NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND. TERMS. SYMBOLS. AND ABBREVIATIONS

	I-2102 8.1621301 2 19					
	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS					
NE	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS WHICH HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER, AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.					
NE	ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.					
	ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.					
	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IS IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.					
	CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS WHICH CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.					
_	COLLUYIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.					
	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.					
\dashv	${\it DIKE}$ - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.					
	<u>OIP</u> - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.					
	<u>DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) -</u> THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.					
	<u>FAULT</u> - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.					
	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.					
	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.					
l	<u>FLOOD PLAIN (F.P.) -</u> LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.					
-	<u>FORMATION (FM.)</u> A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.					
ED	<u>JOINT</u> - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. <u>LEDGE</u> - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.					
-	<u>LENS</u> - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. <u>MOTTLED (MOT.)</u> - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS.MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.					
-	<u>PERCHED WATER</u> - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.					
- 1	RESIDUAL SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (R.O.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY: TOTAL LENGTH OF					
-	ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.					
1	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL WHICH RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.					
-	<u>SILL</u> - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, WHICH HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS					
	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.					
	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR B.P.F.) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PENETRATION WITH 60 BLOWS.					
	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH DF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.					
1	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (S.R.Q.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY: TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 10 CENTIMETERS DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS PERCENTAGE.					
\top	TOPSOIL (T.S.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER. BENCH MARK: DISC "TANGLEWOOD" ON BRIDGE					
1	WINGWALL, USGS, APPROX. LOCATION 22+05 -LREV- 5.0 RT. ELEVATION: 811.02					
1	OTES: ELEVATIONS FOR BENT 1 BORINGS ESTIMATED FROM DTM					
1						

The second column and the column a		SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TE	RMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS	
The content of the	SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TEOMO AND DESTINATIONS
The color of the		UNIFORM INDICATES THAT SUIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE (ALSO	HARD BOCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WHEN TESTED WOULD WIS D. COT OFFICE AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	
Column C	CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM AND PASIC DESCRIPTIONS SCHOOLS ASTM D-1586). SOIL	GAP-GRADED- INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.	1 OF I REPUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON CAMPLED EQUAL TO OR LEGG THAN ALEGOT DED AS DURING	
## 15 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	CUNSISTENCY, COLUR, TEXTURE, MUISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION AND OTHER PERTINENT EACTORS SUCH	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	I OF WEHITERED ROCK.	
		THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS ARE DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS; ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	500	ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS
The content of the	SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION		ROCK (WR) PER FOOT.	ARTESIAN - CROUND WATER THAT IS INDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO DISE AROUE THE LEVEL
The column The	GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS OPERANCE MATERIALS	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KADLIN FIC ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS	CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT	T AT WHICH IS IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE
The content of the	(20% LY20140 550) (20% LY20140 -550)		GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.	
The content of the	LLASS. A-1-a A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-5 A-2-7		ROCK (NCR) SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YEILD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED ROCK TYPE	
Company Comp	SYMBOL 000000000000000000000000000000000000	MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT 31-50	COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIFLD	OF SLOPE.
The content of the	7. PASSING	Troots Cliff Greater Himly 35	SEDIMENTARY RULK SPT REFUSAL, ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE SANDSTONE CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
The content of the	# 40 30 MX50 MX51 MN CHANULAR CLAY MUCK,	ORGANIC MATERIAL GRANULAR SILT- CLAY		DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT
Company Comp	# 200 15 MX 25 MX 10 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 36 MN 36 MN	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER	
	1 140 HATELING BE HAVE HAVE HAVE HAVE HAVE HAVE HAVE HAV	MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 10% 12 20%		HORIZONTAL.
Column C	GROUP INDEX A G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	HIGHLY DROWING 70%	(V. SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF
Part	USUAL TYPES STONE FRAGS. AMOUNTS OF SOILS		OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	
Part	OF MAJOR GRAVEL AND FINE SILTY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY ORGANIC		(SLI.) I INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY, IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELOSPAR	SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
The color	GEN. RATING	Thomas are a few 24 hours.	CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	
Mark of your The part of the Company The part of	TALK TO PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE OR WATER BEARING STRATA	(MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY, ROCK HAS	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.
CONTINUES PRESENTED PRES	P.I. OF A-7-5 ≤ L.L 30 : P.I. OF A-7-6 > L.L 30	SPRING OR SEEPAGE	DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED	
Part	CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	MISCELLANFOLIS SYMBOLS	MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL	THE STREAM.
Column C	PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPHCINESS ON INCHESTOR PROTOCOLOR		(MUU. SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GENLOGIST'S PICK ROCK GIVES CLUMP SOUND WHEN STRUCK	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.
