

CONTRACT: ID: B-4182

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL UNIT

STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

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STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	33529.1.1 (B-4182)	1	11
STATE PROJ. NO.	F.A. PROJ. NO.	DESCRIPTION	
		P.E.	
		CONST.	

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WAS MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL UNIT @ (919) 250-4088. NEITHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, NOR THE FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, OR SOIL TEST DATA IS PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU UN-PLACED TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

STATE PROJECT 33529.1.1 I.D. NO. B-4182

F.A. PROJECT _____

COUNTY MADISON

PROJECT DESCRIPTION _____

BRIDGE NO. 246 ON SR-1503

OVER LAUREL CREEK

SITE DESCRIPTION _____

INVESTIGATED BY C A DUNNAGAN PERSONNEL T B DANIEL

CHECKED BY W D FRYE, Jr C J COFFEY

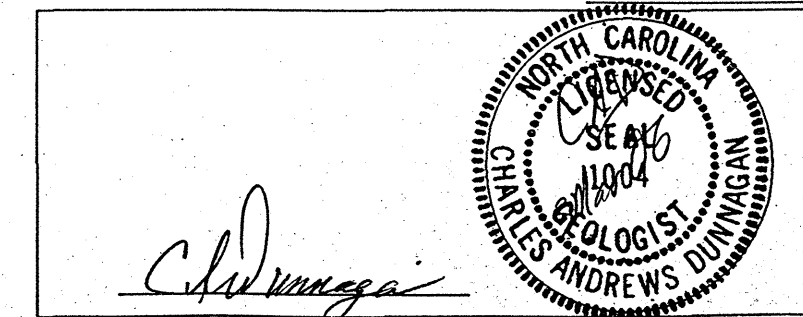
SUBMITTED BY W D FRYE, Jr R D CHILDERS

DATE MARCH 2006

DRAWN BY: C A DUNNAGAN

NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.







NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO.
33529.1.1 (B-4182) 2/11

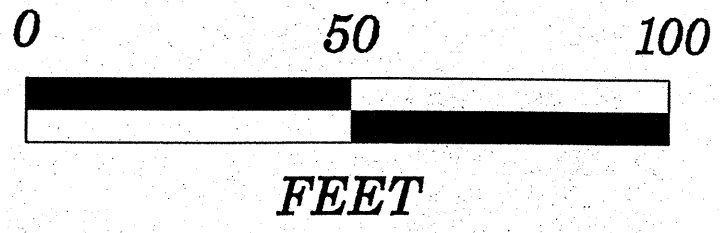
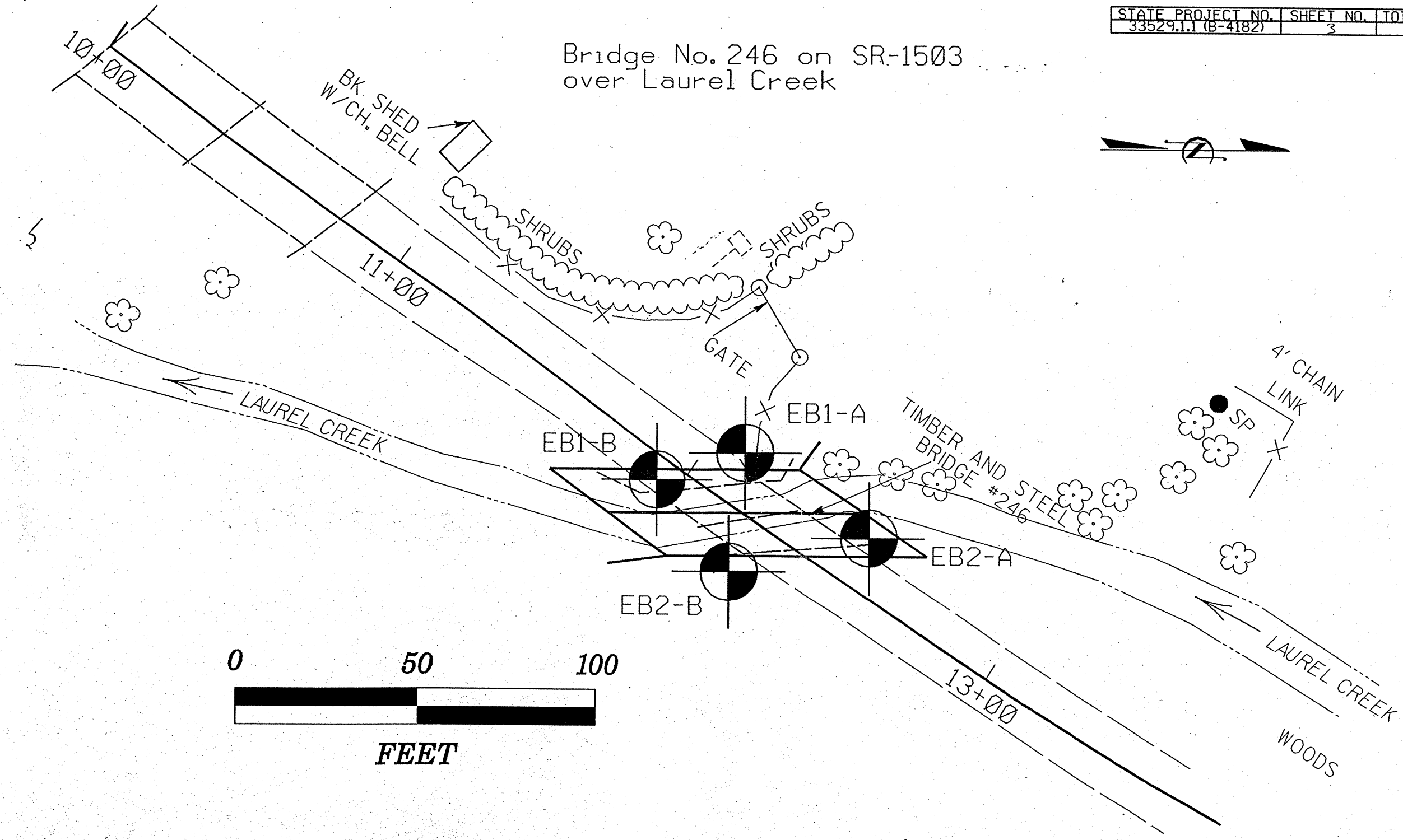
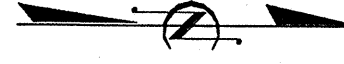
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION		GRADATION		ROCK DESCRIPTION		TERMS AND DEFINITIONS			
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (ASHTO T206, ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE ASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, ASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE: <i>VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGH PLASTIC, I-7-6</i>		WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO POORLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES. ANGULARITY OF GRAINS THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.		HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:  WEATHERED ROCK (WR)  CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR)  NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR)  COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK (CP)		ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLOADED FROM PARENT MATERIAL. FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. FORMATION (FM) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT. LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS. SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SCRC) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SRQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. TOPSOIL (TS) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.			
SOIL LEGEND AND ASHTO CLASSIFICATION		MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION		WEATHERING					
GENERAL CLASS. GRANULAR MATERIALS ($\leq 35\%$ PASSING #200) SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ($> 35\%$ PASSING #200) ORGANIC MATERIALS		MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.		FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC. FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC. COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC.					
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS		GROUND WATER		ROCK HARDNESS					
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY RANGE OF STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE (N-VALUE) RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/FT ²)		WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA SPRING OR SEEP		VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN. MODERATELY HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS. MEDIUM HARD CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PIECES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. SOFT CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. VERY SOFT CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGER NAIL.					
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE		MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS		ROCK HARDNESS					
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (MM) 4 10 40 60 200 270 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053		ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION SOIL SYMBOL ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY INFERRED ROCK LINE ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES SOUNDING ROD		TEST BORING SAMPLE DESIGNATIONS S - BULK SAMPLE SS - SPLIT SPOON SAMPLE ST - SHELBY TUBE SAMPLE RM - RESILIENT MODULUS SAMPLE RS - ROCK SAMPLE RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL SAMPLE CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO SAMPLE					
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS		ABBREVIATIONS		ROCK HARDNESS					
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS) FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION		AR - AUGER REFUSAL BT - BORING TERMINATED CL - CLAY CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST CSE - COARSE DMT - DILATOMETER TEST DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST e - VOID RATIO F - FINE FOSS. - FOSSILIFEROUS FRAC. - FRACTURED, FRACTURES FRAGS. - FRAGMENTS		HI. - HIGHLY MED. - MEDIUM MICA - MICACEOUS MOD. - MODERATELY NP - NON PLASTIC ORG. - ORGANIC SAP. - SAPROLITIC SD. - SAND, SANDY SL. - SILT, SILTY SLI. - SLIGHTLY TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL					
PLASTICITY		EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT		ROCK HARDNESS					
NONPLASTIC LOW PLASTICITY MED. PLASTICITY HIGH PLASTICITY		DRILL UNITS: <input type="checkbox"/> MOBILE B- <input type="checkbox"/> BK-51 <input type="checkbox"/> CME-45C <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CME-550 <input type="checkbox"/> PORTABLE HOIST <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER		ADVANCING TOOLS: <input type="checkbox"/> CLAY BITS <input type="checkbox"/> 6" CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER <input type="checkbox"/> 8" HOLLOW AUGERS <input type="checkbox"/> HARD FACED FINGER BITS <input type="checkbox"/> TUNG.-CARBIDE INSERTS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CASING <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> W/ ADVANCER <input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE <input type="checkbox"/> STEEL TEETH <input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE <input type="checkbox"/> TUNG.-CARB. <input type="checkbox"/> CORE BIT <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER					
COLOR		FRACURE SPACING		ROCK HARDNESS					
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.		IERM SPACING VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET CLOSE 0.6 TO 1 FEET VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET		BENCH MARK: BM-2: 12' MAPLE 29 FEET LEFT OF STA 14+45 ASSUMED ELEVATION: 100.00 FT. NOTES: BORING LOCATIONS WERE SUGGESTED BY THE HYDRAULICS DESIGN UNIT.					

