

REFERENCE: B-5845

PROJECT: 45798

SEE SHEET 3 FOR PLAN SHEET LAYOUT
AT TIME OF INVESTIGATION

CONTENTS

<u>LINE</u>	<u>STATION</u>	<u>PLAN</u>	<u>PROFILE</u>
-L-	12+50 - 32+00	4-5	N/A
-DR-	10+00 - 12+30	4	N/A

CROSS SECTIONS

<u>LINE</u>	<u>STATION</u>	<u>SHEETS</u>
-L-	16+00 - 32+00	6-27
-DR-	11+00	28

APPENDICES

<u>APPENDIX</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>SHEETS</u>
A	SOIL TEST RESULTS	29-30

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

ROADWAY
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY CLEVELAND

PROJECT DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 025 OVER BUFFALO
CREEK ON SR 2033 BETWEEN SR 2047 AND SR 2044

INVENTORY

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	B-5845	1	30

CAUTION NOTICE

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- THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.
 - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

PERSONNEL

CG2 EXPLORATION

S. N. PATTERSON, G.I.T.

T. WENNER, P.G.

S. BRAUN

INVESTIGATED BY CG2, PLLC

DRAWN BY S. N. PATTERSON, G.I.T.

CHECKED BY R. KRAL, P.E.

SUBMITTED BY CG2, PLLC

DATE APRIL 2023

Prepared in the Office of:



CAROLINAS
GEOTECHNICAL
GROUP

2400 CROWNPOINT EXECUTIVE DRIVE
SUITE 800
CHARLOTTE, NC 28227
(980) 339-8684



DocuSigned by:

D. Matthew Brewer

386129C0A4C1462...

04/21/2023

SIGNATURE

DATE

DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

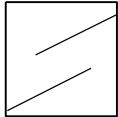
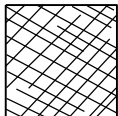
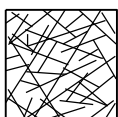

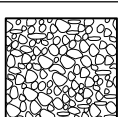
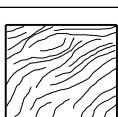
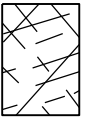
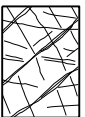
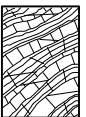
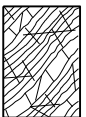
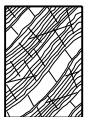



SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SUPPLEMENTAL LEGEND, GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) TABLES

FROM AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS

AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-1 — Determination of GSI for Jointed Rock Mass (Marinos and Hoek, 2000)

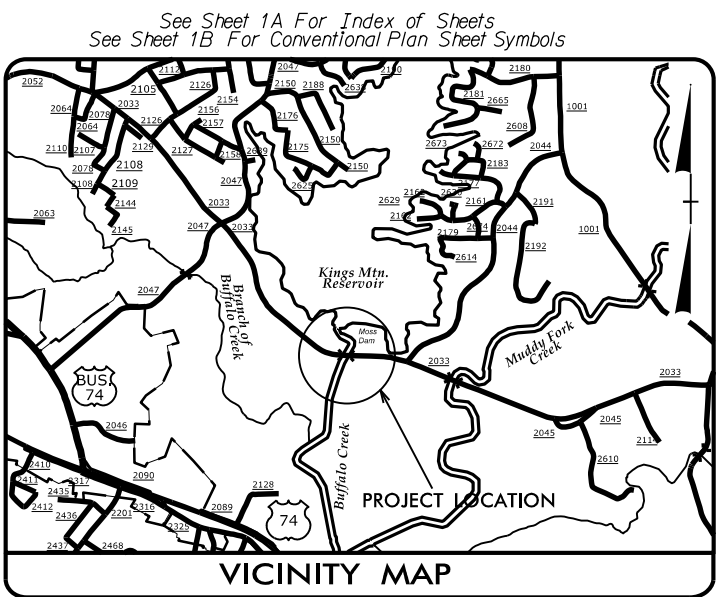
AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-2 — Determination of GSI for Tectonically Deformed Heterogeneous Rock Masses (Marinos and Hoek, 2000)

<div><div>GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) FOR JOINTED ROCKS (Hoek and Marinos, 2000)</div><div>From the lithology, structure and surface conditions of the discontinuities, estimate the average value of GSI. Do not try to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than stating that GSI = 35. Note that the table does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where weak planar structural planes are present in an unfavorable orientation with respect to the excavation face, these will dominate the rock mass behaviour. The shear strength of surfaces in rocks that are prone to deterioration as a result of changes in moisture content will be reduced if water is present. When working with rocks in the fair to very poor categories, a shift to the right may be made for wet conditions. Water pressure is dealt with by effective stress analysis.</div></div>	<div><div>SURFACE CONDITIONS</div><div>VERY GOOD Very rough, fresh unweathered surfaces</div><div>GOOD Rough, slightly weathered, iron stained surfaces</div><div>FAIR Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces</div><div>POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with compact coatings or fillings or angular fragments</div><div>VERY POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings</div></div>	<div><div>GSI FOR HETEROGENEOUS ROCK MASSES SUCH AS FLYSCH (Marinos, P and Hoek E., 2000)</div><div>From a description of the lithology, structure and surface conditions (particularly of the bedding planes), choose a box in the chart. Locate the position in the box that corresponds to the condition of the discontinuities and estimate the average value of GSI from the contours. Do not attempt to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than giving GSI = 35. Note that the Hoek-Brown criterion does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where unfavourably oriented continuous weak planar discontinuities are present, these will dominate the behaviour of the rock mass. The strength of some rock masses is reduced by the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair, poor and very poor conditions. Water pressure does not change the value of GSI and it is dealt with by using effective stress analysis.</div></div>	<div><div>SURFACE CONDITIONS OF DISCONTINUITIES (Predominantly bedding planes)</div><div>VERY GOOD - Very Rough, fresh unweathered surfaces</div><div>GOOD - Rough, slightly weathered surfaces</div><div>FAIR - Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces</div><div>POOR - Very smooth, occasionally slickensided surfaces with compact coatings or fillings with angular fragments</div><div>VERY POOR - Very smooth, slickensided or highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings</div></div>
<div><div>STRUCTURE</div><div><div>INTACT OR MASSIVE - intact rock specimens or massive in situ rock with few widely spaced discontinuities</div><div>BLOCKY - well interlocked undisturbed rock mass consisting of cubical blocks formed by three intersecting discontinuity sets</div><div>VERY BLOCKY - interlocked, partially disturbed mass with multi-faceted angular blocks formed by 4 or more joint sets</div><div>BLOCKY/DISTURBED/SEAMY - folded with angular blocks formed by many intersecting discontinuity sets. Persistence of bedding planes or schistosity</div><div>DISINTEGRATED - poorly interlocked, heavily broken rock mass with mixture of angular and rounded rock pieces</div><div>LAMINATED/SHEARED - Lack of blockiness due to close spacing of weak schistosity or shear planes</div></div></div>	<div><div>DECREASING SURFACE QUALITY ➡</div><div>90</div><div>80</div><div>70</div><div>60</div><div>50</div><div>40</div><div>30</div><div>20</div><div>10</div><div>N/A</div><div>N/A</div></div>	<div><div>COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURE</div><div><div>A. Thick bedded, very blocky sandstone The effect of pelitic coatings on the bedding planes is minimized by the confinement of the rock mass. In shallow tunnels or slopes these bedding planes may cause structurally controlled instability.</div><div><div>B. Sandstone with thin inter-layers of siltstone</div><div><div>C. Sandstone and siltstone in similar amounts</div><div><div>D. Siltstone or silty shale with sandstone layers</div><div><div>E. Weak siltstone or clayey shale with sandstone layers</div><div><div>F. Tectonically deformed, intensively folded/faulted, sheared clayey shale or siltstone with broken and deformed sandstone layers forming an almost chaotic structure</div><div><div>G. Undisturbed silty or clayey shale with or without a few very thin sandstone layers</div><div><div>H. Tectonically deformed silty or clayey shale forming a chaotic structure with pockets of clay. Thin layers of sandstone are transformed into small rock pieces.</div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div>	<div><div>70</div><div>60</div><div>50</div><div>40</div><div>30</div><div>20</div><div>10</div></div>

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TIP PROJECT: B-5845

CONTRACT:



VICINITY MAP

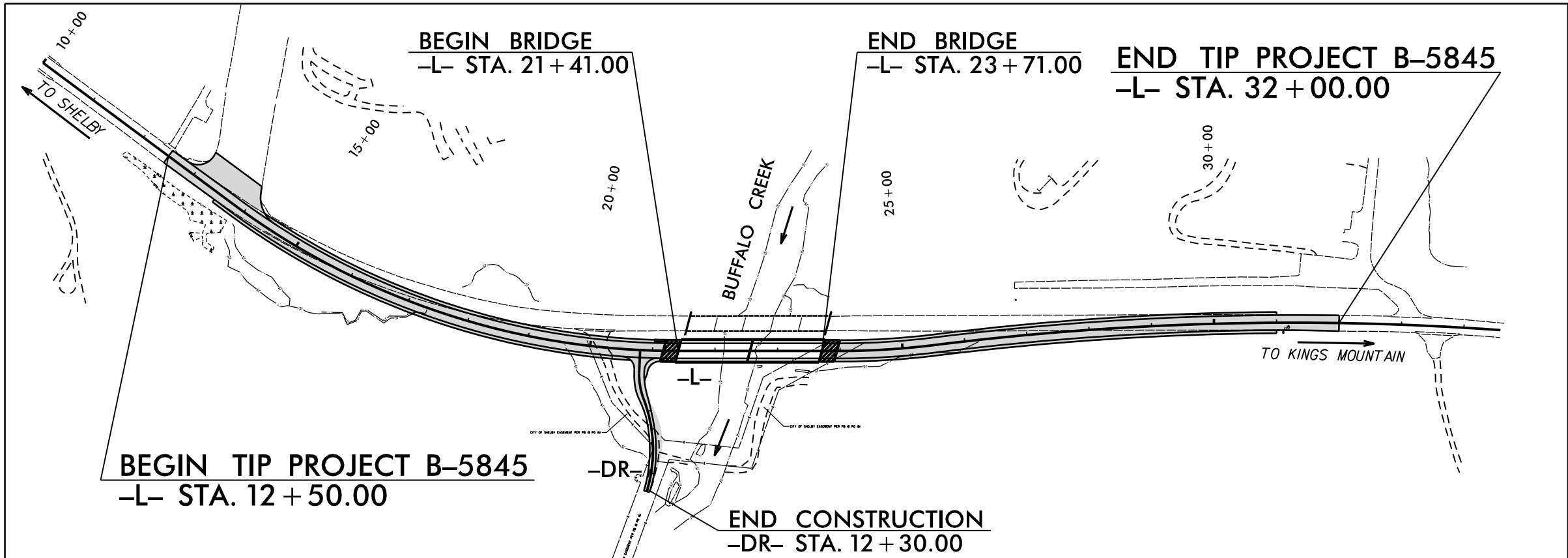
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

CLEVELAND COUNTY

LOCATION: BRIDGE #220025 ON SR 2033 (OAK GROVE RD.)
OVER BUFFALO CREEK

TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, PAVING, DRAINAGE, & STRUCTURE

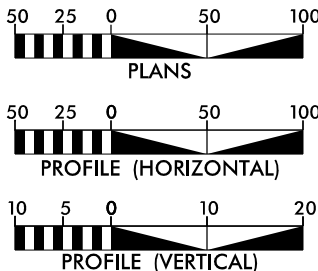
STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	B-5845	3	35
STATE PROJ. NO.	P.A. PROJ. NO.	DESCRIPTION	
45798.1.1	N/A	PE	
45798.2.1	N/A	ROW, UTIL.	
45798.3.1	N/A	CONST.	



CLEARING ON THIS PROJECT SHALL BE PERFORMED TO THE LIMITS ESTABLISHED BY METHOD ____
THIS PROJECT IS NOT WITHIN ANY MUNICIPAL BOUNDARIES
A DESIGN EXCEPTION WILL BE REQUIRED FOR SAG VERTICAL CURVE K, AND VERTICAL SSD

INCOMPLETE PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION
DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

GRAPHIC SCALES



DESIGN DATA

ADT 2020 = 6,800
ADT 2040 = 7,800
K = 9 %
D = 55 %
T = 6 % *
V = 60 MPH
* TTST = 2% DUAL = 4%
FUNC CLASS =
RURAL COLLECTOR
REGIONAL TIER

PROJECT LENGTH

LENGTH ROADWAY TIP PROJECT B-5845 = 0.325 MILES
LENGTH STRUCTURE TIP PROJECT B-5845 = 0.044 MILES
TOTAL LENGTH TIP PROJECT B-5845 = 0.369 MILES

NCDOT CONTACT: STEVE RACKLEY, PE

PLANS PREPARED BY:

TGS ENGINEERS
804-C N. LAFAYETTE ST
SHELBY, NC 28150
PH (704) 476-0003
CORP. LICENSE NO.: C-0275

PLANS PREPARED FOR:

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT
OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION 12
1710 E. Marion St
Shelby, NC 28150

RIGHT OF WAY DATE:
DEC. 2020

LETTING DATE:
DEC. 2021

2018 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

JIMMY L. TERRY, PE
PROJECT ENGINEER

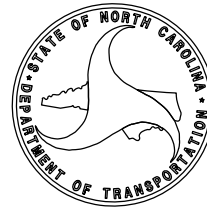
AUSTIN R. TURNER, PE
PROJECT DESIGN ENGINEER

HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

SIGNATURE: _____ P.E.

ROADWAY DESIGN
ENGINEER

SIGNATURE: _____ P.E.



4/21/2023

STATE PROJECT: 45798.1.1
TIP NO.: B-5845
I.D. NO.: SF-220025
COUNTY: Cleveland
DESCRIPTION: Bridge No. 025 over Buffalo Creek on SR 2033 between SR 2047 and SR 2044

SUBJECT: Geotechnical Roadway Inventory Report

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Based on a review of the plans provided to us by TGS, we understand this project consists of a bridge replacement and roadway realignment to SR 2033 (Oak Grove Road) over Buffalo Creek. The realignment of SR 2033 begins approximately 890 feet west of the proposed bridge over Buffalo Creek and ends approximately 829 feet east of the proposed bridge. The project is approximately 0.369 miles in length, measured along -L- (SR 2033) from Station 12+50 to 32+00. The proposed construction consists of a new bridge, roadway improvements, and associated drainage. The following alignments are included as part of this investigation:

<u>Alignment</u>	<u>Stations</u>
-L- (SR 2033)	12+50 to 32+00
-DR-	10+00 to 12+30

The provided roadway plans generally indicate fill on the order of 5 to 20 feet are planned along the alignment from -L- Stations 13+00 to 14+50, 16+50 to 17+25, 19+50 to 21+00, and 24+00 to 26+00. Fills on the order of 5 to 15 feet are planned along the left and right side of -DR-. Cuts on the order of 5 to 16 feet are planned along -L- from Station 17+50 to 19+25 and 26+50 to 31+50. Additional sliver cuts and fills are shown on the plans at other locations.

