



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

MICHAEL F. EASLEY
GOVERNOR

LYNDO TIPPETT
SECRETARY

December 21, 2007

U. S. Army Corps of Engineers
151 Patton Avenue
Room 208
Asheville, NC 28801-5006

ATTN: Mr. David Baker
NCDOT Coordinator

Subject: **Clean Water Act Nationwide Permit 33** application for replacement of Bridge No. 262 on SR 3452 (Upper Glady Fork Road) over South Hominy Creek, Federal Aid No. BRZ-3452(1), State Project No. 8.2844701, Buncombe County, Division 13, TIP No. B-4037. WBS Element No. 33403.1.1.

Dear Sir:

Please see the enclosed pre-construction notification, permit drawings, design plans and Rapanos jurisdictional determination form for the subject project. A Categorical Exclusion (February 2005) and Right of Way Consultation (August 2006) were completed for this project and distributed shortly thereafter. Additional copies are available upon request. The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) proposes to replace the 82.3 foot, two span Bridge No. 262 with a single span steel plate girder replacement bridge of approximately 180 feet in length. The new structure will be built approximately 400 feet upstream of the existing bridge. During construction, traffic will be maintained on the existing bridge. There will be a total of 0.06 acres of temporary impact to the South Hominy Creek due to the use of construction causeways.

IMPACTS TO WATERS OF THE UNITED STATES

General Description: There is one jurisdictional stream on the project site: South Hominy Creek. This water resource is located in the French Broad River Basin (subbasin 04-03-02, Hydrological Cataloguing Unit 06010106). The North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ) index number for the South Hominy Creek is 6-76-5. South Hominy

MAILING ADDRESS:
NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
PROJECT DEVELOPMENT AND ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS
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RALEIGH NC 27699-1598

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FAX: 919-715-1501

WEBSITE: WWW.DOH.DOT.STATE.NC.US

LOCATION:
2728 CAPITOL BOULEVARD
PARKER LINCOLN BUILDING, SUITE 168
RALEIGH NC 27699

Creek is classified by the Division of Water Quality as a **C-Tr** water body. South Hominy Creek is listed as a 303(d) stream for impaired biological integrity. There are no 303(d) streams due to sediment within one mile of the project. Neither High Quality Waters (HQW), Water Supplies (WS-I or WS-II) nor Outstanding Resource Waters (ORW) occur in the project area or within 1.0 mile downstream of waters in the project area. The average baseflow width of the South Hominy Creek is approximately 30 feet. Average depth is approximately 1-2 feet.

Permanent Impacts: There are no permanent impacts associated with this project

Temporary Impacts: The use of a causeway for the removal an interior bent from the existing bridge will result in 0.06 acres of temporary impact to South Hominy Creek. The causeway is designed so that no more than half of the stream will be blocked at any time.

Bridge Demolition: The superstructure of Bridge No. 262 consists of a timber floor on I-beams with an asphalt wearing surface and timber railing. The substructure of the bridge consists of reinforced concrete abutments, and one interior bent consisting of timber caps on timber piles with timber sills. The bridge has 2 equal spans that total 82 feet in length. A causeway will be used for the removal of the interior bent. Bridge No. 262, including it's interior bent will be removed without appreciable fill in "Waters of the United States".

Utility Impacts: There are no utilities attached to the existing structure, and there will be no impacts to jurisdictional waters due to utilities.

Schedule: The project schedule calls for a July 15, 2008 Let date with a date of availability on August 26, 2008. The review date for the project is May 27, 2008.

FEDERALLY PROTECTED SPECIES

Plants and animals with federal classifications of Endangered, Threatened, Proposed Endangered and Proposed Threatened are protected under provisions of Section 7 and Section 9 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended. As of May 10, 2007 the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) list 13 species under federal protection for Buncombe County (Table 1). Surveys have determined that there is no suitable habitat for the listed species. The NC Natural Heritage database of rare species and unique habitats was reviewed in September 2007. There is no documentation of rare species or unique habitats occurring within 1 mile of the project area.

Table 1. Species Under Federal Protection in Buncombe County

Common Name	Scientific Name	Federal Status	Habitat	Biological Conclusion
Bog turtle	<i>Clemmys muhlenbergii</i>	T (S/A)	No	Not required
Carolina northern flying squirrel	<i>Glaucomys sabrinus coloratus</i>	E	No	No Effect
Spotfin chub	<i>Hybopsis monacha</i>	T	No	No Effect
Gray bat	<i>Myotis grisescens</i>	E	No	No Effect
Eastern cougar	<i>Puma concolor cougar</i>	E	No	No Effect
Appalachian elktoe	<i>Alasmidonta raveneliana</i>	E	No	No Effect
Oyster mussel	<i>Epioblasma capsaeformis</i>	E	No	No Effect
Tan riffleshell	<i>Epioblasma florentina walkeri</i>	E	No	No Effect
Bunched arrowhead	<i>Sagittaria fasciculata</i>	E	No	No Effect
Mountain sweet pitcher plant	<i>Sarracenia jonesii</i>	E	No	No Effect
Spreading avens	<i>Geum radiatum</i>	E	No	No Effect
Virginia spiraea	<i>Spiraea virginiana</i>	T	No	No Effect
Rock gnome lichen	<i>Gymnoderma lineare</i>	E	No	No Effect

AVOIDANCE, MINIMIZATION AND MITIGATION

Avoidance and Minimization:

Avoidance examines all appropriate and practicable possibilities of averting impacts to “Waters of the United States”. The NCDOT is committed to incorporating all reasonable and practicable design features to avoid and minimize jurisdictional impacts, and to provide full compensatory mitigation of all remaining, unavoidable jurisdictional stages; minimization measures were incorporated as part of the project design.

- Best Management Practices will be followed for this project as outlined in “NCDOT’s Best Management Practices for Construction and Maintenance Activities”.
- Best Management Practices will be used during demolition of the existing bridge.
- NCDOT will implement erosion and sedimentation control measures, as specified by NCDOT’s “Design Standards in Sensitive Watersheds”.
- Use of a single span structure.
- The current 82.3 foot bridge will be replaced with a bridge 180 feet in length allowing increased access to the floodplain.
- There will be no deck drains allowed to discharge directing into South Hominy Creek.
- Preformed scour holes will be used to treat stormwater from the bridge and adjacent road before entering the stream.
- Traffic will be maintained on the existing bridge during construction.
- There will be an in-stream and 25 foot buffer work moratorium from October 15 to April 15 for protection of trout.

Mitigation:

There are no permanent impacts associated with this project, therefore mitigation is not required.

REGULATORY APPROVALS

Section 404 Permit: It is anticipated that the construction of causeway will be authorized under Section 404 Nationwide Permit No. 33 (Temporary Construction Access and Dewatering). We are therefore requesting the issuance of a Nationwide Permit 33 authorizing the temporary dewatering of the South Hominy Creek.

Section 401 Permit: We anticipate 401 General Certification No. 3688 will apply to this project. All general WQC conditions will be adhered to during project construction. Therefore, in accordance with 15A NCAC 2H, Section .0500(a) and 15A NCAC 2B.0200 we are providing two copies of this application to the North Carolina Department of Environmental and Natural Resources, Division of Water Quality, for their notification.

This project is located in a trout county, therefore comments from the North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission (NCWRC) will be required prior to authorization by the Corps of Engineers. By copy of this letter and attachment, NCDOT hereby requests NCWRC review. NCDOT requests that NCWRC forward their comments to the Corps of Engineers and the NCDOT within 30 calendar days of receipt of this application.

Thank you for your assistance with this project. If you have any questions or need additional information please contact Jason Dilday at jldilday@dot.state.nc.us or (919) 715-5535. The application will be posted at <http://207.4.62.65/PDEA/PermApps/>.

Sincerely,



for

Gregory J. Thorpe, Ph.D
Environmental Management Director, PDEA

cc:

W/attachment

Mr. John Hennessy, NCDWQ (2 Copies)
Ms. Marella Buncick, USFWS
Ms. Marla Chambers, NCWRC
Mr. Harold Draper, TVA

W/o attachment

Dr. David Chang, P.E., Hydraulics
Mr. Victor Barbour, P.E., Project Services Unit
Mr. Greg Perfetti, P.E., Structure Design
Mr. Mark Staley, Roadside Environmental
Mr. J.J. Swain, P.E. (Div. 13), Division Engineer
Mr. Roger Bryan (Div. 13), DEO
Mr. Jay Bennett, P.E., Roadway Design
Mr. Majed Alghandour, P. E., Programming and TIP
Mr. Art McMillan, P.E., Highway Design
Mr. Scott McLendon, USACE, Wilmington
Mr. Joseph Miller, P.E., PDEA Project Planning Engineer

Office Use Only:

Form Version March 05

USACE Action ID No. _____ DWQ No. _____

(If any particular item is not applicable to this project, please enter "Not Applicable" or "N/A".)

I. Processing

1. Check all of the approval(s) requested for this project:

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Section 404 Permit | <input type="checkbox"/> Riparian or Watershed Buffer Rules |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Section 10 Permit | <input type="checkbox"/> Isolated Wetland Permit from DWQ |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 401 Water Quality Certification | <input type="checkbox"/> Express 401 Water Quality Certification |

2. Nationwide, Regional or General Permit Number(s) Requested: Nationwide 33

3. If this notification is solely a courtesy copy because written approval for the 401 Certification is not required, check here:

4. If payment into the North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (NCEEP) is proposed for mitigation of impacts, attach the acceptance letter from NCEEP, complete section VIII, and check here:

5. If your project is located in any of North Carolina's twenty coastal counties (listed on page 4), and the project is within a North Carolina Division of Coastal Management Area of Environmental Concern (see the top of page 2 for further details), check here:

II. Applicant Information

1. Owner/Applicant Information

Name: Gregory J. Thorpe, Ph.D., Environmental Management Director
Mailing Address: 1598 Mail Service Center

Telephone Number: (919) 733-3141 Fax Number: (919) 733-9794

E-mail Address: jldilday@dot.state.nc.us

2. Agent/Consultant Information (A signed and dated copy of the Agent Authorization letter must be attached if the Agent has signatory authority for the owner/applicant.)

Name: _____

Company Affiliation: _____

Mailing Address: _____

Telephone Number: _____ Fax Number: _____

E-mail Address: _____

III. Project Information

Attach a **vicinity map** clearly showing the location of the property with respect to local landmarks such as towns, rivers, and roads. Also provide a detailed **site plan** showing property boundaries and development plans in relation to surrounding properties. Both the vicinity map and site plan must include a scale and north arrow. The specific footprints of all buildings, impervious surfaces, or other facilities must be included. If possible, the maps and plans should include the appropriate USGS Topographic Quad Map and NRCS Soil Survey with the property boundaries outlined. Plan drawings, or other maps may be included at the applicant's discretion, so long as the property is clearly defined. For administrative and distribution purposes, the USACE requires information to be submitted on sheets no larger than 11 by 17-inch format; however, DWQ may accept paperwork of any size. DWQ prefers full-size construction drawings rather than a sequential sheet version of the full-size plans. If full-size plans are reduced to a small scale such that the final version is illegible, the applicant will be informed that the project has been placed on hold until decipherable maps are provided.

1. Name of project: Bridge No. 262 over South Hominy Creek
2. T.I.P. Project Number or State Project Number (NCDOT Only): B-4037
3. Property Identification Number (Tax PIN): N/A
4. Location
County: Buncombe Nearest Town: Enka, Asheville
Subdivision name (include phase/lot number): N/A
Directions to site (include road numbers/names, landmarks, etc.): SR3452 (Upper Gladys Fork Road)
5. Site coordinates (For linear projects, such as a road or utility line, attach a sheet that separately lists the coordinates for each crossing of a distinct waterbody.)
Decimal Degrees (6 digits minimum): 35'30'03' °N -82'42'26' °W
6. Property size (acres): N/A
7. Name of nearest receiving body of water: South Hominy Creek
8. River Basin: French Broad Basin
(Note – this must be one of North Carolina's seventeen designated major river basins. The River Basin map is available at <http://h2o.enr.state.nc.us/admin/maps/>.)
9. Describe the existing conditions on the site and general land use in the vicinity of the project at the time of this application: Forested and residential communities

10. Describe the overall project in detail, including the type of equipment to be used: Bridge No. 262 replaced with a single span bridge on a new alignment approximately 400 feet upstream using standard bridge demolition and construction equipment.

11. Explain the purpose of the proposed work: Improve the safety of travelers along SR 3452 by replacing a structurally obsolete structure and improve road alignment.

IV. Prior Project History

If jurisdictional determinations and/or permits have been requested and/or obtained for this project (including all prior phases of the same subdivision) in the past, please explain. Include the USACE Action ID Number, DWQ Project Number, application date, and date permits and certifications were issued or withdrawn. Provide photocopies of previously issued permits, certifications or other useful information. Describe previously approved wetland, stream and buffer impacts, along with associated mitigation (where applicable). If this is a NCDOT project, list and describe permits issued for prior segments of the same T.I.P. project, along with construction schedules. N/A

V. Future Project Plans

Are any future permit requests anticipated for this project? If so, describe the anticipated work, and provide justification for the exclusion of this work from the current application.

N/A

VI. Proposed Impacts to Waters of the United States/Waters of the State

It is the applicant's (or agent's) responsibility to determine, delineate and map all impacts to wetlands, open water, and stream channels associated with the project. Each impact must be listed separately in the tables below (e.g., culvert installation should be listed separately from riprap dissipater pads). Be sure to indicate if an impact is temporary. All proposed impacts, permanent and temporary, must be listed, and must be labeled and clearly identifiable on an accompanying site plan. All wetlands and waters, and all streams (intermittent and perennial) should be shown on a delineation map, whether or not impacts are proposed to these systems. Wetland and stream evaluation and delineation forms should be included as appropriate. Photographs may be included at the applicant's discretion. If this proposed impact is strictly for wetland or stream mitigation, list and describe the impact in Section VIII below. If additional space is needed for listing or description, please attach a separate sheet.

1. Provide a written description of the proposed impacts: 0.06 acres (98 sq ft) of temporary impact due to the use of a causeway for removal of an interior bent from the existing bridge.

2. Individually list wetland impacts. Types of impacts include, but are not limited to mechanized clearing, grading, fill, excavation, flooding, ditching/drainage, etc. For dams, separately list impacts due to both structure and flooding.

Wetland Impact Site Number (indicate on map)	Type of Impact	Type of Wetland (e.g., forested, marsh, herbaceous, bog, etc.)	Located within 100-year Floodplain (yes/no)	Distance to Nearest Stream (linear feet)	Area of Impact (acres)
No wetlands					
Total Wetland Impact (acres)					0

3. List the total acreage (estimated) of all existing wetlands on the property: 0

4. Individually list all intermittent and perennial stream impacts. Be sure to identify temporary impacts. Stream impacts include, but are not limited to placement of fill or culverts, dam construction, flooding, relocation, stabilization activities (e.g., cement walls, rip-rap, crib walls, gabions, etc.), excavation, ditching/straightening, etc. If stream relocation is proposed, plans and profiles showing the linear footprint for both the original and relocated streams must be included. To calculate acreage, multiply length X width, then divide by 43,560.

Stream Impact Number (indicate on map)	Stream Name	Type of Impact	Perennial or Intermittent?	Average Stream Width Before Impact	Impact Length (linear feet)	Area of Impact (acres)
Site 1	South Hominy Creek	Temporary	Perennial	30	100	0.06
Total Permanent Stream Impact (by length and acreage)					100	0.06

5. Individually list all open water impacts (including lakes, ponds, estuaries, sounds, Atlantic Ocean and any other water of the U.S.). Open water impacts include, but are not limited to fill, excavation, dredging, flooding, drainage, bulkheads, etc.

Open Water Impact Site Number (indicate on map)	Name of Waterbody (if applicable)	Type of Impact	Type of Waterbody (lake, pond, estuary, sound, bay, ocean, etc.)	Area of Impact (acres)
No Impacts				
Total Open Water Impact (acres)				0

6. List the cumulative impact to all Waters of the U.S. resulting from the project:

Stream Impact (acres):	0.06 (temporary)
Wetland Impact (acres):	0
Open Water Impact (acres):	0
Total Impact to Waters of the U.S. (acres)	0.06 (temporary)
Total Stream Impact (linear feet):	100 (temporary)

7. Isolated Waters

Do any isolated waters exist on the property? Yes No

Describe all impacts to isolated waters, and include the type of water (wetland or stream) and the size of the proposed impact (acres or linear feet). Please note that this section only applies to waters that have specifically been determined to be isolated by the USACE.

8. Pond Creation

If construction of a pond is proposed, associated wetland and stream impacts should be included above in the wetland and stream impact sections. Also, the proposed pond should be described here and illustrated on any maps included with this application.

Pond to be created in (check all that apply): uplands stream wetlands

Describe the method of construction (e.g., dam/embankment, excavation, installation of draw-down valve or spillway, etc.): _____

Proposed use or purpose of pond (e.g., livestock watering, irrigation, aesthetic, trout pond, local stormwater requirement, etc.): _____

Current land use in the vicinity of the pond: _____

Size of watershed draining to pond: _____ Expected pond surface area: _____

VII. Impact Justification (Avoidance and Minimization)

Specifically describe measures taken to avoid the proposed impacts. It may be useful to provide information related to site constraints such as topography, building ordinances, accessibility, and financial viability of the project. The applicant may attach drawings of alternative, lower-impact site layouts, and explain why these design options were not feasible. Also discuss how impacts were minimized once the desired site plan was developed. If applicable, discuss construction techniques to be followed during construction to reduce impacts. Traffic will be maintained on

the existing bridge during construction. The new bridge will be a spanning structure. No permanent impacts will occur with the project.

VIII. Mitigation

DWQ - In accordance with 15A NCAC 2H .0500, mitigation may be required by the NC Division of Water Quality for projects involving greater than or equal to one acre of impacts to freshwater wetlands or greater than or equal to 150 linear feet of total impacts to perennial streams.

USACE – In accordance with the Final Notice of Issuance and Modification of Nationwide Permits, published in the Federal Register on January 15, 2002, mitigation will be required when necessary to ensure that adverse effects to the aquatic environment are minimal. Factors including size and type of proposed impact and function and relative value of the impacted aquatic resource will be considered in determining acceptability of appropriate and practicable mitigation as proposed. Examples of mitigation that may be appropriate and practicable include, but are not limited to: reducing the size of the project; establishing and maintaining wetland and/or upland vegetated buffers to protect open waters such as streams; and replacing losses of aquatic resource functions and values by creating, restoring, enhancing, or preserving similar functions and values, preferable in the same watershed.

If mitigation is required for this project, a copy of the mitigation plan must be attached in order for USACE or DWQ to consider the application complete for processing. Any application lacking a required mitigation plan or NCEEP concurrence shall be placed on hold as incomplete. An applicant may also choose to review the current guidelines for stream restoration in DWQ's Draft Technical Guide for Stream Work in North Carolina, available at <http://h2o.enr.state.nc.us/ncwetlands/strmgide.html>.

1. Provide a brief description of the proposed mitigation plan. The description should provide as much information as possible, including, but not limited to: site location (attach directions and/or map, if offsite), affected stream and river basin, type and amount (acreage/linear feet) of mitigation proposed (restoration, enhancement, creation, or preservation), a plan view, preservation mechanism (e.g., deed restrictions, conservation easement, etc.), and a description of the current site conditions and proposed method of construction. Please attach a separate sheet if more space is needed.

There are no permanent impacts with this project. No mitigation is proposed.

2. Mitigation may also be made by payment into the North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (NCEEP). Please note it is the applicant's responsibility to contact the NCEEP at (919) 715-0476 to determine availability, and written approval from the NCEEP indicating

that they are will to accept payment for the mitigation must be attached to this form. For additional information regarding the application process for the NCEEP, check the NCEEP website at <http://h2o.enr.state.nc.us/wrp/index.htm>. If use of the NCEEP is proposed, please check the appropriate box on page five and provide the following information:

Amount of stream mitigation requested (linear feet): 0
 Amount of buffer mitigation requested (square feet): 0
 Amount of Riparian wetland mitigation requested (acres): 0
 Amount of Non-riparian wetland mitigation requested (acres): 0
 Amount of Coastal wetland mitigation requested (acres): 0

IX. Environmental Documentation (required by DWQ)

1. Does the project involve an expenditure of public (federal/state/local) funds or the use of public (federal/state) land? Yes No
2. If yes, does the project require preparation of an environmental document pursuant to the requirements of the National or North Carolina Environmental Policy Act (NEPA/SEPA)?
 Note: If you are not sure whether a NEPA/SEPA document is required, call the SEPA coordinator at (919) 733-5083 to review current thresholds for environmental documentation.
 Yes No
3. If yes, has the document review been finalized by the State Clearinghouse? If so, please attach a copy of the NEPA or SEPA final approval letter. Yes No

X. Proposed Impacts on Riparian and Watershed Buffers (required by DWQ)

It is the applicant's (or agent's) responsibility to determine, delineate and map all impacts to required state and local buffers associated with the project. The applicant must also provide justification for these impacts in Section VII above. All proposed impacts must be listed herein, and must be clearly identifiable on the accompanying site plan. All buffers must be shown on a map, whether or not impacts are proposed to the buffers. Correspondence from the DWQ Regional Office may be included as appropriate. Photographs may also be included at the applicant's discretion.

1. Will the project impact protected riparian buffers identified within 15A NCAC 2B .0233 (Neuse), 15A NCAC 2B .0259 (Tar-Pamlico), 15A NCAC 02B .0243 (Catawba) 15A NCAC 2B .0250 (Randleman Rules and Water Supply Buffer Requirements), or other (please identify _____)? Yes No
2. If "yes", identify the square feet and acreage of impact to each zone of the riparian buffers. If buffer mitigation is required calculate the required amount of mitigation by applying the buffer multipliers.

Zone*	Impact (square feet)	Multiplier	Required Mitigation
1		3 (2 for Catawba)	

2		1.5	
Total			

* Zone 1 extends out 30 feet perpendicular from the top of the near bank of channel; Zone 2 extends an additional 20 feet from the edge of Zone 1.

3. If buffer mitigation is required, please discuss what type of mitigation is proposed (i.e., Donation of Property, Riparian Buffer Restoration / Enhancement, or Payment into the Riparian Buffer Restoration Fund). Please attach all appropriate information as identified within 15A NCAC 2B .0242 or .0244, or .0260. N/A
-
-

XI. Stormwater (required by DWQ)

Describe impervious acreage (existing and proposed) versus total acreage on the site. Discuss stormwater controls proposed in order to protect surface waters and wetlands downstream from the property. If percent impervious surface exceeds 20%, please provide calculations demonstrating total proposed impervious level. Impervious surfaces will increase only slightly due to the new alignment of the road.

XII. Sewage Disposal (required by DWQ)

Clearly detail the ultimate treatment methods and disposition (non-discharge or discharge) of wastewater generated from the proposed project, or available capacity of the subject facility.

N/A

XIII. Violations (required by DWQ)

Is this site in violation of DWQ Wetland Rules (15A NCAC 2H .0500) or any Buffer Rules?

Yes No

Is this an after-the-fact permit application? Yes No

XIV. Cumulative Impacts (required by DWQ)

Will this project (based on past and reasonably anticipated future impacts) result in additional development, which could impact nearby downstream water quality? Yes No

If yes, please submit a qualitative or quantitative cumulative impact analysis in accordance with the most recent North Carolina Division of Water Quality policy posted on our website at <http://h2o.enr.state.nc.us/ncwetlands>. If no, please provide a short narrative description: _____

XV. Other Circumstances (Optional):

It is the applicant's responsibility to submit the application sufficiently in advance of desired construction dates to allow processing time for these permits. However, an applicant may choose to list constraints associated with construction or sequencing that may impose limits on work schedules (e.g., draw-down schedules for lakes, dates associated with Endangered and Threatened Species, accessibility problems, or other issues outside of the applicant's control).