STATE PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
33529.1.1 (B-4182)	3	11

Bridge No. 246 on SR-1503
over Laurel Creek



PROJECT NO. 33529.1.1	ID. B-4182	COUNTY Madison	GEOLOGIST Daniel, T. B.
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 246 on SR-1503 over Laurel Creek			GROUND WTR (ft)
BORING NO. EB1-A	STATION 12+10	OFFSET 14ft LT	ALIGNMENT -L-
COLLAR ELEV. 3,006.9 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 23.8 ft	NORTHING 804,896	EASTING 950,876
DRILL MACHINE CME-550	DRILL METHOD SPT Core Boring	HAMMER TYPE Automatic	
START DATE 02/21/06	COMP. DATE 02/21/06	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A	DEPTH TO ROCK 16.6 ft

ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)	
		0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100						
3010															
													3,006.9	GROUND SURFACE	0.0
													3,004.9	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT Sand and gravel.	2.0
													3,001.6	ALLUVIAL Gray fine sandy silt with trace organic material.	5.3
3,002.6	4.3														
		2	1	12											
													2,990.3	CRYSTALLINE ROCK Light gray biotite gneiss. Medium hard. Severely to moderately weathered. Close fracture spacing.	16.6
													2,983.1	Boring Terminated at Elevation 2,983.1 ft in biotite gneiss.	23.8

NCDOT BORE SINGLE GINTFILES.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 12/21/07

PROJECT NO. 33529.1.1	ID. B-4182	COUNTY Madison	GEOLOGIST Daniel, T. B.
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 246 on SR-1503 over Laurel Creek			GROUND WTR (ft)
BORING NO. EB1-A	STATION 12+10	OFFSET 14ft LT	ALIGNMENT -L-
COLLAR ELEV. 3,006.9 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 23.8 ft	NORTHING 804,896	EASTING 950,876
DRILL MACHINE CME-550	DRILL METHOD SPT Core Boring	HAMMER TYPE Automatic	
START DATE 02/21/06	COMP. DATE 02/21/06	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A	DEPTH TO ROCK 16.6 ft

ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	RUN		SAMP. NO.	STRATA		LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	DEPTH (ft)
				REC. (%)	RQD (%)		REC. (%)	RQD (%)			
2990.27											
2,990.3	16.6	2.2		(2.1)	(0.0)					2,990.3	Begin Coring @ 16.6 ft
2,988.1	18.8			95%	0%						CRYSTALLINE ROCK
		5.0		(4.0)	(0.8)						Light gray biotite gneiss. Medium hard. Severely to moderately weathered. Close fracture spacing.
				80%	16%						
2,983.1	23.8									2,983.1	Boring Terminated at Elevation 2,983.1 ft in biotite gneiss.

