5981

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

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STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY _DUPLIN

PROJECT DESCRIPTION REPLACEMENT OF BRIDGE NO. 16 ON US 117 (NBL) OVER CSX RR BETWEEN SR 1320 AND US 117 ALT

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	B-5981	1	10

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT 1991 707-680. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS MEDICATED DESCRIPTIONS AND ASSECTIONS OF THE INVESTIGATION. THE STATEM LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS MEDICATED DESCRIPTIONS AND ASSECTIONS AND ASSECTIONS OF THE INVESTIGATION. THE ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS MEDICATED DESCRIPTIONS AND ASSECTIONS AND ASSECTIONS OF THE ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS MEDICATED DESCRIPTIONS AND ASSECTIONS AND ASSECTIONS OF THE ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS MEDICATED DESCRIPTIONS AND ASSECTIONS AND ASSECTIONS OF THE ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS MEDICATED DESCRIPTIONS AND ASSECTIONS AND ASSECTIONS OF THE ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS MEDICATED DESCRIPTIONS ASSECTIONS OF THE ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS MEDICATED ASSECTIONS. NCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISTY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

- IES:
 THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N.C. DEPARTMENT
 OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS
 OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.
 BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS
 FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE
 CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

PERSONNEL

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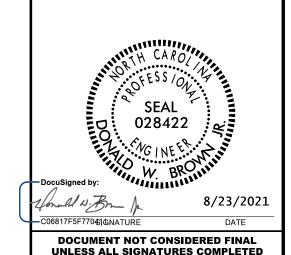
DRAWN BY <u>E. FERR</u>EIRA, EI

SUBMITTED BY D. BROWN, PE

DATE APRIL 2021



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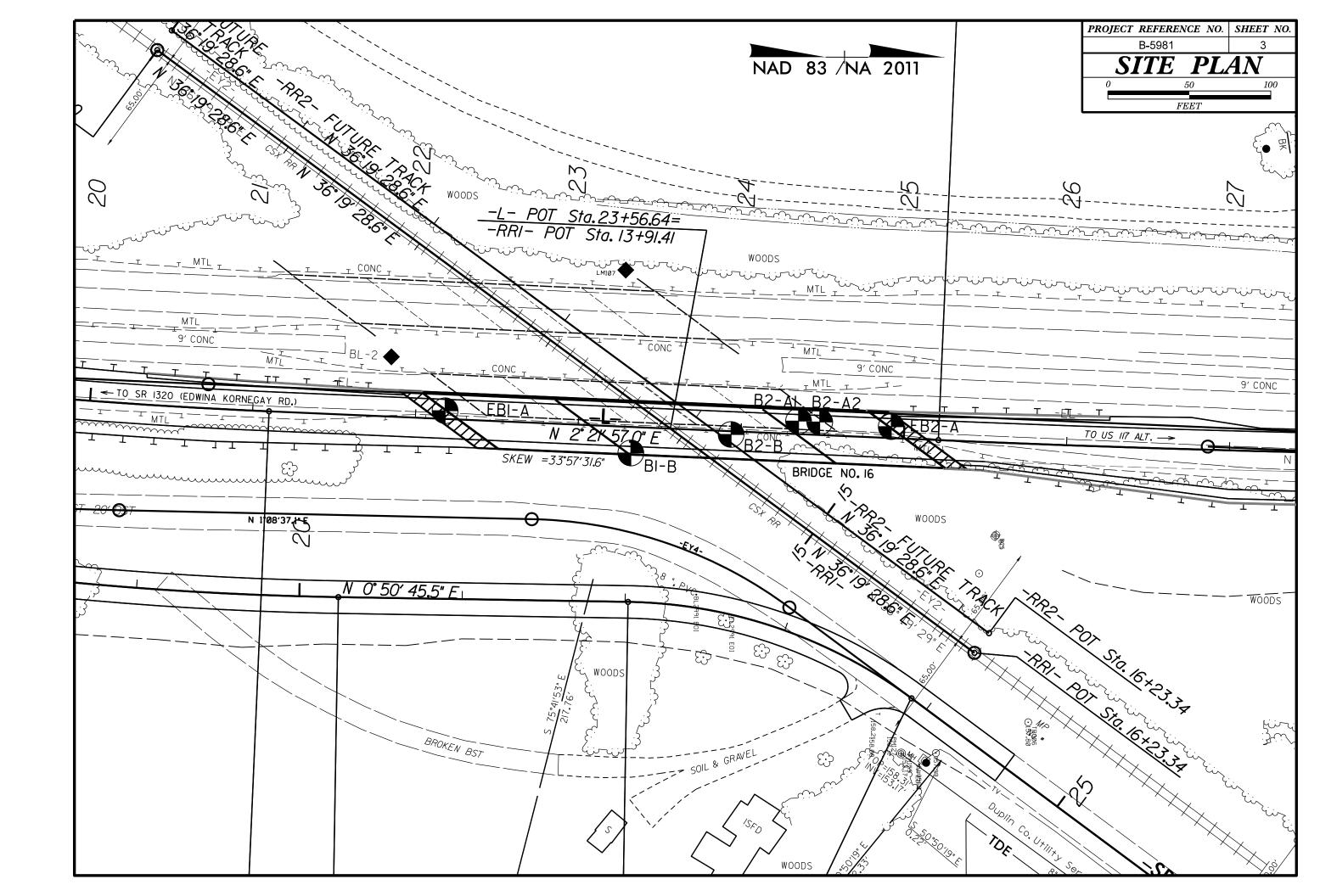
PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO. 2