N/A

E. L. Lusk

12-21-07

Applicant/Agent's Signature

Date

(Agent's signature is valid only if an authorization letter from the applicant is provided.)

APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION FORM
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

This form should be completed by following the instructions provided in Section IV of the JD Form Instructional Guidebook.

SECTION I: BACKGROUND INFORMATION

A. REPORT COMPLETION DATE FOR APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (JD):

B. DISTRICT OFFICE, FILE NAME, AND NUMBER: B-4037 (Bridge No. 262 on SR 3452 over South Hominy Creek)

C. PROJECT LOCATION AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

State: NC County/parish/borough: Buncombe City: Enka/Asheville
Center coordinates of site (lat/long in degree decimal format): Lat. 35°30'03" **N**, Long. 82°42'26" **W**.
Universal Transverse Mercator:

Name of nearest waterbody: South Hominy Creek

Name of nearest Traditional Navigable Water (TNW) into which the aquatic resource flows: South Hominy Creek

Name of watershed or Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC): 06010106

Check if map/diagram of review area and/or potential jurisdictional areas is/are available upon request.

Check if other sites (e.g., offsite mitigation sites, disposal sites, etc...) are associated with this action and are recorded on a different JD form.

D. REVIEW PERFORMED FOR SITE EVALUATION (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):

Office (Desk) Determination. Date:

Field Determination. Date(s):

SECTION II: SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

A. RHA SECTION 10 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION.

There **Are** "navigable waters of the U.S." within Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 329) in the review area. [Required]

Waters subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

Waters are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
Explain: South Hominy Creek is used by recreational canoers.

B. CWA SECTION 404 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION.

There **Are** "waters of the U.S." within Clean Water Act (CWA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 328) in the review area. [Required]

1. Waters of the U.S.

a. Indicate presence of waters of U.S. in review area (check all that apply):¹

- TNWs, including territorial seas
- Wetlands adjacent to TNWs
- Relatively permanent waters² (RPWs) that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs
- Non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs
- Wetlands directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs
- Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs
- Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs
- Impoundments of jurisdictional waters
- Isolated (interstate or intrastate) waters, including isolated wetlands

b. Identify (estimate) size of waters of the U.S. in the review area:

Non-wetland waters: 900 linear feet: 30 width (ft) and/or acres.

Wetlands: acres.

c. Limits (boundaries) of jurisdiction based on: **Pick List**

Elevation of established OHWM (if known):

2. Non-regulated waters/wetlands (check if applicable):³

Potentially jurisdictional waters and/or wetlands were assessed within the review area and determined to be not jurisdictional.
Explain:

¹ Boxes checked below shall be supported by completing the appropriate sections in Section III below.

² For purposes of this form, an RPW is defined as a tributary that is not a TNW and that typically flows year-round or has continuous flow at least "seasonally" (e.g., typically 3 months).

³ Supporting documentation is presented in Section III.F.

SECTION III: CWA ANALYSIS

A. TNWs AND WETLANDS ADJACENT TO TNWs

The agencies will assert jurisdiction over TNWs and wetlands adjacent to TNWs. If the aquatic resource is a TNW, complete Section III.A.1 and Section III.D.1. only; if the aquatic resource is a wetland adjacent to a TNW, complete Sections III.A.1 and 2 and Section III.D.1.; otherwise, see Section III.B below.

1. **TNW**

Identify TNW: **South Hominy Creek.**

Summarize rationale supporting determination: **Favored route of recreational canoers.**

2. **Wetland adjacent to TNW**

Summarize rationale supporting conclusion that wetland is "adjacent":

B. CHARACTERISTICS OF TRIBUTARY (THAT IS NOT A TNW) AND ITS ADJACENT WETLANDS (IF ANY):

This section summarizes information regarding characteristics of the tributary and its adjacent wetlands, if any, and it helps determine whether or not the standards for jurisdiction established under *Rapanos* have been met.

The agencies will assert jurisdiction over non-navigable tributaries of TNWs where the tributaries are "relatively permanent waters" (RPWs), i.e. tributaries that typically flow year-round or have continuous flow at least seasonally (e.g., typically 3 months). A wetland that directly abuts an RPW is also jurisdictional. If the aquatic resource is not a TNW, but has year-round (perennial) flow, skip to Section III.D.2. If the aquatic resource is a wetland directly abutting a tributary with perennial flow, skip to Section III.D.4.

A wetland that is adjacent to but that does not directly abut an RPW requires a significant nexus evaluation. Corps districts and EPA regions will include in the record any available information that documents the existence of a significant nexus between a relatively permanent tributary that is not perennial (and its adjacent wetlands if any) and a traditional navigable water, even though a significant nexus finding is not required as a matter of law.

If the waterbody⁴ is not an RPW, or a wetland directly abutting an RPW, a JD will require additional data to determine if the waterbody has a significant nexus with a TNW. If the tributary has adjacent wetlands, the significant nexus evaluation must consider the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands. This significant nexus evaluation that combines, for analytical purposes, the tributary and all of its adjacent wetlands is used whether the review area identified in the JD request is the tributary, or its adjacent wetlands, or both. If the JD covers a tributary with adjacent wetlands, complete Section III.B.1 for the tributary, Section III.B.2 for any onsite wetlands, and Section III.B.3 for all wetlands adjacent to that tributary, both onsite and offsite. The determination whether a significant nexus exists is determined in Section III.C below.

1. **Characteristics of non-TNWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNW**

(i) **General Area Conditions:**

Watershed size: **square miles**
Drainage area: **square miles**
Average annual rainfall: inches
Average annual snowfall: inches

(ii) **Physical Characteristics:**

(a) **Relationship with TNW:**

- Tributary flows directly into TNW.
 Tributary flows through **10 (or more)** tributaries before entering TNW.

Project waters are **30 (or more)** river miles from TNW.
Project waters are **1 (or less)** river miles from RPW.
Project waters are **30 (or more)** aerial (straight) miles from TNW.
Project waters are **1 (or less)** aerial (straight) miles from RPW.
Project waters cross or serve as state boundaries. Explain:

Identify flow route to TNW⁵:
Tributary stream order, if known:

⁴ Note that the Instructional Guidebook contains additional information regarding swales, ditches, washes, and erosional features generally and in the arid West.

⁵ Flow route can be described by identifying, e.g., tributary a, which flows through the review area, to flow into tributary b, which then flows into TNW.

(b) General Tributary Characteristics (check all that apply):

Tributary is: Natural
 Artificial (man-made). Explain:
 Manipulated (man-altered). Explain:

Tributary properties with respect to top of bank (estimate):

Average width: feet
Average depth: feet
Average side slopes: **Vertical (1:1 or less).**

Primary tributary substrate composition (check all that apply):

Silts Sands Concrete
 Cobbles Gravel Muck
 Bedrock Vegetation. Type/% cover:
 Other. Explain:

Tributary condition/stability [e.g., highly eroding, sloughing banks]. Explain:

Presence of run/riffle/pool complexes. Explain:

Tributary geometry: **Relatively straight**

Tributary gradient (approximate average slope): %

(c) Flow:

Tributary provides for: **Intermittent but not seasonal flow**

Estimate average number of flow events in review area/year: **20 (or greater)**

Describe flow regime:

Other information on duration and volume:

Surface flow is: **Discrete and confined.** Characteristics:

Subsurface flow: **Unknown.** Explain findings:

Dye (or other) test performed:

Tributary has (check all that apply):

Bed and banks
 OHWM⁶ (check all indicators that apply):
 clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris
 changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation
 shelving the presence of wrack line
 vegetation matted down, bent, or absent sediment sorting
 leaf litter disturbed or washed away scour
 sediment deposition multiple observed or predicted flow events
 water staining abrupt change in plant community
 other (list):
 Discontinuous OHWM.⁷ Explain:

If factors other than the OHWM were used to determine lateral extent of CWA jurisdiction (check all that apply):

High Tide Line indicated by: Mean High Water Mark indicated by:
 oil or scum line along shore objects survey to available datum;
 fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings;
 physical markings/characteristics vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
 tidal gauges
 other (list):

(iii) **Chemical Characteristics:**

Characterize tributary (e.g., water color is clear, discolored, oily film; water quality; general watershed characteristics, etc.).

Explain:

Identify specific pollutants, if known:

⁶A natural or man-made discontinuity in the OHWM does not necessarily sever jurisdiction (e.g., where the stream temporarily flows underground, or where the OHWM has been removed by development or agricultural practices). Where there is a break in the OHWM that is unrelated to the waterbody's flow regime (e.g., flow over a rock outcrop or through a culvert), the agencies will look for indicators of flow above and below the break.

⁷Ibid.

(iv) **Biological Characteristics. Channel supports (check all that apply):**

- Riparian corridor. Characteristics (type, average width):
- Wetland fringe. Characteristics:
- Habitat for:
 - Federally Listed species. Explain findings:
 - Fish/spawn areas. Explain findings:
 - Other environmentally-sensitive species. Explain findings:
 - Aquatic/wildlife diversity. Explain findings:

2. **Characteristics of wetlands adjacent to non-TNW that flow directly or indirectly into TNW**

(i) **Physical Characteristics:**

(a) General Wetland Characteristics:

Properties:

Wetland size: acres

Wetland type. Explain:

Wetland quality. Explain:

Project wetlands cross or serve as state boundaries. Explain:

(b) General Flow Relationship with Non-TNW:

Flow is: **Intermittent flow**. Explain:

Surface flow is: **Discrete and confined**

Characteristics:

Subsurface flow: **Unknown**. Explain findings:

Dye (or other) test performed:

(c) Wetland Adjacency Determination with Non-TNW:

Directly abutting

Not directly abutting

Discrete wetland hydrologic connection. Explain:

Ecological connection. Explain:

Separated by berm/barrier. Explain:

(d) Proximity (Relationship) to TNW

Project wetlands are **30 (or more)** river miles from TNW.

Project waters are **30 (or more)** aerial (straight) miles from TNW.

Flow is from: **Wetland to/from navigable waters**.

Estimate approximate location of wetland as within the **500-year or greater** floodplain.

(ii) **Chemical Characteristics:**

Characterize wetland system (e.g., water color is clear, brown, oil film on surface; water quality; general watershed characteristics; etc.). Explain:

Identify specific pollutants, if known:

(iii) **Biological Characteristics. Wetland supports (check all that apply):**

- Riparian buffer. Characteristics (type, average width):
- Vegetation type/percent cover. Explain:
- Habitat for:
 - Federally Listed species. Explain findings:
 - Fish/spawn areas. Explain findings:
 - Other environmentally-sensitive species. Explain findings:
 - Aquatic/wildlife diversity. Explain findings:

3. **Characteristics of all wetlands adjacent to the tributary (if any)**

All wetland(s) being considered in the cumulative analysis: **30 (or more)**

Approximately () acres in total are being considered in the cumulative analysis.

For each wetland, specify the following:

Directly abuts? (Y/N)

Size (in acres)

Directly abuts? (Y/N)

Size (in acres)

Summarize overall biological, chemical and physical functions being performed:

C. SIGNIFICANT NEXUS DETERMINATION

A significant nexus analysis will assess the flow characteristics and functions of the tributary itself and the functions performed by any wetlands adjacent to the tributary to determine if they significantly affect the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of a TNW. For each of the following situations, a significant nexus exists if the tributary, in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, has more than a speculative or insubstantial effect on the chemical, physical and/or biological integrity of a TNW. Considerations when evaluating significant nexus include, but are not limited to the volume, duration, and frequency of the flow of water in the tributary and its proximity to a TNW, and the functions performed by the tributary and all its adjacent wetlands. It is not appropriate to determine significant nexus based solely on any specific threshold of distance (e.g. between a tributary and its adjacent wetland or between a tributary and the TNW). Similarly, the fact an adjacent wetland lies within or outside of a floodplain is not solely determinative of significant nexus.

Draw connections between the features documented and the effects on the TNW, as identified in the *Rapanos* Guidance and discussed in the Instructional Guidebook. Factors to consider include, for example:

- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have the capacity to carry pollutants or flood waters to TNWs, or to reduce the amount of pollutants or flood waters reaching a TNW?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), provide habitat and lifecycle support functions for fish and other species, such as feeding, nesting, spawning, or rearing young for species that are present in the TNW?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have the capacity to transfer nutrients and organic carbon that support downstream foodwebs?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have other relationships to the physical, chemical, or biological integrity of the TNW?

Note: the above list of considerations is not inclusive and other functions observed or known to occur should be documented below:

1. **Significant nexus findings for non-RPW that has no adjacent wetlands and flows directly or indirectly into TNWs.** Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary itself, then go to Section III.D:
2. **Significant nexus findings for non-RPW and its adjacent wetlands, where the non-RPW flows directly or indirectly into TNWs.** Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, then go to Section III.D:
3. **Significant nexus findings for wetlands adjacent to an RPW but that do not directly abut the RPW.** Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, then go to Section III.D:

D. DETERMINATIONS OF JURISDICTIONAL FINDINGS. THE SUBJECT WATERS/WETLANDS ARE (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):

1. **TNWs and Adjacent Wetlands.** Check all that apply and provide size estimates in review area:

TNWs: 900 linear feet 30 width (ft), Or, acres.

Wetlands adjacent to TNWs: acres.

2. **RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.**

Tributaries of TNWs where tributaries typically flow year-round are jurisdictional. Provide data and rationale indicating that tributary is perennial:

Tributaries of TNW where tributaries have continuous flow "seasonally" (e.g., typically three months each year) are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.B. Provide rationale indicating that tributary flows seasonally:

Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area (check all that apply):

- Tributary waters: linear feet width (ft).
 - Other non-wetland waters: acres.
- Identify type(s) of waters: .

3. Non-RPWs⁸ that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.

- Waterbody that is not a TNW or an RPW, but flows directly or indirectly into a TNW, and it has a significant nexus with a TNW is jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.

Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters within the review area (check all that apply):

- Tributary waters: linear feet width (ft).
 - Other non-wetland waters: acres.
- Identify type(s) of waters: .

4. Wetlands directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.

- Wetlands directly abut RPW and thus are jurisdictional as adjacent wetlands.
- Wetlands directly abutting an RPW where tributaries typically flow year-round. Provide data and rationale indicating that tributary is perennial in Section III.D.2, above. Provide rationale indicating that wetland is directly abutting an RPW: .
- Wetlands directly abutting an RPW where tributaries typically flow "seasonally." Provide data indicating that tributary is seasonal in Section III.B and rationale in Section III.D.2, above. Provide rationale indicating that wetland is directly abutting an RPW: .

Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.

5. Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.

- Wetlands that do not directly abut an RPW, but when considered in combination with the tributary to which they are adjacent and with similarly situated adjacent wetlands, have a significant nexus with a TNW are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.

Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.

6. Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.

- Wetlands adjacent to such waters, and have when considered in combination with the tributary to which they are adjacent and with similarly situated adjacent wetlands, have a significant nexus with a TNW are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.

Provide estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.

7. Impoundments of jurisdictional waters.⁹

As a general rule, the impoundment of a jurisdictional tributary remains jurisdictional.

- Demonstrate that impoundment was created from "waters of the U.S.," or
- Demonstrate that water meets the criteria for one of the categories presented above (1-6), or
- Demonstrate that water is isolated with a nexus to commerce (see E below).

E. ISOLATED [INTERSTATE OR INTRA-STATE] WATERS, INCLUDING ISOLATED WETLANDS, THE USE, DEGRADATION OR DESTRUCTION OF WHICH COULD AFFECT INTERSTATE COMMERCE, INCLUDING ANY SUCH WATERS (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):¹⁰

- which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
- from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
- which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- Interstate isolated waters. Explain: .
- Other factors. Explain: .

Identify water body and summarize rationale supporting determination:

⁸See Footnote # 3.

⁹To complete the analysis refer to the key in Section III.D.6 of the Instructional Guidebook.

¹⁰ Prior to asserting or declining CWA jurisdiction based solely on this category, Corps Districts will elevate the action to Corps and EPA HQ for review consistent with the process described in the Corps/EPA Memorandum Regarding CWA Act Jurisdiction Following Rapanos.

Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area (check all that apply):

- Tributary waters: linear feet width (ft).
- Other non-wetland waters: acres.
- Identify type(s) of waters: .
- Wetlands: acres.

F. NON-JURISDICTIONAL WATERS, INCLUDING WETLANDS (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):

- If potential wetlands were assessed within the review area, these areas did not meet the criteria in the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual and/or appropriate Regional Supplements.
- Review area included isolated waters with no substantial nexus to interstate (or foreign) commerce.
 - Prior to the Jan 2001 Supreme Court decision in "SWANCC," the review area would have been regulated based solely on the "Migratory Bird Rule" (MBR).
- Waters do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such a finding is required for jurisdiction. Explain: .
- Other: (explain, if not covered above): .

Provide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area, where the sole potential basis of jurisdiction is the MBR factors (i.e., presence of migratory birds, presence of endangered species, use of water for irrigated agriculture), using best professional judgment (check all that apply):

- Non-wetland waters (i.e., rivers, streams): linear feet width (ft).
- Lakes/ponds: acres.
- Other non-wetland waters: acres. List type of aquatic resource: .
- Wetlands: acres.

Provide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area that do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such a finding is required for jurisdiction (check all that apply):

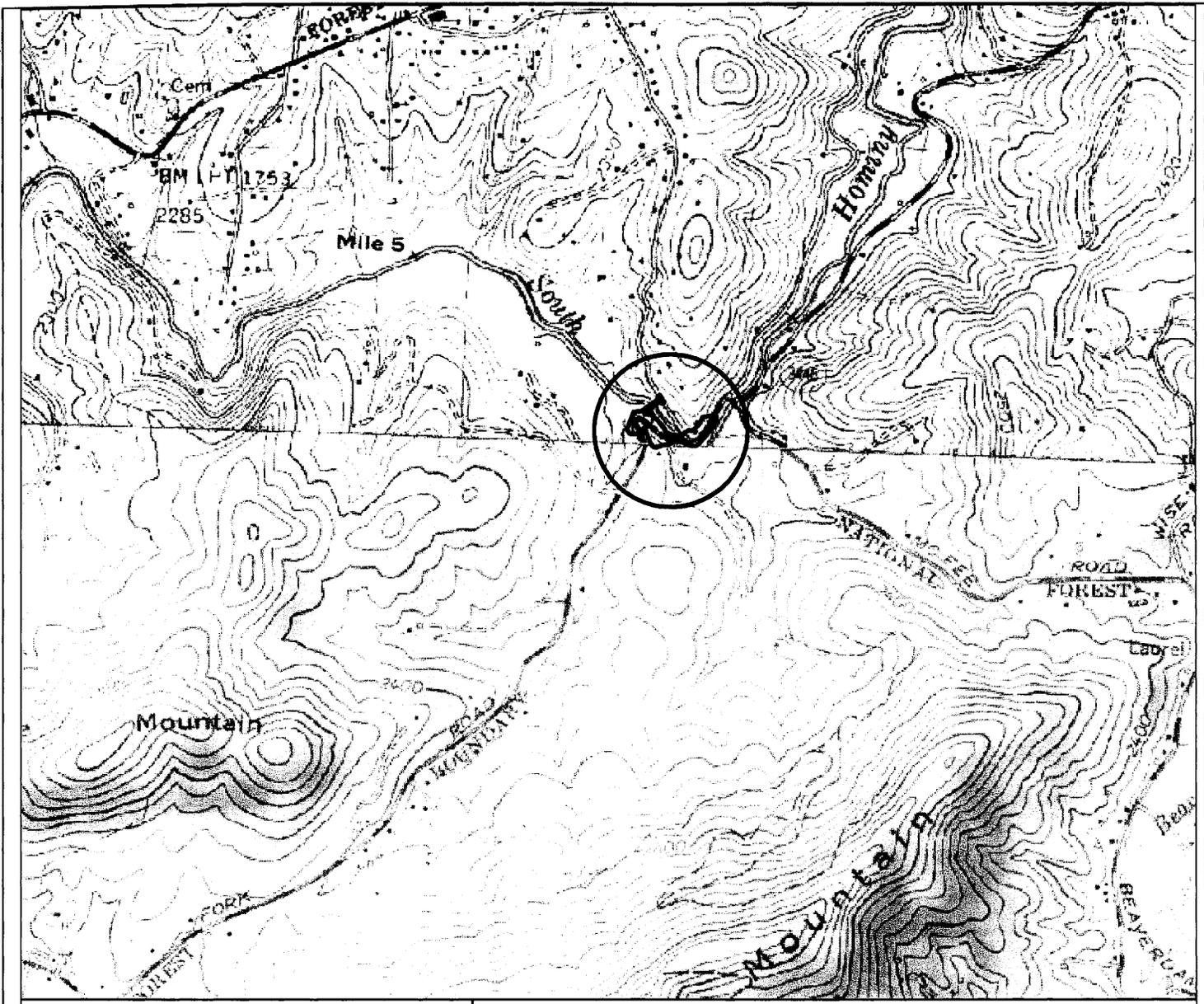
- Non-wetland waters (i.e., rivers, streams): linear feet, width (ft).
- Lakes/ponds: acres.
- Other non-wetland waters: acres. List type of aquatic resource: .
- Wetlands: acres.

SECTION IV: DATA SOURCES.

A. SUPPORTING DATA. Data reviewed for JD (check all that apply - checked items shall be included in case file and, where checked and requested, appropriately reference sources below):

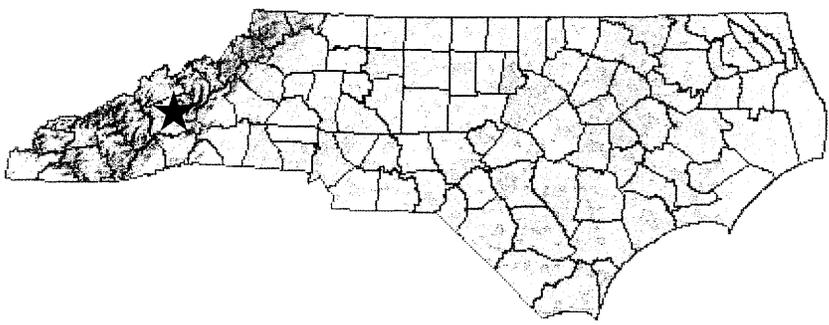
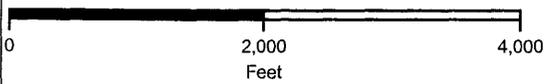
- Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant: .
- Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant.
 - Office concurs with data sheets/delineation report.
 - Office does not concur with data sheets/delineation report.
- Data sheets prepared by the Corps: .
- Corps navigable waters' study: .
- U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: .
 - USGS NHD data.
 - USGS 8 and 12 digit HUC maps.
- U.S. Geological Survey map(s). Cite scale & quad name: .
- USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey. Citation: .
- National wetlands inventory map(s). Cite name: .
- State/Local wetland inventory map(s): .
- FEMA/FIRM maps: .
- 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929)
- Photographs: Aerial (Name & Date): .
or Other (Name & Date): .
- Previous determination(s). File no. and date of response letter: .
- Applicable/supporting case law: .
- Applicable/supporting scientific literature: .
- Other information (please specify): .

B. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS TO SUPPORT JD:



Legend

 Project Study Area



Title Vicinity Map (USGS Quad Enka, North Carolina 1990)



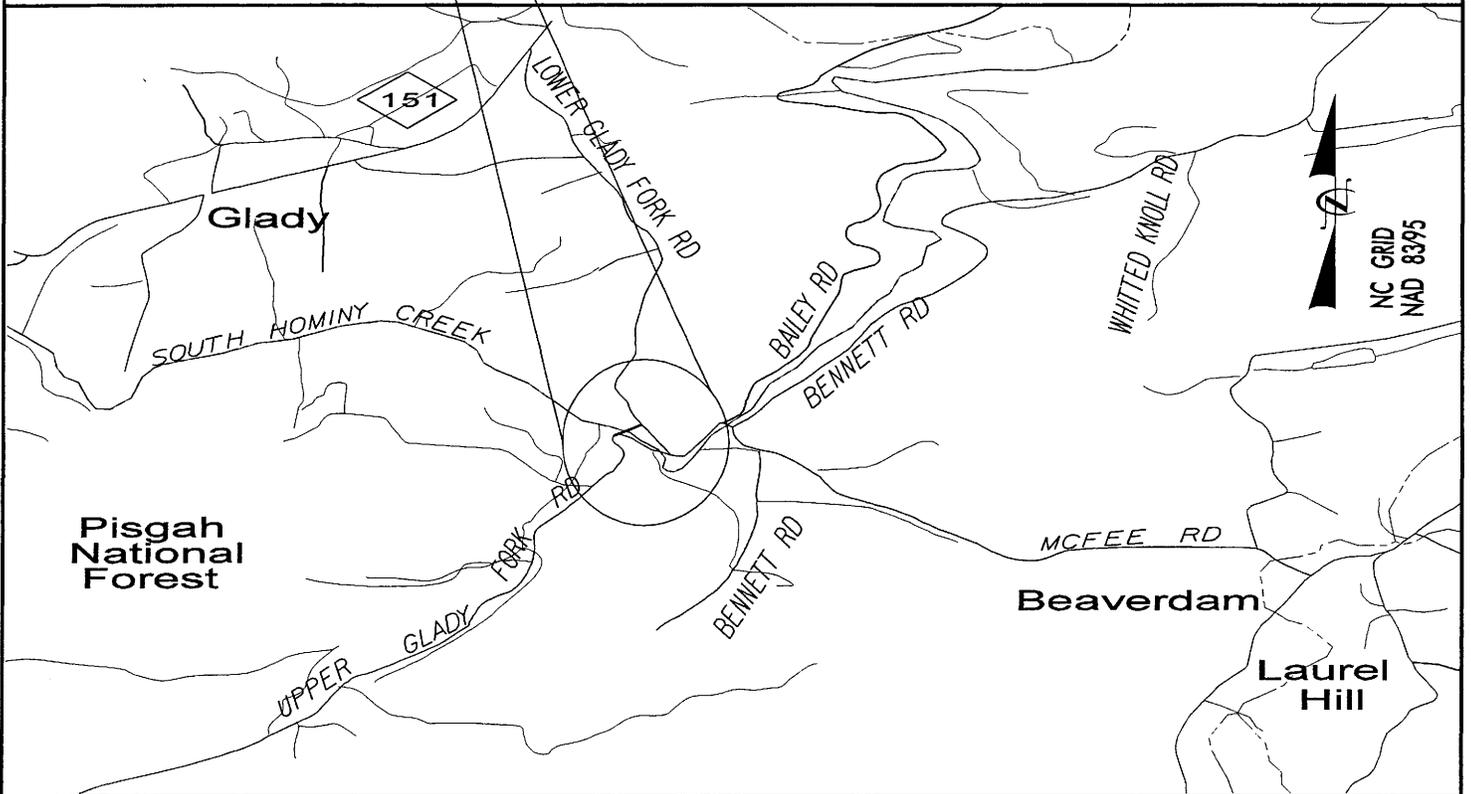
Project B-4037 – Replacement of Bridge No. 262 at SR 3452 over South Hominy Creek
Buncombe County, North Carolina

Date
9/16/04

TIP #
B-4037

Figure
1

NORTH CAROLINA



NC GRID
NAD 8395

WETLAND PERMIT DRAWING VICINITY MAP

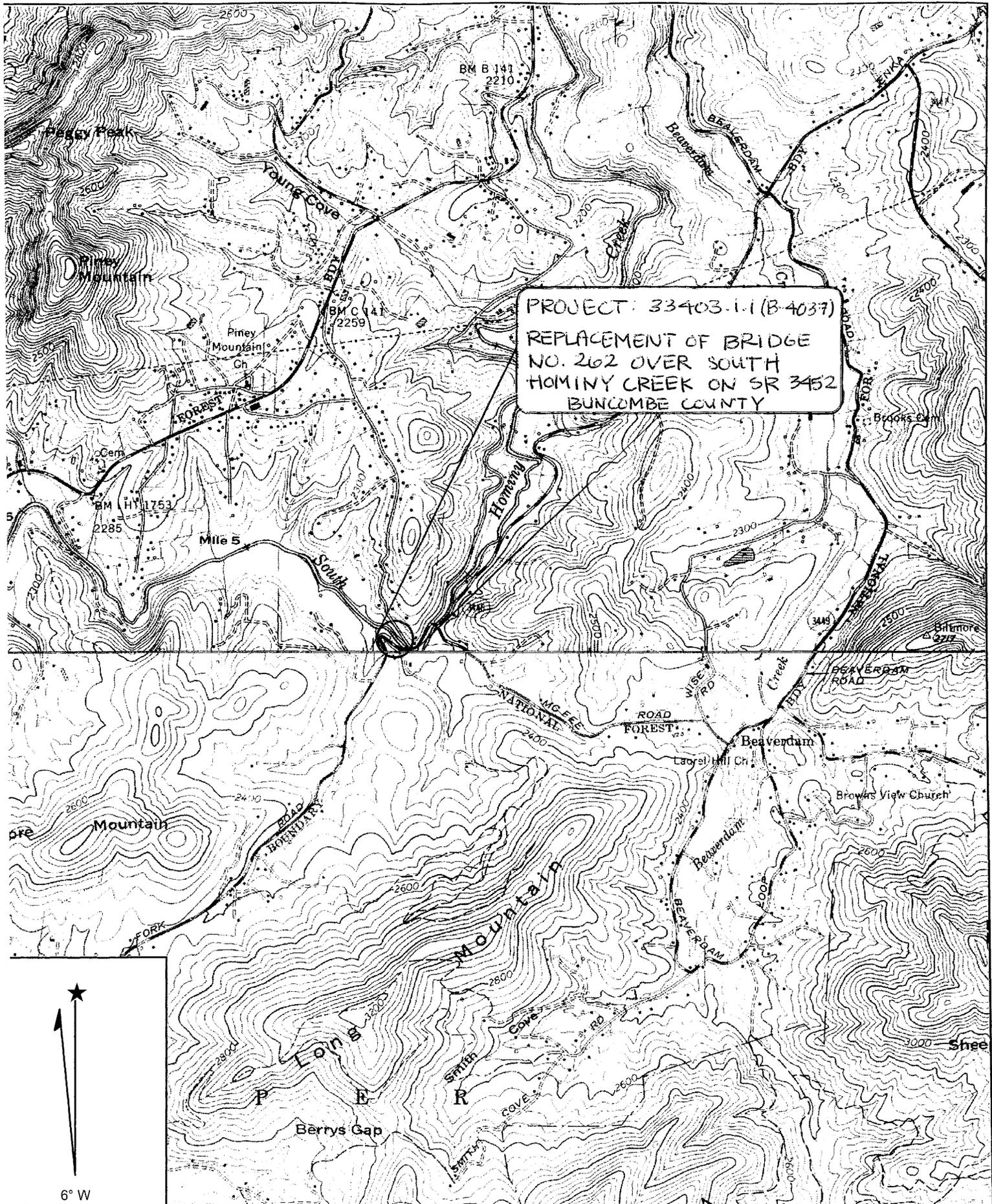
B-4037

Permit Drawing
Sheet 1 of 10

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
BUNCOMBE COUNTY

PROJECT: 33403.1.1 (B-4037)
REPLACEMENT OF BRIDGE NO.262
OVER SOUTH HOMINY CREEK
ON SR 3452

9/4/2007



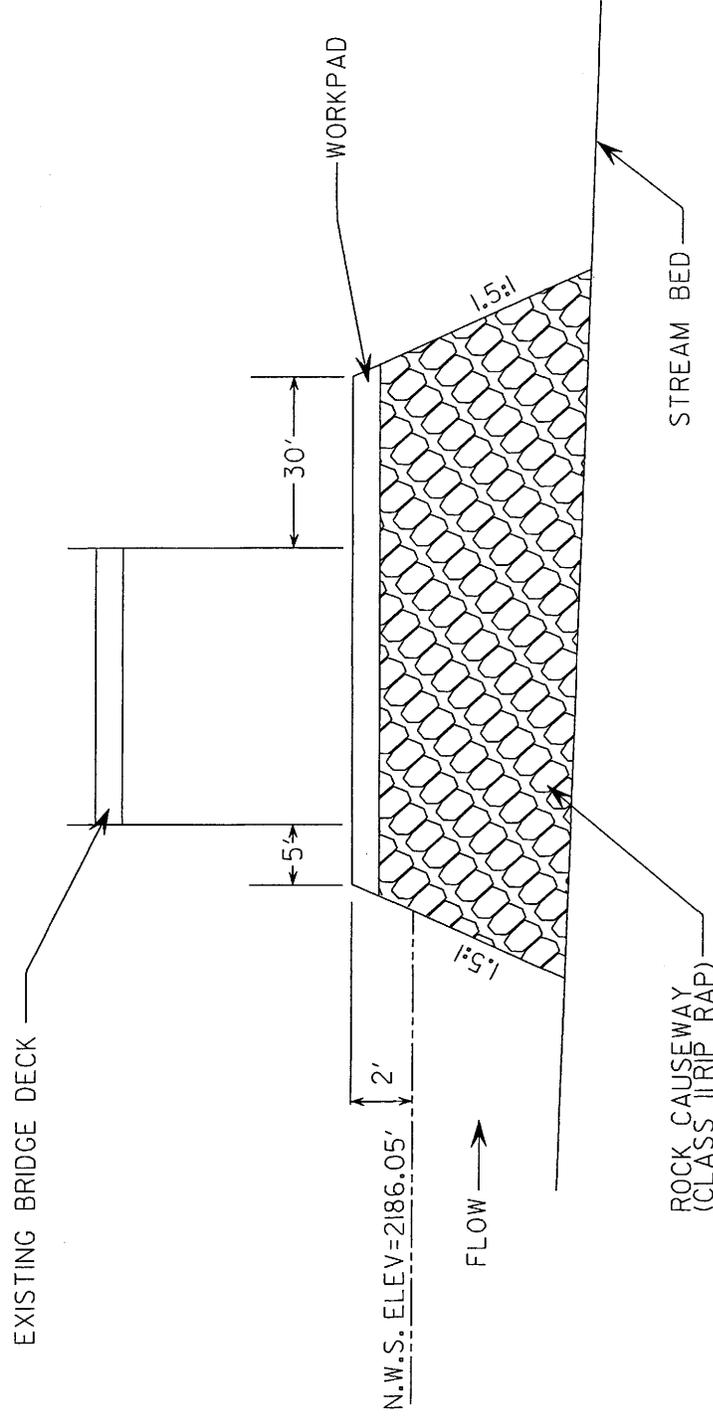
PROJECT: 33403.1.1 (B-4037)
 REPLACEMENT OF BRIDGE
 NO. 262 OVER SOUTH
 HOMINY CREEK ON SR 3452
 BUNCOMBE COUNTY

Name: ENKA
 Date: 8/8/2006
 Scale: 1 inch equals 2000 feet

Permit Drawing
 Sheet 2 of 10

Location: 035° 30' 07.4" N 082° 42' 08.4" W
 Caption: Project: 33403.1.1 (B-4037)
 Replacement of Bridge No. 262
 Over S. Hominy Cr. on SR3452
 Sheet 2

CAUSEWAY DETAIL (NOT TO SCALE)

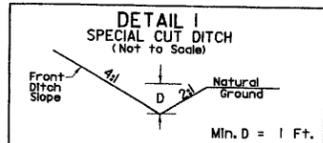


NC DOT
 DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
 BUNCOMBE COUNTY
 PROJECT: 33403.1.1 (B-4037)
 REPLACEMENT OF BRIDGE NO.262
 OVER SOUTH HOMINY CREEK
 ON SR 3452

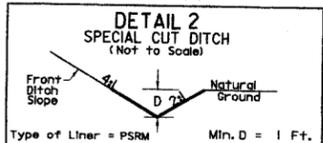
QUANTITIES OF ESTIMATES: CAUSEWAY I
 VOLUME OF CLASS II RIP RAP= 275 yds³
 AREA OF CLASS II RIP RAP= 0.06 acres
 Estimate 400 Tons Class II Rip Rap

Permit Drawing
 Sheet 10 of 10

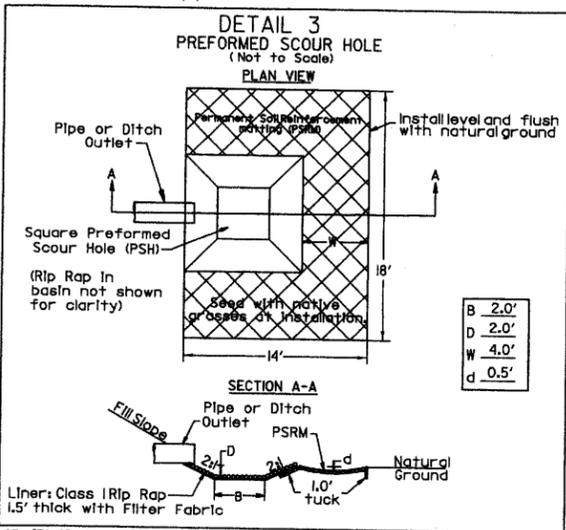
8 / 13 / 2007



-L- STA 12+00 TO 13+00 (RT)
 -YI- STA 15+00 TO 15+58 (LT)
 -YI- STA 15+58 TO 16+50 (LT)



-L- STA 13+00 TO 13+50 (RT)
 -YI- STA 14+68 TO 15+00 (LT)



-YI- STA 15+69 (RT)

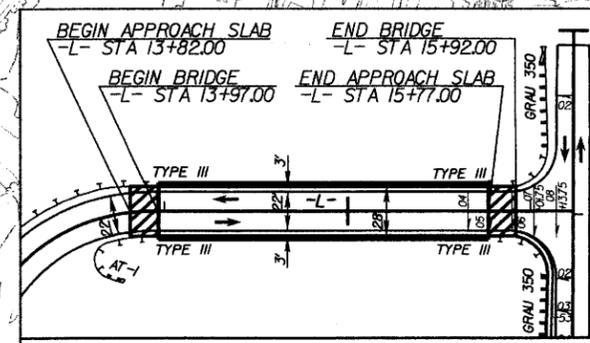
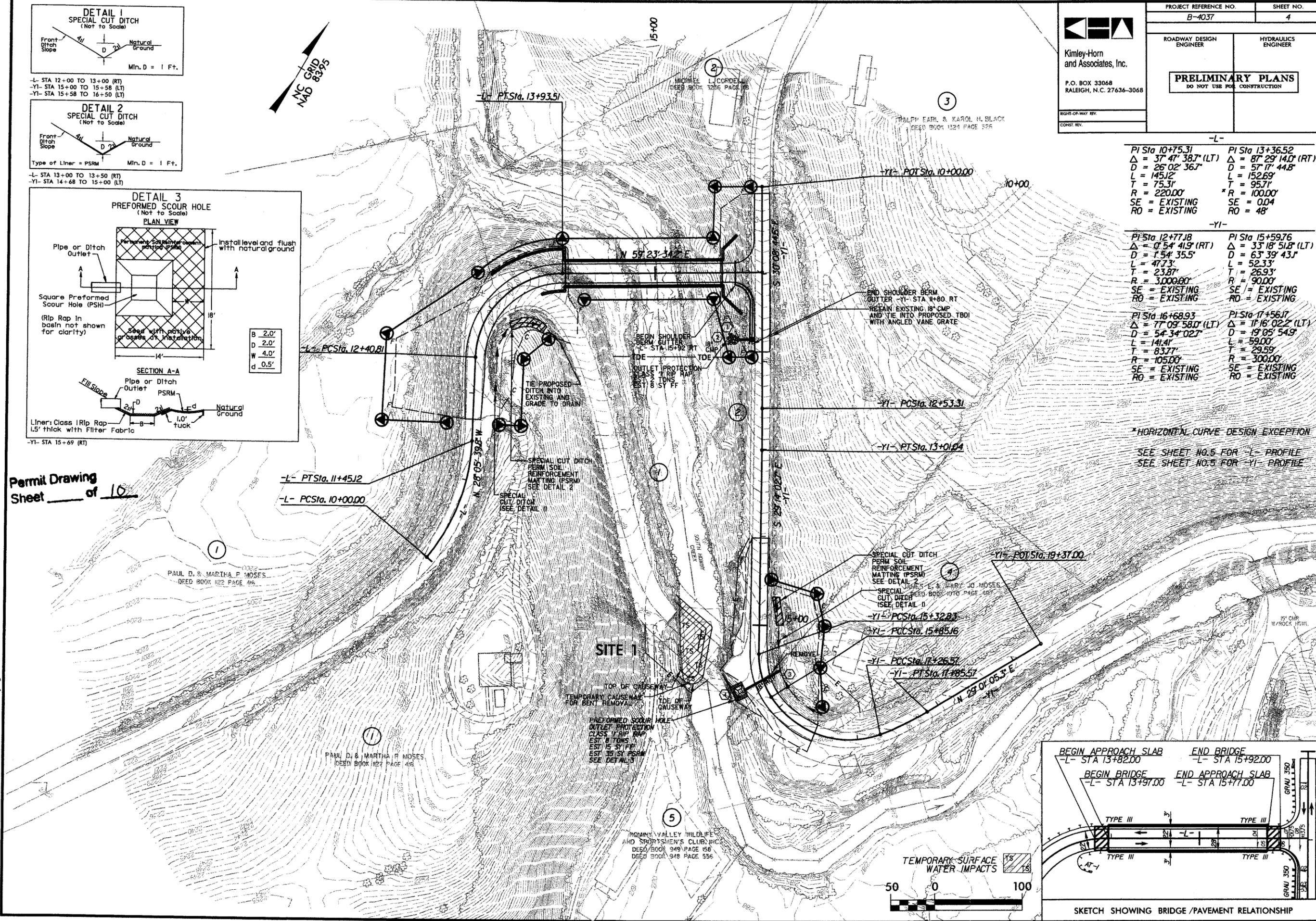
Permit Drawing
 Sheet 10 of 10



PROJECT REFERENCE NO. B-4037		SHEET NO. 4
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER	
PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION		
Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc. P.O. BOX 33068 RALEIGH, N.C. 27636-3068		
RIGHT-OF-WAY REV.		
CONST. REV.		

-L-	
PI Sta 10+75.31 Δ = 37' 47" 38.7" (LT) D = 26' 02" 36.7" L = 145.12' T = 75.31' R = 220.00' SE = EXISTING RO = EXISTING	PI Sta 13+36.52 Δ = 87' 29" 14.0" (RT) D = 57' 17" 44.8" L = 152.69' T = 95.71' R = 100.00' SE = 0.04 RO = 48'
-YI-	
PI Sta 12+77.18 Δ = 0' 54" 41.9" (RT) D = 1' 54" 35.5" L = 47.73' T = 23.87' R = 3,000.00' SE = EXISTING RO = EXISTING	PI Sta 15+59.76 Δ = 33' 18" 51.8" (LT) D = 63' 39" 43.1" L = 52.33' T = 26.93' R = 90.00' SE = EXISTING RO = EXISTING
PI Sta 16+68.93 Δ = 77' 09" 58.0" (LT) D = 54' 34" 02.7" L = 141.41' T = 83.77' R = 105.00' SE = EXISTING RO = EXISTING	PI Sta 17+56.17 Δ = 17' 16" 02.2" (LT) D = 19' 05" 54.9" L = 59.00' T = 29.59' R = 300.00' SE = EXISTING RO = EXISTING

*HORIZONTAL CURVE DESIGN EXCEPTION
 SEE SHEET NO. 5 FOR -L- PROFILE
 SEE SHEET NO. 5 FOR -YI- PROFILE



R:\01036120\Permits\4037_causeway.dgn 9/7/2007

11+00

12+00

13+00

14+00

15+00

16+00

SCALE
1" = 50' H
1" = 10' V

2,240

2,230

2,220

2,210

2,200

2,190

2,180

2,170

PROPOSED LOWSTEEL

CL STA 14+87-L-
1 @ 180'
STEEL PLATE GIRDER
CL ELEV = 2230.8'
90° SKEW

END GRADE
-L- STA 16+13.75 =
-YI- STA 10+98.00 (9' RT)
ELEV 2230.06'

-L- STA 16+22.75 =
-YI- STA 10+98.00
ELEV 2230.24'

BEGIN GRADE
MILL NOTCH TO KEY-IN SF9.5A
-L- STA 11+70.00 ELEV 2233.90'
TIE PROPOSED PAVEMENT TO EXISTING

NATURAL GROUND
@ C BRIDGE

Q LOW POINT

NATURAL GROUND
DOWNSTREAM

HIGH WATER MARK
W.S.E.L. = 2197.0'
(1977)

NATURAL GROUND
UPSTREAM

Q100 W.S.E.L. = 2196.1'

Q50 W.S.E.L. = 2195.3'

NORMAL W.S.E.L. = 2185.5'
(NOVEMBER 30, 2005)

500-YR TOTAL THEORETICAL SCOUR

Permit Drawing
Sheet 10 of 10

WETLAND PERMIT DRAWING

BSR PROFILE

B-4037

NCDOT
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
BUNCOMBE COUNTY
PROJECT: 33403.1.1 (B-4037)
REPLACEMENT OF BRIDGE NO.262
OVER SOUTH HOMINY CREEK
ON SR 3452

8/13/2007

R:\011036120\Permits\V8_Wetland-profile.dgn

20+00

21+00

22+00

23+00

24+00

25+00

SCALE
1" = 50' H
1" = 10' V

Permit Drawing
Sheet of 10

2,220

2,210

2,200

2,190

2,180

2,170

2,160

NATURAL GROUND
@ CL BRIDGE

TOP OF CAUSEWAY
ELEV = 2186.05'

CL STA 23+52 -EL-
1 @ 47' (SKEW)
STEEL PLATE GIRDER ON TIMBER PILES
CL ELEV = 2196.56'

050 W.S.E.L. = 2195.3'

NORMAL W.S.E.L. = 2184.05'
@ EXISTING BRIDGE
(NOVEMBER 30, 2005)

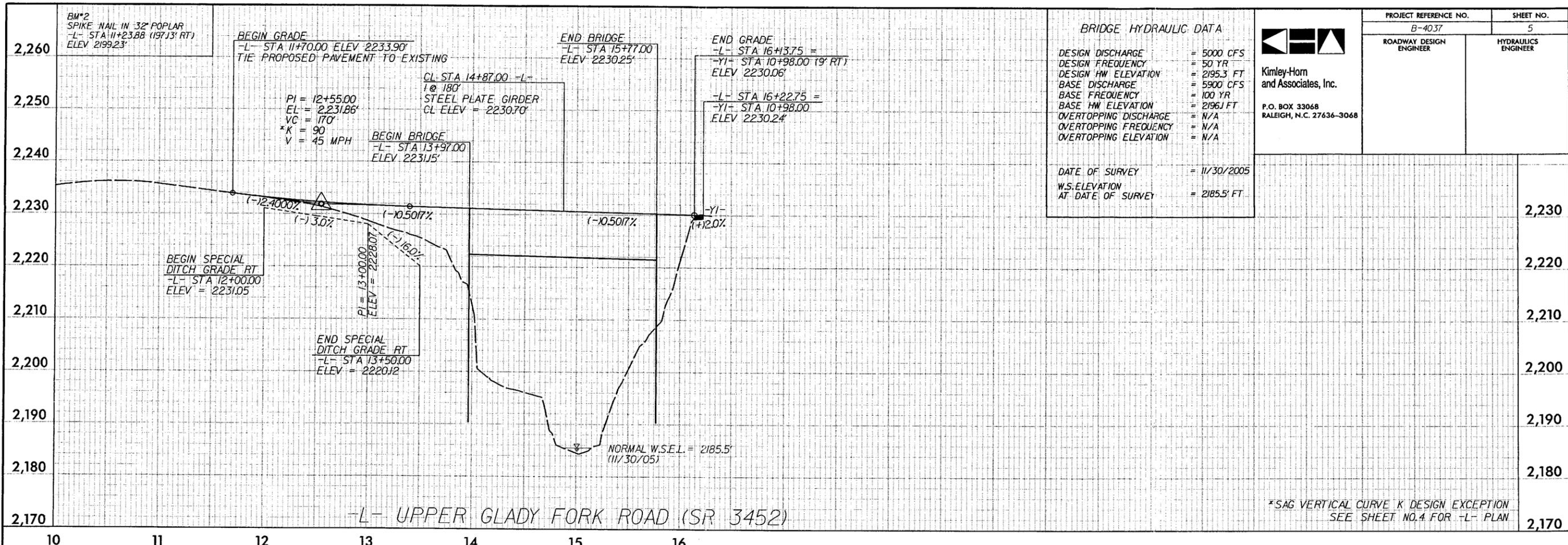
WETLAND PERMIT DRAWING EXISTING BRIDGE PROFILE B-4037

NCDOT
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
BUNCOMBE COUNTY
PROJECT: 33403.1.1 (B-4037)
REPLACEMENT OF BRIDGE NO.262
OVER SOUTH HOMINY CREEK
ON SR 3452

