



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ROY COOPER
GOVERNOR

J. ERIC BOYETTE
SECRETARY

July 18, 2023

U. S. Army Corps of Engineers
Regulatory Field Office
151 Patton Avenue, Room 208
Asheville, NC 28805

NC Division of Water Resources
Transportation Permitting Branch
1617 Mail Service Center
Raleigh NC 27699-1617

ATTN: Ms. Lori Beckwith,
NCDOT Coordinator

Mr. Kevin Mitchell
NCDOT Coordinator

Subject: **Application for Section 404 Nationwide Permit 14, and Section 401 Water Quality Certification** for the Proposed Replacement of Bridge 207 on SR 1106 over Grassy Creek in Mitchell County, Division 13, TIP No. B-6013, Debit \$570 from WBS 48208.1.1.

Dear Madam and Sir:

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) proposes to replace bridge number 207 on SR 1106 over Grassy Creek with a new culvert slightly south of the existing location. Traffic will be detoured on-site during construction via staged construction.

As a result of replacing the bridge with a culvert, including associated roadway slopes and a pipe replacement at the south end of the project, there will be 66 linear feet of permanent stream impacts, 16 linear feet of stream bank stabilization and 143 linear feet (0.04) acre of temporary stream impacts. There will also be 0.014 acre of permanent impacts to wetlands from these activities.

Please see enclosed copies of the Pre-Construction Notification (PCN), Stormwater Management Plan, Permit Drawings, DMS Acceptance Letter, Protected Species Info and Reports, Cultural Resource Documents, and NEPA/SEPA Document.

This project let for Design via Express Design Build on December 21, 2021.

A copy of this permit application has been posted on the NCDOT Website at: <http://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Environmental>. If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact Erin Cheely at ekcheely@ncdot.gov or (919) 707-6108.

Sincerely,

Michael A. Turchy
Environmental Coordination and Permitting Group Leader

cc: NCDOT Permit Application Standard Distribution List

Pre-Construction Notification



Pre-Construction Notification (PCN) Form

For Nationwide Permits and Regional General Permits
(along with corresponding Water Quality Certifications)

April 13, 2022 Ver 4.3

Please note: fields marked with a red asterisk * below are required. You will not be able to submit the form until all mandatory questions are answered.

Also, if at any point you wish to print a copy of the E-PCN, all you need to do is right-click on the document and you can print a copy of the form.

Below is a link to the online help file.

<https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/0/edoc/624704/PCN%20Help%20File%202018-1-30.pdf>

A. Processing Information

Pre-Filing Meeting Date Request was submitted on: *

6/14/2023

If this is a courtesy copy, please fill in this with the submission date.

Is this project connected with ARPA funding? *

Yes No

County (or Counties) where the project is located: *

Mitchell

Is this a NCDMS Project? *

Yes No

Click Yes, only if NCDMS is the applicant or co-applicant.

DONOT CHECK YES, UNLESS YOU ARE DMS OR CO-APPLICANT.

Is this project a public transportation project? *

Yes No

This is any publicly funded by municipal, state or federal funds road, rail, airport transportation project.

Is this a NCDOT Project? *

Yes No

(NCDOT only) T.I.P. or state project number:

B-6013

WBS # *

48208.1.1

(for NCDOT use only)

1a. Type(s) of approval sought from the Corps: *

- Section 404 Permit (wetlands, streams and waters, Clean Water Act)
 Section 10 Permit (navigable waters, tidal waters, Rivers and Harbors Act)

Has this PCN previously been submitted? *

Yes
 No

1b. What type(s) of permit(s) do you wish to seek authorization? *

- Nationwide Permit (NWP)
 Regional General Permit (RGP)
 Standard (IP)

1c. Has the NWP or GP number been verified by the Corps? *

Yes No

Nationwide Permit (NWP) Number:

14 - Linear transportation

NWP Numbers (for multiple NWPS):

List all NW numbers you are applying for not on the drop down list.

1d. Type(s) of approval sought from the DWR: *

check all that apply

- 401 Water Quality Certification - Regular
- Non-404 Jurisdictional General Permit
- Individual 401 Water Quality Certification
- 401 Water Quality Certification - Express
- Riparian Buffer Authorization

1e. Is this notification solely for the record because written approval is not required?

*

For the record only for DWR 401 Certification:

Yes No

For the record only for Corps Permit:

Yes No

1f. Is this an after-the-fact permit application? *

Yes No

1g. Is payment into a mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program proposed for mitigation of impacts?

If so, attach the acceptance letter from mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program.

Yes No

Acceptance Letter Attachment

Click the upload button or drag and drop files here to attach document

FILE TYPE MUST BE PDF

1h. Is the project located in any of NC's twenty coastal counties? *

Yes No

1j. Is the project located in a designated trout watershed? *

Yes No

You must submit a copy of the appropriate Wildlife Resource Commission Office.

Link to trout information: <http://www.saw.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory-Permit-Program/Agency-Coordination/Trout.aspx>

B. Applicant Information



1a. Who is the Primary Contact? *

Erin Cheely

1c. Primary Contact Phone: *

(xxx)xxx-xxxx

(919)707-6108

1b. Primary Contact Email: *

ekcheely@ncdot.gov

1d. Who is applying for the permit? *

- Owner
 - Applicant (other than owner)
- (Check all that apply)

1e. Is there an Agent/Consultant for this project? *

Yes No

2. Owner Information

2a. Name(s) on recorded deed: *

NCDOT

2b. Deed book and page no.:

2c. Contact Person:

(for Corporations)

2d. Address *

Street Address

1598 Mail Service Center

Address Line 2

City

Raleigh

Postal / Zip Code

27699-1598

State / Province / Region

NC

Country

US

2e. Telephone Number: *

(xxx)xxx-xxxx

(919)707-6108

2f. Fax Number:

(xxx)xxx-xxxx

2g. Email Address: *

ekcheely@ncdot.gov

3. Applicant Information (if different from owner)

3a. Name: *

Erin Cheely

3b. Business Name:

(if applicable)

3c. Address *

Street Address

1598 Mail Service Center

Address Line 2

City

Raleigh

Postal / Zip Code

27699-1598

State / Province / Region

NC

Country

US

3d. Telephone Number: *

(919)707-6108

(xxx)xxx-xxxx

3e. Fax Number:

(xxx)xxx-xxxx

3f. Email Address: *

ekcheely@ncdot.gov

C. Project Information and Prior Project History



1. Project Information



1a. Name of project: *

TIP B-6013 - Bridge 600207 on SR 1106 over Grassy Creek

1b. Subdivision name:

(if appropriate)

1c. Nearest municipality / town: *

Spruce Pine

2. Project Identification



2a. Property Identification Number:

(tax PIN or parcel ID)

2b. Property size:

(in acres)

2c. Project Address

Street Address

Address Line 2

City

Postal / Zip Code

State / Province / Region

Country

2d. Site coordinates in decimal degrees

Please collect site coordinates in decimal degrees. Use between 4-6 digits (unless you are using a survey-grade GPS device) after the decimal place as appropriate, based on how the location was determined. (For example, most mobile phones with GPS provide locational precision in decimal degrees to map coordinates to 5 or 6 digits after the decimal place.)

Latitude: *

35.858957

ex: 34.208504

Longitude: *

-82.075387

-77.796371

3. Surface Waters

3a. Name of the nearest body of water to proposed project: *

Grassy Creek

3b. Water Resources Classification of nearest receiving water: *

C;Tr

[Surface Water Lookup](#)

3c. What river basin(s) is your project located in? *

French Broad

3d. Please provide the 12-digit HUC in which the project is located. *

060101080104

[River Basin Lookup](#)

4. Project Description and History

4a. Describe the existing conditions on the site and the general land use in the vicinity of the project at the time of this application: *

The project site includes an existing bridge and roadway, as well as a single aerial utility line on the eastern side of the road. Vegetated areas are primarily maintained roadside grasses and herbs as well as maintained pasture areas. Other forested areas consist of a montane alluvial forest, montane oak-hickory forest, and a swamp forest-bog complex. Adjacent land uses include rural residential, maintained pasture, and other undeveloped land.

4b. Have Corps permits or DWR certifications been obtained for this project (including all prior phases) in the past? *

Yes No Unknown

4f. List the total estimated acreage of all existing wetlands on the property:

0.02

4g. List the total estimated linear feet of all existing streams on the property:

(intermittent and perennial)

167

4h. Explain the purpose of the proposed project: *

As identified in the April 2019 Categorical Exclusion (CE), the need for the proposed action is to replace a structurally deficient bridge. The purpose of the proposed action is to improve bridge structural safety and functionality for vehicular traffic.

4i. Describe the overall project in detail, including indirect impacts and the type of equipment to be used: *

NCDOT Project B-6013 involves the replacement of Structure 600207 over Grassy Creek on SR 1106 (Dale Road) in Mitchell County, NC south of Spruce Pine. The subject crossing involves the replacement of an existing 18' long by 21' wide (timber floor on timber joists) single-span bridge to be replaced by 1 @ 12' (span) X 8' (rise) Reinforced Concrete Box Culvert (RCBC), buried 1' with sills and backfilled with native material. The proposed grade will be about 2' above existing ground within the vicinity of the culvert and roughly matching existing ground approximately 210 ft south of the culvert and 170 ft north of the culvert. There will also be a replacement of a failing 24" corrugated metal pipe (CMP) with a 24" reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) on a tributary of Grassy Creek south of the proposed bridge replacement.

The existing bridge is currently discharging directly into the water for the full length of the bridge. Grassed shoulders are to be widened from existing and will be substantially flat allowing for diffusion and infiltration of the roadway runoff. All proposed stormwater runoff is discharged as far away from the stream and at the lowest velocities as practicable.

The project will utilize staged construction and maintain one travel lane with temporary traffic signals. Standard road and bridge building equipment such as trucks, dozers, and cranes will be used.

5. Jurisdictional Determinations

5a. Have the wetlands or streams been delineated on the property or proposed impact areas? *

Yes No Unknown

Comments:

5b. If the Corps made a jurisdictional determination, what type of determination was made? *

Preliminary Approved Not Verified Unknown N/A

Corps AID Number:

Example: SAW-2017-99999

5c. If 5a is yes, who delineated the jurisdictional areas?

Name (if known): Byron Levan, Mark Guerard

Agency/Consultant Company: Three Oaks Engineering

Other:

6. Future Project Plans

6a. Is this a phased project? *

Yes No

Are any other NWP(s), regional general permit(s), or individual permits(s) used, or intended to be used, to authorize any part of the proposed project or related activity? This includes other separate and distant crossing for linear projects that require Department of the Army authorization but don't require pre-construction notification.

D. Proposed Impacts Inventory



1. Impacts Summary

1a. Where are the impacts associated with your project? (check all that apply):

Wetlands Streams-tributaries Buffers
 Open Waters Pond Construction

2. Wetland Impacts

If there are wetland impacts proposed on the site, then complete this question for each wetland area impacted.

"W." will be used in the table below to represent the word "wetland".

2a. Site #* (?)	2a1 Reason* (?)	2b. Impact type* (?)	2c. Type of W.*	2d. W. name*	2e. Forested*	2f. Type of Jurisdiction* (?)	2g. Impact area* (acres)
1	24" RCP and Rip Rap Pad	P	Headwater Forest	WB	No	Both	0.002 (acres)
1	Mechanized Clearing	P	Headwater Forest	WB	No	Both	0.007 (acres)
1	Mechanized Clearing	P	Headwater Forest	WA	Yes	Both	0.001 (acres)
1	Roadway Fill and Erosion Control	P	Headwater Forest	WC	Yes	Both	0.002 (acres)
1	Mechanized Clearing	P	Headwater Forest	WC	Yes	Both	0.002 (acres)

2g. Total Temporary Wetland Impact

0.000

2g. Total Permanent Wetland Impact

0.014

2g. Total Wetland Impact

0.014

2i. Comments:

See impact summary table for details.

3. Stream Impacts

If there are perennial or intermittent stream impacts (including temporary impacts) proposed on the site, then complete this question for all stream sites impacted.

"S." will be used in the table below to represent the word "stream".

	3a. Reason for impact* (?)	3b. Impact type*	3c. Type of impact*	3d. S. name*	3e. Stream Type* (?)	3f. Type of Jurisdiction*	3g. S. width* (Average (feet))	3h. Impact length* (linear feet)
S1	24" CMP Replacement	Temporary	Dewatering	SA	Intermittent	Corps	2 (Average (feet))	10 (linear feet)
S2	Grassy Creek Crossing	Permanent	Bank Stabilization	Grassy Creek	Perennial	Corps	8 (Average (feet))	16 (linear feet)
S3	Grassy Creek Crossing	Permanent	Culvert	Grassy Creek	Perennial	Corps	8 (Average (feet))	66 (linear feet)
S4	Grassy Creek Crossing	Temporary	Dewatering	Grassy Creek	Perennial	Corps	8 (Average (feet))	133 (linear feet)

** All Perennial or Intermittent streams must be verified by DWR or delegated local government.

3i. Total jurisdictional ditch impact in square feet:

0

3i. Total permanent stream impacts:

82

3i. Total temporary stream impacts:

143

3i. Total stream and ditch impacts:

225

3j. Comments:

See impact summary table for details.

E. Impact Justification and Mitigation



1. Avoidance and Minimization

1a. Specifically describe measures taken to avoid or minimize the proposed impacts in designing the project.*

This section of roadway has a grade steep enough to preclude the existing structure from being replaced with a bridge, and modern design criteria precluded flattening the grade sufficiently to allow for a bridge. The proposed action will replace the existing structure with a RCBC without changing the approximately perpendicular alignment of the crossing. All stream and wetland impacts have been minimized to the maximum practical extent.

1b. Specifically describe measures taken to avoid or minimize the proposed impacts through construction techniques.*

The proposed 12'x8' RCBC will be buried 1 foot and backfilled with native materials to facilitate aquatic organism passage. Sills are proposed at the inlet and outlet of the RCBC with three baffles spaced evenly every 13' along the culvert in order to maintain the native material backfill. The proposed longitudinal slope of the culvert matches the slope of the existing stream bed, and proposed velocities through the culvert would match existing low flow velocities. A low flow floodplain bench is required with this proposed action.

No staging of construction equipment or storage of construction supplies will be allowed in wetlands. Sediment control fencing will be used where applicable. NCDOT will adhere to Best Management Practices for Construction and Maintenance Activities.

2. Compensatory Mitigation for Impacts to Waters of the U.S. or Waters of the State

2a. Does the project require Compensatory Mitigation for impacts to Waters of the U.S. or Waters of the State?

Yes No

2c. If yes, mitigation is required by (check all that apply):

DWR Corps

2d. If yes, which mitigation option(s) will be used for this project?

Mitigation bank Payment to in-lieu fee program Permittee Responsible Mitigation

4. Complete if Making a Payment to In-lieu Fee Program

4a. Approval letter from in-lieu fee program is attached.

Yes No

4b. Stream mitigation requested:

(linear feet)

82

4c. If using stream mitigation, what is the stream temperature:

cold

NC Stream Temperature Classification Maps can be found under the Mitigation Concepts tab on the Wilmington District's RIBITS website.

4d. Buffer mitigation requested (DWR only):

(square feet)

4e. Riparian wetland mitigation requested:

(acres)

0.02

4f. Non-riparian wetland mitigation requested:

(acres)

4g. Coastal (tidal) wetland mitigation requested:

(acres)

4h. Comments

See attached mitigation acceptance letter for details.

F. Stormwater Management and Diffuse Flow Plan (required by DWR)



*** Recent changes to the stormwater rules have required updates to this section .***

1. Diffuse Flow Plan

1a. Does the project include or is it adjacent to protected riparian buffers identified within one of the NC Riparian Buffer Protection Rules?

Yes No

For a list of options to meet the diffuse flow requirements, click [here](#).

If no, explain why:

Project is located within the French Broad River Basin.

2. Stormwater Management Plan

2a. Is this a NCDOT project subject to compliance with NCDOT's Individual NPDES permit NCS000250? *

Yes No

Comments:

G. Supplementary Information



1. Environmental Documentation

1a. Does the project involve an expenditure of public (federal/state/local) funds or the use of public (federal/state) land? *

Yes No

1b. If you answered "yes" to the above, does the project require preparation of an environmental document pursuant to the requirements of the National or State (North Carolina) Environmental Policy Act (NEPA/SEPA)? *

Yes No

1c. If you answered "yes" to the above, has the document review been finalized by the State Clearing House? (If so, attach a copy of the NEPA or SEPA final approval letter.)*

Yes No

2. Violations (DWR Requirement)

2a. Is the site in violation of DWR Water Quality Certification Rules (15A NCAC 2H .0500), Isolated Wetland Rules (15A NCAC 2H .1300), or DWR Surface Water or Wetland Standards or Riparian Buffer Rules (15A NCAC 2B .0200)?*

Yes No

3. Cumulative Impacts (DWR Requirement)

3a. Will this project (based on past and reasonably anticipated future impacts) result in additional development, which could impact nearby downstream water quality?*

Yes No

3b. If you answered "no," provide a short narrative description.

Due to the minimal transportation impact resulting from this bridge replacement, this project will not stimulate growth, but may influence nearby land use.

4. Sewage Disposal (DWR Requirement)

4a. Is sewage disposal required by DWR for this project?*

Yes No N/A

5. Endangered Species and Designated Critical Habitat (Corps Requirement)

5a. Will this project occur in or near an area with federally protected species or habitat?*

Yes No

5b. Have you checked with the USFWS concerning Endangered Species Act impacts?*

Yes No

5c. If yes, indicate the USFWS Field Office you have contacted.

Asheville

5d. Is another Federal agency involved?*

Yes No Unknown

5e. Is this a DOT project located within Division's 1-8?*

Yes No

5f. Will you cut any trees in order to conduct the work in waters of the U.S.?*

Yes No

5g. Does this project involve bridge maintenance or removal?*

Yes No

5g(1). If yes, have you inspected the bridge for signs of bat use such as staining, guano, bats, etc.? Representative photos of signs of bat use can be found in the NLEB SLOPES, Appendix F, pages 3-7.

