PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

SCOPE OF WORK

This work shall consist of furnishing all labor, materials and equipment to clean and paint the structural steel. Contractor shall provide all necessary access; underdeck platforms, scaffolding, ladders, etc.; provide all traffic control (both vehicular and navigational); provide all staging area, material storage; provide environmental controls to limit loss of materials into water and air; jacking equipment, sawing equipment, and chipping equipment; and all else necessary to complete the work.

LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

Bridge #322 and #323 in Buncombe County carry I-240 over the French Broad River, Westgate Parkway, Emma Road, Riverside Drive and Norfolk Southern Railroad in Asheville, NC. Bridge 322 was built in 1968 and has an overall length of 1,315 feet. Bridge 323 was built in 1950 and has an overall length of 1,227.

SUBMITTAL OF WORKING DRAWINGS

SPECIAL

General

Submit working drawings in accordance with Article 105-2 of the Standard Specifications and this provision. For this provision, "submittals" refers to only those listed in this provision. The list of submittals contained herein does not represent a complete list of required submittals for the project. Submittals are only necessary for those items as required by the contract. Make submittals that are not specifically noted in this provision directly to the Resident Engineer.

To minimize review time, make sure all submittals are complete when initially submitted. The first submittal may be made via email. Provide a contact name and information with each submittal. Direct any questions regarding submittal requirements to the Resident Engineer or State Bridge Management Unit.

Addresses and Contacts

Mr. Rick Nelson, PE
Asst. State Bridge Management Engineer

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C

NC Dept. of Transportation Structures Management Unit 1000 Birch Ridge Road

Raleigh, NC 27610 Fax: 919.250.4082 Ph: 919.707.6530

Email: enelson@ncdot.gov

Mr. Aaron Dacey

Coatings & Corrosion Engineer NC Dept. of Transportation Materials & Tests Unit 1563 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1563 Fax: 919.733.8742

Fax: 919.733.8742 Ph: 919.329.4090

Email: adacey@ncdot.gov

Furnish one complete copy of each submittal, including all attachments, to the Resident Engineer. At the same time, submit the number of copies shown below of the same complete submittal directly to the State Bridge Management Unit and the Materials & Tests Unit.

The table below covers "Submittals". The Resident Engineer will receive review comments and drawing markups for these submittals from the State Bridge Management Unit.

Unless otherwise required, submit one set of supporting calculations to the State Bridge Management Unit. Provide additional copies of any submittal as directed by the Engineer.

SUBMITTALS

	Copies Required by	Copies Required by Materials&Te	Contract Reference
Submittal	SBMU	sts	Requiring Submittal
Bridge Painting Submittals (Under Structure Platforms, Containment, Product Data including Penetrating Sealer, Epoxy Mastic and Caulking, Health & Safety, QC Plan, etc.)	1 via email, Then 5 hard copies	1 via email	Special Provision

CRANE SAFETY (8-15-05)

Comply with the manufacturer specifications and limitations applicable to the operation of any and all cranes and derricks. Prime contractors, sub-contractors, and fully operated rental companies shall comply with the current Occupational Safety and Health Administration regulations (OSHA).

Submit all items listed below to the Engineer prior to beginning crane operations involving critical lifts. A critical lift is defined as any lift that exceeds 75 percent of the manufacturer's crane chart capacity for the radius at which the load will be lifted or requires the use of more than one crane. Changes in personnel or equipment must be reported to the Engineer and all applicable items listed below must be updated and submitted prior to continuing with crane operations.

CRANE SAFETY SUBMITTAL LIST

<u>Competent Person:</u> Provide the name and qualifications of the "Competent Person" responsible for crane safety and lifting operations. The named competent person will have the responsibility and authority to stop any work activity due to safety concerns.

<u>Riggers:</u> Provide the qualifications and experience of the persons responsible for rigging operations. Qualifications and experience should include, but not be limited to, weight calculations, center of gravity determinations, selection and inspection of sling and rigging equipment, and safe rigging practices.

<u>Crane Inspections:</u> Inspection records for all cranes shall be current and readily accessible for review upon request.

<u>Certifications:</u> Crane operators performing critical lifts shall be certified by NC CCO (National Commission for the Certification of Crane Operators), or satisfactorily complete the Carolinas AGC's Professional Crane Operator's Proficiency Program. Other approved nationally accredited programs will be considered upon request. All crane operators shall also have a current CDL medical card. Submit a list of anticipated critical lifts and corresponding crane operator(s). Include current certification for the type of crane operated (small hydraulic, large hydraulic, small lattice, large lattice) and medical evaluations for each operator.

