Project Submittal Interim Form



Updated September 4, 2020

	red with a red asterisk * below are required. You will not be able to submit the form until all
mandatory questions are Project Type: *	 For the Record Only (Courtesy Copy) New Project Modification/New Project with Existing ID More Information Response Other Agency Comments Pre-Application Submittal Re-Issuance\Renewal Request
	Stream or Buffer Appeal e Request was submitted on:
4/5/2021 Project Contact In	nformation
Name:	Erin Cheely Who is submitting the information?
Email Address: *	ekcheely@ncdot.gov
Project Information	on
Existing ID #: * 20201506 20170001 (no dashes)	Existing Version: * 1 1
Project Name: *	B-4407 - Replacement of Bridge 70 on US 52 over Rocky River
Is this a public transpo • Yes • No	ortation project?*
Is this a DOT project? Yes No	*
	within a NC DCM Area of Environmental Concern (AEC)?*
Yes ● No ○ Unkn	own
TIP#: B-4407	WBS#: 38356.1.2 (Applies to DOT projects only)

Stanly

Please upload all files that need to be submited.

Click the upload button or drag and drop files here to attach document

B-4407 Anson Stanly Reverification Attachment

6.57MB

Package.pdf

Only pdf or kmz files are accepted.

Describe the attachments or add comments:

Reverification of this project is requested as the previously issued Nationwide Permits will expire and construction is not anticipated to be complete by the expiration.

The previously issued 401 Permit and Application Package are attached (at the time of the original permit application, this project fell under a non-notifying NW 13/33 on the 404 side). There have been no changes to design or impacts since the previously issued permits and the plans submitted with the original application package remain accurate and valid.

As of January 12, 2023, IPaC identifies Carolina heelsplitter, Atlantic Pigtoe, red-cockaded woodpecker, and Schweinitz's sunflower within the project area (IPaC resource list attached), and tricolored bat is listed as Proposed.

Red-cockaded woodpecker:

No habitat exists for red-cockaded woodpecker within the project area.

Schweinitz's sunflower:

Potential habitat that previously existed for Schweinitz's sunflower has since been cleared. No additional clearing will occur with this project.

Carolina heelsplitter:

Based on USFWS guidance (dated 3/1/2022) since the project is outside of six-mile, Goose, Waxhaw, or Duck Creek drainages, surveys were not required, and Biological Conclusion was No Effect.*

Atlantic pigtoe:

Though the Atlantic pigtoe was not listed at the time, the NCDOT 2018 survey addressed this species and recommended a No Effect biological conclusion.*

*NCDOT survey protocols have been updated since the permitting of this project. The biological conclusion would now be "May Affect, Not Likely to Adversely Affect" (MANLAA) for both species of listed mussels due to the presence of suitable habitat, even though no species were found. NCDOT is adhering to Design Standards in Sensitive Watershed for this project for erosion control and water quality. Per conversation with USFWS on 1/23/23, MANLAA is the appropriate biological conclusion based on previous surveys. Due to the expiration date of the permits, expedited informal concurrence will need to be requested during permit renewal. A follow-up mussel survey will be conducted late-winter/spring of 2023, but is not required for concurrence.

There have been no changes to Archaeology and Historic Properties since the previously issued permits. The project was coordinated with the appropriate federally listed tribes prior to previous permit issuance, and the list of federally listed tribes has not changed for Anson or Stanly County.

NCDOT is hereby requesting reverification under RGP 50.

* By checking the box and signing box below, I certify that:

- I, the project proponent, hereby certifies that all information contained herein is true, accurate, and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.
- I, the project proponent, hereby requests that the certifying authority review and take action on this CWA 401 certification request within the applicable reasonable period of time.
- I agree that submission of this online form is a "transaction" subject to Chapter 66, Article 40 of the NC General Statutes (the "Uniform Electronic Transactions Act");

- I agree to conduct this transaction by electronic means pursuant to Chapter 66, Article 40 of the NC General Statutes (the "Uniform Electronic Transactions Act");
- I understand that an electronic signature has the same legal effect and can be enforced in the same way as a written signature; AND
- I intend to electronically sign and submit the online form.

Signature: *	
	Michael Tunchy

Submittal Date:

Permit Application



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ROY COOPER
GOVERNOR

J. ERIC BOYETTE
SECRETARY

February 11, 2021

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers 151 Patton Avenue, Room 208 Asheville, NC 28801-5006

ATTN: Ms. Crystal Amschler

NCDOT Coordinator

Subject: Application for Section 404 Nationwide Permits 13 and 33, and Section 401

Water Quality Certification for the Proposed Replacement of Bridge 70 on US 52 over Rocky River in Anson and Stanly Counties, Division 10, TIP No. B-4407,

Debit \$570 from WBS 38356.1.2.

Dear Madam:

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) proposes to replace bridge number 70 on US 52 over Rocky River with a new bridge just east of the existing alignment. Traffic will utilize the existing bridge during construction.

As a result of replacing the existing bridge, there will be 10 linear feet of stream bank stabilization at the outlet of a new ditch, and 0.34 acre of temporary stream impacts from causeways and temporary pipes needed for removal of the existing bridge and construction of the new one.

Please see enclosed copies of the Pre-Construction Notification (PCN), which includes the following attachments: pre-filing notification documentation, but survey memo, mussel survey memo, Catawba response letter, Stormwater Management Plan, and Permit Drawings. A Minimum Criteria Determination Checklist (MCDC) was completed in May 2018 and distributed shortly thereafter.

This project calls for a letting date of May 18, 2021 and a review date of March 30, 2021.

A copy of this permit application and its distribution list will be posted on the NCDOT Website at: http://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Environmental. If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact Erin Cheely at ekcheely@ncdot.gov or (919) 707-6108.

Telephone: (919) 707-6000

Customer Service: 1-877-368-4968

Website: www.ncdot.gov

Location:

1000 BIRCH RIDGE DRIVE

RALEIGH NC 27610

Sincerely,

Philip S. Harris III, P.E., C.P.M. Environmental Analysis Unit Head

cc: NCDOT Permit Application Standard Distribution List





Pre-Construction Notification (PCN) Form

For Nationwide Permits and Regional General Permits (along with corresponding Water Quality Certifications)

October 26, 2020 Ver 3.3

Please note: fields marked with a red asterisk *below are required. You will not be able to submit the form until all mandatory questions are answered.

Also, if at any point you wish to print a copy of the E-PCN, all you need to do is right-click on the document and you can print a copy of the form.

Below is a link to the online help file.

Individual Permit

https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/0/edoc/624704/PCN%20Help%20File%202018-1-30.pdf

A. Processing Information		⊙
County (or Counties) where the project is located:	•	
Anson		
Stanly		
Is this a NCDMS Project * C Yes © No Click Yes, only if NCDMS is the applicant or co-applicant.		
Is this project a public transportation project?* • Yes O No This is any publicly funded by municipal, state or federal funds road, rail,	airport transportation project.	
Is this a NCDOT Project?* © Yes C No		
(NCDOT only) T.I.P. or state project number: B-4407		
WBS #* 38356.1.2 (for NCDOT use only)		
1a. Type(s) of approval sought from the Corps: * ✓ Section 404 Permit (wetlands, streams and waters, Cl — Section 10 Permit (navigable waters, tidal waters, Rive		
Has this PCN previously been submitted?* ○ Yes ○ No		
1b. What type(s) of permit(s) do you wish to seek at ✓ Nationwide Permit (NWP) ☐ Regional General Permit (RGP) ☐ Standard (IP)	uthorization?*	
		contact your Corps representative concerning submittals for standard permits. All required items that iscellaneous upload area located at the bottom of this form.
1c. Has the NWP or GP number been verified by the	· Corps?*	
Nationwide Permit (NWP) Number:	33 - Temporary Construction	
Nationwide Permit (NWP) Number:	13 - Bank Stabilization	
NWP Numbers (for multiple NWPS): List all NW numbers you are applying for not on the drop down list.		
1d. Type(s) of approval sought from the DWR:* check all that apply		
✓ 401 Water Quality Certification - Regular ✓ Non-404 Jurisdictional General Permit		☐ 401 Water Quality Certification - Express ☐ Riparian Buffer Authorization

Pre-Filing Meeting Information

Before submitting this form please ensure you have submitted the Pre-Filing Meeting Request Form as we will not be able to accept your application without this important first step. The Pre-Filing Meeting Request Form is used in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Section 121.4(a) "At least 30 days prior to submitting a certification request, the project proponent shall request a pre-filing meeting with the certifying agency" and in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Section 121.5(b)(7), and (c)(5) all certification requests shall include documentation that a pre-filing meeting request was submitted to the certifying authority at least 30 days prior to submitting the certification request. Click **here** to read more information on when this form is needed prior to application submission or **here** to view the form.

	Version								
B-4407 401 Pre-Filing Notification (Mass 12 MLL Request) 2020-09-28.pdf	417.96KB								
1e. Is this notification solely for the record because written approval is not required	?								
	*								
For the record only for DWR 401 Certification:	C Yes ⓒ No								
For the record only for Corps Permit:	C Yes € No								
C Yes									
C Yes © No 1g. Is payment into a mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program proposed for mitigation of impacts? If so, attach the acceptance letter frommitigation bank or in-lieu fee program C Yes © No Acceptance Letter Attachment Click the upload button or drag and drop files here to attach document FLETYFEMUST BEPDF 1h. Is the project located in any of NC's twenty coastal counties? * C Yes © No 1j. Is the project located in a designated trout watershed? * C Yes © No									
C Yes © No Acceptance Letter Attachment Click the upload button or drag and drop files here to attach document FILETYFEMUST BEFDF 1h. Is the project located in any of NC's twenty coastal counties?*									
Acceptance Letter Attachment Click the upload button or drag and drop files here to attach document									
Click the upload button or drag and drop files here to attach document FILETYPEMUST BEPDF 1h. Is the project located in any of NC's twenty coastal counties?*									
Click the upload button or drag and drop files here to attach document FILETYPEMUST BEPDF Ith. Is the project located in any of NC's twenty coastal counties?*									
Click the upload button or drag and drop files here to attach document FILETYFEMUST BEFDF Ith. Is the project located in any of NC's twenty coastal counties?* O Yes O No Ij. Is the project located in a designated trout watershed?* O Yes © No									
1i. Is the project located in a designated trout watershed?*									
-									
Link to trout information: http://www.saw.usace.armv.mil/Missions/Regulatory-Permit-Program/	Agency-Coordination/Trout aspx								
B. Applicant Information	⊙								
4 148 1 41 151 150 4 40 7									
C Yes									
	_								
NCDOT	1c. Primary Contact Phone:*								
NCDOT 1b. Primary Contact Email: *	(2001)2001-20000								
NCDOT 1b. Primary Contact Email: * ekcheely@ncdot.gov									
NCDOT 1b. Primary Contact Email: * ekcheely@ncdot.gov 1d. Who is applying for the permit? *	(90x)000-000x (919)707-6108								
NCDOT 1b. Primary Contact Email: * ekcheely@ncdot.gov	(x0x))x0x-x0xx								
NCDOT 1b. Primary Contact Email: * ekcheely@ncdot.gov 1d. Who is applying for the permit? * ✓ Owner	(90x)000-x00x (919)707-6108								
NCDOT 1b. Primary Contact Email: * ekcheely@ncdot.gov 1d. Who is applying for the permit? * ▼ Owner (Check all that apply)	(90x)000-x00x (919)707-6108								
NCDOT 1b. Primary Contact Email: * ekcheely@ncdot.gov 1d. Who is applying for the permit? * ✓ Owner (Check all that apply) 1e. Is there an Agent/Consultant for this project? * C Yes ⊙ No	(90x)000-x00x (919)707-6108								
NCDOT 1b. Primary Contact Email: * ekcheely@ncdot.gov 1d. Who is applying for the permit? * ✓ Owner (Check all that apply) 1e. Is there an Agent/Consultant for this project? *	(90x)000-x00x (919)707-6108								
NCDOT 1b. Primary Contact Email: * ekcheely@ncdot.gov 1d. Who is applying for the permit? * ✓ Owner (Check all that apply) 1e. Is there an Agent/Consultant for this project? * C Yes ⊙ No	(90x)000-x00x (919)707-6108								
1b. Primary Contact Email: * ekcheely@ncdot.gov 1d. Who is applying for the permit? * ▼ Owner (Check all that apply) 1e. Is there an Agent/Consultant for this project? * ○ Yes ○ No 2. Owner Information	(90x)000-x00x (919)707-6108								
1b. Primary Contact Email: * ekcheely@ncdot.gov 1d. Who is applying for the permit? * ✓ Owner (Check all that apply) 1e. Is there an Agent/Consultant for this project? * C Yes ⊙ No 2. Owner Information 2a. Name(s) on recorded deed: *	(90x)000-x00x (919)707-6108								
1b. Primary Contact Email: * ekcheely@ncdot.gov 1d. Who is applying for the permit? * ✓ Owner (Check all that apply) 1e. Is there an Agent/Consultant for this project? * C Yes No 2. Owner Information 2a. Name(s) on recorded deed: * NC Department of Transportation	(90x)000-000x (919)707-6108								
1b. Primary Contact Email: * ekcheely@ncdot.gov 1d. Who is applying for the permit? * ✓ Owner (Check all that apply) 1e. Is there an Agent/Consultant for this project? * C Yes No 2. Owner Information 2a. Name(s) on recorded deed: * NC Department of Transportation	(90x)000-x00x (919)707-6108								
For the record only for DWR 401 Certification: C Yes 6 No 11. Is this an after-the-fact permit application? C Yes 6 No 19. Is payment into a mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program proposed for mitigation of impacts? Fee attach the acceptance later fattachment C Yes 6 No Acceptance Letter Attachment C Yes 6 No Acceptance Letter Attachment The PyreMot Enter 11. Is the project located in any of NC's twenty coastal counties? C Yes 6 No 1). Is the project located in a designated trout watersheed? C Yes 6 No 1). Is the project located in a designated trout watersheed? C Yes 6 No 1. Is the project located in a designated trout watersheed? C Yes 6 No 1. Who is the Pyrimary Contact? N.DODT 10. Pyrimary Contact Email: (notifice coastal page 10 of the permit? For over 6 No 2. Owner Information 2. Name(s) on recorded deed: N.D. Open Information 2. Name(s) on recorded deed: N.D. Deed book and page no:									

Street Address 1598 Mail Service Center Address Line 2 State / Province / Region Raleigh Postal / Zip Code 27699 US 2e. Telephone Number: (xxx)xxx-xxxx (919)707-6108 2f. Fax Number: 2g. Email Address:* pharris@ncdot.gov C. Project Information and Prior Project History 1. Project Information 1a. Name of project:* B-4407: Replace Bridge 70 over Rocky River on US 52 1b. Subdivision name: (if appropriate) 1c. Nearest municipality / town:* Norwood 2. Project Identification 2a. Property Identification Number: 2b. Property size: (tax PIN or parcel ID) (in acres) 2c. Project Address Street Address Address Line 2 State / Province / Region Postal / Zip Code Country 2d. Site coordinates in decimal degrees Please collect site coordinates in decimal degrees. Use between 4-6 digits (unless you are using a survey-grade GPS device) after the decimal place as appropriate, based on how the location was determined. (For example, most mobile phones with GPS provide locational precision in decimal degrees to map coordinates to 5 or 6 digits after the decimal place.) Latitude:* Longitude:* 35.194103 -80.113281 ex: 34.208504 3. Surface Waters 3a. Name of the nearest body of water to proposed project:* Rocky River 3b. Water Resources Classification of nearest receiving water:* С Surface Water Lookup 3c. What river basin(s) is your project located in?* Yadkin-PeeDee 3d. Please provide the 12-digit HUC in which the project is located. *

