

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL UNIT

STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

STATE PROJECT 33593.1.1 I.D. NO. B-4251

F.A. PROJECT BRZ-2237(1)

COUNTY ROBESON

PROJECT DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 94 ON
-L- (SR 2237) OVER OLD FIELD SWAMP
AT STATION 15+08

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WAS MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL UNIT @ (919) 250-4088. NEITHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, NOR THE FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, OR SOIL TEST DATA IS PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

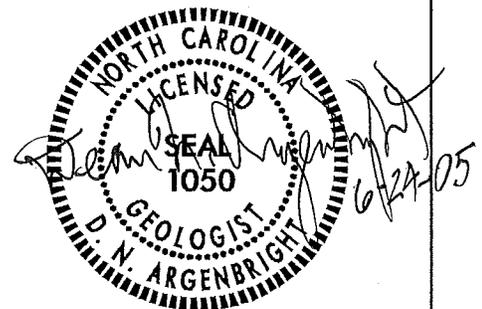
NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IT IS CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

PERSONNEL

INVESTIGATED BY F. M. WESCOTT
CHECKED BY D. N. ARGENBRIGHT
SUBMITTED BY D. N. ARGENBRIGHT
DATE JUNE 2005

KBQ
LWD
JNJ
RES
MMH
JLS
MGW



NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL UNIT
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

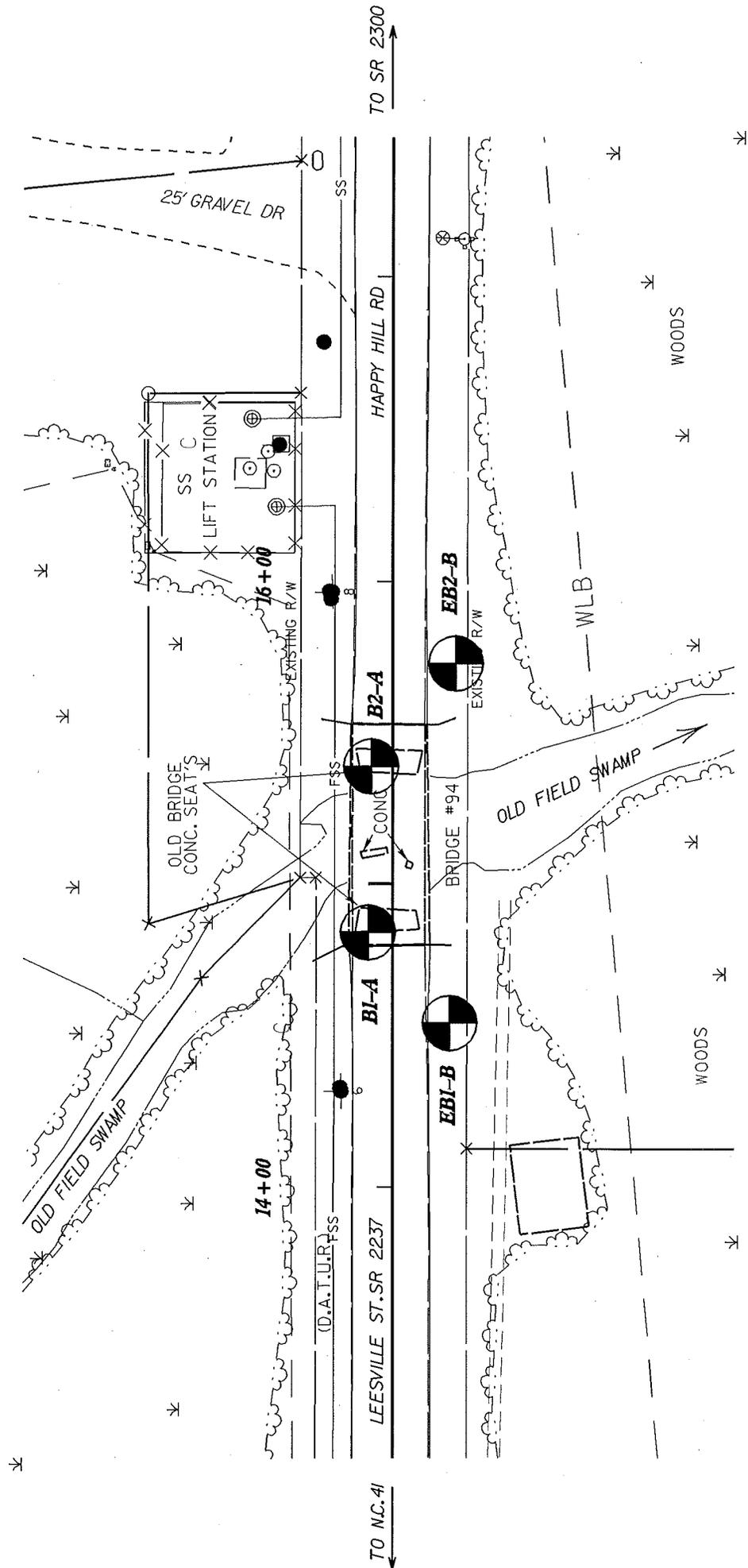
SOIL DESCRIPTION										GRADATION																																																												
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS WHICH CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND WHICH YIELDS LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T206, ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM AND BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE: <i>VERY STIFF, GRAY SILTY CLAY, MOST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HRRY PLASTIC, A-7-6</i>										WELL GRADED- INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE UNIFORM- INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO POORLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED- INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.																																																												
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GENERAL CLASS. GRANULAR MATERIALS (<35% PASSING #200) SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (<85% PASSING #200) ORGANIC MATERIALS										THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS ARE DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS, ANGULAR , SUBANGULAR , SUBROUNDED , OR ROUNDED .																																																												
