

January 31, 2017

DRMP, Inc. 5950 Fairview Road, Suite 320 Charlotte, North Carolina 28210

Attention: Mr. Mike Hage, P.E.

Reference: Retaining Wall Recommendations Letter US 74 Superstreet Conversion, TIP W-5520 WBS Element 50092.1.FS1 Union County, North Carolina S&ME Project No. 1335-14-075 NC PE Firm License No. F-0176

Dear Mr. Hage:

The purpose of this letter report is to provide retaining wall information and recommendations to the design team for the subject project. The information contained in this report pertains to the retaining wall located at approximately STA 205+10 -L2-. Our services were performed in general accordance with the approved scope of services in the Subconsultant Amendment 1 for Professional Services dated May 2, 2016.

# Project Overview

A new cast-in-place concrete retaining wall will be constructed beginning at Station 205+10 for the US 74 Superstreet Conversion project in Union County, North Carolina. See the Site Plan (Sheet 2) for retaining wall location along -L2-. The retaining wall will provide grade separation between US 74 and the existing business situated on the western side of the alignment. The proposed wall will be approximately 250 feet long and will provide up to approximately four feet of grade separation.

# Exploration and Subsurface Conditions

### **Field Exploration**

Subsurface conditions were evaluated during our field investigation on May 25, 2016. Four hand auger borings with Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP) testing were performed along the retaining wall alignment by a geotechnical staff professional. The hand auger/DCP testing was performed to depths ranging between 7 and 8.5 feet below existing grades, with DCP testing performed at approximate 1-foot intervals. Representative portions of each soil sample were placed in glass jars and taken to our laboratory for subsequent classification testing.



The soils were classified in the field by S&ME personnel in general accordance with the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) system. The results of the classifications, as well as the field test results, are presented on the attached boring logs. Similar soils were grouped into strata on the logs. The strata contact lines represent approximate boundaries between the soil types; the actual transition between the soil types in the field may be gradual in both the horizontal and vertical directions.

Laboratory testing consisting of grain-size distribution, Atterberg Limits, and moisture content tests were performed on representative soil samples to confirm visual soil classifications and estimate the engineering properties of the soils tested. A summary of the laboratory testing results and detailed results sheets are attached.

### **Subsurface Conditions**

**Surface Materials:** Borings W-1, W-2, and W-4 encountered between 1 and 2 inches of topsoil. The pavement section at Boring W-3 was cored using a 6-inch diameter hollow-wall drill bit and encountered of 1 <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inches of asphalt underlain by 6 inches of ABC stone.

**Roadway Embankment:** Roadway embankment material was encountered in Borings W-1, W-2, and W-4 to depths of 1 to 3 feet. The roadway embankment consisted of medium stiff to stiff, moist to dry sandy silt (AASHTO classification A-4) and medium stiff to stiff, dry sandy clay (A-6). Average DCP blow counts ranged from 7 to 15 blows per increment (bpi).

**Artificial Fill:** Artificial fill soils were encountered beneath the existing pavements in Boring W-3, and beneath the roadway embankment material in Borings W-1, W-2, and W-4. These materials were encountered to a depth of about 4 to 5.5 feet. The artificial fill consisted of medium stiff, moist to wet sandy clay (A-6), and soft to stiff, moist to wet silty clay and clay (A-7-5 and A-7-6). Average DCP blow counts ranged from 5 to 11 bpi.

**Alluvial Soils:** Alluvial soils were encountered in each of the borings beneath the artificial fill materials. The alluvium consisted of soft to stiff, moist to saturated sandy clay (A-6), and medium stiff to stiff, moist to saturated clay (A-7-6). Average DCP blow counts ranged from 4 to 17 bpi. In addition, the alluvial soils in Borings W-1 encountered organic matter consisting of wood debris.

**Residual Soils:** Underlying the alluvial materials in Borings W-2, W-3, and W-4, residual soils were encountered to the termination depths. The residual soils consisted of medium stiff to stiff, moist sandy clay (A-6) and medium stiff to stiff saturated clay (A-7-6). Average DCP blow counts ranged from 5 to greater than 25 bpi.

**Groundwater:** Borings W-1, W-2, and W-4 encountered groundwater at the termination of field activities at depths of 5, 3, and 5 feet, respectively. Groundwater was not encountered in Boring W-3. Due to site safety concerns, subsequent water level measurements were not attempted. Please note that water levels tend to fluctuate with seasonal and climatic variations, as well as with some types of construction operations. Therefore, water may be encountered during construction operations at depths or elevations different than indicated in this study.



# Retaining Wall Recommendations

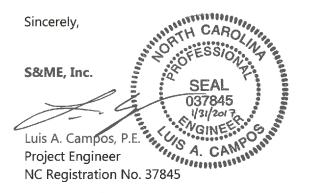
We understand plans are to use the NCDOT Standard Cast-In-Place Gravity Retaining Wall standard detail (attached) to design the subject retaining wall. The appropriate wall height (3 to <6 feet) and loading case (no slope case with traffic surcharge) should be selected for when using this standard. The soil conditions encountered generally do not meet the assumed in-situ soil parameters which the Standard Design Drawing is based upon. As such, we recommend that 2 feet of material be undercut from beneath the wall foundation elevation and replaced with a Class 2 (Type I or II) material to provide a more suitable subgrade. Also, although some organic matter was observed in the southernmost boring (W-1), the organic concentration was relatively low and not anticipated to effect the performance of the retaining wall due to the relatively small wall height.

