

NOTE: SEE SHEET 2A FOR PLAN SHEET LAYOUT AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	R-2246B	1	65
STATE PROJ. NO.	F.A. PROJ. NO.	DESCRIPTION	
3440B.1.1	STP-0005(46)	PE	
3440B.2.6	STP-0005(684)	R/W & UTIL	
3440B.3.5	STP-1804(113)	CONST.	

CONTENTS

LINE	STATION	PLAN	PROFILE	XSECT
-L1-	11+00.00 to 54+31.74 LB	4-15	19-20	
-L-	23+00.00 LA to 150+58.04	7-15	22-26	35-63
-L2-	42+87.90 to 54+34.31 LB	6-7	21	
-Y1-	10+00.00 to 22+14.39	16,4	27	
-Y-	10+00.00 to 12+39.36	6	27	
-Y3-	10+00.00 to 15+50.00	7	27	
-Y2REV-	25+00.00 to 38+41.77	10	28	
-Y4-	4+00.00 to 33+50.00	17,10,18	28-29	
-Y5-	14+00.00 to 22+50.00	15	30	
-Y6-	10+00.00 to 12+19.32	7	30	
-Y8-	12+00.00 to 13+44.80	4	30	
-Y9-	10+00.00 to 12+00.00	4	30	
-RPA-	10+00.00 to 27+03.56	11,10	31	
-SPURA-	10+00.00 to 14+73.90	10	31	
-RPB-	10+00.00 to 28+27.36	10	32	
-SPURB-	10+00.00 to 16+69.92	10	32	
-RPC-	10+00.00 to 29+16.56	10	33	
-SPURC-	10+00.00 to 15+08.76	10	33	
-RPD-	10+00.00 to 27+62.21	11-10	34	
-SPURD-	10+00.00 to 17+08.53	10	34	
SAMPLES		64-65		

ROADWAY
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. 34408.1.1 (R-2246B) F.A. PROJ. STP-(0005)46
COUNTY CABARRUS
PROJECT DESCRIPTION GEORGE LILES PARKWAY FROM SOUTH OF SR 1304 (ROBERTA ROAD) TO SR 1431 (WEDDINGTON ROAD)

INVENTORY

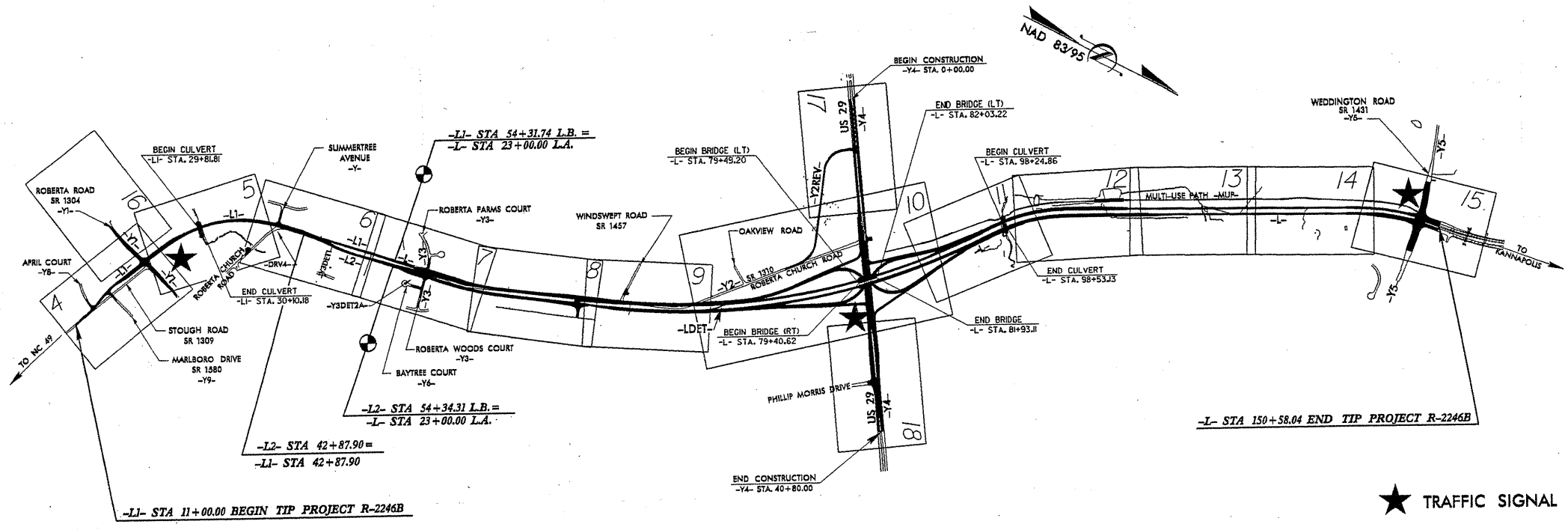
CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING, AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (919) 250-4088. NEITHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, NOR THE FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, OR SOIL TEST DATA ARE PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION, AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

CONTRACT: C203093 ID: R-2246B



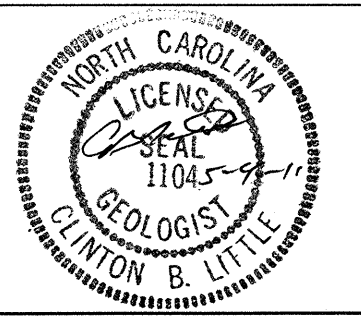
- PERSONNEL
- J.E. ESTEP
 - M.R. MOORE
 - J.K. STICKNEY
 - M.L. SMITH
 - A.C. SMITH
 - C.L. SMITH
 - R.Q. CALLAWAY

INVESTIGATED BY G.C. MURRAY
CHECKED BY C.B. LITTLE
SUBMITTED BY C.B. LITTLE
DATE APRIL 2011

DRAWN BY: J.K. McCLURE

NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IT IS CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.



NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. 34408.11(R-2246B)	SHEET NO. 2
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SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

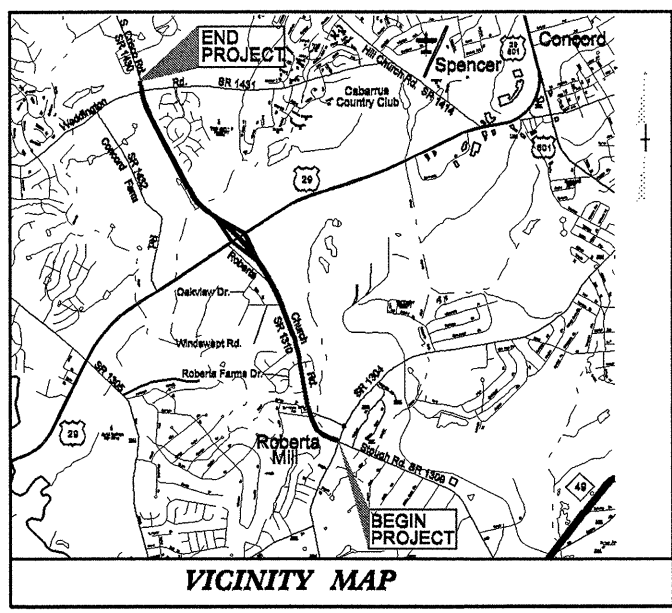
SOIL DESCRIPTION		GRADATION		ROCK DESCRIPTION		TERMS AND DEFINITIONS																																																																																																																			
<p>SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE:</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>VERY STIFF, GRAY-SILTY CLAY, MOST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HEAVY PLASTIC, A-7-6</i></p>		<p>WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO POORLY GRADED)</p> <p>GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">ANGULARITY OF GRAINS</p> <p>THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.</p>		<p>HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK.</p> <p>ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:</p>		<p>ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.</p> <p>ADUJIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.</p> <p>ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.</p> <p>ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.</p> <p>ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.</p> <p>CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.</p> <p>COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.</p> <p>CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.</p> <p>DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.</p> <p>DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.</p> <p>DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.</p> <p>FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.</p> <p>FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.</p> <p>FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.</p> <p>FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.</p> <p>FORMATION (FM) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.</p> <p>JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.</p> <p>LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.</p> <p>LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.</p> <p>MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.</p> <p>PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.</p> <p>RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.</p> <p>ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.</p> <p>SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.</p> <p>SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.</p> <p>SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.</p> <p>STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS IN OR BPF OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.</p> <p>STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.</p> <p>STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.</p> <p>TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.</p>																																																																																																																			
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ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">COMPRESSIBILITY</p> <p>SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT EQUAL TO 31-50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50</p> <p style="text-align: center;">PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th>ORGANIC MATERIAL</th> <th>GRANULAR SOILS</th> <th>SILT - CLAY SOILS</th> <th>OTHER MATERIAL</th> </tr> <tr> <td>TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER</td> <td>2 - 3%</td> <td>3 - 5%</td> <td>TRACE</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER</td> <td>3 - 5%</td> <td>5 - 12%</td> <td>LITTLE</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MODERATELY ORGANIC</td> <td>5 - 10%</td> <td>12 - 20%</td> <td>SOME</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HIGHLY ORGANIC</td> <td>>10%</td> <td>>20%</td> <td>HIGHLY</td> </tr> </table>		ORGANIC MATERIAL	GRANULAR SOILS	SILT - CLAY SOILS	OTHER MATERIAL	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER	2 - 3%	3 - 5%	TRACE	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER	3 - 5%	5 - 12%	LITTLE	MODERATELY ORGANIC	5 - 10%	12 - 20%	SOME	HIGHLY ORGANIC	>10%	>20%	HIGHLY	<p>WEATHERING</p> <p>FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALLINE BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.</p> <p>VERY SLIGHT (V SL.) ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN. CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.</p> <p>SLIGHT (SL.) ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.</p> <p>MODERATE (MOD.) SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.</p> <p>MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL</i></p> <p>SEVERE (SEV.) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF</i></p> <p>VERY SEVERE (V SEV.) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF</i></p> <p>COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.</p>			
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<p>▽ WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING</p> <p>▽ STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS</p> <p>▽ PW PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA</p> <p>○ SPRING OR SEEP</p>		<p>ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION</p> <p>SOIL SYMBOL</p> <p>ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT</p> <p>INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY</p> <p>INFERRED ROCK LINE</p> <p>ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY</p> <p>DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES</p> <p>SPT DPT DMT VST PNT TEST BORING</p> <p>AUGER BORING</p> <p>CORE BORING</p> <p>MONITORING WELL</p> <p>PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION</p> <p>SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION</p> <p>CONE PENETROMETER TEST</p> <p>SOUNDING ROD</p>		<p>VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.</p> <p>HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.</p> <p>MODERATELY HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.</p> <p>MEDIUM HARD CAN BE GROUDED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.</p> <p>SOFT CAN BE GROUDED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.</p> <p>VERY SOFT CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGER NAIL.</p>																																																																																																																					
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 09/08/09
 PROJECTS\RDWY\CABARRUS\CADD_GEO\TECH\PlanProf\R2246b_GEO_rdy_tsh_inv_002A.dgn
 INCLUDE AT GEN240341

TIP PROJECT: R-2246B

CONTRACT:

See Sheet 1-A For Index of Sheets



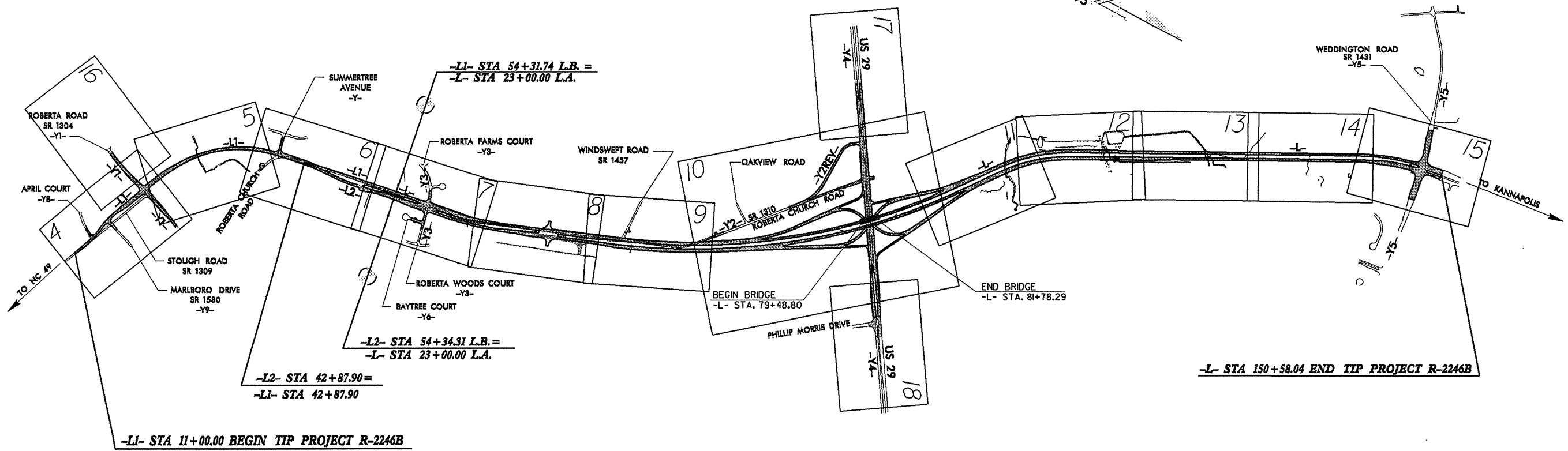
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

CABARRUS COUNTY

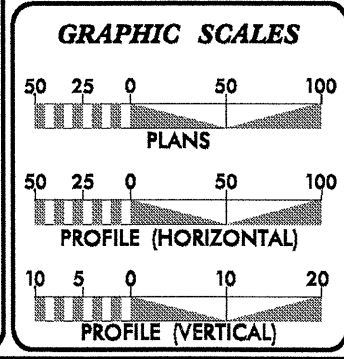
**LOCATION: GEORGE LILES PARKWAY FROM SOUTH OF SR 1304
(ROBERTA ROAD) TO SR 1431 (WEDDINGTON ROAD)**

TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, PAVING, DRAINAGE AND STRUCTURES

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	R-2246B	2A	
STATE PROJ. NO.	F.A. PROJ. NO.	DESCRIPTION	
344408.1.1	STP-(0005)46	PE	
STATEWIDE PROJECT			



NOTE: THIS IS A PARTIAL CONTROLLED ACCESS PROJECT WITH ACCESS BEING LIMITED TO POINTS AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS



DESIGN DATA

ADT 2008 =	18,600
ADT 2035 =	42,000
DHV =	55 %
D ± =	10 %
T =	5 % *
V =	60 MPH
* TTST 1%	DUAL 4%
FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION	
URBAN ARTERIAL	

PROJECT LENGTH

LENGTH ROADWAY TIP PROJECT R-2246B =	3.193 MILES
LENGTH STRUCTURE TIP PROJECT R-2246B =	0.043 MILES
TOTAL LENGTH TIP PROJECT R-2246B =	3.237 MILES

Prepared In the Office of:
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
1000 Birch Ridge Dr., Raleigh NC, 27610

2006 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

RIGHT OF WAY DATE: APRIL 15, 2011	G.E. BREW, PE PROJECT ENGINEER
LETTING DATE: APRIL 16, 2013	I.T. YOUNIS PROJECT DESIGN ENGINEER

HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

SIGNATURE: _____ P.E.

ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER

SIGNATURE: _____ P.E.

**DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA**

STATE HIGHWAY DESIGN ENGINEER P.E.

INCOMPLETE PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION
PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

Earthwork Balance Sheet

Volumes in Cubic Yards

PROJECT: R-2246B

COUNTY: Cabarrus

DATE: 12/4/2012

COMPILED BY: KDA/TY

SHEET **3** OF SHEETS

STATION	STATION	EXCAVATION (CUBIC YARDS)					EMBANKMENT (CUBIC YARDS)				BORROW (CU. YDS.)	WASTE (CUBIC YARDS)			
		TOTAL UNCLASS.	ROCK	UNDERCUT	UNSUIT. UNCLASS.	SUITABLE UNCLASS.	TOTAL	ROCK	EARTH	EMBANK. +20%		ROCK	SUITABLE	UNSUIT.	TOTAL
SUMMARY 1															
<u>LEFT SIDE</u>															
-L1- 10+50 LT.	22+00 LT.	288				288	11,831		11,831	14,197	13,909				
-Y8- 12+00	13+00	59				59	37		37	44			15	15	
-Y1- 10+50	15+50	1,040				1,040	825		825	990			50	50	
<u>RIGHT SIDE</u>															
-L1- 10+50 RT.	22+00 RT.	1,097				1,097	475		475	570			527	527	
-Y9- 10+50	11+50	104				104	71		71	85			19	19	
-Y1- 17+00	22+00	1,672				1,672	239		239	287			1,385	1,385	
	SUBTOTAL	4,260				4,260	13,478		13,478	16,174	13,909		1,996	1,996	
SUMMARY 2															
-L1- 22+00	38+50	30,705				30,705	25,620		25,620	30,744	39				
	SUBTOTAL	30,705				30,705	25,620		25,620	30,744	39				
SUMMARY 3															
<u>LEFT SIDE</u>															
-L1- 38+50 LT.	54+31.74 LT.	2,759				2,759	489		489	587			2,172	2,172	
-Y- 10+00	12+00	12				12	283		283	340	328				
<u>RIGHT SIDE</u>															
-L1- 38+50 RT.	54+31.74 RT.	7,363				7,363	9,914		9,914	11,897	4,534				
-Y3DET1- 9+50.00	13+25.00	211				211	180		180	216	5				
-Y3DET2- 9+75.00	12+00.00	178				178	16		16	19			159	159	
-DR4- 10+50.00	12+00.00	34				34	284		284	341	307				
	SUBTOTAL	10,557				10,557	11,166		11,166	13,399	5,173		2,331	2,331	
SUMMARY 4															
<u>LEFT SIDE</u>															
-L- 23+00 LT.	42+00 LT.	9,824		2,348	3,346	6,478	4,035		4,035	4,842			1,636	5,694	
-Y3- 11+00	12+00	24				24							24	24	
<u>RIGHT SIDE</u>															
-L- 23+00 RT.	42+00 RT.	18,557		3,497	68	18,489	11,592		11,592	13,910			4,579	3,565	
-Y3- 14+00	16+25	31				31	761		761	913	882				
-Y6- 10+25	11+50	35				35	6		6	7			28	28	
	SUBTOTAL	28,471		5,845	3,414	25,057	16,394		16,394	19,673	882		6,266	9,259	
SUMMARY 5															
-L- 42+00 LT.	61+50 LT.	113		1,919		113	27,853		27,853	33,424	33,311			1,919	
-L- 42+00 RT.	61+50 RT.	5,917		2,459		5,917	50,189		50,189	60,227	54,310			2,459	
	SUBTOTAL	6,030		4,378		6,030	78,042		78,042	93,650	87,620			4,378	
SUMMARY 6															
-L- 61+50	79+50	52				52	103,443		103,443	124,132	124,080				
-RPB- (64+50 -L-)	(73+00 -L-)	4,050				4,050	1,926		1,926	2,311			1,739	1,739	
-RPB- 18+50	25+50	15,443				15,443							15,443	15,443	
-SPURB- 13+19.55	14+14.02	788				788	11		11	13			775	775	
-RPC- (67+50 -L-)	(79+00 -L-)	3,421				3,421	13,223		13,223	15,868	12,447				

STATION	STATION	EXCAVATION (CUBIC YARDS)					EMBANKMENT (CUBIC YARDS)				BORROW (CU. YDS.)	WASTE (CUBIC YARDS)									
		TOTAL UNCLASS.	ROCK	UNDERCUT	UNSUIT. UNCLASS.	SUITABLE UNCLASS.	TOTAL	ROCK	EARTH	EMBANK. +20%		ROCK	SUITABLE	UNSUIT.	TOTAL						
-SPURC-12+50.88	14+20.59	2,184				2,184															
-Y2REV- 12+50	30+50	697				697	8,040		8,040	9,648	8,951				2,184					2,184	
-Y4- 0+00 RT.	40+00 RT.	11,230				11,230	1,648		1,648	1,978					9,252					9,252	
-LDET- 61+50.00	64+00.00	45				45	105		105	126	81										
	SUBTOTAL	37,910				37,910	128,396		128,396	154,075	145,558				29,393					29,393	
SUMMARY 7																					
-L- 82+00 (EB)	111+50	7,043				7,043	178,353		178,353	214,024	206,981										
-RPA- (82+00 -L-)	(93+50.00 -L-)	348				348	27,519		27,519	33,023	32,675										
-SPURA- 12+92.07	13+75.13	72				72	225		225	270	198										
-RPD-(86+00 -L-)	(95+50 -L-)	106				106	42,734		42,734	51,281	51,175										
-RPD- 19+00	24+50	1,918				1,918	12,025		12,025	14,430	12,512										
SPURD- 13+60.71	15+00	931				931	943		943	1,132	201										
-Y4- 0+00 LT.	40+00 LT.	4,943				4,943	3,495		3,495	4,194				749						749	
-MUP- (84+00 -L-)	(109+21.22-L-)	670				670	5,841		5,841	7,009	6,339										
	SUBTOTAL	16,031				16,031	271,135		271,135	325,362	310,080				749					749	
SUMMARY 8																					
-L- 111+50	133+50	14,602				14,602	36,099		36,099	43,319	28,717										
-MUP- (112+74.46 -L-)	(133+50 -L-)	16				16	8,871		8,871	10,645	10,629										
	SUBTOTAL	14,618				14,618	44,970		44,970	53,964	39,346										
SUMMARY 9																					
-L- 133+50	155+50	24,158				24,158	17,139		17,139	20,567				3,591						3,591	
-Y5- 14+00	17+50	127				127	291		291	349	222										
-Y5- 20+00	23+00	51				51	126		126	151	100										
-MUP- (133+50 -L-)	(147+50 -L-)	276				276	4,207		4,207	5,048	4,772										
	SUBTOTAL	24,612				24,612	21,763		21,763	26,116	5,095				3,591					3,591	
TOTAL																					
		173,194		10,223	3,414	169,780	610,964		610,964	733,157	607,703				44,326		13,637			57,963	
ESTIMATED SHOULDER MATERIAL LOSS DUE TO CLEARING & GRUBBING		-9,738					27,298		27,298	32,758	32,758										
SELECT GRANULAR MATERIAL IN LIEU OF BORROW WASTE IN LIEU OF BORROW									-34,900	-41,880	-41,880				-44,326					-44,326	
PROJECT TOTAL		163,456		10,223	3,414	169,780	638,262		603,362	724,035	563,992						13,637			13,637	
ADDITIONAL EST. UNDERCUT				10,000					10,000	12,000	12,000						10,000			10,000	
EST. 5% TO REPLACE TOP SOIL ON BORROW PIT											28,800										
GRAND TOTAL		163,456		20,223	3,414	169,780	638,262		613,362	736,035	604,792						23,637			23,637	
SAY		164,000		20,400							605,000									23,637	
PAVEMENT STRUCTURE VOLUME = 20,850 C.Y.																					
CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION = 9,500 TONS GEOTEXTILE FOR SOIL STABILIZATION = 30,600 SY ESTIMATED SHALLOW UNDERCUT = 5,000 CY GEOTEXTILE FOR PAVEMENT STABILIZATION = 36,500 SY SELECT GRANULAR MATERIAL = 34,900 CY EST. DRAINAGE DITCH EXCAVATION = 2433 CY																					

NOTE: EARTHWORK QUANTITIES ARE CALCULATED BY THE ROADWAY DESIGN UNIT. THESE EARTHWORK QUANTITIES ARE BASED IN PART ON SUBSURFACE DATA PROVIDED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT.



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

BEVERLY EAVES PERDUE

EUGENE A. CONTI, JR.

GOVERNOR

SECRETARY

STATE PROJECT: 34408.1.1 (R-2246B)
 FEDERAL PROJECT: STP-(0005)46
 COUNTY: CABARRUS
 PROJECT DESCRIPTION: GEORGE LILES PARKWAY FROM SOUTH OF SR 1304 (ROBERTA ROAD) TO SR1431 (WEDDINGTON ROAD)
 SUBJECT: GEOTECHNICAL REPORT – Inventory

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

This project widens a two lane SR road to a four lane divided road while mostly following the existing grade. The cut sections are generally not deep, and the greatest embankment is an overpass in the interchange with US 29. Several geologic issues may complicate construction: The PI of the surface soil can be greater than 45, and weathered rock is as close as 2' below surface. For a thorough understanding of the dirt work, the cross section files are best. Cut or fill lines, shown on the plans, may only involve excavation for the ditches, and apparent embankments shown on the centerline profiles may reflect raising the median to the lane elevation, (-Y4-).

The following alignments were investigated:

Line	Station	Length (feet)
-L1-	11+00.00 to 54+31.74	4,331.74
-L-	23+00.00 to 150+58.04	12,758.04
-L2-	42+87.90 to 54+34.31	1,146.41
-Y1-	10+00.00 to 22+14.39	1,214.39
-Y-	10+00.00 to 12+39.36	239.36

-Y3-	10+00.00 to 15+50.00	550.00
-Y2REV-	25+00.00 to 38+41.77	1,341.77
-Y4-	4+00.00 to 33+50.00	2,950.00
-Y5	14+00.00 to 22+50.00	850.00
-Y6-	10+00.00 to 12+19.32	219.32
-Y8-	12+00.00 to 13+44.80	144.80
-Y9-	10+00.00 to 12+00.00	200.00
-RPA-	10+00.99 to 27+03.56	1,703.56
-SPURA-	10+00.00 to 14+73.90	473.90
-RPB-	10+00.00 to 28+27.36	1,827.36
-SPURB-	10+00.00 to 16+69.92	669.92
-RPC-	10+00.00 to 29+16.56	1,916.56
SPURC-	10+00.00 to 15+08.76	508.76
-RPD-	10+00.00 to 27+62.21	1,762.21
-SPURD-	10+00.00 to 17+08.53	708.53

Items of Special Geotechnical Interest

- HIGHLY PLASTIC SOIL
SAMPLING SHOWED THE UPPER 2' TO 3' OF RESIDUAL CAN HAVE PI, (PLASTICITY INDEX), VALUES GREATER THAN 45 PARTICULARLY FROM -L- 32+00 TO -L- 48+00, AND IN THE AREA NEAR US 29 or places where a soil layer of less than 3' is over weathered rock.
- GROUNDWATER
GROUNDWATER COULD BE ENCOUNTERED IN THE RIGHT SIDE DITCH AT -L-140+00 TO -L-146+00.
- HARD ROCK
DRILLING INDICATED ROCK WILL OCCUR above or WITHIN 5' of centerline grade AT -L1 25+75, -L1-52+75, -L- 101+00, -L- 142+25 and, -Y2REV- 30+00, but it should be stressed rock could and probably will exist outside of these locations.
- WELLS
A WELL APPEARS ON THE PLANS AT -RPB-17+87, 41LFT. MOST OF THE PROJECT IS SERVED BY WATERLINES RATHER THAN WELLS.

Physiography and Geology

Physiography

Physiography is physical shape of the land without reference to origin, and is described by elevation, change in elevation, and characteristic prominent physical features.

Regional

This area is between the Catawba River to the southwest and the Yadkin River to the northeast, and drains southeast to the Yadkin River by way of Coddle Creek and then the Rocky River. The streams of this region are long and wandering, often second order¹ with little flow volume, and possessing short tributaries. The topography surrounding the project features a roughly horseshoe-shaped circumferential ridge about 5 miles across with an elevation of 750' on the north east sides, and is a little lower on the west, 695' and open to the south. The basin floor elevation is around 600' except where it is crossed by streams. A ridge that divides the basin in two has about 100' of elevation change in 3/5 of a mile from creek to ridge, while in an equal distance along the creek, a change of 12 feet in elevation was measured. Even with this sharp difference in elevation gradient the ridges are broad and the streams meander in flat bottomed valleys.

Project

The project is between Coddle Creek and Wolf Meadow Branch, almost completely within the Coddle Creek drainage. The beginning of the project, (the southern end), is near Coddle creek, and the road follows an inter-stream divide, parallel to Coddle Creek. The -L- alignment begins at elevation 560 near Wolf Meadows Branch, climbs to elevation 605 at Roberta Church road, drops to cross a Coddle Creek tributary flowing at elevation 560, then climbs to the inter-stream divide, elevation 630. The -L- alignment follows the inter-stream divide and crosses U.S. 29 which is at elevation 630, then drops to cross an unnamed Coddle Creek tributary at elevation 590 before climbing to the end of the project at elevation 665.

Geology

Patterns of outcrop lithology displayed on the 1985 Geologic Map of North Carolina resolve into bands consistent in a northeast – southwest direction, with abrupt change in a northwest - southeast direction. The bands are referred to as belts, as in Carolina Slate Belt, and commonly the rock within a belt is thought to share a similar history of formation. This project is within the dominantly igneous Charlotte belt more particularly, the Concord Plutonic suite. The map shows a nearly circular outcrop designated as DOgb (Gabbro), surrounded by Dss, (Syenite), both thought to originate from a common molten rock reservoir at depth. The complex gives evidence of having crystallized 15 km below ground, requiring considerable material to have been eroded over the last 400 million years.

The mineralogy of the Concord Pluton was not altered much by the metamorphic events that created schist and gneiss in the surrounding area. The gabbro in the floor of the basin is expressed as groups of large, dark colored boulders, sometimes with exfoliation fractures, that emerge out of a thin dark gray poorly drained

clayey soil of little relief. The syenite underlies the arcuate ridges that surround the basin, expressed as red clayey soil, rather than the gray of the gabbro in the center of the basin.

Soil Properties

The geotechnical soil investigation is concerned with the location and distribution of the various soil types that will be encountered in the project. The geotechnical description first identifies soil as residual, (weathered in place), alluvial, (transported by water), or embankment, (placed after transport by human activity). After this, the AASHTO identification system further divides the soil into categories that are used to predict the performance of the soil as an engineering material.

Examination of the soil relationships in the test borings found that the soil column can be categorized as one of two types. One type, more prevalent in the beginning of the project, has A-7 at the surface, followed by A-4 then maybe A-2, and finally weathered rock, all occurring over 15' or so. The second type, especially typical of the US 29, (Y-4) interchange is prevalent in the second half of the project. Generally there is again A-7 at the surface, often with high PI, (plasticity index), soil at the top of the section. Of the first drive samples, Not only were 86% A-6 or A-7, 54% had PI values above 35, and 40% of the first drive samples with PI values at or above 45. At about 4', the depth of the second drive, none of the samples had PI values in the "not acceptable" range, (PI=35 or above).

Rock Properties

Rock on a project like this is indicated at auger refusal or SPT refusal, so we know where the rock starts but we do not sample it. The rock on this project was found at 10' or greater depth, below finished grade, often below substantial embankment fill, except at: -L1- 25+50, (at grade), -L- 140+00, (5' below grade) and -L- 142+00 (3' above grade).

Weathered Rock

There is a category of material not so hard to be impenetrable, but still harder than soil. Weathered rock returns a Standard Penetration Test value, "N" of greater than 100 blows on the sampler results in a foot or less of penetration. Weathered rock was commonly found within 5' of finished grade, often under "stiff, or softer", highly plastic clayey residual soil. This transition from soil to weathered rock is abrupt, and can be expected to be irregular possibly with residual boulders. The profiles portray these relationships.

Groundwater

Groundwater is water that resides in the otherwise vacant pores in the subsurface will freely drain, (given open space to drain into), that tends to a configuration with a roughly planar upper limit, the "water table". Above the water table, the soil may be wet, but some air filled space exists. On this project, neither the surface clayey soil, nor the igneous bedrock has open pore space. There is an occurrence of groundwater in A-4 silty soil from -L- 122+50 to 125+00, and in residual sandy soil from -L-129+00 to 131+00. From -L- 139+00 to 146+00 there also is groundwater associated with A-2, A-4, or weathered rock, and excavation for the drainage ditch intercepts the water table.

¹ A second order stream is fed by tributaries that originate from springheads. A third order stream is fed by second order streams, etc.

Geotechnical Descriptive Analysis

Using the information generated from the investigation, the borings, the soil samples, the plans profiles and cross sections a description of the project follows. The project is subdivided into segments for purposes of discussion. The break in this project at station -L- 60+00, is a change in the subsurface and the design. Up to Station -L-60+00, the roadway grade will be built very near land surface and weathered rock is more than 6' below surface. Beyond that station, weathered rock is often within 3' of the surface, the soil is very clayey and plastic, and construction is mostly on embankment, especially the interchange at highway 29.

Segment 1

Segment 1 covers the project from the beginning including -L1-, -L2-and then on -L- up to -L- 60+00, including several short -Y- lines. The project follows SR 1309, Stough Road, then Roberta Church Road, SR 1310, more or less, though of course they are straightened, widened, and flattened. The residual soil is clayey and highly plastic at the surface, but shifts to moderate plasticity within 3' of the surface and granular soil deeper.

Physical Description

The alignments of segment 1 are listed below, and a description of each alignment follows that.

Line	Station	to	Station	Length (feet)
-L1-	11+00.00	to	54+31.74	4,331.74
-L-	23+00.00	to	150+58.04	12,758.04
-L2-	42+87.90	to	54+34.31	1,146.41
-Y1-	10+00.00	to	22+14.39	1,214.39
-Y-	10+00.00	to	12+39.36	239.36
-Y3-	10+00.00	to	15+50.00	550.00
-Y6-	10+00.00	to	12+19.32	219.32
-Y8-	12+00.00	to	13+44.80	144.80
-Y9-	10+00.00	to	12+00.00	200.00
-L1-	11+00.00	to	54+31.74	4,331.74

-L1- begins at station 11+00, elevation 560 on Stough road, (SR 1309), and after a driveway improvement of April Court, (-Y8-), station -L1- 13+31, left side, it veers off the existing Stough Road. Another driveway improvement is at station -L1- 16+50, on the right, Marlboro Drive, (-Y9), and then -L1- runs parallel to Stough Road on the left side as a two lane road. The road tops out at elevation 604 at the intersection with Roberta Road, SR 1304, station 22+00. The -L1- alignment continues straight on new ground, widening into a 4 lane road. From 22+00 to 27+00 the road is in cut and may encounter rock. The new alignment descends at a 2.7% grade to cross an unnamed stream, 28' above water level, and bottoms out at station 33+50, elevation 580'. From there, the alignment is near grade with a little cut in the ditches, and climbs at 3.2% grade, to a driveway improvement on the left, Summertree ave, (-Y-), and joins the existing Roberta Church Road, (SR1310), at station 40+00, and continues to the top at station -L1- 47+00, elevation 613. The road descends to station 54+31, elevation 608, the end of -L1-.

-L2- 42+87.90 to 54+34.31 1,146.41

-L2- starts at -L1-42+87.9 at the beginning of widening for a 4 lane divided portion of the roadway. The island is pierced by a U-turn from the left hand lane to the right hand lane. The -L2- alignment ends at station 54.34.74, which is also the end of alignment -L1-, and the beginning of alignment -L- at station 23+00.

-L- 23+00.00 to 150+58.04 12,758.04

-L- begins at station 23+00, elevation 608 and follows Roberta Church Road on grade, expanding the current road to a 4 lane divided roadway, widening left and right, running essentially level, up to station 32+50, elevation 608. At -L- 27+08, the median limits access from northbound -L- to Roberta Farms Court, (Y3-), and access to Roberta Woods Court, (Y3-), from southbound -L-. The left turn access from -Y3- to -L- at this intersection is removed. (A similar controlled access intersection will be built at -L- 41+50.) From station 32+50, elevation 607, the road climbs at 3% to flatten out at 46+00 and elevation 642 before the top at station 47+50 elevation 643. The widening will take a berm on the left from 29+00 to 32+00, and part of a berm on the right from 32+00 to 48+00, From station 48+00 to the end of the segment at 60+00 the road will be on a low embankment and runs nearly level, descending slightly to the end at elevation 632.

-Y1- 10+00.00 to 22+14.39 1,214.39

-Y1-, Roberta Road, (SR 1304), starts at -Y1-10+00 at elevation 585, climbs to station 11+50, elevation 590, then runs nearly level to station -Y1-13+50, elevation 592 then climbs steadily to station 20+50, elevation 615, before breaking over the top and descending to the end at 22+00, elevation 612. There is a little inflection at 16+25 where -L1- crosses. The existing road is modified and widened to 4 lanes at the intersection with -L1. Most of the widening is on the right side and is built on embankment.

Significant Cuts and Fills

The initial cuts and fills smooth out the ridge followed by Stough Road as the new alignment straightens out the jog in the road from Stough to Roberta to Roberta Church road, while crossing a tributary to Coddle Creek. Except for the berm on the right side from 32+00 to 48 +00 most of the work is in the ditches.

Alignment	From	to	cut or fill	depth	Notes
-L1-	11+00	16+00	cut	2'	1.) cut from ditches 2.) PI ≤ 25
-L1-	13+00	22+00	fill	3' to 10'	
-L1-	22+00	27+00	cut	max 15'	1.) Rock at grade 2.) PI 48 at surface
-L1-	27+00	32+00	fill	max 22'	1.) Stream crossing
-L1-	32+00	34+00	cut	max 7'	1.) In ditches 2.) WR ² near grade PI ≤ 25
-L1-	34+00	39+00	fill	max 4'	
-L1-	39+00	46+00	cut	max 6'	1. In ditches 2.) WR near grade
-L1-	39+00	46+00	fill	max 2'	1.) Over existing pave 2.) Add lane on left.
-L1- & -L-	46+00	-L- 29+00	fill	max 4.4	1.) Lft lane @ grade, Rtln & med. On fill
-L1- & -L-	46+00	-L- 29+00	cut	max 2'	1.) In left ditch 2. A-6, A-7 PI ≤ 25

² WR = weathered rock

-L-	29+00	32+00	cut	max 7'	1.) Ditch & Berm on left 2.) Ditch on rt.
-L-	32+00	48+00	cut	max 17'	1.) Ditch on lft 2.) Berm on rt
-L-	48+00	60+00	fill	max 16'	1.) both lanes and median built on fill.
-Y1-	11+00	16+00	cut	max 5'	1.) first 50' Lft & Rt, then 2.) lft side only

Geology

Rock

As mentioned in the Geology statement at the beginning, the project is within the Concord Plutonic suite which contains syenite, gabbro and small pegmatite veins, all igneous intrusive rock. The sole occurrence of rock at grade on this segment is at -L1-25+50.

Soil

Alluvial Soil: There is one small occurrence of alluvial soil restricted to the unnamed tributary to Coddle Creek, at -L1-29+71.

Residual Soil: The residual soil, the product of weathering the gabbro or syenite rock of the area seems to fall into one of two types. One type is A-7 over A-4 or A-2 over weathered rock, with a maximum column length of 20'. The other soil section is A-7 over weathered rock, often less than 10' thick. The 4 samples, all A-7, from station -L1- 23+00, taken at 0', 3', 8', and 13', illustrate the first type of soil and the change in characteristics with depth. Sample SS-4 has a PI of 61, followed by SS-5 with a PI of 33, then SS-6 with a PI of 21, and finally SS-7 at 13' with a PI of 17. Only the initial sample would be problematic. This particular boring is unusual with medium stiff soil at the last sample.

Artificial Fill: The cut on the right side of -L- from -L- 32+75 to -L-48+00 falls on a berm that was identified as artificial fill. Our borings found this soil to be typical of the local soils which vary from A-2 to A-7. No deleterious material such as boulders or areas of organic material was found in the berm.

Groundwater

Groundwater was recorded only associated with the -L1-stream crossing mentioned above, and at a single station -L-57+00, near the end of the segment.

Segment 2

Segment 2 begins at -L- 60+00 and includes all work to the end of the project including the interchange at US 29. The soil on this second half of the project is thinner, and, near the US 29 interchange, highly plastic. It is mostly of no significance though because; segment 2 is built almost completely on embankment.

Physical Description

The alignments covered by this segment are listed below. The descriptions of each alignment follow the list of alignments. The alignments will be discussed in the same order as on the list.

Line	Station	Length (feet)		
-L-	23+00.00	to	150+58.04	12,758.04
-Y2REV-	25+00.00	to	38+41.77	1,341.77

-Y4-	4+00.00	to	33+50.00	2,950.00
-Y5	14+00.00	to	22+50.00	850.00
-RPA-	10+00.99	to	27+03.56	1,703.56
-SPURA-	10+00.00	to	14+73.90	473.90
-RPB-	10+00.00	to	28+27.36	1,827.36
-SPURB-	10+00.00	to	16+69.92	669.92
-RPC-	10+00.00	to	29+16.56	1,916.56
SPURC-	10+00.00	to	15+08.76	508.76
-RPD-	10+00.00	to	27+62.21	1,762.21
-SPURD-	10+00.00	to	17+08.53	708.53
-L-	23+00.00	to	150+58.04	12,758.04

The portion of -L1- in this segment continues the 4 lane divided road of Segment 1. It begins at station 60+00, elevation 632, departs the Roberta Road right of way to the right, and runs nearly level to station 67+00, elevation 628. At station -L- 67+00 the roadway climbs at a 2.8% grade to station 76+00 elevation 650, where the grade decreases, reaching the top of the embankment, and crossing above -Y4-, (US 29) at station 80+25, elevation 654. The roadway descends at increasing grade until at station 85+00, elevation 647, a smooth 4% grade commences and continues to 95+00, elevation 609. From station 95+00 the grade flattens until at station 100+00, elevation 599 the road starts to climb again and rolls into a 1.77% grade up to station 119+00, elevation 630. Within that reach, from 99+50 to 110+50, the road is in a sweeping curve to the right. The super elevation banking is formed by dropping the right side in cut, and the left is raised in embankment fill. At 119+00, the grade decreases to 1.19%, which is maintained to station 143+00 and elevation 658 where it rolls over the top of the hill at station 144+00, elevation 658. The road then descends to the end of the alignment at station 150+50 and elevation 650.

-Y2REV-	25+00.00	to	38+41.77	1,341.77
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-Y2REV- provides access to the remnant of Roberta Road between -L- 61+00 and -Y4-, (US 29), and includes a new connection with -Y4- 500' southwest of the original intersection. The alignment begins on the existing pavement of Roberta Road at station 26+00 elevation 628', and soon veers left off the existing road and drops at a grade of 2.6% until it flattens out at station 37+00, elevation 610, slightly before meeting -Y4-, (US 29).

-Y4-	4+00.00	to	33+50.00	2,950.00
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The work on -Y4-, (US 29) is done at the existing grade and reworks the existing roadway. The profile is on the centerline in the median, and appears to show a gain in elevation for the roadway, but it is only the median that will be filled to the existing lane level. The alignment climbs throughout, begins at 5+50, elevation 607 and climbs at 0.9% grade to station 14+00, elevation 614', where the grade increases to 2.1% which is carried to station 22+00, elevation 628, where the grade has decreased to .5% which exists to the end of construction at station 33+50 and elevation 636'.

-Y5	14+00.00	to	22+50.00	850.00
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The work on -Y5-, (SR 1431), consists of paving, grading the ditches and connection to -L-, and completes improvements to the intersection that were begun as part of the previous improvement to George Lyles Blvd, (possibly R-2246C). The alignment begins at station 14+00, elevation 640, climbs to the intersection with -L- at 18+50, elevation 653, and ends at station 22+50, elevation 655.

-RPA- 10+00.99 to 27+03.56 1,703.56

Ramp A provides access from southbound -L- to -SPURA- and to eastbound US 29. It begins at station -RPA- 10+00 adjacent to -L- 95+22. The stationing increases to the southeast, in opposition to -L- with stationing increasing to the northwest. From station 10+00, elevation 613, the ramp follows the grade of -L- and rises at a 3.6% grade to station 16+50, elevation 630, then descends at 1.18% grade to station 23, elevation 624 where it joins -Y4-,(US 29). It is on fill throughout.

-SPURA- 10+00.00 to 14+73.90 473.90

-SPURA- 10+00, elevation 629, is roughly contiguous with -RPA 19+40, and as the ramp curves to the left, the spur descends at .95 % to station 13+50, elevation 626, then level to -Y4-, (US 29) to end at station 14+73, elevation 626.

-RPB- 10+00.00 to 28+27.36 1,827.36

Ramp B provides access from -SPURB- and westbound US 29 to southbound -L- . It begins at -RPA- station 10+00 adjacent to -L- 64+41. The stationing increases to the northwest, in agreement with -L-. From station 10+00, elevation 628, the ramp is within 5' of land surface and runs nearly level to station 25+00, elevation 624 before it climbs to station 26+50, elevation 628 where it joins -Y4-,(US 29). The excavation for the ditches are near or below the weathered rock - soil boundary.

-SPURB- 10+00.00 to 16+69.92 669.92

-SPURB- 10+00, elevation 625, is roughly contiguous with -RPB 21+23. As the ramp curves to the right, the spur runs straight while descending slightly to station 15+00, elevation 622, before curving to merge with -Y4- at the end; -SPURB- station 16+69, elevation 620. SPURB may encounter weathered rock in the ditches.

