NOTE: SEE SHEET IA FOR PLAN SHEET LAYOUT AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION

CONTENTS

STATION 13+39 TO 25+08 SOIL SAMPLES

PLAN PROFILE XSECT

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

ROADWAY SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. 33551.1.1 (B-4204)

COUNTY MONTGOMERY

PROJECT DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 28 ON NC 109 OVER

ROCK CREEK

INVENTORY

N.C. B-4204 STATE PROLNO P. A. PROJ. NO. 33551.1.1 BRSTP-109 (10) BRSTP-109 (10) R/W+UTIL. BRSTP-109 (10)

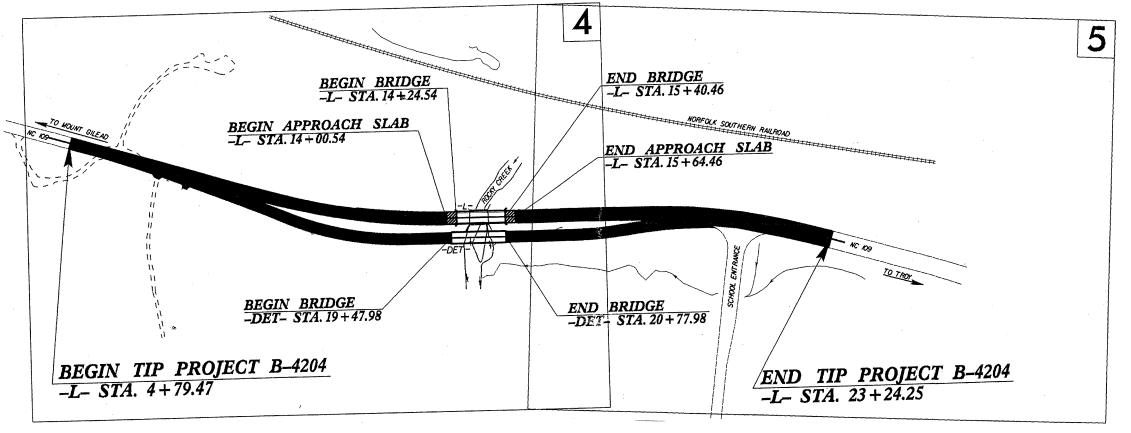
CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNIC, AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FELD BORNIO LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIOH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, CEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT 1919 250-4088. NEITHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS. NOR THE FIELD BORING LOGS. ROCK CORES, OR SOIL TEST DATA ARE PART OF THE CONTRACT.

CENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIÉS ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSUMFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSUMFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE, THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA MOT THE IN STUTU IN-PLACED TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSUMFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PERCHETATION, AND WIND AS WELL AS COTTER NON-CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PERCHETATION, AND WIND AS WELL AS COTTER NON-CLIMATIC CACTORS TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION, AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUSSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY 'AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE RECOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.





PERSONNEL

RW TODD ML SMITH

AC SMITH

INVESTIGATED BY JP ROGERS CB LITTLE

SUBMITTED BY CB LITTLE

08/07

NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IT IS CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS. SPECIFICATIONS. OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

