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REFERENCE: B-4491

PROJECT: 38389

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STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
 GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STRUCTURE
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY CUMBERLAND
 PROJECT DESCRIPTION REPLACE BRIDGE NO. 22 OVER
I-95 BUSINESS/US 301 ON NC 59 (S. MAIN ST)
AT STA. 55 + 85 -L-

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	B-4491	1	13

CAUTION NOTICE

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PERSONNEL

B. JOHNSON

M. RADFORD

R. DILWORTH

INVESTIGATED BY B. JOHNSON

DRAWN BY B. JOHNSON

CHECKED BY T. WELLS

SUBMITTED BY KLEINFELDER INC.

DATE SEPTEMBER 2016



DocuSigned by:
Thomas R. Wells 10/27/2016

7DA5D2D0518F480 SIGNATURE DATE

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NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION
 SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION

SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 208, ASTM D1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE, *VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6*

SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION

GENERAL CLASS.	GRANULAR MATERIALS (≤ 35% PASSING #200)							SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (> 35% PASSING #200)							ORGANIC MATERIALS		
	A-1	A-1-b	A-1-c	A-2	A-2-4	A-2-5	A-2-6	A-2-7	A-4	A-5	A-6	A-7	A-1, A-2	A-3	A-4, A-5	A-6, A-7	
GROUP CLASS.	A-1-a	A-1-b		A-2-4	A-2-5	A-2-6	A-2-7					A-7-5	A-7-6				
SYMBOL																	
% PASSING #10 #40 #200	50 MX 30 MX 15 MX	50 MX 25 MX		40 MX 10 MX	41 MX 10 MX	40 MX 11 MN	41 MN 11 MN	40 MX 10 MX	41 MN 10 MX	40 MX 11 MN	41 MN 11 MN						
MATERIAL PASSING #40	LL	PI		NP													
GROUP INDEX	0	0		0				4 MX	8 MX	12 MX	16 MX	NO MX					
USUAL TYPES OF MAJOR MATERIALS	STONE FRAGS. GRAVEL, AND SAND			FINE SAND			SILTY OR CLAYEY GRAVEL AND SAND			SILTY SOILS			CLAYEY SOILS				
GEN. RATING AS SUBGRADE	EXCELLENT TO GOOD							FAIR TO POOR			FAIR TO POOR	POOR	UNSATURABLE				

PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30

CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS

PRIMARY SOIL TYPE	COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY	RANGE OF STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE (N-VALUE)	RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/FT ²)
GENERALLY GRANULAR MATERIAL (NON-COHESIVE)	VERY LOOSE LOOSE MEDIUM DENSE DENSE VERY DENSE	< 4 4 TO 10 10 TO 30 30 TO 50 > 50	N/A
GENERALLY SILT-CLAY MATERIAL (COHESIVE)	VERY SOFT SOFT MEDIUM STIFF STIFF VERY STIFF HARD	< 2 2 TO 4 4 TO 8 8 TO 15 15 TO 30 > 30	< 0.25 0.25 TO 0.5 0.5 TO 1.0 1 TO 2 2 TO 4 > 4

TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE

U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (MM)	4	10	40	60	200	270
	4.76	2.00	0.42	0.25	0.075	0.053
BOULDER (BLDR.)						
COBBLE (COB.)						
GRAVEL (GR.)						
COARSE SAND (CS.E. SD.)						
FINE SAND (F SD.)						
SILT (SL.)						
CLAY (CL.)						
GRAIN SIZE	305	75	2.0	0.25	0.05	0.005
	12	3				

SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS

SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS)	FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION
LL - LIQUID LIMIT	- SATURATED - (SAT.)	USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE
PLASTIC RANGE (PI)	- WET - (W)	SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE
OM - OPTIMUM MOISTURE SHRINKAGE LIMIT	- MOIST - (M)	SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE
SL - SHRINKAGE LIMIT	- DRY - (D)	REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE

PLASTICITY

	PLASTICITY INDEX (PI)	DRY STRENGTH
NON PLASTIC	0-5	VERY LOW
SLIGHTLY PLASTIC	6-15	SLIGHT
MODERATELY PLASTIC	16-25	MEDIUM
HIGHLY PLASTIC	26 OR MORE	HIGH

COLOR

DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-BROWN). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.

GRADATION

WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE.
 UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE.
 GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.

ANGULARITY OF GRAINS

THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.

MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION

MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.