-RPC- 10+00.00 to 29+16.56 1,916.56

Ramp C provides access from northbound -L- to -SPURC- and to westbound US 29. It begins at station -RPA- 10+00 adjacent to -L- 64+00. The stationing increases to the northwest, in agreement with -L-. From station 13+00, elevation 628, the ramp follows the grade of -L- and rises at a 3.6% grade to station 16+50, elevation 630, then descends at 1.18% grade to station 23, elevation 624 where it joins -Y4-,(US 29).

SPURC- 10+00.00 to 15+08.76 508.76

-SPURC- 10+00, elevation 635, is roughly contiguous with -RPC 21+40. As the ramp curves to the left, the spur runs straight while descending slightly to station 13+50, elevation 630, before running flat to the intersection with -Y4- at 15+08, the end.

-RPD- 10+00.00 to 27+62.21 1,762.21

Ramp D provides access to northbound -L- from -SPURD- and eastbound US 29. It begins at station -RPD- 10+00 adjacent to -L- 94+47. The stationing increases to the southeast, in opposition to -L- where stations increasing to the northwest. From station 10+00, elevation 606, the ramp follows the grade of -L- and rises at

a 4.26% grade to station 16+50, elevation 629, then runs almost flat to station 26+00, elevation 628' where it joins -Y4-,(US 29).

-SPURD- 10+00.00 to 17+08.53 708.53

The beginning of -SPURD- is at 10+00, elevation 635, and roughly contiguous with -RPD 20+00. As the ramp curves to the right, the spur runs straight while descending slightly to station 14+00, elevation 630, before rising slightly to the intersection with -Y4- at 17+08, elevation 631, the end.

Cuts and Fills

Most of this segment is on embankment fill. The exceptions are the ramps and SPURS especially in the ditches, and especially where US 29 is joined. The curve in -L- 100+50 to -L- 111+50 generates cut for a ditch and super-elevation on the right that comes close to rock. The embankments for the US 29 interchange are nearly 30' thick but the foundation soil of the area is neither wet nor soft.

Alignment	From	to	cut or fill	depth	Notes
-L-	60+00	79+50	fill	0 to 27'	1.) Approach for bridge over US 29
-L-	81+50	96+00	fill	28' to 8'	1.) Approach for bridge over US 29
-L-	96+00	99+50	fill	8'-12'-0	1.) Approach for creek crossing
-L-	99+50	110+00	fill	up to 7'	1.) fill left, curve super-elevation
-L-	100+50	111+50	cut	up to 7'	1.) cut right for ditch 2.) PI ≤ 25, & WR ³
-L-	110+00	129+00	fill	up to 6'	1.) roadway on shallow embankment.
-L-	129+00	133+50	cut	up to 11'	1.) Material mapped as artificial fill.
-L-	133+50	140+50	fill	up to 5'	1.) roadway on shallow embankment.
-L-	140+50	146+25	cut	up to 13'	1.) Right ditch 2.) Rock and WR
-L-	146+25	151+00	none	none	1.) Graded in previous project.
-Y2REV-	26+50	34+00	cut	2' max	1.) Cut for ditches
-Y2REV-	33+00	37+50	both	6' max	1.) Paved Lanes on fill
-RPA-	10+00	23+00	fill	16' max	1.)
-SPURA	10+00	14+00	fill	9' max	1.)
-RPB-	10+00	25+50	cut	8' max	1.) Ditches and lane 2.)top of WR.
-SPURB-	10+00	14+00	cut	3' max	1.) Cut for ditches. 2.) top of WR
-RPC-	10+00	22+00	fill	6' max	
-RPC-	22+00	26+00	cut	6' max	1.) Cut for ditches and lanes.
-SPURC-	12+50	14+50	cut	6' max	1.) Cut for ditches and lanes.
-RPD-	10+00	25+50	fill	20' max	
-SPURD-	10+00	16+50	fill	10' max	

³ WR = Weathered Rock

Geology

Rock

Rock is closer to the surface in the area of Segment 2, than in Segment 1, but in most places it is buried under embankment fill so does not present a problem. There are two exceptions: 1.) The right side ditch on – L100+50 to –L-111+50 comes within 5’ of rock and, 2.) the segment from –L- 140+00 to –L- 146+00 where weathered rock is near the ditch elevation and rock was found at –L- 140+16, -L-140+82, -L-142+13 and-L- 145+50 above or within 5’ of grade.

Soil

As mentioned in residual soil, the product of weathering the gabbro or syenite rock of the area seems to fall into one of two types. One type is A-7 over A-4 or A-2 over weathered rock, with a maximum column length of 20’. The other soil section is A-7 over weathered rock, often less than 10’ thick. The thin clay soil over rock is one of the typical characteristics of segment 2. As mentioned above, only the very top of this soil column is excessively plastic, and generally the cut sections of this segment are limited to the ditches. There is one small occurrence of silty sandy clayey alluvial soil restricted to the unnamed tributary to Coddle Creek, at –L- 97+50 to –L- 99+00, scheduled to be 10’ below finished grade.

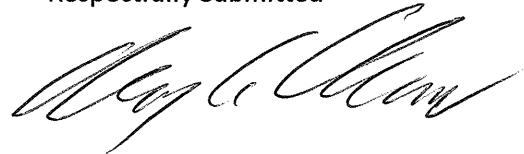
Groundwater

Groundwater was recorded near the ditch elevation from –L- 140+00 to –L- 146+00.

Noise Walls

An investigation was completed and separate report submitted concerning the foundation conditions at the location of the Noise Wall that is portrayed on the plans from –L- 110+08 to -L-139+58.

Respectfully Submitted



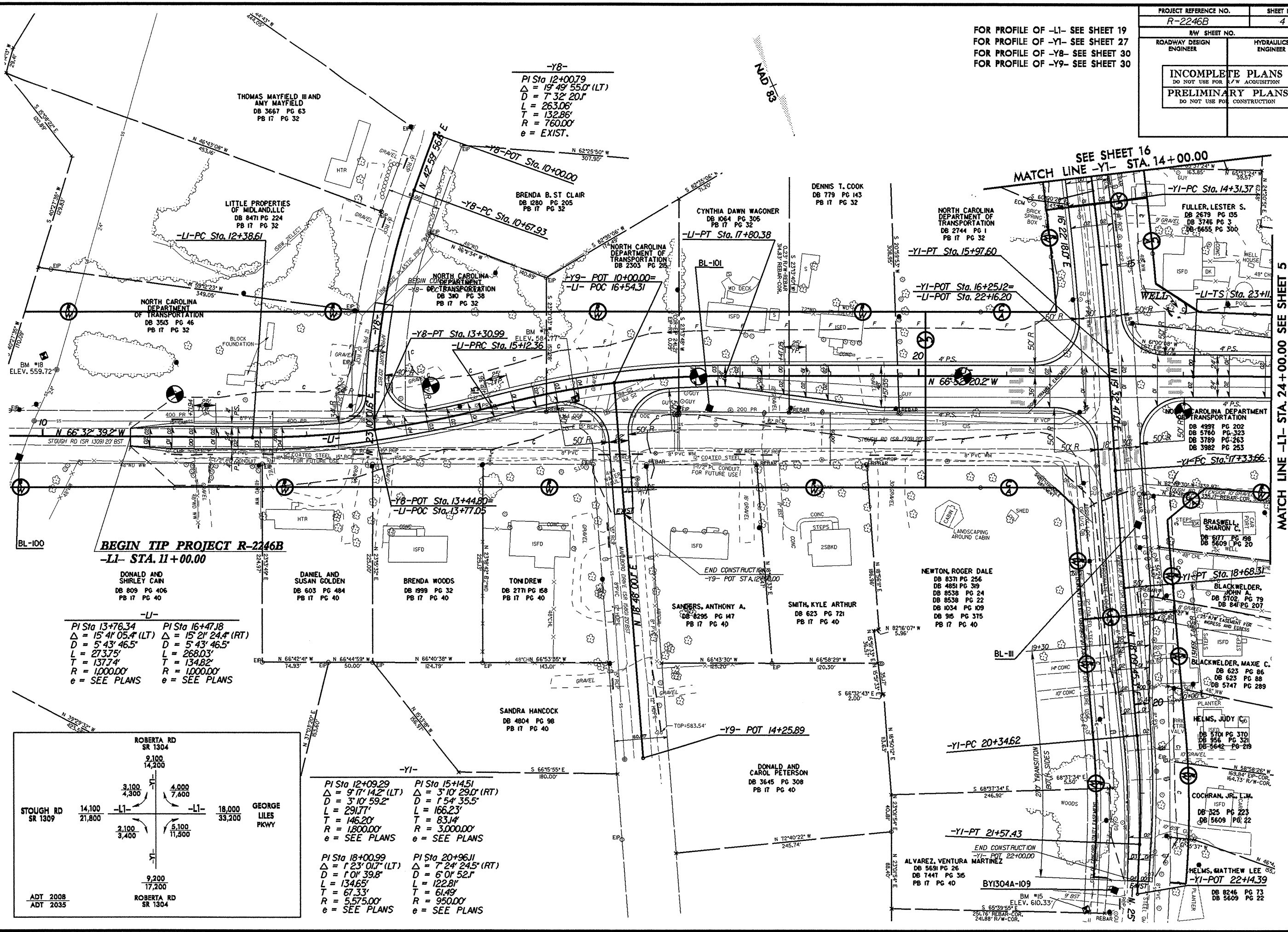
Roger Q Callaway

8/17/99

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R/W SHEET NO.	
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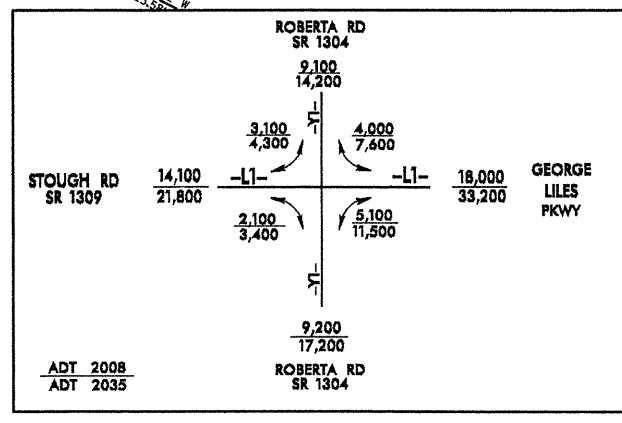
FOR PROFILE OF -L1- SEE SHEET 19
 FOR PROFILE OF -Y1- SEE SHEET 27
 FOR PROFILE OF -Y8- SEE SHEET 30
 FOR PROFILE OF -Y9- SEE SHEET 30



-Y8-
 PI Sta 12+00.79
 $\Delta = 19' 49' 55.0''$ (LT)
 $D = 7' 32' 20.1''$
 $L = 263.06'$
 $T = 132.86'$
 $R = 760.00'$
 $e =$ EXIST.

-L1-
 PI Sta 13+76.34
 $\Delta = 15' 41' 05.4''$ (LT)
 $D = 5' 43' 46.5''$
 $L = 273.75'$
 $T = 137.74'$
 $R = 1,000.00'$
 $e =$ SEE PLANS

-L1-
 PI Sta 16+47.18
 $\Delta = 15' 21' 24.4''$ (RT)
 $D = 5' 43' 46.5''$
 $L = 268.03'$
 $T = 134.82'$
 $R = 1,000.00'$
 $e =$ SEE PLANS



-Y1-
 PI Sta 12+09.29
 $\Delta = 9' 17' 14.2''$ (LT)
 $D = 3' 10' 59.2''$
 $L = 291.77'$
 $T = 146.20'$
 $R = 1,800.00'$
 $e =$ SEE PLANS

-Y1-
 PI Sta 15+14.51
 $\Delta = 3' 10' 29.0''$ (RT)
 $D = 1' 54' 35.5''$
 $L = 166.23'$
 $T = 83.14'$
 $R = 3,000.00'$
 $e =$ SEE PLANS

-Y1-
 PI Sta 18+00.99
 $\Delta = 1' 23' 01.7''$ (LT)
 $D = 1' 01' 39.8''$
 $L = 134.65'$
 $T = 67.33'$
 $R = 5,575.00'$
 $e =$ SEE PLANS

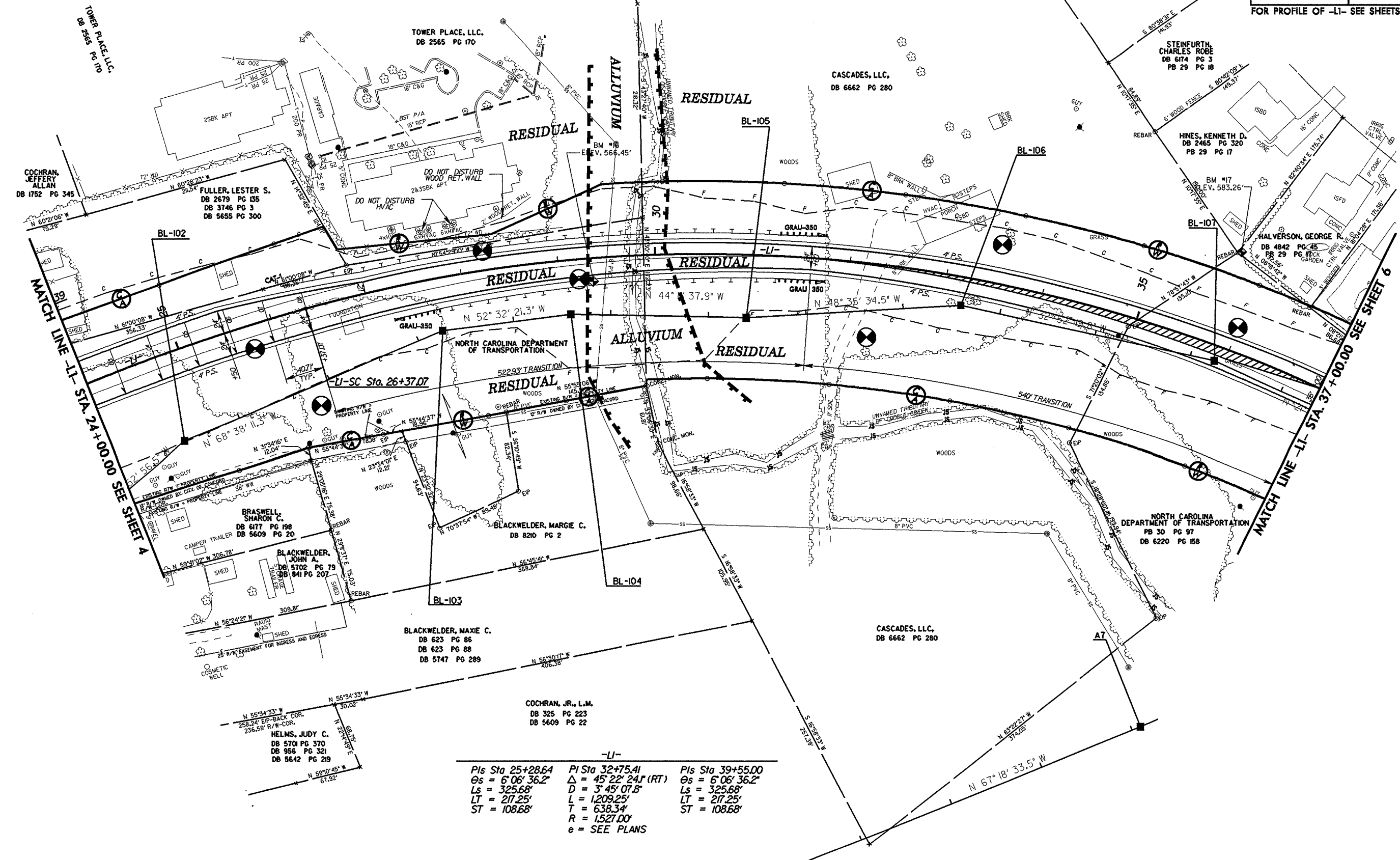
-Y1-
 PI Sta 20+96.11
 $\Delta = 7' 24' 24.5''$ (RT)
 $D = 6' 01' 52.1''$
 $L = 122.81'$
 $T = 61.49'$
 $R = 950.00'$
 $e =$ SEE PLANS

MATCH LINE -L1- STA. 24+00.00 SEE SHEET 5

SEE SHEET 16
MATCH LINE -Y1- STA. 14+00.00

BEGIN TIP PROJECT R-2246B
-L1- STA. 11+00.00

FOR PROFILE OF -LI- SEE SHEETS 19 & 20



MATCH LINE -LI- STA. 24+00.00 SEE SHEET 4

MATCH LINE -LI- STA. 37+00.00 SEE SHEET 6

-LI-

PI Sta 25+28.64	PI Sta 32+75.41	PI Sta 39+55.00
Os = 6' 06" 36.2"	Δ = 45' 22" 24.1" (RT)	Os = 6' 06" 36.2"
Ls = 325.68'	D = 3' 45" 07.8"	Ls = 325.68'
LT = 217.25'	L = 1,209.25'	LT = 217.25'
ST = 108.68'	T = 638.34'	ST = 108.68'
	R = 1,527.00'	
	e = SEE PLANS	

REVISIONS

8/17/99

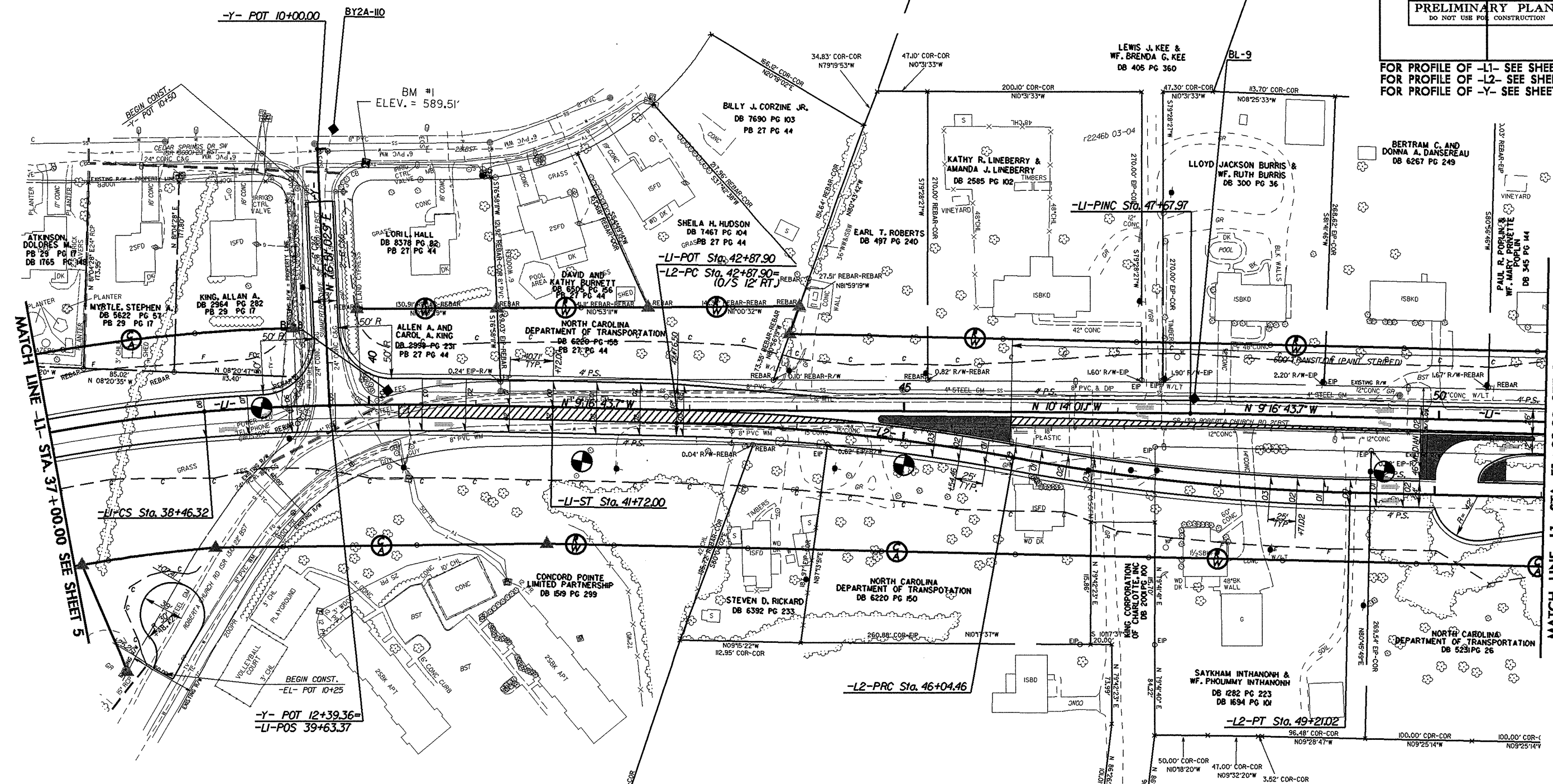
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8/17/99

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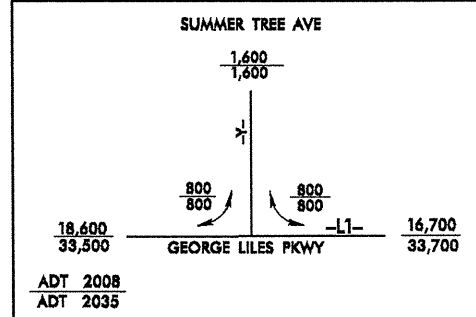
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RW SHEET NO.			
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INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR A/W ACQUISITION			
PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION			

FOR PROFILE OF -L1- SEE SHEET 20
 FOR PROFILE OF -L2- SEE SHEET 21
 FOR PROFILE OF -Y- SEE SHEET 27



MATCH LINE -L1- STA. 37+00.00 SEE SHEET 5

MATCH LINE -L1- STA 51+00.00 SEE SHEET 7



-L1-

PI Sta 25+28.64	PI Sta 32+75.41	PI Sta 39+55.00
Es = 6'06"36.2"	Δ = 45'22"24" (RT)	Es = 6'06"36.2"
Ls = 325.68'	D = 3'45"07.8"	Ls = 325.68'
LT = 217.25'	L = 1209.25'	LT = 217.25'
ST = 108.68'	T = 638.34'	ST = 108.68'
	R = 1,527.00'	
	e = SEE PLANS	

-L2-

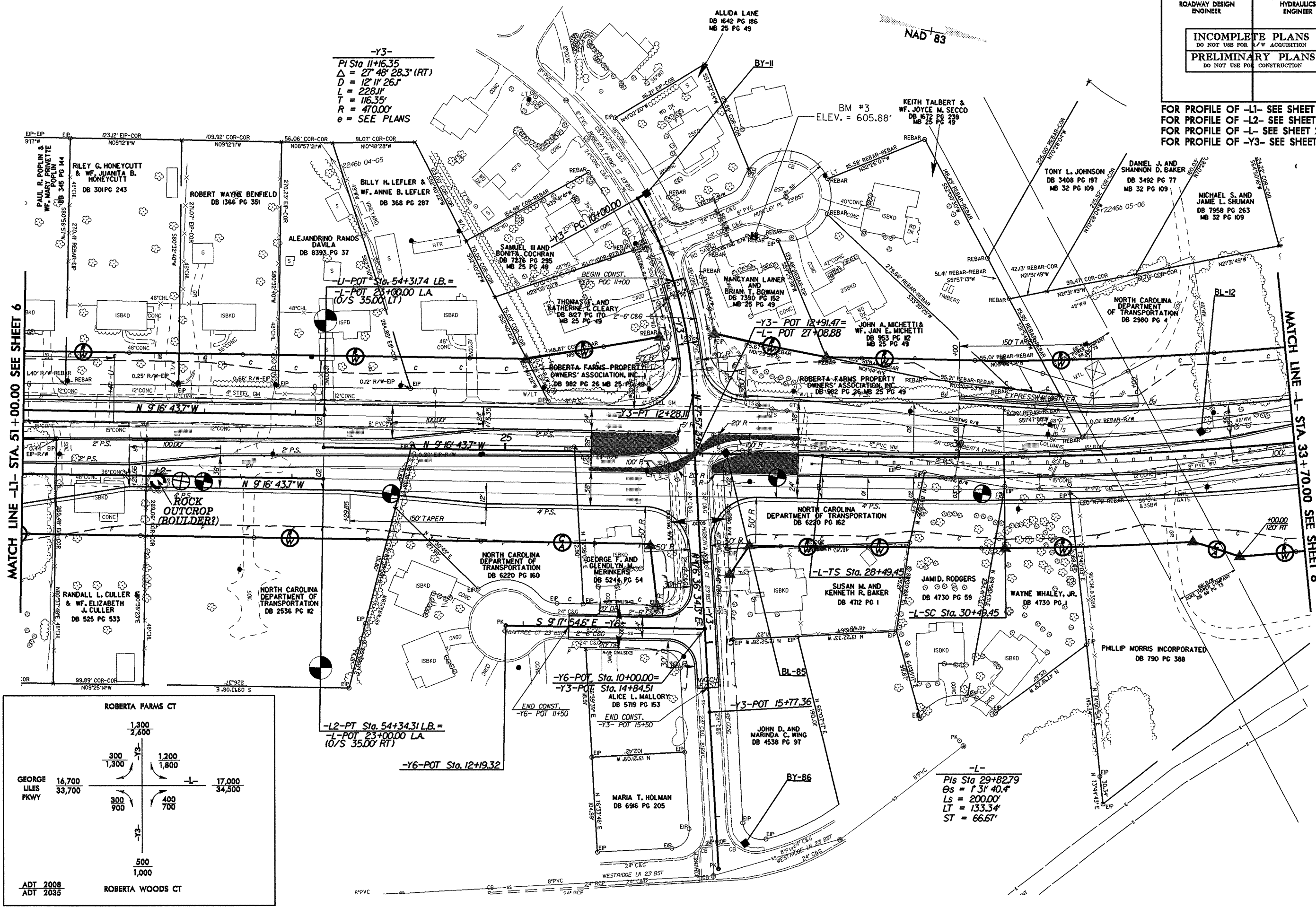
PI Sta 44+46.51	PI Sta 47+63.07
Δ = 9'04"07.4" (RT)	Δ = 9'04"07.4" (LT)
D = 2'51"53.2"	D = 2'51"53.2"
L = 316.56'	L = 316.56'
T = 158.61'	T = 158.61'
R = 2,000.00'	R = 2,000.00'
e = SEE PLANS	e = SEE PLANS

8/17/99

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PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2246B		SHEET NO. 7	
RW SHEET NO.			
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER		HYDRAULICS ENGINEER	
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR A/W ACQUISITION PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION			

FOR PROFILE OF -L1- SEE SHEET 20
 FOR PROFILE OF -L2- SEE SHEET 21
 FOR PROFILE OF -L- SEE SHEET 22
 FOR PROFILE OF -Y3- SEE SHEET 27



REVISIONS

MATCH LINE -L1- STA. 51+00.00 SEE SHEET 6

MATCH LINE -L- STA. 33+70.00 SEE SHEET 8

NAD 83

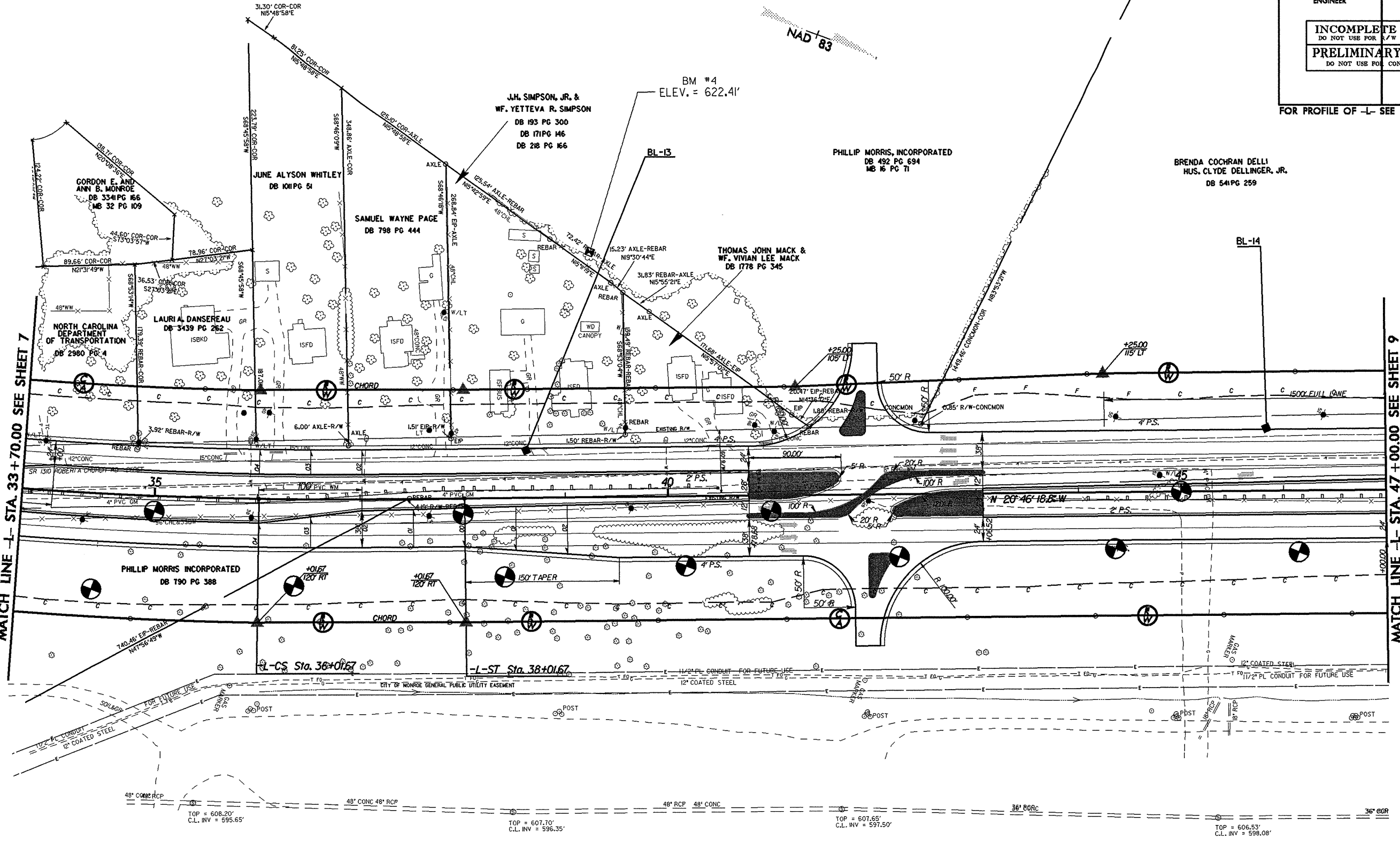
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PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2246B		SHEET NO. 8	
RW SHEET NO.			
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER		HYDRAULICS ENGINEER	
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION			
FOR PROFILE OF -L- SEE SHEET 22			

REVISIONS

MATCH LINE -L- STA. 33+70.00 SEE SHEET 7

MATCH LINE -L- STA. 47+00.00 SEE SHEET 9



-L-

PI Sta 33+26.06	PIs Sta 36+68.34
$\Delta = 8' 26'' 14.3''$ (LT)	$\Theta_s = 1' 31'' 40.4''$
$D = 1' 31'' 40.4''$	$L_s = 200.00'$
$L = 552.22'$	$LT = 133.34'$
$T = 276.61'$	$ST = 66.67'$
$R = 3,750.00'$	
$e = \text{SEE PLANS}$	

PHILLIP MORRIS USA, INC
 DB 493 PG 26
 DB 538 PG 81
 DB 538 PG 79
 MB 16 PG 71

5" MONOLITHIC CONC. ISLAND

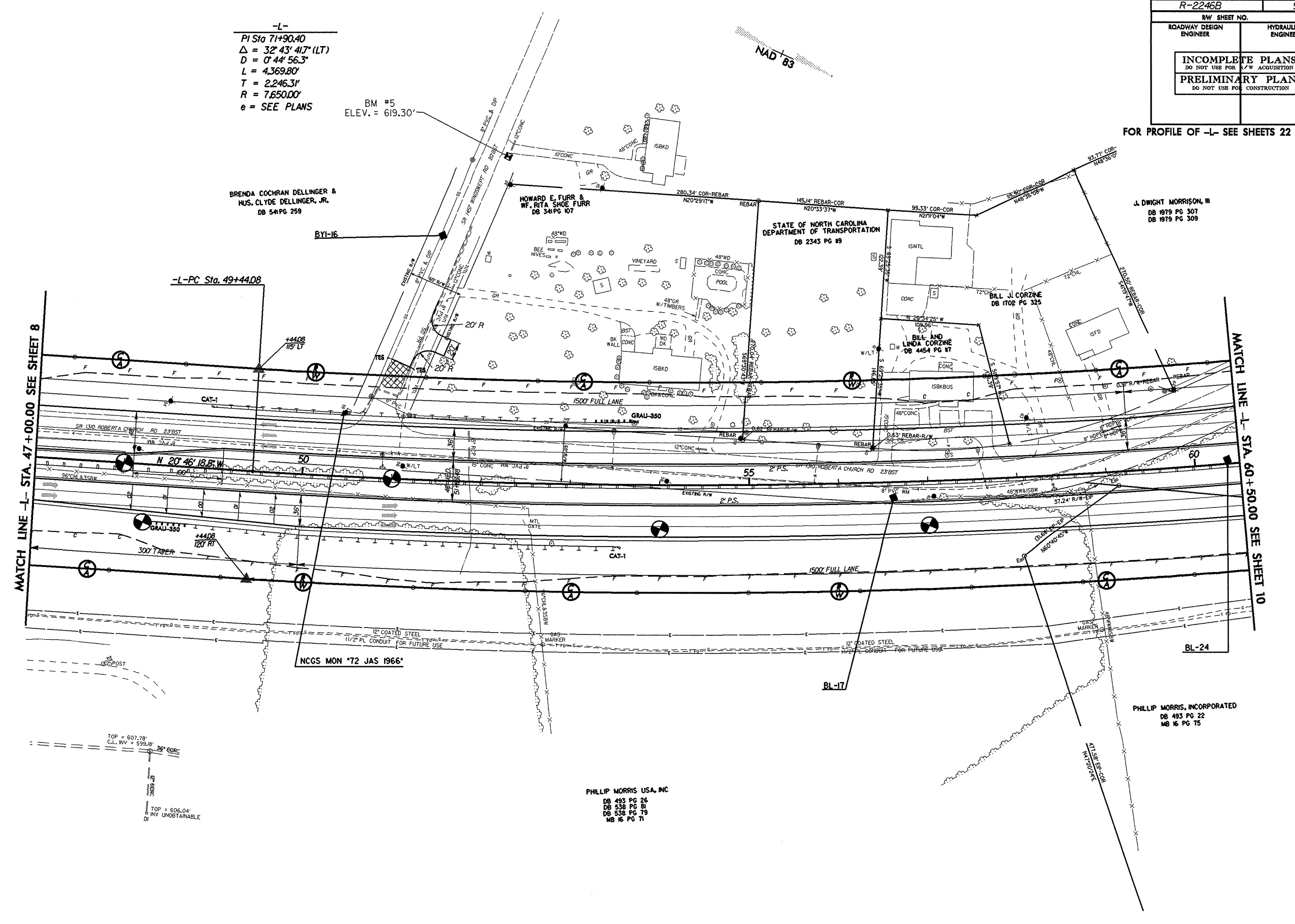
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PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2246B		SHEET NO. 9	
RW SHEET NO.			
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER		HYDRAULICS ENGINEER	
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION			

FOR PROFILE OF -L- SEE SHEETS 22 & 23

-L-
 PI Sta 71+90.40
 $\Delta = 32^{\circ} 43' 41.7" (LT)$
 $D = 0^{\circ} 44' 56.3"$
 $L = 4,369.80'$
 $T = 2,246.31'$
 $R = 7,650.00'$
 $e = \text{SEE PLANS}$

NAD 83



MATCH LINE -L- STA. 47 + 00.00 SEE SHEET 8

MATCH LINE -L- STA. 60 + 50.00 SEE SHEET 10

NCGS MON '72 JAS 1966'

PHILLIP MORRIS USA, INC
 DB 493 PG 26
 DB 538 PG 81
 DB 538 PG 79
 MB 16 PG 71

PHILLIP MORRIS, INCORPORATED
 DB 493 PG 22
 MB 16 PG 75

TOP = 607.78'
 C.L. INV = 599.18'
 36° 60' RC

TOP = 606.04'
 INV UNOBTAINABLE
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8/17/99
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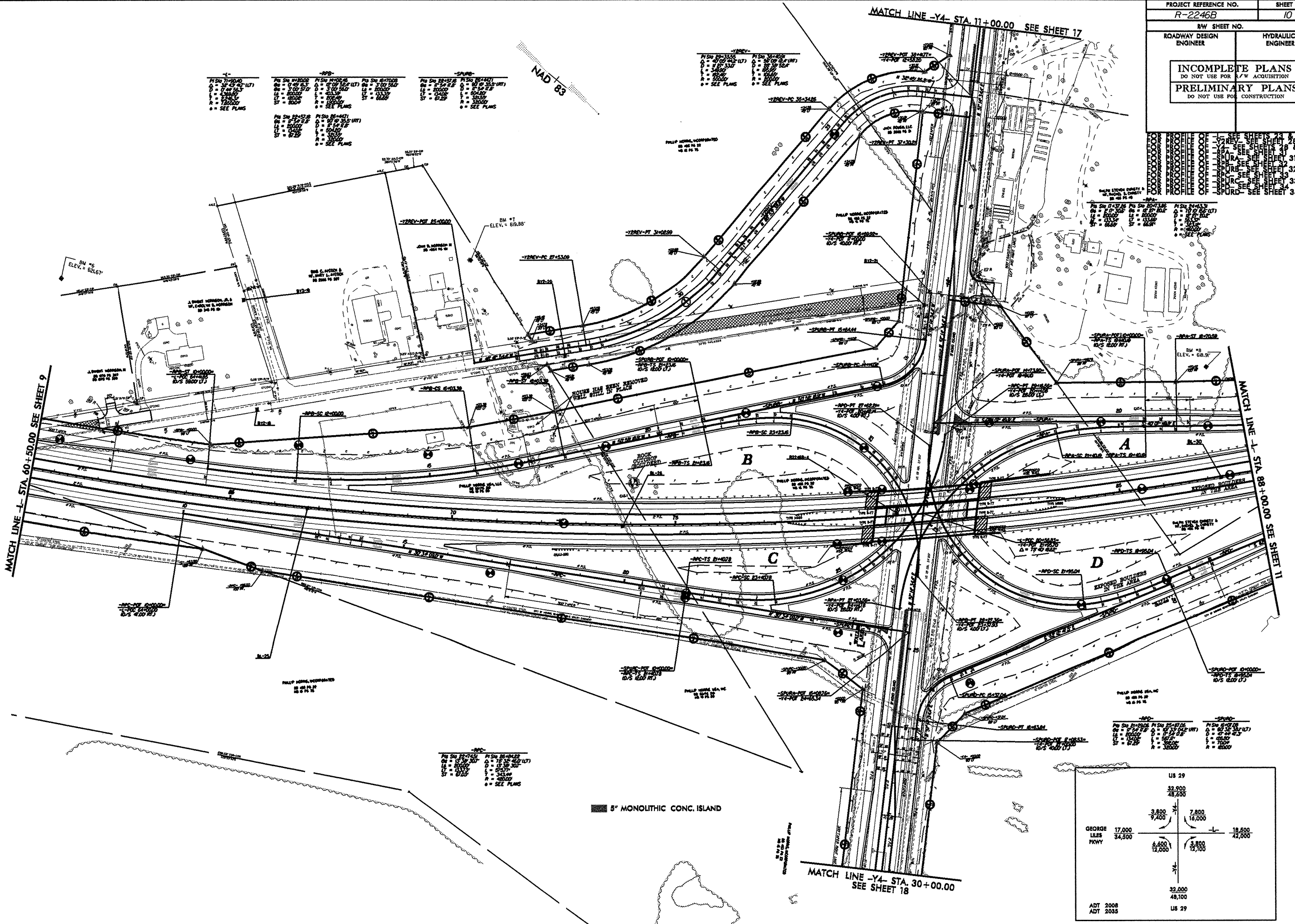
REVISIONS

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RW SHEET NO.			
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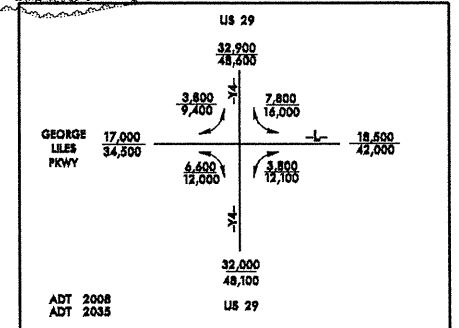
SEE SHEETS 28 & 29	SEE SHEETS 30 & 31
SEE SHEETS 32 & 33	SEE SHEETS 34 & 35



-L-		-R-		-S-	
PI STA 7190.00 O = 34.24 (LT) D = 174.56 L = 100.00 T = 100.00 S = 100.00 SEE PLANS	PI STA 7190.00 O = 10.29 (RT) D = 174.56 L = 100.00 T = 100.00 S = 100.00 SEE PLANS	PI STA 7190.00 O = 10.29 (LT) D = 174.56 L = 100.00 T = 100.00 S = 100.00 SEE PLANS	PI STA 7190.00 O = 10.29 (RT) D = 174.56 L = 100.00 T = 100.00 S = 100.00 SEE PLANS	PI STA 7190.00 O = 10.29 (LT) D = 174.56 L = 100.00 T = 100.00 S = 100.00 SEE PLANS	PI STA 7190.00 O = 10.29 (RT) D = 174.56 L = 100.00 T = 100.00 S = 100.00 SEE PLANS

-REV-		-S-	
PI STA 7190.00 O = 10.29 (LT) D = 174.56 L = 100.00 T = 100.00 S = 100.00 SEE PLANS	PI STA 7190.00 O = 10.29 (RT) D = 174.56 L = 100.00 T = 100.00 S = 100.00 SEE PLANS	PI STA 7190.00 O = 10.29 (LT) D = 174.56 L = 100.00 T = 100.00 S = 100.00 SEE PLANS	PI STA 7190.00 O = 10.29 (RT) D = 174.56 L = 100.00 T = 100.00 S = 100.00 SEE PLANS

-R-		-S-	
PI STA 7190.00 O = 10.29 (LT) D = 174.56 L = 100.00 T = 100.00 S = 100.00 SEE PLANS	PI STA 7190.00 O = 10.29 (RT) D = 174.56 L = 100.00 T = 100.00 S = 100.00 SEE PLANS	PI STA 7190.00 O = 10.29 (LT) D = 174.56 L = 100.00 T = 100.00 S = 100.00 SEE PLANS	PI STA 7190.00 O = 10.29 (RT) D = 174.56 L = 100.00 T = 100.00 S = 100.00 SEE PLANS



