

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

ROADWAY

SHOULDER RECONSTRUCTION:

(1-18-00) (Rev.7-18-06)

RR 07

Description

The work covered by this provision consists of reconstructing earth shoulders, including median shoulder in accordance with the *Roadway Standard Drawing Nos. 560.01 and 560.02*, from the edge of pavement to the existing shoulder point as directed by the Engineer. Perform this work immediately after the resurfacing operations are completed as directed by the Engineer.

Materials

On any map that contains widening, use all suitable material generated from the widening operation to construct the shoulder. Furnish any other earth material necessary for the construction of the shoulders. Provide earth material meeting the approval of the Engineer. No testing will be necessary.

Perform shoulder reconstruction in the following order: scarify the existing shoulder to provide the proper bond; add the earth material to the shoulder; and compact the reconstructed shoulder to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

The Contractor shall dispose of any excess material generated by the shoulder reconstruction in an approved disposal site.

Measurement and Payment

Shoulder Reconstruction will be measured and paid for as the actual number of shoulder miles that have been constructed. Measurement will be made along the edge of each shoulder. Measurement will be made to the nearest 0.01 of a mile. Such price and payment will be full compensation for furnishing earth material, hauling, placing, compaction, and all incidentals necessary to complete construction of the shoulders.

Incidental Stone Base will be measured and paid for as provided in Article 545-6 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Seeding and Mulching will be measured and paid for as provided elsewhere in this contract.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Shoulder Reconstruction	Shoulder Mile

PRICE ADJUSTMENT - ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX:

(11-21-00)

RR 19

Price adjustments for asphalt binder for plant mix will be made in accordance with Section 620 of the *Standard Specifications* as modified herein.

The base price index for asphalt binder for plant mix is \$390.71 per ton.

This base price index represents an average of F.O.B. selling prices of asphalt binder at supplier's terminals on July 1, 2006.

INCIDENTAL STONE BASE:

(7-1-95) (Rev.7-18-06)

RR 28

Description

Place incidental stone base on driveways, mailboxes, etc. immediately after paving and do not have the paving operations exceed stone base placement by more than one week without written permission of the Engineer.

Materials and Construction

Provide and place incidental stone base in accordance with the requirements of Section 545 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Measurement and Payment

Incidental Stone Base will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 545-6 of the *Standard Specifications*.

ASPHALT PAVEMENTS – SUPERPAVE:

(7-18-06)

RR 31

Revise the 2006 *Standard Specifications* as follows:

Page 6-12, 609-5(C)2(c) add after (AASHTO T209):

or ASTM D2041

Page 6-44, 610-8, third full paragraph, replace the first sentence with the following:

Use the 30 foot minimum length mobile grade reference system or the non-contacting laser of sonar type ski *with at least four referencing stations mounted on the paver at a minimum length or 24 feet* to control the longitudinal profile when placing the initial lanes and all adjacent lanes of all layers, including resurfacing and asphalt in-lays, unless otherwise specified or approved.

Page 10-41, Table 1012-1, add the following:

Mix Type	Course Aggregate Angularity ^(b) ASTM D5821	Fine Aggregate Angularity % Minimum AASHTO T304 Method A	Sand Equivalent % Minimum AASHTO T176	Flat & Elongated 5:1 Ratio % Maximum ASTM D4791 Section 8.4
S 9.5 D	100/100	45	50	10

GLASS BEADS:

(7-18-06)

RR 35

Revise the *Standard Specifications* as follows:

Page 10-223, 1087-4(C) Gradation & Roundness

Replace the second sentence of the first paragraph with the following:

All Drop-On and Intermixed Glass Beads shall be tested in accordance with ASTM D1155.

Delete the last paragraph.

ASPHALT BINDER CONTENT OF ASPHALT PLANT MIXES:

(1-1-02)

RR 43

The approximate asphalt binder content of the asphalt concrete plant mixtures used on this project will be as follows:

Asphalt Concrete Base Course	Type B 25.0__	4.3%
Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course	Type I 19.0__	4.7%
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course	Type S 4.75A	7.0%
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course	Type SF 9.5A	6.5%
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course	Type S 9.5__	6.0%
Asphalt Concrete Surface Course	Type S 12.5__	5.5%

The actual asphalt binder content will be established during construction by the Engineer within the limits established in the *Standard Specifications*.

