

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ROY COOPER

JAMES H. TROGDON, III SECRETARY

August 14, 2018

U. S. Army Corps of Engineers Regulatory Field Office 3331 Heritage Trade Drive, Suite 105 Wake Forest, NC 27587

GOVERNOR

ATTN: Mr. Eric Alsmeyer

NCDOT Division 5 Coordinator

SUBJECT: Request for Modification of the Section 404 Individual Permit, Section 401

Water Quality Certification, Isolated Waters State General Permit, and Neuse River Riparian Buffer Certification for the proposed East End Connector from NC 147 (Durham Freeway/Buck Dean Expressway) to north of NC 98 (Holloway Street) in Durham, Durham County, North Carolina, Division 5 Federal Aid Project No. NHE 76, 1(2), TIP No. 11, 0071

5. Federal Aid Project No. NHF-76-1(2), TIP No. U-0071.

Debit \$570.00 from WBS Element No. 34745.1.1

REFERENCE: 1) USACE Individual Permit, Action ID No. SAW-2011-00796, dated March

24, 2014.

- 2) USACE Individual Permit Modifications, Action ID No. SAW-2011-00796, dated May 7, 2015; December 7, 2015; May 17, 2016; and December 21, 2017.
- 3) NCDWR Section 401 Water Quality Certification, Neuse River Buffer Authorization, and Isolated Wetlands Permit, NCDWR Project No. 20131282, Certification No. 3980, dated January 28, 2014.
- 4) Modifications to the NCDWR Section 401 Water Quality Certification, Neuse River Buffer Authorization, and Isolated Wetlands Permit, NCDWR Project Nos. 20131282 ver. 2 (dated April 15, 2015); 20131282 ver. 3 (dated October 26, 2015); 20131282 ver. 4 (dated May 5, 2016); and 2013182 ver.5 (dated November 15, 2017).

Dear Sir:

The purpose of this letter is to request a modification to the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Section 404 Individual Permit and North Carolina Division of Water Resources (NCDWR) Section 401 Water Quality Certification, Isolated Waters State General Permit, and Neuse River Riparian Buffer Certification for the above-referenced project.

Telephone: (919) 707-6000

Fax: (919) 212-5785

Customer Service: 1-877-368-4968

Website: www.ncdot.gov

Location:

In addition to this cover letter, please find enclosed Wetland Permit Drawing Sheet Number 4 and Wetland Permit Impact Summary Sheet; Buffer Permit Drawing Sheet No 4 and the Buffer Impacts Summary Sheet, a NCDWR Stream Form, and a NCSAM Field Assessment.

IMPACTS TO WATERS OF THE UNITED STATES

Surface Waters

All revisions occur within the Neuse River Basin (HUC 03020201). Stream impacts occur at new Site SR1. Stream SZZ at Site SR1 is a highly degraded channel located on the front side of the Fellowship Baptist Church on Muldee Street (near Station 6+28 to 10+78 Lt -SR-1-). Recent evaluations of this stream by a NCDOT Biologist on November 22, 2017 determined that this stream is classified as a perennial stream across the entire church property. The channel was classified as a non-jurisdictional stream feature that was not subject to the buffer rule in a previous 2012 determination.

A recent plan revision changed the installation of a sanitary sewer line and drainage system in the area of SZZ. The City of Durham indicated that the new drainage structures (2 @ 24 inch reinforced concrete pipes) that discharge into the jurisdictional feature could not be placed above the sewer line and would have to be installed below the sewer line. The recent installation of the 2 @ 24 inch reinforced concrete pipes revealed that the inverts of the structures are significantly below the adjacent elevation of the perennial stream. Invert elevations of the pipe structures were evaluated and could not be changed. The only practical option was to regrade the stream channel in a slightly lower elevation and place the feature in a Class I rip rap lined channel (see Details CS1 and CP1) from 6+28 to 10+78 Lt –SR1- on Permit Sheet 4.

This work is proposed along the upper part of the stream channel in front of the Fellowship Baptist Church and results in permanent impacts for the stream and buffers. Please see Tables 1 and 2 for the impacts.