REVISIONS

5' MONOLITHIC CONC. ISLAND

MATCH LINE -Y4- STA. 30+00.00 SEE SHEET 18

MATCH LINE -L- STA. 60+50.00 SEE SHEET 9

MATCH LINE -Y4- STA. 11+00.00 SEE SHEET 17

MATCH LINE -L- STA. 88+00.00 SEE SHEET 11

8/17/98

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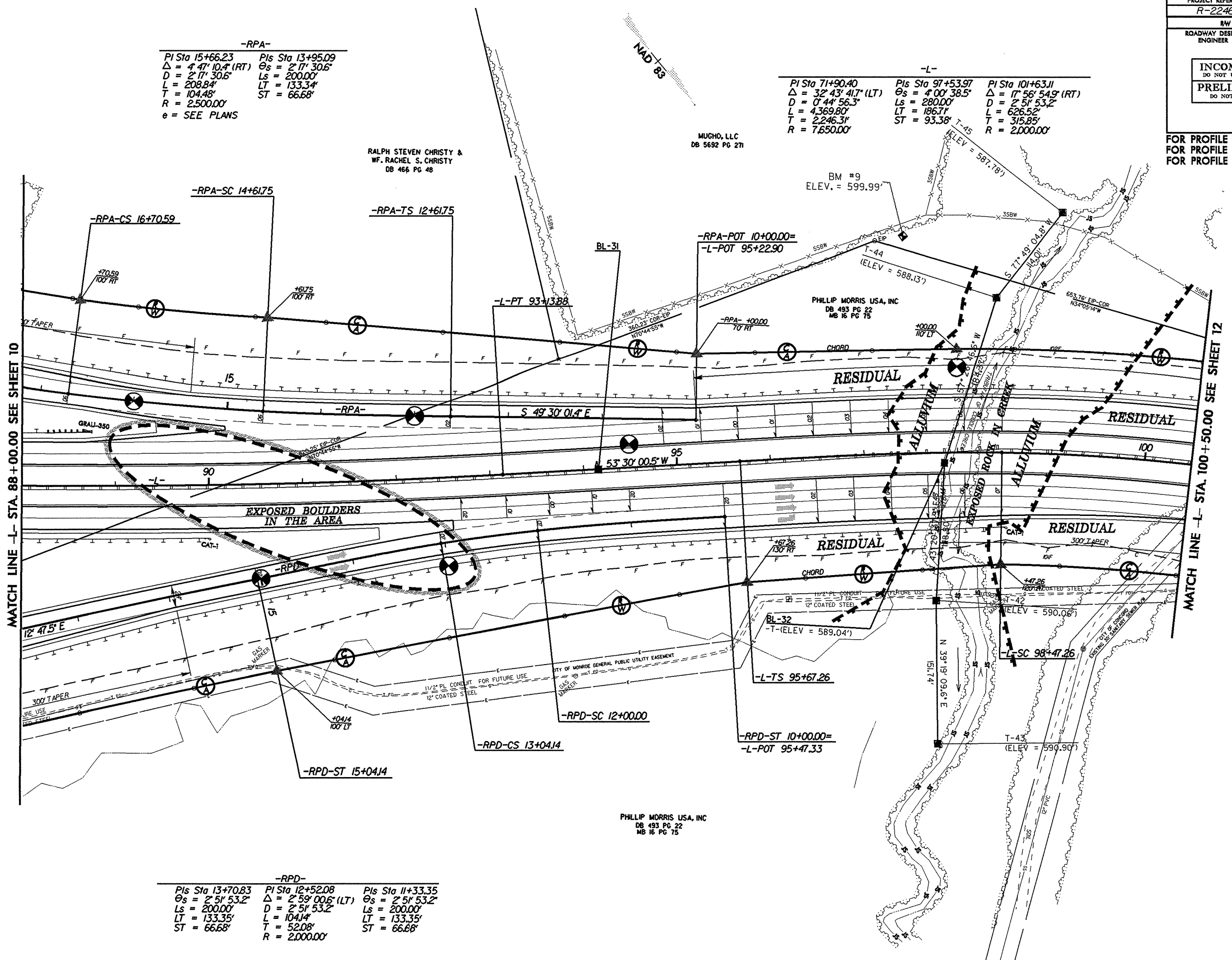
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RW SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	

FOR PROFILE OF -L- SEE SHEET 24
 FOR PROFILE OF -RPA- SEE SHEET 31
 FOR PROFILE OF -RPD- SEE SHEET 34

-RPA-
 Pls Sta 15+66.23 Pls Sta 13+95.09
 $\Delta = 4' 47'' 10.4''$ (RT) $\Theta_s = 2' 17'' 30.6''$
 $D = 2' 17'' 30.6''$ $L_s = 200.00'$
 $L = 208.84'$ $LT = 133.34'$
 $T = 104.48'$ $ST = 66.68'$
 $R = 2,500.00'$
 e = SEE PLANS

-L-
 Pls Sta 71+90.40 Pls Sta 97+53.97 Pls Sta 101+63.11
 $\Delta = 32' 43'' 41.7''$ (LT) $\Theta_s = 4' 00'' 38.5''$ $\Delta = 17' 56'' 54.9''$ (RT)
 $D = 0' 44'' 56.3''$ $L_s = 280.00'$ $D = 2' 51'' 53.2''$
 $L = 4,369.80'$ $LT = 186.71'$ $L = 626.52'$
 $T = 2,246.31'$ $ST = 93.38'$ $T = 315.85'$
 $R = 7,650.00'$ $R = 2,000.00'$

-RPD-
 Pls Sta 13+70.83 Pls Sta 12+52.08 Pls Sta 11+33.35
 $\Theta_s = 2' 51'' 53.2''$ $\Delta = 2' 59'' 00.6''$ (LT) $\Theta_s = 2' 51'' 53.2''$
 $L_s = 200.00'$ $D = 2' 51'' 53.2''$ $L_s = 200.00'$
 $LT = 133.35'$ $L = 104.14'$ $LT = 133.35'$
 $ST = 66.68'$ $T = 52.08'$ $ST = 66.68'$
 $R = 2,000.00'$



RALPH STEVEN CHRISTY &
 WF. RACHEL S. CHRISTY
 DB 466 PG 48

MUCHO, LLC
 DB 5692 PG 271

BM #9
 ELEV. = 599.99'

PHILLIP MORRIS USA, INC
 DB 493 PG 22
 MB 16 PG 75

PHILLIP MORRIS USA, INC
 DB 493 PG 22
 MB 16 PG 75

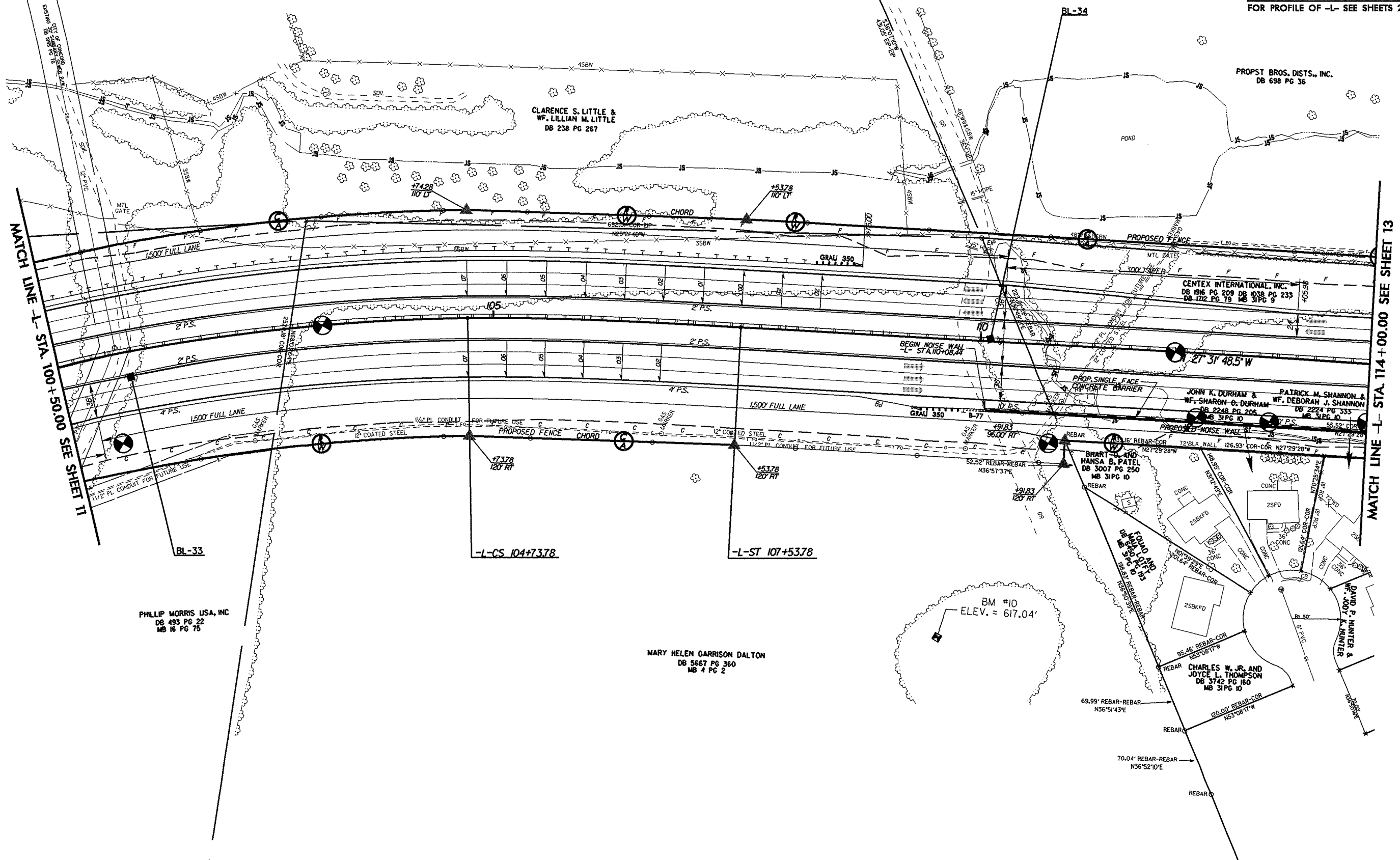
REVISIONS

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2246B	SHEET NO. 12
RW SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	

FOR PROFILE OF -L- SEE SHEETS 24 & 25

-L-
 PI Sta 101+63.11 Pls Sta 105+67.16
 $\Delta = 17^{\circ} 56' 54.9" (RT)$ $\Theta_s = 4^{\circ} 00' 38.5"$
 $D = 2^{\circ} 51' 53.2"$ $L_s = 280.00'$
 $L = 626.52'$ $LT = 186.71'$
 $T = 315.85'$ $ST = 93.38'$
 $R = 2,000.00'$

NAD 83



MATCH LINE -L- STA. 100+50.00 SEE SHEET 11

MATCH LINE -L- STA. 114+00.00 SEE SHEET 13

REVISIONS

8/17/99

14-SEP-2010 10:40:12
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PHILLIP MORRIS USA, INC.
 DB 493 PG 22
 MB 16 PG 75

MARY HELEN GARRISON DALTON
 DB 5667 PG 360
 MB 4 PG 2

BM #10
 ELEV. = 617.04'

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
R-2246B	13
RW SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR ACQUISITION	
PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	

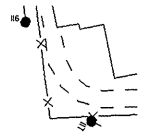
FOR PROFILE OF -L- SEE SHEET 25

8/17/99

NAD 83

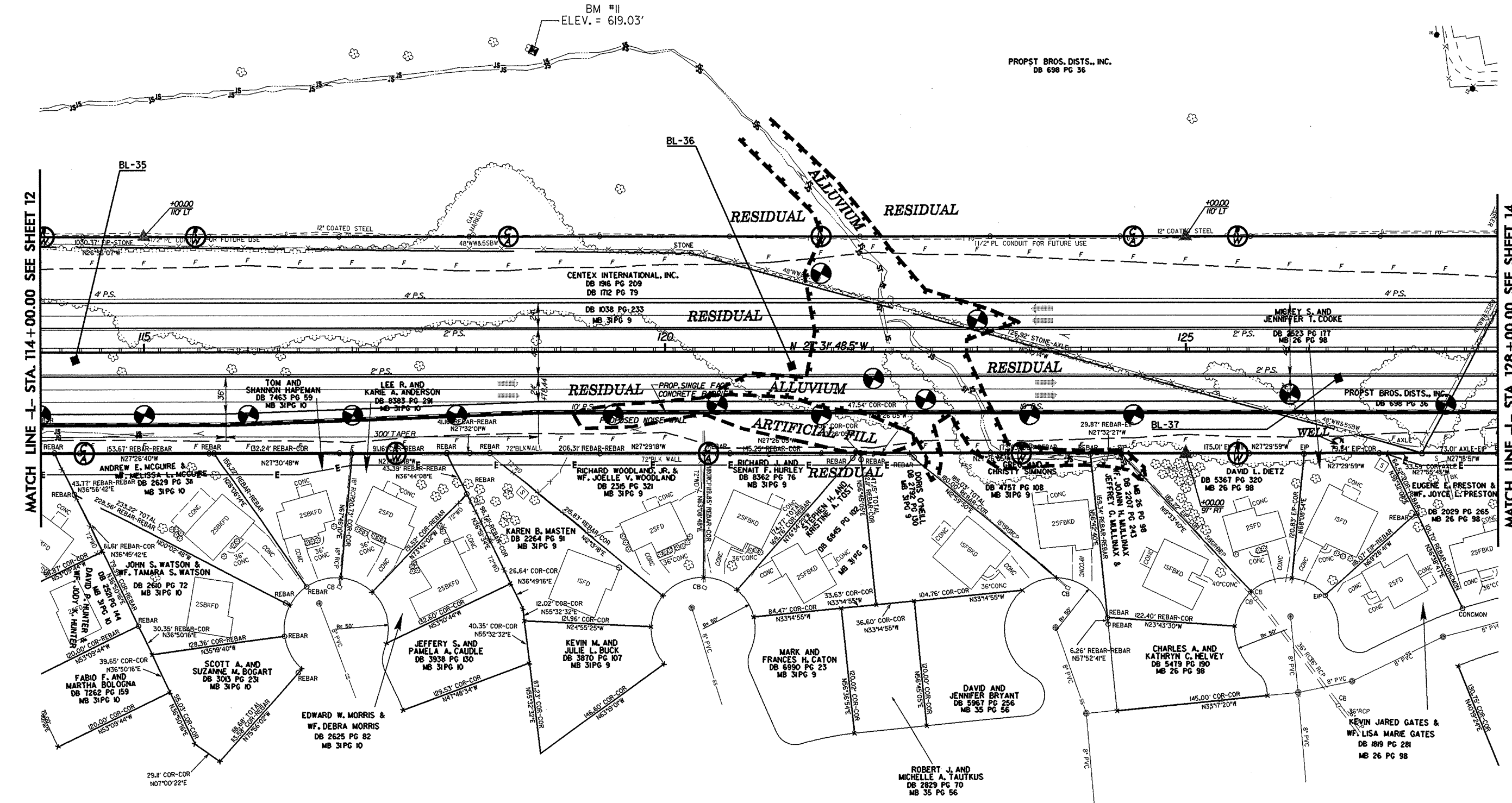
BM #11
ELEV. = 619.03'

PROPST BROS. DIST., INC.
DB 698 PG 36



MATCH LINE -L- STA. 114 + 00.00 SEE SHEET 12

MATCH LINE -L- STA. 128 + 00.00 SEE SHEET 14



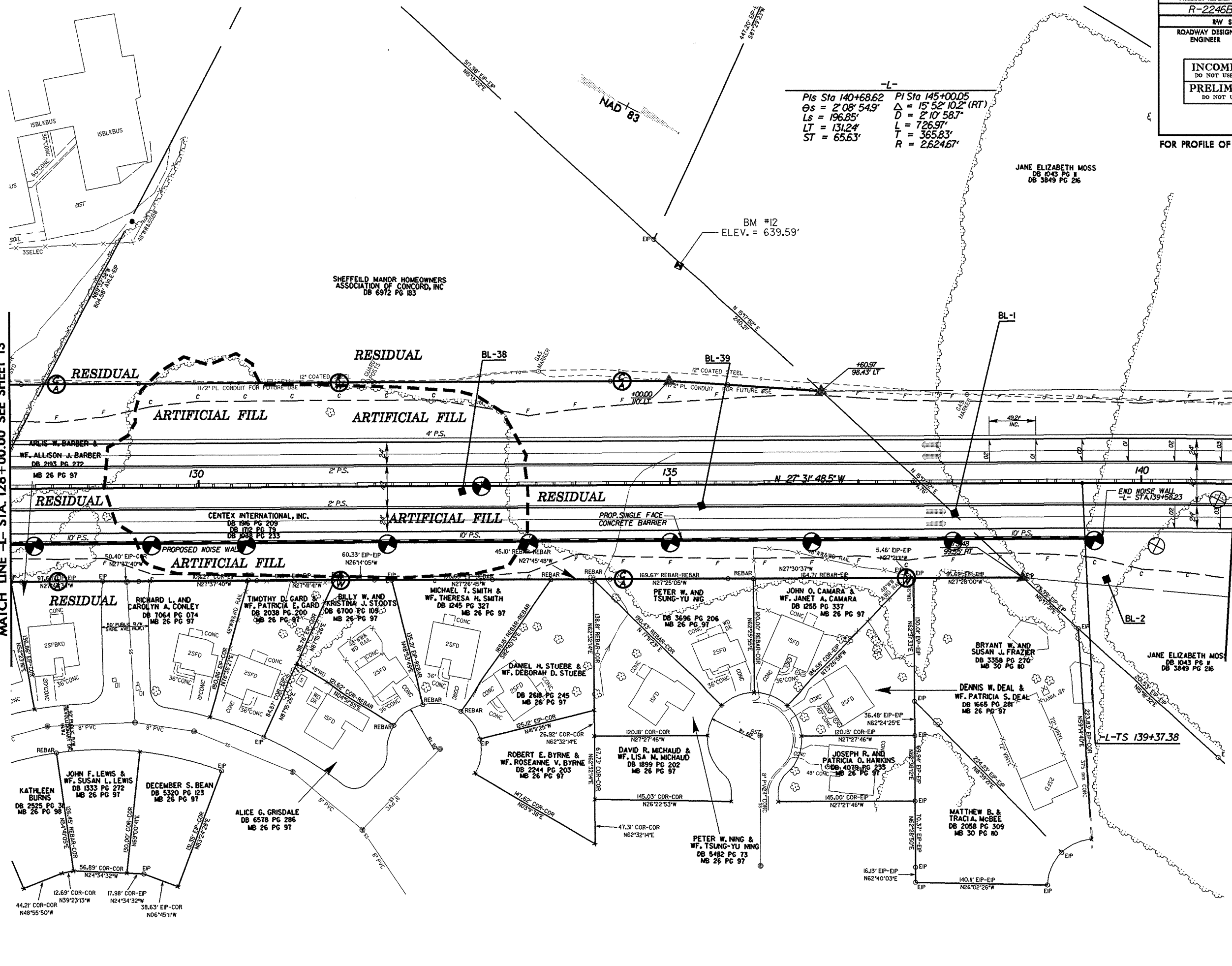
REVISIONS

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8/17/99

14-SEP-2010 14:08
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PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2246B		SHEET NO. 14	
RAW SHEET NO.			
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER		HYDRAULICS ENGINEER	
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR A/W ACQUISITION PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION			
FOR PROFILE OF -L- SEE SHEETS 25 & 26			



-L-
 PIs Sta 140+68.62 PI Sta 145+00.05
 $\theta_s = 2^\circ 08' 54.9"$ $\Delta = 15^\circ 52' 10.2" (RT)$
 $L_s = 196.85'$ $D = 2^\circ 10' 58.7"$
 $LT = 131.24'$ $T = 365.83'$
 $ST = 65.63'$ $R = 262467'$

NAD 83

BM #12
ELEV. = 639.59'

JANE ELIZABETH MOSS
DB 1043 PG 11
DB 3849 PG 26

MATCH LINE -L- STA. 128 + 00.00 SEE SHEET 13

MATCH LINE -L- STA. 141 + 00.00 SEE SHEET 15

REVISIONS

44.21' COR-COR N48°55'50"W
 12.69' COR-COR N39°23'13"W
 17.98' COR-EIP N24°34'32"W
 38.63' EIP-COR N06°45'11"W

L-TS 139+37.38

8/17/99

14-SEP-2010 14:10 D:\Projects\2246B_GEO_RDWY_CABARRUS\CADD_G\TECH\Plan\Prof\R2246B_GEO_rvw_015.dgn

5" MONOLITHIC CONC. ISLAND

NAD 83

-Y5- POT STA. 14+00.00
BEGIN CONSTRUCTION

-Y5-
PI Sta 17+05.99
 $\Delta = 10' 11" 23.2' (RT)$
 $D = 4' 03' 48.7'$
 $L = 250.76'$
 $T = 125.71'$
 $R = 1,410.00'$

MHRA, LLC
DB 6188 PG 302

-Y5-PC Sta. 15+80.28

JANE ELIZABETH MOSS
DB 1043 PG 1
DB 3849 PG 216

-Y5- PT 18+31.04

-Y5- POT 18+62.40=
-L- POC 148+28.77

JOHN D. MORRISON III
DB 2230 PG 107

-L-CS Sta. 148+61.19

COBLE FAMILY FARM LTD
DB 1777 PG 273

END TIP PROJECT R-2246B
-L- STA. 150+58.04

MATCH LINE -L- STA. 141+00.00 SEE SHEET 14

-L-SC 141+34.23

BL-28

-L-
PIs Sta 149+26.82
 $\theta s = 2' 08' 54.9'$
 $Ls = 196.85'$
 $LT = 131.24'$
 $ST = 65.63'$

JANE ELIZABETH MOSS
DB 1043 PG 1
DB 3849 PG 216

-Y5-PC Sta. 22+56.15

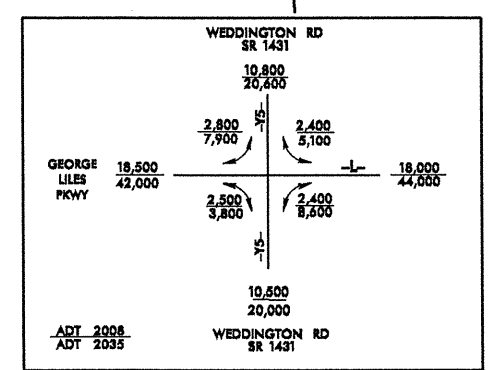
-Y5- PC STA. 22+50.00
END CONSTRUCTION

BL-81

JMS POPLAR, LLC
DB 1987 PG 46

COBLE FAMILY FARM LTD
DB 3029 PG 174

-Y5-
PI Sta 24+18.52
 $\Delta = 4' 01' 13.0' (RT)$
 $D = 1' 14' 18.8'$
 $L = 324.59'$
 $T = 162.36'$
 $R = 4,625.98'$

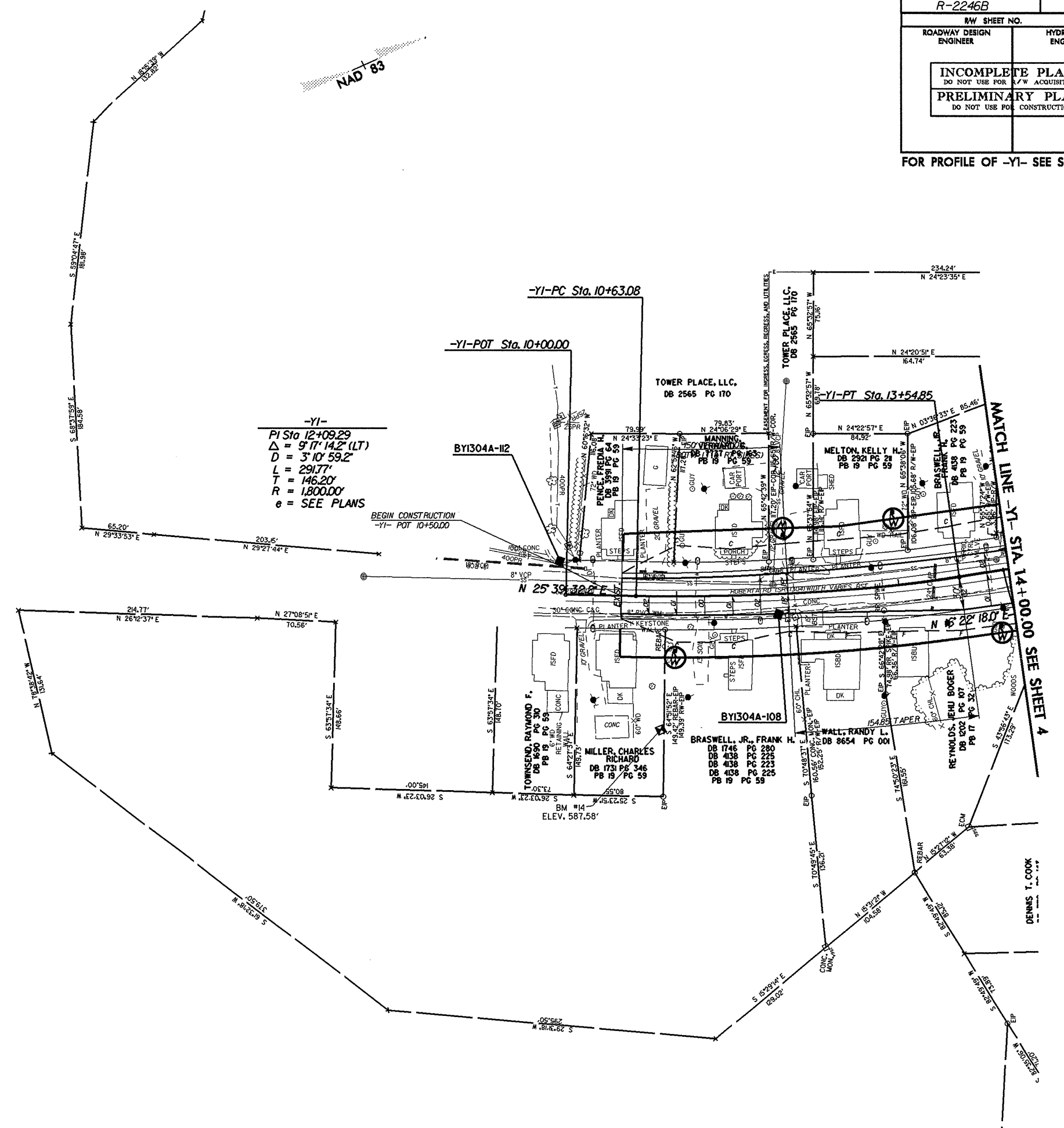


REVISIONS

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2246B		SHEET NO. 16	
RWY SHEET NO.			
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER		HYDRAULICS ENGINEER	
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR ACQUISITION		PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	

FOR PROFILE OF -Y1- SEE SHEET 27

REVISIONS



-Y1-
 PI Sta 12+09.29
 $\Delta = 9^{\circ}17'14.2''$ (LT)
 $D = 3^{\circ}10'59.2''$
 $L = 291.77'$
 $T = 146.20'$
 $R = 1,800.00'$
 $e = \text{SEE PLANS}$

BEGIN CONSTRUCTION
-Y1- POT 10+50.00

MATCH LINE -Y1- STA. 14+00.00 SEE SHEET 4

NAD 83

DENNIS T. COOK

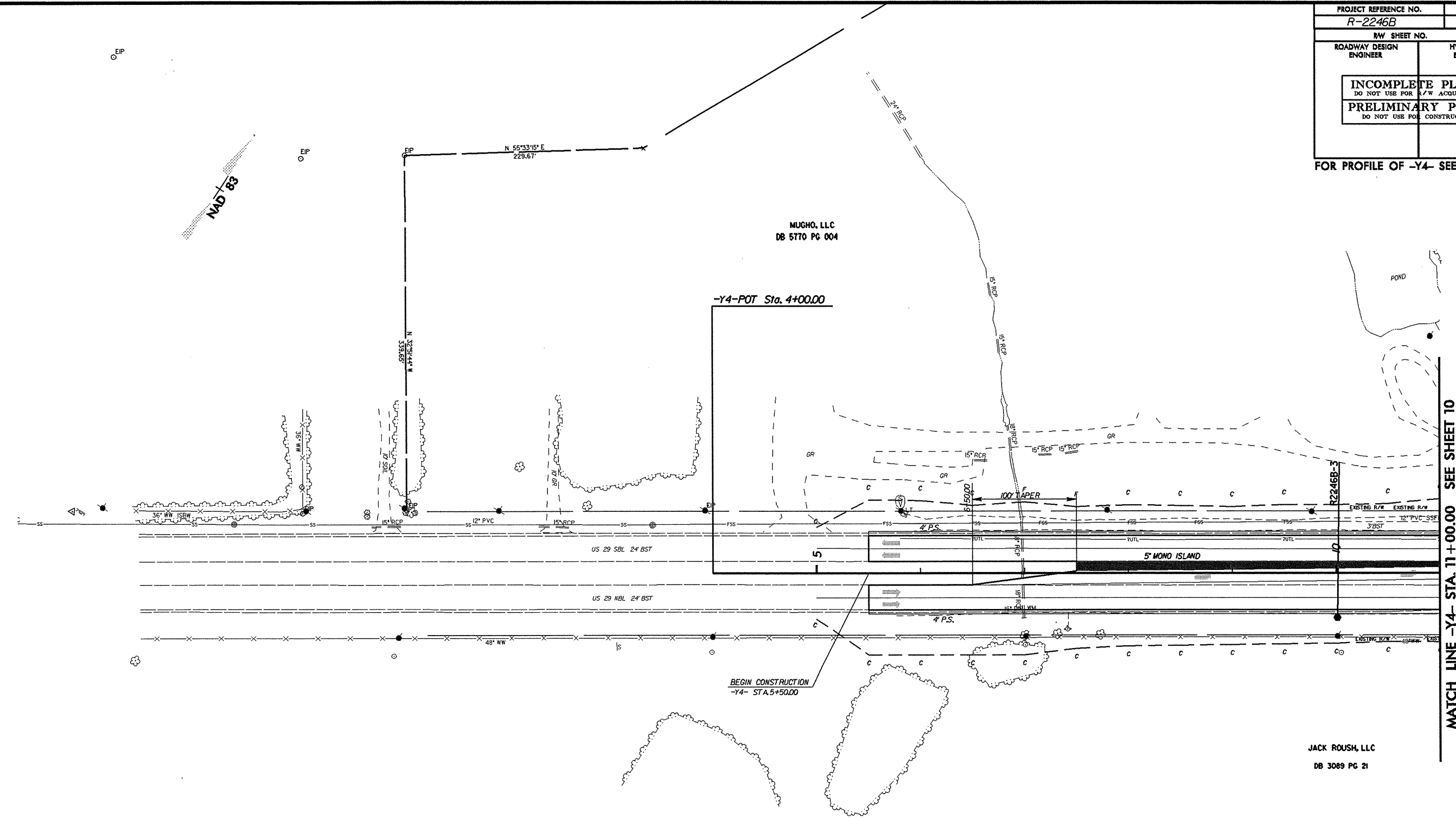
8/17/99

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PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2246B		SHEET NO. 17	
RW SHEET NO.			
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER		HYDRAULICS ENGINEER	
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR ACQUISITION		PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	

FOR PROFILE OF -Y4- SEE SHEET 28

REVISIONS



5" MONOLITHIC CONC. ISLAND

MATCH LINE -Y4- STA. 11 + 00.00 SEE SHEET 10

JACK ROUSH, LLC
DB 3089 PG 21

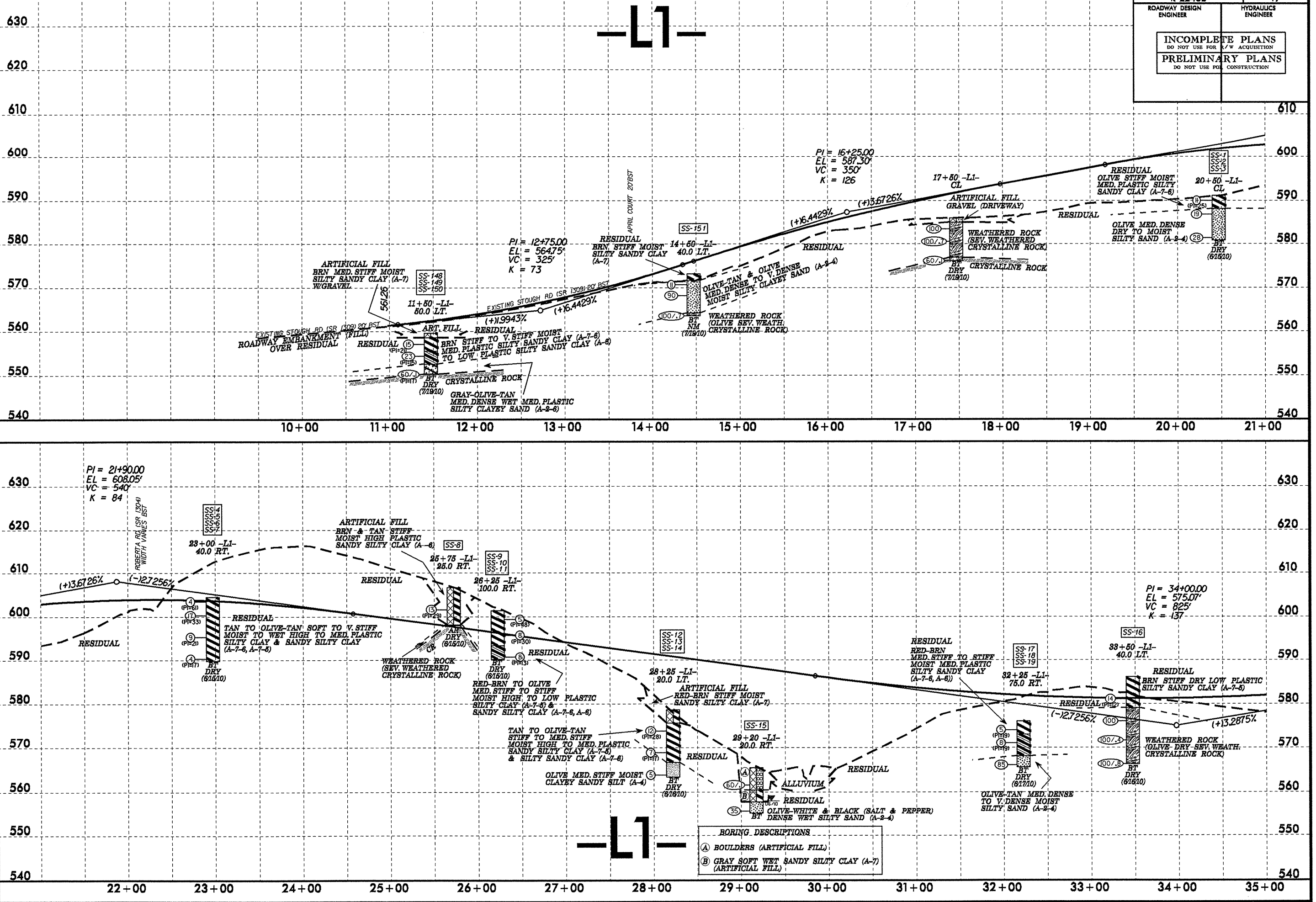
MUGHO, LLC
DB 5770 PG 004

-Y4-POT Sta. 4+00.00

BEGIN CONSTRUCTION
-Y4- STA. 5+50.00

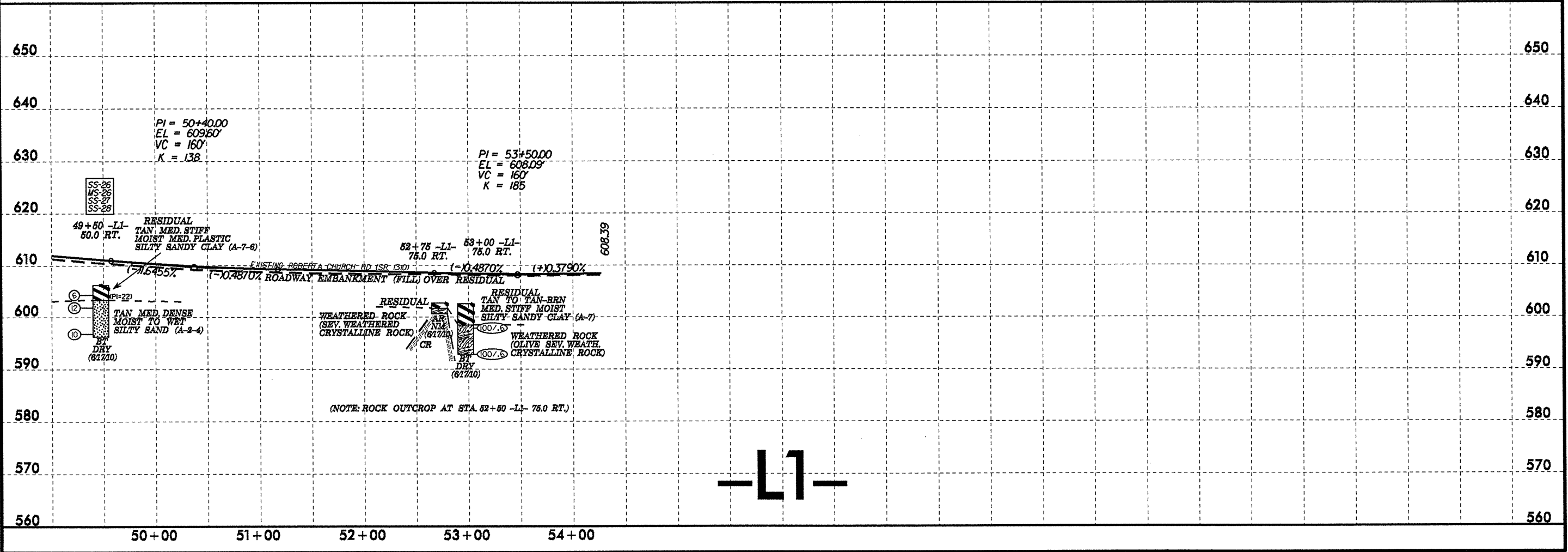
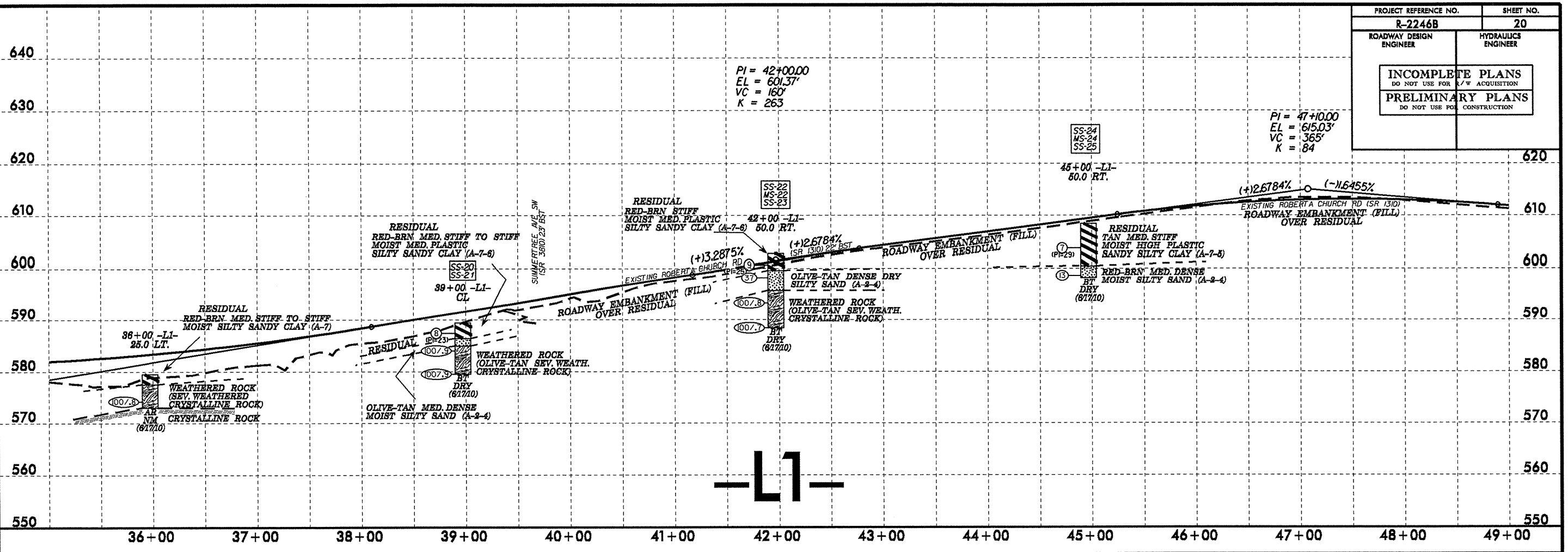
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 10/22/2014
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PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2246B	SHEET NO. 19
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	



5/28/99

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.		SHEET NO.	
R-2246B		20	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER		
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR ACQUISITION PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION			

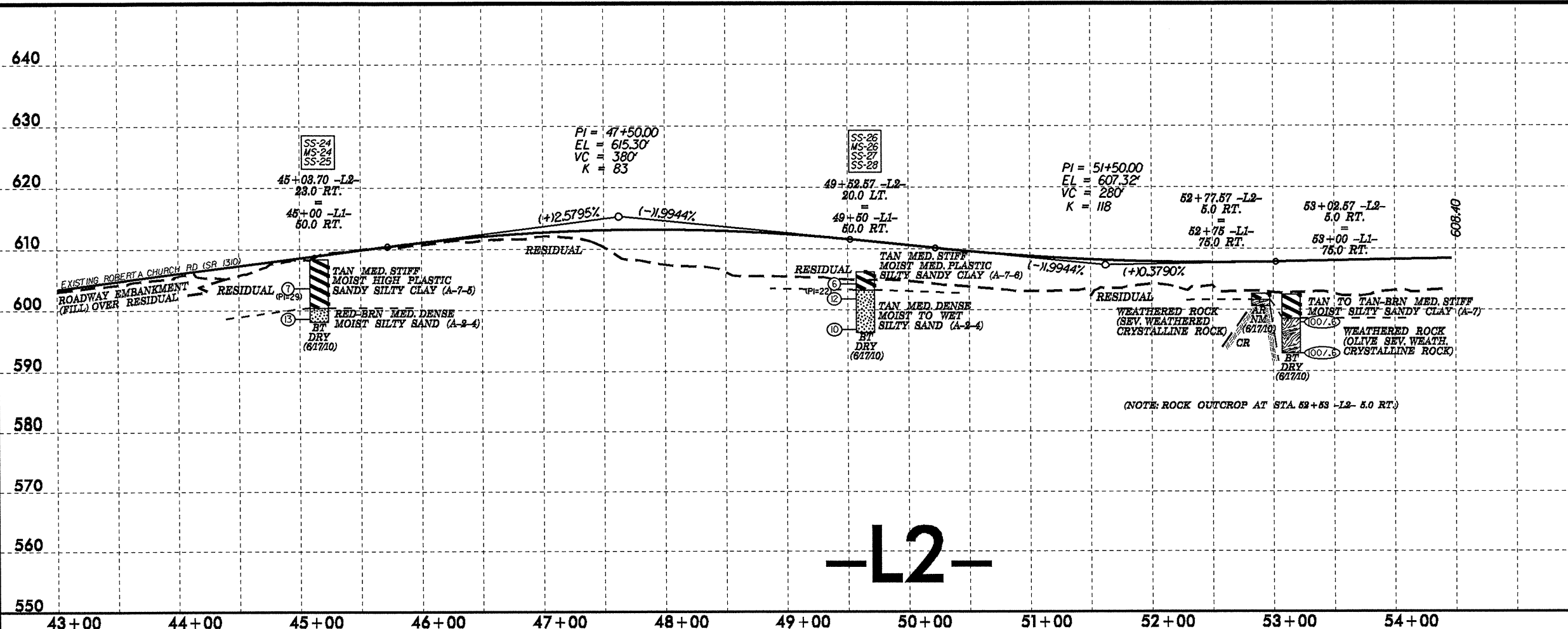


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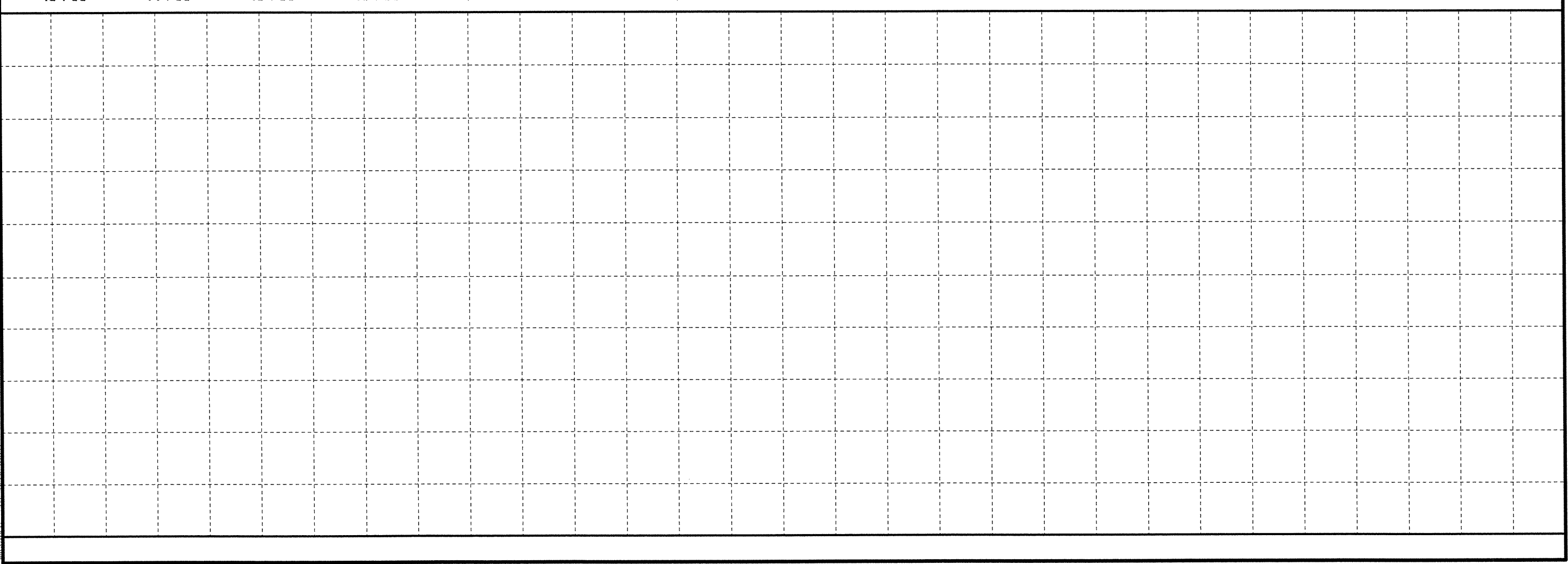
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PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2246B	SHEET NO. 21
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR ACQUISITION PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	