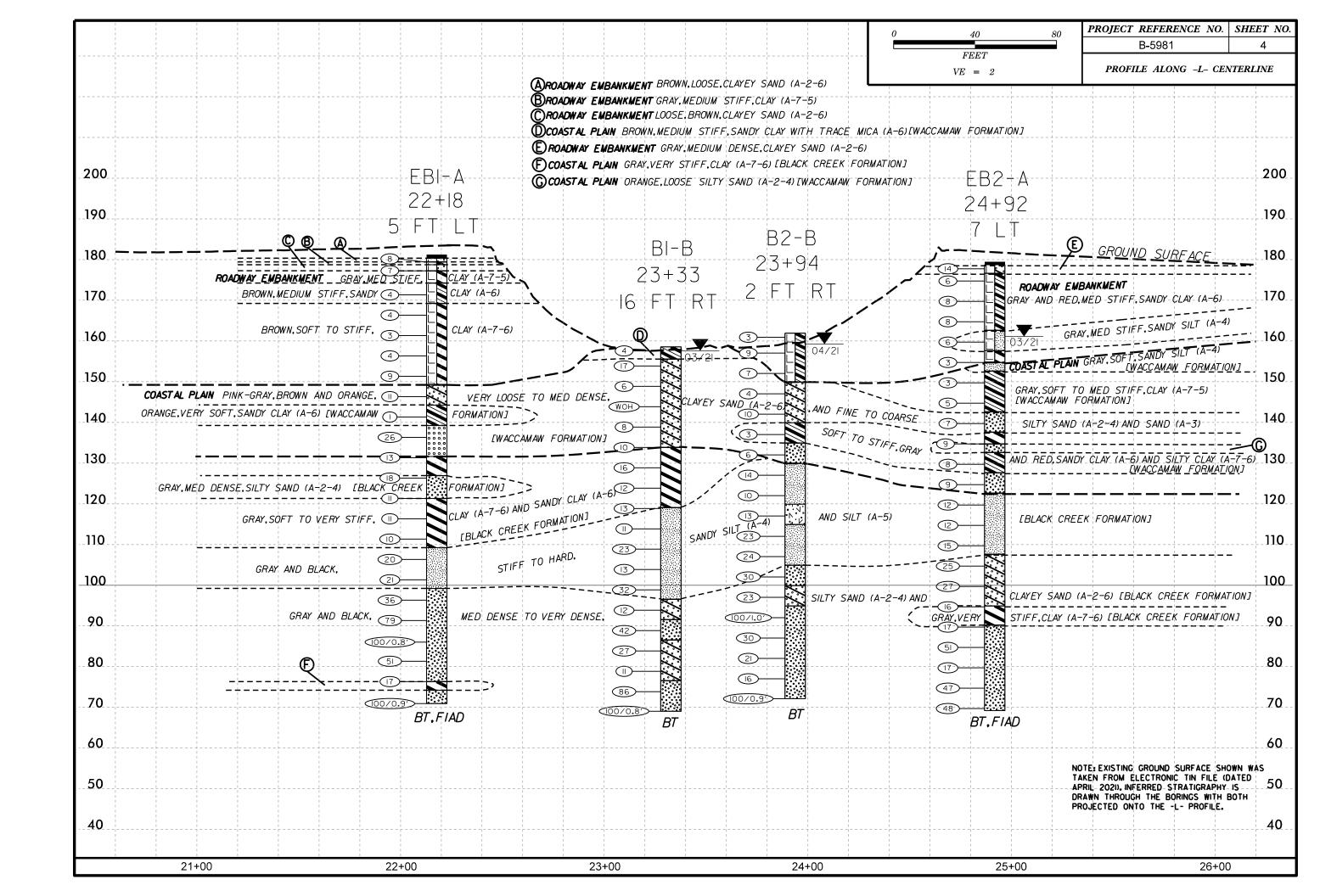
NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

