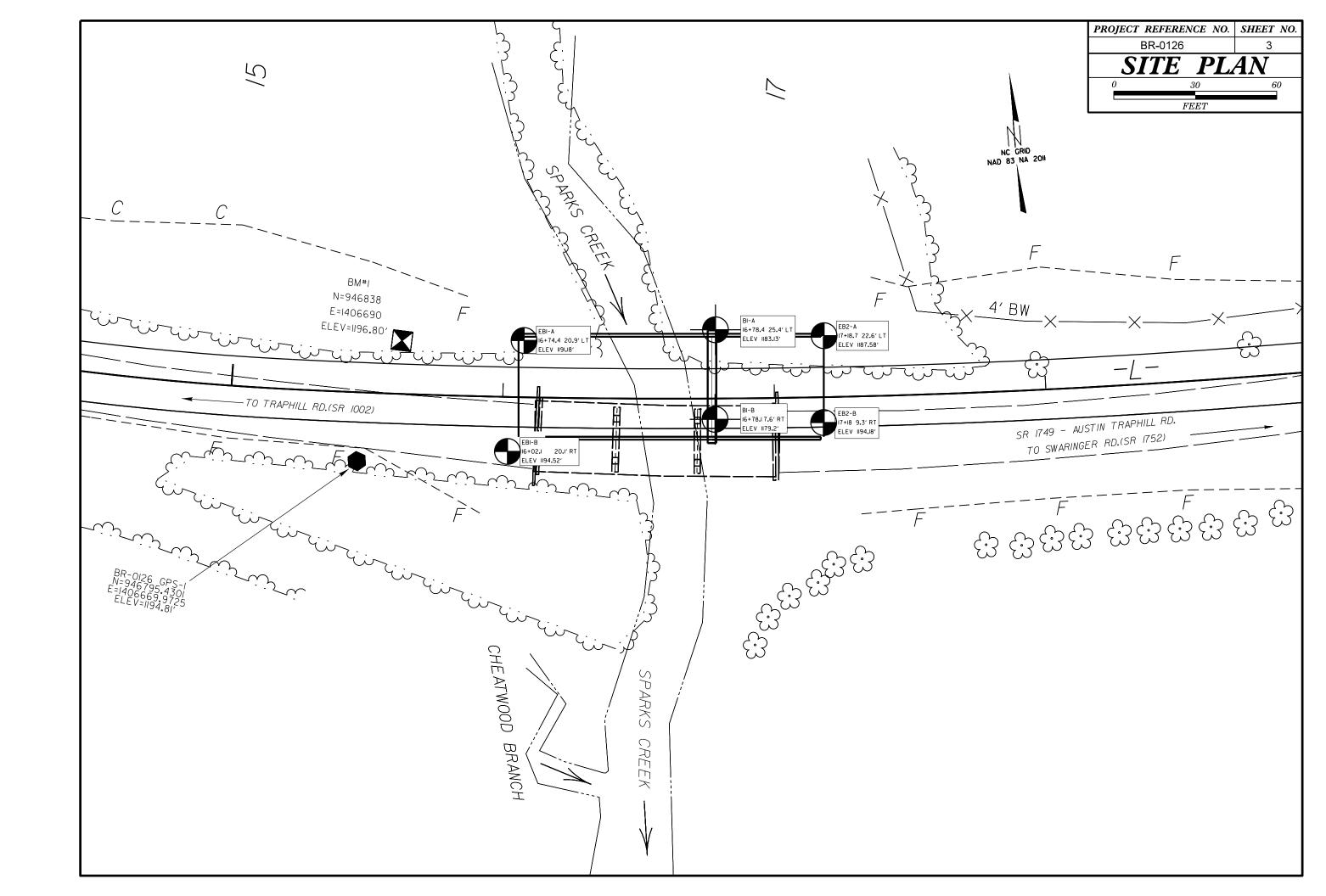
SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS ELIGHT POWER AUGER AND VIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT	<u>WELL GRADED</u> - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE.	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.
ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM D1586). SDIL CLASSIFICATION	<u>UNIFORMLY GRADED</u> - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. <u>GAP-GRADED</u> - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.	SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60	AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.
IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK.	ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE,	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS:	ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:	ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING
VERY STIFF,GRAY,SILTY CLAY,MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS,HIGHLY PLASTIC,A-7-6	ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES >	A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION	ROCK (WR) 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS CLASS. (≤35% PASSING *200) (>35% PASSING *200) ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC.	CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR) FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE,	SURFACE.
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5	ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	UNEISS, CHEBRO, SCHIST, ETC.	CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
CLASS. A-1-0 A-1-6 A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-7-6 A-3 A-6, A-7	COMPRESSIBILITY	BOOK (NICE) SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YELLD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED.	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM
SYMBOL 000000000000000000000000000000000000	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50	COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD	OF SLOPE.
7. PASSING	HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50	SEDIMENTARY ROCK STYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
"10 50 MX GRANULAR SIL1" MUCK,	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	CP) SHELL BEDS, ETC. WEATHERING	DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT
*40 30 MX 50 MX 51 MN SOILS SOILS PEAT *200 15 MX 25 MX 10 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 36 MN 36	GRANULAR SILT - CLAY ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER	ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.
MATERIAL	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%	HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.	DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.
PASSING *40 SOILS WITH	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20% MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35%	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN,	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE
LL - - 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN LITTLE OR HIGHLY	HIGHLY ORGANIC > 10% > 20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE	(V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.
CROLIP INDEX A A A A MY 8 MY 12 MY 16 MY NO MY AMOLINTS OF ORGANIC	GROUND WATER	SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE
USIAL TYPES STONE FRACS ORGANIC SUILS		(SLI.) 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR	SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
OF MAJOR GRAVEL, AND SAND SAND SAND SAND SAND SAND SAND	STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS	CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.
MATERIALS SANU	✓ PRICE WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA	MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS, IN (MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.
GEN. RATING AS SUBGRADE EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITABL	E	DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30	—	WITH FRESH ROCK.	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH	FIELD.
COMPACTNIESS OR RANGE OF STANDARD RANGE OF UNCONFINED	TT 25.425	(MOD. SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK.	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE CONFIGURESS ON PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (N-VALUE) (TONS/FT ²)	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) 25/825 DIP & DIP DIRECTION WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES	IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL	LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO
VERY LOOSE 6.4	SPT SLOPE INDICATOR	SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT (SEV.) REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED	ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
CRANIII AP LOOSE 4 TO 10	SOIL SYMBOL OPT DAT TEST BORING INSTALLATION	TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS
