PSA REPORT

PRELIMINARY SITE ASSESSMENT PARCEL #056 TIMBERLAKE BROTHERS, LLC PROPERTY 5174 US 401 S YOUNGSVILLE, FRANKLIN COUNTY, NC STATE PROJECT R-2814C WBS ELEMENT 34506.1.4

Prepared for

North Carolina Department of Transportation Geotechnical Engineering Unit Geoenvironmental Section Century Center Complex, Building B 1020 Birch Ridge Drive Raleigh, NC 27610 Tel. (919) 250-4088

23 March 2015



URS Corporation – North Carolina 1600 Perimeter Park Drive, Suite 400 Morrisville, North Carolina 27560

Tel. (919) 461-1100 Fax. (919) 461-1415

URS Job No. 3182 9895

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section 1	Introdu	uction	1 -1
	1.1 1.2	Introduction Background	
Section 2	Metho	ds of Investigation	2-1
	2.1 2.2 2.3	Geophysical Survey	2-12
Section 3	Result	S	3-1
	3.1 3.2 3.3	Geophysical Survey Results	3-1
Section 4	Limita	tions	4-1
Section 5	Refere	nces	5-1
<u>FIGURES</u>			
Figure 1	Locati	on Map	
Figure 2	Soil Sa	ampling Locations	
Figure 3	EM-61	MKII Channel 3 Response Contours	
<u>APPENDICES</u>			
Appendix A	Boring	Logs	
Appendix B	QED H	lydrocarbon Analysis Results	

Certification

This Report was prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my thorough inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete.

Michael J. Murphy, L.G.

Project Manager

URS Corporation - North Carolina

NC License No.

SECTIONONE Introduction

1.1 INTRODUCTION

This report documents a Preliminary Site Assessment (PSA) conducted by URS Corporation – North Carolina (URS) on behalf of the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT). This PSA was conducted at 5174 US 401 South, Youngsville, Wake County, North Carolina (**Figure 1**), owned by Timberlake Brothers, LLC (the Site). The assessment area is located on the north quadrant of the US 401 (Louisburg Road) and SR 1100 (Tarboro Road) intersection. The PSA was performed within the proposed right-of-way and/or easement for this parcel as well as in the fenced-in construction area extending to the northwest portion of the parcel.

This PSA was performed in general accordance with:

- NCDOT's 1 December 2014 Request for Technical and Cost Proposal (RFP) for the Site. The RFP established the following scope of work (SOW) for the project:
 - Locate USTs and estimate approximate size and contents (if any).
 - Evaluate whether contaminated soils are present with emphasis along planned drainage lines and ditches.
 - If contamination is evident, estimate the quantity of impacted soils and indicate the approximate area of soil contamination on a Site map.
 - Prepare a report including field activities, findings, and recommendations for each
 Site and submit to this office in triplicate and one electronic copy.
- URS's 17 December 2014 Technical and Cost Proposal for the Site.
- NCDOT's 10 January 2015 Notice to Proceed for the Site.

The scope of work included a geophysical survey, soil sampling using a direct push technology (DPT) rig, and onsite soil testing services for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) using Ultra Violet Florescence Spectroscopy (UVF) technology. URS conducted the geophysical survey first in order to identify potential UST and/or anomaly locations within the Site. Based on the results of the geophysical survey and anecdotal evidence, boring locations were identified and completed by a drilling subcontractor (Regional Probing Services of Wake Forest, North Carolina) under the supervision of a URS geologist. Soil borings were located in areas that were cleared of underground utilities by NC One-Call. Onsite analysis of soil samples was performed by QROS of Wilmington, NC.

1.2 BACKGROUND

The objective for this PSA is to assess the Site for USTs, impacted soil, and to delineate potential impacts found in soils. The major Site features and the surrounding area as provided in the NCDOT project plans are shown on **Figures 1** and **2**. The parcel is bounded by Tarboro Road to the south and Louisburg Road to the east. It should be noted that the property currently serves as a Dollar General Store location which was apparently designed and built after the NCDOT project plans were developed. The original NCDOT plans are shown on **Figure 3** and the current Dollar Store building footprint is shown on **Figure 2** along with the boring locations.

SECTIONONE Introduction

According to information supplied by NCDOT, three (3) USTs were removed from the parcel in 1982. A groundwater incident (RA-449) was assigned to this location in 1998 and closed out in 1999. No evidence of monitoring wells were observed onsite.

2.1 GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY

The primary objective of the geophysical survey was to locate potential USTs or anomalies within the property, and a secondary objective was to identify the general locations of underground utilities at the property in advance of the planned subsurface investigation. The geophysical survey for the property was conducted by URS during the week of January 5, 2015. Ground surface conditions consisted primarily of concrete, asphalt, and recently graded and seeded grass.

The geophysical investigation was conducted using the electromagnetic (EM) method augmented by ground-penetrating radar (GPR). The EM survey was completed using a Geonics, Ltd. EM-61 MK2A (EM-61). The GPR survey was completed using a Sensors & Software, Inc. Noggin PLUS Smart Cart System with a 250 MHz scanning antenna.

EM-61 data were collected along parallel profiles with a nominal spacing of 5 feet where accessible. EM-61 data were recorded at a rate of 8 readings per second, which equates to an along-profile data point spacing of less than 1 foot. In areas inaccessible to the EM-61 (e.g. between trees, man-made obstructions, etc.), data were interpolated to provide a continuous electromagnetic surface.