# Closure

The information provided in this letter is based on our understanding of the project, information given in this report and on our interpretation of the information provided. We have made our recommendations based on our experience with similar subsurface conditions and similar projects. These analyses apply to the specific project discussed in this report; therefore, any changes in the project information should be provided to us so we may review our conclusions and make any appropriate modifications.

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of the client for specific application to the subject project and project site. It has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical engineering practice for specific application to this project. The conclusions and recommendations contained in this report are based upon applicable standards of our practice in this geographic area at the time this report was prepared. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made.

S&ME appreciates the opportunity to assist you during this phase of the project. If you should have questions concerning this report, or if we may be of further assistance, please contact us.



Senior Reviewed By: Kristen H. Hill, P.E., P.G.

Stewart S. Laney

Senior Project Engineer NC Registration No. 31013

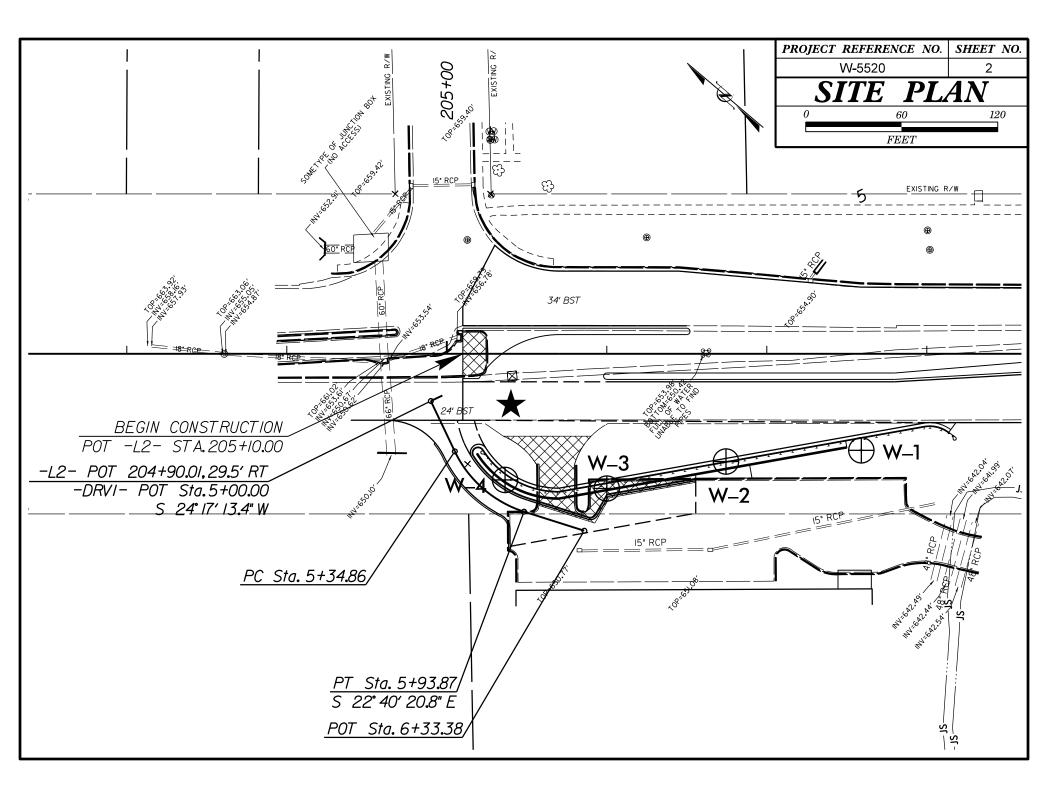


### Attachments

Soil and Rock Legend Site Plan Hand Auger/DCP Boring Logs Retaining Wall Profile Cast-In-Place (CIP) Gravity Retaining Wall standard detail Laboratory Test Results Cast-In-Place (CIP) Gravity Retaining Wall special provision Attachments

		PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO.
		W–5520 1
DIVISION GEOTECHNICAL	I OF I ENC	ENT OF TRANSPORTATION HIGHWAYS GINEERING UNIT
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TE		<b>SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS</b> OF 2)
SOIL DESCRIPTION SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THA		GRADATION WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE.
BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PEF ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM D1586). SOIL CLASSIFIC	R FOOT	UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOLD PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.
IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM, BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWIN CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANDULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE,	- :	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS
VERY STIFF, GRAV. SILTY CLAY. NOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6 SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION		THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, <u>SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED</u> , OR <u>ROUNDED</u> .
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS CLASS. (12.35, PASSING *280) CLASS. (2.35, PASSING *280)	LS	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5		ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.
CLASS.         A-1-b         A-2-4         A-2-5         A-2-7         A-3         A-6, A-7           SYMBOL         000000000000000000000000000000000000		
2. PASSING SILT-		MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50
*10 50 MX *40 38 MX 51 MN 51 MN *200 15 MX 25 MX 10 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 36 MN 36	MUCK, PEAT	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL GRANULAR SILT - CLAY ORGANIC MATERIAL SOLS SOLS
MATERIAL		ORGANIC         MATERIAL         SOILS         OTHER MATERIAL           TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER         2 - 3%         3 - 5%         TRACE         1 - 10%           LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER         3 - 5%         5 - 12%         LITTLE         10 - 20%
PASSING *40 LL – – 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN LITTLE OR		MODERATELY ORGANIC         5 - 10%         12 - 20%         SOME         20 - 35%           HIGHLY ORGANIC         > 10%         > 20%         HIGHLY 35%         AND ABOVE
PI         6 MX         NP         18 MX         11 MN         11 MN         11 MN         10 MX         18 MX         11 MN         11 MN<	HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS	GROUND WATER
USUAL TYPES STONE FRACS. FINE SILTY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY MATTER	5012.5	✓ WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING
MATERIALS SAND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SUILS SUILS		✓ STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER <u>24</u> HOURS ✓ PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA
AS SUBGRADE EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR POOR	UNSUITABLE	
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ;PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30 CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS		MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR PANGE OF STANDARD RANGE OF UNCO	RENGTH	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) 25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION
	2)	WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION FOR ROCK STRUCTURES
GENERALLY         LITE 0002           GRANULAR         LOOSE         4 TO 10           MATERIAL         MEDIUM DENSE         10 TO 30         N/A		
(NON-COHESIVE) DENSE 30 TO 50 VERY DENSE >50		ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT
VERY SOFT         < 2         < 0.25           GENERALLY         SOFT         2 TO 4         0.25 TO 0	.5	
SILT-CLAY         MEDIUM STIFF         4 TO 8         Ø.5 TO 1.           MATERIAL         STIFF         8 TO 15         1 TO 2	_	
(COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4 HARD > 30 > 4		INSTALLATION
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE           U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE         4         10         40         60         200         270		RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS
OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053		ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE
BOULDER         COBBLE         GRAVEL         COARSE         FINE         SILT           (BLDR.)         (COB.)         (GR.)         SAND         SAND         SAND         SAND	CLAY	UNDERCUT ACCEPTABLE DEGRADABLE ROCK EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL ABBREVIATIONS
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005		R - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST
SIZE IN. 12 3 SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	CL	BORING TERMINATED     MICA MICACEOUS     WEA WEATHERED       1L CLAY     MOD MODERATELY     Y - UNIT WEIGHT       DT - CONF DENETDATION TEET     ND - NON DEATLY     Y - UNIT WEIGHT
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESC		PT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC $\gamma_d$ - DRY UNIT WEIGHT :SE COARSE ORG ORGANIC NT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST <u>SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS</u>
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUA	DF	PT - DURANDE PENETRATION TEST         SAP SAPDLITIC         S - BULK           > - VOID RATIO         SD SAND, SANDY         SS - SPLIT SPOON
(SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER	TABLE F	TOB         SL SILT, SILTY         ST - SHELBY TUBE           rOSS FOSSILIFEROUS         SLI SLIGHTLY         RS - ROCK
PLASTIC AND CONTRACT	FF	TRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES     TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL     RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIA       FRAGS FRAGMENTS     W - MOISTURE CONTENT     CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING       11 HIGHLY     V - VERY     RATIO
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOI SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT		EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT
- DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO		CME-45C CLAY BITS AUTOMATIC MANUAL
	[	CME-55     CME-55     CME STORE AUGENT HOUSEN     CORE SIZE:     S*HOLLOW AUGERS     CORE SIZE:     S*HOLLOW AUGERS     S*HOLLOW AUGER     S*HOL AUGER     S*HOLLOW
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGT	н [	CME-550     HARD FACED FINGER BITS     -N
NON PLASTIC         0-5         VERY LOW           SLIGHTLY PLASTIC         6-15         SLIGHT           MODERATELY PLASTIC         16-25         MEDIUM		VANE SHEAR TEST
HIGHLY PLASTIC 26 OR MORE HIGH		PORTABLE HOIST     TRICONE     STEEL TEETH     Year and the construction of the co
COLOR	┨┌	
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE- MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.		→

r	PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO.
	W–5520 1A
NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTM	
DIVISION OF GEOTECHNICAL EN	
SUBSURFACE IN	VESTIGATION
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS,	•
(PAGE 2	OF 2)
ROCK DESCRIPTION HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
ROCK LINE INDICHIES IME LEVEL HI WHICH NORVCURSIHL PENIN' WHICHTAL WOULD TIELD SFT REPOSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK.	AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.
ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:	ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.
ROCK (WR) 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED. CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE.	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.
RUCK (CH) GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.	CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM
NOK-CHISINELINE SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YEILD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK (NCR) ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SANDSTONE, ETC. COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD CEDIMENTARY ROCK TYPE INCLUDES INFORMED AND TAKE CHARACTED	OF SLOPE. <u>CORE RECOVERY (REC.)</u> - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED
SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED (CP) SHELL BEDS, ETC. WEATHERING	BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. <u>DIKE</u> - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.
FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.	DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.
VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, (V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.
SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO (SLI.) I INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY, IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS. MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOIR ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.
DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM, FORMATION (FM) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE
MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT DUARIZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH (MOD. SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK.	FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT	LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
(SEV.) REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. IF TESTED, WOLD VIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOIL) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS
VERY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE SEVERE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING, SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR	USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. <u>PERCHED WATER</u> - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <u>IF TESTED WOLD YIELD SPT N VALUES &lt; 100 BPF</u> COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	RESIDUAL (RES.)SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF
SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. OUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
ROCK HARDNESS VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.
HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	<u>SILL</u> - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGREOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.
MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.
MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE)(SPI) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LE HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF I FOOT INTO SOLL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL
POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN	TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. <u>STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.)</u> - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES I INCH	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE, CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.	TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
FRACTURE         SPACING         BEDDING           TERM         SPACING         THICKNESS           VERY WIDE         MORE THAN 10 FEET         VERY THICKLY BEDDED         4 FEET	BENCH MARK: TOP OF NEARBY CATCH BASIN, STA 205+83 RT
WIDE         3 TO 10 FEET         THICKLY BEDDED         1.5 - 4 FEET           MODERATELY CLOSE         1 TO 3 FEET         THINLY BEDDED         0.16 - 1.5 FEET	ELEVATION: 650.8 FEET
CLOSE         0.16         TO         I FOOT         VERY THINLY BEDDED         0.03         -0.16         FEET           VERY CLOSE         LESS THAN 0.16         FEET         THICKLY LAMINATED         0.008         F0.03         FEET	
INDURATION FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	1
FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS: GENILE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE: BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	
INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER, CLADE LANNED DI OUC PROUCE TO DECK CAMPLE.	
EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	DATE: 8-15-14