MATERIAL MEDIUM DENSE 30 TO 50	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER AUGER BORING CONE PENETROMETER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT TEST	IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF VERY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE	USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.
(NON-COHESIVE) VERY DENSE > 50	THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT	SEVERE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE
VERY SOFT < 2 < 0.25	→ INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY → CORE BORING SOUNDING ROD	(V SEV.) REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR	OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.5 SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1.0	INFERRED ROCK LINE MONITORING WELL TEST BORING	VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <u>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF</u> COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 1 TO 2	WITH CURE	SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE
(COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4 HARD > 30 > 4	***** ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY \(\triangle \tri	ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS	- ROCK HARDNESS	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270		VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND
OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	UNSUITABLE WASTE ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE	HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED	RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY	SHALLOW UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL	TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.
(BLDR.) (COB.) (GR.) (CSE. SD.) (F SD.) (SL.) (CL.)	ABBREVIATIONS	MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005	AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST	HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF
SIZE IN. 12 3	BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED	MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.	A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY 7 - UNIT WEIGHT	HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE	WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.
SOLI MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE	CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC $\gamma_{ m d}$ - DRY UNIT WEIGHT CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC	POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY
(ATTERBERG LIMITS) DESCRIPTION GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST <u>SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS</u>	FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN	TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY	DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON	PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SRQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY
(SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE	VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
PLASTIC SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO	FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL	FINGERNAIL.	TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
	FRAGS FRAGMENTS ω - MOISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING	FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING	BENCH MARK: BM#I
(PI) PL PLASTIC LIMIT ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO	TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET VERY THICKLY BEDDED 4 FEET	
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET	ELEVATION: 1196.80 FEET
SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT	DRILL UNITS:	MODERATELY CLOSE	NOTES:
- DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO	1	VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET	
ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	CME-55 6° CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER CORE SIZE:	THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET	1
PLASTICITY	X 8'HOLLOW AUGERS	INDURATION	-
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH	CME-550 HARD FACED FINGER BITS X -N XWL	FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	
NON PLASTIC 0-5 YERY LOW	TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS	FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
SLIGHTLY PLASTIC 6-15 SLIGHT MODERATELY PLASTIC 16-25 MEDIUM	VANE SHEAR TEST X CASING X W/ ADVANCER HAND TOOLS: POST HOLE DIGGER	COANG CAN DE CEDADATED EDON CANDIE UITM CTEEL DOOF	
HIGHLY PLASTIC 26 OR MORE HIGH	PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH HAND AUGER	MODERATELY INDURATED WAS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER. MODERATELY INDURATED BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	
COLOR	TRICONE TUNGCARB. SOUNDING ROD	INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE;	
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).	CORE BIT SOUNDING ROU	DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	THING SHEAR TEST	EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE;	
		SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	DATE: 8-15-1