ASPHALT PLANT MIXTURES:

(7-1-95)

RR 46

Place asphalt concrete base course material in trench sections with asphalt pavement spreaders made for the purpose or with other equipment approved by the Engineer.

FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT RECLAMATION USING PORTLAND CEMENT

(8-15-06)

SPI

Description

Perform this work including but not limited to, reclamation of roadway by pulverizing, treating with portland cement, mixing, and compacting the existing asphalt pavement, base, subbase, and subgrade materials to a specified depth to produce a uniform mixture that meets density requirements.

Materials

Item	Section
Portland Cement, Type I, II, IS	1024-1
Water	1024-4

Use asphalt, base, subbase and subgrade material existing in the area, or other materials proportioned by the Engineer, that is free from vegetation, roots, or other objectionable matter, and does not contain asphalt, aggregate or stone larger than 2 inches.

Do not perform flexible pavement reclamation when the air temperature is below 40°F in the shade or when conditions indicate that the temperature may fall below 40°F. Do not place or mix materials with frozen subgrade. Protect the base from freezing for a period of 7 days after completion. Perform the work and meet density requirements only during daylight hours of the day the section was started, except as otherwise provided for in the contract. If the work is interrupted for more than 30 minutes after cement has been added, or if rain causes excessive moisture, reconstruct the entire section and provide the cement required at no cost to the Department. Regulate operations to limit the application of cement to sections small enough so that all of the mixing, compacting, and finishing operations can be completed within the required time limit of 3 hours.

Construction Methods

(A) Equipment

A self-propelled reclaimer with a minimum of 400 hp, capable of fully reclaiming the existing road to a depth of 12 inches and no less than 6.5 feet wide, is required. The reclaimer shall have a metered full-width spray bar system for adding water directly into the milling drum, and a breaker bar for use in conjunction with the milling drum. Details of the asphalt reclaimer shall be submitted to the Engineer for review at least five calendar days before the machine is brought onto the project site.

A cement spreader shall have an adjustable rate of flow and the capability of spreading the required amount of cement in one pass. Correct any leakage of fluids and/or materials promptly. Use equipment and methods for applying cement and water that will not damage the roadway and meets the requirements of Article 107-22.

Use a motor grader equipped with a cross slope indicator, and capabilities to perform aeration, mixing, spreading and final shaping.

Use a water truck capable of nursing water into the reclaimer, capable of adjusting moisture content and for wetting the curing reclaimed sections.

Use self-propelled compaction equipment consisting of vibratory sheeps-foot, vibratory smooth-drum, and pneumatic tire rollers.

(B) Length of Roadway Allowed to be Processed

Except by written permission of the Engineer, the length of roadway pulverized shall not exceed the length that can be completely pulverized, mixed, graded, compacted, pass density, cured and protected against damage by normal anticipated traffic in the same working day.

(C) Initial Pulverizing and Mixing

The pulverizing and mixing shall breakup the existing roadway to the specified depth to the extent that 100% weight passes a 2-inch sieve and no less than 50% passes a No. 4 sieve. The moisture content shall be maintained at a point that is at or below the optimum moisture content shown on the plans unless approved otherwise by the Engineer.

(D) Spreading and Mixing

Apply the required quantity of cement, as established by the Engineer, in a uniform spread on the pulverized roadway and immediately blend water and cement until uniformly distributed throughout the base mixture. Apply cement on days when wind will not interfere with spreading. Multiple mixing passes may be necessary to obtain thorough blending. Have the moisture content at or below the optimum moisture at the time of application of cement.

At the time of final mixing and during compaction, maintain the moisture content within a range of optimum to optimum plus 1.5% as determined. Ensure that the moisture content in the mix does not exceed the quantity that will cause the base course to become unstable during compaction or finishing operations.