ROJECT:	Union	S-74 Superstreet Conversion County, North Carolina IE Project No. 1335-14-075		BOR	RING LOG:	<b>W</b> -	1
ATE PERFOR ERFORMED B ORING DEPTH /ATER LEVEL:	MED: <b>5/25/2016</b> 3Y: <b>JW / TW</b> H: <b>8.5 feet</b>	NORTHING: <b>487241</b> EASTING: <b>1505158</b> ELEVATION: <b>651.2 feet</b>			Dynamic Cone Pe d in general acco		-
HAI	ND AUGER / D	YNAMIC CONE PENETRO	METER SC	UND	ING REC	ORD	
DEPTH (FEET)		DESCRIPTION					25
0 - 0.1		Topsoil (1 inch)		0	0.0	<b>1</b> 2	
0.1 - 2	ROADWAY EMBA	NKMENT: Tan Brown Sandy SILT (A- trace of rock fragments	• <b>4)</b> , stiff, moist,		.0	12 14 14 14	
2 - 4	ARTIFICIAL FILL:	Orange Brown Sandy <b>CLAY (A-6)</b> , mea to wet	dium stiff, moist		.0 7 6 6	12 10 10	
4 - 5.5	ALLUVIUM: Gray	Sandy <b>CLAY (A-6)</b> , stiff to medium stif trace of wood debris and roots	f, moist to wet,	feet)	5.0 5.0 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	11 17	
5.5 - 8	ALLUVIUM: Gray	<b>CLAY (A-7-6)</b> , medium stiff, saturated, debris	trace of wood		i.0 7 7 7 7	8	
8 - 8.5	ALLU	VIUM: Tan CLAY (A-7-6), stiff, saturate	ed	8	3.0 T	11	
	Hand auger termi	nated at 8.5 feet due to caving soils.		9	.0		
	Groundwater encoun	tered at 5 feet 4 hours after termination	۱.				



9751 Southern Pine Boulevard Charlotte, North Carolina 28723 Phone: (704) 523-4726 • Fax: (704) 525-3953

			SHEET
ROJECT:	W-5520 US-74 Superstreet Conversion Union County, North Carolina S&ME Project No. 1335-14-075	BORING LOG:	W-2
ATE PERFOR	MED: 5/25/2016 NORTHING: 487301	NOTES: Dynamic Cone Penetro performed in general accordance	
ERFORMED E	BY: JW / TW EASTING: 1505098	399.	ce with ASTIN S
ORING DEPT			
ATER LEVEL			
HA	ND AUGER / DYNAMIC CONE PENETROMETER S		RD
DEPTH (FEET)	DESCRIPTION		
0 - 0.2	Topsoil (2 inches)	0.0	
0.2 - 1	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT: Tan Brown Sandy SILT (A-4), medium stif dry	f,	
1 - 3	ARTIFICIAL FILL: Orange Brown Sandy CLAY (A-6), medium stiff to soft, moist to wet	2.0	
3 - 4.5	ARTIFICIAL FILL: Red Brown Silty CLAY (A-7-5), medium stiff, wet	4.0 6 5	12
4.5 - 6	ALLUVIUM: Gray Sandy CLAY (A-6), soft, saturated	Depty (teet)	
6 - 8.2	<b>RESIDUUM:</b> Orange Brown <b>CLAY (A-7-6)</b> , medium stiff to stiff, saturated, trace of rock fragments	6.0 5 5 5 5 5 8.0	13 22 2 2 2
Groundv	Hand auger terminated by auger refusal at 8.2 feet. vater encountered at 4.2 feet at terminiation and at 3 feet 5 hours after termination.	9.0	
		10.0	
	<b>Same</b> 9751 Southern Pine Boule Charlotte, North Carolina Phone: (704) 523-4726 • Fa	28723	