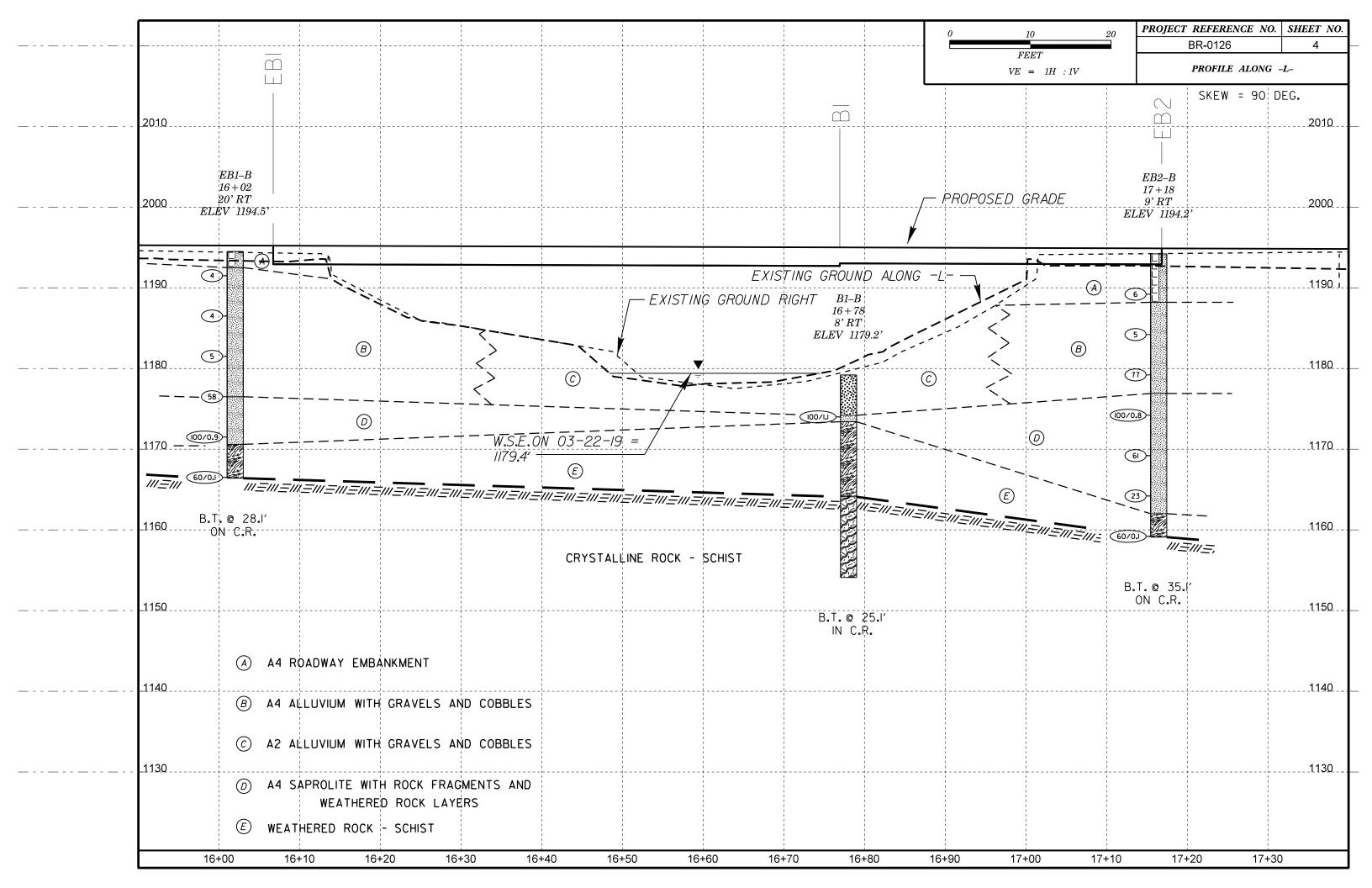
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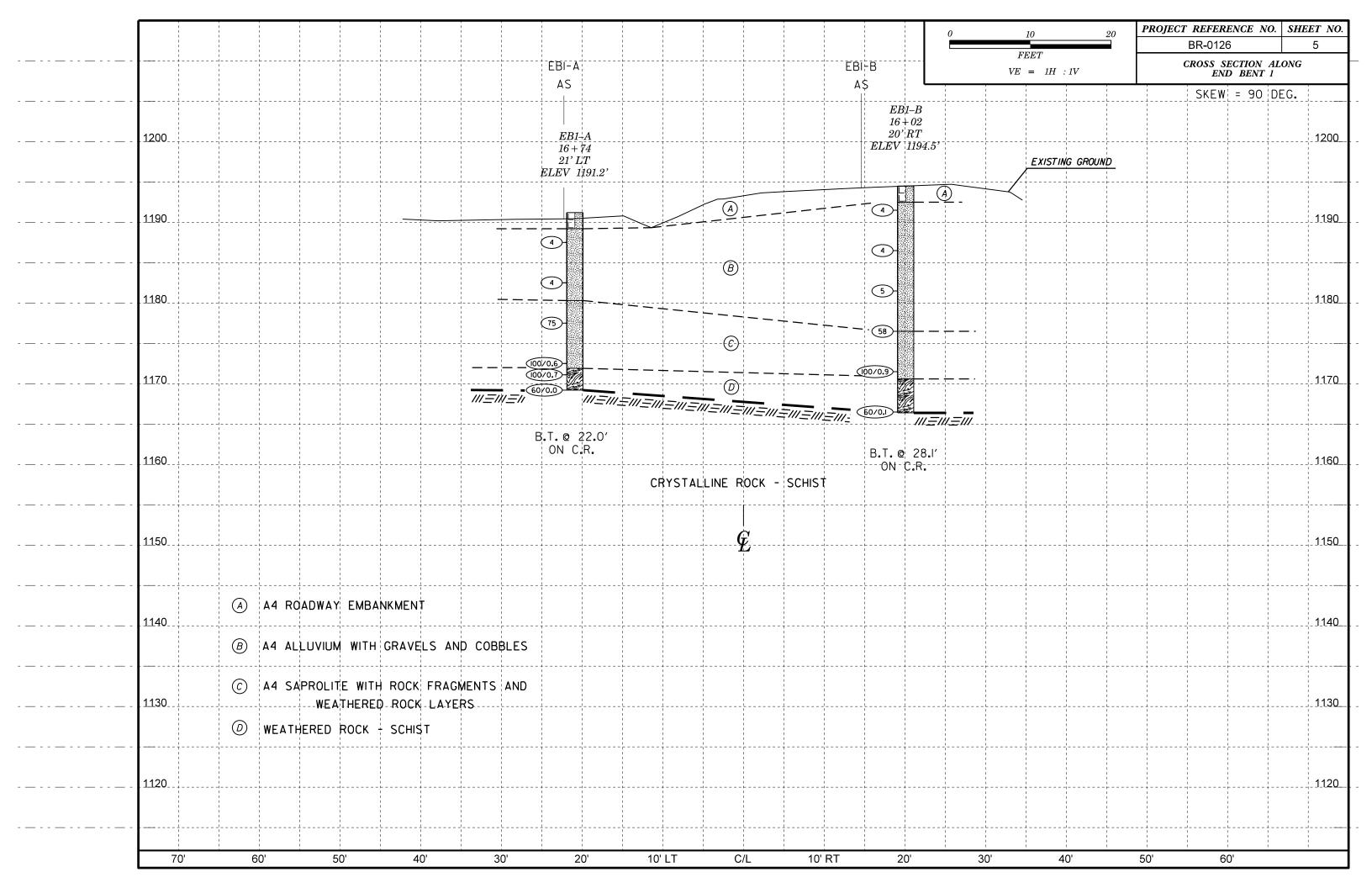
NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

