

NOTE: SEE SHEET 2A FOR PLAN SHEET LAYOUT AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	42841.1.1 (B-5239)	1	17
STATE PROJ. NO.	F.A. PROJ. NO.	DESCRIPTION	
42841.1.1	BRSTP-0087(29)	P.E.	
		RW & UTIL.	

CONTENTS

LINE	STATION	PLAN	PROFILE	XSECT
-L-	10+50 TO 22+00	4	5	7-13
-Y1-	10+85 TO 12+36	4	6	14
-Y2-	10+00 TO 10+75	4	6	N/A
-Y3-	10+15 TO 11+06.44	4	6	15

**ROADWAY
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION**

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. 42841.1.1 (B-5239) F.A. PROJ. BRSTP-0087(29)
COUNTY ALAMANCE
PROJECT DESCRIPTION REPLACE BRIDGE NO. 126 OVER MILL RACE
ON NC 87 & BRIDGE NO. 119 OVER HAW RIVER ON NC 87

INVENTORY - REVISED

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING, AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (919) 707-6850. NEITHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, NOR THE FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, OR SOIL TEST DATA ARE PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION, AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

PERSONNEL

S. GOWER

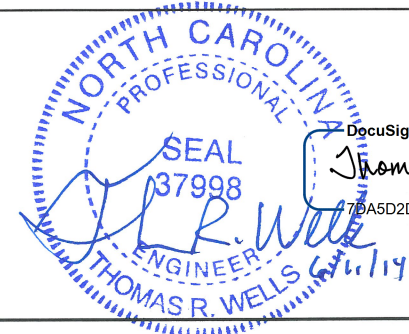
W. TRAPP

INVESTIGATED BY D. GOODNIGHT

CHECKED BY T. WELLS

SUBMITTED BY KLEINFELDER

DATE JUNE 2014



DocuSigned by:

Thomas R. Wells

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CONTRACT: ID: B-5239

DRAWN BY: W. FELDER




















NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IT IS CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS																																																																																																							
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T206, ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE: <i>VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6</i>	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO POORLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES. THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS: WEATHERED ROCK (WR)  CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR)  NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR)  COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK (CP) 	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL. FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. FORMATION (FM) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT. LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROQ) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS. SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROQ) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. TOPSOIL (TS) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.																																																																																																							
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	COLOR	INDURATION																																																																																																								
	DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC. FRIABLE - RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE. MODERATELY INDURATED - GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER. INDURATED - GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER. EXTREMELY INDURATED - SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	BENCH MARK: N/A ELEVATION: N/A FT. NOTES: FIAD - FILLED IN AFTER DRILLING BORING ELEVATIONS OBTAINED USING B5239-LS.TIN.TIN DATED 11/8/13.																																																																																																							

09/28/15

TIP PROJECT: B-5239

CONTRACT:

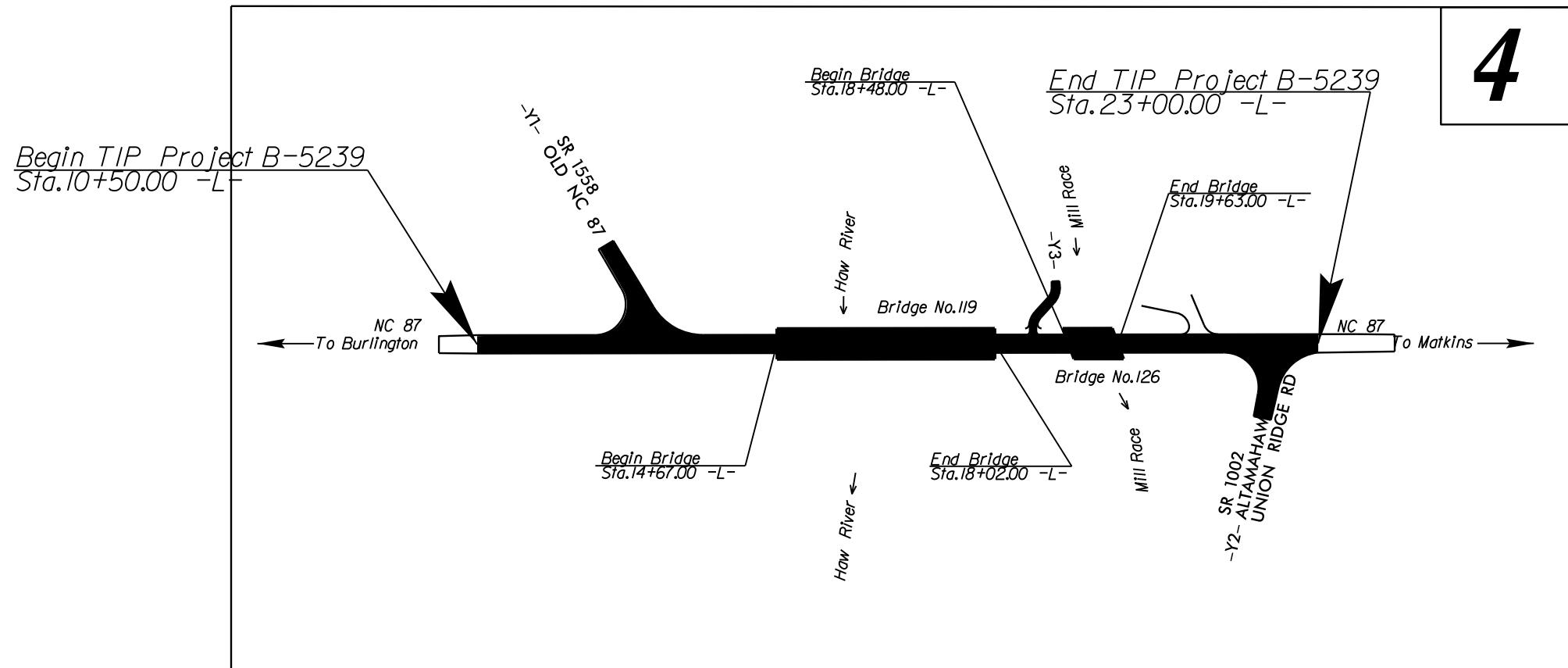
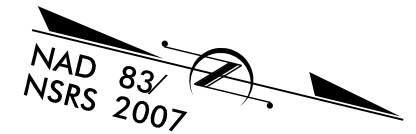
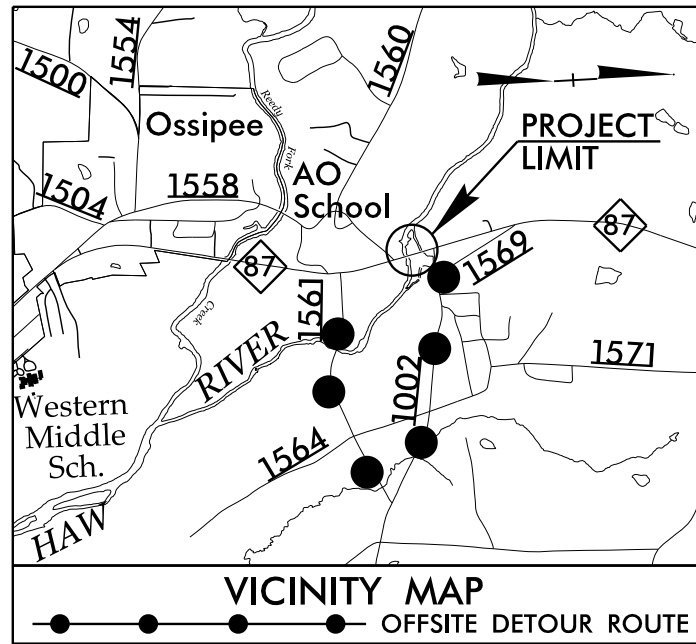
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

ALAMANCE COUNTY

**LOCATION: BRIDGE NO.126 OVER MILL RACE
& NO.119 OVER HAW RIVER ON NC 87**

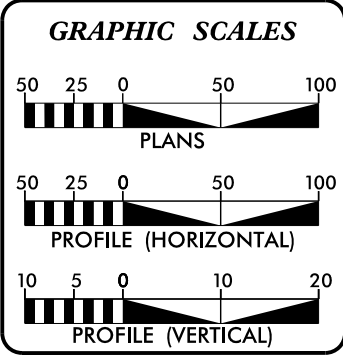
TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, PAVING, DRAINAGE AND STRUCTURES

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	B-5239	2A	17
STATE PROJ.NO.	F.A.PROJ.NO.	DESCRIPTION	
42841.1.1	BRSTP-0087(29)	PE	



This Project is not within any municipal boundaries.
Clearing on this project shall be performed to the limits established by Method .

