

U-3344A

**Project Special Provisions
Erosion Control**

Wake County

Seeding and Mulching:

(East)

The kinds of seed and fertilizer, and the rates of application of seed, fertilizer, and limestone, shall be as stated below. During periods of overlapping dates, the kind of seed to be used shall be determined by the Engineer. All rates are in pounds per acre (kilograms per hectare).

All Roadway Areas:

March 1 - August 31

September 1 - February 28

50# (55kg) Tall Fescue	50# (55kg) Tall Fescue
10# (12kg) Centipede	10# (12kg) Centipede
25# (28kg) Bermudagrass (hulled)	35# (40kg) Bermudagrass (unhulled)
500# (560kg) Fertilizer	500# (560kg) Fertilizer
4000# (4500kg) Limestone	4000# (4500kg) Limestone

Waste and Borrow Locations:

January 1 - December 31

75# (85kg) Tall Fescue	75# (85kg) Tall Fescue
25# (28kg) Bermudagrass (hulled)	35# (40kg) Bermudagrass (unhulled)
500# (560kg) Fertilizer	500# (560kg) Fertilizer
4000# (4500kg) Limestone	4000# (4500kg) Limestone

Note: 50# (55 kg) of Bahiagrass may be substituted for either Centipede or Bermudagrass only upon Engineer's request.

Approved Tall Fescue Cultivars:

Adventure	Adventure II	Amigo	Anthem
Apache	Apache II	Arid	Austin
Brookstone	Bonanza	Bonanza II	Chapel Hill
Chesapeake	Chieftain	Coronado	Crossfire II
Debutante	Duster	Falcon	Falcon II
Finelawn Petite	Finelawn	Finelawn I	Genesis
Grande	Guardian	Houndog	Jaguar
Jaguar III	Kentucky 31	Kitty Hawk	Monarch
Montauk	Mustang	Olympic	Pacer
Phoenix	Pixie	Pyramid	Rebel
Rebel Jr.	Rebel II	Renegade	Safari
Shenandoah	Tempo	Titan	Tomahawk

Trailblazer
Wrangler

Tribute

Vegas

Wolfpack

On cut and fill slopes 2:1 or steeper Centipede shall be applied at the rate of 5 pounds per acre (6 kilograms per hectare) and add 20# (23kg) of Sericea Lespedeza from January 1 - December 31.

Fertilizer shall be 10-20-20 analysis. Upon written approval of the Engineer, a different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 1-2-2 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as a 10-20-20 analysis.

Native Grass Seeding And Mulching

Bermuda

Native Grass Seeding and Mulching shall be performed on the disturbed areas of wetlands, and adjacent to Stream Relocation construction within a 50 foot (16 meter) zone on both sides of the stream(or depression), measured from top of stream bank, (or center of depression). The stream bank of the Stream Relocation shall be seeded by a method that does not alter the typical cross section of the stream bank. Native Grass Seeding and Mulching shall also be performed in the Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat section of Prefomed Scour Holes, and in other areas as directed by the Engineer.

The kinds of seed and fertilizer, and the rates of application of seed, fertilizer, and limestone, shall be as stated below. During periods of overlapping dates, the kind of seed to be used shall be determined by the Engineer. All rates are in pounds per acre (kilograms per hectare).

March 1 - August 31

September 1 - February 28

25# (28kg) Bermudagrass (hulled)	35# (40kg) Bermudagrass (unhulled)
6# (7kg) Indiangrass	6# (7kg) Indiangrass
8# (9kg) Little Bluestem	8# (9kg) Little Bluestem
4# (5kg) Switchgrass	4# (5kg) Switchgrass
25# (28kg) Browntop Millet	35# (39kg) Rye Grain
500# (560kg) Fertilizer	500# (560kg) Fertilizer
4000# (4500kg) Limestone	4000# (4500kg) Limestone

Fertilizer shall be 10-20-20 analysis. Upon written approval of the Engineer, a different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 1-2-2 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as a 10-20-20 analysis.

Native Grass Seeding and Mulching shall be performed in accordance with Section 1660 of the Standard Specifications and vegetative cover sufficient to restrain erosion shall be installed immediately following grade establishment.

