PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SIG.20 B-3451

MAST ARM LOADING SCHEDULE LOADING SIZE **DESCRIPTION** WEIGHT SYMBOL 25.5" W SIGNAL HEAD 60 LBS Χ 12"-3 SECTION-WITH BACKPLATE AND ASTRO-BRAC 52.5" l 24.0" W 11 LBS RIGID MOUNTED WITH ASTRO-SIGN-BRAC 30.0" L 18.0″ W STREET NAME SIGN 27 LBS 12.0 S.F. treet name sign RIGID MOUNTED WITH ASTRO-SIGN-BRAC 96.0" L

<u>NOTES</u>

Design Reference Material

- 1. Design the traffic signal structure and foundation in accordance with:
- The 4th Edition 2001 AASHTO "Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway
- Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals" including all of the latest interim revisions. • The 2002 NCDOT "Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures". The latest addenda to these specifications can be found in the traffic signal project special provisions.
- The 2002 NCDOT Roadway Standard Drawings.
- The traffic signal project plans and special provisions.
 The NCDOT "Metal Pole Standards" located at the following NCDOT website: http://www.doh.state.nc.us/preconstruct/traffic/tmssu/SMS/metal pole/poles.htm

<u>Design Requirements</u>

TERMINAL COMPARTMENT @ 135°

PLAN VIEW

RADIAL ORIENTATION

- 2. Comply with the provisions of Section 1744 "Structure Design of Signal Supports" in the NCDOT Standard Specifications and the latest addenda to these specifications.
- 3. Design the traffic signal structure using the loading conditions shown in the elevation views. These are anticipated worst case "Design loads" and may not represent the actual loads that will be applied at the time of the installation. The contractor should refer to the traffic signal plans for the actual loads that will be applied at the time of the installation.
- Ensure that the structure design meets the following deflection criteria.
- The maximum allowable deflection at the tip of the mast arm due to the combined vertical deflection of the pole and the arm is 3.0% of the total mast arm length under maximum dead loading conditions.
- As provided for in article 11.8 of the 2001 AASHTO Specification, when the equivalent static design wind effect from truck-induced gusts are applied to the structure, the total deflection at the free end of all traffic signal arms should be limited to 8 inches (200mm) vertically.
- Conform to article 10.4.2 of the 2001 AASHTO Specification.
- Design the arm-to-pole connection so the mast arm slopes upward away from the pole at an angle of 3 degrees above horizontal to offset the vertical deflection of the mast arm. The pole manufacturer may design a different arm slope as long as the deflection criterion above is included in the design.
- The pole manufacturer may substitute a clamp-type bolted connection instead of a welded connection as long as the roadway clearance range is within the allowable limit. If bolted connections are used, the pole manufacturer must ensure that factory drilled holes are provided in the connection plate to allow easy installation of the shear bolts that lock the mast arm to the pole. The contractor will field drill the holes in the pole wall for
- The mast arm attachment height (H1) shown is based on the following design assumptions: a. Mast arm slope and deflection are not considered in determining the arm attachment height as they are assumed to offset each other.
- b. Signal heads attached to the mast arm are rigid mounted and vertically centered on the arm. c. The roadway clearance height is 17 feet from the bottom of the signal head backplate.
- d. The top of the pole base plate is .75 feet above the ground elevation. e. The ground elevation at the proposed centerline of the foundation:
- for Pole No. 9 is equal to the highest point on the roadway. • for Pole No. 10 is 1.0 ft. below the highest point on the roadway.
- 7. The contractor is responsible for verifying that the mast arm attachment height (H1) will provide the "Design Height" clearance (17 ft.) from the roadway prior to submitting final shop drawings for approval. The contractor also must verify that the mast arm length shown will allow proper positioning of the signal heads over the roadway.
- 8. If pole location adjustments are required, the contractor must gain approval from the engineer as this may affect the mast arm lengths and arm attachment heights. The contractor may contact the Signals & Geometrics structural engineer for assistance at
- 9. The pole manufacturer will determine the total height of the pole (H2) using the greater of the following:
- Mast arm attachment height (H1) plus 2 feet, or
- \bullet H1 plus $\frac{1}{2}$ of the total height of the mast arm attachment assembly plus 1 foot. 10. NCDOT prefers using 8 anchor bolts to secure the structure to the foundation. The pole manufacturer may provide a design that specifies less than 8 anchor bolts as long as design calculations are provided and approved. A minimum of 8 anchor bolts must be provided when the design calls for a mast arm length equal to or greater than 50 feet, or in any design where dual mast arms are required. Two-inch anchor bolts are required in all designs. The pole manufacturer should design the structure whenever possible to conform to bolt circle patterns that are specified in the NCDOT Metal Pole Standards.
- 11. The contractor is responsible for providing soil penetration testing data (SPT) to the pole manufacturer so site specific foundations can be designed.

