

January 4, 2011

Mr. Ethan Caldwell, LG, PE NCDOT, Geotechnical Engineering Unit 1020 Birch Ridge Drive Raleigh, NC 27610

RE: State Project: R-2303A

WBS Element: 34416.1.1 County: Cumberland

Description: Stedman – NC 24 from West of SR 1006 (Maxwell Road/Clinton Road)

in Cumberland County to SR 1853 (John Nunnery Road)

Subject: Project 09210013.31 Report on Geophysical Surveys

Parcel 55, Cumberland County, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Caldwell:

SCHNABEL ENGINEERING SOUTH, PC (Schnabel) is pleased to present this report on the geophysical surveys we conducted on the subject property. We understand this letter report will be included as an appendix in your report to the NCDOT. The report includes two 11x17 color figures and two 8.5x11 color figures.

INTRODUCTION

The work described in this report was conducted on November 9 and 19, 2010, by Schnabel under our 2009 contract with the NCDOT. The work was conducted over the accessible areas of the parcel as indicated by the NCDOT to support their environmental assessment of the subject property. Photographs of the parcel are included on Figure 1. The property is located on the north side of Clinton Road approximately 80 feet east of Windwood Drive in Stedman, NC. The purpose of the geophysical surveys was to locate possible metal underground storage tanks (USTs) in the accessible areas of the right-of-way and/or easement.

The geophysical investigation consisted of electromagnetic (EM) induction surveys using a Geonics EM61-MK2 instrument. The EM61 metal detector is used to locate metal objects buried up to about eight feet below ground surface. Ground-penetrating radar (GPR) investigations of selected EM61 anomalies, including areas of reinforced concrete, were conducted using a Geophysical Survey Systems SIR-3000 system equipped with a 400 MHz antenna. Photographs of the equipment used are shown on Figure 2.

FIELD METHODOLOGY

Locations of geophysical data points were obtained using a sub-meter Trimble Pro-XRS DGPS system. References to direction and location in this report are based on the US State Plane 1983 System, North Carolina 3200 Zone, using the NAD 83 datum, with units in US survey feet. The locations of existing site features (monitoring wells, signs, etc.) were recorded for later correlation with the geophysical data and for location references to the NCDOT drawings.

The EM61 data were collected along parallel survey lines spaced approximately 2.5 feet apart. The EM61 and DGPS data were recorded digitally using a field computer and later transferred to a desktop computer for data processing. The GPR data were collected along survey lines spaced one to two feet apart in orthogonal directions over areas of reinforced concrete and anomalous EM readings not attributed to cultural features. The GPR data were reviewed in the field to evaluate the possible presence of USTs. The GPR data also were recorded digitally and later transferred to a desktop computer for further review.

DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

The contoured EM61 data collected over Parcel 55 are shown on Figures 3 and 4. The EM61 early time gate results are plotted on Figure 3. The early time gate data provide the more sensitive detection of metal objects. Figure 4 shows the difference between the response of the top and bottom coils of the EM61 instrument (differential response). The difference is taken to remove the effect of surface and very shallowly buried metallic objects. Typically, the differential response emphasizes anomalies from deeper and larger objects such as USTs.

The early time gate and differential results show anomalies apparently caused by reinforced concrete, buried utilities, or known site features (Figures 3 and 4). The GPR data collected at the site do not indicate the presence of metallic USTs within the areas surveyed.

CONCLUSIONS

Our evaluation of the geophysical data collected on the subject property on Project R-2303A in Stedman, NC indicates the following:

The geophysical data do not indicate the presence of metallic USTs in the areas surveyed on the subject property.

NCDOT, Geotechnical Engineering Unit State Project R-2303A, Cumberland County

LIMITATIONS

These services have been performed and this report prepared for the North Carolina Department of Transportation in accordance with generally accepted guidelines for conducting geophysical surveys. It is generally recognized that the results of geophysical surveys are non-unique and may not represent actual subsurface conditions.

We appreciate the opportunity to have provided these services. Please call if you need additional information or have any questions.

Sincerely,

SCHNABEL ENGINEERING SOUTH, PC

Jeremy S. Strohmeyer, LG

Project Manager

Edward D. Billington, LG Senior Vice President

JW:JS:NB

Attachments: Figures (4)

FILE: 6/2009 PROJECTS/0921/0013 (NCDOT 2009 GEOTECH UNIT SERVICES)/0921/0013.31 (R-2303A, CUMBERLAND CO.)/REPORT/TO DOT ONLY (DO NOT BELONG TO CATLIN)/PARCEL 55/SCHNABEL GEOPHYSICAL REPORT ON PARCEL 55 (R-2303A).DOCX



Parcel 55 – Jewell Williams Culbreth Property, looking north



Parcel 55 - Jewell Williams Culbreth Property, looking east



STATE PROJECT R-2303A NC DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION CUMBERLAND CO., NORTH CAROLINA PROJECT NO. 09210013.31