						S	HEET
ROJECT:		Superstreet Conversion ounty, North Carolina	B	ORING		w	-3
		roject No. 1335-14-075			200.	••	-0
ATE PERFORM		NORTHING: <b>487335</b>	NOTE	S: Dynam	nic Cone Pe	netrometer 1	Testing
ERFORMED BY		EASTING: 1505047		med in ge	eneral accor	dance with	ASTM ST
			399.				
ORING DEPTH:	Not Encountered	ELEVATION: 653.7 feet					
		NAMIC CONE PENETROMETER S	OUN		G REC	ORD	
			<u> </u>			-	
DEPTH		DESCRIPTION				Penetromete lows/1-3/4")	
(FEET)		DESCRIPTION		0	•	15 20	
0.01		$\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{A} + $	_	0.0	5 10	15 20	
0 - 0.1 0.1 - 0.6		Asphalt (1.75 inches)	_				
0.1 - 0.6		ABC Stone (6 inches)	-				
				1.0	• •		
					5		
0.6 - 3		Orange Brown Silty CLAY (A 7 5) act maint			4		
0.6 - 3		Orange Brown Silty CLAY (A-7-5), soft, moist		2.0			
				2.0	5		
					4		
					4		
				3.0			
					5	12	
3 - 4	ARTIFICIAL FILL:	Red Brown CLAY (A-7-6), medium stiff, moist		-		17	
-	-						
			_	4.0			
						11	
			÷	-		12	
4 - 5.5	ALLUVIUM: Gray	Sandy CLAY (A-6), stiff to medium stiff, moist	Depth (feet)				
			ţ	5.0			
			)ep		4 6		
					• 5		
				6.0			
				0.0	7		
					7 8	3 15	
5.5 - 8	RESIDUUM: Tan Bro	wn Sandy CLAY (A-6), medium stiff to stiff, moist					
				7.0		$ \rightarrow $	
							21
							2
				8.0			22
	Hand auger termin	nated at 8 feet in residual soils.					2
	-						
	Groundw	ater not encountered.		9.0			
land auger ref	fusal encountered on u	nknown obstructions within fill soils at 2.5, 3.0, and	ł				
0		et in offset borings.					
				10.0 L			
•							
		9751 Southern Pine Boule	vard				
10-15	5&M	Charlotte, North Carolina 2					
		Phone: (704) 523-4726 • Fa			5-3053	l	
				, +, 02	5 5500		

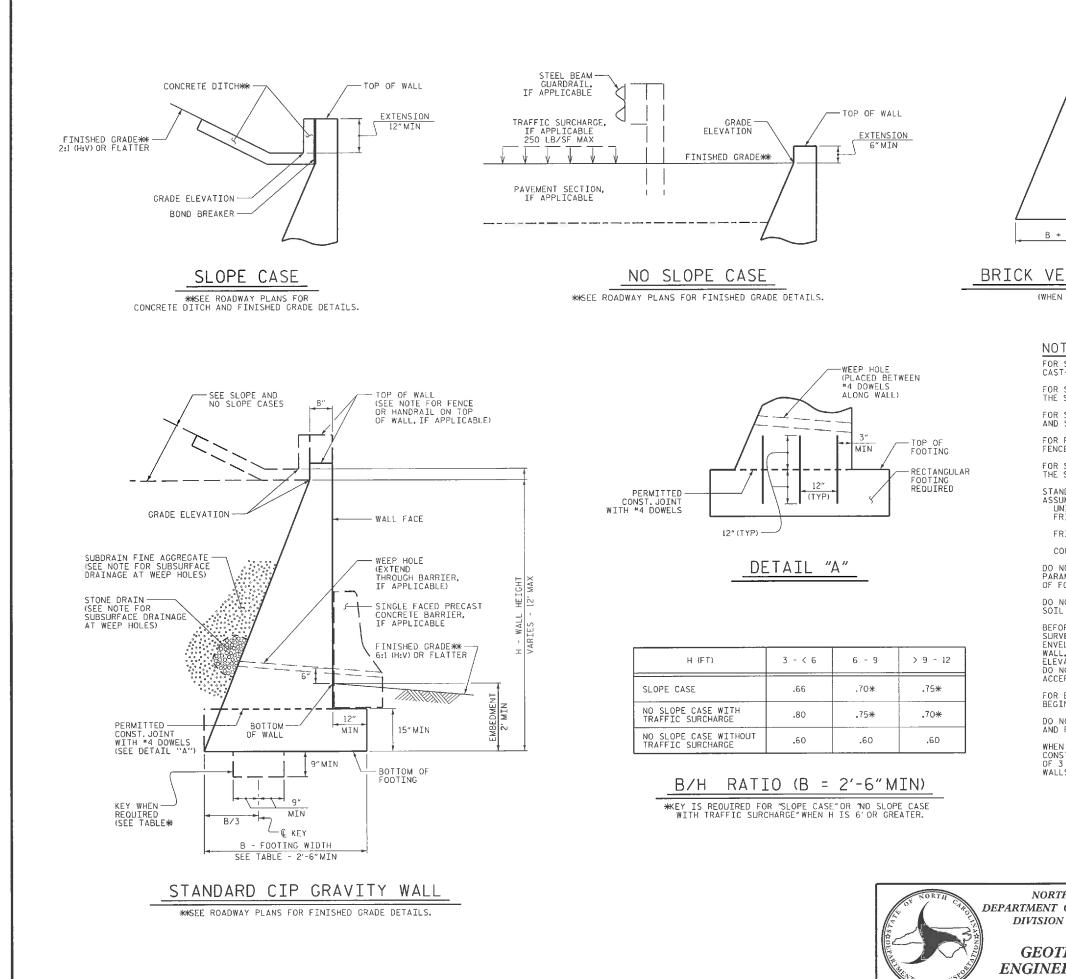
						300	ET
PROJECT:		-74 Superstreet Conversion	Б		1.00	10/ 4	
		County, North Carolina E Project No. 1335-14-075		ORING	LUG	W-4	
DATE PERFORM PERFORMED B	MED: 5/25/2016 Y: JW / TW	NORTHING: <b>487399</b> EASTING: <b>1505000</b>		-	ic Cone Pene neral accorda		-
BORING DEPTH WATER LEVEL:		ELEVATION: 655.5 feet					
		YNAMIC CONE PENETROMETER S				חסו	
DEPTH		DESCRIPTION			amic Cone Per sistance (Blov		
(FEET)				0	5 10	15 20	25
0 - 0.2		Topsoil (2 inches)		0.0		▲ 18	٦
0.2 - 3	ROADWAY EMBAN	<b>IKMENT:</b> Orange Brown Sandy <b>CLAY (A-6)</b> , mediur stiff to stiff, dry	n	1.0 2.0 3.0	7777	13 13 13 13 16	
3 - 5.5	ARTIFICIAL FILL:	Red Brown <b>CLAY (A-7-6)</b> , medium stiff to stiff, mois	Depth (feet)	4.0	7 8 1 7 8 1 2 7 8 7 7 8 7 8 7	13 12 13	_
5.5 - 6.2	ALLUVI	UM: Gray CLAY (A-7-6), stiff, moist to wet		6.0			_
6.2 - 7	RESIDUUM:	Orange Brown Sandy CLAY (A-6), stiff, moist		7.0		0 12	
	Hand auger ter	minated at 7 feet in residual soils.			t	12 12 14	
(	Groundwater encount	ered at 5 feet 3 hours after termination.		8.0			
	Auger refusal enc	ountered at 2.8 feet in offset boring.					
				9.0			
				10.0			