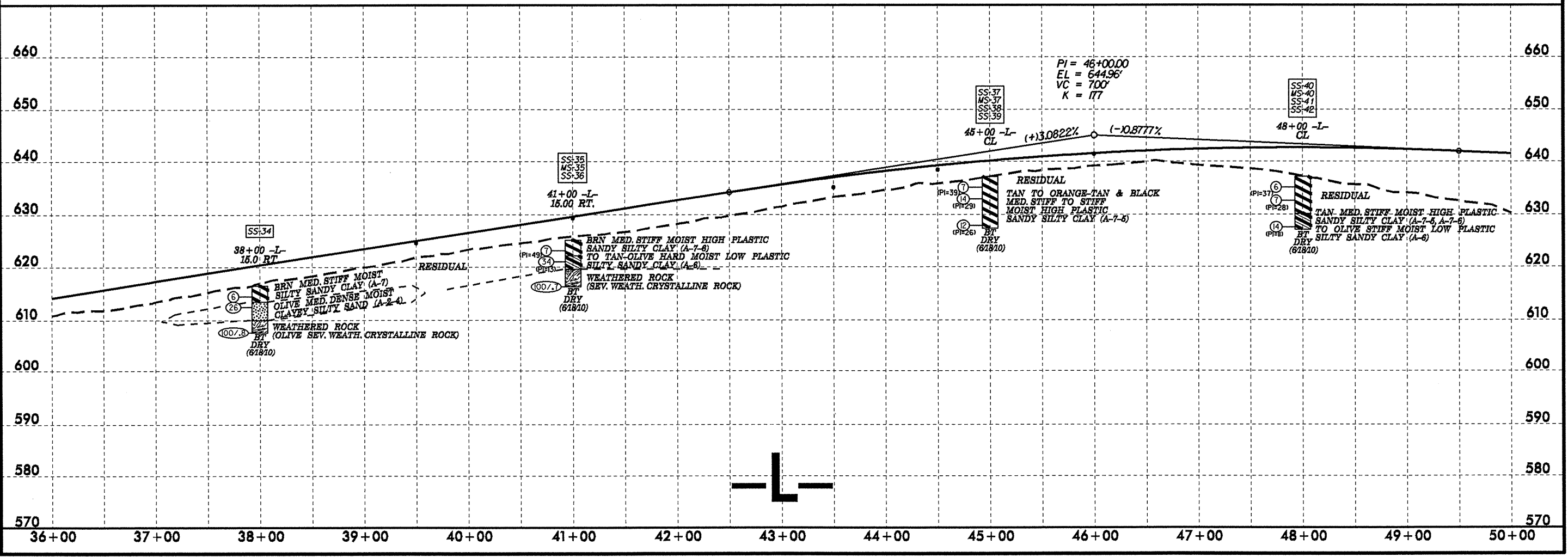
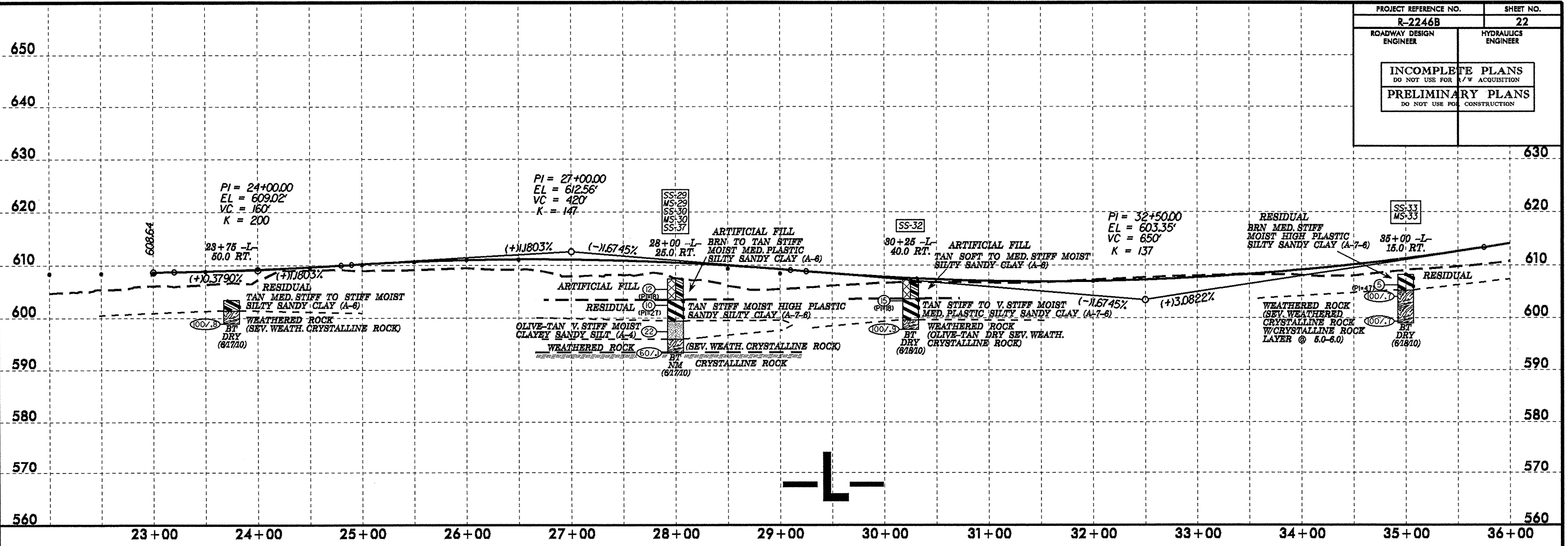
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5/28/99

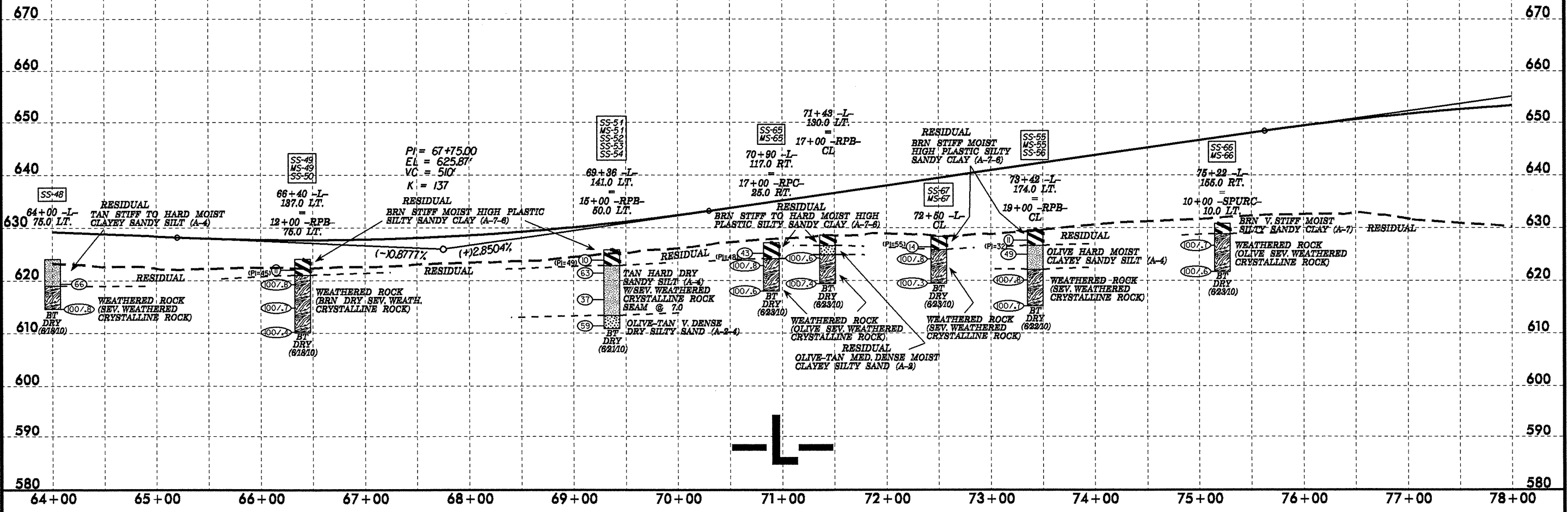
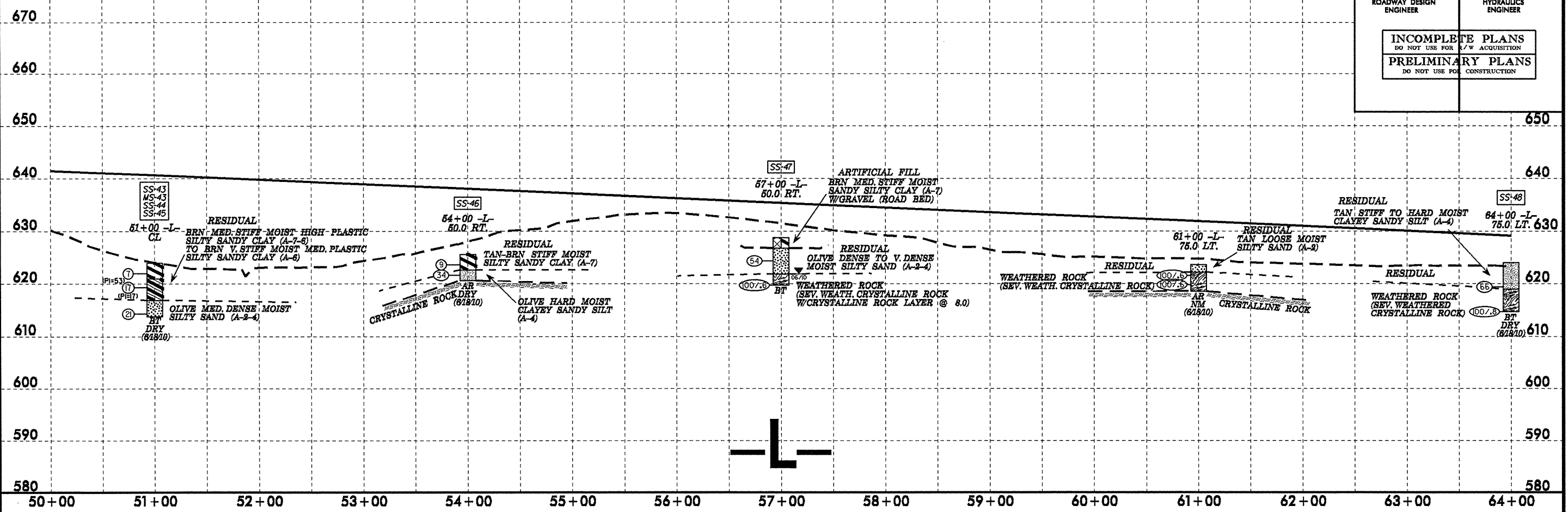
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PROJECT REFERENCE NO.		SHEET NO.	
R-2246B		22	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER		HYDRAULICS ENGINEER	
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR A/W ACQUISITION		PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	



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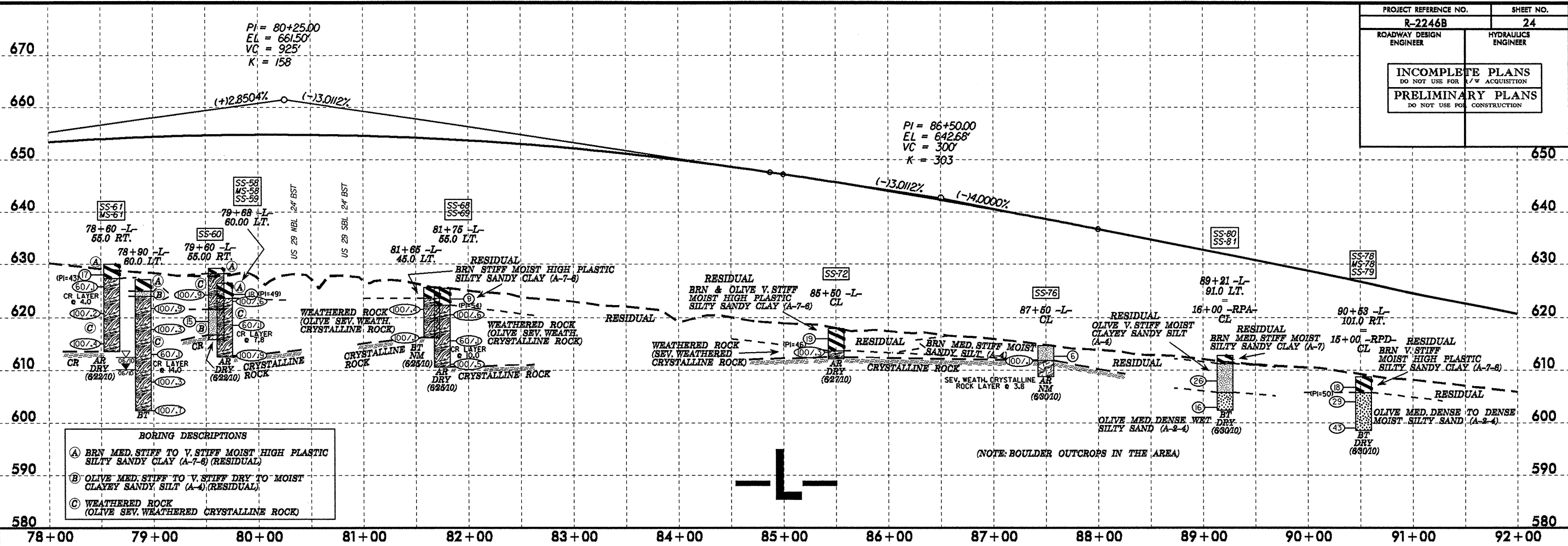
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ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER		HYDRAULICS ENGINEER	
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR ACQUISITION			
PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION			



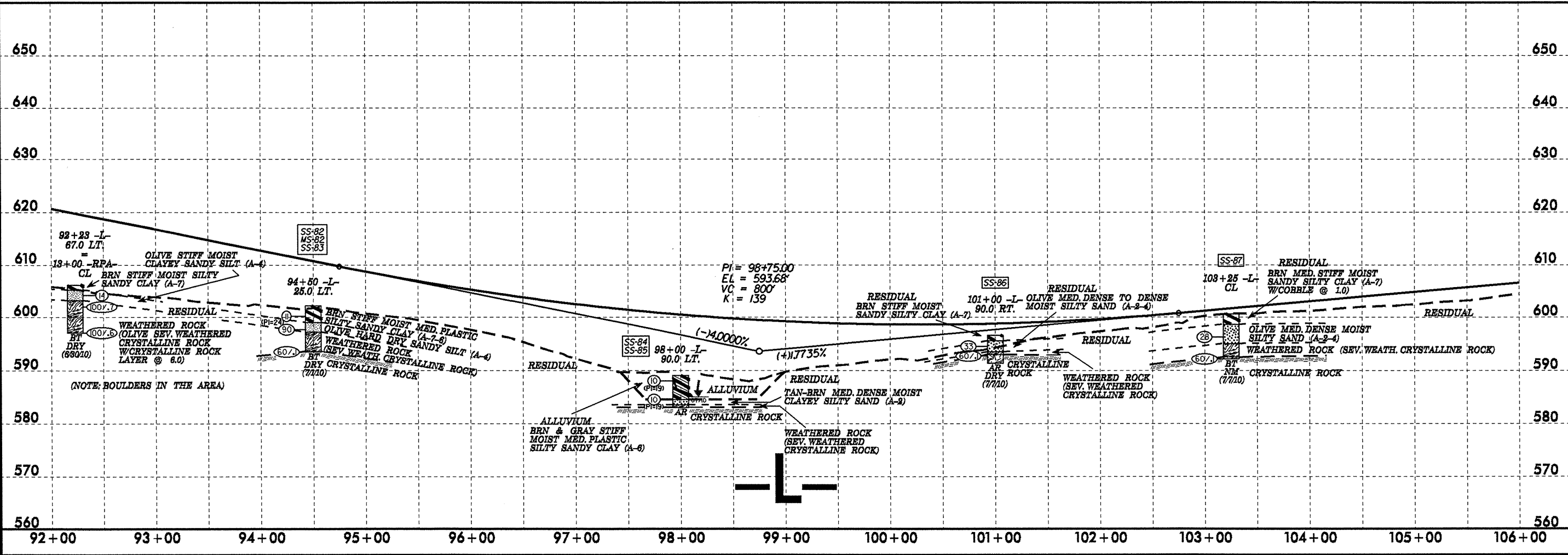
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5/28/99

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2246B	SHEET NO. 24
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR ACQUISITION PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	



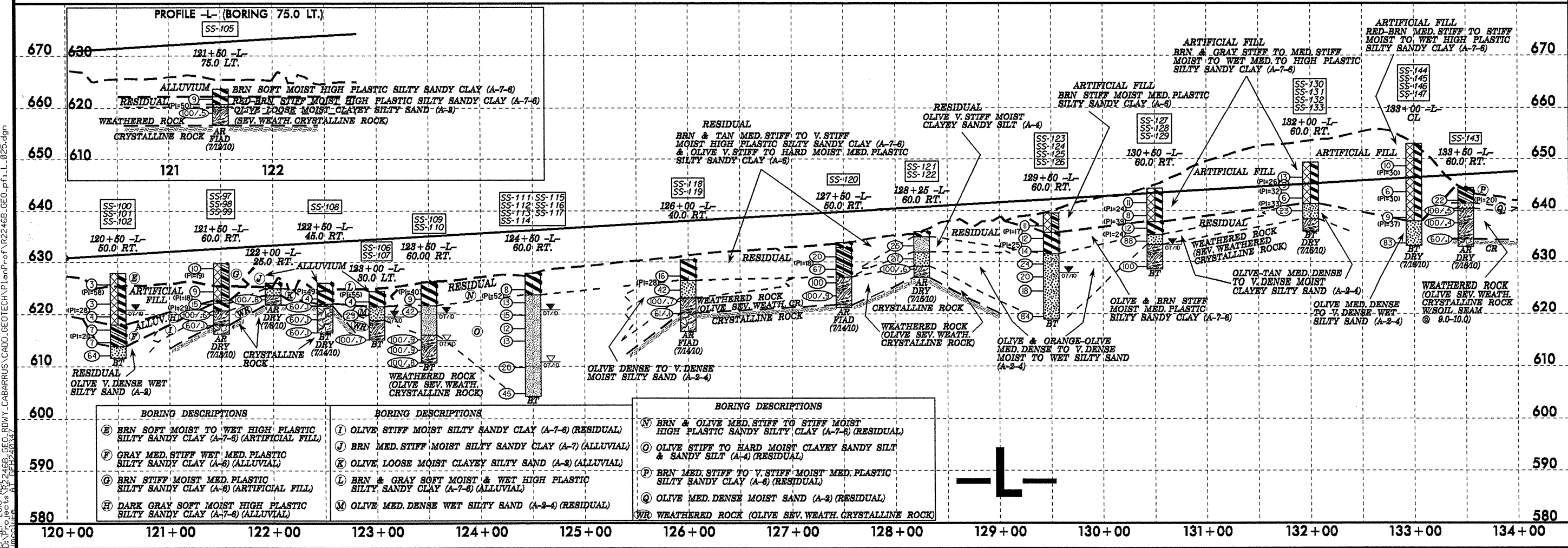
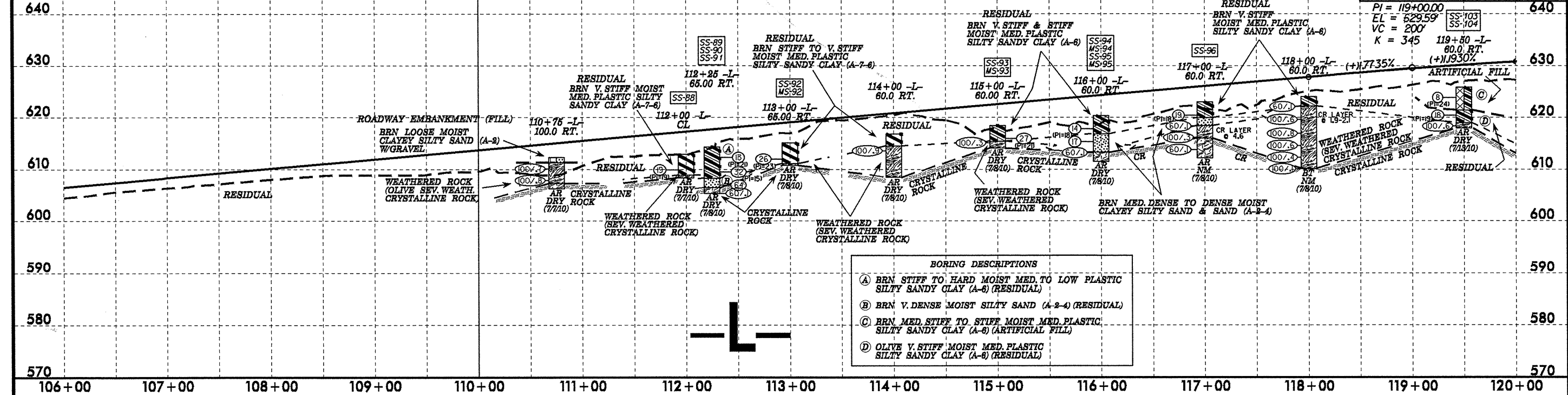
- BORING DESCRIPTIONS**
- (A) BRN MED. STIFF TO V. STIFF MOIST HIGH PLASTIC SILTY SANDY CLAY (A-7-8) (RESIDUAL)
 - (B) OLIVE MED. STIFF TO V. STIFF DRY TO MOIST CLAYEY SANDY SILT (A-4) (RESIDUAL)
 - (C) WEATHERED ROCK (OLIVE SEV. WEATHERED CRYSTALLINE ROCK)



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5/28/99

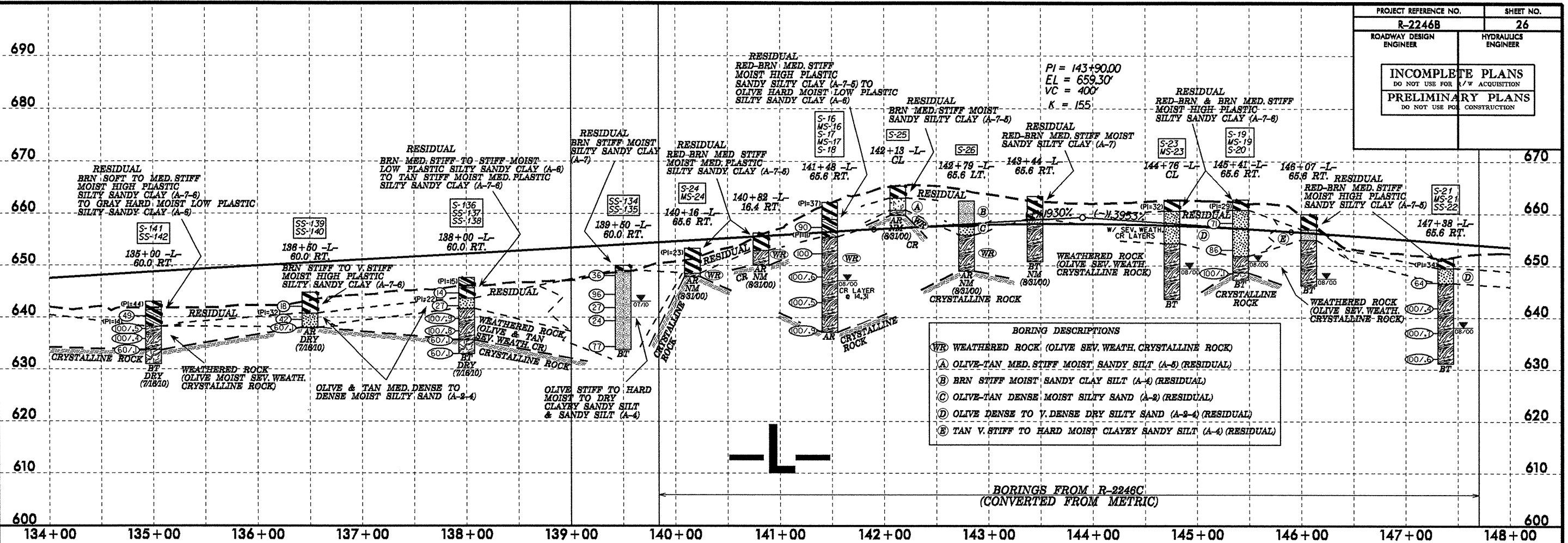
PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2246B	SHEET NO. 25
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR ACQUISITION PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	



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5/28/99

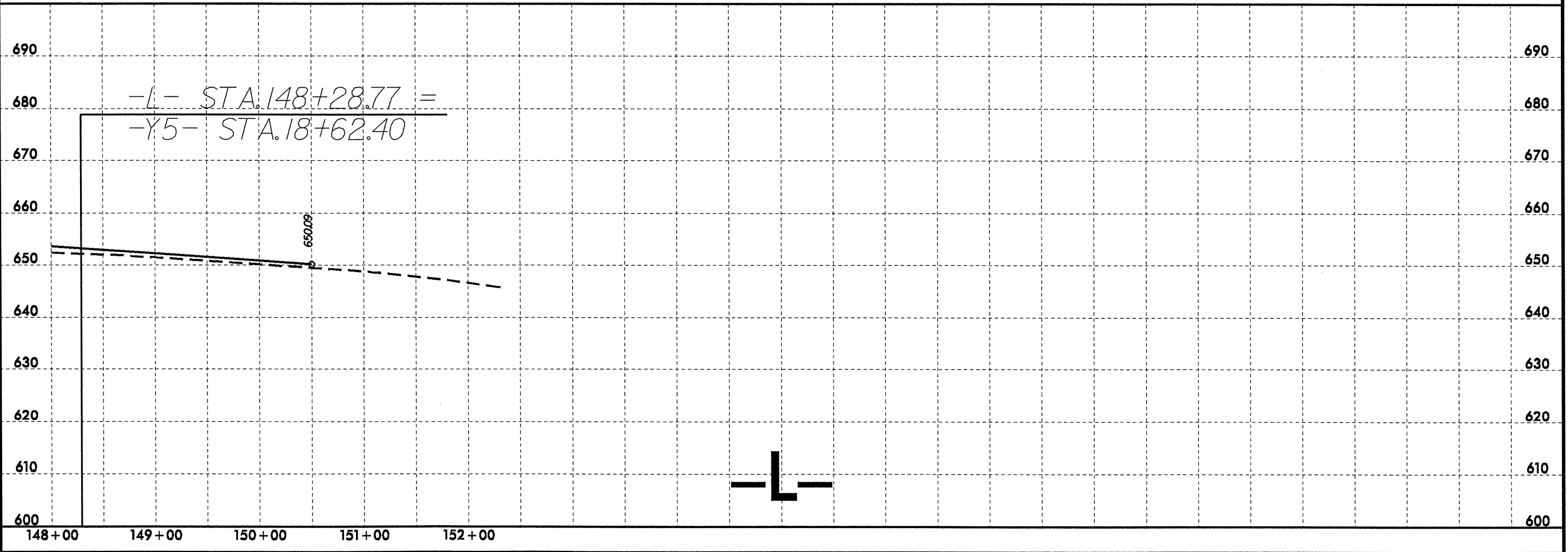
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ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR A/W ACQUISITION	
PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	



- BORING DESCRIPTIONS**
- (WR) WEATHERED ROCK (OLIVE SEV. WEATH. CRYSTALLINE ROCK)
 - (A) OLIVE-TAN MED. STIFF MOIST SANDY SILT (A-5) (RESIDUAL)
 - (B) BRN STIFF MOIST SANDY CLAY SILT (A-4) (RESIDUAL)
 - (C) OLIVE-TAN DENSE MOIST SILTY SAND (A-2) (RESIDUAL)
 - (D) OLIVE DENSE TO V. DENSE DRY SILTY SAND (A-2-4) (RESIDUAL)
 - (E) TAN V. STIFF TO HARD MOIST CLAYEY SANDY SILT (A-4) (RESIDUAL)

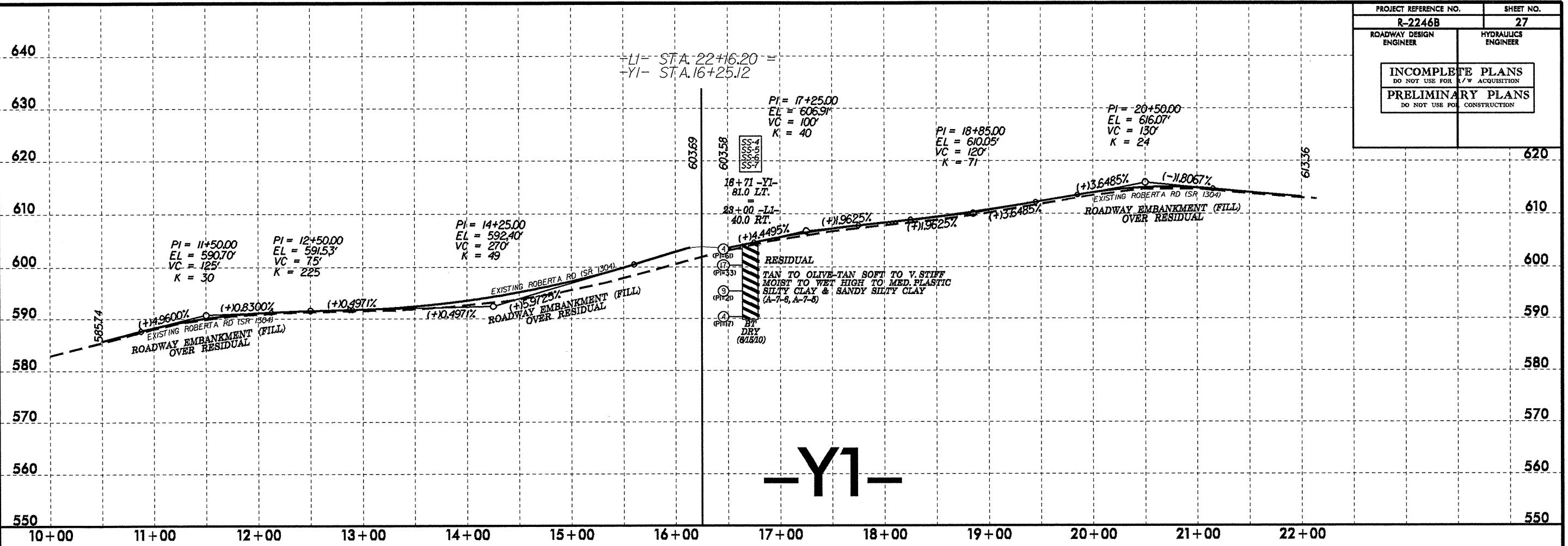
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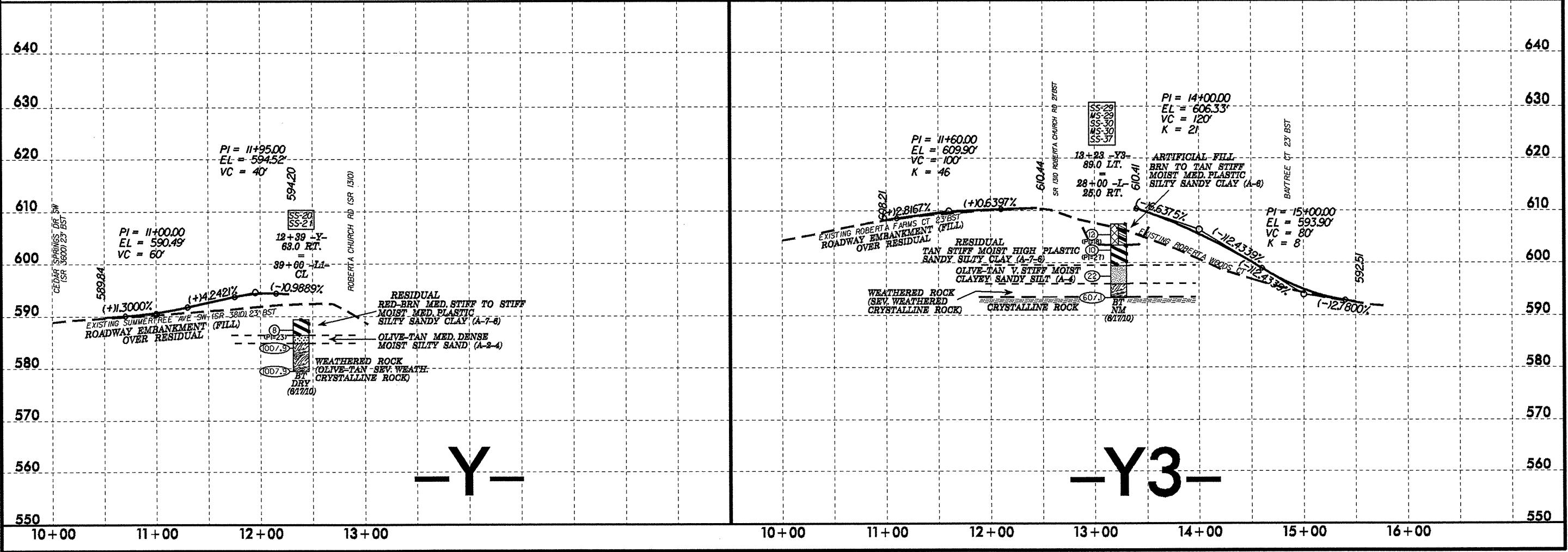


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PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2246B	SHEET NO. 27
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR ACQUISITION PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	



-Y1-

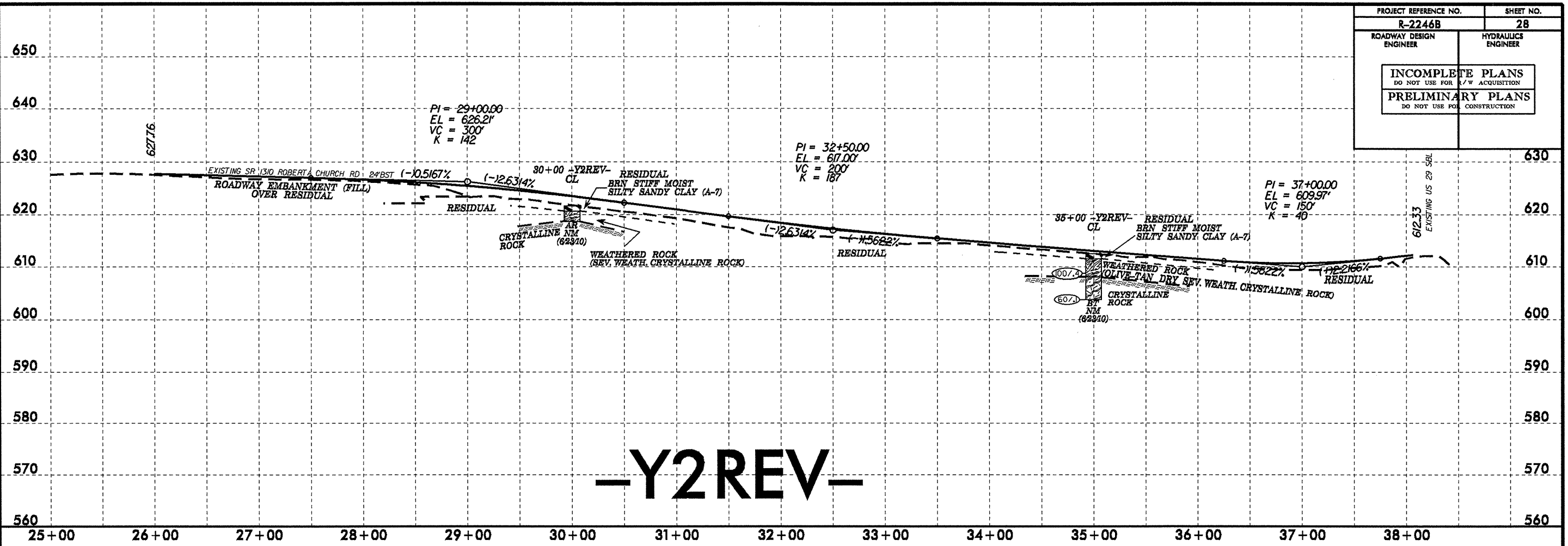


-Y-

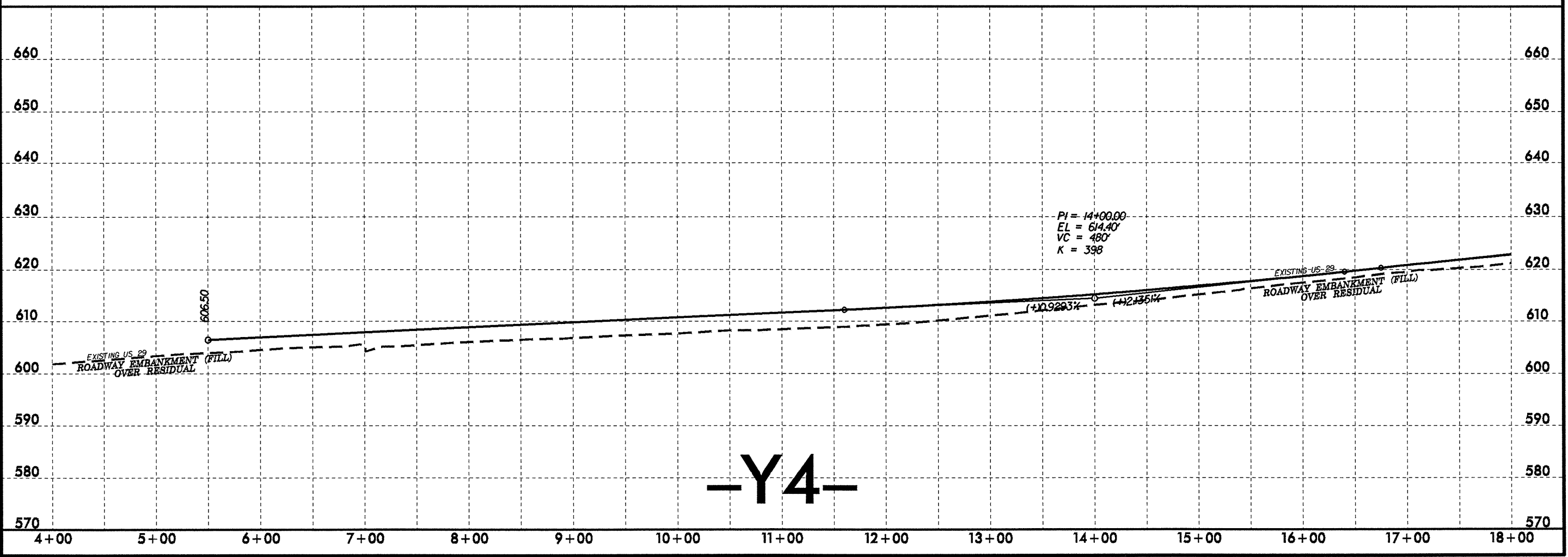
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5/28/99

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.		SHEET NO.	
R-2246B		28	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER		
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR ACQUISITION			
PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION			



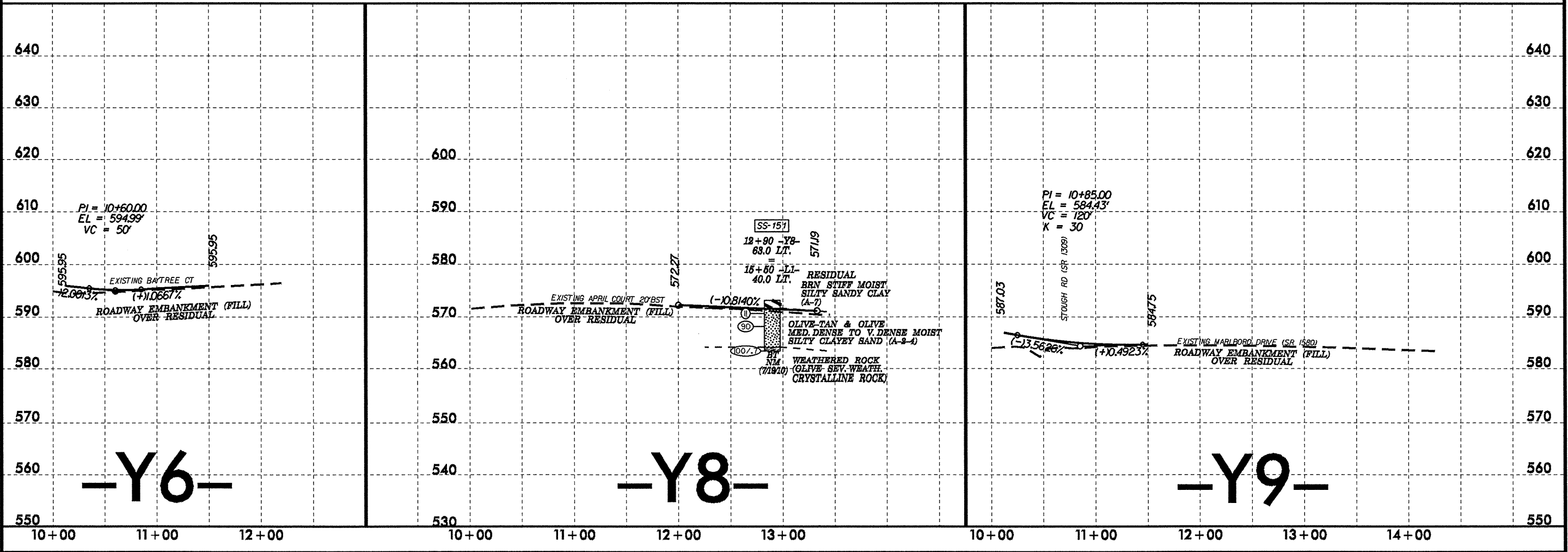
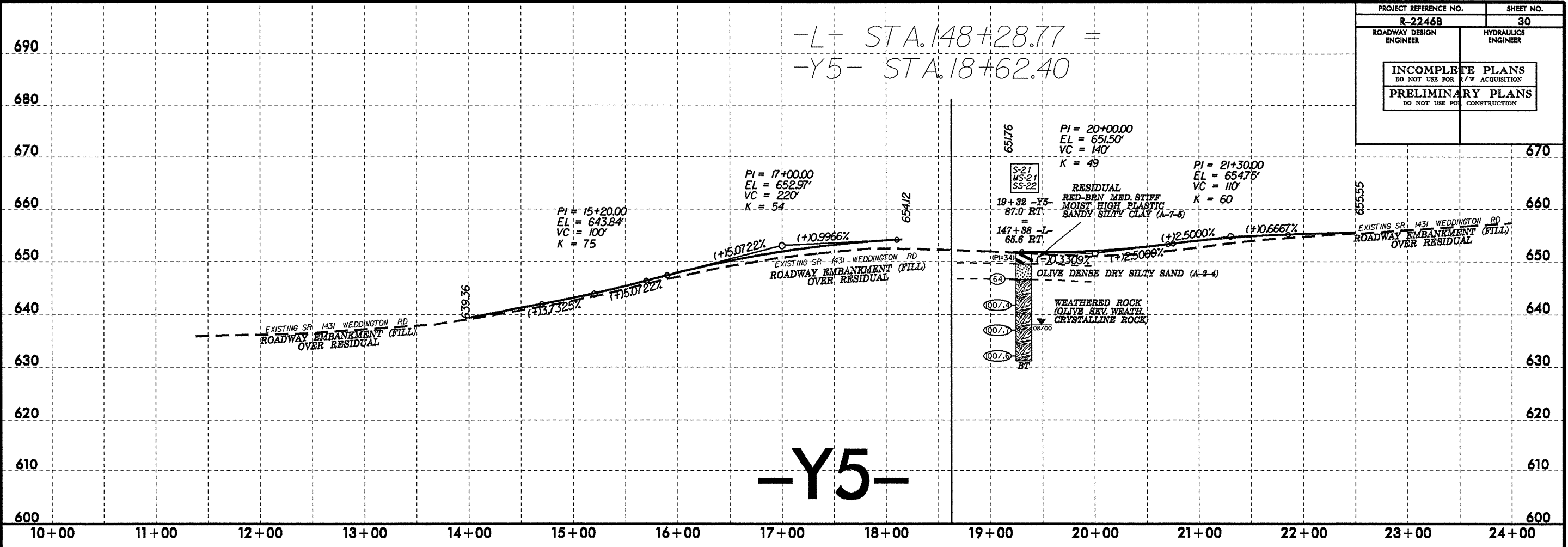
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5/28/99