PARCEL 55 SITE PHOTOS



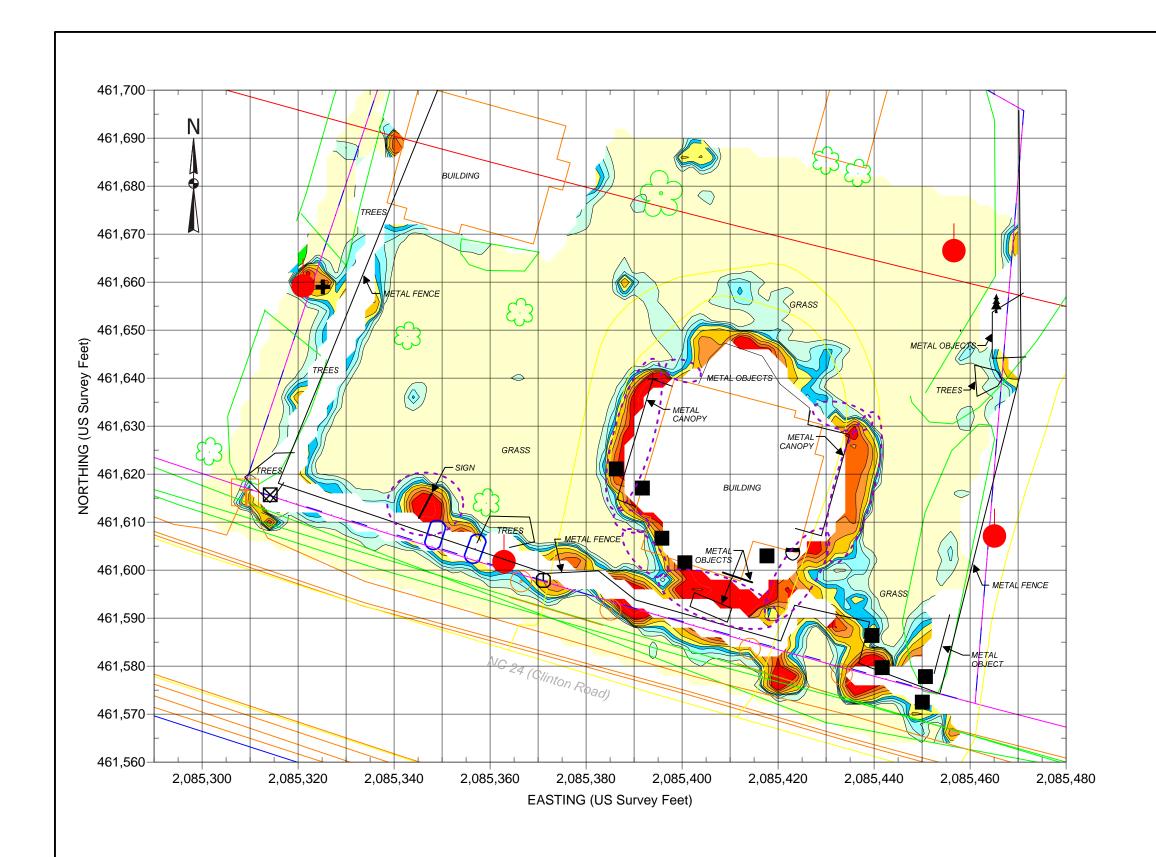
Geonics EM61-MK2



GSSI SIR-3000



STATE PROJECT R-2303A NC DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION CUMBERLAND CO., NORTH CAROLINA PROJECT NO. 09210013.31 PHOTOS OF GEOPHYSICAL EQUIPMENT USED



EM61 Early Time Gate Response (mV)

Scale in US Survey Feet



EXPLANATION

SIGN
UTILITY POLE

GUY WIRE

MISCELLANEOUS METALLIC OBJECT

UTILITY MANHOLE, METER, BOX, ETC.

LIGHT POLE

DOT PROPOSED R/W

DOT PROPOSED UTILITY EASEMENTPROPERTY LINE

 UTILITY (AS MARKED BY OTHERS OR AS PROVIDED BY NCDOT [VARIOUS COLORS])