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<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER _____	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CASING <input type="checkbox"/> W/ ADVANCER	HAND TOOLS:																																																																				
<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER _____	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TRICONE 2 1/8" STEEL TEETH	<input type="checkbox"/> POST HOLE DIGGER																																																																				
	<input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE _____ TUNG-CARB.	<input type="checkbox"/> HAND AUGER																																																																				
	<input type="checkbox"/> CORE BIT	<input type="checkbox"/> SOUNDING ROD																																																																				
	<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER _____	<input type="checkbox"/> VANE SHEAR TEST																																																																				
		<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER _____																																																																				
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th>NONPLASTIC</th> <th>PLASTICITY INDEX (PI)</th> <th>DRY STRENGTH</th> </tr> <tr> <td>LOW PLASTICITY</td> <td>0-5</td> <td>VERY LOW</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MED. PLASTICITY</td> <td>6-15</td> <td>SLIGHT</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HIGH PLASTICITY</td> <td>16-25</td> <td>MEDIUM</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>26 OR MORE</td> <td>HIGH</td> </tr> </table>										NONPLASTIC	PLASTICITY INDEX (PI)	DRY STRENGTH	LOW PLASTICITY	0-5	VERY LOW	MED. PLASTICITY	6-15	SLIGHT	HIGH PLASTICITY	16-25	MEDIUM		26 OR MORE	HIGH	COLOR DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YEL-BRN, BLUE-GRAY) MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.																																													
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ID	STATE PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
B-4251	33593.1.1	2A	11

