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C202622 CONTRACT:

DRAWN RY:

C. A. Dunnagan

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF H

GEOTECHNICAL UNIT

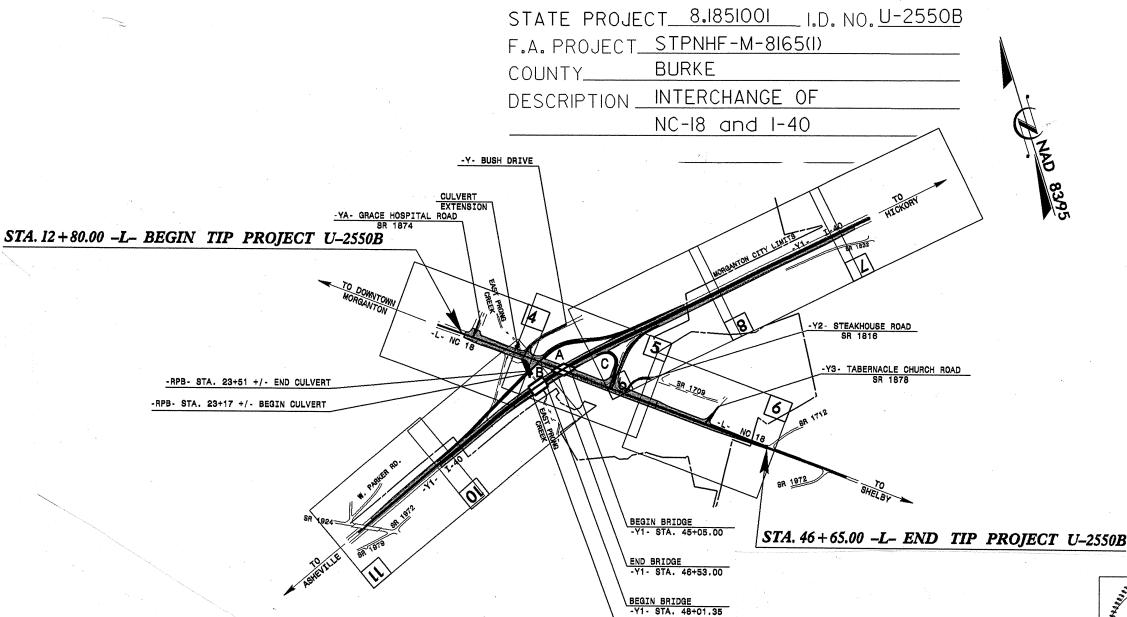
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FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION



\LND BRIDGE -Y1- STA. 49+73.35

N.CU-2550B STATE PROLNO 34831.1.1 STPNHF-M-8165(1 34831.2.4 STPNHF-0018(13) RW, UTIL. STPNHF-0018(11) CONST.

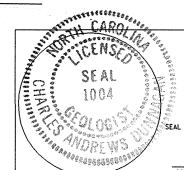
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THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PLOPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY ON ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

INVESTIGATED BY C A Dunnagan PERSONNEL T B Daniel W D Frye E A Smith L E Lankford W D Frye April2003



NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

	10	STATE PROJECT	NO.	SHEET	NO.	TOTAL	SHEETS		
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SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	POCY DESCRIPTION	TEPMC AND DEFINITIONS
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS	WELL CRADED- INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE UNIFORM- INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO	ROCK DESCRIPTION HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WHEN TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS WHICH HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.
WHICH CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND WHICH YIELDS LESS THAN	POORLY GRADED	ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.	AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.
100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO 1206, ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM AND BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE:	CAP-GRADED- INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES. ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK.	ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.
CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE:	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS ARE DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS; ANGULAR,	ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLOWS:	ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS,
VERY STIFF, GRAY SULY CLAY, WOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAVERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6	SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER FOOT.	OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION	CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT	AT WHICH IS IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS (\(\delta 5 \times \text{PASSING *200} \) (\(\delta 5 \times \text{PASSING *200} \) (\(\delta 5 \times \text{PASSING *200} \)	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS OUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	ROCK (CR) WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.	GROUND SURFACE. CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS WHICH CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
GROUP A-I A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-I, A-2 A-4, A-5	COMPRESSIBILITY	NON-CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM
CLASS. A-1-a A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-7-6 A-3 A-6, A-7	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 30 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT 31-50	INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.	OF SLOPE.
SYMBOL 000000000000000000000000000000000000	HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50	SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL, ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
7. PASSING ** 10 50 MX GRANULAR SILT- MUCK,	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	(CP) SHELL BEDS, ETC. WEATHERING	DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT
# 40 30 MX50 MX51 MN SOILS CALC PEAT	ORGANIC MATERIAL GRANULAR SILT- CLAY SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER	ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK,
* 200 15 MX 25 MX 10 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10% LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20%	HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.	<u>DIP</u> - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.
LIQUID LIMIT 440 MX 41 MN 440 MX 41 MN 440 MX 41 MN 440 MX 41 MN SOILS WITH PLASTIC INDEX 6 MX N.P. 110 MX 110 MX 111 MN 11 MX 110 MX 110 MX 111 MN 11 MN 11 TT I F OR	MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35%	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, (V. SLIJ) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF
GROUP INDEX 0 0 0 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX No MX MODERATE ORGANIC	HIGHLY ORGANIC >10% >20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE GROUND WATER	OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE
USIAL TYPES STANE FRACE	WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING.	SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO (SLI,) I INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY, IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR	SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
OF MAJOR ORAYEL AND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS SOILS MATTER	STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS.	CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.
GEN, RATING . FOIR TO	VPW PEDCHED WATER SATURATED TONE OR WATER READING STRATA	MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS, IN (MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY, ROCK HAS	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM
AS A EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITABLE		DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED	PARENT MATERIAL. FLOOD PLAIN (F.P.) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY
P.I. OF A-7-5 ≤ L.L 30 : P.I. OF A-7-6 > L.L 30	SPRING OR SEEPAGE	WITH FRESH ROCK. MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL	THE STREAM:
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS RANGE OF STANDARD RANGE OF UNCONFINED	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION, ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH (MOD. SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK.	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION ROADWAY EMBANKMENT WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION RESIDANCIANS	(MOU. SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A DEDUCUTIST'S PICK, ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK, IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
VERY LOOSE	COTI CYMPOL ALICER PORTNIC	SEVERE ALL ROCKS EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED (SEV.) IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL, IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME	LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO
GRANULAR MEDIUM DENSE 4 TO 10	SOIL SYMBOL AUGER BORING S- BULK SAMPLE	EXTENT, SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN,	ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
MATERIAL DENSE 10 TO 30 (NON-COHESIVE) DENSE 30 TO 50	ARTIFICIAL FILL OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENTS CORE BORING SS- SPLIT SPOON SAMPLE	IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF VERY SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN
VERY DENSE >50	ST- SHELBY TUBE	(V. SEV.) THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK	SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.
VERY SOFT <2 <0.25 GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.5	MONITORING WELL SAMPLE RS- ROCK SAMPLE RS- ROCK SAMPLE	REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1	A PIEZUMETER	COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	RESIDUAL SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
(COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4	SLOPE INDICATOR TRIAXIAL SAMPLE	SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS, QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS, SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (R.Q.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY: TOTAL LENGTH OF
HARD >30 >4	25/025 DIP/DIP DIRECTION OF INSTALLATION CBR - CBR SAMPLE ROCK STRUCTURES	ROCK HARDNESS	ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	SPT N-VALUE	VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES	SAPPOLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL WHICH RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270 OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.0 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	● - SOUNDING ROD REF—— SPT REFUSAL	SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGISTS PICK.	PARENT ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND
POULDED CORRIE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SUIT CLAY	ABBREVIATIONS	HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, WHICH HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL SAND SAND SLT CLAY SAND (CD.) (CSE. SD.) (F. SD.) (SL.) (CL.)	AR - AUGER REFUSAL PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST BT - BORING TERMINATED SD SAND, SANDY	MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE	TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005	CL CLAY SL SILT, SILTY	HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGISTS PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.	SLIP PLANE.
SIZE IN. 12' 3'	CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST SLI SLIGHTLY CSE COARSE TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL	MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR B.P.F.) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	DMT - DILATOMETER TEST	HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGISTS PICK.	A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PENETRATION
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	e - VOID RATIO	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK, CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS	WITH 60 BLOWS. STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY	F. FINE W - MOISTURE CONTENT FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS V VERY	FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.	OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
(SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	EDAG EDAGTUDED VOT VALUE OUTAR TEGT	VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE, CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES 1 INCH	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (S.R.Q.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY: TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE
PLASTIC SEMISON ID-PEONIPES DRVING TO	MED MEDIUM	SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE, CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.	TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
RANGE - WET - (W) SEMISULIU; REUDIRES DRYING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING	TOPSOIL (T.S.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
PLL + PLHSTIC CIMIT	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE:	TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS VERY THICKLY BEDDED > 4 FEET	BENCH MARK:
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	CLAY PLTS X AUTOMATIC MANUAL	WIDE MURE HAN 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET	ELEVATION
SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT	- I MOBILE B	MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET	ELEVATION:
REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO - DRY - (D) ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	DV-E1	CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FEET VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET	NOTES:
PLASTICITY	A 8' HULLUW AUGERS	INDURATION (0.008 FEET	
PLASTICITY INDEX (PD DRY STRENGTH	V	FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	
NONPLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW	X CMF-550	FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS;	
LOW PLASTICITY	CASING W/ ADVANCER HAND TOOLS:	GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
HIGH PLASTICITY 26 OR MORE HIGH	PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH POST HOLE DIGGER	MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	[.
COLOR	OTHER TRICONE TUNG,-CARB. HAND AUGER SOUNDING ROD	INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE;	
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YEL-BRN, BLUE-GRAY)	VANE SHEAR TEST	DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	OTHER OTHER OTHER OTHER	EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	
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STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