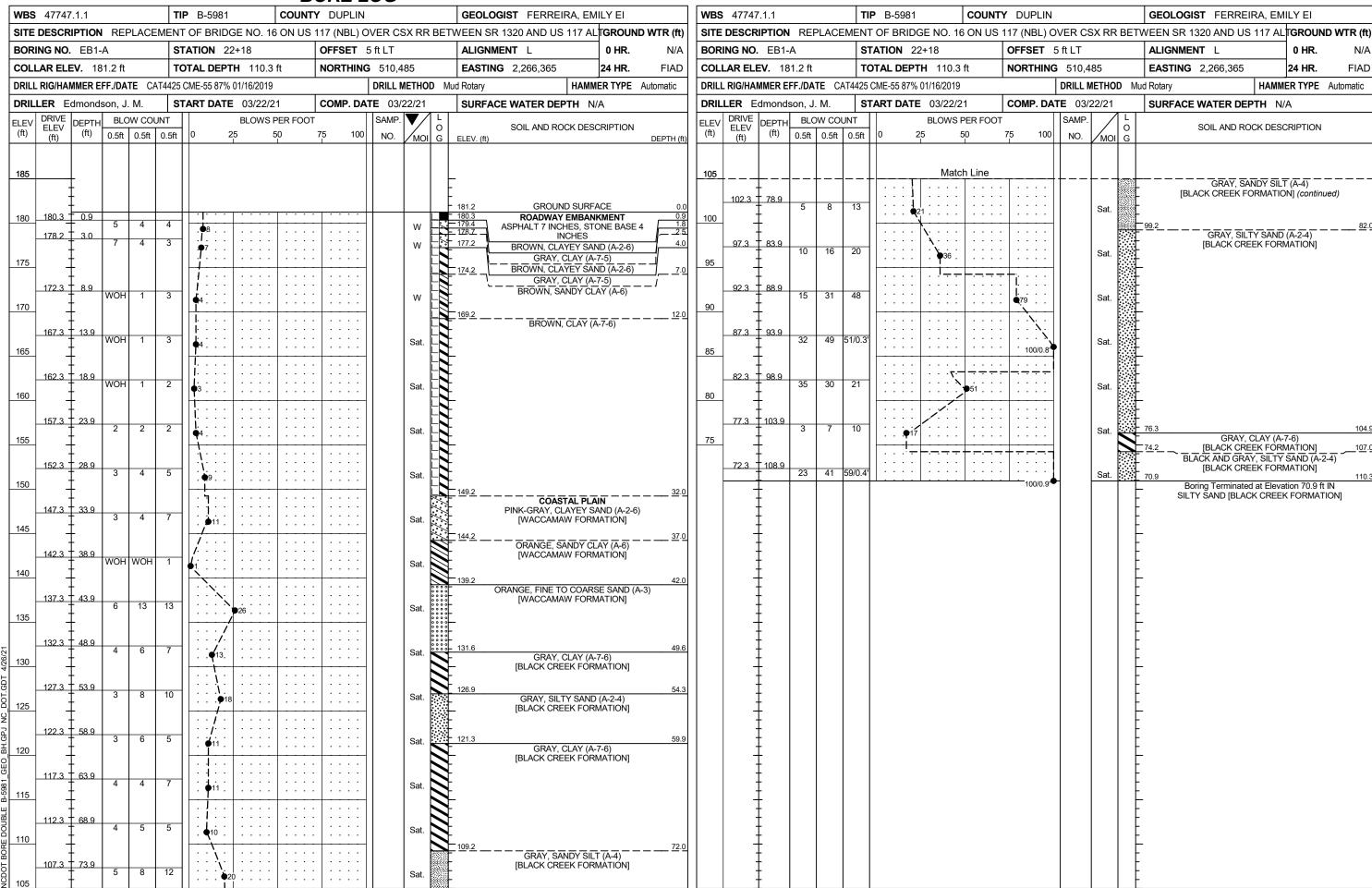
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