COMPRESSIBILITY

SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31
 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50
 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50

PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL

	GRANULAR SOILS	SILT - CLAY SOILS	OTHER MATERIAL
TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER	2 - 3%	3 - 5%	TRACE 1 - 10%
LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER	3 - 5%	5 - 12%	LITTLE 10 - 20%
MODERATELY ORGANIC	5 - 10%	12 - 20%	SOME 20 - 35%
HIGHLY ORGANIC	> 10%	> 20%	HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE

GROUND WATER

WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING
 STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS
 PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA
 SPRING OR SEEP

MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS

ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION

SOIL SYMBOL

ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT

INFERRERD SOIL BOUNDARY

INFERRERD ROCK LINE

ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY

DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES

SPT TEST BORING

AUGER BORING

CORE BORING

MONITORING WELL

PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION

SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION

CONE PENETROMETER TEST

SOUNDING ROD

TEST BORING WITH CORE

SPT N-VALUE

RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS

UNDERCUT

SHALLOW UNDERCUT

UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNSUITABLE WASTE

UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE DEGRADABLE ROCK

UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL

ABBREVIATIONS

AR - AUGER REFUSAL
 BT - BORING TERMINATED
 CL - CLAY
 CPT - COARSE PENETRATION TEST
 CSE - COARSE
 DMT - DILATOMETER TEST
 DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST
 e - VOID RATIO
 F - FINE
 FOSS. - FOSSILIFEROUS
 FRAC. - FRACTURED, FRACTURES
 FRAGS. - FRAGMENTS
 HI. - HIGHLY

MED. - MEDIUM
 MICA - MICACEOUS
 MOD. - MODERATELY
 NP - NON PLASTIC
 ORG. - ORGANIC
 PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST
 SAP. - SAPROLITIC
 SD. - SAND, SANDY
 SL. - SILT, SILTY
 SLI. - SLIGHTLY
 TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL
 w - MOISTURE CONTENT
 V - VERY

VST - VANE SHEAR TEST
 WEA. - WEATHERED
 UG - UNIT WEIGHT
 UG - DRY UNIT WEIGHT

SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS
 S - BULK
 SS - SPLIT SPOON
 ST - SHELBY TUBE
 RS - ROCK
 RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL
 CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO

EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT

DRILL UNITS:
 CME-450
 CME-55
 CME-550
 VANE SHEAR TEST
 PORTABLE HOIST

ADVANCING TOOLS:
 CLAY BITS
 6" CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER
 8" HOLLOW AUGERS
 HARD FACED FINGER BITS
 TUNG-CARBIDE INSERTS
 CASING W/ ADVANCER
 TRICONE STEEL TEETH
 TRICONE 2 1/8" TUNG-CARB.
 CORE BIT

HAMMER TYPE:
 AUTOMATIC MANUAL

CORE SIZE:
 -B -H
 -N

HAND TOOLS:
 POST HOLE DIGGER
 HAND AUGER
 SOUNDING ROD
 VANE SHEAR TEST

ROCK DESCRIPTION

HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRERD ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:

WEATHERED ROCK (WR) NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.

CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR) FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.

NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR) FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.

COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK (CP) COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC.

WEATHERING

FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.

VERY SLIGHT (V SL.) ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN. CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.

SLIGHT (SL.) ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.

MODERATE (MOD.) SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.

MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL

SEVERE (SEV.) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF

VERY SEVERE (V SEV.) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF

COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. FABRIC MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.

ROCK HARDNESS

VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.

HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.

MODERATELY HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.

MEDIUM HARD CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PIECES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.

SOFT CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.

VERY SOFT CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGER NAIL.

FRACTURE SPACING

TERM	SPACING
VERY WIDE	MORE THAN 10 FEET
WIDE	3 TO 10 FEET
MODERATELY CLOSE	1 TO 3 FEET
CLOSE	0.16 TO 1 FOOT
VERY CLOSE	LESS THAN 0.16 FEET

BEDDING

TERM	THICKNESS
VERY THICKLY BEDDED	4 FEET
THICKLY BEDDED	1.5 - 4 FEET
THINLY BEDDED	0.16 - 1.5 FEET
VERY THINLY BEDDED	0.03 - 0.16 FEET
THICKLY LAMINATED	0.008 - 0.03 FEET
THINLY LAMINATED	< 0.008 FEET

INDURATION

FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.

FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.

MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.

INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.

EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.

TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.

AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.

ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.

ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.

ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.

CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.

COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.

CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.

DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.

DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.

FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.

FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.

FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLOADED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.

FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.

FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.

JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.

LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.

LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.

MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.

PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.

RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.

ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.

SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.

SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.

STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.

STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

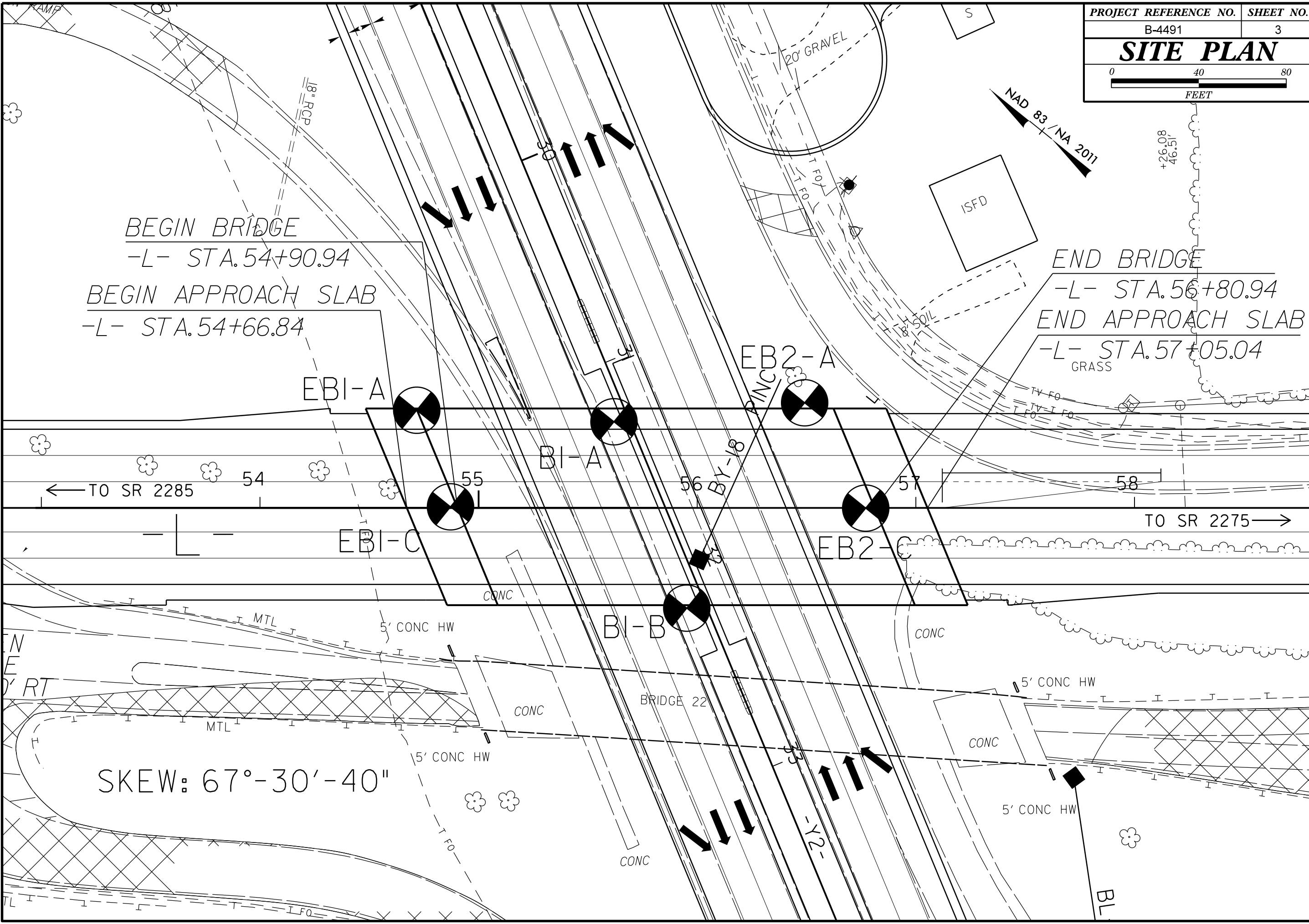
STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

