

PROJECT: 33473.1.1 ID: B-4118

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	33473.1.1 (B-4118)	1	15

CONTENTS

SHEET	DESCRIPTION
1	TITLE SHEET
2	LEGEND
3	SITE PLAN
4	PROFILE
5-7	CROSS SECTIONS
8-10	BORE LOGS & CORE REPORT
11	SOIL TEST RESULTS
12	SCOUR REPORT
13-14	CORE PHOTOGRAPHS
15	SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

STRUCTURE
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. 33473.1.1 (B-4118) F.A. PROJ. BRSTP-1905(2)
COUNTY GASTON
PROJECT DESCRIPTION BRIDGE 200 ON SR 1905
(BLACK SNAKE RD.) OVER STANLEY CREEK

SITE DESCRIPTION _____

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING, AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT 1909 ZSO-4008. NEITHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, NOR THE FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, OR SOIL TEST DATA ARE PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION, AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

PERSONNEL

J. K. STICKNEY

C. L. SMITH

M. L. SMITH

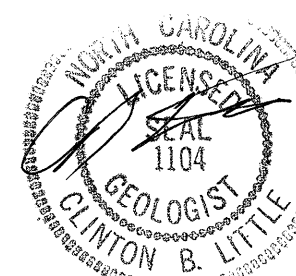
A. C. SMITH

INVESTIGATED BY J. P. ROGERS

CHECKED BY C. B. LITTLE

SUBMITTED BY C. B. LITTLE

DATE AUGUST 2010



9-7-10

DRAWN BY: C. E. BURRIS

NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. 33473.1J (B-4118)	SHEET NO. 2
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SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (ASHTO T208, ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE: <i>VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGH PLASTIC, A-7-6</i>	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO POORLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES. ANGULARITY OF GRAINS THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: <u>ANGULAR</u> , <u>SUBANGULAR</u> , <u>SUBROUNDED</u> , OR <u>ROUNDED</u> .	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS: WEATHERED ROCK (WR) CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR) NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR) COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK (CP)	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. ADJUFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL. FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. FORMATION (FM) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT. LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOTL) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS. SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 60 BLOWS. STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. TOPSOIL (TS) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION GENERAL CLASS. GRANULAR MATERIALS (<= 35% PASSING #200) SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (> 35% PASSING #200) ORGANIC MATERIALS GROUP CLASS. A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-3 A-4, A-5 A-6, A-7 SYMBOL % PASSING # 10 50 MX 30 MX 50 MX 51 MN # 40 15 MX 25 MX 10 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN # 200 LIQUID LIMIT 6 MX NP 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN PLASTIC INDEX 8 MX 0 8 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX No MX GROUP INDEX 0 0 8 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX No MX USUAL TYPES OF MAJOR MATERIALS STONE FRAGS. GRAVEL AND SAND FINE SAND SILTY OR CLAYEY GRAVEL AND SAND SILTY SOILS CLAYEY SOILS GEN. RATING AS A SUBGRADE EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITABLE PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS <= LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE. COMPRESSIBILITY SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT EQUAL TO 31-50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50 PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL ORGANIC MATERIAL GRANULAR SILT - CLAY OTHER MATERIAL SOILS SOILS SOILS TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10% LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20% MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35% HIGHLY ORGANIC >10% >20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE GROUND WATER ▽ WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING ▽ PW STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS ▽ PW PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA ○ SPRING OR SEEP	WEATHERING FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALLINE BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE. VERY SLIGHT (V SLI) ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE. SLIGHT (SLI) ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS. MODERATE (MOD) SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK. MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.</i> SEVERE (SEV) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF.</i> VERY SEVERE (V SEV) ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF.</i> COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY RANGE OF STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE (N-VALUE) RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/FT ²) GENERALLY GRANULAR MATERIAL (NON-COHESIVE) VERY LOOSE LOOSE MEDIUM DENSE DENSE VERY DENSE <4 4 TO 10 10 TO 30 30 TO 50 >50 N/A GENERALLY SILT-CLAY MATERIAL (COHESIVE) VERY SOFT SOFT MEDIUM STIFF STIFF VERY STIFF HARD <2 2 TO 4 4 TO 8 8 TO 15 15 TO 30 >30 <0.25 0.25 TO 0.50 0.5 TO 1.0 1 TO 2 2 TO 4 >4	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION SOIL SYMBOL ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY INFERRED ROCK LINE ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES SPT DMT DPT VST TEST BORING AUGER BORING CORE BORING MONITORING WELL PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION CONE PENETROMETER TEST SOUNDING ROD	ROCK HARDNESS VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN. MODERATELY HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS. MEDIUM HARD CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. VERY SOFT CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGER NAIL.	
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (MM) 4 10 40 60 200 270 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053 BOULDER (BLDR) COBBLE (COB.) GRAVEL (GR.) COARSE SAND (CSE. SD.) FINE SAND (F SD.) SILT (SL.) CLAY (CL.) GRAIN SIZE MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005 IN. 12 3	ABBREVIATIONS AR - AUGER REFUSAL BT - BORING TERMINATED CL - CLAY CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST CSE. - COARSE DMT - DILATOMETER TEST DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST e - VOID RATIO F - FINE FOSS. - FOSSILIFEROUS FRAC. - FRACTURED, FRACTURES FRAGS. - FRAGMENTS HL - HIGHLY MED. - MEDIUM MICA. - MICACEOUS MOD. - MODERATELY NP - NON PLASTIC ORG. - ORGANIC PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAP. - SAPROLITIC SD. - SAND, SANDY SL. - SILT, SILTY SLI. - SLIGHTLY TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL w - MOISTURE CONTENT V - VERY VST - VANE SHEAR TEST WEA. - WEATHERED γ - UNIT WEIGHT γ _d - DRY UNIT WEIGHT S - BULK SS - SPLIT SPOON ST - SHELBY TUBE RS - ROCK RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO	ROCK HARDNESS VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN. MODERATELY HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS. MEDIUM HARD CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. VERY SOFT CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGER NAIL.	
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS) FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION LL LIQUID LIMIT - SATURATED - (SAT.) USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE PLASTIC RANGE (PI) PL PLASTIC LIMIT - WET - (W) SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT - DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT DRILL UNITS: MOBILE B- BK-51 CME-45C CME-550 PORTABLE HOIST ADVANCING TOOLS: CLAY BITS 6" CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER 8" HOLLOW AUGERS HARD FACED FINGER BITS TUNG-CARBIDE INSERTS CASING w/ ADVANCER TRICONE STEEL TEETH TRICONE TUNG-CARB. CORE BIT HAMMER TYPE: AUTOMATIC MANUAL CORE SIZE: B-N H HAND TOOLS: POST HOLE DIGGER HAND AUGER SOUNDING ROD VANE SHEAR TEST	FRACTURE SPACING TERM SPACING VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FEET VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET BEDDING TERM THICKNESS VERY THICKLY BEDDED > 4 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET INDURATION FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC. FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE. MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER. INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER. EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	FRAC. SPACING TERM SPACING VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FEET VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET BEDDING TERM THICKNESS VERY THICKLY BEDDED > 4 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET INDURATION FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC. FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE. MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER. INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER. EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.
PLASTICITY PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH NONPLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW LOW PLASTICITY 6-15 SLIGHT MED. PLASTICITY 16-25 MEDIUM HIGH PLASTICITY 26 OR MORE HIGH COLOR DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.			NOTES: CAR = CASING ADVANCER REFUSAL
			BENCH MARK: BM#2: RR SPIKE IN 15' SWEET GUM -L- STA. 11+42.71 I28.06' RT ELEVATION: 660.10 FT.