DRAWN BY: JP ROGERS

C20232

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA SHEBT TOTAL SHEETS N.C. B-4204 DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS STATE PROLNO. P, A, PROJ, NO. DESCRIPTION 33551.1.1 BRSTP-109 (10) MONTGOMERY COUNTY END PROJECT BRIDGE NO. 28 LOCATION: BRIDGE NO. 28 ON NC 109 OVER ROCKY CREEK REVISED 25% PLANS TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, DRAINAGE, PAVING AND STRUCTURE BEGIN PROJECT VICINITY MAP OIE (THIS PROJECT IS NOT INCLUDED WITHIN ANY MUNICIPAL BOUNDARIES) DESIGN EXCEPTION REQUIRED FOR VERTICAL ALIGNMENT AND VERTICAL STOPPING SIGHT DISTANCE. BEGIN BRIDGE END BRIDGE -L- STA. 14 + 25.00 -L- STA. 15 + 40.00MORFOLK SOUTHERN RAUROAD BEGIN APPROACH SLAB -L-STA.14+01.00END APPROACH SLAB -L- STA. 15 + 64.00 BEGIN BRIDGE END BRIDGE -DET-STA. 19 + 63.00-DET + STA. 20 + 48.00BEGIN TIP PROJECT B-4204
-L- STA. 4+79.37 END TIP PROJECT B-4204 -L- STA. 23 + 24.25 INCOMPLETE PLANS NCDOT CONTACT: CATHY HOUSER, P.E. PRELIMINARY PLANS CLEARING ON THIS PROJECT SHALL BE PERFORMED ROADWAY DESIGN-ENGINEERING COORDINATION TO THE LIMITS ESTABLISHED BY METHOD HYDRAULICS ENGINEER DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GRAPHIC SCALES DESIGN DATA PROJECT LENGTH THE LPA GROUP of North Carolina, p.a. 5000 Falls of Neuse Rd., Suite 304 ADT 2008 = 8,060GROUP Raleigh, North Carolina 27609 ADT 2028 = 13,100Length Roadway Tip Project B-4204 = 0.327 Miles 2006 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS DHV = 12 %Length Structure Tip Project B-4204 = 0.022 Miles D = 60 %

RIGHT OF WAY DATE:

LETTING DATE:

APRIL 21, 2009

APRIL 18, 2008

Jennifer D. Farino, P.E.

Jody L. Cole

ROADWAY DESIGN

ENGINEER

P.E.

Total Length Tip Project B-4204 = 0.349 Miles

T = 7 % *

**V = 60 MPH

* TTST 4% DUAL 3%

FUNC. _ RURAL MAJOR

PROFILE (HORIZONTAL)