4. Project Description and History

03040105
River Basin Lookup

4a. Describe the existing conditions on the site and the general land use in the vicinity of the project at the time of this application:

4b. Have Corps permits or DWR certification	ons been obtained for this project (including all prio	r phases) in the past?*	
○ Yes ⊙ No ○ Unknown			
4d. Attach an 8 1/2 X 11 excerpt from the in Click the upload button or drag and drop files here to attach File type must be pdf	nost recent version of the USGS topographic map ind document	licating the location of the project site. (for DWR)	
4e. Attach an 8 1/2 X 11 excerpt from the n Click the upload button or drag and drop files here to attach File type must be pdf	nost recent version of the published County NRCS So adocument	oil Survey map depicting the project site. (for DWR)	
4f. List the total estimated acreage of all e 0.04	xisting wetlands on the property:		
4g. List the total estimated linear feet of a (intermittent and perennial) 1150	Il existing streams on the property:		
4h. Explain the purpose of the proposed p The purpose of the proposed project is to repla	oroject:* ace a deficient (sufficiency rating 49.12 out of 100) and fur	nctionally obsolete bridge.	
4i. Describe the overall project in detail, in	ncluding indirect impacts and the type of equipment	to be used:*	
to and just east of the existing structure. The ir		e a five-span bridge approximately 525 feet long. It will be constructed parallel shifted further to the east to tie in the realigned roadway. Traffic will be strucks, dozers, and cranes will be used.	
4j. Please upload project drawings for the	proposed project.		
Olick the upload button or drag and drop files here to attach B-4407 Final Permit Drawings.pdf	document	1.04MB	
File type must be pdf		1.U4IVID	
5. Jurisdictional Determination	ns		
5a. Have the wetlands or streams been de	elineated on the property or proposed impact areas?	*	
⊙ Yes	C No	C Unknown	
Comments: Of the delineated resources, only Rocky River	and 2 tribs are impacted by this project.		
5b. If the Corps made a jurisdictional dete ○ Preliminary ○ Approved ○ Not Verified ○	rmination, what type of determination was made?* Unknown © N/A		
Corps AID Number: Example: SAW-2017-99999			
5c. If 5a is yes, who delineated the jurisdic	ctional areas?		
Name (if known):	Jan Gay, Heather Smith, and David Cooper		
Agency/Consultant Company:	Ecological Engineering		
Other:			
5d1. Jurisdictional determination upload Click the upload button or drag and drop files here to attach File type must be PDF	document		
6. Future Project Plans			
6a. Is this a phased project?*			
© Yes	⊙ No		
		be used, to authorize any part of the proposed project or related activity? e Army authorization but don't require pre-construction notification.	This
D. Proposed Impacts In	ventory		<u>^</u>
1. Impacts Summary			
1a. Where are the impacts associated with	ı your project? (check all that apply):		
Wetlands	✓ Streams-tributaries	☐ Buffers	
Open Waters	Pond Construction		

3. Stream Impacts

If there are perennial or intermittent stream impacts (including temporary impacts) proposed on the site, then complete this question for all stream sites impacted.

	3a. Reason for impact * (?)	3b.Impact type *	3c. Type of impact *	3d. S. name *	3e. Stream Type *	3f. Type of Jurisdiction *		3h. Impact length *
S1	Causeway	Temporary	Workpad/Causeway	Rocky River	Perennial	Both	150 Average (feet)	30 (linear feet)
S2	Causeway	Temporary	Workpad/Causeway	Rocky River	Perennial	Both	150 Average (feet)	30 (linear feet)
S3	Temporary Pipe	Temporary	Dewatering	SF	Perennial	Both	10 Average (feet)	44 (linear feet)
S4	Causeway	Temporary	Workpad/Causeway	Rocky River	Perennial	Both	150 Average (feet)	30 (linear feet)
S5	Causeway	Temporary	Workpad/Causeway	Rocky River	Perennial	Both	150 Average (feet)	30 (linear feet)
S6	Bank Stabilization	Permanent	Bank Stabilization	Rocky River	Perennial	Both	150 Average (feet)	10 (linear feet)
S7	Temporary Pipe	Temporary	Dewatering	SH	Intermittent	Both	2 Average (feet)	40 (linear feet)

^{**} All Perennial or Intermittent streams must be verified by DWR or delegated local government.

3i. Total jurisdictional ditch impact in square feet:

0

3i. Total permanent stream impacts:

10

3i. Total temporary stream impacts:

204

3i. Total stream and ditch impacts:

214

3i Comments:

The 30 linear feet of causeway impacts at sites 2 and 5 overlap with the causeway impacts at site 1 and 4, respectively, resulting in a total of 144 linear feet of overall temporary impacts (0.34 acre).

E. Impact Justification and Mitigation

1. Avoidance and Minimization

1a. Specifically describe measures taken to avoid or minimize the proposed impacts in designing the project: *

The Sediment and Erosion Control Plan for B-4407 has been designed using Design Standards for Sensitive Watersheds (DSSW). The new bridge has fewer spans, and therefore fewer bents in the water. Rip Rap pads were used at pipe outlets throughout the project to reduce water velocities into wetlands and jurisdictional streams.

1b. Specifically describe measures taken to avoid or minimize the proposed impacts through construction techniques: *

The existing bridge will be used to detour traffic on-site during construction. NCDOT will adhere to Best Management Practices for Construction and Maintenance Activities.

2. Compensatory Mitigation for Impacts to Waters of the U.S. or Waters of the State

2a. Does the project require Compensatory Mitigation for impacts to Waters of the U.S. or Waters of the State?

C Yes © No

2b. If this project DOES NOT require Compensatory Mitigation, explain why:

The NCDOT does not propose mitigation for the temporary and bank stabilization impacts associated with this project. These impacts do not require permanent fill in the stream bed, therefore, under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, do not constitute Loss of Waters of the U.S., and are not subject to compensatory mitigation.

NC Stream Temperature Classification Maps can be found under the Mitigation Concepts tab on the Wilmington District's RIBITS website.

F. Stormwater Management and Diffuse Flow Plan (required by DWR)



*** Recent changes to the stormwater rules have required updates to this section .***

1. Diffuse Flow Plan

1a. Does the project include or is it adjacent to protected riparian buffers identified within one of the NC Riparian Buffer Protection Rules?

C Yes C No

For a list of options to meet the diffuse flow requirements, click here.

If no, explain why:

No buffered resources within project area.

2. Stormwater Management Plan

2a. Is this a NCDOT project subject to compliance with NCDOT's Individual NPDES permit NCS000250?* ⊙ Yes ○ No Comments:

G. Supplementary Information



1. Environmental Do	ocumentation	
1a. Does the project involve	an expenditure of public (federal/state/loca	al) funds or the use of public (federal/state) land?*
⊙ Yes	○ No	
1b. If you answered "yes" to t Environmental Policy Act (NE		ation of an environmental document pursuant to the requirements of the National or State (North Carolina)
	○ No	
1c. If you answered "yes" to t	the above, has the document review been	finalized by the State Clearing House? (If so, attach a copy of the NEPA or SEPA final approval letter.)*
Yes	○ No	
NEPA or SEPA Final Approval	Letter	
Click the upload button or drag and drop	files here to attach document	
B-4407 2018-05-30 MCDC.pdf		1.57MB
FILE IT FEIWOOT BEFOR		
2. Violations (DWR F	Requirement)	
2a. Is the site in violation of D Riparian Buffer Rules (15A NO	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	NCAC 2H .0500), Isolated Wetland Rules (15A NCAC 2H .1300), or DWR Surface Water or Wetland Standards of
C Yes	⊙ No	
3. Cumulative Impac	cts (DWR Requirement)	

3a. Will this project (based on past and reasonably anticipated future impacts) result in additional development, which could impact nearby downstream water quality?* 3b. If you answered "no," provide a short narrative description.

Due to the minimal transportation impact resulting from this bridge replacement, this project will neither influence nearby land uses nor stimulate growth. Therefore, a detailed indirect or cumulative effects study will not be necessary.

4. Sewage Disposal (DWR Requirement)

4a. Is sewage disposal required by DWR for this project?* ○ Yes ○ No ⊙ N/A

5. Endangered Species and Designated Critical Habitat (Corps Requirement)

5a. Will this project occur i	n or near an area with federally protected species or habitat?	*
• Yes	○ No	
5b. Have you checked with	the USFWS concerning Endangered Species Act impacts?*	
C Yes	⊙ No	
5d. Is another Federal age	ncy involved?*	
C Yes	⊙ No	© Unknown
5e. Is this a DOT project loo	cated within Division's 1-8?*	
○ Yes ⊙ No		
5f. Will you cut any trees in	order to conduct the work in waters of the U.S.?*	
Yes ○ No		
5g. Does this project involved	ve bridge maintenance or removal?*	
⊙ Yes C No		
5g(1). If yes, have you insp Appendix F, pages 3-7.	ected the bridge for signs of bat use such as staining, guand	, bats, etc.? Representative photos of signs of bat use can be found in the NLEB SLOPES,
Yes ○ No		
Link to the NLEB SLOPES docu	ment: http://saw-reg.usace.army.mil/NLEB/1-30-17-signed_NLEB-SLOPI	ES&apps.pdf
If you answered "Yes" to 5	g(1), did you discover any signs of bat use?*	
C Yes ⊙ No C Unknown		

*** If yes, please show the location of the b	ridge on the permit drawings/pro	oject plans.
5h. Does this project involve the construc ○ Yes ⊙ No	tion/installation of a wind turbine	(s)?* [*]
5i. Does this project involve (1) blasting, a ⊙ Yes ○ No	nd/or (2) other percussive activi	ties that will be conducted by machines, such as jackhammers, mechanized pile drivers, etc.?*
If yes, please provide details to include type Click the upload button or drag and drop files here to attach File must be PDF		e, duration, and specific location of this activity on the property.
As of 7/17/20, the United States Fish and Wildli species for Anson County and two protected sp woodpecker, Atlantic sturgeon, or shortnose str	fe Service (USFWS) and National Or ecies for Stanly County. There is no urgeon (per Fritz Rohde from NOAA, ent for Schweinitz's sunflower, howe	pact Endangered Species or Designated Critical Habitat? * ceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) list five protected habitat present within the project area for red-cockaded all records of sturgeon in Anson County are limited to the ver surveys of all potential habitat in the project area were re observed.
The bridge was surveyed for potential habitat for evidence of bats was observed.	or northern long-eared bat in July 20	119. While roosting crevices were present on the structure, no
Habitat is present for Carolina heelsplitter, and result in a biological conclusion of May Affect, N		rvey, the presence of habitat and other mussel species in the area
Documentation of the bat and mussel surveys a	are attached to this memo.	
Consultation Documentation Upload		
Click the upload button or drag and drop files here to attach B-4407 SLOPES Memo.pdf	document	837.17KB
B-4407 Mussel Survey Report.pdf		367.24KB
File type must be PDF		
6. Essential Fish Habitat (Cor	ps Requirement)	
6a. Will this project occur in or near an are	a designated as an Essential Fis	h Habitat?*
○ Yes	⊙ No	
6b. What data sources did you use to dete NMFS County Index	rmine whether your site would in	npact an Essential Fish Habitat?*
7. Historic or Prehistoric Cult	ural Resources (Corps	Requirement)
Link to the State Historic Preservation Office His	storic Properties Map (does not inclu	de archaeological data: http://gis.ncdcr.gov/hpoweb/
7a. Will this project occur in or near an are Trust designation or properties significant		governments have designated as having historic or cultural preservation status (e.g., National Historic chaeology)?*
⊙ Yes	C No	
7b. What data sources did you use to dete MCDC and Tribal Coordination	rmine whether your site would in	npact historic or archeological resources?*
7c. Historic or Prehistoric Information Uplo		
Olick the upload button or drag and drop files here to attach B-4407 Catawba Response 2020-193-64.pdf	document	610.91KB
File must be PDF		
8. Flood Zone Designation (Co	orps Requirement)	
Link to the FEMA Floodplain Maps: https://d	msc.fema.gov/portal/search	
8a. Will this project occur in a FEMA-design	nated 100-year floodplain?*	
8b. If yes, explain how project meets FEMA	requirements:	
8c. What source(s) did you use to make the FEMA Maps	e floodplain determination?*	
Miscellaneous		
Comments		

Tree clearing acreage is 0.326 acre.

Click the upload button or drag and drop files here to attach document

B-4407 Cover Letter.pdf

File must be PDF or KMZ

Signature



*

${\color{red} \overline{\hspace*{-0.05cm} \hspace*{-0.05cm} \hspace*{-0cm} \hspace*{-0cm} \hspace*{-0.05cm} \hspace*{-0.05cm}$

- The project proponent hereby certifies that all information contained herein is true, accurate, and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief'; and
- . The project proponent hereby requests that the certifying authority review and take action on this CWA 401 certification request within the applicable reasonable period of time.

190.94KB

- I have given true, accurate, and complete information on this form;
- I agree that submission of this PCN form is a "transaction" subject to Chapter 66, Article 40 of the NC General Statutes (the "Uniform Electronic Transactions Act");
- I agree to conduct this transaction by electronic means pursuant to Chapter 66, Article 40 of the NC General Statutes (the "Uniform Electronic Transactions Act");
- I understand that an electronic signature has the same legal effect and can be enforced in the same way as a written signature; AND
- I intend to electronically sign and submit the PCN form.

Full Name:*

Michael Anthony Turchy

Signature *

Michael Tunchy

Date

2/11/2021

RE: Pre-Filing Notification for Raleigh Let Projects in the 12 MLL

Carpenter, Kristi < kristilynn.carpenter@ncdenr.gov>

Wed 10/21/2020 5:36 PM

To: Dagnino, Carla S <cdagnino@ncdot.gov>; Chapman, Amy <amy.chapman@ncdenr.gov>; Wanucha, Dave <dave.wanucha@ncdenr.gov>; Hood, Donna <donna.hood@ncdenr.gov>; Ridings, Rob <rob.ridings@ncdenr.gov>; Steenhuis, Joanne <joanne.steenhuis@ncdenr.gov>; Ward, Garcy <garcy.ward@ncdenr.gov>

Cc: Barrett, William A <wabarrett@ncdot.gov>; Cheely, Erin K <ekcheely@ncdot.gov>; Cashin, Gordon E <gcashin@ncdot.gov>; Rivenbark, Chris <crivenbark@ncdot.gov>; Dilday, Jason L <jldilday@ncdot.gov>; Hemphill, Jeffrey L <jhemphill@ncdot.gov>; Riffey, Deanna <driffey@ncdot.gov>; Turchy, Michael A <maturchy@ncdot.gov>; Murray, Christopher A <camurray@ncdot.gov>; Price, Gregory W <gwprice2@ncdot.gov>; Hining, Kevin J <kjhining@ncdot.gov>; Harris, Philip S <pharris@ncdot.gov>

1 attachments (18 KB)

Pre Filing Notification List of Projects from 12 MLL Through Sept 21 to NCDWR (002).xlsx;

All.