The geotechnical field investigation was conducted by CG2 during the period of May 2020 and March 2022. This investigation was performed in several phases due to project schedule and contract requirements. A subcontracted drilling crew was used to drill and sample each of the thirteen (13) borings included in this report. The drill rigs utilized were a truck-mounted Mobile B-29 and a track-mounted Diedrich D-50 both equipped with an automatic hammer. Standard Penetration Tests (SPT) were performed at selected depths within each boring except for L_1600 and L_2500R which were performed utilizing hand auger equipment due to utility and access conflicts. Rock coring was performed in two end bent borings to evaluate the presence and consistency of the bedrock. Representative soil samples were collected for visual-manual classification in the field and evaluated in the office by a staff geologist under the supervision of a licensed engineer or licensed geologist. Selected soil samples were submitted for laboratory analysis by an approved NCDOT M&T testing facility.

PHYSIOGRAPHY AND GEOLOGY

The project corridor is located within the Piedmont Physiographic Province (Piedmont) of North Carolina. The Piedmont generally consists of hills and ridges which are intertwined with an established system of draws and streams. The Piedmont is predominately underlain by igneous and metamorphic rock.

The 1985 Geologic Map of North Carolina shows the project area is within the Inner Piedmont Belt, which is comprised of an upper and lower suite with associated intrusive igneous plutons. The upper suite is mostly metasedimentary and consists of interlayered Mica Schist and Biotite Paragneiss. The lower suite of the Inner Piedmont Belt generally consists of Biotite Gneiss, Amphibolite, Mica Schist, and layered Granitoid Gneiss. Within the Inner Piedmont Belt is the Cherryville Pluton which consists of Monzogranite known as the Cherryville Granite. Rock encountered during the investigation was classified as Granite and Mica Schist and was also encountered within some roadway borings.

Within the project alignment, much of the bedrock is overlain by near-surface material consisting of residual and alluvial soils. Residual soils are derived from in situ chemical and physical weathering of the rock in the area and vary in thickness. The residual soils in this region are typically finer grained with a higher clay content near the surface due to advanced weathering, and typically become more coarse grained with increasing depth as the degree of weathering decreases. As the degree of weathering decreases, the residual soils generally retain the overall appearance and fabric of the parent rock (sometimes referred to as "saprolite"). The boundary between soil and rock is not always sharply defined. A transitional zone termed "weathered rock" is often found overlying the parent bedrock. Weathered rock is defined as material requiring 100 blows with less than one foot of penetration from the SPT hammer.

Alluvial soils are transported and deposited by water and are naturally variable in character, consistency/density, and often contain organic materials. Alluvial soil deposits of varying age were observed within the project alignment in low lying areas adjacent to Buffalo Creek but were not encountered within borings performed for the roadway investigation.

Soil Properties

Soils and rock encountered within the borings during the roadway investigation include roadway embankment, residual, weathered rock, and crystalline rock.

A pavement system consisting of asphalt pavement and aggregate base course (ABC) was encountered at Borings EB2-A and L_1799L in the existing travel lanes. The pavement encountered was on the order of 1.0 to 1.4 feet thick.

Roadway embankment soils are similar in nature to residual soils and may be derived from nearby sources. Roadway embankment soils were observed in five borings (EB2-A, EB1-A, EB1-B, L_1600R, and L_1799L) during the roadway investigation due to the presence of state-maintained roadways. This material generally consists of loose to medium dense silty sand (A-2-4) and soft to very stiff sandy silt (A-4), sandy, clayey silt (A-5), sandy clay (A-6), and sandy, silty clay (A-7), with trace mica and gravel.

Residual soils were encountered in Borings DR_1103L, EB1-A, EB1-B, EB2-B, L_1600, L_1799R, L_2009L, L_2554R, L_2731R, L_2905R, and L_3106R. The residual fine-grained soils generally consist of medium stiff to hard sandy silt (A-4), sandy, clayey silt (A-5), sandy clay (A-6), and moderately to highly

plastic silty clay (A-7-5/6) The coarse-grained soils generally consist of very loose to very dense silty, sandy gravel (A-1-a), gravelly sand (A-1-b), and clayey, silty sand (A-2-4). Trace to little mica and rock fragments were encountered intermittently within the residual soils.

Weathered rock was also encountered along the project corridor within Borings DR_1103L, EB1-B, L_1799L, L_1799R, and L_2009L. The weathered rock consisted of Mica Schist and Granite. The weathered rock was encountered at depths ranging from approximately 5.0 to 19 feet below existing grades near the proposed bridge end bents and along the project corridor.

Crystalline rock was encountered within Borings EB1-A, EB2-A, EB2-B, L_1799L, and L_1799R. The crystalline rock consisted of Mica Schist and Granite and was encountered at depths ranging from approximately 2.2 to 33.5 feet below existing grades.

Groundwater

Groundwater measurements were taken during May 2020 and March 2022. Groundwater measurements were attempted at the completion of drilling in each boring, at which time groundwater was encountered in Borings EB1-A, EB1-B, L_2731R, L_2905R, and L_3106R at depths of approximately 12.2 to 32.9 feet below the existing grades, respectively. Subsequent groundwater measurements were attempted after at least 24 hours following the completion of drilling in each boring, except Borings EB2-A and L_1800L, which were backfilled upon completion of drilling due to safety concerns. At the time of subsequent water level measurements groundwater was encountered in Borings EB1-A, EB1-B, L_2731R, L_2905R, and L_3106R at depths of approximately 15.8 to 19.7 feet below existing grades. The remaining borings were recorded as dry at the bottom of the boring cylinder. The soils encountered were generally described as moist to wet above and below groundwater elevation.

An underground tributary was observed southeast of the proposed bridge near -L- Station 23+57. A spring was encountered within the project corridor at the following location:

<u>Alignment</u>	<u>Stations</u>	<u>Offsets (ft)</u>
-L-	23+21	54 LT

Water Wells: There are several residences and the T.J. Ellison Water Treatment Plant near the project site which could indicate that water wells may be present. Water wells were not observed within the proposed construction corridor. However, wells may be encountered that were not observed during our field services.

Areas of Special Geotechnical Interest

The following borehole locations encountered soft or loose soils which have the potential to cause embankment stability and/or long-term settlement problems:

<u>Alignment</u>	<u>Stations</u>	<u>Offsets (ft)</u>
-L-	17+99	91 RT
-L-	21+20	9 LT
-L-	23+89	37 LT

Highly Plastic Clays: Highly plastic clays (PI > 25) were encountered at the following borehole locations:

<u>Alignment</u>	<u>Stations</u>	<u>Offsets (ft)</u>
-L-	27+31	41 RT

Shallow groundwater was encountered within 6 feet of proposed subgrade at the following borehole locations:

<u>Alignment</u>	<u>Stations</u>	<u>Offsets (ft)</u>
-L-	27+31 to 31+06	41 to 42 RT

In addition, shallow groundwater may be encountered within 3 feet of the existing ground at the following locations:

<u>Alignment</u>	<u>Stations</u>	<u>Offsets (ft)</u>
-L-	23+57	18 RT

Crystalline rock was encountered above or within 6 feet of proposed grade at the following borehole location:

<u>Alignment</u>	<u>Stations</u>	<u>Offsets (ft)</u>
-L-	17+99	91 RT

We anticipate that crystalline rock may be encountered during construction of the cut slopes at the following locations:

<u>Alignment</u>	<u>Stations</u>	<u>Offset</u>
-L-	17+50 to 19+25	RT

Rock Outcrops: Rock outcrops were exposed within the proposed project corridor and generally consist of Mica Schist and Granite at the following locations:

<u>Alignment</u>	<u>Stations</u>	<u>Offsets</u>
-L-	17+00 to 19+00	RT
-L-	23+25 to 24+25	LT

Geotechnical Testing

Four split-spoon samples were selected for laboratory testing including Atterberg limits, grain size distribution analysis with hydrometer, and natural moisture. No thin-wall Shelby tube samples or bulk samples were collected during the investigation.

Sincerely,
Carolinan Geotechnical Group, PLLC

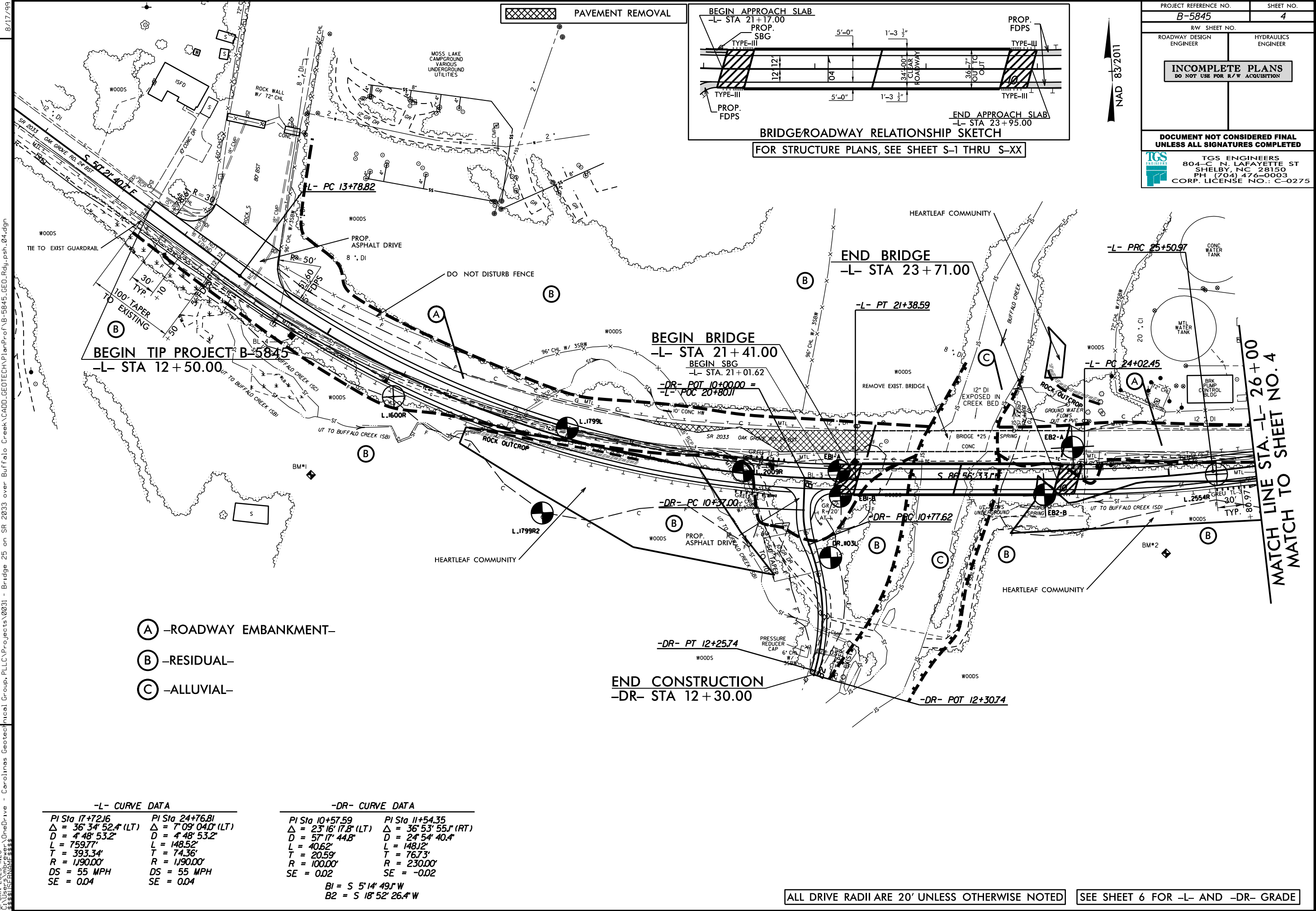
Robert E. Kral, P.E.
Senior Project Engineer

D. Matthew Brewer, P.E.
Senior Project Engineer

8/17/99

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REVISIONS



PROJECT REFERENCE NO. B-5845		SHEET NO. 4	
RW SHEET NO.		HYDRAULICS ENGINEER	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER		HYDRAULICS ENGINEER	
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION			
DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED			
TGS ENGINEERS 804-C N. LAFAYETTE ST SHELBY, NC 28150 PH (704) 476-0003 CORP. LICENSE NO.: C-0275			

