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NOTE: SEE SHEET 2A FOR PLAN SHEET LAYOUT AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	42841.1.1 (B-5239)	1	17
STATE PROJ. NO.	F.A. PROJ. NO.	DESCRIPTION	
42841.1.1	BRSTP-0087(29)	P.E.	
		RW & UTIL.	

CONTENTS

LINE	STATION	PLAN	PROFILE	XSECT
-L-	10+50 TO 22+00	4	5	7-13
-Y1-	10+85 TO 12+36	4	6	14
-Y2-	10+00 TO 10+75	4	6	N/A
-Y3-	10+15 TO 11+06.44	4	6	15

**ROADWAY
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION**

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. 42841.1.1 (B-5239) F.A. PROJ. BRSTP-0087(29)
COUNTY ALAMANCE
PROJECT DESCRIPTION REPLACE BRIDGE NO. 126 OVER MILL RACE
ON NC 87 & BRIDGE NO. 119 OVER HAW RIVER ON NC 87

INVENTORY - REVISED

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING, AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (919) 707-6850. NEITHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, NOR THE FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, OR SOIL TEST DATA ARE PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION, AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

CONTRACT: ID: B-5239

PERSONNEL
S. GOWER

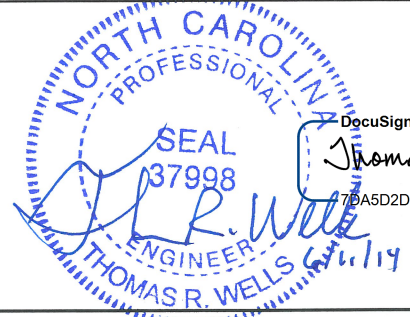
W. TRAPP

INVESTIGATED BY D. GOODNIGHT

CHECKED BY T. WELLS

SUBMITTED BY KLEINFELDER

DATE JUNE 2014



DocuSigned by:
Thomas R. Wells
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DRAWN BY: W. FELDER

NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IT IS CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.
42841.I.I(B-5239) SHEET NO.
2 OF 17

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION										GRADATION										ROCK DESCRIPTION										TERMS AND DEFINITIONS																																							
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T206, ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE: <i>VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6</i>										WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO POORLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.										HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:										ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL. FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. FORMATION (FM) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT. LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS. SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. TOPSOIL (TS) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.																																							
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION										MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION										WEATHERING										ROCK HARDNESS																																							
GENERAL CLASS. GRANULAR MATERIALS (<= 35% PASSING #200) SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (> 35% PASSING #200) ORGANIC MATERIALS										MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.										FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE. VERY SLIGHT (V SL.) ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN. CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE. SLIGHT (SL.) ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS. MODERATE (MOD.) SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK. MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SEVERE (SEV.) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT, SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF. VERY SEVERE (V SEV.) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF. COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.										SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT EQUAL TO 31-50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50										ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.																													
PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL										GROUND WATER										MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS										ABBREVIATIONS																																							
ORGANIC MATERIAL GRANULAR SOILS SILT - CLAY SOILS OTHER MATERIAL TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10% LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20% MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35% HIGHLY ORGANIC >10% >20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE										WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA SPRING OR SEEP										ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION SOIL SYMBOL ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY INFERRED ROCK LINE ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES TEST BORING WITH CORE AUGER BORING CORE BORING MONITORING WELL PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION CONE PENETROMETER TEST SOUNDING ROD										AR - AUGER REFUSAL BT - BORING TERMINATED CL - CLAY CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST CSE - COARSE DMT - DILATOMETER TEST DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST e - VOID RATIO F - FINE FOSS - FOSSILIFEROUS FRAC. - FRACTURED, FRACTURES FRAGS. - FRAGMENTS HL - HIGHLY MED. - MEDIUM MICA - MICACEOUS MOD. - MODERATELY NP - NON PLASTIC ORG. - ORGANIC PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAP. - SAPROLITIC SD. - SAND, SANDY SL. - SILT, SILTY SLI. - SLIGHTLY TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL w - MOISTURE CONTENT V - VERY VST - VANE SHEAR TEST WEA. - WEATHERED W - UNIT WEIGHT W _d - DRY UNIT WEIGHT SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS S - BULK SS - SPLIT SPOON ST - SHELBY TUBE RS - ROCK RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO																																							
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE										SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS										FRACTURE SPACING										BEDDING																																							
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (MM) 4 10 40 60 200 270 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053										PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY RANGE OF STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE (N-VALUE) RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/FT ²)										TERM SPACING VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FEET VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET										TERM THICKNESS VERY THICKLY BEDDED > 4 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET																																							
BOULDER (BLDR.) COBBLE (COB.) GRAVEL (GR.) COARSE SAND (CSE, SD.) FINE SAND (F SD.) SILT (SL.) CLAY (CL.)										GRAIN SIZE MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005 IN. 12 3										SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS) FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION										DRILL UNITS: MOBILE B- BK-51 CME-45C CME-550 PORTABLE HOIST CME-55										ADVANCING TOOLS: CLAY BITS 6" CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER 8" HOLLOW AUGERS HARD FACED FINGER BITS TUNG-CARBIDE INSERTS CASING w/ ADVANCER TRICONE STEEL TEETH TRICONE TUNG-CARB. CORE BIT										HAMMER TYPE: AUTOMATIC MANUAL CORE SIZE: B N H HAND TOOLS: POST HOLE DIGGER HAND AUGER SOUNDING ROD VANE SHEAR TEST										FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE. MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER. INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER. EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.									
PLASTICITY										EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT										INDURATION										INDURATION																																							
NONPLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW LOW PLASTICITY 6-15 SLIGHT MED. PLASTICITY 16-25 MEDIUM HIGH PLASTICITY 26 OR MORE HIGH										DRILL UNITS: MOBILE B- BK-51 CME-45C CME-550 PORTABLE HOIST CME-55										FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.										FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.																																							
COLOR										PLASTICITY										INDURATION										INDURATION																																							
DESCRIPTORS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.										PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH 0-5 VERY LOW 6-15 SLIGHT 16-25 MEDIUM 26 OR MORE HIGH										FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE. MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER. INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER. EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.										FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE. MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER. INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER. EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.																																							

09/28/15

TIP PROJECT: B-5239

CONTRACT:

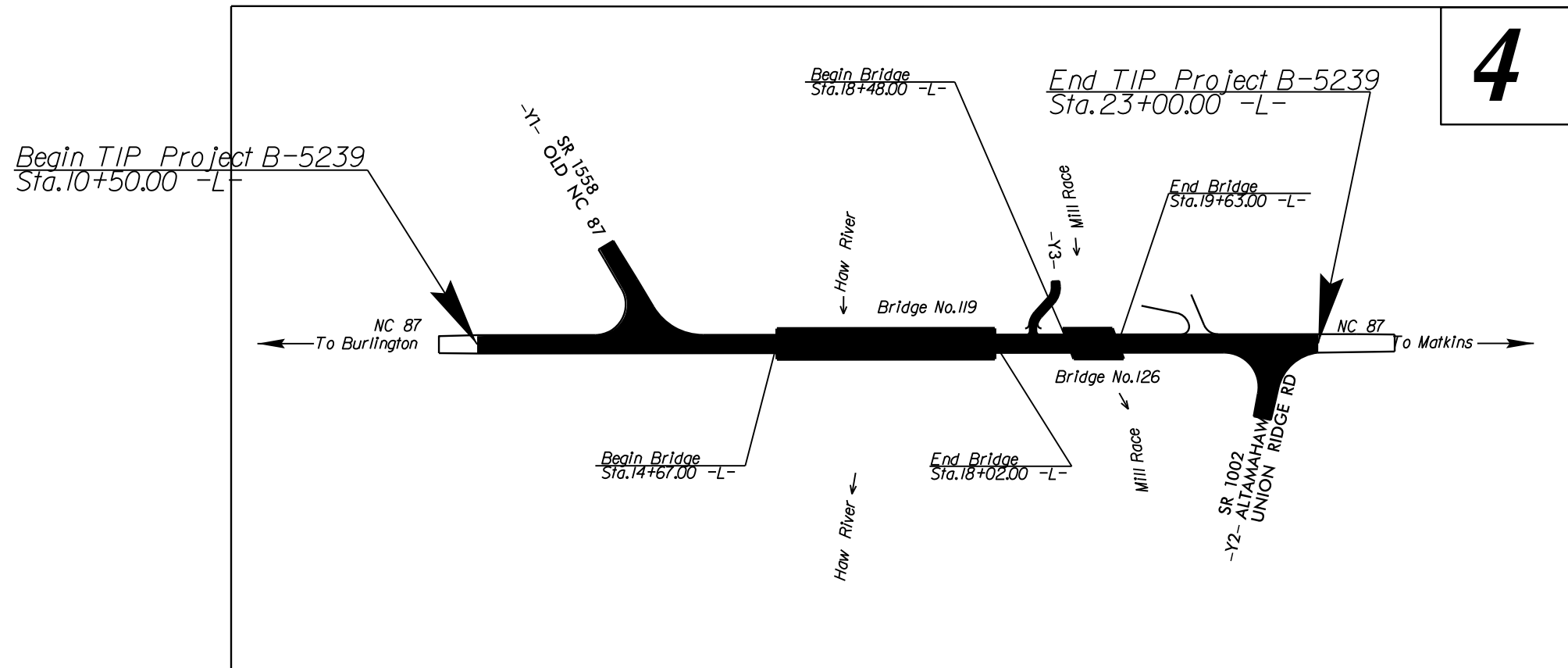
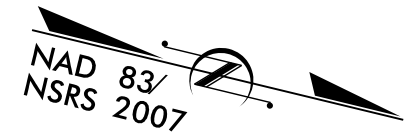
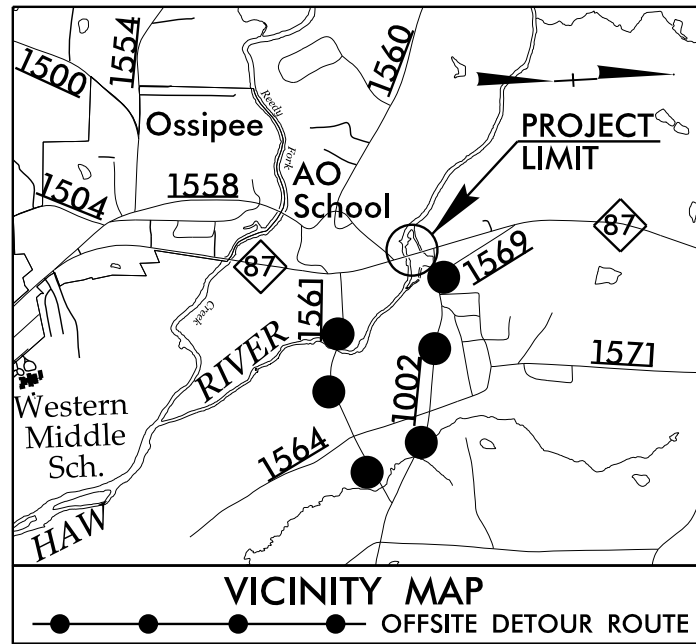
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

ALAMANCE COUNTY

**LOCATION: BRIDGE NO.126 OVER MILL RACE
& NO.119 OVER HAW RIVER ON NC 87**

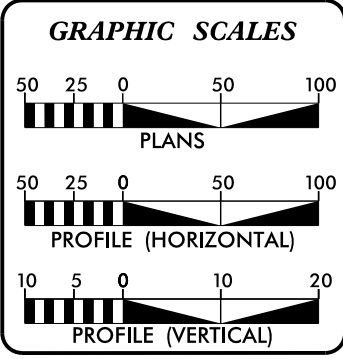
TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, PAVING, DRAINAGE AND STRUCTURES

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	B-5239	2A	17
STATE PROJ.NO.	F.A.PROJ.NO.	DESCRIPTION	
42841.1.1	BRSTP-0087(29)	PE	



This Project is not within any municipal boundaries.
Clearing on this project shall be performed to the limits established by Method .

INCOMPLETE PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION
PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION



DESIGN DATA

ADT 2013 =	6850 vpd
ADT 2035 =	8500 vpd
DHV =	10 %
D =	60 %
T =	6 % *
V =	50 MPH
* TTST =	2% DUAL 4%
FUNC CLASS =	Principal Arterial
STATEWIDE TIER	

PROJECT LENGTH

Length Roadway Tip Project B-5239 =	Miles
Length Structure(s) Tip Project B-5239 =	Miles
Total Length TIP Project B-5239 =	0.237 Miles

Prepared in the Office of:
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
1000 Birch Ridge Dr., Raleigh NC, 27610

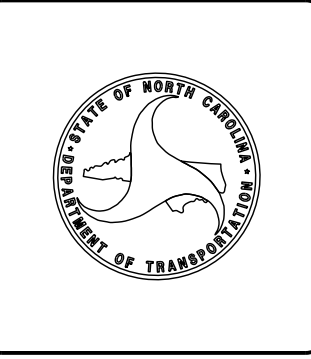
2012 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS	
RIGHT OF WAY DATE: March 20, 2015	JAMES A. SPEER, PE PROJECT ENGINEER
LETTING DATE: March 15, 2016	JOHN LANSFORD, PE PROJECT DESIGN ENGINEER

HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

SIGNATURE: _____ P.E.

ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER

SIGNATURE: _____ P.E.





June 11, 2014
File No. 137891 | GSO14R0111

STATE PROJECT: 42841.1.1 (B-5239)
FEDERAL PROJECT: BRSTP-0087 (29)
COUNTY: Alamance
DESCRIPTION: Replace Bridge 126 over Mill Race on NC 87 & Bridge 119 over Haw River on NC 87

SUBJECT: Geotechnical Report – Inventory - REVISED

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The project is located in northwestern Alamance County, North Carolina. This project consists of the reconstruction of 0.21 miles of NC Highway 87 (-L-) which is a two-lane roadway. Also proposed is the reconstruction of the intersection with Old NC 87 (-Y1-), Altamahaw Union Ridge Road (-Y2-), and -Y3- which are approximately 151, 75, and 56 feet, respectively.

The geotechnical investigation was conducted during December 2013. One drill machine, a CME 55 with an automatic hammer, was used during the investigation. Standard Penetration Tests were performed at selected locations. Representative soil samples were collected in the field for laboratory analysis by Kleinfelder Southeast, Inc.

The following alignments, totaling 0.26 mile, were investigated. Profiles and cross sections of these alignments are included in this report.

<u>LINE</u>	<u>STATIONS</u>
-L-	10+50 to 23+00
-Y1-	10+85 to 12+36
-Y2-	10+00 to 10+75
-Y3-	10+15 to 11+06.44

AREAS OF SPECIAL GEOTECHNICAL INTEREST

High Plasticity Soils: The following locations were found to have soils with a plasticity index greater than 25.

<u>LINE</u>	<u>STATIONS</u>	<u>OFFSET</u>
-L-	10+50 to 12+80	LT to RT
-L-	14+00	LT
-L-	19+90 to 20+50	LT to RT
-L-	20+60 to 21+70	LT

Alluvial Soils: The following location was found to have very soft to soft alluvial soils.

<u>LINE</u>	<u>STATIONS</u>	<u>OFFSET</u>
-L-	17+80 to 18+70	RT

Ponds: One pond is located within the close proximity of the right of way on this project. This was noted at the following location.

<u>LINE</u>	<u>STATIONS</u>	<u>OFFSET</u>
-L-	18+00 to 20+80	100 RT to 330 RT

PHYSIOGRAPHY AND GEOLOGY

The project is located in the Piedmont Physiographic Province. The project corridor is comprised primarily of residential and industrial properties. The general topography of the site consists of rolling hills with flat to moderate slopes along the existing roadways.

Geologically, the project is located within the Carolina Slate Belt based on the 1985 Geologic Map on North Carolina. Soils are derived from the underlying bedrock which consists of late Proterozoic to late Cambrian age metamorphic rocks generally consisting of metavolcanic rock. The overlying residual soils are the product of the physical and chemical weathering of the underlying Crystalline rock.

SOIL PROPERTIES

Soils encountered during this investigation are separated into five categories based on origin. They consist of roadway embankment, alluvial, residual soils, weathered rock, and crystalline rock.

Roadway Embankment soils are present along the existing roadway (-L-) to depths ranging from 2.5 to 3.0 feet below the existing ground surface in the project. These soils consist of moist, low plasticity, stiff, tan, sandy silts (A-4).

Alluvial soils are soils that have been transported and deposited by water; these soils are present along a portion of the existing roadway (-L-) to a depth of 5.5 feet below the existing ground surface. The alluvial soils encountered consist of wet, low plasticity, soft to very soft, tan and gray, sandy silts (A-4). The plasticity index of the alluvial soils tested was 8.

Residual soils are present along the existing roadways (-L-, -Y1-, and -Y3-) in the project. Residual soils are derived from the weathering of the underlying metavolcanic rock. The majority of these soils consist of moist to wet, low to high plasticity, soft to stiff, red-brown and red-tan, sandy, silty clays (A-6 and A-7-5) and moist, low plasticity, tan-brown, gray-brown, red-brown, red-tan, and green, sandy silts (A-4, A-5). Minor amounts of moist, non-plastic, medium dense, tan, silty sand (A-2-4). The plasticity index of the residual soils tested ranged from 18 to 29.

Weathered rock was encountered along the existing roadways (-L- and -Y1-) at elevations ranging from 613.0 to 596.0 feet (MSL). The weathered rock consists of tan and gray-green metavolcanic rock.

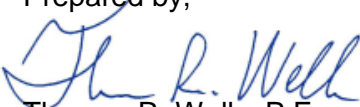
Crystalline rock was encountered along the existing roadways (-L- and -Y1-) at elevations ranging from 608.0 to 594.7 feet (MSL). The crystalline rock consists of metavolcanic rock.

GROUNDWATER

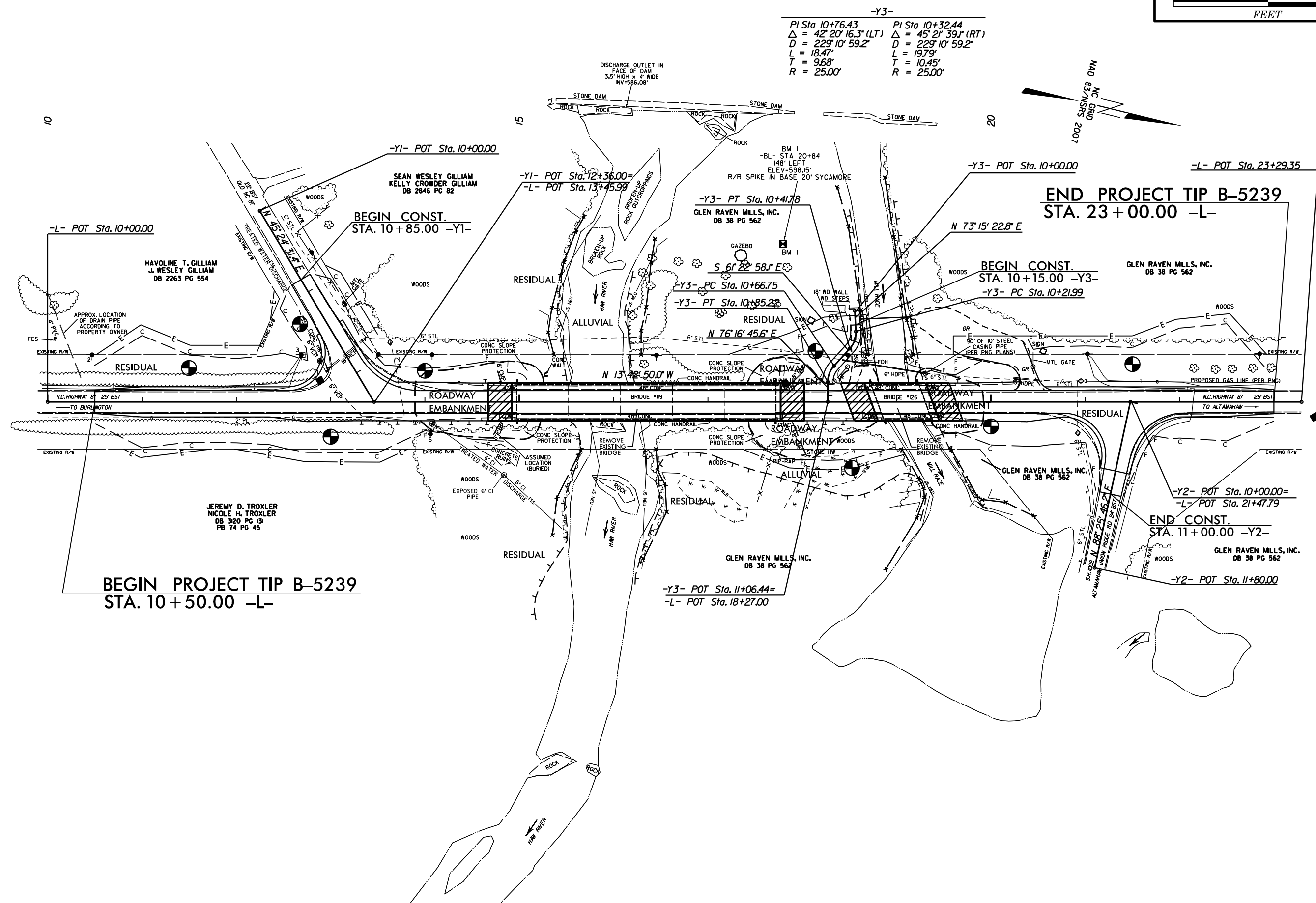
Groundwater was encountered at several locations along the existing roadways (-L- and -Y1-) at elevations ranging from 613.3 to 590.0 feet (MSL).

PONDS

One pond is located near the project right of way and will be impacted by construction. This pond is listed by alignment, station, and offset in the "Areas of Special Geotechnical Interest".