MANAGING BRIDGE WASH WATER

1.0 Description

Collect and properly dispose of Bridge Wash Water from bridge decks.

2.0 Construction Methods

- (A) Prepare a written Bridge Wash Water management plan in accordance with the Guidelines for Managing Bridge Wash Water available at:
 - http://www.ncdot.org/doh/preconstruct/ps/contracts/letting.html.

 Submit plan and obtain approval from the Engineer prior to beginning of the bridge cleaning operation.
- (B) Prior to final payment, submit a paper copy of all completed records pertaining to disposal of Bridge Wash Water.

3.0 Measurement and Payment

Payment for collecting, sampling, testing, pH adjustment, monitoring, handling, discharging, hauling, disposing of the bridge wash water, documentation, record keeping, and obtaining permits if applicable, shall be included in the payment for other items.

UNDER STRUCTURE WORK PLATFORM

SPECIAL

Description

Prior to any painting operations on the structure, the Contractor shall design and install an understructure work platform which will be used to provide access to the work to be done as well as serve as the platform for the cleaning and painting of the bridge. The Contractor shall determine the capacity of the platform which will be required, but the capacity shall not be less than that required by State or Federal regulations. Platform shall be constructed of materials capable of withstanding damage from any of the work required on this project. The platform shall be fireproof. Drawings of the platform and loads supported by the platform shall be sealed by a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer. Submit drawings to the Engineer for approval prior to beginning work on the platform. Platform shall be cleaned after each work day to prevent materials from falling or washing into the river.

Payment

Under Structure Work Platform will be paid for at the lump sum contract price and will be full compensation for the design, installation, maintenance, and removal of the platform

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item
Under Structure Work Platform

Pay Unit Lump Sum

PAINTING EXISTING STRUCTURES

(9/2011)

Specialty Items:

Description of Work - This work shall consist of furnishing all labor, equipment, and materials to clean and paint the structural steel of the existing bridges. Work includes: removing, containment and disposal of the existing paint system; preparation of the surface to be painted and applying the new paint system; traffic control, marking & delineation; portable lighting; erosion and sediment control; seeding and mulching all grassed areas disturbed; and all incidental items necessary to complete the project as specified and shown on the plans.

Work Schedule - Prior to the pre-construction meeting, the Contractor shall submit his work schedule to the Engineer. Schedule shall be kept up to date, with a copy of the revised schedule being provided to the Engineer in a timely manner (as determined by the Engineer).

SSPC QP-2 Certification - The existing paint systems include toxic substances such as red lead oxide, which are considered hazardous if improperly removed. Only contractors who are currently SSPC QP-2, Category A certified, and have successfully completed lead paint removal on all similar structures within 18 months prior to this bid, may bid on and perform this work. The apparent low bidder shall submit a list of projects for which QP2 work was performed within the last 18 months including owner contact information and submit to the Assistant State Bridge Management Engineer a "Lead Abatement Affidavit" by 12:00 noon of the third day following the opening of bids. This form may be downloaded from:

http://www.ncdot.gov/projects/ncbridges/#stats

Twelve-month Observation Period - The Contractor maintains responsibility for the coating system for a twelve (12) month observation period beginning upon the satisfactory completion of all the work required in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The Contractor must guarantee the coating system under the payment and performance bond (refer to Article 109-10). To successfully complete the observation period, the coating system must meet the following requirements after twelve (12) months service:

- No visible rust, contamination or application defect is observed in any coated area.
- Painted surfaces have a uniform color and gloss.
- Painted surfaces have an adhesion that meets an ASTM D-3359, 3A rating.

¹ Successfully: All lead abatement work completed in accordance with contract specifications, free of citation from safety or environmental agencies. Lead abatement work shall include but not be limited to: abrasive blasting; waste handling, storage and disposal; worker safety during lead abatement activities (fall protection, PPE, etc.); and containment. This requirement is in addition to the contractor pre-qualification requirements covered by NCDOT Std. Specification, Section 102-2.

Final acceptance is made only after the paint system meets the above requirements.