Table 1. Revised Surface Water Impacts within the Neuse River Basin (HUC 03020201)

Permit Site No.	Stream Name	Stream ID ¹	Intermittent/ Perennial	Impact Type	Impacts (lin. ft.)	Impacts Requiring USACE mitigation (lin. ft.)	Impacts Requiring 1:1 DWR mitigation (lin. ft.)
SR1	UT to Goose Creek	SZZ	Perennial	Perm. Fill	450	0	0
Total Per	manent Impacts		450	0	0		

Table 2. Revised Riparian Buffer Impacts within the Neuse River Basin (HUC 03020201)

Impact Type	Zone 1 Impacts (sq. ft.)	Zone 2 Impacts (sq. ft.)		
Allowable Parallel Impacts	13,860	9,158		
TOTAL IMPACTS	13,860	9,158		

Compensatory Mitigation

Compensatory mitigation requirements for permanent stream and riparian buffer impacts associated with U-0071 within the Neuse River Basin (HUC 03020201) are not proposed for this modification. The USACE has indicated mitigation for the stream loss is not required due to the highly degraded stream. The NCDWR has indicated that stream mitigation and buffer mitigation is not required due to the lack of negative impact on water quality and use of the protection of existing structures category in the Neuse Buffer Rule.

A copy of this permit modification application and its distribution list will be posted on the NCDOT website at https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Environmental/Pages/default.aspx, under Quick Links > Permit Applications. Thank you for your time and assistance with this project. Please contact Deanna Riffey at either driffey@ncdot.gov or (919) 707-6151 if you have any questions or need additional information.

Sincerely,

Philip S. Harris III, P.E., C.P.M., Unit Head

Mach C. Dill II

Environmental Analysis Unit

cc:

NCDOT Permit Application Standard Distribution List

NC DWQ Stream Identification Form Version 4.11

Date: 11/22/2017		Project/Site: U-	0071 SZZ	Latitude: 36.0	0058		
Evaluator: Mason, J. Barrett, B.		County:	Durham	Longitude: -78	3.86267		
Total Points: Stream is at least intermittent if \geq 19 or perennial if \geq 30*	Stream Determi	ination: rennial	Other e.g. Quad Name:				
A. Geomorphology (Subtotal = 19.5) Se	core	Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong		
A. Geomorphology (Subtotal = 19.5) Solution 1a. Continuity of channel bed and bank	3	0 🗖	1	2 🗖	3 🔽		
Sinuosity of channel along thalweg	2	0 🗖	1 🗖	2 🔽	3 🗖		
In-channel structure: ex. riffle-pool, step-pool,							
ripple-pool sequence	2	0 🗖	1 🔲	2 🔽	3 🔲		
4. Particle size of stream substrate	2	0 🔲	1 🔲	2 🔽	3 🔲		
5. Active/relict floodplain	3	0 🔲	1 🔲	2 🔲	3 🔽		
6. Depositional bars or benches	3	0 🔲	1 🔲	2 🔲	3 🔽		
7. Recent alluvial deposits	2	0 🔲	1 🔲	2 🔽	3 🔲		
8. Headcuts	1	0 🔲	1 🔽	2	3 🔲		
9. Grade control	1	0 🔲	0.5	1 🔽	1.5		
10. Natural valley	0.5	0 🔲	0.5	1 🔲	1.5		
11. Second or greater order channel	0	☑ No	0 = 0	Yes =	= 3		
^a artificial ditches are not rated; see discussions in manual							
B. Hydrology (Subtotal = 11.0)							
12. Presence of Baseflow	3	0 🗖	1 🔲	2 🔲	3 🔽		
13. Iron oxidizing bacteria	2	0 🔲	1 🔲	2 🔽	3 🔲		
14. Leaf litter	1.5	1.5 🔽	1 🔲	0.5	0 🔲		
15. Sediment on plants or debris	1	0 🔲	0.5	1 🔽	1.5		
16. Organic debris lines or piles	0.5	0 🔲	0.5	1 🔲	1.5		
17. Soil-based evidence of high water table?	3	□ No	0 = C	Yes =	= 3		
C. Biology (Subtotal = <u>12.50</u>)							
18. Fibrous roots in streambed	3	3 🔽	2 🔲	1 🔲	0		
19. Rooted upland plants in streambed	3	3 🔽	2 🔲	1 🔲	0		
20. Macrobenthos (note diversity and abundance)	2	0 🔲	1 🔲	2 🔽	3 🔲		
21. Aquatic Mollusks	1	0 🔲	1 🗹	2 🔲	3 🔲		
22. Fish	0	0 🔽	0.5	1 🔲	1.5		
23. Crayfish	0.5	0 🔲	0.5	1 🔲	1.5		
24. Amphibians	0	0 🗸	0.5	1 🔲	1.5		
25. Algae	1.5	0 🔲	0.5	1 🔲	1.5 🔽		
26. Wetland plants in streambed	1.5		FACW = 0.75; O	BL = 1.5 Other = 0			
*perennial streams may also be identified using other met	thods.	See p. 35 of manua	al.	/			
Notes:							
Reviewed feature along the entire frontage of the Baptist Church property	/. Snails	s, caddisflies, crayfish, da	amselflies, dragonfly, stonefli	es, and aquatic worms ID'e	d. Typha in streambed.		
Sketch:							