Section Continue	(N-VALUE) (TONS/FT ²)	WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION SAMPLE DESIGNATIONS	IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
## ACCOUNTY OF THE PROPERTY OF	GRANII AR LOOSE 4 TO ID	SOIL SYMBOL AUGER BORING S- BULK SAMPLE	(SEV.) IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL, IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KADI INTZED TO SOME	LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO
1907 1907	MATERIAL MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30 N/A	ARTIFICIAL FILL OTHER THAN ARTIFICIAL FILL OTHER THAN	EXIENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.	ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
## AUTOR 1	VERY DENSE >50	ROADWAY EMBANKMENTS CURE BURING SAMPLE	VERY SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, BOCK FARRIC FLEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT	MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTH ING IN
Part	GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 (0.25	MONITORING WELL SAMPLE	(V. SEV.) THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS WITH ONLY ERACMENTS OF STRONG BOOK	SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.
Colored Colo	SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.25 TO 1	INFERRED ROCK LINE A PIEZOMETER RS- ROCK SAMPLE	VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. IF TESTED. YIELDS SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF	INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
Fig. 1987 19	(COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4	THE SOLE SOCIONALLY	COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL, ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS OLIBRIT, MAY BE RESENT AS DIVES OR CERTIFICED CONCENTRATIONS.	
Company Comp	HARU >30 >4	25/025 DIP/DIP DIRECTION OF INSTALLATION CRP CRP CAUCIT	ALSU AN EXAMPLE.	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (R.O.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY: TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS FOLIAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF COOK BUILDING
### PROPRIES ON THE STATE OF TH		MOCK STROETURES		EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
Mark Supple Sup	ODE 1110 00 200 270	● - SOUNDING ROD REF— SPT REFUSAL	VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGISTS PICK	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL WHICH RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.
SEC 100. 1	COARSE FINE	ABBREVIATIONS	HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED	SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND
Comparing 100	(BLDR.) (COB.) (GP.) SAND SAND SILT CLAY	THE THEST IEST	TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS
SOL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS SOL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS SOL MOISTURE CALL PROVIDED COURS AND ANALYSES OF PROVIDED COURS ANALYSES OF PROVIDED COURS AND ANALYSES OF PROVI	GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.05	CL CLAY SL SILT, SILTY	HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BIOW OF A GEOLOGISTS PICK HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DEFOCIED	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR
SOUL NOTIFIES SOLE OTTERS DATE OF THE MISTURE SOLE OTTERS DATE O		CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST SLI SLIGHTLY CSE COARSE TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL	MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 8.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF WHITE OR DICK POINT	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N. OR. B.P.E.) OF
OUTTORNESS CLINITY OSCRIPTION OUTDITY VECTOR - ATTANATO - COURT PELD MOISTURE CONTINUE - ATTANATO - COURT PELD MOISTURE CONTINUE - ATTANATO - COURT PELD MOISTURE - NOT A PROPERTY WITH ASSETT OF A PROPERTY SERVICE AND ASSETT AND A PROPERTY SERVICE AND A SERVICE AND A PROPERTY SERVICE AND A PRO	SOU MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE	DMT - DILATOMETER TEST DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST 7 - UNIT WEIGHT	HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE	A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH
- SATURATED - SUBJECT LINEAR LINEAR PROMISE OF THE FORMAL PLANT LINEAR CONTROL PROPERTY STATE OF THE FORMAL THAT STATE STATE AND STREAM AND STREAM PROSE CONTROL PRODUCT OF THE FORMAL THAT STATE STAT	CHIEF FOR FIELD MOISTING PROGRESSION	e - VOID RATIO /d - DRY UNIT WEIGHT	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFF OR PICK, CAN BE EXCAVATED IN ERAGMENTS	WITH 60 BLOWS.
LUUID LIDHT GAT J FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE LOUID LIDHT GAT J FROM BELOW THE CROUND WATER TABLE FRACE - FRACURED BYST - VANE SHEAR TEST VET - 100 SEMISOLITA ROUTHUM MISTURE - WET - 100 ATTAIN OPTHUM MISTURE - MOST - 60 AND ALL MIST - 60 AND		FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS V VERY	FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT SMALL THIN.	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
THE CONTROL PROJECT OF HIGH MICHINES COVER TO BE SERVICE. CAN BE SROKED BY FINCE PRESSURE. CAN BE SROKED BY WITH A STREET BY FINCE PROBED BY THE INTENTION BY THE PRESSURE. CAN BE SROKED BY WITH A STREET BY FINCE PROBED BY THE INTENTION BY THE BY	LL_ LIOUID LIMIT		VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE, CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK PIECES LINCH	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (S.R.Q.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY.
FOUR PLASTIC LIMIT ATTAIN POPTIMUM MOISTURE FOUR OF DIMAN MOISTURE FOUR OF			SUFI OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	TUTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATIM FOLIAL TO OR OPERATER THAN IN CENTIMETERS DIVIDED.
ON DETINUM MOISTURE -MOIST - 69) SOLIDIAT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE SHRINKAGE LIMIT -DRY - (D) REDUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE -DRY - (D) REDUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE -DRY - (D) REDUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE -DRY - (D) REDUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE -DRY - (D) REDUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE -DRY - (D) REDUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE -DRY - (D) REDUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE -DRY - (D) REDUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE -DRY - (D) REDUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE -DRY - (D) REDUIRE B- CLAY BITS -DRY - (D) REDUIR B- CLAY BITS -DRY - (D) REDUIR B- CLAY BE SERVAR B- CLAY B- CRAY B-	(PD ATTAIN OPTIMIM MOISTURE	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	EDACTURE CO.	