REVISIONS

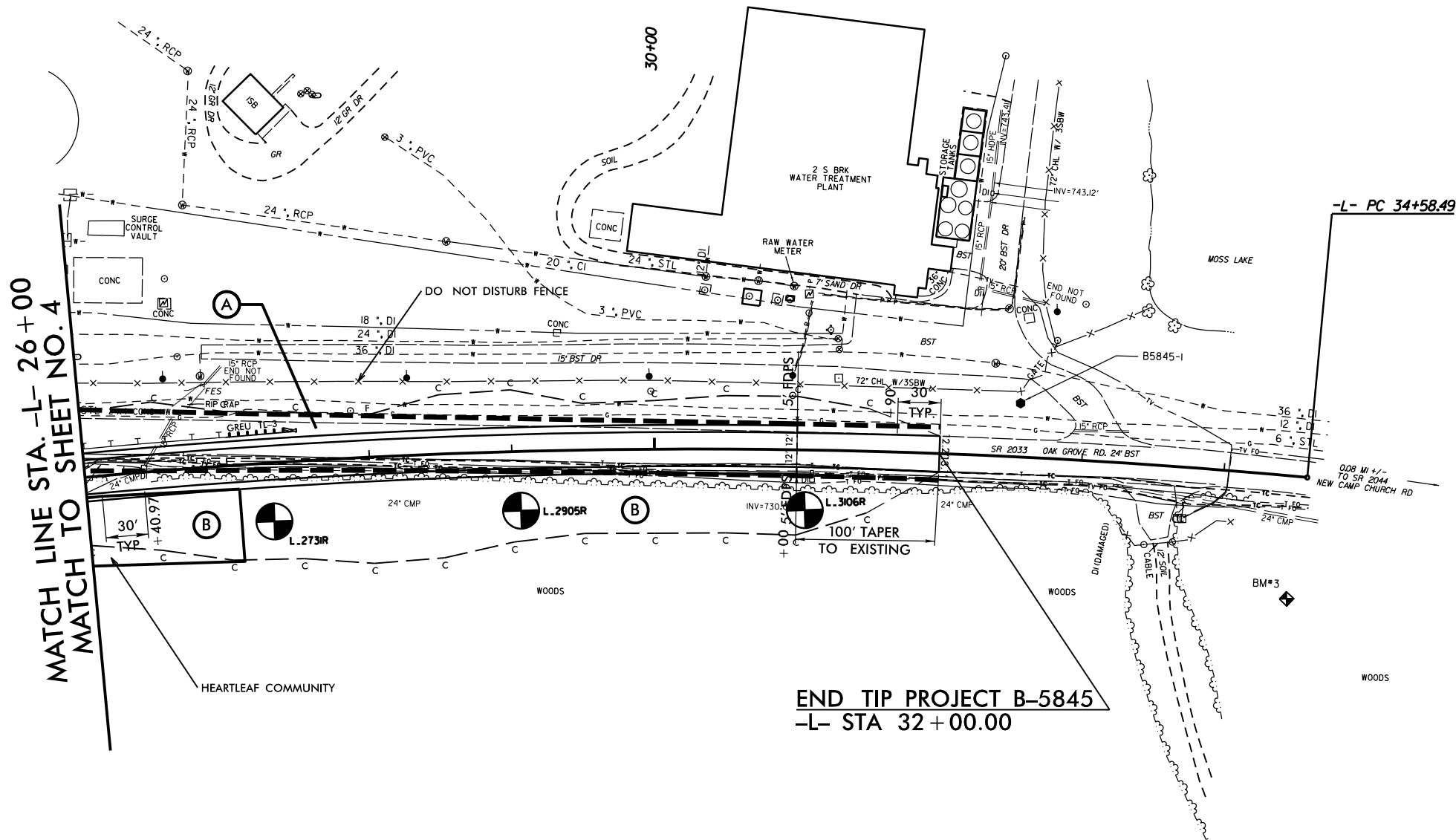
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8/17/99

MATCH LINE STA. -L- 26+00
MATCH TO SHEET NO. 4

-L- CURVE DATA

PI Sta 30+06.20
 $\Delta = 11^{\circ} 15' 17.1''$ (RT)
 $D = 1^{\circ} 14' 24.6''$
 $L = 907.52'$
 $T = 455.22'$
 $R = 4620.00'$
 $DS = 55 \text{ MPH}$
 $SE = 0.04$



END TIP PROJECT B-5845
-L- STA 32+00.00

- (A) -ROADWAY EMBANKMENT-
(B) -RESIDUAL-

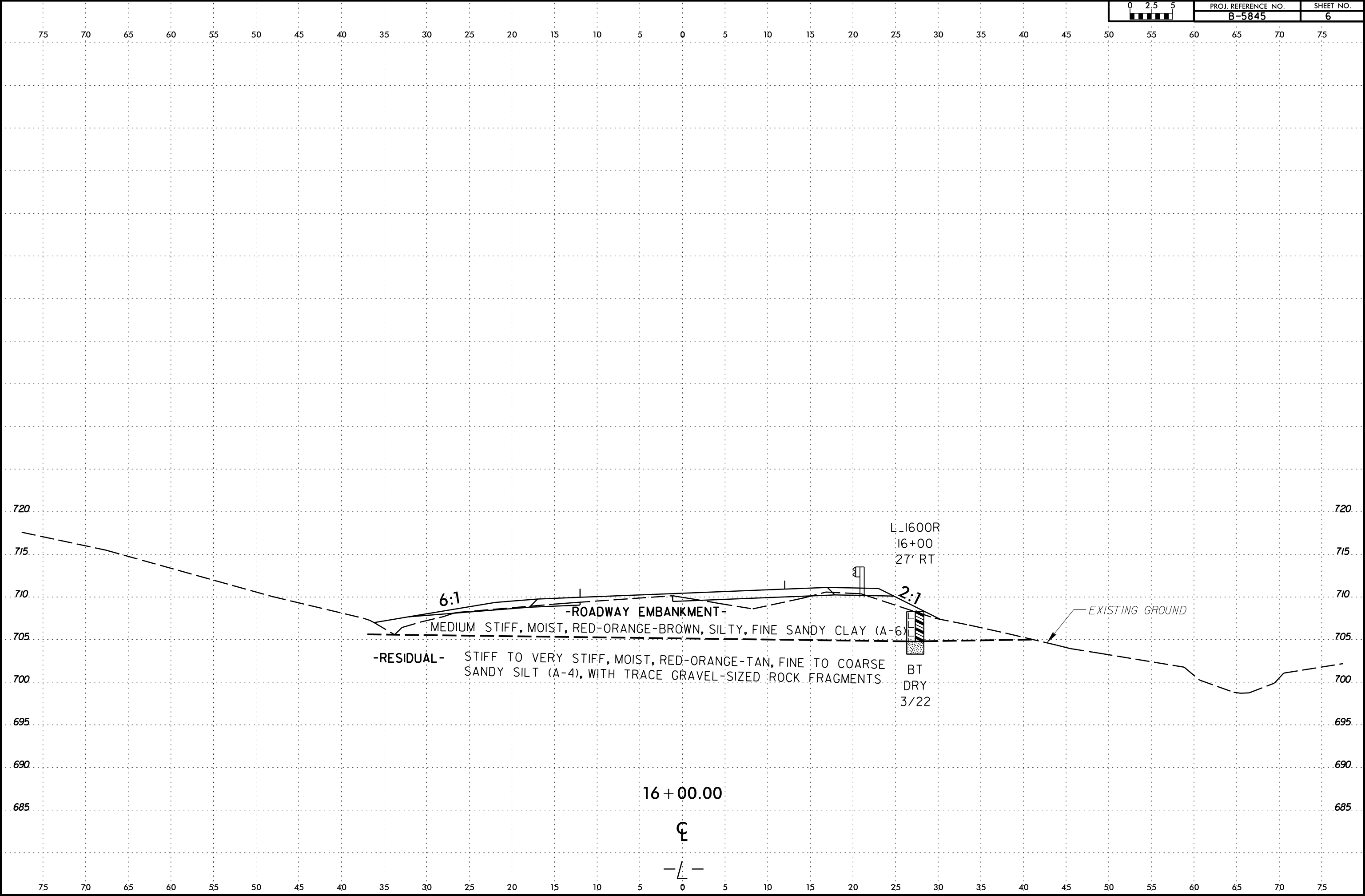
SEE SHEET 6 FOR -L- GRADE

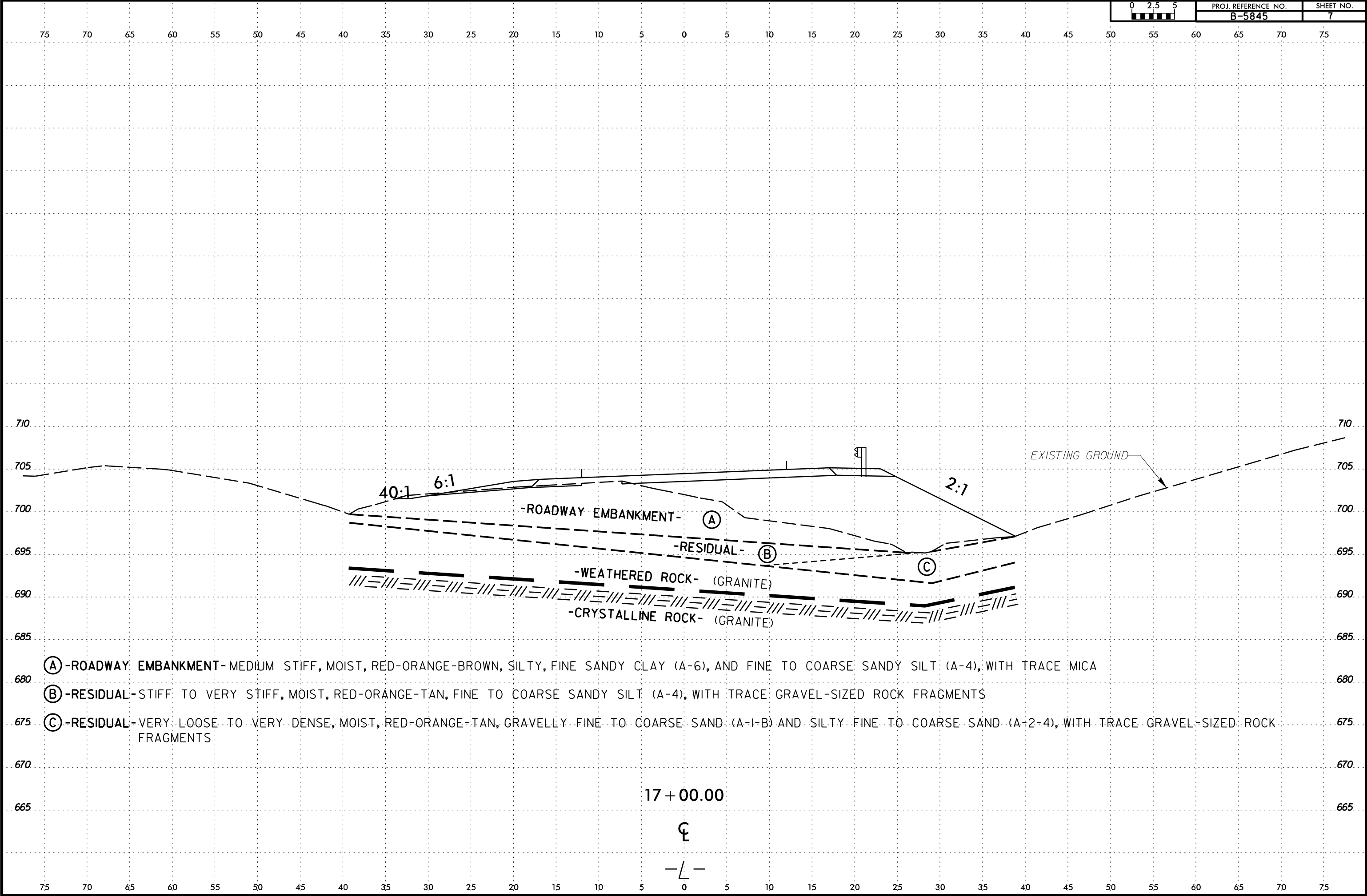
PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
B-5845	5
RW SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
INCOMPLETE PLANS DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION	
DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED	
TGS ENGINEERS 804-C N. LAFAYETTE ST SHELBY, NC 28150 PH (704) 476-0003 CORP. LICENSE NO.: C-0275	

