NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS					
SOIL DESCRIPTION GRADATION WELL GRADED, INDICATES A COOR REPRESENTATION OF PARTIES TO COORSE		WE TO COADO	ROCK DESCRIPTION TERMS AND DEFINITIONS		
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS WHICH CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND WHICH YIELDS LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO 1206, ASTM D-1596), SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM AND BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANOULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC, EXAMPLE: WELL GRAPED: INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLES SER ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE, (ALSO POORLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED: INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES. CHARGED: INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES. ANGULARITY OF GRAINS THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDINESS OF SOIL GRAINS ARE DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS; ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.		ZES. SPT REFUS IN NON-CO OF WEATHE	ROCK (WR) PER FOOT.		ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS WHICH HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS		CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE,		AT WHICH IS IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.
CLASS. (\$5% PASSING *200) (\$5% PASSING *200) URGANIC MATERIALS GROUP A-I A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5 CLASS. A-I-8 A-I-6 A-I-6 A-7 A-3 A-6, A-7 SYMBOL \$2000000000000000000000000000000000000	WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE. COMPRESSIBILITY SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT 31-50	NON-CRYSTALI THAN 30 COASTAL PLAI	ONEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, E' FINE TO COARSE GRAIN ME SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE IN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS	TC. ETAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN WOULD YEILD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED, ROCK TYPE	CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS WHICH CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.
7 PASSING	HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	ER THAN 50 SEDIMENTARY (CP)	ROCK SPT REFUSAL, ROCK TYPE SHELL BEDS, ETC.	INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
* 10 50 MX GRANULAR SILT- MUCK, 240 30 MX 50 MX 51 MN 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN SILT- SOILS SOILS PEAT	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE	MATERIAL FRESH	WEATHERI ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.		DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE
LIQUID LIMIT	LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE	10 - 20% 20 - 35% 35% AND ABOVE VERY SLIGHT (V. SLI.)	ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE	JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, BRIGHTLY, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF	HORIZONTAL. DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH,
GROUP INDEX 0 0 0 0 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX No MX MODERATE AMOUNTS OF ORGANIC OF MAJOR GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS SOILS MATTER	GROUND WATER WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLIN	SLIGHT (SLI,)	OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE. ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DI 1 INCH, OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRA CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALL	INITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
MATERIALS SAND SAND SAND SAND SAND SAND SAND SAN	STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS. PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE OR WATER BEARING STR	MODERATE (MOD.)	SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLOR GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AN DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS S	ATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN ND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY, ROCK HAS	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.
SUBGRADE	SPRING OR SEEPAGE	MODERATELY	WITH FRESH ROCK. ALL ROCK EXCEPT GUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAIN		FLOOD PLAIN (F.P.) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPARESSIVE STRENGTH	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS ROADWAY EMBANKMENT WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION	SEVERE (MOD. SEV.)	AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINI AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PIC IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL	ZATION, ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN
GENERALLY VERY LOOSE 44	COLI CANDOL ALICED DODING	DESIGNATIONS SEVERE (SEV.)	ALL ROCKS EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STA IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID RO	INED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED CKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
GRANULAR MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30 N/A	ARTIFICIAL FILL OTHER THAN CORE BORING SE	SS- SPLIT SPOON SAMPLE ST- SHELBY TUBE VERY SEVERE (V, SEV.)	EXTENT, SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USU IF TESTED, YIELOS SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAIN THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL ST	HED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.
VERY SOFT 4 60.25 GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.5 SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.25 TO 1	MONITORING WELL	SAMPLE RS- ROCK SAMPLE	VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN		PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 1 TO 2	SLOPE INDICATOR	TOTAVIAL CAMPLE	ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL, ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCE SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS, QUARTZ MAY BE PR ALSO AN EXAMPLE,	RNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND ESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS, SAPROLITE IS	RESIDUAL SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (R.O.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY: TOTAL LENGTH OF
HARD → Y4 Z5/825 DIP/DIP DIRECTION OF INSTALLATION CBR - CBR SAMPLE ROCK STRUCTURES → SPT N-VALUE			ROCK HARDNESS		ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270 OPENING (MM) 4,76 2,0 0,42 0,25 0,075 0,053	● - SOUNDING ROD REF SPT REFUSAL	VERY HARD	CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PIC SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGISTS PICK	CK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL WHICH RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY	ABBREVIATIONS AR - AUGER REFUSAL PMT - PRESSUREMETER	HARD ER TEST MODERATELY	CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WI TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN. CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, COUGES		SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, WHICH HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005 SIZE IN. 12* 3*	BT - BORING TERMINATED SD SAND, SANDY CL CLAY SL SILT, SILTY CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST SLI SLIGHTLY	HARD	EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGISTS P. BY MODERATE BLOWS.	ICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR B.P.F.) OF
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE DUTE TO PART DUTE T		HARD	HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGISTS PICK.		A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PENETRATION WITH 60 BLOWS.
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY	FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS V VERY	ENT	CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY M PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.	ODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT, SMALL, THIN	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
PLASTIC RANGE - WET - (W) SEMISOLIDI REQUIRES DRYING TO	FRAGS FRAGMENTS MED MEDIUM	SOFT	CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE, CAN BE EXCAVATED OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FIN FINGERNAIL.	GER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (S.R.Q.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY: TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 10 CENTIMETERS DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
(PI) PLASTIC LIMIT ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJE	EUI FF MER TYPE: TERM	RACTURE SPACING SPACING	BEDDING TERM THICKNESS	TOPSOIL (T.S.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER. BENCH MARK: BM# 15 IN HEADWALL STA. 22+02.20 -L-
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	Britis ONT'S:	AUTOMATIC MANUAL VERY WIDE	E MORE THAN 10 FEET VE 3 TO 10 FEET TH	RY THICKLY BEDDED > 4 FEET ICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET INLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET	33.30′ LT. ELEVATION: 4.47′
- DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	6' CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER CORE	MODERATE E SIZE: CLOSE -B	0.16 TO 1 FEET VE.	10.1 1.3 1.5	NOTES:
PLASTICITY		-N	INDURATIO	N	
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH OPPLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW	TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS	-H	TARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE	·	
V PLASTICITY 6-15 SLIGHT .0. PLASTICITY 16-25 MEDIUM	CASING W/ ADVANCER HAND	FRI ND TOOLS:		GER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS: HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
HIGH PLASTICITY 26 OR MORE HIGH		i l		PARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; EN HIT WITH HAMMER.	
COLOR DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YEL-BRN, BLUE-GRAY)	OTHER TRICONE TUNGCARB.	i combine neb		CULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE;	
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	OTHEROTHER	VANE SHEAR TEST OTHEREXT		DWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE;	
					DEMAND OF HE ARE

 ID
 STATE PROJECT NO.
 SHEET NO.
 TOTAL SHEETS

 B-3348
 8.1080601
 2
 17