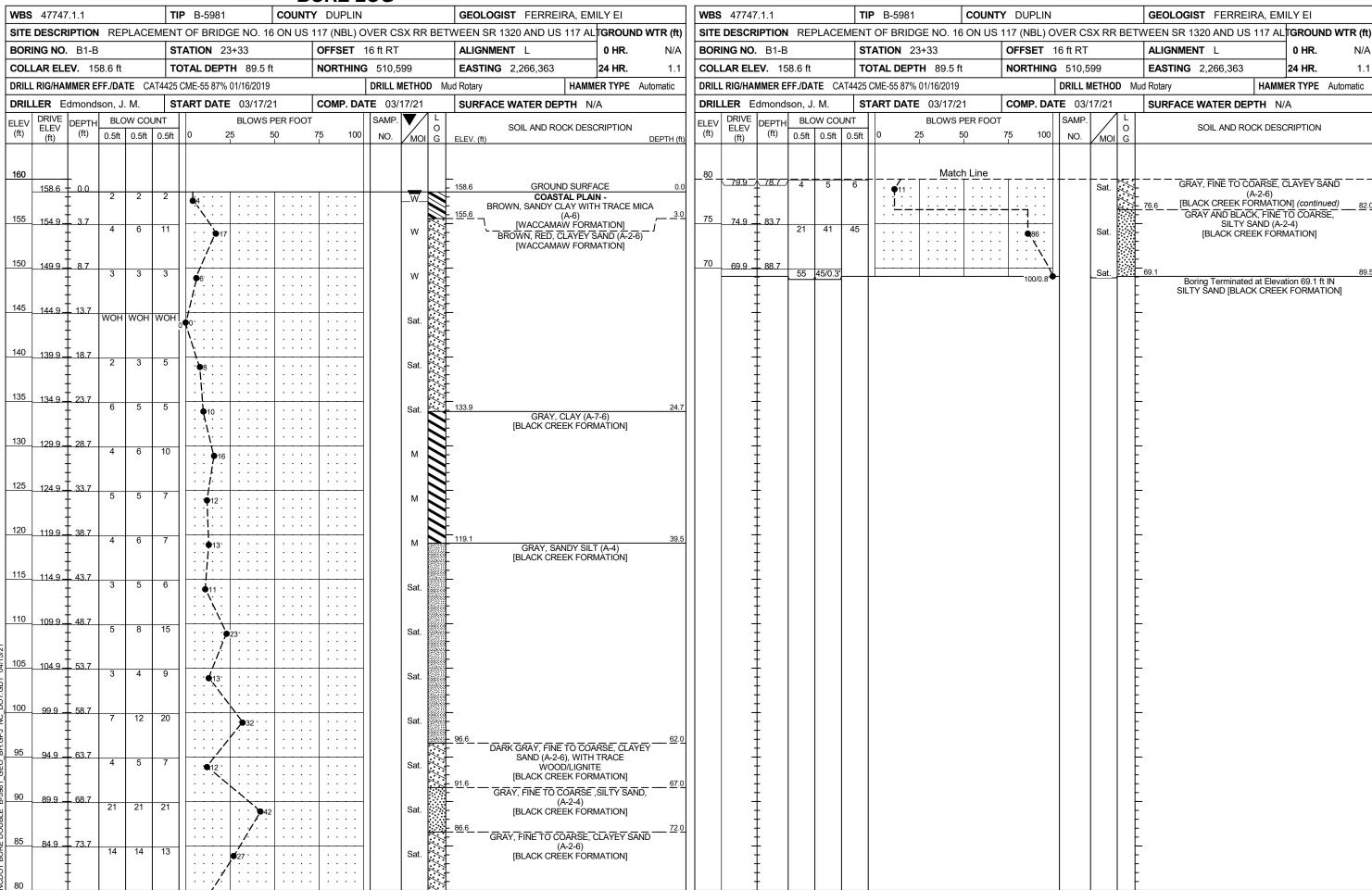
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