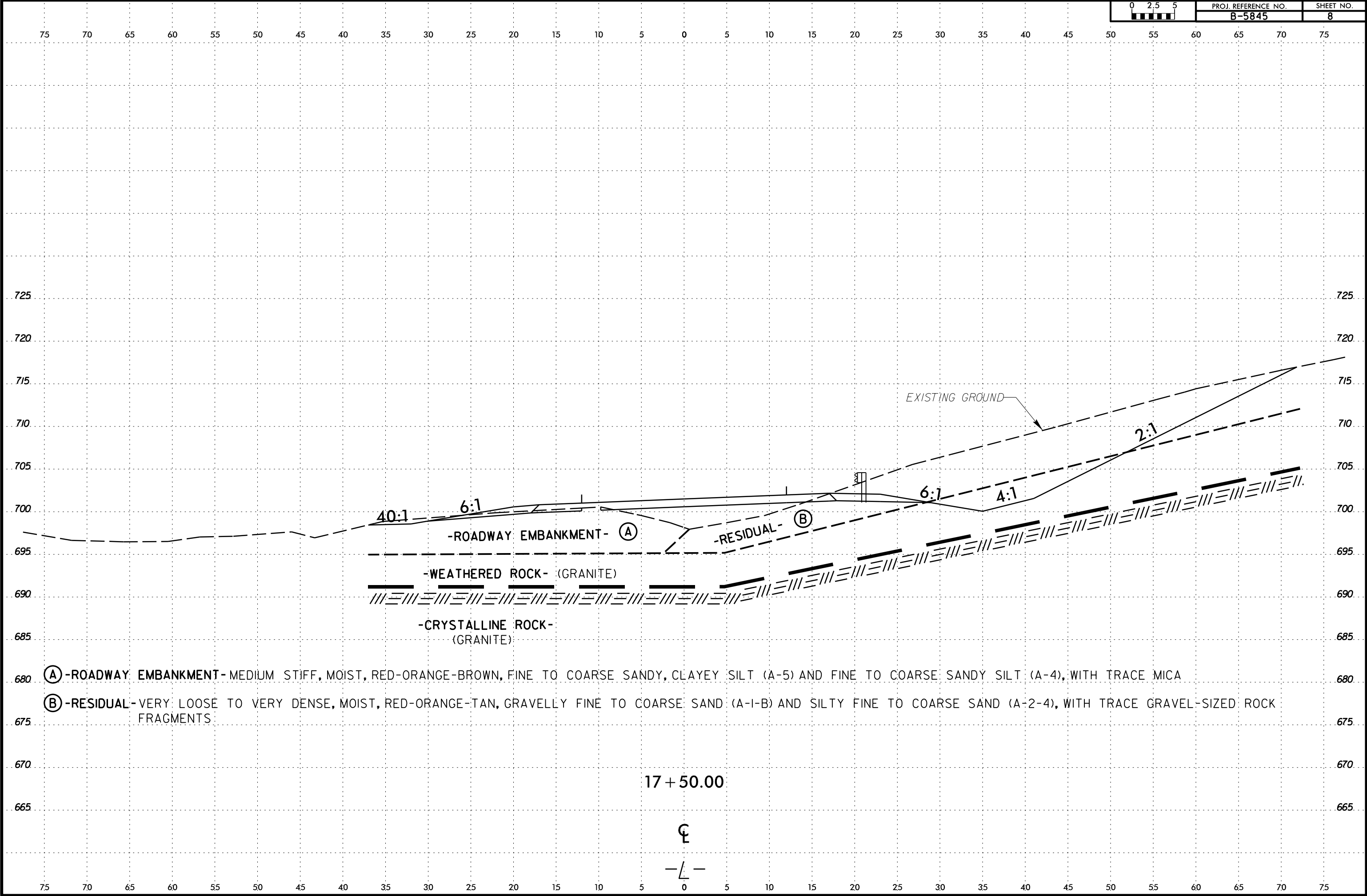
NAD 83/2011

6/23/16

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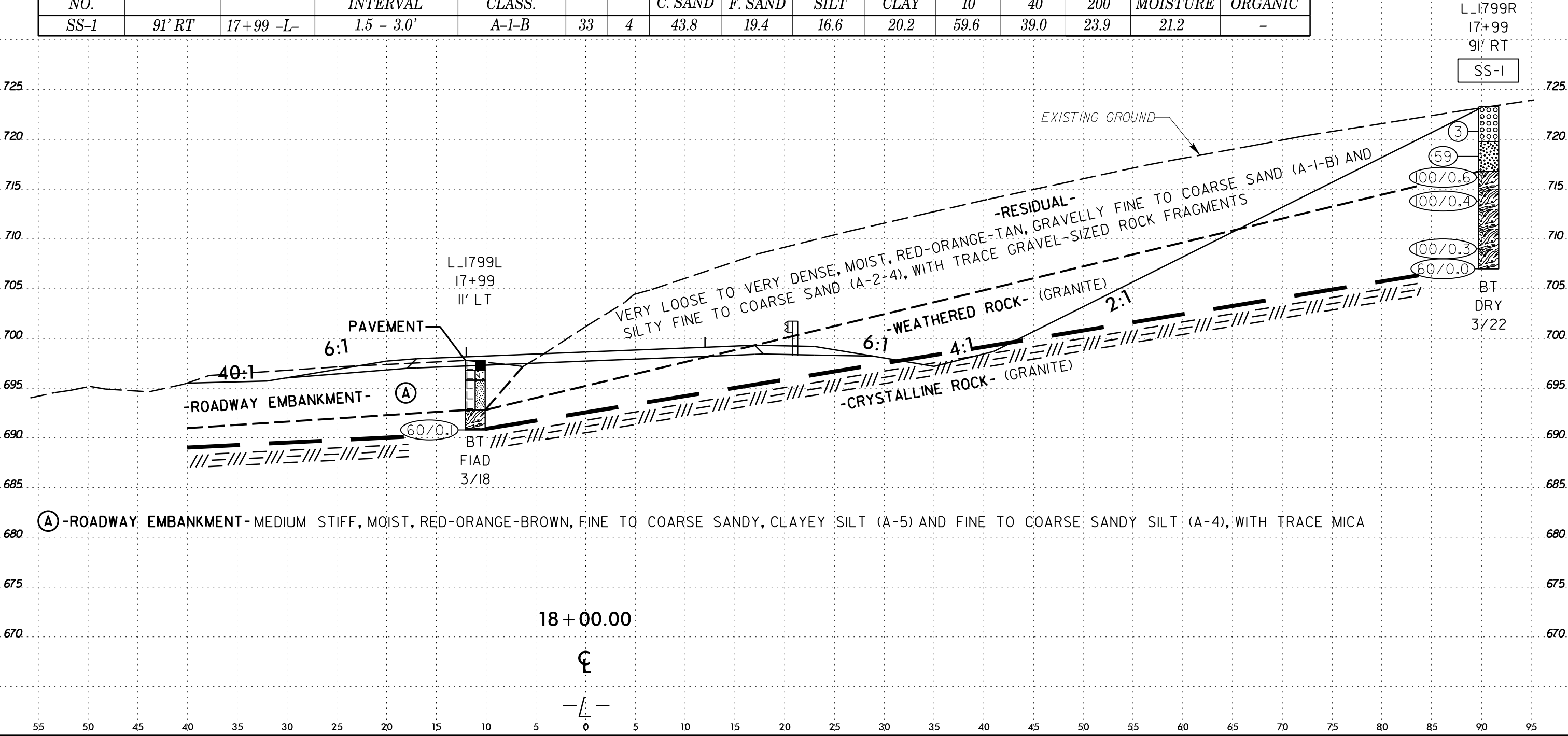




6/23/16

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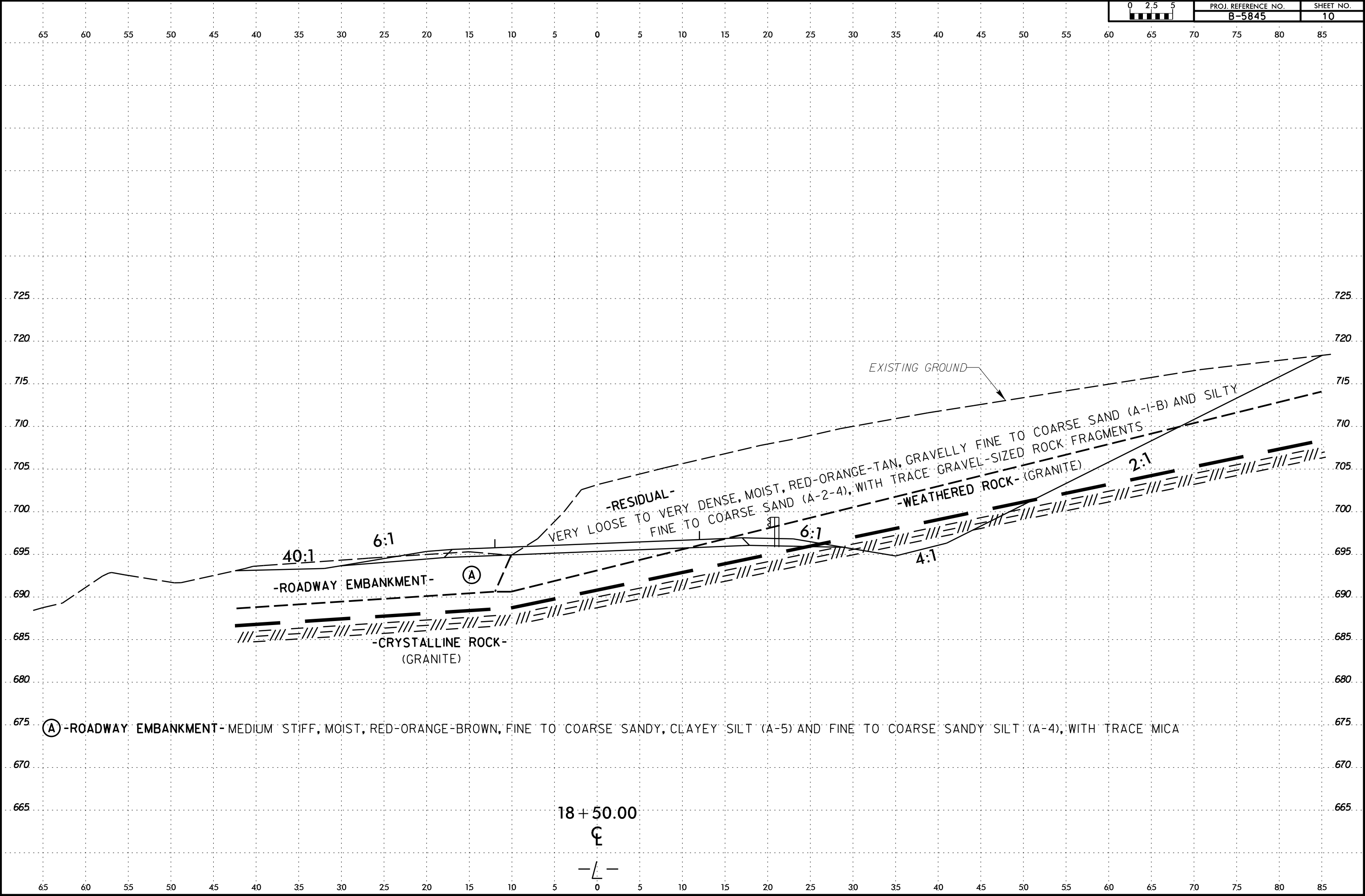
SOIL TEST RESULTS															
SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			% MOISTURE	% ORGANIC
							C. SAND	F. SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200		
SS-1	91' RT	17+99 -L-	1.5 - 3.0'	A-1-B	33	4	43.8	19.4	16.6	20.2	59.6	39.0	23.9	21.2	-