A Hemisphere A100 global positioning system (GPS) was used to record positional data coincident with the EM-61 data. The A100 system provided real-time differential corrections via an Omnistar subscription service. The horizontal accuracy of the differential GPS (DGPS) data is generally 3 feet or less. URS also used the GPS system to record the locations of relevant site features within the survey area (e.g. utility poles, parked cars, etc.).

URS performed in-field analysis of the EM-61 data to identify anomalies indicative of potential USTs. Preliminary interpretations were based on an evaluation of the magnitude of the EM response as well as the dimensions of the anomaly in plan view.

In areas where the EM-61 encountered heavy surficial interference or where EM anomalies could not be readily attributed to site features, GPR was used to conduct a search for potential USTs. GPR surveying consisted of in-field analysis of real-time data. As a result, no post-processing of the GPR data was completed. Relevant GPR profiles were saved to a data file. GPR was selected to augment the EM-61 data due to its effectiveness at characterizing large subsurface metallic objects such as USTs.

The EM-61 data were pre-processed utilizing the accompanying software package, DAT61 MK2 (Geonics, Ltd), which is required before the data can be contoured and graphically displayed via Surfer (Golden Software, Inc.). The presented contoured data represent the Channel 3 response. The Channel 3 response represents the amplitude recorded at the third time interval along the EM-61 response decay curve. These data are applicable to detection of subsurface objects including USTs and other underground obstructions while simultaneously reducing the near-surface component. Common USTs are of sufficient size to resonate the induced magnetic field for long enough to be recorded in this time gate.

2.2 SOIL BORING INSTALLATION AND MEDIA SAMPLING

Eight direct-push soil borings, P056-SB1 through P056-SB8, were completed on January 22, 2015, to assess the Site for impacted soil, as shown on **Figure 2**. Soil samples were collected and logged continuously at each soil boring location. Soil sample aliquots were field screened for organic vapors with a MiniRae[®] brand photo-ionization detection (PID) instrument calibrated daily with 100 parts per million (ppm) isobutylene.

Based on field screening results or other evidence of contamination (e.g., visual, olfactory, etc.), soil samples from select intervals were collected from each boring for on-site soil analysis of TPH using UVF technology.

2.3 QUALITY CONTROL/QUALITY ASSURANCE PROCEDURES

While in the field, pertinent observations were recorded in a logbook maintained by the URS field representative. This included pertinent field data collection activities and other observations, as appropriate. Each sample collected was assigned a unique sample identification number and placed in a discrete container for UVF analyses.

Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) of field analyzed data was done by and in accordance with QROS Basic QED QA/QC Components. The QA/QC process includes a five point standard PAH curve, initial calibration, and final calibration after the analyses of each 10 sample set. If any QA/QC measures failed, the QED did not produce data.

3.1 GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY RESULTS

The results of the geophysical survey are presented in accordance with the NCDOT guidelines, dated May 19, 2009, for identifying and ranking potential USTs on NCDOT projects.

The EM-61 Channel 3 response results are provided as a plan view, color-enhanced contour map in **Figure 3**. The results presented in **Figure 3** are superimposed on the parcel base drawing provided by NCDOT (includes the original pre-Dollar Store configuration). The interpreted background response is represented by the light blue to light green contours and generally corresponds to the range of -40 to 40 milliVolts (mV).

The Channel 3 results indicate an excited response (red) where known surface or near-surface metallic features exist. Observable surface features at the site include utility poles, street signs, a traffic box, and a fenced in area (silt fence and steel posts). These features are responsible for higher than background near surface response over the site, as evident in **Figure 3**.

Two areas without obvious surface features creating elevated EM responses were noted along the southeastern and central sections of the survey area. A GPR sweep was performed across these areas. Results from the GPR did not indicate any anomalies representative of a UST, therefore, the GPR data were not saved to disk. The EM anomalies may be an artifact of trash or fill in the subsurface.

3.2 SOIL SAMPLING RESULTS

A total of eight soil borings were advanced to 4-8 feet below ground surface (ft bgs) during the PSA investigation at the Site. Boring locations are shown in **Figure 2** and analytical results are summarized in **Appendix B**. Encountered soils consisted of brown and yellowish orange sandy clay and clayey sand. As shown in **Appendix A**, soil headspace screening in the field detected organic vapors at background levels ranging from 0.6 to 12.1 parts per million (ppm) and are not presumed to be impacted.

The hydrocarbon analyses results for the sixteen (16) samples submitted to QROS are shown in **Appendix B**. Results indicate minor detections of gasoline range organics (GRO) in P056 SB-8-2 and P056 SB-8-4. Minor detections of DRO were encountered in 14 of the 16 samples submitted for TPH analysis, but no samples submitted for TPH analysis exceeded the NCDENR TPH Action Level of 10 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg). Based on these data, no additional borings were installed at the Site.

3.3 SUMMARY

The following summarizes the findings of NCDOT Parcel 56, located at 5174 US 401 South:

 Geophysical anomalies along the southeastern and central portions of the Site are of an unknown origin but are not representative of a UST. The anomalies are depicted in Figure 3. **SECTIONTHREE** Results

• Field screening detected the presence of organic vapors at very low levels in all eight soil borings at the Site (likely background); however, due to onsite results provided by QROS, no further delineation was warranted;

• Neither TPH (GRO) nor TPH (DRO) were detected above the NCDENR TPH Action Level of 10 mg/kg in soil samples collected from the Site.