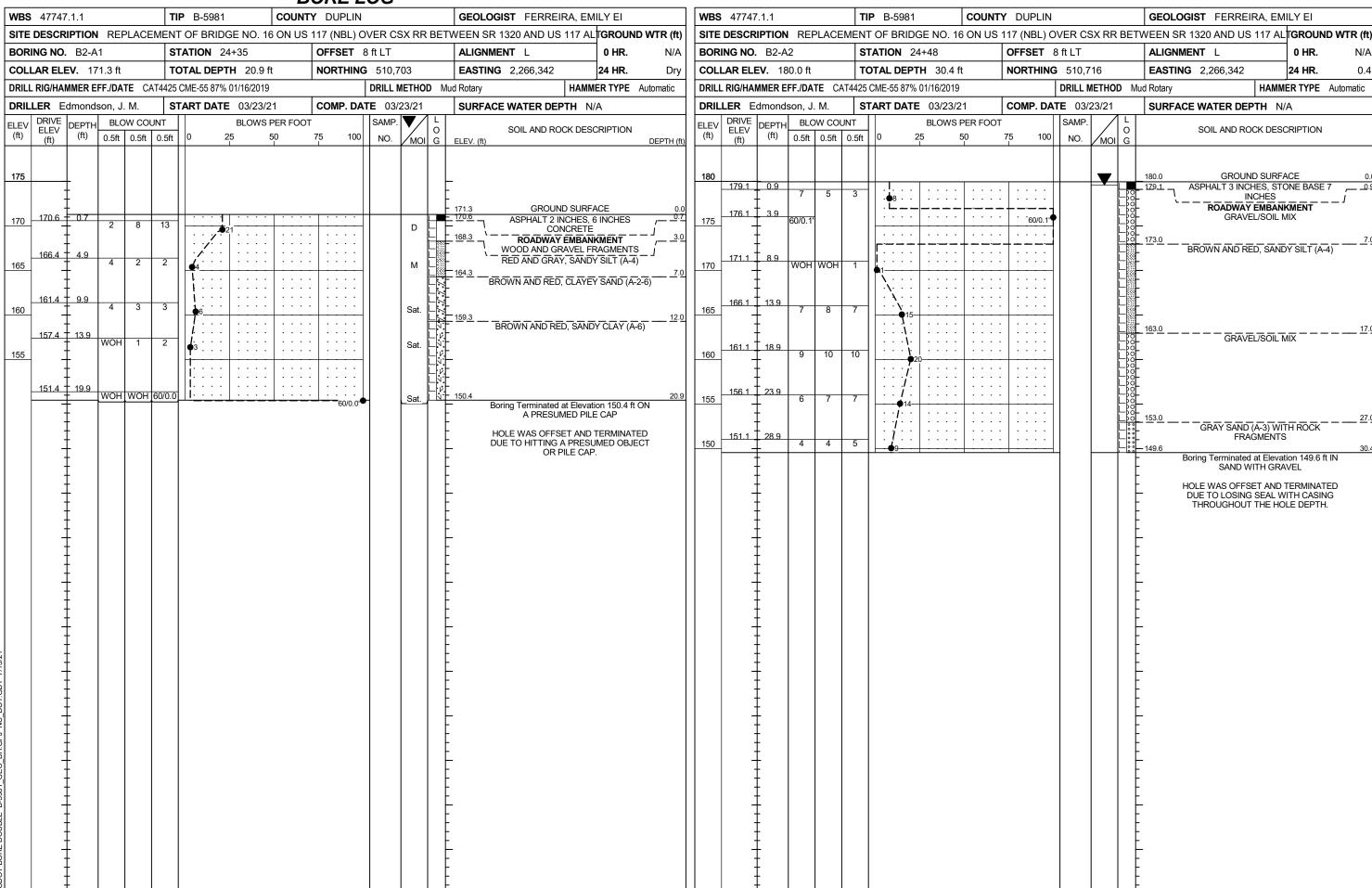
SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS				
SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT PUBER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST MASHITO T 206, ASTM D1566, SOIL CLASSIFICATION	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60	ALLUYIUM (ALLUY.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.				
IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK.	ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.				
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE, VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS:	ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:	ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.				
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > ROCK (WR) 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT				
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION	CRYSTALLINE CRYSTALLINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT	WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.				
LLASS. (\$\(\sigma\) 39% PASSING "200) (> 39% PASSING "200)	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	ROCK (CR) WOOLD TIELD SPIT REPUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TIPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.	CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.				
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5 CLASS. A-1-o A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-1, A-3 A-3 A-6, A-7	COMPRESSIBILITY	NON-CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YEILD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED.	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM				
SYMBOL 0000 d0000 d00000 d0000 d00000 d0000 d00000 d0000 d00000 d0000 d00000 d0000 d00000 d0000 d000000	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50	ROCK (NCR) SEDIMENTAL DELICOS PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC. COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD	OF SLOPE.				
7. PASSING	HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50	SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.				
*10 58 MX GRANULAR SILT- MUCK, CLAY PEAT	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	(CP) SHELL BEDS, ETC. WEATHERING	DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT				
1200 15 MX 25 MX 10 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN	GRANULAR SILT - CLAY ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER	ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.				
MATERIAL DASCING A CO	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10% LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20%	HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.	<u>DIP</u> - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.				
PASSIND *40 48 MX 41 MN 11 MN 11 MN 11 MN 11 MN 11 MN MX 11 MN 11 MN 11 MN MX 11 MN 11 MN MX 11 MN 11 MN MX	MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35% HIGHLY ORGANIC > 10% > 20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE	VERY SLIGHT ROCK CENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, (V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	<u>DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH)</u> - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.				
GROUP INDEX 0 0 0 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX NO MX ORGANIC SOILS	CHOCKE WATER	SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO (SLI.) I INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.				
USUAL TYPES STUNE FRAUS. FINE SILTY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY MATTER		CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.				
MATERIALS SAND SANU GRAVEL AND SANU SUILS SUILS	STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS	MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN (MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.				
GEN.RATING EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITABLE		DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.				
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 :PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30	SPRING OR SEEP	WITH FRESH ROCK. MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE				
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH	FIELD.				
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) 25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION	(MOD. SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK. IF TESTED, WOULD 'YIELD SPT REFUSAL	JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO				
CONSISTENCY (N-VALUE) (TONS/FT ²)	☐ WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION → OF ROCK STRUCTURES	SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT (SEV.) REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED	ITS LATERAL EXTENT.				
GENERALLY VERY LOOSE < 4 CONTROL LOOSE	SOIL SYMBOL OPT DMT TEST BORING SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION	TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.				
GRANULAR MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30 N/A MATERIAL DENSE 30 TO 50	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER AUGER BORING CONE PENETROMETER	IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF VERY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE	MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.				
(NON-COHESIVE) VERY DENSE > 50	THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT THOUSER BURING TEST	SEVERE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE				