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL UNIT
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

ROCK DESCRIPTION		TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
<p>HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WHEN TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:</p>		<p>ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS WHICH HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS WHICH CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLOGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL. FLOOD PLAIN (F.P.) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT. LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. RESIDUAL SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (R.Q.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY: TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL WHICH RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, WHICH HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR B.P.F.) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PENETRATION WITH 60 BLOWS. STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (S.R.Q.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY: TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 10 CENTIMETERS DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. TOPSOIL (T.S.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.</p>
<p>WEATHERED ROCK (WR)</p> 	<p>NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER FOOT.</p>	
<p>CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR)</p> 	<p>FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.</p>	
<p>NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR)</p> 	<p>FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.</p>	
<p>COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK (CP)</p> 	<p>COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC.</p>	
WEATHERING		
<p>FRESH</p>	<p>ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.</p>	
<p>VERY SLIGHT (V. SL.)</p>	<p>ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.</p>	
<p>SLIGHT (SL.)</p>	<p>ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.</p>	
<p>MODERATE (MOD.)</p>	<p>SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.</p>	
<p>MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.)</p>	<p>ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.</i></p>	
<p>SEVERE (SEV.)</p>	<p>ALL ROCKS EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF</i></p>	
<p>VERY SEVERE (V. SEV.)</p>	<p>ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF</i></p>	
<p>COMPLETE</p>	<p>ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.</p>	
ROCK HARDNESS		
<p>VERY HARD</p>	<p>CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGISTS PICK.</p>	
<p>HARD</p>	<p>CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.</p>	
<p>MODERATELY HARD</p>	<p>CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGISTS PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.</p>	
<p>MEDIUM HARD</p>	<p>CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGISTS PICK.</p>	
<p>SOFT</p>	<p>CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.</p>	
<p>VERY SOFT</p>	<p>CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.</p>	
FRACTURE SPACING		BEDDING
<p>TERM</p>	<p>SPACING</p>	<p>TERM</p>
<p>VERY WIDE</p>	<p>MORE THAN 10 FEET</p>	<p>VERY THICKLY BEDDED</p>
<p>WIDE</p>	<p>3 TO 10 FEET</p>	<p>THICKLY BEDDED</p>
<p>MODERATELY CLOSE</p>	<p>1 TO 3 FEET</p>	<p>THINLY BEDDED</p>
<p>CLOSE</p>	<p>0.16 TO 1 FEET</p>	<p>VERY THINLY BEDDED</p>
<p>VERY CLOSE</p>	<p>LESS THAN 0.16 FEET</p>	<p>THICKLY LAMINATED</p>
		<p>THINLY LAMINATED</p>
		<p>THICKNESS</p>
		<p>> 4 FEET</p>
		<p>1.5 - 4 FEET</p>
		<p>0.16 - 1.5 FEET</p>
		<p>0.03 - 0.16 FEET</p>
		<p>0.008 - 0.03 FEET</p>
		<p>< 0.008 FEET</p>
INDURATION		
FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.		
<p>FRIABLE</p>	<p>RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.</p>	
<p>MODERATELY INDURATED</p>	<p>GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.</p>	
<p>INDURATED</p>	<p>GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.</p>	
<p>EXTREMELY INDURATED</p>	<p>SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.</p>	
		<p>BENCH MARK: BM #81 RR SPIKE IN BASE OF 16' HARDWOOD TREE ELEVATION: 98.09' STA. 15+06 17' RT</p>
		<p>NOTES:</p>

TEST SITE PLAN



SCALE IN FEET

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION GEOTECHNICAL UNIT BORING LOG

SHEET 5 OF 11

PROJECT NO. 33593.1.1	ID. B-4251	COUNTY ROBESON	GEOLOGIST K.B. QUICK
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 94 ON SR 2237 OVER OLD FIELD SWAMP			GROUND WATER
BORING NO. EBI-B	BORING LOCATION 14+54	OFFSET 19' RT	ALIGNMENT -L-
COLLAR ELEVATION 98.3'	NORTHING N/A	EASTING N/A	0 HR. N/A 24 HR. ARTESIAN
TOTAL DEPTH 60.1'	DRILL MACHINE MOBILE B-47	DRILL METHOD ROTARY W/MUD	HAMMER TYPE MANUAL
START DATE 3/30/05	COMPLETION DATE 3/30/05	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A	DEPTH TO ROCK N/A

ELEV.	DEPTH (FT.)	BLOW COUNT			PEN. (FT.)	BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMPLE NUMBER	MOI.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	
		0.5'	0.5'	0.5'		0	25	50	75	100					
98.3	0.0	2	3	5	1.0										
95.0	4.0	3	2	4	1.0										TAN BROWN SAND, MOIST (ROADWAY EMBANKMENT)
90.0	8.6	5	11	17	1.0										
85.0	13.6	7	12	15	1.0										GRAY SAND, SATURATED (ALLUVIUM)
80.0	18.6	3	4	6	1.0										
75.0	23.6	6	10	13	1.0							23%			GRAY SANDY SILTY CLAY, WET (BLACK CREEK FORMATION)
70.0	28.6	5	9	10	1.0										
65.0	33.6	4	9	13	1.0										
60.0	38.6	5	11	14	1.0										
55.0	43.6	10	17	27	1.0										TAN GRAY SAND, SATURATED
50.0	48.6	5	8	10	1.0										
45.0	53.6	7	18	21	1.0										
40.0	58.6	13	14	14	1.0										
35.0						BORING TERMINATED AT ELEVATION 38.2' IN DENSE SAND									
30.0															
25.0															
20.0															