Submittals - <u>All submittals must be submitted to the Engineer for review and approval prior to the preconstruction meeting:</u>

- Containment Drawings sealed by NC Professional Engineer
- Bridge Wash Water Sampling & Disposal Plan
- Sub-Contractor identification
- <u>Lighting Plan</u> for night work in accordance with Section 1413 of the *Standard Specifications*.
- Traffic Control Plan
 - a) NCDOT certified supervisors, flaggers and traffic control devices
- Health & Safety Plan²
 - a) ²Plan must address the minimum required topics as specified by the SSPC QP-1 and QP-2 program to also include hazard communication, respiratory health, emergency procedures, and local hospital and treatment facilities to include directions and phone numbers, disciplinary criteria for workers who violate the plan and accident investigation.
 - b) Contractor shall provide the Engineer a letter of certification that all employees performing work on the project have blood lead levels that are below the OSHA action level.
 - c) Competent Person qualifications and summary of work experience.
- Environmental Compliance Plan
- Quality Control Plan (Project Specific)
 - a) Quality control qualifications and summary of work experience
- Bridge and Public Protection Plan (Overspray, Utilities, etc. Project/Task Specific)
- Abrasive Blast Media
 - a) Product Data Sheet
 - b) Blast Media Test Reports in accordance with Article 1080-13 of the Standard Specification.
- Coating Material
 - a) NCDOT HICAMS Test Reports (testing performed by NCDOT Materials & Tests Unit).
 - b) Product Data Sheets
 - c) Material Safety Data Sheets
 - d) Product Specific Repair Procedures
 - e) Acceptance letters from paint manufacturer's for work practices that conflict with Project Special Provisions and or paint manufactures product data sheets.

Pre-Construction Meeting - Submittals shall be reviewed and be approved by the engineer prior to scheduling the Pre-Construction Meeting. The Contractor shall allow for a review process of no less than two (2) weeks.

When requesting a pre-construction meeting the Contractor must contact the Engineer at least 7 working days in advance of the desired pre-construction date. The contractor's project supervisor, competent

² SSPC QP-1 required minimum: Hazardous Materials, Personal Protective Equipment, General Health and Safety, Occupational Health and Environmental Controls, Personal Protective Equipment, Fire Protection and Prevention, Signs Signals, and Barricades, Materials Handling, Storage, Use, and Disposal, Hand and Power Tools, Welding and Cutting, Electrical, Scaffolds, Fall Protection, Cranes, Derricks, Hoists, Elevators, and Conveyors, Ladders, Toxic and Hazardous Substances, Airless Injection and HPWJ.

person, quality control personnel and certified traffic control supervisor shall be in attendance for the Pre-Construction meeting in order for the Contractor and DOT team to establish roles responsibilities for various personnel during project duration and to establish realistic timeframes for problem escalation.

Containment Plan - No work begins until the Contractor furnishes the Engineer with a containment plan for surface preparation and coating operations and the Engineer reviews and responds in writing about the acceptability of said plan. Allow a minimum of two weeks for review of the plan. Such plan must meet or exceed the requirements of Class <u>2A</u> containment in accordance with SSPC Guide 6. Enclosure drawings and loads supported by the structure must be prepared, signed and sealed by a Registered North Carolina Professional Engineer.

In the containment plan describe how debris is contained and collected. Describe the type of tarpaulin and bracing materials and the maximum designed wind load. Describe the dust collection system and how a negative pressure of 0.03 inches of water column is maintained inside the enclosure while blasting operations are being conducted. Describe how the airflow inside the containment structure is designed to meet all applicable OSHA Standards. Describe how water run-off from rain will be routed by or through the enclosure. Describe how wash water will be contained and paint chips separated. Describe what physical containment will be provided during painting application to protect the public and areas not to be painted.

Wash Water Sampling and Disposal Plan - No work begins until the Contractor furnishes the Engineer with a containment plan for surface preparation and coating operations and the Engineer reviews and approves in writing said plan. All wash water shall be collected and sampled prior to disposal. Representative sampling and testing methodology shall conform to 15A NCAC 02B.0103, "Analytical Procedures". Wash water shall be tested for pollutants listed in 15A NCAC 02B.0211 (3), 15A NCAC 02T.0505 (b) (1) and 15A NCAC 2T.0905 (h) (See link below for NCDOT Guidelines for Managing Bridge Wash Water). Depending on the test results, wash water disposal methods shall be described in the disposal plan. Wash water shall be disposed of in accordance with all current state and federal regulations.

http://www.ncdot.gov/projects/ncbridges/#stats

Waste Handling of Paint and Abrasives - The Contractor will comply with the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA – 40 CFR 261 - 265) and the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA - 29 CFR 1910 - 1926) regulations for employee training, and for the handling, storage, labeling, recordkeeping, reporting, inspections and disposal of all hazardous waste generated during paint removal.