(E) Compaction

Begin compaction immediately after cement and water has been incorporated into the base. During compaction, maintain the moisture content of the material within a range of optimum to optimum plus 1.5%. Initial shaping may be required to obtain uniform compaction and required grade and cross-section. Initial compaction of the base should be performed with an approved self-propelled, vibratory sheep's-foot roller, to be followed by a vibratory smooth-drum roller and a pneumatic-tired roller. Compact to a density equal to at least 97% of the maximum density obtained by compaction of a material sample in accordance with AASHTO T-99, Method D.

After uniformly compacting the mixture, grade to required shape and cross-slope. Deficient areas needing additional material shall be scarified before the addition of material, compacted to density requirements, and graded to required shape and cross-slope. Copies of the testing procedures are available upon request from the Materials and Tests Unit. The Engineer may at his option, utilize nuclear methods, as described in the current *NCDOT Nuclear Gauge Operators Manual*, to determine the density of the base in conjunction with the methods required above. Copies of this manual are available upon request from the Materials and Tests Unit.

Complete final compaction, including that necessary due to correction of high or low areas, within 3 hours after water has been added to the mixture. When rain causes excessive moisture, or the 3-hour time limit is exceeded, reconstruct the entire section. When such reconstruction is necessary, perform the work of reconstruction, and provide the cement required, at no cost to the Department. The amount of cement to be used in reconstruction is 50% of the original rate. The finished surface shall be kept moist until either the curing seal, another surface treatment, or the next pavement course is applied.

(F) Construction Joints

At the end of each day's construction, form a straight transverse construction joint by cutting back into the completed work to form a vertical face unless the road is to be opened to traffic. Build the base for large, wide areas in a series of parallel lines of convenient length and width meeting the approval of the Engineer. Form straight longitudinal joints at the edge of each day's construction by cutting back into the completed work to form a vertical face free of loose or shattered materials.

(G) Tolerances

After final shaping and compacting of the base, the Engineer will check the surface of the base for conformance to the grade and typical section and determine the base thickness. Construct the thickness of the base so that it is within a tolerance of plus or minus ½ inch of the base thickness required by the plans. Construct the base so that the maximum differential between the established grade and the base within any 50-foot section is ½ inch.

(H) Traffic

Completed sections of the base may be opened when necessary to lightweight local traffic, provided the base has hardened sufficiently to prevent marring or distorting of the surface, and provided the curing is not impaired. Do not operate construction equipment on the base except as necessary to discharge into the spreader during paving operations.

(I) Maintenance

Maintain the base in an acceptable condition until final acceptance of the project. Include immediate repair of any defects or damage that may occur in any maintenance operation. Perform this maintenance at no cost to the Department and repeat as often as may be necessary to keep the base in an acceptable condition. Perform repairs to the base by replacing the base for its full depth.

Measurement and Payment

Flexible Pavement Reclamation will be measured and paid as square yards complete-in-place. The length will be measured along the surface of the pavement. The width shall be the width specified on the plans or in writing by the Engineer. Such price shall include furnishing all materials, equipment, tools, labor, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Flexible Pavement Reclamation (____")	Square Yard

RESURFACING EXISTING BRIDGES:

(7-1-95)

RR 61

The Contractor's attention is directed to the fact that he will be required to resurface the bridges on this project if directed by the Engineer.

Place the surface so as to follow a grade line set by the Engineer with the minimum thickness as shown on the sketch herein or as directed by the Engineer. State Forces will make all necessary repairs to the bridge floors prior to the time that the Contractor places the proposed surfacing. Give the Engineer at least 15 days notice prior to the expected time to begin operations so that State Forces will have sufficient time to complete their work.

At all bridges that are not to be resurfaced, taper out the proposed resurfacing layer adjacent to the bridges to insure a proper tie-in with the bridge surface.

PAVING INTERSECTIONS, DRIVEWAYS, AND MAILBOX TURNOUTS:

(7-1-95)

RR 70

Surface all unpaved intersections back from the edge of the pavement on the main line of the project at least 50 feet. Surface all driveway and mailbox turnouts as directed by the Engineer. The pavement placed in the intersections shall be of the same material and thickness as being used on the main line. Use material to pave driveway and mailbox turnouts that are being used on the project and place it in depths directed by the Engineer.