VERY SOFT < 2 < 0.25 GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.5	✓ — INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY — CORE BORING SOUNDING ROD	(V SEV.) REMAINING, SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <u>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF</u>	OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM, RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.				
SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1.0	INFERRED ROCK LINE MONITORING WELL TEST BORING WITH CORE	COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF				
MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 1 TO 2 (COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4	→ PIEZOMETER NSTALLATION SPT N-VALUE	SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.				
HARD > 30 > 4 TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS	ROCK HARDNESS	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT				
	THE WAS ASSISTED FOR ANY TOWN	VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	ROCK,				
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270 OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	□ UNSUITABLE WASTE □ ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE	HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED	SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO				
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY	SHALLOW UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF ACCEPTABLE DEGRADABLE ROCK EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL	TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.				
(BLDR.) (COB.) (GR.) (CSE. SD.) (F SD.) (SL.) (CL.)	ABBREVIATIONS	MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.				
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.005 0.005	AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST	BY MODERATE BLOWS.	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF				
SIZE IN. 12 3	BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED — CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY 7 - UNIT WEIGHT	MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE	A 140 LB.HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL				
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS SOIL MOISTURE SCALE FIELD MOISTURE	CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC $\dot{\gamma}_{ m d}^{}$ - DRY UNIT WEIGHT CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC	POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.				
(ATTERBERG LIMITS) OESCRIPTION GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST <u>SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS</u>	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.				
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY	DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON	PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES 1 INCH	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY				
(SAT,) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	F - FINE SL SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK	SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.				
PLASTIC SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO	FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL	FINGERNAIL.	TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.				
(PI) PL PLASTIC LIMIT	FRAGS FRAGMENTS	FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS	BENCH MARK: BM#2: RR SPIKE IN 30" OAK 93.9" LT OF -L- STA. 12+64.16 MH: MANHOLE LID 30.8" RT OF -SRI- STA. 24+03.48				
- MOICT - (M) COLID. AT OR NEAR ORTIMUM MOICTURE	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET VERY THICKLY BEDDED 4 FEET WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET	ELEVATION: 165.35, 158.31 FEET				
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE:	MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET	NOTES:				
- DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO	CME-45C CLAY BITS X AUTOMATIC MANUAL	CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FOOT VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET	EXISTING GROUND SURFACE SHOWN WAS TAKEN FROM				
ATTAIN UPTIMUM MUISTURE	CME-55 S' HOLLOW AUGERS CORE SIZE: S' HOLLOW AUGERS T-R -H	THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET INDURATION	ELECTRONIC TIN FILE (DATED APRIL 2020).				
PLASTICITY	┦ ┌	INDURATION FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.					
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH NON PLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW	CME-550 HARD FACED FINGER BITS TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS	ERIADLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS;	FIAD: FILLED IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING				
SLIGHTLY PLASTIC 6-15 SLIGHT MODERATELY PLASTIC 16-25 MEDIUM	VANE SHEAR TEST X CASING X ADVANCER HAND TOOLS:	GENILE BLUW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.					
HIGHLY PLASTIC 16-25 MEDIUM HIGHLY PLASTIC 26 OR MORE HIGH	POST HULE DIGGER	MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.					
COLOR	TRICONE TUNGCARB. SOUNDING ROD	INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE:					
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).	CORE BIT VANE SHEAR TEST	DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.					
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	X PDC BIT <u>2-15/16</u> 0.D.	EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	DATE: 8-15-14				