A summary of Generator Requirements is available at the above NCDOT web link which cites the specific regulations for each Generator category. Quantities of waste by weight and dates of waste generation must be recorded. Waste stored at the project site must be properly labeled.

The North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources (NCDENR) have adopted RCRA as the North Carolina Hazardous Waste Management Rules and are responsible for enforcement. The "Hazardous Waste Compliance Manual for Generators of Hazardous Waste" is published by the Compliance Branch of the Division of Waste Management of NCDENR, and can be found at

http://portal.ncdenr.org/web/wm/hw/rules

The Contractor is required to maintain compliance with all Federal, State and local regulations. Failure to comply with the regulations could result in fines and loss of qualified status with NCDOT.

Use a company from the below list of approved waste management companies. Immediately after award of the contract, the Contractor arranges for waste containers, sampling and testing, transportation and disposal of all waste. No work begins until the Contractor furnishes the Engineer with a written waste disposal plan. Any alternative method for handling waste must be pre-approved by the Engineer.

Southern Logistics, Inc. – 312 Orville Wright Dr., Greensboro, NC 27409 (Ph. 336-662-0292) A&D Environmental – PO Box 484, High Point, NC 27261 (Ph. 336-434-7750) Poseidon Environmental Services, Inc. – 837 Boardman-Canfield Rd #209, Youngstown, OH (Ph. 330-726-1560) Clean Harbors Reidsville, LLC – 208 Watlington Industrial Drive, Reidsville, NC 27320 (Ph. 336-342-6106)

Waste and Wash Water Sampling - All removed paint and spent abrasive media shall be tested for lead following the SW-846 TCLP Method 1311 Extraction, as required in 40 CFR 261, Appendix 11, to determine whether it must be disposed of as hazardous waste. The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer certified test reports showing TCLP results and Iron analysis of the paint chips stored on site, with disposal being in accordance with "Flowchart on Lead Waste Identification and Disposal".

$http://portal.ncdenr.org/c/document_library/get_file?p_l_id=38491\&folderId=328599\&name=DLFE-9855.pdf$

The Competent Person shall obtain composite samples from each barrel of the wash water and waste generated by collecting two or more portions taken at regularly spaced intervals during accumulation. Composite the portions into one sample for testing purposes. Do not obtain portions of the composite sample from the very first or last part of the accumulation process. The sample(s) should be acquired after 10 percent or before 90 percent of the barrel has accumulated. Due to the difficulty of acquiring samples the intent is to provide samples that are representative of widely separated portions, but not the beginning and end of wash water or waste accumulation.

Perform sampling by passing a receptacle completely through the discharge stream, or by completely diverting the discharge into a sample container. If discharge of the wash water or waste is too rapid to divert the complete discharge stream, discharge into a container or transportation unit sufficiently large to accommodate and then accomplish the sampling in the same manner as given above.

Until test results are received, all waste shall be stored and labeled as "NCDOT Bridge Paint Removal Waste-Pending Analysis" and include the date generated and contact information for the Division HazMat Manager or Project Engineer. Waste containers shall be stored in an enclosed, sealed and

<u>secured storage container</u>. Once test results are received and characterized, waste shall be labeled as either "Hazardous Waste-Pending Disposal" or "Paint Waste-Pending Disposal".

Once the waste has been collected, and the quantity determined, the Contractor prepares the appropriate shipping documents and manifests and presents them to the Engineer. The Engineer will verify the type and quantity of waste and obtain a Provisional EPA ID number from the

NC Hazardous Waste Section North Carolina Department of Environment & Natural Resources 1646 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699 Phone (919) 508-8400 Fax (919) 715-4061

At the time of shipping the Engineer will sign, date and add the ID number in the appropriate section on the manifest. The maximum on-site storage time for collected waste shall be 90 days. All waste whether hazardous or non-hazardous will require numbered shipping manifests. The cost for waste disposal (including lab and Provisional EPA ID number) is included in the bid price for this contract. Note NC Hazardous Waste Management Rules (15A NCAC 13A) for more information. Provisional EPA ID numbers may be obtained at this link:

http://portal.ncdenr.org/web/wm/provisional-hw-notification-page

Testing labs shall be certified in accordance with North Carolina State Laboratory Public Health Environmental Sciences. List of certified laboratories may be obtained at this link:

http://slphreporting.ncpublichealth.com/EnvironmentalSciences/Certification/ CertifiedLaboratory.asp

All test results shall be documented on the lab analysis as follows:

- 1. For leachable lead
 - a. Soils/Solid/Liquid- EPA 1311/200.7/6010

All sampling shall be done in presence of the Engineer's representative.

