NOTE: SEE SHEET 2A FOR PLAN SHEET LAYOUT AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION

CONTENTS

<u>LINE</u>

203014

STATION 12+50.00 TO 26+50.00 PLAN PROFILE XSECT

SAMPLE RESULTS

TO CRAMERTON :

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

ROADWAY SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. 38524.1.1 (B-4752)

F.A. PROJ. **BRSTP-2014(3)**

COUNTY **GASTON**

PROJECT DESCRIPTION BRIDGE #6 ON SR 2014 (LAKEWOOD RD.) OVER SOUTH FORK OF THE CATAWBA RIVER

INVENTORY

END TIP PROJECT B-4752 **GOAT ISLAND** -L- STA 26+50.00 LAKEWOOD ROAD NORFOLK SOUTHERN RR TO US 29/74 ---SR 2014

N.C. 38524.1.1 (B-4752) 1 STATE PROJ.NO.

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING, AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOSS, HOCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (919) 250-4088. NEITHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA AN THAN THE BORENOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN STITU IN-PLACED TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOSTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTICATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTICATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS AND TAYEY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION, AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT, FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOLOLMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT, THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR QUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR OFFINITION OF THE STREET OF MARE SUCH NODEPHONENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEM ON CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEM NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

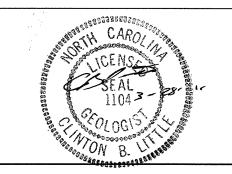
> M. L. SMITH A. C. SMITH J. E. ESTEP J. E. ROLFSMEYER INVESTIGATED BY J. P. ROGERS

PERSONNEL J. K. STICKNEY C. L. SMITH

C. B. LITTLE

C. B. LITTLE

FEBRUARY, 2011



NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IT IS CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

	SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERM	IS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS										
CON DECODIOTION	CDARATION											
SOIL DESCRIPTION SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS	GRADATION WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE, (ALSO	ROCK DESCRIPTION HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.									
THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T206, ASTM D-1586), SOIL	POORLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.	SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE	AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.									
CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM, BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	OF WEATHERED ROCK.	ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.									
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE:	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR,	ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:	ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.									
VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERSEDUED FINE SAND LIVERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6	SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 ROCK (WR)	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL									
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION	CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT	AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.									
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS DRGANIC MATERIALS (> 35% PASSING *200) (> 35% PASSING *200)	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	ROCK (CR) WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.	CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.									
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5	COMPRESSIBILITY	NON-CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YELLD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED, ROCK TYPE	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM									
CLASS. A-1-a A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-7-6 A-3 A-6, A-7	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 31	RULK (NCH) INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.	OF SLOPE.									
SYMBOL 000000000000000000000000000000000000	MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT EQUAL TO 31-50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50	COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL, ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.									
% PASSING	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	(CP) SHELL BEDS, ETC.	<u>DIKE</u> - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT									
" 10 58 MX GRANULAR CLAY PEAT	ORGANIC MATERIAL GRANULAR SILT - CLAY OTHER MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL	WEATHERING	ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.									
# 200 15 MX 25 MX 10 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.	DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE									
LIQUID LIMIT 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN 50ILS WITH	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN.	HORIZONTAL. <u>DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) -</u> THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF									
PLASTIC INDEX 6 MX NP 10 MX 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN 10 MX 18 MX 11 MN 11 MN LITTLE OR HIGHLY	HIGHLY ORGANIC >10% >20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE	(V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.									
GROUP INDEX 0 0 0 0 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX No MX MODERATE ORGANIC	GROUND WATER	SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE									
USUAL TYPES STONE FRAGS. FINE SILTY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY ORGANIC	WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING	(SLI.) 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR	SIDES RELATIVE TO DNE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.									
OF MAJOR GRAVEL AND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS SOILS MATTER	STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS	CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS. MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS, IN	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.									
GEN. RATING AS A EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITABLE	PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA	(MDD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.									
SUBGRADE POOR POOR WISSIAMS	SPRING OR SEEP	DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY									
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ;PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30		MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL	THE STREAM.									
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS RANGE OF STANDARD RANGE OF UNCONFINED	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION, ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH (MOD. SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK,	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.									
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION POPT DMT VST PMT TEST BORING W/ CORE	IF TESTED, WOULD SPT REFUSAL	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.									
GRANDOS (LOUSTI 1-)	1 型 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED (SEV.) IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL, IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KADLINIZED TO SOME	LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO									
GENERALLY LOOSE 4 TO 10	SOIL SYMBOL AUGER BURING SPI N-VALUE	EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.	ITS LATERAL EXTENT.									
MATERIAL MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER - CORE BORING RED- SPT REFUSAL THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT	IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN									
(NON-COHESIVE) VERY DENSE 30 10 50 VERY DENSE >50	MV VM	VERY SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT (V SEV.) THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH DNLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK	SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.									
VERY SOFT	NI ENGLO GOLL DOGIDANT	REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N. VALUES < 100 BPF</i>	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.									
GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.50 SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1.0	INFERRED ROCK LINE A PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION	COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.									
MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 1 TO 2 (COMPSIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4	SLOPE INDICATOR	SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF									
(COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TD 30 2 TD 4 HARD >30 >4	25/825 DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF	ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND									
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	ROCK STRUCTURES	ROCK HARDNESS	EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.									
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270	● SDUNDING ROD	VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REDUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.									
DPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	ABBREVIATIONS	HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED	SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND									
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY	AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST	TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.									
(BLDR.) (COB.) (GR.) (CSE. SD.) (F SD.) (SL.) (CL.)	BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED	MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GRODVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR									
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005	CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY 7- UNIT WEIGHT CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC 7- DRY UNIT WEIGHT	BY MODERATE BLOWS.	SLIP PLANE.									
SIZE IN. 12 3	CSE CDARSE ORG ORGANIC	MEDIUM CAN BE GRODVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) DF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH									
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK	HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	A 2 INCH DUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.									
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION (ATTERBERG LIMITS) DESCRIPTION	e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK, CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH									
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY	F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - 9HELBY TUBE FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK	FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.	DF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.									
(SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL	TEM ON DE CHIVED WITH MALES CHILD EXCHANGE MEMBER WITH FORTH OF FICK, FIECES I MON	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE									
PLASTIC LIQUID LIMIT	FRAGS FRAGMENTS # - MDISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO	SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE, CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.	TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.									
RANGE WET - (W) SEMISULIDE REDDIRES DITING TO	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING	TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.									
(PI) PL PLASTIC LIMIT	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE:	TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS	BENCH MARK: BM 2- RR SPIKE IN 12" HICKORY LOCATED AT -BL- STA. 14+08									
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	X AUTOMATIC MANUAL	VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET VERY THICKLY BEDDED > 4 FEET WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET	77' LEFT									
SL _ SHRINKAGE LIMIT	MOBILE B- CLAY BITS	MDDERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FFFT THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET	ELEVATION: 590.53 FT.									
REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO	6° CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER CORE SIZE:	VERY CLOSE 0.10 1 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET	NOTES:									
HITAIN OF INDICIONE	BK-51 8* HOLLOW AUGERS -B	THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET	tin file also used for sampler probe boring elevations: b4752_ls_tin.tin w/ date ll/5/2009.									
PLASTICITY	CME-45C HARD FACED FINGER BITS	INDURATION FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	5 11522152 11116 1111 W/ AGTO 11/5/2003;									
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH	TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS	DUDDING WITH ENGED FORCE WHITEDOWN COAMS										
NONPLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW LOW PLASTICITY 6-15 SLIGHT	X CME-550 X CASING X W/ ADVANCER HAND TDDLS:	FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.										
MED. PLASTICITY 16-25 MEDIUM HIGH PLASTICITY 26 OR MORE HIGH	PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH POST HOLE DIGGER	MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE;										
	X TRICONE 2 15/16 TUNG,-CARB. HAND AUGER	BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.										
COLOR	CORE BIT SOUNDING ROD	INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.										
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).												
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	VANE SHEAR TEST X SAMPLER PROBE	EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE;										

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. 38524.I.I (B-4752)

SHEET NO.