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

	SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND,	ERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS	
SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS	<u>MELL GRADED</u> - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE, <u>UNIFORM</u> - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL,	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.
THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO 1206, ASTM D-1586), SOIL	POORLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.	SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE	AOUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.
CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM, BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	OF WEATHERED ROCK.	ARENACEDUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE:	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR.	ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS: WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIFLD SPT N VALUES > 1000	ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.
VERY STIFF, GRAY, SATY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6	SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED,	WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 ROCK (WR) BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION	CRYSTALLINE RDCK (CR) FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE,	AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS CLASS. (≤ 35% PASSING *200) (> 35% PASSING *200)	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	ROCK (CR) WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.	CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5	COMPRESSIBILITY	NON-CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YELLD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED, ROCK TYPE	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM
CLASS. A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-7-5 A-3 A-6, A-7	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 31	INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.	OF SLOPE.
SYMBOL 000000000000000000000000000000000000	MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT EQUAL TO 31-50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50	COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
Z PASSING SILT-	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	(CP) SHELL BEDS, ETC. WEATHERING	DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT
GRANULAR CLAY PEAT	ORGANIC MATERIAL GRANULAR SILT - CLAY SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL		ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.
# 200 15 MX 25 MX 10 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.	DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.
LIQUID LIMIT 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN SOILS WITH	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20% MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35%	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN,	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF
PLASTIC INDEX 6 MX NP 18 MX 18 MX 11 MN 11 MN 18 MX 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN LITTLE OR HIGHLY	HIGHLY DRGANIC >10% >20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE	(Y SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.
GROUP INDEX 0 0 0 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX No MX MODERATE AMOUNTS OF SOILS		SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE
OSCILITY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY ORGANIC	water level in bore hole immediately after drilling	(SLI.) 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR	SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
MATERIALS SAND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SULS SULS	STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS	CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS. MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS, IN	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM
GEN_RATING AS A EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITAGE	PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA	(MOD,) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY, ROCK HAS	PARENT MATERIAL.
SUBGRADE POOR POOR	SPRING OR SEEP	DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30		MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL	THE STREAM.
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS RANGE OF STANDARD RANGE OF UNCONFINED	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION, ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH (MOD, SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK,	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) POPT DWT TEST BORING DESIGNATION DESIGNATION	IF TESTED WOULD VIELD SPT REFUSAL	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
VERY LOOSE	S - BULK SAMPLE	SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED	LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO
GRANIII AB LOOSE 4 TO 10	SOIL SYMBOL AUGER BORING SS - SPLIT SPOON	EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.	ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
MATERIAL MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER CORE BORING SAMPLE	<u>JF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF</u>	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.
(NON-COHESIVE) VERY DENSE >50	ST - SHELBY TUBE	VERY SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT (V SEV.) THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK	MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.
VERY SOFT <2 <0.25	MN MONITORING WELL	REMAINING, SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINDR	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF
GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.50	INFERRED ROCK LINE PIEZOMETER	VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF	INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 1 TO 2	THE ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY INSTALLATION RT - RECOMPACTED SAMPLE	TRIAXIAL COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL, ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS, QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS, SAPROLITE IS	RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF
(COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4 HARD >30 >4	25/825 DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION CBR - CALIFORNIA	EARING ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN 4
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	ROCK STRUCTURES RATIO SAMPL		EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270	SOUNDING ROD REF SPT REFUSAL	VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.
OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053		HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED	SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY	ABBREVIATIONS AR - AUGER REFUSAL HI HIGHLY ## - MOISTURE CONT	TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.
(BLDR.) (COB.) (GR.) (CSE. SD.) (F SD.) (SL.) (CL.)	BT - BORING TERMINATED MED MEDIUM V - VERY	MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005	CL CLAY MICA MICACEOUS VST - VANE SHEAR CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST MOD MODERATELY WEA WEATHERED	TEST HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.	SLIP PLANE.
SIZE IN. 12 3	CSE COARSE NP - NON PLASTIC 7 - UNIT WEIGHT	MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WIT
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	DMT - DILATOMETER TEST ORG ORGANIC DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST	HT HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	A 2 INCH DUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER, SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	e - VOID RATIO SAP SAPROLITIC	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS	THAN 8.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.
	F - FINE SD SAND, SANDY FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SL SILT, SILTY	FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGT OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY (SAT,) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES SLI SLIGHTLY	VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES 1 INCH	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY
PLASTIC LIQUID LIMIT	FRAGS FRAGMENTS TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL	SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE, CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.	TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
RANGE - WET - (W) SEMISOLIDI REDURKES DRYING TO	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING	TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
(PI) PL PLASTIC LIMIT		TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS	BENCH MARK:
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	DAILE UNITS: HOTAICING TOURS!	ADNIAL VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET VERY THICKLY BEDDED > 4 FEET	DENOTI FINING
OM DETIMON MOISTORE PHOIST - THE SOCIE, AT SKINGER OF THEIR FORM	MOBILE B CLAY BITS	MIDE 3 10 10 FEE1 THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET	ELEVATION: F
REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO	6° CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER CORF SIZE	CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FEET VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET	NOTES:
- DRY - (D) ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	□ BK-51 X 8* HOLLOW AUGERS □-B	VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET	
PLASTICITY	CME-45C HARD FACED FINGER BITS -N	INDURATION	
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH		FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	
NONPLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW	CME-550	FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS;	
LOW PLASTICITY 6-15 SLIGHT MED. PLASTICITY 16-25 MEDIUM	CASING W/ ADVANCER HAND TODLS:	GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
HIGH PLASTICITY 26 OR MORE HIGH	PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH POST HOLE DIGGE	R MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	
COLOR	X CME-550X TRICONE TUNG,-CARB. HAND AUGER		
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).	CORE BIT SOUNDING ROD	INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE: DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	VANE SHEAR TEST		
		SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. 33551.1.1 (B-4204)

SHEET NO.