8/13/2007

Permit Drawing
Sheet of 10

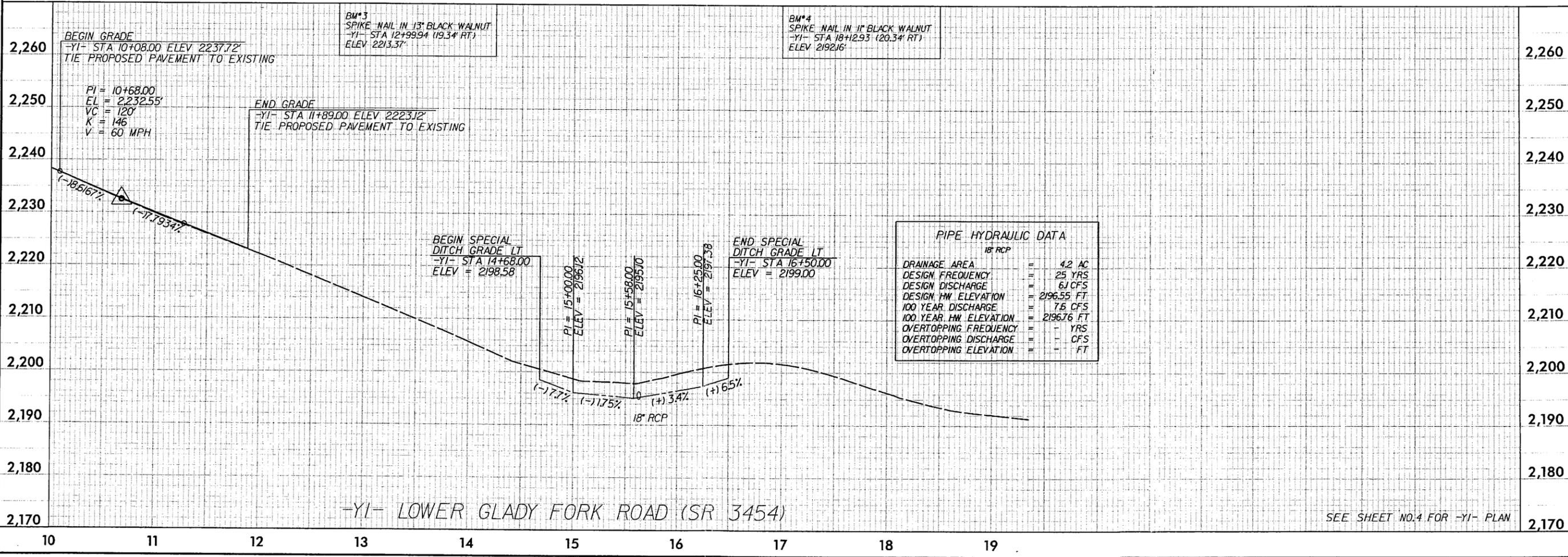
PROJECT REFERENCE NO. B-4037		SHEET NO. 5
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER	
 Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc. P.O. BOX 33068 RALEIGH, N.C. 27636-3068		



BRIDGE HYDRAULIC DATA

DESIGN DISCHARGE	= 5000 CFS
DESIGN FREQUENCY	= 50 YR
DESIGN HW ELEVATION	= 2195.3 FT
BASE DISCHARGE	= 5900 CFS
BASE FREQUENCY	= 100 YR
BASE HW ELEVATION	= 2196.1 FT
OVERTOPPING DISCHARGE	= N/A
OVERTOPPING FREQUENCY	= N/A
OVERTOPPING ELEVATION	= N/A
DATE OF SURVEY	= 11/30/2005
W.S. ELEVATION AT DATE OF SURVEY	= 2185.5 FT

*SAG VERTICAL CURVE K DESIGN EXCEPTION
SEE SHEET NO.4 FOR -L- PLAN



PIPE HYDRAULIC DATA

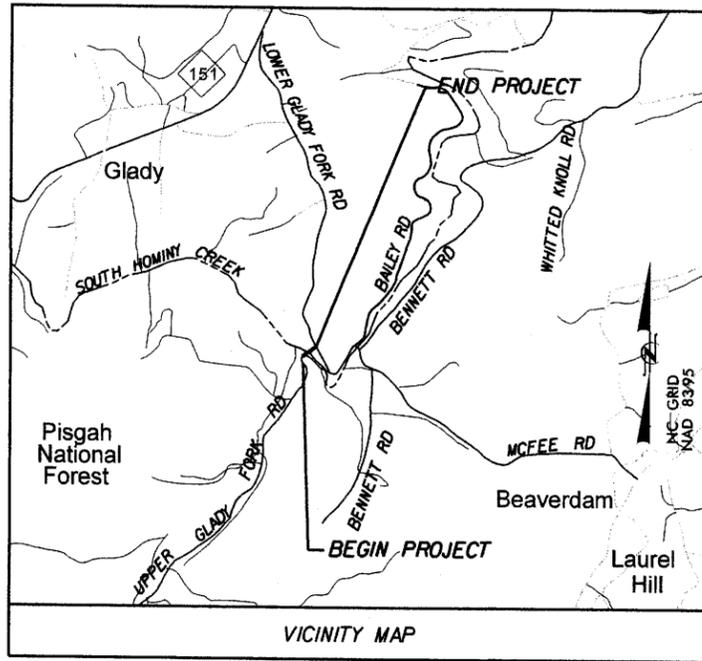
18" RCP	
DRAINAGE AREA	= 4.2 AC
DESIGN FREQUENCY	= 25 YRS
DESIGN DISCHARGE	= 6.1 CFS
DESIGN HW ELEVATION	= 2196.55 FT
100 YEAR DISCHARGE	= 7.6 CFS
100 YEAR HW ELEVATION	= 2196.76 FT
OVERTOPPING FREQUENCY	= - YRS
OVERTOPPING DISCHARGE	= - CFS
OVERTOPPING ELEVATION	= - FT

SEE SHEET NO.4 FOR -YI- PLAN

\$FILEL\$
8/13/2007

TIP PROJECT: B-4037

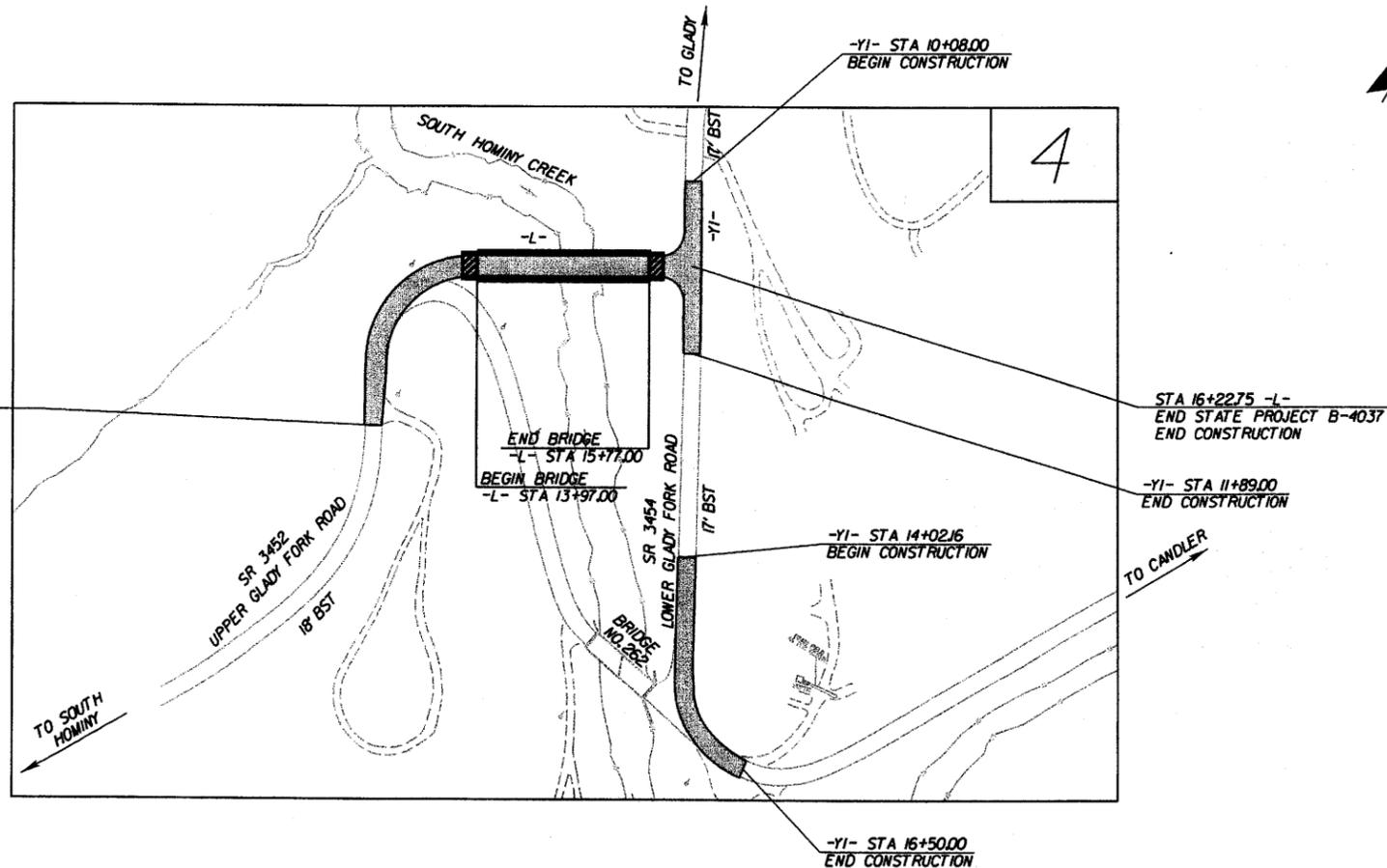
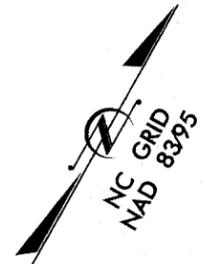
SEE SHEET 1-A FOR INDEX OF SHEETS
SEE SHEET 1-B FOR CONVENTIONAL PLAN SHEET SYMBOLS



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
BUNCOMBE COUNTY

LOCATION: BRIDGE NO. 262 ON SR 3452 OVER SOUTH HOMINY CREEK
TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, PAVING, DRAINAGE, AND STRUCTURE

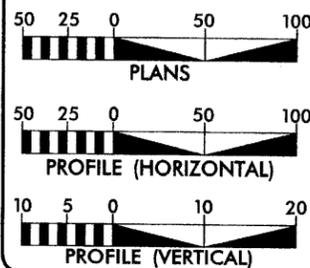
STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	B-4037	1	
STATE PROJ. NO.	F.A. PROJ. NO.	DESCRIPTION	
33403.1.1	BRZ-3452(1)	P.E.	
33403.2.1	BRZ-3452(1)	RIGHT-OF-WAY	
33403.2.1	BRZ-3452(1)	UTILITIES	



NCDOT CONTACT: B.D. TAYLOR, P.E.
PROJECT ENGINEER
ROADWAY DESIGN UNIT

PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

GRAPHIC SCALES



DESIGN DATA

ADT 2008 = 750 VPD
ADT 2030 = 1,100 VPD
DHV = 10%
D = 60%
T = 3% *
V = 50 mph
DESIGN EXCEPTION:
HORIZONTAL RADIUS
VERTICAL CURVE K
FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION:
LOCAL RURAL
* (TTST 1% + DUAL 2%)

PROJECT LENGTH

LENGTH OF ROADWAY TIP PROJECT B-4037 = 0.052 MILE
LENGTH OF STRUCTURE TIP PROJECT B-4037 = 0.034 MILE
TOTAL LENGTH OF TIP PROJECT B-4037 = 0.086 MILE

PLANS PREPARED FOR
THE NCDOT BY:



2006 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

RIGHT OF WAY DATE:
JULY 2, 2007

LETTING DATE:
JULY 15, 2008

JEFFREY W. MOORE, PE
PROJECT ENGINEER

J. JASON PACE, PE
PROJECT DESIGN ENGINEER

HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

SIGNATURE: _____ P.E.
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER

SIGNATURE: _____ P.E.

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA



STATE HIGHWAY DESIGN ENGINEER

R:\01036120\Roadway\Proj\N4037_rdy_1shdgn

9/7/2007

CONTRACT:

Note: Not to Scale

*S.U.E. = Subsurface Utility Engineering

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

CONVENTIONAL PLAN SHEET SYMBOLS

BOUNDARIES AND PROPERTY:

State Line	-----
County Line	-----
Township Line	-----
City Line	-----
Reservation Line	-----
Property Line	-----
Existing Iron Pin	○
Property Corner	⊗
Property Monument	⊠
Parcel/Sequence Number	①23
Existing Fence Line	-x-x-x-
Proposed Woven Wire Fence	-o-o-o-
Proposed Chain Link Fence	-□-□-□-
Proposed Barbed Wire Fence	-◇-◇-◇-
Existing Wetland Boundary	-W.B.-
Proposed Wetland Boundary	-W.B.-
Existing Endangered Animal Boundary	-E.A.B.-
Existing Endangered Plant Boundary	-E.P.B.-

BUILDINGS AND OTHER CULTURE:

Gas Pump Vent or U/G Tank Cap	○
Sign	⊙
Well	⊕
Small Mine	⊗
Foundation	⊠
Area Outline	⊠
Cemetery	⊠
Building	⊠
School	⊠
Church	⊠
Dam	⊠

HYDROLOGY:

Stream or Body of Water	-----
Hydro, Pool or Reservoir	-----
Jurisdictional Stream	-JS-
Buffer Zone 1	-BZ 1-
Buffer Zone 2	-BZ 2-
Flow Arrow	←
Disappearing Stream	→
Spring	○
Swamp Marsh	⊗
Proposed Lateral, Tail, Head Ditch	-----
False Sump	-----

RAILROADS:

Standard Gauge	-----
RR Signal Milepost	⊙
Switch	⊠
RR Abandoned	-----
RR Dismantled	-----

RIGHT OF WAY:

Baseline Control Point	◆
Existing Right of Way Marker	△
Existing Right of Way Line	-----
Proposed Right of Way Line	-----
Proposed Right of Way Line with Iron Pin and Cap Marker	-----
Proposed Right of Way Line with Concrete or Granite Marker	-----
Existing Control of Access	⊙
Proposed Control of Access	⊙
Existing Easement Line	-E-
Proposed Temporary Construction Easement	-E-
Proposed Temporary Drainage Easement	-TDE-
Proposed Permanent Drainage Easement	-PDE-
Proposed Permanent Utility Easement	-PUE-

ROADS AND RELATED FEATURES:

Existing Edge of Pavement	-----
Existing Curb	-----
Proposed Slope Stakes Cut	-C-
Proposed Slope Stakes Fill	-F-
Proposed Wheel Chair Ramp	⊠
Curb Cut for Future Wheel Chair Ramp	⊠
Existing Metal Guardrail	-----
Proposed Guardrail	-----
Existing Cable Guiderail	-----
Proposed Cable Guiderail	-----
Equality Symbol	⊙
Pavement Removal	⊠

VEGETATION:

Single Tree	⊙
Single Shrub	⊙
Hedge	-----
Woods Line	-----
Orchard	⊙
Vineyard	⊠

EXISTING STRUCTURES:

MAJOR:	
Bridge, Tunnel or Box Culvert	-----
Bridge Wing Wall, Head Wall and End Wall	-----
MINOR:	
Head and End Wall	-----
Pipe Culvert	-----
Footbridge	-----
Drainage Box: Catch Basin, DI or JB	⊠
Paved Ditch Gutter	-----
Storm Sewer Manhole	⊙
Storm Sewer	-----

UTILITIES:

POWER:	
Existing Power Pole	⊙
Proposed Power Pole	⊙
Existing Joint Use Pole	⊙
Proposed Joint Use Pole	⊙
Power Manhole	⊙
Power Line Tower	⊠
Power Transformer	⊠
U/G Power Cable Hand Hole	⊠
H-Frame Pole	⊙
Recorded U/G Power Line	-----
Designated U/G Power Line (S.U.E.*)	-----

TELEPHONE:

Existing Telephone Pole	⊙
Proposed Telephone Pole	⊙
Telephone Manhole	⊙
Telephone Booth	⊠
Telephone Pedestal	⊠
Telephone Cell Tower	⊠
U/G Telephone Cable Hand Hole	⊠
Recorded U/G Telephone Cable	-----
Designated U/G Telephone Cable (S.U.E.*)	-----
Recorded U/G Telephone Conduit	-----
Designated U/G Telephone Conduit (S.U.E.*)	-----
Recorded U/G Fiber Optics Cable	-----
Designated U/G Fiber Optics Cable (S.U.E.*)	-----

WATER:

Water Manhole	⊙
Water Meter	⊙
Water Valve	⊙
Water Hydrant	⊙
Recorded U/G Water Line	-----
Designated U/G Water Line (S.U.E.*)	-----
Above Ground Water Line	-----

TV:

TV Satellite Dish	⊙
TV Pedestal	⊠
TV Tower	⊙
U/G TV Cable Hand Hole	⊠
Recorded U/G TV Cable	-----
Designated U/G TV Cable (S.U.E.*)	-----
Recorded U/G Fiber Optic Cable	-----
Designated U/G Fiber Optic Cable (S.U.E.*)	-----

GAS:

Gas Valve	⊙
Gas Meter	⊙
Recorded U/G Gas Line	-----
Designated U/G Gas Line (S.U.E.*)	-----
Above Ground Gas Line	-----

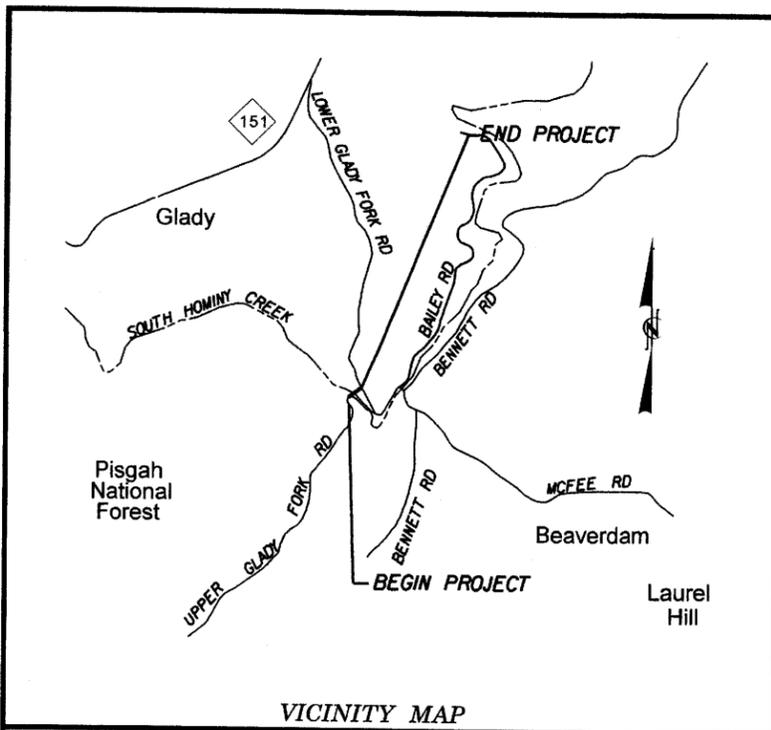
SANITARY SEWER:

Sanitary Sewer Manhole	⊙
Sanitary Sewer Cleanout	⊙
U/G Sanitary Sewer Line	-----
Above Ground Sanitary Sewer	-----
Recorded SS Forced Main Line	-----
Designated SS Forced Main Line (S.U.E.*)	-----

MISCELLANEOUS:

Utility Pole	⊙
Utility Pole with Base	⊠
Utility Located Object	⊙
Utility Traffic Signal Box	⊠
Utility Unknown U/G Line	-----
U/G Tank; Water, Gas, Oil	⊠
AG Tank; Water, Gas, Oil	⊠
U/G Test Hole (S.U.E.*)	⊙
Abandoned According to Utility Records	AATUR
End of Information	E.O.I.