SL SHRIMAGE LIMIT - DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO - DRY - (D) ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE - DRY - (D) AND ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE - DRY - (DRY	ON OBTIMIN MOISTING - MOIST - /MI COLID-AT OD MEAD COTTON	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE:		BENCH MARK: DISC "TANGLEWOOD" ON BRIDGE
ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE BK-51 PLASTICITY PLASTICITY INDEX (P)) ORY STRENGTH MOMPLASTIC ON-SATICITY (16-25) OR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC. OW PLASTICITY 16-25 MEDIUM PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STRENGTH OTHER SWEN 1 INCURS (LOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THINLY SLOWER (LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THINLY SLOWER (LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THINLY LAMINATED OR.0908 - 0.83 FEET THINLY SLOWER THINCY SLOWER THINCY SLOWER THINLY SLOWER THINCY SLOWER THINCY SLOWER THINCY SLOWER THINCY SLOWER THINCY LOSE THINCY LOSE THINCY LOSE THINCY LOSE THINCY LOSE THIN		MORILE R. CLAY BITS AUTOMATIC MANUA	VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET VERY THICKLY BEDDED > 4 FEET WIDE 3 TO 10 FFFT THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET	WINGWALL, USGS, APPROX. LOCATION 22+05 -LREV-
ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE PLASTICITY PLASTICITY INDEX (P) DRY STRENGTH MARD FACED FINGER BITS OME-550 SIGNIT FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC. OM PLASTICITY 16-25 MEDIUM PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STREEL TEETH POST HOLE DIGGER MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARRY, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE. OTHER MODIFIERS WERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.0808 - 0.03 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.008 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 FEET NOTES: ELEVATIONS FOR BENT 1 THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 FEET NOTES: BENT 1 BORINGS ESTIMATED FROM DTM BORINGS ESTIMATED BORINGS ESTIMATED FROM DTM BORINGS ESTIMATED NOTES: BENT 1 BORINGS ESTIMATED BORINGS ESTIMATED BORINGS ESTIMATED NOTES: BENT 1 BORINGS ESTIMATED BORINGS ESTIMATED NOTES: BENT 1 BORINGS ESTIMATED FROM DTM BORINGS ESTIMATED NOTES: BENT 1 BORINGS ESTIMATED NOTES: BENT 1 BORINGS ESTIMATED NOTES: BENT 1 BORINGS ESTIMATED NOTES: BORINGS ESTIMATED NOTE	REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO	6' CONTINUOUS ELIGHT AUGER	MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 CEET	$5.0 \ KT.$ ELEVATION: $8\overline{11.02}$
PLASTICITY PLASTICITY INDEX (P) ORY STRENGTH NONPLASTIC O-5 VERY LOW SUBJECT 16-25 VERY LOW SUBJE	- UNY - (U) ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	BK-51 V	VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET	NOTES: ELEVATIONS FOR BENT 1
PLASTICITY INDEX (P) DRY STRENGTH ONPLASTIC O-5 VERY LOW ONPLASTICITY OF 15 SLIGHT AED, PLASTICITY OF 16-25 MEDIUM AED, PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH OF SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC. FRIABLE FRI	PLASTICITY	LIADD CACCO CINCED AIRS		BORINGS ESTIMATED FROM DTM
LOW PLASTICITY 6-15 SLIGHT 4ED.PLASTICITY 16-25 MEDIUM 4ED PLASTICITY 26 OR MORE HIGH PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH POST HOLE DIGGER HAND TOOLS: HAND TOOLS: HAND TOOLS: HAND TOOLS: GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE. GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS CAN BE SEPARATE UT TO BREAK SAILY WHEN HIT WITH AMMER. DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YEL-BRN, BLUE-GRAY) MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE. OTHER OTHER OTHER OTHER EXTREMELY INDURATED SUNDING ROD OTHER EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE;	NOVOLAGITA	THUC CAPPING MICROTO		
HAND TOUCS: ACTIVE AND TOUCS: AND TOUCS: AND TOUCS: AND TOUCS: AND TOUCS: AND TOUCS: AND TOUCS: AND TOUCS: AND TOUCS: AND TOUCS: AND TOUCS: AND TOUCS: AND TOUCS: AND TOUCS! AND TOUCS	LOW PLASTICITY 6-15 SLIGHT	1 0.00	FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS:	
COLOR OESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YEL-BRN, BLUE-GRAY) MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE. OTHER OTHE	10 25	PORTARI E HOIST TOICOUE HAND TOUCS:	GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YEL-BRN, BLUE-GRAY) MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE. OTHER OTHER OTHER OTHER OTHER OTHER OTHER SOUNDING ROD INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; OTHER DRAG BIT & DATE DESTRONTE OTHER OTHER EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE;		POST HOLE DIGGER	MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE. OTHER		1 UIHER		
OTHER EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE;	MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	OTHER	DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	
				OFFICE OF IT IS