NC SAM FIELD ASSESSMENT FORM Accompanies User Manual Version 2.1 USACE AID #: SAW-2011-00796 NCDWR #: 20131282 INSTRUCTIONS: Attach a sketch of the assessment area and photographs. Attach a copy of the USGS 7.5-minute topographic quadrangle, and circle the location of the stream reach under evaluation. If multiple stream reaches will be evaluated on the same property, identify and number all reaches on the attached map, and include a separate form for each reach. See the NC SAM User Manual for detailed descriptions and explanations of requested information. Record in the "Notes/Sketch" section if any supplementary measurements were performed. See the NC SAM User Manual for examples of additional measurements that may be relevant. NOTE EVIDENCE OF STRESSORS AFFECTING THE ASSESSMENT AREA (do not need to be within the assessment area). PROJECT / SITE INFORMATION: U-0071 1. Project name (if any): 2. Date of evaluation: 11/22/2017 NCDOT 4. Assessor name/organization: Mason, Barrett 3. Applicant/owner name: 6. Nearest named water body 5. County: Durham on USGS 7.5-minute quad: 7. River Basin: Neuse 8. Site coordinates (decimal degrees, at lower end of assessment reach): 36.00058, -78.86267 STREAM INFORMATION: (depth and width can be approximations) 10. Length of assessment reach evaluated (feet): 9. Site number (show on attached map): Stream SZZ 900 11. Channel depth from bed (in riffle, if present) to top of bank (feet): 0.25-2 Unable to assess channel depth. 6-12 Intermittent flow 13. Is assessment reach a swamp stream? Yes No 12. Channel width at top of bank (feet): 14. Feature type: Perennial flow Tidal Marsh Stream STREAM RATING INFORMATION: 15. NC SAM Zone: Mountains (M) Piedmont (P) Inner Coastal Plain (I) Outer Coastal Plain (O) 16. Estimated geomorphic **⊙**b valley shape (skip for (more sinuous stream, flatter valley slope) Tidal Marsh Stream): (less sinuous stream, steeper valley slope) Size 2 (0.1 to < 0.5 mi²) 17. Watershed size: (skip Size 1 (< 0.1 mi²) Size 3 (0.5 to $< 5 \text{ mi}^2$) Size 4 (≥ 5 mi²) for Tidal Marsh Stream) ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: 18. Were regulatory considerations evaluated? Yes No If Yes, check all that appy to the assessment area. Water Supply Watershed (I III III IIV V) Section 10 water Classified Trout Waters Essential Fish Habitat Primary Nursery Area High Quality Waters/Outstanding Resource Waters ▼ NCDWR riparian buffer rule in effect ▼ Nutrient Sensitive Waters Publicly owned property Anadromous fish 303(d) List CAMA Area of Environmental Concern (AEC) Documented presence of a federal and/or state listed protected species within the assessment area. Designated Critical Habitat (list species): 19. Are additional stream information/supplementary measurements included in "Notes/Sketch" section or attached? :Yes Channel Water – assessment reach metric (skip for Size 1 streams and Tidal Marsh Streams) Water throughout assessment reach. ΘA No flow, water in pools only No water in assessment reach Evidence of Flow Restriction – assessment reach metric At least 10% of assessment reach in-stream habitat or riffle-pool sequence is adversely affected by a flow restriction or fill to the point of obstructing flow or a channel choked with aquatic macrophytes or ponded water or impounded on flood or ebb within the assessment reach (examples: undersized or perched culverts, causeways that constrict the channel, tidal gates). B Not A Feature Pattern - assessment reach metric **⊙**Α □Β A majority of the assessment reach has altered pattern (examples: straightening, modification above or below culvert). Not A Feature Longitudinal Profile - assessment reach metric

Majority of assessment reach has a substantially altered stream profile (examples: channel down-cutting, existing damming, over widening, active aggradation, dredging, and excavation where appropriate channel profile has not reformed from any of these disturbances).