Please see the attached spreadsheet which has added columns with the DWR project and version number for each project listed along a link to each project in Laserfiche.

All notifications are in our system with the original notification date of 9/28/2020.

Please utilize the added DWR information when sending the applications for the listed projects.

Please contact me if there are any questions/concerns.

Thanks,

Kristi Lynn Carpenter

From: Dagnino, Carla S <cdagnino@ncdot.gov> Sent: Monday, September 28, 2020 12:09 PM

To: Chapman, Amy <amy.chapman@ncdenr.gov>; Carpenter,Kristi <kristilynn.carpenter@ncdenr.gov>; Wanucha, Dave <dave.wanucha@ncdenr.gov>; Hood, Donna <donna.hood@ncdenr.gov>; Ridings, Rob <rob.ridings@ncdenr.gov>; Steenhuis, Joanne <joanne.steenhuis@ncdenr.gov>; Ward, Garcy <garcy.ward@ncdenr.gov>

Cc: Barrett, William A <wabarrett@ncdot.gov>; Cheely, Erin K <ekcheely@ncdot.gov>; Cashin, Gordon E <gcashin@ncdot.gov>; Rivenbark, Chris <crivenbark@ncdot.gov>; Dilday, Jason L <jldilday@ncdot.gov>; Hemphill, Jeffrey L <jhemphill@ncdot.gov>; Riffey, Deanna <driffey@ncdot.gov>; Turchy, Michael A <maturchy@ncdot.gov>; Murray, Christopher A <camurray@ncdot.gov>; Price, Gregory W <gwprice2@ncdot.gov>; Hining, Kevin J <kjhining@ncdot.gov>; Harris, Philip S <pharris@ncdot.gov> Subject: Pre-Filing Notification for Raleigh Let Projects in the 12 MLL

All,

Please see the attached letter and request for the Pre-Filing Notification. We are not requesting a meeting for the attached projects and would like this letter and attachment to represent the notification in Laser Fiche.

If you have any questions about this, please contact me.

Thank you! Carla

Carla Dagnino

Environmental Coordination and Permitting Group Leader Environmental Analysis Unit NC Department of Transportation

919 707 6110 Office 919 602 9452 Cell cdagnino@ncdot.gov

1598 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699 -1598

1000 Birch Ridge Drive Raleigh, NC 27610

Projects Potentially Requiring Notification per New 401 EPA Rule 12 Month Let List SEPT 2020 - SEPT 2021 (from 36 Month Let List)

				- 141011111			1 2020 OEI 1 2021 (IIOIII 00 MOIIIII 201 2131)		_	
DWR Rep	NCDOT Contact	Let Date	TIP	Let Type	Div	County	Project Description	Type of Previous DWR Correspondence	DWR # Version	# Received ΓLaserfiche Link
Wanucha	Bill Barrett	09/21/2021	B-5728	Raleigh Letting	7	Alamance	REPLACE BRIDGE 112 OVER REEDY FORK CREEK IN OSSIPEE ON NC 87	No Files found in Laserfiche	20201505 1	9/28/2020 https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/Browse.aspx?id=1326036&dbid=0&repo=WaterResources
Hood	Erin Cheely	05/18/2021	B-4407	Raleigh Letting	10	Anson, Stanly	BRIDGE 70 OVER ROCKY RIVER ON US 52	No Files found in Laserfiche	20201506 1	9/28/2020 https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/Browse.aspx?id=1326038&dbid=0&repo=WaterResources
Hood	Erin Cheely	03/16/2021	B-5818	Raleigh Letting	10	Anson	REPLACE BRIDGE 11 OVER DEADFALL CREEK ON NC 109	No Files found in Laserfiche	20201507 1	9/28/2020 https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/Browse.aspx?id=1326055&dbid=0&repo=WaterResources
Hood	Bill Barrett	07/20/2021	BR-0107	Raleigh Letting	12	Iredell	SR 1577 BRIDGE 131 REPLACE BRIDGE 131 OVER TO SNOW CREEK.	No Files found in Laserfiche	20201508 1	9/28/2020 https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/Browse.aspx?id=1326056&dbid=0&repo=WaterResources
Hood	Rail Division	08/17/2021	P-5705A	Raleigh Letting	10	Mecklenburg	CHARLOTTE WYE CONNECTION - RAIL	No Files found in Laserfiche	20181692 2	9/28/2020 https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/Browse.aspx?id=1326025&dbid=0&repo=WaterResources
Ridings	Chris Murray	02/16/2021	B-5318	DDRL	5	Wake	REPLACE BRIDGE 910126 OVER SMITHS CREEK SR 2044 (LIGON MILLROAD) IN WAKE FOREST	Laserfiche Files: Scoping Letter	20201509 1	9/28/2020 https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/Browse.aspx?id=1326057&dbid=0&repo=WaterResources
Steenhuis	Gordon Cashin	07/20/2021	B-5624	Raleigh Letting	3	Brunswick	BRIDGE 57 OVER JUNIPER CREEK ON NC 211	Laserfiche Files: P/JD Package	20201510 1	9/28/2020 https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/Browse.aspx?id=1326058&dbid=0&repo=WaterResources
									20201511	0000000 1 // 1 1 1 1 1
Steenhuis	Gordon Cashin	07/20/2021	B-5642	Raleigh Letting	3	Brunswick	BRIDGE 65 OVER HOOD CREEK ON NC 87	No Files found in Laserfiche	20201511 1	9/28/2020 https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/Browse.aspx?id=1326059&dbid=0&repo=WaterResources
Steenhuis	Chris Rivenbark	05/18/2021	BR-0017	Raleigh Letting	3	Duplin	BRIDGE 300012 ON NC 11 OVER LITTLE ROCKFISH CREEK	Laserfiche Files: P/JD Package	20201512 1	9/28/2020 https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/Browse.aspx?id=1326060&dbid=0&repo=WaterResources
Steenhuis	Greg Price	07/20/2021	I-5878	DDRL	6	Harnett	I-95 AT US 421 (EXIT 73) AND SR 1793 (POPE ROAD) (EXIT 72).IMPROVE INTERCHANGES. WIDEN TO EIGHT LANES. (COMB W/I-5883 & I-5986B).	No Files found in Laserfiche	20201513 1	9/28/2020 https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/Browse.aspx?id=1326061&dbid=0&repo=WaterResources
Steenhuis	Greg Price	07/20/2021	I-5883	DDRL	6	Harnett	I-95 AT SR 1808 (JONESBORO ROAD) (EXIT 75) TO NORTH OF SR 1709 (HODGES CHAPEL ROAD) (EXIT 77). IMPROVE INTERCHANGES. WIDEN TO EIGHT LANES. (COMB WII-5878 & I-5986B).	Laserfiche Files: Scoping Letter and JD Request	20201514 1	9/28/2020 https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/Browse.aspx?id=1326062&dbid=0&repo=WaterResources
Steenhuis	Greg Price	07/20/2021	I-5986B	DDRL	6	Harnett, Johnston	I-95 FROM SR 1709 (HODGES CHAPEL ROAD - EXIT 77) TO I-40 (EXIT 81). WIDEN TO EIGHT LANES HARNETT/JONSTON COUNTIES. (COMB W/I-5878 & I-5883).	No Files found in Laserfiche	20190214 3	9/28/2020 https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/Browse.aspx?id=1326029&dbid=0&repo=WaterResources
Steenhuis	Jason Dilday	04/20/2021	R-2561CA	DDRL	6	Columbus	NC 87 AT NC 11. CONSTRUCT INTERCHANGE.	Laserfiche Files: P/JD Package	20201515 1	9/28/2020 https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/Browse.aspx?id=1326063&dbid=0&repo=WaterResources
Steenhuis	Greg Price	04/20/2021	R-5797	DDRL	6	Columbus	US 74 AT SR 1506 (BOARDMAN ROAD)	Laserfiche Files: P/JD Package	20201516 1	9/28/2020 https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/Browse.aspx?id=1326064&dbid=0&repo=WaterResources
Wanucha	Kevin Hining	07/20/2021	17BP.11.R.15	DDRL	11	Wilkes	BRIDGE 419 ON SR 1148 OVER NAKED CREEK.	No Files found in Laserfiche	20201517 1	9/28/2020 https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/Browse.aspx?id=1326065&dbid=0&repo=WaterResources
Wanucha	Erin Cheely	06/15/2021	BR-0048	Raleigh Letting	11	Surry	BRIDGE 103 ON NC 268 OVER MITCHELL RIVER REPLACE BRIDGE.	Laserfiche Files: Start of Study Letter	20201518 1	9/28/2020 https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/Browse.aspx?id=1326066&dbid=0&repo=WaterResources
Wanucha	Jeff Hemphill	07/20/2021	BR-0108	Raleigh Letting	11	Wilkes	SR 2418 BRIDGE 4 REPLACE BRIDGE 4 OVER LITTLE HUNTING CREEK.	No Files found in Laserfiche	20201519 1	9/28/2020 https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/Browse.aspx?id=1326067&dbid=0&repo=WaterResources
Ward	Jason Dilday	09/21/2021	B-4926	DDRL	2	Lenoir	NEUSE RIVER - REPLACE BRIDGE NO. 20 AND 34 OVER NEUSE RIVEROVERFLOW ON NC 55	Laserfiche Files: Previous NW 6	20181733 2	9/28/2020 https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/Browse.aspx?id=1326028&dbid=0&repo=WaterResources
Ward	Deanna Riffey	09/21/2021	B-5614	Raleigh Letting	2	Beaufort	REPLACE BRIDGE 9 OVER BLOUNTS CREEK ON SR 1112	No Files found in Laserfiche	20201520 1	9/28/2020 https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/Browse.aspx?id=1326068&dbid=0&repo=WaterResources
Ward	Deanna Riffey	05/18/2021	B-5619	Raleigh Letting	2	Lenoir	REPLACE BRIDGE 52 OVER NEUSE RIVER AND REPLACE BRIDGE 152 OVER NEUSE RIVER OVERFLOW ON SR 1389 (HARDY BRIDGE ROAD	No Files found in Laserfiche	20201521 1	9/28/2020 https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/Browse.aspx?id=1326069&dbid=0&repo=WaterResources
Ward	Deanna Riffey	09/21/2021	BR-0004	Raleigh Letting	2	Beaufort	BRIDGE 060066 ON US 264 OVER PUNGO RIVER	No Files found in Laserfiche	20201522 1	9/28/2020 https://edocs.deq.nc.gov/WaterResources/Browse.aspx?id=1326070&dbid=0&repo=WaterResources
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North Carolina Department of Transportation

Highway Stormwater Program STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

Version 2.08; Released A	nril 2018)				FOR NCDOT P	ROJECTS						
,	38356.1.2	TIP No.:	B-4407			Stanly Anson				Page 1	of	f 3
TTEC LIGHIGIR.	00000.1.2		B 1107		neral Project I					, ago ,	<u> </u>	
WBS Element:		38356.1.2		TIP Number:	B-4407		Project	Type:	Bridge Replacement	Date:	1/29	/2021
NCDOT Contact:		Tierre Peterson				Contractor / Desig		Jon Ford, P	0 1		.,	
	Address:	1000 BIRCH RIDO	GE DRIVE				Address:	,	ociates Lane			
		RALEIGH, NC 276						Charlotte, N				
		TO LEIGH, NO 27	310					Orianotto, i	40 202 II			
	Phone	919-707-6488					Phono	704-357-04	00			
		trpeterson@ncdot	gov/			•	Email:		.00			
City/Town:	⊑IIIaII.	<u>irpeterson@ncdot</u>	Norwood/Wa	dochoro NC		County(ies):	Sta		Anson			
River Basin(s):		Yadkin-P		luesporo, NC		CAMA County?	N		No			
Wetlands within Proj	aat Limita?	No	l Dee			CAMA County:	IN	0	INO			
wellanus willini Proj	ect Lillits r	140			Duningt Dans							
D		0.55.4	4:1	0	Project Desc	Undeveloped						
Project Length (lin. n	niles or teet):	0.55 N	/IIIes	Surrounding La	ina Use:	Orideveloped	1		= 1.41 - 014			
Project Built-Upon Area (ac.) Typical Cross Section Description:		Proposed Project							Existing Site)		
	` '	0.1	2.3		ac.		0.1	2.0	ac.			
Typical Cross Sectio	n Description:	2-lane undivided					2-lane undivi	uea				
Annual Ava Daily Tra	effic () colo/low/dox/\											
Annual Avg Daily Tra		Design/Future:		4900 Year: 2040 of the existing bridge 70 on US-52 over Rocky River and 0		Existing:				ar:	2020	
General Project Narr (Description of Minin						•		•	v alignment to allow the	· , .		
Quality Impacts)	inzation of water								project limits. The prop			
quality impuoto,									dge. Rip Rap pads were			
									for B-4407 has been des			
									ion requires special proc			
		construction activi	ties within 50' of	each designated stre	eam. Post Con	struction Stormwate	er Program will	be impleme	nted throughout B-4407	to the maximum	extent pr	actical.
0 () 1/4 (D I	(4)		00. 0		Naterbody Info		. N		40			
Surface Water Body	(1):		SG - Roo		41	NCDWR Stream In			13	3-17		
NCDWR Surface Wat	er Classification fo	r Water Body		Primary Classifica		Class						
011 01 01 11	*	N.		Supplemental Clas	ssification:	None	<u> </u>					
Other Stream Classif	ication:	Nor										
Impairments:	•	Nor						L				
Aquatic T&E Species	67	No	Comments:					l= # - :				
NRTR Stream ID:		SG	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \				ls.	•	es in Effect:		N/A	
Project Includes Brid	· · · · · ·			Deck Drains Disch			No		Pads Provided in Buffe		N/A	16 1 11
Deck Drains Dischar	•		No	(If yes, provide	justification in f	the General Project	Narrative)	(If yes, d	escribe in the General Project		r no, just	ity in the
(If yes, provid	e justification in the	the General Project Narrative) General Project Narrative)										



North Carolina Department of Transportation

Highway Stormwater Program STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

(Version 2.08; Released April 2018)