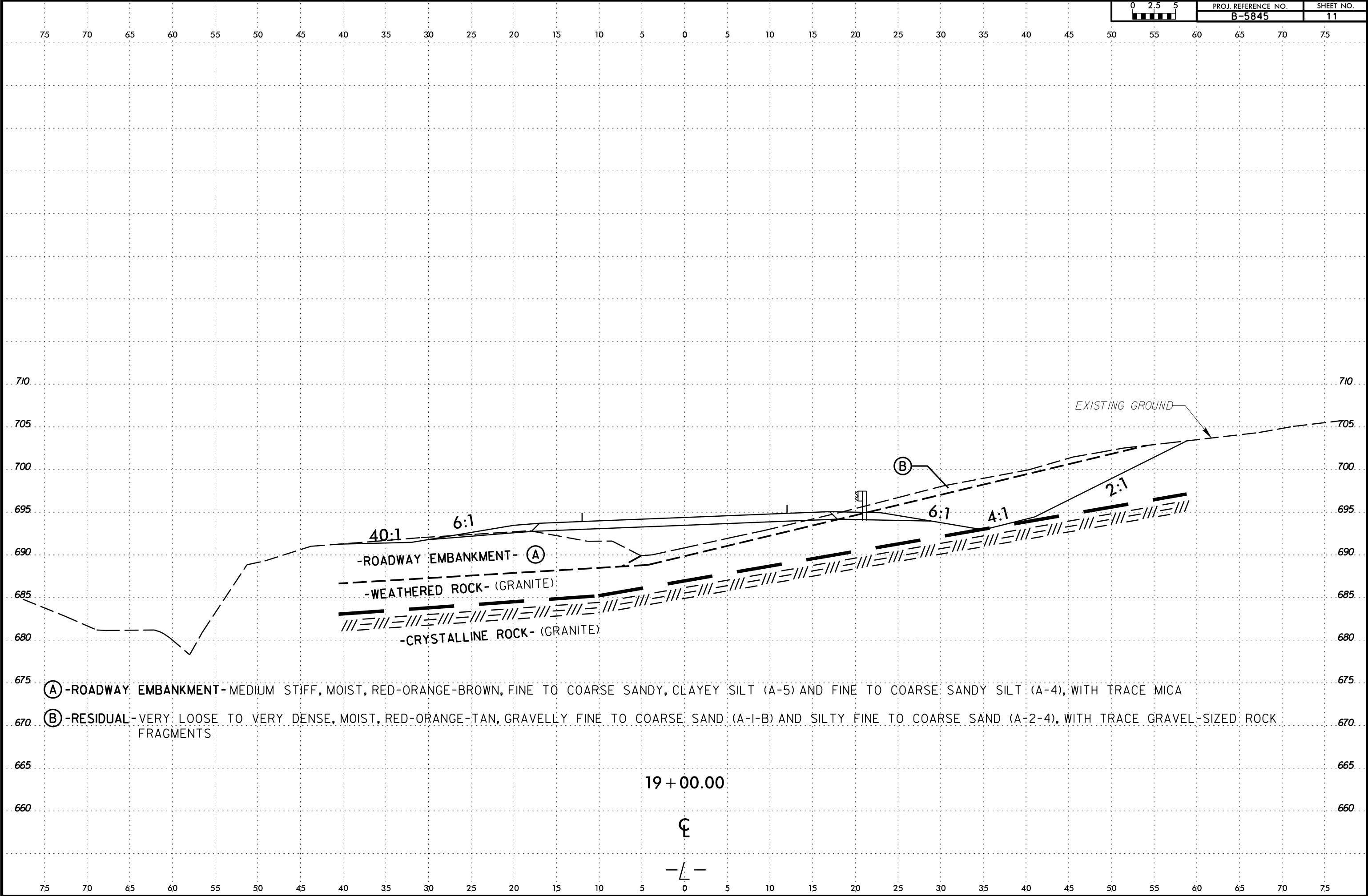


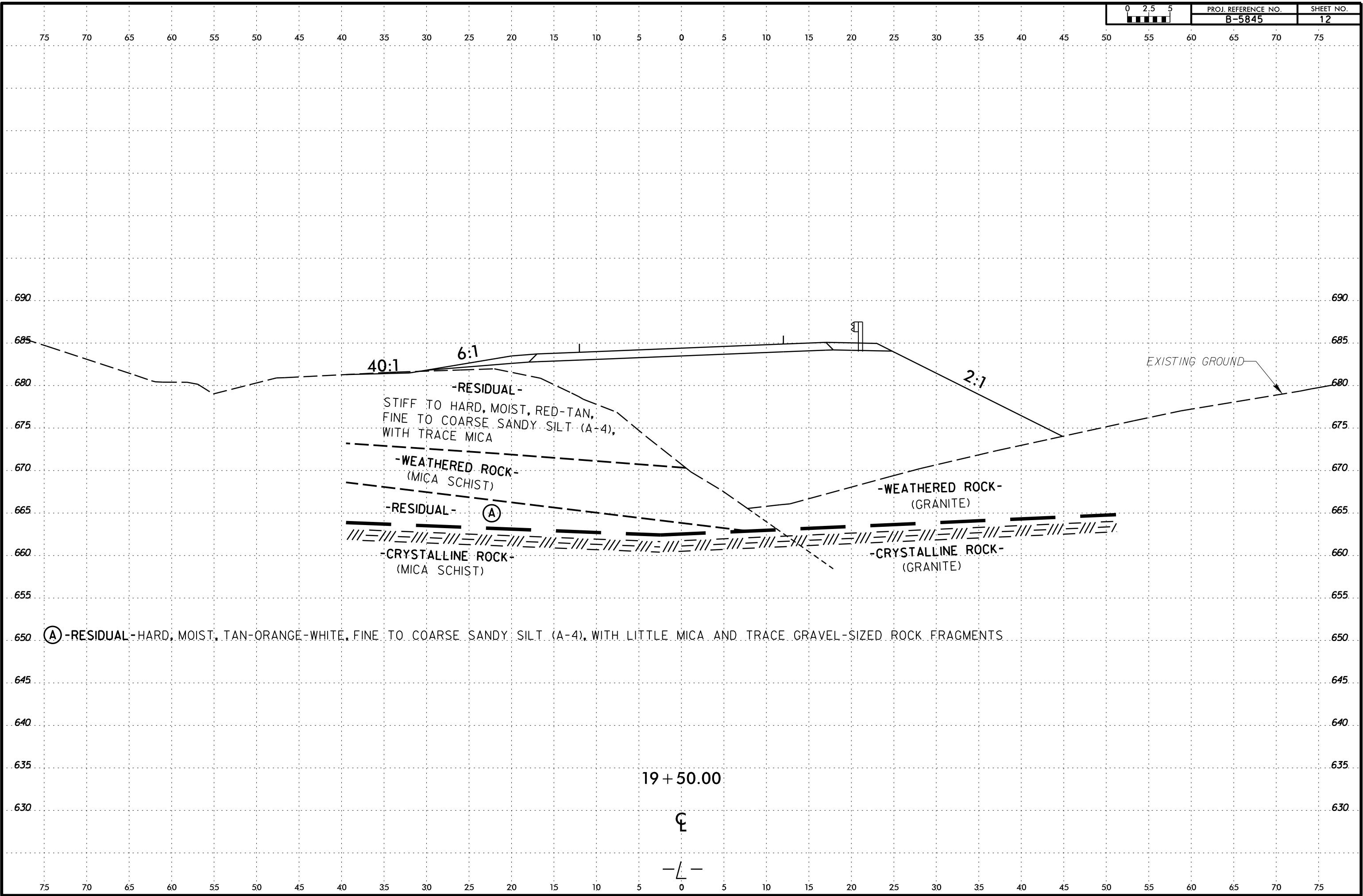
6/23/16

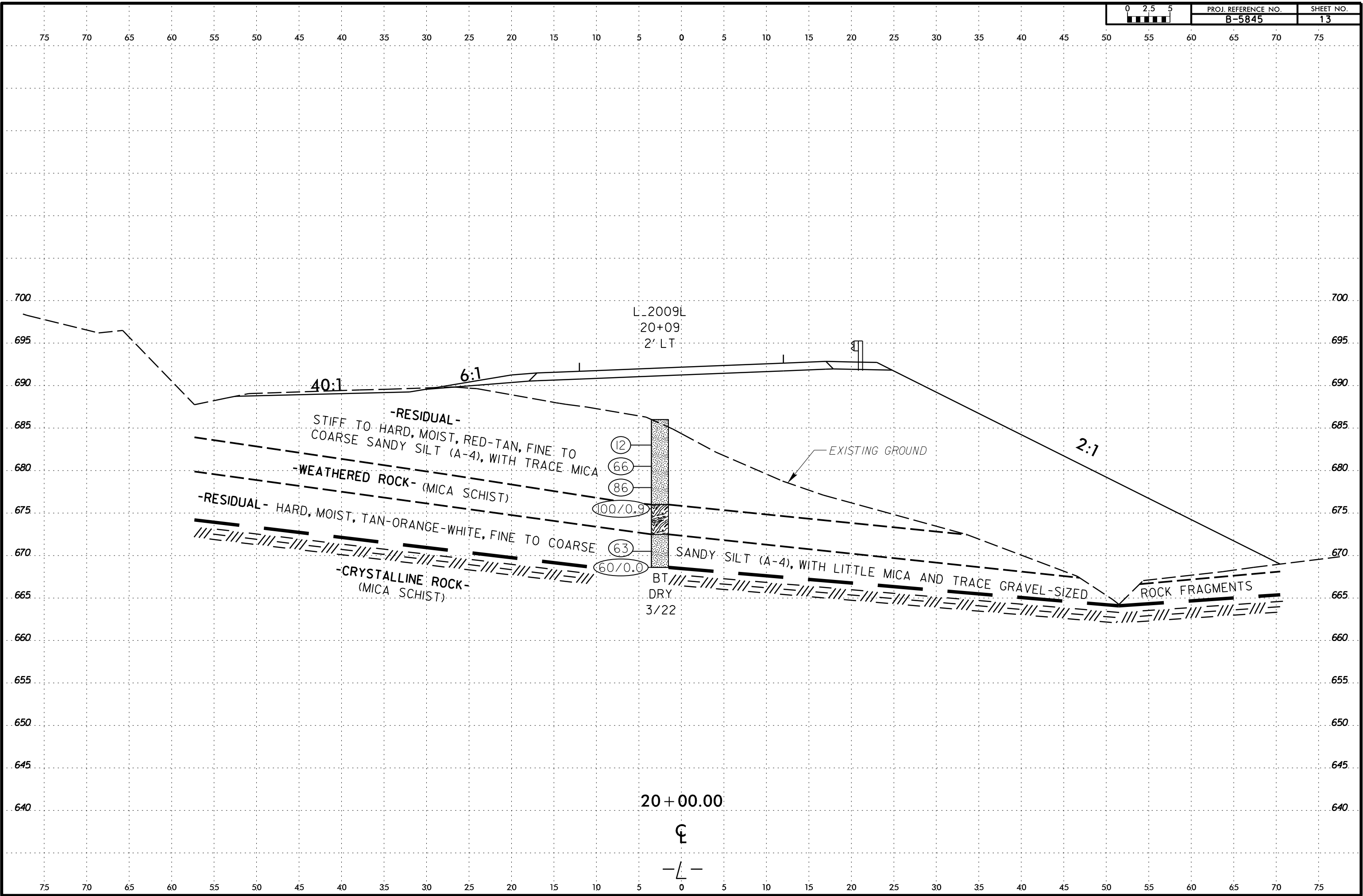
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0 2.5 5	PROJ. REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
	B-5845	10









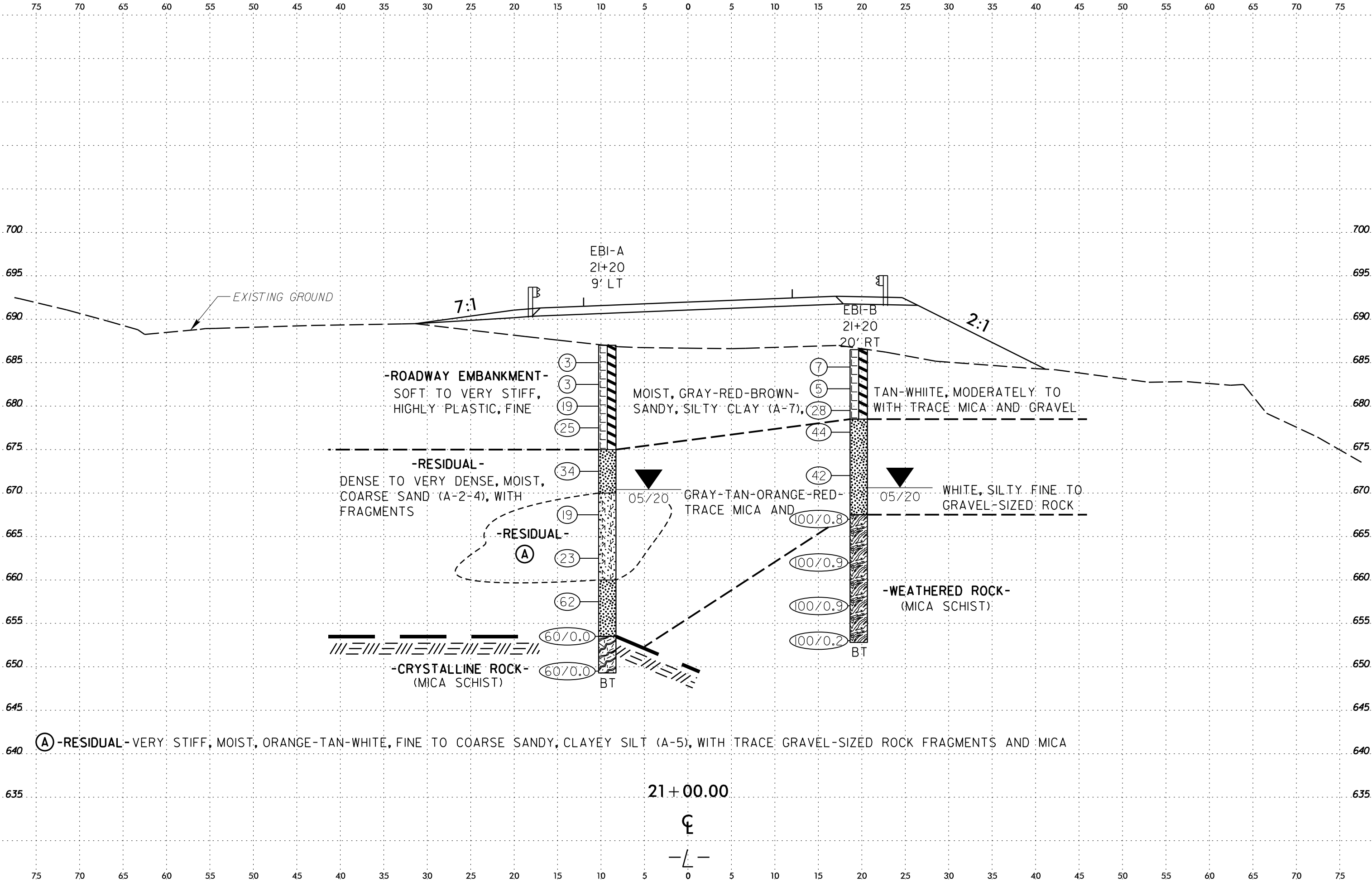
6/23/16

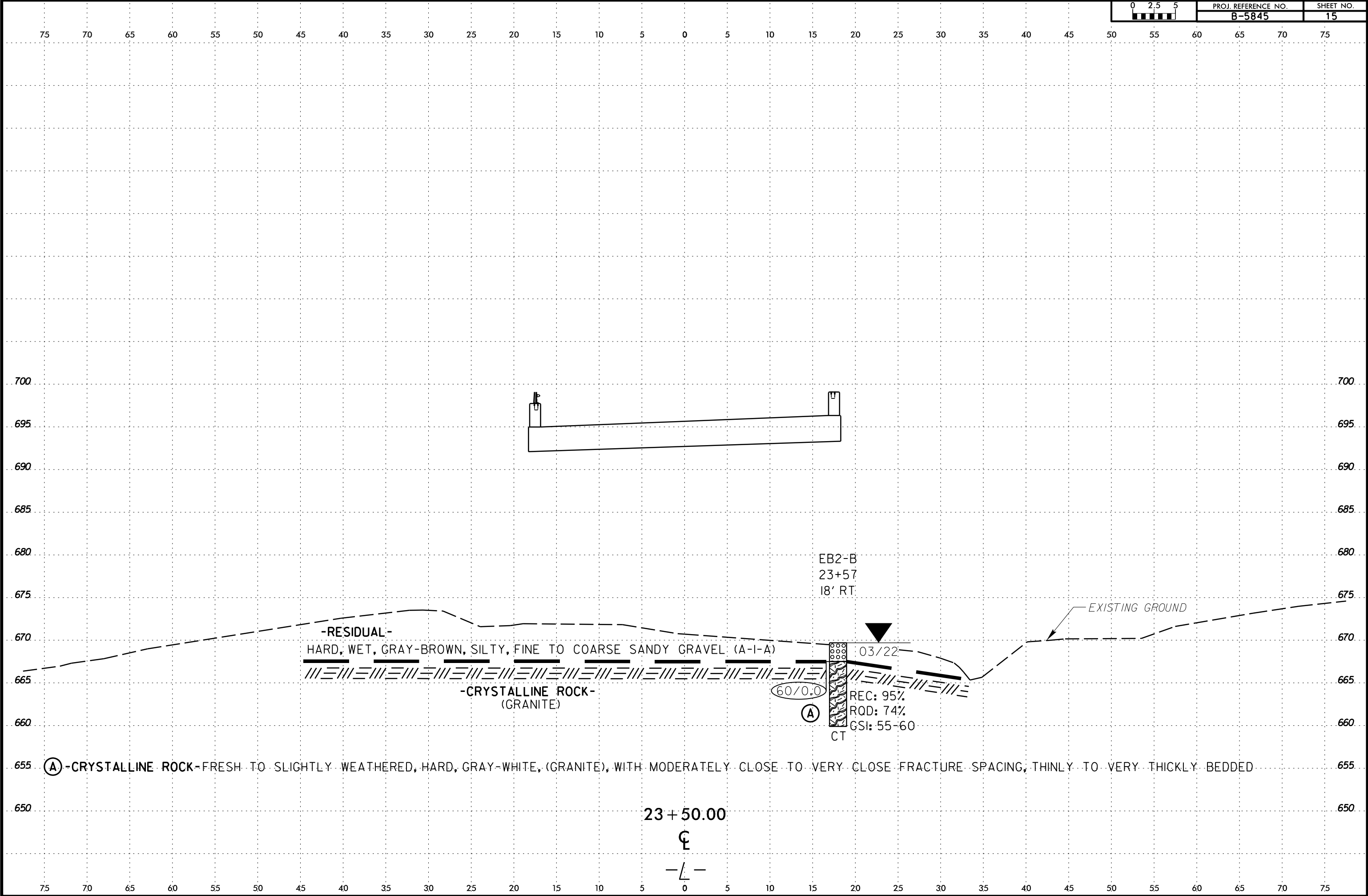
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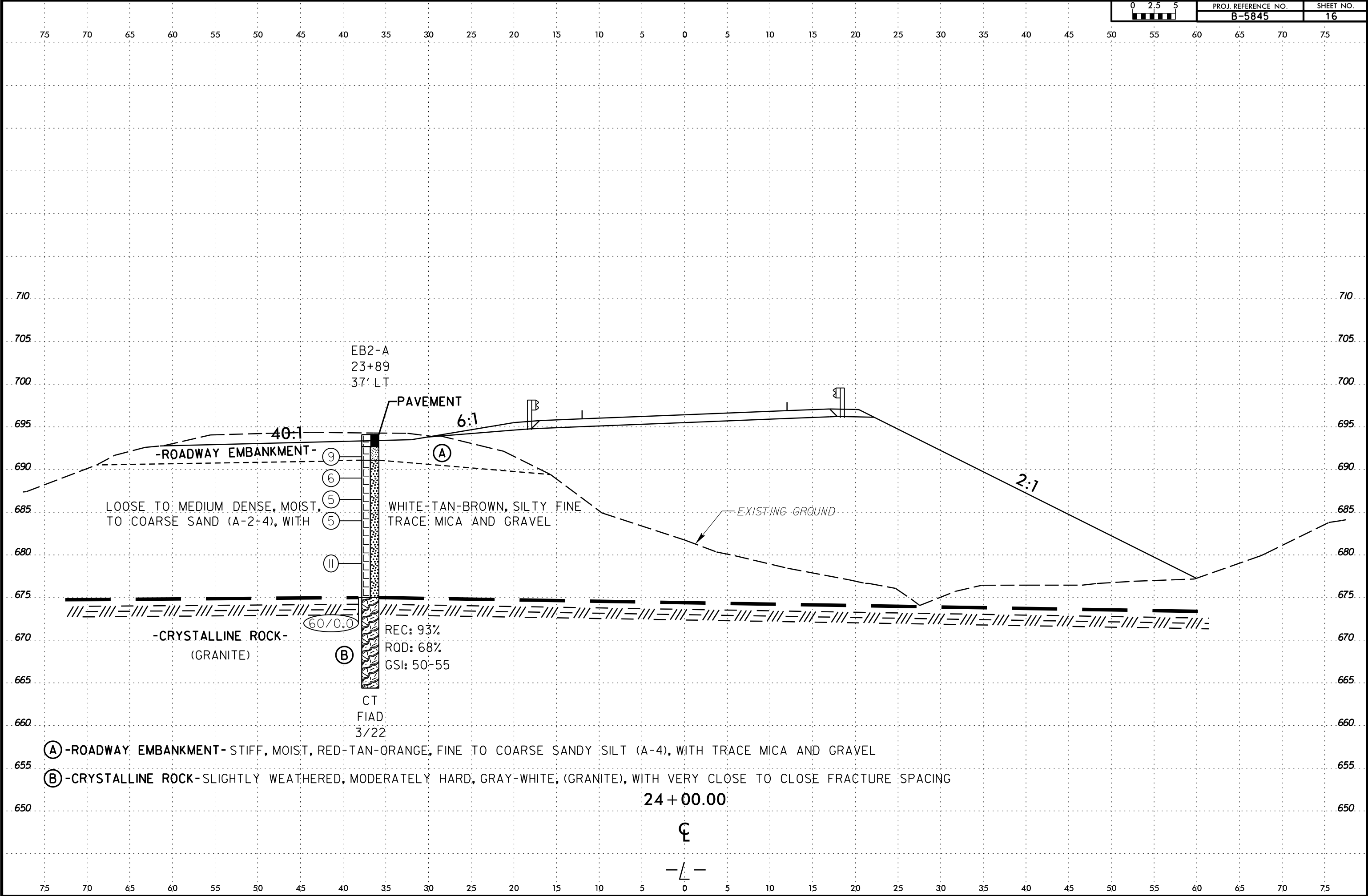


