

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

STATE PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
6.439001T R-2562D	2	45

SOIL DESCRIPTION
 SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS WHICH CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND WHICH YIELDS LESS THAN 100 BLOWS ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM AND BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS, SUCH AS, MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE: VERY STIFF, GRAY SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6.

GRADATION
 WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO POORLY GRADED)
 GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.
ANGULARITY OF GRAINS
 THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS ARE DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.

TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
 ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS WHICH HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.
 APPARENT DIP - THE DIP OF ROCK STRATA NOT PERPENDICULAR TO STRIKE.
 AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.
 AUGER REFUSAL (A.R.) - POINT AT WHICH POWER AUGERS WILL NOT PENETRATE.
 BEDDED - SOIL OR ROCK LYING IN A POSITION ESSENTIALLY PARALLEL.
 BEDROCK - ROCK OF RELATIVELY GREAT THICKNESS AND EXTENT IN ITS ORIGINAL LOCATION.
 CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS WHICH CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
 COHESIVE SOIL - A SOIL THAT WHEN UNCONFINED HAS CONSIDERABLE DRY STRENGTH AND SIGNIFICANT COHESION WHEN SUBMERGED.
 COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.
 CORE RECOVERY (% REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL ROCK DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
 COQUINA - A ROCK TYPE COMPOSED ESSENTIALLY OF MARINE SHELLS CEMENTED BY CALCIUM CARBONATE.
 DIKE - IGNEOUS ROCK INTRUSION WHICH IS NARROW COMPARED WITH ITS OTHER DIMENSIONS.
 DIP - THE ANGLE BETWEEN A BEDDING PLANE, JOINT PLANE OR FAULT PLANE AND THE HORIZONTAL, MEASURED PERPENDICULAR TO THE STRIKE.
 DUMPS - UNCOVERED DEPOSITS OF WASTE MATERIAL SUCH AS WOOD, MASONRY DEBRIS OR GARBAGE.
 FAULT - A BREAK IN THE CONTINUITY OF A BODY OF ROCK, ATTENDED BY A MOVEMENT ON EITHER OR BOTH SIDES OF THE BREAK.
 FINES - PORTIONS OF A SOIL FINER THAN NO. 200 U.S. STANDARD SIZE.
 FISSILITY OR FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING EASILY ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.
 FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.
 FLOODPLAIN - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.
 FORMATION - A MAPPABLE UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.
 FRACTURE - A CRACK LARGE ENOUGH TO BE VISIBLE TO THE UNAIDED EYE.
 FRIABLE - EASY TO BREAK OR CRUMBLE.
 GRANULAR MATERIAL - SOIL THAT WHEN UNCONFINED HAS LITTLE OR NO DRY STRENGTH AND HAS LITTLE OR NO COHESION WHEN SUBMERGED.
 GROUNDWATER (G.W.) - WATER THAT IS FREE TO MOVE THROUGH SOIL MASS UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF GRAVITY.
 GROUNDWATER LEVEL - LEVEL OF WATER WITH RESPECT TO EXISTING GROUND SURFACE.
 HARDPAN - A GENERAL TERM USED TO DESCRIBE A HARD CEMENTED SOIL LAYER WHICH DOES NOT SOFTEN WHEN WET.
 INDURATED - EARTH MATERIAL HARDENED BY HEAT, PRESSURE OR CEMENTATION.
 INTERBEDDED - ALTERNATING LENSES OR LAYERS OF SOIL AND/OR ROCK MATERIALS.
 JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
 LAMINATED - VERY THIN ALTERNATING LAYERS LESS THAN 25 mm.
 LAYER - SUBJECT MATERIAL GREATER THAN 25 mm IN THICKNESS.
 LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
 LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.
 MARL - A NON-INDURATED, CALCAREOUS DEPOSIT OF CLAYS, SILTS AND SANDS, OFTEN CONTAINING SHELLS.
 MICACEOUS SOIL (MIC.) - A SOIL OR ROCK TYPE CONTAINING AN APPRECIABLE AMOUNT OF MICA.
 MUCK (MK.) - A HIGHLY ORGANIC SOIL OF VERY SOFT CONSISTENCY, GENERALLY FOUND ON TIDAL FLATS, LAKE OR STREAM FLOODPLAINS.
 PEAT (PT) - A FIBROUS MASS OF ORGANIC MATTER IN VARIOUS STAGES OF DECOMPOSITION.
 PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
 RESIDUAL SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
 ROCK - SEE LEGEND
 ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (R.Q.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY: TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 100 mm DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
 SANITARY LANDFILLS - COMPACTED AND/OR COVERED LAYERS OF SOIL AND WASTE PRODUCTS.
 SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL WHICH RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.
 SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLAIN.
 SILL - AN IGNEOUS SHEET OF INTRUSIVE ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SLIGHT COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
 SOME - PRESENCE OF 5% TO 30% OF SUBJECT MATERIAL.
 STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N) OF A 140 POUND (63.5 kg) HAMMER FALLING 0.76 m REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 300 mm INTO SOIL WITH A 50mm OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL - PENETRATION RESISTANCE OF LESS THAN 25 mm WITH 50 BLOWS.
 STRIKE - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF A HORIZONTAL LINE IN THE PLANE OF AN INCLINED STRATUM, JOINT, FAULT OR OTHER STRUCTURAL PLANE.
 SUBGRADE - THE SOIL PREPARED TO SUPPORT A STRUCTURE OR A PAVEMENT SYSTEM.
 TOPSOIL (T.S.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
 TRACE - PRESENCE OF LESS THAN 5% OF SUBJECT MATERIAL.