FOR NCDOT PROJECTS

, , ,											
WBS Element: 38356.1.2	TIP No.:	B-4407	County(ies):	Stanly Anson		Page	2	of	3		
Additional Waterbody Information											
Surface Water Body (2):		SF - UT to	Rocky River	NCDWR Stream Index No.:		13-17					
NCDWR Surface Water Classification fo	or Water Body		Primary Classification:	Class C							
NODWIX Surface Water Glassification is	or water body		Supplemental Classification:	None							
Other Stream Classification:	Nor	ie									
Impairments:	Nor	ie									
Aquatic T&E Species?	No	Comments:									
NRTR Stream ID:	SF				Buffer Rules in Effect:			N/A			
Project Includes Bridge Spanning Wate	er Body?	No	Deck Drains Discharge Over Bu	iffer? N/A	Dissipator Pads Provided	in Buffer?		N/A			
Deck Drains Discharge Over Water Bod	ly?	N/A	(If yes, provide justification in		(If yes, describe in the General Project Narrative; if no, justify in the						
(If yes, provide justification in the	General Project Na	rrative)		Gen	General Project Narrative)						
Surface Water Body (3):		SH - UT to	Rocky River NCDWR Stream Index No.:			13-17					
NCDWR Surface Water Classification fo	or Water Body		Primary Classification:	Class C							
NODWIX Surface Water Glassification is	or water body		Supplemental Classification:	None							
Other Stream Classification:	Nor	ie									
Impairments:	Nor	ie									
Aquatic T&E Species?	No	Comments:									
NRTR Stream ID:	SH				Buffer Rules in Effect:						
Project Includes Bridge Spanning Wate	er Body?	No	Deck Drains Discharge Over Bu	-	Dissipator Pads Provided in Buffer? N/A						
Deck Drains Discharge Over Water Boo	ly?	N/A	(If yes, provide justification in		(If yes, describe in the General Project Narrative; if no, justify in the						
(If yes, provide justification in the	General Project Na	rrative)		General Project Narrative)							



(Version 2.08; Released April 2018)

North Carolina Department of Transportation

Highway Stormwater Program STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

FOR NCDOT PROJECTS

 WBS Element:
 38356.1.2
 TIP No.:
 B-4407
 County(ies):
 Stanly Anson
 Page
 3
 of
 3

Swales Station & Coordinates Base Front Back Drainage Recommended Actual Longitudinal Rock **BMP** V2 V10 Sheet (Road and Non Road Surface Width Slope Slope Area Treatm't Length Length Slope Q2 Q10 Checks Associated w/ No. Projects) Water Body (ft) (H:1)(H:1)(ac) (ft) (ft) (%) (cfs) (fps) (cfs) (fps) Used **Buffer Rules?** Sta. 12+00 -L1- Rt. (1)SG -5 2.0 0.5 50 0.49% 6.0 4.0 250 1.3 No No Sta. 14+50 -L1- Rt. Rocky River Sta. 14+50-L1- Rt. (1)SG -4 0.0 6.0 4.0 1.0 100 550 1.49% 4.0 No No Rocky River Sta. 20+00 -L1- Rt. Sta. 20+00 -L1- Rt. (1)SG -4 0.0 6.0 5.0 1.3 130 150 2.77% 5.0 No No Sta. 21+50 -L1- Rt. Rocky River Sta. 21+50 -L1- Rt. (1)SG -4 0.0 6.0 4.0 1.7 170 200 2.76% 6.9 No No Rocky River Sta. 23+50 -L1- Rt. Sta. 23+50 -L1- Rt. (1)SG -5 2.0 2.0 3.1 310 707 4.10% 9.6 No No Sta. 30+57 -L1- Rt. Rocky River Sta. 37+74 -L1- Rt. (1)SG -6 0.0 6.0 4.0 0.9 87 76 4.22% 2.8 No No Rocky River Sta. 38+50 -L1- Rt. Sta. 38+50 -L1- Rt. (1)SG -6 0.0 6.0 2.0 0.9 87 50 4.68% 2.8 No No Sta. 39+00 -L1- Rt. Rocky River (1)SG -Sta. 39+00 -L1- Rt. 47 4.45% 6 0.0 6.0 4.0 0.5 350 2.1 No No Sta. 42+50 -L1- Rt. Rocky River Sta. 42+50 -L1- Rt. (1)SG -6 0.0 6.0 6.0 0.5 47 250 3.99% 2.1 No No Rocky River Sta. 45+00 -L1- Rt. Sta. 13+50 -L1- Lt. (1)SG -4 0.0 6.0 6.0 0.2 19 100 0.71% 8.0 No No Sta. 14+50 -L1- Lt. Rocky River Sta. 14+50 -L1- Lt. (1)SG -0.5 47 0.43% 4 0.0 6.0 4.0 150 1.4 No No Rocky River Sta. 16+00 -L1- Lt. Sta. 16+00 -L1- Lt. (1)SG -95 4 0.0 6.0 4.0 1.0 150 1.17% 2.5 No No Sta. 17+50 -L1- Lt. Rocky River Sta. 17+50 -L1- Lt. (1)SG -4 0.0 6.0 4.0 1.9 191 500 2.48% 4.7 No No Sta. 22+50 -L1- Lt. Rocky River (1)SG -Sta. 37+50 -L1- Lt. 6 2.0 6.0 4.0 3.0 250 5.81% 298 6.1 No No Sta. 40+00 -L1- Lt. Rocky River Sta. 40+00 -L1- Lt. (1)SG -150 5.42% 6 0.0 6.0 4.0 1.9 186 2.4 No No Rocky River Sta. 41+50 -L1- Lt. Sta. 43+00 -L1- Lt. (1)SG -6 1.4 100 4.63% 0.0 6.0 5.0 141 1.9 No No Sta. 44+00 -L1- Lt. Rocky River

Additional Comments

See Sheet 1A For Index of Sheets VICINITY MAP (N.T.S.)

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

ANSON /STANLY COUNTIES

LOCATION: REPLACE BRIDGE NO. 030070 OVER ROCKY RIVER ON US-52

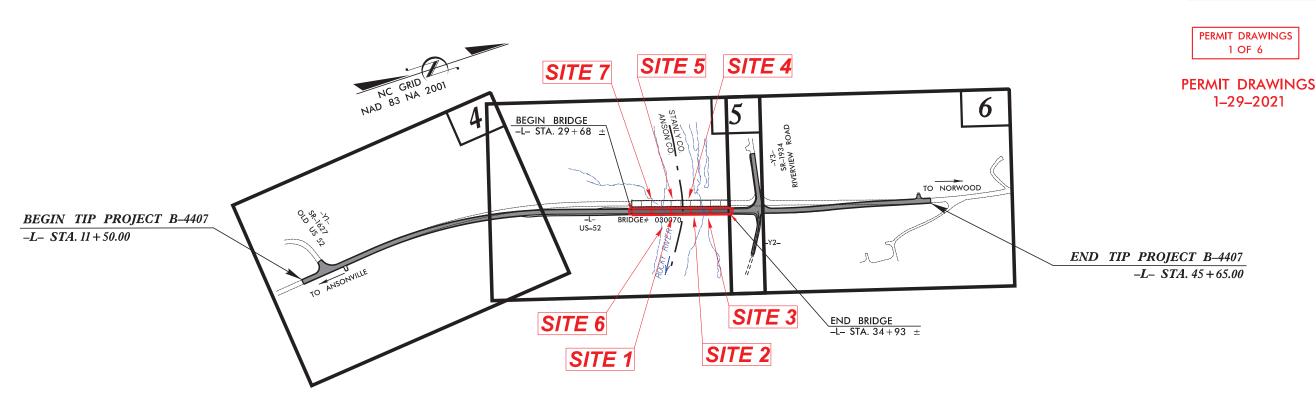
TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, DRAINAGE, PAVING, AND STRUCTURE

STATE	STATE		SHEE NO.	Т	TOTAL SHEETS		
N.C.	E		1				
STAT	E PROJ. NO.	F. A. PROJ. NO.		DESCRIPTION			
38356.1.2		NA	PE				
38	356.1.2	NA	R/W	/ &	U.	TILITIES	
38356.1.2		NA	CONST.				
Ĺ	4)			



1 OF 6

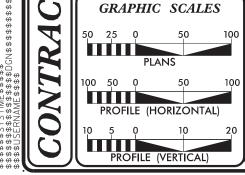




DESIGN EXCEPTION REQUIRED FOR MAXIMUM VERTICAL GRADE -L- STA. 34+35.00 TO 43+75.00

THERE IS NO CONTROL OF ACCESS ON THIS PROJECT. THIS PROJECT IS NOT WITHIN ANY MUNICIPAL BOUNDARIES. CLEARING ON THIS PROJECT SHALL BE PERFORMED TO THE LIMITS ESTABLISHED BY METHOD.

DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED



DESIGN DATA ADT 2015 = 3900ADT 2040 = 4900= 60% K = 9%T = 22%

*TTST = 8% DUAL = 14% FUNCT. CLASS = PRINCIPAL ARTERIAL

REGIONAL TIER

PROIECT LENGTH

LENGTH ROADWAY TIP PROJECT B-4407 = 0.548 MI LENGTH STRUCTURE TIP PROJECT B-4407 = 0.099 MI TOTAL LENGTH OF TIP PROJECT B-4407 = 0.647 MI

1318-F PATTON AVE. ASHEVILLE NC, 28806 FOR THE NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS 2018 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS RIGHT OF WAY DATE: MAY 20, 2019

Prepared in the Office of:

VAUGHN & MELTON

LETTING DATE: MAY 19, 2020

REECE SCHULER, PE, PLS

JOHN LANSFORD, PE

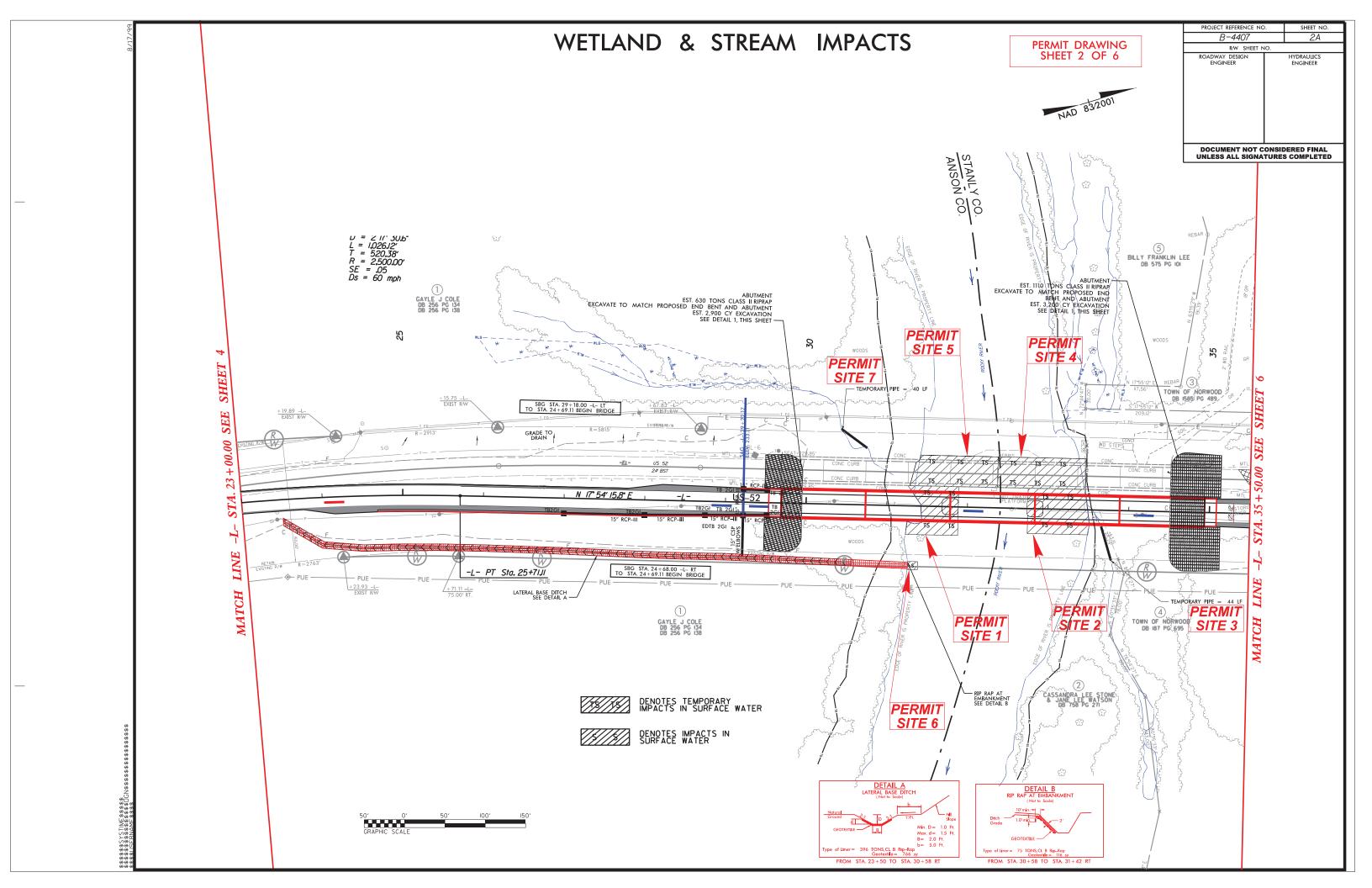
DAVID STUTTS, PE

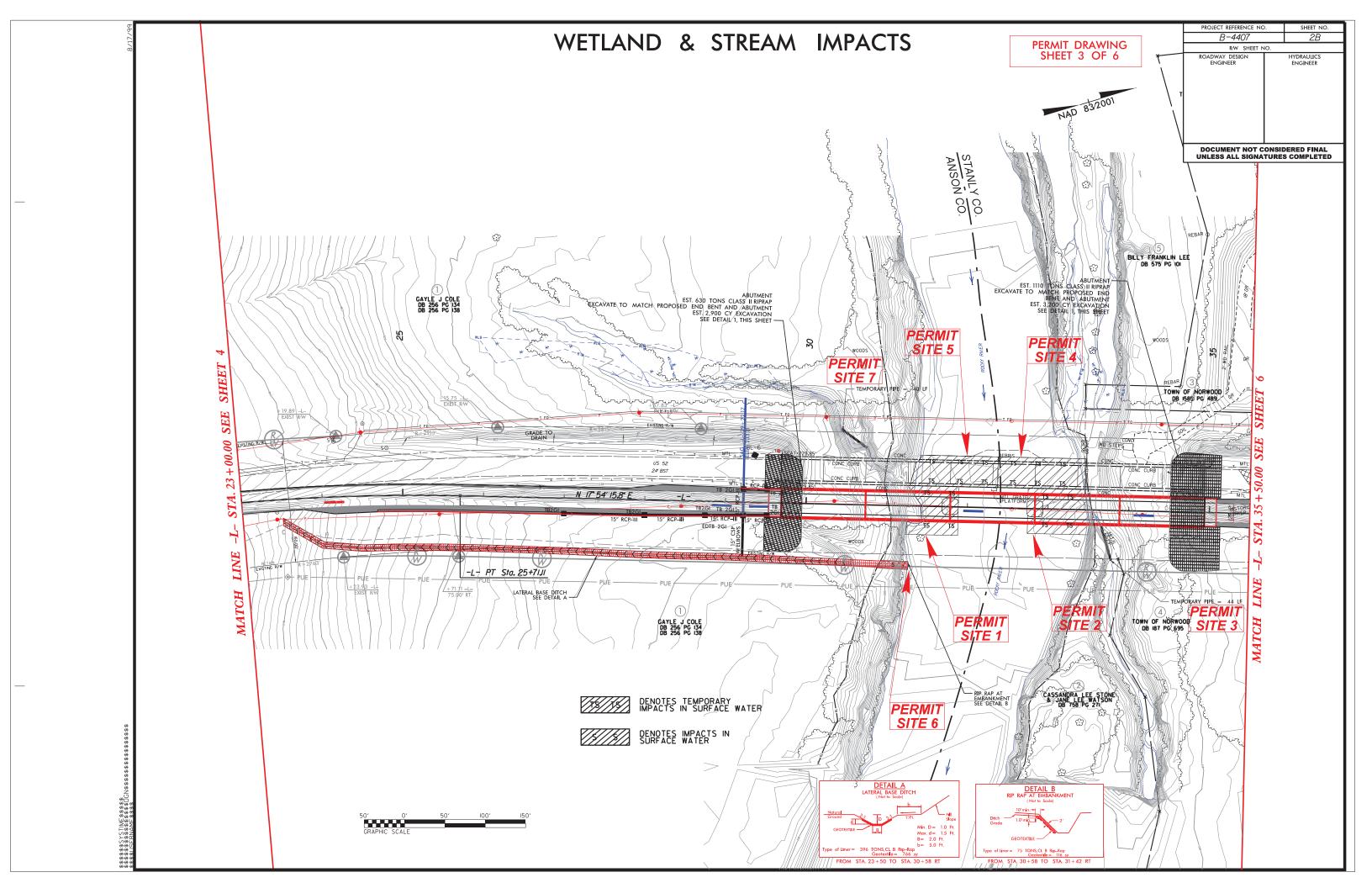
HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