Yes No

Link to the NLEB SLOPES document: http://saw-reg.usace.army.mil/NLEB/1-30-17-signed_NLEB-SLOPES&apps.pdf

If you answered "Yes" to 5g(1), did you discover any signs of bat use?*

Yes No Unknown

*** If yes, please show the location of the bridge on the permit drawings/project plans.

5h. Does this project involve the construction/installation of a wind turbine(s)?*

Yes No

5i. Does this project involve (1) blasting, and/or (2) other percussive activities that will be conducted by machines, such as jackhammers, mechanized pile drivers, etc.?*

Yes No

5j. What data sources did you use to determine whether your site would impact Endangered Species or Designated Critical Habitat?*

USFWS Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC). An informal Section 7 Concurrence Request was submitted to USFWS on July 12, 2023. May Affect, Not Likely to Adversely Affect is proposed for all bats listed within the project area as well as Appalachian elktoe. The remaining species (bog turtle, Virginia spiraea, and rock gnome lichen) are all No Effect.

In July 2023, the NCDOT Biosurveys Group reviewed the previous bat survey information and bridge report, and confirmed that the while foraging and commuting habitat is present in the area, the bridge remains not suitable habitat for bats (timber with creosote and no crevices).

6. Essential Fish Habitat (Corps Requirement)

6a. Will this project occur in or near an area designated as an Essential Fish Habitat?*

Yes No

6b. What data sources did you use to determine whether your site would impact an Essential Fish Habitat? *

Review of online mapping sources.

7. Historic or Prehistoric Cultural Resources (Corps Requirement)

Link to the State Historic Preservation Office Historic Properties Map (does not include archaeological data: <http://gis.ncdcr.gov/hpoweb/>)

7a. Will this project occur in or near an area that the state, federal or tribal governments have designated as having historic or cultural preservation status (e.g., National Historic Trust designation or properties significant in North Carolina history and archaeology)? *

Yes No

7b. What data sources did you use to determine whether your site would impact historic or archeological resources? *

Included Archaeology Form/Letter, Historic Properties and Landscapes Form/Letter, and Tribal Coordination letters.

8. Flood Zone Designation (Corps Requirement)

Link to the FEMA Floodplain Maps: <https://msc.fema.gov/portal/search>

8a. Will this project occur in a FEMA-designated 100-year floodplain? *

Yes No

8c. What source(s) did you use to make the floodplain determination? *

FEMA Floodmaps

Miscellaneous

Comments

Per letter dated March 6, 2023, the NCWRC requested adherence to the abbreviated January 1 to April 15 moratorium for stream and buffer disturbance to protect Rainbow Trout spawning.

Please use the space below to attach all required documentation or any additional information you feel is helpful for application review. Documents should be combined into one file when possible, with a Cover Letter, Table of Contents, and a Cover Sheet for each Section preferred.

[Click the upload button or drag and drop files here to attach document](#)

B-6013 ePCN attachments.pdf

6.54MB

File must be PDF or KMZ

Signature

*

By checking the box and signing below, I certify that:

- The project proponent hereby certifies that all information contained herein is true, accurate, and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief; and
- The project proponent hereby requests that the certifying authority review and take action on this CWA 401 certification request within the applicable reasonable period of time.
- I have given true, accurate, and complete information on this form;
- I agree that submission of this PCN form is a "transaction" subject to Chapter 66, Article 40 of the NC General Statutes (the "Uniform Electronic Transactions Act");
- I agree to conduct this transaction by electronic means pursuant to Chapter 66, Article 40 of the NC General Statutes (the "Uniform Electronic Transactions Act");
- I understand that an electronic signature has the same legal effect and can be enforced in the same way as a written signature; AND
- I intend to electronically sign and submit the PCN form.

Full Name: *

Erin K. Cheely

Signature *

Erin K. Cheely

Date

7/18/2023

Permit Drawings



North Carolina Department of Transportation
 Highway Stormwater Program
STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN
 FOR NCDOT PROJECTS



(Version 3.00; Released August 2021)

WBS Element: 48209.3.1 **TIP/Proj No:** B-6013 **County(ies):** Mitchell **Page** 1 **of** 3

General Project Information

WBS Element:	48209.3.1	TIP Number:	B-6013	Project Type:	Bridge Replacement	Date:	2/9/2023
NCDOT Contact:	Roger Bryan (Division Environmental Officer)			Contractor / Designer:	TGS Engineers (David B. Petty, PE)		
Address:	NCDOT Highway Division 13 55 Orange Street Asheville, NC 28801			Address:	706 Hillsborough Street Suite 200 Raleigh NC, 27603		
Phone:	828-250-3005			Phone:	919-773-8887 ext. 104		
Email:	rdbryan@ncdot.gov			Email:	dpetty@tgsengineers.com		
City/Town:	Spruce Pine			County(ies):	Mitchell		
River Basin(s):	French Broad			CAMA County?	No		
Wetlands within Project Limits?	Yes						

Project Description

Project Length (lin. miles or feet):	0.072 miles	Surrounding Land Use:	wooded, farmland, low density residential				
	Proposed Project			Existing Site			
Project Built-Upon Area (ac.)	0.2	ac.	0.1	ac.			
Typical Cross Section Description:	Two 10' paved travel lanes with 2' paved shoulders (4'-0" paved shoulder to guardrail).			Two 9' paved travel lanes with 3-4' grassed shoulders.			
Annual Avg Daily Traffic (veh/hr/day):	Design/Future:	Year: 2045	Existing:	1600	Year:	2023	

**General Project Narrative:
 (Description of Minimization of Water
 Quality Impacts)**

NCDOT Project B-6013 involves the replacement of Structure 600207 over Grassy Creek on SR 1106 (Dale Road) in Mitchell County, NC south of Spruce Pine. The subject crossing involves the replacement of an existing 18' long by 21' wide (timber floor on timber joists) single-span bridge to be replaced by 1 @ 12' (span) X 8' (rise) Reinforced Concrete Box Culvert (RCBC), buried 1' with sills and backfilled with native material. The proposed grade will be about 2' above existing ground within the vicinity of the culvert and roughly matching existing ground approximately 210 ft south of the culvert and 170 ft north of the culvert.

The existing bridge discharging directly into the water for the full length of the bridge. Grassed shoulders are to be widened from existing and will be substantially flat allowing for diffusion and infiltration of the roadway runoff. All proposed stormwater runoff is discharged as far away from the stream and at the lowest velocities as practicable.

There are two isolated wetlands and a tributary to Grassy Creek (tributary is only on upstream end of pipe) located south of the bridge that will have minor impacts due to replacement of a failing 24" Corrugated Metal Pipe (CMP) with a 24" Reinforced Concrete Pipe (RCP). There is an additional isolated wetland south of the bridge that will be impacted by proposed roadway fill. All impacts on the project have been minimized to the maximum extent practical.



North Carolina Department of Transportation
 Highway Stormwater Program
 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN
 FOR NCDOT PROJECTS



(Version 3.00; Released August 2021)

WBS Element: 48209.3.1

TIP/Proj No.: B-6013

County(ies): Mitchell

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General Project Information

Waterbody Information

Surface Water Body (1):	Grassy Creek		NCDWR Stream Index No.:	7-2-40	
NCDWR Surface Water Classification for Water Body	Primary Classification:		Class C		
	Supplemental Classification:		Trout Waters (Tr)		
Other Stream Classification:	None				
Impairments:	None				
Aquatic T&E Species?	Yes	Comments:	Bog turtle & Appalachian elktoe (Biological Conclusion: Not Required & MANLAA, respectively) per DRAFT NRTR		
NRTR Stream ID:	Grassy Creek		Buffer Rules in Effect:	N/A	
Project Includes Bridge Spanning Water Body?	No	Deck Drains Discharge Over Buffer?	N/A	Dissipator Pads Provided in Buffer?	No
Deck Drains Discharge Over Water Body?	No	(If yes, provide justification in the General Project Narrative)		(If yes, describe in the General Project Narrative; if no, justify in the General Project Narrative)	
(If yes, provide justification in the General Project Narrative)					

Surface Water Body (2):			NCDWR Stream Index No.:		
NCDWR Surface Water Classification for Water Body	Primary Classification:				
	Supplemental Classification:				
Other Stream Classification:					
Impairments:					
Aquatic T&E Species?		Comments:			
NRTR Stream ID:			Buffer Rules in Effect:		
Project Includes Bridge Spanning Water Body?		Deck Drains Discharge Over Buffer?		Dissipator Pads Provided in Buffer?	
Deck Drains Discharge Over Water Body?		(If yes, provide justification in the General Project Narrative)		(If yes, describe in the General Project Narrative; if no, justify in the General Project Narrative)	
(If yes, provide justification in the General Project Narrative)					

Surface Water Body (3):			NCDWR Stream Index No.:		
NCDWR Surface Water Classification for Water Body	Primary Classification:				
	Supplemental Classification:				
Other Stream Classification:					
Impairments:					
Aquatic T&E Species?		Comments:			
NRTR Stream ID:			Buffer Rules in Effect:		
Project Includes Bridge Spanning Water Body?		Deck Drains Discharge Over Buffer?		Dissipator Pads Provided in Buffer?	
Deck Drains Discharge Over Water Body?		(If yes, provide justification in the General Project Narrative)		(If yes, describe in the General Project Narrative; if no, justify in the General Project Narrative)	
(If yes, provide justification in the General Project Narrative)					



North Carolina Department of Transportation
Highway Stormwater Program
STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN
FOR NCDOT PROJECTS



(Version 3.00; Released August 2021)

WBS Element: 48209.3.1 **TIP/Proj No.:** B-6013 **County(ies):** Mitchell **Page** 3 **of** 3

Bridge to Culvert Avoidance and Minimization

Proposed Structure Summary

Sheet No. & Station	Sheet No.: 4	Station: -L- 14+72	Number of Barrels:	1
Drainage Area (ac or sq mi):	1.0 sq. mi.		Barrel Width/Diameter (ft):	12' 0"
Surface Water Body:	(1)Grassy Creek		Barrel Height (ft):	8' 0"
Culvert Type:	Reinforced concrete box culvert		Culvert Length (ft)	66' +/-

Avoidance and Minimization Efforts:
(Bridge to Culvert) the culvert is proposed to be buried 1' and backfilled with native materials to facilitate aquatic organism passage. Sills are proposed to contain the native material. The proposed longitudinal slope of the culvert matches the slope of the existing stream. The proposed velocity through the culvert matches existing low flow velocities.

Stream Slope

Existing Average Stream Slope (%):	3.30%
Proposed Culvert Slope (%):	3.30%

Fish and/or Aquatic Life Passage

Existing Low Flow Channel Dimensions in the Stream:	12 ft. wide by 0.5' deep
Proposed Low Flow Dimensions Through the Culvert:	12 ft. wide by 0.5' deep
Existing Low Flow Velocities in the Stream (ft/s):	4.7
Proposed Low Flow Velocities Through the Culvert (ft/s):	4.8
Alternating Low Flow Sills/Baffles:	Sills are proposed to maintain the native material backfill.

Culvert Burial

Proposed Culvert Burial Depth (ft):	1
--	---

Existing Streambed Material: Sand, gravel and cobbles

Proposed Sills/Baffles: Sills are proposed at the inlet and outlet with 3 baffles spaced evenly every 13' along the culvert.

Culvert/Stream Alignment

Stream Patterns Upstream and Downstream of the Culvert that Could Affect Fish Passage and Bank Stability: There are no characteristics up and downstream of the culvert that should affect fish passage. Bank stabilization is proposed.

Bed Forms Impacted by Culvert (riffles, pools, glides, etc.): Culvert is a riffle section of stream.

Low Flow Floodplain Bench Required? (provide justification) Yes

Bends at Inlet/Outlet? (describe culvert alignment with stream) No fairly straight

Stream Realignment Necessary? (provide justification) No

Bank Stabilization: Class II Riprap is called for up and downstream.

Outlet Velocities

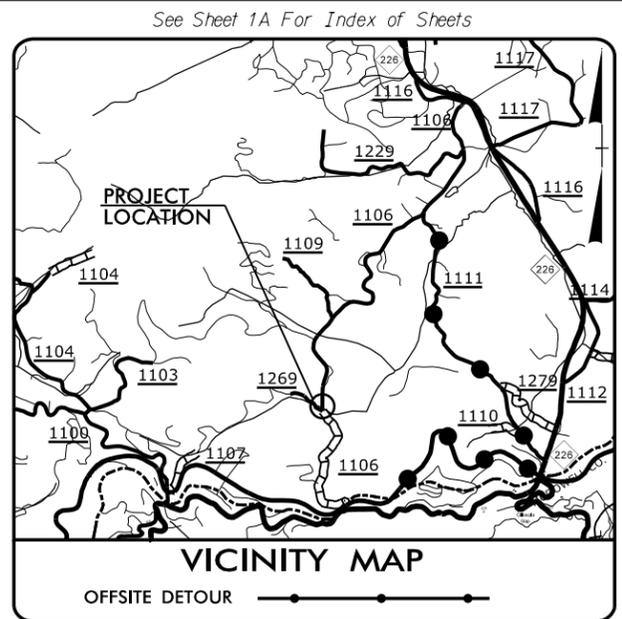
Natural Stream Channel 2-yr Velocity (ft/s):	6.1	Natural Stream Channel 10-yr Velocity (ft/s):	7.7
Proposed Culvert 2-yr Outlet Velocity (ft/s):	6.7	Proposed Culvert 10-yr Outlet Velocity (ft/s):	9.7

Roadway Geometric Considerations

Evaluate/Describe Roadway Geometric Constraints:
As shown on the roadway profile, this is a very steep roadway grade across this section. This steep grade precluded this structure from being replaced with a bridge. Modern design criteria precluded flattening the grade sufficiently in a practical way to allow for a bridge.

09/28/21

TIP PROJECT: B-6013



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

MITCHELL COUNTY

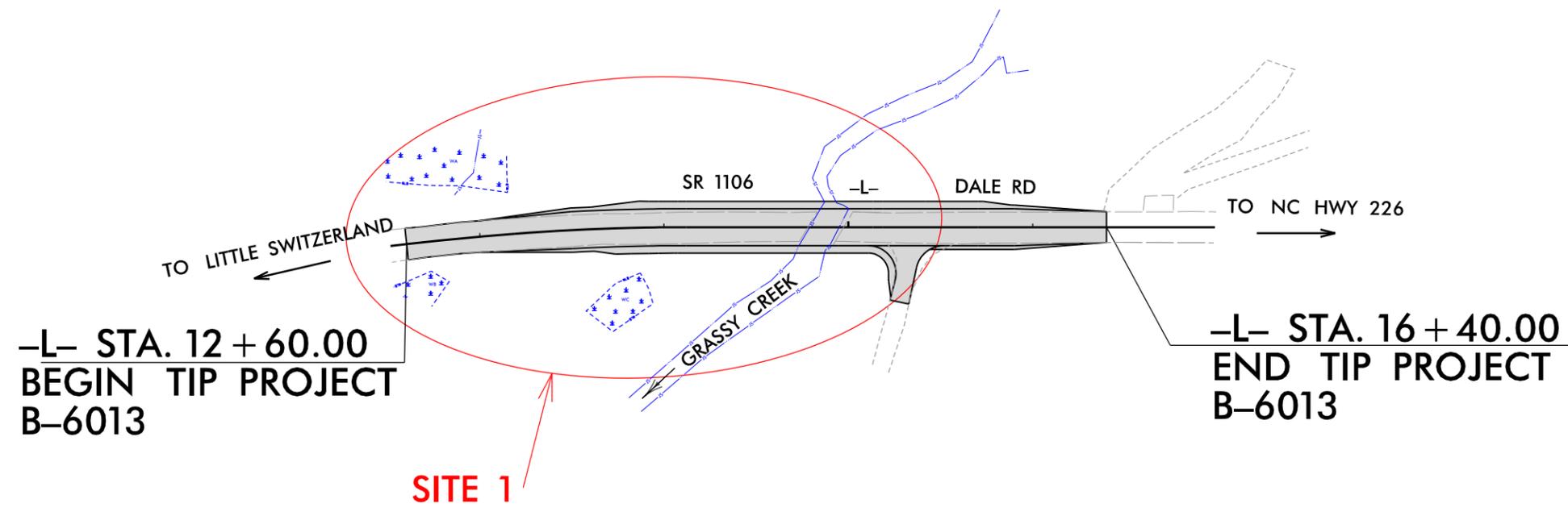
**LOCATION: BRIDGE #600207 OVER GRASSY CREEK
ON SR 1106 (DALE RD)**

TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, DRAINAGE, PAVING, AND STRUCTURE

WETLAND AND SURFACE WATER IMPACTS PERMIT

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	B-6013	1	
STATE PROJ. NO.	F.A. PROJ. NO.	DESCRIPTION	
48209.3.1	BRZ-1781(001)	PE	
48209.3.1	BRZ-1781(001)	R/W & UTIL.	
48209.3.1	BRZ-1781(001)	CONST.	

**PERMIT DRAWING
SHEET 1 OF 5**

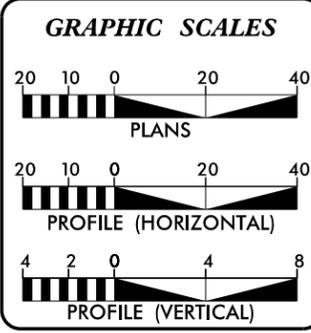


**CLEARING ON THIS PROJECT SHALL BE PERFORMED
TO THE LIMITS ESTABLISHED BY METHOD II.**

**INCOMPLETE PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION**

**DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED**

CONTRACT: C204406



DESIGN DATA

ADT 2023 = 1600
T = 10% *
V = 35 MPH
* TTST = 3% DUAL = 3%
FUNC CLASS = LOCAL, RURAL
SUB-REGIONAL TIER

PROJECT LENGTH

TOTAL LENGTH TIP PROJECT B-6013 #600207	= 0.072 MILES
---	---------------

NCDOT CONTACT: EILEEN FUCHS

PLANS PREPARED BY: TGS ENGINEERS 201 W. MARION ST SHELBY, NC 28150 PH (704) 476-0003 CORP. LICENSE NO.: C-0275	PLANS PREPARED FOR: NCDOT PRIORITY PROJECTS UNIT 1020 Birch Ridge Dr. Raleigh, NC 27610
BURNS R.E. BURNS & SONS CO P. O. BOX 7168 STATESVILLE, NC 28687 PH (704) 924-8646 2018 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS	JIMMY TERRY, PE PROJECT ENGINEER
	DAVID HAMRICK, EIT PROJECT DESIGN ENGINEER

HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

SIGNATURE: _____ P.E.

ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER

SIGNATURE: _____ P.E.

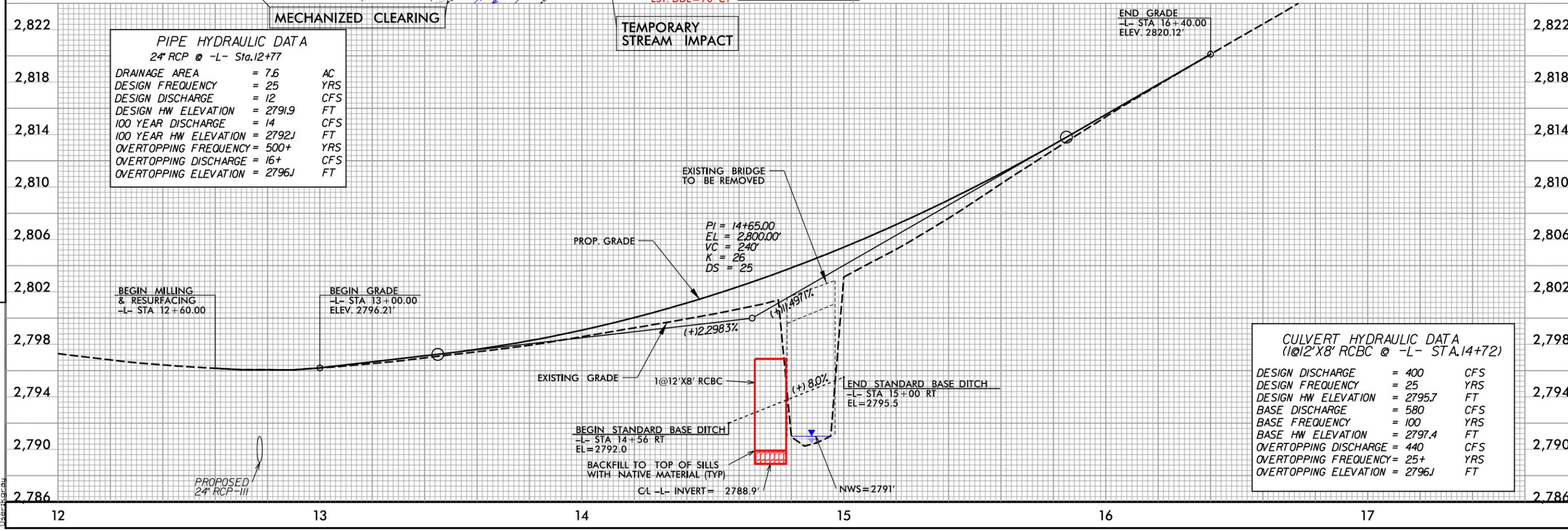
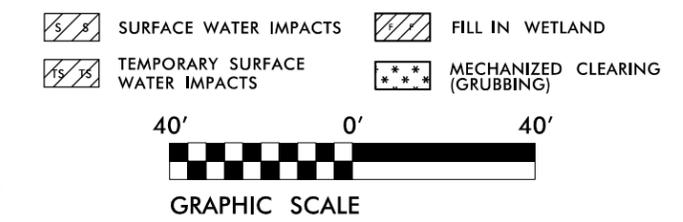
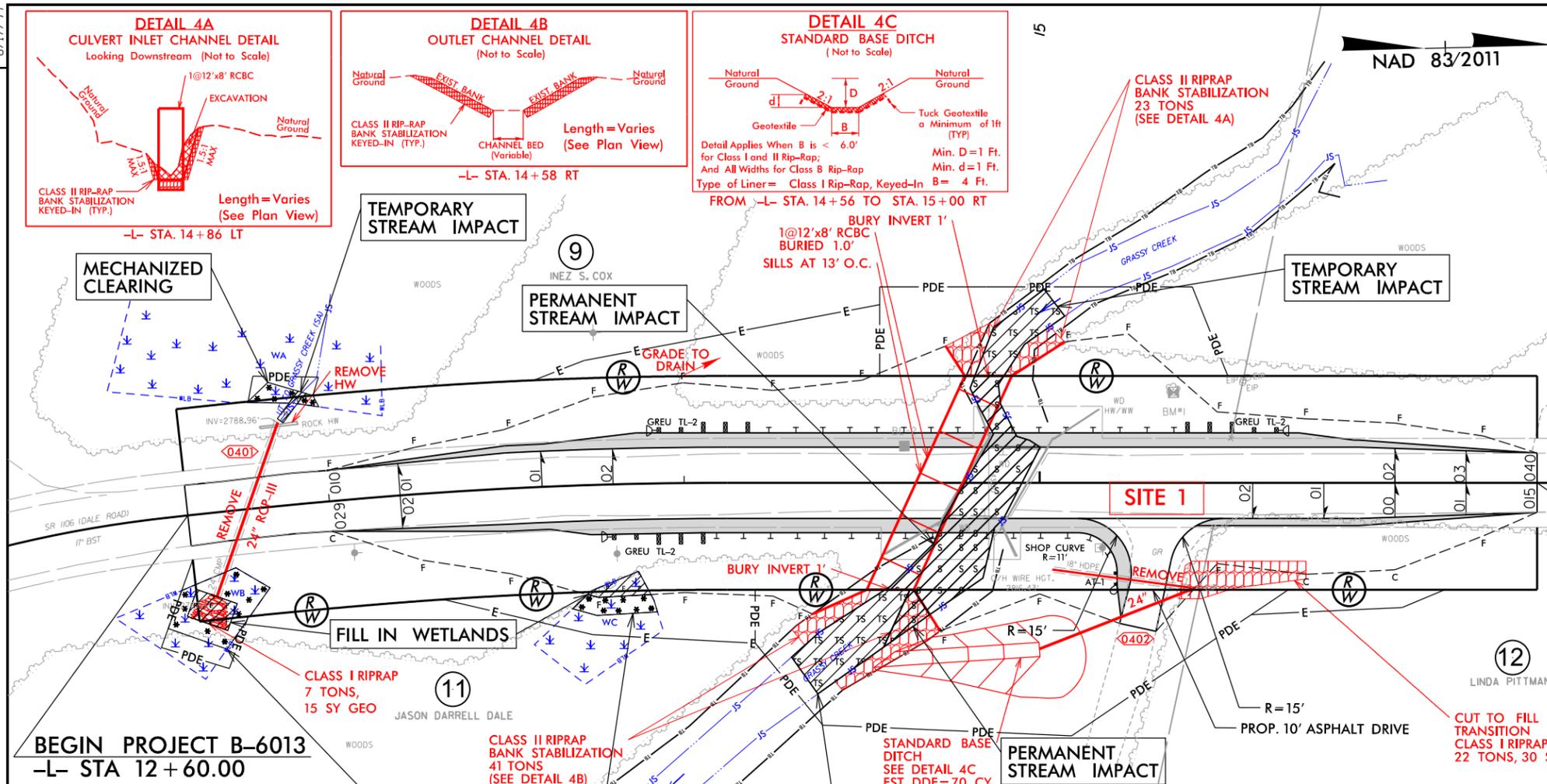
RIGHT OF WAY DATE:
DEC. 21, 2021

LETTING DATE:
DEC. 21, 2021

2/9/2023
 X:\NCDOT\Division 13D - Year 8\600207\Hydraulics\PERMITS_Environment\Drawings\600207_Rdy_tsh.dgn
 User:kgrcy

**MITCHELL COUNTY
 BRIDGE #600207**

**PERMIT DRAWING
 SHEET 2 OF 5**



PIPE HYDRAULIC DATA
 24" RCP @ -L- Sta.12+77

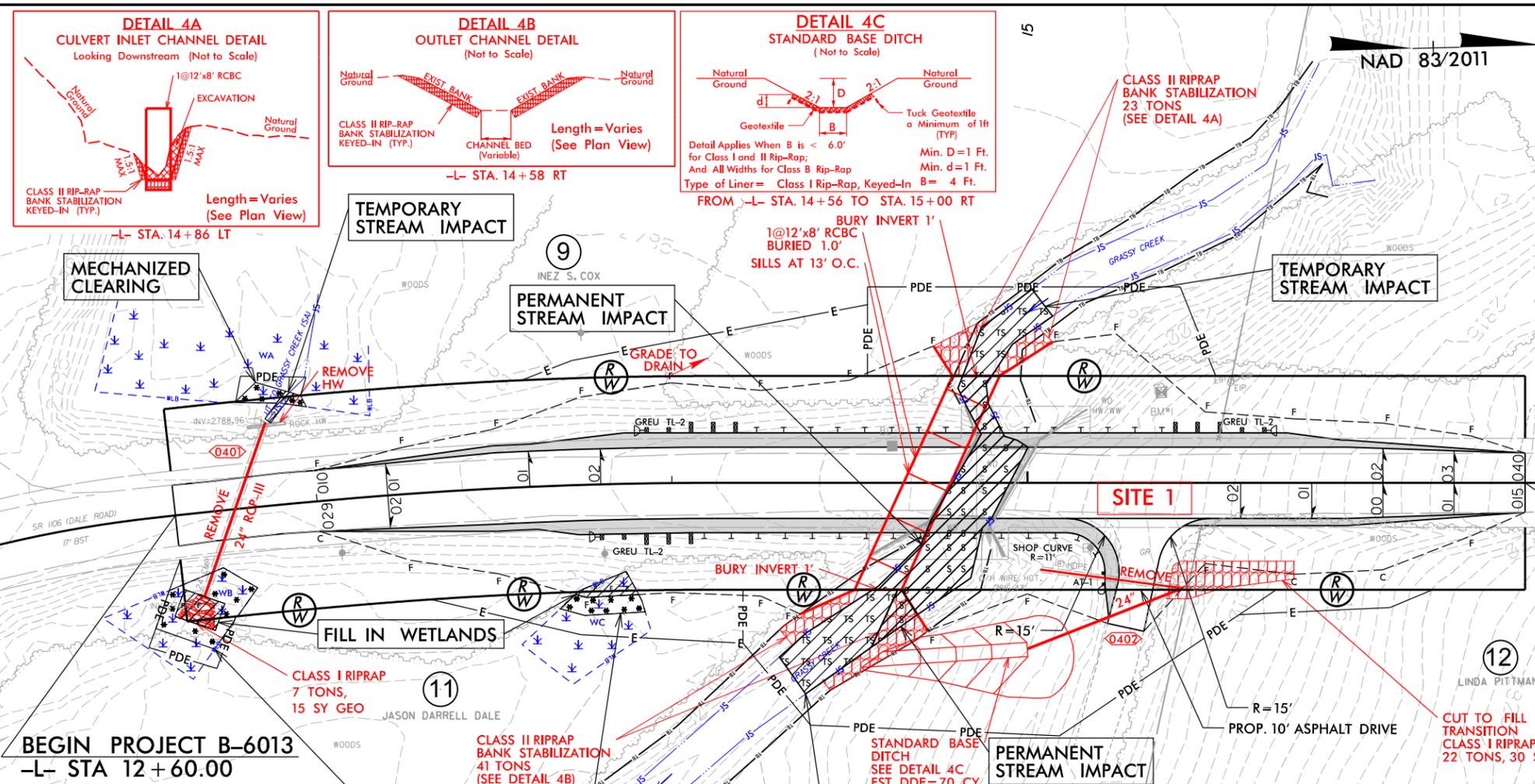
DRAINAGE AREA	= 7.6	AC
DESIGN FREQUENCY	= 25	YRS
DESIGN DISCHARGE	= 12	CFS
DESIGN HW ELEVATION	= 2791.9	FT
100 YEAR DISCHARGE	= 14	CFS
100 YEAR HW ELEVATION	= 2792J	FT
OVERTOPPING FREQUENCY	= 500+	YRS
OVERTOPPING DISCHARGE	= 16+	CFS
OVERTOPPING ELEVATION	= 2796J	FT

CULVERT HYDRAULIC DATA
 (1@12'X8' RCBC @ -L- STA.14+72)

DESIGN DISCHARGE	= 400	CFS
DESIGN FREQUENCY	= 25	YRS
DESIGN HW ELEVATION	= 2795.7	FT
BASE DISCHARGE	= 580	CFS
BASE FREQUENCY	= 100	YRS
BASE HW ELEVATION	= 2797.4	FT
OVERTOPPING DISCHARGE	= 440	CFS
OVERTOPPING FREQUENCY	= 25+	YRS
OVERTOPPING ELEVATION	= 2796J	FT

8/17/99
 REVISIONS
 2/9/2007 Division 130 - Year 8\600207\Hydraulics\PERMITS\Environmental\Drawings\600207_Rdy.psh.dgn
 User:kgout

8/17/99
 2/9/2023 Division 130 - Year 8\600207\Hydraulics\PERMITS\Environmental\Drawings\600207_Rdy_psh.dgn
 User: jkgrout

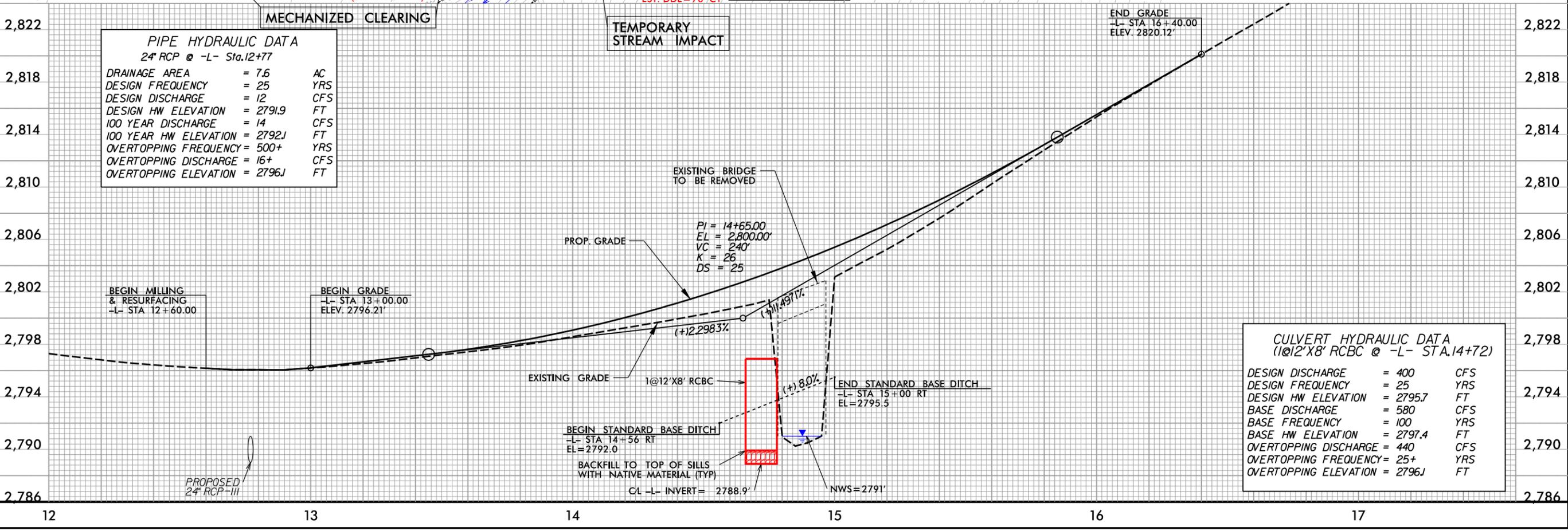


TGS ENGINEERS
 201 W. MARION ST
 SHELBY, NC 28150
 PH (704) 476-0003
 CORP. LICENSE NO.: C-0275

MITCHELL COUNTY
 BRIDGE #600207

PERMIT DRAWING
 SHEET 3 OF 5

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. B-6013	SHEET NO. 4
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION	
DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED	



REVISIONS

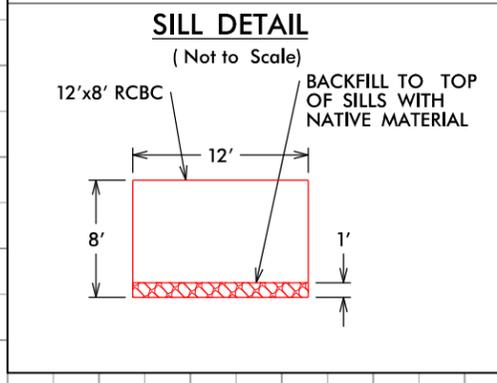
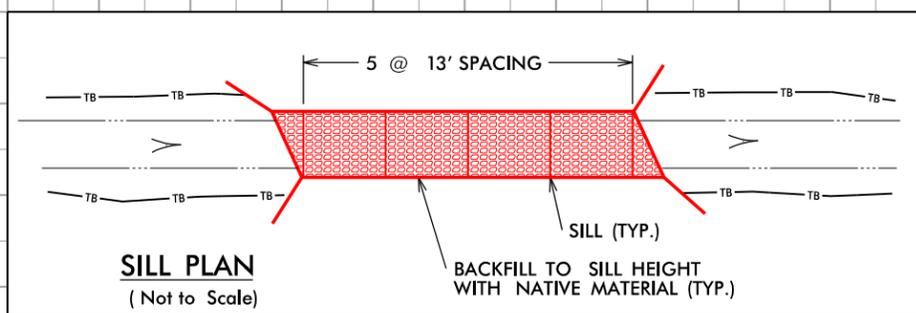
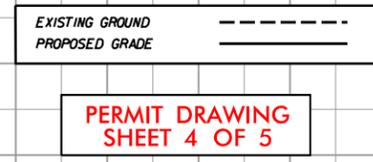
END PROJECT B-6013
 -L- STA 16+40.00

	SURFACE WATER IMPACTS		FILL IN WETLAND
	TEMPORARY SURFACE WATER IMPACTS		MECHANIZED CLEARING (GRUBBING)