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

MICHAEL F. EASLEY
GOVERNOR

LYNDO TIPPETT SECRETARY

August 7, 2007

STATE PROJECT:

33551.1.1 (B-4204)

FEDERAL PROJECT:

BRSTP - 109 (10)

COUNTY:

Montgomery

DESCRIPTION:

Bridge No. 28 on NC 109 over Rocky Creek

SUBJECT:

Geotechnical Report - Inventory

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

This project is located in central Montgomery County, approximately 5-6 miles southwest of Troy. The Harrisburg Field Office investigated this project in July 2007. The Roadway investigation on this project is for a Detour Structure that will be built prior to replacing Bridge No. 28. The Detour will be located just downstream of the existing bridge. Please refer to the Roadway plans for a breakdown of all the typicals for this project. Borings were conducted with a CME-550X drill machine with an automatic hammer. Four soil samples were submitted to the Materials and Tests Unit for laboratory analysis. Rock outcrops are readily visible in the streambed and banks of Rocky Creek. The following alignment(s) was investigated:

-DET- 13+39 to 25+08 (0.22 miles)

The total length of lines investigated is 0.22 miles.

MAILING ADDRESS:

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT 1589 MAIL SERVICE CENTER RALEIGH NC 27699-1589 TELEPHONE: 919-250-4088 FAX: 919-250-4237

 $\emph{W}\textit{EBSITE:}$ $\emph{WWW.DOH.DOT.STATE.NC.US}$

LOCATION:
CENTURY CENTER COMPLEX
ENTRANCE B-2
1020 BIRCH RIDGE DRIVE
RALEIGH NC

AREAS OF SPECIAL GEOTECHNICAL INTEREST

<u>Alluvial Soils:</u> There is one named creek (Rocky Creek) providing drainage within the project corridor. The majority of the alluvial soils encountered on this project are on the north side of Rocky Creek. These soils are approximately six to seven feet thick and consist of stiff sandy silt (A-4). Severely weathered crystalline rock was encountered between elevation 471' and 476' in the borings performed on the north side of Rocky creek. In these same borings, auger refusal was encountered between elevation 470' and 475'. At the time of our investigation, static groundwater was not encountered in any of our borings.

The attached Inventory plans and profiles delineate horizontally and vertically any alluvial soils encountered within the project corridor.

<u>Artificial Fill/Roadway Embankment:</u> Due to the presence of numerous overhead/underground utilities and high traffic volumes, no borings were obtained in the existing Roadway (NC 109) embankment.

Residual Soils: Residual soils on the project are derived from the felsic, Metavolcanic rocks prevalent to this area. The dominant soil type encountered is silty clay (A-6, A-7). The clays tended to be cap clays that can extend up to 10' below the ground surface. The residual soils encountered on this project did not appear to be micaceous. Please refer to the soil descriptions on the attached profiles to view these areas in detail.

PHYSIOGRAPHY AND GEOLOGY

The project is located within the Carolina Slate Geological Belt. According to the North Carolina Geologic Map, the project corridor is underlain by felsic, Metavolcanic rocks (CZfv). Elevation relief (from highest point to lowest point) within the project corridor is approximately 60'. Most of the wooded areas encountered in our investigation had not been logged.