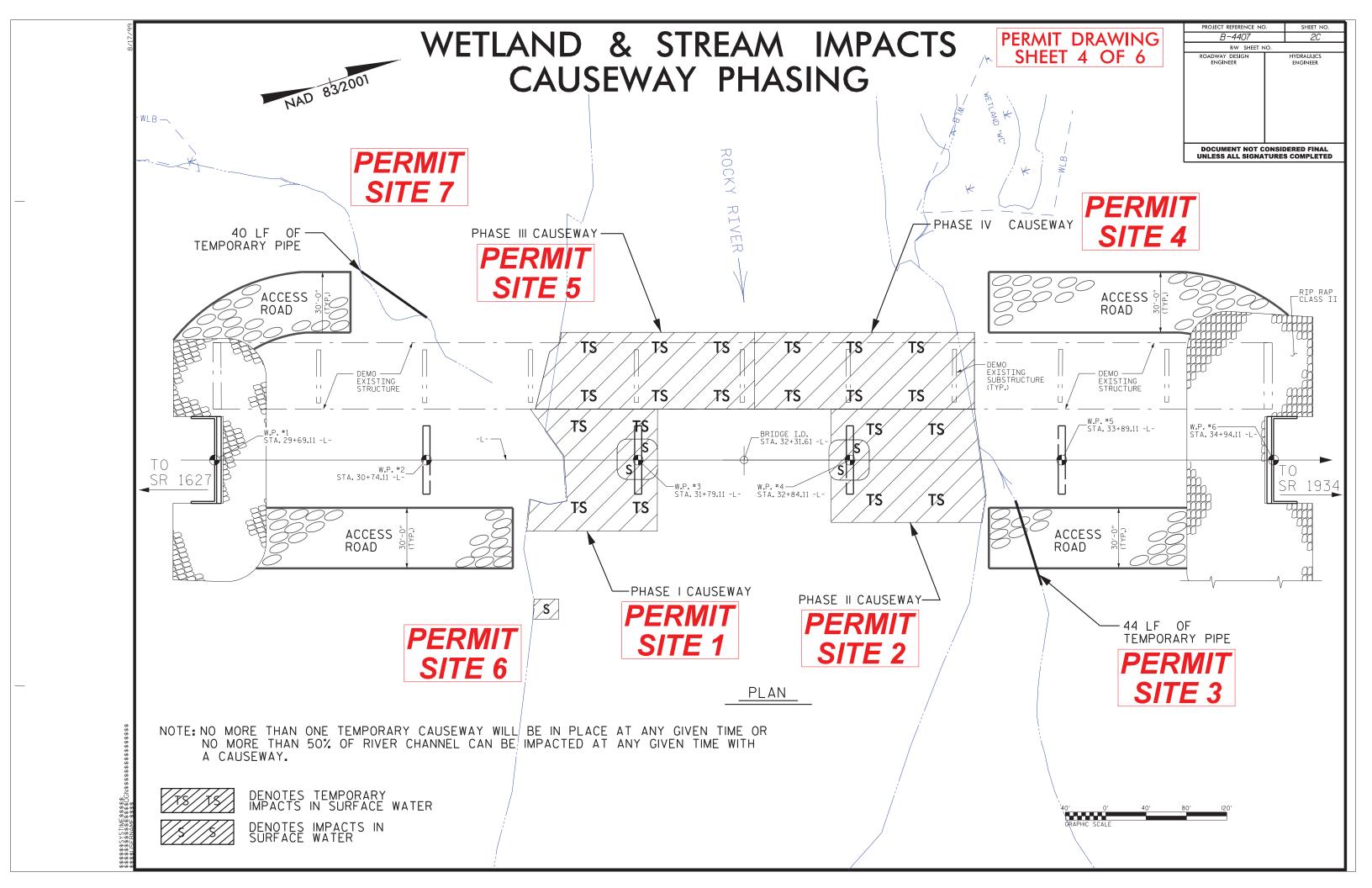
ROADWAY DESIGN **ENGINEER**

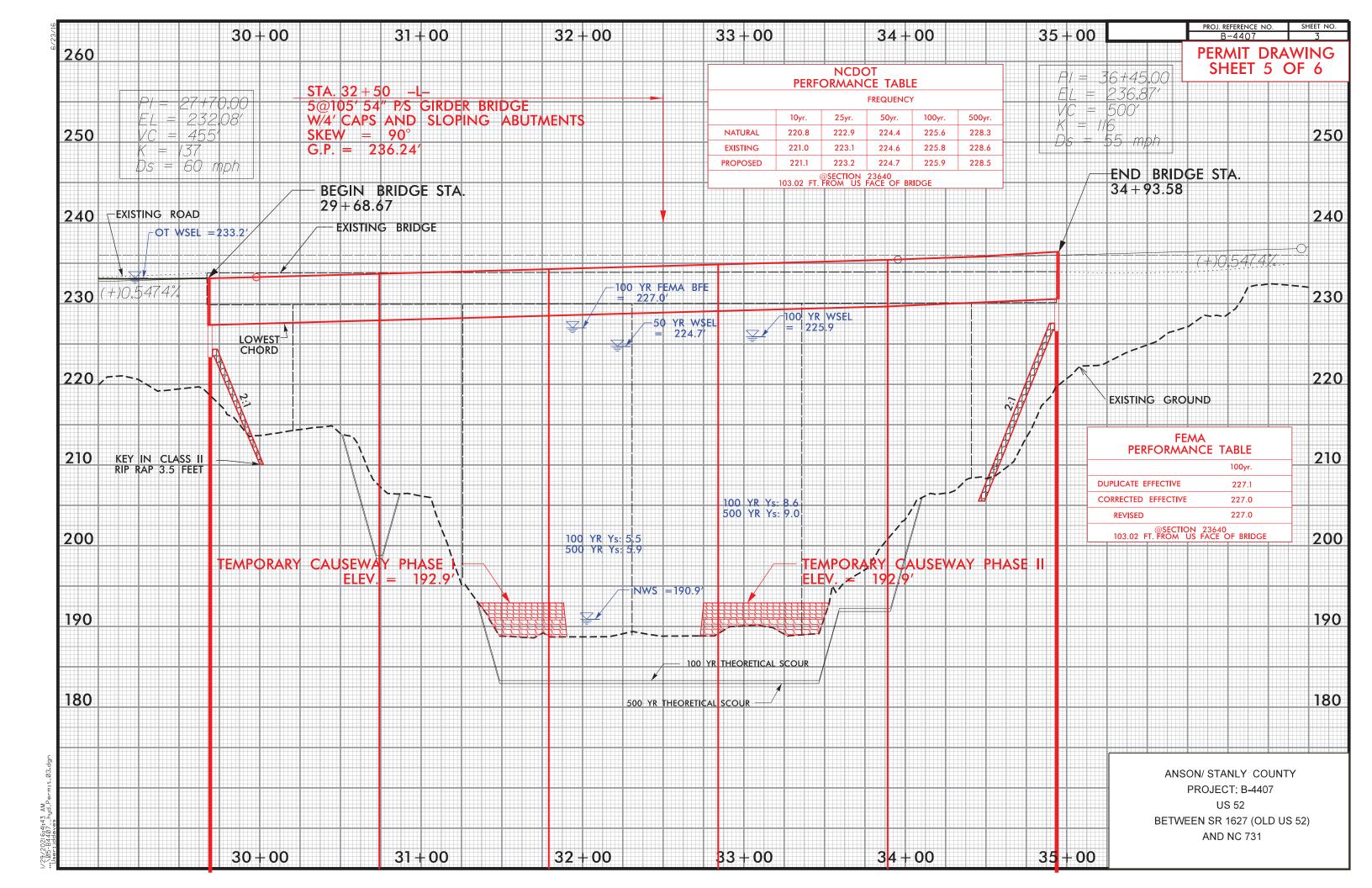
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PROIEC









			WETLAND IMPACTS				SURFACE WATER IMPACTS					
							Hand			Existing	Existing	
			Permanent	Temp.	Excavation	Mechanized	Clearing	Permanent	Temp.	Channel	Channel	Natural
Site	Station	Structure	Fill In	Fill In	in	Clearing	in	SW	SW	Impacts	Impacts	Stream
No.	(From/To)	Size / Type	Wetlands	Wetlands	Wetlands	in Wetlands	Wetlands	impacts	impacts	Permanent	Temp.	Design
			(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)
1	-L- 31+24 / 31+89 RT	Causeway							0.07		30	
2	-L- 32+75 / 33+50 RT	Causeway							0.09		*	
3	-L- 33+66 / 33+79 RT	Temporary Pipe							< 0.01		44	
4	-L- 32+37 / 33+46 LT	Causeway							0.10		30	
5	-L- 31+28 / 32+37 LT	Causeway							0.09		*	
6	-L- 30+89 / 31+28 RT	Ditch Outlet - Bank Stabilization						< 0.01		10		
7	-L- 30+42 / 30+74 RT	Temporary Pipe							< 0.01		40	
												-
		+										
												
												<u> </u>
TOTAL		<u> </u>			<u> </u>			< 0.01	0.34	10	144	0

^{*}Rounded totals are sum of actual impacts

NOTES:

* The 30 LF of impacts from these causeways overlap with sites 1 and 4 respectively.

Bent 2<.01 Ac of impact

Bent 3<.01 Ac of impact

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
1/29/2021
STANLY/ANSON
B-4407

6

38356.1.2 T 6 OF

Revised 2018 Feb SHEET

Freshwater Mussel Survey Report

Bridge No. 70 over Rocky River on US-52 TIP # B-4407 WBS: 38356.1.2

Anson/Stanly County Line, North Carolina



NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Environmental Analysis Unit

NCDOT Contact: Matt Haney 919-707-6122; mmhaney@ncdot.gov

October 2018

FRESHWATER MUSSEL SURVEY REPORT

PROJECT: Protected species survey report for the Carolina Heelsplitter (*Lasmigona decorata*), Atlantic Pigtoe (*Fusconaia masoni*), and Brook Floater (*Alasmidonta varicosa*) for the proposed US-52 bridge replacement over Rocky River within the Yadkin-Pee Dee River Basin on the Anson/Stanly county line. WBS: 38356.1.1, TIP No. B-4407.

REPORT BIOLOGISTS: Joseph D. Alderman and John M. Alderman

The North Carolina Department of Transportation proposes to replace Bridge No. 70 over Rocky River (Stream Index No. 13-17) on the Anson/Stanly county line (Figures 1 and 2).

The Carolina Heelsplitter is federally listed Endangered by the United States Fish & Wildlife Service (USFWS). The Carolina Heelsplitter exists from the Savannah River Basin in South Carolina to the Pee Dee River Basin in North Carolina. The USFWS documents Union County as part of the current Carolina Heelsplitter range.

The Carolina Heelsplitter's preferred habitats include low to higher gradient, stable banked streams with relatively silt free substrates. Coarser substrates, including cobble, boulder, and bedrock, are usually present within an occupied stream reach. The best populations have been found in higher water quality, well-oxygenated streams. In general, woodland dominates the landscape. Carolina Heelsplitter records exist in first order streams up to main channels of large rivers.

The Atlantic Pigtoe is a federal At-Risk Species (USFWS) and is a native Southeast Atlantic Slope freshwater mussel species. The USFWS may list this species as endangered or threatened during 2018. The Atlantic Pigtoe has records from the Altamaha River Basin in Georgia to the James River Basin in Virginia. The USFWS documents Union County as part of the current Atlantic Pigtoe range.

The Atlantic Pigtoe normally requires clean sand and pea gravel substrates and circumneutral pH water. The highest densities recorded for this species existed in silt free, unconsolidated coarse sand and pea gravel within "run" stream reaches. The best populations have been documented from North Carolina Division of Water Resources Outstanding Resource Waters (ORW) stream reaches or within streams potentially suitable for such designations.

The Brook Floater is a federal At-Risk Species (USFWS) and is a native Atlantic Slope freshwater mussel species. The USFWS may list this species as endangered or threatened during 2018. The Brook Floater has records from Canada to the Savannah River Basin in Georgia and South Carolina. The USFWS documents Anson County as part of the current Brook Floater range.

The Brook Floater normally requires clean sand and pea gravel substrates and circumneutral pH water. The highest densities recorded for this species existed in silt free, unconsolidated coarse sand and pea gravel within "run" stream reaches.

Prior to conducting in-stream surveys, reviews of the April 2018 North Carolina Natural Heritage Program (NCNHP), NC Museum of Natural Sciences, Alderman Environmental Services, Inc. (AES), Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences (ANSP), and Ohio State University Museum of Biodiversity databases were conducted to determine if there were any records of rare mussels within the proposed project study area or receiving waters. This review indicated that the closest occurrence of the Carolina Heelsplitter (documented in 2016) is within Goose Creek, a tributary of the Rocky River in Union County (NCNHP). This occurrence is >44 stream miles upstream from the project site. Records from 1998 for the Atlantic Pigtoe exist in Goose Creek in Union County, which is >44 stream miles upstream from the project area (NCNHP). Ohio State University records for the Brook Floater (listed as *A. robusta* within their database) from 1968 exist within the Rocky River >22 stream miles upstream from the project area. Since past field records for Brook Floater and Carolina Elktoe (*A. robusta*) have often been confused, we have lumped all records for these species under Brook Floater for this report.

The North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality (NCDEQ) records numerous NPDES permits within the Rocky River Subbasin. The closest discharge point is just downstream from the NC-52 bridge crossing. This discharge is a minor point source for the Town of Norwood. The lower Rocky River is a Class C stream, and is on the NCDEQ 303(d) list of impaired streams, due to excessive copper and turbidity. The Pee Dee River is the next major confluence with Rocky River, which is over four stream miles downstream from the project area. No dams exist within the Rocky River between the project site and Goose Creek, a known Carolina Heelsplitter and Atlantic Pigtoe stream.