NCDOT CORE SINGLE GINTFILES.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 12/21/07

PROJECT NO. 33529.1.1		ID. B-4182		COUNTY Madison		GEOLOGIST Daniel, T. B.							
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 246 on SR-1503 over Laurel Creek							GROUND WTR (ft)						
BORING NO. EB1-B		STATION 11+83		OFFSET 5ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-							
COLLAR ELEV. 3,007.1 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 24.1 ft		NORTHING 804,863		EASTING 950,876							
DRILL MACHINE CME-550		DRILL METHOD SPT Core Boring		HAMMER TYPE Automatic									
START DATE 02/23/06		COMP. DATE 02/23/06		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A		DEPTH TO ROCK 14.1 ft							
ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)
		0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100				
3010												GROUND SURFACE	0.0
												ROADWAY EMBANKMENT Silty sand and gravel.	1.5
	4.6											ALLUVIAL Gray silty sand with gravel and boulders.	
		2	3	3									
3,002.5													
	9.6											ALLUVIAL Gray sand, gravel and boulders.	9.1
2,997.5		52	50/1						100/6			WEATHERED ROCK Weathered rock of biotite gneiss.	13.6
												CRYSTALLINE ROCK Gray to medium dark gray biotite gneiss. Slightly weathered with severely weathered zone from 16.6ft to 19.3ft. Hard. Moderately close fracture spacing. Well foliated with occasional highly folded zones.	14.1
													24.1
												Boring Terminated at Elevation 2,983.0 ft in biotite gneiss.	

PROJECT NO. 33529.1.1		ID. B-4182		COUNTY Madison		GEOLOGIST Daniel, T. B.					
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 246 on SR-1503 over Laurel Creek							GROUND WTR (ft)				
BORING NO. EB1-B		STATION 11+83		OFFSET 5ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-					
COLLAR ELEV. 3,007.1 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 24.1 ft		NORTHING 804,863		EASTING 950,876					
DRILL MACHINE CME-550		DRILL METHOD SPT Core Boring		HAMMER TYPE Automatic							
START DATE 02/23/06		COMP. DATE 02/23/06		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A		DEPTH TO ROCK 14.1 ft					
CORE SIZE NXWL			TOTAL RUN 10.0 ft		DRILLER Coffey, Jr., C.						
ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	RUN		SAMP. NO.	STRATA		LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	DEPTH (ft)
				REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %		REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %			
2993.03										Begin Coring @ 14.1 ft	
2,993.0	14.1	5.0		(3.1) 62%	(0.5) 10%					CRYSTALLINE ROCK Gray to medium dark gray biotite gneiss. Slightly weathered with severely weathered zone from 16.6ft to 19.3ft. Hard. Moderately close fracture spacing. Well foliated with occasional highly folded zones.	14.1
2,988.0	19.1	5.0		(4.2) 84%	(2.5) 50%						
2,983.0	24.1									Boring Terminated at Elevation 2,983.0 ft in biotite gneiss.	24.1

PROJECT NO. 33529.1.1		ID. B-4182		COUNTY Madison		GEOLOGIST Daniel, T. B.								
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 246 on SR-1503 over Laurel Creek							GROUND WTR (ft)							
BORING NO. EB2-A		STATION 12+51		OFFSET 14ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-								
COLLAR ELEV. 3,007.1 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 13.5 ft		NORTHING 804,930		EASTING 950,899								
DRILL MACHINE CME-550		DRILL METHOD SPT Core Boring		HAMMER TYPE Automatic										
START DATE 02/22/06		COMP. DATE 02/22/06		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A		DEPTH TO ROCK 6.6 ft								
ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)	
		0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100					
3010														
													3,007.1	0.0
													3,004.1	3.0
3,002.8	4.3												3,000.5	6.6
		14	18	19									2,993.6	13.5
Boring Terminated at Elevation 2,993.6 ft in biotite gneiss.														

NCDOT BORE SINGLE GINTFILES.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 12/21/07

PROJECT NO. 33529.1.1		ID. B-4182		COUNTY Madison		GEOLOGIST Daniel, T. B.					
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 246 on SR-1503 over Laurel Creek							GROUND WTR (ft)				
BORING NO. EB2-A		STATION 12+51		OFFSET 14ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-					
COLLAR ELEV. 3,007.1 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 13.5 ft		NORTHING 804,930		EASTING 950,899					
DRILL MACHINE CME-550		DRILL METHOD SPT Core Boring		HAMMER TYPE Automatic							
START DATE 02/22/06		COMP. DATE 02/22/06		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A		DEPTH TO ROCK 6.6 ft					
CORE SIZE NXWL			TOTAL RUN 6.9 ft		DRILLER Coffey, Jr., C.						
ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	RUN		SAMP. NO.	STRATA		LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	DEPTH (ft)
				REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %		REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %			
3000.46											
3,000.5	6.6	1.9		(1.8) 95%	(0.9) 47%					Begin Coring @ 6.6 ft	
2,998.6	8.5			(4.5) 90%	(3.4) 68%					CRYSTALLINE ROCK	6.6
		5.0								Gray biotite gneiss. Slightly weathered. Medium to moderately hard. Well foliated with moderately close fracture spacing.	
2,993.6	13.5									Boring Terminated at Elevation 2,993.6 ft in biotite gneiss.	13.5