Prepared by,

Thomas R. Wells, P.E.
Senior Professional


Xavier C. Barrett, P.E.
Principal Professional



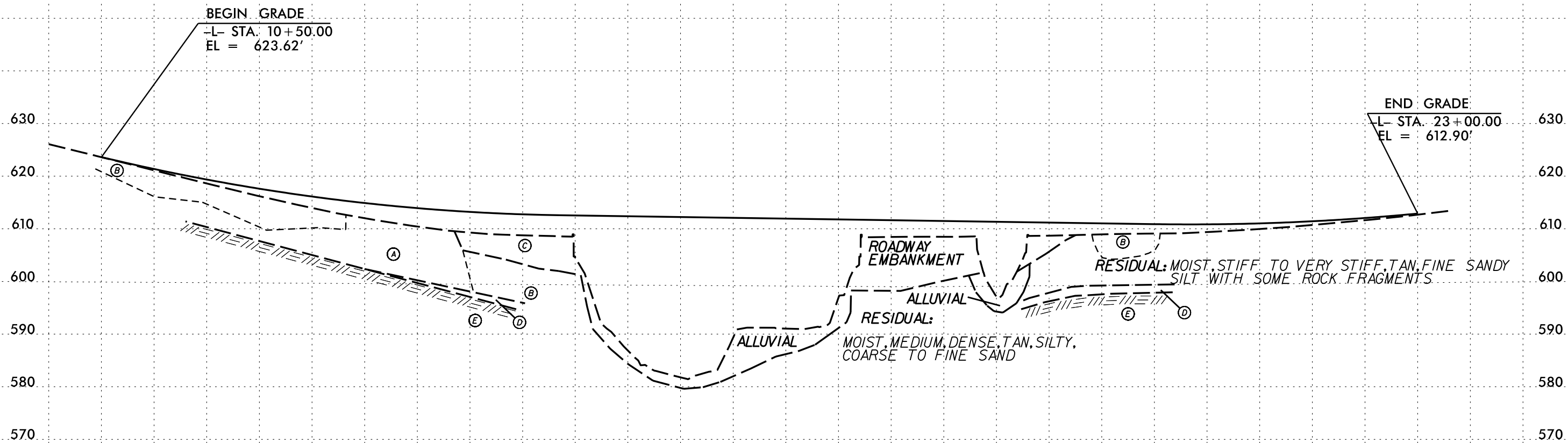
-Y3-

PI Sta 10+76.43	PI Sta 10+32.44
$\Delta = 42^{\circ} 20' 16.3" (LT)$	$\Delta = 45^{\circ} 21' 39.1" (RT)$
$D = 229' 10' 59.2"$	$D = 229' 10' 59.2"$
$L = 18.47'$	$L = 19.79'$
$T = 9.68'$	$T = 10.45'$
$R = 25.00'$	$R = 25.00'$

BEGIN PROJECT TIP B-5239
STA. 10+50.00 -L-

END PROJECT TIP B-5239
STA. 23+00.00 -L-

END CONST.
STA. 11+00.00 -Y2-



- Ⓐ RESIDUAL: MOIST, STIFF TO VERY STIFF, TAN AND GREEN, FINE SANDY SILT WITH LITTLE ROCK FRAGMENTS
- Ⓑ RESIDUAL: MOIST, SOFT TO VERY STIFF, HIGH PLASTICITY, RED-TAN AND RED-BROWN, FINE SANDY, SILTY CLAY WITH SOME ROCK FRAGMENTS
- Ⓒ ROADWAY EMBANKMENT: MOIST, STIFF, TAN, COARSE TO FINE SANDY SILT WITH SOME GRAVEL
- Ⓓ WEATHERED ROCK: TAN AND TAN-GRAY METAVOLCANIC
- Ⓔ CRYSTALLINE ROCK: GRAY-GREEN METAVOLCANIC

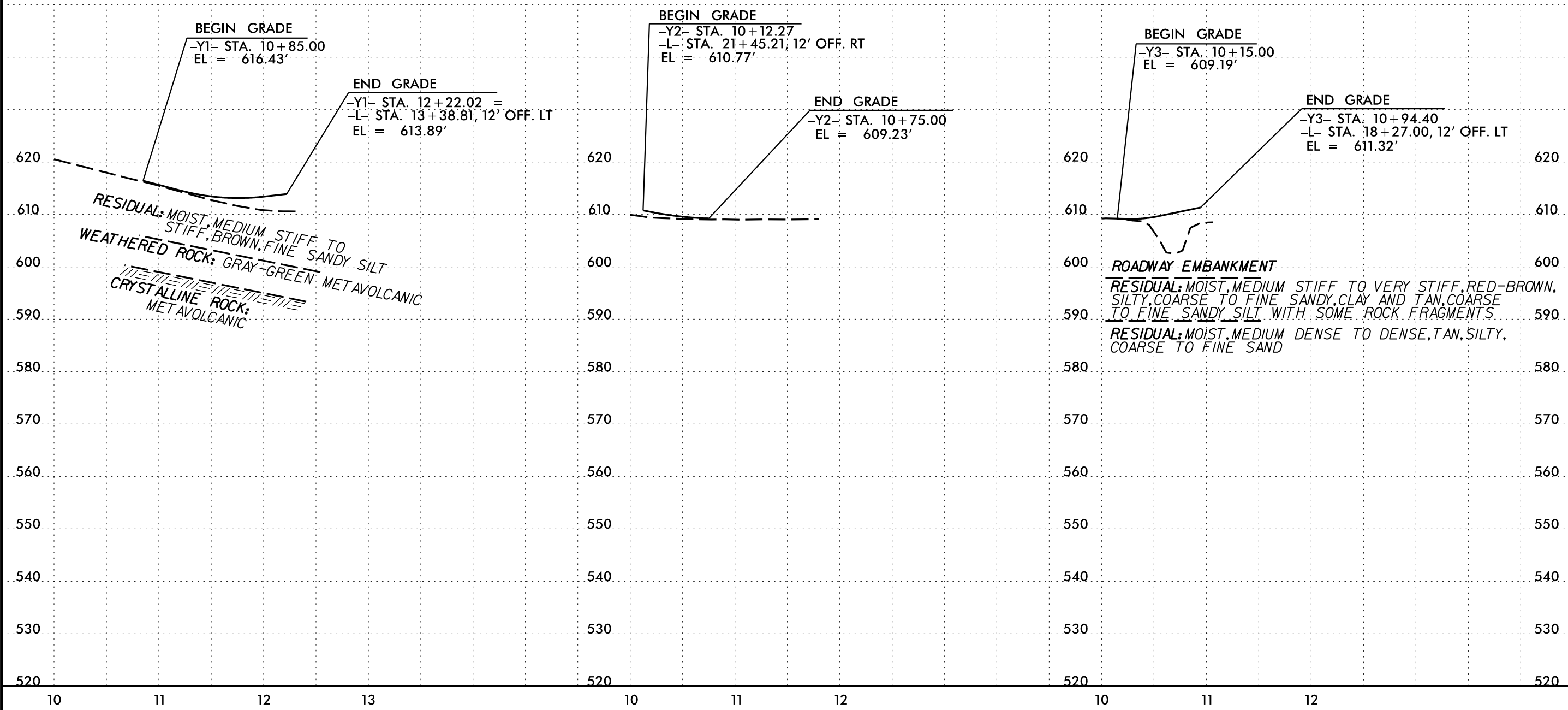
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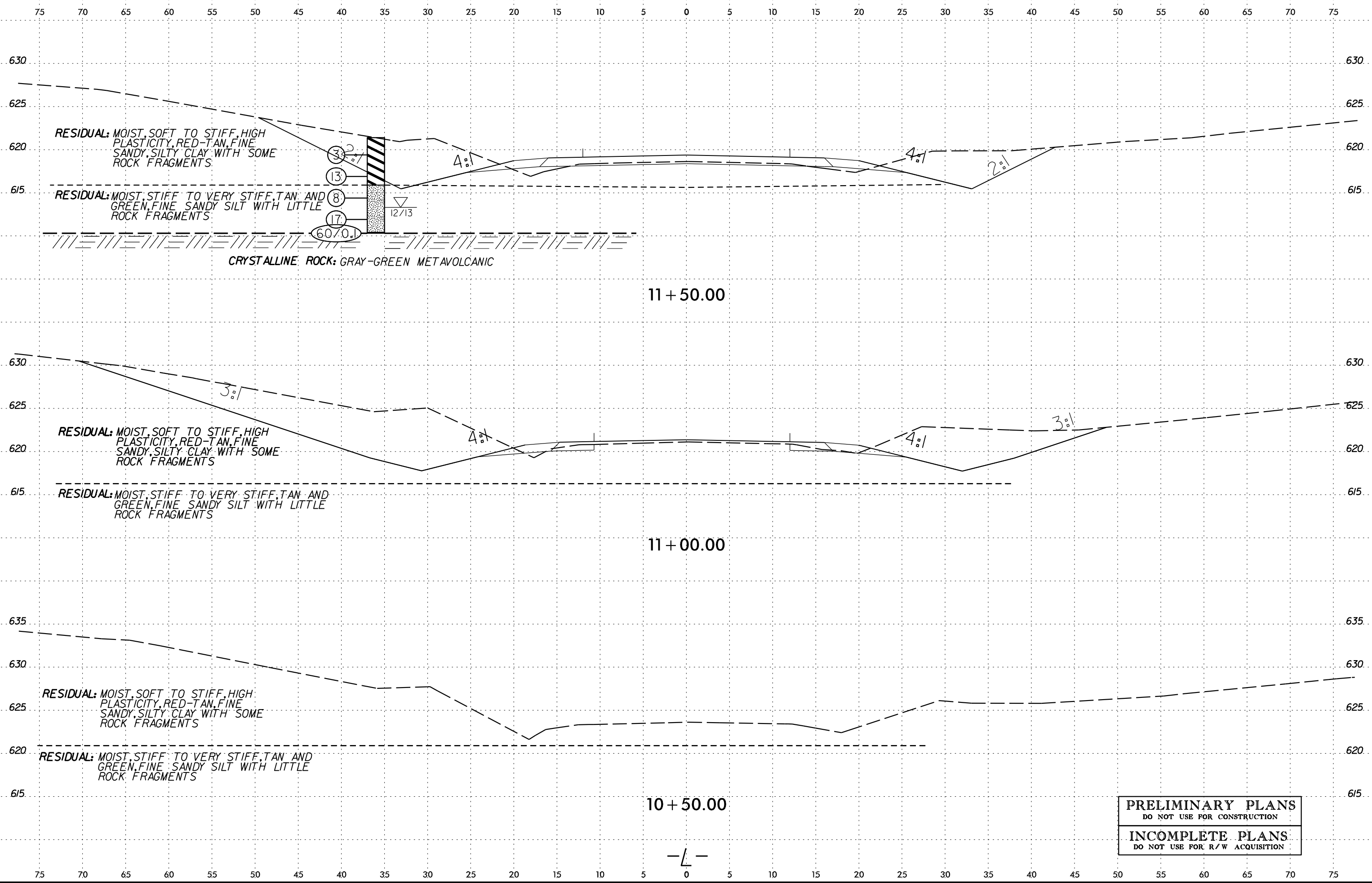
PROJECT REFERENCE NO. B-5239	SHEET NO. 6
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR RW ACQUISITION PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	

-Y1-

-Y2-

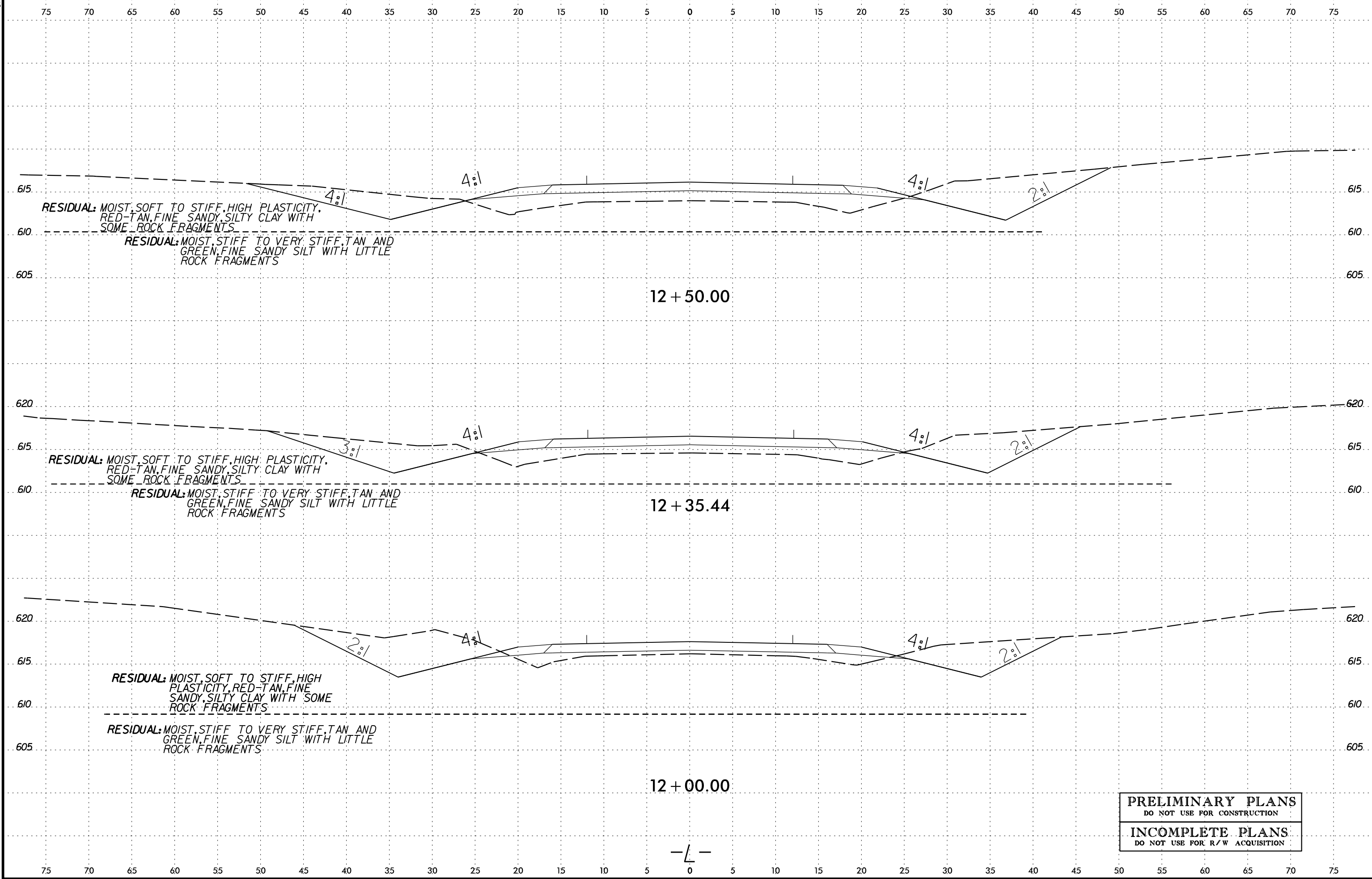
-Y3-





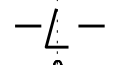
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DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

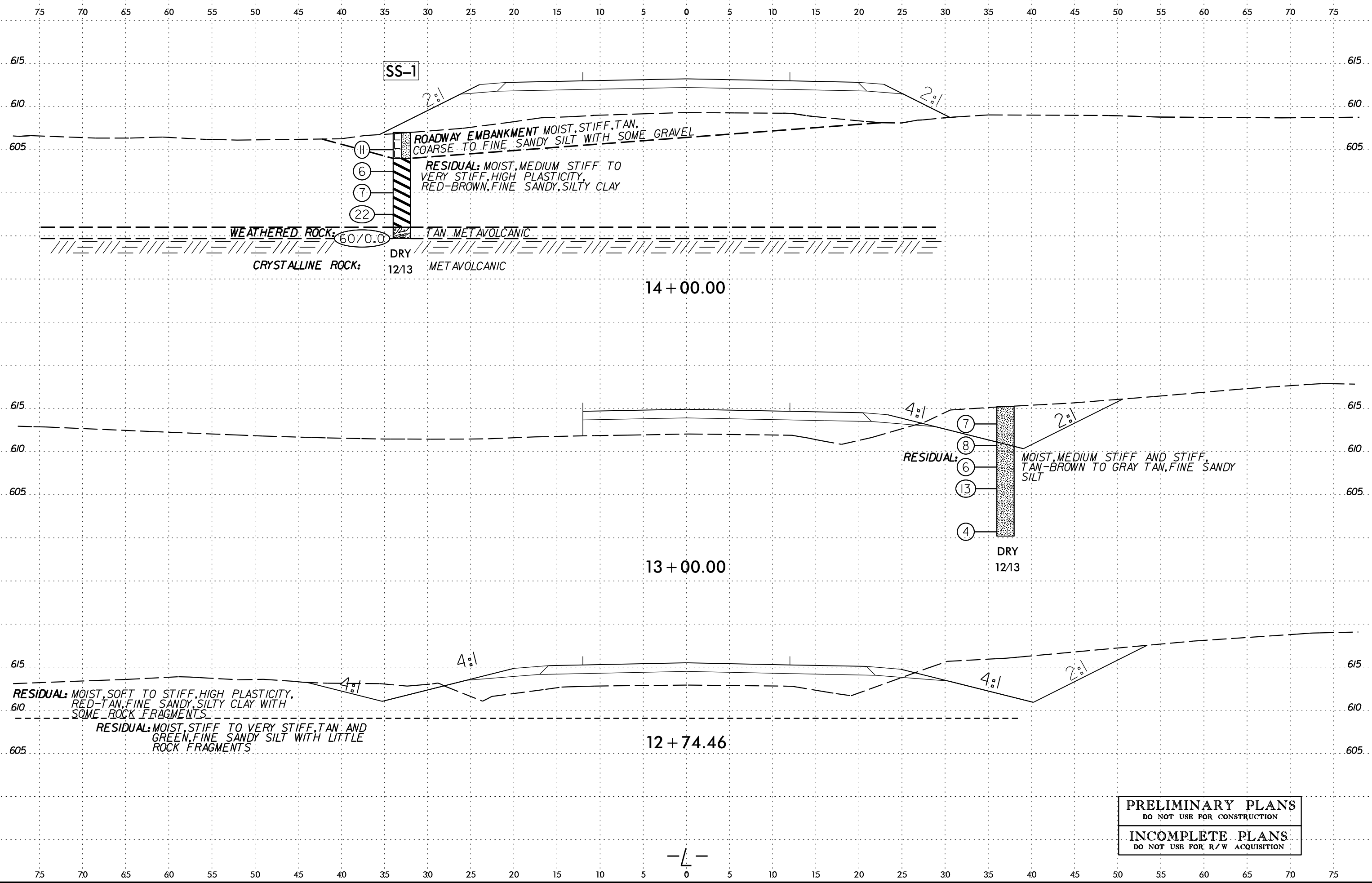
INCOMPLETE PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION



PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

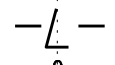
INCOMPLETE PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION

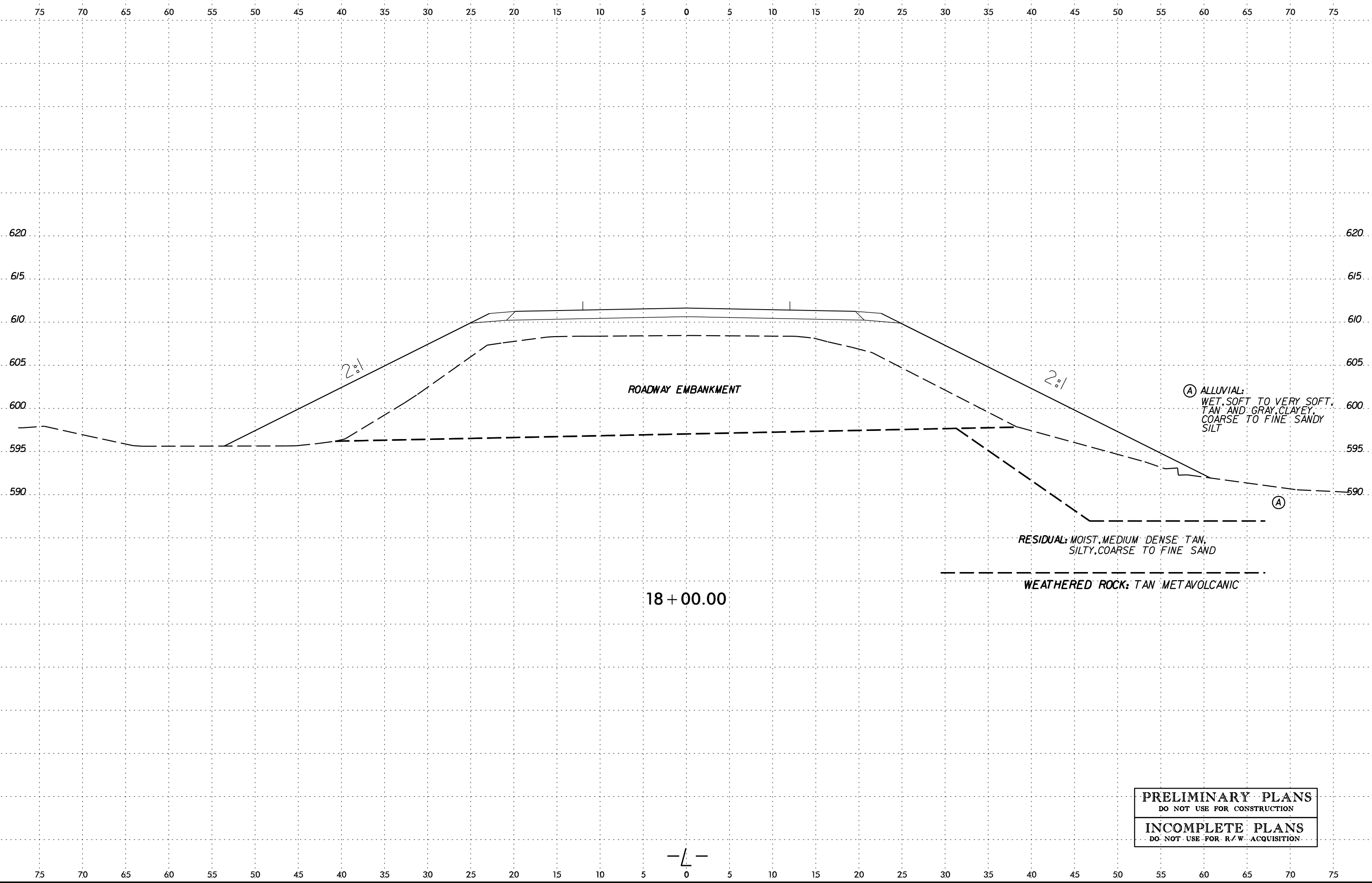




PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

INCOMPLETE PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION





(A) ALLUVIAL:
WET, SOFT TO VERY SOFT,
TAN AND GRAY, CLAYEY,
COARSE TO FINE SANDY
SILT

RESIDUAL: MOIST, MEDIUM DENSE TAN,
SILTY, COARSE TO FINE SAND

WEATHERED ROCK: TAN METAVOLCANIC

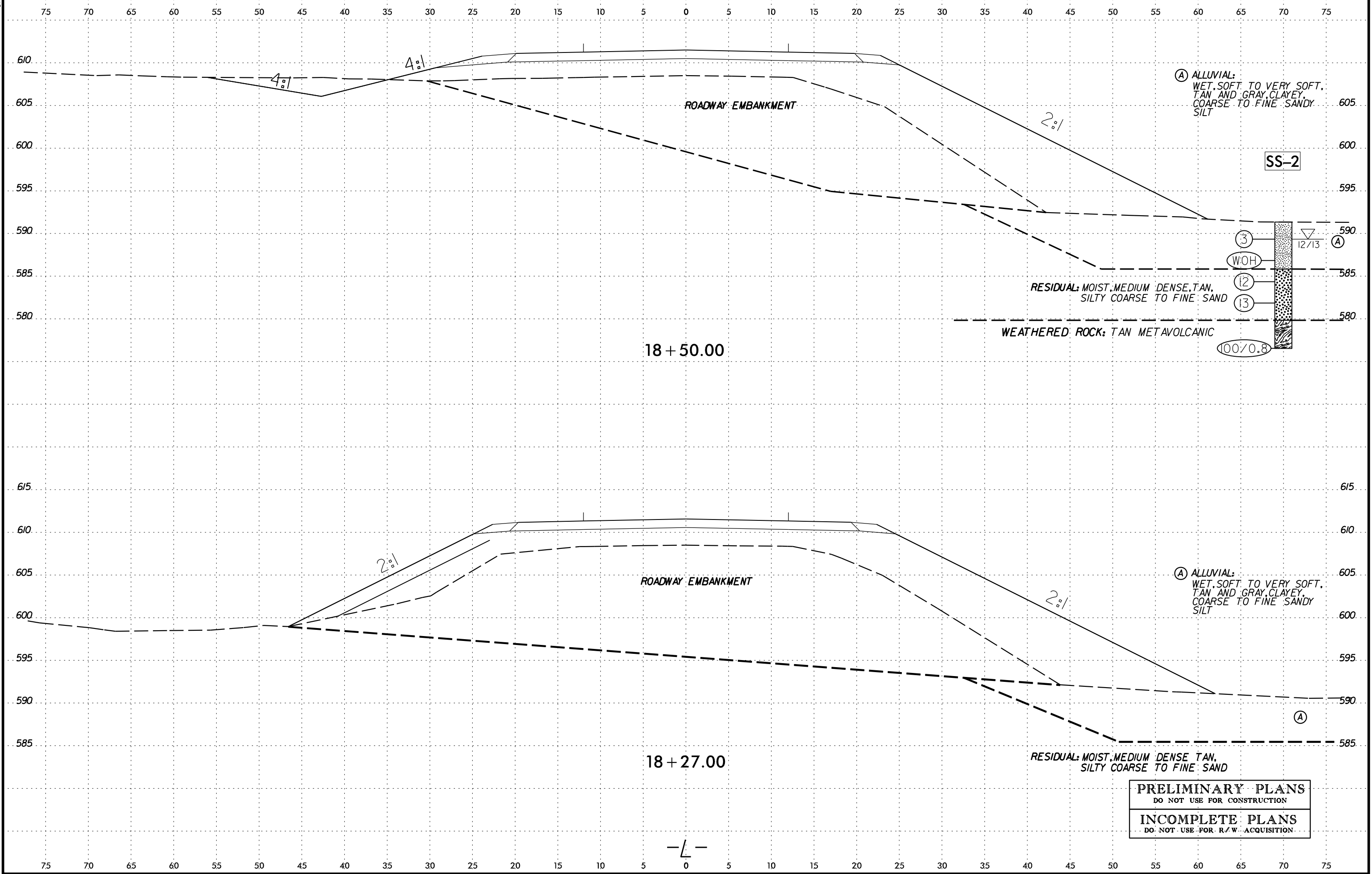
ROADWAY EMBANKMENT

18 + 00.00

PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

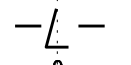
INCOMPLETE PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION



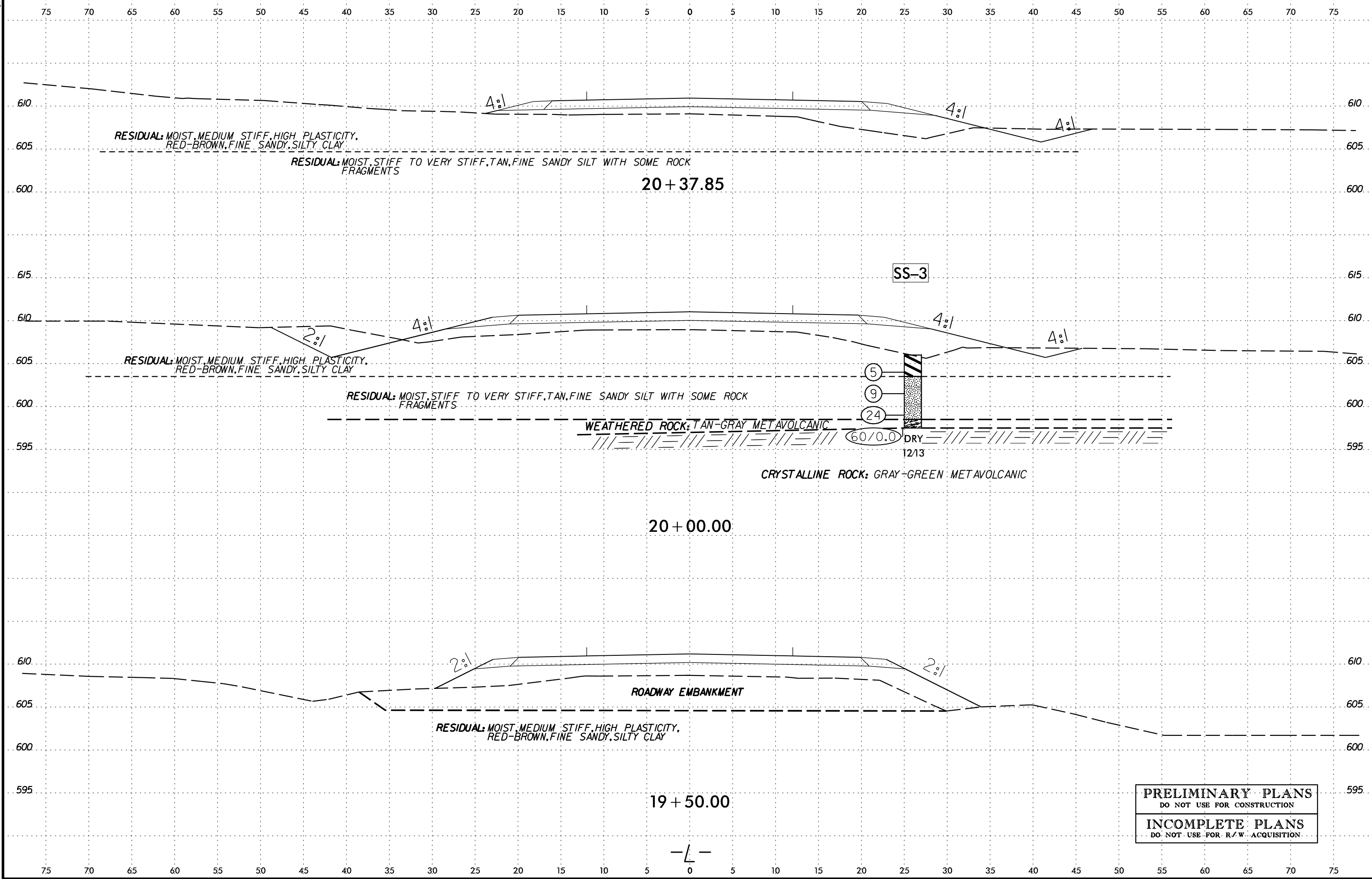


PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

INCOMPLETE PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION



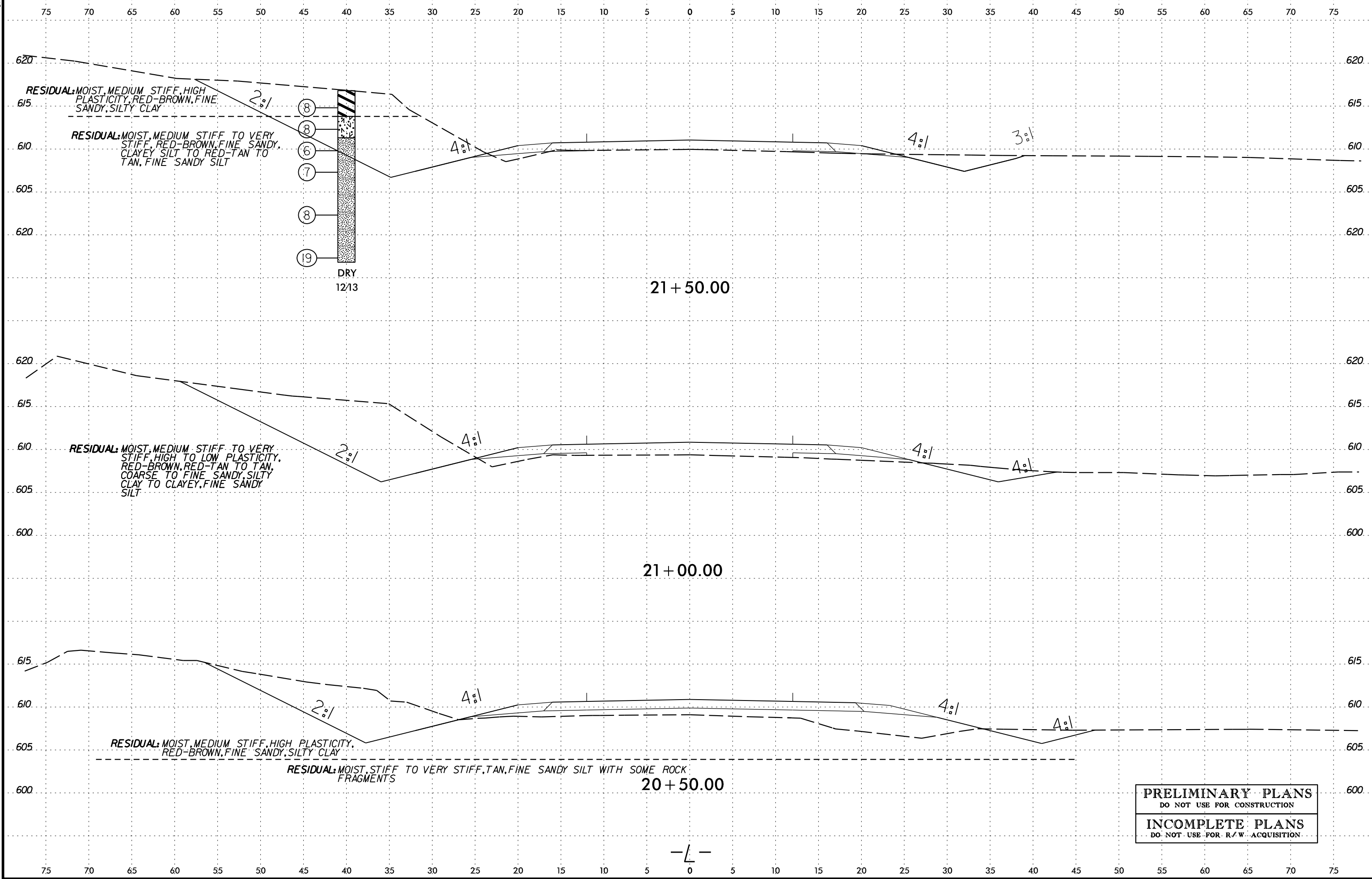
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DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

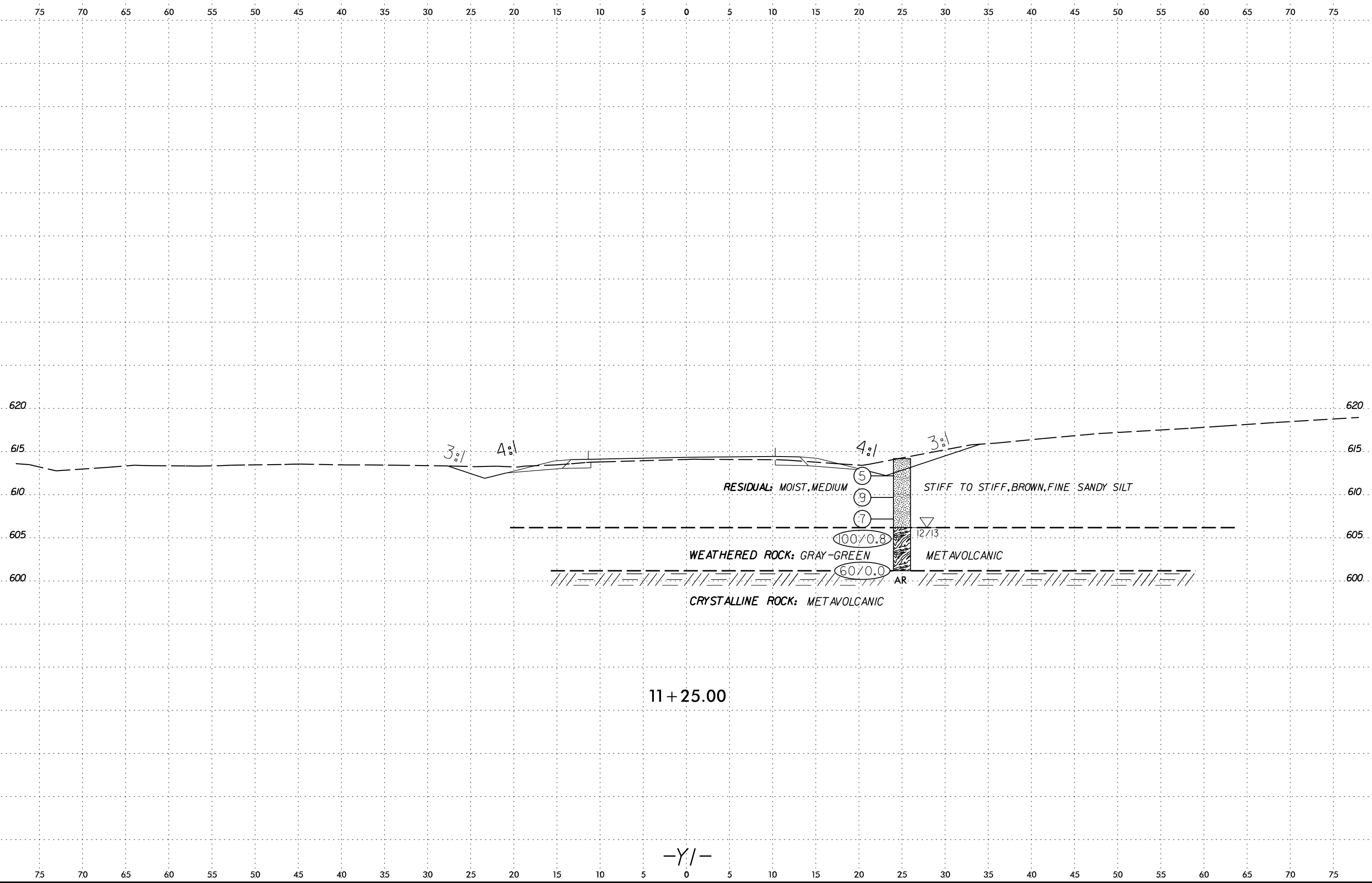
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DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION

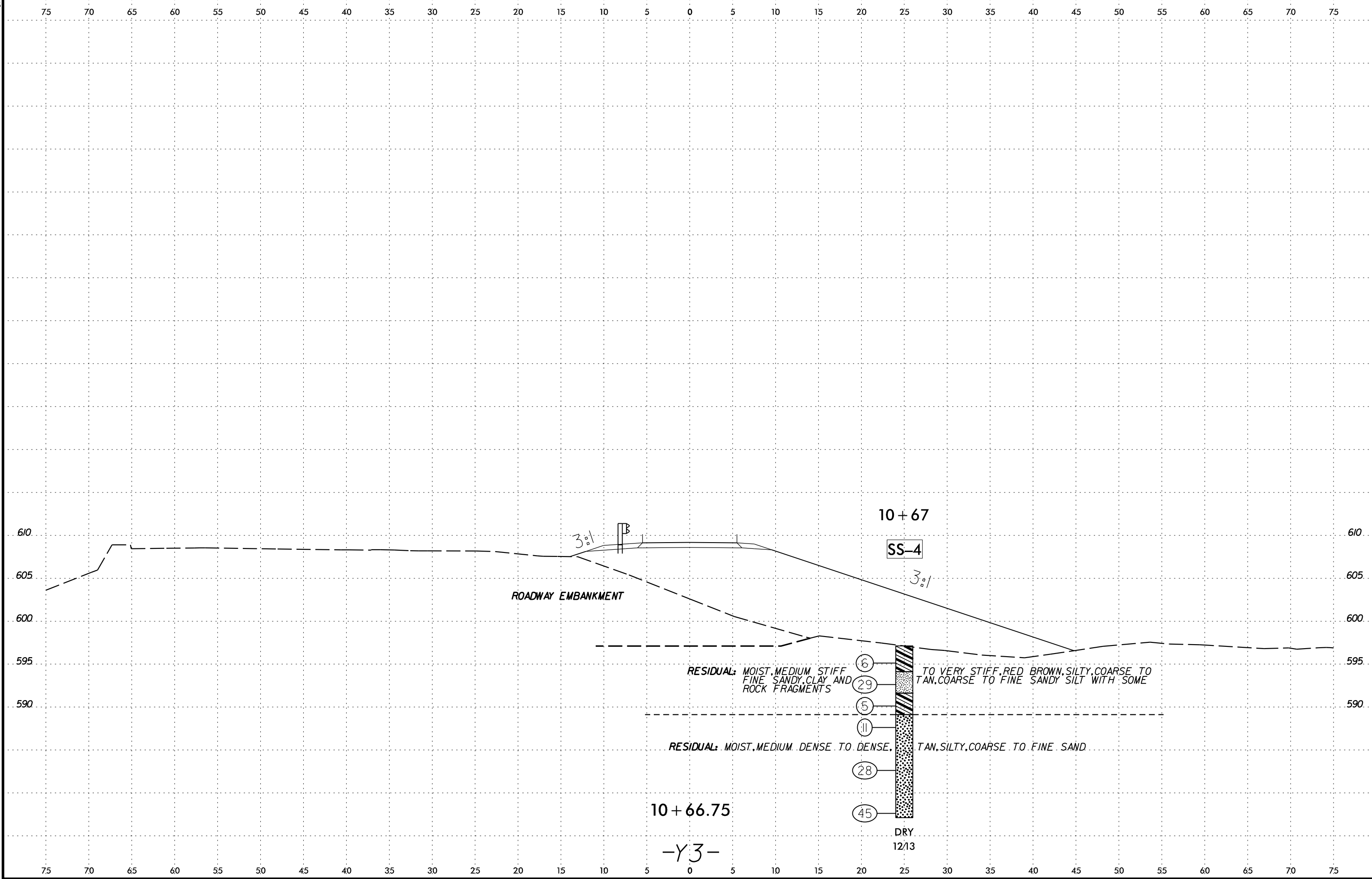
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PRELIMINARY PLANS
 DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

INCOMPLETE PLANS
 DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION





SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST DATA

PROJECT NO. 42841.1.1 (B-5239)

FA NO. BRSTP-0087 (29)

COUNTY: ALAMANCE

REPLACE BRIDGE 126 OVER MILL RACE ON NC 87 & BRIDGE 119 OVER HAW RIVER ON NC 87

Boring Number	Alignment	Station	Offset	Sample Depth (ft.)	Sample No.	Natural Moisture Content (%)	AASHTO Class (Group Index)	N-Value (blows/ ft.)	Atterberg Limits			Gradation Results							
									L.L.	P.L.	P.I.	Pass #10 Sieve	Pass #40 Sieve	Pass #200 Sieve	Retained #270 Sieve	Coarse Sand (%)	Fine Sand (%)	Silt (%)	Clay (%)
L_1400	-L-	14+00	33' LT	3.5 - 5.0	SS-1	45.5	A-7-5 (30)	6	59	30	29	99	96	88	14	4.0	9.5	28.7	57.8
L_1850	-L-	18+50	70' RT	1.0 - 2.5	SS-2	25.5	A-4 (1)	3	27	19	8	99	81	48	56	27.5	28.2	22.5	21.8
L_2000	-L-	20+00	26' RT	1.0 - 2.5	SS-3	34.3	A-7-5 (25)	5	53	25	28	99	96	84	20	5.6	14.6	30.1	49.7
Y4_1000	-Y4-	10+00	25' RT	1.0 - 2.5	SS-4	27.2	A-6 (4)	5	40	22	18	86	61	44	52	36.0	16.3	21.5	26.2

SS = Split-Barrel Sample (ASTM-D-1586) ST = Shelby Tube (Undisturbed) Sample

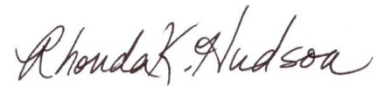
S = Grab Sample

NP -- Non Plastic

NA-- Non Applicable

Page: 1 of 1

Lab Technician: NCDOT Certification No.: 111-06-1203



Rhonda Hudson

REFERENCE: B-5239

PROJECT: 42841

SEE SHEET 2A FOR PLAN SHEET LAYOUT
AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	B-5239	1	33

CONTENTS

LINE	STATION	PLAN	PROFILE
-LDET-	11+11.74 TO 23+78.13	4	5
-YIDET-	11+20.00 TO 12+68.06	4	5
-Y2DET-	10+11.25 TO 10+88.00	4	5
-DRV-	9+76.32 TO 11+40.00	4	6

ROADWAY SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY ALAMANCE
PROJECT DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 126 OVER MILL
RACE ON NC 87 & BRIDGE NO. 119 OVER HAW
RIVER

INVENTORY

CROSS SECTIONS

LINE	STATION	SHEETS
-L-	11+00 TO 12+00	7-8
-L-	11+00 TO 12+74	9-13
-L-	16+50 TO 25+00	14-24
-YIDET-	11+00 TO 11+50	25-25
-Y2DET-	10+50 TO 11+00	26-26
-DRV-	10+30 TO 11+40	27-29

APPENDICES

APPENDIX	TITLE	SHEETS
A	LABORATORY RESULTS	30-31

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (919) 707-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

- NOTES:
- THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.
 - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

PERSONNEL

B. JOHNSON

J. CAIN

P. DEWIRE

T. WELLS

INVESTIGATED BY B. JOHNSON

DRAWN BY B. JOHNSON

CHECKED BY X. BARRETT

SUBMITTED BY KLEINFELDER, INC.