Respectfully submitted,

John P. Rogers

Project Geological Engineer

EARTHWORK BALANCE SHEET

Volumes in Cubic Yards

COUNTY Montgomery

DATE 12/2/2009

SHEET 1 OF 1

3A/6

LINE	STATION	STATION	TOTAL EXCAV. (UNCL.)	ROCK EXCAV.	UNDERCUT EXCAV.	UNSUIT. EXCAV.	SUITABLE EXCAV.	TOTAL EMB.	ROCK EMB.	UNDERCUT	EARTH EMB.	EMBANK. 20%	BORROW	SUITABLE WASTE	UNSUIT. WASTE	TOTAL WASTE
PHASE I																
-DET-	10+00.00	19+47.98	668				668	335			335	402		266		266
		BEGIN BRIDGE						-								
-DET-	20+77.98	28+60.22	260				260	1641			1641	1969	1709			
	END BRIDGE												<u> </u>			
	SUBTOTA	AL	928				928	1976			1976	2371	1709	266		266
PHASE II																
-L-	6+25.00	14+24.54	128				128	128			128	154	26			
		BEGIN BRIDGE	120				120	120			120	154		·		
-L-	15+40.46	20+40.00	222				222	88			88	106	0	116		116
	END BRIDGE						222				00	100		110		110
,	SUBTOTA	L	350	·			350	216			216	260	26	116		116
PHASE III															-	
-L-	5+62.39	14+10.63	534				534	413			413	496		38		. 38
		BEGIN BRIDGE														
-L-	15+40.63	20+50.00	1848				1848	226			226	271		1577		1577
	END BRIDGE													·		
	SUBTOTA	L	2382				2382	639		<u> </u>	639	767		1615		1615
					Т					T						
PR	ROJECT SUB	TOTAL	3660				3660	2831			2831	3398	1735	1997		1997
WAST	E IN LIEU OF	BORROW											-292	-292		-292
LOSS DUE	TO CLEARING	G & GRUBBING	-500				-500						500			
]	PROJECT TO	TAL	3160				3160	2831			2831	3398	1943	1705 -	ayang nagara garaga galanda ayan garanda	1705
EST 5% T		TOP SOIL ON														
Т	BORROW P	TT I			-								97			
	GRAND TOT	FAT	3160										2040			
T	GRAID 101	AL	3100							<u> </u>	ļ.,	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	2040		***************************************	
	SAY		3,250										2,100			
	440 C X															

EST. DDE = 440 C.Y.