INCOMPLETE PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION
PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION



DESIGN DATA

ADT 2013 =	6850 vpd
ADT 2035 =	8500 vpd
DHV =	10 %
D =	60 %
T =	6 % *
V =	50 MPH
* TTST =	2% DUAL 4%
FUNC CLASS =	Principal Arterial
STATEWIDE TIER	

PROJECT LENGTH

Length Roadway Tip Project B-5239 =	Miles
Length Structure(s) Tip Project B-5239 =	Miles
Total Length TIP Project B-5239 =	0.237 Miles

Prepared in the Office of:
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
1000 Birch Ridge Dr., Raleigh NC, 27610

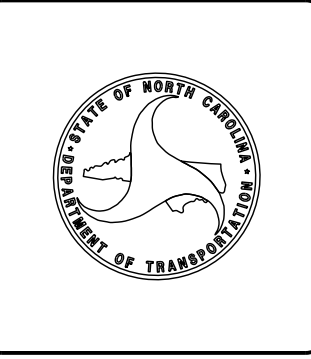
2012 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS	
RIGHT OF WAY DATE: March 20, 2015	JAMES A. SPEER, PE PROJECT ENGINEER
LETTING DATE: March 15, 2016	JOHN LANSFORD, PE PROJECT DESIGN ENGINEER

HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

SIGNATURE: _____ P.E.

ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER

SIGNATURE: _____ P.E.





June 11, 2014
File No. 137891 | GSO14R0111

STATE PROJECT: 42841.1.1 (B-5239)
FEDERAL PROJECT: BRSTP-0087 (29)
COUNTY: Alamance
DESCRIPTION: Replace Bridge 126 over Mill Race on NC 87 & Bridge 119 over Haw River on NC 87

SUBJECT: Geotechnical Report – Inventory - REVISED

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The project is located in northwestern Alamance County, North Carolina. This project consists of the reconstruction of 0.21 miles of NC Highway 87 (-L-) which is a two-lane roadway. Also proposed is the reconstruction of the intersection with Old NC 87 (-Y1-), Altamahaw Union Ridge Road (-Y2-), and -Y3- which are approximately 151, 75, and 56 feet, respectively.

The geotechnical investigation was conducted during December 2013. One drill machine, a CME 55 with an automatic hammer, was used during the investigation. Standard Penetration Tests were performed at selected locations. Representative soil samples were collected in the field for laboratory analysis by Kleinfelder Southeast, Inc.

The following alignments, totaling 0.26 mile, were investigated. Profiles and cross sections of these alignments are included in this report.

<u>LINE</u>	<u>STATIONS</u>
-L-	10+50 to 23+00
-Y1-	10+85 to 12+36
-Y2-	10+00 to 10+75
-Y3-	10+15 to 11+06.44

AREAS OF SPECIAL GEOTECHNICAL INTEREST

High Plasticity Soils: The following locations were found to have soils with a plasticity index greater than 25.

<u>LINE</u>	<u>STATIONS</u>	<u>OFFSET</u>
-L-	10+50 to 12+80	LT to RT
-L-	14+00	LT
-L-	19+90 to 20+50	LT to RT
-L-	20+60 to 21+70	LT

Alluvial Soils: The following location was found to have very soft to soft alluvial soils.

<u>LINE</u>	<u>STATIONS</u>	<u>OFFSET</u>
-L-	17+80 to 18+70	RT

Ponds: One pond is located within the close proximity of the right of way on this project. This was noted at the following location.

<u>LINE</u>	<u>STATIONS</u>	<u>OFFSET</u>
-L-	18+00 to 20+80	100 RT to 330 RT

PHYSIOGRAPHY AND GEOLOGY

The project is located in the Piedmont Physiographic Province. The project corridor is comprised primarily of residential and industrial properties. The general topography of the site consists of rolling hills with flat to moderate slopes along the existing roadways.

Geologically, the project is located within the Carolina Slate Belt based on the 1985 Geologic Map on North Carolina. Soils are derived from the underlying bedrock which consists of late Proterozoic to late Cambrian age metamorphic rocks generally consisting of metavolcanic rock. The overlying residual soils are the product of the physical and chemical weathering of the underlying Crystalline rock.

SOIL PROPERTIES

Soils encountered during this investigation are separated into five categories based on origin. They consist of roadway embankment, alluvial, residual soils, weathered rock, and crystalline rock.

Roadway Embankment soils are present along the existing roadway (-L-) to depths ranging from 2.5 to 3.0 feet below the existing ground surface in the project. These soils consist of moist, low plasticity, stiff, tan, sandy silts (A-4).

Alluvial soils are soils that have been transported and deposited by water; these soils are present along a portion of the existing roadway (-L-) to a depth of 5.5 feet below the existing ground surface. The alluvial soils encountered consist of wet, low plasticity, soft to very soft, tan and gray, sandy silts (A-4). The plasticity index of the alluvial soils tested was 8.

Residual soils are present along the existing roadways (-L-, -Y1-, and -Y3-) in the project. Residual soils are derived from the weathering of the underlying metavolcanic rock. The majority of these soils consist of moist to wet, low to high plasticity, soft to stiff, red-brown and red-tan, sandy, silty clays (A-6 and A-7-5) and moist, low plasticity, tan-brown, gray-brown, red-brown, red-tan, and green, sandy silts (A-4, A-5). Minor amounts of moist, non-plastic, medium dense, tan, silty sand (A-2-4). The plasticity index of the residual soils tested ranged from 18 to 29.

Weathered rock was encountered along the existing roadways (-L- and -Y1-) at elevations ranging from 613.0 to 596.0 feet (MSL). The weathered rock consists of tan and gray-green metavolcanic rock.

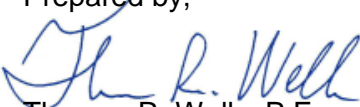
Crystalline rock was encountered along the existing roadways (-L- and -Y1-) at elevations ranging from 608.0 to 594.7 feet (MSL). The crystalline rock consists of metavolcanic rock.


GROUNDWATER

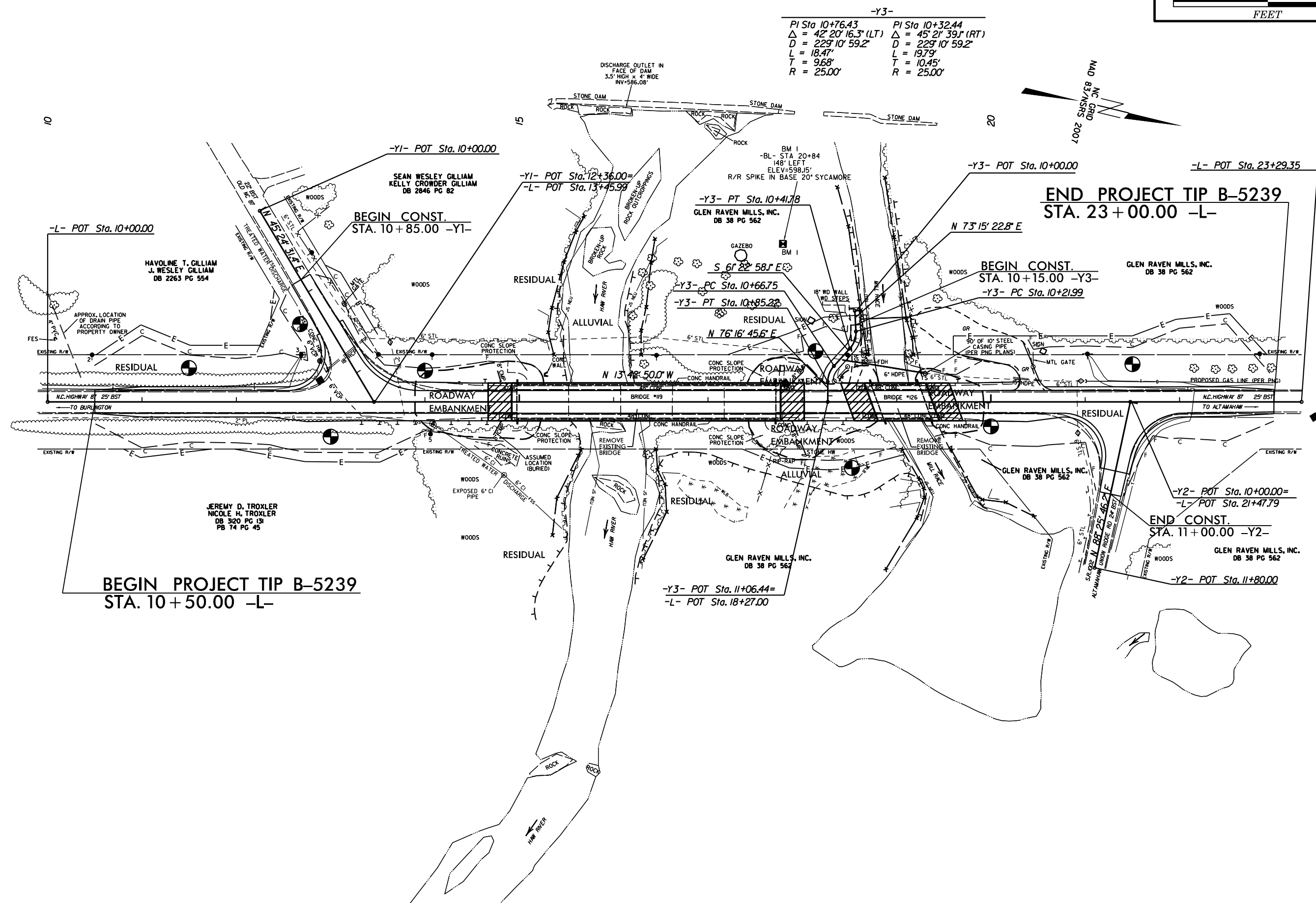
Groundwater was encountered at several locations along the existing roadways (-L- and -Y1-) at elevations ranging from 613.3 to 590.0 feet (MSL).