DATE MAY 2016

NC REGISTERED FIRM LICENSE NO. F-1132



DocuSigned by:

Xavier C. Barrett

6/30/2016

2D00374F A688407

SIGNATURE

DATE

**DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED**

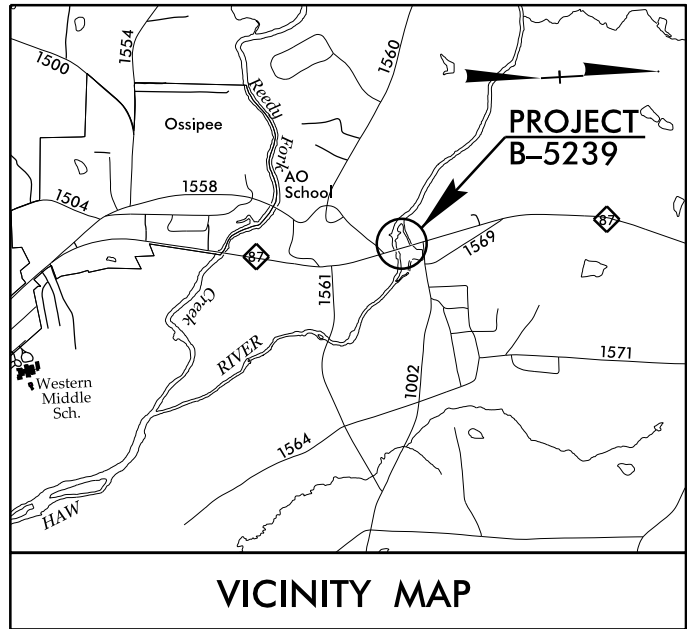
NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION										GRADATION										ROCK DESCRIPTION										TERMS AND DEFINITIONS																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																									
<p>SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM D1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE, <i>VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6</i></p>																																								<p>WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.</p>																																								<p>HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:</p>																																								<p>ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLOADED FROM PARENT MATERIAL. FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT. LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS. SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.</p>																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																															
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION																																								ANGULARITY OF GRAINS																																								WEATHERED ROCK (WR)																																								CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR)																																								NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR)																																								COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK (CP)																																																																																																																																																																																																																																															
<p>THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.</p>																																								<p>MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.</p>																																								<p>NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.</p>																																								<p>FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.</p>																																								<p>FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.</p>																																								<p>COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC.</p>																																																																																																																																																																																																																																															
MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION																																								COMPRESSION																																								WEATHERING																																								FRESH																																								VERY SLIGHT (V SL.)																																								SLIGHT (SL.)																																								MODERATE (MOD.)																																								MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.)																																								SEVERE (SEV.)																																								VERY SEVERE (V SEV.)																																								COMPLETE																																							
<p>SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50</p>																																								<p>PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th>ORGANIC MATERIAL</th> <th>GRANULAR SOILS</th> <th>SILT - CLAY SOILS</th> <th>OTHER MATERIAL</th> </tr> <tr> <td>TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER</td> <td>2 - 3%</td> <td>3 - 5%</td> <td>TRACE 1 - 10%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER</td> <td>3 - 5%</td> <td>5 - 12%</td> <td>LITTLE 10 - 20%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MODERATELY ORGANIC</td> <td>5 - 10%</td> <td>12 - 20%</td> <td>SOME 20 - 35%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HIGHLY ORGANIC</td> <td>> 10%</td> <td>> 20%</td> <td>HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE</td> </tr> </table>																																								ORGANIC MATERIAL	GRANULAR SOILS	SILT - CLAY SOILS	OTHER MATERIAL	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER	2 - 3%	3 - 5%	TRACE 1 - 10%	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER	3 - 5%	5 - 12%	LITTLE 10 - 20%	MODERATELY ORGANIC	5 - 10%	12 - 20%	SOME 20 - 35%	HIGHLY ORGANIC	> 10%	> 20%	HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE	<p>ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.</p>																																								<p>ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN. CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.</p>																																								<p>ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.</p>																																								<p>SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.</p>																																								<p>ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL</i></p>																																								<p>ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF</i></p>																																								<p>ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF</i></p>																																								<p>ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. FABRIC MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.</p>																																																											
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<p>▽ WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING ▽ STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS ▽ PW PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA ○ SPRING OR SEEP</p>																																								<p>ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION SOIL SYMBOL ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY INFERRED ROCK LINE ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY</p>																																								<p>25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES SPT SPT DMT TEST BORING AUGER BORING CORE BORING MONITORING WELL PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION</p>																																								<p>SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION CONE PENETROMETER TEST SOUNDING ROD TEST BORING WITH CORE SPT N-VALUE</p>																																								<p>UNDERCUT SHALLOW UNDERCUT UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNSUITABLE WASTE UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE DEGRADABLE ROCK</p>																																								<p>AR - AUGER REFUSAL BT - BORING TERMINATED CL - CLAY CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST CSE - COARSE DMT - DILATOMETER TEST DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST e - VOID RATIO F - FINE FOSS. - FOSSILIFEROUS FRAC. - FRACTURED, FRACTURES FRAGS. - FRAGMENTS HI. - HIGHLY</p>																																								<p>MED. - MEDIUM MICA - MICACEOUS MOD. - MODERATELY NP - NON PLASTIC ORG. - ORGANIC PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAP. - SAPROLITIC SD. - SAND, SANDY SL. - SILT, SILTY SLI. - SLIGHTLY TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL w - MOISTURE CONTENT V - VERY</p>																																								<p>VST - VANE SHEAR TEST WEA. - WEATHERED γ_s - UNIT WEIGHT γ_d - DRY UNIT WEIGHT</p>																																								<p>S - BULK SS - SPLIT SPOON ST - SHELBY TUBE RS - ROCK RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO</p>																																																																																																																							
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE																																								RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS																																								ABBREVIATIONS																																								FRACATURE SPACING																																								BEDDING																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
<p>U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (MM): 4, 10, 40, 60, 200, 270 COEFFICIENTS: 4.76, 2.00, 0.42, 0.25, 0.075, 0.053</p>																																								<p>BOULDER (BLDR.), COBBLE (COB.), GRAVEL (GR.), COARSE SAND (CSE. SD.), FINE SAND (F SD.), SILT (SL.), CLAY (CL.)</p>																																								<p>GRAIN SIZE: MM 305, 75, 2.0, 0.25, 0.05, 0.005; IN. 12, 3</p>																																								<p>VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FOOT VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET</p>																																								<p>VERY THICKLY BEDDED 4 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET</p>																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
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<p>SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS), FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION, GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION</p>																																								<p>DRILL UNITS: CME-45C, CME-55, CME-550, VANE SHEAR TEST, PORTABLE HOIST, D-50, B-57</p>																																								<p>FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.</p>																																								<p>VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FOOT VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET</p>																																								<p>VERY THICKLY BEDDED 4 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET</p>																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
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 T Wells AT 4/20/95

TIP PROJECT: B-5239

CONTRACT:



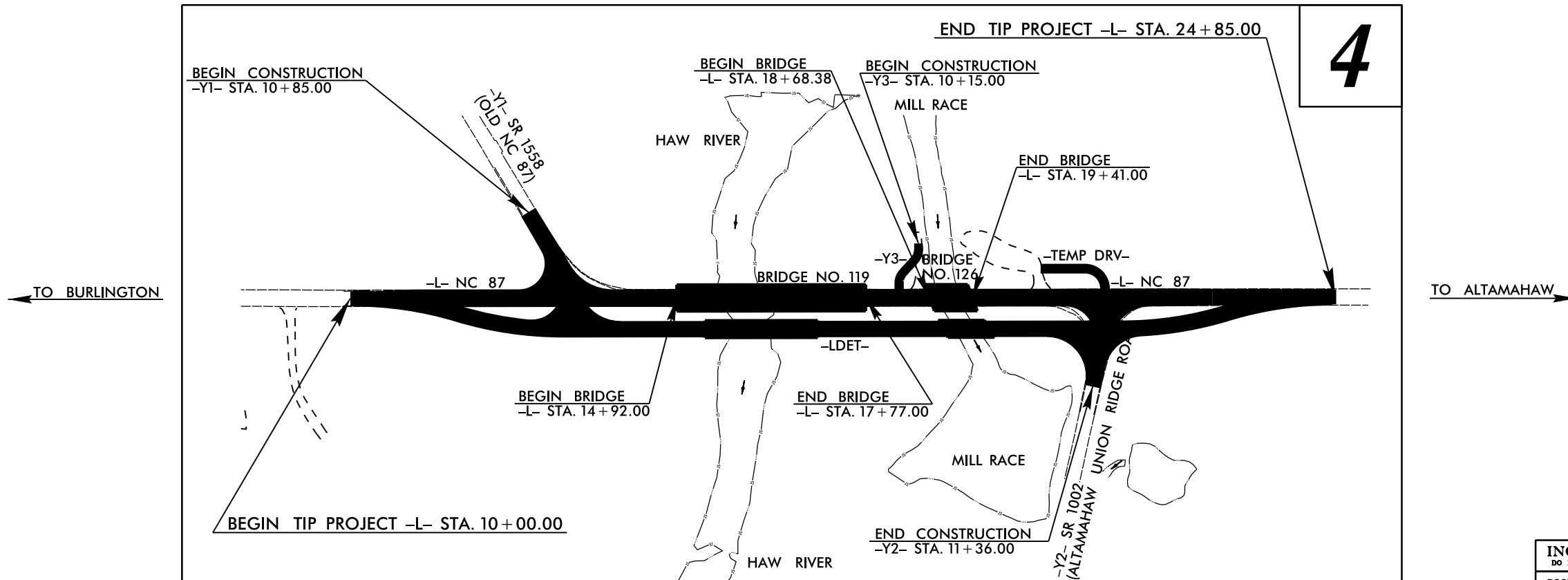
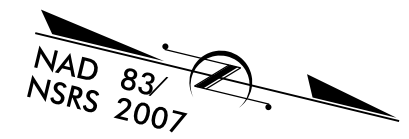
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

ALAMANCE COUNTY

**LOCATION: BRIDGE NO.126 OVER MILL RACE
& NO.119 OVER HAW RIVER ON NC 87**

TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, PAVING, DRAINAGE AND STRUCTURES

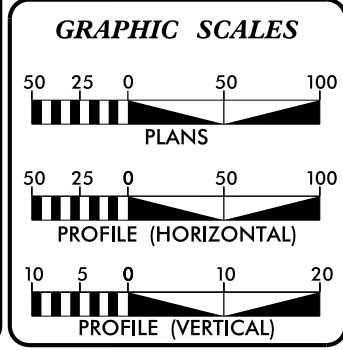
STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	B-5239	2A	33
STATE PROJ. NO.	F.A. PROJ. NO.	DESCRIPTION	
42841.1.1	BRSTP-0087(29)	PE	



4

THIS PROJECT IS NOT WITHIN ANY MUNICIPAL BOUNDARIES.
CLEARING ON THIS PROJECT SHALL BE PERFORMED TO THE LIMITS ESTABLISHED BY METHOD II.

INCOMPLETE PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION
DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED



DESIGN DATA

ADT 2017 =	7150
ADT 2035 =	8500
K =	10 %
D =	60 %
T =	6 % *
V =	50 MPH
V _{DET} =	40 MPH
* TTST =	2% DUAL = 4%
FUNC CLASS =	PRINCIPAL ARTERIAL
	"STATEWIDE TIER"

PROJECT LENGTH

LENGTH ROADWAY TIP PROJECT B-5239 =	0.213 MILES
LENGTH STRUCTURES TIP PROJECT B-5239 =	0.068 MILES
TOTAL LENGTH TIP PROJECT B-5239 =	0.281 MILES

Prepared in the Office of:
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
1000 Birch Ridge Dr., Raleigh NC, 27610

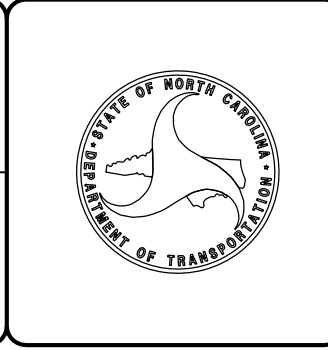
2012 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS	
RIGHT OF WAY DATE: DECEMBER 16, 2016	JAMES A. SPEER, PE PROJECT ENGINEER
LETTING DATE: DECEMBER 19, 2017	DANIEL W. GARDNER, JR, PE PROJECT DESIGN ENGINEER

HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

SIGNATURE: _____ P.E.

ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER

SIGNATURE: _____ P.E.





May 24, 2016
File No. 20151548.020A

STATE PROJECT: 42841.1.1 (B-5239)
COUNTY: Alamance
DESCRIPTION: Bridge No. 126 over Mill Race on NC 87 & Bridge No. 119 over Haw River

SUBJECT: GEOTECHNICAL REPORT - INVENTORY

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

This project consists of the construction of the detour roadway and bridges on NC 87 (-LDET-), Old NC 87 (-Y1DET-), Altamahaw Union Ridge Road (-Y2DET-) and a temporary drive (-DRV-).

The geotechnical investigation was conducted during March of 2015. Data was reviewed from a previous investigation from December 2013. Standard Penetration Test borings were advanced with a CME 550X and a Diedrich D-50. Both drill machines utilized automatic hammers. Representative soil samples were collected for visual classification in the field and selected samples were submitted for laboratory analysis by Kleinfelder, Inc.

The following alignments, totaling approximately 0.3 miles, were investigated. Subsurface profiles and cross sections of these alignments are included in this report.

<u>LINE</u>	<u>STATIONS</u>
-LDET-	10+00 to 24+85
-Y1DET-	10+85 to 12+68
-Y2DET-	10+11 to 10+88
-DRV-	9+76 to 11+40

AREAS OF SPECIAL GEOTECHNICAL INTEREST

1) Highly Plastic Clays: Highly plastic clays (PI > 25) were encountered on the project at the following locations:

<u>LINE</u>	<u>STATIONS</u>	<u>OFFSETS</u>
-LDET-	17+95 to 18+60	LT to RT
-LDET-	19+75 to 20+50	LT to RT
-DRV-	10+35 to 11+30	RT

A discussion of these highly plastic clay soils is located below in the section titled "Soil Properties".

2) Artificial Fill: Artificial fill comprised of concrete ruins, was encountered on the project at the following location:

<u>LINE</u>	<u>STATIONS</u>	<u>OFFSETS</u>
-LDET-	14+20 to 15+00	LT to RT

3) Ponds: One pond is located within the close proximity of the right of way on this project with an attached mill race that feeds into the pond. This was noted at the following location:

<u>LINE</u>	<u>STATIONS</u>	<u>OFFSET</u>
-LDET-	18+00 to 20+80	50 RT to 280 RT

PHYSIOGRAPHY AND GEOLOGY

The project is located in the Piedmont Physiographic Province. The project corridor is comprised primarily of residential and business properties. The general topography of the site consists of rolling hills with flat to steep slopes along the existing roadway.

Geologically, the project is located within the Carolina Slate Belt based on the 1985 Geologic Map on North Carolina. Soils are derived from the underlying bedrock which consists of late Proterozoic to late Cambrian age metamorphic rocks generally consisting of metavolcanic rock. The overlying residual soils are the product of the physical and chemical weathering of the underlying Crystalline rock.

SOIL PROPERTIES

Soils encountered during this investigation are separated into five categories based on origin. They consist of roadway embankment, alluvial, residual soils, weathered rock, and crystalline rock.

Roadway Embankment soils are present along the proposed roadways (-LDET-, -Y2DET-, and -DRV-) to depths ranging from 0 to 4.0 feet below the existing ground surface in the project. These soils consist of moist, non-plastic to moderately plastic, medium stiff, light brown to dark brown, clayey, fine to coarse sandy silts (A-4), and fine sandy, silty clays (A-6). The plasticity index of the residual soils tested ranged from 3 to 5.

Alluvial soils are soils that have been transported and deposited by water; these soils are present along a portion of the proposed roadway (-LDET-) to a depth of 8 feet below the existing ground surface. The alluvial soils encountered consist of moist, non plastic to highly plastic, very soft to medium stiff, orange-tan-white-brown, silty, fine to coarse sands (A-4) to fine sandy clays (A-7-6).

Residual soils are present along the proposed roadways (-LDET-, -Y1DET-, -Y2DET-, and -DRV-) in the project. Residual soils are derived from the weathering of the underlying metavolcanic rock. The majority of these soils consist of moist, slightly to highly plastic, soft to hard, sandy, silty clays to sandy clayey silts (A-4, A-6 and A-7-5) and moist, non plastic to low plastic, loose to very dense, silty, fine to coarse sands to clayey, fine to coarse sands (A-2-4 and A-2-6). The plasticity index of the residual soil tested was 15.

Weathered rock was encountered along the proposed roadways (-LDET- and -Y1DET-) at elevations ranging from 578.0 to 606.3 feet (MSL). The weathered rock consists of gray to white-tan metamorphosed granite.

Crystalline rock was encountered along the existing roadways (-LDET- and -Y1DET-) at elevations ranging from 583.8 to 601.25 feet (MSL). The crystalline rock consists of metamorphosed granite.

GROUNDWATER

Groundwater was encountered at several locations along the existing roadways (-LDET- and-Y1DET-) at elevations ranging from 579.0 to 611.9 feet (MSL). Groundwater may fluctuate with seasonal precipitation.

PONDS

One pond is located near the project right of way and will be impacted by construction. This pond is listed by alignment, station, and offset in the "Areas of Special Geotechnical Interest".

Prepared by,

DocuSigned by:
Benjamin A. Johnson
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Benjamin A. Johnson, EI
Staff Professional

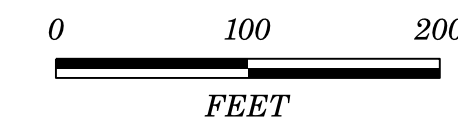
BAJ/XCB:cas

DocuSigned by:
Xavier C. Barrett
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Xavier C. Barrett, PE
Principal Professional

8/7/99

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
B-5239	4
RW SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR A/W ACQUISITION	
DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED	

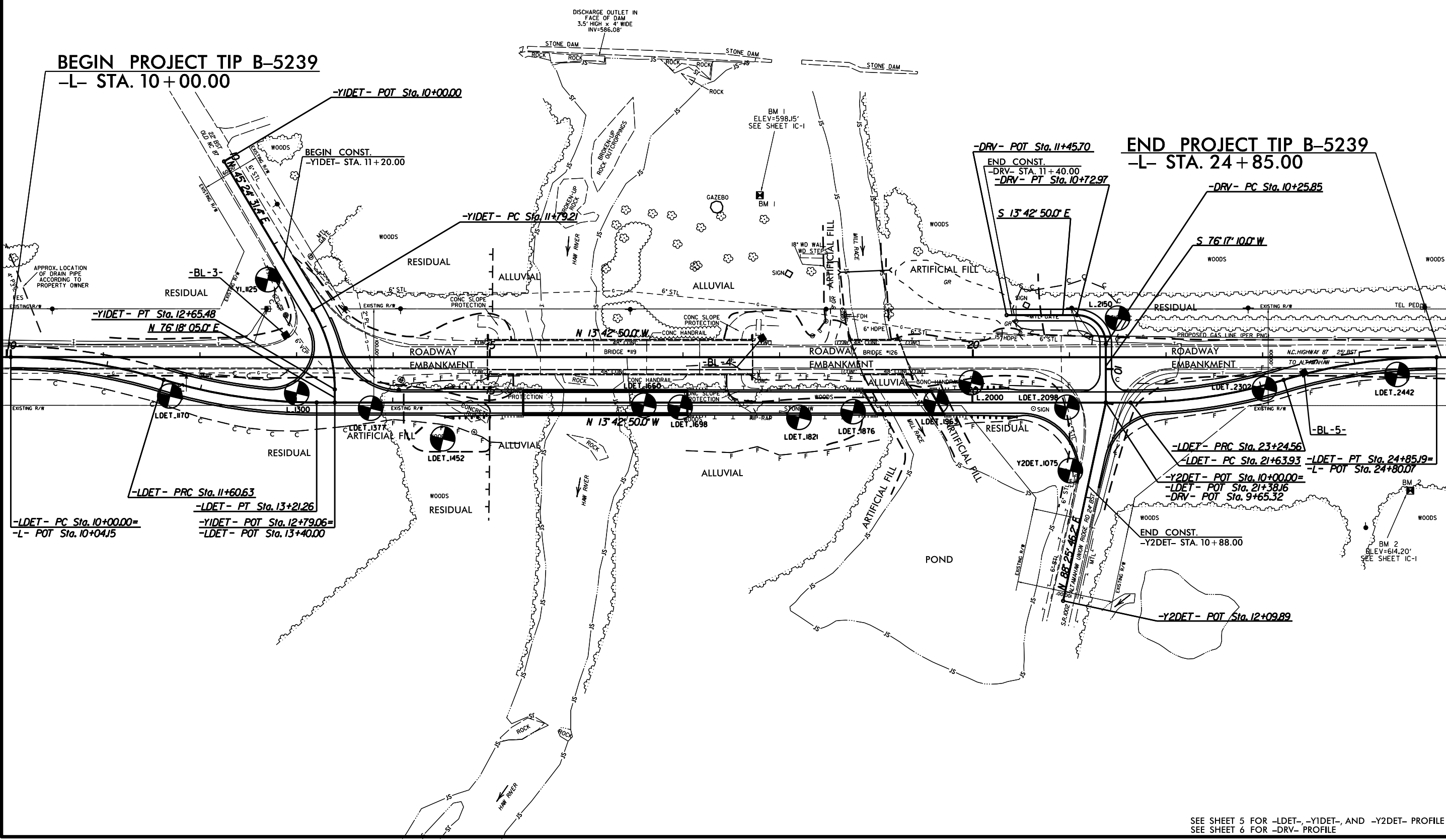


BEGIN PROJECT TIP B-5239
-L- STA. 10+00.00

END PROJECT TIP B-5239
-L- STA. 24+85.00

REVISIONS

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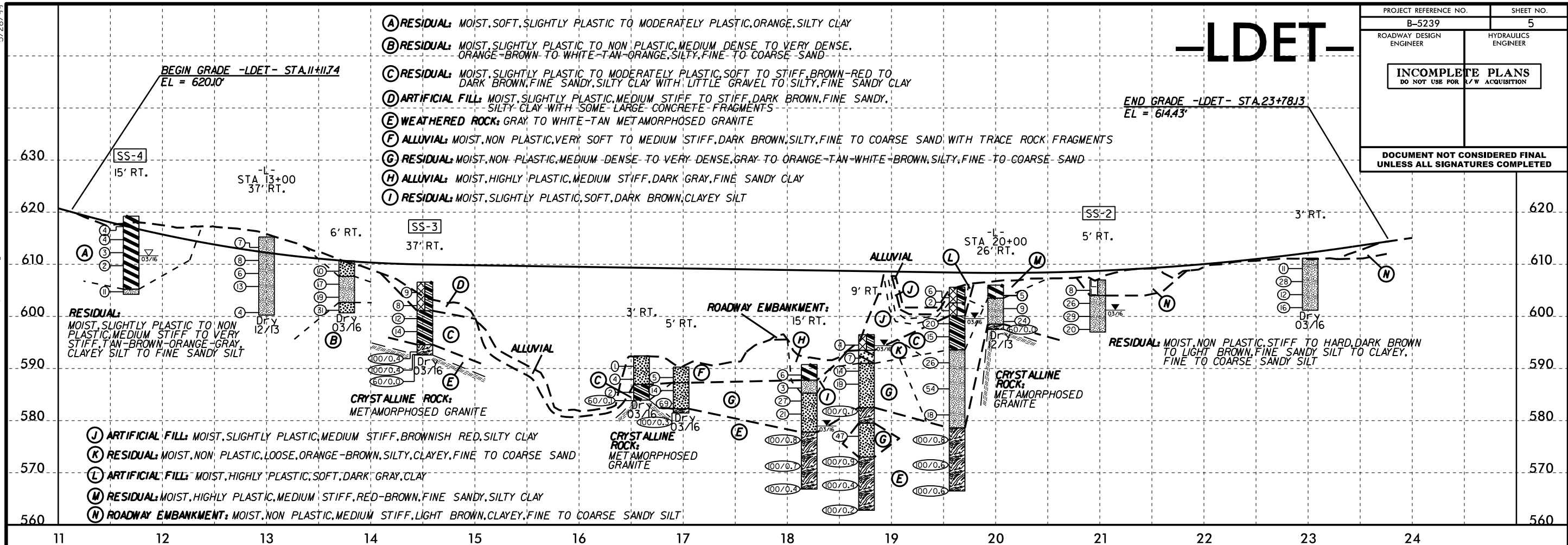