9751 Southern Pine Boulevard Charlotte, North Carolina 28723 Phone: (704) 523-4726 • Fax: (704) 525-3953

							_															_											$\vdash$	<b>F</b>		W-5520	E NO.		SHEET 7
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Л	A CAMMUN	
	1/31/2017 SKINATUSE	
		ONSIDERED FINAL TURES COMPLETED
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3 + 4"		
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HEN APPLICABLE)	<u>.                                    </u>	
IOTES: or_standard_cast-in-place_(		LS, SEE
AST-IN-PLACE GRAVITY RETAIN OR STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL,SE		ON 862 OF
HE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS		
OR SINGLE FACED PRECAST CON ND SECTION 857 OF THE STANE		Y PLANS
OR FENCES OR HANDRAILS ON T ENCE OR HANDRAIL ATTACHMEN		PLANS FOR
OR SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE AT THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.		-8 OF
TANDARD CIP GRAVITY WALLS SSUMED SOIL PARAMETERS:	ARE BASED ON THE FOLLOWIN	G IN-SITU
UNIT WEIGHT, $y = 120$ LB/CF FRICTION ANGLE, $\phi = 35$ DEGR	EES	
FRICTION ANGLE, $\phi$ = 30 DEGF	'OF BOTTOM OF FOOTING) REES N 7'BELOW BOTTOM OF FOOTI	[NG)
COHESION, c = 0 LB/SF 0 NOT USE STANDARD CIP GRA	VITY WALLS IF ASSUMED SOT	
ARAMETERS ARE NOT APPLICAB F FOOTING.		
O NOT USE STANDARD CIP GRA OIL OR MUCK IS BELOW WALLS		E OR SOFT
EFORE BEGINNING STANDARD C	IP GRAVITY WALL CONSTRUCT	DW AT L
NVELOPES)FOR REVIEW. FOR WA ALL_EXISTING CROUND AND GR LEVATIONS AS NEEDED AT INT O NOT START WALL CONSTRUCT	ADE ELEVATIONS AND OTHER	OM OF
LEVATIONS AS NEEDED AT INT O NOT START WALL CONSTRUCT CCEPTED.	ERVALS OF 25'OR LESS ALONG ION UNTIL WALL ENVELOPES	🤉 WALLS. ARE
OR BRICK VENEERS, SUBMIT BR EGINNING STANDARD CIP GRAV	ICK SAMPLES FOR APPROVAL	BEFORE
O NOT PLACE CONCRETE FOR FO	DOTINGS UNTIL EXCAVATION	DIMENSIONS
ND FOUNDATION MATERIAL ARE HEN CONSTRUCTING STANDARD	CIP GRAVITY WALLS WITH A	
ONSTRUCTION JOINT AS SHOWN F 3 EQUALLY SPACED *4 DOWEL	IN DETAIL "A", PROVIDE A N	
ALLS.		
	PROJECT NO.: W-5520	
	STATION: 250+19 to 207	UNION COUNTY
	STATION. 250+19 to 207 SHEET 8 OF 9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
RTH CAROLINA	STANDARD DE	TAIL NO. 453.01
IT OF TRANSPORTATION ON OF HIGHWAYS		
	STANDA CAST-IN-PLA	
DTECHNICAL IEERING UNIT	GRAVITY RETAIL	NING WALL SHEET
LINING UNIT		NO.

DATE: 3-17-15

#### PROJECT W-5520

						SOI	L TES	T RESU	LTS							
SAMPLE				DEPTH					% BY WE	EIGHT		% PA	SSING (SI	EVES)	%	%
NO.	STATION	OFFSET	ALIGNMENT	INTERVAL	AASHTO	L.L.	P.I.	C. SAND	F. SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200	MOISTURE	ORGANIC
S-1	206+00	84 RT	-L2-	3.5-4.7'	A-7-5 (19)	50	16	2	7	46	44	99	97	92.5	30.9	-
S-2	205+36	79 RT	-L2-	2-2.5'	A-7-6 (28)	57	28	5	12	34	48	99	95	87.5	30.6	-
S-3	206+74	67 RT	-L2-	4-4.5'	A-7-5 (36)	67	34	6	4	32	57	99	95	89.8	34.2	-