EBI-B

SOIL TEST RESULTS															
SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			% MOISTURE	% ORGANIC
							C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200		
SS-8	19' RT	14+54	1.0-1.5	A-2-4(0)	19	NP	31.0	55.7	1.3	12.1	97	82	14	-	-
SS-9	19' RT	14+54	8.6-10.1	A-2-4(0)	20	NP	40.9	46.5	4.5	8.0	96	79	13	-	-
SS-10	19' RT	14+54	23.6-25.1	A-6(2)	38	14	30.6	38.4	19.0	12.1	100	81	40	22.6	-
SS-11	19' RT	14+54	33.6-35.1	A-2-5(0)	47	9	42.8	29.5	15.6	12.1	100	69	34	-	-
SS-12	19' RT	14+54	38.6-40.1	A-2-6(0)	29	17	17.9	63.6	13.5	5.0	100	89	20	-	-
SS-13	19' RT	14+54	43.6-45.1	A-3(0)	22	NP	68.2	23.9	3.8	4.0	100	77	9	-	-
SS-14	19' RT	14+54	58.6-60.1	A-3(0)	30	NP	75.9	18.9	1.2	4.0	97	58	6	-	-

BI-A

SOIL TEST RESULTS															
SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			% MOISTURE	% ORGANIC
							C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200		
SS-15	8' LT	14+84	3.5-5.0	A-3(0)	22	NP	26.4	67.8	0.7	5.0	100	94	7	-	-
SS-16	8' LT	14+84	18.1-19.6	A-2-7(0)	45	15	53.7	27.5	10.8	8.0	100	60	24	32.9	-
SS-17	8' LT	14+84	36.7-38.2	A-2-4(0)	23	NP	46.8	43.4	3.7	6.0	100	83	11	-	-
SS-18	8' LT	14+84	41.7-43.2	A-1-b(0)	23	NP	88.2	6.9	0.8	4.0	100	32	5	-	-
SS-19	8' LT	14+84	46.7-48.2	A-2-7(1)	46	20	51.7	26.1	14.2	8.0	97	63	26	20.4	-
SS-20	8' LT	14+84	51.7-53.2	A-3(0)	30	NP	66.9	25.0	3.0	5.0	93	54	9	-	-
SS-21	8' LT	14+84	56.7-58.2	A-7-6(16)	46	24	12.5	27.5	37.9	22.1	100	92	70	-	-

B2-A

SOIL TEST RESULTS															
SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			% MOISTURE	% ORGANIC
							C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200		
SS-22	7' LT	15+39	6.6-8.1	A-3(0)	21	NP	56.4	37.2	0.4	6.0	100	82	7	-	-
SS-23	7' LT	15+39	11.6-13.1	A-1-b(0)	19	NP	77.2	17.3	1.5	4.0	77	29	5	-	-
SS-24	7' LT	15+39	16.6-17.8	A-7-5(4)	43	11	23.3	35.2	29.4	12.1	100	87	50	30.1	-
SS-25	7' LT	15+39	26.6-28.1	A-4(1)	40	6	18.7	46.4	20.8	14.1	99	88	46	21.9	-
SS-26	7' LT	15+39	31.6-33.1	A-2-4(0)	24	NP	34.1	53.1	3.8	9.0	100	91	14	-	-
SS-27	7' LT	15+39	36.6-38.1	A-2-6(0)	34	14	63.2	22.1	8.6	6.0	95	56	16	16.4	-
SS-28	7' LT	15+39	46.6-48.1	A-2-6(3)	39	24	49.4	18.1	18.4	14.1	95	68	33	-	-
SS-29	7' LT	15+39	51.6-53.1	A-1-b(0)	27	NP	79.4	14.1	2.5	4.0	95	49	7	-	-
SS-30	7' LT	15+39	56.6-58.0	A-7-6(19)	53	26	8.6	28.9	34.3	28.1	100	95	72	25.6	-

**GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT
FIELD SCOUR REPORT**

PROJECT: 33593.1.1 ID: B-4251 COUNTY: Robeson

DESCRIPTION(1): Bridge No. 94 on SR 2237 over Old Field Swamp

INFORMATION ON EXISTING BRIDGE

Information obtained from: field inspection
 microfilm (Reel: _____ Pos: _____)
 other: _____

BR. NO. : 94 BR. LENGTH: 73' NO. BENTS: 5 NO. BENTS IN: CHANNEL: 2 FLOODPLAIN: 2

FOUNDATION TYPE: Timber Piles

EVIDENCE OF SCOUR(2):

ABUTMENTS OR END BENT SLOPES: None noted

INTERIOR BENTS: None noted

CHANNEL BED: None noted

CHANNEL BANKS: None noted

EXISTING SCOUR PROTECTION:

TYPE(3): Wooden wing walls. Old wing walls under existing bridge.

EXTENT(4): 15' from outside edge of bridge.

EFFECTIVENESS(5): Appears satisfactory

OBSTRUCTIONS(6) (DAMS, DEBRIS, ETC.): Debris on interior bents.