40' 0' 40'
 GRAPHIC SCALE

5/14/99
 2/9/2027
 Division 130 - Year 8\600207\Hydraulics\PERMITS\Environmental\Drawings\600207_Culvert_PFL.dgn
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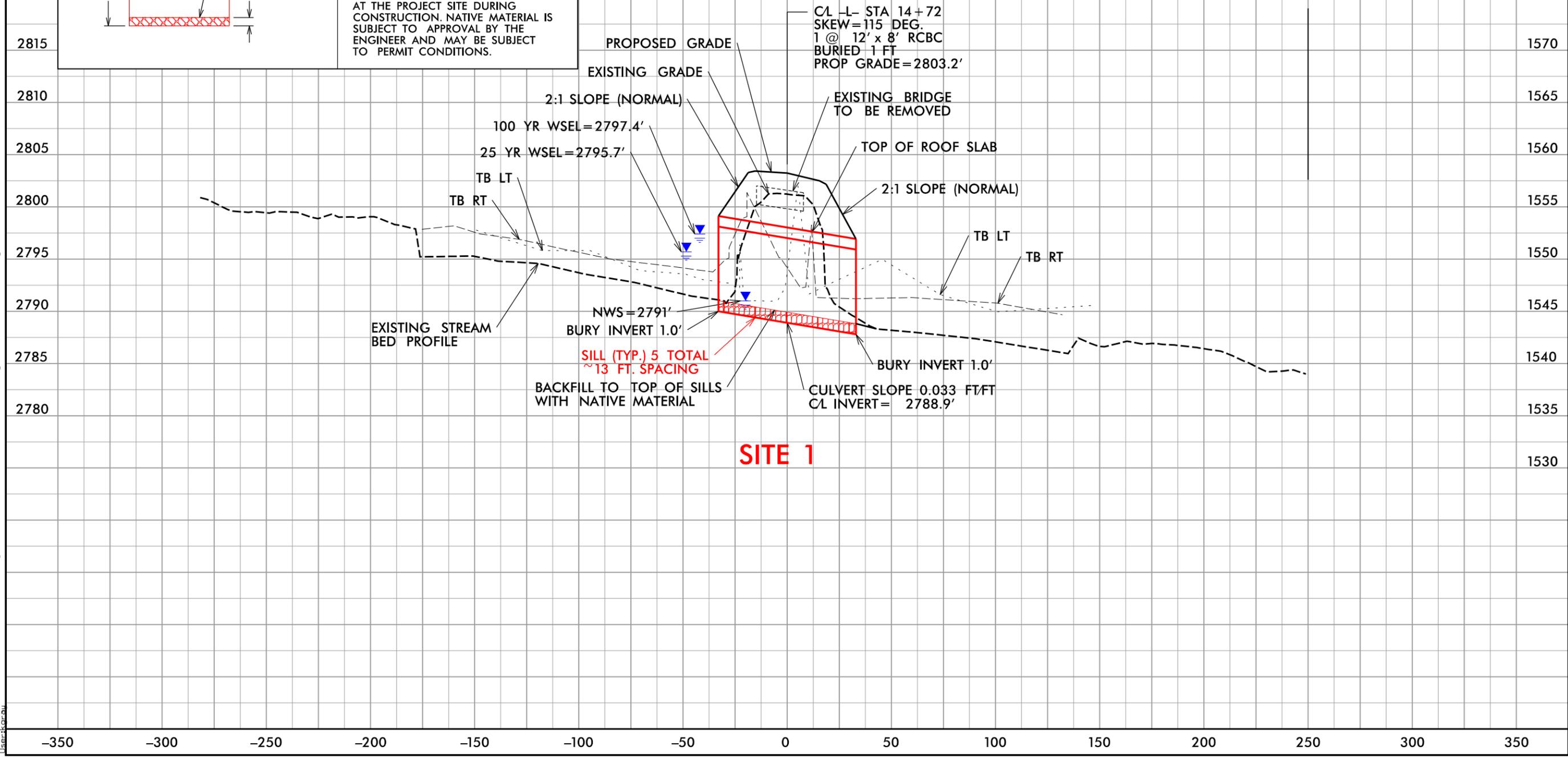
PROJECT REFERENCE NO. <i>B-6013</i>	SHEET NO.
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED	
TGS ENGINEERS 804-C N. LAFAYETTE ST SHELBY, NC 28150 PH (704) 476-0003 CORP. LICENSE NO.: C-0275	



NOTES:

1) TOP OF SILLS AT EACH END OF CULVERT SHALL MATCH STREAMBED ELEVATION IN CHANNEL OF STREAM (THALWEG).

2) NATIVE MATERIAL BETWEEN SILLS IN THE CULVERT SHALL PROVIDE A CONTINUOUS FLOW CHANNEL. NATIVE MATERIAL CONSISTS OF MATERIAL THAT IS EXCAVED FROM THE STREAM BED AT THE PROJECT SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION. NATIVE MATERIAL IS SUBJECT TO APPROVAL BY THE ENGINEER AND MAY BE SUBJECT TO PERMIT CONDITIONS.



WETLAND AND SURFACE WATER IMPACTS SUMMARY

Site No.	Station (From/To)	Structure Size / Type	Stream/Wetland Name	WETLAND IMPACTS					SURFACE WATER IMPACTS					
				Permanent Fill In Wetlands (ac)	Temp. Fill In Wetlands (ac)	Excavation in Wetlands (ac)	Mechanized Clearing in Wetlands (ac)	Hand Clearing in Wetlands (ac)	Permanent SW impacts (ac)	Temp. SW impacts (ac)	Existing Channel Impacts Permanent (ft)	Existing Channel Impacts Temp. (ft)	Natural Stream Design (ft)	
1	-L- 12+51 to 12+81 RT	24" RCP	WB	< 0.01			< 0.01							
1	-L- 12+80 to 12+99 LT	24" RCP	WA & SA				< 0.01			< 0.01		10		
1	-L- 13+67 to 13+92 RT	Roadway Fill / Erosion Control	WC	< 0.01			< 0.01							
1	-L- 14+56 to 14+69 RT	Bank Stabilization	Grassy Creek						< 0.01		16			
1	-L- 14+56 to 15+00 LT & RT	Culvert	Grassy Creek						0.02		66			
1	-L- 14+30 to 15+07 LT & RT	Temporary Dewatering	Grassy Creek							0.04		133		
TOTALS*:				< 0.01			0.01		0.02	0.04	82	143	0	

*Rounded totals are sum of actual impacts

NOTES:

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
 2/9/2023
 Mitchell County
 B-6013
 WBS # 48209.3.1
 SHEET 5 OF 5

Mitigation



NORTH CAROLINA
Environmental Quality

ROY COOPER
Governor
ELIZABETH S. BISER
Secretary
MARC RECKTENWALD
Director

June 19, 2023

Mr. Yates Allen
NCDOT Division 13 Environmental Specialist
North Carolina Department of Transportation
55 Orange Street
Asheville, North Carolina 28801-2340

Dear Mr. Allen:

Subject: Mitigation Acceptance Letter:

Division 13 Project – TIP Number B-6013, Replace Bridge 600207 on SR 1106 (Dale Road) over Grassy Creek, Mitchell County; WBS 48209.3.1

The purpose of this letter is to notify you that the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality – Division of Mitigation Services (NCDEQ-DMS) will provide the mitigation for the subject project. Based on the information received from you on June 19, 2023, the impacts are located in CU 06010108 of the French Broad River basin in the Northern Mountains (NM) Eco-Region, and are as follows:

French Broad 06010108	Stream			Wetlands			Buffer (Sq. Ft.)	
	Cold	Cool	Warm	Riparian	Non-Riparian	Coastal Marsh	Zone 1	Zone 2
Impacts (feet/acres)	82.000	0	0	0.020	0	0	0	0

This mitigation acceptance letter replaces the mitigation acceptance letter issued on November 14, 2022.

NCDEQ – DMS commits to implementing sufficient mitigation credits to offset the impacts associated with this project as determined by the regulatory agencies in accordance with the In-Lieu Fee Instrument dated July 28, 2010. If the above referenced impact amounts are revised, then this mitigation acceptance letter will no longer be valid and a new mitigation acceptance letter will be required from NCDEQ – DMS.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact Ms. Beth Harmon at 919-707-8420.

Sincerely,

for James B. Stanfill
DMS Deputy Director

cc: Ms. Lori Beckwith, USACE – Asheville
Ms. Amy Chapman, NCDWR
Mr. Brad Chilton, NCDOT – EAU
File: SR 1106 – Bridge 600207 Revised – Division 13



North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality | Division of Mitigation Services
217 West Jones Street | 1652 Mail Service Center | Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1652
919.707.8976

Protected Species/ Section 7



◊ North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission ◊

Cameron Ingram, Executive Director

March 6, 2023

Michael Turchy
Environmental Analysis Unit
North Carolina Department of Transportation
1598 Mail Service Center
Raleigh, NC 27699-1598

Subject Scoping Comments on Replacement of Bridge No. 207 over Grassy Creek on SR 1106
(Dale Road), Mitchell County. **B-6013**

Dear Mr. Turchy,

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) invited comments from the North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission (NCWRC) on the subject bridge replacement project. NCWRC biologists are familiar with the wildlife resources in the area. The following comments are offered to conserve wildlife resources affected by the project and to promote wildlife-based recreation in accordance with the applicable provisions of the state and federal Environmental Policy Acts (G.S. 113A-1 through 113-10; 1 NCAC 25 and 42 U.S.C. 4332(2)(c), respectively), the Clean Water Act of 1977 (33 U.S.C. 466 et seq.) and the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act (48 Stat. 401, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 661-667d).

General Comments

NCWRC standard recommendations for bridge and culvert replacement projects of this scope include:

1. New bridges or other channel spanning structures are recommended over culverts because they typically require minimal if any stream impacts. The clearances of bridges allow for human access and wildlife passage, fish passage, and navigation by boaters. Unlike bridges, culverts can prove difficult to dewater during construction, which can lead to extended periods of channel instability and erosion.
2. Bridge deck drains should not discharge directly into streams.
3. Live concrete should not be allowed to contact water in or discharging to streams.
4. If possible, bridge supports (bents) should not be placed in stream channels.

5. Applicable measures from the current *NCDOT Erosion and Sediment Control Design and Construction Manual* should be implemented and maintained during construction. Matting used in riparian areas should not contain nylon mesh because it entangles and kills wildlife. Coir matting should be used on unstable stream banks that are steep or susceptible to high water and matting should be securely anchored with wooden stakes according to NCDOT specifications.
6. Temporary detours and access roads should be designed and located to avoid wetland impacts, to minimize clearing, and avoid destabilizing stream banks. Tree stumps and root mats should be left where possible under and along temporary access roads to limit streambank disturbance and promote regrowth of vegetation. Temporary fills should be removed to original ground elevations upon the completion of the project. Disturbed areas should be seeded, or mulched, and native tree species should be planted with a spacing of 10'x10'.
7. A clear strip of streambank (rip rap free) of 10 feet in width should remain on each side of the channel underneath bridges to facilitate wildlife passage. Smaller widths are also beneficial where there are narrow abutment setbacks. Alternatively, a "wildlife path" can be constructed with a top-dressing of finer stone if full bank plating is required. These measures should also incorporate any ditch line plating.
8. NCDOT biologists should be notified about streams that contain threatened or endangered species. Special measures to protect these sensitive species may be required. NCDOT should also contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service for information on requirements of the Endangered Species Act as it relates to the project.
9. All work in or adjacent to streams should be conducted in dry work areas. Sandbags, cofferdams, or other clean diversion structures should be used where possible to avoid excavation in flowing water.
10. Heavy equipment should be operated from the banks rather than in stream channels to minimize sedimentation and reduce the likelihood of introducing other pollutants into streams.
11. Only clean, sediment-free rock should be used as temporary fill (causeways) and fill material should be removed with minimal disturbance of the natural stream bottom when construction is completed.
12. During geotechnical investigations, equipment should be inspected daily and maintained to prevent contamination of surface waters from leaking fuels, lubricants, and hydraulic fluids.

The following recommendations apply to corrugated pipes, reinforced concrete pipes, or concrete box culvert structures:

1. Culverts and pipes must be designed to allow for aquatic life passage in accordance with current *NCDOT Guidelines for Drainage Studies and Hydraulic Design*. This typically includes burial of a single low flow barrel at least 1 foot below the natural streambed and backfilling with native material. If multiple barrels are required, then the high flow barrel(s) should be placed on or near a bankfull elevation. These "flood" barrels should be reconnected to benches and include sills on the upstream ends to restrict or divert base flow into the low barrel. Barrels with sills should be filled with sediment to avoid standing water. If rip rap is used for backfilling, then it should also be topped with native or other finer material to facilitate wildlife passage. In accordance with *NCDOT Guidelines*

for *Drainage Studies and Hydraulic Design*, alternating or notched baffles should typically be installed in base flow culverts that are steep or longer than 40-50 linear feet in a manner that mimics the existing stream flow pattern and profile.

2. Riprap should be minimized on banks and avoided on streambeds except where bed scour may be expected. Rip rap placed on the streambed should be embedded or “keyed-in” to prevent or shorten the duration of subsurface streamflow.
3. If multiple pipes or cells are used, then at least one pipe or box should be designed to remain dry during normal flows to allow for wildlife passage.
4. Culverts or pipes should be aligned with the existing channel alignment whenever possible. Channel widening should be avoided. Stream channel widening at the inlet or outlet end of structures typically decreases water velocity, disrupts aquatic life passage, and causes sediment deposition that requires increased maintenance.

Replacement of the existing bridge or culvert in the same location with road closure is typically recommended to minimize impacts. If road closure is not feasible, then a temporary detour should be designed and located to avoid wetland impacts, minimize the need for clearing, and avoid destabilizing stream banks. If the structure will be on a new alignment, then the old structure and the approach fills should be removed from the 100-year floodplain. Approach fills should be removed down to the natural ground elevation. The area should be stabilized with grass and planted with native tree species. NCDOT should restore the area to wetlands if the area reclaimed was previously wetlands.

Project-Specific Comments

There are records for Rainbow Trout (*Onchorynchus mykiss*) in Grassy Creek (C Tr) near the bridge. This should be a naturally reproducing population. To protect Rainbow Trout spawning, the NCWRC requests adherence to the abbreviated January 1 to April 15 moratorium for stream and buffer disturbance.

Please contact me at david.mchenry@ncwildlife.org or (828) 476-1966 if you have any questions about these comments. Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment on this project. The NCWRC looks forward to assisting as needed as the project develops further.

Cordially,



Dave McHenry, NCWRC Western DOT Coordinator



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ROY COOPER
GOVERNOR

J. ERIC BOYETTE
SECRETARY

July 12, 2023

Ms. Janet A. Mizzi
Field Office Supervisor
US Fish and Wildlife Service
160 Zillicoa Street
Asheville, NC 28801

Subject: **Section 7 Concurrence Request** for the replacement of Bridge No. 207 on Dale Road (SR 1106) over Grassy Creek in Mitchell County, WBS No. 48208.1.1 in Division 13, **TIP: B-6013**

Reference: Bat Survey Report, dated December 5, 2022
Mussel Survey Report, dated September 17, 2021

Dear Ms. Mizzi,

The purpose of this letter is to request concurrence from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA), as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) proposes to replace Bridge 207 over Grassy Creek in Mitchell County (35.858980, -82.075412).

As of February 13, 2023, the US Fish and Wildlife Service’s Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) lists the following federally protected species in the project area.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Federal Status	Habitat Present	Biological Conclusion
<i>Clemmys muhlenbergii</i>	Bog turtle	T(S/A)	Yes	Not Required
<i>Myotis septentrionalis</i>	Northern long-eared bat	Threatened	Yes	MANLTAA
<i>Myotis grisescens</i>	Gray bat	Endangered	Yes	MANLTAA
<i>Perimyotis subflavus</i>	Tricolored bat	Proposed Endangered	Yes	MANLTAA
<i>Spiraea virginiana</i>	Virginia spiraea	Threatened	No	No Effect
<i>Gymnoderma lineare</i>	Rock gnome lichen	Endangered	No	No Effect
<i>Alasmidonta raveneliana</i>	Appalachian elktoe	Endangered	Yes	MANLTAA

MANLTAA = May Affect – Not Likely to Adversely Affect
T(S/A) – Threatened due to similarity of appearance

Species Summary - Bats

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT, Division 13) proposes to replace Bridge No. 207 over Grassy Creek on SR 1106 in Mitchell County, TIP No. B-6013. The existing bridge is a single span structure with timber beams, deck, end walls and guard rails. The overall length of the bridge is 18 feet. No culverts meeting NCDOT’s Standard Operating Procedures for Preliminary Bat Habitat Assessments meeting the criteria of greater than 3 feet wide and 60 feet in length were identified during the site visit.

On May 16, 2019, NCDOT biologists assessed all structures in the project study area. There are no suitable roosting crevices present on this creosote covered timber bridge. No evidence of bats (bats, staining, guano) was observed on the structure. Trees greater than 3” (dbh) occur within the project footprint. There are no known caves or mines within one half mile of the project footprint and no caves or mines were observed during the field visit. Large, continuous forests are present in the project vicinity, providing potential foraging and commuting habitat.

As of December 5, 2022, the following federally protected bat species are listed in IPaC (<https://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/>) as occurring in the action area:

Species	Federal Status	Habitat Present*	Biological Conclusion	Distance to Nearest Record**
MYGR	E	No	MANLTAA	5 mile S
MYSE	T	Yes	MANLTAA	7.4 mile S
PESU	PE	Yes	MANLTAA	4.5 mile SW
MYLU***	FL	Yes	MANLTAA	4.5 mile SW

*See detailed habitat information in table below

**Nearest known record from latest NHP, WRC, or NCDOT data

*** The Little Brown Bat (*Myotis lucifugus*), which may become federally listed in the future (FL), may also be found in Mitchell County.

MANLTAA=May Affect Not Likely To Adversely Affect

Presence (✓) or Probable Absence (X) of various habitat types for bat species present in project area.

Species	Summer Roosting		Winter Roosting	Foraging Habitat	Commuting Habitat
	Tree	Structure			
MYGR	NA	X	X	✓	✓
MYSE	✓	X	X	✓	✓
PESU	✓	X	X	✓	✓
MYLU	✓	X	X	✓	✓

A Biological Conclusion of May Affect Not Likely To Adversely Affect is given to each of the above species based on the presence of suitable foraging and commuting habitat.