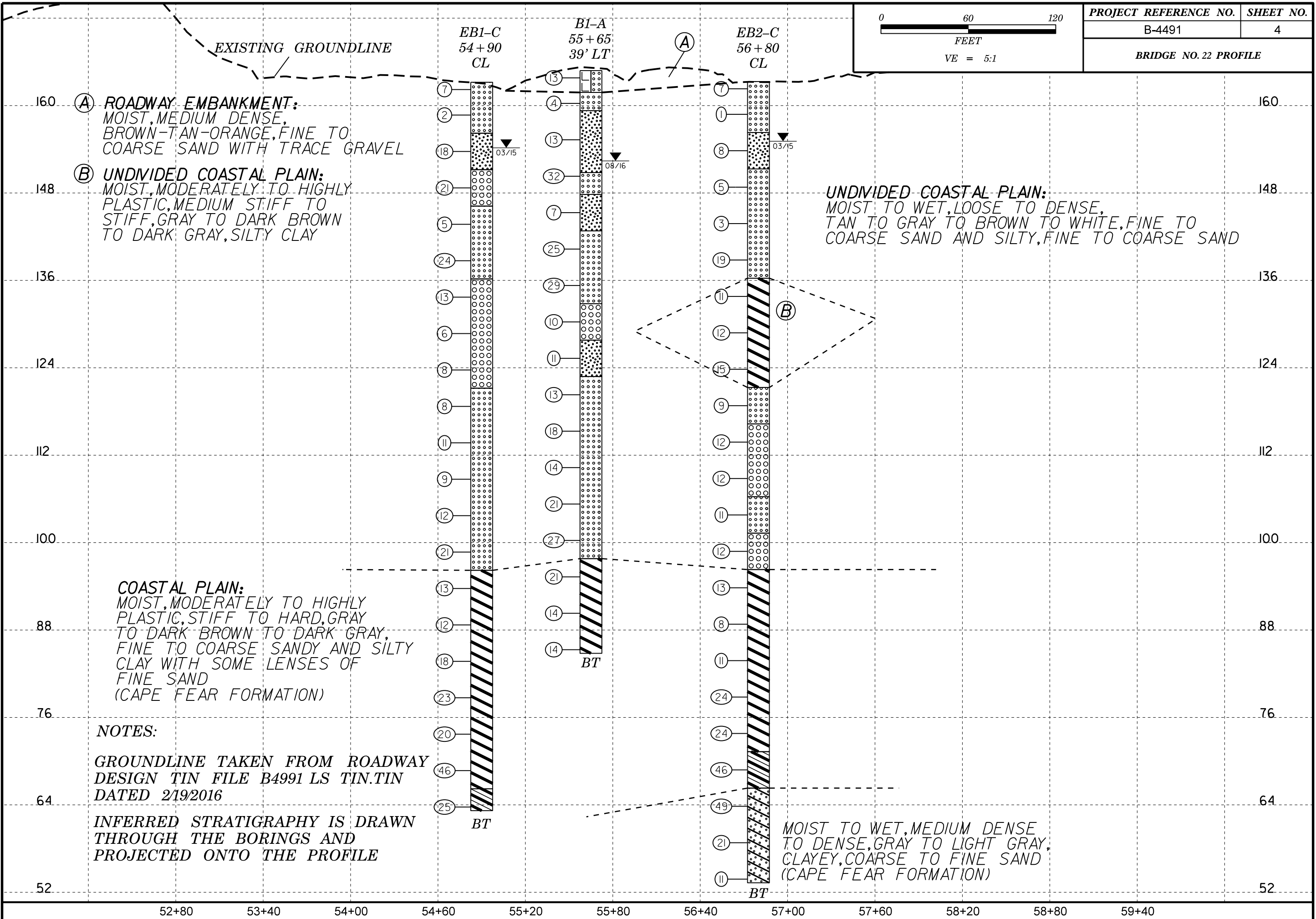
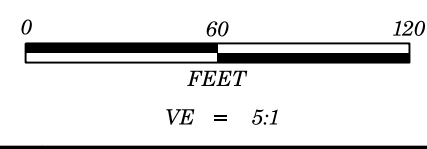
TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.

ELEVATION: 163.89 FEET

NOTES:

FIAD: FILLED IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING





(A) ROADWAY EMBANKMENT:
 MOIST, MEDIUM DENSE,
 BROWN-TAN-ORANGE, FINE TO
 COARSE SAND WITH TRACE GRAVEL

(B) UNDIVIDED COASTAL PLAIN:
 MOIST, MODERATELY TO HIGHLY
 PLASTIC, MEDIUM STIFF TO
 STIFF, GRAY TO DARK BROWN
 TO DARK GRAY, SILTY CLAY

UNDIVIDED COASTAL PLAIN:
 MOIST TO WET, LOOSE TO DENSE,
 TAN TO GRAY TO BROWN TO WHITE, FINE TO
 COARSE SAND AND SILTY, FINE TO COARSE SAND

COASTAL PLAIN:
 MOIST, MODERATELY TO HIGHLY
 PLASTIC, STIFF TO HARD, GRAY
 TO DARK BROWN TO DARK GRAY,
 FINE TO COARSE SANDY AND SILTY
 CLAY WITH SOME LENSES OF
 FINE SAND
 (CAPE FEAR FORMATION)

NOTES:
 GROUNDLINE TAKEN FROM ROADWAY
 DESIGN TIN FILE B4991 LS TIN.TIN
 DATED 2/19/2016

**INFERRED STRATIGRAPHY IS DRAWN
 THROUGH THE BORINGS AND
 PROJECTED ONTO THE PROFILE**

MOIST TO WET, MEDIUM DENSE
 TO DENSE, GRAY TO LIGHT GRAY,
 CLAYEY, COARSE TO FINE SAND
 (CAPE FEAR FORMATION)

