

REFERENCE: U-4910

PROJECT: 40373

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS  
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

**STRUCTURE**  
**SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION**

COUNTY CABARRUS  
PROJECT DESCRIPTION SR 1445 DERITA ROAD  
WIDENING FROM NORTH OF SR 2894 TO SR 1394

SITE DESCRIPTION  
WALL -W1- 172 + 15.00, 67.58' RT, TO 179 + 50.00 89.54' RT  
WALL -W2- 185 + 75.66, 76.5' LT, TO 186 + 39.31, 76.5' LT

**CONTENTS**

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	TITLE SHEET
2	LEGEND
3	SITE PLAN AND WALL ENVELOPES
4-10	BORING LOGS
11	SOIL TEST RESULTS

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	U-4910	1	11

**CAUTION NOTICE**

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (919) 707-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

- NOTES:
1. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.
  2. BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

PERSONNEL

GOODNIGHT, D. J.  
TRIGON EXP.  
HOGLEN, J. R.

INVESTIGATED BY DJG/JRH  
DRAWN BY HUNSBERGER, W. S.  
CHECKED BY HAMM, J. R.  
SUBMITTED BY FALCON ENG.  
DATE NOVEMBER 2016

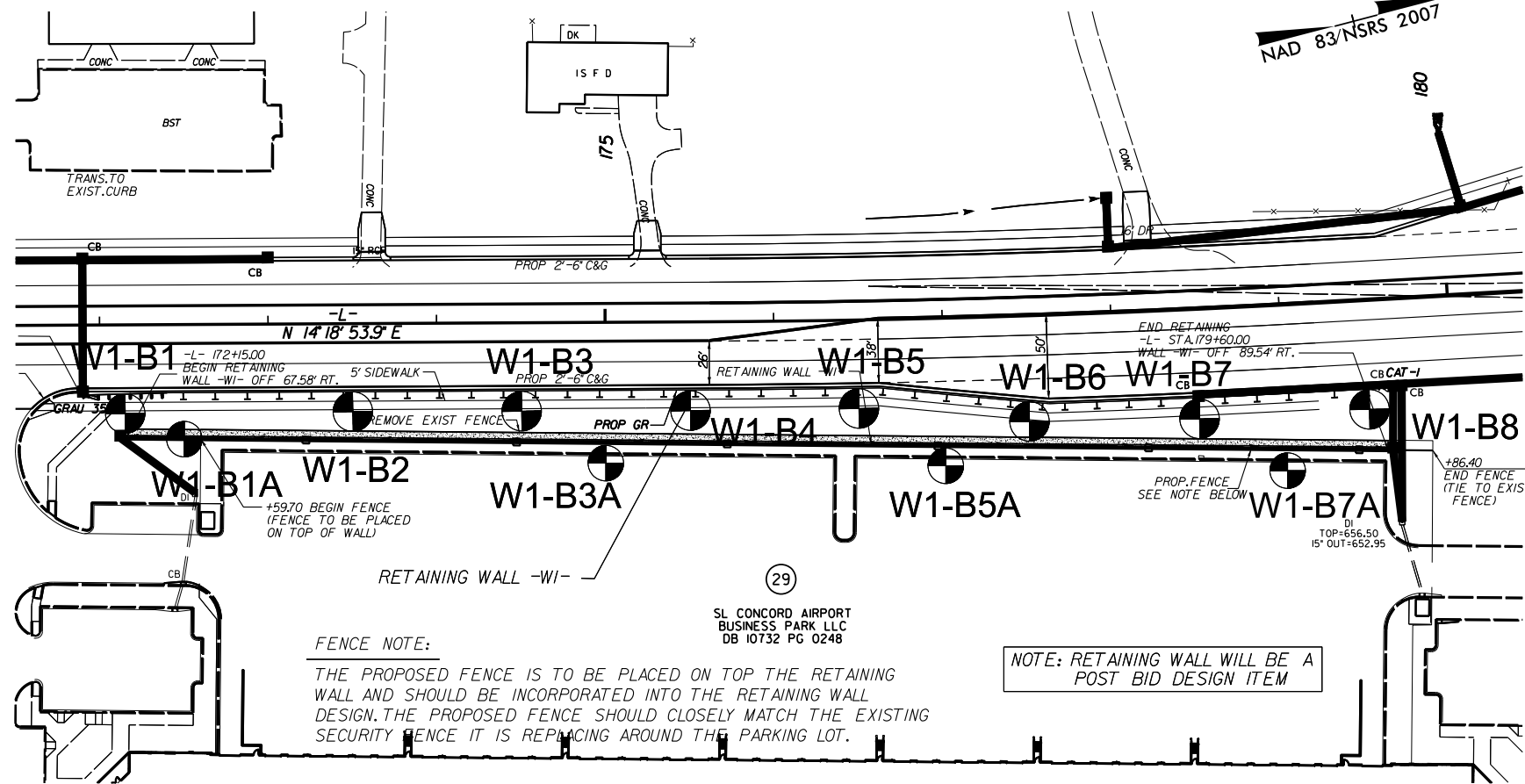


Jeremy R. Hamm 11/21/16  
SIGNATURE DATE

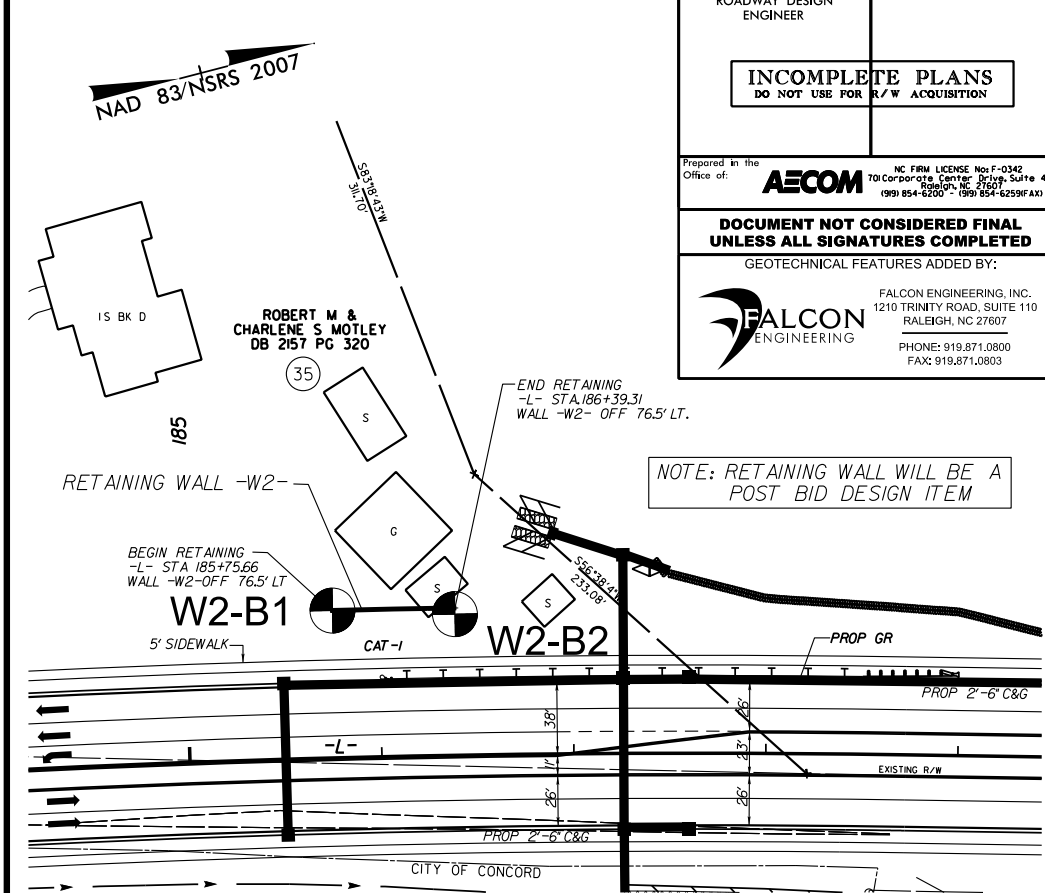
NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS  
**GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT**  
**SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION**  
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION										GRADATION										ROCK DESCRIPTION										TERMS AND DEFINITIONS																																																																																																																																														
<p>SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 208, ASTM D1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE, <i>VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6</i></p>										<p><b>WELL GRADED</b> - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. <b>UNIFORMLY GRADED</b> - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. <b>GAP-GRADED</b> - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.</p>										<p>HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:</p>										<p><b>ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.)</b> - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. <b>AQUIFER</b> - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. <b>ARENACEOUS</b> - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. <b>ARGILLACEOUS</b> - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. <b>ARTESIAN</b> - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. <b>CALCAREOUS (CALC.)</b> - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. <b>COLLUVIUM</b> - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. <b>CORE RECOVERY (REC.)