CHARLES & JANET BLACK
DB 844 PG 045

BM #3
-BL- STA 13+59
RR SPIKE IN UTILITY POLE
ELEV 675.71'

BL-6
-BL- POT 13+58.76

**END TIP PROJECT B-4118
END CONSTRUCTION**

-L- POT STA. 15+00.00

EDDIE TADLOCK
DB 1394 PG 516

PAUL W. GIBSON JR.
DB 2809 PG 438

RESIDUAL

ALLUVIAL

ALLUVIAL

RESIDUAL

BL-3
-BL- PINC 5+00.00

JACK & GAYNELL MOORE
DB 806 PG 190

**BEGIN TIP PROJECT B-4118
BEGIN CONSTRUCTION**

-L- POT STA. 10+20.00

BL-4
-BL- PINC 7+72.77

-L- POT STA 10+78.97
(20.83 LT)

ROADWAY
EMBANKMENT

ROADWAY
EMBANKMENT

ALLUVIAL

RESIDUAL

RESIDUAL

END BRIDGE

-L- POT STA. 12+80.00

ALLUVIAL

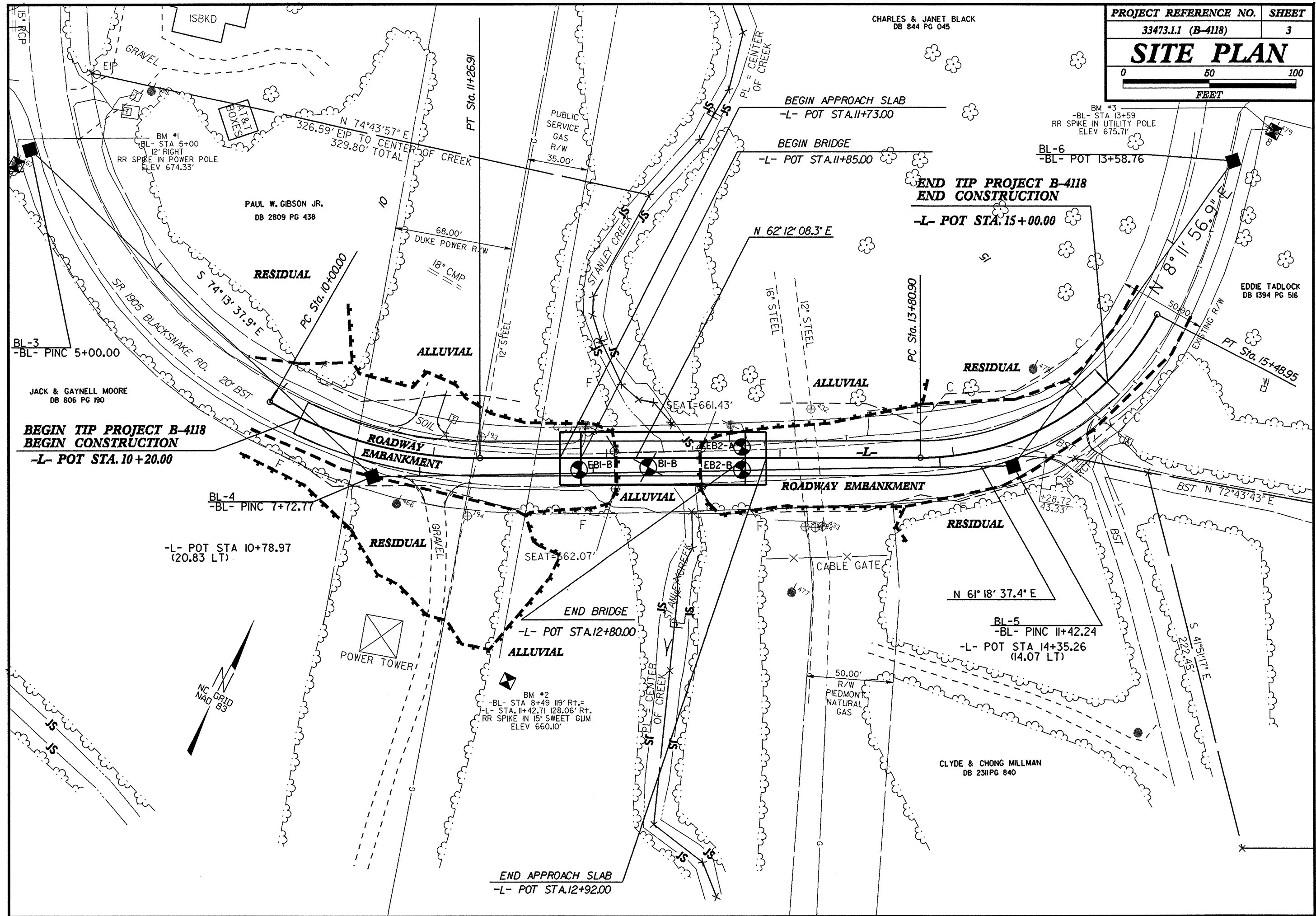
N 61° 18' 37.4" E

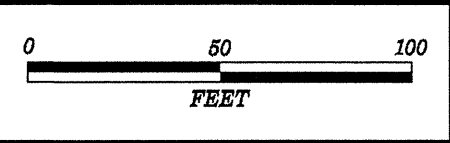
BL-5
-BL- PINC 11+42.24

-L- POT STA 14+35.26
(14.07 LT)