Equipment Mobilization - The equipment used in any travel lanes and paved shoulder must be mobile equipment on wheels that has the ability to move on/off the roadway in less than 30 minutes. All work conducted in travel lanes must be from truck or trailer supported platforms and all equipment must be self-propelled or attached to a tow vehicle at all times.

Quality Control Inspector - The Contractor provides a quality control inspector in accordance with the SSPC QP guidelines to ensure that all processes, preparation, blasting and coating application are in accordance with the requirements of the contract. The inspector shall have written authority to perform QC duties to include continuous improvement of all QC internal procedures. The presence of the engineer or inspector at the work site shall in no way lessen the contractor's responsibility for conformity with the contract.

Quality Assurance Inspector_- The quality assurance inspector which may be a Department employee or a designated representative of the Department shall observe, document, assess and report that the Contractor is complying with all of the requirements of the contract. Inspectors employed by the Department are authorized to inspect all work performed and materials furnished. Such inspection may extend to all or any part of the work and to the preparation, fabrication or manufacture of the materials to be used. The inspector is not authorized to alter or waive the requirements of the contract. Each stage in preparing the structure to be coated which includes but not limited to washing, blasting, coating testing and inspection shall be inspected and approved by the Engineer or his authorized representative.

Subletting Of Contract - Only contractors certified to meet SSPC QP-2, Category A, and have successfully completed lead paint removal on all similar structures within 18 months prior to this bid are qualified for this work. Work is only sublet by approval of the Engineer.

Specifications - The *North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) Standard Specifications* for Roads and Structures dated January 2012; together with these Special Provisions apply to this project. Surface preparation and painting are performed in accordance with Section 442 except where otherwise noted in these Special Provisions. The Paint materials must meet the applicable materials specifications under Section 1080. Materials approvals are in accordance with 3.0 Materials of this Special Provision.

1.0 PREPARATION OF SURFACES:

- 1.1 Power washing Before any other surface preparation are conducted, all surfaces shall be power washed to remove dust, salts, dirt and other contaminants. All wash water shall be contained, collected and tested in accordance with the requirements of NCDOT Managing Bridge Wash Water specification. Under no circumstances will surface preparation or painting activities be started over cleaned surfaces until all surfaces are free of standing water and dry to the touch, and then only after approval by the Engineer.
- 1.2 Blasting is done with recyclable steel grit meeting the requirements of Article 1080-13. The profile must be between 1.0 and 3.0 mils when measured on a smooth steel surface. A minimum of two tests per beam/girder and two tests per span of diaphragms/cross bracing shall be conducted and documented.
- 1.3 Tarpaulins are spread over all pavements and surfaces underneath equipment utilized for abrasive recycling and other lead handling equipment or containers. This requirement shall be enforced during activity and inactivity of equipment.
- 1.4 Before the contractor departs from the work site at the end of the work day, all debris generated during surface preparation and all dust collector hoses, tarps, or other appurtenances containing blasting residue are collected in approved containers.
- 1.5 The Contractor cleans a three inch by three inch area at each structure to demonstrate the specified finish and the inspector preserves this area by covering it with tape, plastic or some other suitable means so that it can be retained as the DFT gage adjustment standard. An acceptable alternative is for the Contractor to provide a steel plate with similar properties and geometry as the substrate to be measured.
- 1.6 The contractor and or quality assurance representative shall notify the Engineer of any area of corroded steel which has lost more than 50% of its original thickness.

- 1.7 All parts of the bridges not to be painted, and the travelling public, shall be protected from overspray. The Contractor shall submit a plan to protect all parts of bridge that are not required to be painted, in addition to a plan to protect the traveling public and surrounding environment while applying all coats of paint to a structure.
- 1.8 Contractor must insure that chloride levels on the surfaces are 7 ug/cm² or lower using an acceptable sample method in accordance with SSPC Guide 15. The frequency of testing shall be 2 tests per span after all surface preparation has been completed and immediately prior to painting. Test areas selected shall represent the greatest amount of corrosion in the span as determined by the Engineers' representative.
- 1.9 All weld splatter, slag or other surface defects resulting in a raised surface above the final paint layer shall be removed prior to application of primer coat.