Resurface all paved intersections back to the ends of the radii, or as directed by the Engineer.

The unpaved intersections, driveways, and mailbox turnouts will be prepared for surfacing by State Forces.

Widen the pavement on curves as directed by the Engineer.

TRENCHING FOR BASE COURSE:

(7-1-95)

RR 79

Perform all trenching necessary to place the asphalt concrete base course widening in accordance with the typical sections, at locations shown on the sketch maps, and as directed by the Engineer.

Perform the trenching for the base course on the same day that the base course is to be placed. If the base course cannot be placed on the same day the trench section is excavated, backfill the trench with earth material and compact it to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Once the trench is open, perform backfilling and re-opening of the trench at no cost to the Department.

The Contractor will be restricted to widening one side of the project at a time unless otherwise permitted by the Engineer. In widening, operate equipment and conduct operations in the same direction as the flow of traffic.

Density tests may be taken every 2000 feet in the widened areas as directed by the Engineer. Shape and compact the subgrade in the widened areas to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Compact the asphalt concrete base course in the widened areas in accordance with the provisions of Article 610-9 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Place the excavated material from trenching operation on the adjacent shoulder area as directed by the Engineer. Cut adequate weep holes in the excavated material to provide for adequate drainage as directed by the Engineer. Remove all excavated material from all drives to provide ingress and egress to abutting properties and from in front of mailboxes and paper boxes. Saw a neat edge and remove all asphalt and/or concrete driveways, and existing asphalt widening, as directed by the Engineer, to the width of the widening and dispose of any excavated concrete or asphalt materials. Properly reconnect driveways.

Upon completion of the paving operation, backfill the trench to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Properly dispose of any excess material remaining after this operation.

No direct payment will be made for trenching, sawing, and removal of driveways, depositing material on shoulder area, backfilling trench, or removal of spoil material, as the cost of this work shall be included in the contract unit price per ton for *Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type ____*.

GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE 350:

(4-20-04)

SP8 R65

Description

Furnish and install guardrail anchor units in accordance with the details in the plans, the applicable requirements of Section 862 of the *Standard Specifications*, and at locations shown in the plans.

Materials

The Contractor may at his option, furnish any one of the guardrail anchor units.

Guardrail anchor unit (ET-2000) as manufactured by:

Trinity Industries, Inc.
2525 N. Stemmons Freeway
Dallas, Texas 75207
Telephone: 800-644-7976

The guardrail anchor unit (SKT 350) as manufactured by:

Road Systems, Inc.
3616 Old Howard County Airport
Big Spring, Texas 79720
Telephone: 915-263-2435

Prior to installation the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer:

- (A) FHWA acceptance letter for each guardrail anchor unit certifying it meets the requirements of NCHRP Report 350, Test Level 3, in accordance with Section 106-2 of the *Standard Specifications*.
- (B) Certified working drawings and assembling instructions from the manufacturer for each guardrail anchor unit in accordance with Section 105-2 of the *Specifications*.

No modifications shall be made to the guardrail anchor unit without the express written permission from the manufacturer. Perform installation in accordance with the details in the plans, and details and assembling instructions furnished by the manufacturer.

Construction Methods

Guardrail end delineation is required on all approach and trailing end sections for both temporary and permanent installations. Guardrail end delineation consists of yellow reflective sheeting applied to the entire end section of the guardrail in accordance with Section 1088-3 of the *Standard Specifications* and is incidental to the cost of the guardrail anchor unit.

Measurement and Payment

Measurement and payment will be made in accordance with Articles 862-6 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Guardrail Anchor Units, Type 350	Each

GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNITS, TYPE 350-TEST LEVEL II:

(4-20-04)

DESCRIPTION

Furnish and install Guardrail Anchor Units in accordance with the details in the plans, the applicable requirements of Section 862 of the *Standard Specifications*, and at locations shown in the plans.