SURVEY CONTROL SHEET B-4037



BL POINT	DESC.	NORTH	EAST	ELEVATION	L STATION	OFFSET
1	BL-1	657072.5242	896570.7502	2222.76	OUTSIDE PROJECT LIMITS	
2	BL-2	657507.6015	896795.2308	2235.74	10+09.07	12.57 RT
3	BL-3	657824.2905	896695.8087	2226.97	13+35.36	18.00 LT
4	BL-4	657746.5435	897064.6506	2208.61	16+06.57	256.11 RT
GPS1	B4037-1	657503.0354	897258.7632	2201.39	10+26.39	475.05 RT

 BM1 ELEVATION = 2235.29
 N 657341 E 896748
 L STATION 10+00
 S 11° 54' 54.2" W DIST 162.52
 NAIL IN BASE OF 13 IN. POPLAR

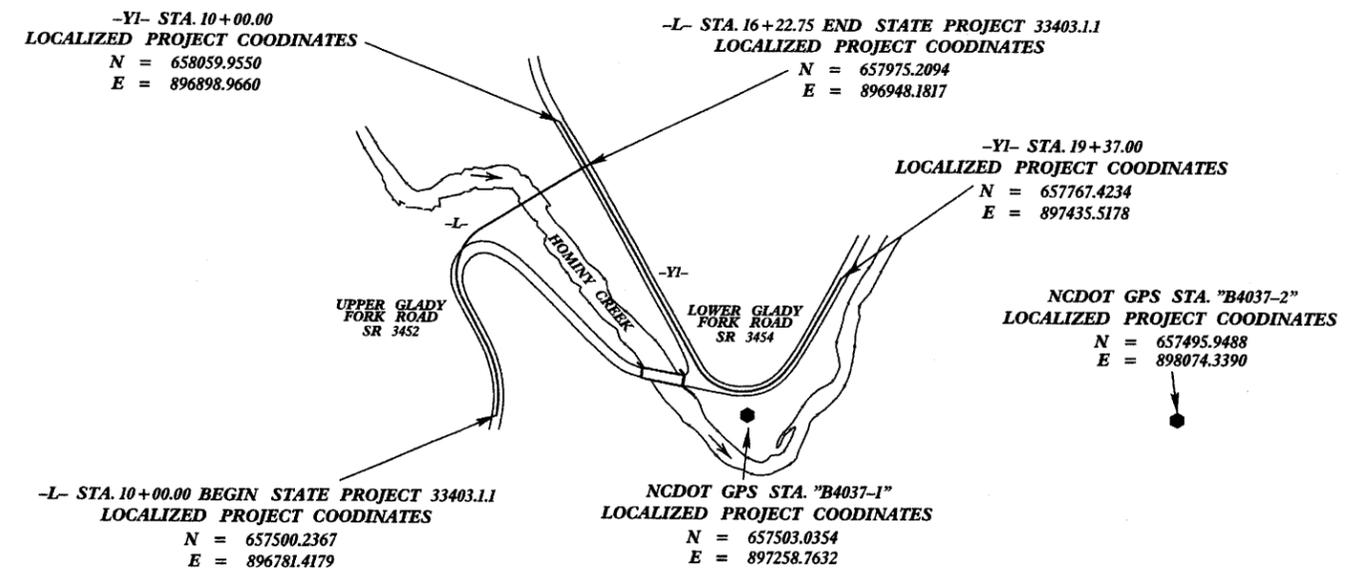
 BM2 ELEVATION = 2199.23
 N 657697 E 896950
 L STATION 11+24 197 RIGHT
 NAIL IN BASE OF 32 IN. POPLAR

 BM3 ELEVATION = 2213.37
 N 657791 E 897032
 Y1 STATION 13+00 19 RIGHT
 NAIL IN BASE OF 13 IN. BLACK WALNUT

 BM4 ELEVATION = 2192.16
 N 657649 E 897393
 Y1 STATION 18+13 20 RIGHT
 NAIL IN BASE OF 11 IN. BLACK WALNUT



DATUM DESCRIPTION
 THE LOCALIZED COORDINATE SYSTEM DEVELOPED FOR THIS PROJECT IS BASED ON THE STATE PLANE COORDINATES ESTABLISHED BY NCDOT FOR MONUMENT "B4037-1" WITH NAD 1983/95 STATE PLANE GRID COORDINATES OF NORTHING: 657503.0354(ft) EASTING: 897258.7632(ft) THE AVERAGE COMBINED GRID FACTOR USED ON THIS PROJECT (GROUND TO GRID) IS: 0.999776694 THE N.C. LAMBERT GRID BEARING AND LOCALIZED HORIZONTAL GROUND DISTANCE FROM "B4037-1" TO -L- STATION 10+00.00 IS S 89°39'51" W 477.35' ALL LINEAR DIMENSIONS ARE LOCALIZED HORIZONTAL DISTANCES VERTICAL DATUM USED IS NAVD 88



NOTES:

- THE CONTROL DATA FOR THIS PROJECT CAN BE FOUND ELECTRONICALLY BY SELECTING PROJECT CONTROL DATA AT:
[HTTP://WWW.DOH.DOT.STATE.NC.US/PRECONSTRUCT/HIGHWAY/LOCATION/PROJECT/](http://www.doh.dot.state.nc.us/preconstruct/highway/location/project/)
 THE FILES TO BE FOUND ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 B4037_LS_CONTROL_060621.TXT
 SITE CALIBRATION INFORMATION HAS NOT BEEN PROVIDED FOR THIS PROJECT. IF FURTHER INFORMATION IS NEEDED, PLEASE CONTACT THE LOCATION AND SURVEYS UNIT.
- INDICATES GEODETIC CONTROL MONUMENTS USED OR SET FOR HORIZONTAL PROJECT CONTROL BY THE NCDOT LOCATION AND SURVEYS UNIT.
 PROJECT CONTROL ESTABLISHED USING GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM.
 NETWORK ESTABLISHED FROM NGS ONLINE POSITIONING SERVICE (OPUS)

NOTE: DRAWING NOT TO SCALE

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Kimley-Horn
and Associates, Inc.
P.O. BOX 33068
RALEIGH, N.C. 27636-3068

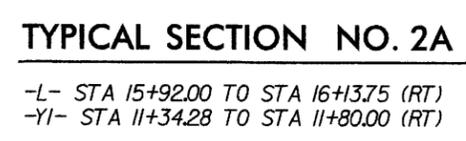
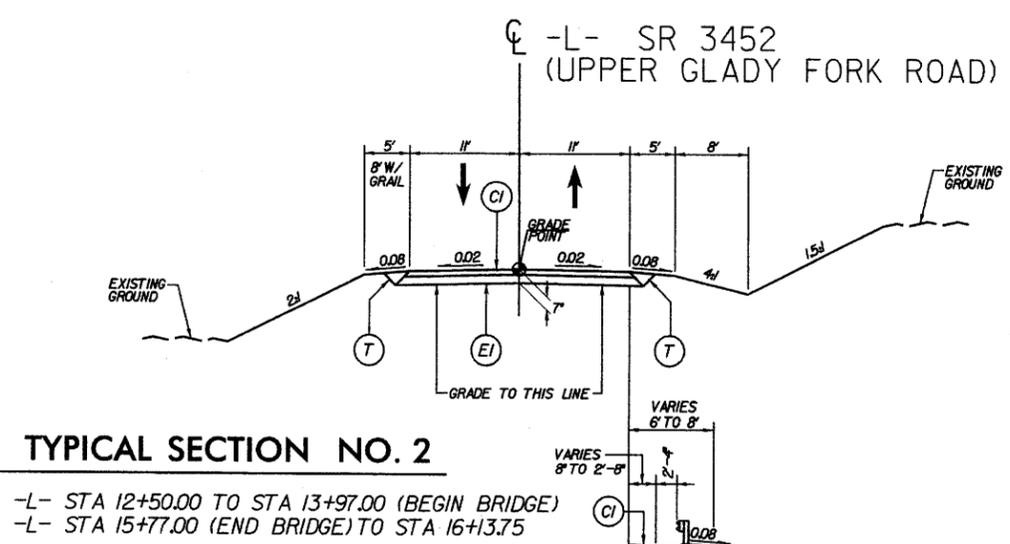
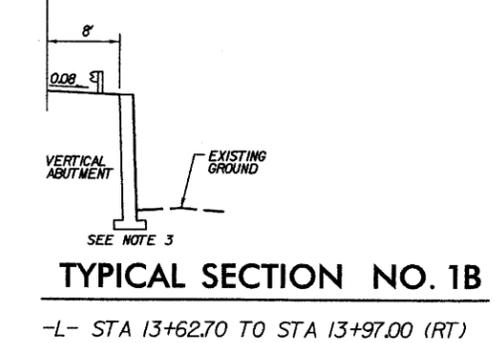
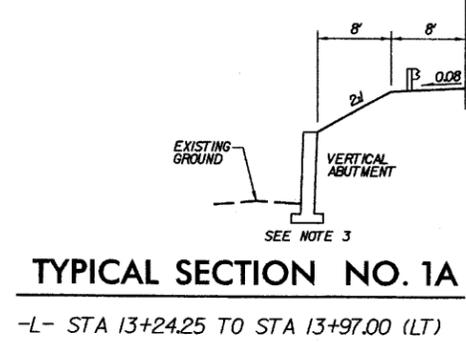
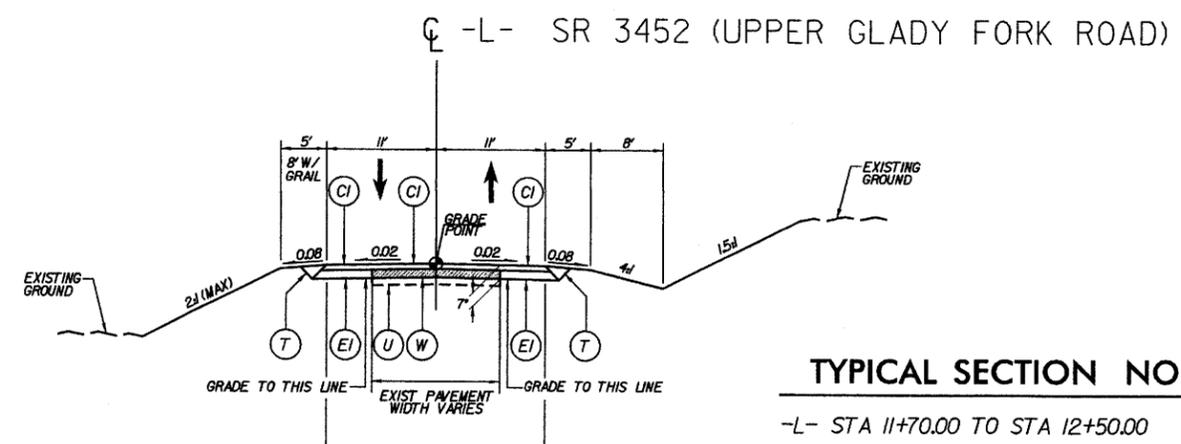
PROJECT REFERENCE NO. B-4037 SHEET NO. 2

ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER PAYEMENT DESIGN ENGINEER

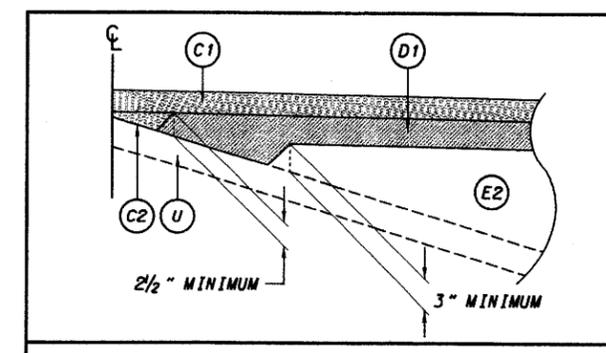
PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

PAVEMENT SCHEDULE

C1	PROP. APPROX. 3" ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE TYPE SF9.5A AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 165 LBS. PER SQ. YD. IN EACH OF TWO LAYERS.
C2	PROP. VAR. DEPTH ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE SF9.5A AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 110 LBS. PER SQ. YD. PER 1" DEPTH TO BE PLACED IN LAYERS NOT LESS THAN 1" IN DEPTH OR GREATER THAN 1 1/2" IN DEPTH.
D1	PROP. VAR. DEPTH ASPHALT CONCRETE INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE 119.0B, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 114 LBS. PER SQ. YD. PER 1" DEPTH TO BE PLACED IN LAYERS NOT LESS THAN 2 1/2" OR GREATER THAN 4" DEPTH.
E1	PROP. APPROX. 4" ASPHALT CONCRETE BASE COURSE TYPE B25.0B, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 456 LBS. PER SQ. YD.
E2	PROP. VAR. DEPTH ASPHALT CONCRETE BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0B, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 114 LBS. PER SQ. YD. PER 1" DEPTH TO BE PLACED IN LAYERS NOT LESS THAN 3" OR GREATER THAN 5 1/2" DEPTH.
R	PROPOSED SHOULDER BERM GUTTER
T	EARTH MATERIAL
U	EXISTING PAVEMENT
W	VARIABLE DEPTH ASPHALT PAVEMENT (SEE WEDGING DETAIL THIS SHEET)



NOTES:
1: SAWCUT AND REMOVE EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT AND PROVIDE 1" MINIMUM WIDTH FULL DEPTH PAVEMENT
2: SEE PLANS FOR VERTICAL ABUTMENT LOCATIONS
3: PAVEMENT EDGE SLOPES ARE 1:1 UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED



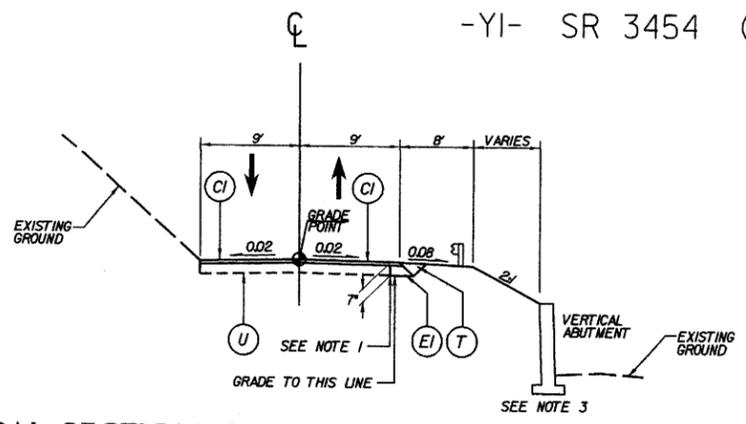
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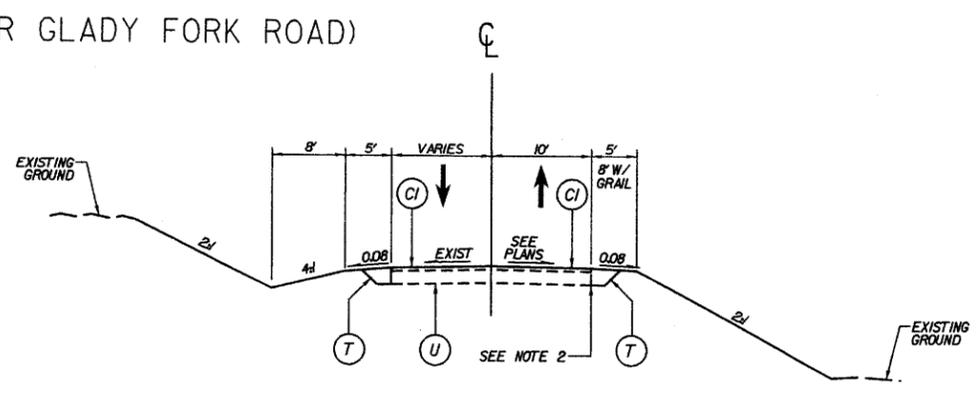
Kimley-Horn
and Associates, Inc.

P.O. BOX 33068
RALEIGH, N.C. 27636-3068

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. B-4037	SHEET NO. 2-A
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	PAVEMENT DESIGN ENGINEER
PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	



TYPICAL SECTION NO. 3
-YI- STA 10+08.00 TO STA 11+89.00



TYPICAL SECTION NO. 4
-YI- STA 14+02.16 TO STA 16+50.00

PAVEMENT SCHEDULE

CI	3" SF9.5A
EI	4" B25.0B
T	EARTH MATERIAL
U	EXISTING PAVEMENT

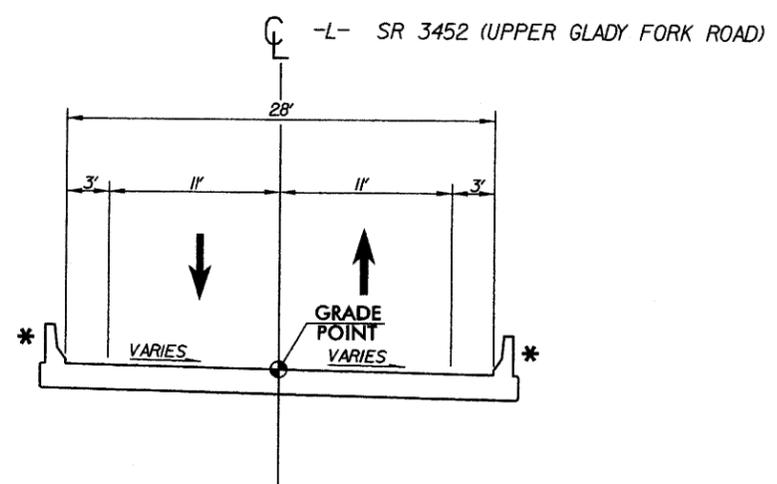
- NOTES:
1. SAWCUT AND REMOVE EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT AND PROVIDE 1' MINIMUM WIDTH FULL DEPTH PAVEMENT
 2. SAWCUT AND REMOVE EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT
 3. SEE PLANS FOR VERTICAL ABUTMENT LOCATIONS
 4. PAVEMENT EDGE SLOPES ARE 1:1 UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED

DESIGN DATA

ADT 2008 = 750 VPD
 ADT 2030 = 1,100 VPD
 DHV = 10%
 D = 60%
 TTST = 1%
 DUAL = 2%
 V = 50 mph

FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION:
 LOCAL RURAL

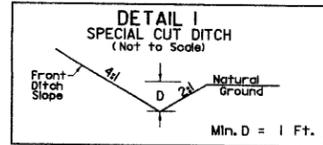
* BRIDGE RAIL TO BE DETERMINED
 BY STRUCTURE DESIGN UNIT



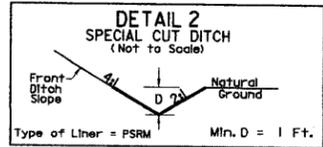
BRIDGE TYPICAL SECTION NO. 1

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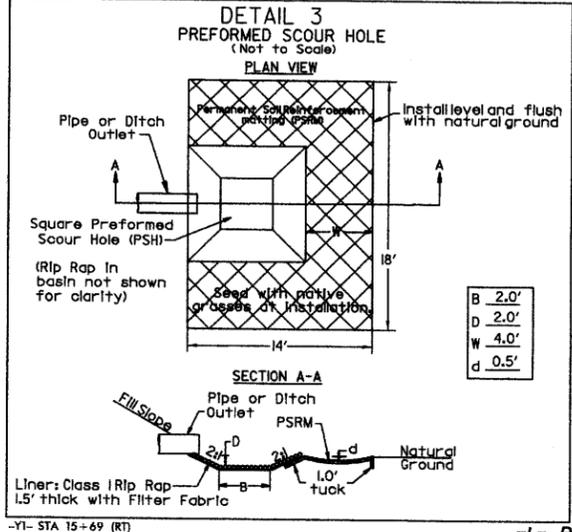
9/7/2007



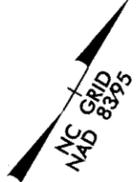
-L- STA 12+00 TO 13+00 (RT)
 -YI- STA 15+00 TO 15+58 (LT)
 -YI- STA 15+58 TO 16+50 (LT)



-L- STA 13+00 TO 13+50 (RT)
 -YI- STA 14+68 TO 15+00 (LT)



-YI- STA 15+69 (RT)



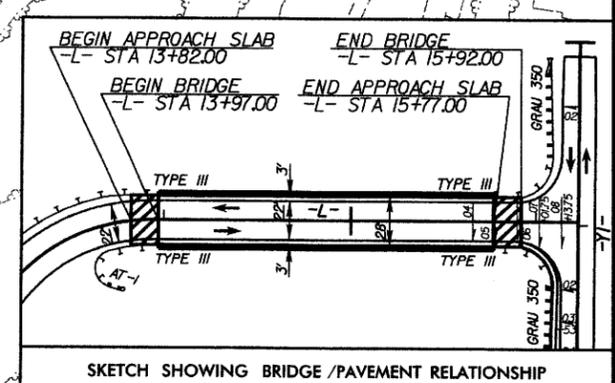
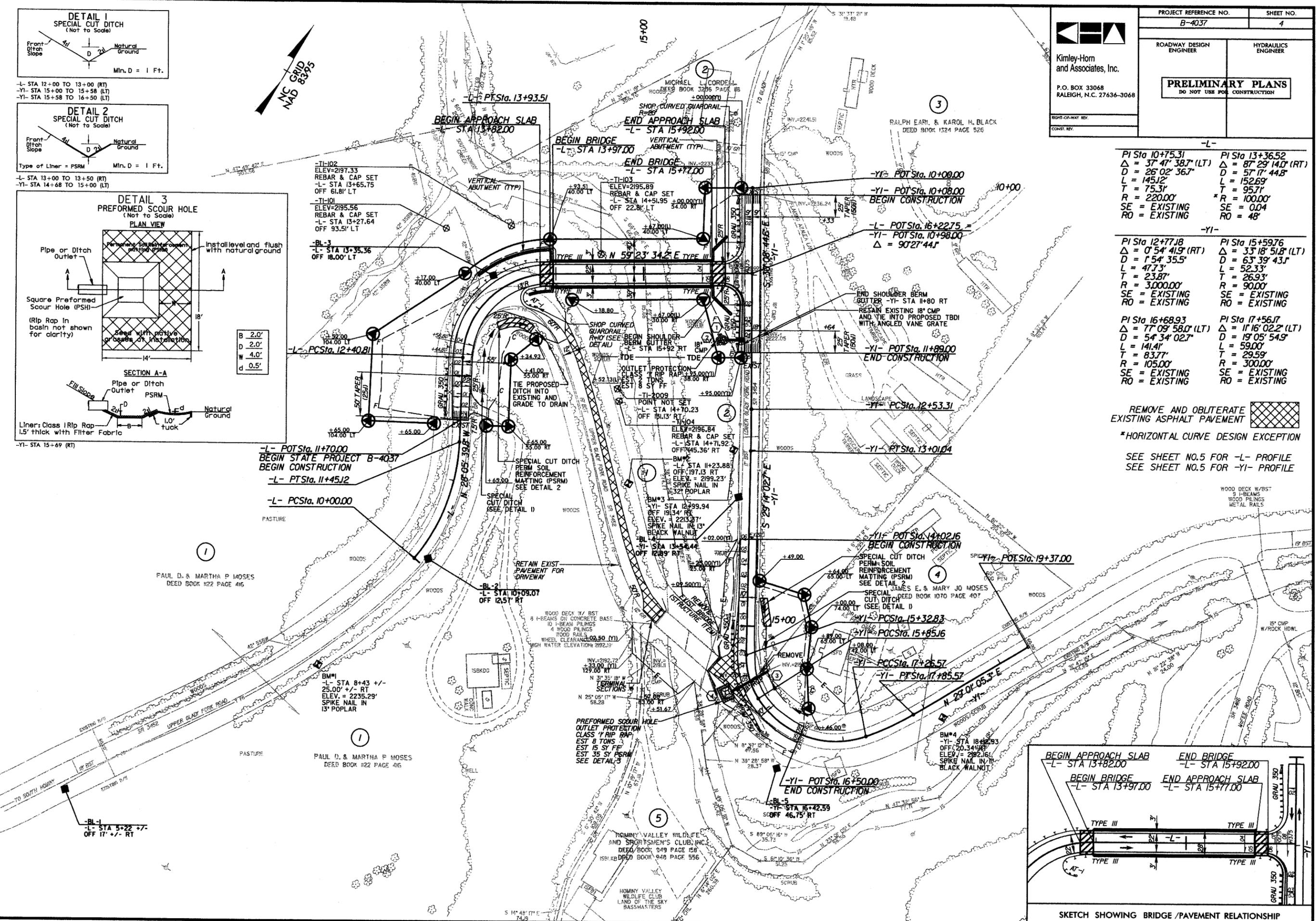
PROJECT REFERENCE NO. B-4037		SHEET NO. 4	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER		HYDRAULICS ENGINEER	
PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION			
Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc. P.O. BOX 33068 RALEIGH, N.C. 27636-3068			

-L- PI Sta 10+75.31 $\Delta = 37' 47" 38.7'$ (LT) $D = 26' 02" 36.7'$ $L = 145.2'$ $T = 75.3'$ $R = 220.0'$ SE = EXISTING RO = EXISTING	-L- PI Sta 13+36.52 $\Delta = 87' 29" 14.0'$ (RT) $D = 57' 17" 44.8'$ $L = 152.69'$ $T = 95.7'$ $R = 100.0'$ SE = 0.04 RO = 48'
-YI- PI Sta 12+77.18 $\Delta = 0' 54" 41.9'$ (RT) $D = 1' 54" 35.5'$ $L = 47.33'$ $T = 23.87'$ $R = 3,000.0'$ SE = EXISTING RO = EXISTING	-YI- PI Sta 15+59.76 $\Delta = 33' 18" 51.8'$ (LT) $D = 63' 39" 43.1'$ $L = 52.33'$ $T = 26.93'$ $R = 90.0'$ SE = EXISTING RO = EXISTING
-YI- PI Sta 16+68.93 $\Delta = 77' 09" 58.0'$ (LT) $D = 54' 34" 02.7'$ $L = 141.4'$ $T = 83.77'$ $R = 105.00'$ SE = EXISTING RO = EXISTING	-YI- PI Sta 17+56.17 $\Delta = 17' 16" 02.2'$ (LT) $D = 19' 05" 54.9'$ $L = 59.00'$ $T = 29.59'$ $R = 300.00'$ SE = EXISTING RO = EXISTING