Alderman Environmental Services, Inc. biologists Joseph D. Alderman (USFWS Permit No. TE28597A-1), John M. Alderman (North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission Permit No. 18-ES00009 and USFWS Permit No. TE065756-3), Logan Williams, and John Fridell (both designated sub-permittees on John Alderman's NCWRC permit) completed a mussel survey at the site on 19 June 2018 within 100+ meters upstream and 400+ meters downstream from the project stream crossing (Figures 1 and 2). Using visual and tactile searches, 5.5 person-hours were required to complete the survey within this relatively rural area of Anson and Stanly counties. Stream widths were up to 65 meters, and bank height was up to six meters. The river was low and slightly turbid. The surveyed reach canopy was mostly open, and wooded buffers were wide. Silt and sand were the dominant substrates with clay, gravel, pebble, boulder, organics, and mud present. Banks were undercut and eroded in places. There was no evidence of beavers in the surveyed reach.

Four species of freshwater mussels were documented: Eastern Elliptio (*Elliptio complanata*) – 6 live, Creeper (*Strophitus undulatus*) – 1 shell, Carolina Lance (*Elliptio angustata*) – 3 live, and Eastern Creekshell (*Villosa delumbis*) – 1 live, gravid female.

Elimia catenaria, a freshwater snail, was observed. The Asian Clam (*Corbicula fluminea*) was present.

Biological Conclusion

The Creeper and Eastern Creekshell are close species associates of the Carolina Heelsplitter. Since these species are present within the project area and since there are recent records for the Carolina Heelsplitter within the Rocky River Subbasin, the biological conclusion is "May Affect, Not Likely to Adversely Affect" the Carolina Heelsplitter if adequate erosion and sedimentation control methods are employed during project activities.

Since the most recent Atlantic Pigtoe and Brook Floater records from the Rocky River Subbasin are 24 years old and Atlantic Pigtoe and Brook Floater habitat in the project area is limited, the biological conclusion is "No Effect" for these two species.

References

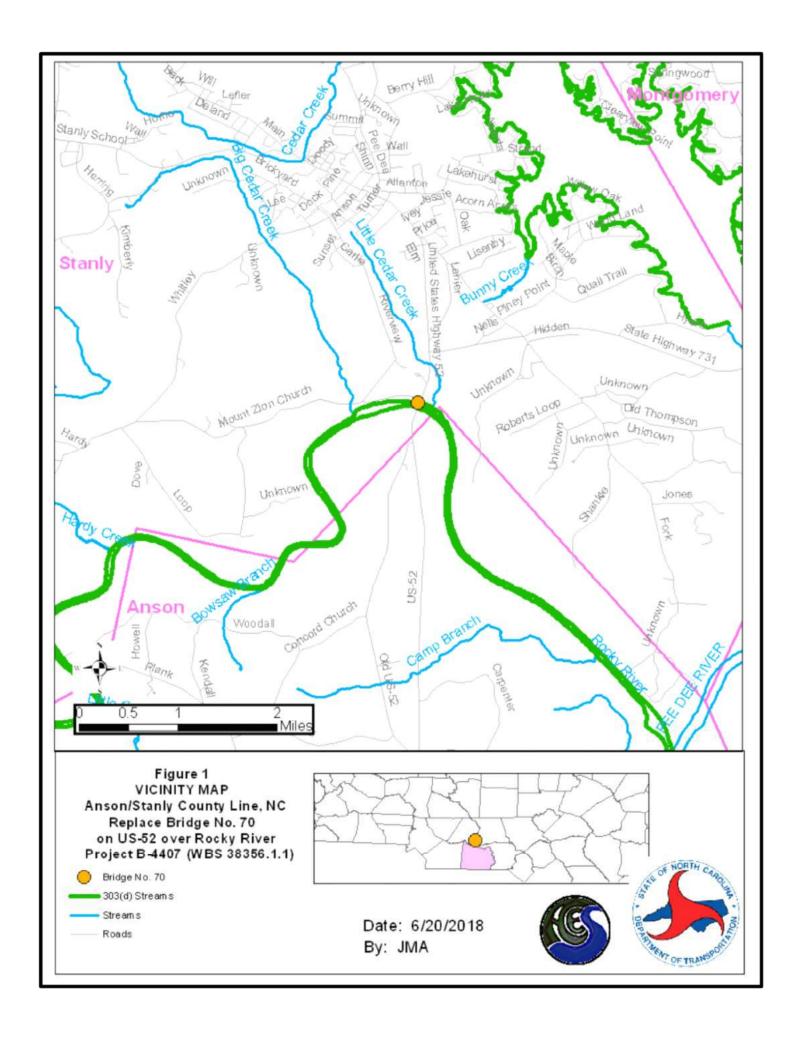
North Carolina Museum of Natural Sciences. 2017. October 2017 online database search.

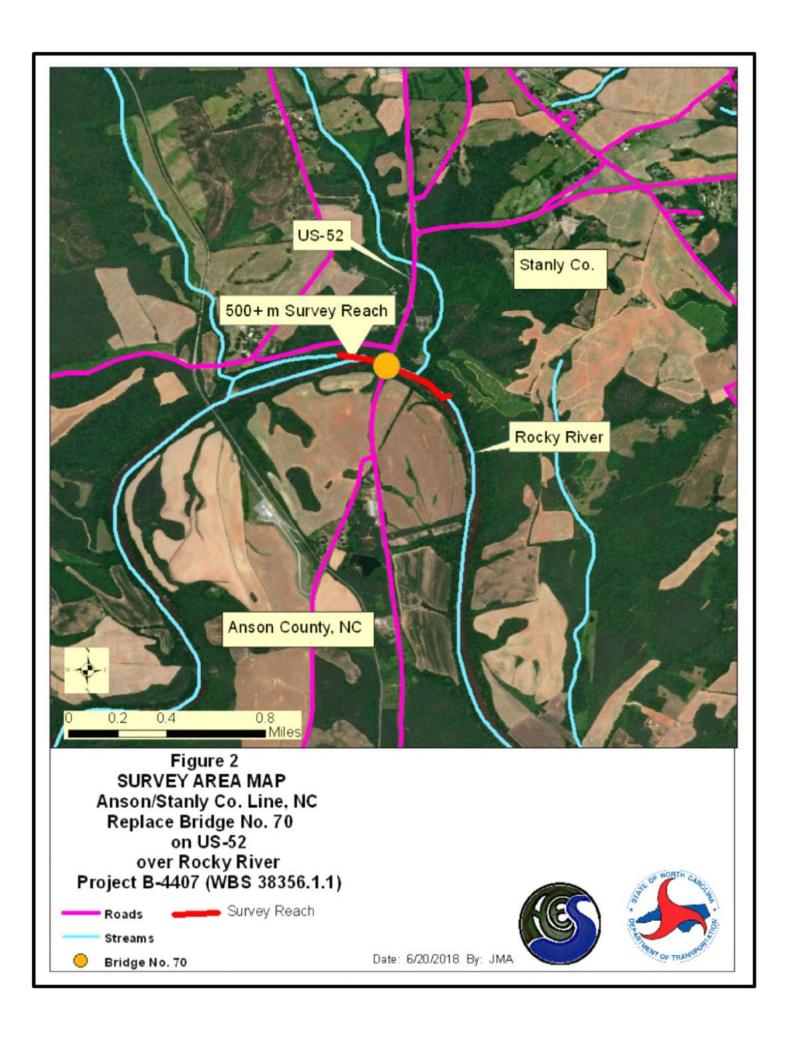
North Carolina Natural Heritage Program. 2018. April 2018 Database.

North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality. 2016. Final 2016 Category 5 Assessments – 303(d) List.

Ohio State University Museum of Biodiversity. 2018 online database search.

Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences. 2015 online database search.







STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ROY COOPER
GOVERNOR

J. ERIC BOYETTE
SECRETARY

DATE: January 26, 2021

TO: Erin Cheely, Environmental Program Consultant

Environmental Coordination & Permitting Group Western, EAU

FROM: Chris Manley, Environmental Program Consultant

Biological Surveys Group, EAU

SUBJECT: Section 7 survey results for the northern long-eared bat (Myotis

septentrionalis) associated with the replacement of Bridge 70 over Rocky River on US 52 in Anson and Stanly Counties, **TIP No. B-4407**.

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT, Division 10) proposes to replace Bridge No. 70 over Rocky River on US 52 in Anson and Stanly Counties, TIP No. B-4407. The replacement structure will be a five-span (5@105'63") bridge approximately 525 feet long providing a minimum 32' clear deck width. The existing structure contains reinforced concrete deck girders, abutments, and bents. The guardrail is also constructed of concrete.

The project to replace Bridge No. 70 has been reviewed for effects on the northern long-eared bat (NLEB). As of May 4, 2015, NLEB is listed by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) as "Threatened" under the Endangered Species Act of 1973. As of July 17, 2020, NLEB is listed by USFWS (http://www.fws.gov/raleigh/species/cntylist/nc counties.html) as "probable/potential" in Stanly County. The NLEB is not listed for Anson County.

According to the North Carolina Natural Heritage Program (NHP) Biotics Database, most recently updated October 2020, there are no known hibernacula within 25 miles of the project and no known NLEB roost trees occur within 150 feet of the project area.

NCDOT has also reviewed the USFWS Asheville Field office website (http://www.fws.gov/asheville/htmls/project_review/NLEB_in_WNC.html) for consistency with NHP records. This project is located entirely outside of the red highlighted areas (12-digit HUC) that the USFWS Asheville Field Office has determined to be representative of an area that may require consultation. The closest 12 digit (030501010502) red HUC is approximately 109 miles to the northwest (Johns River) in Avery County.

On July 24, 2019, NCDOT biologist assessed Bridge No. 70 for potential NLEB habitat. Suitable roosting crevices were present on the structure, but no evidence (bats, guano, or staining) of bats was observed.

Based on the lack of evidence of bats on the bridge, no known roost trees within 150 feet of the project area, and being 109 miles to the closest 12 digit red HUC, NCDOT recommends a Biological Conclusion of **NO EFFECT** for the NLEB.

Final design and environmental impacts information will be provided in the permit application.

If you need any additional information, please contact Chris Manley at 919-707-6135.

Tribal Coordination

Catawba Indian Nation Tribal Historic Preservation Office 1536 Tom Steven Road Rock Hill, South Carolina 29730

Office 803-328-2427 Fax 803-328-5791



January 15, 2020

Attention: David Stutts NC Department of Transportation 1581 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699

Re. THPO# Project #

Project Description

2020-193-64 B-4407

Replacement of Bridge No. 70 on US 52 over Rocky River in Stanly, Anson County

Dear Mr. Stutts,

The Catawba have no immediate concerns with regard to traditional cultural properties, sacred sites or Native American archaeological sites within the boundaries of the proposed project areas. However, the Catawba are to be notified if Native American artifacts and / or human remains are located during the ground disturbance phase of this project.

If you have questions please contact Caitlin Rogers at 803-328-2427 ext. 226, or e-mail caitlinh@ccppcrafts.com.

Sincerely,

Wenonah G. Haire

Tribal Historic Preservation Officer

Cattle Rogers for

Permit Package

PROJECT COMMITMENTS

TIP No. B-4407
Replacement of Bridge 70 over Rocky River on US 52
Anson and Stanly Counties
Federal Aid Project No. BRNHS-52(22)
WBS Element 38356.3.2

COMMITMENTS FROM PROJECT DEVELOPMENT AND DESIGN

NCDOT Division 10

This project involves construction activities on or adjacent to a FEMA-regulated stream(s). Therefore, the Division will submit sealed as-built construction plans to the NCDOT Hydraulics Unit upon completion of project construction, certifying that the drainage structure(s) and roadway embankment that are located within the 100-year floodplain, were built as shown in the construction plans, both horizontally and vertically.

NCDOT Hydraulic Design Unit

The Hydraulics Unit will coordinate with the NC Floodplain Mapping Program (FMP) to determine the status of the project with regard to applicability of NCDOT's Memorandum of Agreement, or approval of a Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) and subsequent final Letter of Map Revision (LOMR).

Coordination resulted in approval on October 16, 2019 for the FEMA NFIP (National Flood Insurance Program) under NCDOT's MOA with the FMP. This commitment is still valid.

NCDOT Project Management Unit, Roadway Design, Division 10 Construction

NCDOT PMU and Roadway Design Unit will continue to coordinate with the Carolina Thread Trail, to accommodate the proposed trail, blue-way, and parking area, during the final design phase.

Since the completion of the NEPA Document, a parking area has been established with river access via wooden stairs leading down to the Rocky River. This project will avoid impacts to this facility.

Division 10 Construction

A historical marker is located in the northeast quadrant of the existing bridge. Coordination with the North Carolina Department of Cultural Resources (NCDCR) will need to take place, to ensure proper handling and replacement of the historical marker.

Sheet 6 of the Roadway Plans indicate: "Relocate historical marker 1' outside of left proposed paved shoulder."

NCDOT Environmental Analysis Unit, NCDOT Div. 10 Construction

During the course of the archaeological survey, one previously recorded archaeological site was identified (31AN12/134). The core area of site 31AN12/134, described as the "midden" within the upper terrace, is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) under Criterion D, for its information potential. It was recommended that this portion of site 31AN12/134 be avoided. However, if ground disturbing activities are scheduled to take place in this area, then archaeological data recovery investigations will be necessary to mitigate the adverse impacts. In addition, archaeological monitoring of any ground disturbing activities that may impact portions of site 31AN12/134 that lie outside of the NRHP recommended portion of the site was recommended.

The following specifications will be included in the construction plans, and NCDOT will be responsible for ensuring that the contractor adheres to these commitments during the construction phase of the project:

- The contractor will contact Matt Wilkerson at (919) 707-6089 or mtwilkerson@ncdot.gov, when ground-disturbing activities are anticipated on the south side of the Rocky River, in locations designated from "Station 14+20 to Station 34+30" on the contract plans.
- The contractor will provide 72 hours-notice to Mr. Wilkerson, prior to ground-disturbing activities that take place on the south side of the Rocky River, in the locations designated from "Station 14+20 to Station 34+30" on the contract plans. The 72-hour period will begin upon acknowledgment by Mr. Wilkerson that they have received the contact from the contractor.
- Mr. Wilkerson or his designate, will be on-site during the ground disturbing activities that take place on the south side of the Rocky River, to monitor the activities within the locations designated from "Station 14+20 to Station 34+30". Monitoring activities may include: Cleaning and photographing areas exposed during construction, mapping both plan and profile views of open trenches, as well as collecting materials or artifacts exposed during construction. Mr. Wilkerson or his designate, will have the authority to halt all construction work in the monitored location(s) to assess the need for further archaeological excavations.

NCDOT Division 10, Roadside Environmental Unit

NCDOT will adhere to Design Standards in Sensitive Watersheds (DSSW), as the Rocky River is listed in the 2018 Final 303(d) list of impaired waters due to turbidity

COMMITMENTS FROM PERMITTING

No additional commitments have been developed during project permitting.