Payment for Native Grass Seeding and Mulching shall be made under:

Seeding and Mulching.....Acre(Hectare)

Temporary Seeding:

Fertilizer shall be the same analysis as specified for "Seeding and Mulching" and applied at the rate of 400 pounds (450 kilograms) and seeded at the rate of 50 pounds per acre (55kg per hectare). Sweet Sudan Grass, German Millet or Browntop Millet shall be used in summer months and Rye Grain during the remainder of the year. The Engineer will determine the exact dates for using each kind of seed.

Fertilizer Topdressing:

Fertilizer used for topdressing on all roadway areas except slopes 2:1 and steeper shall be 10-20-20 written approval of the Engineer, a different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided grade and shall be applied at the rate of 500 pounds per acre (560 kg per hectare). Upon the 1-2-2 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as 10-20-20 analysis.

Fertilizer used for topdressing on slopes 2:1 and steeper and waste and borrow areas shall be 16-8-8 grade and shall be applied at the rate of 500 pounds per acre (560 kg per hectare). Upon written approval of the Engineer, a different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 2-1-1 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as 16-8-8 analysis.

Supplemental Seeding:

The kinds of seed and proportions shall be the same as specified for "Seeding and Mulching", with the exception that no centipede seed will be used in the seed mix for supplemental seeding. The rate of application for supplemental seeding may vary from 25# to 75# per acre (28kg to 85kg per hectare). The actual rate per acre (hectare) will be determined by the Engineer prior to the time of topdressing and the Contractor will be notified in writing of the rate per acre (hectare), total quantity needed, and areas on which to apply the supplemental seed. Minimum tillage equipment, consisting of a sod seeder shall be used for incorporating seed into the soil as to prevent disturbance of existing vegetation. A clodbuster (ball and chain) may be used where degree of slope prevents the use of a sod seeder.

Mowing:

The minimum mowing height on this project shall be 4 inches (100 mm).

Lawn Type Appearance

All areas adjacent to lawns must be hand finished as directed by the Engineer to give a "lawn type appearance". Remove all trash, debris, and stones $\frac{3}{4}$ inch (19 mm) and larger in diameter or other obstructions that could interfere with providing a smooth "lawn type appearance". These areas shall be reseeded to match their original vegetative conditions, unless directed otherwise by the Field Operations Engineer.

Response For Erosion Control:

Description:

Furnish the labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary to move personnel, equipment, and supplies to the project necessary for the pursuit of any or all of the following work as shown herein, by an approved subcontractor.

- A. Seeding and Mulching
- B. Temporary Seeding and Mulching
- C. Temporary Mulching
- D. Fertilizer Topdressing
- E. Repair Seeding
- F. Supplemental Seeding
- G. Silt Fence Installation or Repair
- H. Installation of Matting for Erosion Control

Construction Methods:

Provide an approved subcontractor who performs an erosion control action as described in Form 1675. Each erosion control action may include one or more of the above work items.

Measurement And Payment:

“Response for Erosion Control” will be measured by counting the actual number of times the subcontractor moves onto the project, including borrow and waste sites and satisfactorily completes an erosion control action described in Form 1675. The provisions of Article 104-5 will not apply to the item of work.

Payment will be made under:

Response for Erosion Control.....Each

Specialized Hand Mowing:

The work covered by this section consists of specialized hand mowing around or under fixed objects, including but not limited to guardrails, signs, barriers and slopes in a method acceptable to the Engineer.

The work of specialized hand mowing shall be completed with mechanically powered trimmers, string trimmers, hand operated rotary mowers, or self-propelled mowers of sufficient size and quality to perform the work timely and efficiently.

The quantity of mowing to be performed will be affected by the actual conditions which occur during the construction of the project. The quantity of mowing may be increased,

decreased or eliminated entirely at the direction of the Engineer. Such variations in quantity will not be considered as alterations in the details of construction or a change in the character of the work.

The quantity of specialized hand mowing to be paid for will be the actual number of man hours worked while hand mowing along the surface of the ground, at the direction of the Engineer. Where an area has been mowed more than once, at the direction of the Engineer, separate measurement will be made each time the area is mowed.

Payment will be made under:

Specialized Hand Mowing.....HR

Environmentally Sensitive Areas:

This project is located in an “Environmentally Sensitive Area”. This designation requires special procedures to be used for clearing and grubbing, temporary stream crossings, and grading operations within the “Environmentally Sensitive Areas” identified on the plans and as designated by the Engineer. This also requires special procedures to be used for seeding and mulching and staged seeding within the project.