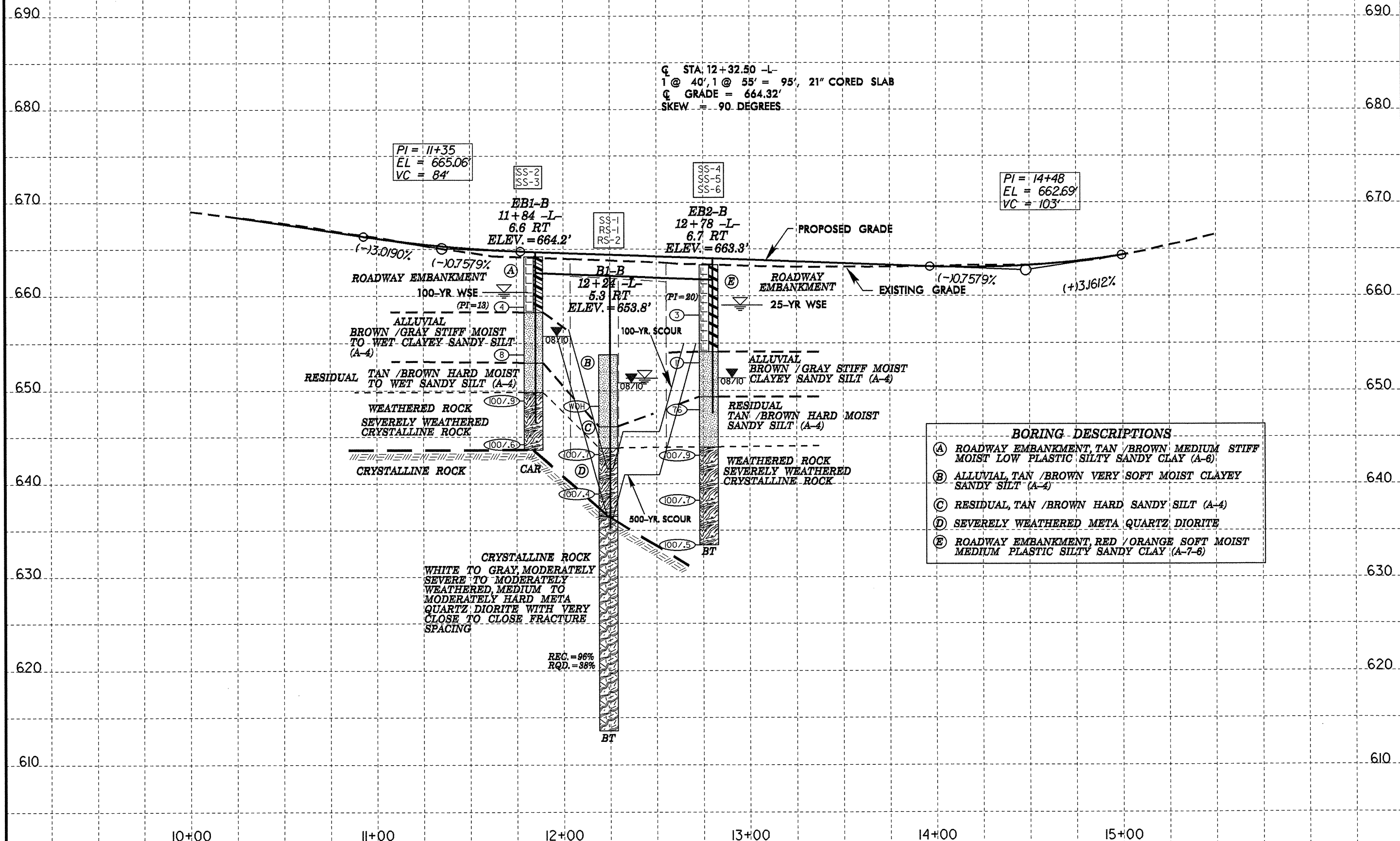
CLYDE & CHONG MILLMAN
DB 231 PG 840

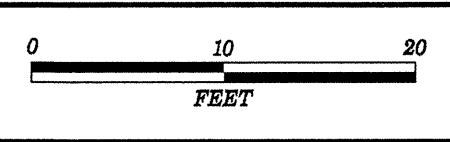
END APPROACH SLAB
-L- POT STA. 12+92.00



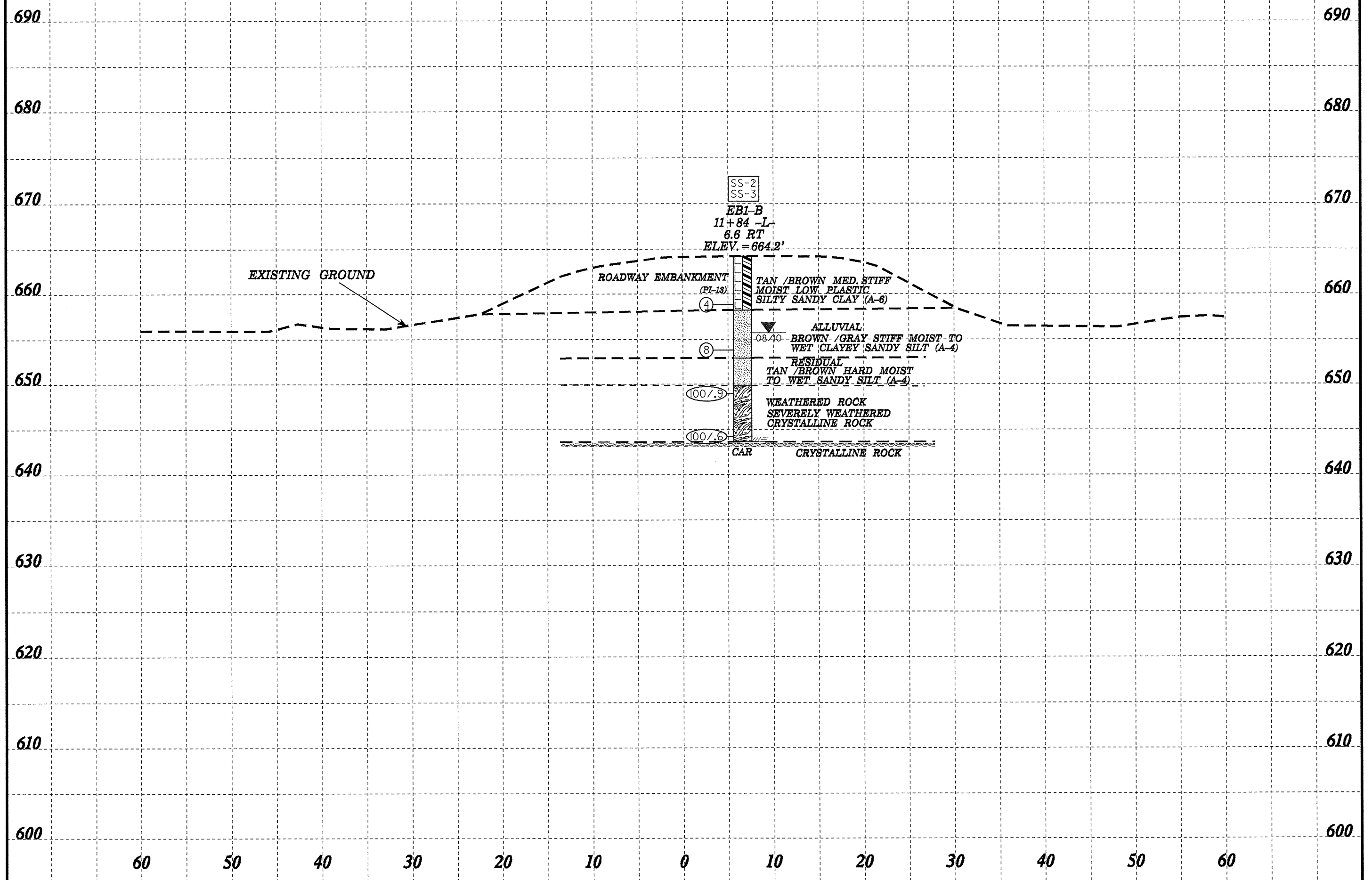


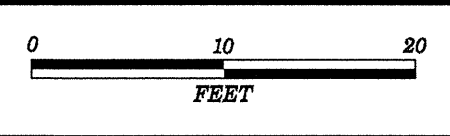
PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET
33473.1.1 (B-4118)	4
PROFILE ALONG -L- VE=5:1 STRATA SHOWN THROUGH BORINGS	