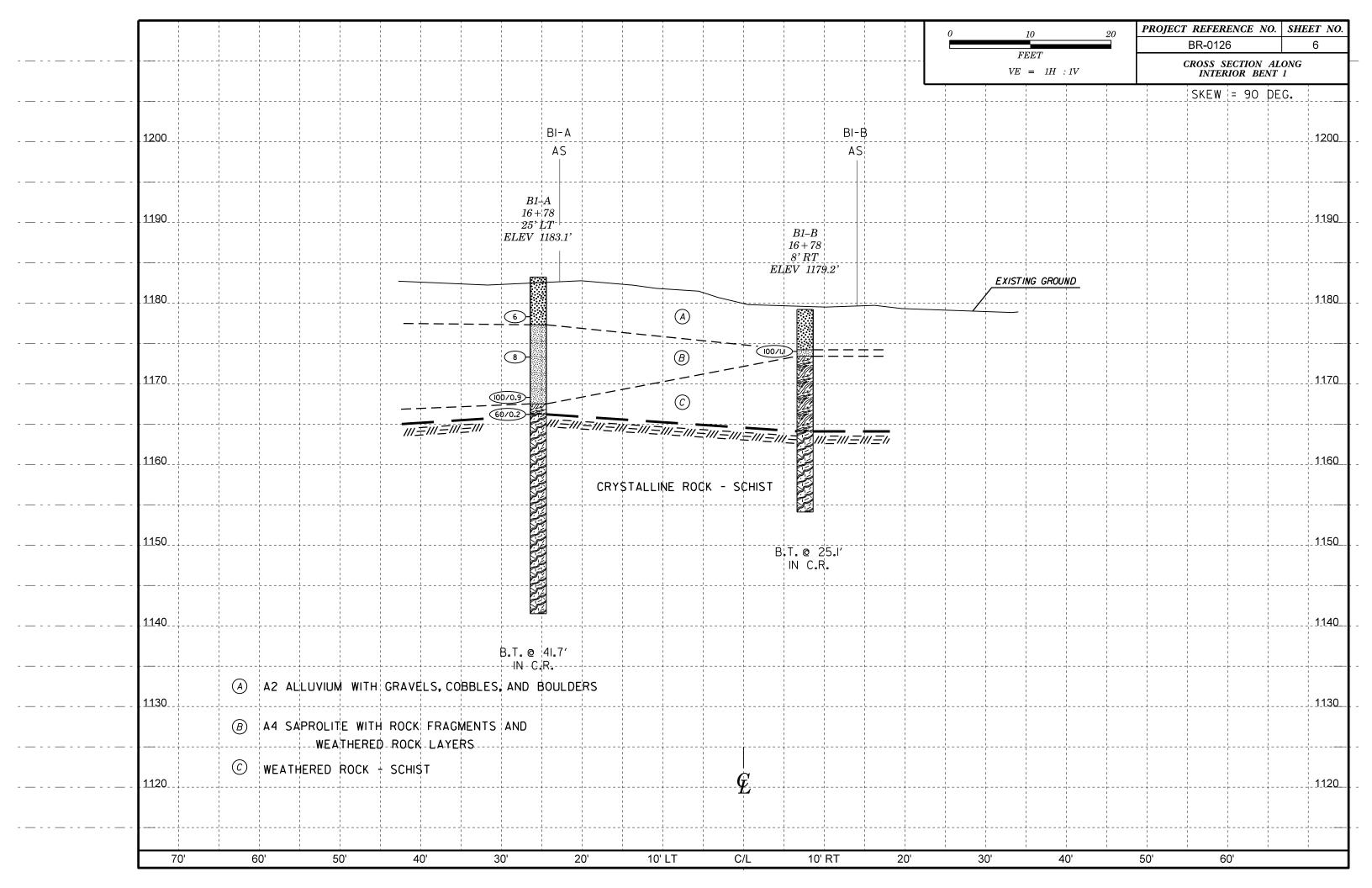
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