NCDOT Wind Zone 4 (90 mph)

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Prepared in the Offices of: and Safety Control of the Control of	DIVI
and Geometries	PLAN D
122 N. McDowell St., Raleigh, NC 27603	PREPAR
SCALE	

N/A

NC 751 (CAMERON BLVD)

US 15-501 BYP SB RAMPS

DURHAM COUNTY DURHAM N ISION 05 DATE: 08-15-04 REVIEWED BY: D.W.MORTON RED BY: C.B. HOLDEN | RK&K PROJECT NO. 302-079-SIG

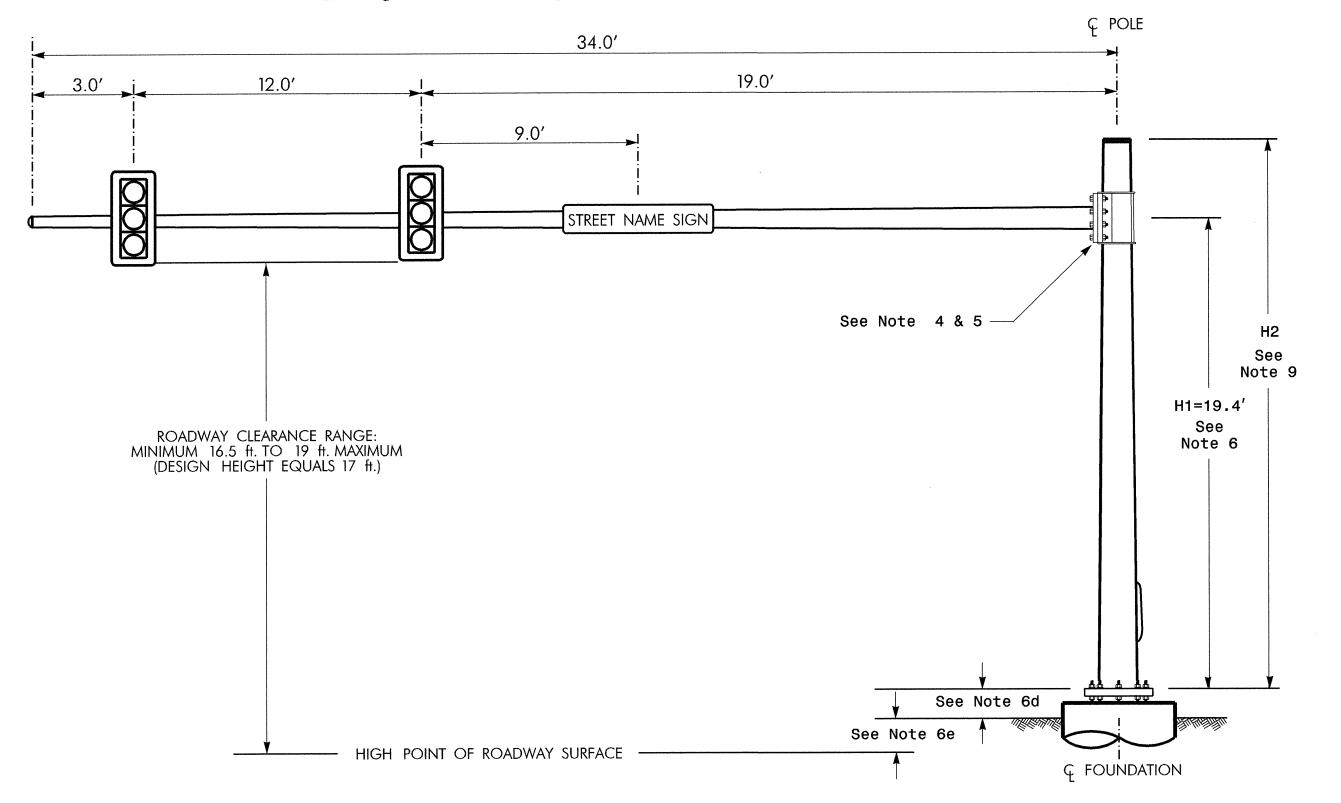
SIG. INVENTORY NO. 05-1093

Design Loading for METAL POLE NO. 9

G POLE 43.0' 3.0′ 3.0′ 25.0' See Note 4 & 5 H2 Note 9 H1=18.4ROADWAY CLEARANCE RANGE: Note 6 MINIMUM 16.5 ft. TO 19 ft. MAXIMUM (DESIGN HEIGHT EQUALS 17 ft.) See Note 6d See Note 6e - HIGH POINT OF ROADWAY SURFACE **G** FOUNDATION

ELEVATION VIEW @ 270°

Design Loading for METAL POLE NO. 10



ELEVATION VIEW @ 90