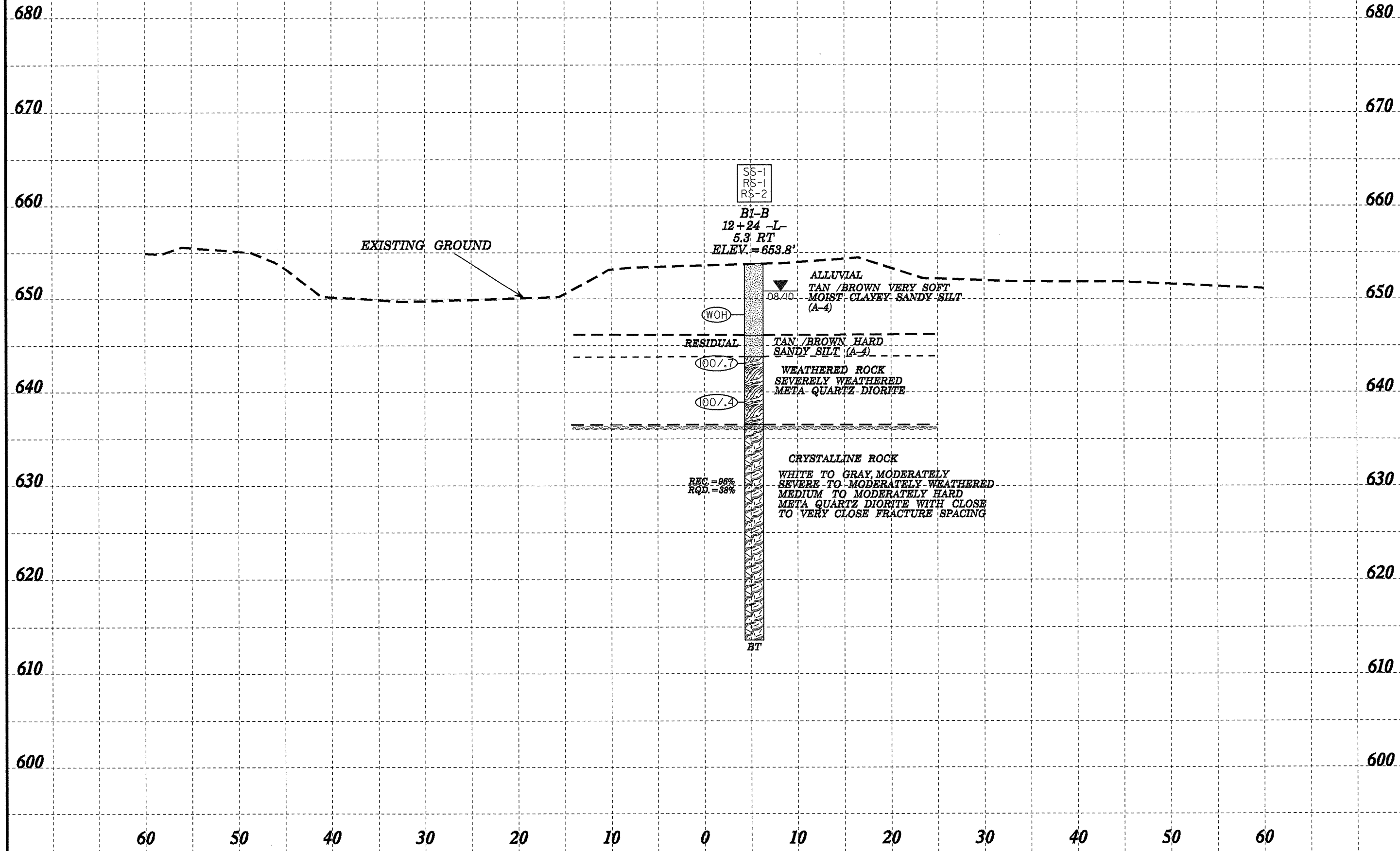


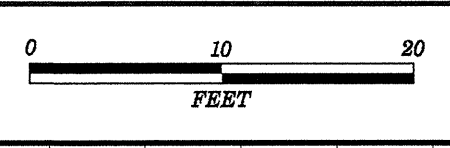
PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET
33473.1.1 (B-4118)	5
SECTION THROUGH END BENT 1	
-L- STA. 11+85.00	
SKEW=90°	