2.0 PAINTING OF STEEL:

Paint System 1, as specified in these special provisions and Section 442 of NCDOT's Standard Specifications, is to be used for this work. System 1 is an inorganic zinc primer, two coats acrylic paint and one stripe coat of acrylic paint over blast cleaned surfaces in accordance with SSPC-SP-10 (Near White Blast). Perform all mixing operations over an impervious surface with provisions to prevent runoff to grade of any spilled material. The contractor is responsible for reporting quantities of thinner purchased as well the amounts used. No container with thinner shall be left uncovered, when not in use.

Apply two inch (2") stripe coat by **BRUSH OR ROLLER ONLY** to all exposed edges of steel including fasteners before applying the finish coat. Locate the edge or corner in the approximate center of the paint stripe.

Any area where newly applied paint fails to meet the specifications must be repaired or replaced by the Contractor. The Engineer approves all repair processes before the repair is made. Repaired areas must meet the specifications. The Contractor applies an additional finish coat of paint to areas where the tape adhesion test is conducted.

3.0 MATERIALS:

Only paint suppliers that have a NCDOT qualified inorganic zinc primer may furnish paints for this project. All paints applied to a structure must be from the same supplier. Before any paints are applied the Contractor provides the Engineer a manufacturer's certification that each batch of paint meets the requirements of the applicable Section 1080 of the *Standard Specifications*.

The inspector randomly collects a one pint sample of each paint product used on the project. Additional samples may be collected as needed to verify compliance to the specifications.

Do not expose paint materials to rain, excessive condensation, long periods of direct sunlight, or temperatures above 110°F or below 40°F. In addition, the Contractor shall place a device which records the high, low and current temperatures inside the storage location. Follow the manufacturer's storage requirements if more restrictive than the above requirements.

4.0 INSPECTION:

Surface Preparation for System 1 shall be in accordance with SSPC SP-10. Any area(s) not meeting the requirements of SSPC SP 10 shall be remediated prior to application of coating. Surface inspection is considered ready for inspection when all blast abrasive, residue and dust is removed from surfaces to be coated.

Quality Assurance Inspection - The Contractor furnishes all necessary OSHA approved apparatus such as ladders, scaffolds and platforms as required for the inspector to have reasonable and safe access to all parts of the work. The contractor illuminates the surfaces to be inspected to a minimum of 50-foot candles of light. All access points shall be illuminated to a minimum of 20-foot candles of light.

NCDOT reserves the right for ongoing QA (Quality Assurance) inspection to include but not limited to surface contamination testing, adhesion pull testing and DFT readings as necessary to assure quality.

The Contractor informs the Engineer and the Division Safety Engineer of all scheduled and unannounced inspections from SSPC, OSHA, EPA and/or others that come on site and furnishes the Engineer a copy of all inspection reports except for reports performed by a third party and or consultant on behalf of the contractor.

Inspection Instruments - The Contractor furnishes at least the following calibrated instruments at site and conducts the quality control testing:

Sling Psychrometer - ASTM E337 - bulb type
Surface Temperature Thermometer
Wind Speed Indicator
Tape Profile Tester - ASTM D4417 Method C
Surface Condition Standards - SSPC VIS-1 and VIS-3
Wet Film Thickness Gage - ASTM D4414
Dry Film Thickness Gage - SSPC-PA2 Modified
Solvent Rub Test Kit - ASTM D4752
Adhesion Test Kit - ASTM D3359 Method A (Tape Test)
Adhesion Pull test - ASTM D4541
Surface Contamination Analysis Kit or (Chloride Level Test Kit)

The contractor maintains a daily quality control record in accordance with Article 442-13 of the *Standard Specifications* and such records must be available at the job site for review by the inspector and be submitted to the Engineer as directed. In addition to the information required on M&T-610, the Contractor shall submit all DFT readings as required by these Special Provisions on a form equivalent to M&T-611.