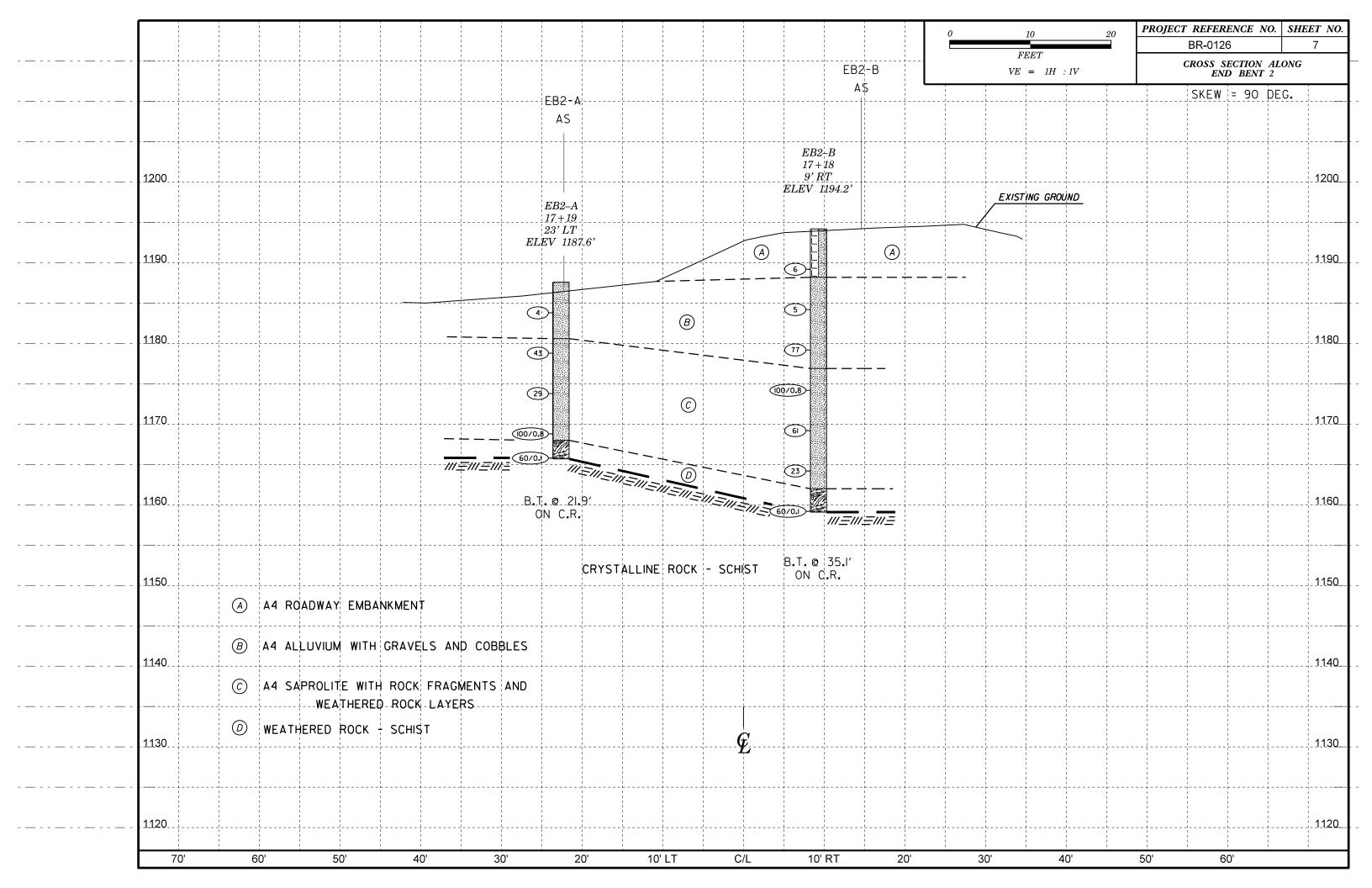
AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-1 — Determination of GSI for Join	ted Rock Mass (Ma	rinos and Hoek, 2000)			AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-2 — Determination of GSI for Tectonically Def	ormed Heterogeneous Rock	< Masses (Marın	ios and Hoek,	, 2000)
GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI)FOR JOINTED ROCKS (Hoek and Marinos, 2000)	ν Φ Ο	70	ν Φ	s O O	GSI FOR HETEROGENEOUS ROCK MASSES SUCH AS FLYSCH (Marinos.P and Hoek E., 2000)				
From the lithology, structure and surface conditions of the discontinuities, estimate the average value of GSI. Do not try to be too precise. Guoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than stating that GSI = 35. Note that the table does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where weak planar structural planes are present in an unfavorable orientation with respect to the excavation face, these will dominate the rock mass behaviour. The shear strength of surfaces in rocks that are prone to deterioration as a result of changes in moisture content will be reduced if water is present. When working with rocks in the fair to very poor categories, a shift to the right may be made for wet conditions. Water pressure is dealt with by effective stress analysis.	SURFACE CONDITIONS VERY GOOD Very rough, fresh unweathered surfa	GOOD Rough, slightly weathered, iron stained surfaces FAIR Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces	POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfac with compact coatings or fillings or angular fragments	VERY POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surf with soft clay coatings or fillings	From a description of the lithology, structure and surface conditions (particularly of the bedding planes), choose a box in the chart. Locate the position in the box that corresponds to the condition of the discontinuities and estimate the average value of GSI from the contours. Do not attempt to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than giving GSI = 35. Note that the Hoek-Brown criterion does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where unfavourably oriented continuous weak planar discontinuities are present, these will dominate the behaviour of the rock mass. The strength of some rock masses is reduced by the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair, poor and very poor conditions. Water pressure does not change the value of GSI and it is dealt with by using effective stress analysis.	VERY GOOD - Very Rough, fresh unweathered surfaces GOOD - Rough, slightly weathered surfaces	FAIR - Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces	POOR - Very smooth, occasionally slickensided surfaces with compact coatings or fillings with angular fragments	VERY POOR - Very smooth, slicken- sided or highly weathered surfaces with soft claim continues or fillings
STRUCTURE	D	ECREASING SURFACE O		⇒	COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURE				
INTACT OR MASSIVE - intact rock specimens or massive in situ rock with few widely spaced discontinuities	PIECES 80		N/A	N/A	A. Thick bedded, very blocky sandstone The effect of pelitic coatings on the bedding planes is minimized by the confinement of the rock mass. In shallow tunnels or slopes these bedding planes may cause structurally controlled instability.	70 A			
BLOCKY - well interlocked undisturbed rock mass consisting of cubical blocks formed by three intersecting discontinuity sets	OF ROCK F	70 60			B. Sand- Stone with Stone and Stone with siltstone Stiltstone Stil	50 B	C		
VERY BLOCKY - interlocked, partially disturbed mass with multi-faceted angular blocks formed by 4 or more joint sets	OCKING	50			layers of shale with stone layers shale with sandstone layers	40	/ / ,	D/ /E	
BLOCKY/DISTURBED/SEAMY - folded with angular blocks formed by many intersecting discontinuity sets. Persistence of bedding planes or schistosity	ASING INTERL	40	30		C.D.E. and G - may be more or less folded than illustrated but this does not change the strength. Tectonic deformation, faulting and loss of continuity moves these categories to F and H.		30	F 20	
DISINTEGRATED - poorly inter- locked, heavily broken rock mass with mixture of angular and rounded rock pieces	DECREK		20		G. Undisturbed silty or clayey shale with or without a few very thin sandstone layers G. Undisturbed silty or clayey shale forming a chaptic structure with pockets of clay. Thin layers of with the sandstone are transformed				10
LAMINATED/SHEARED - Lack of blockiness due to close spacing of weak schistosity or shear planes	V N/A	N/A		10	into small rock pieces. → Means deformation after tectonic disturbance				