SEE SHEET 5 FOR -LDET-, -YIDET-, AND -Y2DET- PROFILE
SEE SHEET 6 FOR -DRV- PROFILE

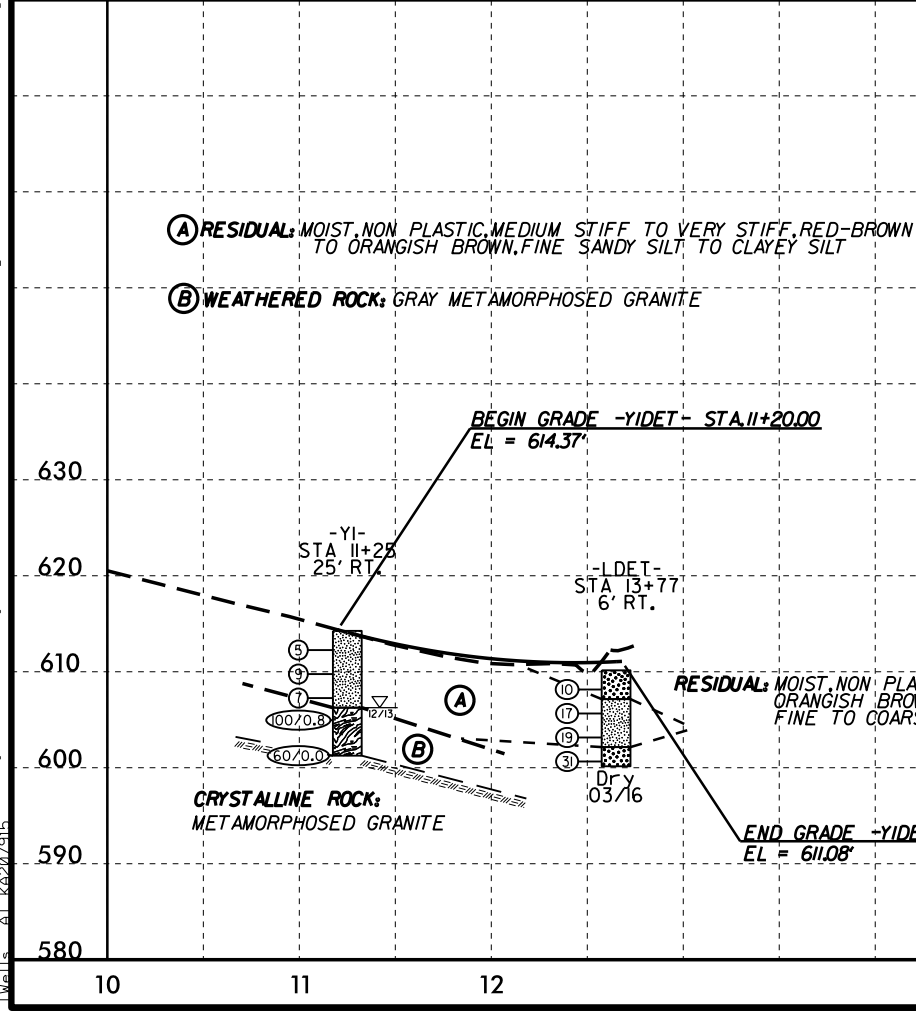
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PROJECT REFERENCE NO. B-5239	SHEET NO. 5
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR A/W ACQUISITION	
DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED	

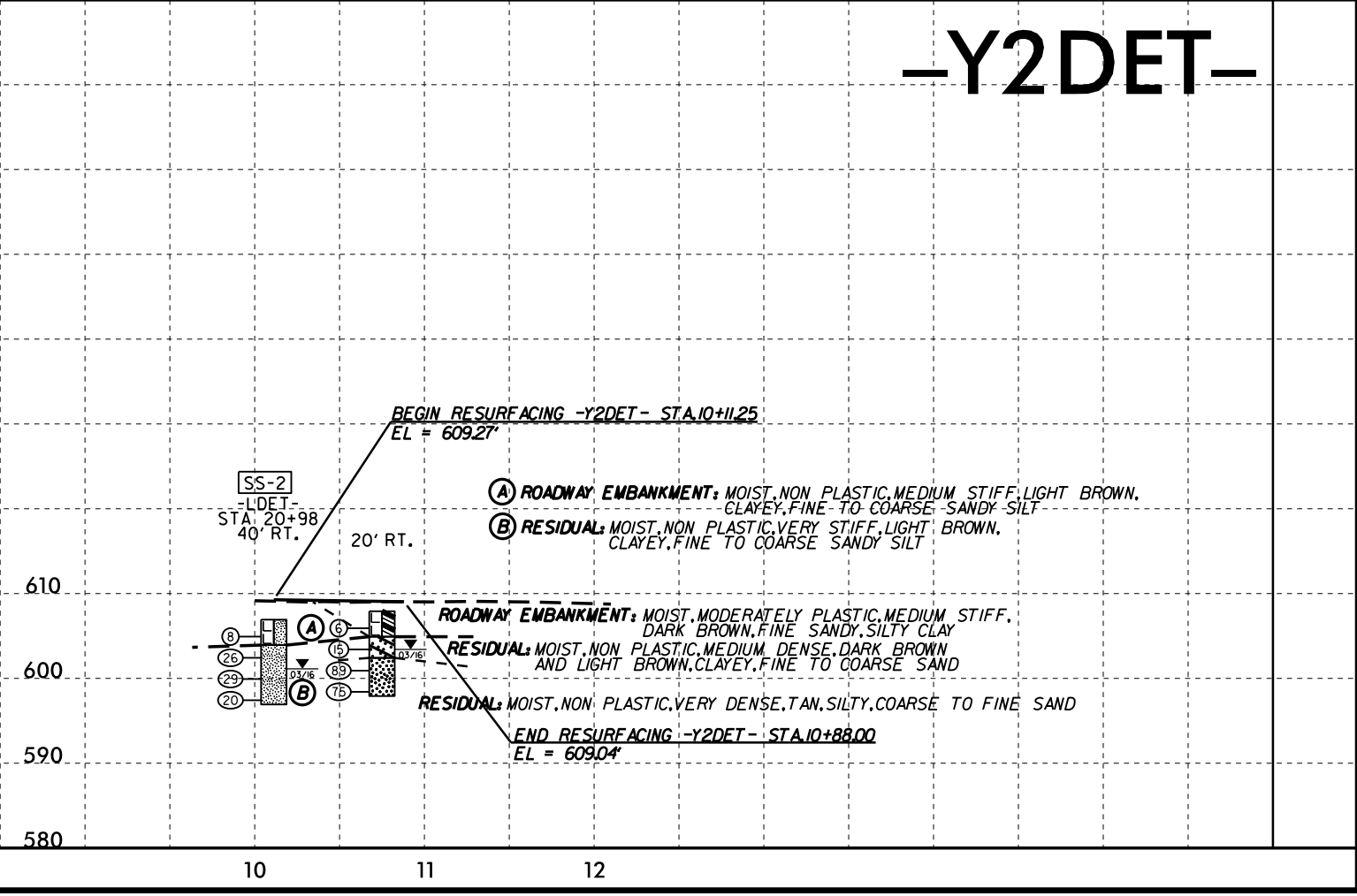
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-Y1DET-



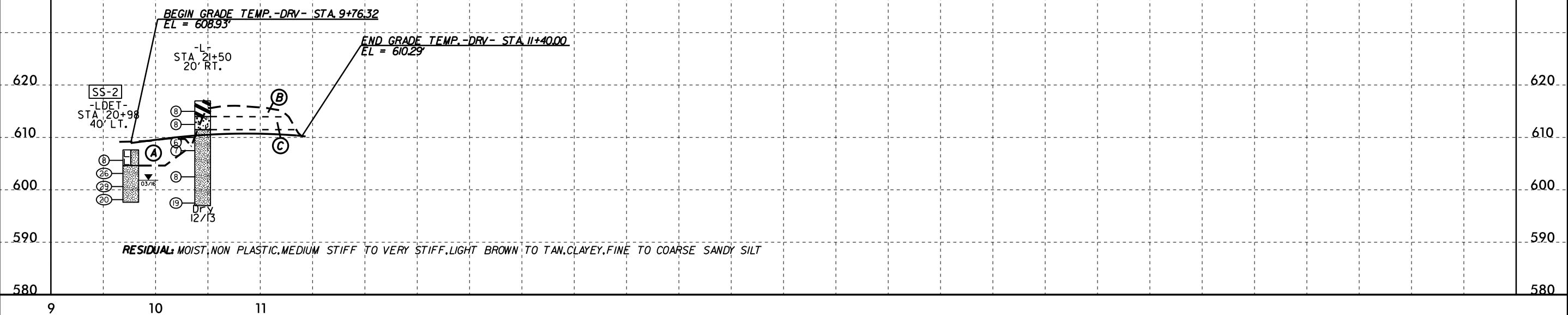
-Y2DET-



PROJECT REFERENCE NO. B-5239	SHEET NO. 6
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION	
DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED	

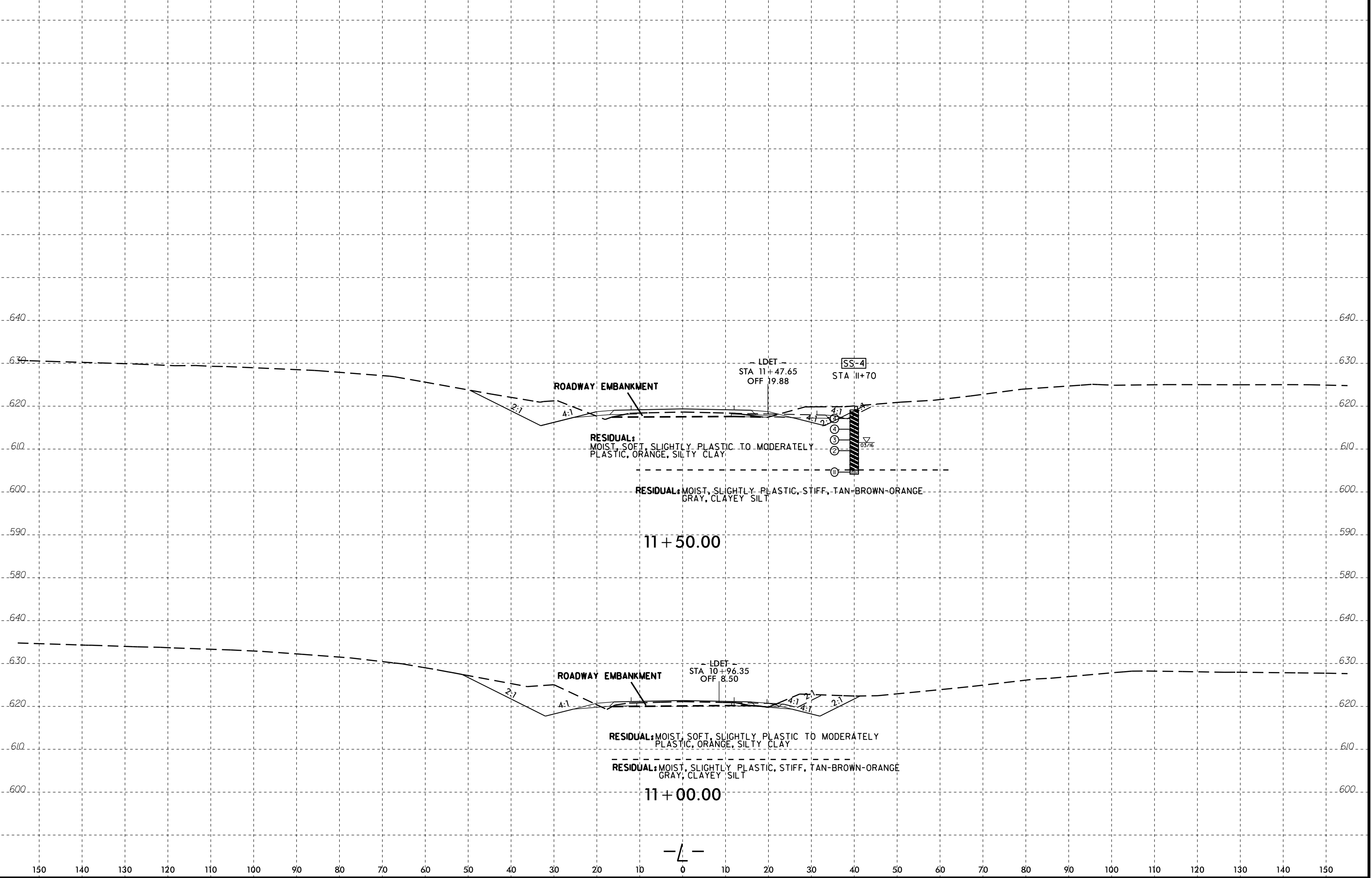
TEMP. -DRV-

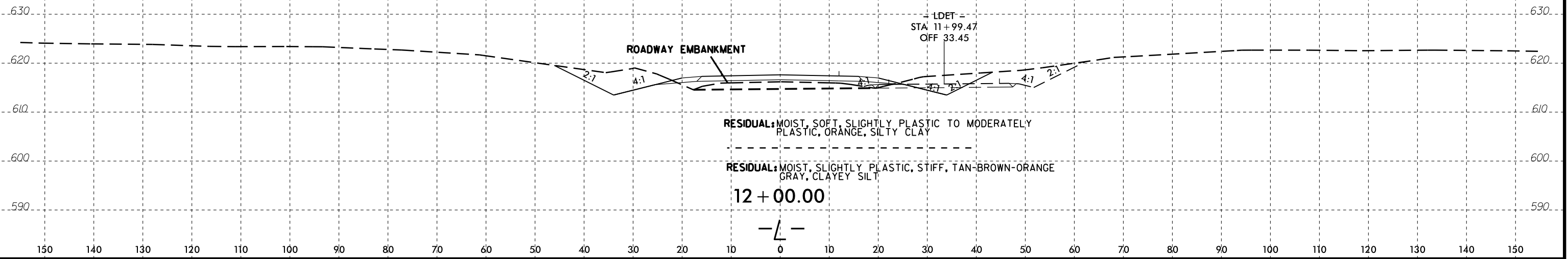
- (A) ROADWAY EMBANKMENT: MOIST, NON PLASTIC, MEDIUM STIFF, LIGHT BROWN, CLAYEY, FINE TO COARSE SANDY SILT
- (B) RESIDUAL: MOIST, HIGHLY PLASTIC, MEDIUM STIFF, RED-BROWN, COARSE TO FINE SANDY, SILTY CLAY
- (C) RESIDUAL: MOIST, SLIGHTLY PLASTIC, MEDIUM STIFF, RED-BROWN, FINE SANDY, CLAYEY SILT