Clearing and Grubbing:

In areas identified as “Environmentally Sensitive Areas”, the Contractor may perform clearing operations, but not grubbing operations until immediately prior to beginning grading operations as described in Section 200, Article 200-1, in the Standard Specifications. The “Environmentally Sensitive Area” shall be defined as a 50 foot (16 meter) buffer zone on both sides of the stream (or depression), measured from top of streambank, (or center of depression). Only clearing operations (not grubbing) shall be allowed in this buffer zone until immediately prior to beginning grading operations. Erosion control devices shall be installed immediately following the clearing operation.

Grading:

Once grading operations begin in identified “Environmentally Sensitive Areas”, work will progress in a continuous manner until complete. All construction within these areas must progress in a continuous manner such that each phase is complete and areas permanently stabilized prior to beginning of next phase. Failure on the part of the Contractor to complete any phase of construction in a continuous manner in “Environmentally Sensitive Areas” as specified will be just cause for the Engineer to direct the suspension of work in accordance with Section 108-7 of the Standard Specifications.

Temporary Stream Crossings:

Any crossing of streams within the limits of this project must be accomplished in accordance with Section 107-13(b) of the Standard Specifications.

Seeding and Mulching:

Seeding and mulching shall be performed in accordance with Section 1660 of the Standard Specifications and vegetative cover sufficient to restrain erosion shall be installed immediately following grade establishment.

Seeding and mulching shall be performed on the areas disturbed by construction immediately following final grade establishment. No appreciable time shall lapse into the contract time without stabilization of slopes, ditches and other areas within the "Environmentally Sensitive Areas".

Stage Seeding:

The work covered by this section shall consist of the establishment of a vegetative cover on cut and fill slopes as grading progresses. Seeding and mulching shall be done in stages on cut and fill slopes which are greater than 20 feet (6 meters) in height or greater than 2 acres (0.8 hectares) in area. Each stage shall not exceed the limits stated above.

Additional payments will not be made for the requirements of this section as the cost for this work should be included in the contract unit prices for the work involved.

Minimize Removal Of Vegetation

The Contractor shall minimize removal of vegetation at stream banks and disturbed areas within the project limits as directed by the Engineer.

Stockpile Areas:

The Contractor shall install and maintain erosion control devices sufficient to contain sediment around any erodible material stockpile areas as directed by the Engineer.

Waste Areas And Borrow Sources:

Payment for temporary erosion control measures, except those made necessary by the Contractor's own negligence or for his own convenience, will be paid for at the appropriate contract unit price for the devices or measures utilized in borrow sources and waste areas.

No additional payment will be made for erosion control devices or permanent seeding and mulching in any commercial borrow or waste pit. All erosion and sediment control practices which may be required on a commercial borrow or waste site will be done at the Contractor's expense.

Temporary Diversion:

The work by this section for installation, maintenance, and cleanout of temporary diversions shall be in accordance with Section 1630. The quantity of excavation for installation and cleanout measured as provided in Article 1630-4 will be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic yard (cubic meter) as provided in Article 1630-5 for "Silt Excavation".

Safety Fence:

Description:

The work of "Safety Fence" shall consist of furnishing, installing and maintaining polyethylene or polypropylene fence along the outside riparian buffer, wetland, or water boundary located within the construction corridor to mark the areas that have been approved to infringe within the buffer, wetland or water, and as directed by the Engineer in accordance with the special provisions included herein. The fence shall be installed prior to any land disturbing activities.

Materials:

Fence Material:

Polyethylene or polypropylene fence shall be a highly visible preconstructed safety fence approved by the Engineer.

Posts:

Either wood posts or steel posts may be used. Wood posts shall be nominal 2" x 4" (51 mm x 102 mm) or 4" x 4" (102 mm x 102 mm), lengths as required, structural light framing, grade No. 2, Southern Pine. Steel posts shall be at least 5 feet (1.6 m) in length, approximately 1 3/8" (35 mm) wide measured parallel to the fence, and have a minimum weight of 1.25 lb./ft. (1.9 kg/m) of length. The steel post shall be equipped with an anchor plate having a minimum area of 14 square inches (90 square centimeters).