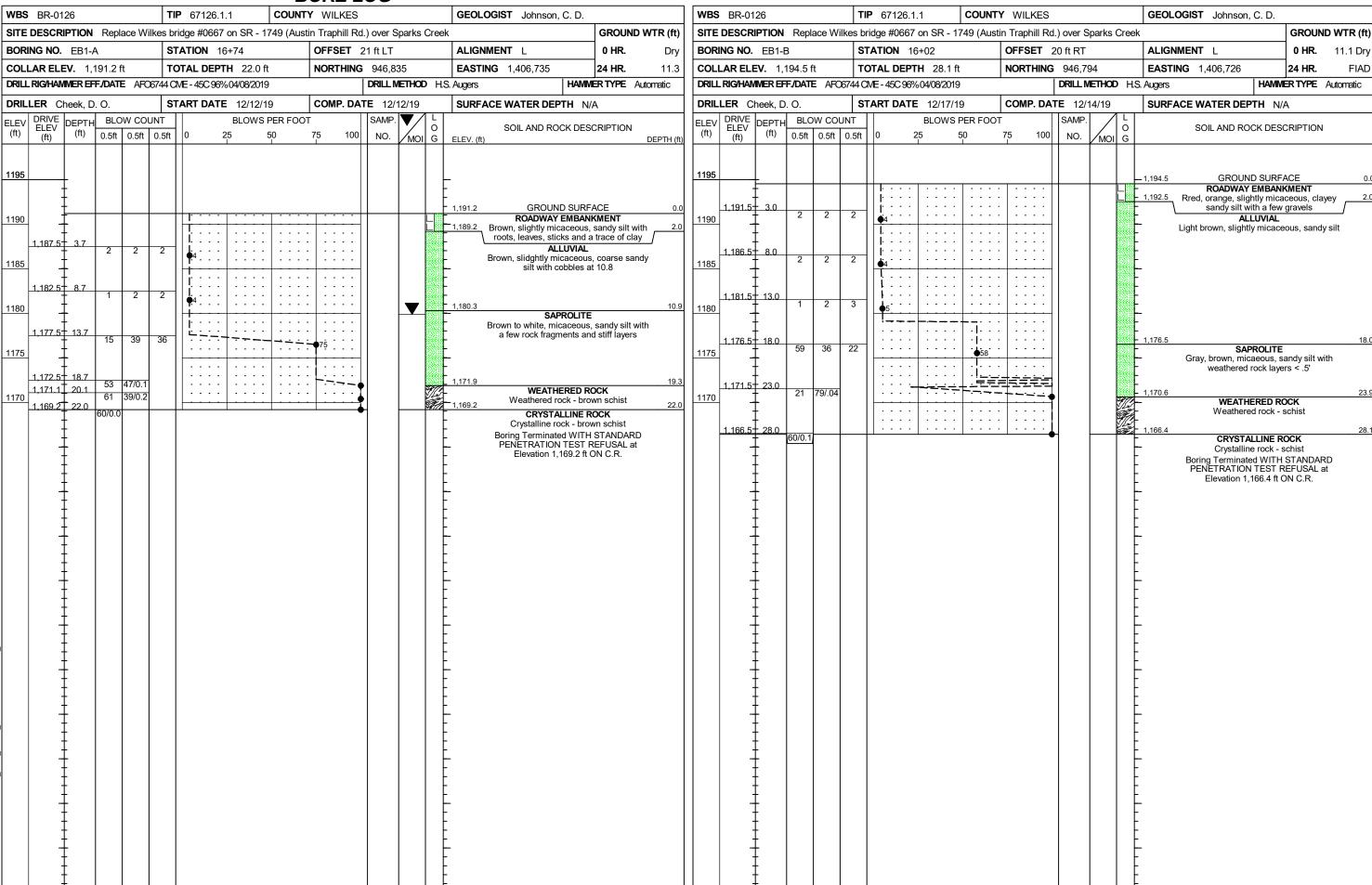








GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT BORE LOG



GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT CORE LOG

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT BORF I OG										
BORE LOG										

						ORE L	UG				
WBS BR-						Y WILKES				GEOLOGIST Johnson, C. D.	I
			lace W		ridge #0667 on SR - 1749 (Aus			oarks C	reek		GROUND WTR (
BORING N					TATION 16+78	OFFSET 2				ALIGNMENT L	0 HR . N
COLLAR E				- 1	OTAL DEPTH 41.7 ft	NORTHING				EASTING 1,406,806	24 HR. 2.7 Cave
			E AFC		DME - 45C 96% 04/08/2019		DRILL ME		NW	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ERTYPE Automatic
DRILLER					TART DATE 12/15/19	COMP. DAT				SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A	4
LEV DRIV (ft) (ft)	V	0.5ft	0.5ft		BLOWS PER FOO 0 25 50	75 100	NO.	V	O G	SOIL AND ROCK DESC ELEV. (ft)	CRIPTION DEPTH
180 1,178	3.2 4.9	4	3	3	•6		_	•	-	1,183.1 GROUND SURFA ALLUVIAL Fine to coarse sa 1,177.2 SAPROLITE Brown, tan, micaceous, fir harder drilling at '	and
1,166	3.2 9.9 3.2 14.9 5.1 17.0	2 48 60/.02	52/.3	5	•8			S √∠	400	1,167.4 WEATHERED RC Weathered rock - S	о ск 1
160	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	607.02	2							CRYSTALLINE RO Crystalline rock - S 17.02 - 18 GSI: 85 -90 18 - 27.9 GSI: 40 - 50	OCK
150	+									27.9 - 39.02 GSI: 70 -75	
145	<u> </u>									1,141.4 Boring Terminated WITH	STANDARD 4
	+									PENETRATION TEST R Elevation 1,141.4 ft I	EFUSAL at