ROY COOPER Governor DIONNE DELLI-GATTI Secretary S. DANIEL SMITH Director



March 31, 2021 Stanly & Anson Counties NCDWR Project No. 20201506v.1 Replace Bridge 70 on US 52 State Project No. B-4407

APPROVAL of 401 WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATION with ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS

Mr. Philip S. Harris, III, P.E., CPM Environmental Analysis Unit Head 1598 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1598

Dear Mr. Harris:

You have our approval, in accordance with the conditions listed below, for the following impacts for the purpose of replacing bridge 70 on US 52 (B-4407) in Stanly and Anson Counties:

Stream Impacts in the Yadkin-PeeDee River Basin

Site	Bank Stabilization (linear ft)	Temporary Fill in Intermittent Stream (linear ft)	Permanent Fill in Perennial Stream (linear ft)	Temporary Fill in Perennial Stream (linear ft)	Total Stream Impact (linear ft)	Stream Impacts Requiring Mitigation (linear ft)
1 causeway (Anson Co)				30	30	0
2 causeway (Stanly Co)				30	30	0
3 pipe (Stanly Co)				44	44	0
4 causeway (Stanly Co)				30	30	0
5 causeway (Anson Co)				30	30	0
6 (Anson Co) SW outlet	10				10	0
7 pipe (Anson Co)		40			40	0
8 (Anson & Stanly Co)	60				60	0
TOTAL	70	40	0	164	274	0

Total Temporary Stream Impact for Project: 144 linear feet. (several impacts overlap)

Total Permanent Stream Impacts: 70 linear feet

The project shall be constructed in accordance with your application dated received February 12, 2021 and the email received from NC DOT ECAP on March 31, 2021. After reviewing your application, we have decided that these impacts are covered by General Water Quality Certification Number 4134 and 4141. This certification corresponds to the Nationwide Permit 13 and Nationwide Permit 33 issued by the Corps of Engineers. In addition, you should acquire any other federal, state or local permits before you proceed with your project including (but not limited to) Sediment and Erosion Control, Non-Discharge and Water Supply Watershed regulations. This approval will expire with the accompanying 404 permit.

This approval is valid solely for the purpose and design described in your application (unless modified below). Should your project change, you must notify the NCDWR and submit a new application. If the property is sold, the new owner must be given a copy of this Certification and approval letter, and is thereby responsible for complying with all the conditions. If total wetland fills for this project (now or in the future) exceed one acre, or of total



impacts to perennial streams (now or in the future) exceed 300 linear feet, compensatory mitigation may be required as described in 15A NCAC 2H .0506 (h) (6) and (7). For this approval to remain valid, you must adhere to the conditions listed in the attached certification(s) and any additional conditions listed below.

Condition(s) of Certification:

Project Specific Conditions

- The post-construction removal of any temporary bridge structures must return the project site to its
 preconstruction contours and elevations. The impacted areas shall be revegetated with appropriate native
 species. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(2)
- As a condition of this 401 Water Quality Certification, the bridge demolition and construction must be accomplished in strict compliance with the most recent version of NCDOT's Best Management Practices for Construction and Maintenance Activities. [15A NCAC 02H .0507(d)(2) and 15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(5)]
- 3. Bridge deck drains shall not discharge directly into the stream. Stormwater shall be directed across the bridge and pre-treated through site-appropriate means (grassed swales, pre-formed scour holes, vegetated buffers, etc.) before entering the stream. To meet the requirements of NCDOT's NPDES permit NCS000250 [delete if non-DOT project], please refer to the most recent version of the North Carolina Department of Transportation Stormwater Best Management Practices Toolbox manual for approved measures. [15A NCAC 02H .0507(d)(2) and 15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(5)]
- 4. Bridge piles and bents shall be constructed using driven piles (hammer or vibratory) or drilled shaft construction methods. More specifically, jetting or other methods of pile driving are prohibited without prior written approval from the NCDWR first. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- No drill slurry or water that has been in contact with uncured concrete shall be allowed to enter surface waters. This water shall be captured, treated, and disposed of properly. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(3)
- 6. A turbidity curtain will be installed in the stream if driving or drilling activities occur within the stream channel, on the stream bank, or within 5 feet of the top of bank, or during the removal of bents from an old bridge. This condition can be waived with prior approval from the NCDWR. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(3)
- 7. All bridge construction shall be performed from the existing bridge, temporary work bridges, temporary causeways, or floating or sunken barges. If work conditions require barges, they shall be floated into position and then sunk. The barges shall not be sunk and then dragged into position. Under no circumstances should barges be dragged along the bottom of the surface water. [15A NCAC 02H .0506(b)(3)

8.

General Conditions

1. Unless otherwise approved in this certification, placement of culverts and other structures in open waters and streams shall be placed below the elevation of the streambed by one foot for all culverts with a diameter greater than 48 inches, and 20 percent of the culvert diameter for culverts having a diameter less than 48 inches, to allow low flow passage of water and aquatic life. Design and placement of culverts and other structures including temporary erosion control measures shall not be conducted in a manner that may result in dis-equilibrium of wetlands or streambeds or banks, adjacent to or upstream and downstream of the above structures. The applicant is required to provide evidence that the equilibrium is being maintained if requested in writing by NCDWR. If this condition is unable to be met due to bedrock or other limiting features encountered during construction, please contact NCDWR for

- guidance on how to proceed and to determine whether or not a permit modification will be required. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- If concrete is used during construction, a dry work area shall be maintained to prevent direct contact
 between curing concrete and stream water. Water that inadvertently contacts uncured concrete shall
 not be discharged to surface waters due to the potential for elevated pH and possible aquatic life and
 fish kills. [15A NCAC 02B.0200]
- 3. During the construction of the project, no staging of equipment of any kind is permitted in waters of the U.S., or protected riparian buffers. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- The dimension, pattern and profile of the stream above and below the crossing shall not be modified.
 Disturbed floodplains and streams shall be restored to natural geomorphic conditions. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- The use of rip-rap above the Normal High Water Mark shall be minimized. Any rip-rap placed for stream stabilization shall be placed in stream channels in such a manner that it does not impede aquatic life passage. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- 6. The Permittee shall ensure that the final design drawings adhere to the permit and to the permit drawings submitted for approval. [15A NCAC 02H .0507(c) and 15A NCAC 02H .0506 (b)(2) and (c)(2)]
- All work in or adjacent to stream waters shall be conducted in a dry work area. Approved BMP
 measures from the most current version of NCDOT Construction and Maintenance Activities manual
 such as sandbags, rock berms, cofferdams and other diversion structures shall be used to prevent
 excavation in flowing water. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]
- Heavy equipment shall be operated from the banks rather than in the stream channel in order to minimize sedimentation and reduce the introduction of other pollutants into the stream. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3)]
- All mechanized equipment operated near surface waters must be regularly inspected and maintained to
 prevent contamination of stream waters from fuels, lubricants, hydraulic fluids, or other toxic materials.
 [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3)]
- 10. No rock, sand or other materials shall be dredged from the stream channel except where authorized by this certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3)]
- 11. Discharging hydroseed mixtures and washing out hydroseeders and other equipment in or adjacent to surface waters is prohibited. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3)]
- 12. The permittee and its authorized agents shall conduct its activities in a manner consistent with State water quality standards (including any requirements resulting from compliance with §303(d) of the Clean Water Act) and any other appropriate requirements of State and Federal law. If the NCDWR determines that such standards or laws are not being met (including the failure to sustain a designated or achieved use) or that State or federal law is being violated, or that further conditions are necessary to assure compliance, the NCDWR may reevaluate and modify this certification. [15A NCAC 02B.0200]
- 13. All fill slopes located in jurisdictional wetlands shall be placed at slopes no flatter than 3:1, unless otherwise authorized by this certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- 14. A copy of this Water Quality Certification shall be maintained on the construction site at all times. In addition, the Water Quality Certification and all subsequent modifications, if any, shall be maintained with the Division Engineer and the on-site project manager. [15A NCAC 02H .0507(c) and 15A NCAC 02H .0506 (b)(2) and (c)(2)]

- 15. The outside buffer, wetland or water boundary located within the construction corridor approved by this authorization shall be clearly marked by highly visible fencing prior to any land disturbing activities. Impacts to areas within the fencing are prohibited unless otherwise authorized by this certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0501 and .0502]
- 16. The issuance of this certification does not exempt the Permittee from complying with any and all statutes, rules, regulations, or ordinances that may be imposed by other government agencies (i.e. local, state, and federal) having jurisdiction, including but not limited to applicable buffer rules, stormwater management rules, soil erosion and sedimentation control requirements, etc.
- 17. The Permittee shall report any violations of this certification to the Division of Water Resources within 24 hours of discovery. [15A NCAC 02B.0506(b)(2)]
- 18. Upon completion of the project (including any impacts at associated borrow or waste sites), the NCDOT Division Engineer shall complete and return the enclosed "Certification of Completion Form" to notify the NCDWR when all work included in the 401 Certification has been completed. [15A NCAC 02H.0502(f)]
- Native riparian vegetation (ex. Salix nigra, Juncus (spp), Carex (spp), et al.) must be reestablished in the riparian areas within the construction limits of the project by the end of the growing season following completion of construction. [15A NCAC 02B.0231(b)(6)]
- 20. There shall be no excavation from, or waste disposal into, jurisdictional wetlands or waters associated with this permit without appropriate modification. Should waste or borrow sites, or access roads to waste or borrow sites, be located in wetlands or streams, compensatory mitigation will be required since that is a direct impact from road construction activities.[15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]
- 21. Erosion and sediment control practices must be in full compliance with all specifications governing the proper design, installation and operation and maintenance of such Best Management Practices in order to protect surface waters standards [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3]):
 - a. The erosion and sediment control measures for the project must be designed, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the most recent version of the *North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Planning and Design Manual*.
 - b. The design, installation, operation, and maintenance of the sediment and erosion control measures must be such that they equal, or exceed, the requirements specified in the most recent version of the North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Manual. The devices shall be maintained on all construction sites, borrow sites, and waste pile (spoil) projects, including contractor-owned or leased borrow pits associated with the project.
 - c. For borrow pit sites, the erosion and sediment control measures must be designed, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the most recent version of the North Carolina Surface Mining Manual.
 - d. The reclamation measures and implementation must comply with the reclamation in accordance with the requirements of the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act.
- 22. Sediment and erosion control measures shall not be placed in wetlands or waters unless otherwise approved by this Certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]

If you wish to contest any statement in the attached Certification you must file a petition for an administrative hearing. You may obtain the petition form from the office of Administrative hearings. You must file the petition with the office of Administrative Hearings within sixty (60) days of receipt of this notice. A petition is considered filed when it is received in the office of Administrative Hearings during normal office hours. The Office of Administrative Hearings accepts filings Monday through Friday between the hours of 8:00am and 5:00pm, except for official state holidays. The original and one (1) copy of the petition must be filed with the Office of Administrative Hearings.

The petition may be faxed-provided the original and one copy of the document is received by the Office of Administrative Hearings within five (5) business days following the faxed transmission. The mailing address for the Office of Administrative Hearings is:

Office of Administrative Hearings 6714 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-6714

Telephone: (919) 431-3000, Facsimile: (919) 431-3100

A copy of the petition must also be served on DEQ as follows:

Mr. Bill F. Lane, General Counsel Department of Environmental Quality 1601 Mail Service Center

This letter completes the review of the Division of Water Resources under Section 401 of the Clean Water Act. If you have any questions, please contact Donna Hood at (704) 235-2193 or donna.hood@ncdenr.gov.

Sincerely,

DocuSigned by:

Omy Chapman

9C9686312DCD474...

S. Daniel Smith, Director

Division of Water Resources

Electronic copy only distribution:

Eric Alsmeyer, US Army Corps of Engineers, Raleigh Field Office
Joel Howard, Division 10 Environmental Officer
Michael Turchy, NC Department of Transportation
Holland Youngman, US Fish and Wildlife Service
Lauren Wilson, US Fish and Wildlife Service
Marla Chambers, NC Wildlife Resources Commission
Donna Hood, NC Division of Water Resources Mooresville Regional Office
File Copy

ROY COOPER Governor DIONNE DELLI-GATTI Secretary S. DANIEL SMITH Director



	NCDWR Project No.:	County:
	Applicant:	
	Project Name:	
	Date of Issuance of 401 Water Q	Quality Certification:
any subsequent mod Unit, North Carolin may be returned to	fall work approved within the 401 W diffications, the applicant is required to a Division of Water Resources, 1617	ater Quality Certification or applicable Buffer Rules, and o return this certificate to the 401 Transportation Permittin Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC, 27699-1617. This for ant's authorized agent, or the project engineer. It is not
Applicant's Certific	cation	
compliance and inte		state that, to the best of my abilities, due care and diligence the construction was observed to be built within substanti tion and Buffer Rules, the approved plans and
Signature:		Date:
Agent's Certification	on .	
was used in the obse compliance and inte	ervation of the construction such that	state that, to the best of my abilities, due care and diligence the construction was observed to be built within substanti tion and Buffer Rules, the approved plans and
Signature:		Date:
Engineer's Certific	ation	
Partial	Final	
Permittee hereby sta construction such th	en authorized to observe (periodically ate that, to the best of my abilities, du at the construction was observed to b	duly registered Professional Engineer in the State of North v, weekly, full time) the construction of the project for the e care and diligence was used in the observation of the e built within substantial compliance and intent of the 40 ed plans and specifications, and other supporting material
Signature		Registration No
Date		



USFWS IPaC Resource List

IPaC resource list

This report is an automatically generated list of species and other resources such as critical habitat (collectively referred to as *trust resources*) under the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's (USFWS) jurisdiction that are known or expected to be on or near the project area referenced below. The list may also include trust resources that occur outside of the project area, but that could potentially be directly or indirectly affected by activities in the project area. However, determining the likelihood and extent of effects a project may have on trust resources typically requires gathering additional site-specific (e.g., vegetation/species surveys) and project-specific (e.g., magnitude and timing of proposed activities) information.

Below is a summary of the project information you provided and contact information for the USFWS office(s) with jurisdiction in the defined project area. Please read the introduction to each section that follows (Endangered Species, Migratory Birds, USFWS Facilities, and NWI Wetlands) for additional information applicable to the trust resources addressed in that section.

Location

Anson and Stanly counties, North Carolina



Local office

Asheville Ecological Services Field Office

(828) 258-3939

(828) 258-5330

160 Zillicoa Street

NOT FOR CONSULTATION

Asheville, NC 28801-1082

Endangered species

This resource list is for informational purposes only and does not constitute an analysis of project level impacts.

The primary information used to generate this list is the known or expected range of each species. Additional areas of influence (AOI) for species are also considered. An AOI includes areas outside of the species range if the species could be indirectly affected by activities in that area (e.g., placing a dam upstream of a fish population even if that fish does not occur at the dam site, may indirectly impact the species by reducing or eliminating water flow downstream). Because species can move, and site conditions can change, the species on this list are not guaranteed to be found on or near the project area. To fully determine any potential effects to species, additional site-specific and project-specific information is often required.

Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act **requires** Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of such proposed action" for any project that is conducted, permitted, funded, or licensed by any Federal agency. A letter from the local office and a species list which fulfills this requirement can **only** be obtained by requesting an official species list from either the Regulatory Review section in IPaC (see directions below) or from the local field office directly.

For project evaluations that require USFWS concurrence/review, please return to the IPaC website and request an official species list by doing the following:

- 1. Draw the project location and click CONTINUE.
- 2. Click DEFINE PROJECT.
- 3. Log in (if directed to do so).
- 4. Provide a name and description for your project.
- 5. Click REQUEST SPECIES LIST.