MATERIALS

The Contractor may at his option, furnish any one of the Guardrail Anchor Units.

Guardrail Anchor Unit (**ET-PLUS**) as manufactured by:

TRINITY INDUSTRIES, INC.
2525 N. STEMMONS FREEWAY
DALLAS, TEXAS 75207
TELEPHONE: 1-800-644-7976

The Guardrail Anchor Unit (**FLEAT**) as manufactured by:

ROAD SYSTEMS, INC.
3616 OLD HOWARD COUNTY AIRPORT
BIG SPRING, TEXAS 79720
TELEPHONE: 915-263-2435

Prior to installation the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer:

1. FHWA acceptance letter for each Guardrail Anchor Unit certifying it meets the requirements of NCHRP Report 350, Test Level 2, in accordance with Section 106-2 of the Standard Specifications.
2. Certified working drawings and assembling instructions from the manufacturer for each Guardrail Anchor Unit in accordance with Section 105-2 of the Specifications.

No modifications shall be made to the Guardrail Anchor Unit without the express written permission from the manufacturer. Perform installation in accordance with the details in the plans, and details and assembling instructions furnished by the manufacturer.

CONSTRUCTION

Guardrail end delineation is required on all approach and trailing end sections for both temporary and permanent installations. Guardrail end delineation consists of yellow reflective sheeting applied to the entire end section of the guardrail in accordance with Section 1088-3 of the *Standard Specifications* and is incidental to the cost of the Guardrail Anchor Unit.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Measurement and payment will be made in accordance with Articles 862.5 AMD 862-6 of the Standard Specifications.

Payment will be made under:

Guardrail Anchor Units, Type 350, Test Level II.....Each

AGGREGATE PRODUCTION:

(11-20-01)

RR 109

Provide aggregate from a producer who utilizes the new Aggregate Quality Control/Quality Assurance Program which is in effect at the time of shipment.

No price adjustment is allowed to contractors or producers who utilize the new program. Participation in the new program does not relieve the producer of the responsibility of complying with all requirements of the Standard Specifications. Copies of this procedure are available upon request from the Materials and Test Unit.

CONCRETE BRICK AND BLOCK PRODUCTION:

(11-20-01)

RR 112

Provide concrete brick and block from a producer who utilizes the new Solid Concrete Masonry Brick/Unit Quality Control/Quality Assurance Program that is in effect on the date that material is received on the project.

No price adjustment is allowed to contractors or producers who utilize the new program. Participation in the new program does not relieve the producer of the responsibility of complying with all requirements of the Standard Specifications. Copies of this procedure are available upon request from the Materials and Test Unit.

FINAL SURFACE TESTING - ASPHALT PAVEMENTS (Rideability):

(5-18-04) (Rev.7-18-06)

RR 20

On portions of this project where the typical section requires two or more layers of new pavement, perform acceptance testing of the longitudinal profile of the finished pavement surface in accordance with these provisions using a North Carolina Hearne Straightedge (Model No. 1). Furnish and operate the straightedge to determine and record the longitudinal profile of the pavement on a continuous graph. Final surface testing is an integral part of the paving operation and is subject to observation and inspection by the Engineer as deemed necessary.

Push the straightedge manually over the pavement at a speed not exceeding 2 miles per hour. For all lanes, take profiles in the right wheel path approximately 3 ft from the right edge of pavement in the same direction as the paving operation, unless otherwise approved due to traffic control or safety considerations. Make one pass of the straightedge in each full width travel lane. The full lane width should be comparable in ride quality to the area evaluated with the Hearne Straightedge. If deviations exist at other locations across the lane width, utilize a 10 foot non-mobile straightedge or the Hearne Straightedge to evaluate which areas may require corrective action. Take profiles as soon as practical after the pavement has been rolled and compacted but in no event later than 24 hours following placement of the pavement, unless otherwise authorized by the Engineer. Take profiles over the entire length of final surface travel lane pavement exclusive of -Y- line travel lanes less than or equal to 300 feet in length, turn lanes less than or equal to 300 feet in length, structures, approach slabs, paved shoulders, loops, and tapers or other irregular shaped areas of pavement, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Test in accordance with this provision all mainline travel lanes, full width acceleration or deceleration lanes, -Y- line travel lanes greater than 300 feet in length, ramps, full width turn lanes greater than 300 feet in length, and collector lanes.