СВ Not A

Signs of Active Instability – assessment reach metric

Consider only current instability, not past events from which the stream has currently recovered. Examples of instability include active bank failure, active channel down-cutting (head-cut), active widening, and artificial hardening (such as concrete, gabion, rip-rap).

< 10% of channel unstable

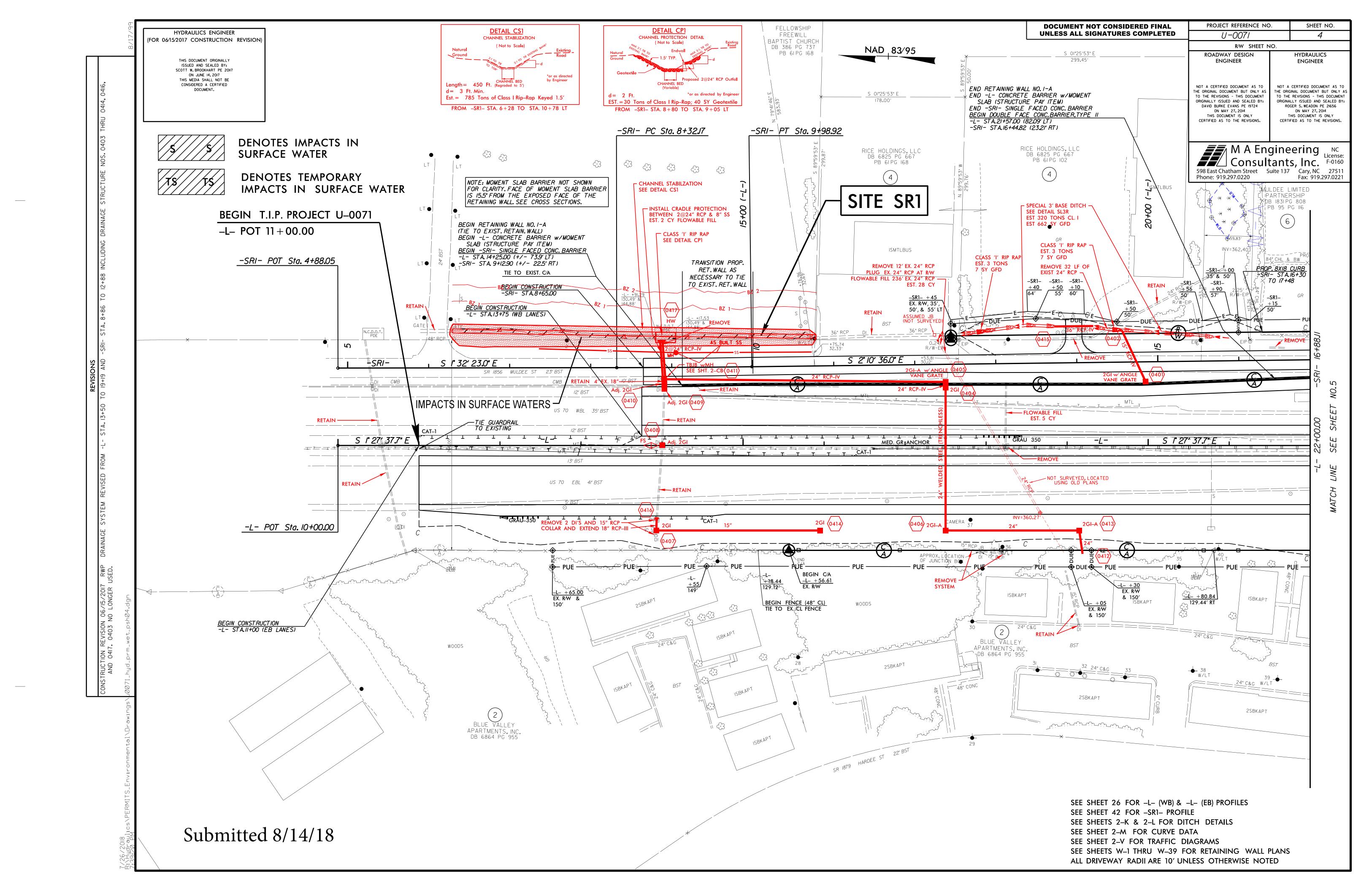
10 to 25% of channel unstable

□A □B **⊙**C > 25% of channel unstable

6.						de area metric Right Bank (RB).				
	□A □B	C _A	Moderate reference	e evidence of interaction	of cond (exan	mples: limited streams	ms, leve ide area	es, down-cutti access, disru	ting, uptic	, aggradation, dredging) that adversely affect on of flood flows through streamside area,
	© C	© C	Extensive [example disruption impounds	e evidence s: causewa n of flood flo ments, inter	of con ays with ows thr asive n	ditions that adversely h floodplain and chan rough streamside area	affect re nel const a] <u>or</u> too	ference interaction, bulkhe much floodpla	actio eads ain/i	inor ditching [including mosquito ditching]) on (little to no floodplain/intertidal zone access s, retaining walls, fill, stream incision, ntertidal zone access [examples: unnaturally absent or assessment reach is a
7.		Ek all that Discolusive Excession Livestor Excession Other:	at apply. ored water sive sedimentable evider (not includir nt published n. ock with ac sive algae ded marsh	in stream of entation (but note of polluring natural side or collected cess to stream of vegetation	or interi urying of tant dis ulfide of ed data eam or r intert	of stream features or scharges entering the odors) a indicating degraded r intertidal zone	e, blue, u intertidal assessr water qu al, burni	nnatural water zone) nent reach <u>an</u> ality in the ass	nd ca	scoloration, oil sheen, stream foam) ausing a water quality problem sment reach. Cite source in the "Notes/Sketch" ng, destruction, etc.) s/Sketch" section)
8.				shed metri						