EB1-C
 54+90
 CL

BI-A
 55+65
 39' LT

EB2-C
 56+80
 CL

BT

BT

BT

160

148

136

124

112

100

88

76

64

52

160

148

136

124

112

100

88

76

64

52

52+80

53+40

54+00

54+60

55+20

55+80

56+40

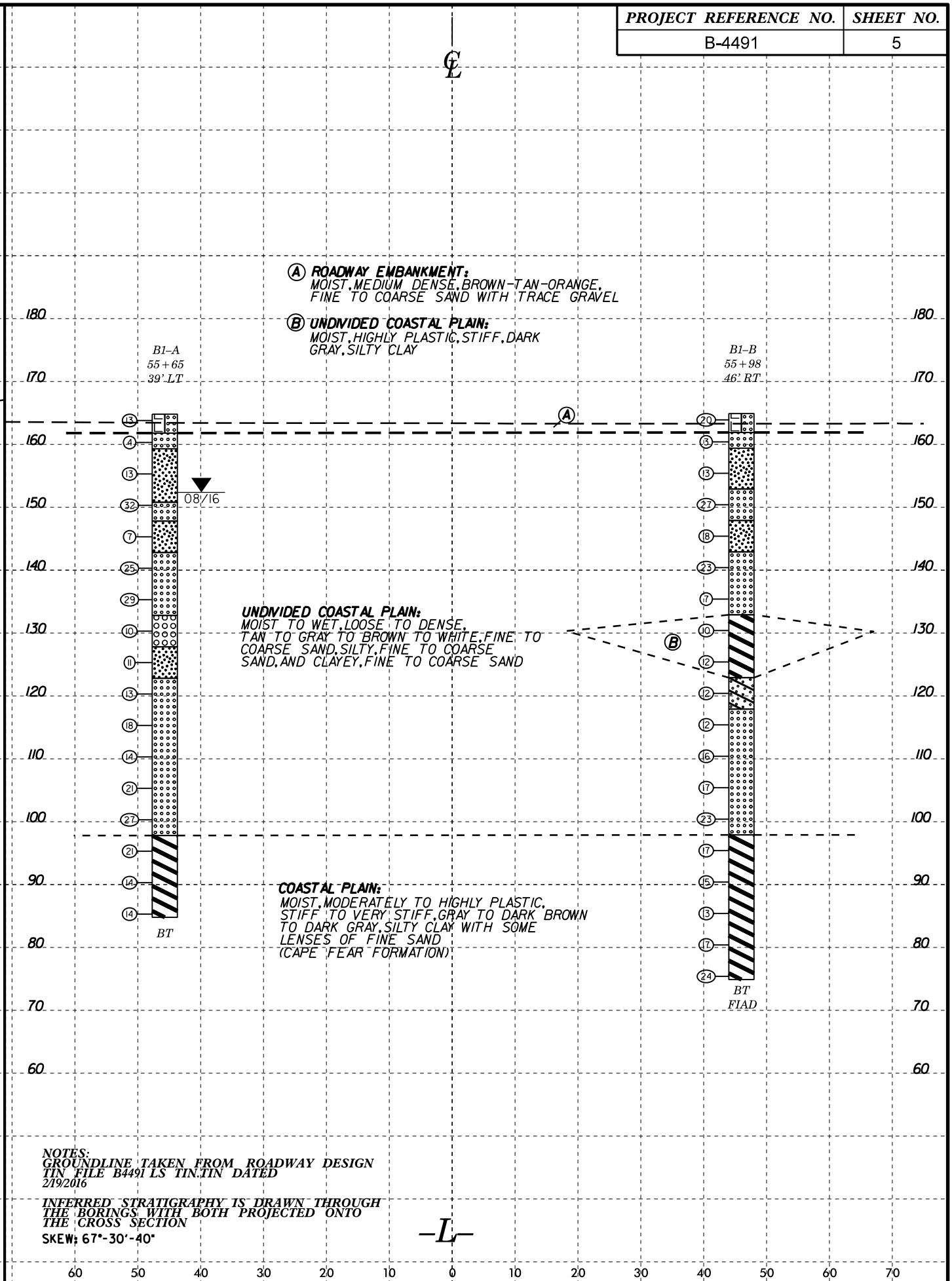
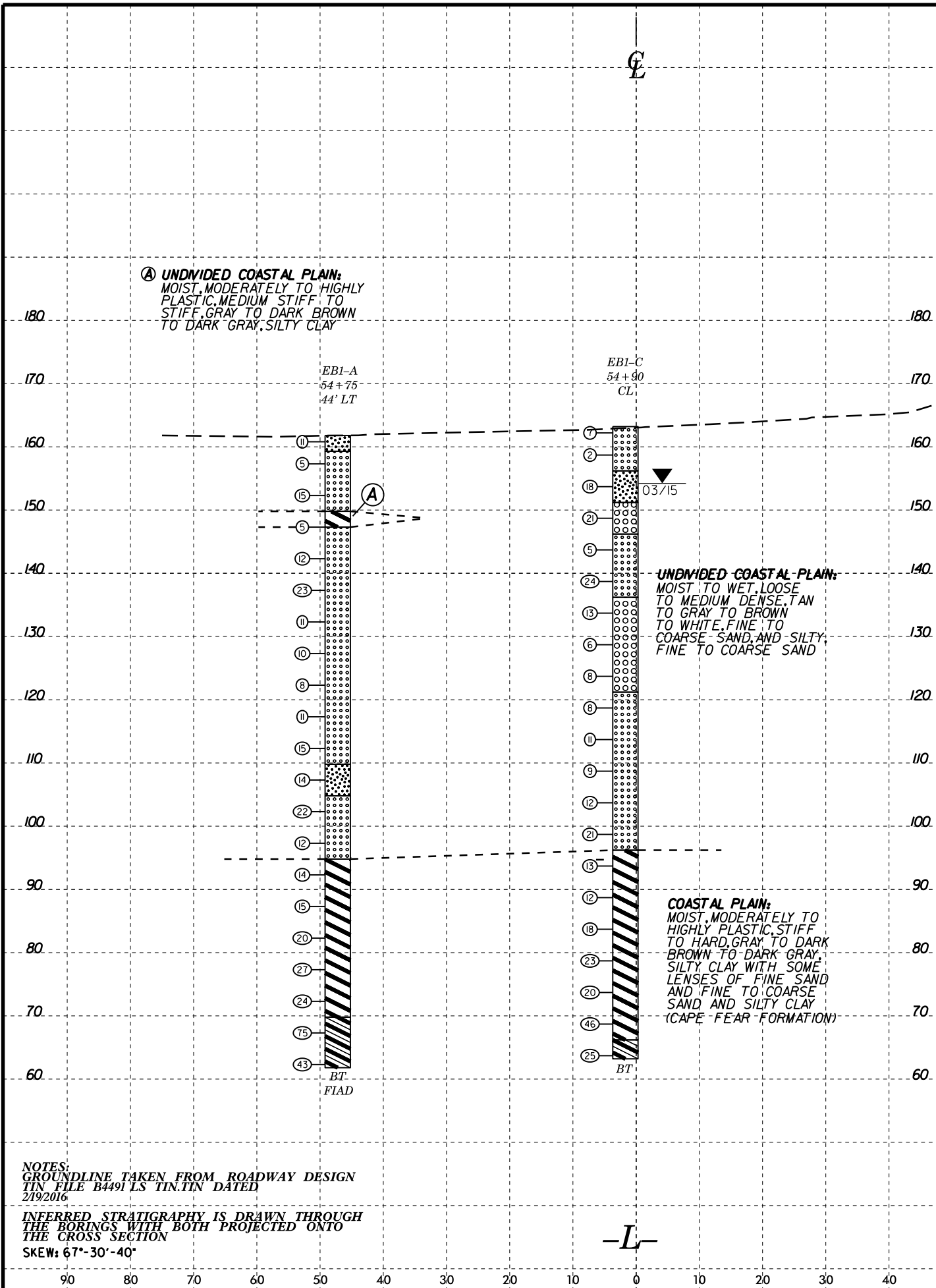
57+00