</b> - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. <b>DIKE</b> - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. <b>DIP</b> - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. <b>DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH)</b> - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. <b>FAULT</b> - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. <b>FISSILE</b> - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. <b>FLOAT</b> - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLOADED FROM PARENT MATERIAL. <b>FLOOD PLAIN (FP)</b> - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. <b>FORMATION (FM)</b> - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD. <b>JOINT</b> - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. <b>LEDGE</b> - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT. <b>LENS</b> - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. <b>MOTTLED (MOT.)</b> - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. <b>PERCHED WATER</b> - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. <b>RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL</b> - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. <b>ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD)</b> - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. <b>SAPROLITE (SAP.)</b> - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK. <b>SILL</b> - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS. <b>SLICKENSIDE</b> - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. <b>STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT)</b> - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. <b>STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.)</b> - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. <b>STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD)</b> - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. <b>TOPSOIL (TS.)</b> - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.</p>																																																																																																																																														
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION</b></p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th rowspan="2">GENERAL CLASS.</th> <th colspan="5">GRANULAR MATERIALS (≤ 35% PASSING #200)</th> <th colspan="5">SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (&gt; 35% PASSING #200)</th> <th colspan="5">ORGANIC MATERIALS</th> </tr> <tr> <th>A-1</th> <th>A-3</th> <th>A-2</th> <th>A-4</th> <th>A-5</th> <th>A-6</th> <th>A-7</th> <th>A-1, A-2</th> <th>A-3</th> <th>A-4, A-5</th> <th>A-6, A-7</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> </tr> <tr> <td>GROUP CLASS.