MICHAEL F. EASLEY GOVERNOR

LYNDO TIPPETT SECRETARY

April 2003

STATE PROJECT: 8.1851001 (U-2550B)

F. A. PROJECT:

STPNHF-M-8165(1) Burke

COUNTY: **DESCRIPTION:**

NC-18 and I-40 Interchange

SUBJECT:

Geotechnical Report – Inventory

This project is located in central Burke County, south of downtown Morganton. Proposed is the upgrade of the interchange between NC-18 and I-40. This consists primarily of widening the existing ramps and loops, as well as lowering the grade of Line -L- (NC-18). The only relocation proposed is that of Ramp -B-. This will align Ramp -B- with Ramp -A-. At a later date, the bridges carrying the Interstate (-Y1-) over NC-18 are to be widened.

The subsurface investigation was conducted with a CME-550 drill machine and 8-inch hollowstem augers. Standard Penetration Tests (SPT) were performed at intervals of five feet, and soil samples were obtained and tested for quality.

Physiology, Land Use and Surface Drainage

The project is located in the Inner Piedmont Belt, over gently rolling terrain. The land is used for light commercial purposes; primarily restaurants and secondarily gas stations. Surface drainage is provided by the creek that flows northwest across the project corridor. This creek is approximately 10.0 feet wide with a sand floor.

Geology and Rock Characteristics

The rocks underlying this project are intrusives, Cambrian to Ordovician in age. These rocks are migmatites of granitic composition. Within the project corridor, they are exposed in the existing cut, left of Ramp -A-. The outcrops in this cut are sporadic. The rocks themselves are

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TELEPHONE: 919-250-4088 FAX: 919-250-4237

WEBSITE: WWW.DOH.DOT.STATE.NC.US

LOCATION: CENTURY CENTER COMPLEX 1020 BIRCH RIDGE DRIVE moderately hard, moderately severe to moderately weathered and extremely to moderately fractured.

Areas of Geotechnical Interest

(1) A creek crosses the project at the following locations:

-L- Station 18+50 -RPB- Station 19+70 -L1- Station 32+55

(2) <u>Underground Storage Tanks</u> (UST)

No UST's were noted within the project corridor. However, several stations and oil companies are located adjacent to the project. The possibility of contaminates within construction limits does exist.

A spring was noted, approximately 50.0 feet right of -L- Station 22+00. This location coincides with the juncture of the embankments for NC-18 (-L-) and I-40 (-Y1-). This may be an ephemeral spring, appearing only in times of precipitation.

Geotechnical Descriptive Analysis of the Project

Fill materials were encountered in several borings throughout the project. These were probably emplaced during the original highway construction. They consist of loose silty sand with clay, and are less than 10.0 feet thick.

Colluvium is present sporadically across the site, in the more upland areas. The colluvium strongly resembles the fill material: red-brown silty sand with clay and occasional gravel. This horizon yielded -N- values of 4, and is 5.0 feet (or less) in thickness.