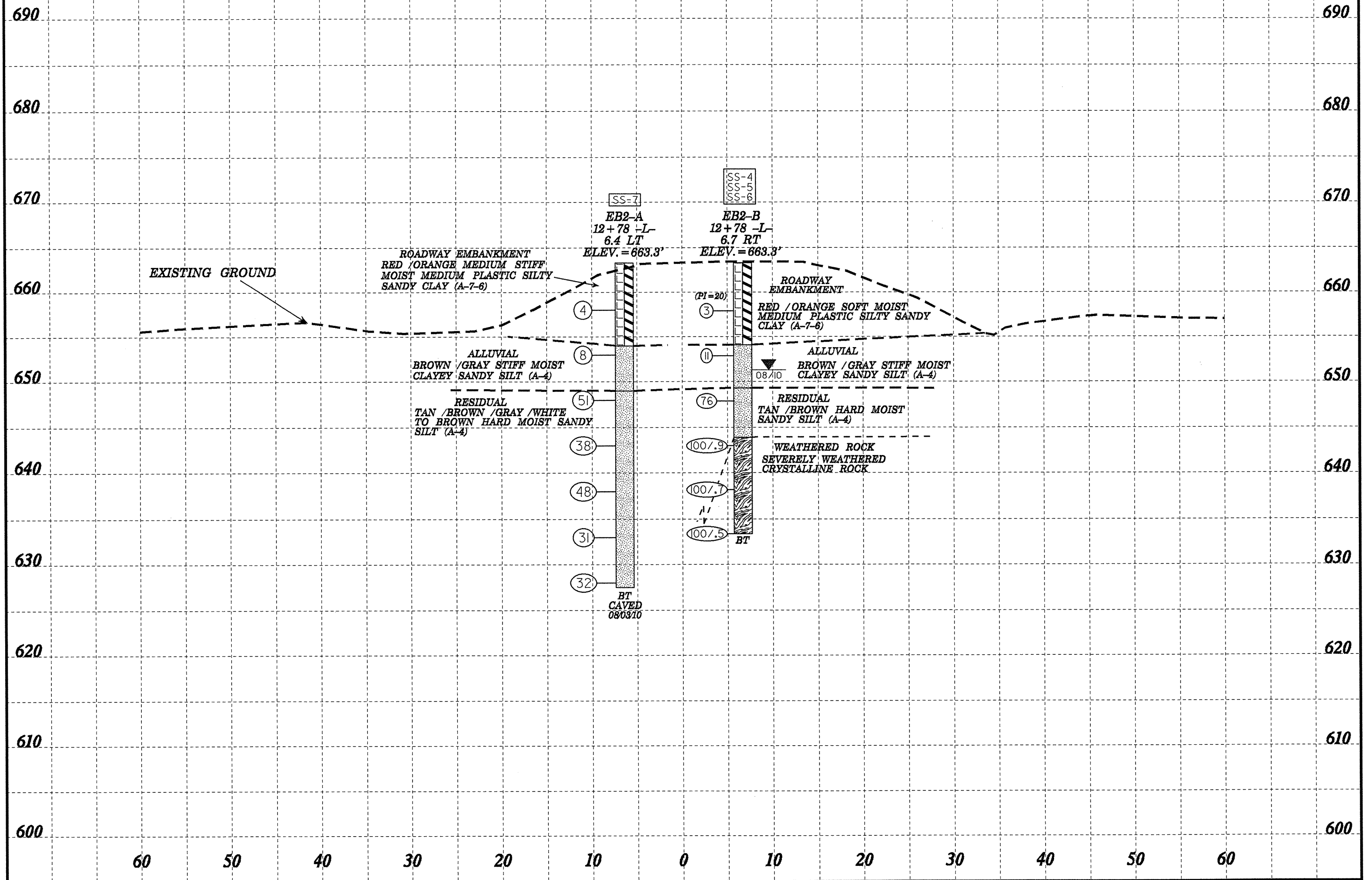


PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET
33473.1.1 (B-4118)	6
SECTION THROUGH BENT 1	
-L- STA. 12+25.00	
SKEW = 90°	





PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET
33473.1.1 (B-4118)	7
SECTION THROUGH END BENT 2	
-L- STA. 12+80.00	
SKEW=90°	





NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT
BORELOG REPORT

PROJECT NO. 33473.1.1	ID. B-4118	COUNTY GASTON	GEOLOGIST Stickney, J. K.
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge 200 on SR 1905 (Black Snake rd.) over Stanley Creek			GROUND WTR (ft)
BORING NO. EB1-B	STATION 11+84	OFFSET 7 ft RT	ALIGNMENT -L-
COLLAR ELEV. 664.2 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 20.6 ft	NORTHING 595,497	EASTING 1,381,629
DRILL MACHINE CME-550X	DRILL METHOD NW Casing w/ Advancer		HAMMER TYPE Automatic
DRILLER Smith, C. L.	START DATE 08/03/10	COMP. DATE 08/03/10	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A

ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)		
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100							
665															664.2	GROUND SURFACE	0.0
660	659.8	4.4													658.2	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT TAN / BROWN MEDIUM STIFF MOIST LOW PLASTIC (PI=13) SILTY SANDY CLAY (A-6)	6.0
655	654.8	9.4	1	2	2							SS-2	M		652.9	ALLUVIAL BROWN / GRAY STIFF MOIST TO WET CLAYEY SANDY SILT (A-4)	11.3
650	649.8	14.4	3	4	4							SS-3	W		649.8	RESIDUAL TAN / BROWN HARD MOIST TO WET SANDY SILT (A-4)	14.4
645	644.8	19.4	25	75/4											643.6	WEATHERED ROCK SEVERELY WEATHERED CRYSTALLINE ROCK	20.6
640			79	21/1										D		Boring Terminated with Casing Advancer Refusal at Elevation 643.6 ft on crystalline rock	
635																	
630																	
625																	
620																	
615																	
610																	
605																	
600																	
595																	
590																	
585																	

NCDOT BORE SINGLE B4118_GEO_BH_BRDG0200_GASTON.GPJ_NC_DOT.GDT 08/26/10

PROJECT NO. 33473.1.1		ID. B-4118		COUNTY GASTON		GEOLOGIST Stickney, J. K.										
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge 200 on SR 1905 (Black Snake rd.) over Stanley Creek							GROUND WTR (ft)									
BORING NO. B1-B		STATION 12+24		OFFSET 5 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-										
COLLAR ELEV. 653.8 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 40.2 ft		NORTHING 595,516		EASTING 1,381,664										
DRILL MACHINE CME-550X		DRILL METHOD NW Casing W/SPT & Core			HAMMER TYPE Automatic											
DRILLER Smith, C. L.		START DATE 08/02/10		COMP. DATE 08/02/10		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A										
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT				BLOWS PER FOOT				SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)		
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100						
655														653.8	GROUND SURFACE	0.0
650	649.3	4.5	0	0	0								M	ALLUVIAL TAN / BROWN VERY SOFT MOIST CLAYEY SANDY SILT (A-4)		
645	644.3	9.5	6	13	87.2									RESIDUAL TAN / BROWN HARD SANDY SILT (A-4)	10.0	
640	639.3	14.5												WEATHERED ROCK SEVERELY WEATHERED META QUARTZ DIORITE		
635														CRYSTALLINE ROCK WHITE TO GRAY, MODERATELY SEVERE TO MODERATELY WEATHERED, MEDIUM TO MODERATELY HARD META QUARTZ DIORITE	17.3	
630																
625																
620																
615																
610																
605																
600																
595																
590																
585																
580																
575																