NCDOT CORE SINGLE GINTFILES.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 12/21/07

PROJECT NO. 33529.1.1		ID. B-4182		COUNTY Madison		GEOLOGIST Daniel, T. B.						
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 246 on SR-1503 over Laurel Creek							GROUND WTR (ft)					
BORING NO. EB2-B		STATION 12+25		OFFSET 15ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-						
COLLAR ELEV. 3,006.8 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 18.6 ft		NORTHING 804,892		EASTING 950,908						
DRILL MACHINE CME-550		DRILL METHOD SPT Core Boring			HAMMER TYPE Automatic							
START DATE 02/21/06		COMP. DATE 02/21/06		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A		DEPTH TO ROCK 7.9 ft						
ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT				SAMP. NO.	LOG MOI	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)
		0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75				
3010												
											3,006.8	0.0
											GROUND SURFACE	
											ROADWAY EMBANKMENT	
											Brown silty sand and gravel.	
3,002.4	4.4										3,002.3	4.5
											ALLUVIAL	
											Gray sand, gravel and boulders.	6.7
		9	9	7							WEATHERED ROCK	7.9
											Weathered rock of biotite gneiss.	
											CRYSTALLINE ROCK	
											Light gray to gray biotite gneiss. Hard and fresh with moderately weathered, close fracture spacing zones at 10.8ft to 11.2ft, and 13.9ft to 14.6ft. Very soft (no recovery) from 12.5ft to 13.4ft. Weakly foliated to massive grading to highly foliated and folded.	
											2,988.2	18.6
											Boring Terminated at Elevation 2,988.2 ft in biotite gneiss.	

NCDOT BORE SINGLE GINTFILES.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 12/21/07

PROJECT NO. 33529.1.1		ID. B-4182		COUNTY Madison		GEOLOGIST Daniel, T. B.					
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge No. 246 on SR-1503 over Laurel Creek							GROUND WTR (ft)				
BORING NO. EB2-B		STATION 12+25		OFFSET 15ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-					
COLLAR ELEV. 3,006.8 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 18.6 ft		NORTHING 804,892		EASTING 950,908					
DRILL MACHINE CME-550		DRILL METHOD SPT Core Boring			HAMMER TYPE Automatic						
START DATE 02/21/06		COMP. DATE 02/21/06		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A		DEPTH TO ROCK 7.9 ft					
CORE SIZE NXWL			TOTAL RUN 10.6 ft		DRILLER Coffey, Jr., C.						
ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	RUN		SAMP. NO.	STRATA		LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	DEPTH (ft)
				REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %		REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %			
2998.79											
2,998.8	8.0	0.6		(0.5)	(0.5)					Begin Coring @ 8.0 ft	
2,998.2	8.6	5.0		83%	83%					CRYSTALLINE ROCK	
				(3.6)	(1.7)					Light gray to gray biotite gneiss. Hard and fresh with moderately weathered, close fracture spacing zones at 10.8ft to 11.2ft, and 13.9ft to 14.6ft. Very soft (no recovery) from 12.5ft to 13.4ft. Weakly foliated to massive grading to highly foliated and folded.	
2,993.2	13.6			72%	34%						
		5.0		(4.2)	(2.8)						
				84%	56%						
2,988.2	18.6										18.6
										Boring Terminated at Elevation 2,988.2 ft in biotite gneiss.	

NCDOT CORE SINGLE GINTFILES.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 12/21/07



**FIELD
 SCOUR REPORT**

PROJECT: 33529.1.1 ID: B-4182 COUNTY: Madison

DESCRIPTION(1): Bridge No. 246 on SR-1503 over Laurel Creek

EXISTING BRIDGE

Information from: Field Inspection X Microfilm _____ (reel _____ pos: _____)
 Other (explain) _____

Bridge No.: 246 Length: 30ft Total Bents: 3 Bents in Channel: 1 Bents in Floodplain: 2
 Foundation Type: _____

EVIDENCE OF SCOUR(2)

Abutments or End Bent Slopes: None noted.

