NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

				SOIL AND RO	CK LEGEND, TERM	IS, SYMBOL	S, AND ABBRE	EVIATIONS			
	SOIL DESCRIPTION		,	GRADATION			RO	CK DESCRIPTION		TERMS AND [DEFINITIONS
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS WHICH CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND WHICH YIELDS LESS THAN 180 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T286, ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM AND BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH			WELL GRADED- INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE UNIFORM- INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO POORLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED- INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.			HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WHEN TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.			ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS WHICH HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.		
						SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE				AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.	
			ANGULARITY OF GRAINS			OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLOWS:			ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS.		
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULA	ARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, E CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAY		THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS (SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROI	OF SOIL GRAINS ARE DESIGNATED BY THE UNDED.	TERMS; ANGULAR,	WEATHERED		AL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT YIELDS S	SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS	OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR	
	ID AND AASHTO CLAS			 MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITIO	DN .	ROCK (WR)	PER FUUI.			ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIEN AT WHICH IS IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT	AT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERI	IALS SILT-CLAY MATE	ERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ,	, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE L		CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR)	WOULD YIE	DARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMOR LD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK		GROUND SURFACE.	AECESSARIET RISE IN OR ABOVE (HE
CLASS. (.35% PASSING *20	ØØ) (≥85% PASSING A-2 A-4 A-5 A-	*200)	WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED	COMPRESSIBILITY		NON-CRYSTALLINE	FINE TO CO	BBRO, SCHIST, ETC. DARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-	-COASTAL PLAIN	CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS WHICH CONTAIN APPRECIA	
011001	-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7	A-7-6 A-3 A-6, A-7	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBL	E LIQUID LIMIT	LESS THAN 30	ROCK (NCR)	INCLUDES I	RY ROCK THAT WOULD YEILD SPT RE PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.		COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPI OF SLOPE.	JSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM
SYMBOL 000000000000000000000000000000000000			MODERATELY COMPRESS HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE		31-50 GREATER THAN 50	COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK	SPT REFUS	LAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROO AL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE		CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIA LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE	L RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL
% PASSING # 10 50 MX		GRANULAR SILT- MUCK,	, co	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIA ANULAR SILT- CLAY		(CP)	SHELL BED	WEATHERING		DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUT	
# 4Ø 3Ø MX 5Ø MX 51 MN	5 MX35 MX35 MX36 MN36 MN36	SOILS SOILS PEAT	UNGANIL MATERIAL	SOILS SOILS	OTHER MATERIAL	FRESH ROCI	K FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FI	EW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAIN	NING. ROCK RINGS UNDER	ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLAN	NAP FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE
	MN 40 MX41 MN 40 MX 41 MN 40		LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3		TLE 10 - 20%	HAM	MER IF CRYSTALLINE.	STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW TH		HORIZONTAL.	
	MX 11 MN 11 MN 10 MX 10 MX 11 P	MN II MN LITTLE OR HIGHLY		5 - 10% 12 - 20% SON >10% >20% HIG	ME 20 - 35% HLY 35% AND ABOVE	(V. SLI.) CRY	STALS ON A BROKEN SPECIME CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	N FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS	S UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BE THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.	
GROUP INDEX 0 0 0	4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16	MX No MX MODERATE ORGANIC SOILS	- Company	GROUND WATER		1		STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTEND	DS INTO ROCK UP TO	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHIC SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE	H THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE
OF MAJOR GRAVEL AND CRAVE		CLAYEY ORGANIC SOILS MATTER	·	EL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER	DRILLING.	(SLI.) 1 IN	CH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAI STALS ARE DULL AND DISCOL	N CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME DRED, CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UND	OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR DER HAMMER BLOWS.	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY	
MATERIALS SAND SHIND SHAPE				ER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS.		MODERATE SIGN	ILFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK :	SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERIN	NG EFFECTS. IN	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR O	
AS A EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR POOR POOR POOR POOR POOR						(MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.				PARENT MATERIAL. FLOOD PLAIN (F.P.) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY	
P.I. OF A-7-5	5 ≤ L.L 30 : P.I. OF A-7-		SPRING OR S			MODERATELY ALL	ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOL	ORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID RO	OCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL	THE STREAM.	
	ISISTENCY OR DENSE		President and the second and the sec	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS			SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION, ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK.			FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT THE FIELD.	CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTN	NESS UR DEMETRATION DECI	ISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION ROADWAY EMBANKMENT OPT ONT TEST BORING SAMPLE VST PMT DESIGNATIONS			IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL				JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.	
GENERALLY VERY LC	00SE <4		SOIL SYMBOL	AUGER BORING	S- BULK SAMPLE	(SEV.) IN S	STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN	DLORED OR STAINED ROCK FABRIC CL I GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS		LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROC ITS LATERAL EXTENT.	K WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO
GRANULAR MEDIUM	DENSE 10 TO 30		ARTIFICIAL FILL OTH	HER THAN	SS- SPLIT SPOON		ENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF ST TESTED. YIELDS SPT N VALUES			LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN	N ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.