At the beginning and end of each day's testing operations, and at such other times as determined necessary by the Engineer, operate the straightedge over a calibration strip so that the Engineer can verify correct operation of the straightedge. The calibration strip shall be a 100 ft section of pavement that is reasonably level and smooth. Submit each day's calibration graphs with that day's test section graphs to the Engineer. Calibrate the straightedge in accordance with the current NCDOT procedure titled *North Carolina Hearne Straightedge - Calibration and Determination of Cumulative Straightedge Index*. Copies of this procedure may be obtained from the Department's Pavement Construction Section.

Plot the straightedge graph at a horizontal scale of approximately 25 ft per inch with the vertical scale plotted at a true scale. Record station numbers and references (bridges, approach slabs, culverts, etc.) on the graphs, and distances between references/stations shall not exceed 100 ft. Have the operator record the Date, Project No., Lane Location, Wheel Path Location, Type Mix, and Operator's Name on the graph.

Upon completion of each day's testing, evaluate the graph, calculate the Cumulative Straightedge Index (CSI), and determine which lots, if any, require corrective action. Document the evaluation of each lot on a QA/QC-7 form. Submit the graphs along with the completed QA/QC-7 forms to the Engineer, within 24 hours after profiles are completed, for verification of the results. The Engineer will furnish results of their acceptance evaluation to the Contractor

24-B

within 48 hours of receiving the graphs. In the event of discrepancies, the Engineer's evaluation of the graphs will prevail for acceptance purposes. The Engineer will retain all graphs and forms.

Use blanking bands of 0.2 inches, 0.3 inches, and 0.4 inches to evaluate the graph for acceptance. The 0.2 inch and 0.3 inch blanking bands are used to determine the Straightedge Index (SEI), which is a number that indicates the deviations that exceed each of the 0.2 inch and 0.3 inch bands within a 100 ft test section. The Cumulative Straightedge Index (CSI) is a number representing the total of the SEIs for one lot, which consist of not more than 25 consecutive test sections. In addition, the 0.4 inch blanking band is used to further evaluate deviations on an individual basis. The Cumulative Straightedge Index (CSI) will be determined by the Engineer in accordance with the current procedure titled "North Carolina Hearne Straightedge - Calibration and Determination of Cumulative Straightedge Index".

The pavement will be accepted for surface smoothness on a lot by lot basis. A test section represents pavement one travel lane wide not more than 100 ft in length. A lot will consist of 25 consecutive test sections, except that separate lots will be established for each travel lane, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. In addition, full width acceleration or deceleration lanes, ramps, turn lanes, and collector lanes, will be evaluated as separate lots. For any lot that is less than 2500 feet in length, the applicable pay adjustment incentive will be prorated on the basis of the actual lot length. For any lot which is less than 2500 feet in length, the applicable pay adjustment disincentive will be the full amount for a lot, regardless of the lot length.

If during the evaluation of the graphs, 5 lots (mainline travel lanes and full width -Y- line travel lanes greater than 300 feet in length only) require corrective action, then proceed on limited production for unsatisfactory laydown in accordance with Article 610-12. Proceeding on limited production is based upon the Contractor's initial evaluation of the straightedge test results and shall begin immediately upon obtaining those results. Additionally, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to proceed on limited production in accordance with Article 610-12 due to unsatisfactory laydown or workmanship.