Earthwork Balance Sheet

Volumes in Cubic Yards

PROJECT: B-4752 COUNTY: Gaston DATE: 5/21/2012 COMPILED BY: SEC SHEET_OF_SHEETS

:	STATION			EXCAVATIO	N			EMBAN	KMENT		BORROW	WASTE					
STATION		TOTAL UNCLASS.	ROCK	UNDERCUT	UNSUIT. UNCLASS.		TOTAL	ROCK	EARTH	EMBANK. +15%		ROCK	SUITABLE	UNSUIT.	TOTAL		
13+00	16+31.88	357				357	27		27	31			326		326		
	BEGIN BRIDGE																
		<u> </u>															
	SUBTOTAL	357				357	27		27	31			326		326		
	SUBTUTAL	337				331	21			31			320		320		
20+76.13	26+00	391		in pienine annimental annimental annimental annimental annimental annimental annimental annimental annimental		391	5,182		5,182	5,959	5,568			<u> </u>			
END BRIDGE																	
	CIPTOTAL	201				201	5 100		5 100	5.050	7.769						
	SUBTOTAL	391				391	5,182		5,182	5,959	5,568						
<u>Adalah kalubah dalah kalubah </u>	<u>anninininininininininininininininininin</u>										ananananananananananananananananananan		executiva anticoloristi del contra de la contra dela contra de la contra dela contra de la contra dela contra de la contra dela contra d	a alamana and ana and alaman and and and and and and and and and a	ariakan kan kan kan kan kan kan kan kan kan		
	SUBTOTAL																
<u>anadalahan kadalahan makalahan dalahan falaba </u>		en e		a qualitation and a succession and a suc			arrana arrana arrana di mana d				ana	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	and	**************************************		

	SUBTOTAL																
										1000							
TOTAL		748				748	5,209		5,209	5,990	5,568		326		326		
MATERIAL FOR SHOULDER C							10		10	12	12						
LOSS DUE TO CLEARING & GI	RUBBING	-100				-100					100						
					-							-					
	,											-					
PROJECT TOTAL		648				648	5,219		5,219	6,002	5,680		326		326		
EST. 5% TO REPLACE TOP SOI	L ON BORROW PIT										284						
GRAND TOTAL		648				648	5,219		5,219	6,002	5,964		326		326		
SAY		660									6,100						
EST. DDE		5	CY														
EST. SHALLOW UNDERCUT	IZATION	500	CY														
CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABIL		1,000	TON	EDCUT TO PE	TICED IN TH	E DISCRETIC	ים מווד ס או	ECIDENIT EN	CINIEED								
PER GEOTECH RECOMMENDA																	



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

BEVERLY EAVES PURDUE GOVERNOR

Eugene A. Conti, Jr. SECRETARY

February 28, 2011

STATE PROJECT:

38524.1.1 (B-4752)

BRSTP-2014(3)

FEDERAL PROJECT:

Gaston

COUNTY: DESCRIPTION:

Bridge No. 06 on SR 2014 (Lakewood Rd.) over S. Fork Catawba

River

SUBJECT:

Geotechnical Report – Inventory

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

This project is located in southeastern Gaston County near the City of Cramerton. The confluence of the South Fork Catawba River and its North Channel is within the project corridor. This report addresses the widening of the existing –L- line (SR 2014, Lakewood Road) and includes both the approaches at Bridge No. 06. No provisions have been made for an on-site detour. The following alignment was investigated:

-L- Station 12+50.00 to 26+00.00 (0.26 miles)

The initial field investigation was conducted in September 2010. This investigation consisted of three preliminary bridge borings at existing Bridge No. 06. All three borings were conducted with a CME-550X drill machine with an automatic hammer. Standard Penetration Tests were conducted at each boring location utilizing 'N' casing with advancers. A Roadway investigation consisting of hand probes and visual reconnaissance was conducted in January and February 2010. 15 soil samples were submitted to the Materials and Tests Unit for laboratory analysis.

MAILING ADDRESS:

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT 1589 MAIL SERVICE CENTER RALEIGH NC 27699-1589 TELEPHONE: 919-250-4088 FAX: 919-250-4237

WEBSITE: WWW.DOH.DOT.STATE.NC.US

LOCATION:
CENTURY CENTER COMPLEX
ENTRANCE B-2
1020 BIRCH RIDGE DRIVE
RALEIGH NC

AREAS OF SPECIAL GEOTECHNICAL INTEREST

Roadway Embankment Soils: Roadway embankment soils were encountered in the preliminary bridge borings performed at each end of existing bridge No. 06. These soils are up to 32' thick and consist of soft to medium stiff sandy clay (A-7-5, A-6) and very loose to loose clayey sand (A-2-6). Please refer to the attached inventory plan sheets for a horizontal and vertical depiction of the extent of these soils.