Alluvium was encountered in the two borings advanced for Ramp B. This layer is less than 10.0 feet thick, and contains layers of silty sands and sandy silts. The boring at Ramp B Station 18+00 encountered alluvium composed of silty clay. This material has densities ranging from very soft to medium stiff, and contains moderate amounts of mica. The boring at Ramp B Station 19+50 encountered alluvium composed of loose silty sand.

Residual soils were found at a couple of sites. These soils are made of loose, red-brown silty sand, and contain varying amounts of quartz fragments. An occasional residual silty clay soil is present across the project. These soils have -N- values of approximately 10 blows-per-foot (bpf).

Saprolite was encountered in all but one of the borings. The saprolite is composed of loose to dense silty sand with interlayers of sandy silt. A horizon of silty clay saprolite was encountered in the borings left of -L- Station 35+00 and left of Ramp C Station 13+90. At -L- Station 35+00, the clay had an -N- value of 64 bpf. At Ramp C Station 13+90, the -N- value was 10 bpf. Mica is present in moderate amounts. Weathered rock was found underlying the saprolite in several borings. The contact between the weathered rock and the saprolite is sharp.

As mentioned above, rock is exposed in a very limited area. These outcrops occur sporadically in the existing cut, left of approximate Ramp-A Station interval 17+00 to 18+00. The rock is extremely to moderately fractured, and moderately severe to moderately weathered. An SPT boring was advanced 60.0 feet left of Ramp-A Station 16+85. Material with -N- values greater than 100 were reached by 6.5 feet, but the boring was taken to 22.7 feet without encountering hard, crystalline rock.

Static groundwater was found in only one boring. At -L- Station 23+50, 35.0 feet LT, static water level was measured at 9.7 feet. At Ramp-B Station 19+50, water was measured in the hole immediately after drilling at 5.0 feet. However, after 24 hours the hole was found to be dry.

Respectfully Submitted,

C. A. Dunnagan, TEG-III

CAD:mw

EARTHWORK BALANCE SHEET

Volumes in Cubic Yards

PROJECT

TIP#

U-2550B

COUNTY Burke

DATE 10/25/2010

SHEET 1 OF 3 SHEETS

3/13

·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	TOTAL												·	·
LINE	STATION STATION	EXCAV.	ROCK	UNDERCUT	UNSUIT.	SUITABLE	TOTAL	ROCK	UNDERCU	I EARTH	EMBANK.	BORROW	SUITABLE	UNSUIT.	TOTAL
		(UNCL.)	EXCAV.	EXCAV.	EXCAV.	EXCAV.	ЕМВ.	EMB.	EMB.	EMB.	15%		WASTE	WASTE	WASTE
-Y1- (I-40) D	-Y1- (I-40) DET. CONST. PHASE 1														,
	TWB & DETRPA OUTSIDE		•												
-Y1-	31+50.00 45+27.58	568		0	0	568	15878		0	15878	18260	17692	0	0	0
	MEDIAN														
-Y1-	35+14.74 40+00	480		0	0	480	4		0	4	5	0	475	0	475
	DETEB													·	
-Y1-	40+00.00 44+21.68	120		0	0	120	48		0	48	55	0	65	0	65
	DETWB	1405				1405	410			110	101		1001		4004
-Y1-	39+84 45+51 DET BRG 47+32 DET BRG 55+13.94	1485 324		0	0	1485 324	418 18193		0	418 18193	481 20922	20598	1004	0	1004
-Y1-	47+32 DET BRG 55+13.94 DETEB & MEDIAN	324		U ·	U	324	18193		ļ	18193	20922	20398	0	0	0
-Y1-	49+09.32 58+56.33	579		0	0	579	18		0	18	21	0	558	0	558
	DETLPC LEFT	3,7				377	10			10			330		330
-DETLPC-	11+49.01 13+00.00	81		0	0	81	0		0	0	0	0	81	0	81
DDIDIO	DETLPC RIGHT														
-DETLPC-	11+49.01 13+00.00	20		0	0.	20	2		0	2	2	0	18	0	18
	DETRPB							•		-					
-Y1-	52+70.61 55+93.89	1737		0	0	1737	45		0	45	52	0	1685 .	0	1685
	OUT WBL & RPB														
Y1	55+93.89 71+00.00	20194		0	0	20194	46		0	46	53	0	20141	0	20141
	SUBTOTAL	25588		0	0	25588	34652	0	0	34652	39851	38290	24027	0	24027
U	SE WASTE IN LIEU OF BORROW											-24027	-24027		-24027
	PHASE 1 TOTAL	25588		0	0	25588	34652	0	0	34652	39851	14263	0		0
-Y1- (I-40) Di	ET. 2 CONST. PHASE 2				-								·		
DETE	EB2 & DETWB2 & DET2LPC				·····					-					
-Y1-	37+50 45+16.20 (WALL)	818		0	0	818	1079		0	1079	1241	423	0	0	0
	45+95.87 (WALL) 48+01.35(BRDG)	0		0	0	0	7782		0	7782	8949	8949	0	0	0
-Y1-	49+73.35(BRDG) 52+00	0		0	0 .	0	3819		0	3819	4392	4392	0	0	0
·	DETEB2 OUTSIDE				,	7									tag wax o ge words
-Y1-	52+00 60+30.23	375	-	0	123 0 1	291 375	: 1123	tin O	0	1123	1291	916	0	range of the contraction of the	entral production of the second secon
	DETWB2	-	Service and a service of the School of a service of		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	**************************************		,							- Agricultural
-Y1-	52+00 52+17.22	0	-	0	0	0.	5		0	5	6	6	0	0	0
	DET2LPC			· ·		į.									
-DET2LPC-	10+35.82 11+36.90	13	1	0	. 0	13	31		0	31	36	23	0	0	0
	PHASE 2 TOTAL	1206	:	i) 0 :	44.00 j	1206	13839		0	13839	15915	14709	0	0	0