PONDS

One pond is located near the project right of way and will be impacted by construction. This pond is listed by alignment, station, and offset in the "Areas of Special Geotechnical Interest".

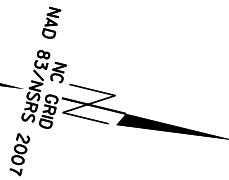
Prepared by,

Thomas R. Wells, P.E.
Senior Professional


Xavier C. Barrett, P.E.
Principal Professional



-Y3-

PI Sta 10+76.43	PI Sta 10+32.44
$\Delta = 42^{\circ} 20' 16.3" (LT)$	$\Delta = 45^{\circ} 21' 39.1" (RT)$
$D = 229' 10' 59.2"$	$D = 229' 10' 59.2"$
$L = 18.47'$	$L = 19.79'$
$T = 9.68'$	$T = 10.45'$
$R = 25.00'$	$R = 25.00'$



BEGIN PROJECT TIP B-5239
STA. 10+50.00 -L-

END PROJECT TIP B-5239
STA. 23+00.00 -L-

SEAN WESLEY GILLIAM
KELLY CROWDER GILLIAM
DB 2846 PG 82

HAVOLINE T. GILLIAM
J. WESLEY GILLIAM
DB 2263 PG 554

JEREMY D. TROXLER
NICOLE H. TROXLER
DB 3120 PG 131
PB 74 PG 45

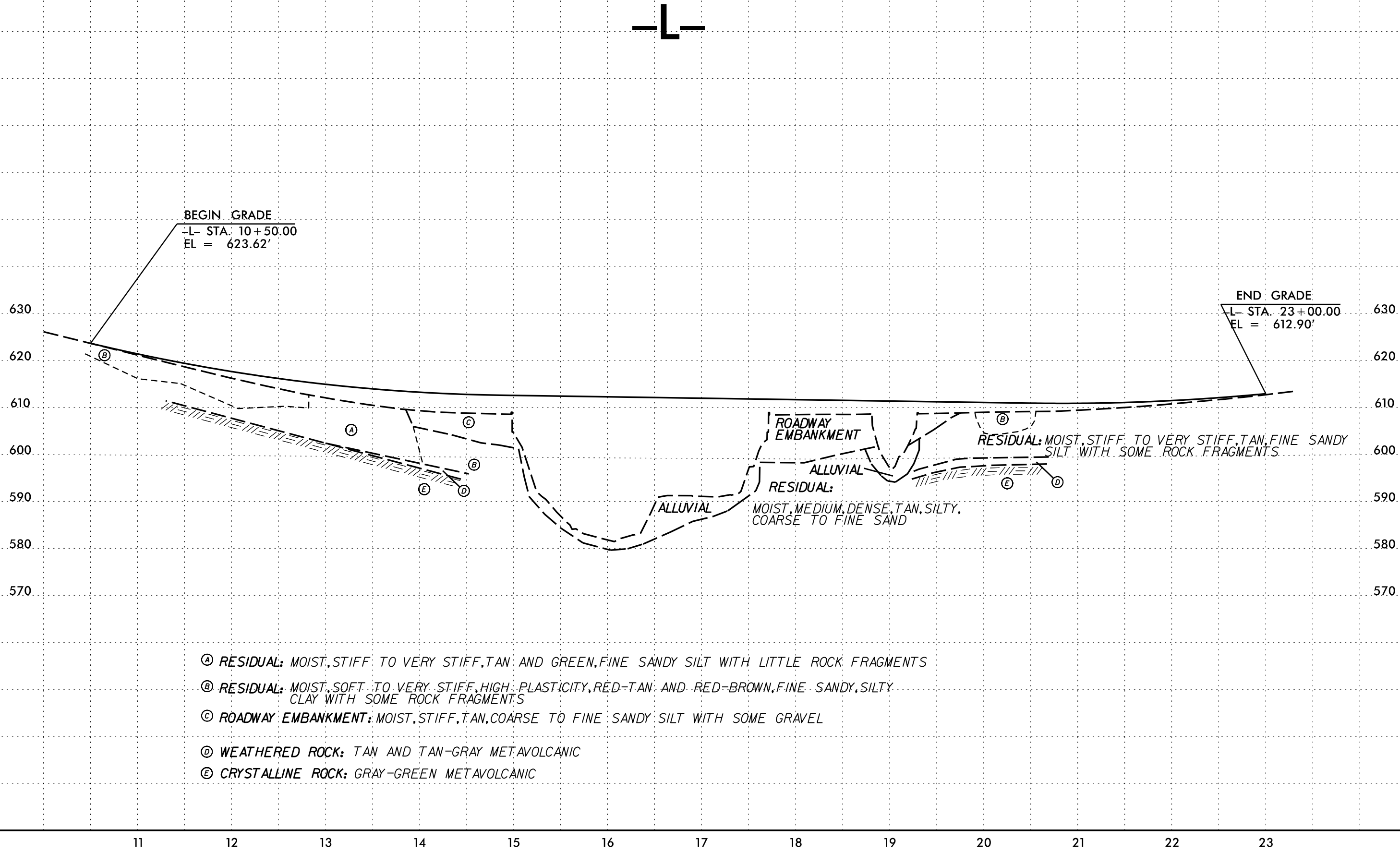
GLEN RAVEN MILLS, INC.
DB 38 PG 562

GLEN RAVEN MILLS, INC.
DB 38 PG 562

GLEN RAVEN MILLS, INC.
DB 38 PG 562

GLEN RAVEN MILLS, INC.
DB 38 PG 562

GLEN RAVEN MILLS, INC.
DB 38 PG 562



BEGIN GRADE
 L- STA. 10+50.00
 EL = 623.62'

END GRADE
 L- STA. 23+00.00
 EL = 612.90'

- Ⓐ RESIDUAL: MOIST, STIFF TO VERY STIFF, TAN AND GREEN, FINE SANDY SILT WITH LITTLE ROCK FRAGMENTS
- Ⓑ RESIDUAL: MOIST, SOFT TO VERY STIFF, HIGH PLASTICITY, RED-TAN AND RED-BROWN, FINE SANDY, SILTY CLAY WITH SOME ROCK FRAGMENTS
- Ⓒ ROADWAY EMBANKMENT: MOIST, STIFF, TAN, COARSE TO FINE SANDY SILT WITH SOME GRAVEL
- Ⓓ WEATHERED ROCK: TAN AND TAN-GRAY METAVOLCANIC
- Ⓔ CRYSTALLINE ROCK: GRAY-GREEN METAVOLCANIC