Clearing and Grading:

No additional clearing and grubbing is anticipated for the installation of this fence; however, if any clearing and grubbing is required, it will be the minimum required for the installation of the safety fence. Such clearing shall include satisfactory removal and disposal of all trees, brush, stumps and other objectionable material.

The fence shall be erected to conform to the general contour of the ground. When determined necessary by the Engineer, minor grading along the fence line shall be done to meet this requirement provided no obstructions to proper drainage are created.

Installation:

Posts shall be set and maintained in a vertical position and may be hand set or set with a post driver. If hand set, all backfill material shall be thoroughly tamped. If power driven, wood posts may be sharpened to a dull point. Posts damaged by power driving shall be removed and replaced prior to final acceptance. The tops of all wood posts shall be cut at a 30 degree angle. The wood posts may, at the option of the Contractor, be cut at this angle either before or after the posts are erected.

The fence fabric shall be attached to the wood posts with one 2" (51 mm) galvanized wire staple across each cable or to the steel posts with wire or other acceptable means.

The Contractor shall be required to maintain the safety fence in a satisfactory condition for the duration of the project as determined by the Engineer.

Method of Measurement:

The quantity of safety fence to be paid for shall be the actual number of linear feet (meter) of "Safety Fence", installed in place and accepted. No direct payment will be made for post and post bracing. Cost shall be included in the cost of the fence per linear foot (meter).

Basis of Payment:

The quantity of safety fence measured as provided above will be paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot (meter) of safety fence. Such payment will be full compensation for the work as described in the above paragraphs, including but not limited to clearing and grading, furnishing and installing fence fabric with necessary posts and post bracing, staples, tie wires, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

Safety Fence.....LF (M)

Gravel Construction Entrance:

Description:

The work covered by this section consists of furnishing, installing, and maintaining and removing any and all material required for the construction of a Gravel Construction Entrance.

Materials:

The filter fabric shall meet the requirements of Section 1056 for Type 2 Fabric.

Stone shall be Class A Stone and shall meet the requirements of Section 1042 for Stone for Erosion Control, Class A.

Construction:

The Contractor shall install a Gravel Construction Entrance in accordance with Standard Drawing 1607.01 and at locations as directed by the Engineer.

Method of Measurement:

Gravel Construction Entrance will not be measured for payment under this section.

Basis of Payment:

Payment for installation of Filter Fabric shall be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard (square meter) "Filter Fabric for Drainage".

Payment for installation of Class A Stone shall be paid for at the contract unit price per ton (metric ton) "Stone for Erosion Control, Class A".

Such price and payment shall be considered full compensation for all work covered by this provision including all materials, construction, maintenance, and removal of Gravel Construction Entrance as directed by the Engineer.

Impervious Dike:

The work covered by this section consists of furnishing, installing, maintaining, and removing an impervious dike for the purpose of diverting normal stream flow around the construction site. The Contractor shall construct an impervious dike in such a manner approved by the Engineer. The impervious dike shall not permit seepage of water into the construction site or contribute to siltation of the stream. The impervious dike shall be constructed of an acceptable material in the locations noted on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

Acceptable materials shall include but not be limited to sheet piles, sandbags, and/or the placement of an acceptable size stone lined with polypropylene or other impervious fabric.

Earth material shall not be used to construct an impervious dike when it is in direct contact with the stream unless vegetation can be established before contact with the stream takes place.

The quantity of impervious dike to be paid for will be the actual number of linear feet (meters) of impervious dike(s) constructed, measured in place from end to end of each separate installation which has been completed and accepted.

The quantity of impervious dikes measured as provided above will be paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot (meter) for "Impervious Dike".

The above prices and payments will be full compensation for all work covered by this section including but not limited to furnishing all of the materials in the impervious dike, construction, maintenance, and removal of the impervious dike.

Temporary Pipe For Culvert Construction:

The work covered by this section consists of furnishing, installing, maintaining and removing any and all temporary pipe used on this project in conjunction with the culvert construction. The Contractor shall install temporary pipe in locations shown on the plans in such a manner approved by the Engineer. The temporary pipe shall provide a passage-way for the stream through the work-site. The minimum size requirements will be as stated on the Erosion and Sediment Control plans.

The quantity of temporary pipe to be paid for will be the actual number of linear feet (meters) of temporary pipe approved by the Engineer and measured in place from end to end.