### Form No. TR-T88

Revision No. 0 Revision Date: 12/20/09

### **Particle Size Analysis of Soils**

AASHTO T88 as Modified by NCDOT



					~	ty Assurance
		9751 Southern Pine	Boulevard			
S&ME Project #:	1335-14-075 Pha			1	rt Date:	6/9/16
Project Name:	US-74 Superstre				Date(s):	6/3-9/16
State Project #:	50092.1.FS1	F.A. Project No: 1	NA	TIF	PNO: W-55	520
Client Name:	DRMP, Inc.					
Address:	5950 Fairview R					
Boring #:	W-3	I	S-1		Sample Date:	5/25/16
Location:	Borehole	Offset: 1	NA		Depth (ft):	2-2.5'
Sample Description	•			Orange Brow	vn Silty CLAY	A-7-5 (19)
	" 1" 3/4" 1/2'3/8" #4	#10 #20 #4	0 #60 #100	#200 #270		
90%						
				<b>N</b>		+ +
80%				<b>\</b>		+ +
<b>7</b> 00/						
70%						
.ü 60%						
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tig 50%						
40%					<b></b>	
40 / 0						
30%						+ +
						+ +
20%						
10%						
						+ +
0%	10	Particle Size	( <b>mm</b> )	0.1	0.01	0.001
			· · ·		-	
Gravel	As Defined by NCDOT	m and $> 2.00 \text{ mm}$	Fir	ne Sand Silt		and $> 0.05 \text{ mm}$
Coarse Sand		nm and $>0.25$ mm		Clay		1 > 0.005 mm 005 mm
Maximum Particle S		Coarse Sa		2%	Silt	46%
Gravel	1%	Fine Sand		7%	Clay	44%
Apparent Relative I		Moisture		30.9%	% Passing #20	
Liquid Limit	50	Plastic Li		34	Plastic Index	16
		Soil Mortar (			1 100010 1110011	10
Coarse Sand	2%	,	8%	Silt	46% (	Clay 44%
	d & Gravel Particles:	Rounded			Angular	X
Hard & Dura		Soft		Weat	thered & Friable	
<b>References</b> / Comments						
Karen W	varner_	NCDOT 118-06-030	<u>5</u>	Laboratory Tec	chnician	
Technician	Name	Certification No.		Position		Date
		l'in	_			
Luis Car		H	_	Project Eng	<u>ineer</u>	
Technical Resp		Signature	11	Position	PMT L	Date
	inis report shall no	t be reproduced, except in fu	u, witnout the v	vruten approval of S	CAME, INC.	

3201 Spring Forest Road

### Form No. TR-T88

Revision No. 0 Revision Date: 12/20/09

### **Particle Size Analysis of Soils**

\$S&ME

**Quality Assurance** 

AASHTO T88 as Modified by NCDOT

S&ME, Inc. ~ 9751 Southern Pine Boulevard~Charlotte, NC 28273

Report Date: S&ME Project #: 1335-14-075 Phase 01 6/9/16 **Project Name: US-74 Superstreet Conversion** Test Date(s): 6/3-9/16 State Project #: 50092.1.FS1 F.A. Project No: NA TIP NO: W-5520 Client Name: DRMP, Inc. Address: 5950 Fairview Road, Suite 320 W-4 S-2 Sample Date: Boring #: Sample #: 5/25/16 Depth (ft): Borehole Offset: NA 3.5-4.7' Location: Sample Description: Red Brown CLAY A-7-6 (28)#200 #270 1.5" 1"3/4" 1/2'3/8" #4 #10 #20 #40 #60 #100 100% . 90% 80% 70% Percent Passing 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% 10 0.1 0.01 0.001 100 Particle Size (mm) As Defined by NCDOT < 0.25 mm and > 0.05 mm Fine Sand < 75 mm and > 2.00 mm < 0.05 and > 0.005 mmGravel Silt Coarse Sand < 2.00 mm and >0.25 mm Clay < 0.005 mm Maximum Particle Size #4 **Coarse Sand** 5% Silt 34% 1% Fine Sand 12% 48% Gravel Clay **Apparent Relative Density** 2.650 Moisture Content 30.6% % Passing #200 87.5% 29 Liquid Limit 57 **Plastic Limit** Plastic Index 28 Soil Mortar (-#10 Sieve) Coarse Sand 5% Fine Sand 12% Silt 34% Clay 49% X Description of Sand & Gravel Particles: Rounded Angular Weathered & Friable Soft Hard & Durable X **References / Comments / Deviations:** Laboratory Technician Karen Warner NCDOT 118-06-0305 Technician Name Certification No. Position Date Luis Campos **Project Engineer** Technical Responsibility Signature Position Date

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3201 Spring Forest Road Raleigh, NC 27616 1335-14-075 Ph. 01 HA-4 S-2 (3.5-4.7') Classification.xls

### Form No. TR-T88

Revision No. 0 Revision Date: 12/20/09

## **Particle Size Analysis of Soils**

S&ME

AASHTO T88 as Modified by NCDOT

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S&ME	Pr	oje	ect	#:		13	335-	-14	-07	75 J	Pha	ase (	01											Re	port Date:				6/9	/16		
Project	Na	am	e:			U	S-74	4 S	up	ers	tre	et C	lonv	vers	ior	1								Te	st Date(s):				6/3-	9/16	ó	
State P	roj	ect	: #:			5(	0092	2.1	.FS	51		F	A.	Pro	ojec	ct N	lo:	NA	Ą					- -	TIP NO:	٦	W-5	552	0			
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3201 Spring Forest Road

# **GT-#.1**

### CAST-IN-PLACE GRAVITY RETAINING WALLS

### (3-17-15)

#### 1.0 GENERAL

Construct cast-in-place (CIP) gravity retaining walls consisting of CIP concrete supported by and connected to concrete footings. Construct CIP gravity retaining walls based on actual elevations and wall dimensions in accordance with the contract, accepted submittals and if included in the plans, Standard Detail No. 453.01. Define "CIP gravity wall" as a CIP gravity retaining wall.