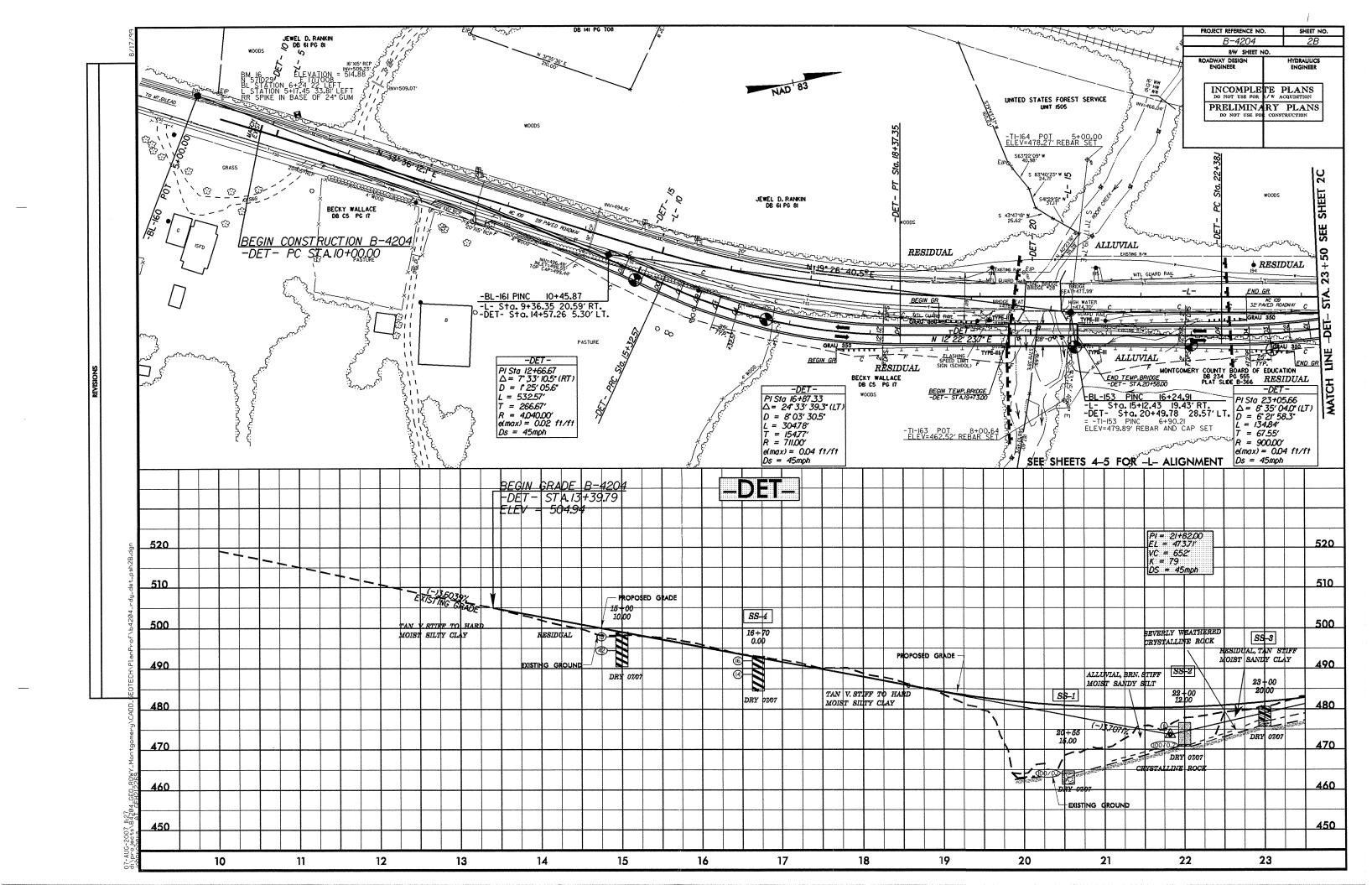
PROJECT TIP # B-4204

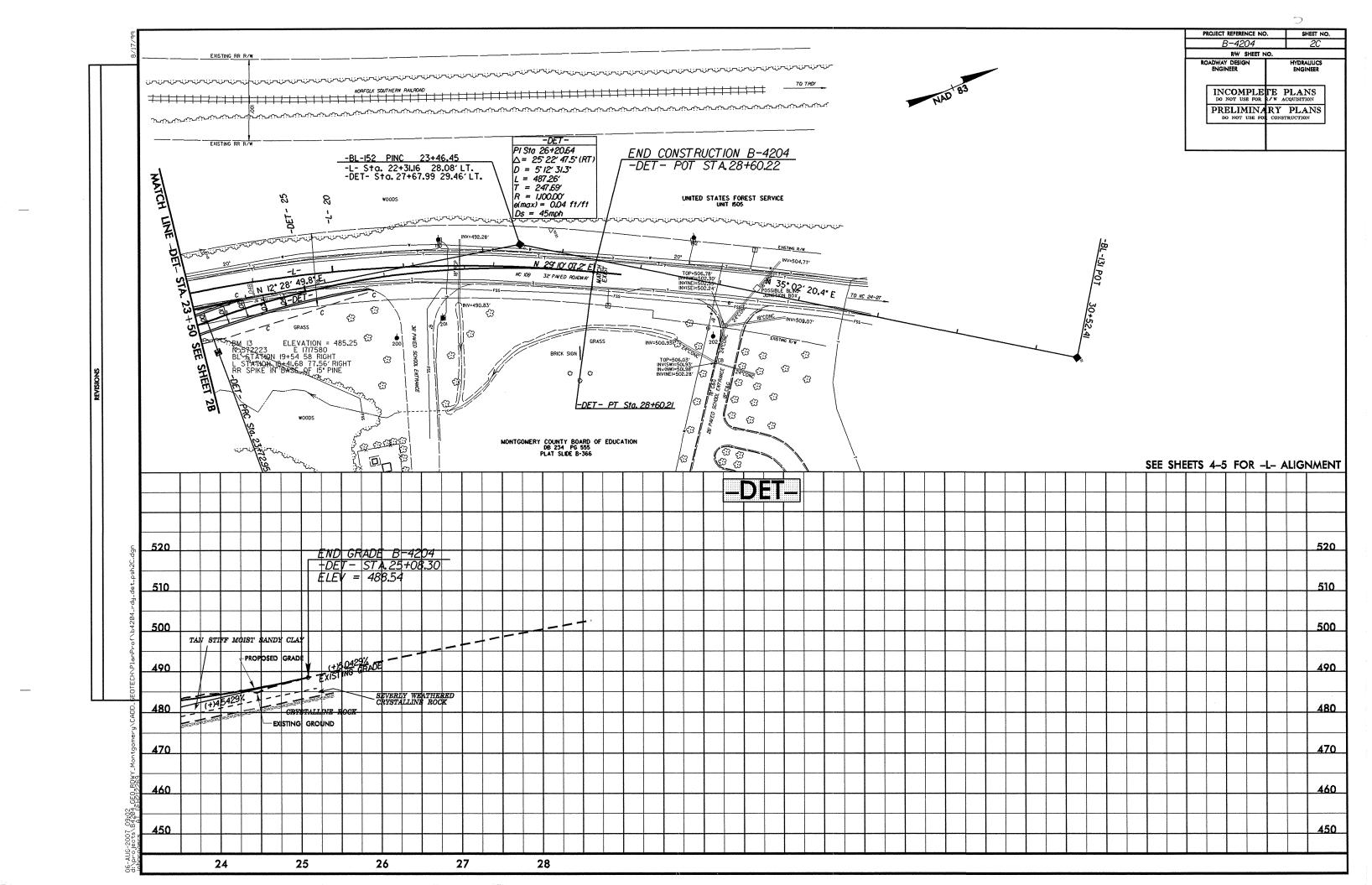
EST. SELECT GRANULAR MATERIAL = 1000 C.Y.