	droug	ht.								ams, D2 drought or higher is considered a
	CA CB ⊙ C	Drougl		ns and rainfa		or rainfall not exceeding 1 inch within the			st 48	3 hours
9	Large	or Dang	_		essme	ent reach metric				
10	Yes				-	or dangerous to assessment reach metric	ss? If Y	es, skip to Me	letri	ic 13 (Streamside Area Ground Surface Condition).
10.		Yes		Degraded sedimenta	l in-stro ation, r	eam habitat over majo	stream l	nardening [for	r exa	ach (examples of stressors include excessive ample, rip-rap], recent dredging, and snagging) Metric 12)
	[] [] []	A M (i B M V C M D 5 ir E L	Multiple aquinclude live Multiple stic regetation Multiple sna 5% undercuin banks extittle or no h	natic macrop rworts, liche ks and/or le gs and logs at banks and tend to the re nabitat	phytes ens, al eaf pac s (inclu d/or roo norma	e and aquatic mosses nd algal mats) cks and/or emergent uding lap trees) ot mats and/or roots il wetted perimeter	Lebi Tray Jood O	Marsh Streams only Only X C I H D H	5 S L S 5 L	4 Coastal Plain streams) % oysters or other natural hard bottoms submerged aquatic vegetation ow-tide refugia (pools) sand bottom % vertical bank along the marsh ittle or no habitat
11										DAL MARSH STREAMS************************************
11.		Yes								eams and Tidal Marsh Streams) Coastal Plain streams)
	[·	A F	Riffle-run se Pool-glide s	ection (evaluection (eval	uate 1 ^r luate 1		c Life)			
	((Check at absent, F percentag NP F	t least one Rare (R) = p ges should R C	box in eac present but	th row ≤ 10% d 100% P	(skip for Size 4 Coa	stal Plai -40%, A	n Streams an	nd '	essment reach – whether or not submerged. Tidal Marsh Streams) . Not Present (NP) = 10-70%, Predominant (P) = > 70%. Cumulative
						Boulder (256 – 4096 Cobble (64 – 256 mm Gravel (2 – 64 mm) Sand (.062 – 2 mm) Silt/clay (< 0.062 mm Detritus)			
	Ē	- L		Ĕ	_	Artificial (rip-rap, cond	crete, etc	:.)		
	11d. (Yes	No	Are pools	filled \	with sediment? (skip	or Size	4 Coastal Pla	ain s	streams and Tidal Marsh Streams)