Based on the Site investigation, future Site workers are unlikely to encounter impacted soil. If encountered, all impacted soil should be properly handled and disposed of in accordance with NCDENR regulations.

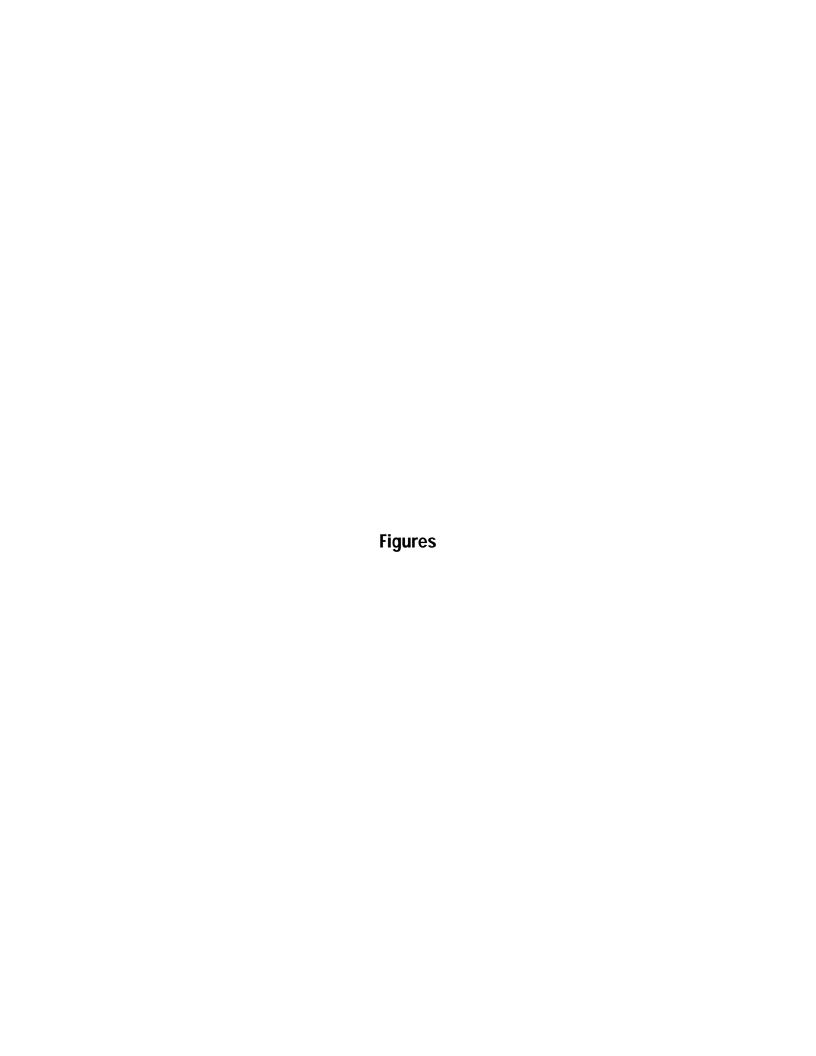
SECTIONFOUR Limitations

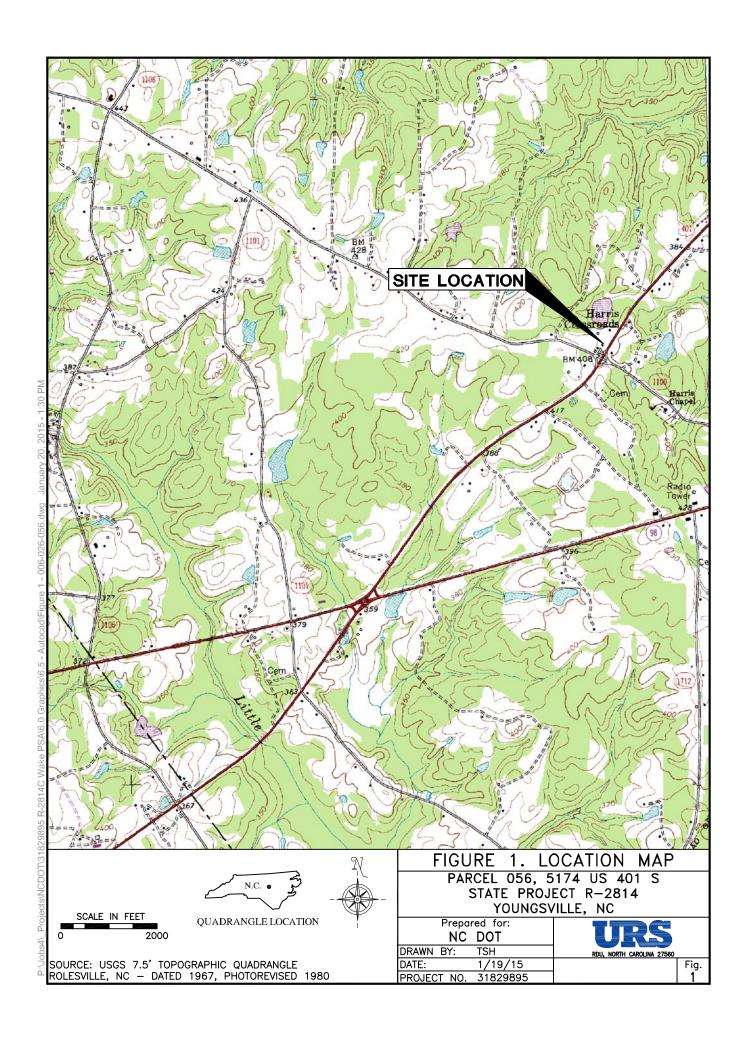
Opinions relating to environmental, geologic, and geotechnical conditions at this parcel are based on limited data, and actual conditions may vary from those encountered at the times and locations where the data was obtained, despite the use of due professional care. The geophysical investigation was conducted in accordance with reasonable and accepted engineering geophysics practices, and the interpretations and conclusions are rendered in a manner consistent with other consultants in our profession. All geophysical techniques have some level of uncertainty and limitations. No other representations of the reported information is expressed or implied, and no warranty or guarantee is included or intended. The results of the geophysical survey are presented in accordance with the NCDOT guidelines, dated May 19, 2009, for identifying and ranking potential USTs on NCDOT projects.