EARTHWORK BALANCE SHEET

Volumes in Cubic Yards

PROJECT

TIP#

U-2550B

COUNTY Burke

DATE 10/25/2010

SHEET 2 OF 3 SHEETS

34/13

		1.	TOTAL													
LINE	STATION	STATION	EXCAV.	ROCK	UNDERCUT	UNSUIT.	SUITABLE	TOTAL	ROCK	UNDERCUT	EARTH	EMBANK.	BORROW	SUITABLE	UNSUIT.	TOTAL
			(UNCL.)	EXCAV.	EXCAV.	EXCAV.	EXCAV.	ЕМВ.	EMB.	EMB.	ЕМВ.	15%		WASTE	WASTE	WASTE
-L- (NC 18)	CONST.															
	-L- LEFT															
-L-	14+42	20+00	416		0		416	798		0	798	918	502	0	0	0
-L-	27+50	42+95	10460		0	٠,	10460	2125		0	2125	2444	0	8016	00	8016
	-L- RIGHT	'					,									
-L-	13+00	20+00	2193		0		2193	2966		0	2966	3411	1218	0	0	0
-L-	27+50	46+65	1094		0		1094	7457		0	- 7457	8576	7482	0	0	0
	-L- FOR TURF IS															
-L-	17+65	19+00	21		0		- 21	4		0.	4	5	0	16	0	16
-L-	29+71	34+50	76		0		76	58		0	58	67	0	9 .	0	9
ļ	-L- FULL WID		0171	` .			0171	6021			(001	6024		22.47		22.47
-L-	20+00	27+50	9171		0		9171	6021		0	6021	6924	0	2247	0	2247
		NST. SUBTOTAL	23431	,	0		23431	19429		0	19429	22345	9202	10288	0	10288
	USE WASTE IN L												-9202	-9202		-9202
	-1	L- CONST. TOTAL	23431		0		23431	19429		0	19429	22345	0	1086	0 .	1086
		•		`								***				
-Y1- (I-40)	FINAL PHASE															
	-Y1- OUTSIDE	EBL														
-Y1-	12+00	44+31.32 BRG	10731		0		10731	2769		0	2769	3184	0	7547	0	7547
-Y1	56+24 END SBG	62+00	2551		0		2551	4		0	4	5	0	2546	0	2546
	MED & WBL &	: RPB														
-Y1-	31+50	45+22.47 BRG	1511		0		1511	2206		0	2206	2537	1026	0	0	0
-Y1-	46+91.81 BRG	48+01.35 BRG	984		0		984	1714		0	1714	1971	987	0	0	0
-Y1-	49+73.35 BRG	56+00	5505		, O		5505	7967		0	7967	9162	3657	. 0	0	0
	MED ONLY	?	-													
-Y1-	56+00	62+00	468		0		468	0		0	0	0	0	468	0	468
	RPB															
-Y1-	48+50	50+00	1309		0		1309	4414	,	0	4414	5076	3767	0	0	0
	RPA RIGHT		70 mg		·			11							in the state of th	
-RPA-	18+58.89 SBG RT	21+14	3.1:		0 0	000 4	140 31 -	4037		0	4037	4643	4612	0	0	0
2 2	RPA LEFT		1													
-RPA-	15+74.06	21+14	534		0		534	195	2112	0	195	224	0	310	0	310
	RPA FULL WII	DTH														
-RPA-	21+14	22+38	289		0		289	3009		0	3009	3460	3171	0	0	0
-Y1 (I-40)	FINAL PHASE SH	EET SUBTOTAL	23913		. 0		23913	26315	1.121.12	0	26315	30262	17220	10871	0	10871