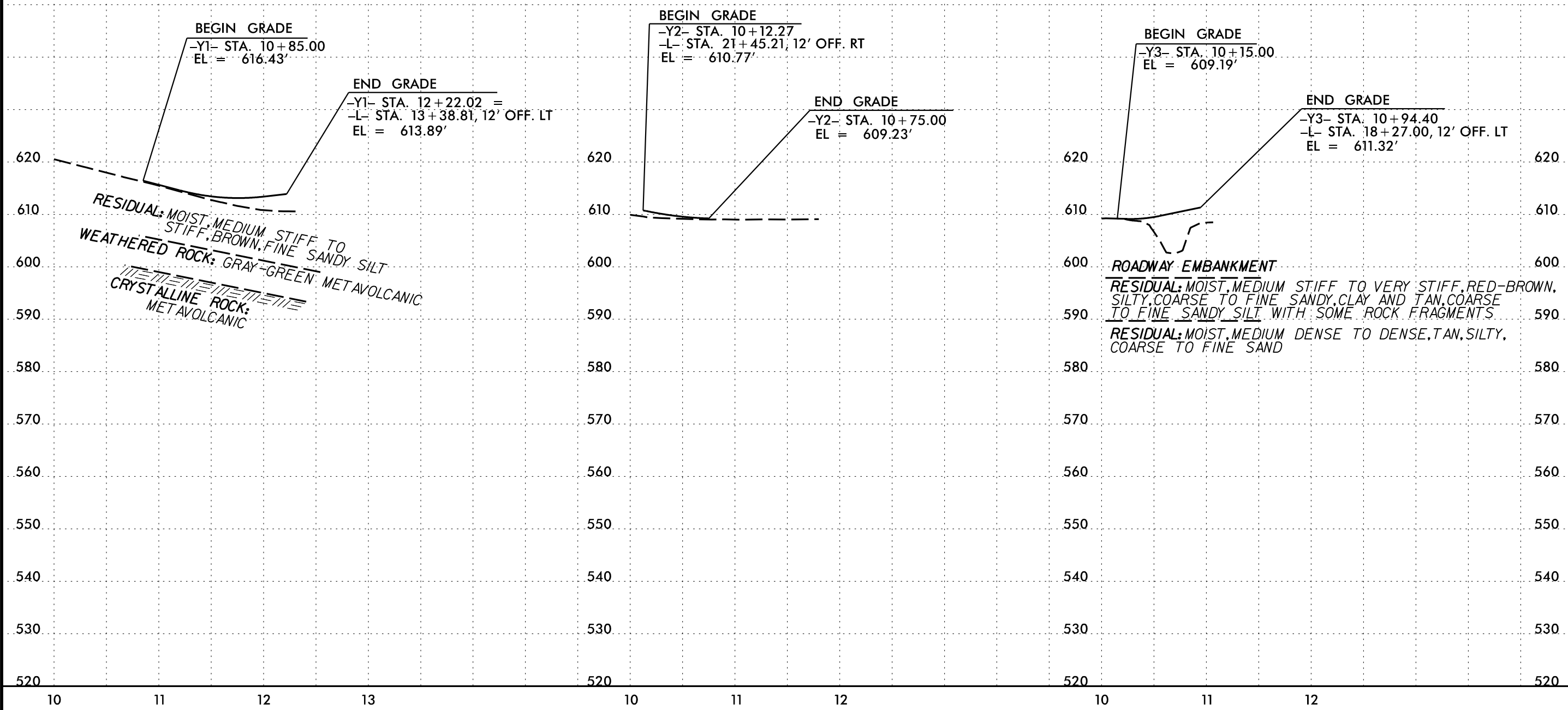
5/4/99

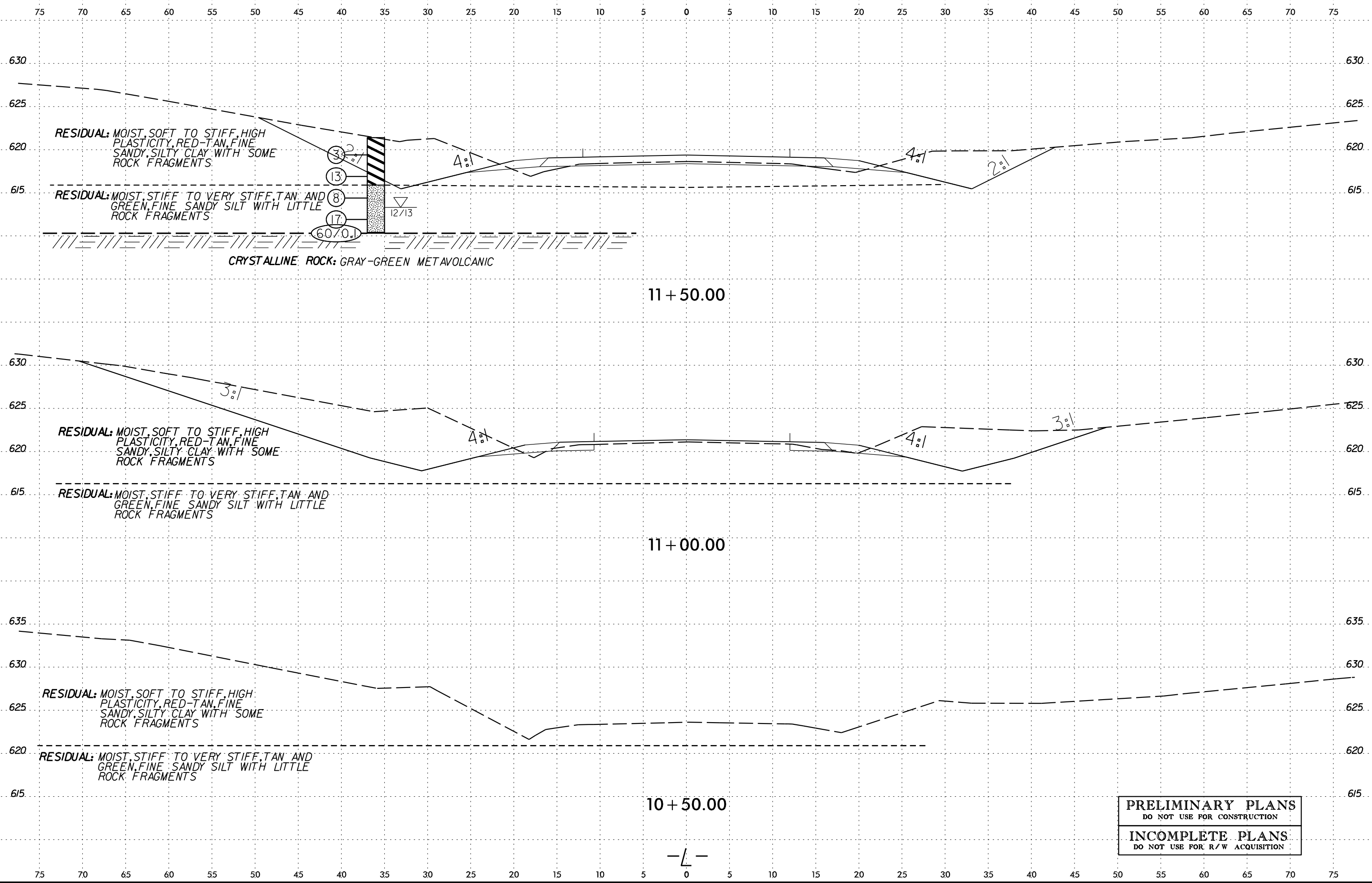
PROJECT REFERENCE NO. B-5239	SHEET NO. 6
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	