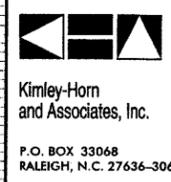
REMOVE AND OBLITERATE EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT

*HORIZONTAL CURVE DESIGN EXCEPTION

SEE SHEET NO.5 FOR -L- PROFILE
 SEE SHEET NO.5 FOR -YI- PROFILE

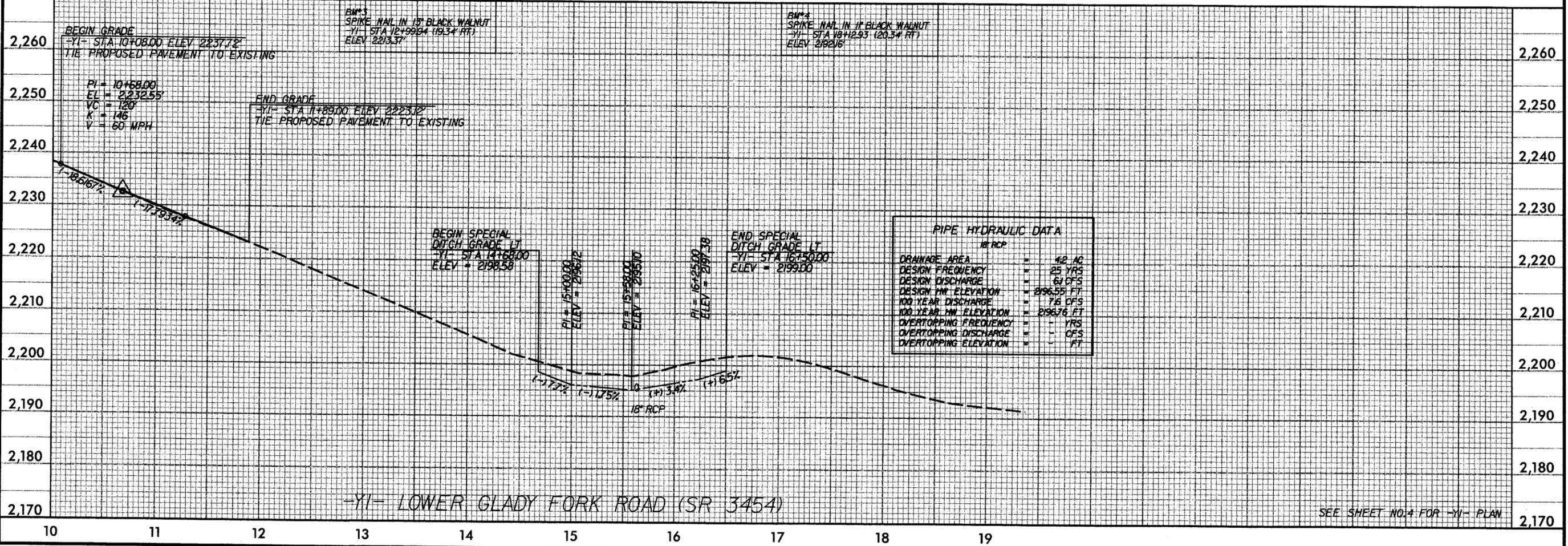
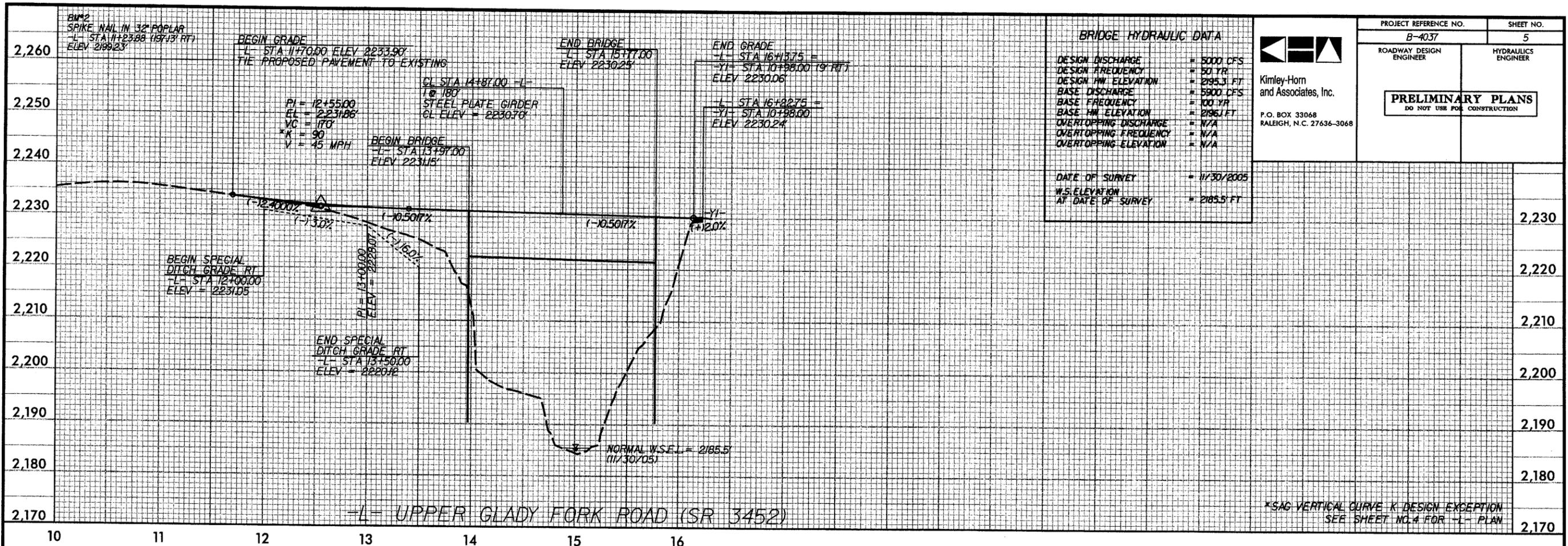


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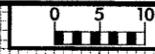
PROJECT REFERENCE NO. B-4037	SHEET NO. 5
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	

BRIDGE HYDRAULIC DATA	
DESIGN DISCHARGE	= 5000 CFS
DESIGN FREQUENCY	= 50 YR
DESIGN HW ELEVATION	= 2195.3 FT
BASE DISCHARGE	= 5900 CFS
BASE FREQUENCY	= 100 YR
BASE HW ELEVATION	= 2196.1 FT
OVERTOPPING DISCHARGE	= N/A
OVERTOPPING FREQUENCY	= N/A
OVERTOPPING ELEVATION	= N/A
DATE OF SURVEY = 11/30/2005	
W.S. ELEVATION AT DATE OF SURVEY = 2185.5 FT	



PIPE HYDRAULIC DATA	
18" RCP	
DRAINAGE AREA	= 4.2 AC
DESIGN FREQUENCY	= 25 YRS
DESIGN DISCHARGE	= 61 CFS
DESIGN HW ELEVATION	= 2196.55 FT
100 YEAR DISCHARGE	= 7.6 CFS
100 YEAR HW ELEVATION	= 2196.76 FT
OVERTOPPING FREQUENCY	= - YRS
OVERTOPPING DISCHARGE	= - CFS
OVERTOPPING ELEVATION	= - FT

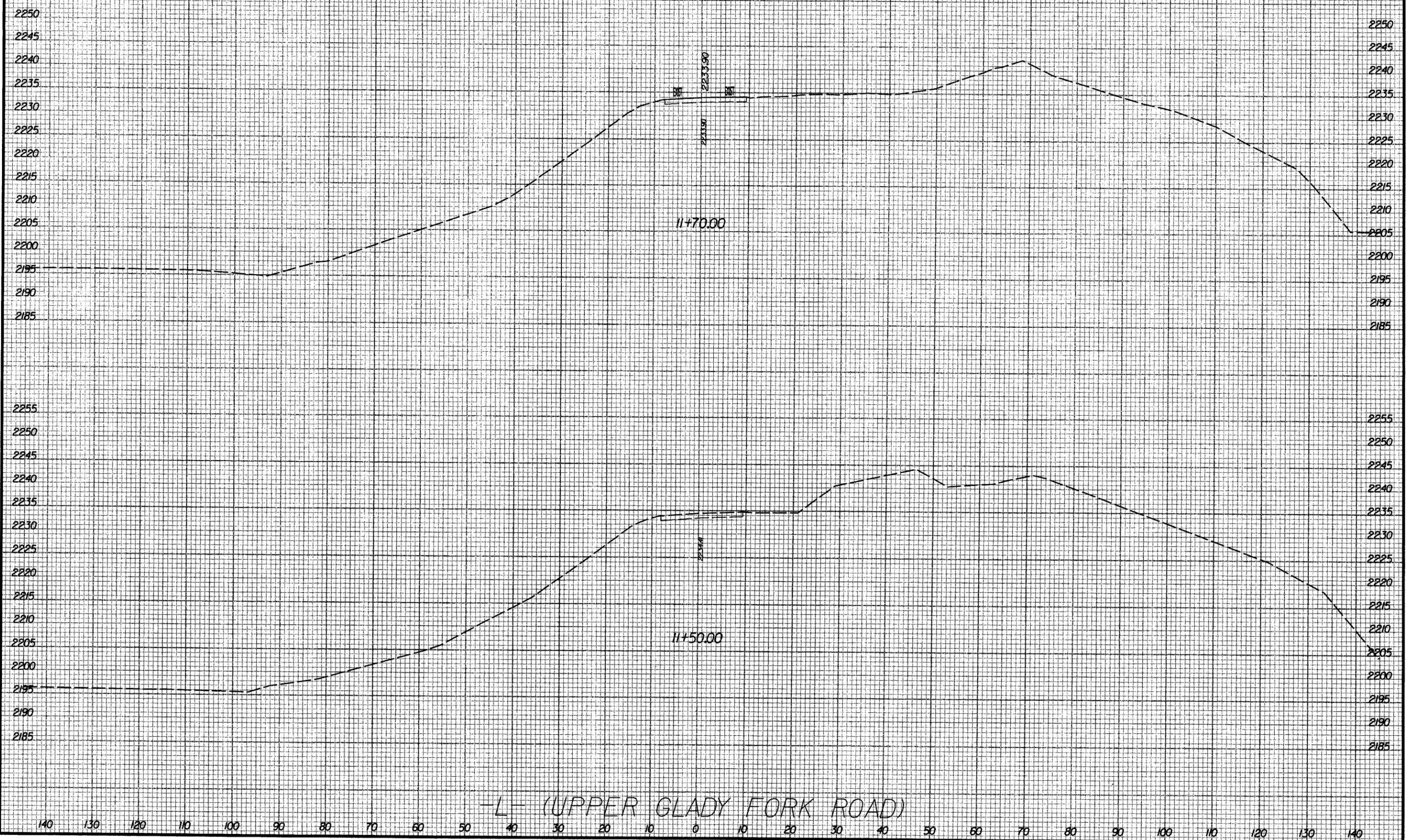
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 9/7/2007



PROJ. REFERENCE NO.
B-4037

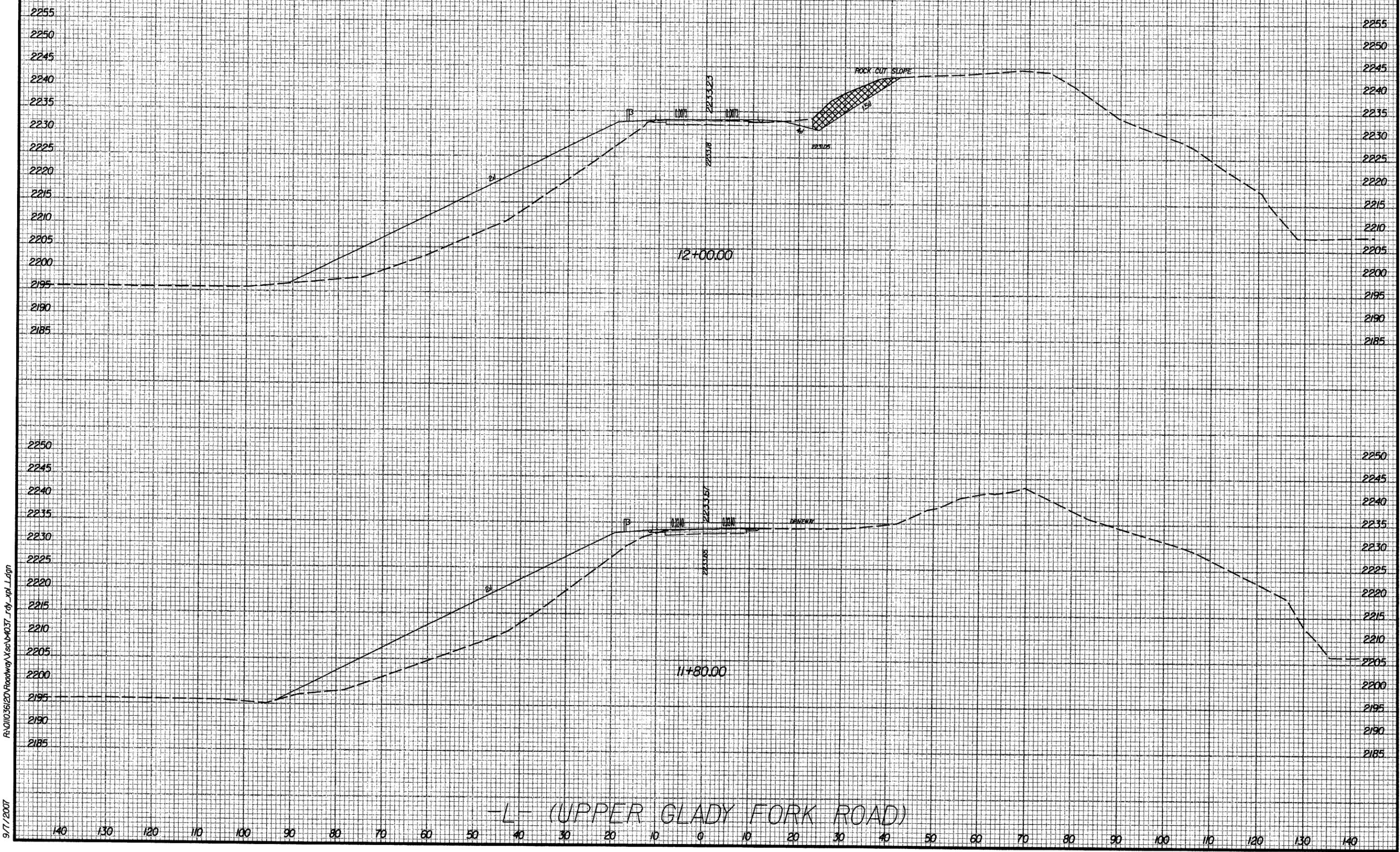
SHEET NO.
X-1

PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION



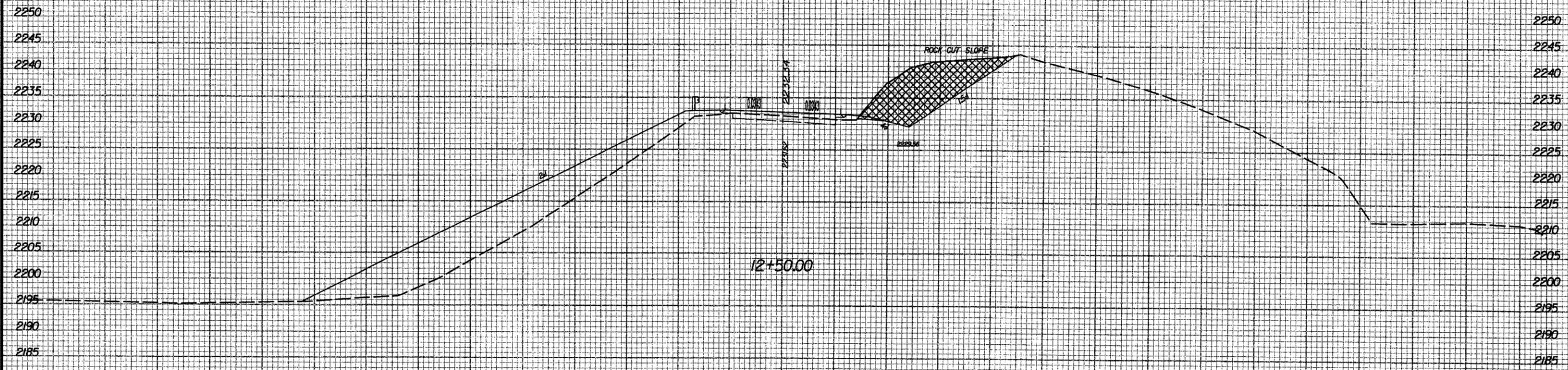
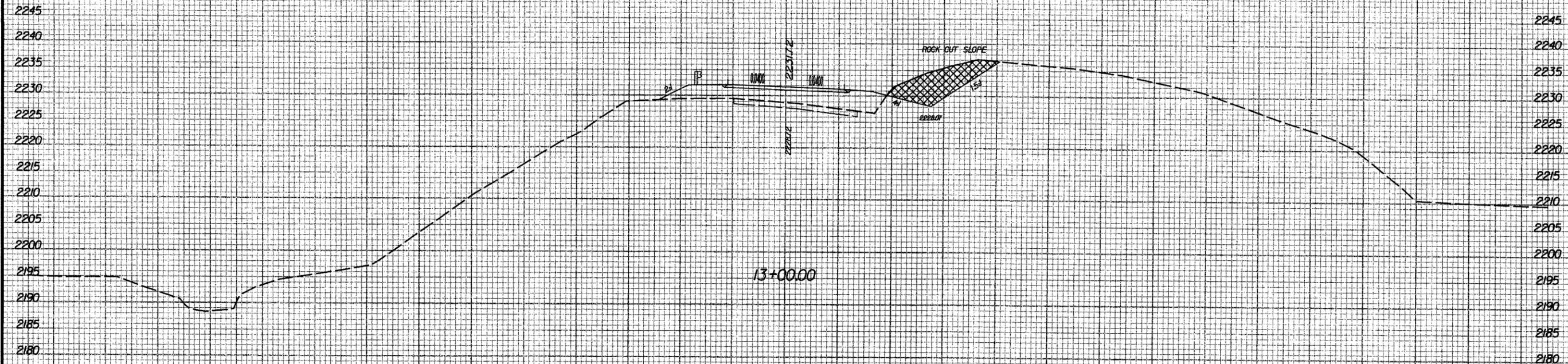
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9/7/2007

-L- (UPPER GLADLY FORK ROAD)



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9/7/2007

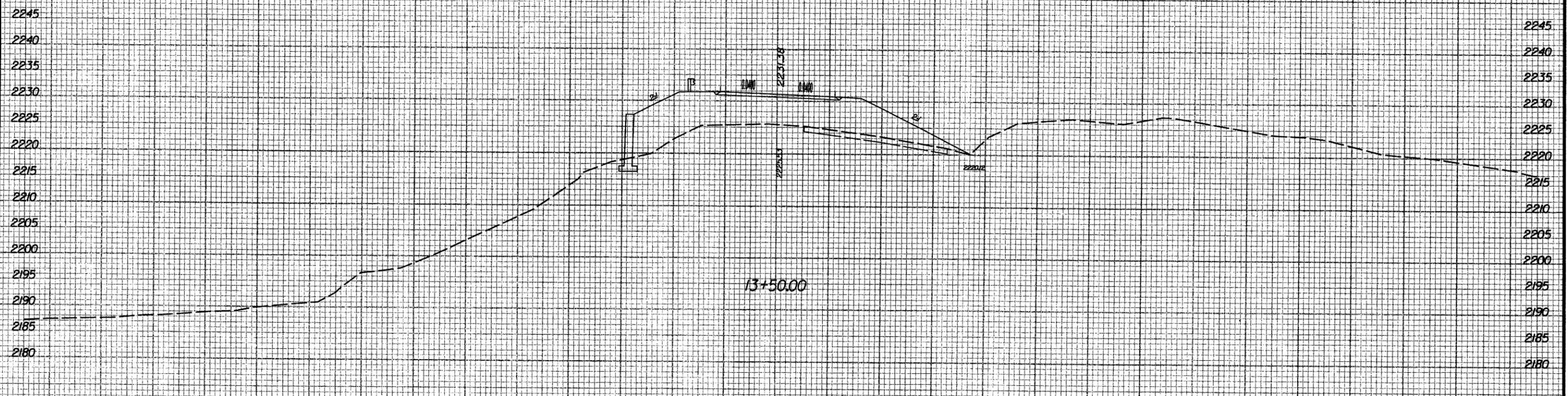
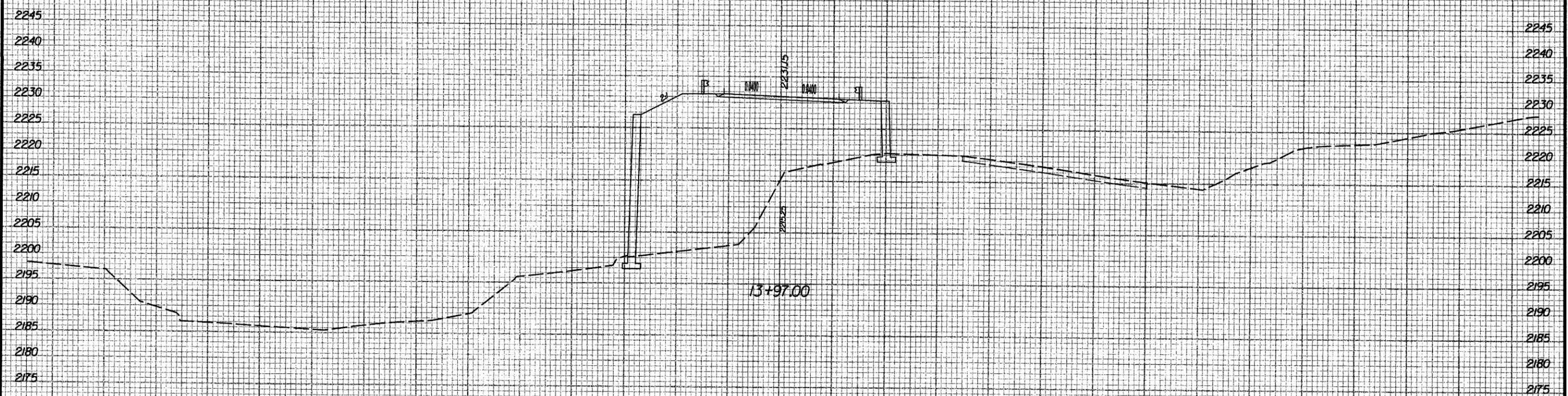
-L- (UPPER GLADLY FORK ROAD)



-L- (UPPER GLADLY FORK ROAD)