[BURE LUG	T		T		T
WBS 47747.1.1 TIP B-5981	COUNTY DUPLIN	GEOLOGIST FERREIRA, EMILY EI	WBS 47747.1.1		TY DUPLIN	GEOLOGIST FERREIRA, EMILY EI
		RR BETWEEN SR 1320 AND US 117 AL TGROUND WTR (ft)				TWEEN SR 1320 AND US 117 AL GROUND WTR (ft)
BORING NO. B2-B STATION 23-	OFFSET 2 ft RT	ALIGNMENT L 0 HR. N/A	BORING NO. B2-B	STATION 23+94	OFFSET 2 ft RT	ALIGNMENT L 0 HR. N/A
COLLAR ELEV. 161.9 ft TOTAL DEPTH		EASTING 2,266,351 24 HR . 2.7	COLLAR ELEV. 161.9 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 89.8 ft	NORTHING 510,661	EASTING 2,266,351 24 HR. 2.7
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE CAT4425 CME-55 87% 0	5/2019 DRILL MET	HOD Mud Rotary HAMMER TYPE Automatic	DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE CAT4	4425 CME-55 87% 01/16/2019	DRILL METHOD	Mud Rotary HAMMER TYPE Automatic
DRILLER Edmondson, J. M. START DATE			DRILLER Edmondson, J. M.	START DATE 03/25/21	COMP. DATE 03/25/21	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A
ELEV (ft) DEPTH BLOW COUNT (ft) 0.5ft 0.5ft 0 25	OWS PER FOOT SAMP. NO. NO.	L O SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION DEPTH (ft)	ELEV CHIP CHIP CHIP CHIP CHIP CHIP CHIP CHIP	 	T SAMP. C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	
165		■ L BROWN, SANDY CLAY (A-6)	85 83.0 78.9 9 9	12 Match Line		GRAY, SILTY SAND (A-2-4) [BLACK CREEK FORMATION] (continued)
158.0 3.9 3 3 6 \\ \bar{\chi}{	V		75 73.0 88.9	8 16		3- - - - - - - - -
150 3 3 4 67	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	149.9 COASTAL PLAIN ORANGE AND RED, CLAYEY SAND (A-2-6)	29 71/0.4		100/0.9' W	72.1 89.8 Boring Terminated at Elevation 72.1 ft IN SILTY SAND [BLACK CREEK FORMATION]
145 WOH 3 7						- - - - -
138.0 23.9 1 2 1 7 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	V	139.9				
133.0 28.9 1 3 3	S.	ORANGE, SILTY SAND (A-2-4) [WACCAMAW FORMATION]				- - - -
128.0 33.9 4 6 8 14	S:	[BLACK CREEK FORMATION]				- - - -
120	Si	at				- - -
115		GRAY, SANDY SILT (A-4) [BLACK CREEK FORMATION] at.				- - - - -
110 108.0 53.9 8 8 16	S:	at				- - - - -
일 2 5 5 5 103.0 58.9 7 10 20)	99.962.0				- - - -
98.0 63.9 4 10 13	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	94.9 67.0 GRAY, SILTY SAND (A-2-4)				- - -
93.0 68.9 33 37 63	100/1.0	[BLACK CREEK FORMATION]				- - - -
	5	vi 💢				[