-Y1-

-Y2-

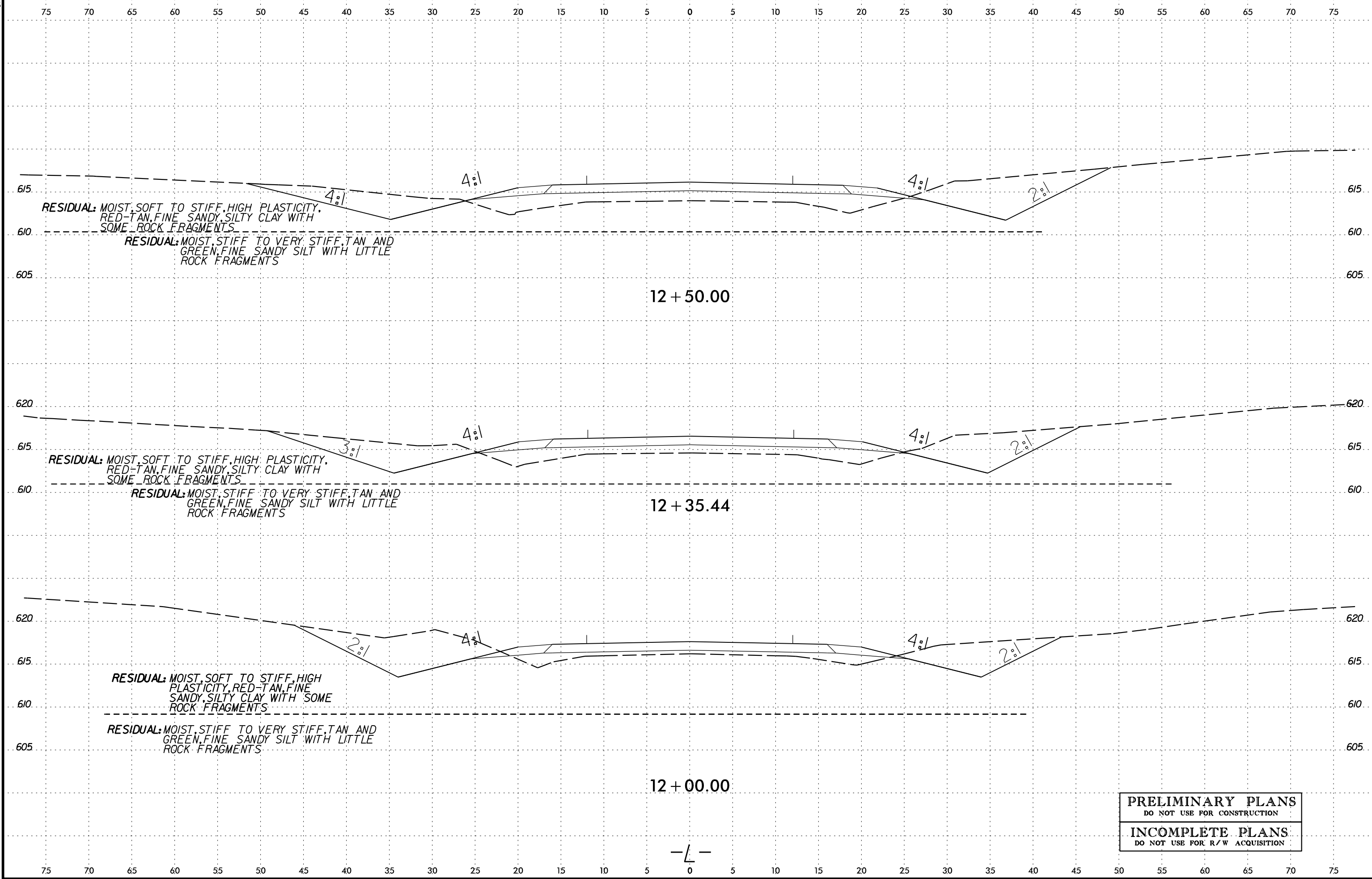
-Y3-





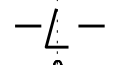
PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

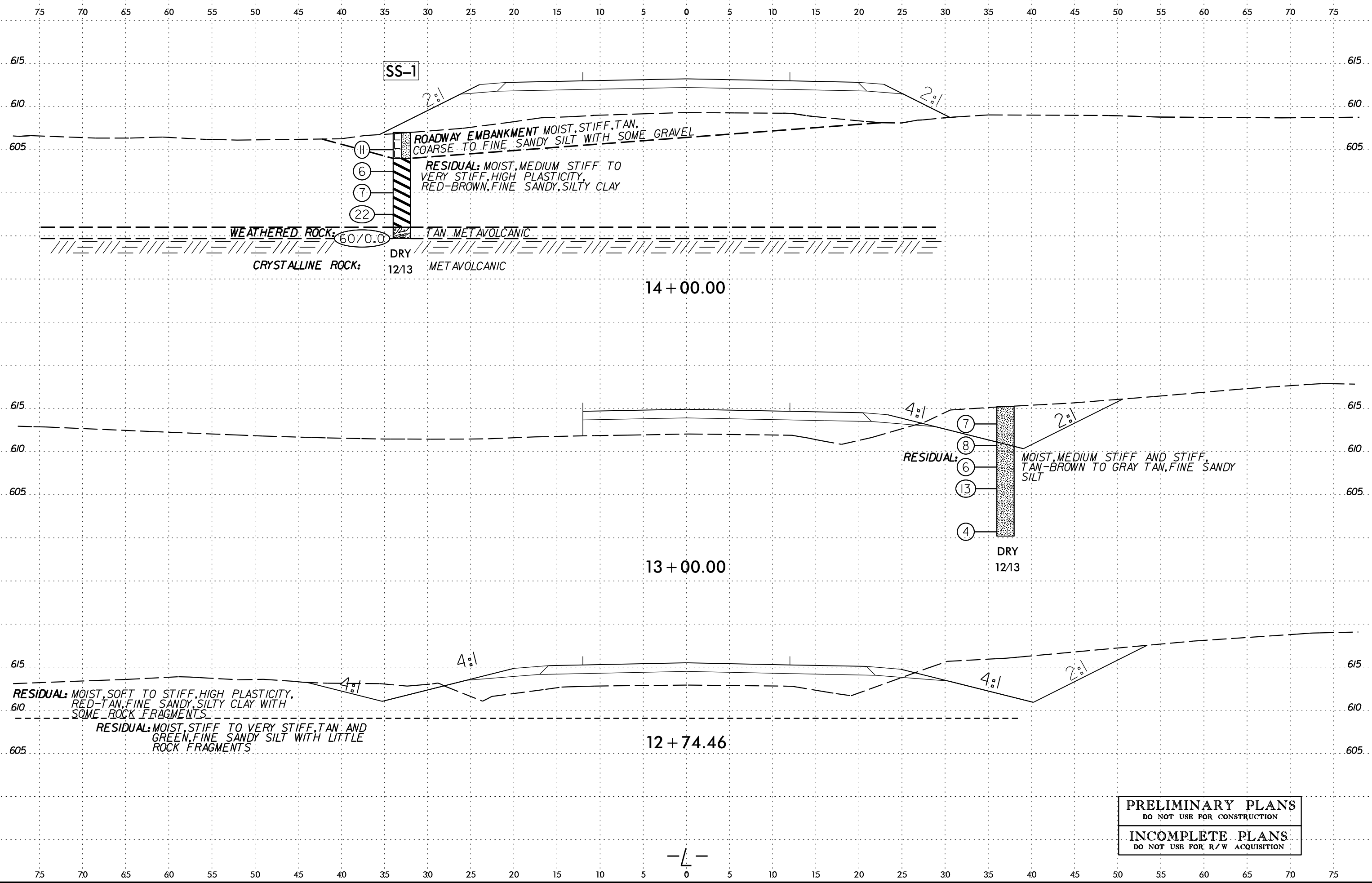
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DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION



PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

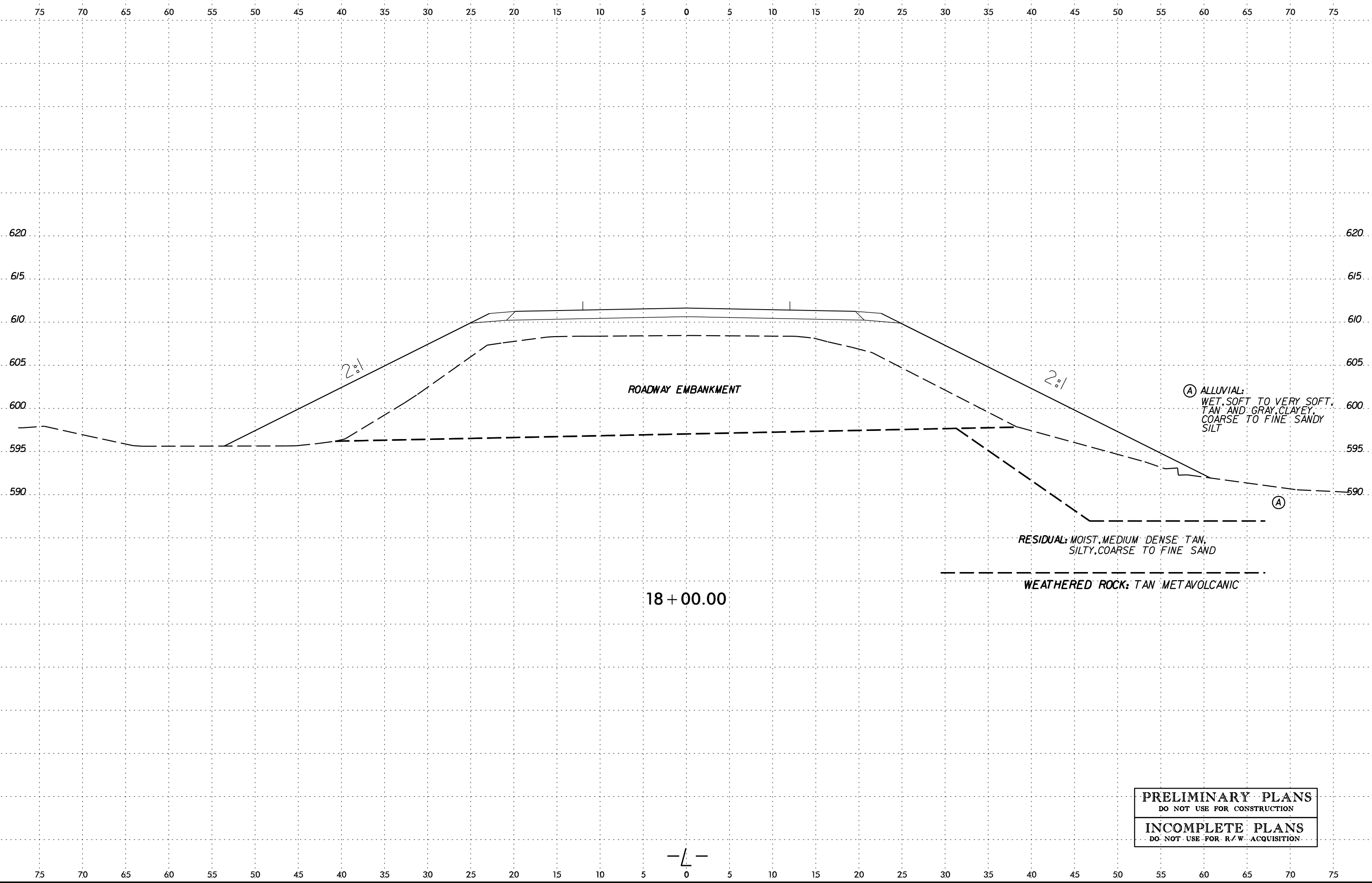
INCOMPLETE PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION





PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

INCOMPLETE PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION



(A) ALLUVIAL:
WET, SOFT TO VERY SOFT,
TAN AND GRAY, CLAYEY,
COARSE TO FINE SANDY
SILT

RESIDUAL: MOIST, MEDIUM DENSE TAN,
SILTY, COARSE TO FINE SAND

WEATHERED ROCK: TAN METAVOLCANIC

ROADWAY EMBANKMENT

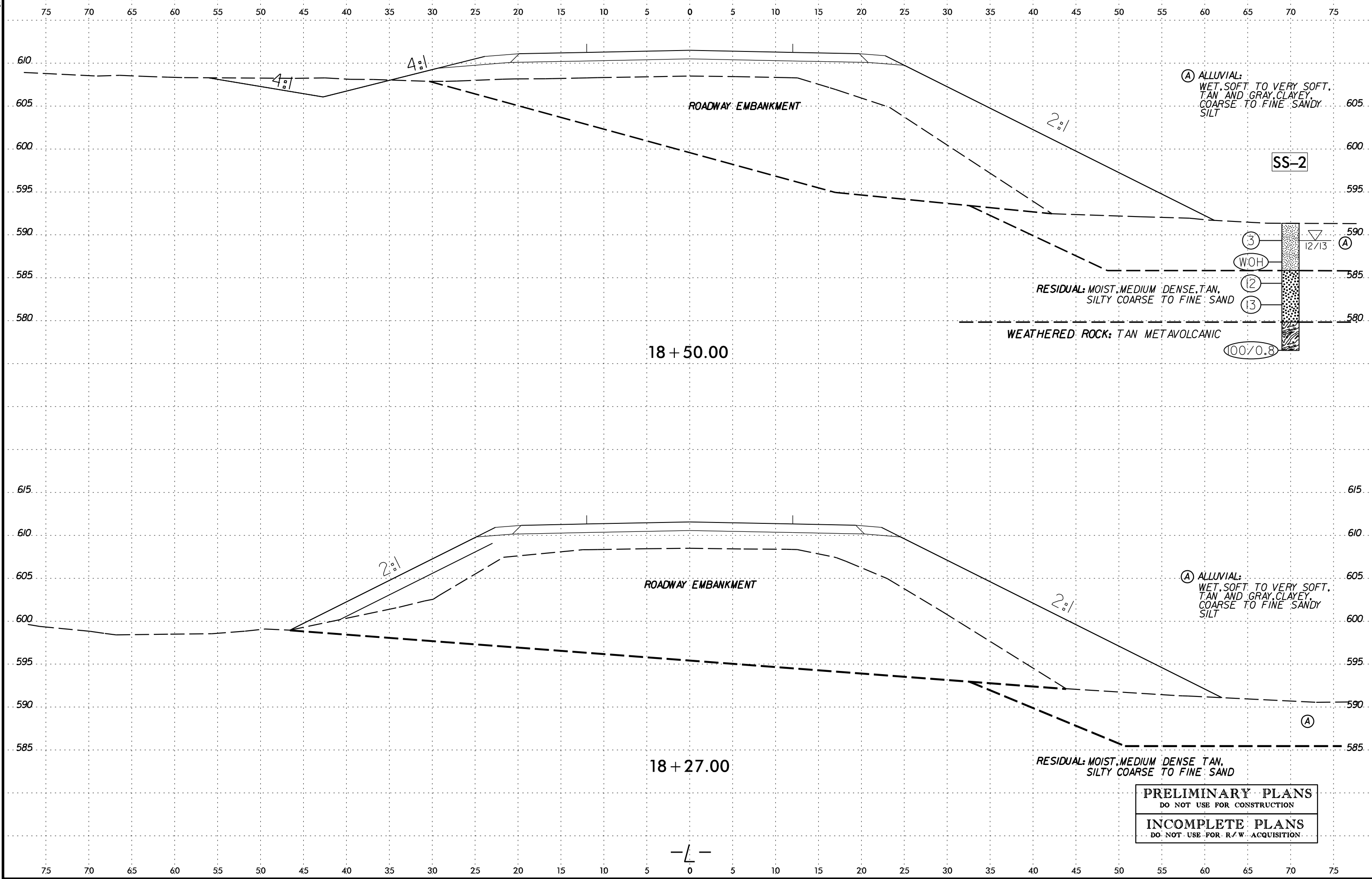
18 + 00.00

PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

INCOMPLETE PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION

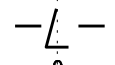


8/23/99

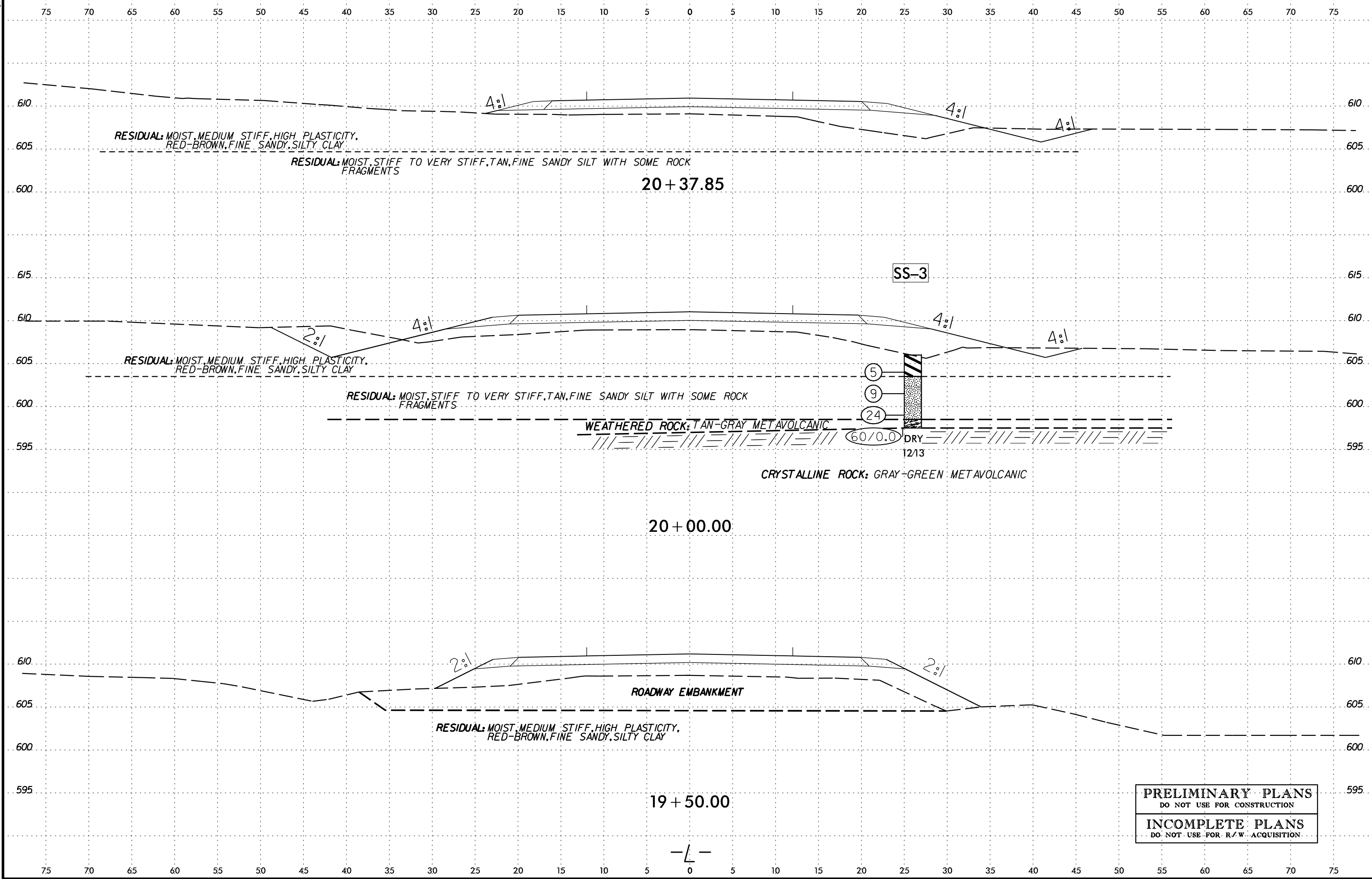


PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

INCOMPLETE PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION



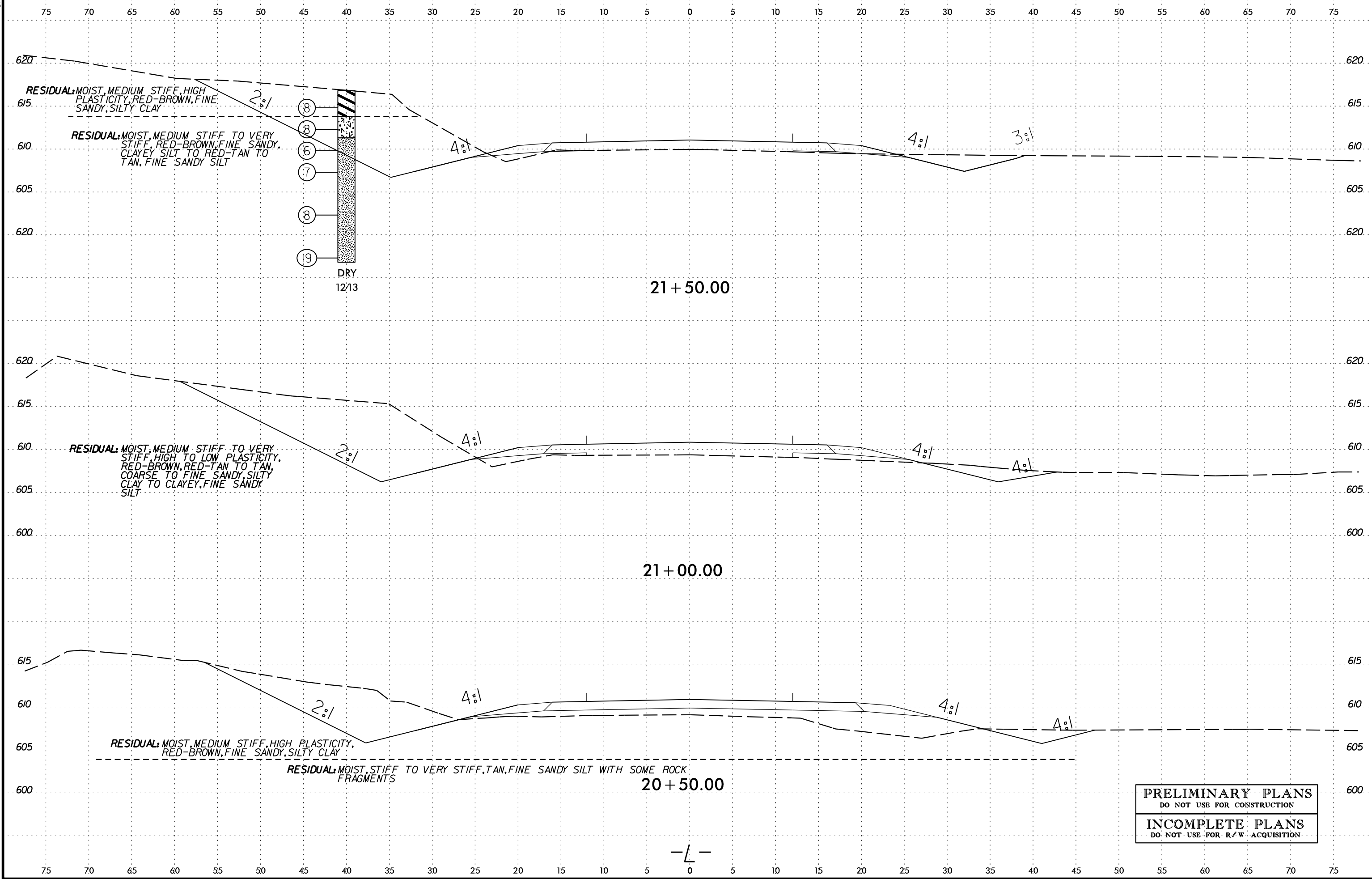
8/23/99



PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

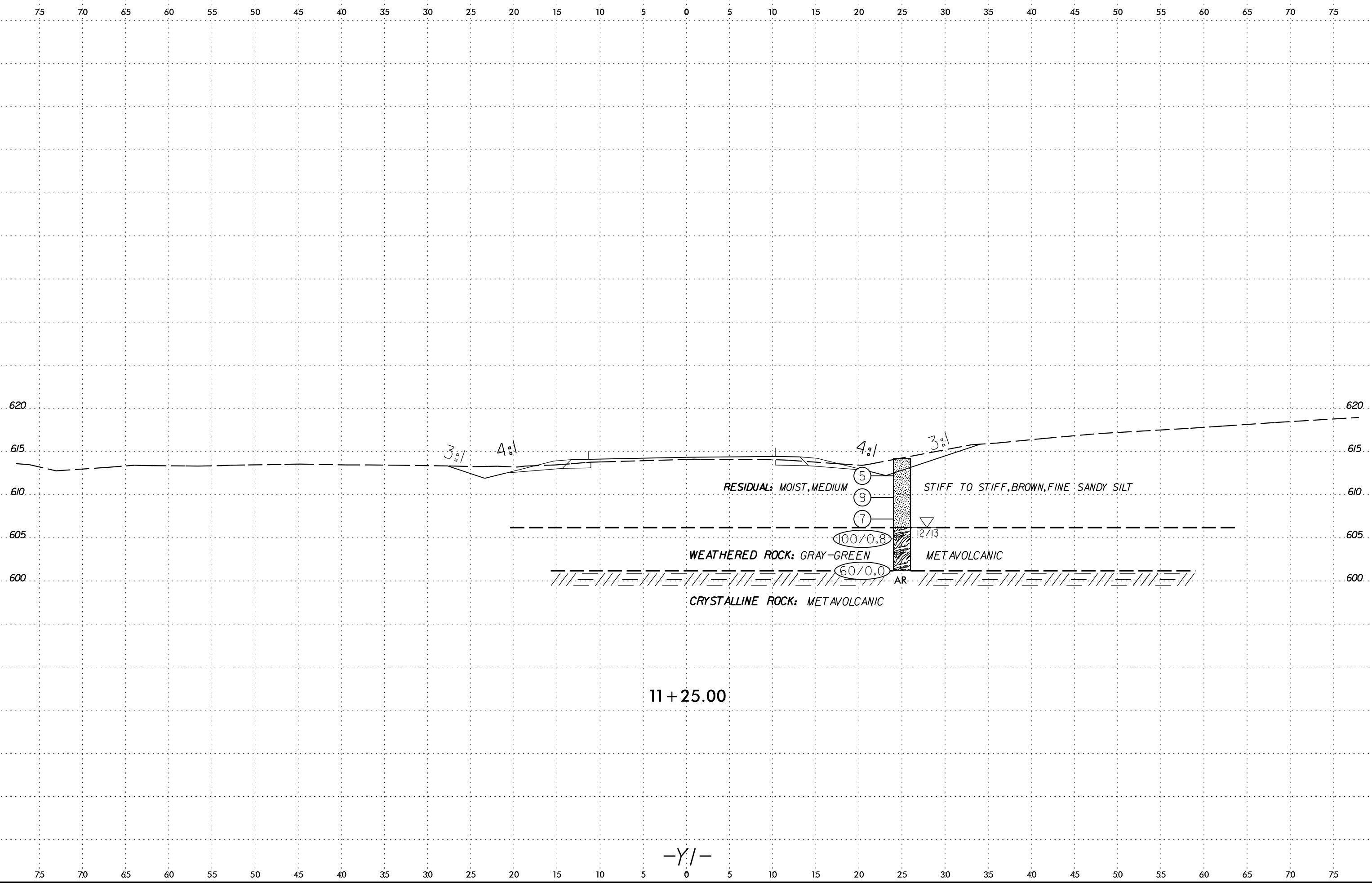
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DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION

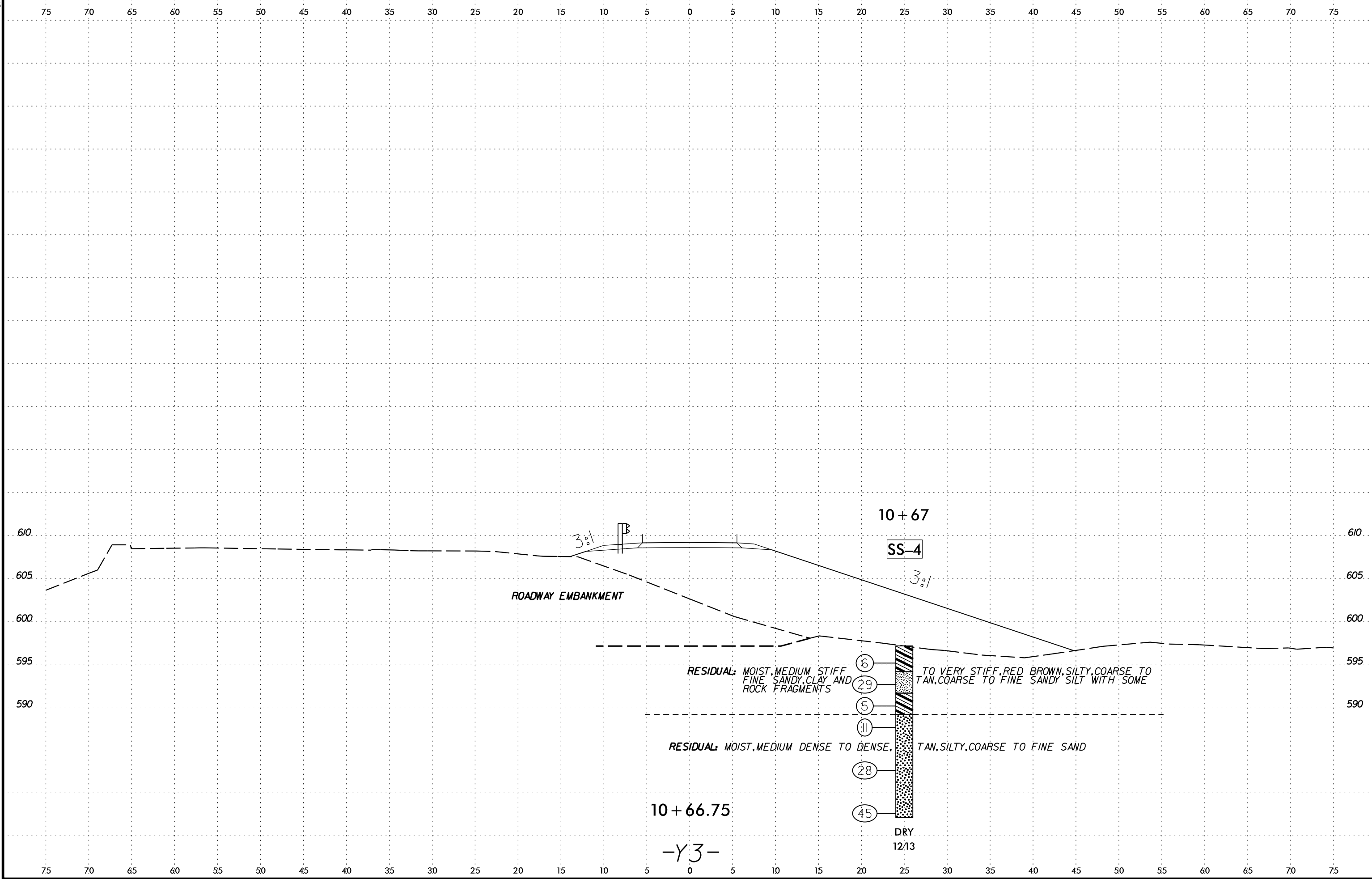
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PRELIMINARY PLANS
 DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

INCOMPLETE PLANS
 DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION