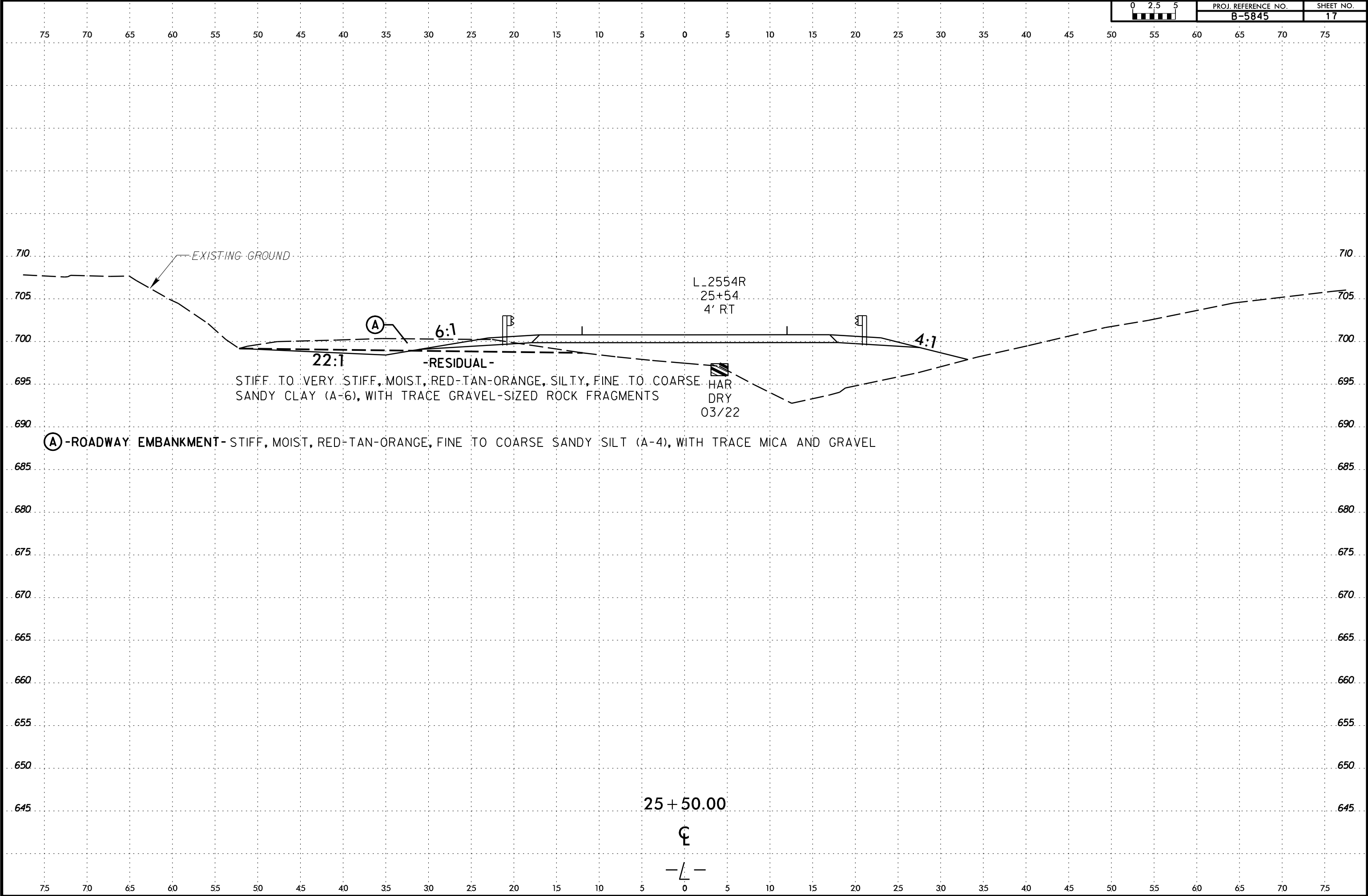
PROJ. REFERENCE NO.
B-5845

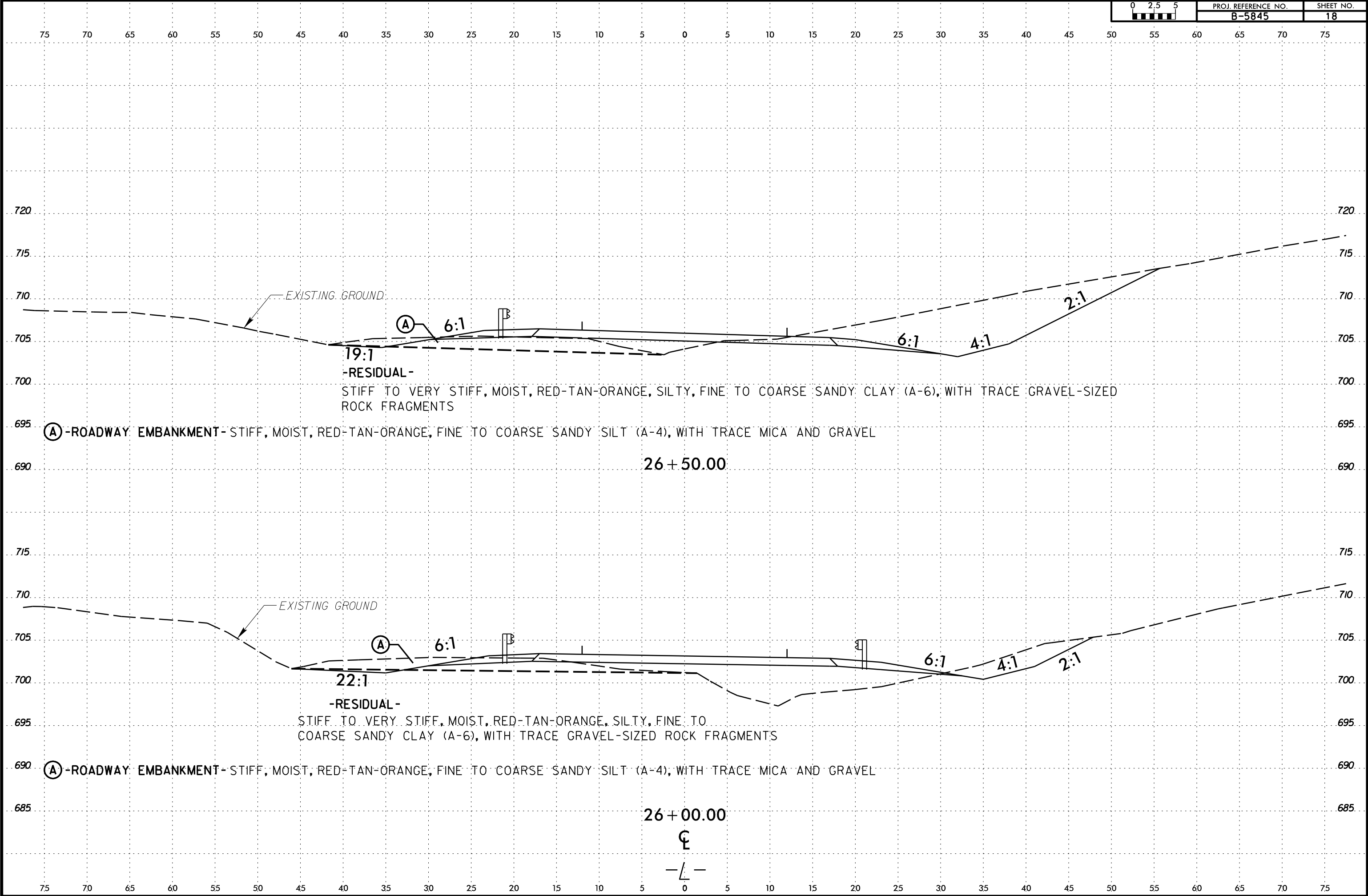
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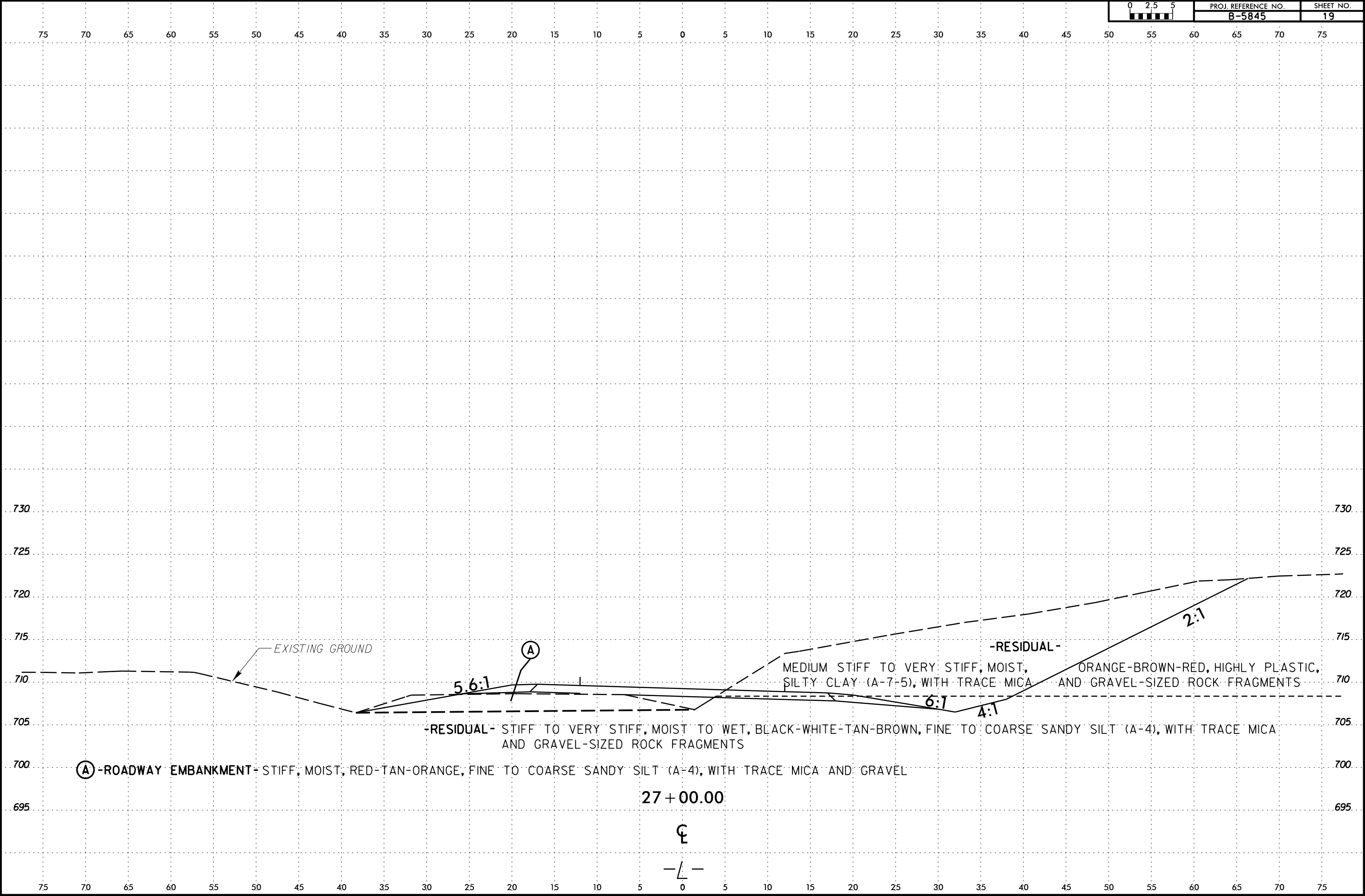