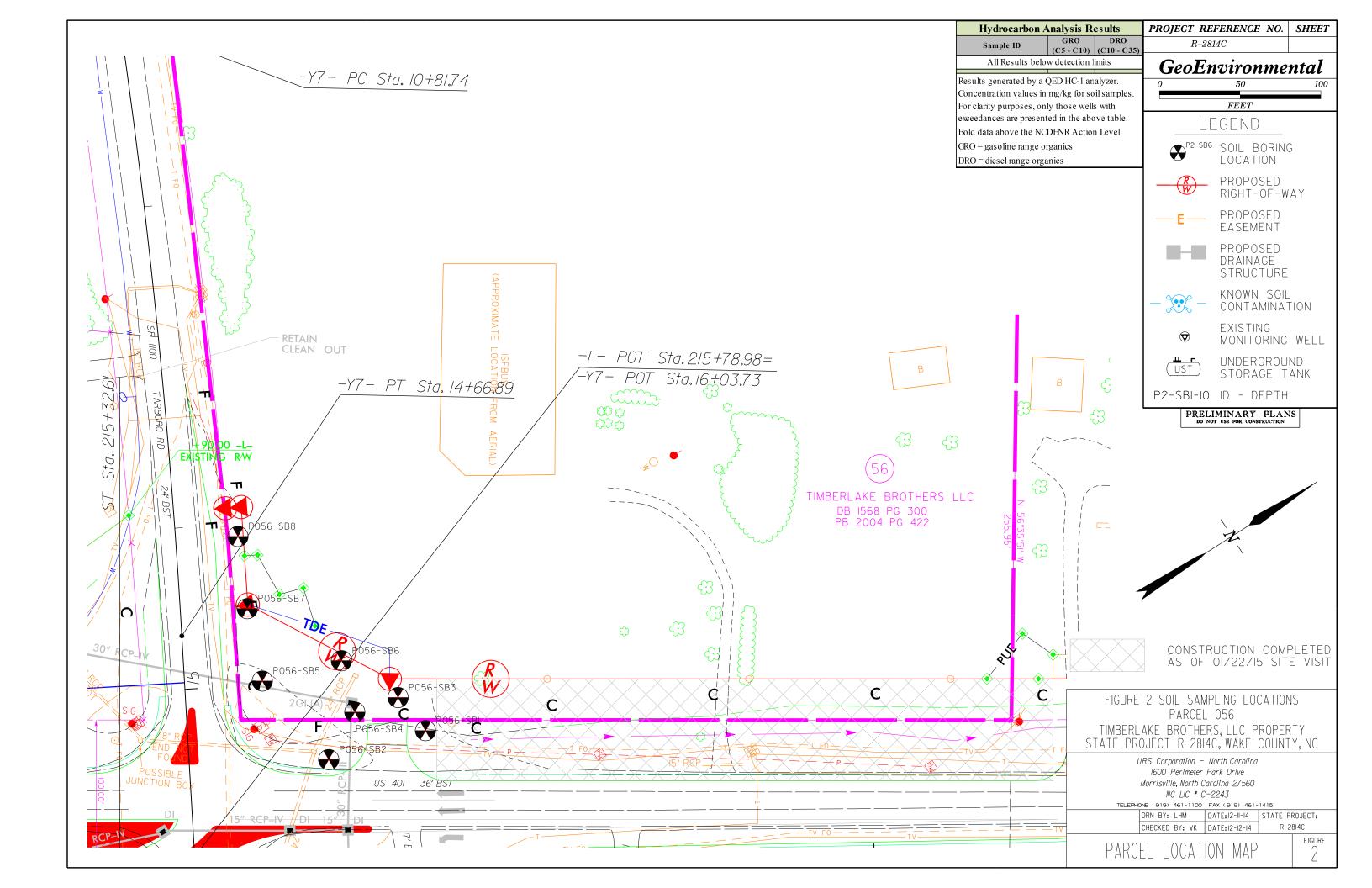
SECTIONFIVE References

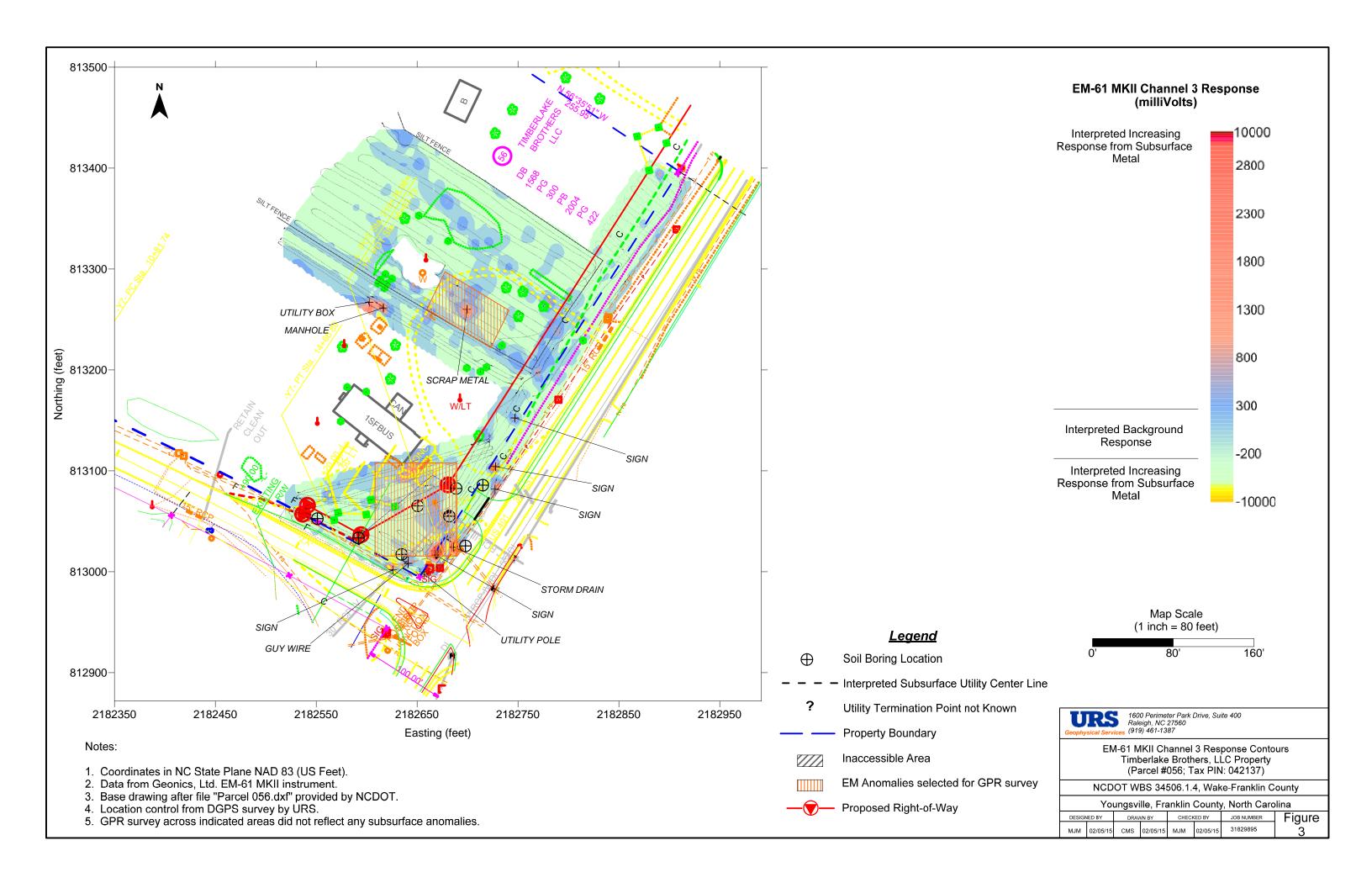
North Carolina Department of Transportation, Request for Technical and Cost Proposal, Preliminary Site Assessment, R-2814C, December 1, 2014.

- North Carolina Department of Transportation, Notice to Proceed Preliminary Site Assessment, R-2814C, January 10, 2015.
- URS Corporation, Technical and Cost Proposal, Preliminary Site Assessment, R-2814, December 17, 2014.









Appendix A Boring Logs



Permit #		=	Drill Date	01/22/1	5	Site	Parcel #056
Client	NCDOT		Use			URS Corporation	
Address	5174 US 40	1 S, Yc	ungsville,	NC 27596		Total Depth (ft)	8'
Drilling Method	Geoprobe L	Direct I	Push	Boring Depth (ft)	8'	Boring Diam. (in)	1.5
Backfill Material	Soil/Bentor	ite				Static Water Level	unknown
Remarks:				TOC Elevation	NA	Sample Method	Acetate Liner (4 ft)
Depth (ft.)	Sample Depth (ft)	Blows/ 6"	OVA (ppm)	Geo	logic Des	cription	Typical Diagram
P056-SI	31-2 0-2'		3.1	orange silty CLAY	with 1/2"-	SILT to stiff yellowish- 6"interbedded seams gray to olive gray f.	~
— P056-SI	31-4 2-4'		4.4			gray SILT	ii/bentonite
4 — P056-SI	31-6 4-6'		2.8	Stiff, yellowish-ora		orange CLAY ht brown to light gray CLAY	Not to Scale
6 — P056-SI	31-8 6-8'		12.1		to light b	rown mottled clayey f. SAND	
8 —				Boring 7	Terminate	d at 8' bgs	
10 —							
Notes:	DOSC C	B1 6 6	and DOSS SI	B1-8 submitted to QF	OOS for a	nalveis	
Geologist:	Josep			Driller: RPS	NOS IOI A	iiaiyələ	



