## NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

## DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL UNIT

## SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

						SOIL AND RO	CK LEGEND, TERM	is, symi	BOLS, AND AB	BREVIA	ATIONS		
	SOIL DES	SCRIPTION			GRADATION			ROCK DESCRIPTION					TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS WHICH CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND WHICH YIELDS LESS THAN					WELL GRADED- INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE UNIFORM- INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO			HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WHEN TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.					ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS WHICH HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.
100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDI	ING TO STANDARD PENETR	RATION TEST (AASHTO T2	26, ASTM D-1586). SOIL		POORLY GRADED)  GAP-GRADED- INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.			SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.  IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE					AGUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.
CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM AND BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH					ANGULARITY OF GRAINS			OF WEATHERED ROCK.  ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLOWS:					ARENACEUUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE:  VERY STIFF, GRAY SUTY CLN, MOST WITH INTERSEDDED FINE SAND LIVERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6					THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS ARE DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS; ANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED,			WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS				ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.	
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION				MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION			PER POUT.				ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IS IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE		
GENERAL GRANULAR	R MATERIALS	SILT-CLAY MATERIALS	ORGANIC MATERIAL	s	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUAR WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDER	RTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE L	USED IN DESCRIPTIONS	CRYSTALLINI ROCK (CR)	wo. ار/اليسريا	ULD YIELD SPT	REFUSAL IF TESTED, ROCK TY	HIC ROCK THAT YPE INCLUDES GRANITE,	GROUND SURFACE.
CLASS. (≤5% PASS GROUP A-1 A-3	SSING *200) A-2	(>85% PASSING *200)	A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5		WHENEVER THET HAE CONSIDER	COMPRESSIBILITY		NON-CRYSTAL	FIN	EISS, GABBRO, SC E TO COARSE G	GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-C	COASTAL PLAIN	CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS WHICH CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
011001	A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7		A-3 A-6, A-7		SLIGHTLY COMPRESS	SIBLE LIQUID LIMIT	LESS THAN 30	ROCK (NCR)	INC	)IMENTARY ROCK LUDES PHYLLITI	K THAT WOULD YEILD SPT REF E, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.	USAL IF TESTED, ROCK TYPE	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.
SYMBOL DOGGOOGG	and the second			*********	MODERATELY COMPRE HIGHLY COMPRESSIB		31-50 GREATER THAN 50	COASTAL PLA SEDIMENTARY	AIN COA	STAL PLAIN SE	EDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK OK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE,		CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL
% PASSING			SILT-			PERCENTAGE OF MATERIA	L	(CP)		LL BEDS, ETC.			LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.  DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT
# 10 50 MX # 40 30 MX 50 MX 51 MN			GRANULAR CLAY	MUCK, PEAT	ORGANIC MATERIAL	GRANULAR SILT- CLAY SOILS SOILS	OTHER MATERIAL		DOOL EDEAL OR VALUE OF		THERING		ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.
* 200 15 MX 25 MX 10 MX	35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX	436 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 M	N SULS		TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER	2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRA	ACE 1 - 10%	FRESH	ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BE HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.		NTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAININ	NG. ROCK RINGS UNDER	<u>DIP</u> - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.
LIQUID LIMIT PLASTIC INDEX 6 MX N.P.	40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 MN 10 MX 10 MX 11 MN 11 MN	40 MX 41 MN 40 MX 41 M	201C3 MILL		MODERATELY ORGANIC	5 - 10% 12 - 20% SON			ROCK GENERALLY FRESH,	JOINTS STAINED	, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIS	N CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN,	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF
GROUP INDEX Ø Ø	<del> </del>	8 MX 12 MX 16 MX No M	1 CITTLE ON 1H	IGHLY RGANIC	HIGHLY ORGANIC	>10% >20% HIG GROUND WATER	GHLY 35% AND ABOVE	(V. SLI.)	OF A CRYSTALLINE NATUR		SHINE BRIGHTLY, ROCK RINGS	UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF	THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.
LIGIDI TYPES STONE FRAGS.			AMOUNTO OF 1	DILS	□ WATER I	LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER	DRII I ING	SLIGHT (SLI.)			AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME O		FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
OF MAJOR GRAVEL AND SAND		SILTY CLAYEY SOILS SOILS	MATTER		_	WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS.	DIVICEINO.	(SLI.)			RYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDE		FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.
GEN. RATING			FAIR TO POOR IS		∇n:	WATER, SATURATED ZONE OR WATER BEAR	DINC CTDATA	MODERATE (MOD.)			ISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME S		FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM
AS A EXCELLEN SUBGRADE	NT TO GOOD	FAIR TO POOR	POOR POOR UN	SUITABLE	- Cherico		KING SIRHIH	111000			SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF		PARENT MATERIAL.  FLOOD PLAIN (F.P.) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY
P.I. 0F	F A-7-5 ≤ L.L 30				SPRING OR SEEPAGE				MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL				THE STREAM.
		OR DENSENESS RANGE OF STANDARD	RANGE OF UNCONFINE			MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS		SEVERE (MOD. SEV.)	AND DISCOLORED AND A M AND CAN BE EXCAVATED W	IAJORITY SHOW VITH A GEOLOGI	KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS S IST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES *CLUNK	SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH K*SOUND WHEN STRUCK.	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE	COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY PE	ENETRATION RESISTENCE (N-VALUE)	COMPRESSIVE STREN	STH	ROADWAY EMBANKI WITH SOIL DESCR		NG SAMPLE DESIGNATIONS	1	IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD	SPT REFUSAL			JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
GENERALLY	VERY LOOSE	<4			SOIL SYMBOL	AUGER BORING		SEVERE (SEV.)	IN STRENGTH TO STRONG	SOIL. IN GRANI	OR STAINED.ROCK FABRIC CLE ITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS A		LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO
GRANULAR MATERIAL	LOOSE MEDIUM DENSE	4 TO 10 10 TO 30	N/A		ARTIFICIAL FILL	<u>.</u>	S- BULK SAMPLE SS- SPLIT SPOON		EXTENT, SOME FRAGMENTS IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N				ITS LATERAL EXTENT. <u>LENS</u> - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.
(NON-COHESIVE)	DENSE VERY DENSE	30 TO 50 >50			ROADWAY EMBANKI		SAMPLE		ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ	DISCOLORED O	OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC ELE		MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN
	VERY SOFT	<2	(0,25		INFERRED SOIL B	BOUNDARIES MONITORING WE	ST- SHELBY TUBE SAMPLE	(V. SEV.)			SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAG OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEG		SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.  PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN
GENERALLY SILT-CLAY	SOFT MEDIUM STIFF	2 TO 4 4 TO 8	0.25 TO 0.5 0.5 TO 1		ラバミバミ INFERRED ROCK L		RS- ROCK SAMPLE				REMAIN. IF TESTED, YIELDS		INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
MATERIAL STIFF (COHESIVE) VERY STIFF		8 TO 15 15 TO 30	1 TO 2 2 TO 4		TTTTT ALLUVIAL SOIL B		RT- RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL SAMPLE	COMPLETE	SCATTERED CONCENTRATION	ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND IONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS, SAPROLITE IS		LE ONLY IN SMALL AND STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS	RESIDUAL SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK,  ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (R.O.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY: TOTAL LENGTH OF
HARD >30 >4					25/825 DIP/DIP DIRECTION OF INSTALLATION CBR - CBR SAMPLE			ALSO AN EXAMPLE.  ROCK HARDNESS				ROCK SEGMENT'S EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND	
	TEXTURE OF	R GRAIN SIZE	······································		ROCK STRUCTURES — SPT N-VALUE			VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES				EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.  SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL WHICH RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE	
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270 OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.0 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053					• - SOUNDING ROD REF SPT REFUSAL			VENT HHRD	SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGISTS PICK.				PARENT ROCK.
COAPCE				ABBREVIATIONS			HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.				SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, WHICH HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL		