12.	Aquatic Life – assessment reach metric (skip for Size 4 Coastal Plain streams and Tidal Marsh Streams) 12a. Yes No Was an in-stream aquatic life assessment performed as described in the User Manual? If No, select one of the following reasons and skip to Metric 13. No Water Other:
	12b. Yes \times No Are aquatic organisms present in the assessment reach (look in riffles, pools, then snags)? If Yes, check all that apply. If No, skip to Metric 13.
	1 >1 Numbers over columns refer to "individuals" for size 1 and 2 streams and "taxa" for size 3 and 4 streams. Adult frogs Aquatic reptiles
	☐ ☐ Dipterans (true flies) ☐ ☐ Mayfly larvae (Ephemeroptera [E])
	☐ Midges/mosquito larvae ☐ Mosquito fish (<i>Gambusia</i>) or mud minnows (<i>Umbra pygmaea</i>)
	☐ Other fish ☐ Salamanders/tadpoles
13.	Streamside Area Ground Surface Condition – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams and B valley types) Consider for the Left Bank (LB) and the Right Bank (RB). Consider storage capacity with regard to both overbank flow and
	upland runoff. LB RB A Little or no alteration to water storage capacity over a majority of the streamside area Moderate alteration to water storage capacity over a majority of the streamside area Severe alteration to water storage capacity over a majority of the streamside area Severe alteration to water storage capacity over a majority of the streamside area (severe alteration to water storage capacity over a majority of the streamside area (severe alteration to water storage capacity over a majority of the streamside area (severe alteration to water storage capacity over a majority of the streamside area (severe alteration to water storage capacity over a majority of the streamside area (severe alteration to water storage capacity over a majority of the streamside area
14.	Streamside Area Water Storage – streamside area metric (skip for Size 1 streams, Tidal Marsh Streams, and B valley types) Consider for the Left Bank (LB) and the Right Bank (RB) of the streamside area.
	LB RB A Majority of streamside area with depressions able to pond water ≥ 6 inches deep B B Majority of streamside area with depressions able to pond water 3 to 6 inches deep C C C Majority of streamside area with depressions able to pond water < 3 inches deep
15.	Wetland Presence – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams) Consider for the Left Bank (LB) and the Right Bank (RB). Do not consider wetlands outside of the streamside area or within the normal wetled perimeter of assessment reach. LB RB TY Are wetlands present in the streamside area?
16.	EN EN Baseflow Contributors – assessment reach metric (skip for size 4 streams and Tidal Marsh Streams)
	Check all contributors within the assessment reach or within view of and draining to the assessment reach. A Streams and/or springs (jurisdictional discharges) Ponds (include wet detention basins; do not include sediment basins or dry detention basins) C Obstruction that passes some flow during low-flow periods within assessment area (beaver dam, bottom-release dam) V D Evidence of bank seepage or sweating (iron oxidizing bacteria in water indicates seepage)
	▼ E Stream bed or bank soil reduced (dig through deposited sediment if present) F None of the above
17.	Baseflow Detractors – assessment area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams) Check all that apply. A Evidence of substantial water withdrawals from the assessment reach (includes areas excavated for pump installation) B Obstruction not passing flow during low flow periods affecting the assessment reach (ex: watertight dam, sediment deposit) C Urban stream (≥ 24% impervious surface for watershed) D Evidence that the stream-side area has been modified resulting in accelerated drainage into the assessment reach
40	E Assessment reach relocated to valley edge F None of the above
18.	Shading – assessment reach metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams) Consider aspect. Consider "leaf-on" condition. A Stream shading is appropriate for stream category (may include gaps associated with natural processes) Degraded (example: scattered trees)
	C Stream shading is gone or largely absent