24 MAY 2016 16:41
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 jwheeler

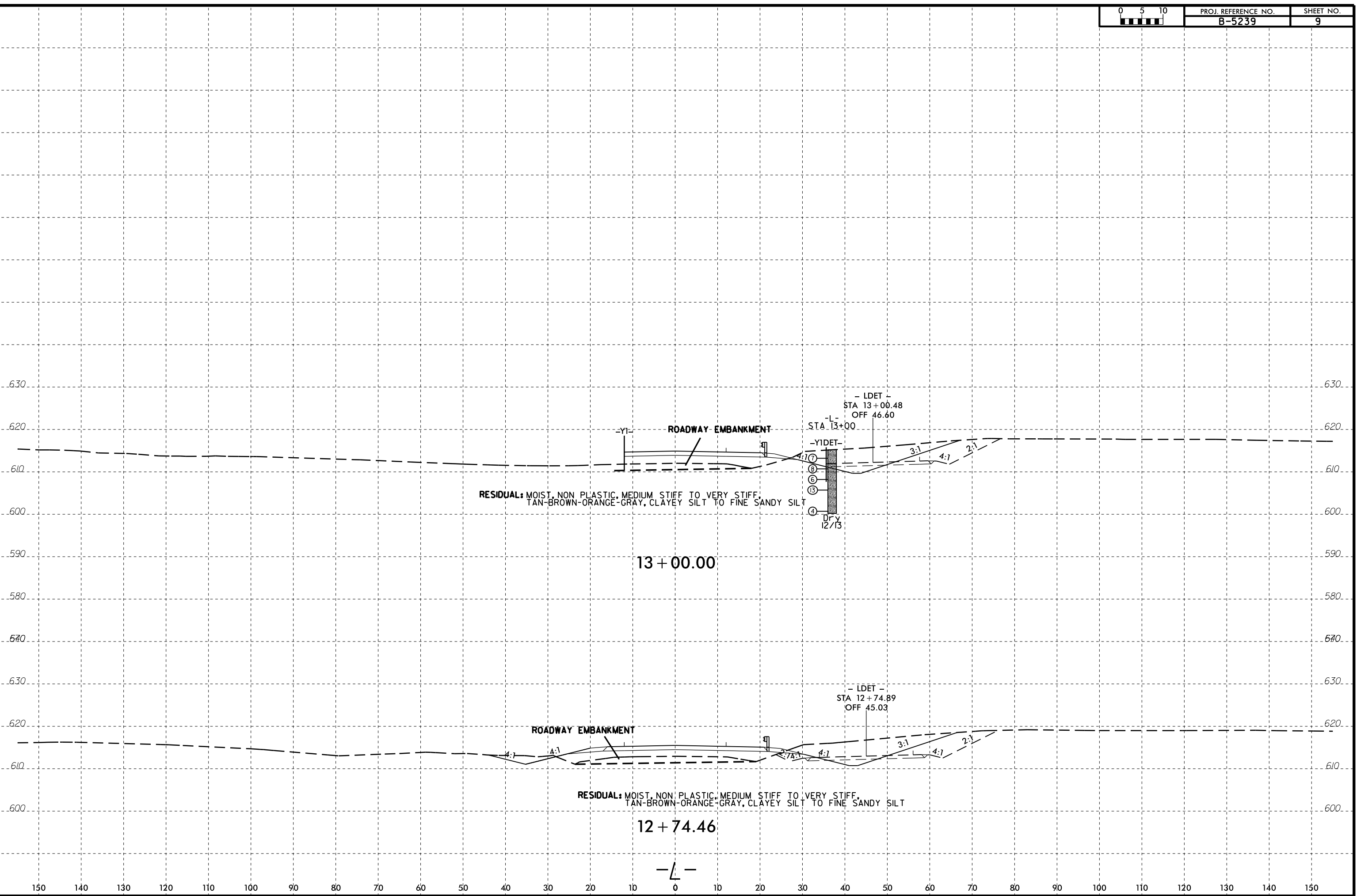
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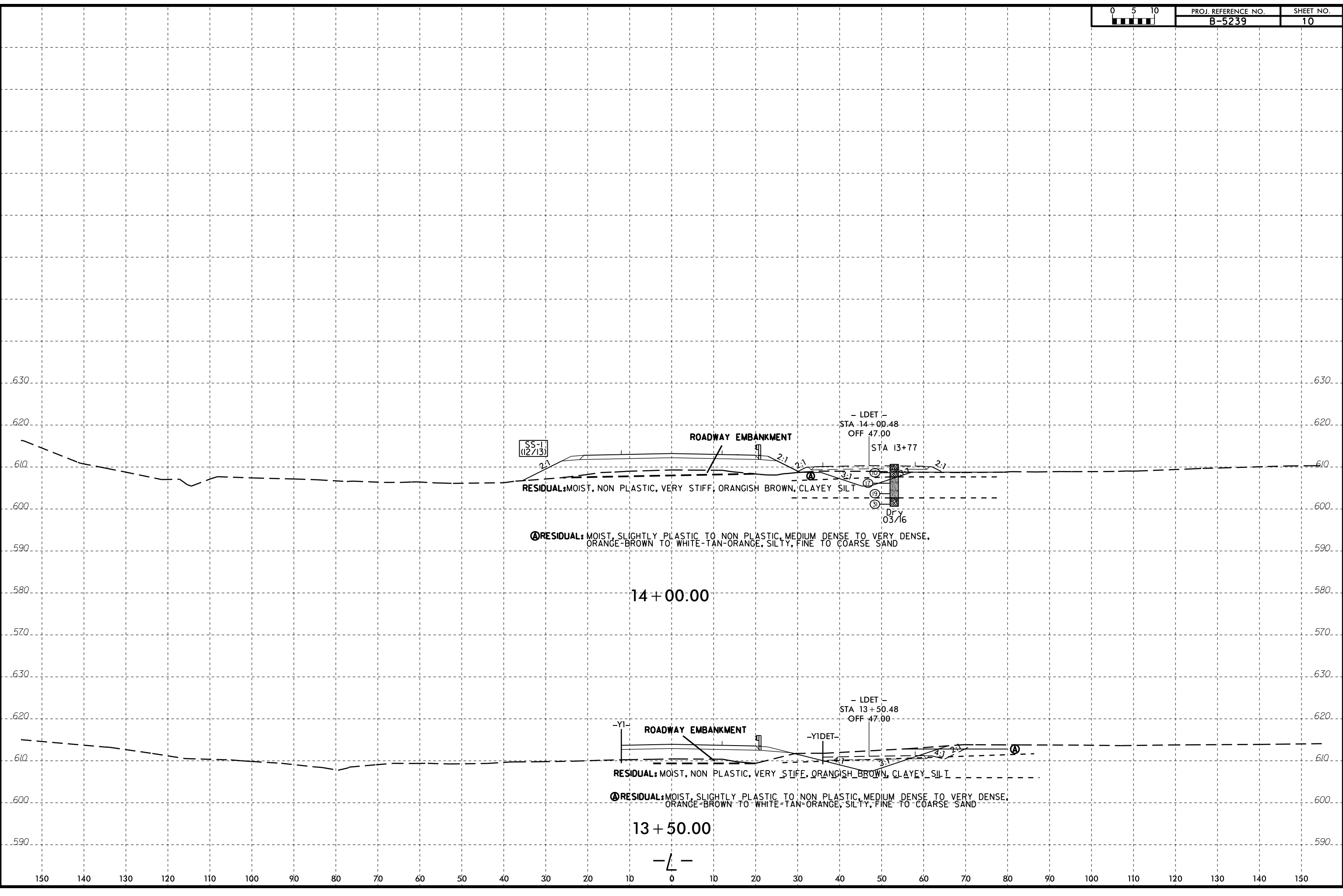
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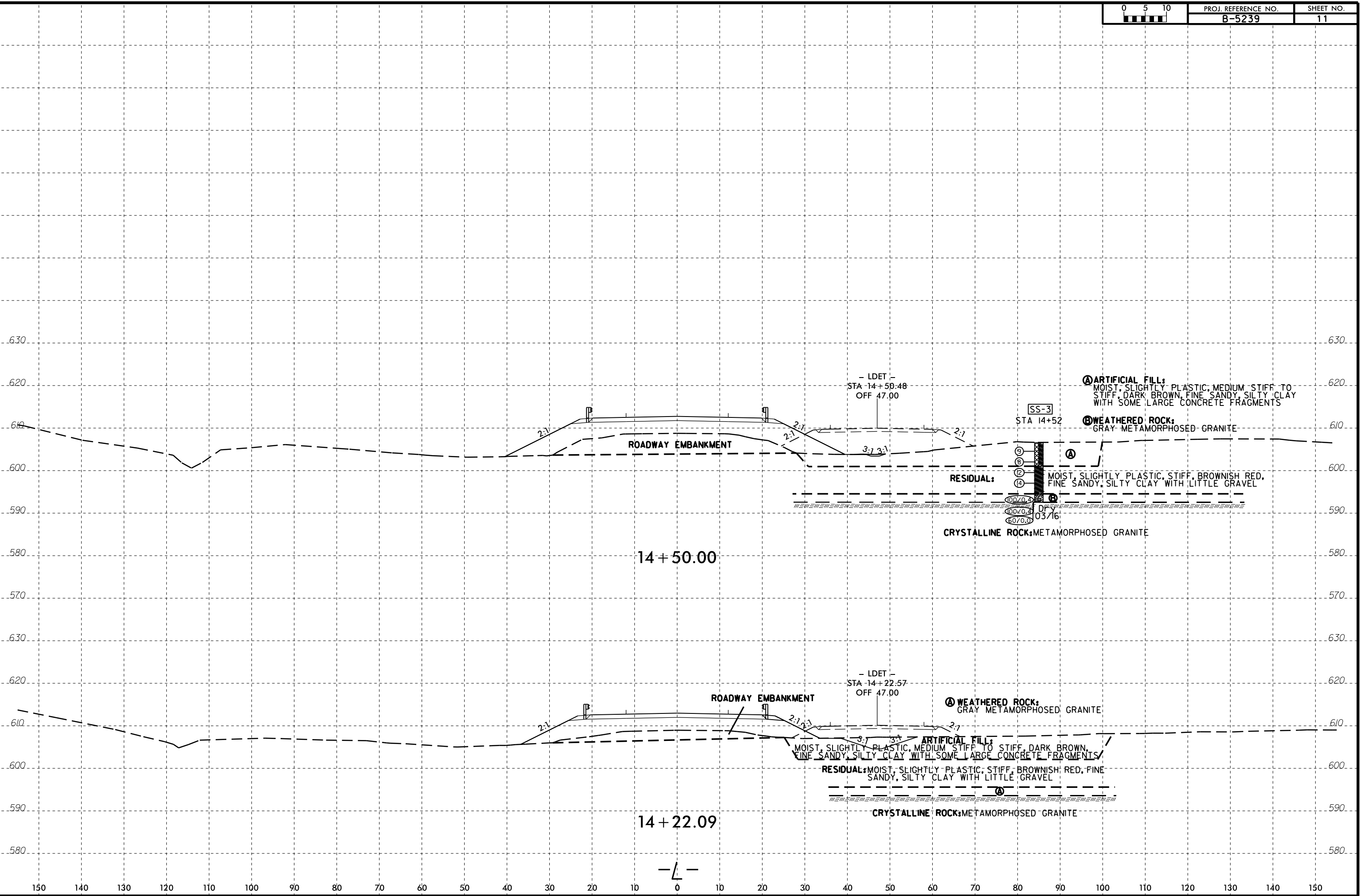
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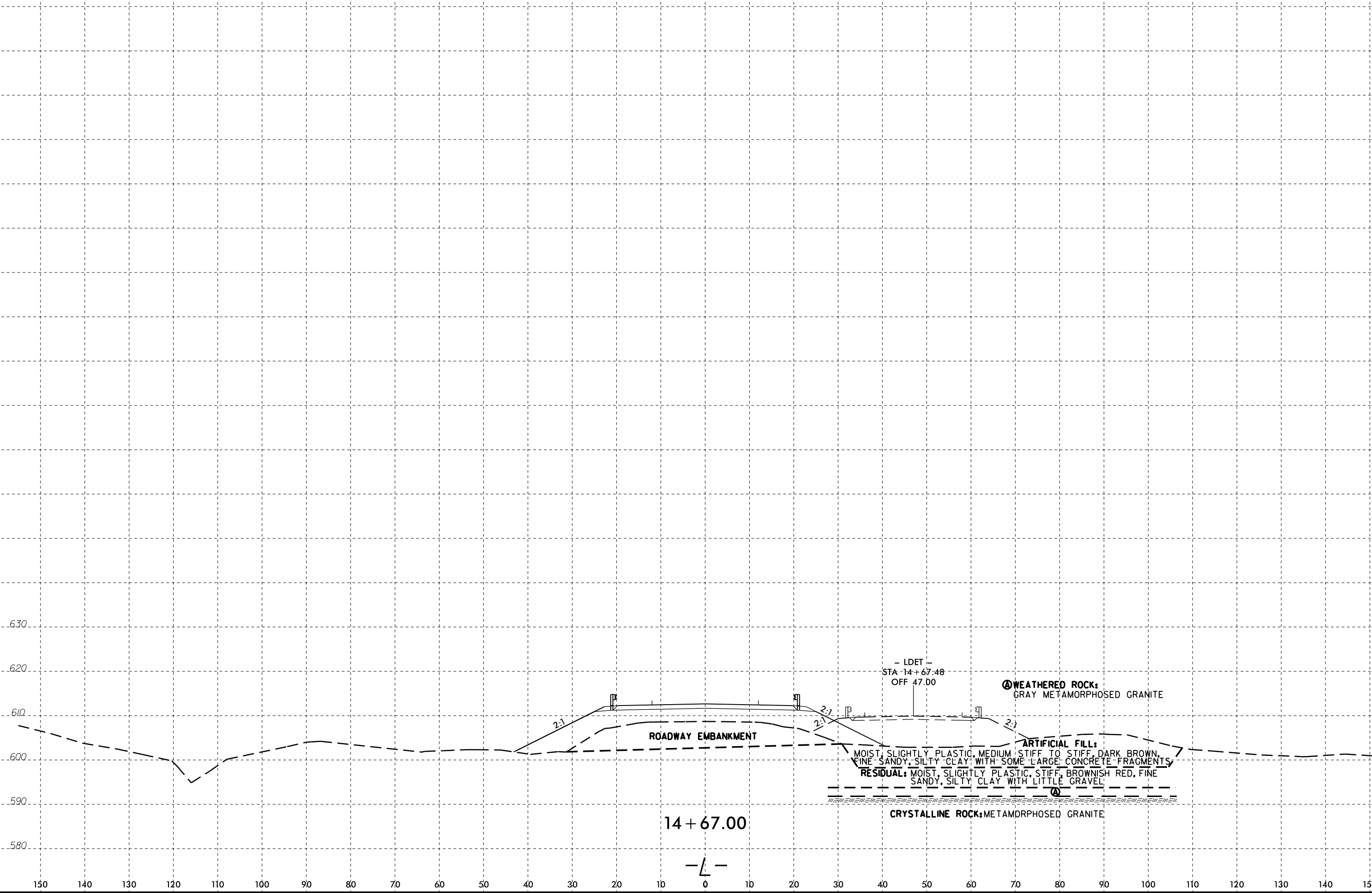


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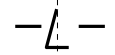
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BRJ\jms



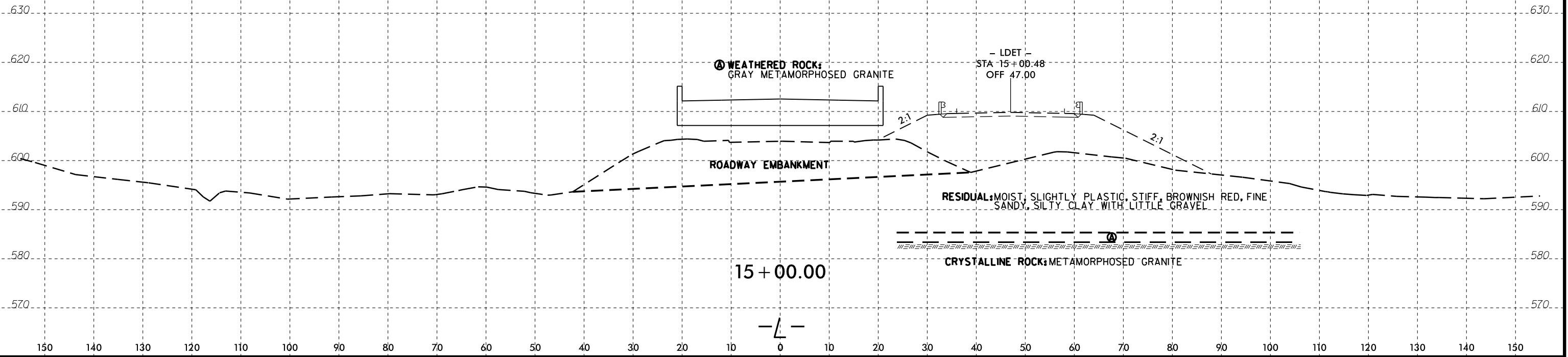




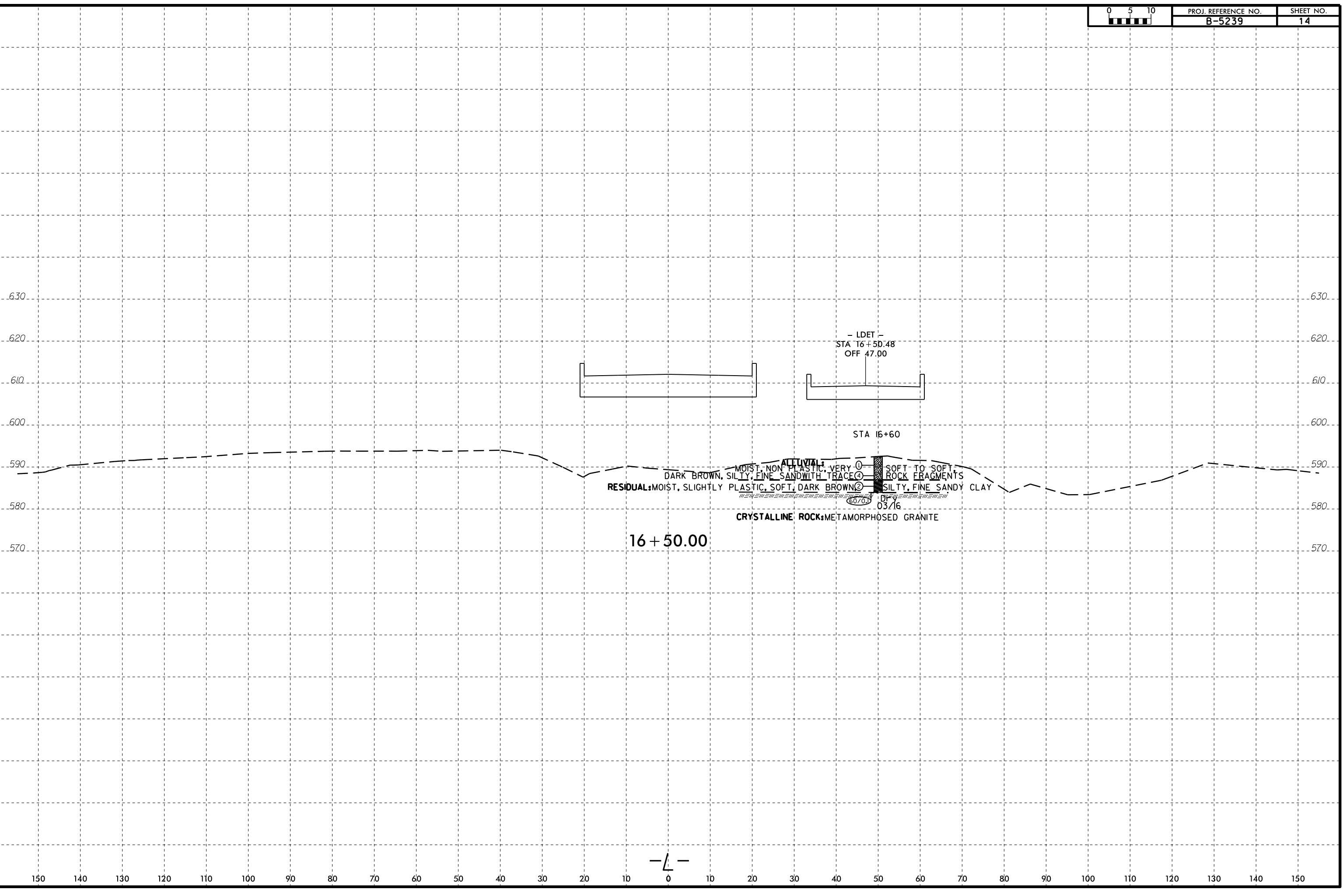
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TWells



ALLUVIAL: MOIST, NON PLASTIC, VERY DARK BROWN, SILTY, FINE SAND WITH TRACE
 RESIDUAL: MOIST, SLIGHTLY PLASTIC, SOFT, DARK BROWN
 SOFT TO SOFT ROCK FRAGMENTS
 SILTY, FINE SANDY CLAY
 CRYSTALLINE ROCK: METAMORPHOSED GRANITE

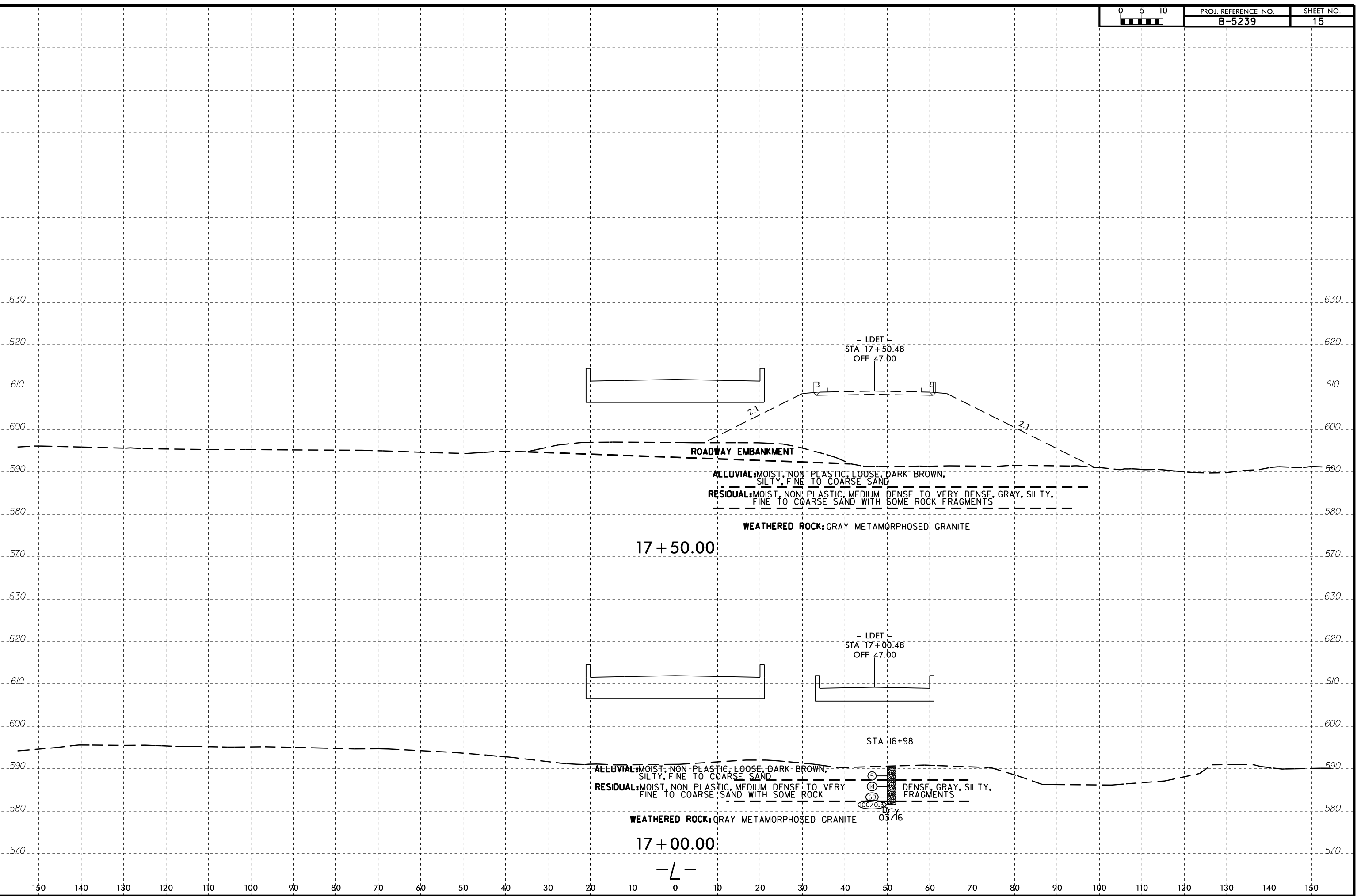
16 + 50.00

- LDET -
STA 16+50.48
OFF 47.00

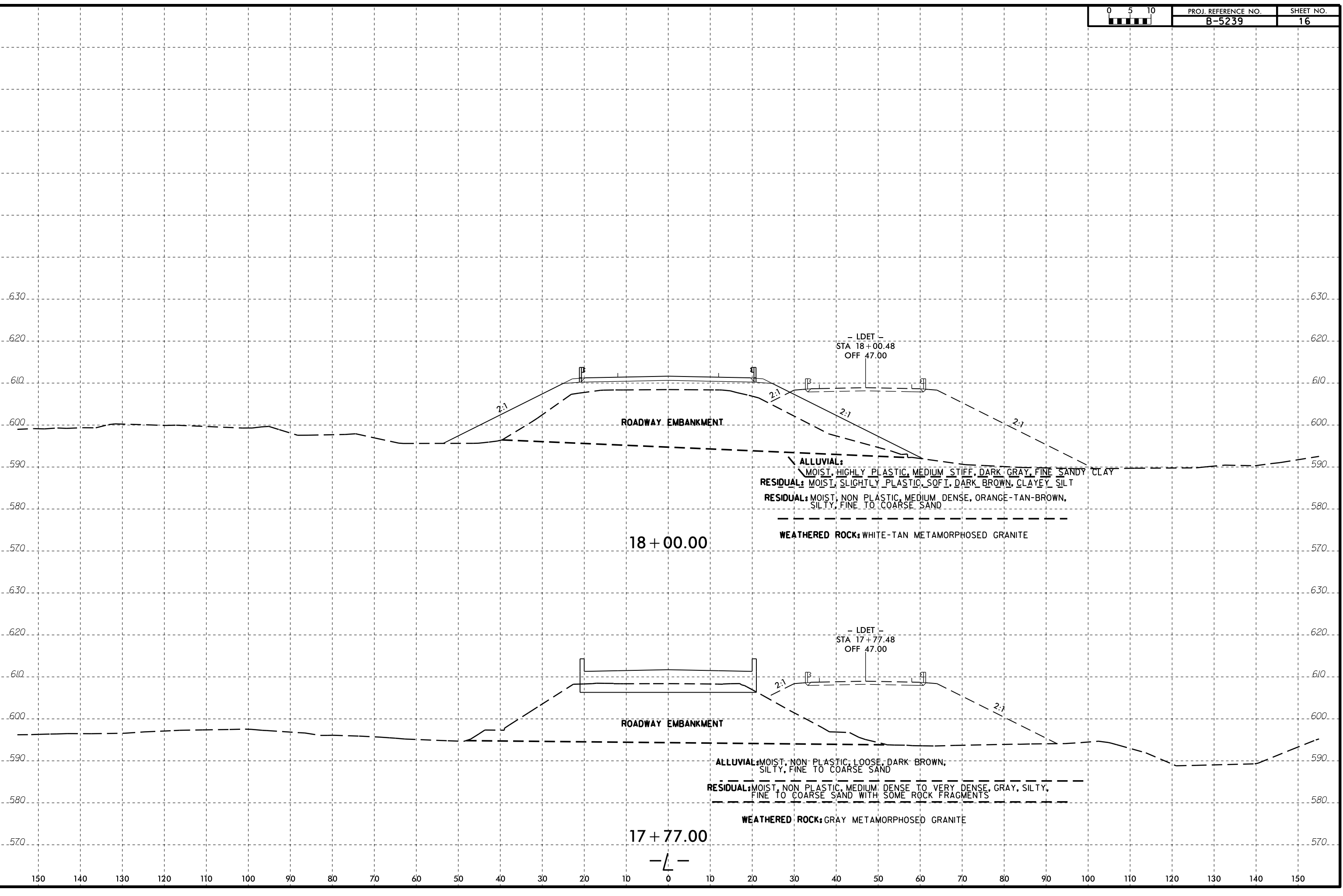
STA 16+60

CRYSTALLINE ROCK: METAMORPHOSED GRANITE

8/23/99
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24-MAY-2016 16:41
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ROADWAY EMBANKMENT