							· • •	J	C	OI	RE L	OG .					9
WBS	BR-01	26			TIP	67126	.1.1	cc			VILKES			GEOLOGIST Johnson	n, C. D.		
SITE	DESCR	IPTION	Repl	ace Wilke	s bridg	je #066	67 on SR	- 1749	(Aust	in Tra	aphill Rd.) over Sparks	Creek	!		GROUN	ND WTR (ft)
BORI	ING NO.	B1-A			STA	ΓΙΟΝ	16+78			OF	FSET 2	5 ft LT		ALIGNMENT L	0 HR.	N/A	
	LAR ELE			ft	тот	AL DEI	PTH 41	.7 ft		_		946,833		EASTING 1,406,806		24 HR.	2.7 Caved
DRILL	RIG/HAN	IMER EF	F/DAT	E AFO67	44 CME	- 45C 9	6%04/08/2	2019				DRILL METHO	D NW	Casing W/SPT & Core	HAMM	ER TYPE	Automatic
DRIL	LER C	heek, D). O.		STAI	RT DA	TE 12/1	5/19		СО	MP. DAT	E 12/15/19		SURFACE WATER DE	PTH N/	Α	
COR	E SIZE	nxwl			TOTA	AL RUI	N 24.7 f	t									
ELEV	RUN ELEV	DEPTH	RUN	DRILL	REC.	JN RQD	SAMP.	STR/ REC.	ATA ROD	Ľ			D	ECODIDITION AND DEMAR	1/0		
(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	RATE (Min/ft)	(ft) %	(ft) %	NO.	(ft) %	(ft) %	O G	ELEV. (ft	·)	Di	ESCRIPTION AND REMAR	iks		DEPTH (ft
166.11														Begin Coring @ 17.0 ft			
1165	1,166.1	17.0	4.7		(4.2) 89%	(2.0) 43%					1,166.1			CRYSTALLINE ROCK			17.0
						42%					F						
1160	1,161.4-	21.7	5.0		(3.7)	(1.7)					-						
	-	F			74%	34% 34%					F						
	1,156.4	26.7									-						
1155	_	<u> </u>	5.0		(3.5)	(1.6) 32%					_			17.02 - 18 GSI: 85 -90			
	-	 				32%					-			18 - 27.9 GSI: 40 - 50 27.9 - 39.02 GSI: 70 -75			
1150	1,151.4	- 31.7 -	5.0		(5.0)	(4.9)					-						
1100	-	 			100%	98% 98%					-						
	- 1,146.4	- 36.7															
1145	_	-	5.0		(4.2) 84%	(2.8) 56%					_						
	-	_			0170	84%					_						
	1,141.4	41.7									- 1,141.4 -	Boring Termi	nated M	VITH STANDARD PENETR	ΔΤΙΟΝ ΤΕ	ST REFI	41.7
	-	-									<u> </u>	g		at Elevation 1,141.4 ft IN C			
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SHEET 10

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT CORE LOG TIP 67126.1.1 COUNTY WILKES GEOLOGIST Replace Wilkes bridge #0667 on SR - 1749 (Austin Traphill Rd.) over Sparks Creek

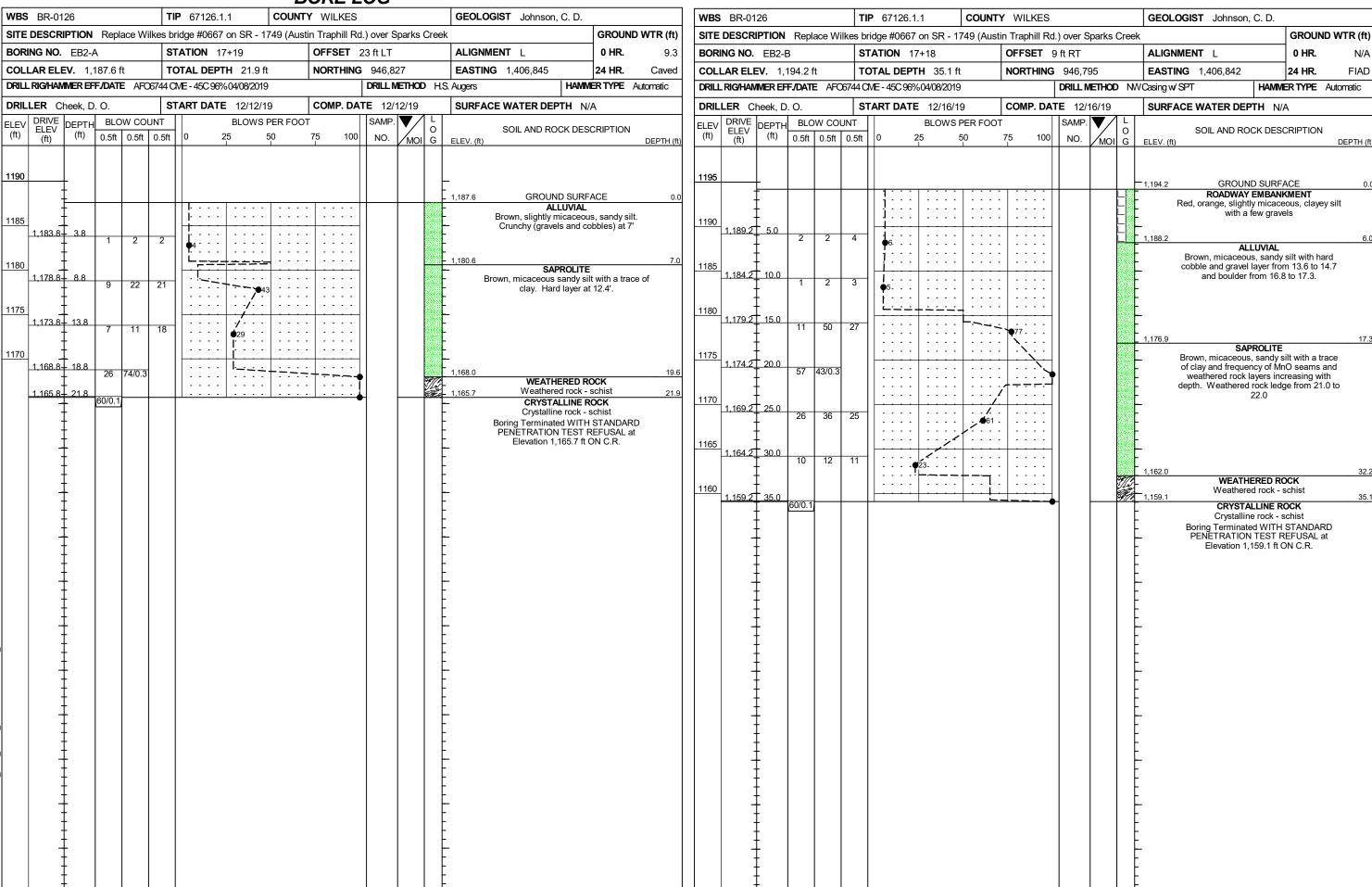
GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT BORE LOG