ABBREVIATIONS

BLDR. - BOULDER	P.L. - PLASTIC LIMIT
CL. - CLAY	P.I. - PLASTICITY INDEX
COB. - COBBLE	n - POROSITY
CSE. - COARSE	SD. - SAND
EST. - ESTIMATED	SAT. - SATURATED
F. - FINE	SL. - SILT, SILTY
FOSS. - FOSSILIFEROUS	SLI. - SLIGHTLY
FRAC. - FRACTURED	G _s - SPECIFIC GRAVITY
GR. - GRAVEL	qu - UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH
L.L. - LIQUID LIMIT	γ - UNIT WEIGHT (WET UNIT WEIGHT)
MED. - MEDIUM	γ _d - DRY UNIT WEIGHT
w - MOISTURE CONTENT	γ _{SAT.} - SATURATED UNIT WEIGHT
MOT. - MOTTLED	e - VOID RATIO
OM - OPTIMUM MOISTURE	v. - VERY
ORG. - ORGANIC	

SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION

GENERAL CLASS.	GRANULAR MATERIALS (≤ 35% PASSING #200)							SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (> 35% PASSING #200)							ORGANIC MATERIALS		
GROUP CLASS.	A-1	A-3	A-2		A-4	A-5	A-6	A-7	A-1, A-2	A-3	A-4, A-5	A-6, A-7					
SYMBOL																	
% PASSING	50 MX	30 MX	50 MX	51 MN	15 MX	25 MX	10 MX	35 MX	35 MX	35 MX	35 MX	35 MX	35 MX	35 MX	35 MX		
LIQUID LIMIT	6 MX	N.P.	10 MX	10 MX	11 MN	11 MN	10 MX	10 MX	11 MN	11 MN	10 MX	10 MX	11 MN	11 MN	11 MN		
PLASTIC INDEX	0	0	0	4 MX	8 MX	12 MX	16 MX	10 MX	10 MX	10 MX	10 MX	10 MX	10 MX	10 MX	10 MX		
USUAL TYPES OF MAJOR MATERIALS	STONE FRAGS. GRAVEL AND SAND	FINE SAND	SILTY OR CLAYEY GRAVEL AND SAND	SILTY SOILS	CLAYEY SOILS	SOILS WITH LITTLE OR MODERATE AMOUNTS OF ORGANIC MATTER			HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS								
GEN. RATING AS A SUBGRADE	EXCELLENT TO GOOD				FAIR TO POOR				FAIR TO POOR	POOR	UNSUITABLE						

P.I. OF A-7-5 ≤ L.L. - 30 + P.I. OF A-7-5 > L.L. - 30

MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION
 MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.
COMPRESSIBILITY
 SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 30
 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT 31-50
 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50
ROCK DESCRIPTION
 IN THE BROADEST MEANING, HARD ROCK IS CONSIDERED THAT INDURATED EARTH MATERIAL WHICH CANNOT BE SAMPLED BY CONVENTIONAL SOIL SAMPLING TOOLS OR TECHNIQUES. THE BOUNDARY BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS ARBITRARY. TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF "WEATHERED ROCK". FOR THE PURPOSE OF THIS INVESTIGATION, THESE MATERIALS ARE DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS: NOTE: THIS IS NOT APPLICABLE TO NON-INDURATED COASTAL PLAIN SAND AND CLAY DEPOSITS.

WEATHERED ROCK (WR)

 MATERIAL THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH SOME DIFFICULTY USING POWER AUGERS OR YIELDS SPT VALUES > 100 BLOWS BUT < SPT REFUSAL.
HARD WEATHERED ROCK (HWR)

 MATERIAL THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH GREAT DIFFICULTY USING POWER AUGERS OR YIELDS SPT REFUSAL.
HARD ROCK (HR)

 MATERIAL, EXCEPT BOULDERS, THAT CANNOT BE PENETRATED BY POWER AUGERS, EXCEPT IN THIN LEDGES, AND REQUIRES ROCK CORING TOOLS FOR OBTAINING A SAMPLE.
CORED ROCK

 MATERIAL, EXCEPT BOULDERS, THAT CANNOT BE PENETRATED BY POWER AUGERS, EXCEPT IN THIN LEDGES, AND REQUIRES ROCK CORING TOOLS FOR OBTAINING A SAMPLE.

CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS

PRIMARY SOIL TYPE	COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY	RANGE OF STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE N-VALUE	RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (KN/m ²)
GENERALLY GRANULAR MATERIAL	VERY LOOSE LOOSE MEDIUM DENSE DENSE VERY DENSE	< 4 4 TO 10 10 TO 30 30 TO 50 > 50	N/A
GENERALLY SILT-CLAY MATERIAL	VERY SOFT SOFT MEDIUM STIFF STIFF VERY STIFF HARD	< 2 2 TO 4 4 TO 8 8 TO 15 15 TO 30 > 30	< 25 25 TO 50 50 TO 100 100 TO 200 200 TO 400 > 400

* SPT REFUSAL ≤ 25 mm OF PENETRATION PER 50 BLOWS.
 ** AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE ESTIMATED BOUNDARY OF HARD ROCK AS JUDGED BY THE ENGINEERING GEOLOGIST. A FULL DESCRIPTION OF ROCK IS GIVEN INCLUDING:
 CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF THE CORE RUN EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
 ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - TOTAL LENGTH OF SOUND ROCK SEGMENTS RECOVERED THAT ARE LONGER THAN OR EQUAL TO 100 mm DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF THE CORE RUN EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
GROUNDWATER

 WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING.
 STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS.
 PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE OR WATER BEARING STRATA
 SPRING OR SEEPAGE

MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION		SPT TEST BORING		SAMPLE DESIGNATIONS
	SOIL SYMBOL		AUGER BORING		S- BULK SAMPLE
	ARTIFICIAL FILL OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENTS MAY BE SHOWN WITH SOIL SYMBOL		CORE BORING		SS- SPLIT SPOON SAMPLE
	INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARIES		ST- SHELBY TUBE SAMPLE		MONITORING WELL
	ALLUVIAL/RESIDUAL BOUNDARIES		PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION		SOUNDING ROD
	DIP DIRECTION AND DIP OF STRUCTURE		SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION		
	APPARENT DIP (NORMAL TO)		SPT N-COUNT		

TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE

U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (mm)	4	10	40	60	200	270
	4.76	2.0	0.42	0.25	0.075	0.053

BOULDER	COBBLE	GRAVEL	COARSE SAND	MEDIUM SAND	FINE SAND	SILT	CLAY
GRAIN mm 305	75	2	0.6	0.425	0.2	0.075	0.002
SIZE IN 12	3						

SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS

SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS)	FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION
LL - LIQUID LIMIT	- SATURATED - (SAT.)	USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY FROM BELOW THE GROUNDWATER TABLE
PL - PLASTIC LIMIT	- WET - (W)	SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE
OM - OPTIMUM MOISTURE SHRINKAGE LIMIT	- MOIST - (M)	SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE
SL - SHRINKAGE LIMIT	- DRY - (D)	REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE

PLASTICITY

NONPLASTIC	PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY STRENGTH
LOW PLASTICITY	0-5	VERY LOW
MED. PLASTICITY	6-15	SLIGHT
HIGH PLASTICITY	16-25	MEDIUM
	26 OR MORE	HIGH

EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT

DRILL UNITS:	AUGER TOOLS:	CORE BORING TOOLS:
<input type="checkbox"/> MOBILE B-47	<input type="checkbox"/> 6" (152 mm) CONTINUOUS FLIGHT	<input type="checkbox"/> -AX <input type="checkbox"/> -BX <input type="checkbox"/> -NX
<input type="checkbox"/> BK-51	<input type="checkbox"/> 8" (203 mm) HOLLOW AUGERS	
<input type="checkbox"/> CME-45C	<input type="checkbox"/> HARD FACED FINGER BITS	<input type="checkbox"/> HAND TOOLS:
<input type="checkbox"/> CME-550	<input type="checkbox"/> TUNG. - CARBIDE INSERTS	<input type="checkbox"/> POST HOLE DIGGER
<input type="checkbox"/> PORTABLE HOIST	<input type="checkbox"/> CLAY BITS	<input type="checkbox"/> HAND AUGER
<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER _____		<input type="checkbox"/> SOUNDING ROD
<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER _____		<input type="checkbox"/> VANE SHEAR TEST

CAUTION NOTICE
 THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WAS MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. SOME DATA OBTAINED MAY BE OMITTED FROM THIS RELEASE.
 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION MAY BE AVAILABLE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING:
 FIELD BORING LOGS
 ROCK CORES
 SOIL & ROCK TEST DATA
 SUBSURFACE REPORT
 THIS INFORMATION MAY BE VIEWED BY APPOINTMENT BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL UNIT @ (919) 250-4088. NEITHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, NOR THE FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, OR SOIL TEST DATA IS PART OF THE CONTRACT.
 GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.
 THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE OR OPTIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.
 NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IT IS CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.
 NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

COLOR
 DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YEL-BRN, BLUE-GRAY)
 MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, MOTTLED, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.

NOTES:

 APPROXIMATE LIMIT OF ALLUVIAL SOILS

REVISIONS:
 SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLAIN.
 SILL - AN IGNEOUS SHEET OF INTRUSIVE ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SLIGHT COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
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