ALLUVIAL: MOIST, HIGHLY PLASTIC, MEDIUM STIFF, DARK GRAY, FINE SANDY CLAY

RESIDUAL: MOIST, SLIGHTLY PLASTIC, SOFT, DARK BROWN, CLAYEY SILT

RESIDUAL: MOIST, NON PLASTIC, MEDIUM DENSE, ORANGE-TAN-BROWN, SILTY, FINE TO COARSE SAND

WEATHERED ROCK: WHITE-TAN METAMORPHOSED GRANITE

18 + 00.00

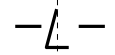
ROADWAY EMBANKMENT

ALLUVIAL: MOIST, NON PLASTIC, LOOSE, DARK BROWN, SILTY, FINE TO COARSE SAND

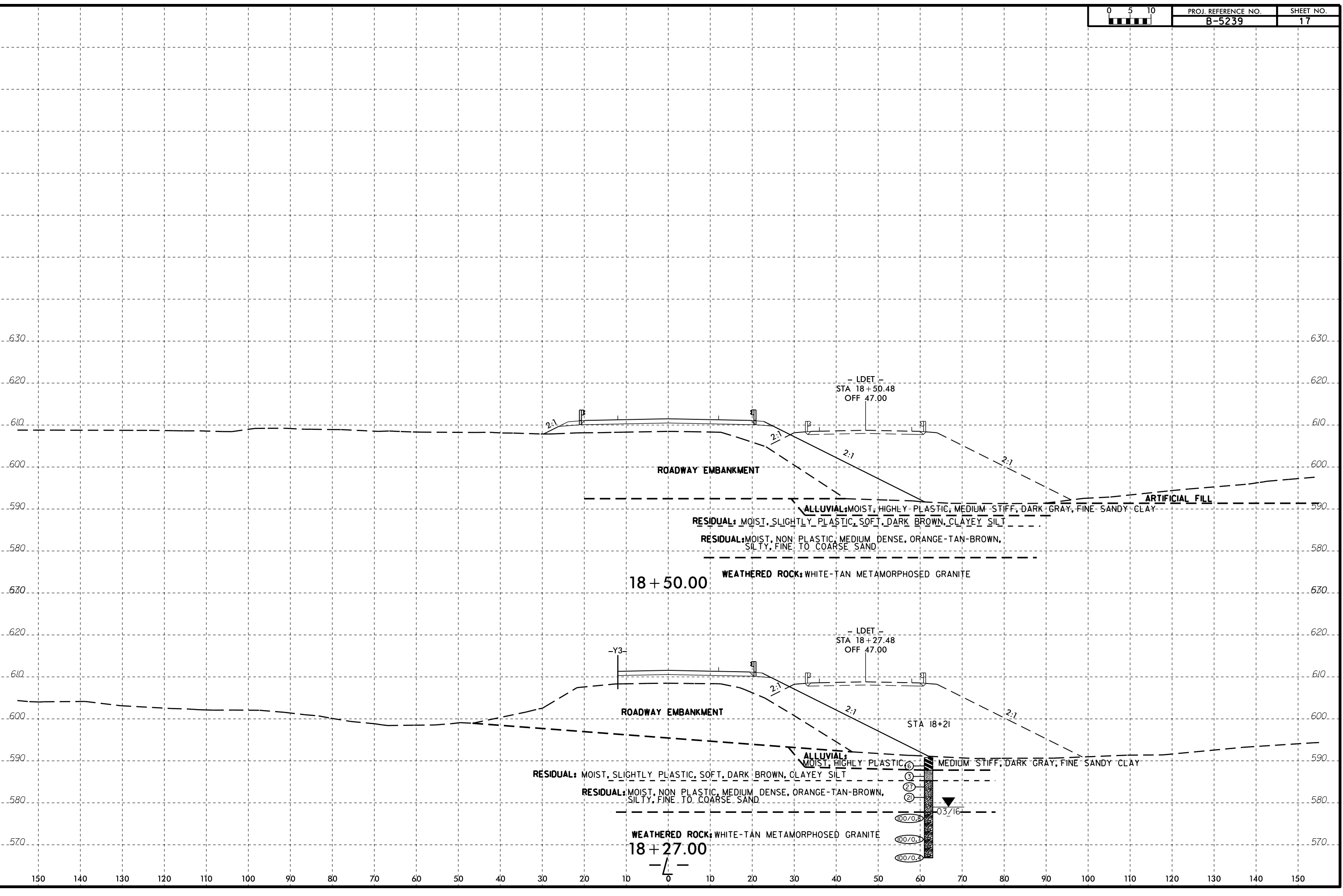
RESIDUAL: MOIST, NON PLASTIC, MEDIUM DENSE TO VERY DENSE, GRAY, SILTY, FINE TO COARSE SAND WITH SOME ROCK FRAGMENTS

WEATHERED ROCK: GRAY METAMORPHOSED GRANITE

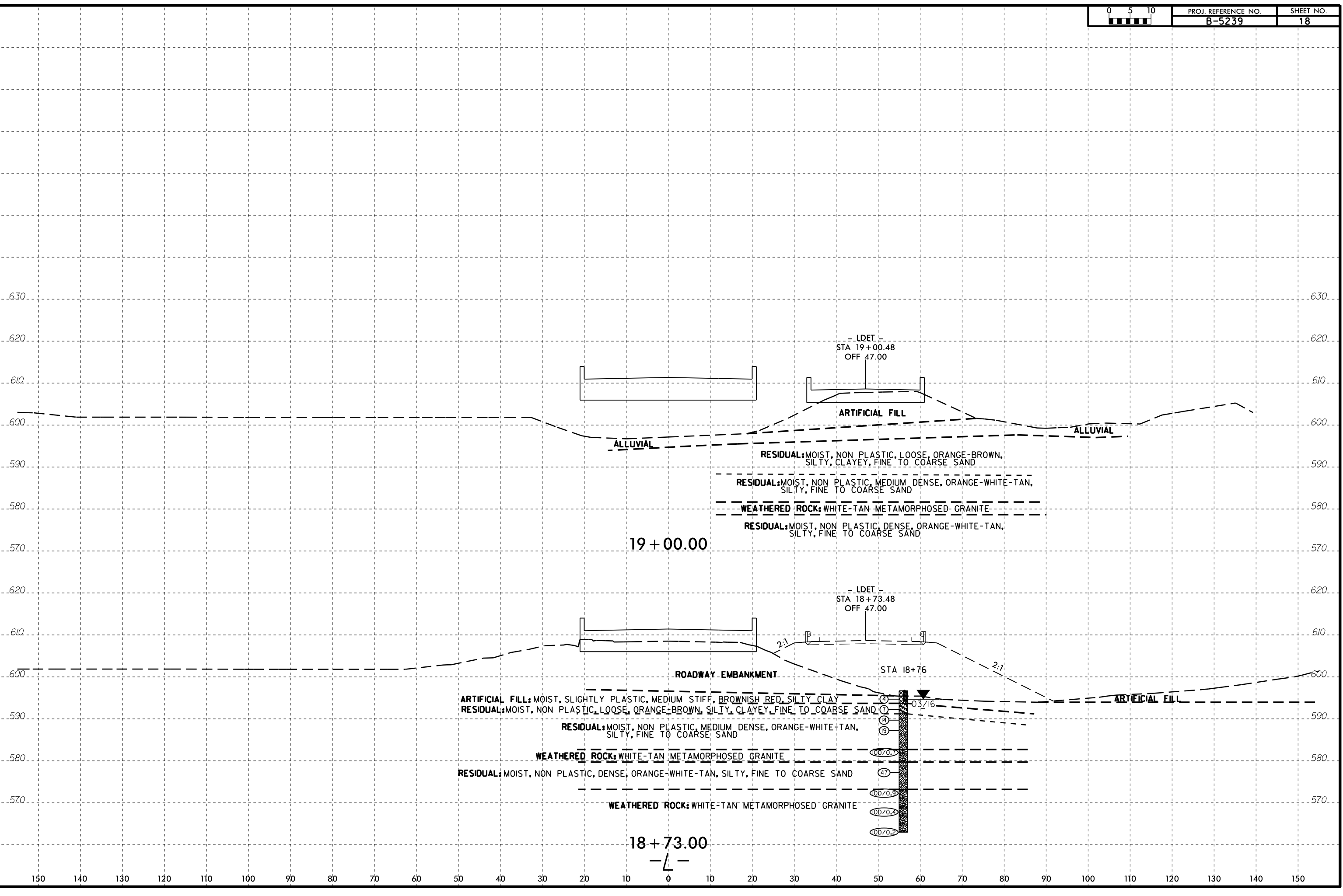
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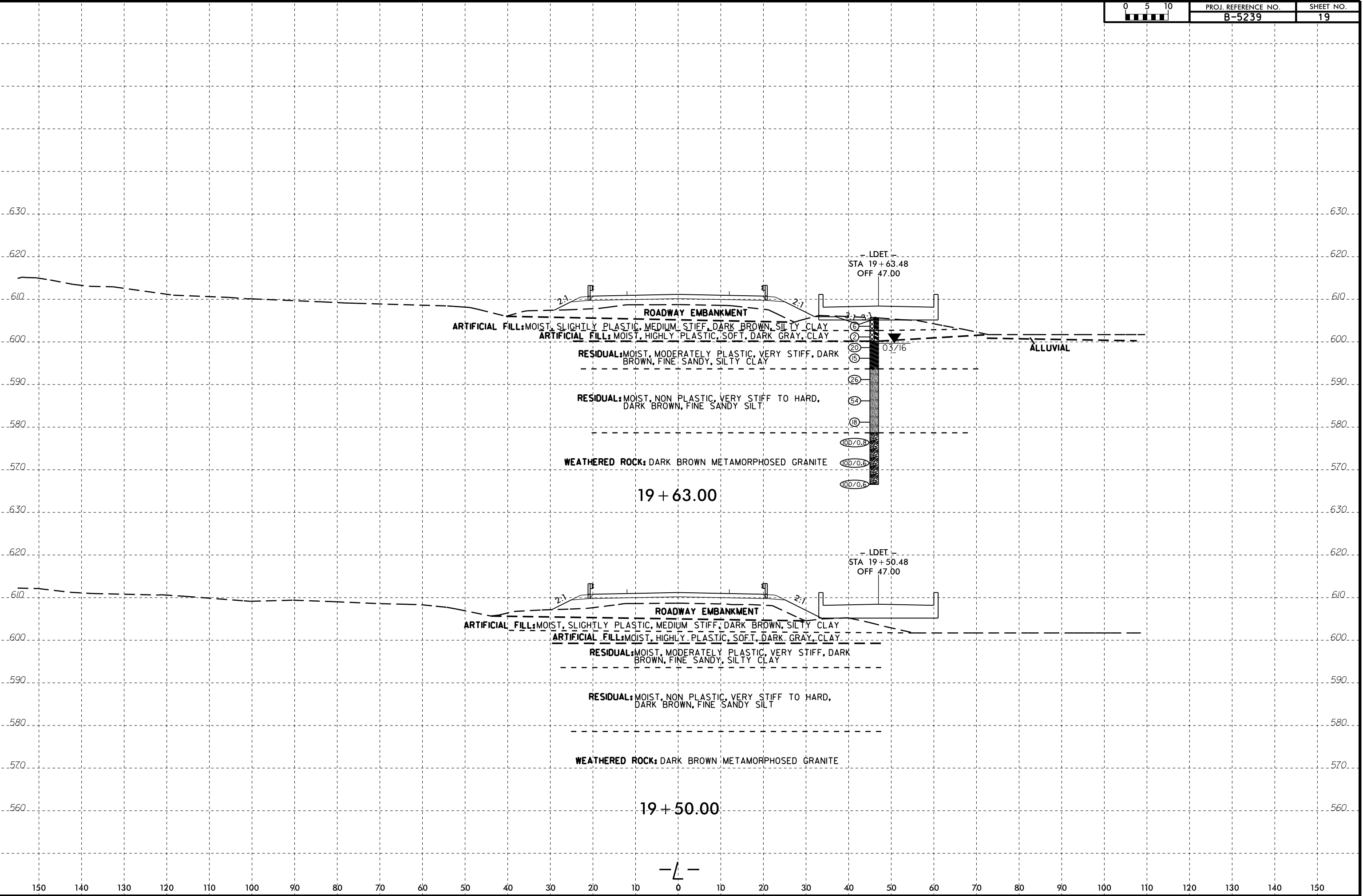


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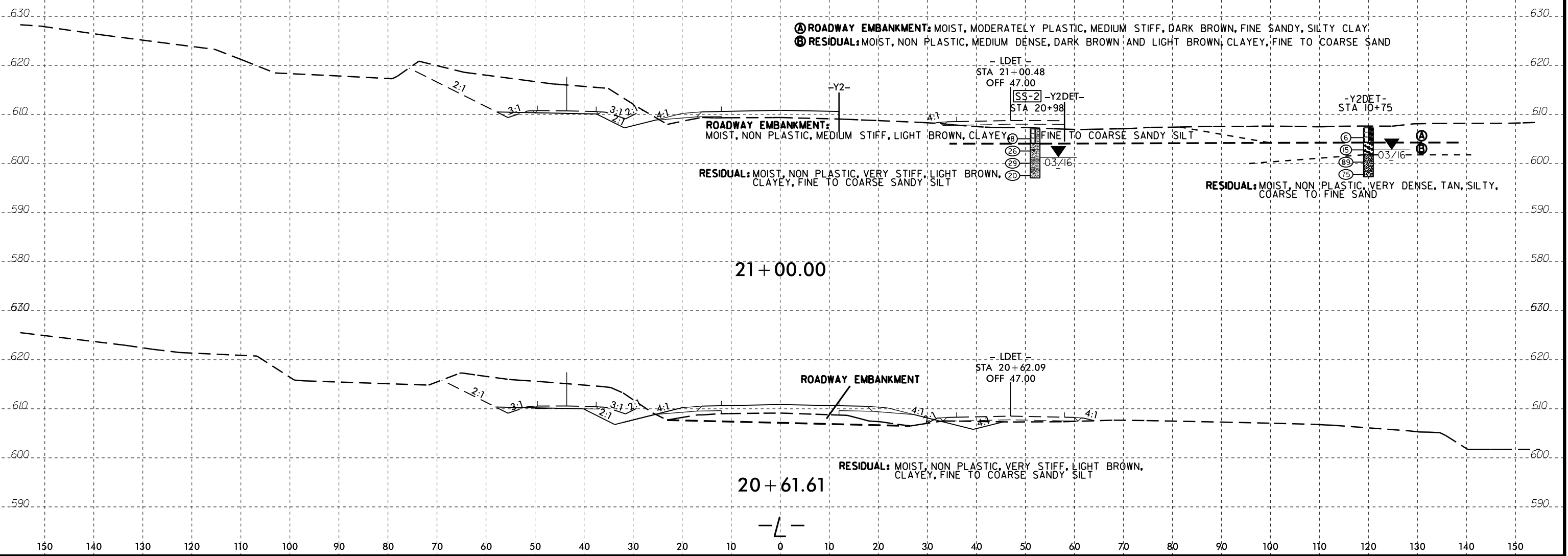


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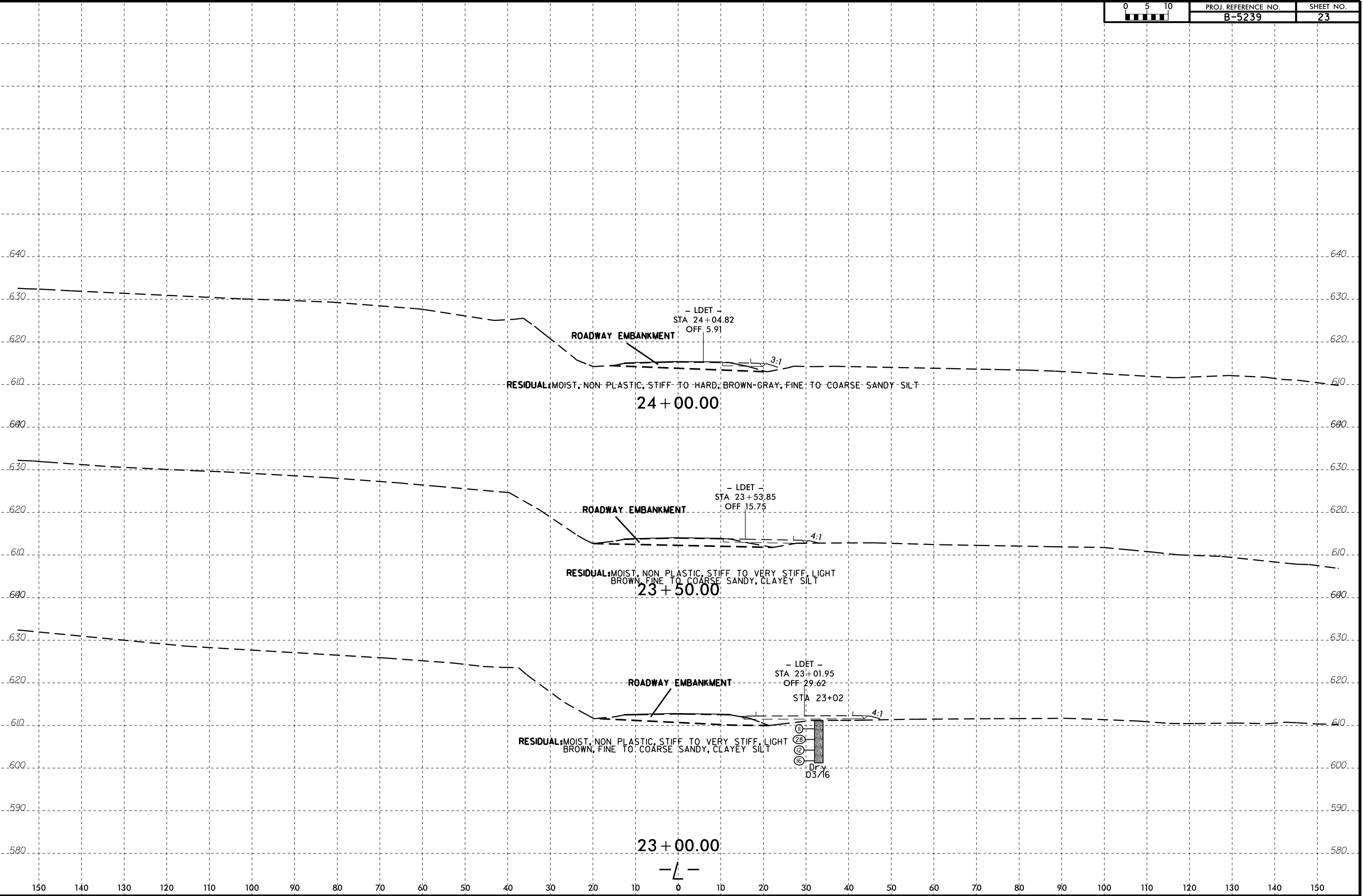
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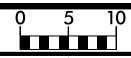
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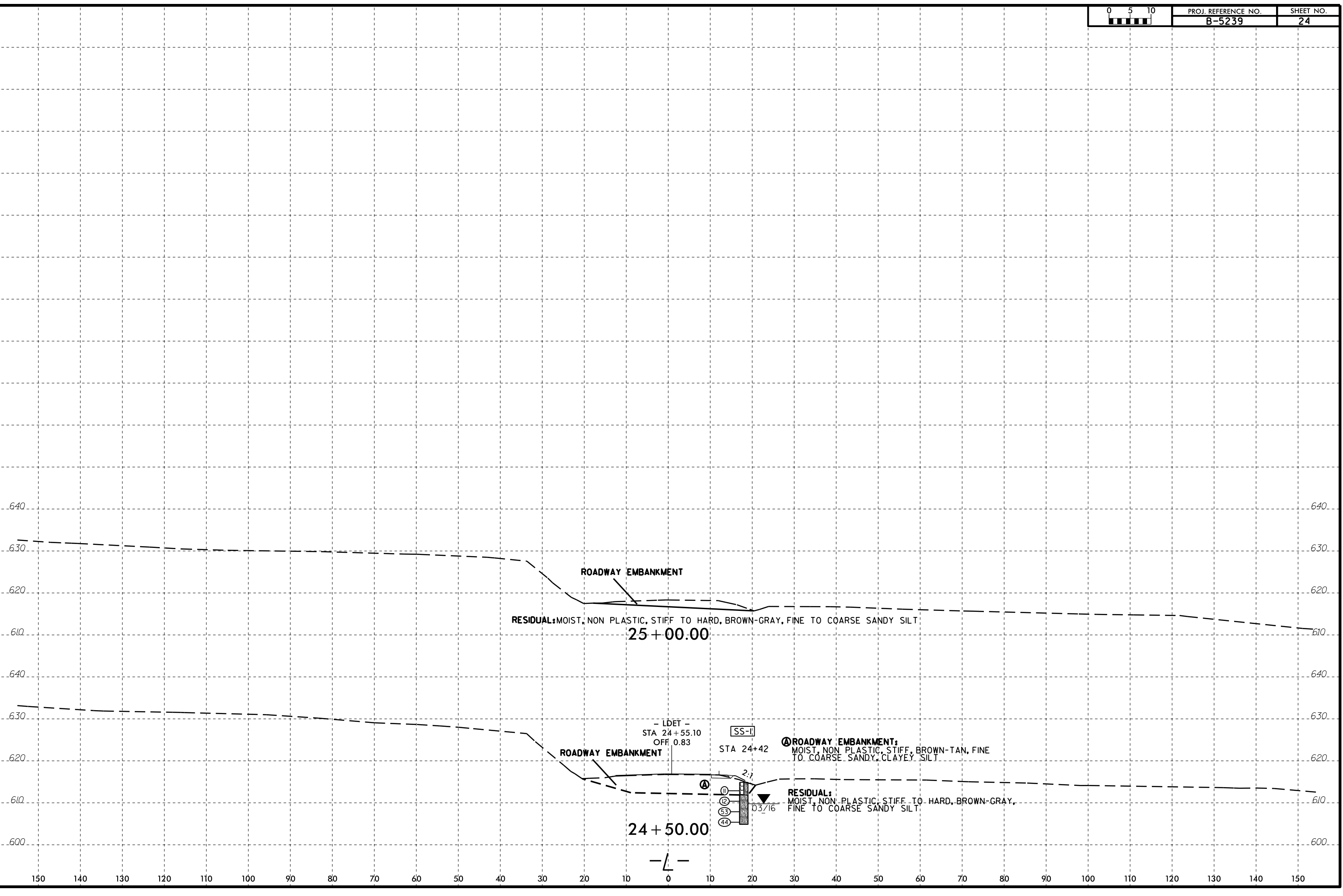
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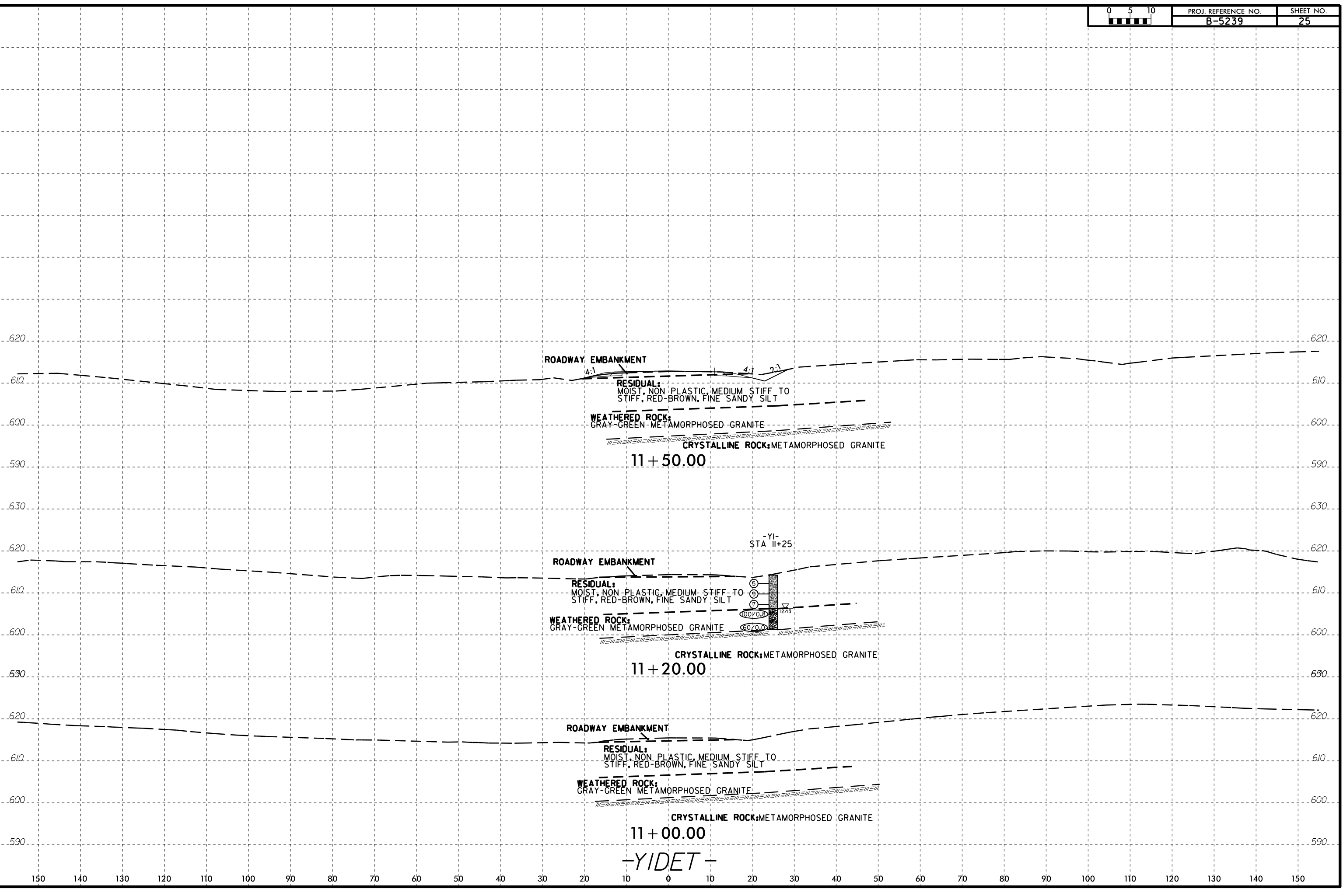
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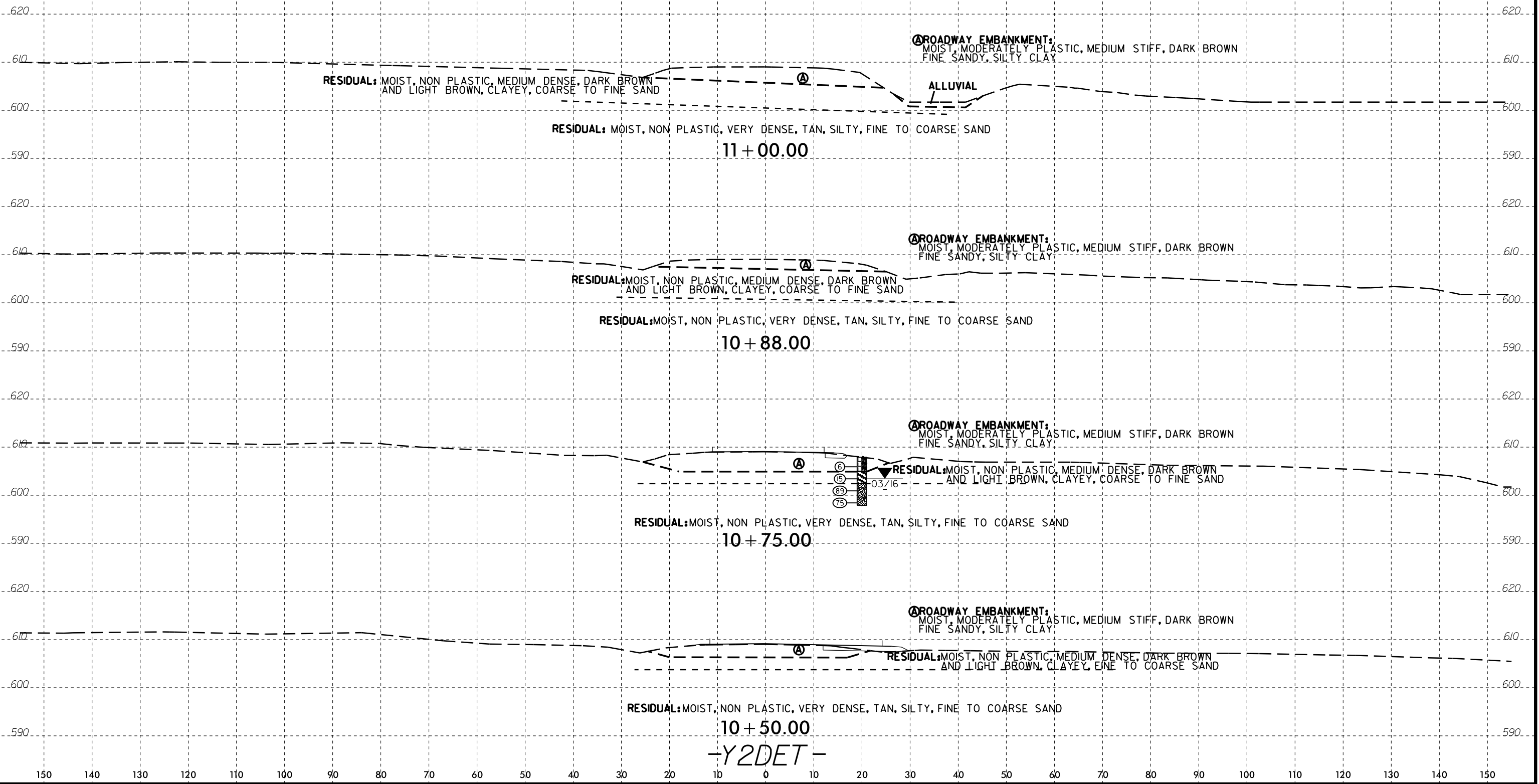
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T:\wells