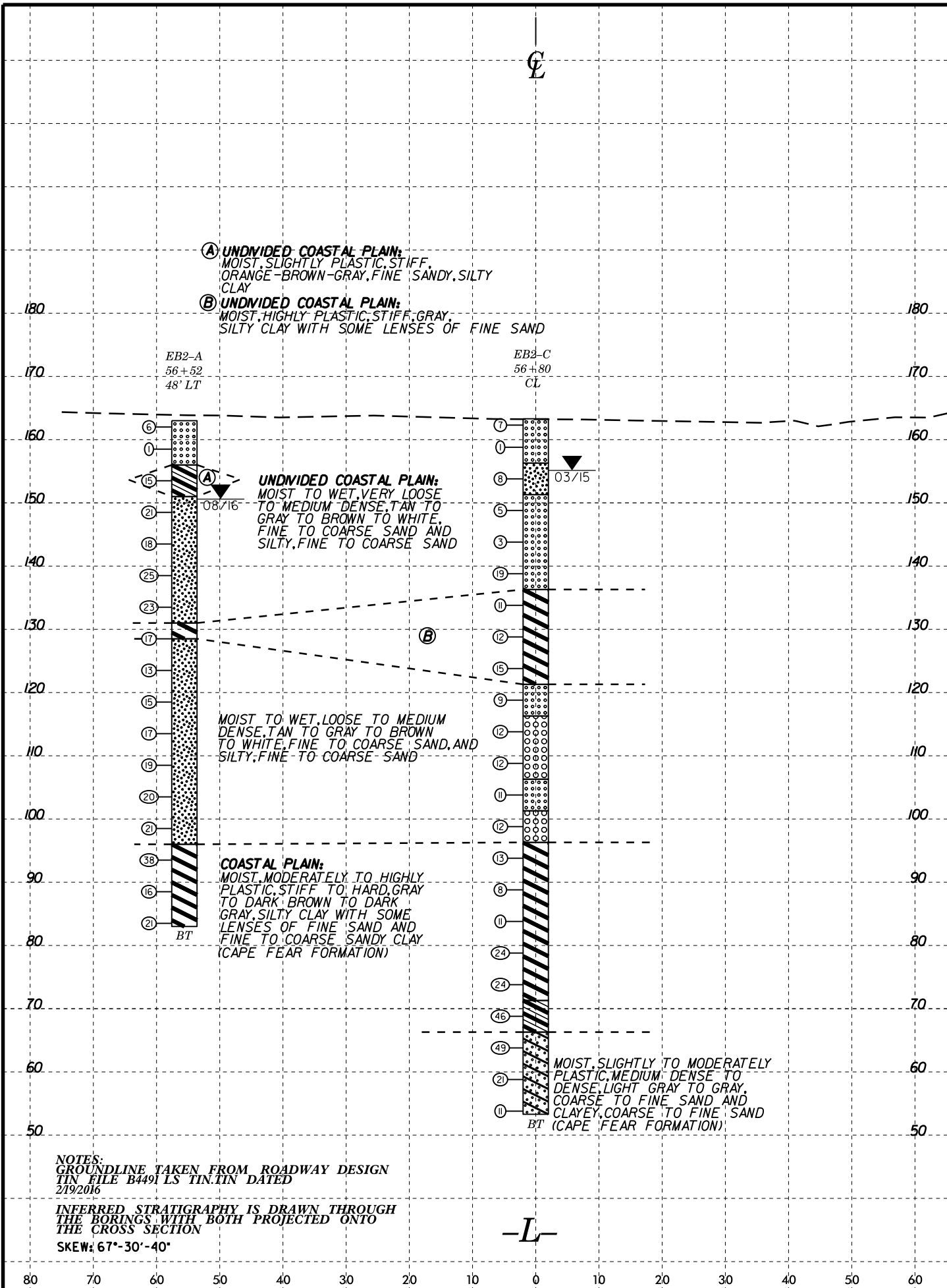
57+60

58+20

58+80

59+40





THIS SPACE INTENTIONALLY BLANK

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

BORE LOG

WBS 38389.1.1		TIP B-4491		COUNTY CUMBERLAND		GEOLOGIST B. Johnson										
SITE DESCRIPTION Replace Bridge No. 22 over I-95 Business/US 301 on NC 59 (South Main St) at Sta. 55+85 -L-							GROUND WTR (ft)									
BORING NO. B1-B		STATION 55+98		OFFSET 46 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-										
COLLAR ELEV. 164.9 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 90.0 ft		NORTHING 434,909		EASTING 2,020,697										
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE BRI2296 CME-45D 81% 06/03/2015			DRILL METHOD Mud Rotary		HAMMER TYPE Automatic											
DRILLER M. Radford		START DATE 08/16/16		COMP. DATE 08/17/16		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A										
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)		
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100						
165	164.9	0.0	3	8	12									164.9	0.0	GROUND SURFACE
	161.4	3.5	2	1	2									161.9	3.0	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT Orange-Tan, Fine to Coarse SAND
160	156.4	8.5	6	7	6									159.4	5.5	UNDIVIDED COASTAL PLAIN Orange-Tan, Fine to Coarse SAND
155	151.4	13.5	11	12	15									152.9	12.0	Orange-Brown, Silty, Fine to Coarse SAND
150	146.4	18.5	5	8	10									147.9	17.0	Gray, SAND
145	141.4	23.5	7	11	12									142.9	22.0	White-Gray, Silty, Fine SAND
140	136.4	28.5	3	4	3									142.9	22.0	Orange-Brown-Tan, Coarse SAND with trace gravel
135	131.4	33.5	3	4	6									132.9	32.0	Highly Plastic, Dark Gray, Silty CLAY
130	126.4	38.5	4	5	7									122.9	42.0	Dark Gray, Clayey, Fine to Coarse SAND
125	121.4	43.5	4	6	6									117.9	47.0	Dark Gray, Fine to Coarse SAND
120	116.4	48.5	4	5	7											
115	111.4	53.5	5	7	9											
110	106.4	58.5	5	6	11											
105	101.4	63.5	8	10	13											
100	96.4	68.5	6	8	9									97.9	67.0	COASTAL PLAIN Highly Plastic, Dark Gray, Silty CLAY with some lenses of fine sand (Cape Fear Formation)
95	91.4	73.5	3	4	11											
90	86.4	78.5	4	6	7											
85																

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE B4491_GEO_BRIDGE_2016.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 9/27/16