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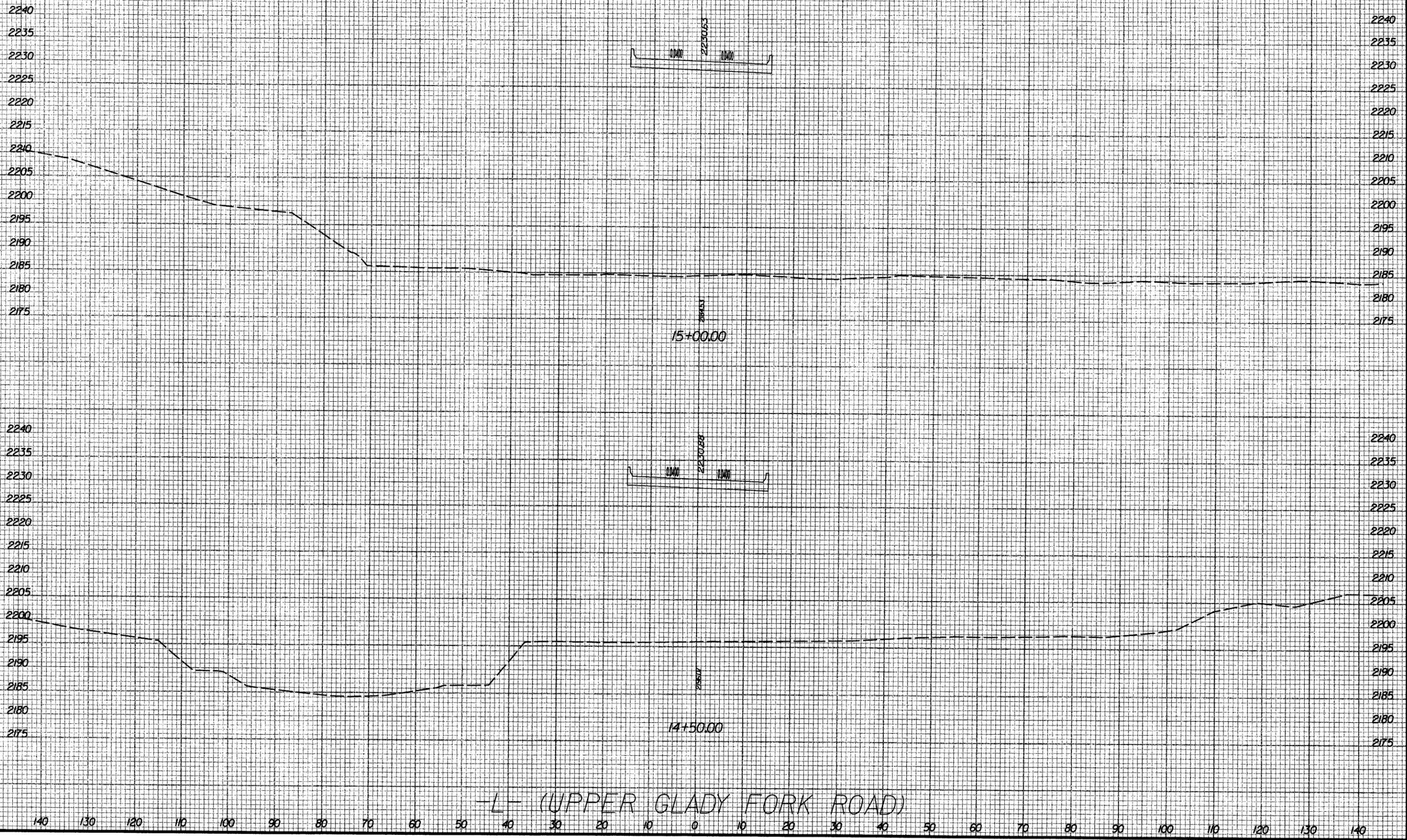


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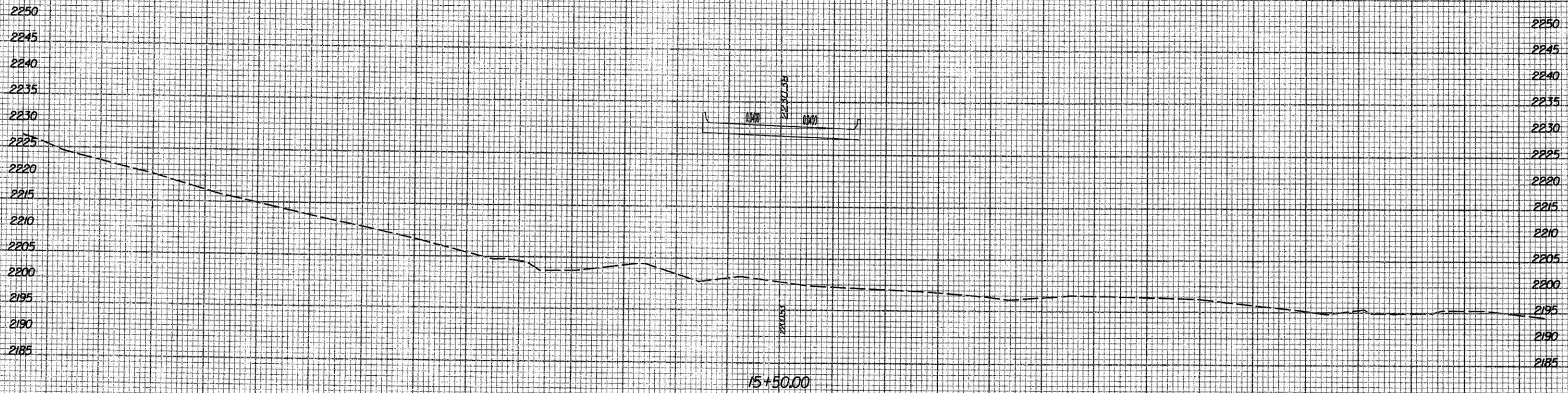
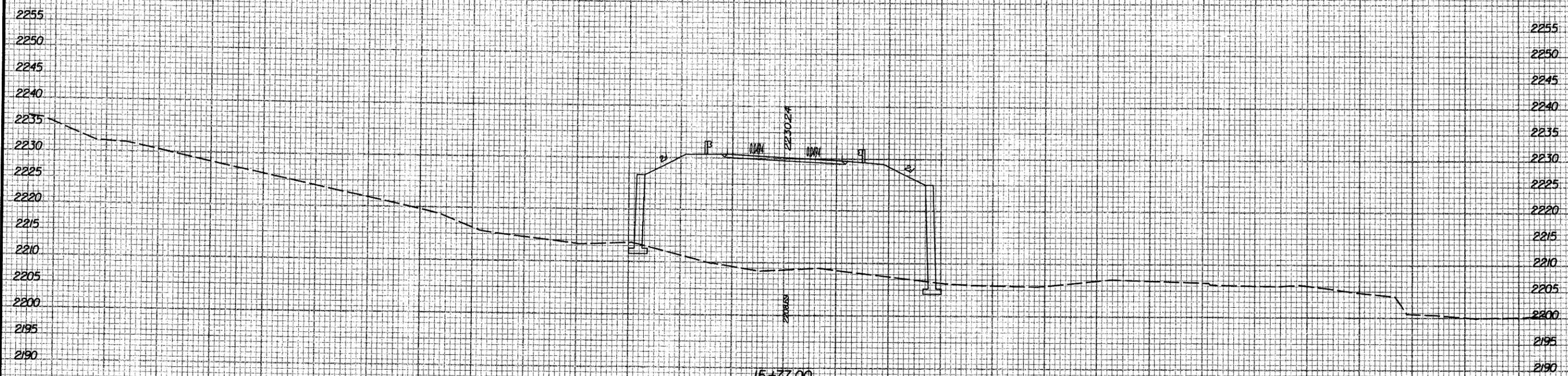
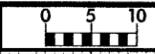
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9/7/2007

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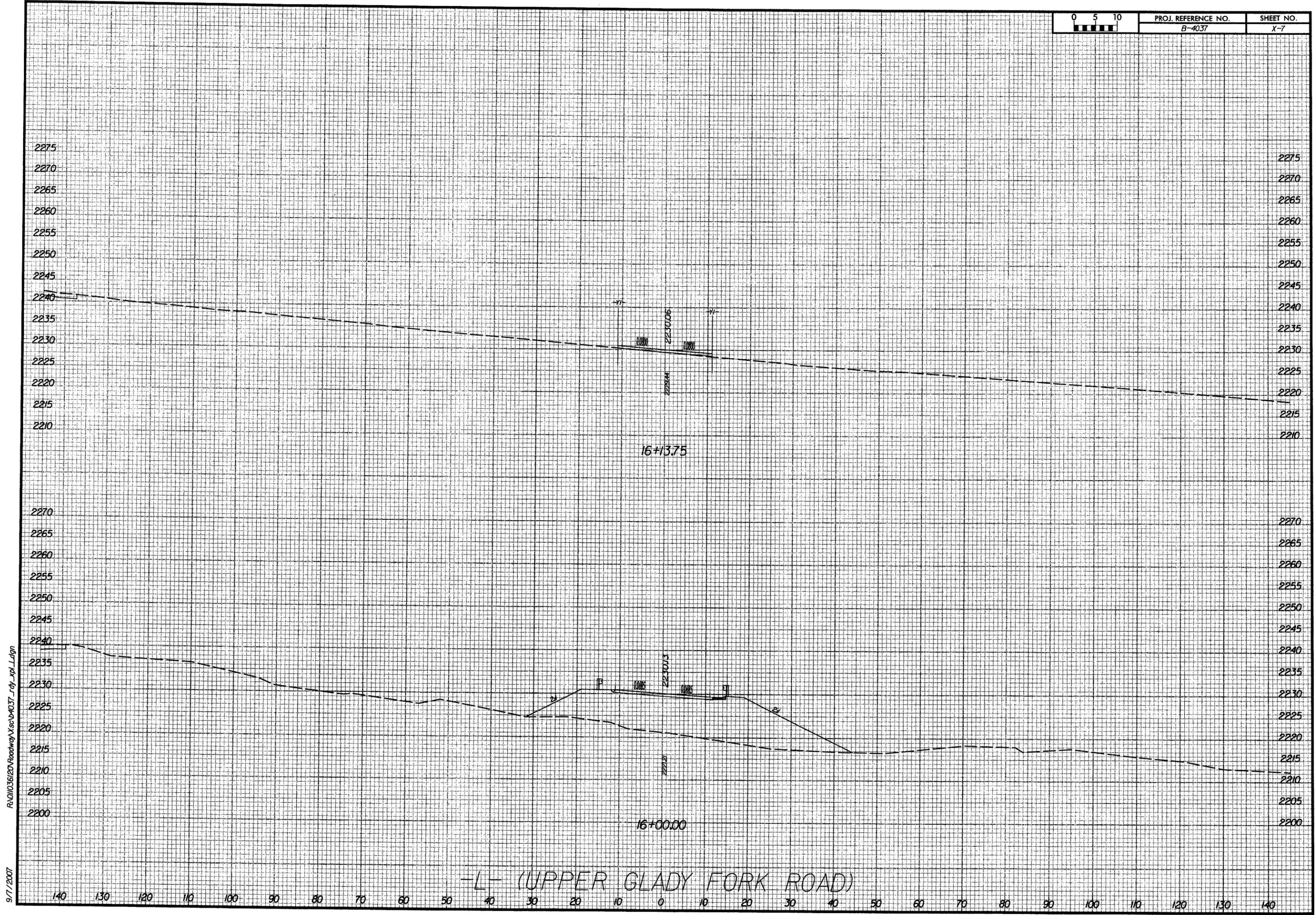
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 9/7/2007



-L- (UPPER GLADLY FORK ROAD)

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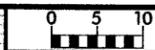
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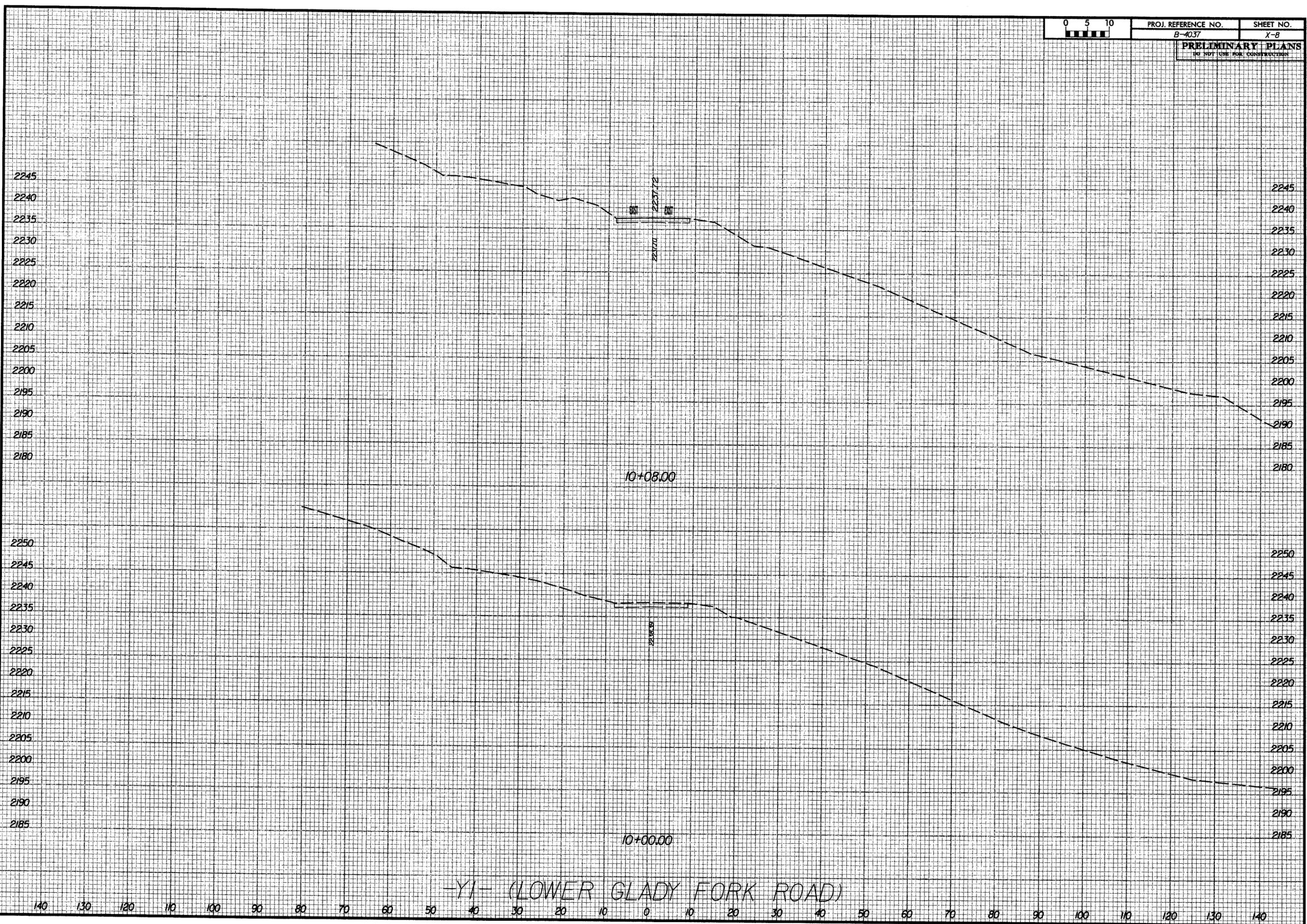
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9/7/2007

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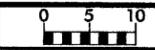


PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION



9/7/2007
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-YI- (LOWER GLADY FORK ROAD)



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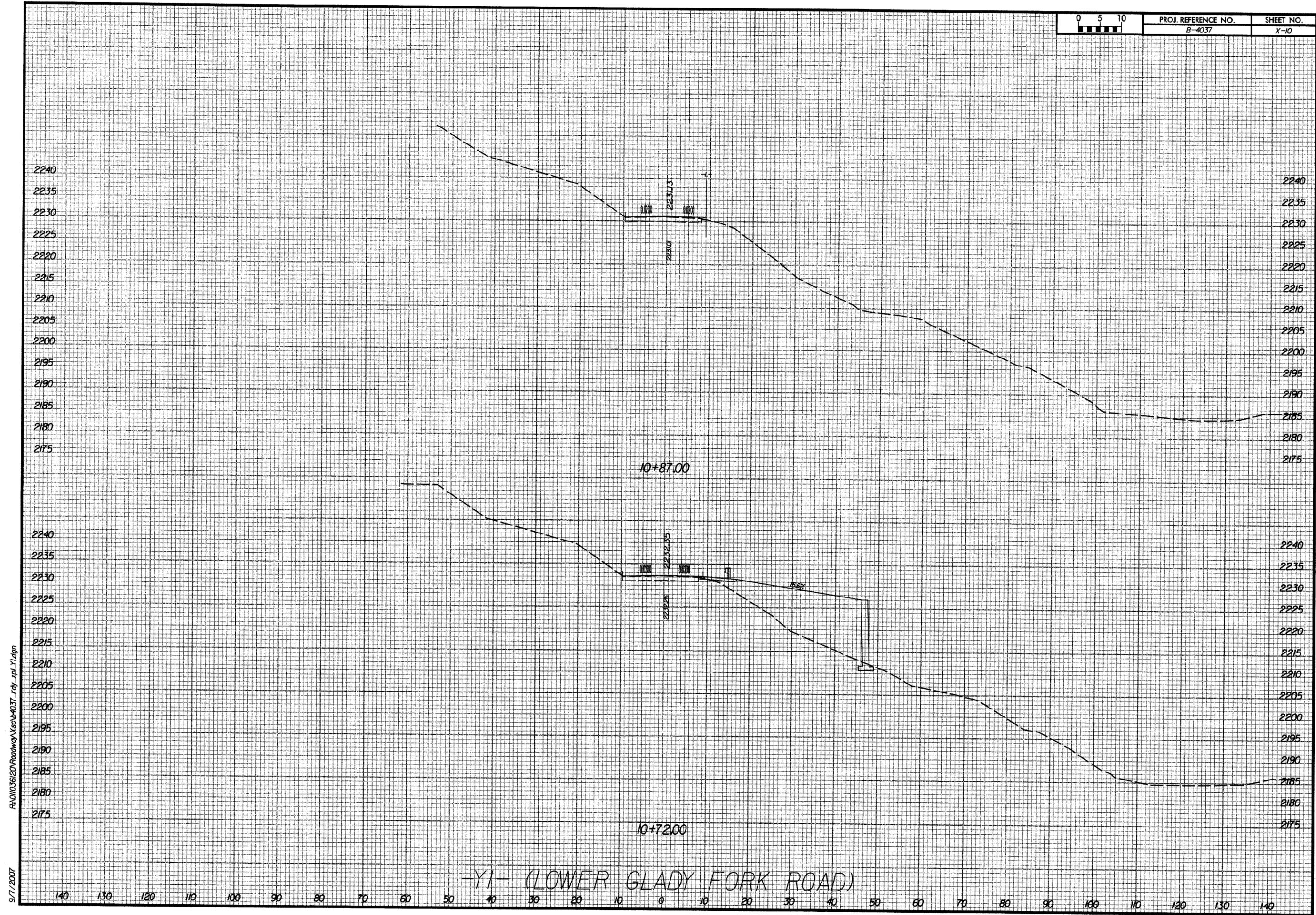
-YI- (LOWER GLADY FORK ROAD)

10+55.87

10+25.00

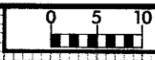
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9/7/2007



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 9/7/2007

-YI- (LOWER GLADLY FORK ROAD)

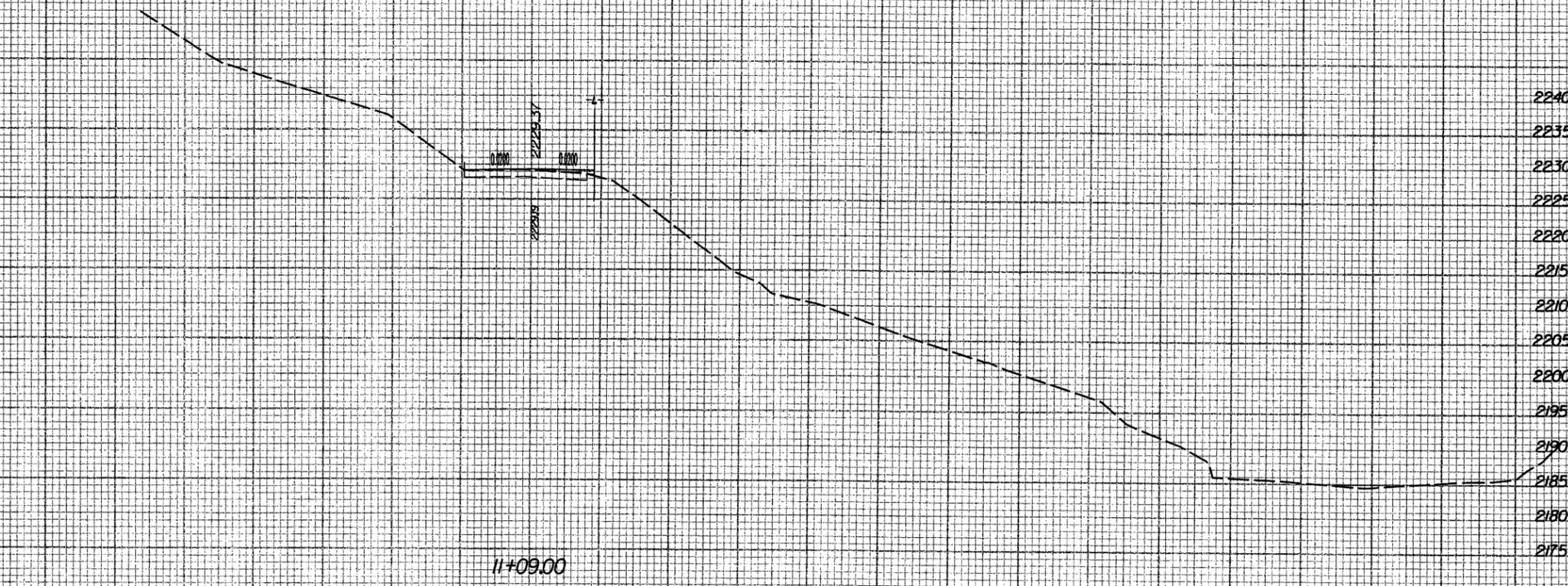
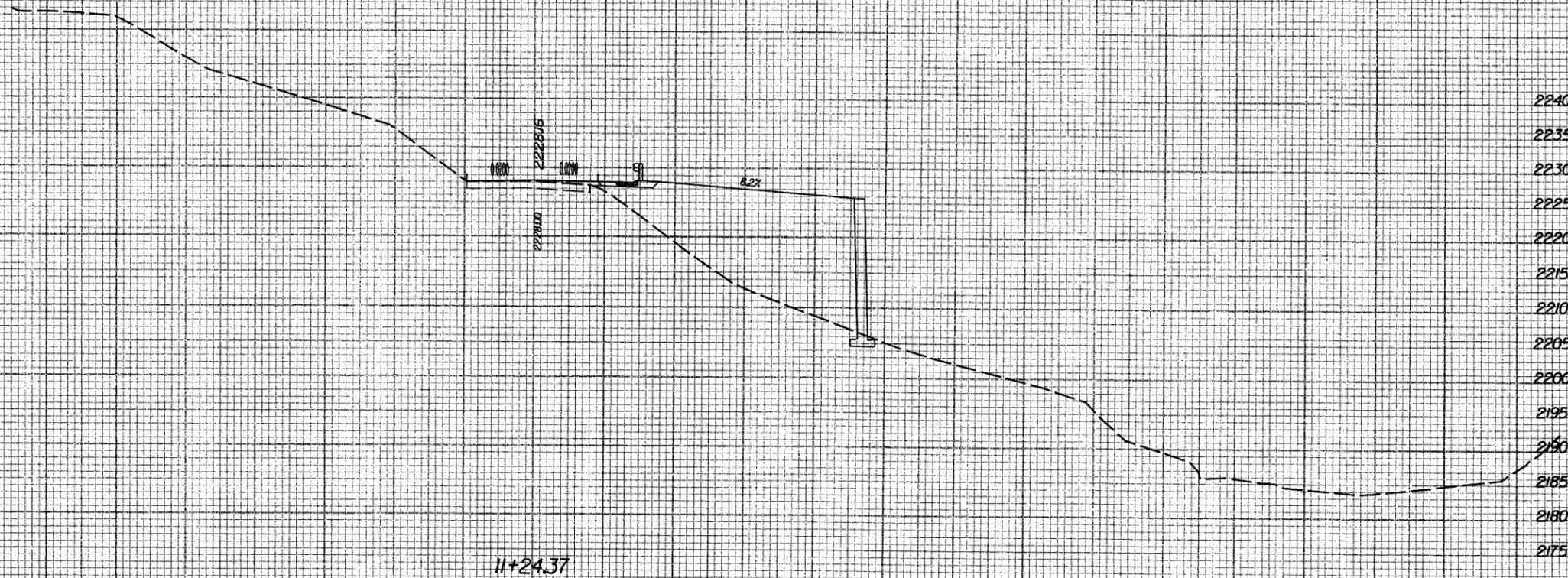