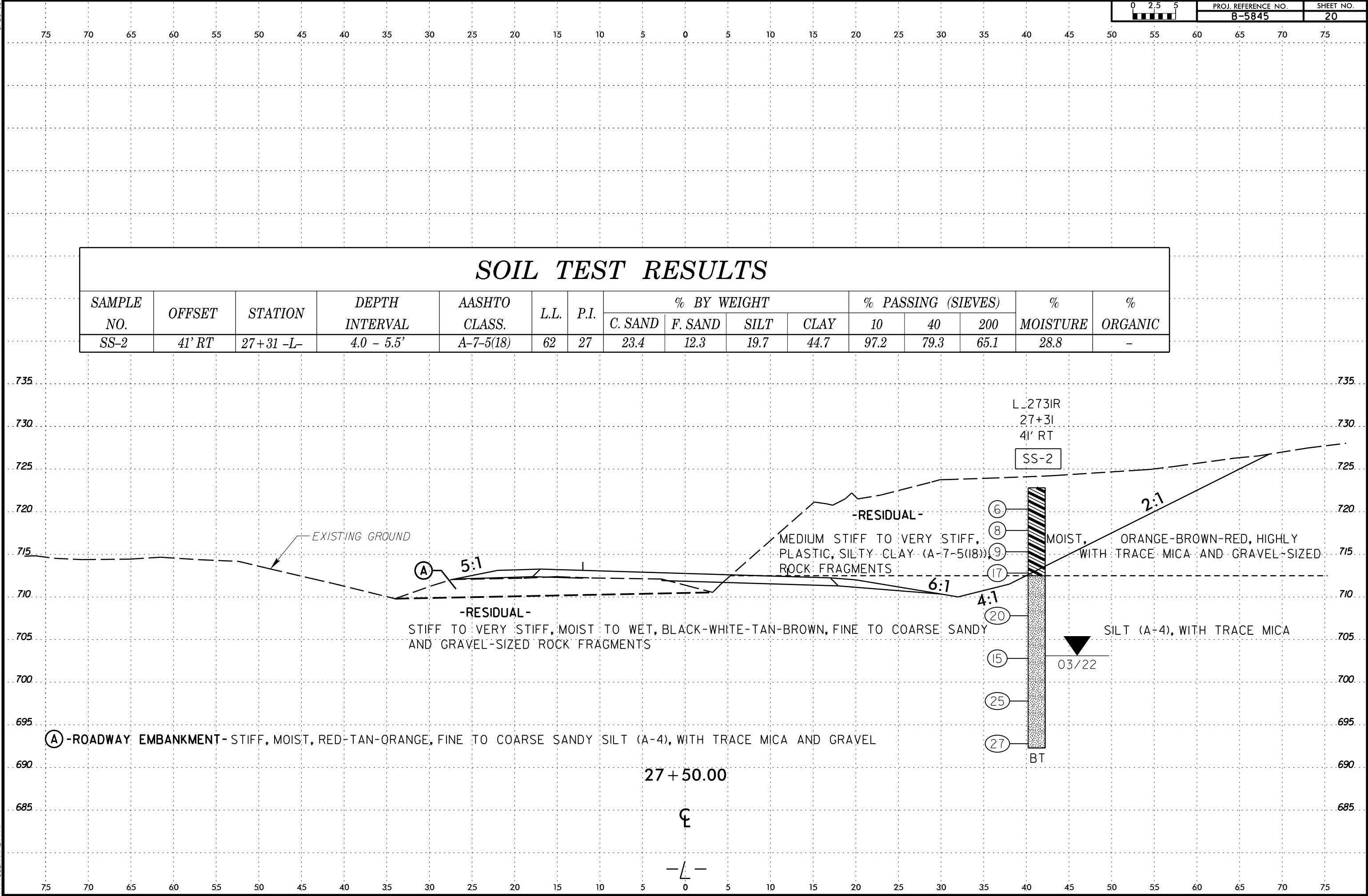


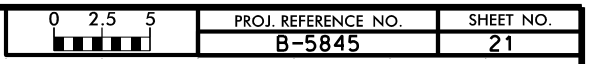
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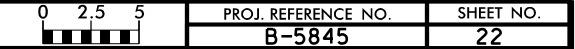
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	PROJ. REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
	B-5845	19



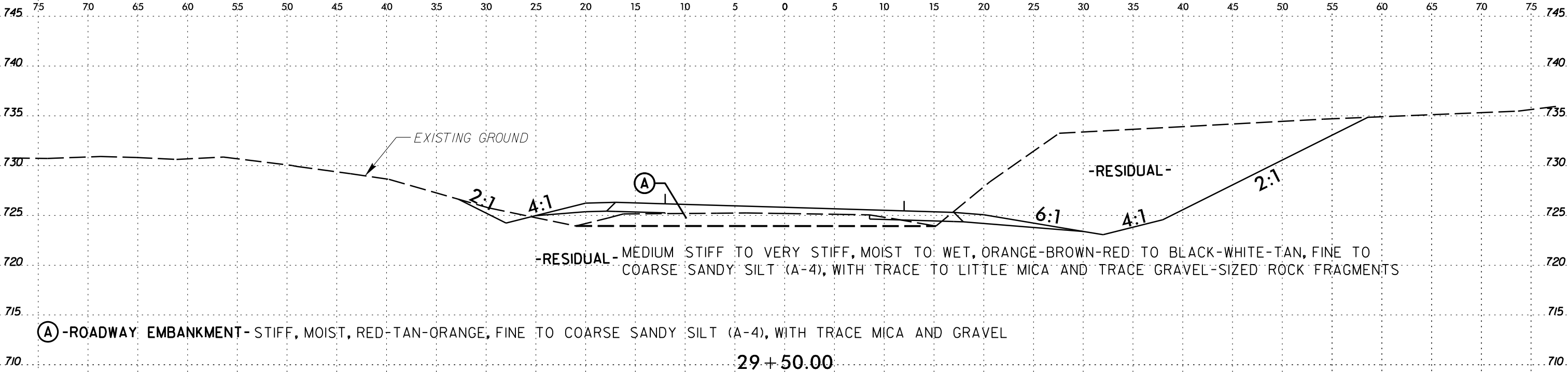




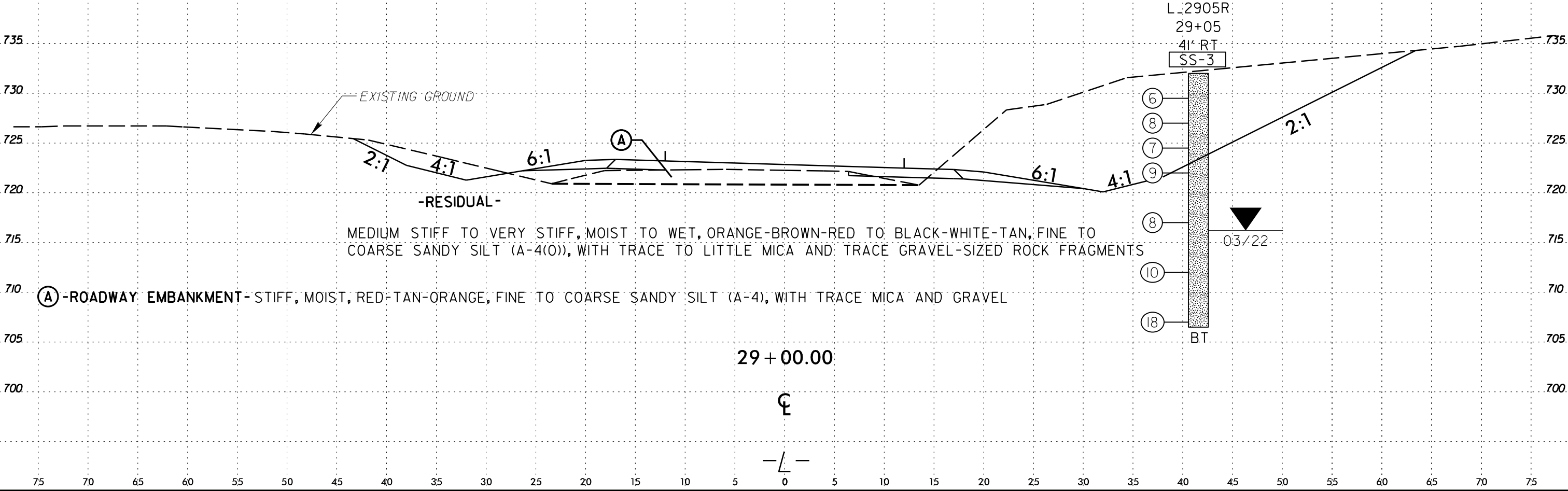


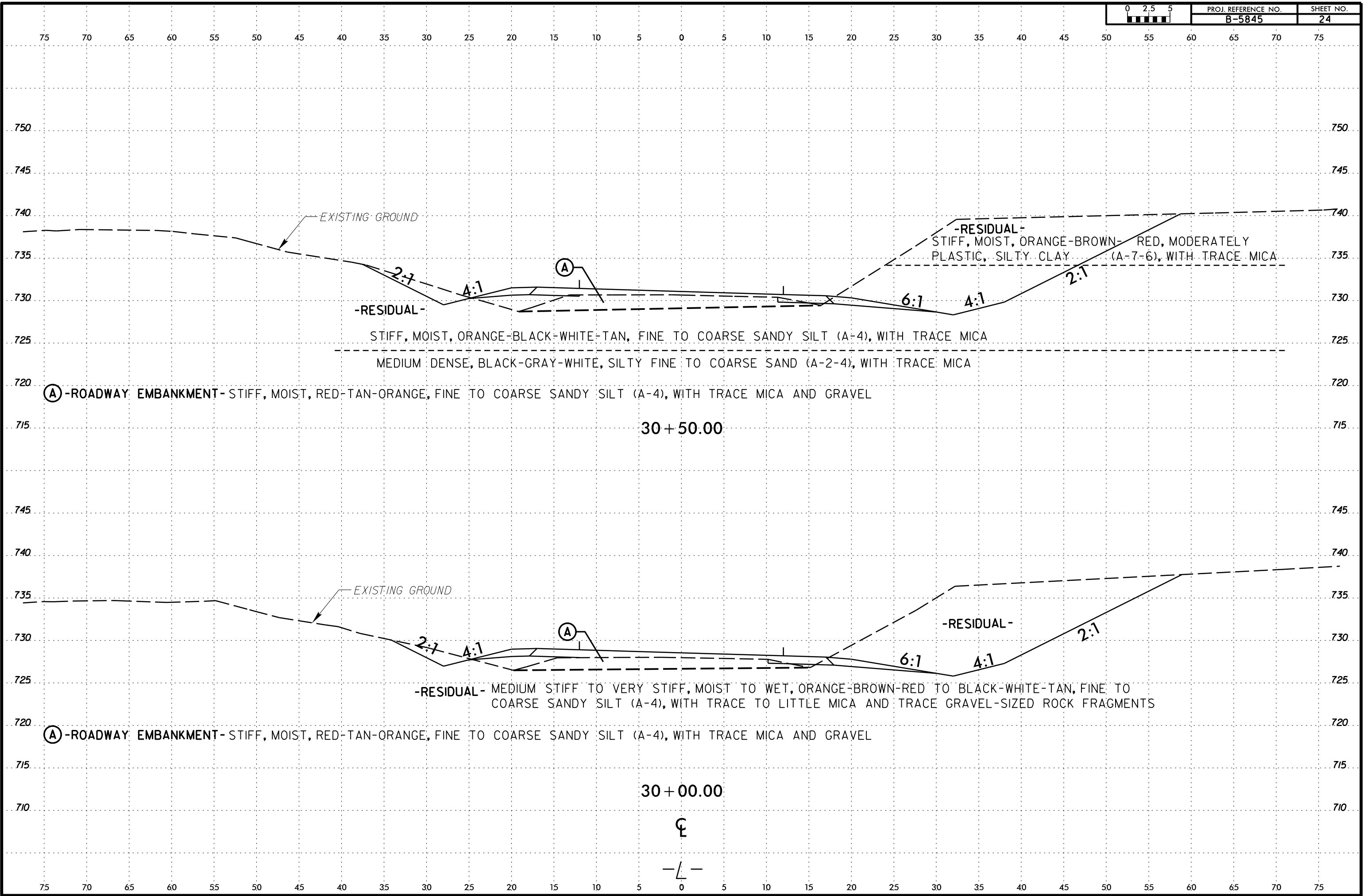
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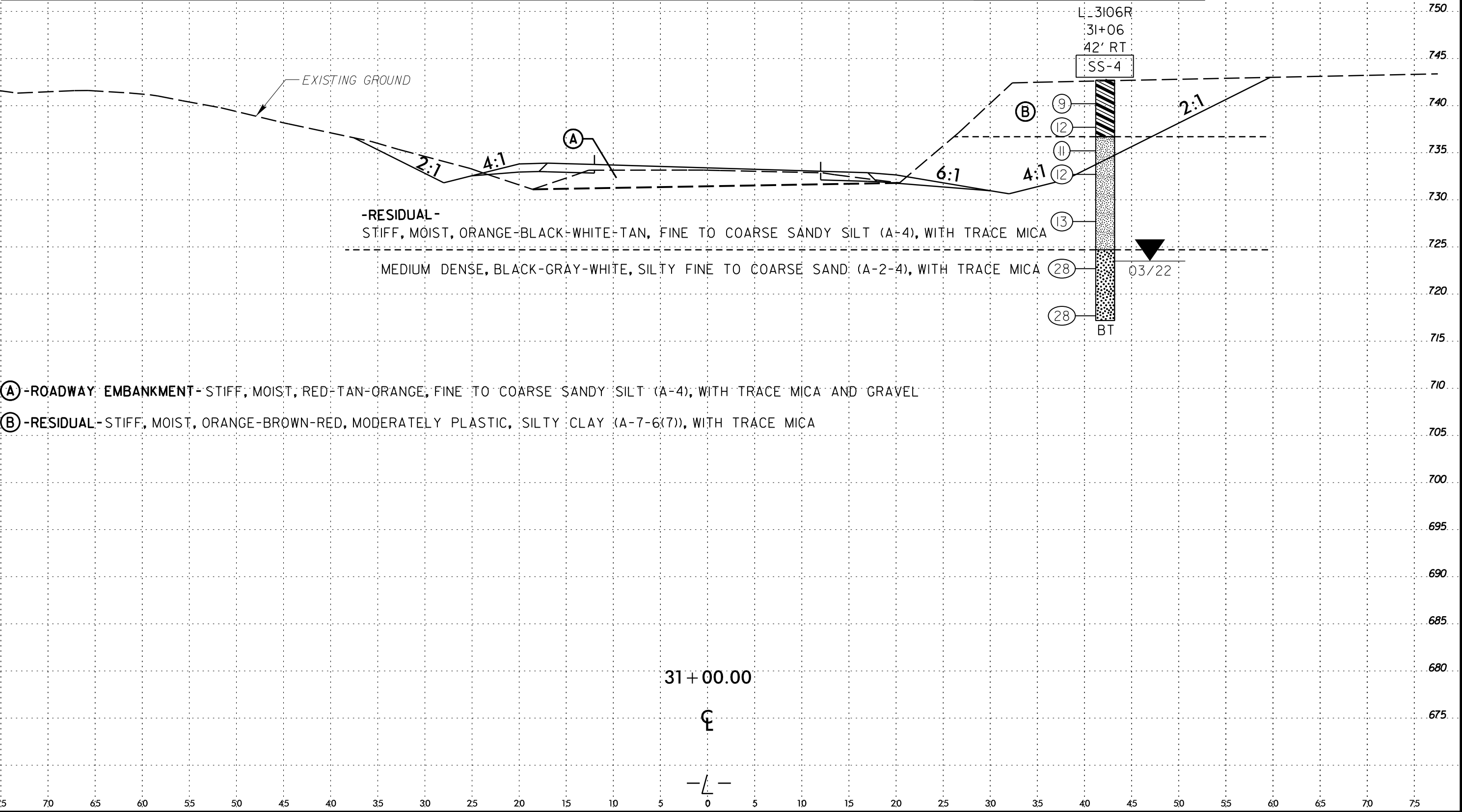
SOIL TEST RESULTS															
SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			% MOISTURE	% ORGANIC
							C. SAND	F. SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200		
SS-3	41' RT	29+05 -L-	1.5 - 3.0'	A-4(0)	34	6	39.7	19.6	16.4	24.3	90.6	64.5	39.5	21.0	-