Interior Bents: None noted.

Channel Bed: None noted.

Channel Bank: Minor amount of undercutting immediately downstream of EB1-B.

EXISTING SCOUR PROTECTION

Type(3): Pile/panel endbent and wing walls; concrete "pad" from CL to right, along base of walls.

Extent(4): Wing walls extend 5.0ft beyond endbent walls, except EB1-B which extends 10ft.

Effectiveness(5): Good/

Obstructions(6): Abundant boulders, 1.0ft to 3.0ft diameter, in streambed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1 Describe the specific site's location, including route number and body of water crossed.
- 2 Note scour evidence at existing end bents or abutments (e.g. undermining, sloughing, degradations).
- 3 Note existing scour protection (e.g. rip rap).
- 4 Describe extent of existing scour protection.
- 5 Describe whether or not the scour protection appears to be working.
- 6 Note obstructions such as dams, fallen trees, debris at bents, etc.
- 7 Describe the channel bed material based on observation and/or samples. Include any lab results with report.
- 8 Describe the channel bank material based on observation and/or samples. Include any lab results with report.
- 9 Describe the material covering the banks (e.g. grass, trees, rip rap, none).
- 10 Determine the approximate floodplain width from field observation or a topographic map.
- 11 Describe the material covering the floodplain (e.g. grass, trees, crops).
- 12 Use professional judgement to specify if the stream is degrading, aggrading, or static.
- 13 Describe potential and direction of the stream to migrate laterally during the bridge's life (approx. 100 years).
- 14 Give the geotechnically adjusted scour elevation (GASE) expected over the life of the bridge (approx. 100 years). This elevation can be given as a range across the site, or for each bent. Discuss the relationship between the Hydraulics Unit theoretical scour and the GASE. If the GASE is dependent on scour counter measures, explain (e.g. rip rap armoring on slopes). The GASE is based on the erodability of materials, giving consideration to the influence of joints, foliation, bedding characteristics, % core recovery, % RQD, differential weathering, shear strength, observations at existing structures, other tests deemed appropriate, and overall geologic conditions at the site.

DESIGN INFORMATION

Channel Bed Material(7): Sand, gravel, cobbles and boulders.

Channel Bank Material(8): Silty sand and gravel with boulders.

Channel Bank Cover(9): Grass with occasional trees.

Floodplain Width(10): EB1-A > 100ft; EB1-B +/- 10ft; EB2-A +/- 10ft; EB2-B = 0ft

Floodplain Cover(11): Grass.

Stream is(12): Aggrading _____ Degrading _____ Static X

Channel Migration Tendency(13): Southwest.

Observations and Other Comments: Boulders in the creek bank, upstream of the existing bridge, may have been emplaced as erosion control.

GEOTECHNICALLY ADJUSTED SCOUR ELEVATIONS(14) Feet _____ Meters _____

	BENTS									
	B1	B2	B3	B4						
SB Lanes, Lt										
SB Lanes, Rt										
NB Lanes, Lt										
NB Lanes, Rt										

Comparison of GASE to Hydraulics Unit theoretical scour: _____

SOIL ANALYSIS RESULTS FROM CHANNEL BED AND BANK MATERIAL

Sample No.							
Retained #4							
Passed #10							
Passed #40							
Passed #200							
Coarse Sand							
Fine Sand							
Silt							
Clay							
LL							
PI							
AASHTO							
Station							
Offset							
Depth							

Reported by: C A Dunnagan Date: 2/28/2006



33529.1.1 B-4182
Bridge No. 246 on SR-1503
Over Laurel Creek.
EB1-A
Box 1 of 1



33529.1.1 B-4182
 Bridge No. 246 on SR-1503
 Over Laurel Creek
 EB1-B
 Box 1 of 2



33529.1.1 B-4182
 Bridge No. 246 on SR-1503
 Over Laurel Creek
 EB1-B
 Box 2 of 2



33529.1.1 B-4182
 Bridge No. 246 on SR-1503
 Over Laurel Creek
 EB2-A
 Box 1 of 1



33529.1.1 B-4182
 Bridge No. 246 on SR-1503
 Over Laurel Creek
 EB2-B
 Box 1 of 1