- No evidence of bats was found on the structure, no caves or mines are in the area, and a large area of alternative available suitable habitat exists in the project vicinity.
- Permanent roadway lighting is not present in the project area and no new roadway lighting is proposed with this bridge replacement project. Although unanticipated, if nighttime work during the bat active season becomes necessary, temporary lighting will only be used to illuminate work areas.

- Tree clearing will occur on this project prior to March 15.

If avoidance and minimization measures, such as prohibiting tree clearing during the active season can be implemented, this project is Not Likely to Adversely Affect federally listed bats.

Species Summary - Mussels

According to the NC Natural Heritage Program database (NCNHP, Access date: June 10, 2021), the nearest Appalachian Elktoe element occurrence (EO) (ID # 21349) by water is in the North Toe River approximately 10 miles from the project. The EO, encompasses portions of the North Toe River, the South Toe River, and the Nolichucky River downstream to Cane Bottom near the North Carolina and Tennessee state line (Figure 2).

Surveys were conducted by SEPI personnel Chris Sheats (Permit # 21-ES00558) and Tori Fowler on May 19, 2021.

Visual and tactile methods using bathiscopes were employed to complete the freshwater mussel survey.

Freshwater mussels, including the Appalachian Elktoe, were not observed during the survey efforts. Crayfish, fish, and snails were observed. Fish species observed include Blacknose Dace and Rosyside Dace. Sprite Elimia, a freshwater snail, was abundant throughout the survey.

Grassy Creek ranged in width from 2-3 meters with water depth ranging from 0.25-0.75 meters.

Substrate was dominated by cobble and sand particles while gravel was the subdominant type. The survey reach was a riffle-run complex with few pool habitats present. Water levels were normal, and visibility was clear during surveys. Land use adjacent to the survey reach was 60% forest cover and 40% open pasturelands, within a rural setting.

The survey results indicate that Grassy Creek has some physical habitat conditions and biological indicators that are associated with freshwater mussels, such as a sufficient flow regime, substrate size class diversity (i.e. silt, sand, gravel, and cobble), and the presence of snails. Impacts from adjacent land use (i.e. agriculture, disturbed narrow stream buffer), and a relatively steep stream gradient may be limiting factors for freshwater mussel occupation within the survey reach of Grassy Creek.

Recommended Biological Conclusion for Appalachian Elktoe: May Affect Not Likely To Adversely Affect

Habitat for the species was observed but based on the distance to the nearest EO, and the results of the survey, the project may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect the Appalachian Elktoe.

Species Summary - Plants

Habitat assessments for Virginia spiraea were completed by Three Oaks staff on January 11, 2023. Suitable habitat for Virginia spiraea is absent within the project study area. Additionally, a review of the NCNHP Winter 2023 dataset identified no known Virginia spiraea EO's within 1.0 mile of the PSA. Based on the absence of Virginia spiraea within the PSA and lack of known EO's within 1.0 mile of the project, the Biological Conclusion for this species is No Effect.

Habitat assessments for rock gnome lichen were completed by Three Oaks staff on January 11, 2023. Suitable habitat for rock gnome lichen is absent within the PSA. A review of the NCNHP Winter 2023 dataset identified no known rock gnome lichen EO's within 1.0 mile of the PSA. As there are no known populations within 1.0 mile of the PSA, and no suitable habitat is present within the PSA, the Biological Conclusion rendered for this species is No Effect

Pursuant to the ESA Handbook Section 3.5, NCDOT does not request concurrence from the Service for the remaining species, but identifies them below:

Scientific Name	Common Name	Federal Status	Survey Date(s)	Habitat Present	Biological Conclusion
<i>Clemmys muhlenbergii</i>	Bog turtle	T(S/A)	N/A	Yes	Not Required
<i>Spiraea virginiana</i>	Virginia spiraea	Threatened	N/A	No	No Effect
<i>Gymnoderma lineare</i>	Rock gnome lichen	Endangered	N/A	No	No Effect

T(S/A) – Threatened due to similarity of appearance

NCDOT, under the delegation authority provided in 50 CFR § 402.08 by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), believes that the requirements of Section 7(a)(2) of the ESA have been satisfied and hereby request your concurrence.

If you have any questions, please contact Michael Turchy at maturchy@ncdot.gov or 919-707-6157.

Sincerely,



Erin Cheely, ECAP Western Team Lead
Environmental Analysis Unit

Enclosures:

Bat Survey Report

Mussel Survey Report

cc:

Ms. Lauren Wilson, USFWS

Ms. Holland Youngman, USFWS

Mr. Yates Allen, NCDOT Division 13

Ms. Marissa Cox, NCDOT EPU/BSG

Mr. Jared Gray, NCDOT BSG-EAU

Mr. Tyler Stanton, NCDOT BSG-EAU



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ROY COOPER
GOVERNOR

J. ERIC BOYETTE
SECRETARY

December 5, 2022

TO: Jessica Earley, Project Engineer
Priority Projects Team, PMU

FROM: Melissa Miller, Environmental Program Consultant
Biological Surveys Group, EAU

SUBJECT: Section 7 survey results for the gray bat (*Myotis grisescens*, MYGR), northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*, MYSE), tricolored bat (*Perimyotis subflavus*, PESU) and little brown bat (*Myotis lucifugus*, MYLU), associated with the replacement of Bridge Number 207 over Grassy Creek on SR 1106 in Mitchell County, **TIP No. B-6013**.

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT, Division 13) proposes to replace Bridge No. 207 over Grassy Creek on SR 1106 in Mitchell County, TIP No. B-6013. The existing bridge is a single span structure with timber beams, deck, end walls and guard rails. The overall length of the bridge is 18 feet. No culverts meeting NCDOT's Standard Operating Procedures for Preliminary Bat Habitat Assessments were identified meeting the criteria of greater than 3 feet wide and 60 feet in length during this site visit.

On May 16, 2019, NCDOT biologists assessed all of the structures in the project study area. There are no suitable roosting crevices present on this creosote covered timber bridge. No evidence of bats (bats, staining, guano) was observed on the structure. Trees greater than 3" dbh occur within the project footprint. There are no known caves or mines within one half mile of the project footprint and no caves or mines were observed during the field visit. Large, continuous forests are present in the project vicinity, providing potential foraging and commuting habitat.

As of December 5, 2022, the following federally protected bat species are listed in IPaC (<https://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/>) as occurring in the action area:

Species	Federal Status	Habitat Present*	Biological Conclusion	Distance to Nearest Record**
MYGR	E	No	MANLTAA	5 mile S
MYSE	T	Yes	MANLTAA	7.4 mile S
PESU	PE	Yes	MANLTAA	4.5 mile SW
MYLU***	FL	Yes	MANLTAA	4.5 mile SW

*See detailed habitat information in table below

**Nearest known record from latest NHP, WRC, or NCDOT data

*** The Little Brown Bat (*Myotis lucifugus*), which may become federally listed in the future (FL), may also be found in Mitchell County.

MANLTAA=May Affect Not Likely To Adversely Affect

Presence (✓) or Probable Absence (X) of various habitat types for bat species present in project area.

Species	Summer Roosting		Winter Roosting	Foraging Habitat	Commuting Habitat
	Tree	Structure			
MYGR	NA	X	X	✓	✓
MYSE	✓	X	X	✓	✓
PESU	✓	X	X	✓	✓
MYLU	✓	X	X	✓	✓

A Biological Conclusion of May Affect Not Likely To Adversely Affect is given to each of the above species based on the presence of suitable foraging and commuting habitat. No evidence of bats was found on the structure, no caves or mines are in the area, and a large area of alternative available suitable habitat exists in the project vicinity. Permanent roadway lighting is not present in the project area and BSG is not aware of any plans to install new roadway lighting with this project. If nighttime work during the bat active season becomes necessary, temporary lighting will only be used to illuminate work areas. If avoidance and minimization measures, such as prohibiting tree clearing during the active season can be implemented, this project is Not Likely to Adversely Affect federally listed bats.

If you need any additional information, please contact Melissa Miller at 919-707-6127.

Freshwater Mussel Survey Report

Replace Bridge #207 on SR 1106 (Dale Rd) over Grassy Creek

Mitchell County, North Carolina



Prepared For:



NC Department of Transportation
Raleigh, North Carolina

Contact Person:

Jared Gray

Biological Surveys Group-Environmental Analysis Unit
North Carolina Department of Transportation

jgray@ncdot.gov

1598 Mail Service Center
Raleigh, NC 27699-1598

August 2021

Prepared by:



1 Glenwood Avenue, Suite 600
Raleigh, NC 27603

Contact Person:

Chris Sheats
csheats@sepiinc.com
919-417-2732

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Appendix A. Figures:

Figure 1: Project Vicinity & Survey Locations

Figure 2: NCNHP Element Occurrences

Figure 3: NPDES Discharges

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) proposes to replace Bridge #207 on SR 1106 (Dale Road) over Grassy Creek, of the Nolichucky River Basin in Mitchell County, North Carolina. The Appalachian Elktoe (*Alasmidonta raveneliana*) is listed as Endangered by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) under the Endangered Species Act, and critical habitat has been established. According to the USFWS Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) GIS planning tool (IPaC Access date: June 10, 2021), the Appalachian Elktoe is the only listed aquatic species that could be affected by the project.

According to the NC Natural Heritage Program database (NCNHP, Access date: June 10, 2021), the nearest Appalachian Elktoe element occurrence (EO) (ID # 21349) by water is in the North Toe River approximately 10 miles from the project. The EO, encompasses portions of the North Toe River, the South Toe River, and the Nolichucky River downstream to Cane Bottom near the North Carolina and Tennessee state line (Figure 2).

SEPI was contracted by the NCDOT Biological Surveys Group to conduct surveys targeting the Appalachian Elktoe as part of the federal permitting process that requires an evaluation of potential project-related impacts to federally protected species.

2.0 WATERS IMPACTED

Grassy Creek is a tributary to the North Toe River, which is a tributary in the Nolichucky River Sub-basin, of the French Broad River Basin (U.S. Geological Survey [USGS] Hydrological Unit Code (06010108)).

2.1 303(d) Classification

The N.C. Department of Environmental Quality (NCDEQ) 2020 Final 303(d) list was reviewed to better understand water quality within and upstream of the study area. The portion of Grassy Creek within the project area is on the 303(d) list. Grassy Creek is listed from the source to the North Toe River for exceeding bioclassification thresholds indicating the fish community is in fair, poor, or severe condition (NCDEQ, 2021a).

2.2 NPDES Discharges

There are no actively permitted discharges upstream. The closest discharge is in the headwaters of an unnamed tributary (UT) to Grassy Creek (NCDEQ, 2021b). The Quartz Corp USA (NPDES Permit # NCS000202) is permitted for stormwater discharge into an unnamed tributary to Grassy Creek (Figure 3).

3.0 TARGET FEDERALLY PROTECTED SPECIES DESCRIPTION

3.1 *Alasmidonta raveneliana* (Appalachian Elktoe)

3.1.1 Species Characteristics

The Appalachian Elktoe is oblong, somewhat kidney-shaped, moderately inflated, and thin-shelled. The anterior margin is sharply rounded, and the posterior margin is broadly rounded, coming to a rounded point close to the posterior ventral margin. The beaks are moderately full, rounded, and situated on the anterior third of the shell slightly above the hinge line. The periostracum varies from yellowish brown in younger individuals to dark brown or black in adults with faint, often interrupted green rays (Bogan, 2002).

3.1.2 Distribution and Habitat Requirements

The Appalachian Elktoe occurs in tributaries of the Tennessee River Basin in east Tennessee and western North Carolina. In North Carolina, this species is found in the Nolichucky River, Little Tennessee River and the French Broad River Basin (Clarke, 1981). Individuals can be found in habitats composed of sand and gravel substrate among cobbles and boulders, usually in moderate current at depths of less than three feet.

4.0 SURVEY EFFORTS

Surveys were conducted by SEPI personnel Chris Sheats (Permit # 21-ES00558) and Tori Fowler on May 19, 2021.

4.1 Methodology

Visual and tactile methods using bathiscopes were employed to complete the freshwater mussel survey. Habitat conditions were recorded throughout the survey area.

5.0 RESULTS

Freshwater mussels, including the Appalachian Elktoe, were not observed during the survey efforts. Crayfish, fish, and snails were observed. Fish species observed include Blacknose Dace and Rosyside Dace. Sprite *Elimia*, a freshwater snail, was abundant throughout the survey. Grassy Creek ranged in width from 2-3 meters with water depth ranging from 0.25-0.75 meters. Substrate was dominated by cobble and sand particles while gravel was the subdominant type. The survey reach was a riffle-run complex with few pool habitats present. Water levels were normal, and visibility was clear during surveys. Land use adjacent to the survey reach was 60% forest cover and 40% open pasturelands, within a rural setting.

6.0 DISCUSSION/CONCLUSIONS

The survey results indicate that Grassy Creek has some physical habitat conditions and biological indicators that are associated with freshwater mussels, such as a sufficient flow regime, substrate size class diversity (i.e. silt, sand, gravel, and cobble), and the presence of snails. Impacts from adjacent land use (i.e. agriculture, disturbed narrow stream buffer), and a relatively steep stream gradient may be limiting factors for freshwater mussel occupation within the survey reach. The survey efforts detailed in the report serve to update species information within the surveyed reach of Grassy Creek.

Recommended Biological Conclusion for Appalachian Elktoe: May Affect Not Likely To Adversely Affect

Habitat for the species was observed but based on the distance to the nearest EO, and the results of the survey, the project may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect the Appalachian Elktoe.

Recommended Biological Conclusion for Proposed Critical Habitat: No Effect

Proposed critical habitat for Appalachian Elktoe is not identified in the study area, suggesting that the proposed project will have no effect on proposed critical habitat for this species.

7.0 LITERATURE CITED

Bogan, A.E. 2002. *Workbook and key to the freshwater bivalves of North Carolina*. North Carolina Freshwater Mussel Conservation Partnership, Raleigh, NC 101 pp, 10 color plates.

Clarke, A.H. 1981. The tribe Alasmidontini (Unionidae: Anodontinae), Part I. *Pegias*, *Alasmidonta*, and *Arcidens*. *Smithsonian Contributions to Zoology* No. 326. iii + 101 pp.

North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality (NCDEQ) - Division of Water Resources, 2021a. 2021 North Carolina 303(d) List Final. <https://deq.nc.gov/about/divisions/water-resources/planning/modeling-assessment/water-quality-data-assessment/integrated-report-files>

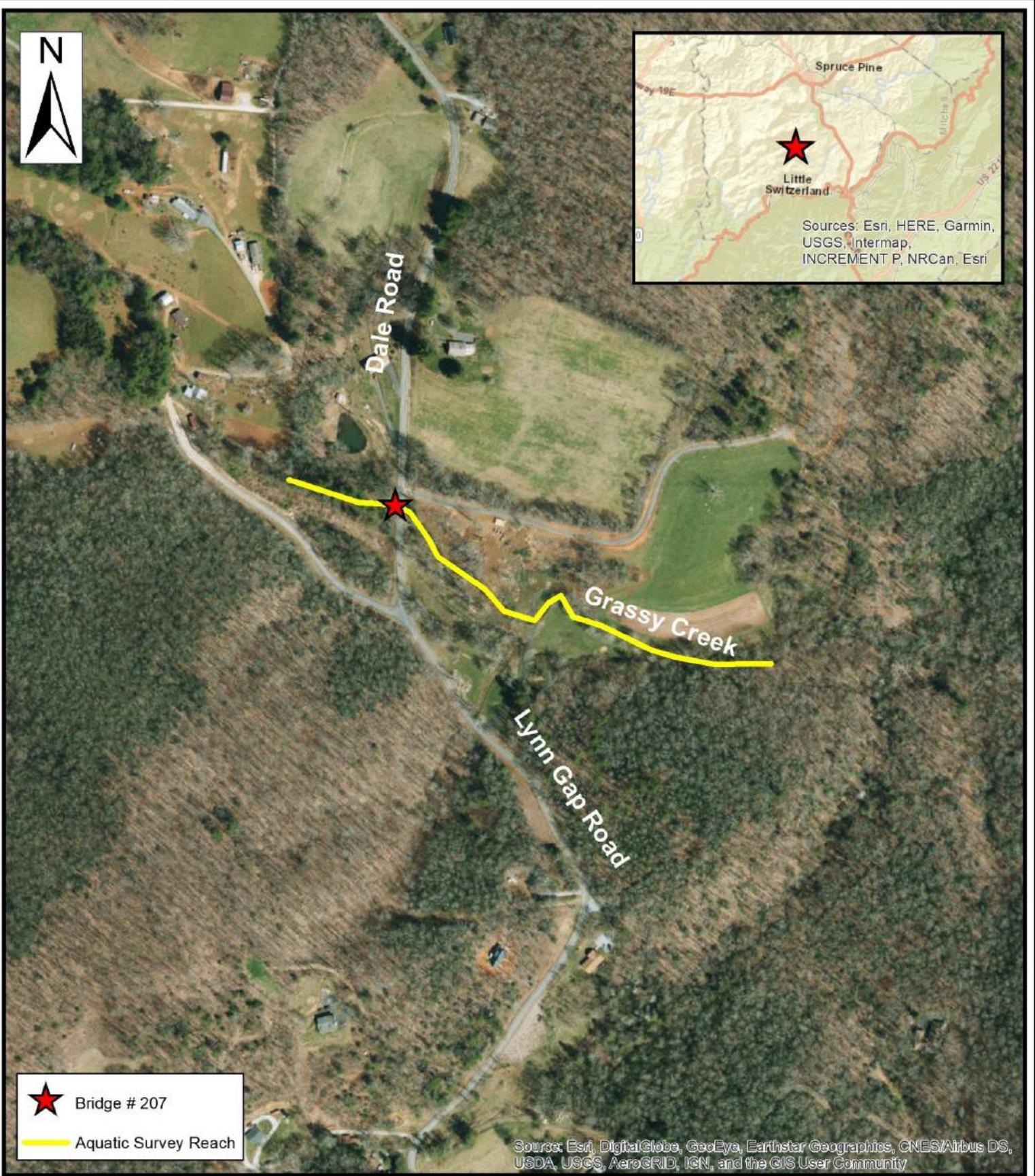
North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality, - Division of Water Resources, 2021b. Online GIS NPDES Stormwater Permits. (Accessed June 10, 2021). [https://data-ncdenr.opendata.arcgis.com/datasets/aec2efd41f844be499db8adef43f9fd3_0](https://data.ncdenr.opendata.arcgis.com/datasets/aec2efd41f844be499db8adef43f9fd3_0)

North Carolina Natural Heritage Program (NCNHP), 2021. Natural Heritage Element Occurrence. (Accessed June 10, 2021).