NCDOT BORE SINGLE B4118_GEO_BH_BRD0200_GASTON.GPJ NC_DOT_GDT_08/26/10

PROJECT NO. 33473.1.1		ID. B-4118		COUNTY GASTON		GEOLOGIST Stickney, J. K.					
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge 200 on SR 1905 (Black Snake rd.) over Stanley Creek							GROUND WTR (ft)				
BORING NO. B1-B		STATION 12+24		OFFSET 5 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-					
COLLAR ELEV. 653.8 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 40.2 ft		NORTHING 595,516		EASTING 1,381,664					
DRILL MACHINE CME-550X		DRILL METHOD NW Casing W/SPT & Core			HAMMER TYPE Automatic						
DRILLER Smith, C. L.		START DATE 08/02/10		COMP. DATE 08/02/10		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A					
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	RUN		STRATA		LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	DEPTH (ft)
					REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %	REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %			
636.5											
635	636.5	17.3	2.9	1/1.0	(2.9)	(0.6)	(22.0)	(8.7)		Begin Coring @ 17.3 ft	17.3
	633.6	20.2	5.0	1.03/1.0	(4.9)	(1.9)	96%	38%		CRYSTALLINE ROCK WHITE TO GRAY, MODERATELY SEVERE TO MODERATELY WEATHERED, MEDIUM TO MODERATELY HARD META QUARTZ DIORITE WITH VERY CLOSE TO CLOSE FRACTURE SPACING R1=2, R=8, R3=10, R4=6, R5=7 RMR=33	
630										RS-1	
	628.6	25.2	5.0	1.11/1.0	(5.0)	(2.6)					
625											
	623.6	30.2	5.0	1.07/1.0	(4.3)	(1.8)				RS-2	
620											
	618.6	35.2	5.0	1.24/1.0	(4.9)	(1.8)					
615											
	613.6	40.2									
610											
605											
600											
595											
590											
585											
580											
575											

NCDOT CORE SINGLE B4118_GEO_BH_BRD0200_GASTON.GPJ NC_DOT_GDT_08/26/10

PROJECT NO. 33473.1.1		ID. B-4118		COUNTY GASTON		GEOLOGIST Stickney, J. K.											
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge 200 on SR 1905 (Black Snake rd.) over Stanley Creek							GROUND WTR (ft)										
BORING NO. EB2-A		STATION 12+78		OFFSET 6 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-											
COLLAR ELEV. 663.3 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 35.8 ft		NORTHING 595,552		EASTING 1,381,706											
DRILL MACHINE CME-550X		DRILL METHOD NW Casing w/ Advancer			HAMMER TYPE Automatic												
DRILLER Smith, C. L.		START DATE 08/03/10		COMP. DATE 08/03/10		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A											
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG MOI	LOG G	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)		
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100							
665															663.3	GROUND SURFACE	0.0
660	659.0	4.3	1	2	2								M		ROADWAY EMBANKMENT RED / ORANGE MEDIUM STIFF MOIST MEDIUM PLASTIC SILTY SANDY CLAY (A-7-6)		
655	654.0	9.3	2	3	5								M		ALLUVIAL BROWN / GRAY STIFF MOIST CLAYEY SANDY SILT (A-4)	9.3	
650	649.0	14.3	12	22	29								M		RESIDUAL TAN / BROWN / GRAY / WHITE TO BROWN HARD MOIST SANDY SILT (A-4)	14.3	
645	644.0	19.3	5	12	26								M				
640	639.0	24.3	15	20	28								M				
635	634.0	29.3	8	11	20								M				
630	629.0	34.3	10	14	18								M				
625																Boring Terminated at Elevation 627.5 ft in sandy silt	35.8

NCDOT BORE SINGLE B4118_GEO_BH_BRD0200_GASTON.GPJ NC_DOT_GDT_09/02/10

PROJECT NO. 33473.1.1		ID. B-4118		COUNTY GASTON		GEOLOGIST Stickney, J. K.											
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge 200 on SR 1905 (Black Snake rd.) over Stanley Creek							GROUND WTR (ft)										
BORING NO. EB2-B		STATION 12+78		OFFSET 7 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-											
COLLAR ELEV. 663.3 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 29.9 ft		NORTHING 595,540		EASTING 1,381,712											
DRILL MACHINE CME-550X		DRILL METHOD NW Casing w/ Advancer			HAMMER TYPE Automatic												
DRILLER Smith, C. L.		START DATE 08/03/10		COMP. DATE 08/03/10		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A											
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG MOI	LOG G	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)		
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100							
665															663.3	GROUND SURFACE	0.0
660	658.9	4.4	1	1	2								M		ROADWAY EMBANKMENT RED / ORANGE SOFT MOIST MEDIUM PLASTIC (PI=20) SILTY SANDY CLAY (A-7-6)		
655	653.9	9.4	4	6	5								M		ALLUVIAL BROWN / GRAY STIFF MOIST CLAYEY SANDY SILT (A-4)	9.2	
650	648.9	14.4	17	30	46								M		RESIDUAL TAN / BROWN HARD MOIST SANDY SILT (A-4)	14.0	
645	643.9	19.4	27	73/4									M				
640	638.9	24.4	62	38/2									D		WEATHERED ROCK SEVERELY WEATHERED CRYSTALLINE ROCK	19.4	
635	633.9	29.4	81	19/0									D				
630																Boring Terminated at Elevation 633.4 ft in severely weathered crystalline rock	29.9

NCDOT BORE SINGLE B4118_GEO_BH_BRD0200_GASTON.GPJ NC_DOT_GDT_08/26/10

TEST RESULTS

PROJECT: 33473.1.1 (B-4118)

COUNTY: GASTON

SITE DESCRIPTION: BRIDGE 200 ON SR 1905 (BLACK SNAKE RD.) OVER STANLEY CREEK

SOIL SAMPLE RESULTS

SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS	N	L.L.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING SIEVES			% MOISTURE	% ORGANIC	UNIT WT. (d)	VOID RATIO
								C. SAND	F. SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200				
EB1-B																		
SS-2	6.6 RT	11+84	4.90-5.90	A-6(4)	4	30	13	15.4	32.9	23.4	28.3	93	84	55				
SS-3	6.6 RT	11+84	9.90-10.90	A-4(0)	8	21	4	8.1	47.9	31.9	12.1	96	92	56				
B1-B																		
SS-1	5.3 RT	12+24	9.50-10.50	A-4(1)	19	28	6	24.2	30.9	38.8	6.1	96	81	50				
EB2-A																		
SS-7	6.4 LT	12+78	24.80-25.80	A-4(8)	48	40	9	0.8	38.8	52.3	8.1	100	100	79				
EB2-B																		
SS-4	6.7 RT	12+78	4.90-5.90	A-7-6(13)	3	43	20	11.1	23.6	22.8	42.4	99	92	70				
SS-5	6.7 RT	12+78	9.90-10.90	A-4(0)	11	21	NP	14.7	55.4	19.8	10.1	94	88	39				
SS-6	6.7 RT	12+78	14.90-15.90	A-4(0)	76	25	4	32.5	36.0	27.5	4.0	94	73	36				