Limited production for unsatisfactory laydown is defined as being restricted to the production, placement, compaction, and final surface testing of a sufficient quantity of mix necessary to construct only 2500 feet of pavement at the laydown width. Once this lot is complete, the final surface testing graphs will be evaluated jointly by the Contractor and the Engineer. Remain on limited production until such time as acceptable laydown results are obtained or until three consecutive 2500 foot sections have been attempted without achieving acceptable laydown results. The Engineer will determine if normal production may resume based upon the CSI for the limited production lot and any adjustments to the equipment, placement methods, and/or personnel performing the work. Once on limited production, the Engineer may require the Contractor to evaluate the smoothness of the previous asphalt layer and take appropriate action to reduce and/or eliminate corrective measures on the final surface course. Additionally, the Contractor may be required to demonstrate acceptable laydown techniques off the project limits prior to proceeding on the project.

If the Contractor fails to achieve satisfactory laydown results after three consecutive 2500 foot sections have been attempted, cease production of that mix type until such time as the cause of the unsatisfactory laydown results can be determined.

As an exception, the Engineer may grant approval to produce a different mix design of the same mix type if the cause is related to mix problem(s) rather than laydown procedures. If production of a new mix design is allowed, proceed under the limited production procedures detailed above.

After initially proceeding under limited production, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Engineer if any additional lot on the project requires corrective action. The Engineer will determine if limited production procedures are warranted for continued production.

If the Contractor does not operate by the limited production procedures as specified above, the 5 lots, which require corrective action, will be considered unacceptable and may be subject to removal and replacement. Mix placed under the limited production procedures for unsatisfactory laydown will be evaluated for acceptance in accordance with Article 105-3.

The pay adjustment schedule for the Cumulative Straightedge Index (CSI) test results per lot is as follows:

Pay Adjustment Schedule for Cumulative Straightedge Index (CSI) (Obtained by adding SE Index of up to 25 consecutive 100 ft. sections)				
*CSI	ACCEPTANCE CATEGORY	CORRECTIVE ACTION	PAY ADJUSTMENT	
			Before Corrective Action	After Corrective Action
0-0	Acceptable	None	\$300 incentive	None
1-0 or 2-0	Acceptable	None	\$100 incentive	None
3-0 or 4-0	Acceptable	None	No Adjustment	No Adjustment
1-1, 2-1, 5-0 or 6-0	Acceptable	Allowed	\$300 disincentive	\$300 disincentive
3-1, 4-1, 5-1 or 6-1	Acceptable	Allowed	\$600 disincentive	\$600 disincentive
Any other Number	Unacceptable	Required	Per CSI after Correction(s) (not to exceed 100% Pay)	

***Either Before or After Corrective Actions**

Correct any deviation that exceeds a 0.4 inch blanking band such that the deviation is reduced to 0.3 inches or less.

Corrective actions shall be performed at the Contractor's expense and shall be presented for evaluation and approval by the Engineer prior to proceeding. Any corrective action performed shall not reduce the integrity or durability of the pavement that is to remain in place. Corrective action for deviation repair may consist of overlaying, removing and replacing, indirect heating and rerolling. Scraping of the pavement with any blade type device will not be allowed as a corrective action. Provide overlays of the same type mix, full roadway width, and to the length

and depth established by the Engineer. Tapering of the longitudinal edges of the overlay will not be allowed.

Corrective actions will not be allowed for lots having a CSI of 40 or better. If the CSI indicates *Allowed* corrective action, the Contractor may elect to take necessary measures to reduce the CSI in lieu of accepting the disincentive. Take corrective actions as specified if the CSI indicates *Required* corrective action. The CSI after corrective action should meet or exceed *Acceptable* requirements.

Where corrective action is allowed or required, the test section(s) requiring corrective action will be retested, unless the Engineer directs the retesting of the entire lot. No disincentive will apply after corrective action if the CSI is 40 or better. If the retested lot after corrective action has a CSI indicating a disincentive, the appropriate disincentive will be applied.

Test sections and/or lots that are initially tested by the Contractor that indicate excessive deviations such that either a disincentive or corrective action is necessary, may be re-rolled with asphalt rollers while the mix is still warm and in a workable condition, to possibly correct the problem. In this instance, reevaluation of the test section(s) shall be completed within 24 hours of pavement placement and these test results will serve as the initial test results.