United States Fish and Wildlife Service, Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) <https://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/location/index> (Accessed June 10, 2021).

APPENDIX A

Figures



 Bridge # 207

 Aquatic Survey Reach

Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS, USDA, USGS, AeroGRID, IGN, and the GIS User Community

Prepared By:



Prepared For:



B-6013
Replace Bridge # 207 over Grassy Creek
Vicinity Map and Survey Location

Dale Road (SR 1106) over Grassy Creek
Mitchell County, North Carolina

Created By:

VCF

Checked By:

CMS

Scale:

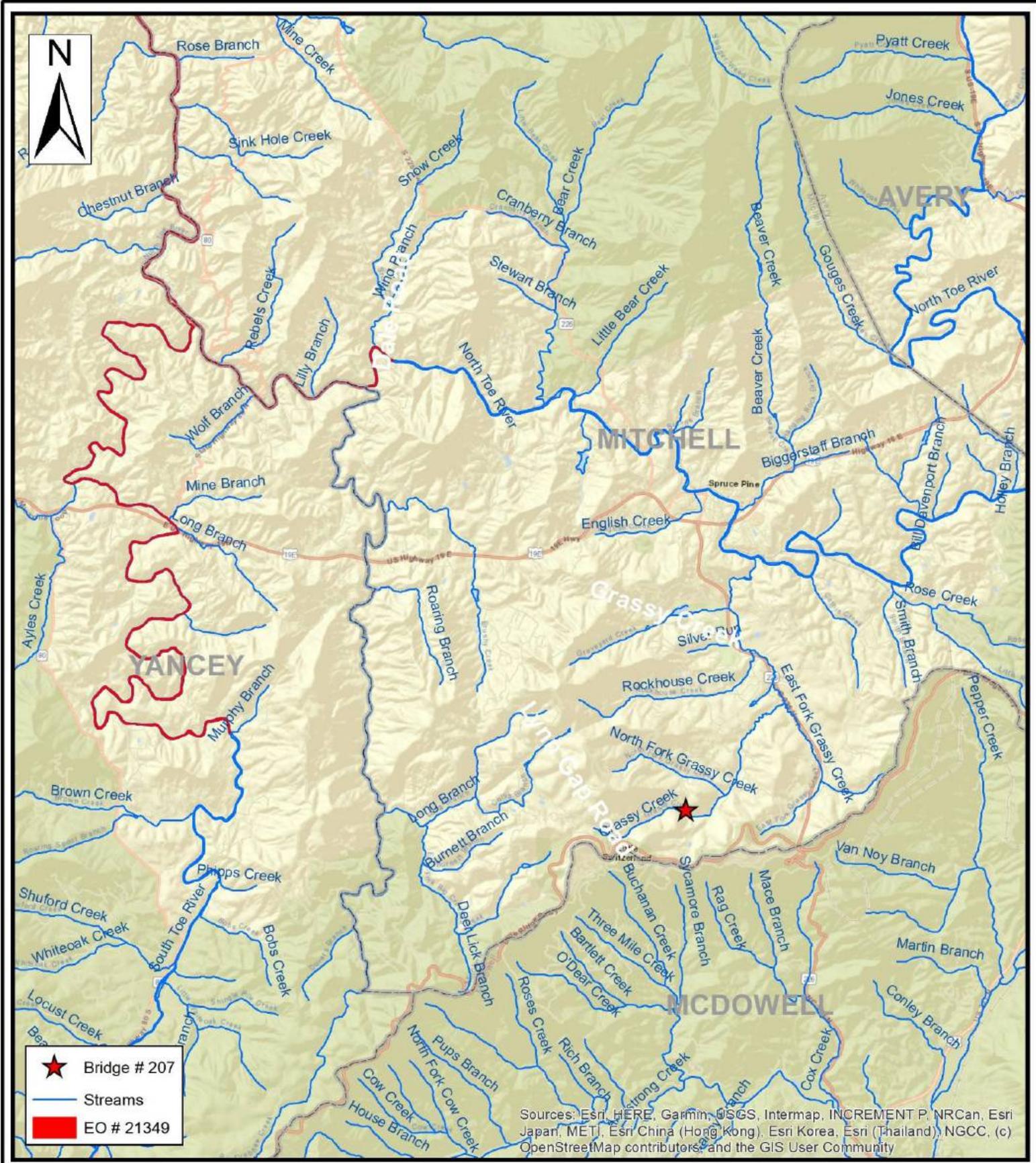
0 30 60
Meters

Date:

August 2021

Figure

1



Prepared By:



Prepared For:



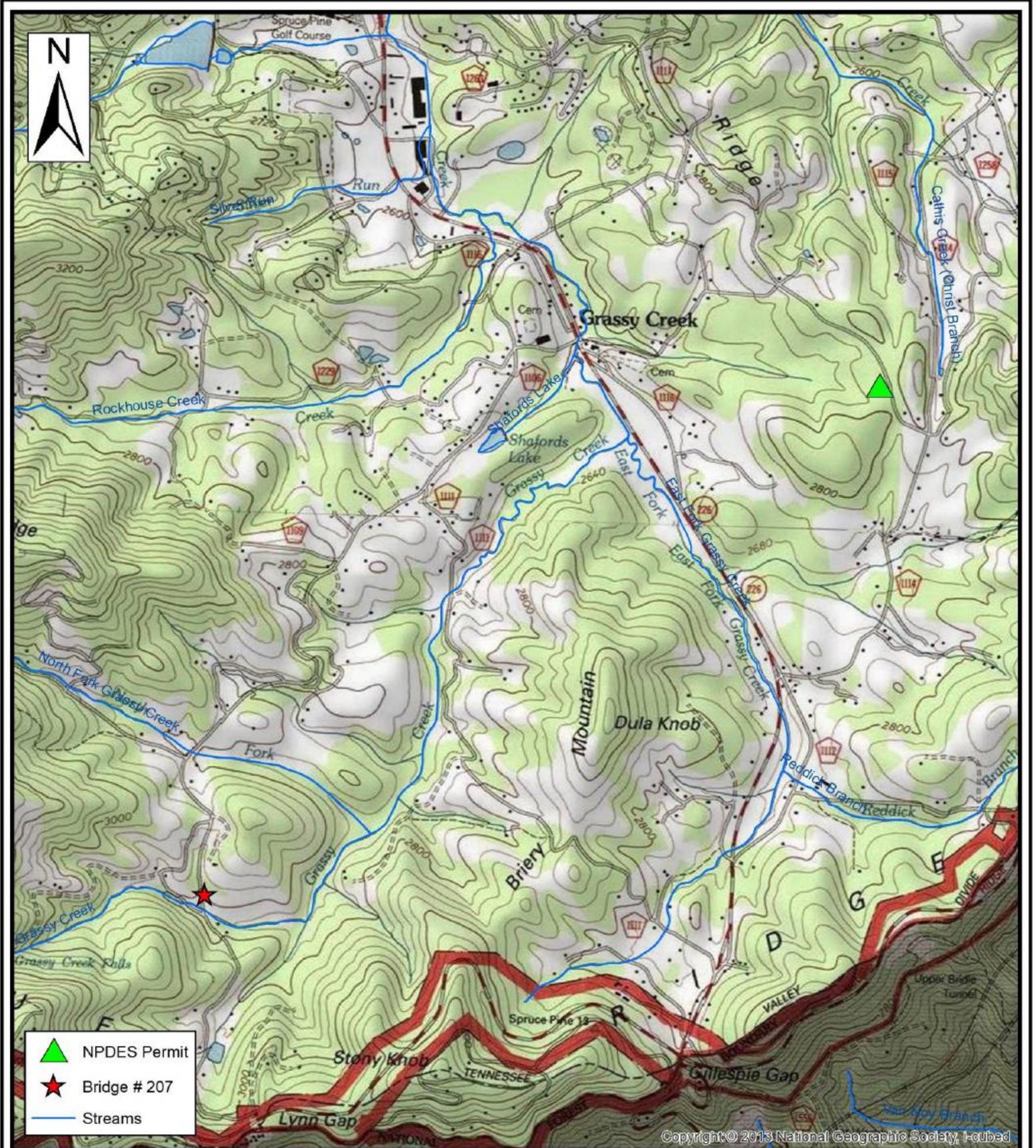
B-6013
Replace Bridge # 207 over Grassy Creek
NCNHP Element Occurrences

Dale Road (SR 1106) over Grassy Creek
 Mitchell County, North Carolina

Created By:	Checked By:
VCF	CMS
Scale:	
0 750 1,500 Meters	
Date:	
August 2021	

Figure

2



Prepared By:



Prepared For:



B-6013
Replace Bridge # 207 over Grassy Creek
NPDES Discharges

Dale Road (SR 1106) over Grassy Creek
 Mitchell County, North Carolina

Created By:

VCF

Checked By:

CMS

Scale:

0 175 350
 Meters

Date:

August 2021

Figure

3

Archaeology

The southeast quadrant is a floodplain from the bridge south for 180 meters (591 ft.). The floodplain looks unstable and/or poorly-drained. The land slopes downhill from the road east to the creek. A small stream joins Grassy Creek approximately 70 meters (230 ft.) south of the bridge. The southwest quadrant is a floodplain from the bridge south for approximately 60 meters (197 ft.), then a steeply-sloped ridge. SR 1107 is approximately 70 meters (230 ft.) south of the bridge. There is a small stream approximately 60 meters (197 ft.) south of the bridge. A powerline runs along the south side of the creek. The floodplain in this quadrant appears to be disturbed and/or poorly-drained.

A review of information at the O.S.A. shows there are no previously recorded archaeological sites near the A.P.E. The A.P.E. is not within any areas that have been surveyed for archaeological sites. There are no projects in the vicinity that have been reviewed by the State Historic Preservation Office (HPO).

Brief Explanation of why the available information provides a reliable basis for reasonably predicting that there are no unidentified historic properties in the APE:

The landform within the A.P.E. has a low to moderate potential for archaeological sites. The A.P.E. is located in a narrow creek valley with a steep slope on the north side and a poorly-drained floodplain on the south side. The A.P.E. is minimal, and replacement of the bridge will not impact much land outside of the existing roadside.

SUPPORT DOCUMENTATION

See attached: Map(s) Previous Survey Info Photos Correspondence
 Photocopy of County Survey Notes Other:

FINDING BY NCDOT ARCHAEOLOGIST

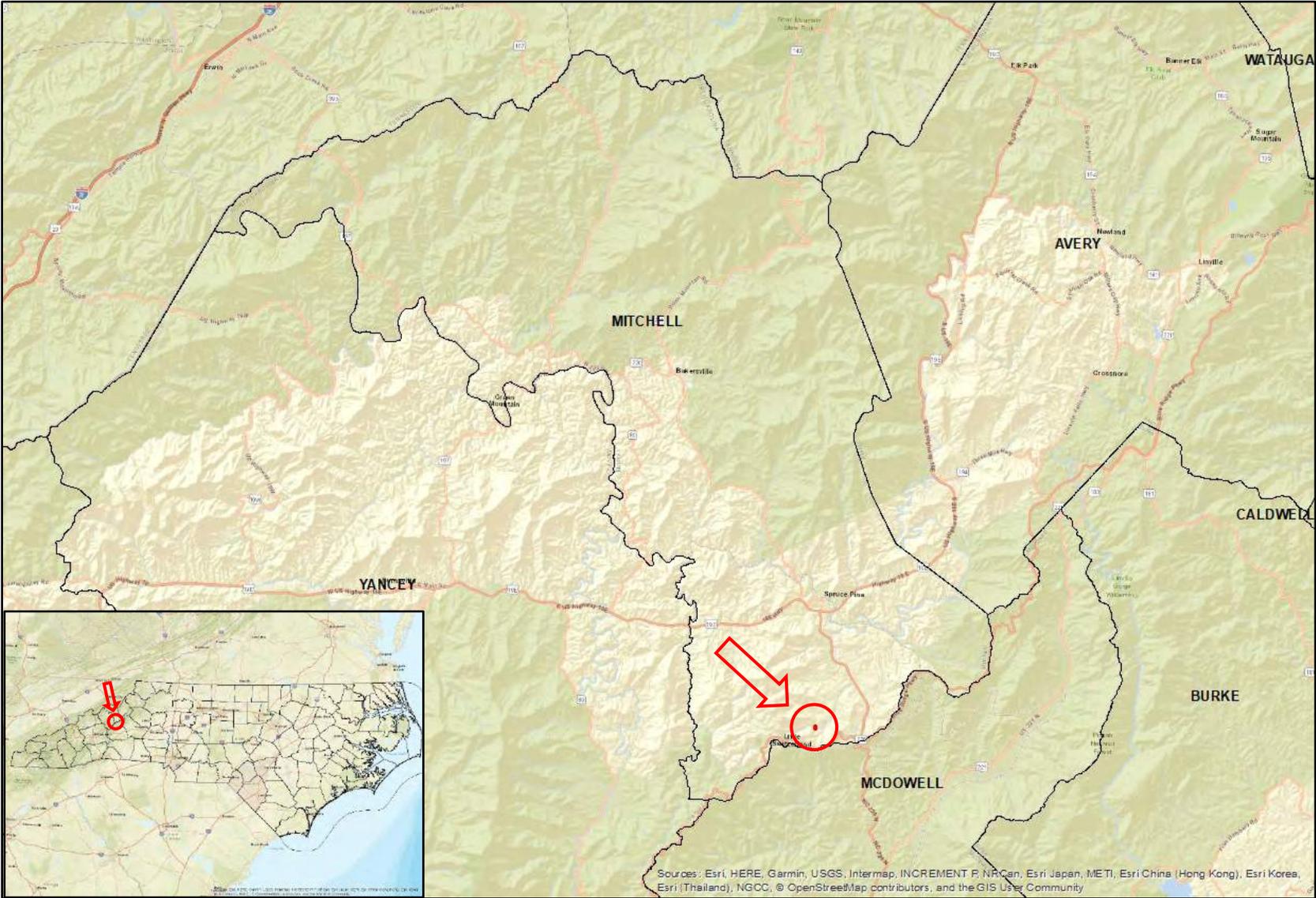
NO ARCHAEOLOGY SURVEY REQUIRED

Caleb Smith

3/28/2019

NCDOT ARCHAEOLOGIST II

Date



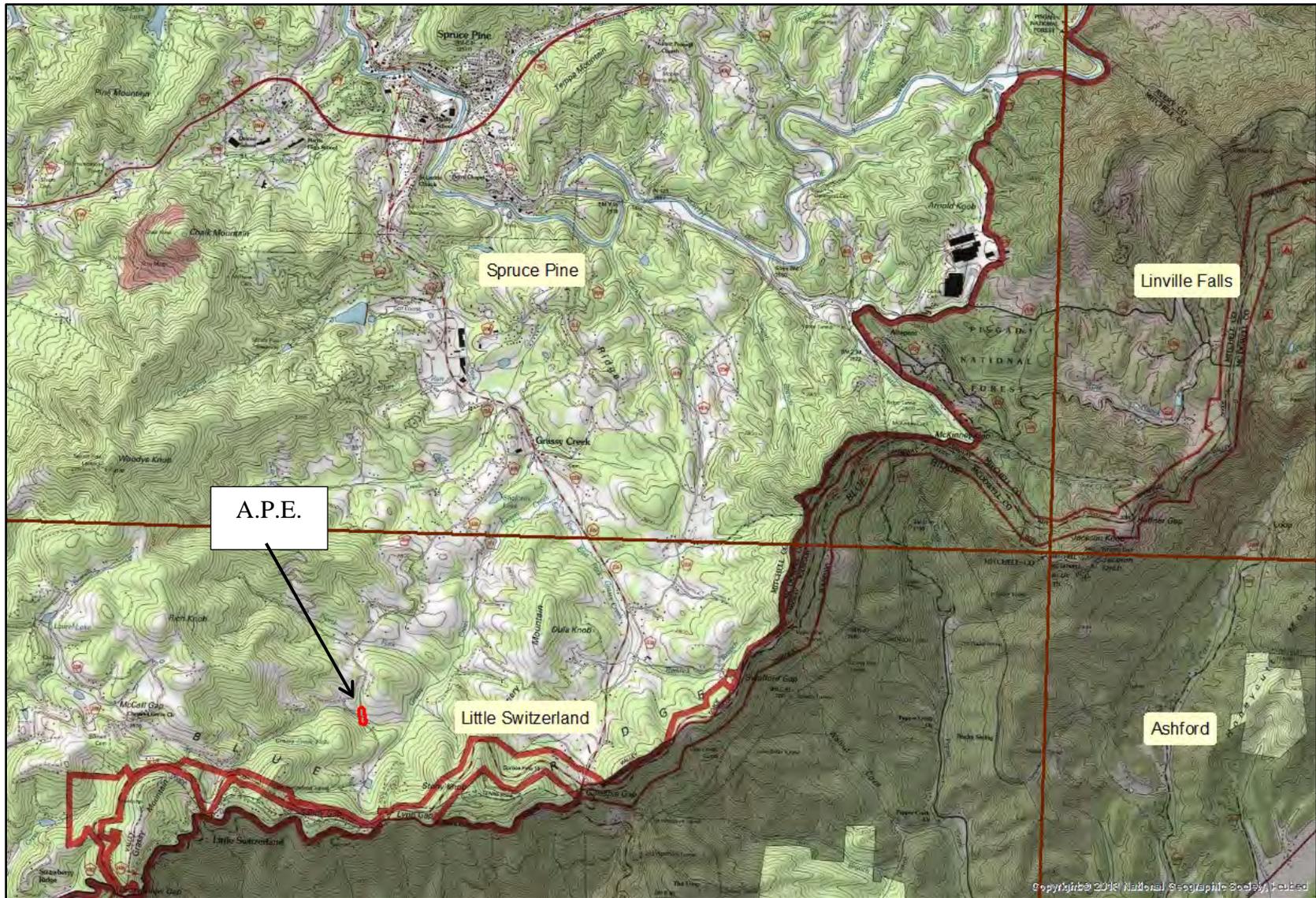








Figure 1: North view of Bridge 207.