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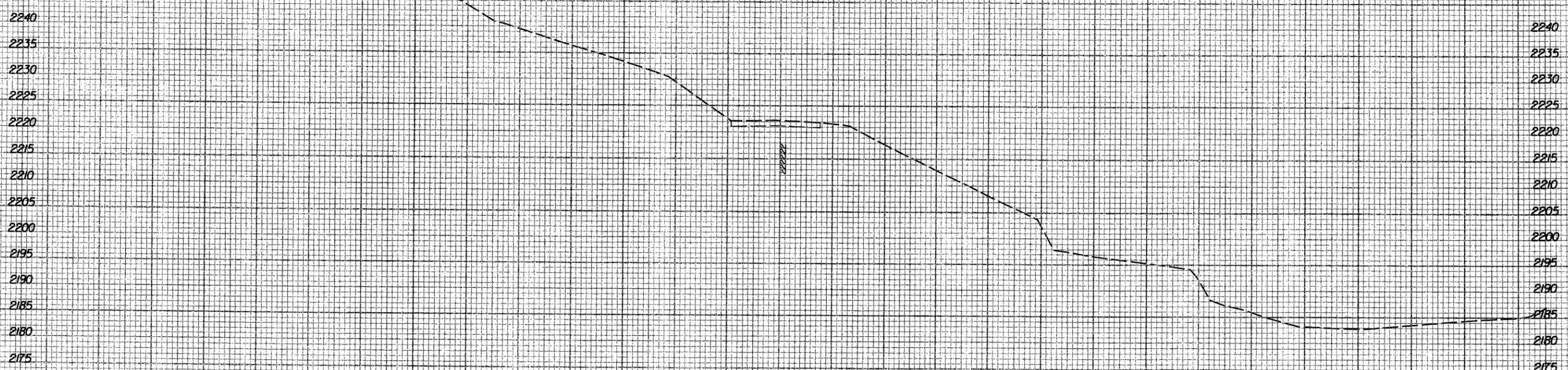
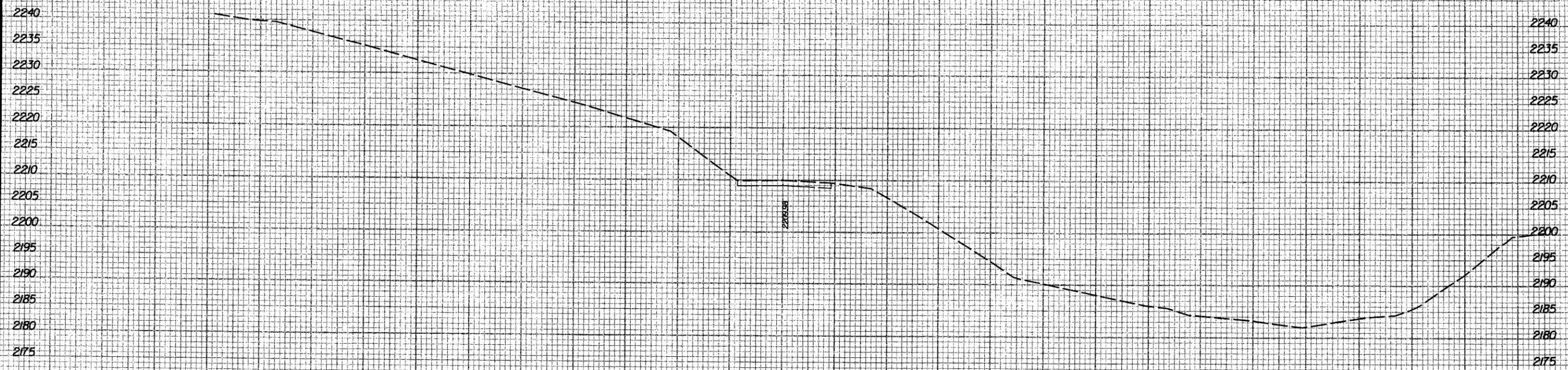
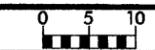
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-YI- (LOWER GLADY FORK ROAD)

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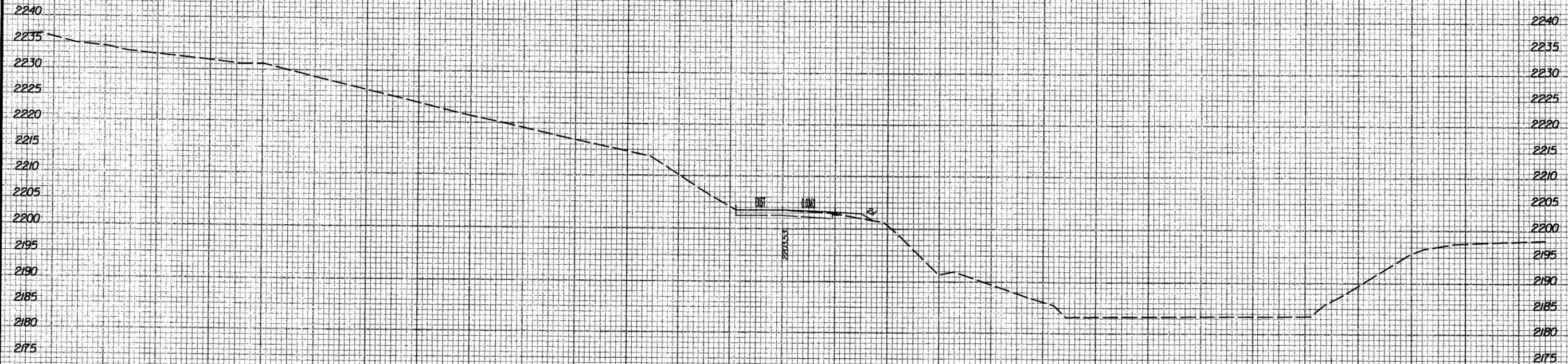
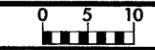


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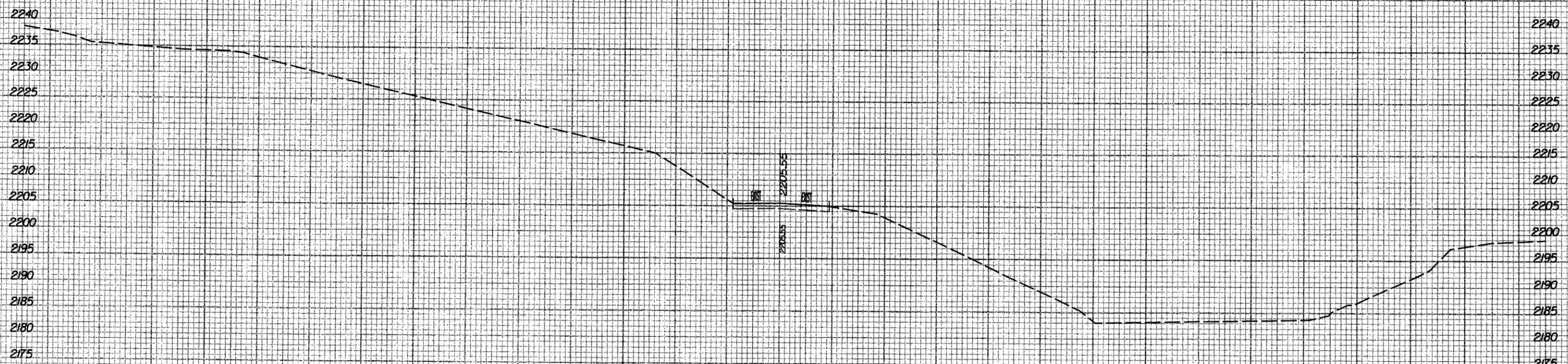
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9/7/2007

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14+25.00

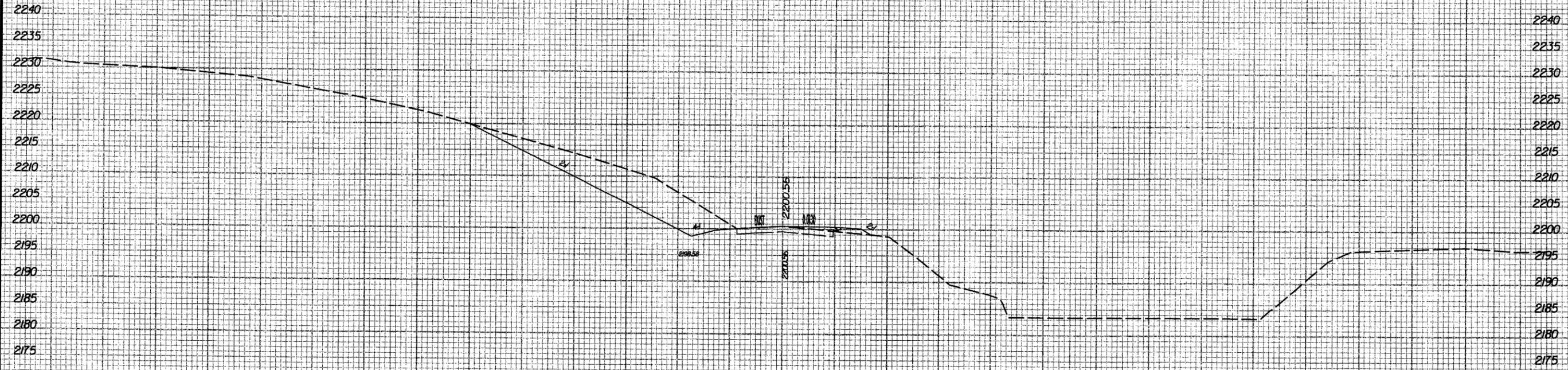


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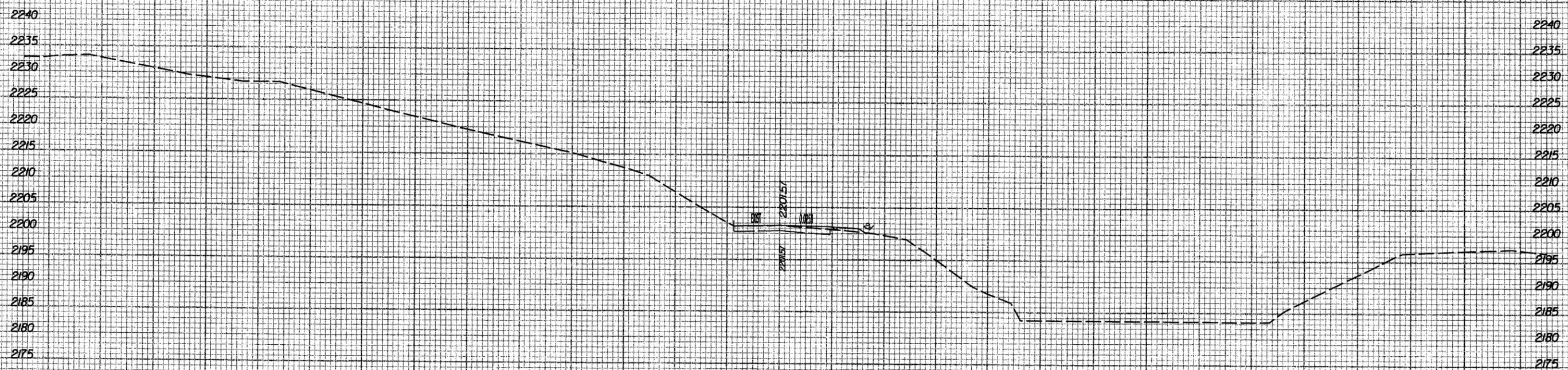
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9/7/2007



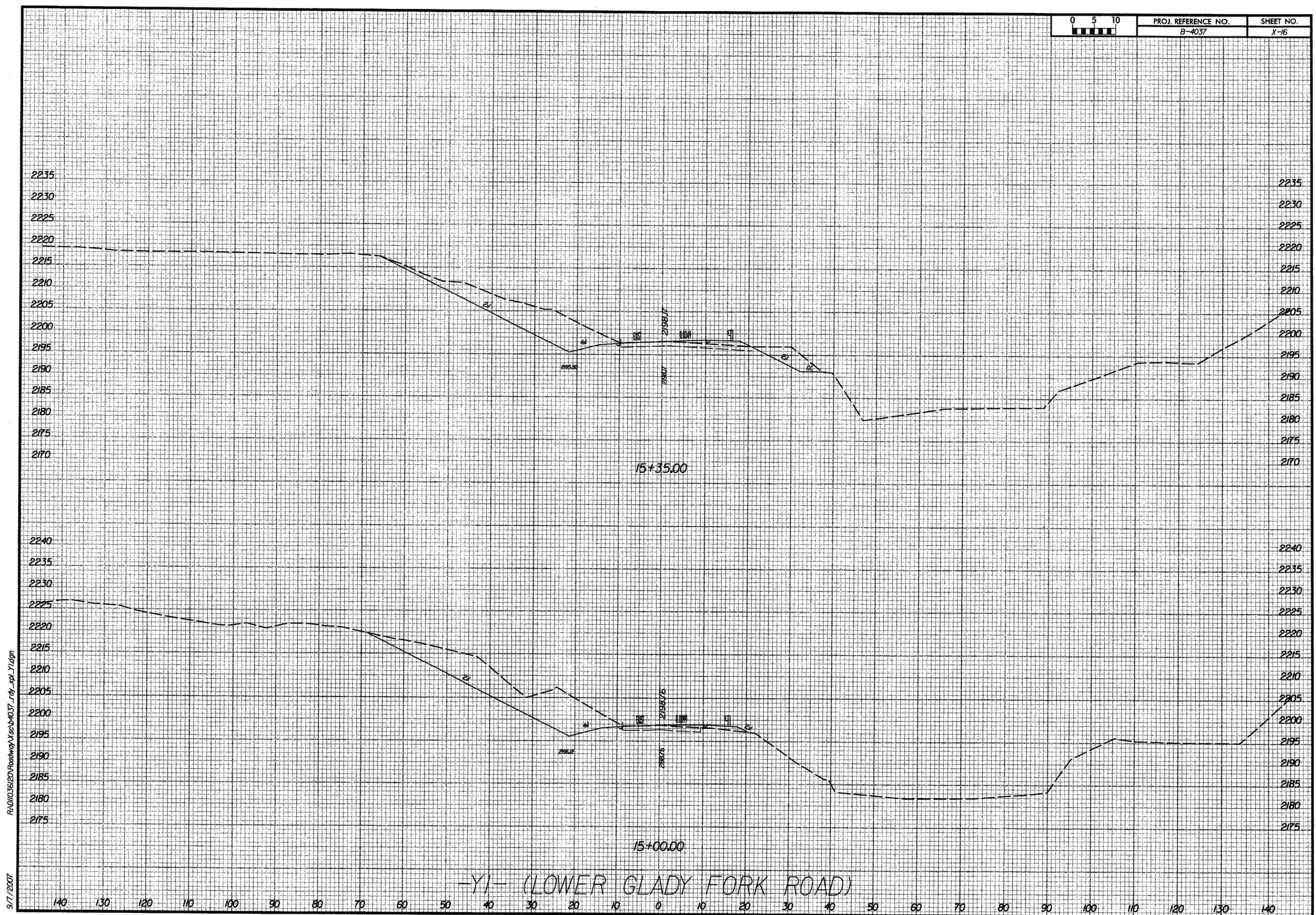
14+68.00



14+50.00

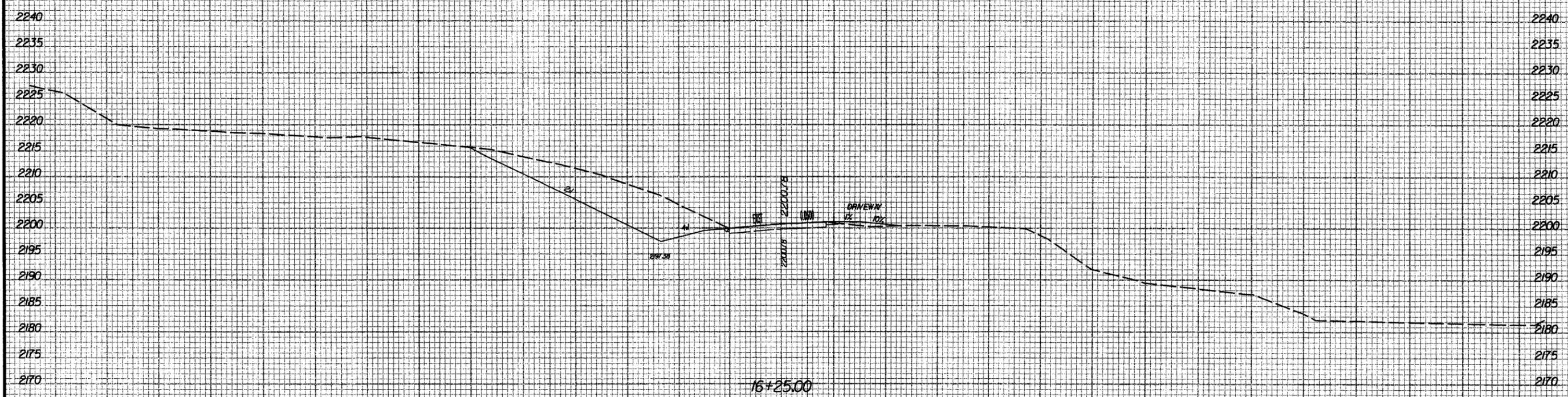
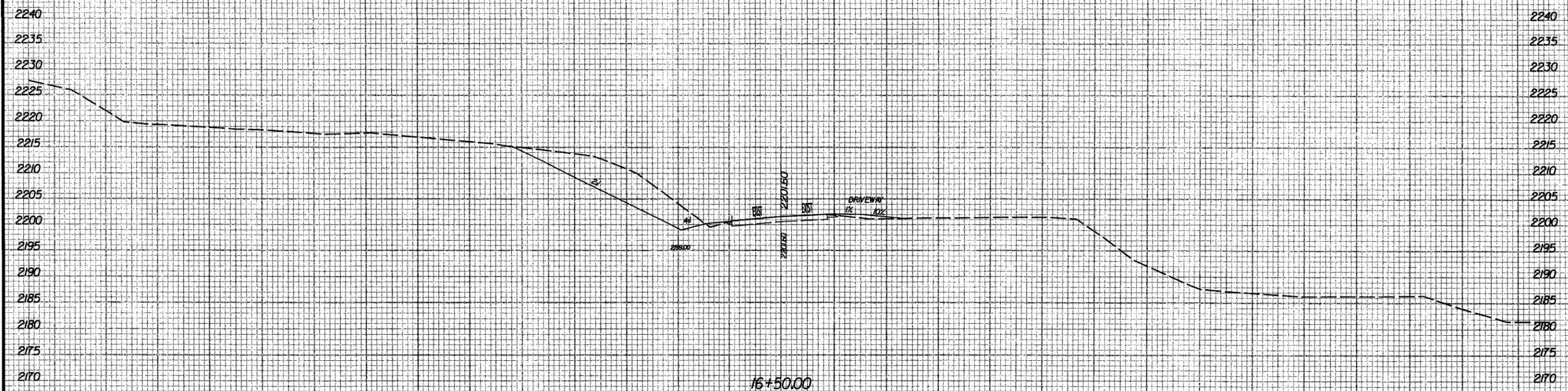
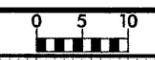
-YI- (LOWER GLADLY FORK ROAD)

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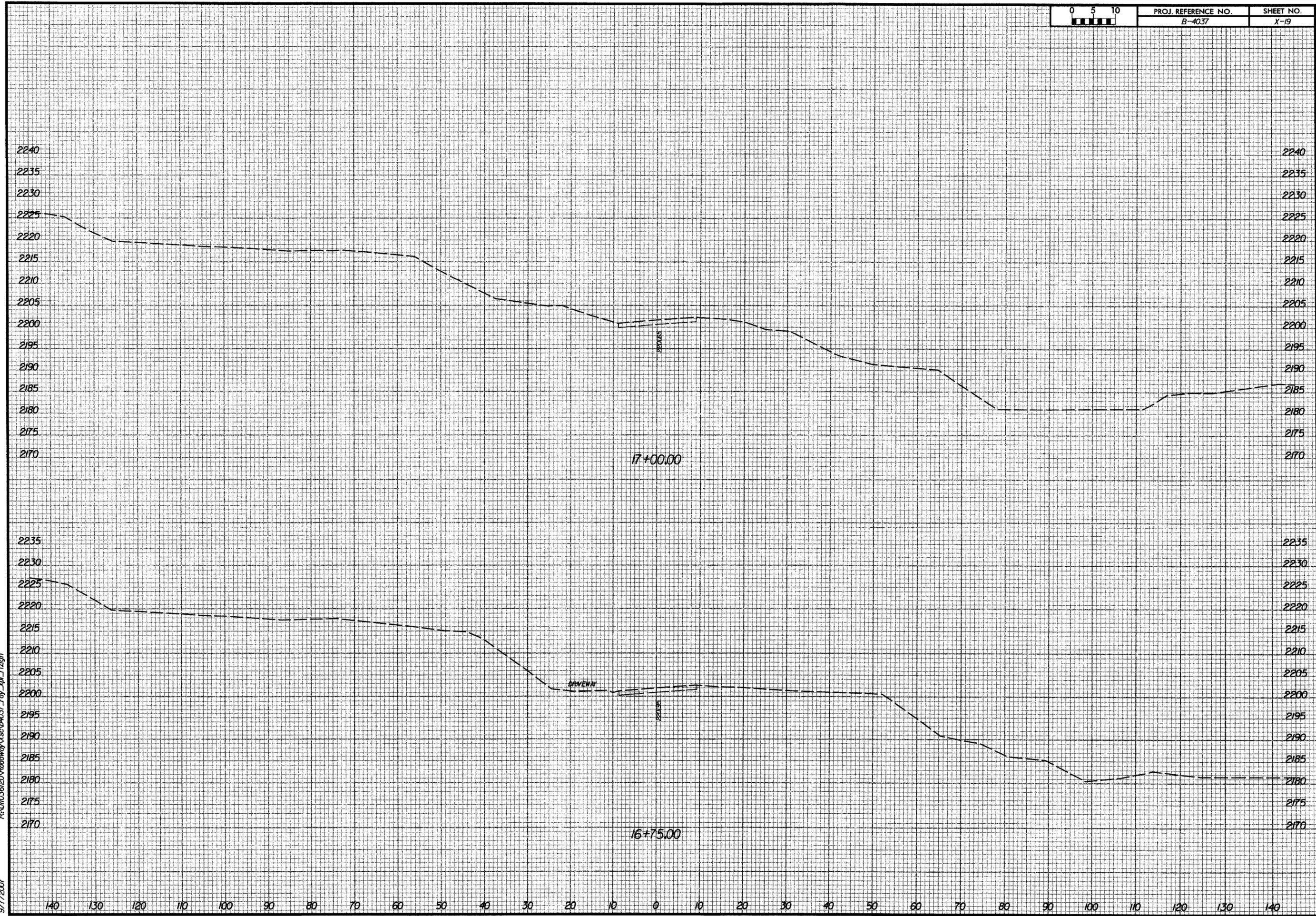
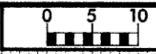


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-Y1- (LOWER GLADY FORK ROAD)



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9/7/2007



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9/7/2007