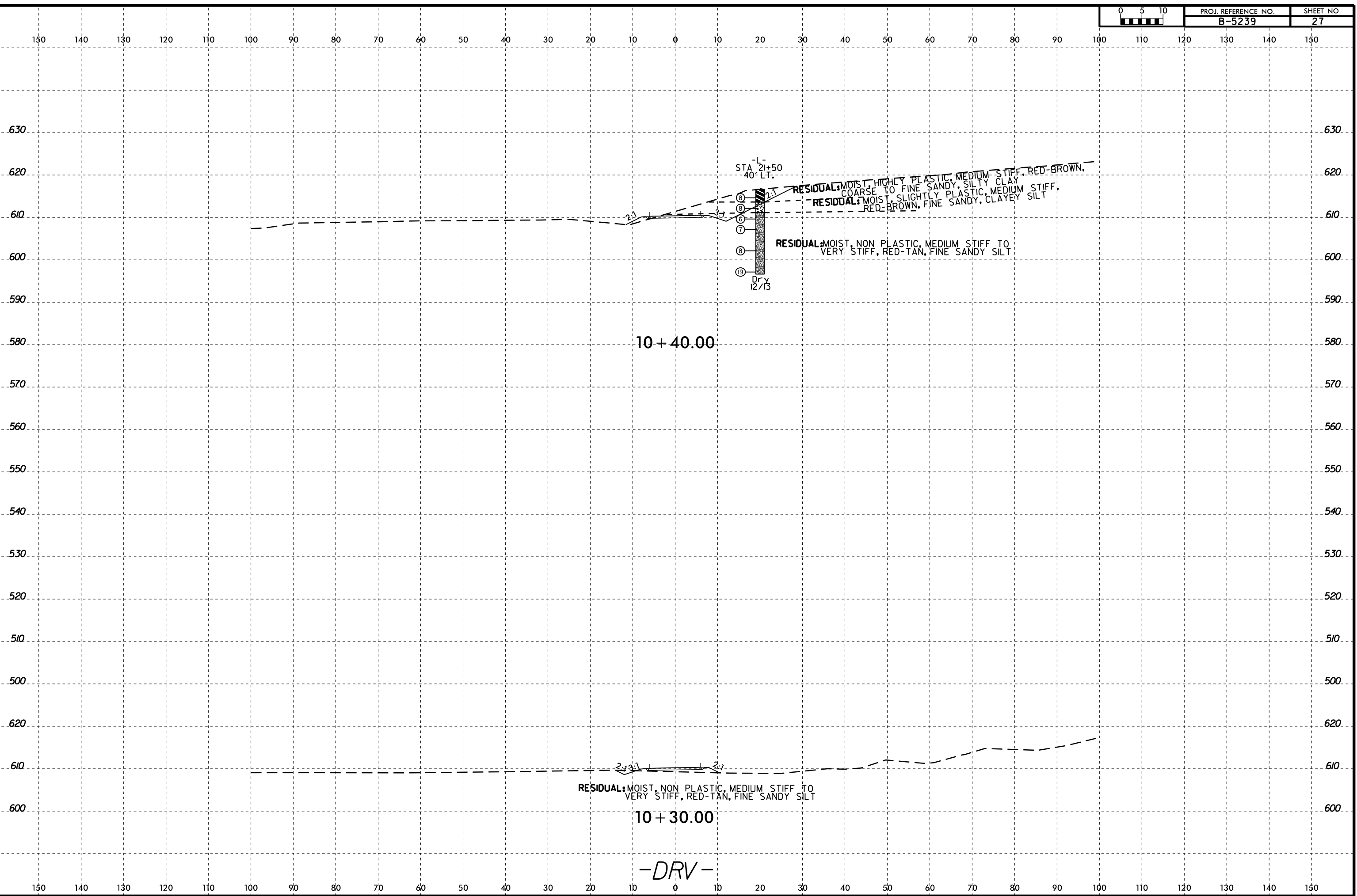
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10 + 40.00

10 + 30.00

-DRV-

RESIDUAL: MOIST, NON PLASTIC, MEDIUM STIFF TO VERY STIFF, RED-TAN, FINE SANDY SILT

RESIDUAL: MOIST, HIGHLY PLASTIC, MEDIUM STIFF, RED-BROWN, COARSE TO FINE SANDY, SILTY CLAY

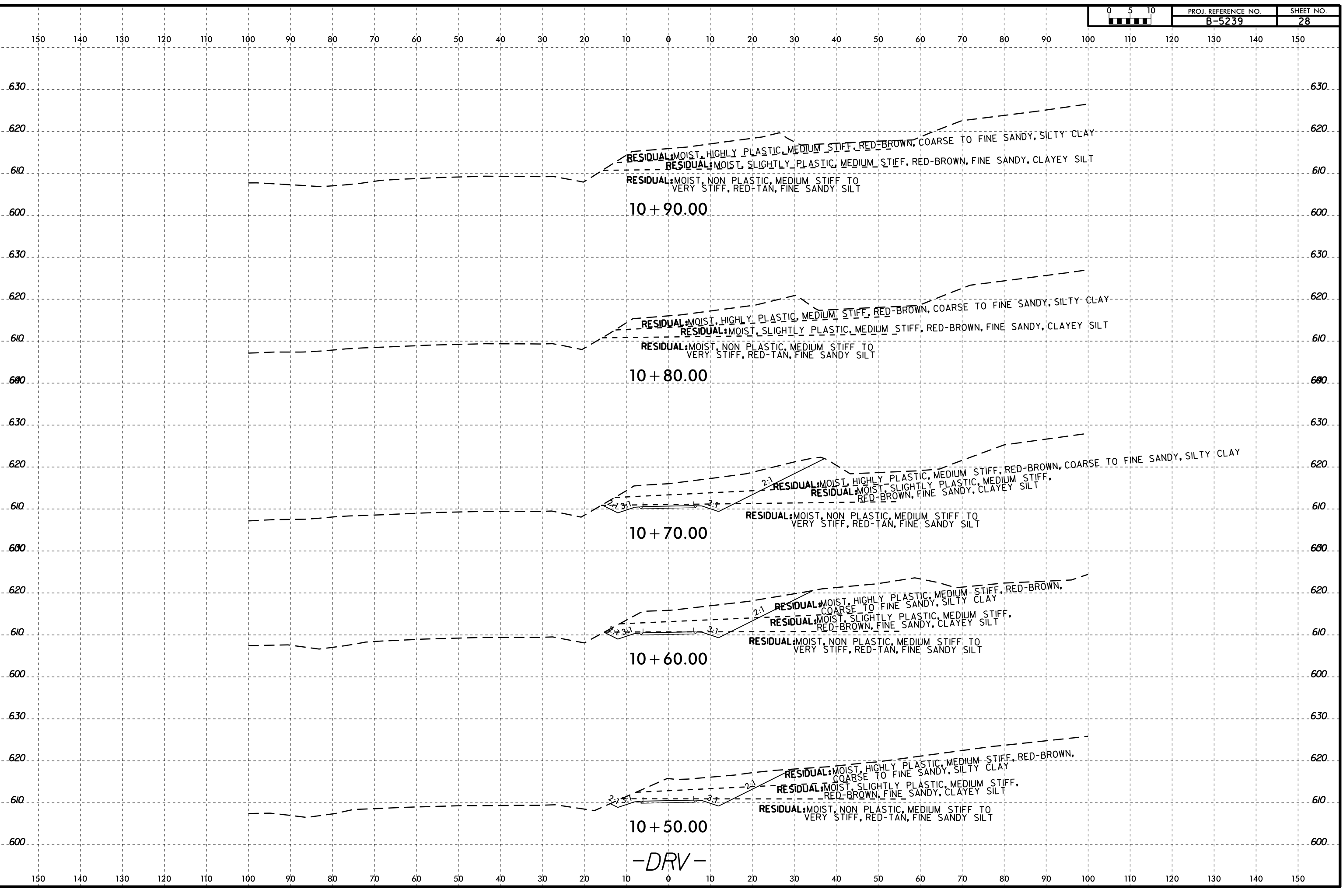
RESIDUAL: MOIST, SLIGHTLY PLASTIC, MEDIUM STIFF, RED-BROWN, FINE SANDY, CLAYEY SILT

L- STA 21+50
40' LT.

- 8
- 8
- 6
- 7
- 8
- 8
- 9

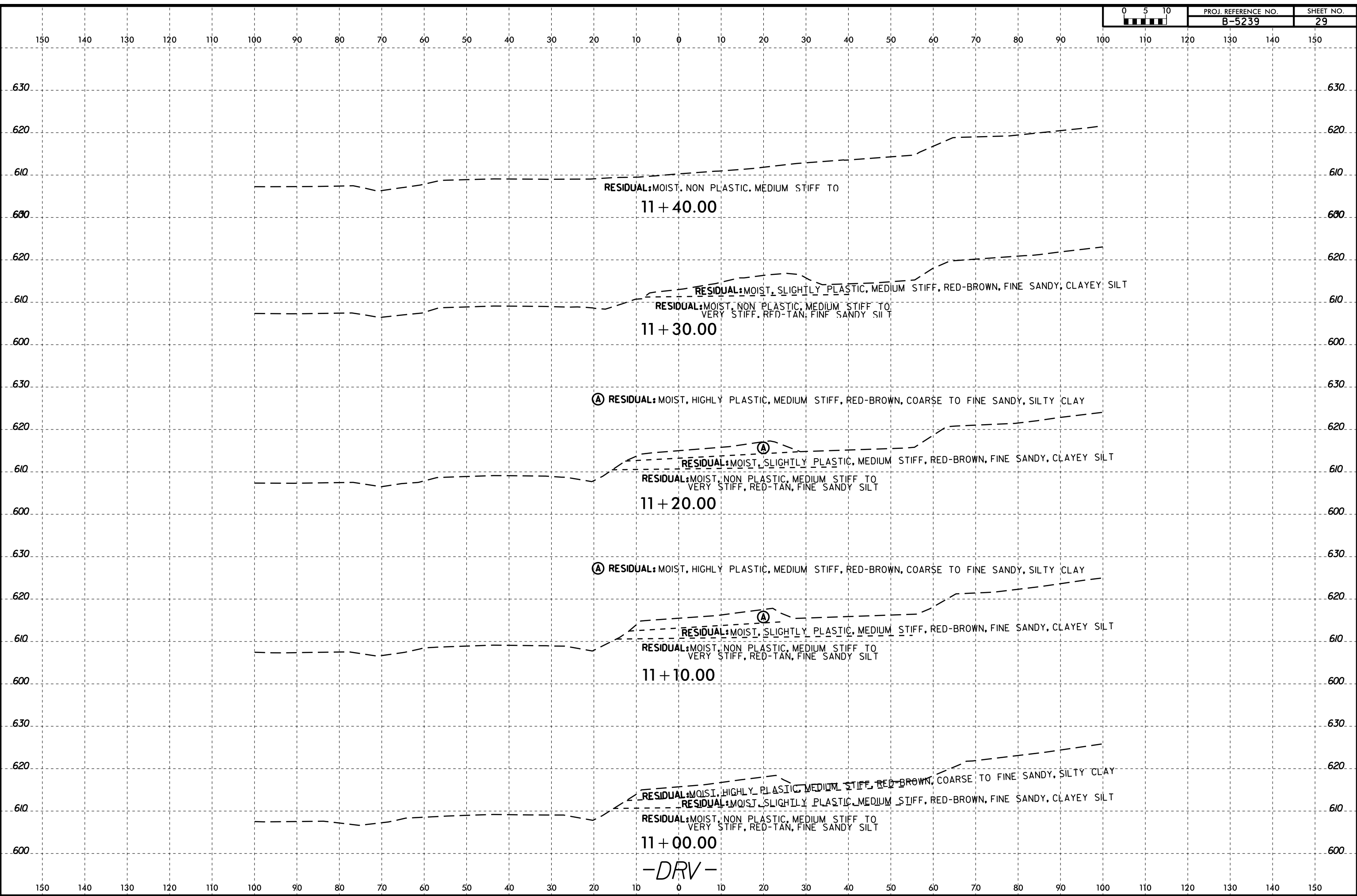
Dry
12/13

2:1 3:1



8/23/99

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jgarcia



11 + 00.00

-DRV-

11 + 10.00

11 + 20.00

11 + 30.00

11 + 40.00

RESIDUAL: MOIST, HIGHLY PLASTIC, MEDIUM STIFF, RED-BROWN, COARSE TO FINE SANDY, SILTY CLAY

RESIDUAL: MOIST, HIGHLY PLASTIC, MEDIUM STIFF, RED-BROWN, COARSE TO FINE SANDY, SILTY CLAY

RESIDUAL: MOIST, HIGHLY PLASTIC, MEDIUM STIFF, RED-BROWN, COARSE TO FINE SANDY, SILTY CLAY

RESIDUAL: MOIST, NON PLASTIC, MEDIUM STIFF TO VERY STIFF, RED-TAN, FINE SANDY SILT

RESIDUAL: MOIST, NON PLASTIC, MEDIUM STIFF TO VERY STIFF, RED-TAN, FINE SANDY SILT

RESIDUAL: MOIST, NON PLASTIC, MEDIUM STIFF TO VERY STIFF, RED-TAN, FINE SANDY SILT

RESIDUAL: MOIST, NON PLASTIC, MEDIUM STIFF TO VERY STIFF, RED-TAN, FINE SANDY SILT

RESIDUAL: MOIST, NON PLASTIC, MEDIUM STIFF TO

RESIDUAL: MOIST, SLIGHTLY PLASTIC, MEDIUM STIFF, RED-BROWN, FINE SANDY, CLAYEY SILT

RESIDUAL: MOIST, SLIGHTLY PLASTIC, MEDIUM STIFF, RED-BROWN, FINE SANDY, CLAYEY SILT

RESIDUAL: MOIST, SLIGHTLY PLASTIC, MEDIUM STIFF, RED-BROWN, FINE SANDY, CLAYEY SILT

RESIDUAL: MOIST, SLIGHTLY PLASTIC, MEDIUM STIFF, RED-BROWN, FINE SANDY, CLAYEY SILT

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION
APPENDIX A
LABORATORY RESULTS

REFERENCE: B-5239

PROJECT: 42841

XCB

MAY 2016

INITIALS

DATE

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST DATA

**PROJECT NO. 42841.1.1 (B-5239)
 COUNTY: ALAMANCE
 BRIDGE NO. 126 OVER MILL RACE ON NC 87 & NO. 119 OVER HAW RIVER**

Sample No.	Boring Number	Alignment	-LDET- Station	-LDET- Offset	Alignment	-L- Station	-L- Offset	Sample Depth (ft.)	Natural Moisture Content (%)	AASHTO Class (Group Index)	N-Value (blows/ ft.)	Atterberg Limits			Gradation Results							
												L.L.	P.L.	P.I.	Pass #10 Sieve	Pass #40 Sieve	Pass #200 Sieve	Retained #270 Sieve	Coarse Sand (%)	Fine Sand (%)	Silt (%)	Clay (%)
SS-1	LDET_2442	-LDET-	24+42	16' RT	-L-	24+38	18' RT	1.0-2.5	31.7	A-4(7)	11	40	35	5	100	100	86	20.8	1.0	19.8	59.9	19.3
SS-2	LDET_2098	-LDET-	20+98	5' RT	-L-	21+00	52' RT	1.0-2.5	16.8	A-4(0)	8	31	28	3	95	76	44	58.9	27.2	31.7	28.1	13.0
SS-3	LDET_1452	-LDET-	14+52	37' RT	-L-	14+52	84' RT	1.0-2.5	19.1	A-6(2)	9	33	22	11	64	55	45	32.8	18.1	14.7	34.3	32.9
SS-4	LDET_1170	-LDET-	11+70	15' RT	-L-	11+67	41' RT	1.0-2.5	49.2	A-7-5(14)	4	58	43	15	95	84	73	25	15.4	9.6	37.6	37.4
SS-1 (12/13)	L_1400	-	-	-	-L-	14+00	33' LT	3.5-5.0	45.5	A-7-5(30)	6	59	30	29	99	96	88	14	4.0	9.5	28.7	57.8
SS-3 (12/13)	L_2000	-	-	-	-L-	20+00	26' RT	1.0-2.5	34.3	A-7-5(25)	5	53	25	28	99	96	84	20	5.6	14.6	30.1	49.7

SS = Split-Barrel Sample (ASTM-D-1586) ST = Shelby Tube (Undisturbed) Sample

S = Grab Sample

NP -- Non Plastic

NA-- Non Applicable

Lab Technician: NCDOT Certification No.: 111-06-1203

Rhonda K. Hudson

Rhonda Hudson