-Y3-

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST DATA

PROJECT NO. 42841.1.1 (B-5239)

FA NO. BRSTP-0087 (29)

COUNTY: ALAMANCE

REPLACE BRIDGE 126 OVER MILL RACE ON NC 87 & BRIDGE 119 OVER HAW RIVER ON NC 87

Boring Number	Alignment	Station	Offset	Sample Depth (ft.)	Sample No.	Natural Moisture Content (%)	AASHTO Class (Group Index)	N-Value (blows/ ft.)	Atterberg Limits			Gradation Results							
									L.L.	P.L.	P.I.	Pass #10 Sieve	Pass #40 Sieve	Pass #200 Sieve	Retained #270 Sieve	Coarse Sand (%)	Fine Sand (%)	Silt (%)	Clay (%)
L_1400	-L-	14+00	33' LT	3.5 - 5.0	SS-1	45.5	A-7-5 (30)	6	59	30	29	99	96	88	14	4.0	9.5	28.7	57.8
L_1850	-L-	18+50	70' RT	1.0 - 2.5	SS-2	25.5	A-4 (1)	3	27	19	8	99	81	48	56	27.5	28.2	22.5	21.8
L_2000	-L-	20+00	26' RT	1.0 - 2.5	SS-3	34.3	A-7-5 (25)	5	53	25	28	99	96	84	20	5.6	14.6	30.1	49.7
Y4_1000	-Y4-	10+00	25' RT	1.0 - 2.5	SS-4	27.2	A-6 (4)	5	40	22	18	86	61	44	52	36.0	16.3	21.5	26.2

SS = Split-Barrel Sample (ASTM-D-1586) ST = Shelby Tube (Undisturbed) Sample

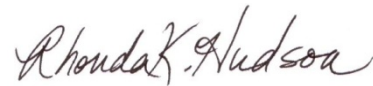
S = Grab Sample

NP -- Non Plastic

NA-- Non Applicable

Page: 1 of 1

Lab Technician: NCDOT Certification No.: 111-06-1203



Rhonda Hudson