Permit #			Drill Date	01/22/1:	5	Site	Parcel #056	
Client	NCDOT		Use			URS Corporation		
Address	5174 US 40	1 S, Yo	ungsville,	NC 27596		Total Depth (ft)	8'	
Drilling Method	Geoprobe D	Direct l	Push	Boring Depth (ft)	8'	Boring Diam. (in)	1.5	
Backfill Material	Soil/Benton	ite				Static Water Level	unknown	
Remarks:				TOC Elevation	NA	Sample Method	Acetate Liner (4 ft)	
Depth (ft.)	Sample Depth (ft)	Blows/ 6"	OVA (ppm)	Geol	ogic Des	cription	Typical Diagram	
P056-SE	32-2 0-2'		2.9	clayey SILT with	1/2"-4"int	dy SILT to light gray erbedded seams of ht gray f. SAND	<u></u>	
— P056-SE	32-4 2-4'		3.2		tiff yellow	ish-orange silty CLAY	backfilled with soil/bentonite	
P056-SE	32-6 4-6'		2.8		nge to lig tled, silty	ht brown to light gray CLAY	Not to Scale	
P056-SE	32-8 6-8'		2.8		y m-f SA ive gray s	ND with trace silt		
8				Boring T	erminate	d at 8' bgs		
10 —								
Notes:				B2-8 submitted to QR	OS for a	nalysis		
Geologist:	Josepl	n Kike	r	Driller: RPS				



Permit #				Drill Date	01/22/1:	5	Site	Parcel #056
Client	NC	DOT		Use			URS Corporation	
Address	51	74 US 401	S, Yo	ungsville,	NC 27596		Total Depth (ft)	8'
Drilling N	Method G e	oprobe D	irect l	Push	Boring Depth (ft)	8'	Boring Diam. (in)	1.5
Backfill N	Material So	il/Benton	ite				Static Water Level	unknown
Remarks	s:				TOC Elevation	NA	Sample Method	Acetate Liner (4 ft)
			,					
Depth (ft.)	Sample ID	Sample Depth (ft)	Blows/ 6"	OVA (ppm)	Geol	ogic Desc	cription	Typical Diagram
0 —————————————————————————————————————	P056-SB3-2	2 0-2'		3.0		OII T to	tiff links known nike	V.
	P056-SB3-4	1 2-4'		2.0			tiff light brown silty light gray f. SAND	backfilled with soil/bentonite
-	P056-SB3-6	6 4-6'		2.7				Not to Scale
	P056-SB3-8	8 6-8'		2.5		nge to ligh	nt brown to light gray	
8 ——					Boring T	erminate	d at 8' bgs	
10 —								
Notes:		P056-S	B3-6 a	I and P056-S	Ⅱ B3-8 submitted to QR	ROS for a	nalysis	
Geologis	st:	Joseph			Driller: RPS	.55 101 01	141,510	
	•	-						



Permit #				Drill Date	01/22/1	15	Site	Parcel #056
Client	NCD	ОТ		Use			URS Corporation	
Address	5174	1 US 401	S, Yo	oungsville,	NC 27596		Total Depth (ft)	8'
Drilling Method	Geo	probe D	irect l	Push	Boring Depth (ft)	8′	Boring Diam. (in)	1.5
Backfill Materia	Soil	/Benton	ite				Static Water Level	unknown
Remarks:					TOC Elevation	NA	Sample Method	Acetate Liner (4 ft)
Depth (ft.)	Sample ID	Sample Depth (ft)	Blows/ 6"	OVA (ppm)	Geo	ologic Des	cription	Typical Diagram
P056-	-SB4-2	0-2'		2.2			CLAY interbedded with gray m-f SAND	
— P056-	·SB4-4	2-4'		2.8				backfilled with soil/bentonite
4 —					Olive gra	y SILT WI	th trace clay	
	·SB4-6	4-6'		1.3	Stiff, yellov	wish-oran	ge silty CLAY	packfille
-	004-0	4-0		1.5				Not to Scale
	SB4-8	6-8'		0.6		ange to lig ottled silty	ht brown to light gray CLAY	
8					Boring ⁻	Terminate	d at 8' bgs	
10 —								
Notes:		P056-S	B4-6 a	and P056-SI	I B4-8 submitted to QI	ROS for a	nalysis	
Geologist:		Joseph	Kike	r	Driller: RPS			



Permit #		•	Drill Date	01/22/1	15	Site	Parcel #056
Client	NCDOT		Use			URS Corporation	
Address	5174 US 40	1 S, Yc	ungsville,	NC 27596		Total Depth (ft)	8'
Drilling Method	Geoprobe L	Direct F	Push	Boring Depth (ft)	8′	Boring Diam. (in)	1.5
Backfill Material	Soil/Benton	ite				Static Water Level	unknown
Remarks:				TOC Elevation	NA	Sample Method	Acetate Liner (4 ft)
Depth (ft.)	Sample Depth (ft)	Blows/ 6"	OVA (ppm)	Geo	ologic Des	cription	Typical Diagram
	B5-2 0-2'		2.9	Olive gray	to light gr	ay m-f SAND	
2 —						CLAY interbedded with ray m-f SAND	€ 1
—— P056-S	B5-4 2-4'		3.4	Dark	gray san	dy SILT	il/bentonite
4 ————————————————————————————————————	B5-6 4-6'		4.0		SAND with ge m-f SA	1" layer of yellowish- ND 4.90'	backfilled with soil/bentonite
6				Moist, oliv	ve gray sil	ty m-f SAND	Not to Scale
——————————————————————————————————————	B5-8 6-8'		1.3	Stiff, light brown t	to yellowis	h-orange silty CLAY	
8				Boring ⁻	Terminate	d at 8' bgs	
10 —							
Notes:	DOES S	DE C	and POSS CI	B5-8 submitted to QI	DOS for a	nalveie	
Geologist:	Josepi			Driller: RPS	NOS IUI a	11aiyələ	