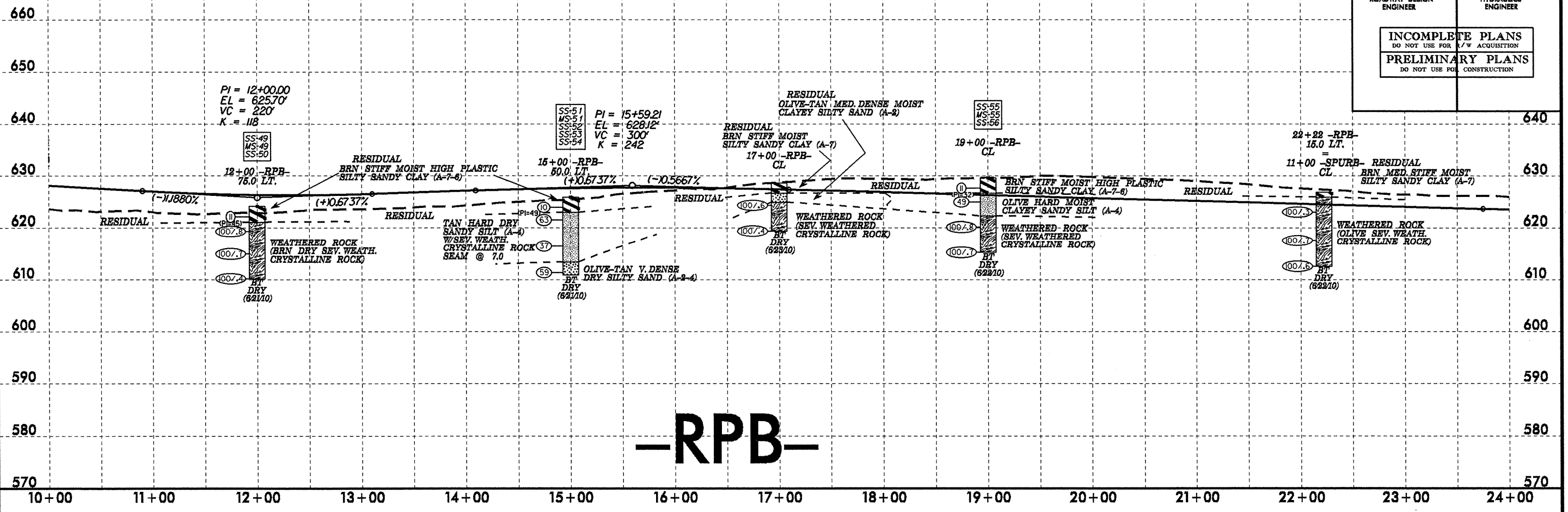
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PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2246B	SHEET NO. 30
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR A/W ACQUISITION	
PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	

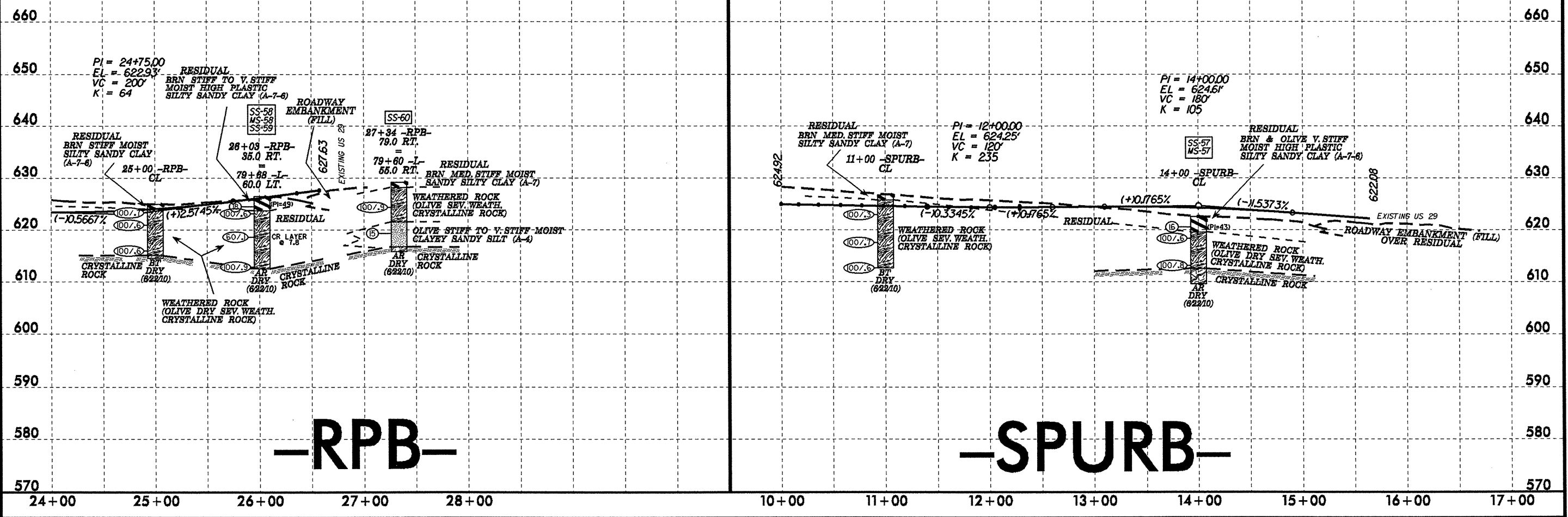


5/28/99

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
R-2246B	32
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION	
PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	

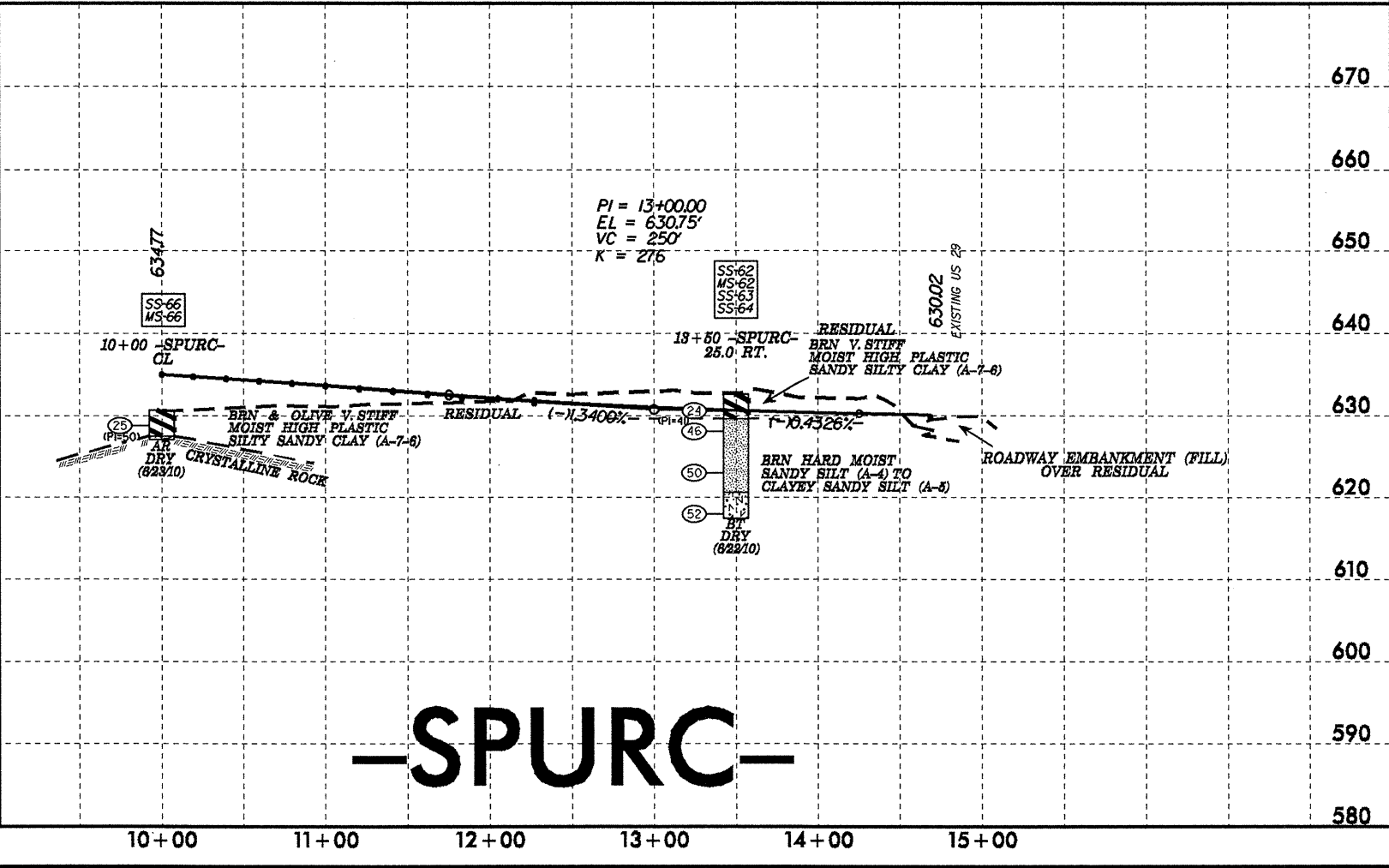
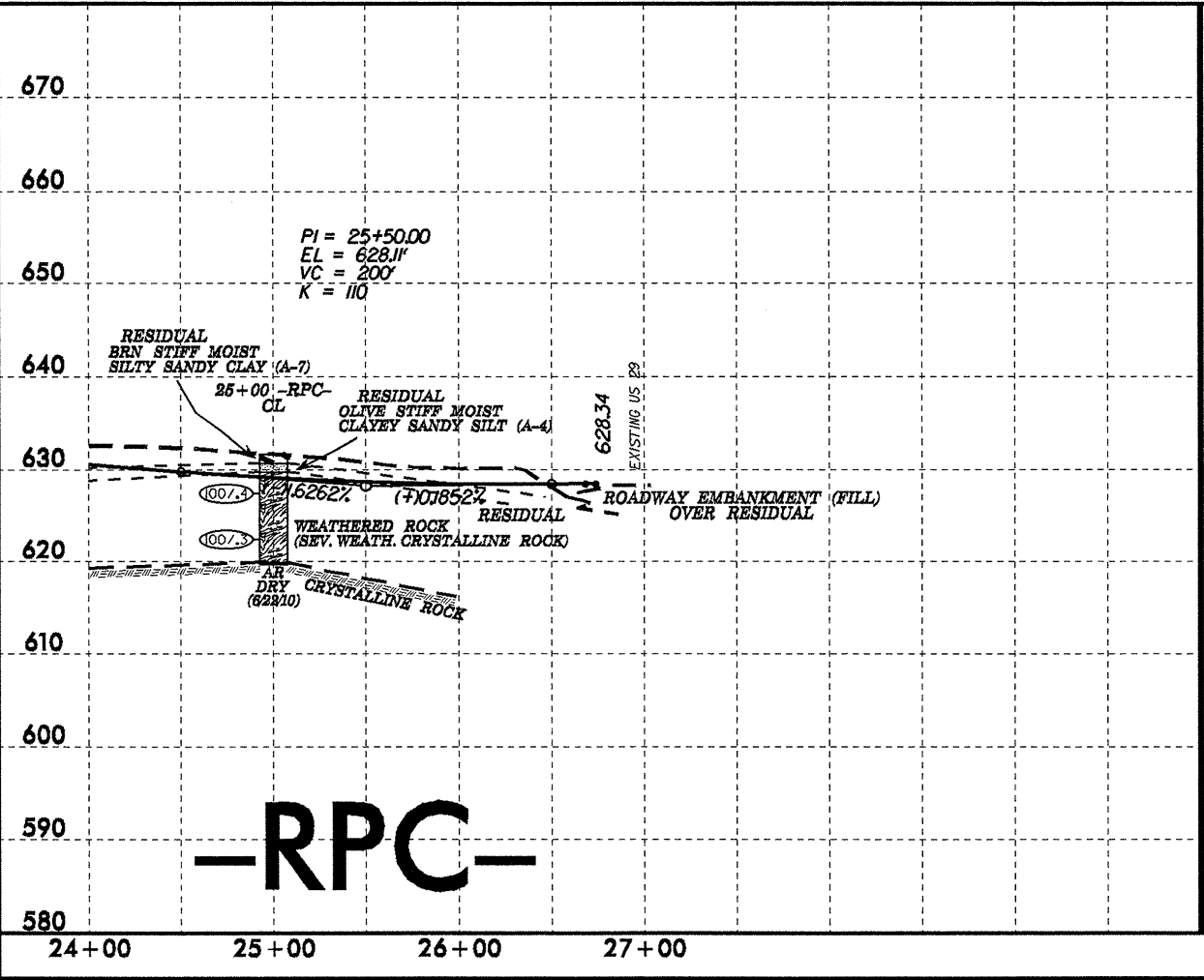
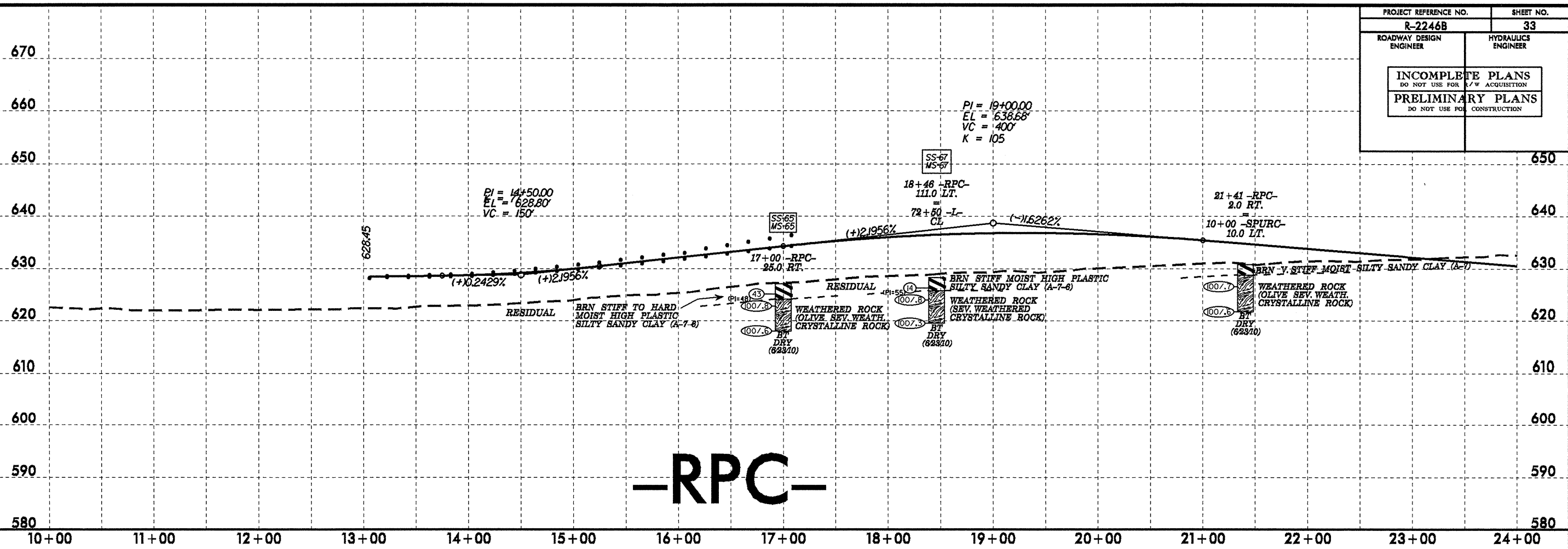


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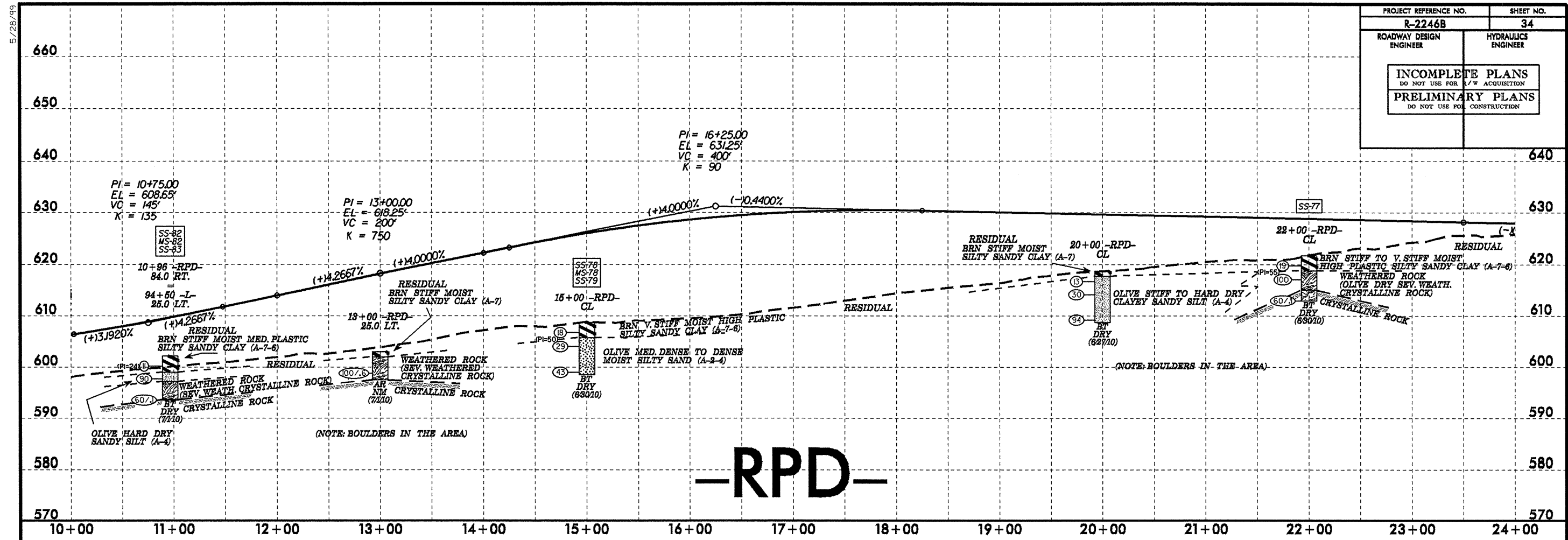
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PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2246B	SHEET NO. 33
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR ACQUISITION	
PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	

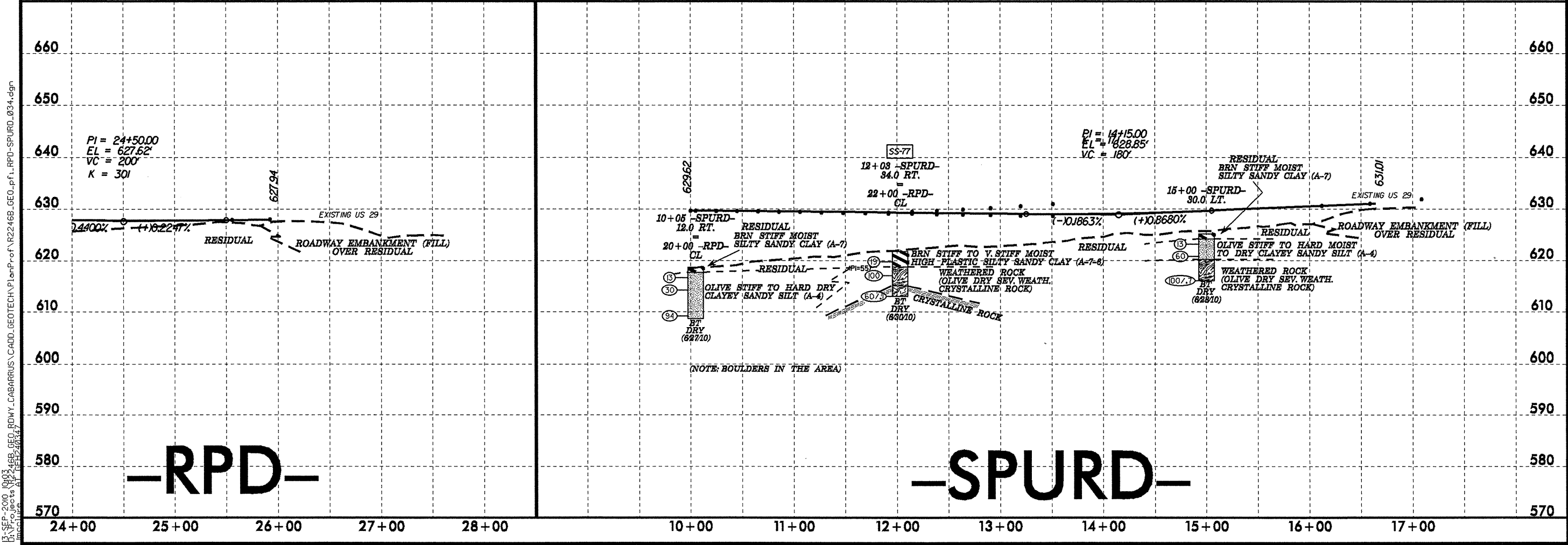


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PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
R-2246B	34
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR ACQUISITION PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	



-RPD-



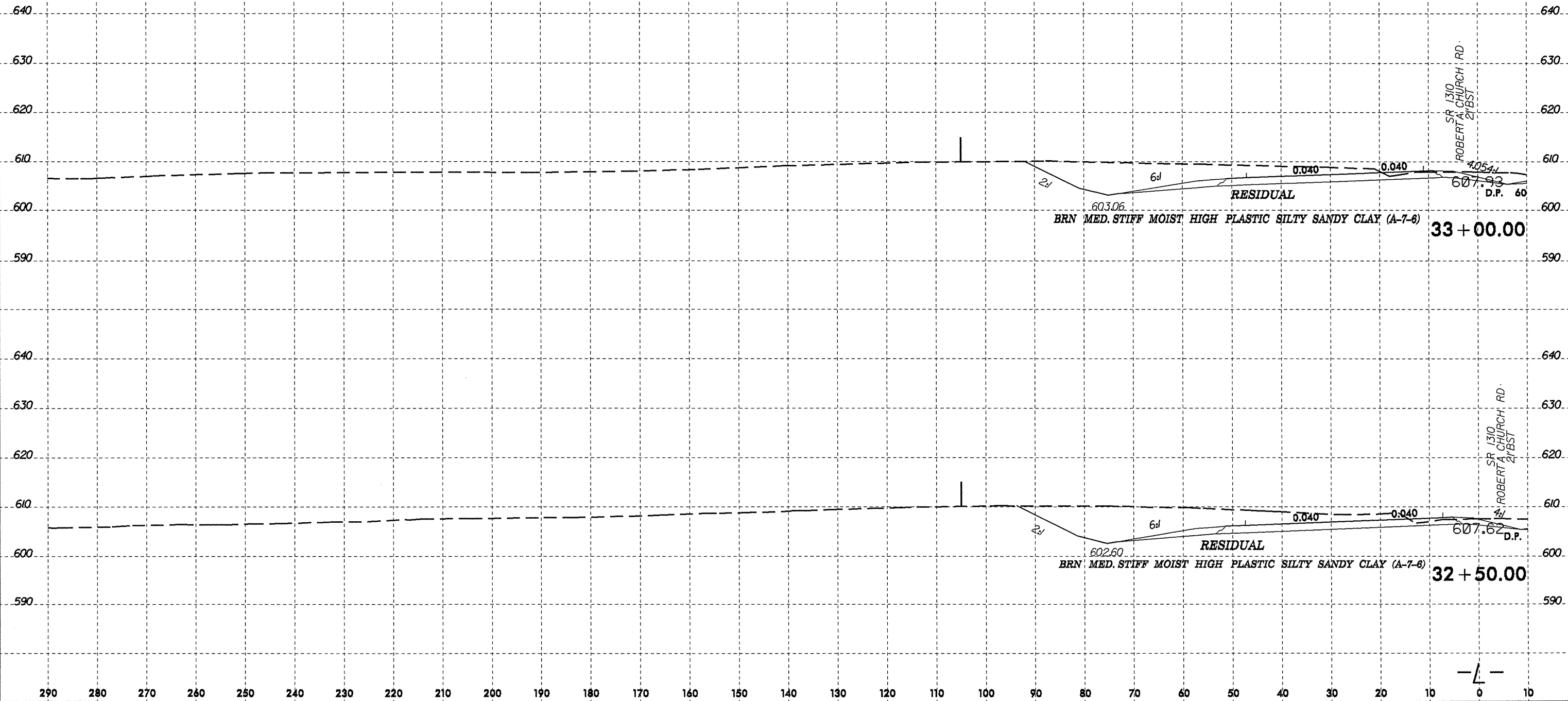
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-SPURD-

5/28/99
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8/23/99

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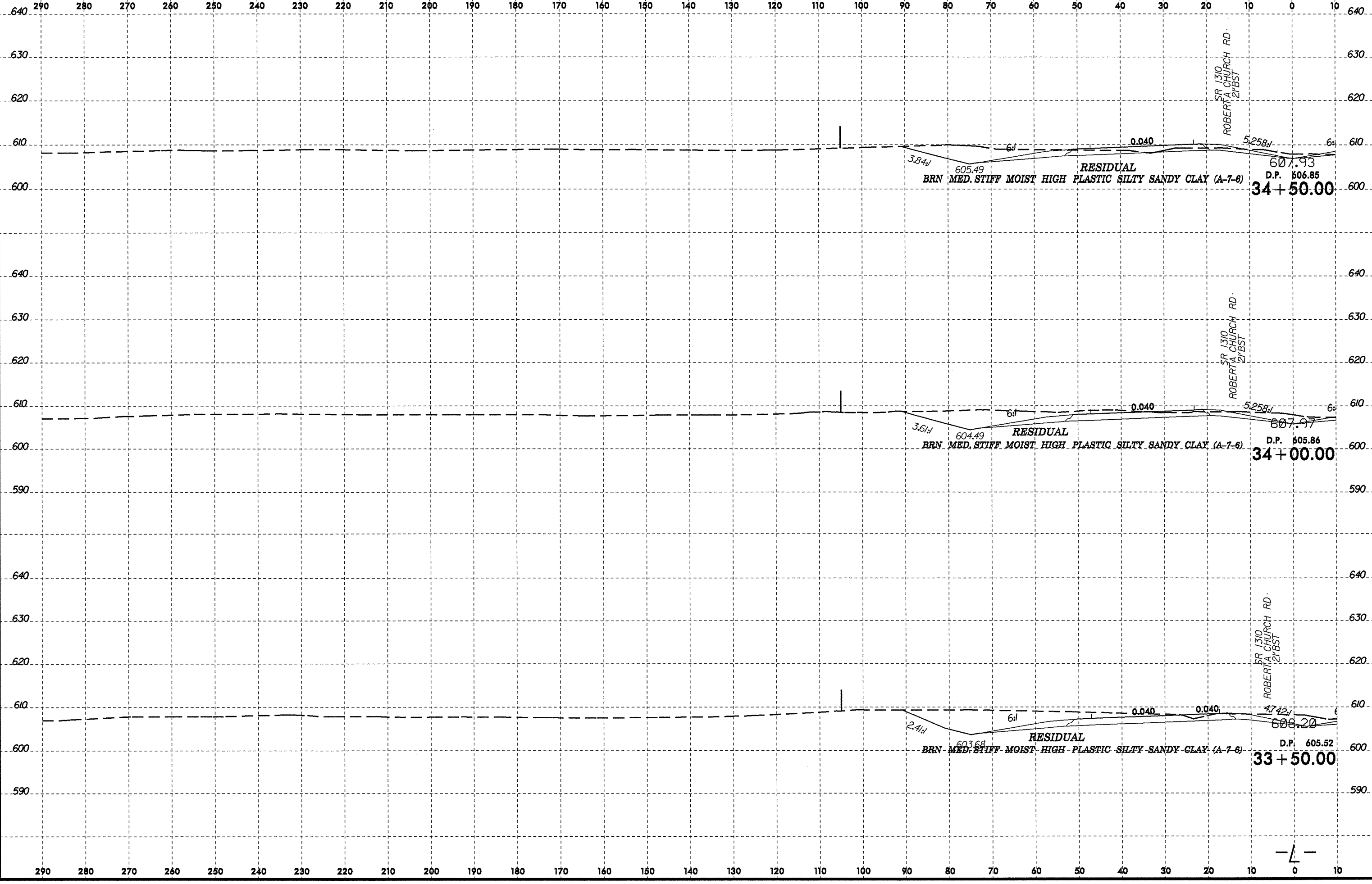


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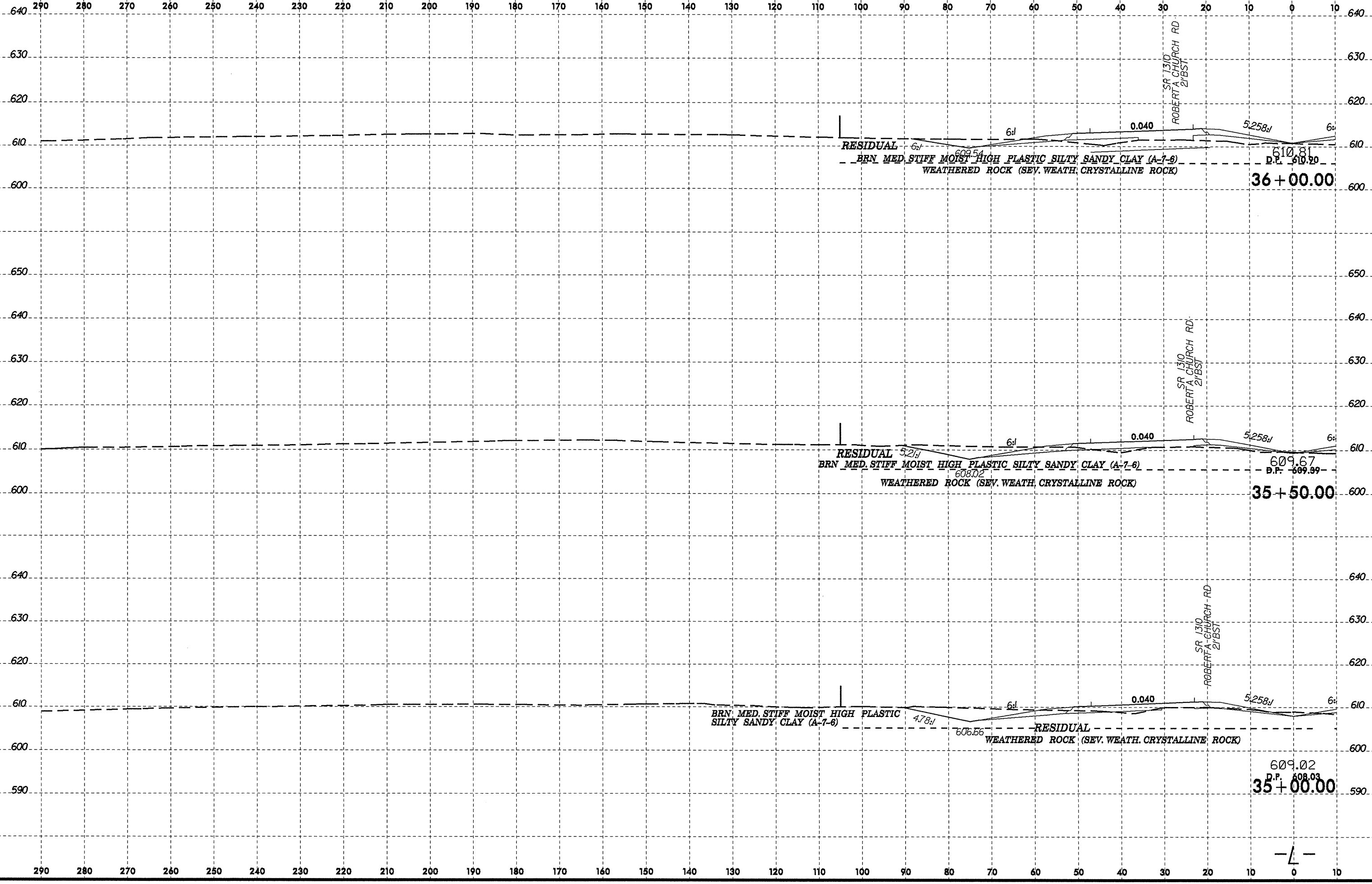
8/23/99

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PROJ. REFERENCE NO. R-2246B		
SHEET NO. 36		



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8/23/99

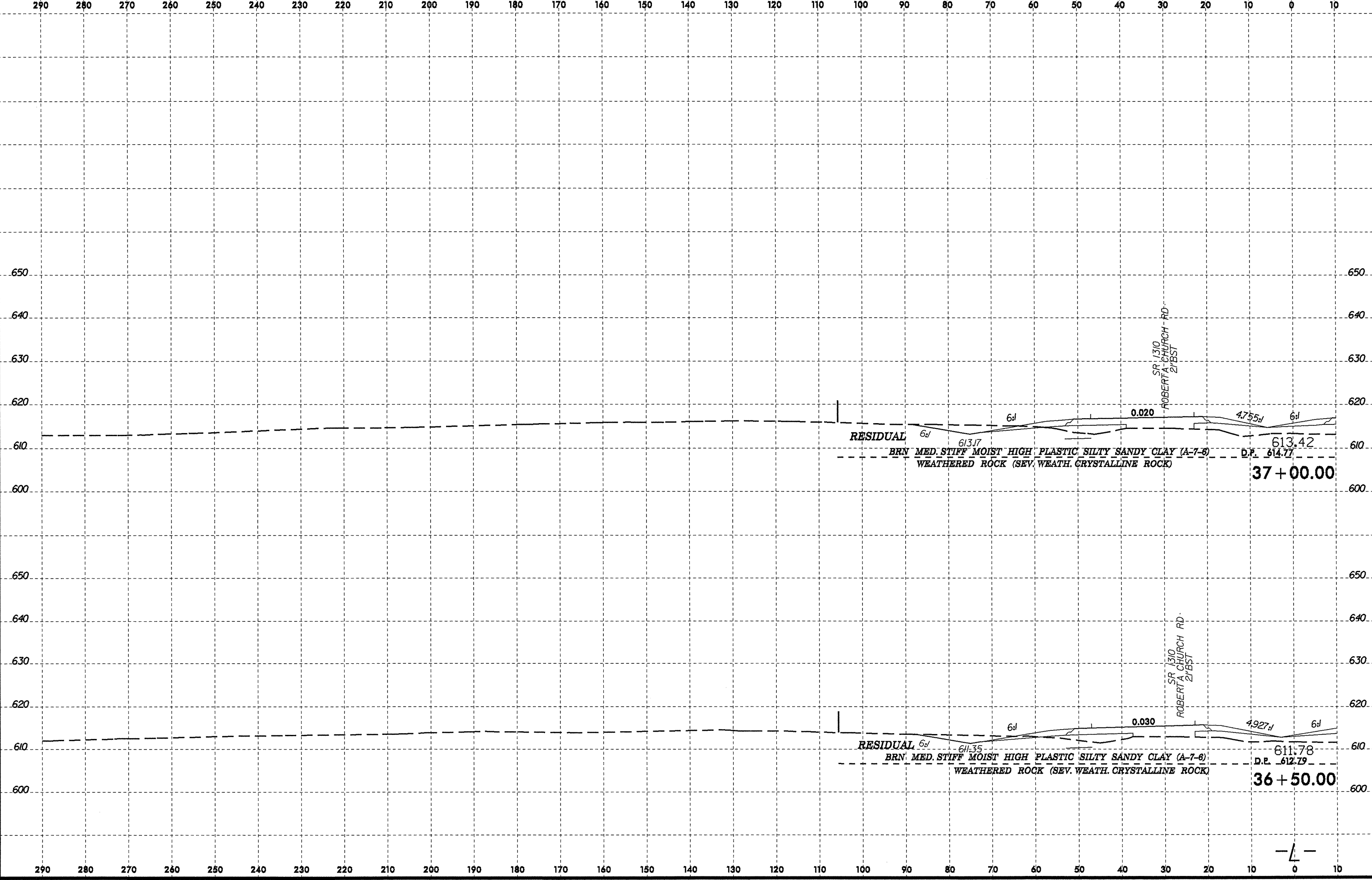


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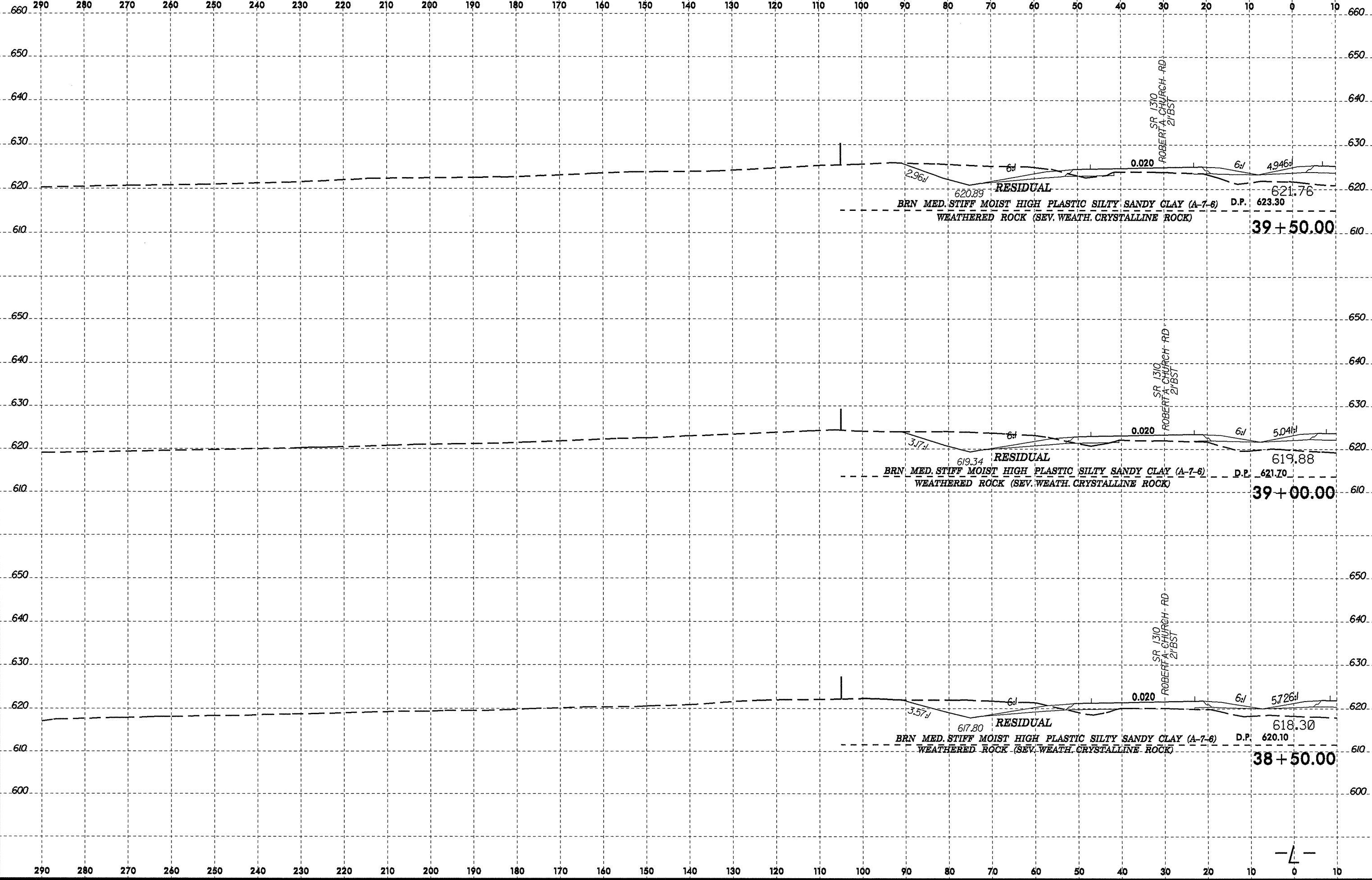
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8/23/99

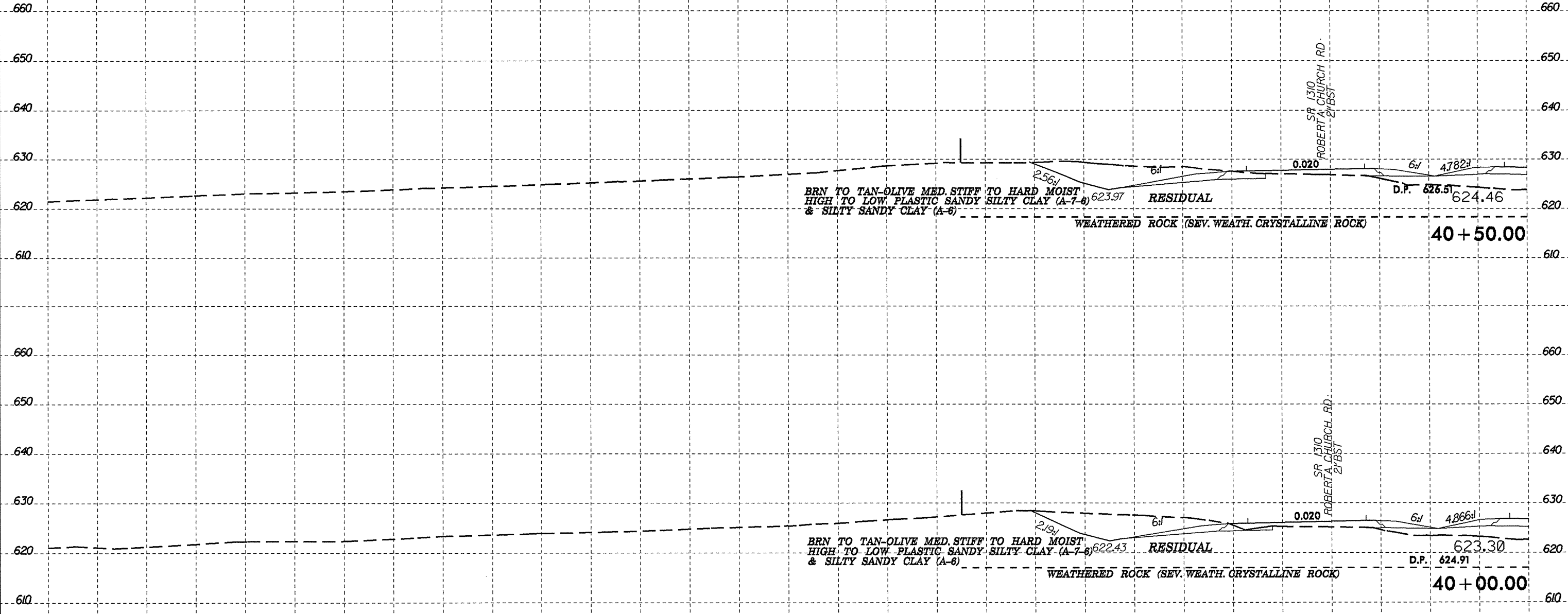


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8/23/99

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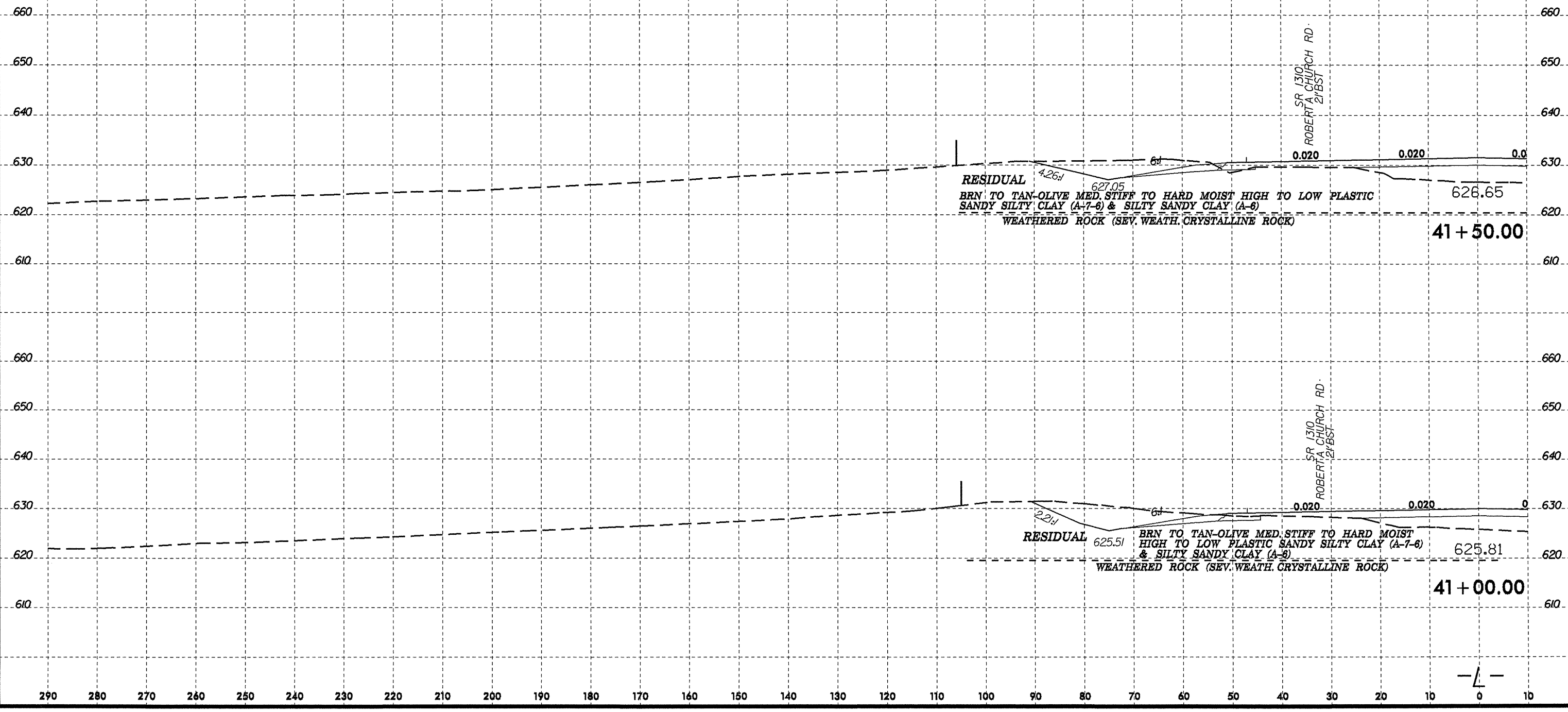