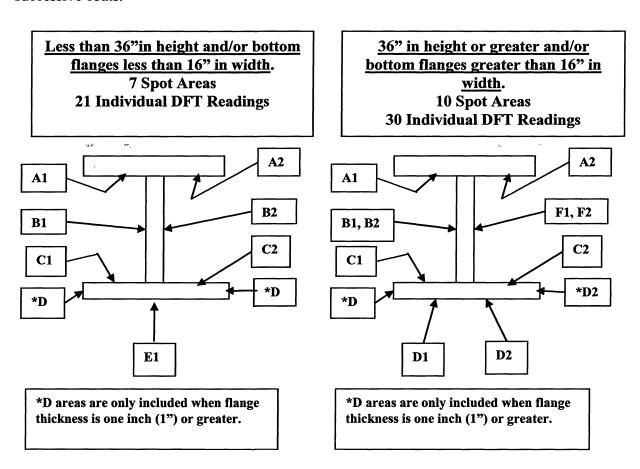
Dry film thickness is measured at each spot on the attached diagram and at the required number of locations as specified below:

- 1. For span members less than 45 feet; three random locations along each girder in each span.
- 2. For span members greater than 45 feet; add one additional location for each additional 10 feet in span length.

DFT measurements for the prime coat shall not be taken for record until the zinc primer has cured in accordance with ASTM D4752 (MEK Rub Test) with no less than a four resistance rating.

Stiffeners and other attachments to beams and or plate girders shall be measured at no less than five random spots per span. Also dry film thickness is measured at no less than six random spots per span on diaphragms/"K" frames.

Each spot is an average of three to five individual gage readings as defined in SSPC PA-2. No spot average shall be less than 80% of minimum DFT for each layer applied; this does not apply to stripe coat application. Spot readings that are non-conforming shall be re-accessed by performing additional spot measurements not to exceed one foot intervals on both sides of the low areas until acceptable spot averages are obtained. These non-conforming areas shall be corrected by the contractor prior to applying successive coats.



- A. Two random adhesion tests (1 test=3 dollies) per span are conducted on interior surfaces in accordance with ASTM D4541 (Adhesion Pull Test) after the prime coat has been properly cured in accordance with ASTM D4752 (MEK Rub Test) with no less than a 4 resistance rating, and will be touched up by the Contractor. The required minimum average adhesion is 400 psi.
- **B.** Cure of the intermediate and stripe coats shall be accessed by utilizing the thumb test in accordance with ASTM D1640 (Curing Formation Test) prior to the application of any successive layers of paint.
- C. One random Cut Tape adhesion test per span is conducted in accordance with ASTM D3359 (X-Cut Tape Test) on interior surface after the finish coat is cured. Repair areas shall be properly tapered and touched up by the Contractor.

5.0 SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE PLANS:

Personnel access boundaries are delineated for each work site using signs, tape, cones or other approved means. Submit copies of safety and environmental compliance plans that comply with SSPC QP-2 Certification requirements.

6.0 ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING:

Comply with Subarticle 442-14(B) of the Standard Specifications.

A "Competent Person³" is on site during all surface preparation activities and monitors the effectiveness of containment, dust collection systems and waste sampling. Before any work begins the Contractor provides a written summary of the responsible person's safety training.

Area sampling will be performed for the first two (2) days at each bridge location. The area sample will be located within five feet of the containment and where the highest probability of leakage will occur (access door, etc.). Results from the area sampling will be given to the Engineer within seventy-two (72) hours of sampling (excluding weekends) If the results of the samples exceed 20 ug/m³ corrective measures must be taken and monitoring will be continued until two consecutive samples come back less than 20 ug/m³.

Any visible emissions outside the containment enclosure or pump monitoring results exceeding the level of $30 \mu g/m^3$ TWA is justification to suspend the work.

Where schools, housing and/or buildings are within five hundred (500) feet of the containment, the Contractor shall perform initial TSP-Lead monitoring for the first ten (10) days of the project; during abrasive blasting, vacuuming and containment removal. Additional monitoring will be required during abrasive blasting two days per month thereafter. Results of the TSP monitoring at any location shall not exceed 1.5 ug/m³.

³ Competent Person as defined in OSHA 29 CFR 1926.62 is one who is capable of identifying existing and predictable hazards in the surroundings or working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous to employees, and who have authorization to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate them.

This project may involve lead and other toxic metals such as arsenic, cadmium and hexavalent chromium. It is the contractor's responsibility to test for toxic metals and if found, comply with the OSHA regulations, which may include medical testing.

7.0 HEALTH AND SAFETY RESPONSIBILITY:

Comply with Subarticle 442-14(D) of the *Standard Specifications*. Insure employee blood sampling test results are less than 50 micrograms per deciliter. Remove employees with a blood sampling test of 50 or more micrograms per deciliter from work activities involving any lead exposure.