<u>Alluvial Soils:</u> Much of the project corridor has a significant alluvial deposit. It is associated with the South Fork Catawba River which serves as the primary drainage outlet for this project.

Station 15+60 to 24+75 -L-: Alluvial soils in this segment are up to 27.0' deep and consist primarily of sandy/silty clay (A-7, A-6), sandy silt (A-4), and silty/clayey sand (A-2-4). Layers of organic material were encountered in the clay soils at Station 20+07 –L-. Maximum proposed roadway fill heights through this area are approximately eight feet. Groundwater, where measured, was near elevation 566'.

Lakewood Road (-L-) has a pond on each side of the road between Stations 20+00 –L- and 25+00 –L-. The proposed widening will encroach onto both ponds at some point in this interval. The maximum fill heights previously stated for the project occur in this segment on the left side of line –L-.

SOIL PROPERTIES

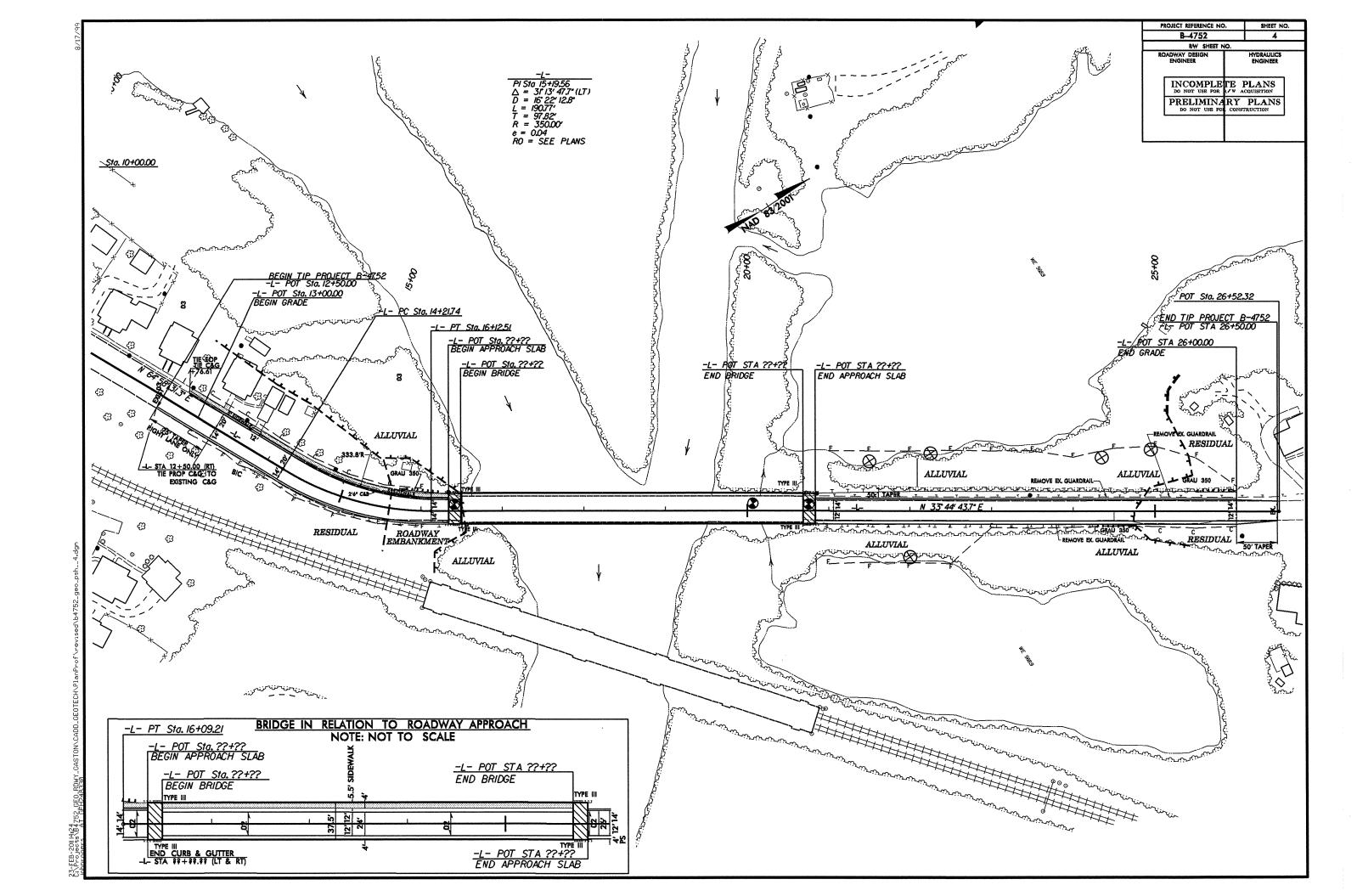
Residual Soils

All residual soils on the project are derived from the metamorphosed quartz diorite (PzZq) rocks encountered within the project corridor. Crystalline and severely weathered crystalline rock was encountered between elevations 510' and 552' in the preliminary bridge borings. The dominant residual soil types encountered are silty sand (A-2-4, A-1-b) and sandy silt (A-4).

Respectfully submitted,

John P. Rogers

Project Geological Engineer



SHEET 11

PROJECT: 38524.1.1 (B-4752)

COUNTY: GASTON

SITE DESCRIPTION: BRIDGE #6 ON SR 2014 OVER SOUTH FORK OF CATAWBA RIVER

ROCK SAMPLE RESULTS

SOIL S	SAMPLE RES	SULTS							ROCK SAMPLE RESULTS																
SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH	AASHTO	N	L.L.	P.I.		% BY WEIG	GHT		% PA	SSING S	IEVES	%	%	UNIT	VOID	SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH	RQD UNIT W	Q(MPa)	E(MPa)
			INTERVAL	CLASS				C. SAND	F. SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200	MOISTURE	ORGANIC	WT. (d)	RATIO				INTERVAL		(ksf)	(MPsi)
		B-1																							
SS-1	8' LT	16+41 -L-	4.8-5.8	A-7-5(14)	6	53	19	16.9	18.9	22	42.2	100	89	70											
SS-2	8' LT	16+41 -L-	14.8-15.8	A-7-5(6)	0	45	11	21.5	24.3	30.1	24.1	100	87	61											
SS-3	8' LT	16+41 -L-	19.8-20.8	A-7-5(7)	2	48	15	26.5	19.9	25.4	28.1	98	80	57											
SS-4	8' LT	16+41 -L-	24.8-25.8	A-2-4(0)	4	21	NP	23.7	61.7	12.6	2	100	95	20											
SS-5	8' LT	16+41 -L-	34.8-35.8	A-4(0)	3	22	2	11.1	58.9	18	12.1	100	98	38											
		B-2																							
SS-6	8' LT	20+76 -L-	4.8-5.8	A-6(2)	5	35	17	42.8	17.9	11.2	28.1	94	66	39											
SS-7	8' LT	20+76 -L-	14.8-15.8	A-6(3)	2	39	12	37.4	17.5	25.0	20.1	97	70	47											
SS-8	8' LT	20+76 -L-	24.8-25.8	A-2-6(0)	10	36	12	50.5	15.9	13.6	20.1	80	50	29											
SS-14	8' LT	20+76 -L-	32.9-33.9	A-4(8)	2	36	9	6.4	18.3	39.1	36.2	100	96	84											
SS-15	8' LT	20+76 -L-	52.9-53.9	A-4(2)	24	37	3	12.1	37.8	42.1	8	100	95	61											
		B-3																							
SS-9	9' LT	20+07 -L-	4.7-5.7	A-2-4(0)	0	23	NP	40.6	38.8	12.6	8	97	71	23											
SS-10	9' LT	20+07 -L-	14.7-15.7	A-7-5(19)	1	47	16	1	6.3	44.4	48.4	100	99	96											
SS-12	9' LT	20+07 -L-	29.7-30.7	A-2-4(0)	39	27	4	41.4	23.5	27	8	81	54	34											
SS-13	9' LT	20+07 -L-	34.7-35.7	A-1-b)(0)	9	28	NP	55.9	28.5	13.6	2	87	50	19											