Figure 2: South view of Bridge 207.



Figure 3: North view of the northwest quadrant.



Figure 4: North view of the northeast quadrant.



Figure 5: South view of the southeast quadrant.



Figure 6: West view of the southwest quadrant.

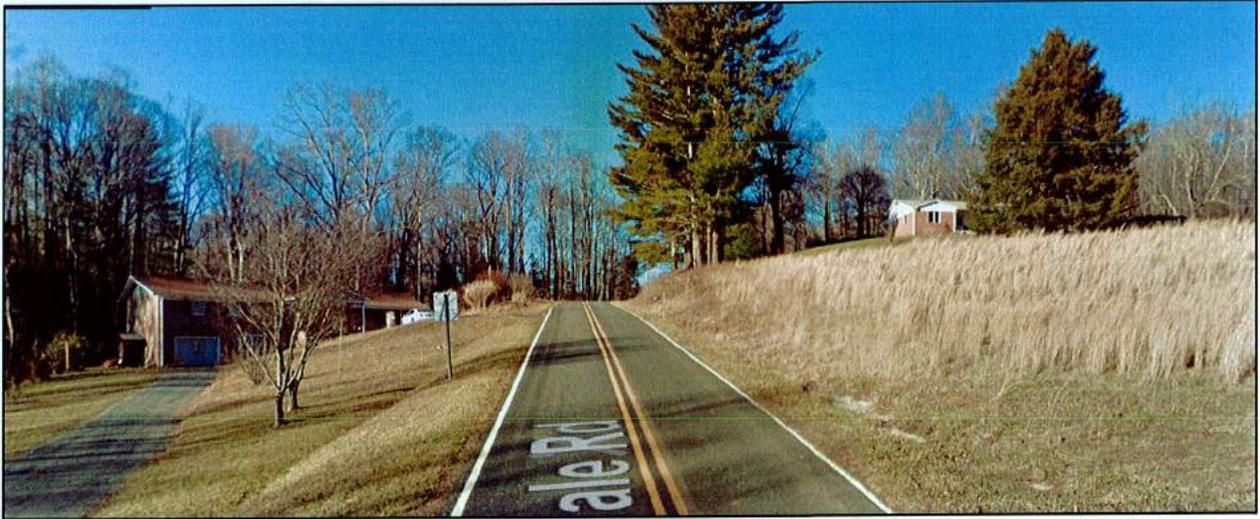
Historic Architecture and Landscapes



Project Location.



State Historic Preservation Office GIS.



Two mid-20th century brick ranch houses north of Bridge No. 207. Not Eligible for NR listing.

Tribal Coordination



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ROY COOPER
GOVERNOR

J. ERIC BOYETTE
SECRETARY

February 17, 2023

Elizabeth Toombs
Tribal Historic Preservation Officer
PO BOX 948
Tahlequah OK 74465

Dear Ms. Toombs,

The North Carolina Department of Transportation is developing the engineering studies for the replacement of Bridge 207 on Dale Road (SR 1106) over Grassy Creek in Mitchell County as project B-6013. The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) is the lead federal agency for compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) and a Permit is anticipated under the Section 404 Process with the USACE. A project vicinity map and archaeological survey report is attached.

The coordinates of this project are approximately 35.858972, -82.075417.

We would appreciate any information you might have that would be helpful in evaluating potential environmental impacts of the project.

In accordance with Section 106 of the NHPA, we also request that you inform us of any historic properties of traditional religious or cultural importance that you are aware of that may be affected by the proposed project. Be assured that, in accordance with confidentiality and disclosure stipulations in Section 304 of the NHPA, we will maintain strict confidentiality about certain types of information regarding historic properties.

Please respond by March 24th so that your comments can be used in the evaluation of this project. If you have any questions concerning this project, or would like any additional information, please contact me at maturchy@ncdot.gov or (919) 707-6157.

Sincerely,

Michael Turchy
Environmental Coordination and Permitting
Environmental Analysis Unit

ec:

Matt Wilkerson, NCDOT Archaeology Team Leader
Lori Beckwith, USACE Project Manager



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ROY COOPER
GOVERNOR

J. ERIC BOYETTE
SECRETARY

February 17, 2023

Dr. Wenonah Haire
Catawba Indian Nation
Tribal Historic Preservation Office
1536 Tom Steven Road
Rock Hill, SC 29730

Dear Ms. Haire,

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) is developing the engineering studies for the replacement of Bridge No. 207 on Dale Road (SR 1106) over Grassy Creek in Mitchell County as project B-6013. The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) is the lead federal agency for compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA), and a permit is anticipated under the Section 404 Process with the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE). A project vicinity map and archaeological survey report is attached. The coordinates of this project are approximately 35.858972, -82.075417.

We would appreciate any information you might have that would be helpful in evaluating potential environmental impacts of the project.

In accordance with Section 106 of the NHPA, we also request that you inform us of any historical properties of traditional, religious, or cultural importance that you are aware of that may be affected by the proposed project. Be assured that, in accordance with confidentiality and disclosure stipulations in Section 304 of the NHPA, we will maintain strict confidentiality about certain types of information regarding historic properties.

Please respond by March 24th so that your comments can be used in the evaluation of this project. If you have any questions concerning this project, or would like any additional information, please contact me at maturchy@ncdot.gov or (919) 707-6157.

Sincerely,

Michael Turchy
Environmental Coordination and Permitting
Environmental Analysis Unit

ec:

Matt Wilkerson, NCDOT Archaeology Team Leader
Lori Beckwith, USACE Project Manager



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ROY COOPER
GOVERNOR

J. ERIC BOYETTE
SECRETARY

February 17, 2023

Russell Townsend
Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians
Tribal Historic Preservation Officer
2077 Governors Island Road
Bryson City, NC 28713

Dear Mr. Townsend,

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) is developing the engineering studies for the replacement of Bridge No. 207 on Dale Road (SR 1106) over Grassy Creek in Mitchell County as project B-6013. The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) is the lead federal agency for compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA), and a permit is anticipated under the Section 404 Process with the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE). A project vicinity map and archaeological survey report is attached. The coordinates of this project are approximately 35.858972, -82.075417.

We would appreciate any information you might have that would be helpful in evaluating potential environmental impacts of the project.

In accordance with Section 106 of the NHPA, we also request that you inform us of any historical properties of traditional, religious, or cultural importance that you are aware of that may be affected by the proposed project. Be assured that, in accordance with confidentiality and disclosure stipulations in Section 304 of the NHPA, we will maintain strict confidentiality about certain types of information regarding historic properties.

Please respond by March 24th so that your comments can be used in the evaluation of this project. If you have any questions concerning this project, or would like any additional information, please contact me at maturchy@ncdot.gov or (919) 707-6157.

Sincerely,

Michael Turchy
Environmental Coordination and Permitting
Environmental Analysis Unit

ec:

Matt Wilkerson, NCDOT Archaeology Team Leader
Lori Beckwith, USACE Project Manager



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ROY COOPER
GOVERNOR

J. ERIC BOYETTE
SECRETARY

February 17, 2023

LeeAnne Wendt
Muscogee (Creek) Nation
P.O. Box 580
Okmulgee, OK 74447

Dear Ms. Wendt,

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) is developing the engineering studies for the replacement of Bridge No. 207 on Dale Road (SR 1106) over Grassy Creek in Mitchell County as project B-6013. The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) is the lead federal agency for compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA), and a permit is anticipated under the Section 404 Process with the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE). A project vicinity map and archaeological survey report is attached. The coordinates of this project are approximately 35.858972, -82.075417.

We would appreciate any information you might have that would be helpful in evaluating potential environmental impacts of the project.

In accordance with Section 106 of the NHPA, we also request that you inform us of any historical properties of traditional, religious, or cultural importance that you are aware of that may be affected by the proposed project. Be assured that, in accordance with confidentiality and disclosure stipulations in Section 304 of the NHPA, we will maintain strict confidentiality about certain types of information regarding historic properties.

Please respond by March 24th so that your comments can be used in the evaluation of this project. If you have any questions concerning this project, or would like any additional information, please contact me at maturchy@ncdot.gov or (919) 707-6157.

Sincerely,

Michael Turchy
Environmental Coordination and Permitting
Environmental Analysis Unit

ec:

Matt Wilkerson, NCDOT Archaeology Team Leader
Lori Beckwith, USACE Project Manager



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ROY COOPER
GOVERNOR

J. ERIC BOYETTE
SECRETARY

February 17, 2023

Acee Watt
United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians
Section 106 Coordinator
P.O. Box 746
Tahlequah, OK 74465

Dear Mr. Watt,

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) is developing the engineering studies for the replacement of Bridge No. 207 on Dale Road (SR 1106) over Grassy Creek in Mitchell County as project B-6013. The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) is the lead federal agency for compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA), and a permit is anticipated under the Section 404 Process with the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE). A project vicinity map and archaeological survey report is attached. The coordinates of this project are approximately 35.858972, -82.075417.

We would appreciate any information you might have that would be helpful in evaluating potential environmental impacts of the project.

In accordance with Section 106 of the NHPA, we also request that you inform us of any historical properties of traditional, religious, or cultural importance that you are aware of that may be affected by the proposed project. Be assured that, in accordance with confidentiality and disclosure stipulations in Section 304 of the NHPA, we will maintain strict confidentiality about certain types of information regarding historic properties.

Please respond by March 24th so that your comments can be used in the evaluation of this project. If you have any questions concerning this project, or would like any additional information, please contact me at maturchy@ncdot.gov or (919) 707-6157.

Sincerely,

Michael Turchy
Environmental Coordination and Permitting
Environmental Analysis Unit

ec:
Matt Wilkerson, NCDOT Archaeology Team Leader
Lori Beckwith, USACE Project Manager

NEPA/SEPA Document

Type I and II Ground Disturbing Categorical Exclusion Action Classification Form

STIP Project No.	<u>B-6013</u>
WBS Element	<u>48209.1.1</u>
Federal Project No.	<u>BRZ-1781 (001)</u>

- A. Project Description: (Include project scope and location, including Municipality and County. Refer to the attached project location map and photos.)

Bridge Replacement for Bridge 600207 over Grassy Creek on SR 1106 (Lynn Gap Road), Mitchell County, NC. The bridge will be replaced with a single span bridge.

- B. Description of Need and Purpose:

The project is needed to replace a structurally deficient bridge.

- C. Categorical Exclusion Action Classification: (Check one)

TYPE I

TYPE II

- D. Proposed Improvements –

28. Bridge rehabilitation, reconstruction, or replacement or the construction of grade separation to replace existing at-grade railroad crossings, if the actions meet the constraints in 23 CFR 771.117(e)(1-6).

- E. Special Project Information: (Provide a description of relevant project information, which may include: vicinity map, costs, alternative analysis (if any), traffic control and staging, and resource agency/public involvement).

The project will use stage construction and maintain one travel lane with temporary signals.

F. Project Impact Criteria Checklists:

<u>Type I & II - Ground Disturbing Actions</u>			
<u>FHWA APPROVAL ACTIVITIES THRESHOLD CRITERIA</u>			
If any of questions 1-7 are marked "yes" then the CE will require FHWA approval.		Yes	No
1	Does the project require formal consultation with U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) or National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2	Does the project result in impacts subject to the conditions of the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGPA)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3	Does the project generate substantial controversy or public opposition, for any reason, following appropriate public involvement?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
4	Does the project cause disproportionately high and adverse impacts relative to low-income and/or minority populations?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
5	Does the project involve a residential or commercial displacement, or a substantial amount of right of way acquisition?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
6	Does the project require an Individual Section 4(f) approval?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
7	Does the project include adverse effects that cannot be resolved with a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) or have an adverse effect on a National Historic Landmark (NHL)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
If any of questions 8 through 31 are marked "yes" then additional information will be required for those questions in Section G.			
<u>Other Considerations</u>		Yes	No
8	Does the project result in a finding of "may affect not likely to adversely affect" for listed species, or designated critical habitat under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA)?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
9	Does the project impact anadromous fish?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
10	Does the project impact waters classified as Outstanding Resource Water (ORW), High Quality Water (HQW), Water Supply Watershed Critical Areas, 303(d) listed impaired water bodies, buffer rules, or Submerged Aquatic Vegetation (SAV)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
11	Does the project impact waters of the United States in any of the designated mountain trout streams?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
12	Does the project require a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Individual Section 404 Permit?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
13	Will the project require an easement from a Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) licensed facility?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
14	Does the project include a Section 106 of the NHPA effects determination other than a no effect, including archaeological remains?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

<u>Other Considerations (continued)</u>		Yes	No
15	Does the project involve hazardous materials and landfills?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
16	Does the project require work encroaching and adversely affecting a regulatory floodway or work affecting the base floodplain (100-year flood) elevations of a water course or lake, pursuant to Executive Order 11988 and 23 CFR 650 subpart A?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
17	Is the project in a Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA) county and substantially affects the coastal zone and/or any Area of Environmental Concern (AEC)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
18	Does the project require a U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) permit?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
19	Does the project involve construction activities in, across, or adjacent to a designated Wild and Scenic River present within the project area?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
20	Does the project involve Coastal Barrier Resources Act (CBRA) resources?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
21	Does the project impact federal lands (e.g. U.S. Forest Service (USFS), USFWS, etc.) or Tribal Lands?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
22	Does the project involve any changes in access control?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
23	Does the project have a permanent adverse effect on local traffic patterns or community cohesiveness?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
24	Will maintenance of traffic cause substantial disruption?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
25	Is the project inconsistent with the STIP or the Metropolitan Planning Organization's (MPO's) Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) (where applicable)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
26	Does the project require the acquisition of lands under the protection of Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA), or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
27	Does the project involve Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) buyout properties under the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
28	Does the project include a <i>de minimis</i> or programmatic Section 4(f)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
29	Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOT's Noise Policy?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
30	Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the Farmland Protection Policy Act (FPPA)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
31	Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that affected the project decision?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

G. Additional Documentation as Required from Section F

8. The Northern Long-eared Bat (NLEB) is listed as a threatened species on the current U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) list of protected species in Mitchell County. However, the project study area is not located within a county or watershed known to contain NLEB hibernation or maternity roost sites. Therefore, the project has met the criteria required for the USFWS 4(d) Rule, and any associated take is exempt. Due to the exemption under the 4(d)

ruling, it has been determined that the proposed project “May Affect, Not Likely to Adversely Affect” the NLEB.

The Gray bat is listed as endangered (probable/potential) on the USFWS list of proposed species for Mitchell County. The bridge was surveyed for signs of bat presence/usage on April 3, 2019 and no evidence of either was found. Due to the stream size, structure type (steel beams), no evidence of bat usage, and distance from a large river(North Toe River), the project will have “No Effect” on the gray bat.

11. Grassy Creek is within a Corps Designated Trout Watershed and is Class C, Trout by NC DEQ. Since the project is bridge to bridge, stream impacts will be limited to bank stabilization, if necessary.

H. Project Commitments

**Mitchell County
Bridge 600207
Federal Project No. BRZ-1781(001)
WBS No. 48209.1.1
TIP No. B-6013**

The project is not likely to affect any properties or archaeological sites listed or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places. NCDOT will complete Section 106 Tribal consultation following completion of the design.

All activities will follow NCDOT best management practices for erosion control.

Categorical Exclusion Approval

STIP Project No. B-6013
WBS Element 48209.1.1
Federal Project No. BRZ-1781 (001)

Prepared By:

4/9/2019

Date

DocuSigned by:

Roger D. Bryan

33212C738EB8411...
Roger D. Bryan
Division Environmental Officer

Prepared For:

Division 13
North Carolina Department of Transportation

Reviewed By:

4/9/2019

Date

DocuSigned by:

M.K. Calloway

45D3FED3257B4CA...
M.K. Calloway
Division Bridge Program Manager



Approved

If all of the threshold questions (1 through 7) of Section F are answered "no," NCDOT approves this Categorical Exclusion.



Certified

If any of the threshold questions (1 through 7) of Section F are answered "yes," NCDOT certifies this Categorical Exclusion.

4/10/2019

Date

DocuSigned by:

Steve Cannon

0FECE6ABFE95408...
Steve Cannon, P.E.
Project Development Engineer

FHWA Approved: For Projects Certified by NCDOT (above), FHWA signature required.

Date

John F. Sullivan, III, PE, Division Administrator
Federal Highway Administration

18-12-0020



HISTORIC ARCHITECTURE AND LANDSCAPES NO SURVEY REQUIRED FORM

This form only pertains to Historic Architecture and Landscapes for this project. It is not valid for Archaeological Resources. You must consult separately with the Archaeology Group.

PROJECT INFORMATION

Project No:	B-6013	County:	Mitchell
WBS No.:	48208.1.1	Document Type:	CE
Fed. Aid No:	BRZ-1106(016)	Funding:	<input type="checkbox"/> State <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Federal
Federal Permit(s):	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Permit Type(s):	
Project Description: Replace Bridge No. 207 on SR 1106 (Dale Road) over Grassy Creek.			

SUMMARY OF HISTORIC ARCHITECTURE AND LANDSCAPES REVIEW

Description of review activities, results, and conclusions:

Review of HPO quad maps, HPO GIS information, historic designations roster, and indexes was undertaken on December 13, 2018. Based on this review, there are no existing NR, SL, LD, DE, or SS properties in the Area of Potential Effects, which is 300' from each end of the bridge and 75' from the centerline each way. There are two mid-20th century brick ranch houses within the APE, and both are unremarkable and do not warrant further evaluation. There are no National Register listed or eligible properties and no survey is required. If design plans change, additional review will be required.

Why the available information provides a reliable basis for reasonably predicting that there are no unidentified significant historic architectural or landscape resources in the project area:

HPO quad maps and GIS information recording NR, SL, LD, DE, and SS properties for the Mitchell County survey, Mitchell County GIS/Tax information, and Google Maps are considered valid for the purposes of determining the likelihood of historic resources being present. There are no National Register listed or eligible properties within the APE and no survey is required.