The quantity of temporary pipe measured as provided above will be paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot (meter) for "--- inch (mm) Temporary Pipe".

The above prices and payments will be full compensation for all work covered by this section including but not limited to furnishing all materials required for installation, construction, maintenance, and removal of temporary pipe.

Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat:

General:

This work shall consist of furnishing and placing "Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat", of the type specified, over previously prepared areas as directed by the Engineer.

Materials:

The product shall be permanent erosion control reinforcement mat and shall be constructed of 100% coconut fiber stitch bonded between a heavy duty UV stabilized cusped (crimped) netting overlaid with a heavy duty UV stabilized top net. The three nettings shall be stitched together on 1.5 inch (38 mm) centers UV stabilized polyester thread to form a permanent three dimensional structure. The mat shall have the following physical properties:

Property	Test Method	Value	Unit
Ground Cover	Image Analysis	93	%
Thickness	ASTM D1777	0.63 (16)	in (mm)

Mass Per Unit Area	ASTM D3776	0.92 (0.50)	lb/sy (kg/m ²)
Tensile Strength	ASTM D5035	480 (714.2)	lb/ft (kg/m)
Elongation	ASTM D5035	49	%
Tensile Strength	ASTM D5035	960 (1428.5)	lb/ft (kg/m)
Elongation	ASTM D5035	31	%
Tensile Strength	ASTM D1682	177 (80.3)	lbs (kg)
Elongation	ASTM D1682	22	%
Resiliency	ASTM D1777	>80	%
UV Stability *	ASTM D4355	151 (68.5)	lbs (kg)
Color(Permanent Net)			UV Black
Porosity (Permanent Net)	Calculated	>95	%
Minimum Filament Diameter (permanent net)	Measured	0.03 (0.8)	in (mm)

*ASTM D1682 Tensile Strength and % strength retention of material after 1000 hours of exposure in a Xenon-arc weatherometer.

A certification (Type 1, 2, or 3) from the manufacturer showing:

- 1) the chemical and physical properties of the mat used, and
- 2) conformance of the mat with this specification will be required.

Matting shall be installed according to section 1631-3 of the Standard Specifications.

Soil Preparation:

All areas to be protected with the mat shall be brought to final grade and seeded in accordance with Section 1660. The surface of the soil shall be smooth, firm, stable and free of rocks, clods, roots or other obstructions which would prevent the mat from lying in direct contact with the soil surface. Areas where the mat is to be placed will not need to be mulched.

Measurement:

The quantity of "Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat" to be paid for shall be the actual number of square yards (square meters), surface measure, completed, and accepted. Overlaps will not be included in the measurement, and will be considered as incidental to the work.

Basis of Payment:

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard (square meter) for "Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat" of the type specified, complete in place and accepted. Such payment shall be full compensation for furnishing and installing the mat in accordance with this specification, and for all required maintenance.

Payment will be made under:

Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat..... SY (M2)

Coir Fiber Mat:

Description:

Furnish material, install and maintain coir fiber mat in locations shown on the plans or in locations as directed by the engineer. Work includes providing all materials, excavating and backfilling, and placing and securing Coir Fiber Matting.

Materials:

(A) Matting:

Provide matting to meet the following requirements:

100 % coconut fiber (coir) twine woven into a high strength matrix.
 Thickness - 0.30 in. minimum. (7.6 mm)
 Tensile Strength - 1348 x 626 lb/ft minimum (1650.5 x 766.5 kg/m)
 Elongation - 34% x 38% maximum
 Flexibility (mg-cm)- 65030 x 29590
 Flow Velocity- Observed 11 ft/sec (3.35 m/s)
 Weight - 20 oz/SY (678 g/SM)
 Size - 6.6 x 164 ft (120 SY) or (100 SM)
 "C" Factor - 0.002
 Open Area (measured) - 50%

(B) Staples:

Provide staples made of 0.125 in. (3.05 mm) diameter new steel wire formed into a "U" shape not less than 12 in. (300) mm in length with a throat of 1 in. (25 mm) in width.

Construction Methods:

Place the matting immediately upon final grading. Provide a smooth soil surface free from stones, clods, or debris which will prevent the contact of the matting with the soil. Take care to preserve the required line, grade, and cross section of the area covered.