Incentive pay adjustments will be based only on the initially measured CSI, as determined by the Engineer, prior to any corrective work. Where corrective actions have been taken, payment will be based on the CSI determined after correction, not to exceed 100 percent payment.

Areas excluded from testing by the N.C. Hearne Straightedge will be tested by using a non-mobile 10-foot straightedge. Assure that the variation of the surface from the testing edge of the straightedge between any two contact points with the surface is not more than 1/8 inch. Correct deviations exceeding the allowable tolerance in accordance with the corrective actions specified above, unless the Engineer permits other corrective actions.

Furnish the North Carolina Hearne Straightedge(s) necessary to perform this work. Maintain responsibility for all costs relating to the procurement, handling, and maintenance of these devices. The Department has entered into a license agreement with a manufacturer to fabricate, sell, and distribute the N.C. Hearne Straightedge. The Department's Pavement Construction Section may be contacted for the name of the current manufacturer and the approximate price of the straightedge.

No direct payment will be made for the work covered by this section. Payment at the contract unit prices for the various items covered by those sections of the specifications directly applicable to the work constructed will be full compensation for all work covered by this section including, but not limited to, performing testing in accordance with this specification, any corrective work required as a result of this testing and any additional traffic control as may be necessary.

HIGH STRENGTH CONCRETE FOR DRIVEWAYS:

(11-21-00) (7-18-06)

RR 115

Use high early strength concrete for all driveways shown in the plans and as directed by the Engineer. Provide high early strength concrete that meets the requirements of Article 1000-6 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Measurement and payment will be in accordance with Section 848 of the *Standard Specifications*.

REMOVAL OF EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKERS:

(7-1-95)

RR 118

The Contractor's attention is directed to the fact that there are pavement markers on this project.

Remove and dispose of these markers prior to the paving operation.

No direct payment will be made for this work, as it will be incidental to the paving operation and payment at the contract unit price for the various asphalt items in the contract will be full compensation for such work.

SEEDING AND MULCHING:

(East) S-1

The kinds of seed and fertilizer, and the rates of application of seed, fertilizer, and limestone, shall be as stated below. During periods of overlapping dates, the kind of seed to be used shall be determined. All rates are in pounds per acre.

All Roadway Areas

March 1 - August 31		September 1 - February 28	
50#	Tall Fescue	50#	Tall Fescue
10#	Centipede	10#	Centipede
25#	Bermudagrass (hulled)	35#	Bermudagrass (unhulled)
500#	Fertilizer	500#	Fertilizer
4000#	Limestone	4000#	Limestone

Waste and Borrow Locations

March 1 - August 31		September 1 - February 28	
75#	Tall Fescue	75#	Tall Fescue
25#	Bermudagrass (hulled)	35#	Bermudagrass (unhulled)
500#	Fertilizer	500#	Fertilizer
4000#	Limestone	4000#	Limestone

Note: 50# of Bahiagrass may be substituted for either Centipede or Bermudagrass only upon Engineer's request.

Approved Tall Fescue Cultivars

Adventure	Chieftain	Jaguar	Rebel Jr
Adventure II	Coronado	Jaguar III	Renegade
Amigo	Crossfire II	Kentucky 31	Safari
Anthem	Debutante	Kitty Hawk	Shenandoah
Apache	Duster	Monarch	Tempo
Apache II	Falcon	Montauk	Titan
Arid	Falcon II	Mustang	Tomahawk
Austin	Finelawn	Olympic	Trailblazer
Bonanza	Finelawn I	Pacer	Tribute
Bonanza II	Finelawn Petite	Phoenix	Vegas
Brookstone	Genesis	Pixie	Wolfpack
Bulldog 51	Grande	Pyramid	Wrangler
Chapel Hill	Guardian	Rebel	
Chesapeake	Houndog	Rebel II	

On cut and fill slopes 2:1 or steeper Centipede shall be applied at the rate of 5 pounds per acre and add 20# of Sericea Lespedeza from January 1 - December 31.

Fertilizer shall be 10-20-20 analysis. Upon written approval of the Engineer, a different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 1-2-2 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as a 10-20-20 analysis.