</td> <td>A-1-a</td> <td>A-1-b</td> <td>A-2-4</td> <td>A-2-5</td> <td>A-2-6</td> <td>A-2-7</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>SYMBOL</td> <td colspan="5">[Pattern]</td> <td colspan="5">[Pattern]</td> <td colspan="5">[Pattern]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>% PASSING #10 #40 #200</td> <td>50 MX 30 MX 15 MX</td> <td>50 MX 25 MX</td> <td>51 MN 35 MX 35 MX</td> <td>40 MX 41 MN 10 MX 11 MN</td> <td>40 MX 41 MN 11 MN 11 MN</td> <td>40 MX 41 MN 11 MN 11 MN</td> <td>40 MX 41 MN 11 MN 11 MN</td> <td>40 MX 41 MN 11 MN 11 MN</td> <td>40 MX 41 MN 11 MN 11 MN</td> <td>40 MX 41 MN 11 MN 11 MN</td> <td>40 MX 41 MN 11 MN 11 MN</td> <td>40 MX 41 MN 11 MN 11 MN</td> <td>40 MX 41 MN 11 MN 11 MN</td> <td>40 MX 41 MN 11 MN 11 MN</td> <td>40 MX 41 MN 11 MN 11 MN</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MATERIAL PASSING #40 LL PI</td> <td colspan="5"></td> <td colspan="5"></td> <td colspan="5"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>GROUP INDEX</td> <td colspan="5">0</td> <td colspan="5">4 MX</td> <td colspan="5">8 MX 12 MX 16 MX NO MX</td> </tr> <tr> <td>USUAL TYPES OF MAJOR MATERIALS</td> <td colspan="2">STONE FRAGS. 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ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.</p>										<p style="text-align: center;"><b>WEATHERING</b></p> <p>FRESH: ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.</p> <p>VERY SLIGHT (IV SLI.): ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN. CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.</p> <p>SLIGHT (SLI.): ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.</p> <p>MODERATE (MOD.): SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.</p> <p>MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.): ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL</i></p> <p>SEVERE (SEV.): ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES &gt; 100 BPF</i></p> <p>VERY SEVERE (IV SEV.): ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES &lt; 100 BPF</i></p> <p>COMPLETE: ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.</p>									
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<p style="text-align: center;"><b>TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE</b></p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th>U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (MM)</th> <th>4</th> <th>10</th> <th>40</th> <th>60</th> <th>200</th> <th>270</th> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>4.75</td> <td>2.00</td> <td>0.42</td> <td>0.25</td> <td>0.075</td> <td>0.053</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BOULDER (BLDR.)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>COBBLE (COB.)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>GRAVEL (GR.)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>COARSE SAND (CSE. SD.)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FINE SAND (F SD.)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>SILT (SL.)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>CLAY (CL.)