Unroll the matting and apply without stretching such that it will lie smoothly but loosely on the soil surface. Bury the top slope end of each piece of matting in a narrow trench at least 6 in. (150 mm) deep and tamp firmly. Where one roll of matting ends and a second roll begins, overlap the end of the upper roll over the buried end of the second roll so there is a 6 in. (150 mm) overlap. Construct check trenches at least 12 in. (0.3 m) deep every 50 ft. (16 m) longitudinally along the edges of the matting or as directed by the Engineer. Fold over and bury matting to the full depth of the trench, close and tamp

firmly. Overlap matting at least 6 in. (150 mm) where 2 or more widths of matting are installed side by side.

Place staples across the matting at ends, junctions, and check trenches approximately 1 ft. (0.3 m) apart.

Place staples along the outer edges and down the center of each strip of matting 3 feet (1 meter) apart. Place staples along all lapped edges 1 ft. (0.3 m) apart. Refer to details in the plan sheets.

The Engineer may require adjustments in the trenching or stapling requirements to fit individual site conditions.

Method of Measurement:

The quantity of coir fiber matting measured will be paid for according to the actual number of square yards (square meters) measured along the surface of the ground over which coir fiber matting is installed and accepted.

Basis of Payment:

The quantity of Coir Fiber Matting, measured as provided above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yards (square meters) for "Coir Fiber Matting."

Payment will be made under:

Coir Fiber Mat..... Square Yards (Square Meters)

Skimmer Basin with Baffles:

Description:

Provide a skimmer basin to remove sediment from construction site runoff at locations shown on the plans. Work includes constructing sediment basin, installation of coir fiber baffle, installation of Faircloth Skimmer, disposing of excess materials, providing and placing filter fabric emergency spillway liner, removing filter fabric liner and skimmer, backfilling basin area with suitable material and providing proper drainage when basin area is abandoned.

Material:

Coir Fiber Mat for Baffles shall meet specifications of Special Provisions.
Steel Posts for Coir Fiber Baffles shall meet requirements of Section 1605 for Temporary Silt Fence.
Use local material or material specified on plans.
Provide filter fabric to meet requirements of Section 1056 for Type 2 fabric.
Use appropriately sized Faircloth skimmer.

Construction requirements:

Excavate basin according to Erosion Control plans with basin surface free of obstructions, debris, and pockets of low-density material. Construct Coir Fiber Baffles and emergency spillways according to Skimmer Basin with Baffles Detail.

Install Steel Posts for Coir Fiber Baffle according Standard Drawing No. 1605.01 for Temporary Silt Fence and according to Skimmer Basin with Baffles Detail.

Secure Coir Fiber Mat to Steel Posts with metal fasteners and staple the mat into the side slopes of the Skimmer Basin. The height of the Coir Fiber Baffle shall be 3 feet (1 meter).

Install Faircloth skimmer according to manufacturer recommendations.

Utilize suitable material and provide disposal area for unsuitable material.

Line emergency spillway with fabric unrolled in the direction of flow and lay smoothly but loosely on soil surface without creases. Bury edges of fabric in a trench at least five inches (125mm) deep and tamp.

Make vertical overlaps a minimum of eighteen inches (450mm) with upstream fabric overlapping the downstream fabric.

Secure fabric with eleven gauge (3.05mm) wire staples shaped into a "u" shape with a length of not less than six inches (150mm) and a throat not less than one inch (25mm) in width. Place staples along outer edges and throughout the fabric a maximum of three feet (one meter) horizontally and vertically.

Method of Measurement:

Measurement of excavation will be made by the cubic yard (cubic meter) of excavation as calculated from the typical section throughout the length of the basin as shown on the final approved plans.

Measurement of the Coir Fiber Mat will be made by the number of square yards (square meters) as measured across each baffle section of the Skimmer Basin.

Measurement of filter fabric will be made by the number of square yards (square meters) as measured over the surface of the ground over which filter fabric has been acceptably placed.

Measurement of skimmer will be made by the number of skimmers used.

No measurement will be made for other items or for over excavation or stockpiling.

Basis of Payment:

Payment will be made for the quantities as measured above under the items listed below:

Silt Excavation.....CY (CM)

Coir Fiber Mat.....SY (SM)

Filter Fabric for DrainageSY (SM)

Faircloth Skimmer.....EA