BOULDER COBBLE (BLDR.) (COB.)	GRAVEL (GR.)	SAND SAN (CSE, SD.) (F.			AR - AUGER REFU BT - BORING TER	1111 1112000	UREMETER TEST	MODERATEL	Y CAN BE SCRATCHED BY K	N BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE		INCHES DEEP CAN BE	TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005					CL CLAY SL SILT, SILTY			HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGISTS PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS,				SLIP PLANE.	
SIZE IN. 12' 3'					CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST SLI SLIGHTLY CSE COARSE TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL			MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.  HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PFICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD RIDGES OF THE				STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR B.P.F.) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH	
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS  SOIL MOISTURE SCALE   FIELD MOISTURE   COURSE TO STATE OF THE PROPERTY O					DMT - DILATOMETER TEST  DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST  ONLY THE PROPERTY OF T			HAKU	HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGISTS PICK.				A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER, SPT REFUSAL IS LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PENETRATION WITH 60 BLOWS.
(ATTERBERG LIMITS)  DESCRIPTION  GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION			PTION	e - VOID RATIO  F FINE  W - MOISTURE CONTENT			SOFT	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE O FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MOI				STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH	
	- SATURAT		LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALI		FOSS FOSSILIFE FRAC FRACTURE	EROUS V VERY			PIECES CAN BE BROKEN	BY FINGER PRES	SSURE.		UF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
LL_ LIQUID LIMI	IT	FROM BEL	OW THE GROUND WATER	TABLE	FRAGS FRAGMEN		DUCHU 1531	VERY SOFT			CAVATED READILY WITH POINT BY FINGER PRESSURE, CAN BE		STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (S.R.O.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY: TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 10 CENTIMETERS DIVIDED
PLASTIC RANGE	- WET -		REQUIRES DRYING TO	- 1	MED MEDIUM	IPMENT USED ON SUBJECT F	DDO IECT	<u> </u>	FINGERNAIL.				BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.  TOPSOIL (T.S.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
(PI) PL PLASTIC LIM		ATTAIN O	PTIMUM MOISTURE		EGU	THENT USED ON SUBJECT F	T		RACTURE SPACING		BEDD TERM	THICKNESS	
OM OPTIMUM MOI	ISTURF - MOIST	- (M) SOLID: A	T OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOI	STURE	DRILL UNITS:	ADVANCING TOOLS:	HAMMER TYPE:  AUTOMATIC MANUAL	TERN VERY WII			VERY THICKLY BEDDED	> 4 FEET	BENCH MARK: TBM #2 RAILROAD SPIKE IN 14" HICKORY TREE  163 FEET RIGHT OF -BL- STA. II + 40
OM _ OPTIMUM MOI SL _ SHRINKAGE L					MOBILE B-47	CLAY BITS	AOTOMATIC TIMORE	WIDE MODERAT	3 TO 10 FEE ELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET		THICKLY BEDDED THINLY BEDDED	1.5 - 4 FEET 0.16 - 1.5 FEET	ELEVATION: 29.11 FEET
	- DRY -		ADDITIONAL WATER TO		BK-51	6° CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER	CORE SIZE:	CLOSE VERY CL	Ø.16 TO 1 FE	ET	VERY THINLY BEDDED THICKLY LAMINATED	0.03 - 0.16 FEET 0.008 - 0.03 FEET	NOTES:
	51.40		PTIMUM MOISTURE		6K-21	8° HOLLOW AUGERS		1011 00	OSC CESS THAN E		THINLY LAMINATED	< 0.008 FEET	
	PLAS PLASTICITY	TICITY	DRY STRENGTH	IOTH	CME-45B	HARD FACED FINGER BITS	-N -H HAND TOOLS:	FOR SEDIMEN	OR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS T		NDURATION REPORTED THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.		
PLASTIC	PLASTICITY 0-5		VERY LOW		CME-550	TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS		1	RIABLE		RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS;		•
PLASTICITY . PLASTICITY	6-15 16-25		SLIGHT MEDIUM			CASING W/ ADVANCER		┤ "	RIFIDLE	GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.			
HIGH PLASTICITY		R MORE	HIGH		PORTABLE HOIST	TRICONE 2 15/16 STEEL TEETH	POST HOLE DIGGER	МС	ODERATELY INDURATED		N BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE SILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.		,
	CO	OLOR			OTHER	TRICONE TUNGCARB.	HAND AUGER SOUNDING ROD	IN	DURATED		E DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WIT		,
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YEL-BRN, BLUE-GRAY) MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE,					OTHER	CORE BIT	VANE SHEAR TEST			DIFFICULT	TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	,	
	S, OFFICE STILLING C.	- 51 AIL 032D 10 DE30	THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE			OTHER	OTHER	EX	TREMELY INDURATED		MER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREARERS ACROSS GRAINS.	AK SAMPLE;	
													DEVIATE AN UTILIS

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 TOTAL SHEETS

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