14/5	. 4774	17 4 4			D D 500 f	•		TY DUDI			050: 4	OCIOT FEDDETS	A EMILY E.		WDC 477	17 4 4				D 5004		0011117	(DUDI IV				OLOGICT FEDDELSA	EMILY EL
	S 4774		DEDLAG		P B-5981			TY DUPLI		V DD DE		DGIST FERREIR		MED (6)	WBS 4774					P B-5981			DUPLIN		0\/ DD		OLOGIST FERREIRA,	1
-							16 ON US			X KK BE		TWEEN SR 1320 AND US 117 ALTGROUND WTR (ft) ALIGNMENT L 0 HR. N/A																
) . EB2- <i>P</i>			TATION 2			OFFSET					0 HR.	N/A	BORING NO. EB2-A				STATION 24+92				OFFSET 7 ft LT					0 HR. N/A
		_EV . 179			OTAL DEP			NORTHI	NG 510,75			NG 2,266,346	24 HR . 18		COLLAR ELEV. 179.4 ft				TOTAL DEPTH 110.4 ft			t	NORTHING 510,759				STING 2,266,346	24 HR. 18.3 FIAE
DRIL	L RIG/H	AMMER EF	F./DATE	CAT4425	CME-55 87%	% 01/16/2019	9		DRILL M	ETHOD	Mud Rotary		HAMMER TYPE A	Automatic	DRILL RIG/H	AMMER E	FF./DAT	TE CA	T4425 C	CME-55 87% ()1/16/2019					D Mud Rota	ary HA	AMMER TYPE Automatic
DRI		Edmonds	,	S.	TART DAT				DATE 03/2			ACE WATER DEPT	TH N/A		DRILLER		- 			ART DATE	03/24/21		COMP. DA	TE 03/	24/21	SUI	RFACE WATER DEPTH	N/A
ELE\	, DRIVE ELEV	DEPTH					PER FOC			▼/ L		SOIL AND ROC	K DESCRIPTION		ELEV DRIVE	DEPIR	' 	W COU			BLOWS P			SAMP.	/		SOIL AND ROCK [DESCRIPTION
(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	0.5ft 0.5f	t 0.5ft	0	25	50	75 10	00 NO.	MOI G	ELEV. (ft)			DEPTH (ft)	(ft) (ft)	(ft)	0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0 25	5 50)	75 100	NO.	МОІ	G		
180		_									179.4	GROUND	SURFACE	0.0	100	┷					Match	Line		.L	L	ļ. — —		
	178.5	0.9	8 8	6						м Ц	<u>- 178.5</u>	ROADWAY E	EMBANKMENT ES, STONE BASE 7	0.9		‡	10	11	⁻¹⁶ T	::::/					M		BLACK, CLAYEY [BLACK CREEK FORM	
	175.5	3.9			· ,/ ^{•,14}		.			ıvı 📑	176.4	INC	CHES	_ i, 3.0	05.5	+ + 83.9				$ \dots '$								
175	173.3	± 3.5	2 2	4	6	+	 			w	<u>₹</u> `	RED, CLAYEN	Y SAND (A-2-6) SANDY CLAY (A-6)	_ J	95 95.5	+ 65.5	6	6	10	1 6			<u> </u>		w	94.7	GRAY, CLAY	(A-7-6)
		Ŧ							.		<u>}</u>	0.01.7.1.2.1.2.5,	0,112.02(1.0)			Ŧ											[BLACK CREEK F	FORMATION]
170	170.5	Ŧ 8.9			: : : :						}				90.5	T 88.9				:::						90.0		89
		Ŧl	2 3	5	. 8				-	w L	\$					Ŧ	4	′	10	●17					W		GRAY, SILTY S [BLACK CREEK F	
		‡			: : : :				:		*					‡]	```,``						[BLACK CREEK I	ORWATION
165	165.5	13.9	2 3	5	-	ļ · · · ·			<u>.</u>]	w	\$ _				85 85.5	93.9	20	23	28		` ` `	· · · ·			Sat.			
		‡					.		:	v	162.4			17.0		<u> </u>					::::/	51			Sal.			
	400 5	+			:¦ · · ·				· [102.4	GRAY, SAN	DY SILT (A-4)	17.0		+					./···							
160	160.5	+ 18.9 +	2 2	4	6	+			41 1	Sat.	F				80 80.5	+ 98.9 +	6	7	10	17			1		w	:::: <u>-</u>		
		‡				: : : :			:		157 <u>.4</u>			22.0		Ŧ					<u> </u>							
155	155.5	+ 23.9			i:::				:		F		_AY (A-7-5) / FORMATION]		75 75.5	103.9												
100		† [WOH WO	H 3	● 3	1			:1	Sat.	— 154.5 *-		AL PLAIN	24.9	73	‡	16	19	28			7			W			
		<u>†</u>			<u> </u> : : : :		.		:		152.4	GRAY, S	SILT (A-4)	27.0		İ					::::::							
150	150.5	28.9	WOH 1	2							}	GRAY, SANL [WACCAMAW	DY CLAY (A-6) / FORMATION]		70 70.5	108.9	10	15	33									
		Ŧl	WORL	2	Q 3				•	Sat.	\$	-	-			Ţ	10	15	33		•4	18		Ц	W	69.0	Boring Terminated at E	110. Elevation 69.0 ft IN
		‡							.		\$					‡											SILTY SAND [BLACK CF	REEK FORMATION]
145	145.5	+ 33.9	WOH 3	2	1	ļ · · · ·				Sat.	1					‡												
		‡							:	Jai.	142.4			37.0		‡												
	140.5	1 20 0					.						TY SAND (A-2-4)			<u>†</u>										l		
140	140.5	+ 38.9	4 4	3	7		+		\dashv \mid	Sat.		[WACCAMAM	/ FORMATION]			+										l		
		Ŧ			:\: : :		.		.		137.4			42.0		Ŧ										I F		
135	135.5	43.9			:¦: : :						}		_AY (A-7-6) / FORMATION]			Ŧ												
100		‡	3 4	5	. •9	1				Sat.	134.5	ORANGE. SILT	TY SAND (A-2-4)	44.9		‡												
		‡			:i:::						132.4		/ FORMATION]	47.0		‡												
130	130.5	48.9	WOH 3	5	.	1	.			<u>.</u> [1	(Α	\ -6)	11		<u></u>										l E		
		<u>†</u>			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		.		:	Sat.	407.4	[WACCAMAW	/ FORMATION]	50.0		İ										1 -		
/21		+				: : : :			.		121.4		TY SAND (A-2-4)	52.0		Ŧ										1 F		
125	125.5	+ 53.9	2 3	6	9	+	+			Sat.	<u></u>	[WACCAMAW	/ FORMATION]			Ŧ										F		
GDT		‡					.		:		122.4			57.0		‡												
0 120	120.5	+ 58.9			:;::	: : : :					F		IDY SILT (A-4) K FORMATION]			‡												
의 120 일	120.0	+ "	3 4	8	. •12	+ : : : :			-	Sat.	t	IDE TON ONCE				‡										-		
L CAS		<u>†</u>			: : : :				:		Ł					İ										1		
변 115	115.5	63.9							.		F					Ŧ										F		
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81_G		‡			::¦::				:		#					‡												
110	110.5	68.9	4 6	9	· · · · ·				<u>:</u>	Sat.	T.					‡												
BLE		‡				' ::::			:	Jai.	107.4			72.0		‡												
DOO	105.5	± 72.0			: : : [\]	$\sqrt{ \cdot \cdot }$.		:				EY SAND (A-2-6)	72.0		<u>†</u>										1		
105	105.5	+ 73.9 +	9 10	15		25	+		$\dashv \mid \mid$	Sat.		IRLACK CREE	K FORMATION]			+										F		
DT BC		Ŧ			::::				:		<u></u>					Ŧ										F		
100	100.5	78.9			::::				:		<u>:</u>					‡												
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PROJECT REPERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
B-5981	10

SITE PHOTOGRAPH

BRIDGE 16



VIEW LOOKING NORTH