Permit #		=======================================	Drill Date	01/22/1	15	Site	Parcel #056
Client	NCDOT		Use			URS Corporation	
Address	5174 US 40	1 S, Yc	oungsville,	NC 27596		Total Depth (ft)	7'
Drilling Method	Geoprobe I	Direct I	Push	Boring Depth (ft)	7'	Boring Diam. (in)	1.5
Backfill Material	Soil/Bentor	nite				Static Water Level	unknown
Remarks:				TOC Elevation	NA	Sample Method	Acetate Liner (4 ft)
Depth (ft.)	Sample Depth (ft)	Blows/ 6"	OVA (ppm)	Geo	ologic Des	cription	Typical Diagram
	36-2 0-2'		3.8	Olive gray	to light gr	ay m-f SAND	
2						h-orange silty CLAY ns of light gray m-f	~
P056-S	36-4 2-4'		3.7		SAND		soil/bentonite
4 — P056-S	36-6 4-6'		2.4	Stiff, light brown	to yellowis	h-orange silty CLAY	Not to Scale
6 — P056-S	B6-8 6-7'		1.6	(WEAT	THERED (GRANITE)	
				Boring	Terminate	d at 7' bgs	
8 ——							
-							
10 —							
I -							
Notoo	Doco 6	200.0	DOE 0 01	DO 0 and my 111 and 11 and 0	DOC (and a section of the	
Notes: Geologist:	Josep			Driller: RPS	KUS for a	nalysis; refusal at 7' bg	S



Permit #		-	Drill Date	01/22/1	15	Site	Parcel #056
Client	NCDOT		Use			URS Corporation	
Address	5174 US 40	1 S, Yc	ungsville,	NC 27596		Total Depth (ft)	8'
Drilling Method	Geoprobe L	Direct I	Push	Boring Depth (ft)	8′	Boring Diam. (in)	1.5
Backfill Material	Soil/Bentor	ite				Static Water Level	unknown
Remarks:				TOC Elevation	NA	Sample Method	Acetate Liner (4 ft)
Depth (ft.)	Sample Depth (ft)	Blows/ 6"	OVA (ppm)	Geo	ologic Des	cription	Typical Diagram
P056-SE	37-2 0-2'		4.9	Stiff, yellowish-or	ange to lig	SILT with trace clay ght brown silty CLAY ms of light gray m-f	<u> </u>
P056-SE	37-4 2-4'		4.7			LT with interbedded ght gray m-f SAND	backfilled with soil/bentonite
P056-SE	37-6 4-6'		3.2	Soft to stiff, light b	orown to y CLAY	ellowish-orange silty	Not to Scale
P056-SE	37-8 6-8'		0.9	Stiff, yellowish-ora	ange to lig CLAY	ht brown mottled silty	
8				Boring ¹	Terminate	d at 8' bgs	
Notes:	DOE6 S	B7.6.5	and POSS SI	B7-8 submitted to Q	POS for o	nalveic	
Geologist:	Josep			Driller: RPS	NOS IUI a	i iaiyələ	



Permit #			Drill Date	01/22/	15	Site	Parcel #056
Client No.	CDOT		Use			URS Corporation	
Address 51	74 US 40	S, Yo	oungsville,	NC 27596		Total Depth (ft)	4'
Drilling Method Ge	eoprobe D	irect l	Push	Boring Depth (ft)	4'	Boring Diam. (in)	1.5
Backfill Material So	oil/Benton	ite				Static Water Level	unknown
Remarks:				TOC Elevation	NA	Sample Method	Acetate Liner (4 ft)
Depth (ft.) Sample ID	Sample Depth (ft)	Blows/ 6"	OVA (ppm)	Ge	ologic Des	cription	Typical Diagram
0				Ligi	nt gray m-f	SAND	
						sandy SILT	[3333] [3333]
P056-SB8-	2 0-2'		3.0				
-				Yellowish-ora	inge to ligh	it gray m-f SAND	
2 —				(Olive gray	SILT	
						silty f. SAND	onite
P056-SB8-	4 2-4'		2.4	101101101	Torango,	Sitty 1. Graves	bed tribution
				Soft to stiff, y	ellowish-o	range silty CLAY	backfilled with soil/bentonite
l [*] _				Boring	Terminate	d at 4' bgs	pellille
							Dag Dag
							Not to Scale
6 —							
°							
8 ——							
-							
10 —							
-							
Notes:	P056-S	B8-2 =	 and P056-SI	 B8-4 submitted to Ω	ROS for a	nalvsis: Boring termina	ted at 4' bgs due to refusal
Geologist:	Joseph			Driller: RPS		, 5.5, 25.111g to 17111a	