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>										U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (MM)	4	10	40	60	200	270		4.75	2.00	0.42	0.25	0.075	0.053	BOULDER (BLDR.)							COBBLE (COB.)							GRAVEL (GR.)							COARSE SAND (CSE. SD.)							FINE SAND (F SD.)							SILT (SL.)							CLAY (CL.)							<p style="text-align: center;"><b>RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS</b></p> <p>UNDERCUT EXCAVATION</p> <p>SHALLOW UNDERCUT</p> <p>UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNSUITABLE WASTE</p> <p>UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE DEGRADABLE ROCK</p> <p>UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL</p>										<p style="text-align: center;"><b>ABBREVIATIONS</b></p> <p>AR - AUGER REFUSAL BT - BORING TERMINATED CL - CLAY CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST CSE - COARSE DMT - DILATOMETER TEST DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST e - VOID RATIO F - FINE FOSS. - FOSSILIFEROUS FRAC. - FRACTURED, FRACTURES FRAGS. - FRAGMENTS HI. - HIGHLY</p> <p>MED. - MEDIUM MICA - MICACEOUS MOD. - MODERATELY NP - NON PLASTIC ORG. - ORGANIC PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAP. - SAPROLITIC SD. - SAND, SANDY SL. - SILT, SILTY SLI. - SLIGHTLY TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL w - MOISTURE CONTENT V - VERY</p> <p>VST - VANE SHEAR TEST WEA. - WEATHERED γ<sub>s</sub> - UNIT WEIGHT γ<sub>d</sub> - DRY UNIT WEIGHT</p> <p>SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS S - BULK SS - SPLIT SPOON ST - SHELBY TUBE RS - ROCK RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO</p>																																																																																									
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<p style="text-align: center;"><b>INDURATION</b></p> <p>FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.</p> <p>FRIABLE: RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.</p> <p>MODERATELY INDURATED: GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.</p> <p>INDURATED: GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.</p> <p>EXTREMELY INDURATED: SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.</p>										<p style="text-align: center;"><b>NOTES:</b></p> <p>BENCH MARK: CURB INLET STA. 183+33, 97 ft RT</p> <p style="text-align: right;">ELEVATION: 656.81 FEET</p>																																																																																																																																																																		
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>COLOR</b></p> <p>DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-BROWN). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.</p>										<p style="text-align: right;">DATE: 8-15-14</p>																																																																																																																																																																		