#### 2.0 MATERIALS

Refer to Division 10 of the Standard Specifications.

Item	Section
Curing Agents	1026
Geotextiles, Type 1	1056
Joint Materials	1028
Masonry	1040
Portland Cement Concrete, Class A	1000
Reinforcing Steel	1070
Subdrain Coarse Aggregate	1044-2
Subdrain Fine Aggregate	1044-1

Use geotextiles and subdrain aggregate for subsurface drainage at weep holes and reinforcing steel for dowels.

#### 3.0 CIP GRAVITY WALL SURVEYS

The plans typically show a plan view, typical sections, details, notes and an elevation or profile view (wall envelope) for each CIP gravity wall. Before beginning CIP gravity wall construction, survey existing ground elevations along wall face locations and other elevations in the vicinity of CIP gravity wall locations as needed. For proposed slopes above or below CIP gravity walls, survey existing ground elevations to at least 10 ft beyond slope stake points. Based on these elevations, finished grades and actual CIP gravity wall dimensions and details, submit wall envelopes for acceptance. Use accepted wall envelopes for construction.

#### 4.0 CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Control drainage during construction in the vicinity of CIP gravity walls. Direct run off away from CIP gravity walls and backfill. Contain and maintain backfill and protect material from erosion.

Excavate as necessary for CIP gravity walls in accordance with the plans. Unless required otherwise in the plans, embed bottom of footings at least 2 ft below bottom of walls shown in the plans. If applicable and at the Contractor's option, use temporary shoring for wall construction instead of temporary slopes to construct CIP gravity walls. Define "temporary

shoring for wall construction" as temporary shoring not shown in the plans or required by the Engineer including shoring for OSHA reasons or the Contractor's convenience.

Notify the Engineer when foundation excavation is complete. Do not place concrete for footings until excavation depth and foundation material are approved.

Construct CIP gravity walls at elevations and with dimensions shown in the plans and in accordance with Section 420 of the *Standard Specifications*. Use dowels for construction joints at top of footings as shown in the plans. Extend top of walls at least 6" above where finished grade intersects back of CIP gravity walls.

Unless required otherwise in the plans, provide a Class 2 surface finish for exposed surfaces of CIP gravity walls that meets Subarticle 420-17(F) of the *Standard Specifications*. Construct wall joints at a spacing of 10 ft to 12 ft unless required otherwise in the plans. Make 1/2" thick expansion joints that meet Article 420-10 of the *Standard Specifications* for every third joint and 1/2" deep grooved contraction or sawed joints that meet Subarticle 825-10(B) or 825-10(E) respectively of the *Standard Specifications* for the remaining joints.

Construct 3" diameter weep holes on 10 ft centers along CIP gravity walls. Provide subsurface drainage at weep holes in accordance with Article 414-8 of the *Standard Specifications*. Exit weep holes just above finished grade and slope holes at 1" per foot through CIP gravity walls so water drains out of front of walls. When single faced precast concrete barrier is required in front of and against CIP gravity walls, extend weep holes through barrier at the same slope.

Do not remove forms or backfill behind CIP gravity walls until concrete attains a compressive strength of at least 2,400 psi. Backfill for CIP gravity walls in accordance with Article 410-8 of the *Standard Specifications*.

If a brick veneer is required, construct brick masonry in accordance with Section 830 of the *Standard Specifications*. Anchor brick veneers to CIP gravity walls with approved brick to concrete type anchors in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Space anchors no more than 16" apart in the vertical direction and no more than 32" apart in the horizontal direction with each row of anchors staggered 16" from the row above and below.

#### 5.0 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

*CIP Gravity Retaining Walls* will be measured and paid in square feet. CIP gravity walls will be measured as the square feet of wall face area with the pay height equal to the difference between top of wall and top of footing elevations. Define "top of wall" as top of CIP concrete.

The contract unit price for *CIP Gravity Retaining Walls* will be full compensation for providing submittals, labor, tools, equipment and CIP gravity wall materials, excavating, backfilling, hauling and removing excavated materials and supplying concrete, dowels, subsurface drainage, weep holes and any incidentals necessary to construct CIP gravity walls. The contract unit price for *CIP Gravity Retaining Walls* will also be full

compensation for brick veneers, if required.

No separate payment will be made for temporary shoring for wall construction. Temporary shoring for wall construction will be incidental to the contract unit price for *CIP Gravity Retaining Walls*.

The contract unit price for *CIP Gravity Retaining Walls* does not include the cost for ditches, fences, handrails, barrier or guardrail associated with CIP gravity walls as these items will be paid for elsewhere in the contract.

Where it is necessary to provide backfill material from sources other than excavated areas or borrow sources used in connection with other work in the contract, payment for furnishing and hauling such backfill material will be paid as extra work in accordance with Article 104-7 of the *Standard Specifications*. Placing and compacting such backfill material is not considered extra work but is incidental to the work being performed.

Payment will be made under:

**Pay Item** CIP Gravity Retaining Walls **Pay Unit** Square Foot