Listed species¹ and their critical habitats are managed by the <u>Ecological Services Program</u> of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and the fisheries division of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA Fisheries²).

Species and critical habitats under the sole responsibility of NOAA Fisheries are **not** shown on this list. Please contact <u>NOAA Fisheries</u> for <u>species under their jurisdiction</u>.

1. Species listed under the <u>Endangered Species Act</u> are threatened or endangered; IPaC also shows species that are candidates, or proposed, for listing. See the <u>listing status page</u> for more information. IPaC only shows species that are regulated by USFWS (see FAQ).

2. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

The following species are potentially affected by activities in this location:

Mammals

NAME STATUS

Tricolored Bat Perimyotis subflavus

Proposed Endangered

Wherever found

No critical habitat has been designated for this species.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/10515

Birds

NAME STATUS

Red-cockaded Woodpecker Picoides borealis

Endangered

Wherever found

No critical habitat has been designated for this species.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/7614

Clams

NAME STATUS

Atlantic Pigtoe Fusconaia masoni

Threatened

Wherever found

There is **final** critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5164

Carolina Heelsplitter Lasmigona decorata

Endangered

Wherever found

There is **final** critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3534

Insects

NAME STATUS

Monarch Butterfly Danaus plexippus

Candidate

Wherever found

No critical habitat has been designated for this species.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9743

Flowering Plants

NAME STATUS

Schweinitz's Sunflower Helianthus schweinitzii

Endangered

Wherever found

No critical habitat has been designated for this species.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3849

Critical habitats

Potential effects to critical habitat(s) in this location must be analyzed along with the endangered species themselves.

There are no critical habitats at this location.

Migratory birds

Certain birds are protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act^{1} and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act^{2} .

Any person or organization who plans or conducts activities that may result in impacts to migratory birds, eagles, and their habitats should follow appropriate regulations and consider implementing appropriate conservation measures, as described <u>below</u>.

- 1. The Migratory Birds Treaty Act of 1918.
- 2. The <u>Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act</u> of 1940.

Additional information can be found using the following links:

- Birds of Conservation Concern https://www.fws.gov/program/migratory-birds/species
- Measures for avoiding and minimizing impacts to birds
 https://www.fws.gov/library/collections/avoiding-and-minimizing-incidental-take-migratory-birds
- Nationwide conservation measures for birds https://www.fws.gov/sites/default/files/documents/nationwide-standard-conservation-

measures.pdf

The birds listed below are birds of particular concern either because they occur on the USFWS Birds of Conservation Concern (BCC) list or warrant special attention in your project location. To learn more about the levels of concern for birds on your list and how this list is generated, see the FAQ below. This is not a list of every bird you may find in this location, nor a guarantee that every bird on this list will be found in your project area. To see exact locations of where birders and the general public have sighted birds in and around your project area, visit the E-bird data mapping tool (Tip: enter your location, desired date range and a species on your list). For projects that occur off the Atlantic Coast, additional maps and models detailing the relative occurrence and abundance of bird species on your list are available. Links to additional information about Atlantic Coast birds, and other important information about your migratory bird list, including how to properly interpret and use your migratory bird report, can be found below.

For guidance on when to schedule activities or implement avoidance and minimization measures to reduce impacts to migratory birds on your list, click on the PROBABILITY OF PRESENCE SUMMARY at the top of your list to see when these birds are most likely to be present and breeding in your project area.

NAME	BREEDING SEASON
Bald Eagle Haliaeetus leucocephalus This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.	Breeds Sep 1 to Jul 31
Chimney Swift Chaetura pelagica This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds Mar 15 to Aug 25
Prairie Warbler Dendroica discolor This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds May 1 to Jul 31
Prothonotary Warbler Protonotaria citrea This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds Apr 1 to Jul 31
Red-headed Woodpecker Melanerpes erythrocephalus This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds May 10 to Sep 10

Wood Thrush Hylocichla mustelina

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds May 10 to Aug 31

Probability of Presence Summary

The graphs below provide our best understanding of when birds of concern are most likely to be present in your project area. This information can be used to tailor and schedule your project activities to avoid or minimize impacts to birds. Please make sure you read and understand the FAQ "Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report" before using or attempting to interpret this report.

Probability of Presence (

Each green bar represents the bird's relative probability of presence in the 10km grid cell(s) your project overlaps during a particular week of the year. (A year is represented as 12 4-week months.) A taller bar indicates a higher probability of species presence. The survey effort (see below) can be used to establish a level of confidence in the presence score. One can have higher confidence in the presence score if the corresponding survey effort is also high.

How is the probability of presence score calculated? The calculation is done in three steps:

- 1. The probability of presence for each week is calculated as the number of survey events in the week where the species was detected divided by the total number of survey events for that week. For example, if in week 12 there were 20 survey events and the Spotted Towhee was found in 5 of them, the probability of presence of the Spotted Towhee in week 12 is 0.25.
- 2. To properly present the pattern of presence across the year, the relative probability of presence is calculated. This is the probability of presence divided by the maximum probability of presence across all weeks. For example, imagine the probability of presence in week 20 for the Spotted Towhee is 0.05, and that the probability of presence at week 12 (0.25) is the maximum of any week of the year. The relative probability of presence on week 12 is 0.25/0.25 = 1; at week 20 it is 0.05/0.25 = 0.2.
- 3. The relative probability of presence calculated in the previous step undergoes a statistical conversion so that all possible values fall between 0 and 10, inclusive. This is the probability of presence score.

To see a bar's probability of presence score, simply hover your mouse cursor over the bar.

Breeding Season (

Yellow bars denote a very liberal estimate of the time-frame inside which the bird breeds across its entire range. If there are no yellow bars shown for a bird, it does not breed in your project area.

Survey Effort (1)

Vertical black lines superimposed on probability of presence bars indicate the number of surveys performed for that species in the 10km grid cell(s) your project area overlaps. The number of surveys is expressed as a range, for example, 33 to 64 surveys.

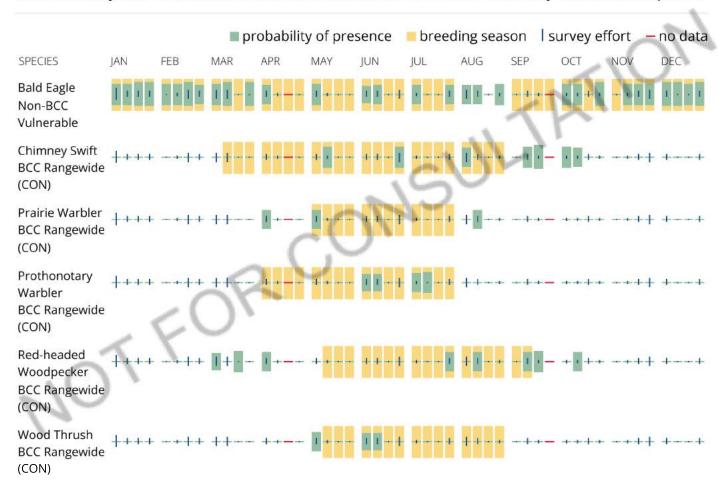
To see a bar's survey effort range, simply hover your mouse cursor over the bar.

No Data (-)

A week is marked as having no data if there were no survey events for that week.

Survey Timeframe

Surveys from only the last 10 years are used in order to ensure delivery of currently relevant information. The exception to this is areas off the Atlantic coast, where bird returns are based on all years of available data, since data in these areas is currently much more sparse.



Tell me more about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds.

Nationwide Conservation Measures describes measures that can help avoid and minimize impacts to all birds at any location year round. Implementation of these measures is particularly important when birds are most likely to occur in the project area. When birds may be breeding in the area, identifying the locations of any active nests and avoiding their destruction is a very helpful impact minimization measure. To see when birds are most likely to occur and be breeding in your project area, view the Probability of Presence Summary. Additional measures or permits may be advisable depending on the type of activity you are conducting and the type of infrastructure or bird species present on your project site.

What does IPaC use to generate the list of migratory birds that potentially occur in my specified location?

The Migratory Bird Resource List is comprised of USFWS <u>Birds of Conservation Concern (BCC)</u> and other species that may warrant special attention in your project location.

The migratory bird list generated for your project is derived from data provided by the <u>Avian Knowledge Network (AKN)</u>. The AKN data is based on a growing collection of <u>survey, banding, and citizen science datasets</u> and is queried and filtered to return a list of those birds reported as occurring in the 10km grid cell(s) which your project intersects, and that have been identified as warranting special attention because they are a BCC species in that area, an eagle (<u>Eagle Act</u> requirements may apply), or a species that has a particular vulnerability to offshore activities or development.

Again, the Migratory Bird Resource list includes only a subset of birds that may occur in your project area. It is not representative of all birds that may occur in your project area. To get a list of all birds potentially present in your project area, please visit the <u>Rapid Avian Information Locator (RAIL) Tool</u>.

What does IPaC use to generate the probability of presence graphs for the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location?

The probability of presence graphs associated with your migratory bird list are based on data provided by the <u>Avian Knowledge Network (AKN)</u>. This data is derived from a growing collection of <u>survey, banding, and citizen science datasets</u>.

Probability of presence data is continuously being updated as new and better information becomes available. To learn more about how the probability of presence graphs are produced and how to interpret them, go the Probability of Presence Summary and then click on the "Tell me about these graphs" link.

How do I know if a bird is breeding, wintering or migrating in my area?

To see what part of a particular bird's range your project area falls within (i.e. breeding, wintering, migrating or year-round), you may query your location using the <u>RAIL Tool</u> and look at the range maps provided for birds in your area at the bottom of the profiles provided for each bird in your results. If a bird on your migratory bird species list has a breeding season associated with it, if that bird does occur in your project area, there may be nests present at some point within the timeframe specified. If "Breeds elsewhere" is indicated, then the bird likely does not breed in your project area.

What are the levels of concern for migratory birds?

Migratory birds delivered through IPaC fall into the following distinct categories of concern:

- 1. "BCC Rangewide" birds are <u>Birds of Conservation Concern</u> (BCC) that are of concern throughout their range anywhere within the USA (including Hawaii, the Pacific Islands, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands);
- 2. "BCC BCR" birds are BCCs that are of concern only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA; and
- 3. "Non-BCC Vulnerable" birds are not BCC species in your project area, but appear on your list either because of the <u>Eagle Act</u> requirements (for eagles) or (for non-eagles) potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities (e.g. offshore energy development or longline fishing).

Although it is important to try to avoid and minimize impacts to all birds, efforts should be made, in particular, to avoid and minimize impacts to the birds on this list, especially eagles and BCC species of rangewide concern. For more information on conservation measures you can implement to help avoid and minimize migratory bird impacts and requirements for eagles, please see the FAQs for these topics.

Details about birds that are potentially affected by offshore projects

For additional details about the relative occurrence and abundance of both individual bird species and groups of bird species within your project area off the Atlantic Coast, please visit the <u>Northeast Ocean Data Portal</u>. The Portal also offers data and information about other taxa besides birds that may be helpful to you in your project review. Alternately, you may download the bird model results files underlying the portal maps through the <u>NOAA NCCOS Integrative Statistical Modeling and Predictive Mapping of Marine Bird Distributions and Abundance on the Atlantic Outer Continental Shelf project webpage.</u>

Bird tracking data can also provide additional details about occurrence and habitat use throughout the year, including migration. Models relying on survey data may not include this information. For additional information on marine bird tracking data, see the <u>Diving Bird Study</u> and the <u>nanotag studies</u> or contact <u>Caleb Spiegel</u> or <u>Pam Loring</u>.

What if I have eagles on my list?

If your project has the potential to disturb or kill eagles, you may need to <u>obtain a permit</u> to avoid violating the Eagle Act should such impacts occur.

Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report

The migratory bird list generated is not a list of all birds in your project area, only a subset of birds of priority concern. To learn more about how your list is generated, and see options for identifying what other birds may be in your project area, please see the FAQ "What does IPaC use to generate the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location". Please be aware this report provides the "probability of presence" of birds within the 10 km grid cell(s) that overlap your project; not your exact project footprint. On the graphs provided, please also look carefully at the survey effort (indicated by the black vertical bar) and for the existence of the "no data" indicator (a red horizontal bar). A high survey effort is the key component. If the survey effort is high, then the probability of presence score can be viewed as more dependable. In contrast, a low survey effort bar or no data bar means a lack of data and, therefore, a lack of certainty about presence of the species. This list is not perfect; it is simply a starting point for identifying what birds of concern have the potential to be in your project area, when they might be there, and if they might be breeding (which means nests might be present). The list helps you know what to look for to confirm presence, and helps guide you in knowing when to implement conservation measures to avoid or minimize potential impacts from your project activities, should presence be confirmed. To learn more about conservation measures, visit the FAQ "Tell me about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds" at the bottom of your migratory bird trust resources page.

Facilities

National Wildlife Refuge lands

Any activity proposed on lands managed by the <u>National Wildlife Refuge</u> system must undergo a 'Compatibility Determination' conducted by the Refuge. Please contact the individual Refuges to discuss any questions or concerns.

There are no refuge lands at this location.

Fish hatcheries

There are no fish hatcheries at this location.

Wetlands in the National Wetlands Inventory (NWI)

Impacts to <u>NWI wetlands</u> and other aquatic habitats may be subject to regulation under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, or other State/Federal statutes.

For more information please contact the Regulatory Program of the local <u>U.S. Army Corps of Engineers District</u>.

Wetland information is not available at this time

This can happen when the National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) map service is unavailable, or for very large projects that intersect many wetland areas. Try again, or visit the <u>NWI map</u> to view wetlands at this location.

Data limitations

The Service's objective of mapping wetlands and deepwater habitats is to produce reconnaissance level information on the location, type and size of these resources. The maps are prepared from the analysis of high altitude imagery. Wetlands are identified based on vegetation, visible hydrology and geography. A margin of error is inherent in the use of imagery; thus, detailed on-the-ground inspection of any particular site may result in revision of the wetland boundaries or classification established through image analysis.

The accuracy of image interpretation depends on the quality of the imagery, the experience of the image analysts, the amount and quality of the collateral data and the amount of ground truth verification work conducted. Metadata should be consulted to determine the date of the source imagery used and any mapping problems.

Wetlands or other mapped features may have changed since the date of the imagery or field work. There may be occasional differences in polygon boundaries or classifications between the information depicted on the map and the actual conditions on site.

Data exclusions

Certain wetland habitats are excluded from the National mapping program because of the limitations of aerial imagery as the primary data source used to detect wetlands. These habitats include seagrasses or submerged aquatic vegetation that are found in the intertidal and subtidal zones of estuaries and nearshore coastal waters. Some deepwater reef communities (coral or tuberficid worm reefs) have also been excluded from the inventory. These habitats, because of their depth, go undetected by aerial imagery.

Data precautions

Federal, state, and local regulatory agencies with jurisdiction over wetlands may define and describe wetlands in a different manner than that used in this inventory. There is no attempt, in either the design or products of this inventory, to define the limits of proprietary jurisdiction of any Federal, state, or local government or to establish the geographical scope of the regulatory programs of government agencies. Persons intending to engage in activities involving modifications within or adjacent to wetland areas should seek the advice of appropriate Federal, state, or local agencies concerning specified agency regulatory programs and proprietary jurisdictions that may affect such activities.

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