**RETAINING WALL DETAIL -W1-**

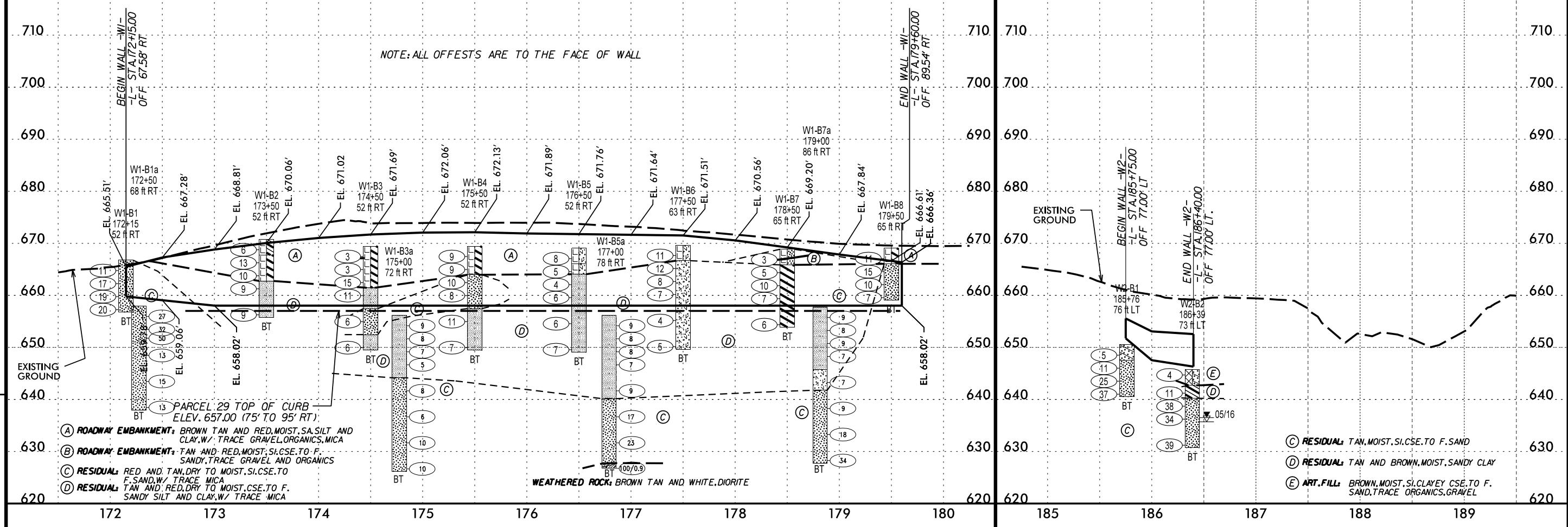


**RETAINING WALL DETAIL -W2-**



PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
U-4910B	3
RW SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	
<b>INCOMPLETE PLANS</b> DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION	
Prepared in the Office of:	NC FIRM LICENSE No F-0342 701 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 415 Raleigh, NC 27607 (919) 854-6200 • (919) 854-6259(FAX)
<b>DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL</b> UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED	
GEOTECHNICAL FEATURES ADDED BY:	
<b>FALCON ENGINEERING</b>	FALCON ENGINEERING, INC. 1210 TRINITY ROAD, SUITE 110 RALEIGH, NC 27607 PHONE: 919.871.0800 FAX: 919.871.0803

REVISIONS:





# GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

## BORE LOG

WBS 40373.1.1		TIP U-4910		COUNTY CABARRUS		GEOLOGIST Goodnight, D. J.									
SITE DESCRIPTION SR 1445 DERITA ROAD WIDENING FROM NORTH OF SR 2894 TO SR 1394							GROUND WTR (ft)								
BORING NO. W1-B2		STATION 173+50		OFFSET 52 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-									
COLLAR ELEV. 670.7 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 15.0 ft		NORTHING 601,196		EASTING 1,487,772									
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE MOBILE B-57, TRI 88016		DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers		HAMMER TYPE Automatic											
DRILLER Estep, J. E.		START DATE 05/17/16		COMP. DATE 05/17/16		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A									
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100					
675															
670	669.7	1.0	3	3	3								M	670.7	0.0
	667.2	3.5	5	5	8								M	667.7	3.0
665	664.7	6.0	3	4	6								M	662.7	8.0
	662.2	8.5	3	4	5								M	662.7	8.0
660	657.2	13.5	4	4	5								M	655.7	15.0
Boring Terminated at Elevation 655.7 ft IN RESIDUAL: SANDY SILT															

WBS 40373.1.1		TIP U-4910		COUNTY CABARRUS		GEOLOGIST Goodnight, D. J.									
SITE DESCRIPTION SR 1445 DERITA ROAD WIDENING FROM NORTH OF SR 2894 TO SR 1394							GROUND WTR (ft)								
BORING NO. W1-B3		STATION 174+50		OFFSET 52 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-									
COLLAR ELEV. 669.4 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 20.0 ft		NORTHING 601,293		EASTING 1,487,797									
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE MOBILE B-57, TRI 88016		DRILL METHOD H.S. Augers		HAMMER TYPE Automatic											
DRILLER Estep, J. E.		START DATE 05/17/16		COMP. DATE 05/17/16		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A									
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100					
670															
	668.4	1.0	2	1	2								M	669.4	0.0
	665.9	3.5	2	1	2								M	669.4	0.0
665	663.4	6.0	5	6	9								M	661.4	8.0
	660.9	8.5	3	5	6								M	661.4	8.0
660	655.9	13.5	2	3	3								M	657.4	12.0
	650.9	18.5	1	2	4								M	652.4	17.0
650													M	649.4	20.0
Boring Terminated at Elevation 649.4 ft IN RESIDUAL: SANDY SILT															

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE U4910\_GEO\_GINT\_BORING LOGS.GPJ\_NC\_DOT.GDT 11/8/16













Falcon Engineering, Inc.			1210 Trinity Road, Suite 110, Raleigh, NC 27607								
<b>LABORATORY TEST RESULTS</b>											
SR 1445 Derita Road Widening from north of SR 2894 Concord Mills Boulevard to Sr 1394 Poplar Tent Road											
City of Concord   Cabarrus County, NC											
WBS: 40373.1.1   TIP No.: U-4910											
Falcon Engineering Project No.: G16014.00											
SAMPLE		DEPTH	AASHTO CLASS	ATTERBERG LIMITS			% PASSING (SIEVES)			% MOISTURE	% ORGANICS
NO.	BORING			LL	PL	PI	#10	#40	#200		
SS-1	W1_B2	6.0-7.5	A-7-5	57	39	18	100	85	58	31.2	-
SS-2	W1_B3	6.0-7.5	A-7-5	65	40	25	99	83	63	25.4	-
SS-3	W1_B4	3.5-5.0	A-7-5	57	41	16	100	79	55	25.2	-
SS-4	W1_B5	3.5-5.0	A-5	49	43	6	100	81	51	24.7	-
SS-5	W1_B6	8.5-10.0	A-5	52	51	1	100	96	71	31.2	-
SS-6	W1_B7	3.5-5.0	A-7-5	52	32	20	100	90	72	27.3	-
SS-7	W2_B2	3.5-5.0	A-6	38	21	17	97	78	51	22.8	-

Notes: LL                    Liquid Limit  
 PL                         Plastic Limit  
 PI                         Plasticity Index = LL - PL