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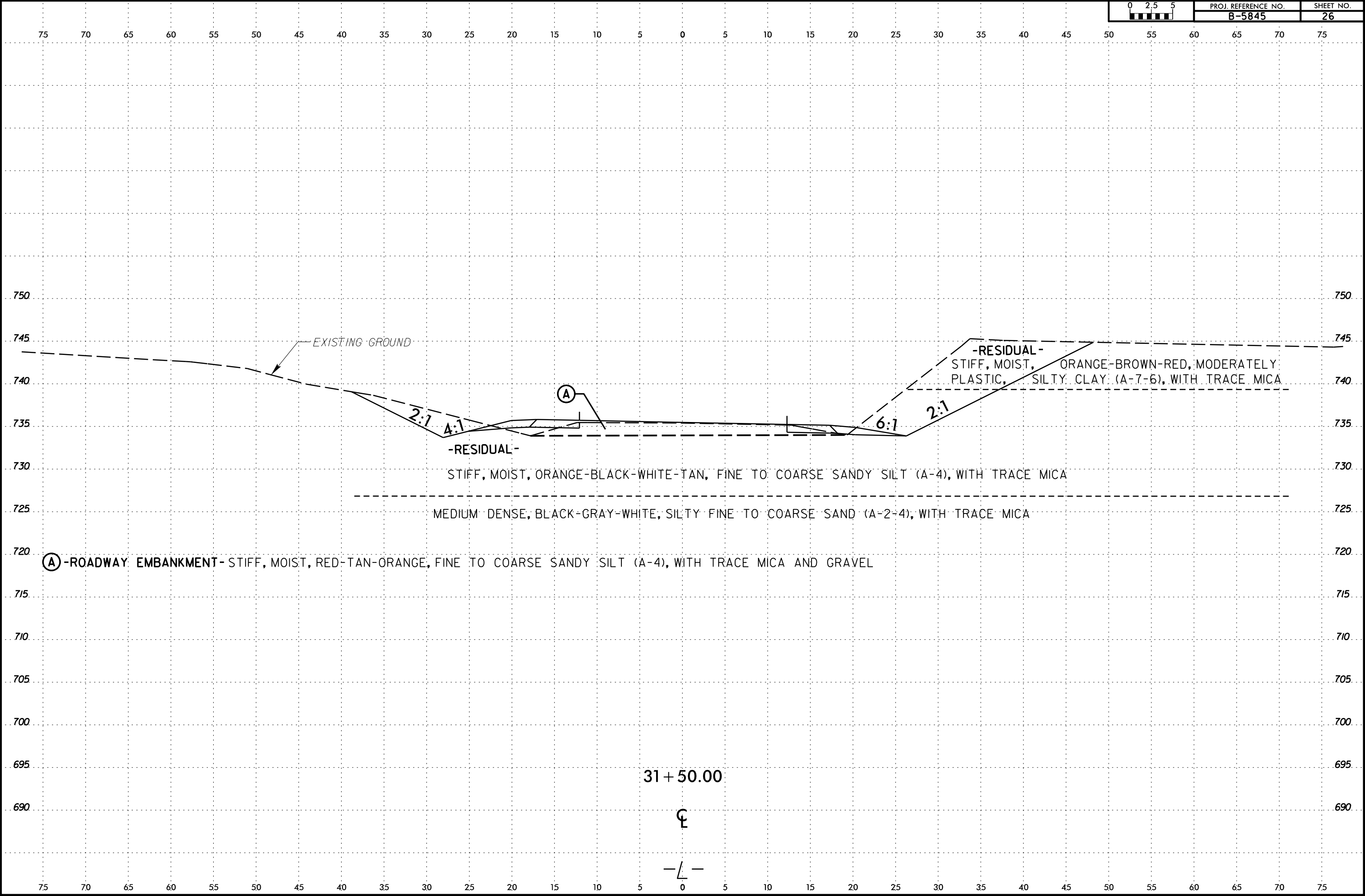
SOIL TEST RESULTS															
SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			% MOISTURE	% ORGANIC
							C. SAND	F. SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200		
SS-4	42' RT	31+06 -L-	1.5 - 3.0'	A-7-6(7)	51	22	30.7	19.2	16.6	36.5	87.0	67.3	48.5	25.9	-

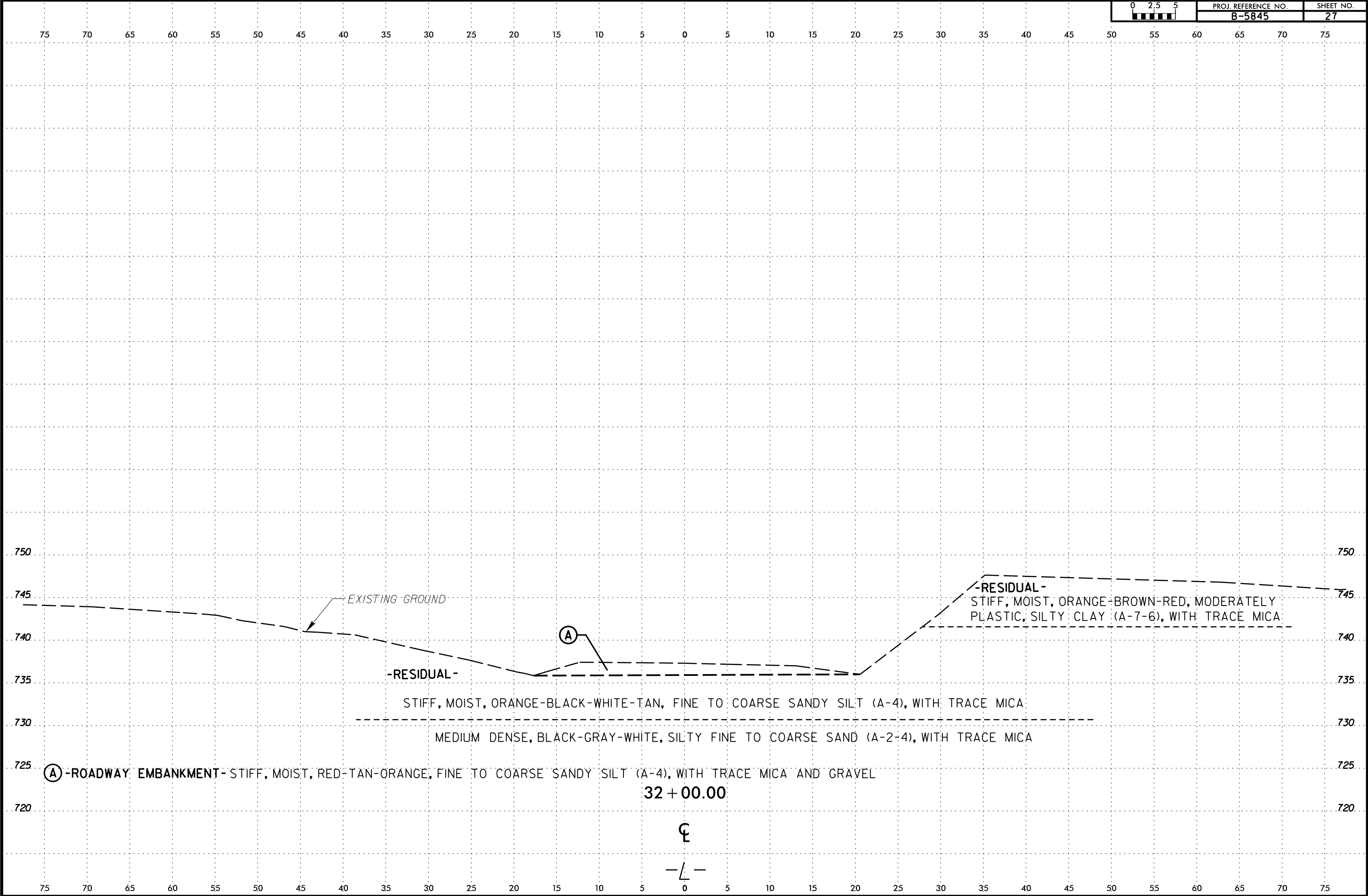


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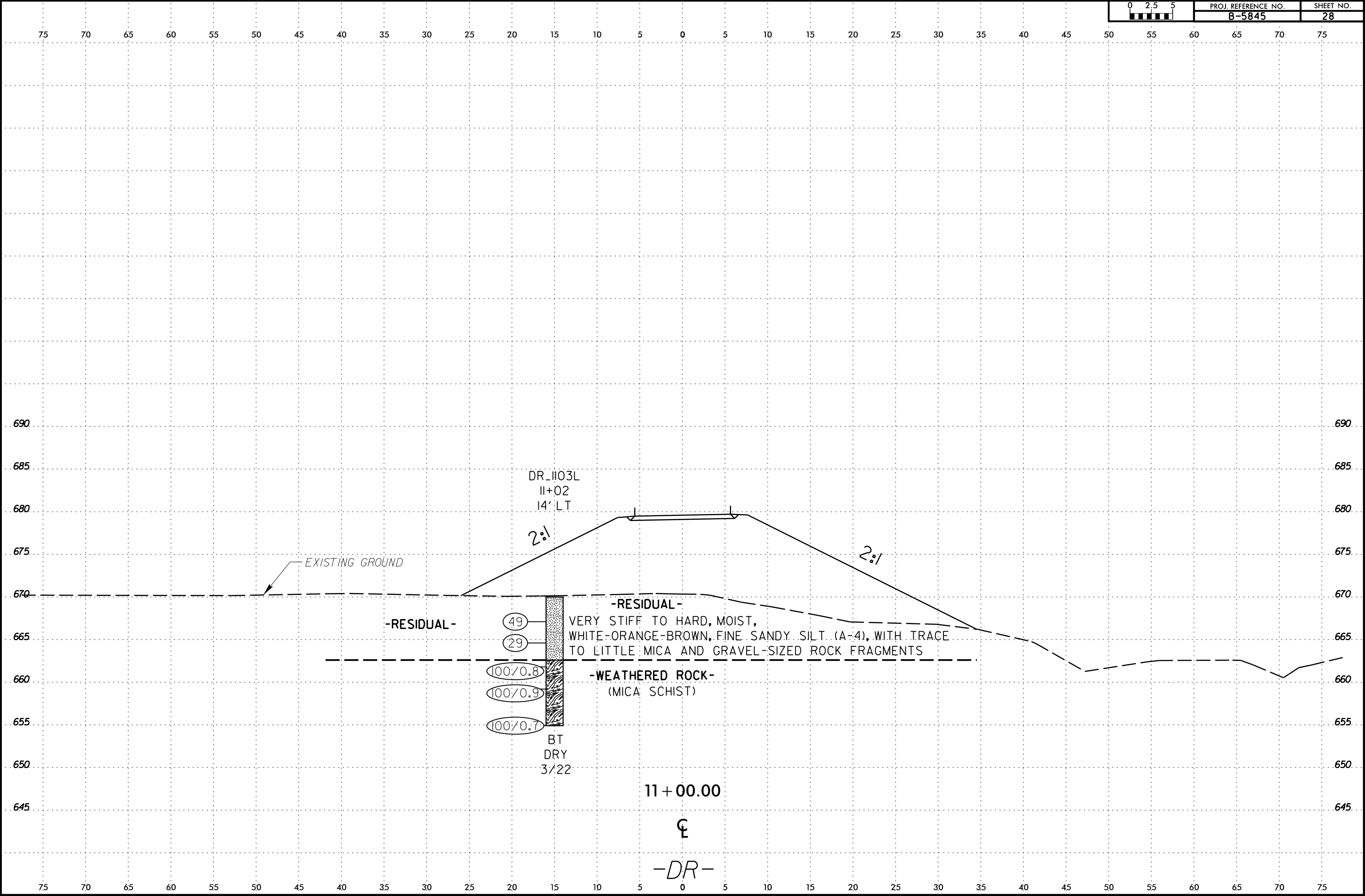
0 2.5 5	PROJ. REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
	B-5845	26





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REFERENCE: B-5845

PROJECT: 45798

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION
APPENDIX A
SOIL TEST RESULTS

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.

B-5845

SHEET NO.

29

Prepared in the Office of:

F&ME CONSULTANTS, INC.
COLUMBIA, SC

NCDOT LAB CERT. NO. 130-04-0212

SOIL TEST RESULTS															
SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	L.L.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			% MOISTURE	% ORGANIC
							C. SAND	F. SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200		
SS-1	91' RT	17+99 -L-	1.5 - 3.0'	A-1-B	33	4	43.8	19.4	16.6	20.2	59.6	39.0	23.9	21.2	-
SS-2	41' RT	27+31 -L-	4.0 - 5.5'	A-7-5(18)	62	27	23.4	12.3	19.7	44.7	97.2	79.3	65.1	28.8	-
SS-3	41' RT	29+05 -L-	1.5 - 3.0'	A-4(0)	34	6	39.7	19.6	16.4	24.3	90.6	64.5	39.5	21.0	-
SS-4	42' RT	31+06 -L-	1.5 - 3.0'	A-7-6(7)	51	22	30.7	19.2	16.6	36.5	87.0	67.3	48.5	25.9	-

LAB TESTING PERFORMED BY NCDOT LAB CERT NO. 130-0212