Appendix B
QED Hydrocarbon Analysis Results





Hydrocarbon Analysis Results

Client: AECOM

Address:

Samples taken
Samples extracted

Thursday, January 22, 2015 Thursday, January 22, 2015

Samples analysed Thursday, January 22, 2015

Contact: MIKE MURPHY

Operator

RACHEL MENOHER

Project: P056

Matrix	Sample ID	Dilution used	BTEX (C6 - C9)	GRO (C5 - C10)	DRO (C10 - C35)	TPH (C5 - C35)	Total Aromatics (C10-C35)	16 EPA PAHs	ВаР		Ratios		HC Fingerprint Match
										% light	% mid	% heavy	
S	P056 SB-1-6	8.8	<0.4	<0.4	3.77	3.77	2.96	0.15	<0.009	55.4	34.2	10.4	V.Deg.PHC (FCM) 91.8%
S	P056 SB-1-8	10.9	<0.5	<0.5	1.12	1.12	0.35	<0.01	<0.011	68	7.8	24.2	Deg Fuel (FCM) 58.5%
S	P056 SB-2-6	9.3	<0.5	<0.5	0.33	0.33	0.27	0.14	<0.009	76.2	0	23.8	PAH (P)
S	P056 SB-2-8	11.8	<0.6	<0.6	1.48	1.48	0.68	0.03	<0.012	66	14.6	19.4	Deg Fuel (FCM) 77%
S	P056 SB-3-6	12.4	<0.6	<0.6	9.05	9.05	3.47	0.14	<0.012	52.1	36.6	11.3	Road Tar (FCM) 99%
s	P056 SB-3-8	9.6	<0.5	<0.5	0.35	0.35	0.27	0.15	<0.01	72.3	3.8	23.9	Match not possible
s	P056 SB-4-6	10.9	<0.5	0.89	<0.11	0.89	<0.11	<0.01	<0.011	91.9	0.4	7.7	Deg.Gas (P)
S	P056 SB-4-8	9.4	<0.5	<0.5	1.51	1.51	0.64	0.03	<0.009	79	6.8	14.3	Deg Fuel (FCM) 63%
S	P056 SB-5-6	9.6	<0.5	<0.5	0.89	0.89	0.81	0.04	<0.01	61.6	18.3	20.1	V.Deg.PHC (FCM) 65.5%
S	P056 SB-5-8	8.2	<0.4	<0.4	0.28	0.28	0.21	0.1	<0.008	98.8	1.2	0	Deg.Fuel
	Initia	l Calibrator	QC check	OK					Final F	CM QC	Check	OK	97.8%

Results generated by a QED HC-1 analyser. Concentration values in mg/kg for soil samples and mg/L for water samples. Soil values are not corrected for moisture or stone content

Fingerprints provide a tentative hydrocarbon identification. The abbreviations are:- FCM = Results calculated using Fundamental Calibration Mode: % = confidence for sample fingerprint match to library

(SBS) or (LBS) = Site Specific or Library Background Subtraction applied to result: (PFM) = Poor Fingerprint Match: (T) = Turbid: (P) = Particulate present





Hydrocarbon Analysis Results

Client: AECOM

Address:

Samples taken Samples extracted Samples analysed Thursday, January 22, 2015 Thursday, January 22, 2015

Thursday, January 22, 2015

Contact: MIKE MURPHY Operator RACHEL MENOHER

Project: P056

Matrix	Sample ID	Dilution used	BTEX (C6 - C9)	GRO (C5 - C10)	DRO (C10 - C35)	TPH (C5 - C35)	Total Aromatics (C10-C35)	16 EPA PAHs	ВаР	Ratios			HC Fingerprint Match
										% light	% mid	% heavy	
S	P056 SB-6-6	9.9	<0.5	<0.5	1.02	1.02	0.27	<0.01	<0.01	78.2	5.2	16.5	Deg Fuel (FCM) 64.4%
S	P056 SB-6-8	8.1	<0.4	<0.4	0.25	0.25	0.23	0.12	<0.008	74.6	4.6	20.9	PAH
S	P056 SB-7-6	12.3	<0.6	<0.6	0.31	0.31	0.29	0.16	<0.012	68.9	0	31.1	Particulate (P)
S	P056 SB-7-8	12.5	<0.6	<0.6	0.29	0.29	0.28	0.07	<0.013	69.2	0	30.8	Match not possible
S	P056 SB-8-2	8.1	<0.4	0.86	1.71	2.57	1.17	0.06	<0.008	71	17.9	11.1	V.Deg.PHC (FCM) 74.3%
S	P056 SB-8-4	12.0	<0.6	0.71	<0.12	0.71	<0.12	<0.01	<0.012	88.9	0	11.1	Particulate (P)
	Initial C	alibrator	QC check	OK					Final FO	CM QC	Check	OK	97.8%

Results generated by a QED HC-1 analyser. Concentration values in mg/kg for soil samples and mg/L for water samples. Soil values are not corrected for moisture or stone content

Fingerprints provide a tentative hydrocarbon identification. The abbreviations are:- FCM = Results calculated using Fundamental Calibration Mode: % = confidence for sample fingerprint match to library

(SBS) or (LBS) = Site Specific or Library Background Subtraction applied to result : (PFM) = Poor Fingerprint Match : (T) = Turbid : (P) = Particulate present