EST. UNDERCUT EXCAVATION = 1500 C.Y.

EST. CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION = 1000 TONS

^{*} EARTHWORK QUANTITIES ARE CALCULATED BY THE ROADWAY DESIGN UNIT. THESE EARTHWORK QUANTITIES ARE BASED IN PART ON SUBSURFACE DATA PROVIDED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT.





NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAY MATERIALS & TESTS UNIT SOILS LABORATORY

T. I. P. No.	B-4204							
	REPORT ON S	SAMPLES OF	SOILS FO	R QUALITY	7			
Project	33551.1.1	County	MONTGO	MONTGOMERY				
Date: Sampled	6/7/07	Received	6/28/07		Reported	7/2/2007		
Sampled from	BRIDGE	~~~~~		By	J P ROGERS			
Submitted by	N WAINAINA			_	1995 Standard Specifica			
				-		·		
738047 TO 73805	50					•		
7/3/07								
		T	EST RESUI	LTS				
Proj. Sample No		SS-1	SS-2	SS-3	SS-4			
Lab. Sample No		738047	738048	738049	738050			
Retained #4 Sid		% 35	3	1	-			
Passing #10 Si		% 56	93	99	100			
Passing #40 Sid	% 33	80	95	97				
Passing #200 Si	ieve 9	6 24	58	86	92			
		MINUS	S NO. 10 FRA	ACTION				
SOIL MORTAR	100%		T					
Coarse Sand I	Ret - #60	6 48.2	22.6	7.0	4.2			
Fine Sand Ret	t - #270	6 10.2	38.8	8.2	5.6			
Silt 0.05 - 0.0	05 mm	% 27.5	20.5	42.7	50.2			
Clay < 0.005	mm	% 14.0	18.0	42.0	40.0			
Passing #40 Sid		% -	-	-	-			
Passing #200 Si	eve 9	% -	-	-	-			
L. L.		30	22	36	43			
P. I.		8	2	17	13			
AASHTO Classi	fication	A-2-4(0)	A-4(0)	A-6(14)	A-7-5(15)			
Station		20+55	22+00	23+00	16+70			
OFFSET		15 RT	12 RT	20 RT	CL			
ALIGNMENT		L DET	L DET	L DET	L DET			
Depth (Ft)		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
İ	to	0.60	1.50	1.50	1.50			

cc: JPROGERS Soils File