VDC	DD 04	00				ID 0	7400							.00			CEOLOGICE Library O. D.		
	BR-01		Pon	Jaco M			7126.		SD 1				LKES	d.) over S	Sporks	Crook	GEOLOGIST Johnson, C. D		D WTR (ft
	NG NO.		Kep	nace vv			#000 ON -			749 (A				8 ft RT	эрагкэ	Creer	ALIGNMENT L	0 HR.	N/A
	AR ELE		170 6	ft	-				25.1 f	+	\rightarrow			946,8	200		EASTING 1,406,803	24 HR.	N/A
	RIG/HAIV											NOIN	1111140	DRILL		D N/		MERTYPE	
	LER C								12/16/1		Т	COM	P DA	TE 12/			SURFACE WATER DEPTH		
LEV	DD1 /E	DEPTH	1	ow co			,			PER FO				SAMP.		1-1			
(ft)	ELEV (ft)	(ft)	0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0		25		50		75	100	NO.	MO	O G	SOIL AND ROCK DE	ESCRIPTION	DEPTH (
								•		•									
180	_																_1,179.6 GROUND SUF	RFACE	0
	-					:		: :	: : :		: :					-	ALLUVIA Silty sand with cobble		rs
75	-	-				:		: :			: :	: :				-	·		
75	1,174.4	5.2	27	73/0.1		l				1		 				1	1,174.6 1,173.8 SAPROLI		<u>5</u>
	-	 				:		: :			: :	: :					Brown, micaceous, o weathered rock	lansy silt with clayers	
70	_	<u> </u>				<u> -</u>				: :							WEATHERED Weathered rock		
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65	-	 				:		- -			: :	: :					•		
03	-	-						-		. .							- 1,164.5 CRYSTALLINE		15
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55	-	 -				:		- -	: : :	: :	: :	: :					•		
					1	<u> </u>											-1,154.5 Boring Terminated WI	H STANDAF	25 RD
	-	ļ.															PENETRATION TEST Elevation 1,154.5		at
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WBS	BR-01	26			TIP 67126.1.1 COUNTY WILKES GEOLOGIST Johnson, C. D																
SITE	DESCR	IPTION	Repla	ace Wilke	s bridg	ge #066	37 on SR	- 1749	(Aust	in Tr	aphill Rd	.) over Sparks C	Creek		GROUN	ID WTR (ft)					
BOR	NG NO.	B1-B			STA	TION	16+78			OF	FSET 8	ft RT		ALIGNMENT L		0 HR.	N/A				
COLI	LAR ELI	EV. 1,	179.6 f	t	тот	AL DE	PTH 25.	.1 ft		NO	RTHING	946,800		EASTING 1,406,803		24 HR.	N/A				
DRILL	.RIG/HAN	/IMER EF	F./DATI	E AF0674	44 CME	-45C9	6%04/08/2	2019			DRILL METHOD NW Casing WSPT & Core HAMMER TYPE										
DRIL	LER C	heek, D	. O.		STAI	RT DA	TE 12/1	6/19		СО	COMP. DATE 12/16/19 SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A										
COR	E SIZE	nxwl					N 29.3 f														
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	REC. (ft) %	JN RQD (ft) %	SAMP. NO.	STR REC. (ft) %	RATA RQD (ft) %	LOG	ELEV. (f	t)	DE	ESCRIPTION AND REMARK	(S		DEPTH (ft)				
1173.8														Begin Coring @ 5.8 ft WEATHERED ROCK							
1170	1,173.8	_	5.0		(0.0) 0% (0.5) 10%	(0.0) 0% 0% - WR (0.0) 0%					- 1,173.8 - - - -			WEATHERED ROCK			5.8				
1165	1,164.5	15 1				0% - WR					1,164.5						15.1				
_	1,104.5	13.1	5.0		(2.5) 50%	(0.9) 18%					1,104.3			CRYSTALLINE ROCK			13.1				
1160	1,159.5	20.1	5.0																		
1155		25.4	3.0		(4.7) 94%	(2.8) 56%					-										
	1,154.5	25.1	5.0		(4.5)	(1.8)					1,154.5 _	Boring Termina	ated W	ITH STANDARD PENETRA	ATION TE	ST REFL	JSAL 25.1				
	1,149.5	30.1			90%	36%					- - -			at Elevation 1,154.5 ft IN C.	R.						
			5.0		(4.9) 98%	(3.5) 70%					_										
	-	<u> </u>			0070	1070					_										
	1,144.5-	35.1									_										
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GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT **BORE LOG**



CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

B1-A

BOX 1 OF 3: 17.02 - 27.9 17.02 - 18 GSI: 85 - 90 18 - 27.9 GSI: 40 - 50

B1-A

BOX 2 OF 3: 27.9 - 39.02 FEET GSI: 70 - 75





CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

B1-A

BOX 3 OF 3: 39.02 - 41.72 FEET GSI: 75 - 80

B1-B

BOX 1 OF 2: 5.8 - 22.8 FEET GSI 40 - 45





FEET

CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

B1**-**B

BOX 2 OF 2: 22.8 - 35.1 FEET

GSI: 50 - 60