19.	Conside of bank	r "veget out to th	treamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams) ated buffer" and "wooded buffer" separately for left bank (LB) and right bank (RB) starting at the top e first break.
	Vegetate LB F		Vooded B RB
	CA (A
	C _B]B C	B B From 50 to < 100-feet wide C From 30 to < 50-feet wide
	⊙ D []D [D D From 10 to < 30-feet wide
	CE [DE 6	E E < 10-feet wide <u>or</u> no trees
20.			 streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams) bank (LB) and right bank (RB) for Metric 19 ("Vegetated" Buffer Width).
	ΠA	\square A	Mature forest
	DB ⊙ C	□B ⊙ C	Non-mature woody vegetation or modified vegetation structure Herbaceous vegetation with or without a strip of trees < 10 feet wide
	□ D	□ D	Maintained shrubs
	©E	ŒΕ	Little or no vegetation
21.	Check al	II appro	= streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams) briate boxes for left bank (LB) and right bank (RB). Indicate if listed stressor abuts stream (Abuts), does not abut but f stream (< 30 feet), or is between 30 to 50 feet of stream (30-50 feet).
			lowing stressors occurs on either bank, check here and skip to Metric 22:
	Abuts LB F		30 feet 30-50 feet B RB LB RB
		A C	A CA CA Row crops
	©B □C	В	B B B B Maintained turf C C C Pasture (no livestock)/commercial horticulture
	ď t	C D	C C C Pasture (no livestock)/commercial horticulture D D D D Pasture (active livestock use)
22.			streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)
	Conside LB		bank (LB) and right bank (RB) for Metric 19 ("Wooded" Buffer Width).
	□A	RB A	Medium to high stem density
	В	В	Low stem density
	© C	© C	No wooded riparian buffer or predominantly herbaceous species or bare ground
23.			getated Buffer – streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams) vegetated buffer is continuous along stream (parallel). Breaks are areas lacking vegetation > 10-feet wide.
	LB	RB	The detail break of history has also in a OF account
	⊙ A ⊜B	⊙A ⊜B	The total length of buffer breaks is < 25 percent. The total length of buffer breaks is between 25 and 50 percent.
	CC	Cc	The total length of buffer breaks is > 50 percent.
24.	-		position – First 100 feet of streamside area metric (skip for Tidal Marsh Streams)
			inant vegetation within 100 feet of each bank or to the edge of the watershed (whichever comes first) as it contributes ach habitat.
	LB	RB	Vegetation is close to undisturbed in energies present and their preparties. Lower strate company of pative
	□A	□A	Vegetation is close to undisturbed in species present and their proportions. Lower strata composed of native species, with non-native invasive species absent or sparse.
	В	СВ	Vegetation indicates disturbance in terms of species diversity or proportions, but is still largely composed of native species. This may include communities of weedy native species that develop after clear-cutting or clearing or communities with non-native invasive species present, but not dominant, over a large portion of the expected strata or
			communities missing understory but retaining canopy trees.
	© C	© C	Vegetation is severely disturbed in terms of species diversity or proportions. Mature canopy is absent <u>or</u> communities with non-native invasive species dominant over a large portion of expected strata <u>or</u> communities composed of planted stands of non-characteristic species <u>or</u> communities inappropriately composed of a single species <u>or</u> no vegetation.
25.	Conduct	ivitv – a	ssessment reach metric (skip for all Coastal Plain streams)
	25a. 🌅 Y	es [
	25b. Che	eck the b	ox corresponding to the conductivity measurement (units of microsiemens per centimeter). B 46 to < 67 C 67 to < 79 D 79 to < 230 E ≥ 230
Note	es/Sketch:		



	WETLAND PERMIT IMPACT SUMMARY											
				WET	TLAND IMPA	CTS			SURFACE	WATER IM		
Site No.	Station (From/To)	Structure Size / Type	Permanent Fill In Wetlands	Temp. Fill In Wetlands	in	Mechanized Clearing in Wetlands	Hand Clearing in Wetlands	Permanent SW impacts	Temp. SW impacts	Existing Channel Impacts Permanent	Existing Channel Impacts Temp.	Natural Stream Design
	(1.1011,1.0)		(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)
SR1	SR1 6+28 to 10+78 LT	Bank Stabilization; Rechannelization						0.05		450		
TOTAL	.S:		0.00	0.00		0.00		0.05	0.00	450	0	

NOTES:

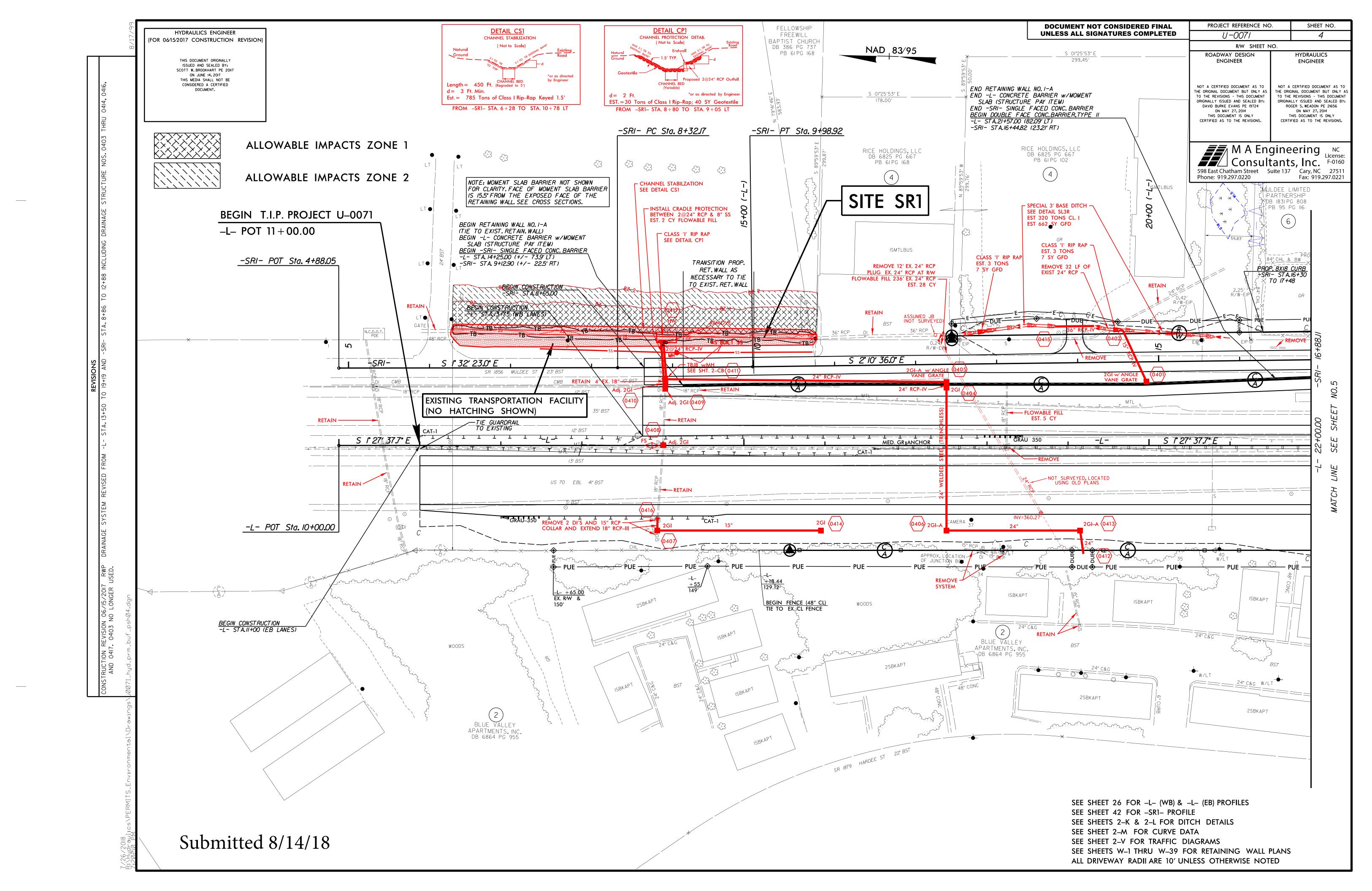
Wetland impact sheet only for permenant surface water impacts along SR1 on Parcel 1
Channel to be regraded to maintain postive drainage from 36" RCP outlet at SR1 10+78 (34.5' LT) to 48" RCP under driveway on Parcel 1 at SR1 6+28 (45.5'. LT)

Submitted 8/14/18

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

DURHAM COUNTY WBS - 34745.1.1 (U-0071)

SHEET 1 OF 1 7/26/2018



BUFFER IMPACTS SUMMARY IMPACT **BUFFER REPLACEMENT** TYPE **ALLOWABLE MITIGABLE** PARALLEL ZONE 1 ZONE 2 TOTAL ZONE 1 ZONE 2 TOTAL ROAD ZONE 1 ZONE 2 STRUCTURE SIZE / STATION BRIDGE CROSSING IMPACT (ft²) (ft²) (ft²) (ft^2) (ft^2) (ft^2) (ft^2) (ft²) SITE NO. TYPE (FROM/TO) Bank Stabilation; SR1 6+28 to 10+78 LT 13860 23018 SR1 Rechannelization Χ 9158 TOTAL: 13860 9158 23018

NOTES:

Buffer impact sheet only for parallel impacts along SR1 on Parcel 1
Channel to be regraded to maintain postive drainage from 36" RCP outlet at SR1 10+78 (34.5' LT) to 48" RCP under driveway on Parcel 1 at SR1 6+28 (45.5'. LT)

Submitted 8/14/18

N.C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

DURHAM COUNTY PROJECT: 34745.2.8 (U-0071)

> 7/26/2018 SHEET 1 OF 1