* EARTHWORK QUANTITIES ARE CALCULATED BY THE ROADWAY DESIGN UNIT. THESE EARTHWORK QUANTITIES ARE BASED IN PART ON SUBSURFACE DATA PROVIDED

BY THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT.

EARTHWORK BALANCE SHEET

Volumes in Cubic Yards

PROJECT TIP# U-2550B

COUNTY Burke

DATE _10/25/2010

SHEET 3 OF 3 SHEETS 33/13

LINE STATION STATION	TOTAL EXCAV. (UNCL.)	ROCK EXCAV.	UNDERCUT EXCAV.	UNSUIT.	SUITABLE EXCAV.	}1	ROCK	UNDERCUT	EARTH EMB.	EMBANK.	BORROW	SUITABLE WASTE	UNSUIT.	TOTAL WASTE
-Y1- (I-40) FINAL PHASE contd.	2.27 g	Traph Allis	4 PHASE cand		11	:							, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	WASIE
RPC			5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	The Control of the Co	(C)				, , ,					
-RPC- 12+84.20 18+00	2427		1345440;	200 H-8400	2427747	3009		0	3009	3460	1033	0	0 141/36	0
BETWEEN RPC & LPC	# 14 1 2 4 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	to the second	Ville Hills &	ANG TER	. Agr			ray years design				i		:
-RPC- 16+00.00 18+00.00	34		Learning CO.		34	0		0	0	0	0	34	0	34
LPC RIGHT														J.,
-RPC- 15+71.69 18+00	287	·	0		287	102	~	0	102	117	0	170 .	0	170
LPC						-	:							
-LPC- 11+46.12 12+50	262		0		262	3 ·		0	3	3	0	259	0	259
-Y1-(I-40) FINAL PHASE SHEET SUBTOTAL	3010		0		3010	3114		0	3114	3580	1033	463	0	463
									3111	3300	1033	103	V	403
-Y1- (I-40) FINAL PHASE SUBTOTAL	26923		0		26923	29429		0	29429	33842	18253	11334	0	11334
USE WASTE IN LIEU OF BORROW									27.27	33012	-11334	-11334	U	-11334
-Y1- (I-40) FINAL PHASE TOTAL	26923		0		26923	29429		0	29429	33842	6919	0	0	0
														- V
											,	·		
PROJECT SUBTOTAL	77148		0		77148	97349		0	97349	111953	35891	1086	0	1086
SHOULDER CONSTRUCTION						7600		· .	7(00	9740	9740			
LOSS DUE TO CLEARING & GRUBBING	-10				-10	7000			7600	8740	8740			
					-10						10		-	
PROJECT TOTAL	55120													
PROJECT TOTAL	77138	.	0		77138	104949		0	104949	120693	44641	1086	0	1086
EST 5% TO REPLACE TOP SOIL ON BORROW							,				2232			
PIT				` .										
GRAND TOTAL	77138						· ·				46873			1086
SAV	77300													
SAY	77200				`						47000			
SHALLOW UNDERCUT: 825 CY														
UNDERCUT: 250 CY		•												
EADTHWODK OHANTITIES ADE CAL	L_`	<u> </u>												

^{*} EARTHWORK QUANTITIES ARE CALCULATED BY THE ROADWAY DESIGN UNIT. THESE EARTHWORK QUANTITIES ARE BASED IN PART ON SUBSURFACE DATA PROVIDED U25BY LATHER GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT.