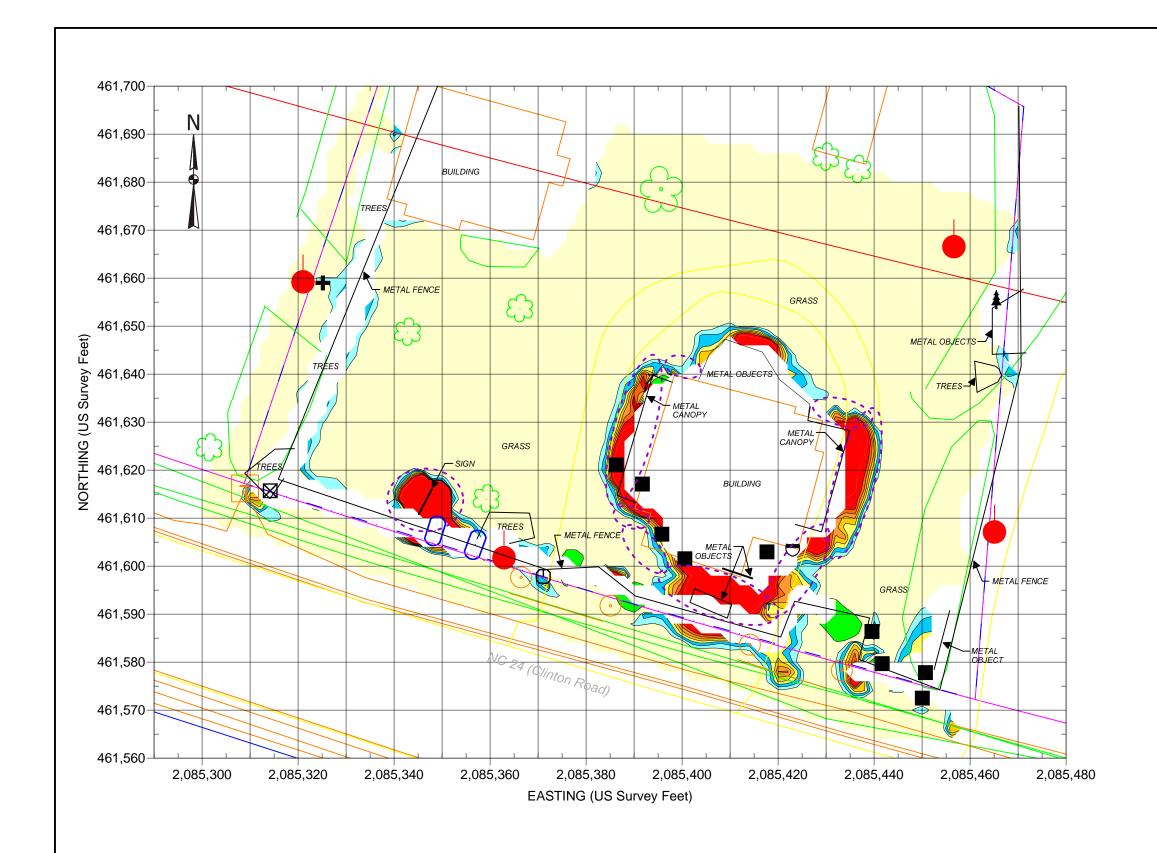
GPR SURVEY AREA

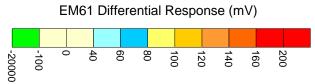
REF.: NCDOT FILE: r2303a_rdy_psh_16.dgn (FOR SOME SITE FEATURES)

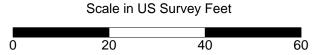
Note: The contour plot shows the earliest and most sensitive time gate of the EM61 bottom coil/channel in millivolts (mV). The EM data were collected on November 9, 2010, using a Geonics EM61-MK2 instrument. Positioning for the EM61 survey was provided using a submeter Trimble ProXRS DGPS system. Coordinates are in the US State Plane 1983 System, North Carolina Zone 3200, using the NAD 1983 datum. GPR data were acquired on November 19, 2010, using a Geophysical Survey Systems SIR 3000 equipped with a 400 MHz antenna.

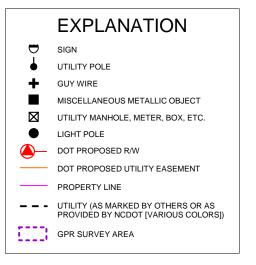


STATE PROJECT R-2303A CUMBERLAND COUNTY, NC NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION PROJECT NO. 09210013.31 PARCEL 55 EM61 EARLY TIME GATE RESPONSE









REF.: NCDOT FILE: r2303a_rdy_psh_16.dgn (FOR SOME SITE FEATURES)

Note: The contour plot shows the difference, in millivolts (mV), between the readings from the top and bottom coils of the EM61. The difference is taken to reduce the effect of shallow metal objects and emphasize anomalies caused by deeper metallic objects, such as drums and tanks. The EM data were collected on November 9, 2010, using a Geonics EM61-MK2 instrument. Positioning for the EM61 survey was provided using a submeter Trimble ProXRS DGPS system. Coordinates are in the US State Plane 1983 System, North Carolina 3200 Zone, using the NAD 1983 datum. GPR data were acquired on November 19, 2010, using a Geophysical Survey Systems SIR 3000 equipped with a 400 MHz antenna.



STATE PROJECT R-2303A CUMBERLAND COUNTY, NC NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION PROJECT NO. 09210013.31 PARCEL 55 EM61 DIFFERENTIAL RESPONSE