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8/23/99

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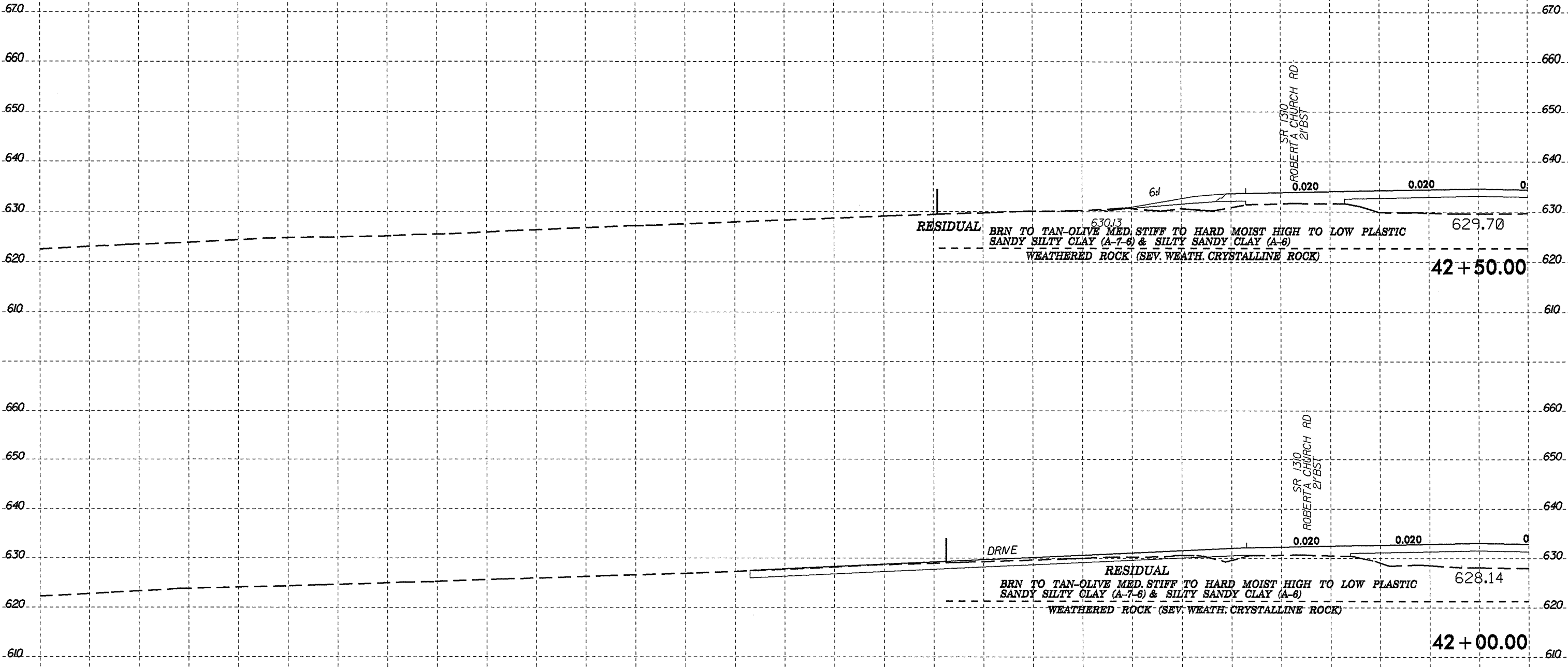


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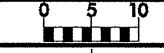


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 User: garrus

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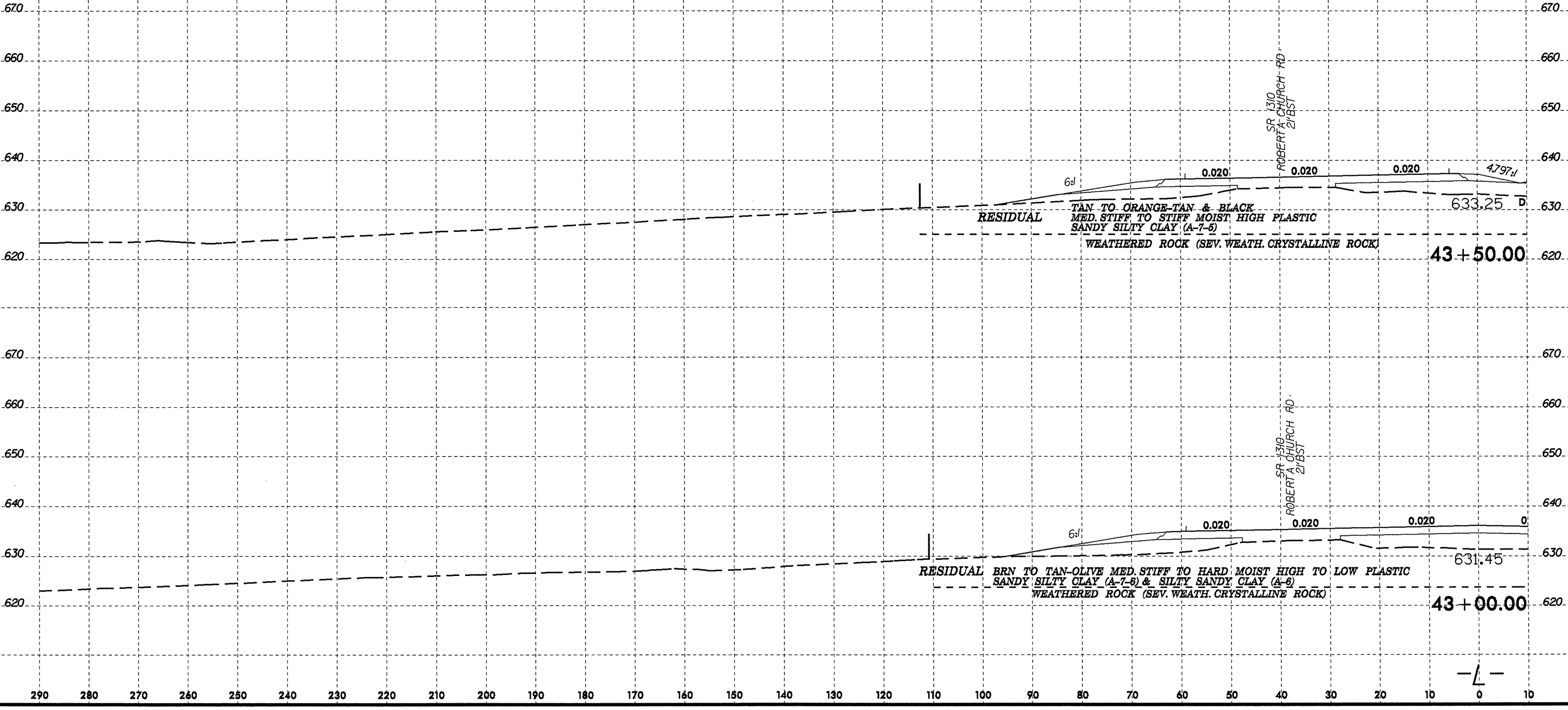
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8/23/99



PROJ. REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
R-2246B	44

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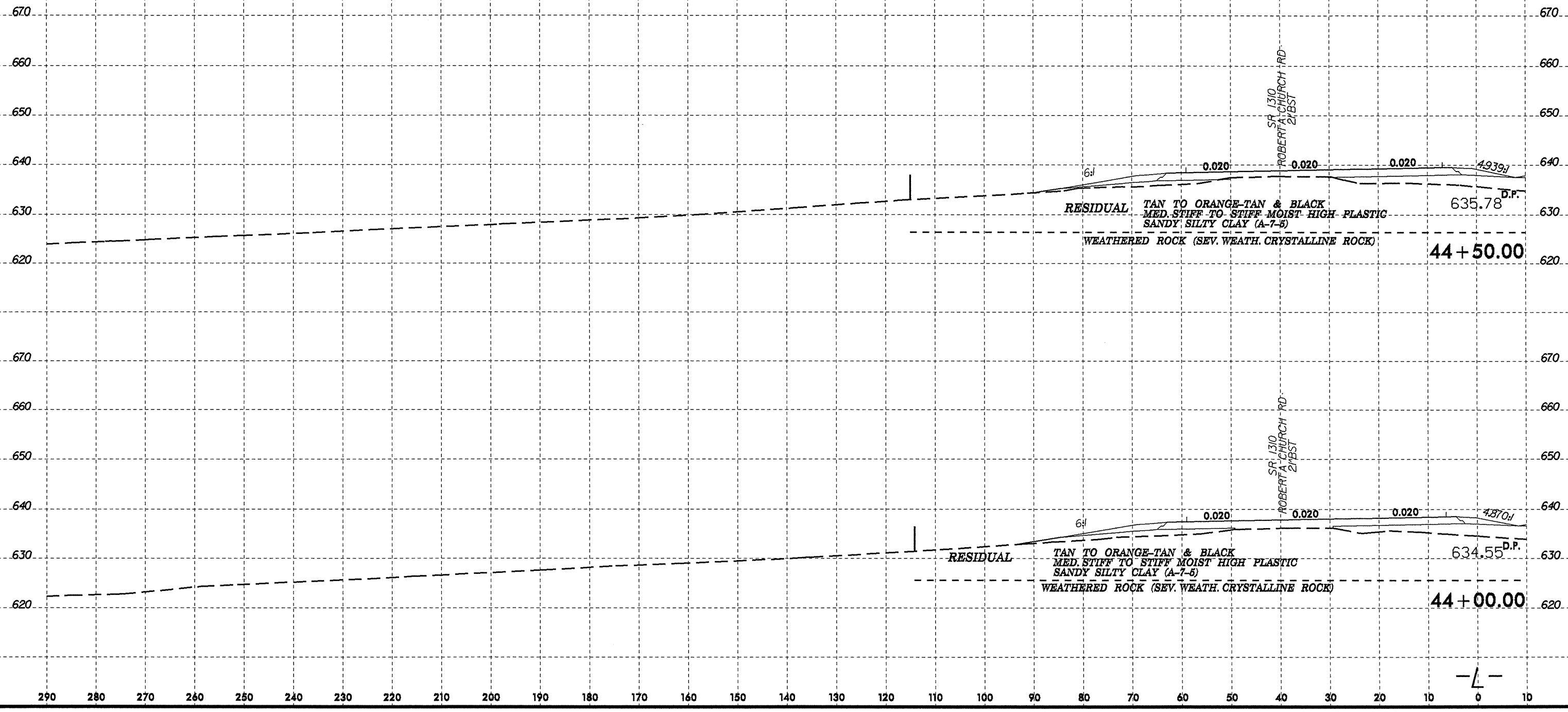


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8/23/99

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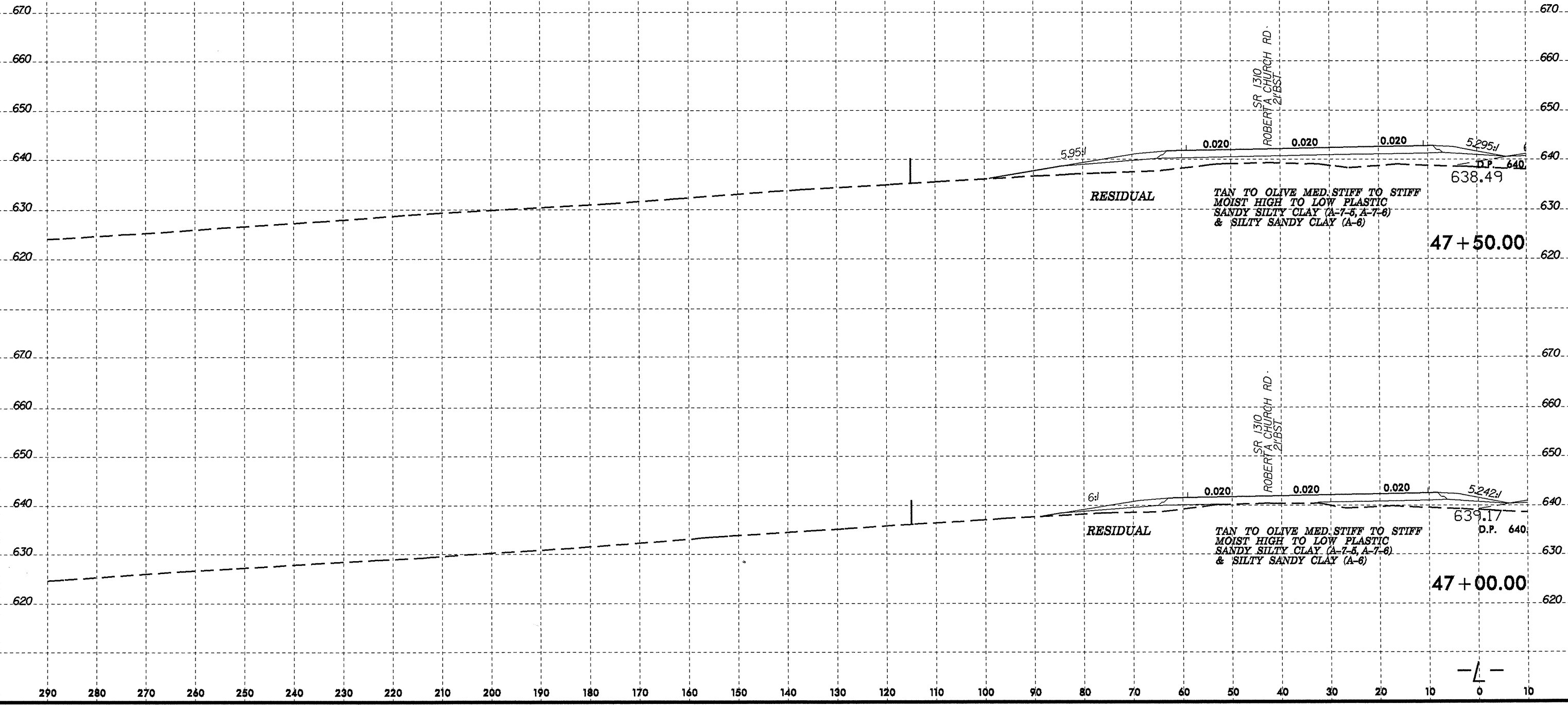
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8/23/99

0 5 10	PROJ. REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
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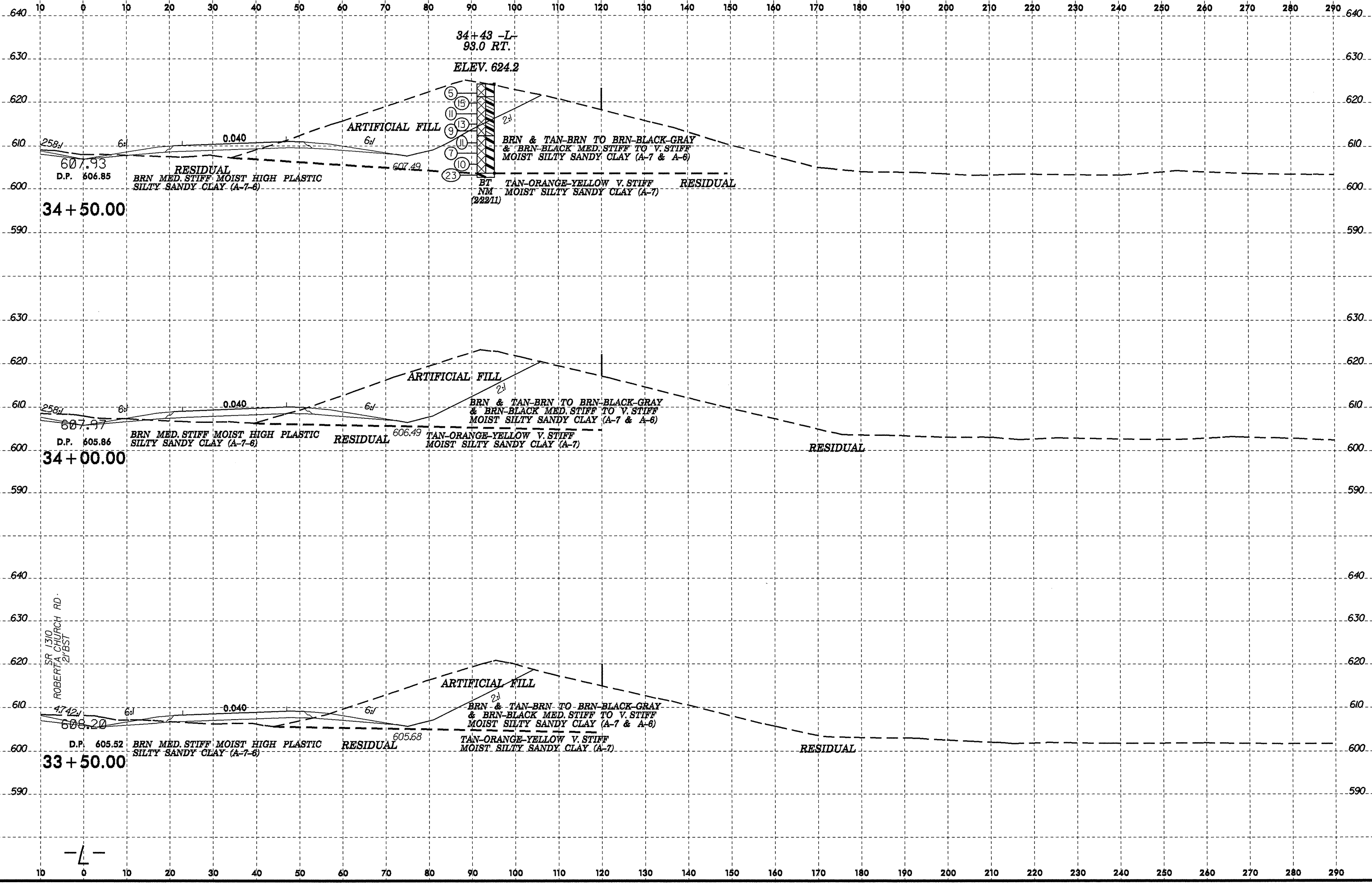
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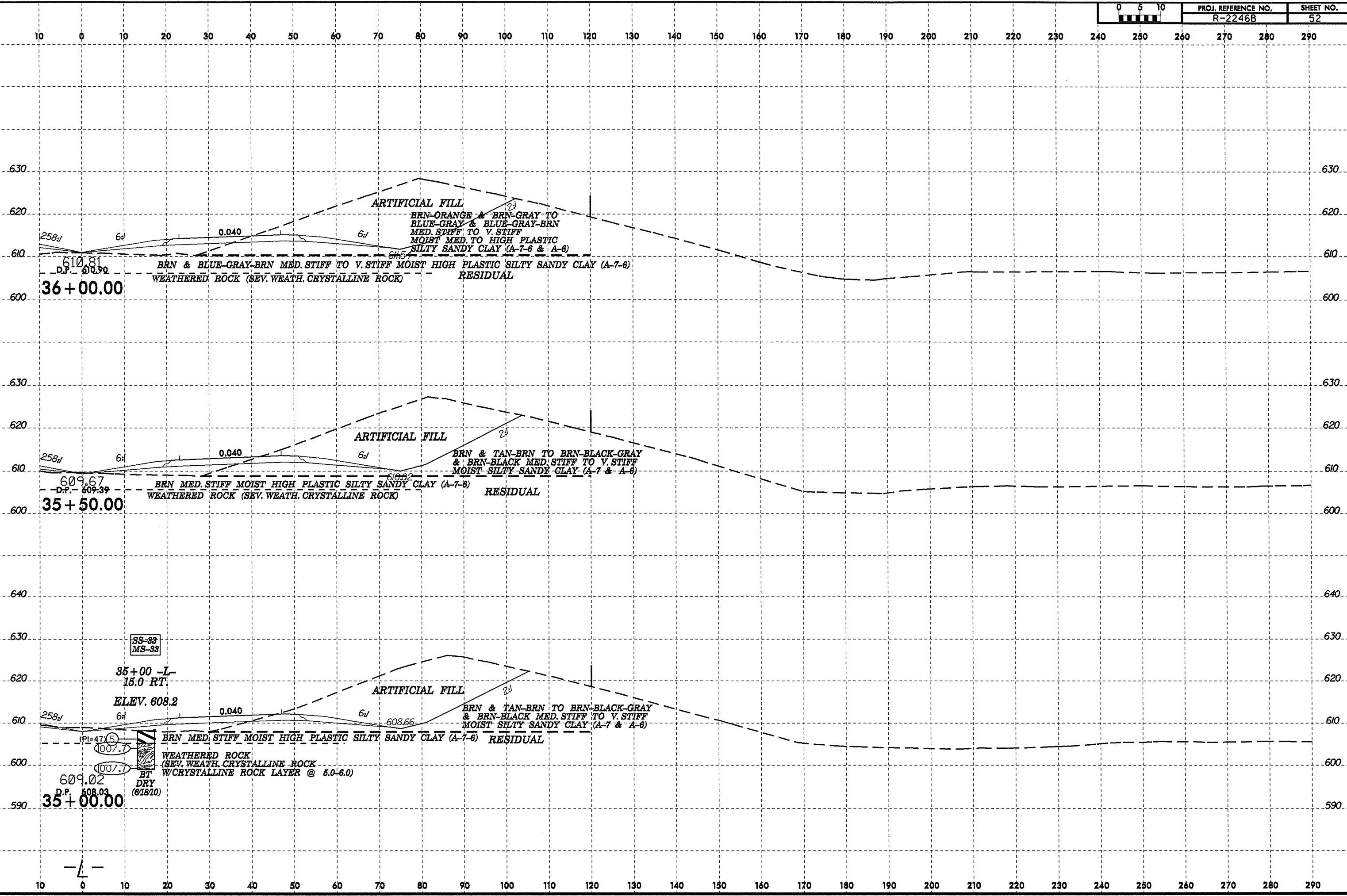
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8/23/99

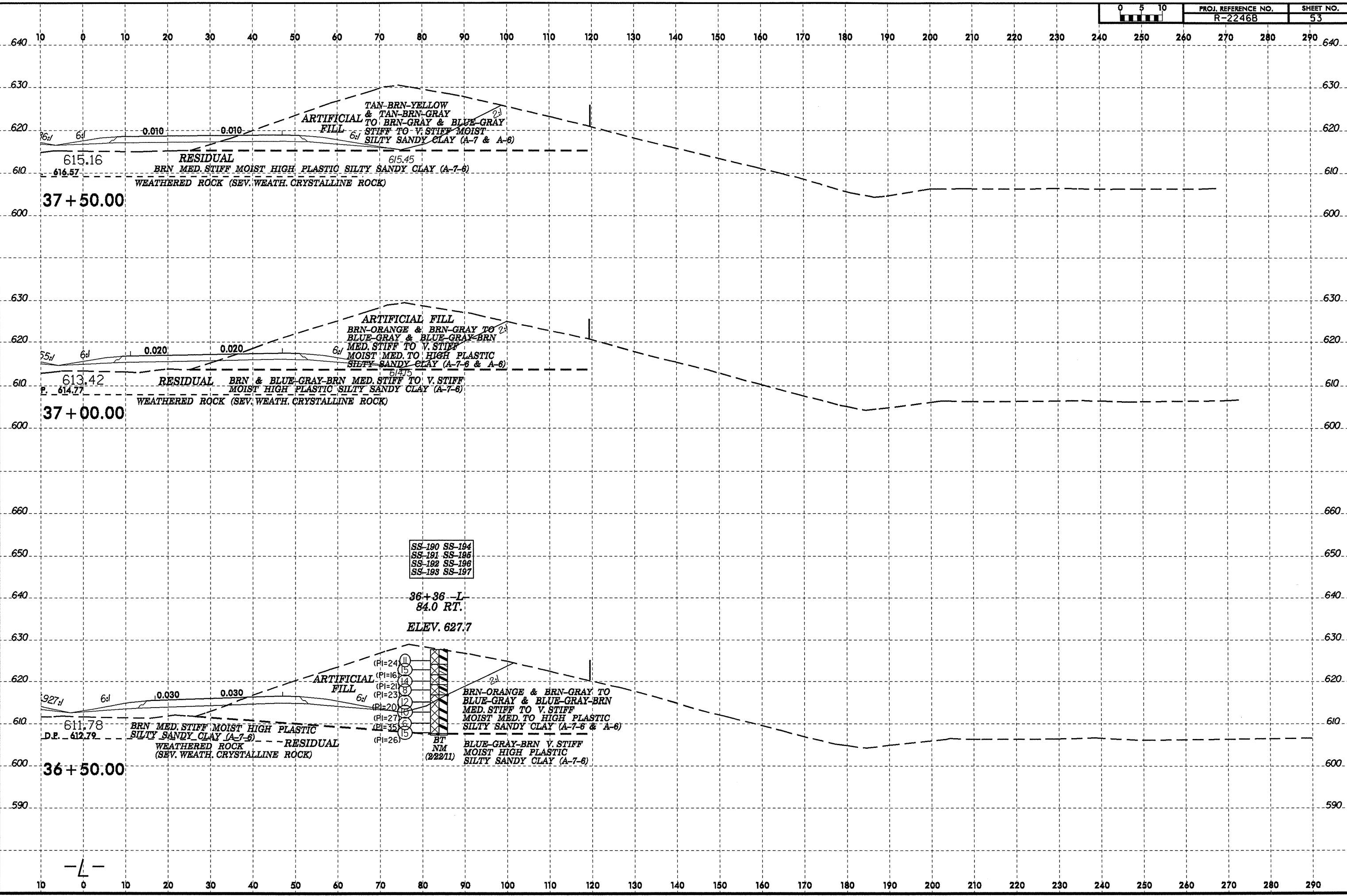


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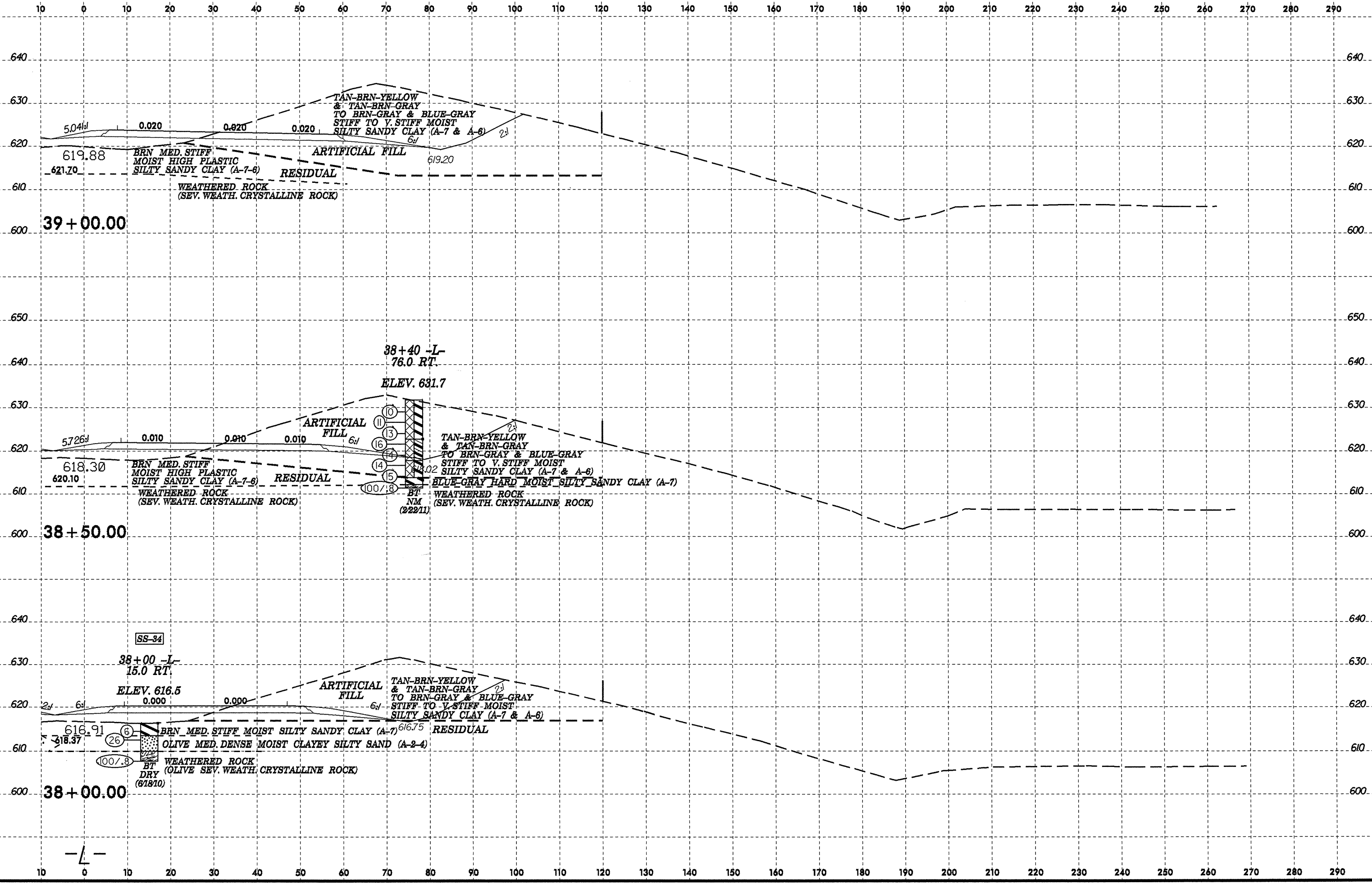
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8/23/99
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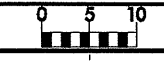


8/23/99

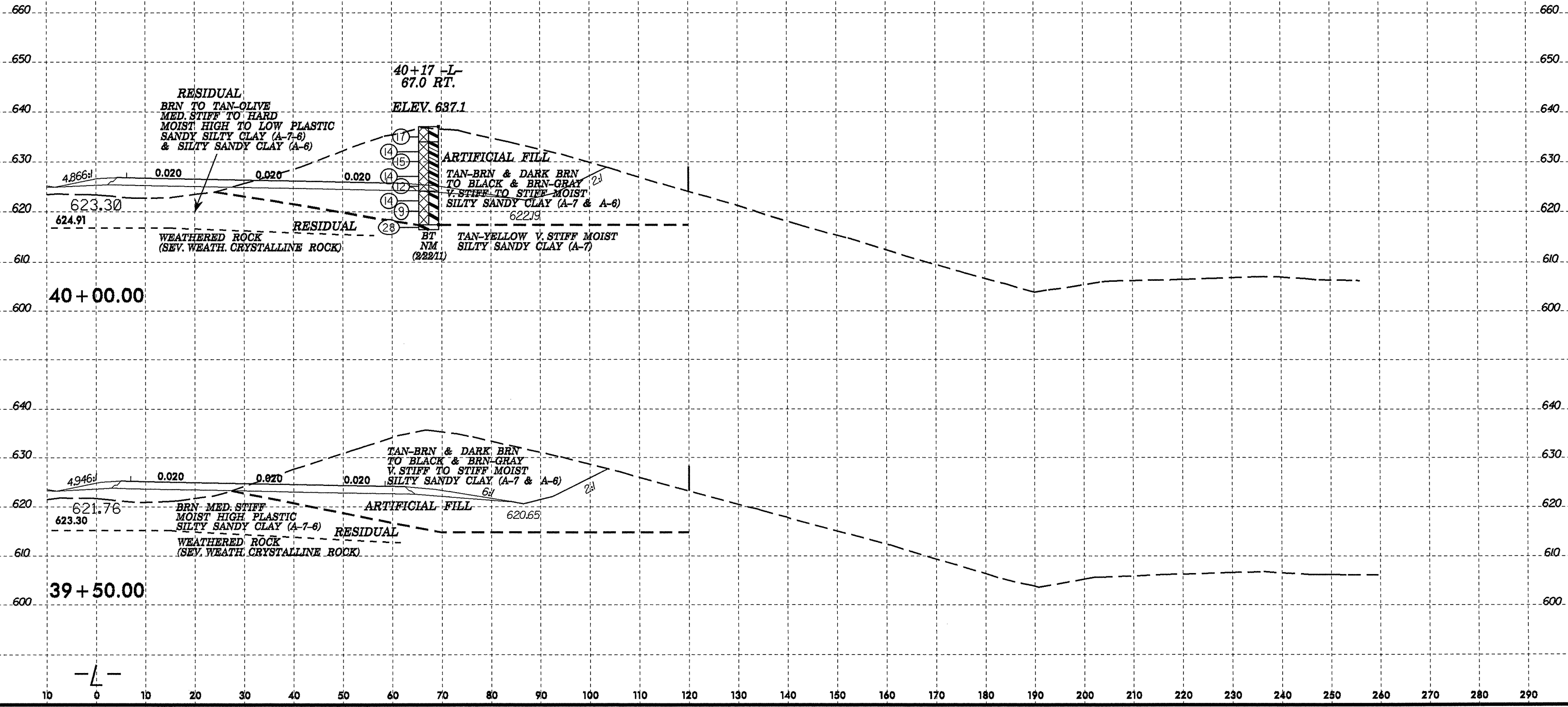


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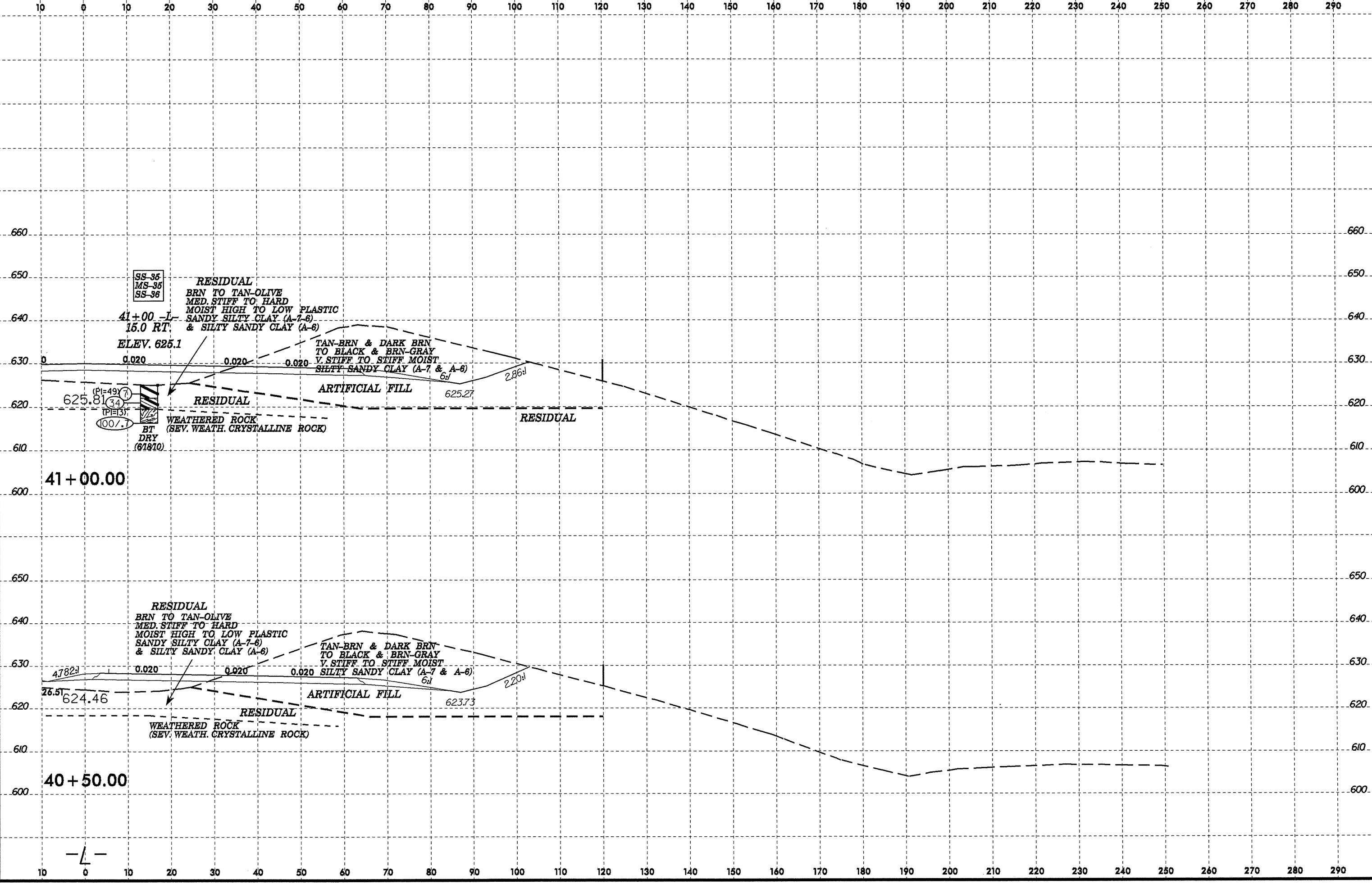


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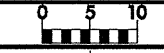
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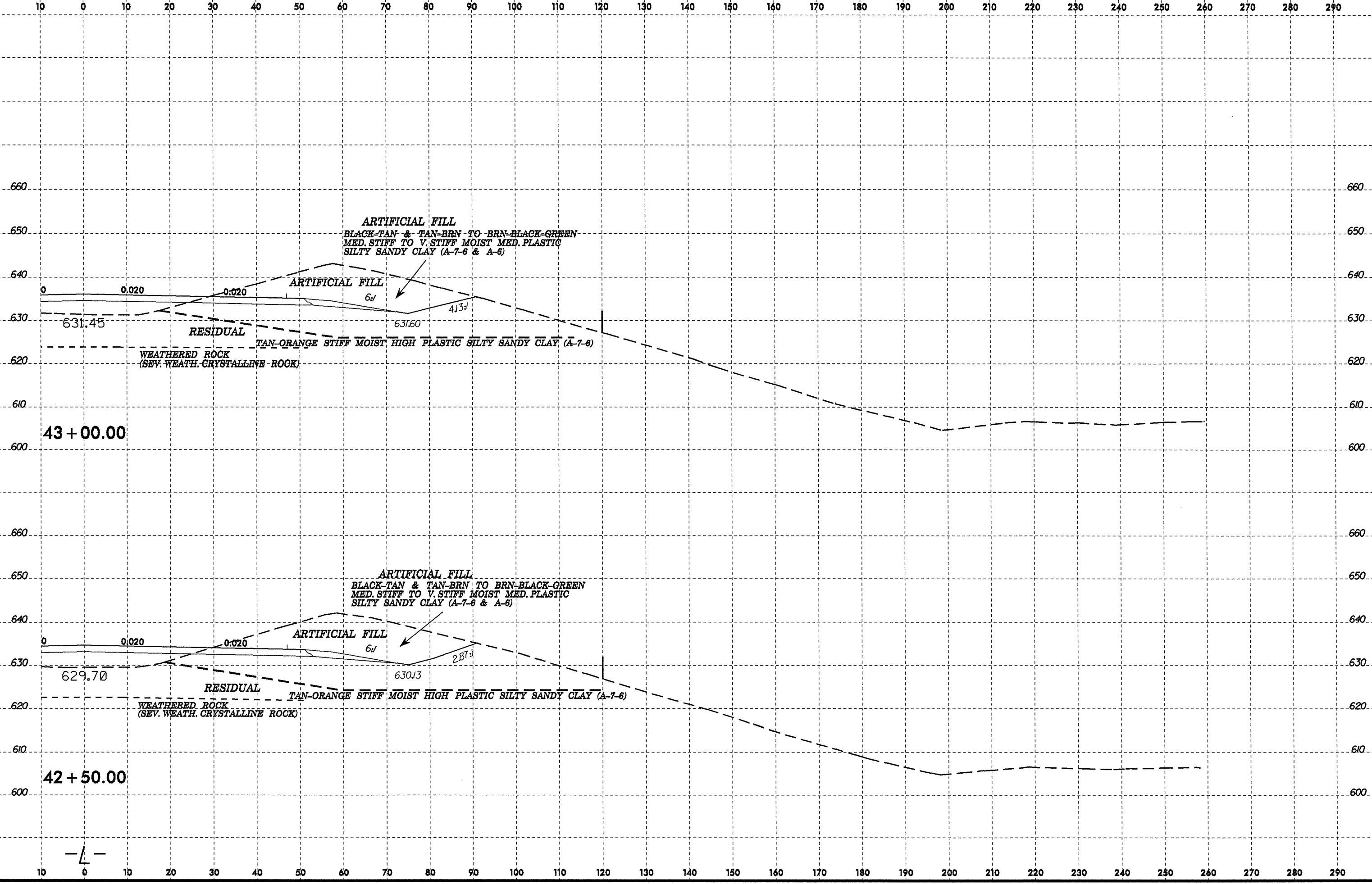