SUPPORT DOCUMENTATION

Map(s) Previous Survey Info. Photos Correspondence Design Plans

FINDING BY NCDOT ARCHITECTURAL HISTORIAN

Historic Architecture and Landscapes -- NO SURVEY REQUIRED

Kate Husband

12/13/2018

NCDOT Architectural Historian

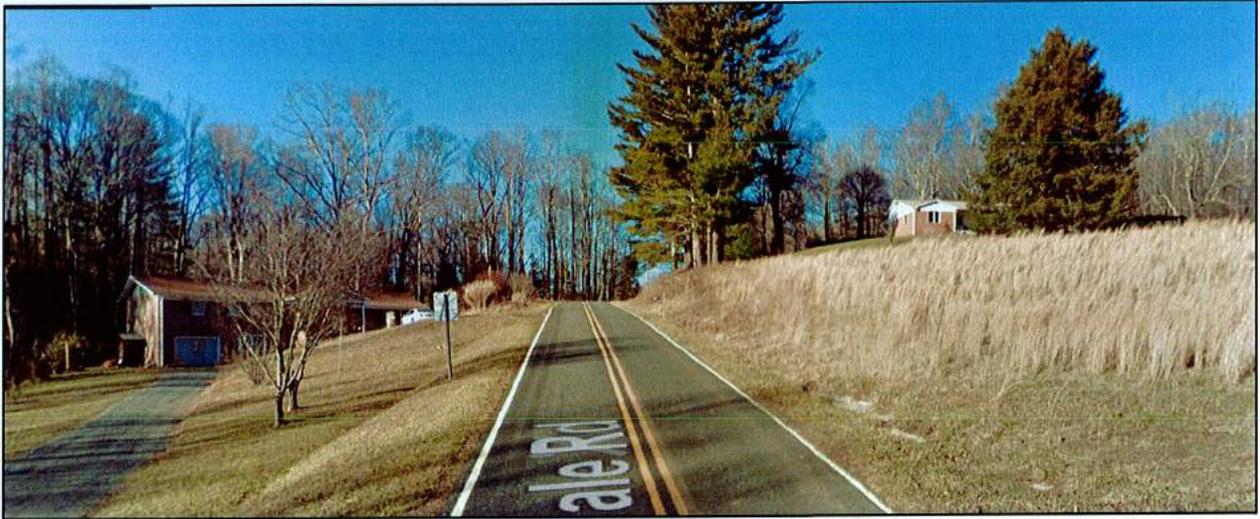
Date



Project Location.



State Historic Preservation Office GIS.



Two mid-20th century brick ranch houses north of Bridge No. 207. Not Eligible for NR listing.



NO ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY REQUIRED FORM

This form only pertains to ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES for this project. It is not valid for Historic Architecture and Landscapes. You must consult separately with the Historic Architecture and Landscapes Group.



PROJECT INFORMATION

Project No: B-6013 *County:* Mitchell
WBS No: 48208 *Document:* Federal Categorical Exclusion
Federal Aid No: BRZ- *Funding:* State Federal
1106(016)
Federal Permit Required? Yes No *Permit Type:* USACE

Project Description:

Replace Bridge 207 on SR 1106 (Dale Rd.) over Grassy Creek in Mitchell County. The Area of Potential Effects (A.P.E.) is approximately 97 meters (317 ft.) long and 30 meters (100 ft.) wide. No design plans were provided. The project is Federally-funded and will require Federal permits. Easements will be required.

SUMMARY OF CULTURAL RESOURCES REVIEW

Brief description of review activities, results of review, and conclusions:

The review included an examination of a topographic map, an aerial photograph, and listings of previously recorded sites, previous archaeological surveys, and previous environmental reviews at the Office of State Archaeology (O.S.A.). Also, a reconnaissance of the project was conducted on 2/5/2019. Bridge 207 is oriented approximately north-south.

The topographic map (Little Switzerland) shows the A.P.E. is located in a moderately-wide creek valley. There is a gently- to moderately-sloped ridge on the north side and a steep slope on the south side. the north side is depicted as cleared, and the south side is wooded.

The aerial photograph shows the A.P.E. is mostly wooded. The north end of the northwest quadrant is a driveway and residential yard. The northeast quadrant is wooded by the creek and cleared (pasture?) at the north end. The southeast quadrant is wooded except for a utility line corridor. The southwest quadrant is wooded except for a utility line corridor.

A reconnaissance of the A.P.E. was conducted by NCDOT archaeologists Scott Halvorsen and Caleb Smith on 2/5/2019. The reconnaissance found that the landforms in the A.P.E. have a low to moderate potential for archaeological sites. The landform on the north side of the bridge is a moderate to steep slope. The northwest quadrant is a sloped ridge from the bridge north for approximately 150 meters (492 ft.) to the ridge top. There is a driveway approximately 50 meters (164 ft.) north of the bridge, and the north half of the quadrant is used as a residential yard. The northeast quadrant is a sloped ridge from the bridge north to the ridge top. There is a driveway approximately 10 meters (32 ft.) north of the bridge. There is a house and yard on the ridge top.

The southeast quadrant is a floodplain from the bridge south for 180 meters (591 ft.). The floodplain looks unstable and/or poorly-drained. The land slopes downhill from the road east to the creek. A small stream joins Grassy Creek approximately 70 meters (230 ft.) south of the bridge. The southwest quadrant is a floodplain from the bridge south for approximately 60 meters (197 ft.), then a steeply-sloped ridge. SR 1107 is approximately 70 meters (230 ft.) south of the bridge. There is a small stream approximately 60 meters (197 ft.) south of the bridge. A powerline runs along the south side of the creek. The floodplain in this quadrant appears to be disturbed and/or poorly-drained.

A review of information at the O.S.A. shows there are no previously recorded archaeological sites near the A.P.E. The A.P.E. is not within any areas that have been surveyed for archaeological sites. There are no projects in the vicinity that have been reviewed by the State Historic Preservation Office (HPO).

Brief Explanation of why the available information provides a reliable basis for reasonably predicting that there are no unidentified historic properties in the APE:

The landform within the A.P.E. has a low to moderate potential for archaeological sites. The A.P.E. is located in a narrow creek valley with a steep slope on the north side and a poorly-drained floodplain on the south side. The A.P.E. is minimal, and replacement of the bridge will not impact much land outside of the existing roadside.

SUPPORT DOCUMENTATION

See attached: Map(s) Previous Survey Info Photos Correspondence
 Photocopy of County Survey Notes Other:

FINDING BY NCDOT ARCHAEOLOGIST

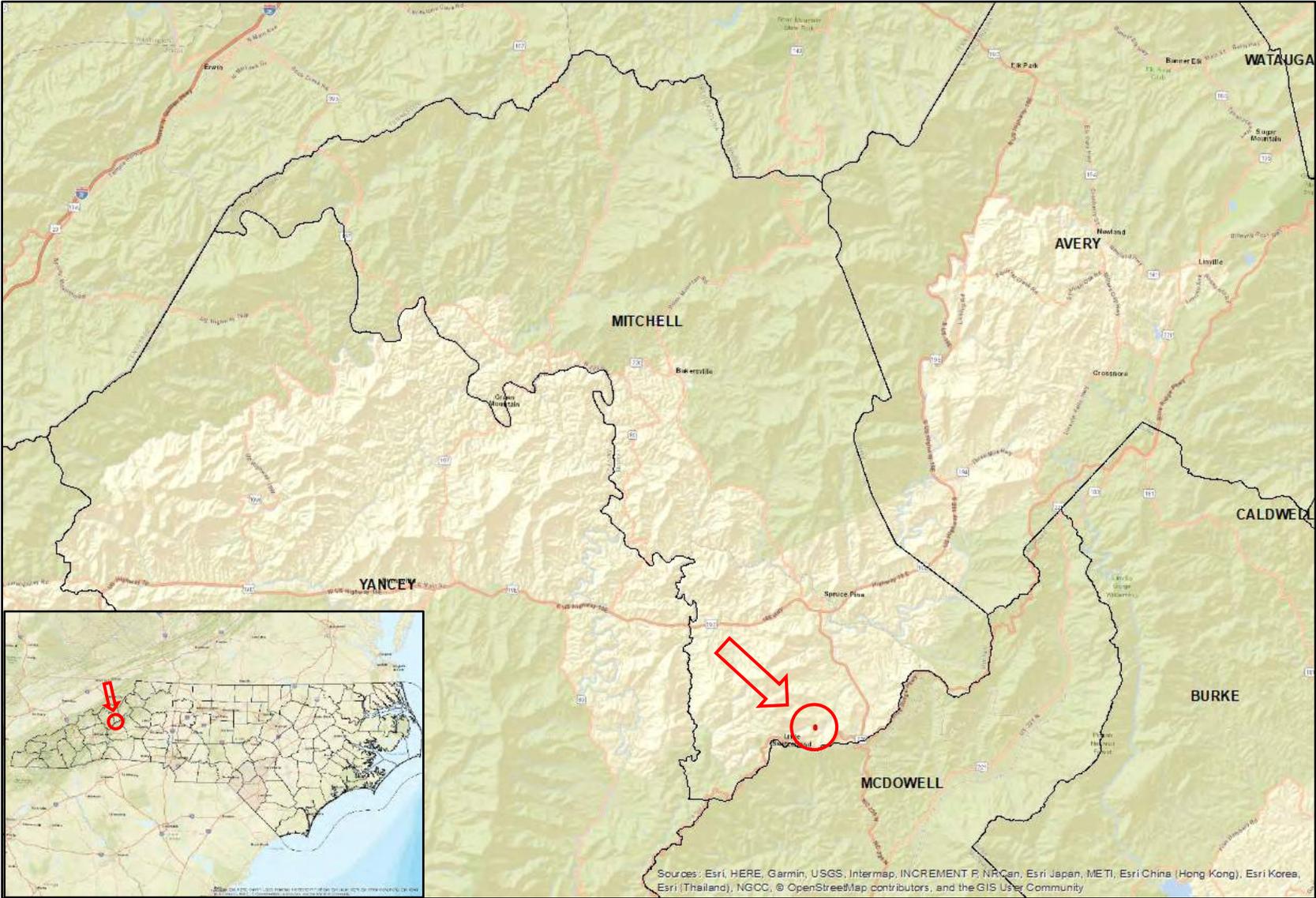
NO ARCHAEOLOGY SURVEY REQUIRED

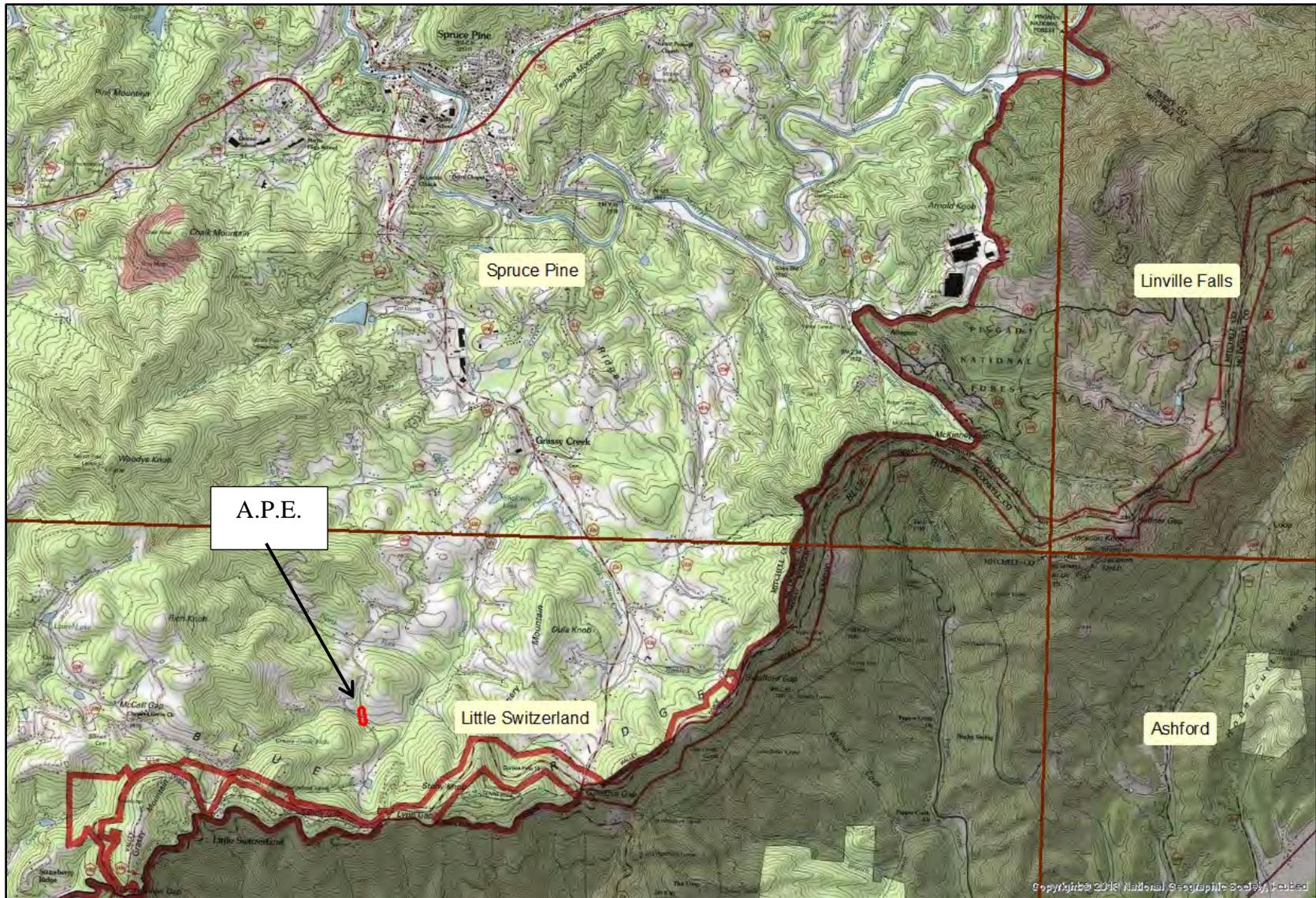
Caleb Smith

3/28/2019

NCDOT ARCHAEOLOGIST II

Date







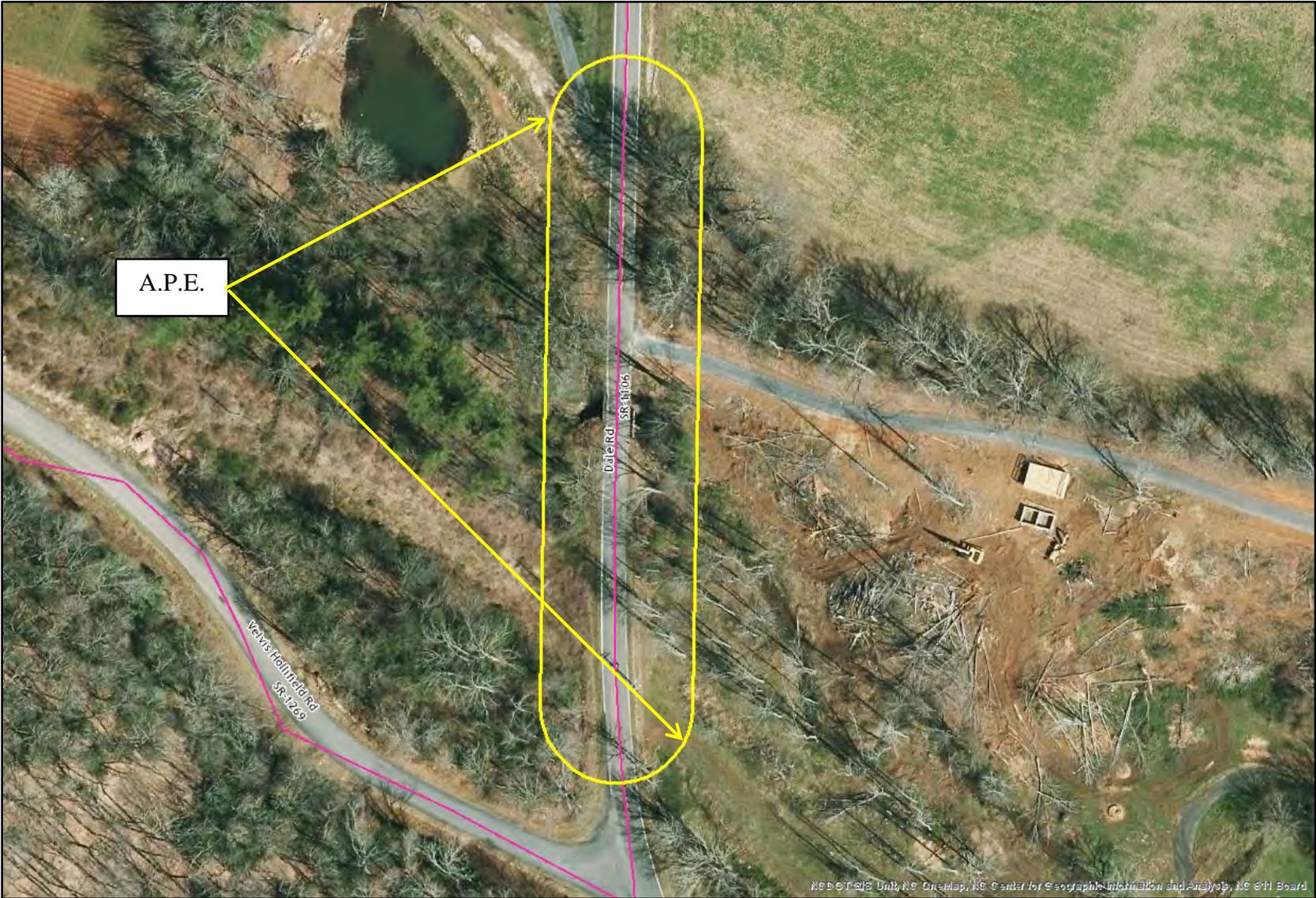




Figure 1: North view of Bridge 207.



Figure 2: South view of Bridge 207.



Figure 3: North view of the northwest quadrant.



Figure 4: North view of the northeast quadrant.



Figure 5: South view of the southeast quadrant.



Figure 6: West view of the southwest quadrant.