An employee who has been removed with a blood level of 50 micrograms per deciliter or more shall have two consecutive blood sampling tests spaced one week apart indicating that the employee's blood lead level is at or below 40 micrograms per deciliter before returning to work activities involving any lead exposure.

Prior to blasting operations the Contractor shall have an operational OSHA approved hand wash station at each bridge location and a decontamination trailer at each bridge or between bridges unless the work is on the roadway, or the contractor can show reason why it is not feasible to do so in which the Contractor will provide an alternative site as approved by the Engineer. The contractor shall assure that all employees whose airborne exposure to lead is above the PEL shall shower at the end of their work shift.

All OSHA recordable accidents that occur during the project duration are to be reported to the Engineer within twenty four (24) hours of occurrence. In addition, for accidents that involve civilians and or property damage that occur within the work zone the Division Safety Engineer shall be notified immediately.

8.0 STORAGE OF PAINT AND EQUIPMENT:

The Prime Contractor provides a location for materials, equipment and waste storage. <u>Tarpaulins are spread over all pavements and surfaces underneath equipment utilized for abrasive recycling and other lead handling equipment or containers</u>. All land and or lease agreements that involve private property shall disclose to the property owner that lead and other heavy metals may be present on the Contractor's equipment. Prior to storing the Contractor's equipment on private property the Engineer shall receive a notarized written consent signed by the land owner submitted at least forty-eight (48) prior to using property. All storage of paint, solvents and other materials applied to structures shall be stored in accordance with Section 442 of the Specifications or manufacturers' requirements. The more restrictive requirements will apply.

9.0 UTILITIES:

The Contractor protects all utility lines or mains which may be supported on, under, or adjacent to bridge work sites from damage and paint over-spray.

10.0 PAYMENT:

The cost of inspection, surface preparation and repainting the existing structure is included in the lump sum price bid for *Cleaning and Repainting of Bridge* #____. This price is full compensation for furnishing all inspection equipment, all paint, cleaning abrasives, cleaning solvents and all other materials; preparing and cleaning surfaces to be painted; applying paint in the field; protecting work, traffic and property; and furnishing blast cleaning equipment, paint spraying equipment, brushes, rollers and any other hand or power tools and any other equipment; containment, handling and disposal of debris and wash water, all personal protective equipment, and all personal hygiene requirements.

Pollution Control will be paid for at the contract lump sum price which price will be full compensation for all collection, handling, storage, air monitoring, and disposal of debris and wash water, all personal protective equipment, and all personal hygiene requirements, and all equipment, material and labor necessary to fully contain the blast debris; daily collection of the blast debris into specified containers; and any measures necessary to ensure conformance to all safety and environments regulations as directed by the Engineer.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitCleaning and Repainting of Bridge #___Lump SumPollution ControlLump Sum

DESCRIPTION OF BRIDGES

Bridge #322: The bridge was built in 1968 and carries I-240 EB over the French Broad River, Westgate Parkway Drive, Emma Road, Riverside Drive and Norfolk Southern Railroad in Asheville, NC. The bridge has an overall length of 1,315 feet and consists of 11 simple and continuous steel spans with 7 lines of W33 I-Beams and tapered 72" plate girders. The bridge has an out to out deck width of 57'-6". The minimum vertical clearance is 22'-6" for Westgate Parkway, 65' for Emma Road, 70' for Riverside Drive and 55' for Norfolk Southern Railroad. The existing paint system is aluminum over red lead, and the estimated area to be cleaned and painted is 204,680 sq. ft.

Bridge #323: The bridge was built in 1950 and carries I-240 WB over the French Broad River, Westgate Parkway Drive, Emma Road, Riverside Drive and Norfolk Southern Railroad in Asheville, NC. The bridge has an overall length of 1,227 feet and consists of 3 spans of concrete beams and 7 continuous steel spans with 3 lines of 72" plate girders with floor beams. The bridge has an out to out deck width of 59'-6". The minimum vertical clearance is 21'-1" for Westgate Parkway, 63' for Emma Road, 71' for Riverside Drive and 58' for Norfolk Southern Railroad. The existing paint system is aluminum over Alkyd, and the estimated area to be cleaned and painted is 188,875 sq. ft.

Paints on all bridges (regardless of color), contain red lead and other hazardous constituents. All cleaning and surface preparation activities must prevent dispersion of debris into the environment.

Surface area shown is approximate and may vary from the actual quantity to be painted. The Contractor is responsible for determining the actual area to be painted.