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8/23/99

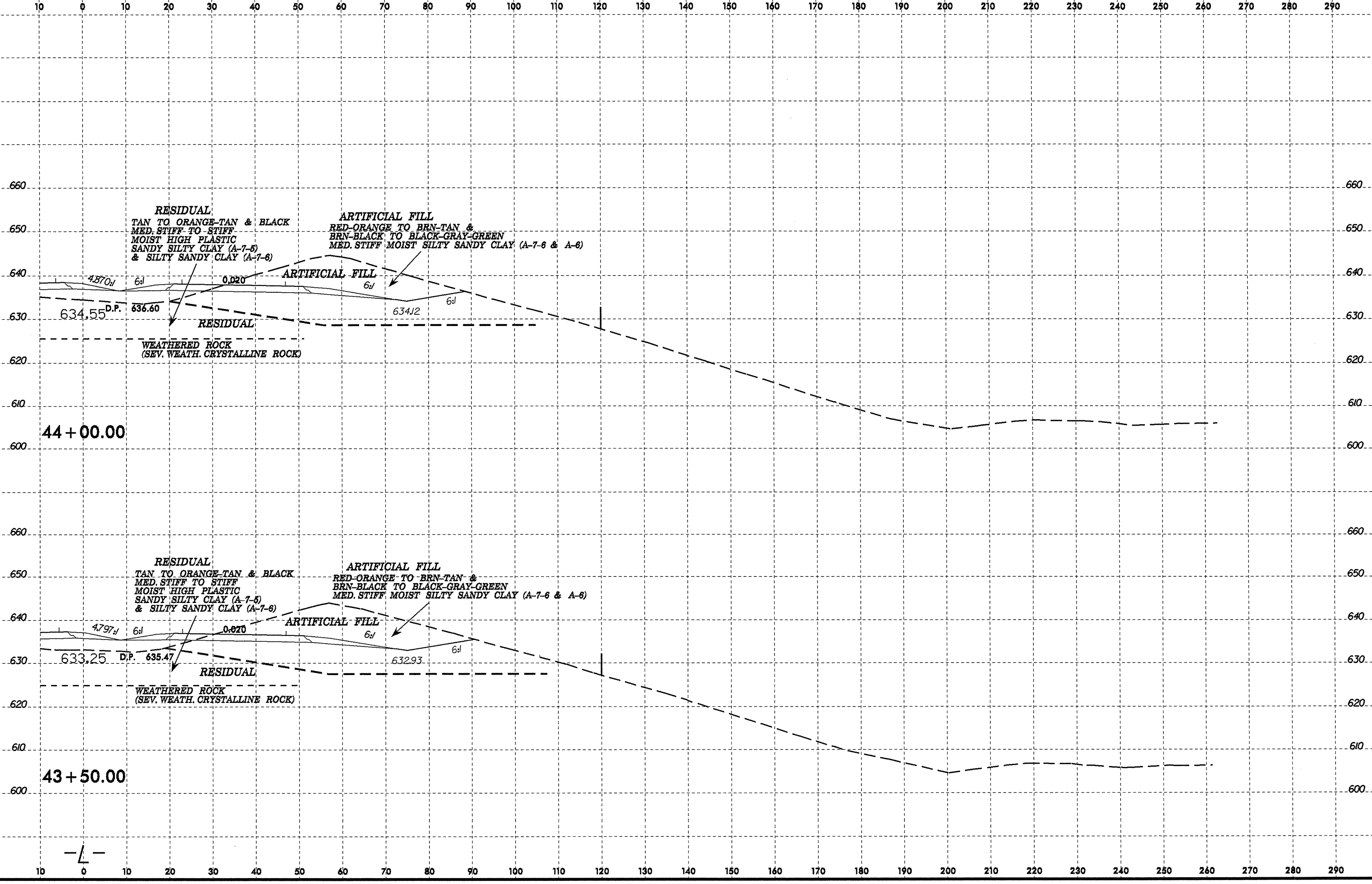


PROJ. REFERENCE NO. R-2246B	SHEET NO. 58
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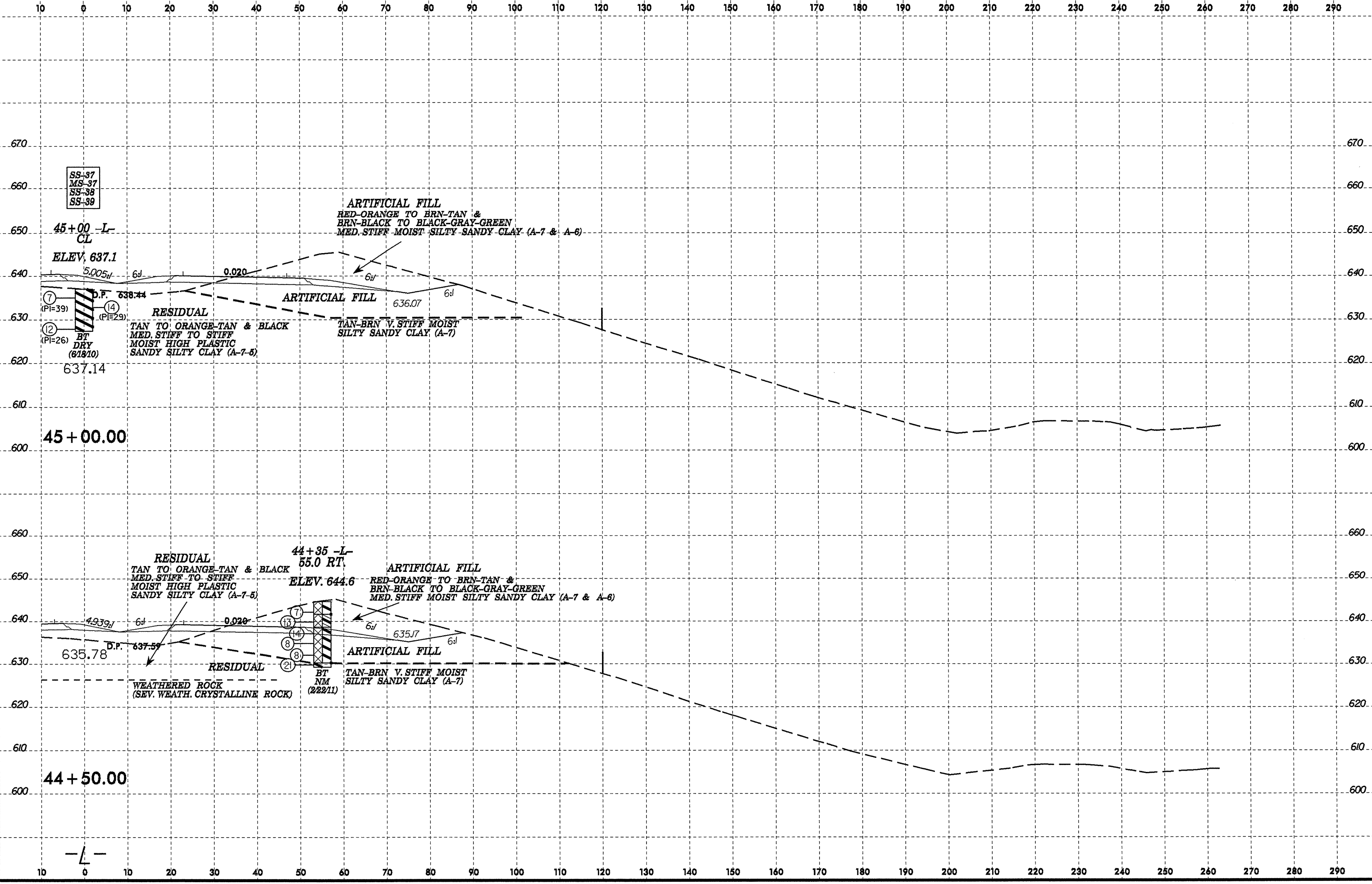
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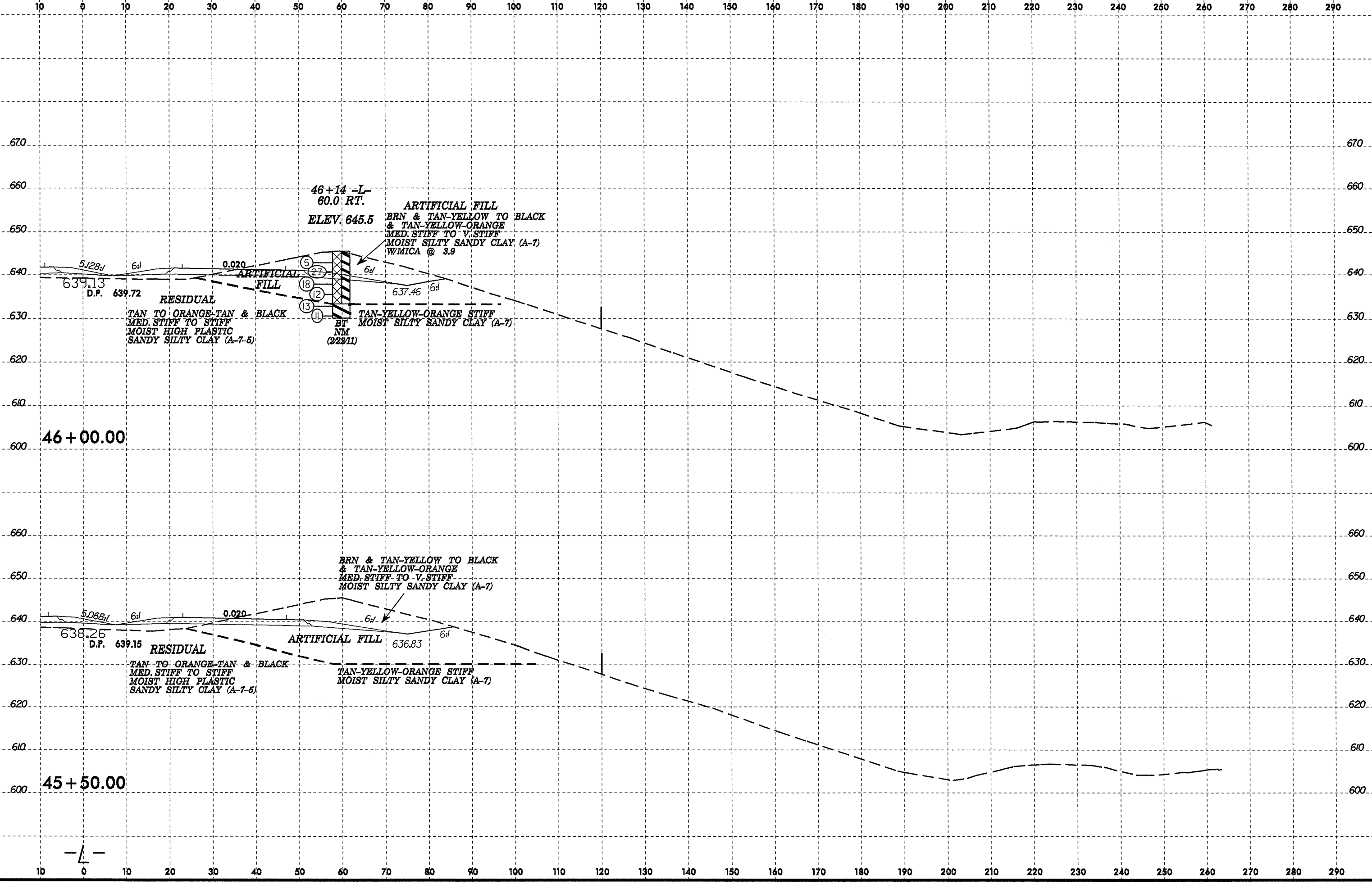
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8/23/99



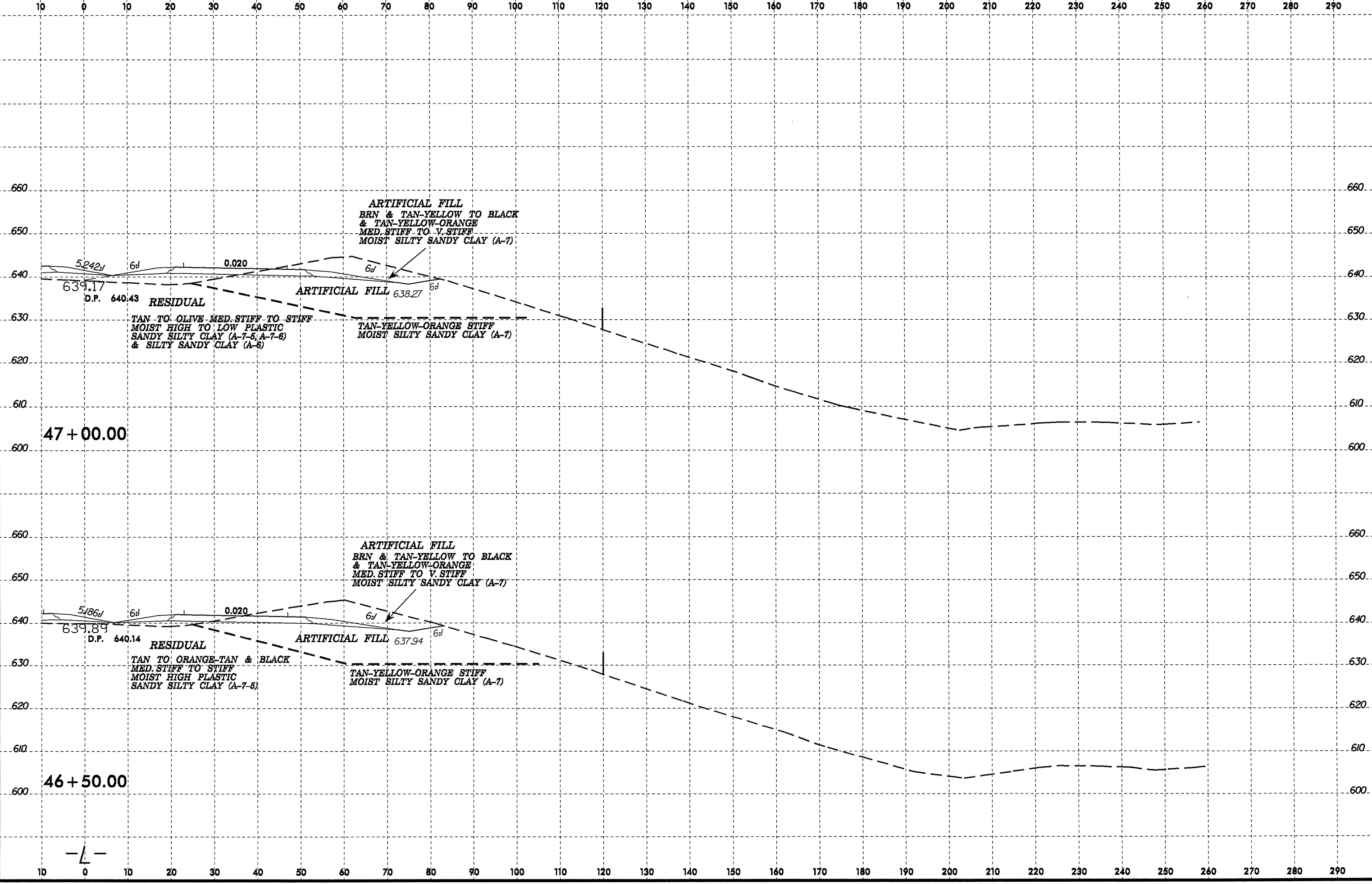
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8/23/99



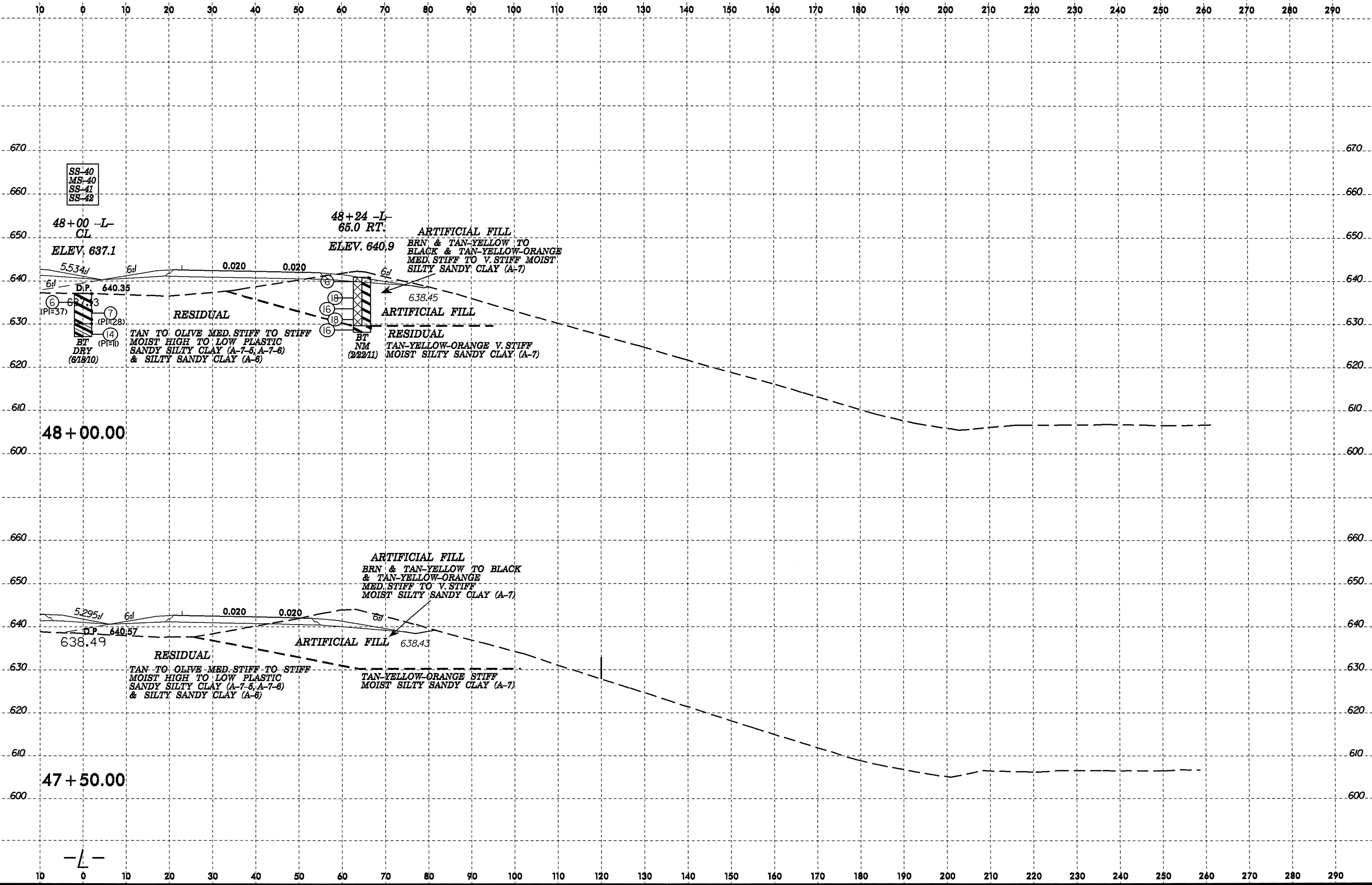
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SOIL TEST RESULTS

SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			% MOISTURE	% ORGANIC	Line or Boring ID
							C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200			
SS-1	CL	20+50	0.1-1.6	A-7-6(11)	43	25	20.2	27.3	17.8	34.7	98	85	56	-	-	LI
SS-2	CL	20+50	3.3-4.8	A-2-4(0)	24	NP	41.4	36.7	13.7	8.2	95	70	25	-	-	LI
SS-3	CL	20+50	8.8-10.3	A-2-4(0)	24	NP	34.5	45.5	15.9	4.1	99	80	26	-	-	LI
SS-4	40 RT	23+00	0.0-1.5	A-7-5(66)	91	61	2.9	5.1	20.6	71.4	100	98	93	-	-	LI
SS-5	40 RT	23+00	3.1-4.6	A-7-6(29)	58	33	2.2	19.6	31.2	46.9	97	96	82	-	-	LI
SS-6	40 RT	23+00	8.1-9.6	A-7-5(20)	52	21	2.7	24.9	39.8	32.7	100	99	83	-	-	LI
SS-7	40 RT	23+00	13.1-14.6	A-7-5(14)	48	17	5.9	28.2	37.3	28.6	100	98	76	-	-	LI
SS-8	25 RT	25+75	4.0-5.5	A-7-6(19)	55	29	11.2	19.2	28.8	40.8	89	82	67	-	-	LI
SS-9	100 RT	26+25	1.0-2.5	A-7-5(52)	78	48	2.9	5.9	23.9	67.3	100	98	93	-	-	LI
SS-10	100 RT	26+25	4.7-6.2	A-7-6(30)	56	30	1.6	12.7	34.7	51.0	100	100	90	-	-	LI
SS-11	100 RT	26+25	9.7-11.2	A-6(8)	38	13	9.6	29.0	32.9	28.6	100	96	69	-	-	LI
SS-12	20 LT	28+25	3.8-5.3	A-7-5(26)	59	28	5.7	18.0	31.4	44.9	100	97	82	-	-	LI
SS-13	20 LT	28+25	8.8-10.3	A-7-6(7)	41	17	20.4	31.6	27.6	20.4	100	87	56	-	-	LI
SS-14	20 LT	28+25	13.8-15.3	A-4(0)	35	3	25.7	38.4	25.7	10.2	100	83	44	-	-	LI
SS-15	20 RT	29+20	8.8-10.3	A-2-4(0)	25	NP	25.5	49.6	22.9	2.0	100	89	35	-	-	LI
SS-16	40 LT	33+50	4.0-5.5	A-7-5(3)	46	12	28.8	30.2	24.7	16.3	98	83	46	-	-	LI
SS-17	75 RT	32+25	1.0-2.5	A-7-6(11)	43	19	13.5	25.5	22.2	38.8	100	94	66	-	-	LI
SS-18	75 RT	32+25	4.0-5.5	A-6(8)	40	19	15.5	36.7	23.3	24.5	100	94	55	-	-	LI
SS-19	75 RT	32+25	9.0-10.5	A-2-4(0)	22	NP	30.6	52.0	13.3	4.1	100	88	24	-	-	LI
SS-20	CL	39+00	1.0-2.5	A-7-6(11)	41	23	8.0	36.7	20.6	34.7	100	97	61	-	-	LI
SS-21	CL	39+00	4.0-5.5	A-2-4(0)	24	NP	23.1	54.9	18.0	4.1	100	94	29	-	-	LI
MS-22	50 RT	42+00	1.0-2.5											25.6	-	LI
SS-22	50 RT	42+00	1.0-2.5	A-7-6(13)	47	25	13.1	31.4	18.8	36.7	100	95	61	-	-	LI
SS-23	50 RT	42+00	3.5-5.0	A-2-4(0)	25	NP	34.5	43.3	14.1	8.2	100	81	28	-	-	LI
MS-24	50 RT	45+00	3.8-5.3											35.9	-	LI
SS-24	50 RT	45+00	3.8-5.3	A-7-5(24)	59	29	10.6	17.3	33.3	38.8	100	94	77	-	-	LI
SS-25	50 RT	45+00	8.8-10.3	A-2-4(0)	27	NP	33.3	44.5	16.1	6.1	98	79	28	-	-	LI
MS-26	50 RT	49+50	1.0-2.5											27.9	-	LI
SS-26	50 RT	49+50	1.0-2.5	A-7-6(13)	51	22	18.3	23.4	23.5	34.7	100	88	63	-	-	LI
SS-27	50 RT	49+50	3.4-4.9	A-2-4(0)	38	NP	43.3	32.7	15.9	8.2	91	62	27	-	-	LI
SS-28	50 RT	49+50	8.4-9.9	A-2-4(0)	30	NP	38.6	40.0	15.3	6.1	100	77	28	-	-	LI
SS-29	25 RT	28+00	1.0-2.5	A-6(6)	36	18	20.4	30.0	21.0	28.6	94	82	51	-	-	L
MS-30	25 RT	28+00	4.0-5.5											37.9	-	L
SS-30	25 RT	28+00	4.0-5.5	A-7-6(21)	52	27	5.5	23.7	25.9	44.9	100	98	76	-	-	L
SS-31	25 RT	28+00	9.0-10.5	A-4(0)	29	NP	15.7	52.0	22.0	10.2	100	95	37	-	-	L
SS-32	40 RT	30+25	4.0-5.5	A-7-6(11)	44	18	9.5	32.0	32.2	26.3	100	97	65	-	-	L
MS-33	15 RT	35+00	1.0-2.5											37.2	-	L
SS-33	15 RT	35+00	1.0-2.5	A-7-6(36)	65	47	5.5	23.7	17.8	53.1	100	98	76	-	-	L
SS-34	15 RT	38+00	3.0-4.5	A-2-4(0)	28	2	35.5	36.7	19.6	8.2	98	76	33	-	-	L
MS-35	15 RT	41+00	1.0-2.5											31.7	-	L
SS-35	15 RT	41+00	1.0-2.5	A-7-6(49)	73	49	4.9	9.8	22.0	63.3	100	97	89	-	-	L
SS-36	15 RT	41+00	3.1-4.6	A-6(4)	37	13	18.4	40.0	29.4	12.2	100	93	49	-	-	L
MS-37	CL	45+00	1.0-2.5											39.4	-	L
SS-37	CL	45+00	1.0-2.5	A-7-5(43)	74	39	2.4	8.0	18.2	71.4	100	99	91	-	-	L
SS-38	CL	45+00	3.2-4.7	A-7-5(31)	64	29	2.7	12.2	30.0	55.1	100	99	88	-	-	L
SS-39	CL	45+00	8.2-9.7	A-7-5(24)	56	26	4.1	16.3	30.6	49.0	100	99	83	-	-	L
MS-40	CL	48+00	1.0-2.5											33.0	-	L
SS-40	CL	48+00	1.0-2.5	A-7-5(35)	68	37	5.1	12.2	23.5	59.2	100	98	83	-	-	L
SS-41	CL	48+00	3.5-5.0	A-7-6(23)	56	28	5.5	21.0	24.5	49.0	100	99	78	-	-	L
SS-42	CL	48+00	8.5-10.0	A-6(5)	33	11	9.2	41.0	31.4	18.4	100	97	60	-	-	L
MS-43	CL	51+00	1.0-2.5											33.1	-	L
SS-43	CL	51+00	1.0-2.5	A-7-6(39)	75	53	10.0	19.2	15.7	55.1	99	93	73	-	-	L
SS-44	CL	51+00	3.6-5.1	A-6(4)	39	17	18.8	44.1	20.8	16.3	100	95	44	-	-	L
SS-45	CL	51+00	8.6-10.1	A-2-4(0)	29	2	38.0	41.2	16.7	4.1	100	81	28	-	-	L
SS-46	50 RT	54+00	3.0-4.5	A-4(0)	30	6	20.8	42.9	22.0	14.3	100	92	44	-	-	L
SS-47	50 RT	57+00	3.5-5.0	A-2-4(0)	25	NP	35.5	45.1	11.2	8.2	100	81	26	-	-	L
SS-48	75 LT	64+00	3.6-5.1	A-4(0)	30	5	25.9	40.2	21.6	12.2	99	87	40	-	-	L
MS-49	75 LT	12+00	1.0-2.5											29.6	-	RPB
SS-49	75 LT	12+00	1.0-2.5	A-7-6(32)	63	45	10.8	20.6	19.6	49.0	100	92	73	-	-	RPB
SS-50	75 LT	12+00	3.4-4.9	A-2-4(0)	20	2	37.3	35.1	17.3	10.2	93	71	32	-	-	RPB
MS-51	50 LT	15+00	1.0-2.5											32.3	-	RPB
SS-51	50 LT	15+00	1.0-2.5	A-7-6(37)	74	49	11.0	18.2	15.7	55.1	100	93	74	-	-	RPB
SS-52	50 LT	15+00	3.4-4.9	A-4(0)	25	1	25.3	45.7	20.8	8.2	100	91	36	-	-	RPB
SS-53	50 LT	15+00	8.4-9.9	A-4(0)	33	NP	20.0	49.4	22.4	8.2	100	95	37	-	-	RPB
SS-54	50 LT	15+00	13.4-14.9	A-2-4(0)	25	NP	41.2	40.6	14.1	4.1	100	79	24	-	-	RPB
MS-55	CL	19+00	1.0-2.0											23.6	-	RPB
SS-55	CL	19+00	1.5-2.5	A-7-6(16)	51	32	13.5	32.3	15.8	38.4	100	96	60	-	-	RPB
SS-56	CL	19+00	4.2-5.2	A-4(1)	29	10	15.8	47.3	18.8	18.2	100	97	45	-	-	RPB
MS-57	CL	14+00	1.0-2.0											31.5	-	SPURB
SS-57	CL	14+00	1.5-2.5	A-7-6(34)	70	43	10.1	17.8	13.5	58.6	99	93	75	-	-	SPURB
MS-58	60 LT	79+68	1.5-2.5											32.9	-	L
SS-58	60 LT	79+68	1.5-2.5	A-7-6(39)	73	49	10.5	15.8	11.1	62.6	99	92	76	-	-	L
SS-59	60 LT	79+68	3.3-4.3	A-4(0)	18	1	25.3	39.2	21.4	14.1	91	78	39	-	-	L
SS-60	55 RT	79+60	9.4-10.4	A-4(0)	32	3	19.8	46.7	23.4	10.1	99	90	44	-	-	L
MS-61	55 RT	78+60	1.5-2.5				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				-	-	L

SOIL TEST RESULTS

SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			% MOISTURE	% ORGANIC	Line or Boring ID
							C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200			
SS-61	55 RT	78+60	1.5-2.5	A-7-6(29)	62	43	10.7	23.4	13.3	52.5	100	95	70	-	-	L
MS-62	25 RT	13+50	1.5-2.5											33.5	-	SPURC
SS-62	25 RT	13+50	1.5-2.5	A-7-6(36)	64	41	4.8	16.8	21.8	56.6	99	97	82	-	-	SPURC
SS-63	25 RT	13+50	4.1-5.1	A-4(0)	27	2	16.8	54.3	20.8	8.1	100	97	39	-	-	SPURC
SS-64	25 RT	13+50	14.1-15.1	A-5(5)	41	10	9.5	37.8	32.5	20.2	99	96	60	-	-	SPURC
MS-65	25 RT	17+00	1.5-2.5											26.7	-	RPC
SS-65	25 RT	17+00	1.5-2.5	A-7-6(37)	72	48	6.3	27.5	11.7	54.5	100	97	75	-	-	RPC
MS-66	CL	10+00	1.5-2.5											28.8	-	SPURC
SS-66	CL	10+00	1.5-2.5	A-7-6(35)	68	50	8.3	23.6	13.5	54.5	99	95	72	-	-	SPURC
MS-67	CL	72+50	1.5-2.5											50.5	-	L
SS-67	CL	72+50	1.5-2.5	A-7-6(51)	81	55	4.2	14.7	12.3	68.7	100	98	84	-	-	L
SS-68	55 LT	81+75	1.0-2.5	A-7-6(43)	74	54	9.1	17.5	14.5	58.9	100	95	77	-	-	L
SS-69	55 LT	81+75	4.0-5.5	A-4(0)	18	1	25.0	43.5	19.4	12.2	100	89	39	-	-	L
SS-72	CL	85+5														

SOIL TEST RESULTS

SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			% MOISTURE	% ORGANIC	Line or Boring ID
							C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200			
SS-126	60 RT	129+50	14.0-15.5	A-2-4(0)	31	NP	33.5	48.2	16.3	2.0	94	78	25	-	-	L
SS-127	60 RT	130+50	1.8-3.3	A-7-6(10)	45	24	18.4	25.9	21.0	34.7	92	81	56	-	-	L
SS-128	60 RT	130+50	4.3-5.8	A-7-6(23)	58	39	12.9	27.3	16.9	42.9	99	93	65	-	-	L
SS-129	60 RT	130+50	6.8-8.3	A-7-6(14)	46	24	17.1	22.7	19.4	40.8	99	87	64	-	-	L
SS-130	60 RT	132+00	1.9-3.4	A-7-6(11)	45	26	19.8	26.3	19.2	34.7	95	83	56	-	-	L
SS-131	60 RT	132+00	3.4-4.9	A-7-6(19)	56	32	16.4	24.8	15.6	43.1	100	91	64	-	-	L
SS-132	60 RT	132+00	5.9-7.4	A-7-6(21)	54	33	14.2	22.4	16.2	47.2	100	92	68	-	-	L
SS-133	60 RT	132+00	8.4-9.9	A-2-4(0)	26	5	23.4	51.3	12.9	12.3	100	92	33	-	-	L
SS-134	60 RT	139+50	1.0-2.5	A-4(0)	30	7	21.4	48.0	20.3	10.3	100	94	40	-	-	L
SS-135	60 RT	139+50	9.7-11.2	A-4(0)	29	4	23.4	48.3	22.2	6.2	100	92	37	-	-	L
S-136	60 RT	138+00	0.0-1.5	A-6(4)	33	15	31.0	21.4	18.9	28.7	95	71	50	-	-	L
SS-137	60 RT	138+00	2.0-3.5	A-7-6(12)	47	22	16.6	25.5	16.8	41.1	98	88	61	-	-	L
SS-138	60 RT	138+00	4.5-6.0	A-2-4(0)	24	NP	34.9	46.4	10.5	8.2	100	86	25	-	-	L
SS-139	60 RT	136+50	1.7-3.2	A-7-6(17)	54	32	18.5	23.6	16.8	41.1	98	86	61	-	-	L
SS-140	60 RT	136+50	4.2-5.7	A-2-4(0)	27	3	34.1	42.5	15.2	8.2	100	84	29	-	-	L
S-141	60 RT	135+00	0.0-1.5	A-7-6(32)	65	44	14.4	15.2	17.0	53.4	99	88	73	-	-	L
SS-142	60 RT	135+00	1.7-3.2	A-6(1)	31	14	29.0	40.5	10.1	20.5	99	85	37	-	-	L
SS-143	60 RT	133+50	1.5-3.0	A-6(6)	38	20	22.2	34.9	14.2	28.7	98	84	49	-	-	L
SS-144	CL	133+00	3.3-4.8	A-7-6(14)	48	30	23.0	23.2	14.8	39.0	97	81	57	-	-	L
SS-145	CL	133+00	8.3-9.8	A-7-6(19)	54	30	17.7	18.5	18.7	45.2	99	88	67	-	-	L
SS-146	CL	133+00	13.3-14.8	A-7-6(25)	59	37	9.4	26.1	13.1	51.3	100	96	70	-	-	L
SS-147	CL	133+00	18.3-19.8	A-2-4(0)	28	3	28.3	48.9	14.6	8.2	100	91	30	-	-	L
SS-148	50 LT	11+50	1.5-3.0	A-7-6(9)	43	21	22.4	24.2	16.4	37.0	96	82	56	-	-	L1
SS-149	50 LT	11+50	4.2-5.7	A-6(2)	32	15	31.0	34.9	15.6	18.5	97	81	38	-	-	L1
SS-150	50 LT	11+50	8.2-9.7	A-2-6(1)	33	17	34.9	34.9	13.8	16.4	93	73	33	-	-	L1
SS-151	40 LT	14+50	1.5-3.0	A-2-4(0)	27	9	40.2	33.7	11.7	14.4	100	82	31	-	-	L1
SS-168	61 RT	42+25	2.0-3.0	A-7-6(10)	42	23	21.9	26.8	16.8	34.5	100	86	56	-	-	L
SS-169	61 RT	42+25	4.3-5.3	A-6(6)	39	21	22.9	36.5	14.2	26.4	100	91	46	-	-	L
SS-170	61 RT	42+25	7.0-8.0	A-7-6(10)	41	22	17.4	26.0	20.1	36.5	94	84	58	-	-	L
SS-171	61 RT	42+25	9.3-10.3	A-6(8)	39	19	18.1	29.4	18.1	34.5	98	88	57	-	-	L
SS-172	61 RT	42+25	12.0-13.0	A-6(10)	39	21	15.6	28.4	17.4	38.5	99	90	61	-	-	L
SS-173	61 RT	42+25	14.3-15.3	A-7-6(13)	48	25	10.8	34.3	16.4	38.5	100	96	61	-	-	L
SS-174	61 RT	42+25	17.0-18.0	A-7-6(22)	55	36	16.6	21.5	17.2	44.6	100	92	67	-	-	L
SS-190	84 RT	36+36	2.1-3.1	A-7-6(9)	41	24	21.1	31.4	17.0	30.4	99	88	52	-	-	L
SS-191	84 RT	36+36	4.3-5.3	A-6(6)	34	16	21.7	30.0	21.9	26.4	99	86	54	-	-	L
SS-192	84 RT	36+36	7.1-8.1	A-7-6(10)	43	21	15.4	30.6	19.5	34.5	100	92	60	-	-	L
SS-193	84 RT	36+36	9.3-10.3	A-6(8)	39	23	18.5	33.9	19.3	28.4	99	90	52	-	-	L
SS-194	84 RT	36+36	12.1-13.1	A-7-6(9)	41	20	16.8	30.0	18.7	34.5	98	89	58	-	-	L
SS-195	84 RT	36+36	14.3-15.3	A-7-6(11)	45	27	19.1	26.8	15.6	38.5	94	83	55	-	-	L
SS-196	84 RT	36+36	17.1-18.1	A-7-6(18)	57	35	17.4	26.0	14.0	42.6	99	89	60	-	-	L
SS-197	84 RT	36+36	19.3-20.3	A-7-6(15)	50	26	17.0	23.3	21.1	38.5	98	87	63	-	-	L

THE FOLLOWING SAMPLES WERE TAKEN FROM PROJECT R-2246C (METRIC).
 THE BORINGS WERE PLACED IN THE ENGLISH PROJECT R-2246B, WHERE THE STATION & OFFSET WAS OBTAINED.
 THE STATION AND OFFSET ARE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST FOOT.
 THE SAMPLE DEPTHS ARE A DIRECT METRIC TO ENGLISH CONVERSION ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST TENTH OF A FOOT.

S-16	66 RT	141+48	0.0-3.3	A-7-5(30)	67	37	9.6	14.4	17.8	58.2	97	91	76	33.1	-	L
SS-17	66 RT	141+48	3.8-5.3	A-6(2)	28	11	27.9	33.1	21	18.1	98	83	44	16.0	-	L
SS-18	66 RT	141+48	8.8-10.3	A-2-4(0)	22	6	33.1	38.9	18	10	100	83	32	-	-	L
S-19	66 RT	145+41	0.0-2.0	A-7-6(21)	56	29	5.8	28.5	19.6	46.1	100	96	71	28.9	-	L
SS-20	66 RT	145+41	3.5-5.0	A-2-4(0)	20	NP	22.5	53.4	20.2	4	100	90	31	-	-	L
S-21	66 RT	147+38	0.0-2.0	A-7-5(30)	68	34	8.6	16	17.2	58.2	100	95	78	29.0	-	L
SS-22	66 RT	147+38	3.8-5.3	A-2-4(0)	22	NP	43	35.2	14.7	7	92	66	24	-	-	L
S-23	CL	144+76	0.0-2.0	A-7-6(17)	51	32	14.6	27.9	17.4	40.1	100	91	62	21.0	-	L
S-24	66 RT	140+16	0.0-4.3	A-7-5(18)	53	23	10	16	21.8	52.2	97	90	75	27.3	-	L
S-25	CL	142+13	0.0-2.3	A-7-5(21)	52	22	5	12.6	18.2	64.2	99	96	84	-	-	L
S-26	66 LT	142+79	0.0-2.0	A-4(5)	31	10	13.6	23.9	22.4	40.1	100	94	66	27.8	-	L

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

INFILTRATION BASIN
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. 34408.1.1 (R-2246B) F.A. PROJ. STP-(0005)46
COUNTY CABARRUS
PROJECT DESCRIPTION GEORGE W. LILES PARKWAY FROM SR 1304
(ROBERTA RD) TO SR 1431 (WEDDINGTON RD)

CONTENTS

<u>SHEET</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
1	TITLE SHEET
2	LEGEND
3-3A	GEOTECHNICAL REPORT
4	BORING LOCATION PLAN
5-7	CONSTANT HEAD PERMEAMETER TEST RESULTS
8-9	HAND AUGER BORING SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTIONS
10-11	LABORATORY TEST REPORT SUMMARY AND GRAIN SIZE CURVES

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THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING, AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (919) 250-4088. NEITHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, NOR THE FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, OR SOIL TEST DATA ARE PART OF THE CONTRACT.

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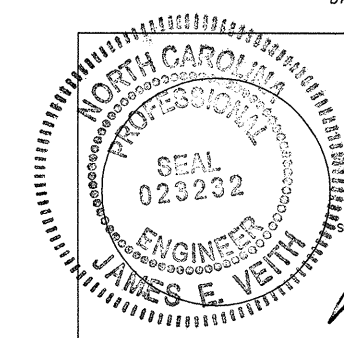
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PROJECT: 34408.1.1 ID: R-2246B

PERSONNEL
J. Witherspoon
R. Rahie

INVESTIGATED BY MACTEC
CHECKED BY B. Deobald
SUBMITTED BY J. Veith
DATE 02/26/10

Original



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NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION		GRADATION		ROCK DESCRIPTION		TERMS AND DEFINITIONS																																																																																																																																																																																																																	
<p>SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T206, ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLES:</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6</i></p>		<p>WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO POORLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">ANGULARITY OF GRAINS</p> <p>THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: <u>ANGULAR</u>, <u>SUBANGULAR</u>, <u>SUBROUNDED</u>, OR <u>ROUNDED</u>.</p>		<p>HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:</p>		<p>ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL. FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT. LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS. SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS IN OR BPF OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.</p>																																																																																																																																																																																																																	
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ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.</p>		<p style="text-align: center;">COMPRESSIBILITY</p> <p>SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT EQUAL TO 31-50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50</p>		<p style="text-align: center;">PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th>ORGANIC MATERIAL</th> <th>GRANULAR SOILS</th> <th>SILT-CLAY SOILS</th> <th>OTHER MATERIAL</th> </tr> <tr> <td>TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER</td> <td>2 - 3%</td> <td>3 - 5%</td> <td>TRACE</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER</td> <td>3 - 5%</td> <td>5 - 12%</td> <td>LITTLE</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MODERATELY ORGANIC</td> <td>5 - 10%</td> <td>12 - 20%</td> <td>SOME</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HIGHLY ORGANIC</td> <td>>10%</td> <td>>20%</td> <td>HIGHLY</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>35% AND ABOVE</td> </tr> </table>		ORGANIC MATERIAL	GRANULAR SOILS	SILT-CLAY SOILS	OTHER MATERIAL	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER	2 - 3%	3 - 5%	TRACE	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER	3 - 5%	5 - 12%	LITTLE	MODERATELY ORGANIC	5 - 10%	12 - 20%	SOME	HIGHLY ORGANIC	>10%	>20%	HIGHLY				35% AND ABOVE	<p style="text-align: center;">GROUND WATER</p> <p> WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA SPRING OR SEEP</p>		<p style="text-align: center;">WEATHERING</p> <p>FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE. VERY SLIGHT (V SL.) ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN. CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE. SLIGHT (SL.) ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS. MODERATE (MOD.) SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK. MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL</i> SEVERE (SEV.) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF</i> VERY SEVERE (V SEV.) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF</i> COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.</p>	
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<p>DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.</p>		<p>DRILL UNITS: <input type="checkbox"/> MOBILE B- <input type="checkbox"/> BK-51 <input type="checkbox"/> CME-45C <input type="checkbox"/> CME-550 <input type="checkbox"/> PORTABLE HOIST <input type="checkbox"/> _____ <input type="checkbox"/> _____</p>		<p>ADVANCING TOOLS: <input type="checkbox"/> CLAY BITS <input type="checkbox"/> 6" CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER <input type="checkbox"/> 8" HOLLOW AUGERS <input type="checkbox"/> HARD FACED FINGER BITS <input type="checkbox"/> TUNG-CARBIDE INSERTS <input type="checkbox"/> CASING <input type="checkbox"/> W/ ADVANCER <input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE _____ * STEEL TEETH <input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE _____ * TUNG-CARB. <input type="checkbox"/> CORE BIT <input type="checkbox"/> _____ <input type="checkbox"/> _____</p>		<p>HAMMER TYPE: <input type="checkbox"/> AUTOMATIC <input type="checkbox"/> MANUAL</p> <p>CORE SIZE: <input type="checkbox"/> B- <input type="checkbox"/> N- <input type="checkbox"/> H- <input type="checkbox"/> _____</p> <p>HAND TOOLS: <input type="checkbox"/> POST HOLE DIGGER <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HAND AUGER <input type="checkbox"/> SOUNDING ROD <input type="checkbox"/> VANE SHEAR TEST <input type="checkbox"/> _____ <input type="checkbox"/> _____</p>		<p>FRACURE SPACING</p> <p>TERM SPACING</p> <p>VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FEET VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET</p>		<p>BEDDING</p> <p>TERM THICKNESS</p> <p>VERY THICKLY BEDDED > 4 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET</p>																																																																																																																																																																																																													
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NCDOT PROJECT NO.: 34408.1.1
 TIP NO.: R-2246B
 FEDERAL AID NO.: STP-(0005)46
 COUNTY: CABARRUS
 DESCRIPTION: George W. Liles Parkway from SR 1304 (Roberta Rd.) to SR 1431 (Weddington Rd.)
 SUBJECT: Constant Head Permeameter Testing

Project Description

The purpose of this subsurface investigation was to evaluate 3 locations, identified by the NCDOT, at the project study area for the George W. Liles Parkway. Our understanding of this project comes from conversations with NCDOT Geotechnical Engineering Unit personnel; and from documents and drawings provided by the Geotechnical Engineering Unit including a Request for Proposal dated January 28, 2010 and electronic files on the NCDOT ftp site.

The project study area includes pastures/fields and forested areas located southwest of Concord in Cabarrus County, North Carolina. The locations evaluated are within the future George W. Liles Parkway that extends from SR 1304 (Roberta Rd.) to SR 1431 (Weddington Rd.).

Methodology

MACTEC conducted a subsurface investigation to determine depth to seasonal high water table (SHWT), apparent water table (if present), and *in-situ* saturated hydraulic conductivity. A MACTEC soil scientist advanced three hand auger borings to depths ranging from 40 to 60 inches below ground surface (BGS) where possible. Representative soil samples were collected at approximately 1-foot intervals or where significant changes in soil texture were observed. The soil samples were described in the field and placed in sealed containers for transportation to and testing in MACTEC's laboratory. Infiltration testing with a constant head permeameter was conducted adjacent to the hand-auger boring locations. The infiltration tests were conducted at approximately 12-18 and 28-36 inches BGS, as specified by the NCDOT, and in general accordance with ASTM D 5216 procedures.

MACTEC identified the test boring locations in the field utilizing non-survey grade sub-meter Global Positioning System (GPS) equipment using northing/easting coordinates provided by NCDOT. GPS (horizontal) and conventional level surveys (vertical) were performed to obtain northing, easting, and ground surface elevations of the test boring locations. The boring locations are shown on the Boring Location Plan (DWG 1) and listed in the following table.

Table 1. Hand Auger and Permeameter Test Locations

Location	Northing	Easting	Elevation (ft)	Alignment, Station, Offset
Site 1	598,102	1,509,416	628.6	-RPB- Sta. 22+91, 106' RT
Site 2	598,127	1,509,626	632.4	-RPC- Sta. 22+17, 122' LT
Site 3	598,765	1,509,142	621.8	-RPD- Sta. 21+83, 103' RT

Representative soil samples were tested to determine the soil index properties and to verify field classification. Three soil samples (S-1 to S-3) were tested for grain size distribution (including hydrometer), Atterberg limits, natural moisture content, and AASHTO classification. Laboratory testing was performed in accordance with applicable ASTM/AASHTO/NCDOT specifications. The results of the laboratory testing are included with this report.

Physiography and Geology

The project study area includes areas that are generally flat within pastures/fields and forested areas located near the intersection of SR 1304 (Roberta Road) and US 29, and is located within the Piedmont Physiographic Province in western Cabarrus County, NC. The 1985 Geologic Map of North Carolina, compiled by the N.C. Geological Survey, indicates that the project study area is within the Charlotte and Milton Belts and is underlain by gabbro of the Concord plutonic suite.