(NON-COHESIVE) DENSE VERY DE		9	ROADWAY EMBANKMEN	\rightarrow	SAMPLE ST- SHELBY TUBE	VERY SEVERE ALL	ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOL	ORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC EL	EMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT	MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS (SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK	F DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN
VERY SC	OFT <2	<0.25	INFERRED SOIL BOUN	NDARIES MONITORING WEI	CAMBLE	REM	AINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXA	ED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRA MPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DE	GREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NOR	
GENERALLY SOFT SILT-CLAY MEDIUM		0.25 TO 0.5 0.5 TO 1	到河台河台 INFERRED ROCK LINE	↑ PIEZOMETER	RS- ROCK SAMPLE	1		FABRIC REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELD</i> BRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNI		INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM,	THERMAL OF DOOR
MATERIAL STIFF (COHESIVE) VERY ST		1 TO 2	TTTTT ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUN		RT- RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL SAMPLE	SCAT	TERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUA	RTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR		ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (R.Q.D.) - A MEASURE OF I	
HARD		>30 >4		25/825 DIP/DIP DIRECTION OF SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION CBR - CBF			RLSO HW EARING EE.			ROCK SEGMENTS EDUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AN EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.	
TEXTURE UR GRAIN SIZE SPT N-VALUE						VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES				SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL WHICH RETAINS THE	E RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE
U.S. STO. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270 OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.0 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053			● - SOUNDING ROD REF SPT REFUSAL			SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGISTS PICK.			PARENT ROCK. <u>SILL</u> - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND		
	COARSE	FINE SILT CLAY		ABBREVIATIONS			I BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OF DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD	D HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED	RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTE TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED I	NT, WHICH HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL
	(GR.) SAND (CSE. SD.)	SAND (SL.) (CL.)	AR - AUGER REFUSAL BT - BORING TERMIN					PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.29		SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THA	
GRAIN MM 305 75	2.0 0.2	25 0.05 0.005	CL CLAY CPT - CONE PENETRA	SL SILT, SIL ATION TEST SLI SLIGHTL		BY	MODERATE BLOWS.			SLIP PLANE.	
SIZE IN. 12" 3"	TURE - CORRELATION	I OF TERMS	CSE COARSE DMT - DILATOMETER	TCR - TRICONE	E REFUSAL			5 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE HIPS TO PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZ		STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTAN A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO I	PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE	FIELD MOISTURE	IDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	DPT - DYNAMIC PENE e - VOID RATIO			Į.	NT OF A GEOLOGISTS PICK.	DILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EX	CAMATED IN EDAGUENTO	A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. WITH 60 BLOWS.	SPT REFUSAL IS LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PENETRATION
(ATTERBERG LIMITS)	DESCRIPTION	TOE TON TREE POISTONE DESCRIPTION	F FINE	W - MOISTURE		FRO	OM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES	IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A		STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STR OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.	KATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH
	- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY (SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE		FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS V VERY FRACT - FRACTURED VST - VANE SHEAR TEST FRAGS FRAGMENTS MED MEDIUM			PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES I INCH SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.			STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (S.R.O.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY: TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 10 CENTIMETERS DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.		
PLASTIC LIQUID LIMIT											
RANGE <		EMISOLID: REQUIRES DRYING TO FTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	EQUIP	MENT USED ON SUBJECT P	PROJECT	FRAC	TURE SPACING		DING	TOPSOIL (T.S.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING	ORGANIC MATTER.
PL PLASTIC LIMIT			DRILL UNITS:	ADVANCING TOOLS:	HAMMER TYPE:	TERM VERY WIDE	SPACING	TERM VERY THICKLY BEDDED	THICKNESS > 4 FEET	BENCH MARK:	
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE. SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT	- MOIST - (M) S	SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	MOBILE B-	CLAY BITS	AUTOMATIC MANUAL	MIDE	MORE THAN 10 FEET 3 TO 10 FEET	THICKLY BEDDED THINLY BEDDED	1.5 - 4 FEET Ø.16 - 1.5 FEET		
	RE	REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO		6' CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER	CORE SIZE:	MODERATELY CI CLOSE	Ø.16 TO 1 FEET	VERY THINLY BEDDED	0.03 - 0.16 FEET 0.008 - 0.03 FEET		ELEVATION:
		ATTAIN OPTIMUM MUISTORE		8' HOLLOW AUGERS		VERY CLOSE	LESS THAN Ø.16 FEE	THINLY LAMINATED	< 0.008 FEET	NOTES:	
	PLASTICITY	ADD CTATO	- CME-45B	HARD FACED FINGER BITS		FOR SEDIMENTARY	~~~	INDURATION RDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEME	ENTING HEAT PRESSURE ETC.	£ 7	
NONPLASTIC	PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) Ø-5	ORY STRENGTH VERY LOW	CME-550	TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS	н	FRIABLE	D) ID	BING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS		APPROXIMATE FLOOD PLAIN	
LOW PLASTICITY MED. PLASTICITY	6-15 16-25	SLIGHT MEDIUM		CASING W/ ADVANCER	HAND TOOLS:	- FRINDLE	GEN	TLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATE	ES SAMPLE.	L T LIMITS	
HIGH PLASTICITY	26 OR MORE	HIGH		TRICONE 2 15/16' STEEL TEETH	POST HOLE DIGGER	MODERAT		INS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPI AKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER			
	COLOR		JI I DIHER F	TRICONETUNGCARBCORE BIT	HAND AUGER SOUNDING ROD	INDURATI		INS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE W	WITH STEEL PROBE;		
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COL MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK				OTHER	VANE SHEAR TEST	CVTDEVE	E	FICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER. RP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BR	REAV CAMPLE.		
	COLU I		Land 11	- OTHER	OTHER	EXTREME		IPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	CHR SHMFLE;		
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STATE PROJECT NO. SHEET NO. TOTAL SHEETS
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