WBS 38389.1.1		TIP B-4491		COUNTY CUMBERLAND		GEOLOGIST B. Johnson										
SITE DESCRIPTION Replace Bridge No. 22 over I-95 Business/US 301 on NC 59 (South Main St) at Sta. 55+85 -L-							GROUND WTR (ft)									
BORING NO. B1-B		STATION 55+98		OFFSET 46 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-										
COLLAR ELEV. 164.9 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 90.0 ft		NORTHING 434,909		EASTING 2,020,697										
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE BRI2296 CME-45D 81% 06/03/2015			DRILL METHOD Mud Rotary		HAMMER TYPE Automatic											
DRILLER M. Radford		START DATE 08/16/16		COMP. DATE 08/17/16		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A										
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)		
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100						
85																
	81.4	83.5	2	7	10											
80	76.4	88.5	8	10	14											
75																

Match Line

COASTAL PLAIN
Highly Plastic, Dark Gray, Silty CLAY with some lenses of fine sand (Cape Fear Formation) (continued)

Boring Terminated at Elevation 74.9 ft In Coastal Plain: Silty CLAY (Cape Fear Formation)

GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

BORE LOG

WBS 38389.1.1		TIP B-4491		COUNTY CUMBERLAND		GEOLOGIST Goodnight, D. J.								
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 22 over I-95 Business/US 301 on NC 59							GROUND WTR (ft)							
BORING NO. EB2-C		STATION 56+80		OFFSET CL		ALIGNMENT -L-								
COLLAR ELEV. 163.3 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 110.0 ft		NORTHING 434,873		EASTING 2,020,784								
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE TRI8016 MOBILE B-57 90% 02/20/2015			DRILL METHOD Mud Rotary		HAMMER TYPE Automatic									
DRILLER Toothman, R. E.		START DATE 03/12/15		COMP. DATE 03/13/15		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A								
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100				
165	163.3	0.0	1	3	4							M	GROUND SURFACE	0.0
160	159.8	3.5	2	WOH	1							M	UNDIVIDED COASTAL PLAIN Tan, Fine SAND	
155	154.8	8.5	6	4	4							M	Tan-Gray, Silty, Fine SAND	7.0
150	149.8	13.5	5	3	2							W	Tan-Orange, Fine to Coarse SAND	12.0
145	144.8	18.5	2	2	1							W		
140	139.8	23.5	6	9	10							W		
135	134.8	28.5	3	4	7							W	Highly Plastic, Gray, Fine Sandy, Silty CLAY with lenses of fine sand	27.0
130	129.8	33.5	3	5	7							W		
125	124.8	38.5	4	6	9							W		
120	119.8	43.5	3	4	5							W	Gray, Silty, Coarse to Fine SAND	42.0
115	114.8	48.5	4	5	7							W	Gray, Coarse SAND	47.0
110	109.8	53.5	4	5	7							W		
105	104.8	58.5	3	4	7							W	Gray, Fine SAND	57.0
100	99.8	63.5	5	6	6							W	Gray, Coarse to Fine SAND	62.0
95	94.8	68.5	5	5	8							M	COASTAL PLAIN Highly Plastic, Gray, Silty CLAY with lenses of fine sand (Cape Fear Formation)	67.0
90	89.8	73.5	2	3	5							M		
85														

WBS 38389.1.1		TIP B-4491		COUNTY CUMBERLAND		GEOLOGIST Goodnight, D. J.								
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 22 over I-95 Business/US 301 on NC 59							GROUND WTR (ft)							
BORING NO. EB2-C		STATION 56+80		OFFSET CL		ALIGNMENT -L-								
COLLAR ELEV. 163.3 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 110.0 ft		NORTHING 434,873		EASTING 2,020,784								
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE TRI8016 MOBILE B-57 90% 02/20/2015			DRILL METHOD Mud Rotary		HAMMER TYPE Automatic									
DRILLER Toothman, R. E.		START DATE 03/12/15		COMP. DATE 03/13/15		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A								
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100				
85	84.8	78.5	4	5	6							M	Match Line	
80	79.8	83.5	6	11	13							M	COASTAL PLAIN Highly Plastic, Gray, Silty CLAY with lenses of fine sand (Cape Fear Formation) <i>(continued)</i>	
75	74.8	88.5	6	10	14							M		
70	69.8	93.5	12	19	27							M	Moderately Plastic, Gray, Coarse to Fine Sandy CLAY (Cape Fear Formation)	92.0
65	64.8	98.5	18	24	25							M	Light Gray, Clayey, Coarse to Fine SAND (Cape Fear Formation)	97.0
60	59.8	103.5	6	9	12							W		
55	54.8	108.5	7	6	5							W	Boring Terminated at Elevation 53.3 ft Coastal Plain: Clayey, Coarse to Fine SAND (Cape Fear Formation)	110.0

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE B4491_GEO_RDWY_GINT.GPJ NC_DOT_GDT 9/27/16

SITE PHOTOGRAPHS



View Looking South along -Y2- from Bent 1



View Looking West from East of End Bent 2