ROCK SAMPLE RESULTS

SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	RQD	UNIT WT lb/ft3	Q(ksf)	E(MPsi)
B1-B							
RS-1	5.3 RT	12+24	22.2-22.7	38%	176.7	374.4	5.93
RS-2	5.3 RT	12+24	31.2-31.7	38%	155.1	331.2	0.858



**FIELD
 SCOUR REPORT**

WBS: 33473.1.1 TIP: B-4118 COUNTY: GASTON

DESCRIPTION(1): BRIDGE NO. 200 ON SR 1905 OVER STANLEY CREEK.

EXISTING BRIDGE

Information from: Field Inspection Microfilm _____ (reel _____ pos: _____)
 Other (explain) _____

Bridge No.: 200 Length: 51.5' Total Bents: 3 Bents in Channel: 1 Bents in Floodplain: 3
 Foundation Type: END BENTS - PILES WITH ABUTMENT WALL. INTERIOR - TIMBER PILES

EVIDENCE OF SCOUR(2)

Abutments or End Bent Slopes: NONE OBSERVED AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION

Interior Bents: NONE OBSERVED AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION

Channel Bed: NONE OBSERVED AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION

Channel Bank: MINOR UNDERCUT AT MEANDERS. TREES LEANING TOWARDS CREEK.

EXISTING SCOUR PROTECTION

Type(3): NONE

Extent(4): N/A

Effectiveness(5): N/A

Obstructions(6): NONE

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1 Describe the specific site's location, including route number and body of water crossed.
- 2 Note scour evidence at existing end bents or abutments (e.g. undermining, sloughing, degradations).
- 3 Note existing scour protection (e.g. rip rap).
- 4 Describe extent of existing scour protection.
- 5 Describe whether or not the scour protection appears to be working.
- 6 Note obstructions such as dams, fallen trees, debris at bents, etc.
- 7 Describe the channel bed material based on observation and/or samples. Include any lab results with report.
- 8 Describe the channel bank material based on observation and/or samples. Include any lab results with report.
- 9 Describe the material covering the banks (e.g. grass, trees, rip rap, none).
- 10 Determine the approximate floodplain width from field observation or a topographic map.
- 11 Describe the material covering the floodplain (e.g. grass, trees, crops).
- 12 Use professional judgement to specify if the stream is degrading, aggrading, or static.
- 13 Describe potential and direction of the stream to migrate laterally during the bridge's life (approx. 100 years).
- 14 Give the design scour elevation (DSE) expected over the life of the bridge (approx. 100 years). This elevation can be given as a range across the site, or for each bent. Discuss the relationship between the Hydraulics Unit theoretical scour and the DSE. If the DSE is dependent on scour counter measures, explain (e.g. rip rap armoring on slopes). The DSE is based on the erodability of materials, giving consideration to the influence of joints, foliation, bedding characteristics, % core recovery, % RQD, differential weathering, shear strength, observations at existing structures, other tests deemed appropriate, and overall geologic conditions at the site.

DESIGN INFORMATION

Channel Bed Material(7): SILT, SAND, GRAVEL, AND ROCK.

Channel Bank Material(8): SANDY SILT AS SS-1

Channel Bank Cover(9): TREES, SHRUBS, AND GRASS

Floodplain Width(10): APP. 350'

Floodplain Cover(11): TREES, SHRUBS, AND GRASS

Stream is(12): Aggrading Degrading _____ Static _____

Channel Migration Tendency(13): SLIGHT TENDENCY FOR EAST - SOUTHEAST MIGRATION.

Observations and Other Comments: _____

DESIGN SCOUR ELEVATIONS(14)

Feet Meters _____

BENTS

B1

100 YR.	643																		

Comparison of DSE to Hydraulics Unit theoretical scour:
 DSE IS APP. 1.2' HIGHER THAN THEORETICAL DUE TO PRESENCE OF WEATHERED ROCK.

SOIL ANALYSIS RESULTS FROM CHANNEL BED AND BANK MATERIAL

Bed or Bank									
Sample No.									
Retained #4		SEE	SAMPLE	RESULTS					
Passed #10									
Passed #40									
Passed #200									
Coarse Sand									
Fine Sand									
Silt									
Clay									
LL									
PI									
AASHTO									
Station									
Offset									
Depth									

Reported by: JK STICKNEY Date: 8/3/2010

PROJECT NUMBER: 33473.1.1 (B-4118)
COUNTY: GASTON
DESCRIPTION: BRIDGE 200 ON SR 1905 (BLACK SNAKE RD.) OVER STANLEY CREEK

B1-B RUNS 1 THROUGH 4



PROJECT NUMBER: 33473.1.1 (B-4118)
COUNTY: GASTON
DESCRIPTION: BRIDGE 200 ON SR 1905 (BLACK SNAKE RD.) OVER STANLEY CREEK

B1-B RUN 4 CONT. & RUN 5



PROJECT NUMBER : 33473.1.1 (B-4118)
COUNTY: GASTON
DESCRIPTION: BRIDGE 200 ON SR 1905 (BLACK SNAKE RD.) OVER STANLEY CREEK

SITE PHOTOS



(PHOTO COURTESY OF HYDRAULICS UNIT)



(PHOTO COURTESY OF HYDRAULICS UNIT)