The soils encountered in the three hand-auger borings were mostly cohesive, consisting of brown to reddish-brown silty, sandy clay (A-7-6), underlain by brown, silty sand (A-2-4).

Infiltration Tests

Infiltration tests were performed at Site 1 through Site 3 using a Guelph Permeameter (GP). The infiltration tests were conducted in the unsaturated material above the apparent water table on February 11 and 12, 2010. These tests were conducted at soil depths of approximately 18 inches and 30 inches BGS. A detailed soil profile description was completed for each test location and is included with this report.

The *in-situ* field saturated hydraulic conductivity (K_{fs}) values are calculated based on field measurements using the Glover Equation. Infiltration was not observed at Sites 1 through 3 within one to two hours of commencing the infiltration tests; therefore, K_{fs} could not be calculated. The soil present at the test depth at these locations included highly plastic clay to sandy clay textures and massive sand saprolite material. These soils were beyond the capability of the GP to measure the infiltration rate. Table 2 summarizes the infiltration rate measurements for each location and includes: location; depth and horizon; hydraulic conductivity test method used; and conductivity measurement at each location.

Table 2. In-situ Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity Measurements

Site Number	Depth/Horizon (inches BGS)	Result	
		gpd/ft ²	in/hr
Site 1	18/Bt	NIO	NIO
Site 1	30/C	NIO	NIO
Site 2	15/Bt	NIO	NIO
Site 2	28/C	NIO	NIO
Site 3	18/Bt	NIO	NIO
Site 3	32/C	NIO	NIO

Note: NIO = No Infiltration Observed

Groundwater

The hand-auger borings were terminated at 40, 60, and 44 inches BGS due to rock and solid saprolite at Sites 1, 2, and 3 respectively. Apparent water tables were not observed within the boring holes above the depths of termination at the time of the site visit. Seasonal high water table (SHWT) depths were estimated based on soil characteristics through identification of low chroma redoximorphic features (mottles). The low chroma mottles suggest past conditions of saturation and reducing soil conditions. Evidence of a possible perched SHWT was observed at depths ranging from 10 to 26 inches BGS as indicated in Table 3.

Table 3. Seasonal High Water Table (SHWT) Estimates on February 11-12, 2010.

Site Number	Elevation of Ground Surface (feet)	SHWT Depth (inches BGS)	Apparent Water Table Depth (inches BGS)
Site 1	628.6	10-20 (perched)	>40
Site 2	632.4	12-18 (perched)	>60
Site 3	621.8	22-26 (perched)	>44

Closure

MACTEC provided these services in accordance with our Proposal No. 10-RAIL-062 dated February 2, 2010. The information contained in this report represents field conditions as observed on February 11 and 12, 2010. Our services were performed under the Terms of the Agreement made and entered into on June 29, 2009 by and between the NCDOT and MACTEC.

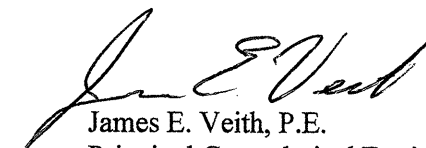
We are available to discuss our findings with you and to provide additional studies or services necessary to complete the project. We appreciate the opportunity to assist you on this project and look forward to serving as your geotechnical consultant on future projects.

Very truly yours,

MACTEC Engineering and Consulting, Inc.

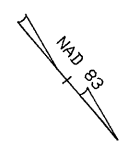
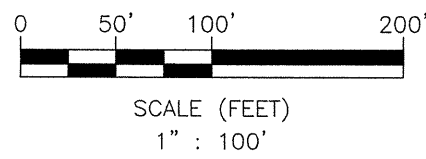
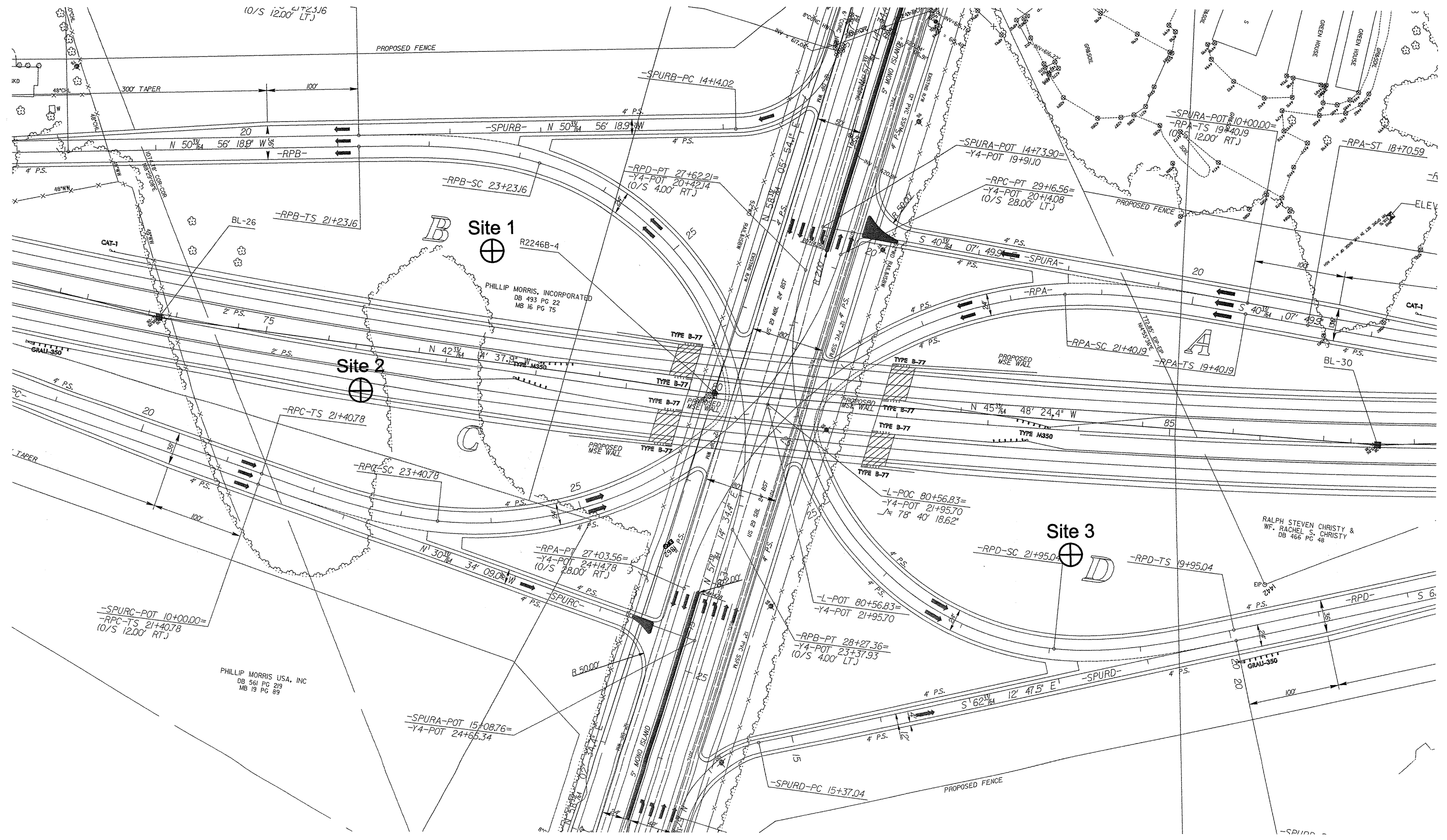


Joseph W. Witherspoon, LSS
Senior Scientist
Registered, North Carolina 1246



James E. Veith, P.E.
Principal Geotechnical Engineer
Registered, North Carolina 23232





BORING LOCATION PLAN
 GEORGE W. LILES PARKWAY FROM SR 1304 (ROBERTA RD)
 TO SR 1431 (WEDDINGTON RD)
 NCDOT PROJECT NO. 34408.1.1 (R-2246B)
 F.A. No. STP-(0005)46
 CABARRUS COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

MACTEC ENGINEERING AND CONSULTING, INC. RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA			
REVISIONS	DRAWN: R.R.	DATE: 02/26/10	
	DFT CHECK: W.B.D.	JOB : 6468-10-0026	
	ENG CHECK: J.E.V.	DWG: 1	

Guelph Permeameter Field Data Sheet

Standard Procedure for Permeameter Readings and Calculations
 Job Name: George W. Liles Parkway from SR 1304 (Roberta Rd) to SR 1431 (Weddington Rd)
 Job Number: 34408.1.1 (R-2246B)
 Location ID: Site 1 Alignment, Station, Offset: -RPB- Sta. 22+91, 106' RT
 Date: 02/11/10
 Field Personnel: J. Witherspoon
 Well Hole Depth, (inches): 18
 Field Notes: Clay
 Combined Reservoirs X, (cm²): 35.22 Horizon: Bt
 Inner Reservoir Y, (cm²): 2.15 SHWT: 10-20" BGS (Perched)
 Reservoir Constant: 35.22 cm²
 Note: In standardized procedure the radius of the well hole is always 3.0 cm.

1st set of readings with height of water in well (H₁) set at 5 cm.

Reading Number	Time	Time Interval (min)	Water Level in Reservoir (cm)	Water Level Change (cm)	Rate of Water Level Change (R ₁) (cm/min)
0	11:50:00	0.0	38.3	0.0	
1	12:00:00	10.0	38.0	-0.3	
2	12:10:00	10.0	38.6	0.6	
3	12:20:00	10.0	39.4	0.8	
4	12:30:00	10.0	43.1	0.7	
5	12:40:00	10.0	43.3	0.2	
6	12:50:00	10.0	43.6	0.3	
7	1:00:00	10.0	44.1	0.5	
8	1:10:00	10.0	43.9	-0.2	
9					
10			NO INFILTRATION		
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					

2nd set of readings with height of water in well (H₂) set at 10 cm.

Reading Number	Time	Time Interval (min)	Water Level in Reservoir (cm)	Water Level Change (cm)	Rate of Water Level Change (R ₂) (cm/min)
0					
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10			NO INFILTRATION		
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					

For the first set of readings R_{1-bar} = R_{1-bar} / 60 = 0.0E+00 cm/sec
 For the second set of readings R_{2-bar} = R_{2-bar} / 60 = 0.0E+00 cm/sec

$K_{fs} = [(0.0041)(\text{Res. Const})(R_{2\text{-bar}})] - [(0.0054)(\text{Res. Const})(R_{1\text{-bar}})]$ cm/sec
 where, K_{fs} = field sat'd hydraulic conductivity

Calculated K _{fs} :	
K _{fs} =	0.0E+00 cm/sec
K _{fs} =	0.00 in/hr
K _{fs} =	0.00 g/d/ft ²

Prepared By: JWW 2-26-10

Checked By: WFO 2-26-10

Guelph Permeameter Field Data Sheet

Standard Procedure for Permeameter Readings and Calculations
 Job Name: George W. Liles Parkway from SR 1304 (Roberta Rd) to SR 1431 (Weddington Rd)
 Job Number: 34408.1.1 (R-2246B)
 Location ID: Site 1 Alignment, Station, Offset: -RPB- Sta. 22+91, 106' RT
 Date: 02/11/10
 Field Personnel: J. Witherspoon
 Well Hole Depth, (inches): 30
 Field Notes: Sand
 Combined Reservoirs X, (cm²): 35.22 Horizon: C
 Inner Reservoir Y, (cm²): 2.15 SHWT: 10-20" BGS (Perched)
 Reservoir Constant: 35.22 cm²
 Note: In standardized procedure the radius of the well hole is always 3.0 cm.

1st set of readings with height of water in well (H₁) set at 5 cm.

Reading Number	Time	Time Interval (min)	Water Level in Reservoir (cm)	Water Level Change (cm)	Rate of Water Level Change (R ₁) (cm/min)
0	2:02:00	0.0	21.9	0.0	
1	2:07:00	5.0	22.0	0.1	
2	2:12:00	5.0	22.0	0.0	
3	2:27:00	15.0	22.0	0.0	
4	2:32:00	5.0	22.0	0.0	
5	2:52:00	20.0	22.0	0.0	
6	3:02:00	10.0	22.0	0.0	
7					
8					
9					
10			NO INFILTRATION		
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					

2nd set of readings with height of water in well (H₂) set at 10 cm.

Reading Number	Time	Time Interval (min)	Water Level in Reservoir (cm)	Water Level Change (cm)	Rate of Water Level Change (R ₂) (cm/min)
0					
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10			NO INFILTRATION		
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					

For the first set of readings R_{1-bar} = R_{1-bar} / 60 = 0.0E+00 cm/sec
 For the second set of readings R_{2-bar} = R_{2-bar} / 60 = 0.0E+00 cm/sec

$K_{fs} = [(0.0041)(\text{Res. Const})(R_{2\text{-bar}})] - [(0.0054)(\text{Res. Const})(R_{1\text{-bar}})]$ cm/sec
 where, K_{fs} = field sat'd hydraulic conductivity

Calculated K _{fs} :	
K _{fs} =	0.0E+00 cm/sec
K _{fs} =	0.00 in/hr
K _{fs} =	0.00 g/d/ft ²

Prepared By: JWW 2-26-10

Checked By: WFO 2-26-10

Guelph Permeameter Field Data Sheet

Standard Procedure for Permeameter Readings and Calculations

Job Name: George W. Liles Parkway from SR 1304 (Roberta Rd) to SR 1431 (Weddington Rd)
 Job Number: 34408.1.1 (R-2246B)
 Location ID: Site 2 Alignment, Station, Offset: -RPC- Sta. 22+17, 122' LT
 Date: 02/11/10
 Field Personnel: J. Witherspoon
 Well Hole Depth, (inches): 15
 Field Notes: Clay
 Combined Reservoirs X, (cm²): 35.22 Horizon: Bt
 Inner Reservoir Y, (cm²): 2.15 SHWT: 12-18" BGS (Perched)
 Reservoir Constant: 2.15 cm²

Note: In standardized procedure the radius of the well hole is always 3.0 cm.

1st set of readings with height of water in well (H₁) set at 5 cm.

Reading Number	Time	Time Interval (min)	Water Level in Reservoir (cm)	Water Level Change (cm)	Rate of Water Level Change, R ₁ (cm/min)
0	3:15:00	0.0	38.3	0.0	
1	3:20:00	5.0	38.3	0.0	
2	3:25:00	5.0	38.3	0.0	
3	3:35:00	10.0	38.3	0.0	
4	3:45:00	10.0	38.3	0.0	
5	3:55:00	10.0	38.3	0.0	
6	4:05:00	10.0	38.3	0.0	
7	4:35:00	30.0	38.3	0.0	
8					
9					
10			NO INFILTRATION		
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					

2nd set of readings with height of water in well (H₂) set at 10 cm.

Reading Number	Time	Time Interval (mins)	Water Level in Reservoir (cm)	Water Level Change (cm)	Rate of Water Level Change, R ₂ (cm/min)
0					
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10			NO INFILTRATION		
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					

For the first set of readings R_{1-bar} = R_{1-bar} / 60 = 0.0E+00 cm/sec
 For the second set of readings R_{2-bar} = R_{2-bar} / 60 = 0.0E+00 cm/sec

$$K_{fs} = [(0.0041)(\text{Res. Const})(R_{2\text{-bar}})] - [(0.0054)(\text{Res. Const})(R_{1\text{-bar}})] \text{ cm/sec}$$

where,
 K_{fs} = field sat'd hydraulic conductivity

Calculated K _{fs} :	
K _{fs} =	0.0E+00 cm/sec
K _{fs} =	0.00 in/hr
K _{fs} =	0.00 g/d/ft ²

Prepared By: SWW 2-26-10

Checked By: WSD 2-26-10

Guelph Permeameter Field Data Sheet

Standard Procedure for Permeameter Readings and Calculations

Job Name: George W. Liles Parkway from SR 1304 (Roberta Rd) to SR 1431 (Weddington Rd)
 Job Number: 34408.1.1 (R-2246B)
 Location ID: Site 2 Alignment, Station, Offset: -RPC- Sta. 22+17, 122' LT
 Date: 02/11/10
 Field Personnel: J. Witherspoon
 Well Hole Depth, (inches): 28
 Field Notes: Loamy Sand
 Combined Reservoirs X, (cm²): 35.22 Horizon: C
 Inner Reservoir Y, (cm²): 2.15 SHWT: 12-18" BGS (Perched)
 Reservoir Constant: 2.15 cm²

Note: In standardized procedure the radius of the well hole is always 3.0 cm.

1st set of readings with height of water in well (H₁) set at 5 cm.

Reading Number	Time	Time Interval (min)	Water Level in Reservoir (cm)	Water Level Change (cm)	Rate of Water Level Change, R ₁ (cm/min)
0	4:50:00	0.0	19.7	0.0	
1	5:00:00	10.0	19.7	0.0	
2	5:10:00	10.0	19.7	0.0	
3	5:20:00	10.0	19.7	0.0	
4	5:40:00	20.0	19.7	0.0	
5	5:50:00	10.0	19.7	0.0	
6					
7					
8					
9					
10			NO INFILTRATION		
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					

2nd set of readings with height of water in well (H₂) set at 10 cm.

Reading Number	Time	Time Interval (mins)	Water Level in Reservoir (cm)	Water Level Change (cm)	Rate of Water Level Change, R ₂ (cm/min)
0					
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10			NO INFILTRATION		
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					

For the first set of readings R_{1-bar} = R_{1-bar} / 60 = 0.0E+00 cm/sec
 For the second set of readings R_{2-bar} = R_{2-bar} / 60 = 0.0E+00 cm/sec

$$K_{fs} = [(0.0041)(\text{Res. Const})(R_{2\text{-bar}})] - [(0.0054)(\text{Res. Const})(R_{1\text{-bar}})] \text{ cm/sec}$$

where,
 K_{fs} = field sat'd hydraulic conductivity

Calculated K _{fs} :	
K _{fs} =	0.0E+00 cm/sec
K _{fs} =	0.00 in/hr
K _{fs} =	0.00 g/d/ft ²

Prepared By: SWW 2-26-10

Checked By: WSD 2-26-10

Guelph Permeameter Field Data Sheet

Standard Procedure for Permeameter Readings and Calculations

Job Name: George W. Liles Parkway from SR 1304 (Roberta Rd) to SR 1431 (Weddington Rd)
 Job Number: 34408.1.1 (R-2246B)
 Location ID: Site 3 Alignment, Station, Offset: -RPD- Sta. 21+83, 103' RT
 Date: 02/12/10
 Field Personnel: J. Witherspoon
 Well Hole Depth, (inches): 18
 Field Notes: Clay
 Combined Reservoirs X, (cm²): 35.22 Horizon: Bt
 Inner Reservoir Y, (cm²): 2.15 SHWT: 22-26" BGS (Perched)
 Reservoir Constant: 35.22 cm²

Note: In standardized procedure the radius of the well hole is always 3.0 cm.

1st set of readings with height of water in well (H₁) set at 5 cm.

Reading Number	Time	Time Interval (min)	Water Level in Reservoir (cm)	Water Level Change (cm)	Rate of Water Level Change, R ₁ (cm/min)
0	9:50:00	0.0	28.7	0.0	
1	10:00:00	10.0	28.7	0.0	
2	10:10:00	10.0	28.7	0.0	
3	10:30:00	20.0	28.7	0.0	
4	10:40:00	10.0	28.7	0.0	
5	10:50:00	10.0	28.7	0.0	
6	11:00:00	10.0	28.7	0.0	
7					
8					
9					
10			NO INFILTRATION		
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					

2nd set of readings with height of water in well (H₂) set at 10 cm.

Reading Number	Time	Time Interval (mins)	Water Level in Reservoir (cm)	Water Level Change (cm)	Rate of Water Level Change, R ₂ (cm/min)
0					
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10			NO INFILTRATION		
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					

For the first set of readings R_{1-bar} = R_{1-bar} / 60 = 0.0E+00 cm/sec
 For the second set of readings R_{2-bar} = R_{2-bar} / 60 = 0.0E+00 cm/sec

$K_{fs} = [(0.0041)(\text{Res. Const})(R_{2\text{-bar}})] - [(0.0054)(\text{Res. Const})(R_{1\text{-bar}})]$ cm/sec
 where, K_{fs} = field sat'd hydraulic conductivity

Calculated K _{fs} :	
K _{fs} =	0.0E+00 cm/sec
K _{fs} =	0.00 in/hr
K _{fs} =	0.00 g/dft ²

Prepared By: JWW 2-26-10
 Checked By: WGD 2-26-10

Guelph Permeameter Field Data Sheet

Standard Procedure for Permeameter Readings and Calculations

Job Name: George W. Liles Parkway from SR 1304 (Roberta Rd) to SR 1431 (Weddington Rd)
 Job Number: 34408.1.1 (R-2246B)
 Location ID: Site 3 Alignment, Station, Offset: -RPD- Sta. 21+83, 103' RT
 Date: 02/12/10
 Field Personnel: J. Witherspoon
 Well Hole Depth, (inches): 32
 Field Notes: Sandy Loam
 Combined Reservoirs X, (cm²): 35.22 Horizon: C
 Inner Reservoir Y, (cm²): 2.15 SHWT: 22-26" BGS (Perched)
 Reservoir Constant: 35.22 cm²

Note: In standardized procedure the radius of the well hole is always 3.0 cm.

1st set of readings with height of water in well (H₁) set at 5 cm.

Reading Number	Time	Time Interval (min)	Water Level in Reservoir (cm)	Water Level Change (cm)	Rate of Water Level Change, R ₁ (cm/min)
0	11:10:00	0.0	24.9	0.0	
1	11:30:00	20.0	24.9	0.0	
2	11:40:00	10.0	24.9	0.0	
3	12:00:00	20.0	24.9	0.0	
4	12:30:00	30.0	24.9	0.0	
5	12:40:00	10.0	24.9	0.0	
6					
7					
8					
9					
10			NO INFILTRATION		
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					

2nd set of readings with height of water in well (H₂) set at 10 cm.

Reading Number	Time	Time Interval (mins)	Water Level in Reservoir (cm)	Water Level Change (cm)	Rate of Water Level Change, R ₂ (cm/min)
0					
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10			NO INFILTRATION		
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					

For the first set of readings R_{1-bar} = R_{1-bar} / 60 = 0.0E+00 cm/sec
 For the second set of readings R_{2-bar} = R_{2-bar} / 60 = 0.0E+00 cm/sec

$K_{fs} = [(0.0041)(\text{Res. Const})(R_{2\text{-bar}})] - [(0.0054)(\text{Res. Const})(R_{1\text{-bar}})]$ cm/sec
 where, K_{fs} = field sat'd hydraulic conductivity

Calculated K _{fs} :	
K _{fs} =	0.0E+00 cm/sec
K _{fs} =	0.00 in/hr
K _{fs} =	0.00 g/dft ²

Prepared By: JWW 2-26-10
 Checked By: WGD 2-26-10

Soil Profile Description

Client: NCDOT
 Project Name: George W. Liles Parkway from SR 1304 (Roberta Rd) to SR 1431 (Weddington Rd)
 Project Number: 34408.1.1 (R-2246B)
 Date: 11 February 2010
 Location: Southeast quadrant of intersection of Roberta Road and Concord Parkway
 County: Cabarrus State: North Carolina
 Northing: 598,102 US ft Easting: 1,509,416 US ft
 Elevation: 628.6 ft
 Alignment, Station, Offset: -RPB- Sta. 22+91, 106' RT

Site/Boring Location #: Site 1
 Vegetation: Pasture
 Seasonal High Water Table: Perched at 10-20 inches
 Apparent Water Table: >40 inches
 Slope: 0-2%
 Boring Termination Depth: 40 inches at rock

Horizon	Depth (in)	Matrix Color	Mottle(s) Color	Texture	Structure	Consistence (moist)	Notes
A	0-5	7.5YR 3/4		CL	1fsbk	friable	
Bt1	5-10	7.5YR 4/6	7.5YR 5/8	CL	1mabk	firm	
Bt2	10-20	5YR 4/6	10YR 4/2	C	massive	firm	
C	20-40*	10YR 4/4	10YR 5/8	S	massive	friable	Saprolite wth clay chunks

*Auger refusal at 40" BGS due to rock

Notes: Sample S-1 at 10"-20" Reddish brown, silty, sandy CLAY A-7-6 (32)

Evidence of a perched water table was observed from 10 – 20 inches BGS.

Soil Textures: CL = Clay loam; C = Clay; S = Sand

Soil Structure: 1fsbk = weak, fine, subangular blocky; 1mabk = weak, medium angular blocky

Prepared By: SWW 2-26-10

Checked By: WJD 2-26-10

Soil Profile Description

Client: NCDOT
 Project Name: George W. Liles Parkway from SR 1304 (Roberta Rd) to SR 1431 (Weddington Rd)
 Project Number: 34408.1.1 (R-2246B)
 Date: 11 February 2010
 Location: Southeast quadrant of intersection of Roberta Road and Concord Parkway
 County: Cabarrus State: North Carolina
 Northing: 598,127 US ft Easting: 1,509,626 US ft
 Elevation: 632.4 ft
 Alignment, Station, Offset: -RPC- Sta. 22+17, 122' LT

Site/Boring Location #: Site 2
 Vegetation: Pasture
 Seasonal High Water Table: Perched at 12-18 inches
 Apparent Water Table: >60 inches
 Slope: 0-2-%
 Boring Termination Depth: 60 inches at solid saprolite

Horizon	Depth (in)	Matrix Color	Mottle(s) Color	Texture	Structure	Consistence (moist)	Notes
A	0-6	10YR 3/3		L	1fsbk	friable	
Bt1	6-12	7.5YR 4/6	7.5YR 5/8	C	1mabk	firm	
Bt2	12-18	7.5YR 4/6	10YR 4/2	C	massive	firm	
C	18-60*	10YR 4/4	10YR 5/8 2.5Y 2.5/1	LS with SL chunks	massive	friable	

*Auger refusal at 60" BGS due to solid saprolite

Notes: Sample S-2 at 18"-60" Brown, silty, SAND A-2-4 (0)

Evidence of a perched water table was observed from 12 – 18 inches BGS.

Soil Textures: L = Loam; C = Clay; LS = Loamy Sand; SL = Sandy Loam

Soil Structure: 1fsbk = weak, fine, subangular blocky; 1mabk = weak, medium angular blocky

Prepared By: SWW 2-26-10

Checked By: WJD 2-26-10

Soil Profile Description

Client: NCDOT
 Project Name: George W. Liles Parkway from SR 1304 (Roberta Rd) to SR 1431 (Weddington Rd)
 Project Number: 34408.1.1 (R-2246B)

Site/Boring Location #: Site 3
 Vegetation: Forested

Seasonal High Water Table: Perched at 22-26 inches

Date: 12 February 2010
 Location: North of the intersection of Roberta Road and Concord Parkway
 County: Cabarrus State: North Carolina

Apparent Water Table: >44 inches
 Slope: 0-2%

Boring Termination Depth: 44 inches at solid saprolite

Northing: 598,765 US ft Easting: 1,509,142 US ft
 Elevation: 621.8 ft
 Alignment, Station, Offset: -RPD- Sta. 21+83, 103' RT

Horizon	Depth (in)	Matrix Color	Mottle(s) Color	Texture	Structure	Consistence (moist)	Notes
A	0-5	5YR 5/3		L	1fsbk	friable	
Bt1	5-10	5YR 4/4		CL	1msbk	friable	
Bt2	10-22	10R 4/6	7.5YR 5/8	C	1mabk	firm	
Bt3	22-26	7.5YR 4/6	10YR 3/2	C	massive	firm	
C	26-44*	10YR 4/6	5YR 4/6 5YR 4/2	SL	massive	friable	

*Auger refusal at 44" BGS due to solid saprolite

Notes: Sample S-3 at 22"-26" Brown, silty, sandy CLAY A-7-6 (43)

Evidence of a perched water table was observed from 22-26 inches BGS.

Soil Textures: L = Loam; CL – Clay loam; C = Clay; SL = Sandy loam

Soil Structure: 1fsbk = weak, fine, subangular blocky; 1msbk = weak, medium, subangular blocky; 1mabk = weak, medium angular blocky

Prepared By: JWW 2-26-10

Checked By: WJD 2-26-10



MACTEC ENGINEERING AND CONSULTING, INC.
 3301 ATLANTIC AVENUE
 RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27604

N.C.D.O.T./AASHTO CLASSIFICATIONS

REPORT ON SAMPLES OF: SOILS FOR QUALITY

MACTEC PROJECT NAME/ NUMBER: George W. Liles Parkway from SR 1304 (Roberta Rd.) to SR 1431 (Weddington Rd.)
 NCDOT PROJ. NO.: 34408.1.1 (R-2246B) COUNTY: Cabarrus OWNER: N.C.D.O.T.
 DATE SAMPLED: February 2010 RECEIVED: 2/12/2010 REPORTED BY: MACTEC
 SAMPLED FROM: Sites 1, 2 and 3 MACTEC PROJ. NO.: 6468-10-0026
 SUBMITTED BY: MACTEC ENGINEERING AND CONSULTING, INC.
 1992 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

TEST RESULTS

Lab Sample No.	S-1	S-2	S-3
Retained No. 4 Sieve (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0
Passing No. 10 Sieve (%)	100.0	99.9	100.0
Passing No. 40 Sieve (%)	96.6	71.8	96.9
Passing No. 200 Sieve (%)	68.8	10.8	75.6

MINUS 2.00mm FRACTION

SOIL MORTAR - 100%			
Coarse Sand (%)	8.2	54.7	8.2
Fine Sand (%)	28.0	39.4	19.3
Silt (%)	31.9	0.5	9.6
Clay (%)	31.9	5.4	62.9

Moisture Content (%)	41.9	11.4	44.8
Liquid Limit, L.L.	71	NV	82
Plasticity Index, P.I.	47	NP	53
AASHTO Classification	A-7-6(32)	A-2-4(0)	A-7-6(43)
Organic Content (%)	ND	ND	ND

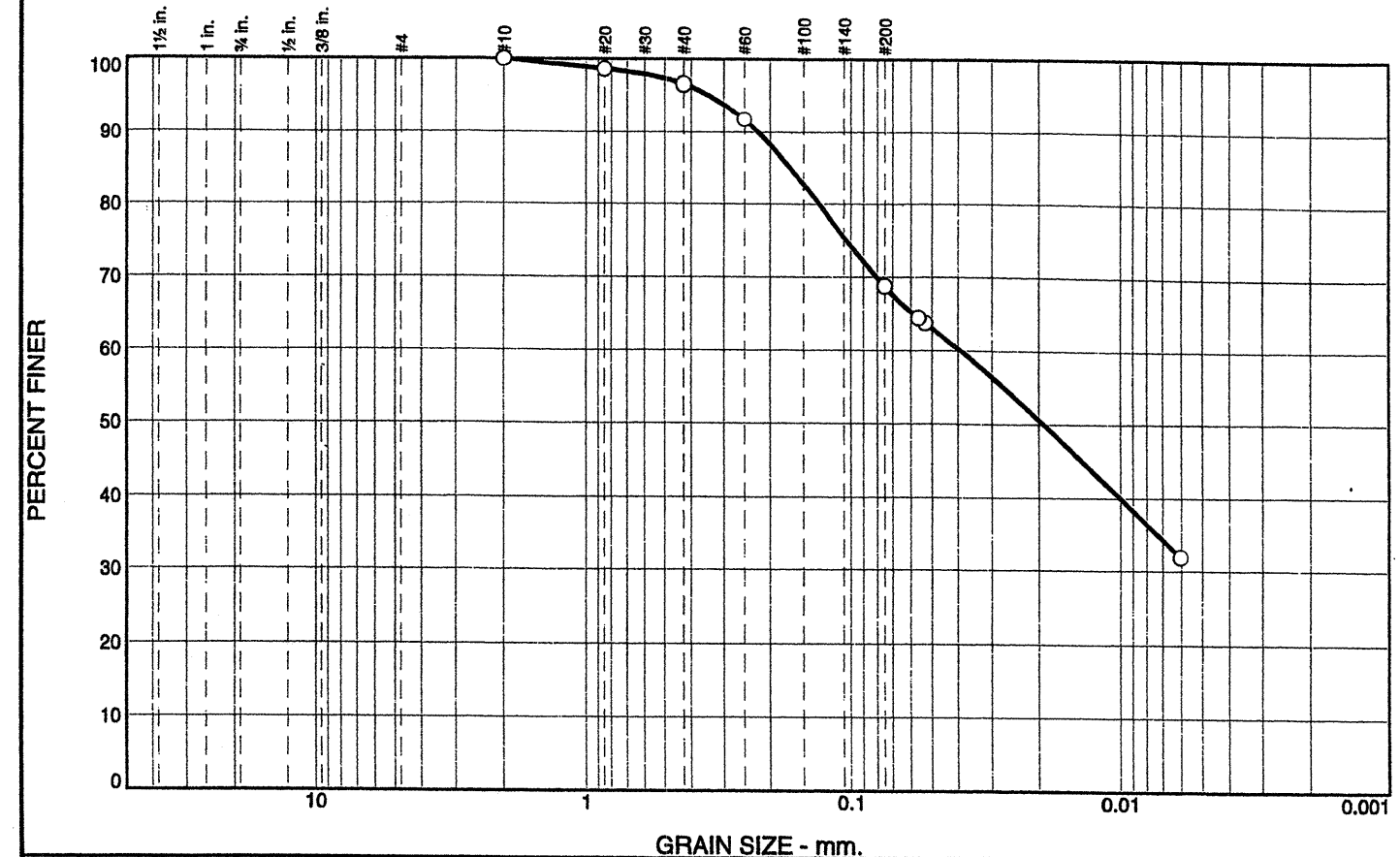
Boring No.	Site 1	Site 2	Site 3
Station	22+91	22+17	21+83
Offset	±106 ft RT	±122 ft LT	±103 ft RT
Alignment	-RPB-	-RPC-	-RPD-
Depth (IN)	From	10.0	18.0
	to	20.0	60.0

REMARKS: ND=Not Determined, NP=Non-Plastic, NV=No Value

Tested By Chana Savanapridi; Cert. No. 104-03-0705

CS 2/23/10
 Signature

Particle Size Distribution Report



SIEVE SIZE	PERCENT FINER	SPEC.* PERCENT	PASS? (X=NO)
#10	100.0		
#20	98.6		
#40	96.6		
#60	91.8		
#200	68.8		
#270	63.8		

* (no specification provided)

Source of Sample: Site 1 Depth: 10.0-20.0"
 Sample Number: S-1

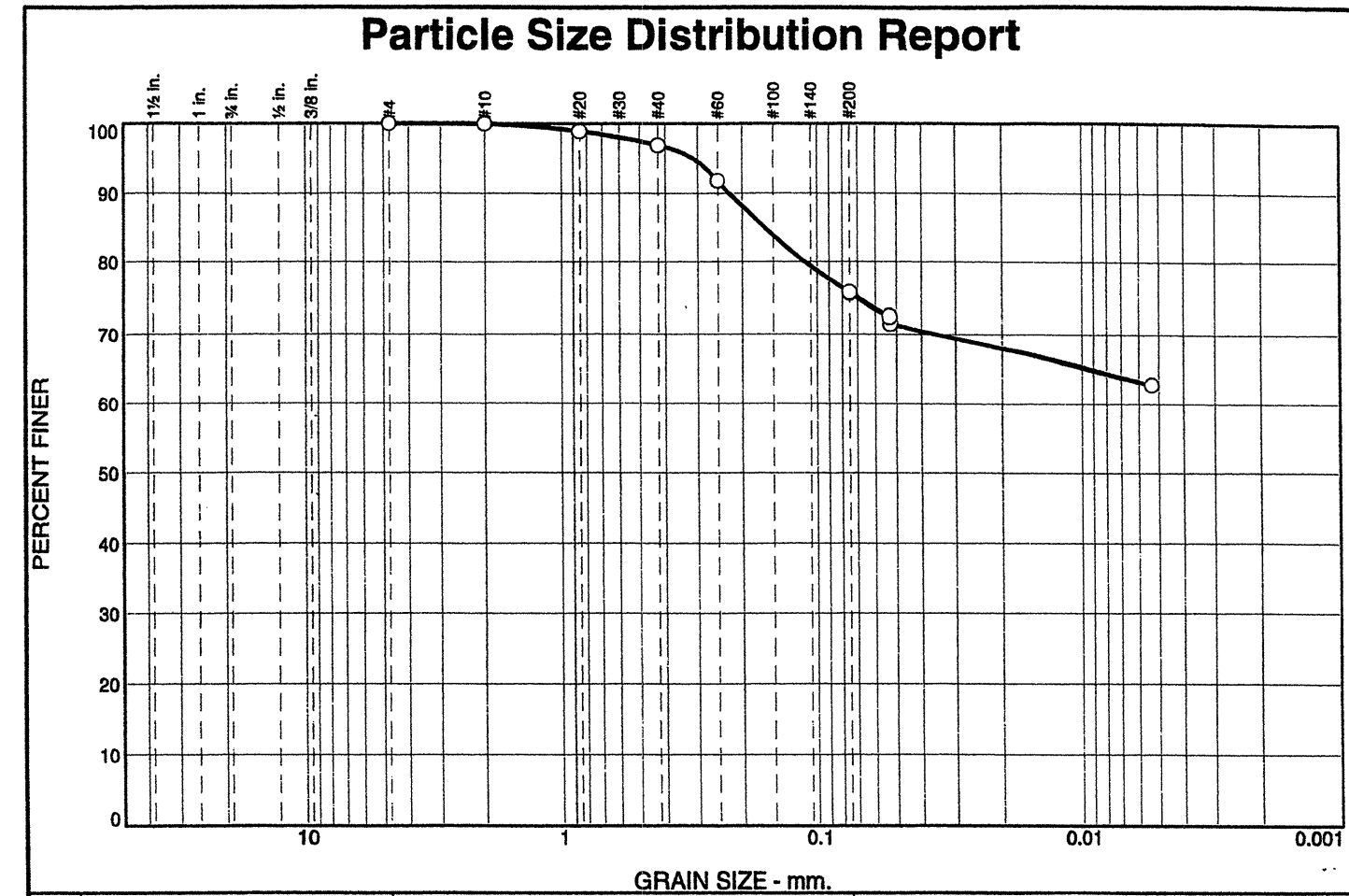
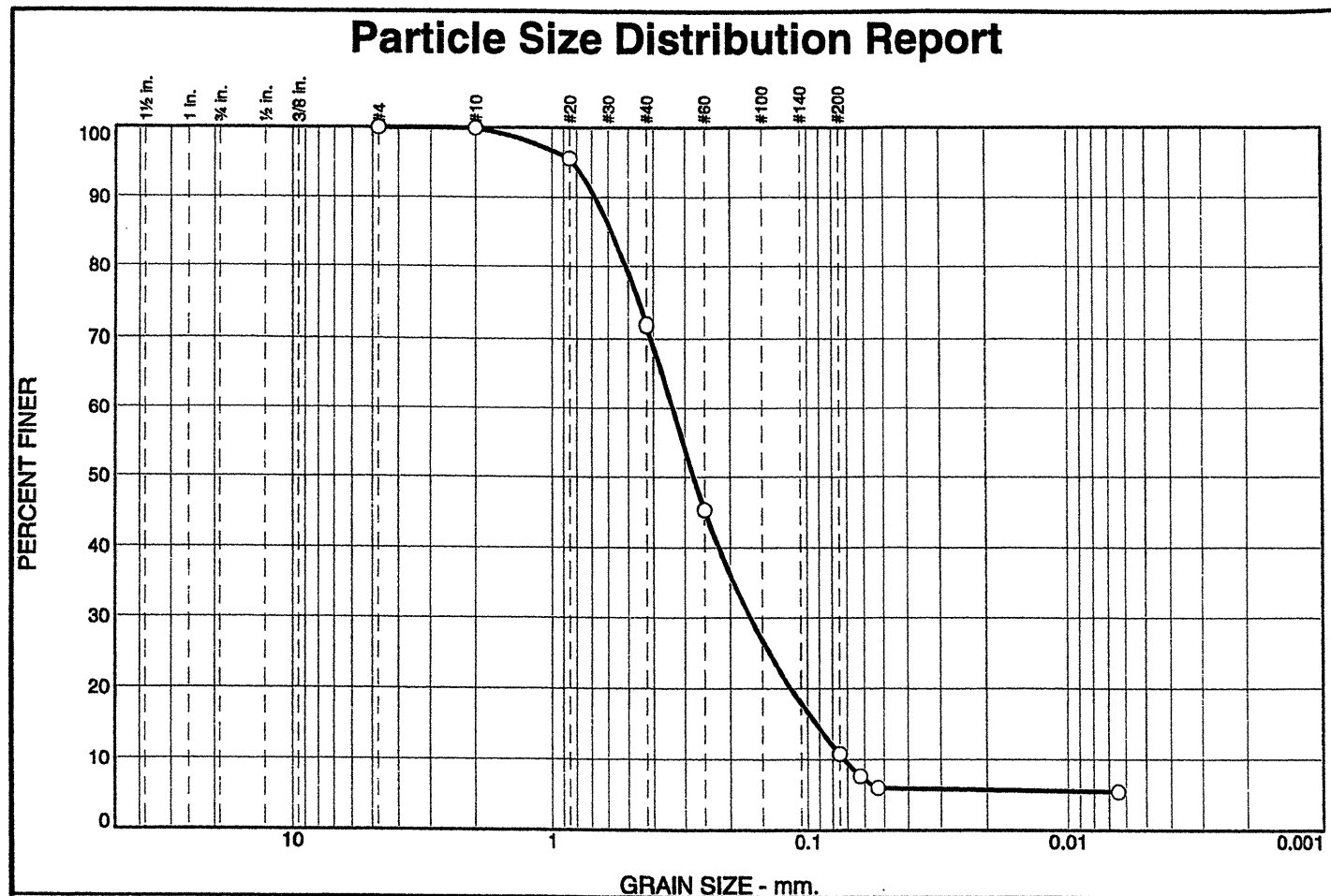
Material Description		
Reddish Brown CLAY with Sand		
PL= 24	Atterberg Limits LL= 71	PI= 47
D ₉₀ = 0.2208	Coefficients D ₈₅ = 0.1674	D ₆₀ = 0.0391
D ₅₀ = 0.0191	D ₃₀ =	D ₁₅ =
D ₁₀ =	C _u =	C _c =
USCS= CH	Classification AASHTO= A-7-6(32)	
Remarks Specific Gravity is assumed		

MACTEC Engineering and Consulting, Inc. Raleigh, North Carolina	Client: NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Project: George W. Lyles Pkwy (from SR1304 to SR1431) Project No: 6468100026	Date: 2/12/10 Figure
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Tested By: CS (Cert# 104-03-0705)

Checked By: MDC (Lab Manager)

MDC 2/16/10



SIEVE SIZE	PERCENT FINER	SPEC.* PERCENT	PASS? (X=NO)
#4	100.0		
#10	99.9		
#20	95.6		
#40	71.8		
#60	45.3		
#200	10.8		
#270	5.9		

Material Description
Olive Brown Silty SAND with grass roots

PL= NP **Atterberg Limits** PI= NP
 LL= NV

Coefficients

D₉₀= 0.6766 D₈₅= 0.5815 D₆₀= 0.3361
 D₅₀= 0.2758 D₃₀= 0.1673 D₁₅= 0.0924
 D₁₀= 0.0718 C_u= 4.68 C_c= 1.16

Classification

USCS= SP-SM AASHTO= A-2-4(0)

Remarks
Atterburg Limits = Spatula Method as Per NCDOT Procedures
Specific Gravity is assumed

(no specification provided)

Source of Sample: Site 2 Depth: 18.0-60.0"
Sample Number: S-2

Date: 2/12/10

MACTEC Engineering and Consulting, Inc.
Raleigh, North Carolina

Client: NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
Project: George W. Lyles Pkwy (from SR1304 to SR1431)
Project No: 6468100026 **Figure**

Tested By: CS (Cert# 104-03-0705) Checked By: MDC (Lab Manager) *MDC 2/16/10*

SIEVE SIZE	PERCENT FINER	SPEC.* PERCENT	PASS? (X=NO)
#4	100.0		
#10	100.0		
#20	98.9		
#40	96.9		
#60	91.8		
#200	75.6		
#270	72.5		

Material Description
Yellowish Brown CLAY with SAND

PL= 29 **Atterberg Limits** PI= 53
 LL= 82

Coefficients

D₉₀= 0.2242 D₈₅= 0.1620 D₆₀=
 D₅₀= D₃₀= D₁₅=
 D₁₀= C_u= C_c=

Classification

USCS= CH AASHTO= A-7-6(43)

Remarks
Specific Gravity is assumed

(no specification provided)

Source of Sample: Site 3 Depth: 22.0-26.0"
Sample Number: S-3

Date: 2/12/10

MACTEC Engineering and Consulting, Inc.
Raleigh, North Carolina

Client: NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
Project: George W. Lyles Pkwy (from SR1304 to SR1431)
Project No: 6468100026 **Figure**

Tested By: CS (Cert# 104-03-0705) Checked By: MDC (Lab Manager) *MDC 2/16/10*