DESIGN INFORMATION

CHANNEL BED MATERIAL(7): Fine to coarse sand (SS-15, SS-22)

CHANNEL BANK MATERIAL(8): Fine to coarse sand (SS-9)

CHANNEL BANK COVER (9): Wooded

FLOOD PLAIN WIDTH (10) 500'

FLOOD PLAIN COVER (11): Wooded

**GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT
FIELD SCOUR REPORT**

SHEET 10A

PROJECT: 33593.1.1

DESIGN INFORMATION CONT.

ID: B-4251

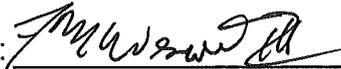
STREAM IS: X DEGRADING AGGRADING (12)

OTHER OBSERVATIONS AND COMMENTS: _____

CHANNEL MIGRATION TENDENCY (13): East toward End Bent 2

GEOTECHNICALLY ADJUSTED SCOUR ELEVATIONS(14):

Geotechnical analysis agrees with the Hydraulc Unit's estimate of scour potential to an
elevation of 79+/- feet.

REPORTED BY: 

DATE: 6/22/05

INSTRUCTIONS

- (1) GIVE THE DESCRIPTION OF THE SPECIFIC SITE GIVING ROUTE NUMBER AND BODY OF WATER CROSSED.
- (2) NOTE ANY EVIDENCE OF SCOUR AT THE EXISTING END BENTS OR ABUTMENTS (UNDERMINING, SLOUGHING, SCOUR LOCATIONS, DEGRADATIONS, ETC.)
- (3) NOTE ANY EXISTING SCOUR PROTECTION (RIP RAP, ETC.)
- (4) DESCRIBE THE EXTENT OF ANY EXISTING SCOUR PROTECTION.
- (5) DESCRIBE WHETHER OR NOT THE SCOUR PROTECTION APPEARS TO BE WORKING.
- (6) NOTE ANY DAMS, FALLEN TREES, DEBRIS AT BENTS, ETC.
- (7) DESCRIBE THE CHANNEL BED MATERIAL: A SAMPLE SHOULD BE TAKEN FOR GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION,
- (8) DESCRIBE THE CHANNEL BANK MATERIAL: A SAMPLE SHOULD BE TAKEN FOR GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION, ATTACH LAB RESULTS.
- (9) DESCRIBE THE BANK COVERING (GRASS, TREES, RIP RAP, NONE, ETC.)
- (10) GIVE THE APPROXIMATE FLOOD PLAIN WIDTH (ESTIMATE).
- (11) DESCRIBE THE FLOOD PLAIN COVERING (GRASS, TREES, CROPS, ETC.)
- (12) CHECK THE APPROPRIATE SPACE AS TO WHETHER THE STREAM IS DEGRADING OR AGGRADING
- (13) DESCRIBE THE POTENTIAL OF THE BODY OF WATER TO MIGRATE Laterally DURING THE LIFE OF THE BRIDGE (APPROXIMATELY 100 YEARS).
- (14) GIVE THE GEOTECHNICALLY ADJUSTED SCOUR ELEVATION EXPECTED OVER THE LIFE OF THE BRIDGE (APPROXIMATELY 100 YEARS). THIS CAN BE GIVEN AS AN ELEVATION RANGE ACROSS THE SITE, OR ON A BENT BY BENT BASIS WHERE VARIATIONS EXIST. DISCUSS THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE HYDRAULICS THEORETICAL SCOUR AND THE GEOTECHNICALLY ADJUSTED SCOUR ELEVATION. IF THE GEOTECHNICALLY ADJUSTED SCOUR ELEVATION IS DEPENDENT ON SCOUR COUNTER MEASURES, EXPLAIN. (RIPRAP ARMORING ON SLOPES, ETC.) THE GEOTECHNICALLY ADJUSTED SCOUR ELEVATION IS BASED ON THE ERODABILITY OF MATERIALS WITH CONSIDERATION FOR JOINTING, FOLIATION, BEDDING ORIENTATION AND FREQUENCY; CORE RECOVERY PERCENTAGE; PERCENTAGE RQD; DIFFERENTIAL WEATHERING, SHEAR STRENGTH; OBSERVATIONS AT EXISTING STRUCTURES; OTHER TESTS DEEMED APPROPRIATE; AND OVERALL GEOLOGIC CONDITIONS AT THE SITE.

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Robeson Co.
Bridge No. 94 on SR 2237 over Old Field Swamp



Looking East Toward End Bent 2