PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS GEOENVIRONMENTAL

CONTAMINATED SOIL (5/26/2022)

The Contractor's attention is directed to the fact that soil contaminated with petroleum hydrocarbon compounds exist within the project area. The known areas of contamination are indicated on corresponding plans sheets. Information relating to these contaminated areas, sample locations, and investigation reports will be available at the following web address by navigating to the correct letting year and month then selecting, "Plans and Proposals", "U-6003", "Individual Sheets/520 GeoEnvironmental":

http://dotw-xfer01.dot.state.nc.us/dsplan/

Petroleum contaminated soil may be encountered during any earthwork activities on the project. The Contractor shall only excavate those soils that the Engineer designates necessary to complete a particular task. The Engineer shall determine if soil is contaminated based on areas shown on the plans, petroleum odors, and unusual soil staining. Contaminated soil not required to be excavated is to remain in place and undisturbed. Undisturbed soil shall remain in place, whether contaminated or not. The Contractor shall transport all contaminated soil excavated from the project to a facility licensed to accept contaminated soil.

In the event that a stockpile is needed, the stockpile shall be created within the property boundaries of the source material and in accordance with the Diagram for Temporary Containment and Treatment of Petroleum-Contaminated Soil per North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality's (NCDEQ) Division of Waste Management UST Section GUIDELINES FOR EX SITU PETROLEUM CONTAMINATED SOIL REMEDIATION. If the volume of contaminated material exceeds available space on site, the Contractor shall obtain a permit from the NCDEQ UST Section's Regional Office for off-site temporary storage. The Contractor shall provide copies of disposal manifests completed per the disposal facilities requirements and weigh tickets to the Engineer.

Measurement and Payment:

The quantity of contaminated soil hauled and disposed of shall be the actual number of tons of material, which has been acceptably transported and weighed with certified scales as documented by disposal manifests and weigh tickets. The quantity of contaminated soil, measured as provided above, shall be paid for at the contract unit price per ton for "Hauling and Disposal of Petroleum Contaminated Soil".

The above price and payment shall be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to stockpiling, loading, transportation, weighing, laboratory testing, disposal, equipment, decontamination of equipment, labor, and personal protective equipment.

Payment shall be made under:

Pay Item

Hauling and Disposal of Petroleum Contaminated Soil





GEOENVIRONMENTAL PHASE II INVESTIGATION

NCDOT PARCEL 002
QUALITY OIL COMPANY

KERNERSVILLE – KERNERSVILLE LOOP FROM SR 1969 (PINEY GROVE RD) TO NC 150 (N. MAIN ST)
743 PINEY GROVE RD

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA
WBS Number 47138.1.1
TIP NUMBER U-6003
FORSYTH COUNTY PIN # 6887-40-2970.000

5/19/2022

PREPARED FOR

North Carolina Department of Transportation Geotechnical Engineering Unit GeoEnvironmental Section Raleigh, North Carolina

Todd Plating, P.G. Senior Peer Review

J. Harrison Carter, P.G.

NC# 2675

Project Geologist

-DocuSigned by:

J. Dim Cent. —A4821DBC2816438...

06/02/2022

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

SynTerra Corporation (SynTerra) conducted a Phase II investigation of the referenced site located on the Western side of Piney Grove Road north of Kernersville in Forsyth County, North Carolina (Figures 1 and 2). The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) plans to widen Piney Grove Road and extend Linville Springs Road through the adjacent intersection. SynTerra's work is consistent with the NCDOT's Request for Technical and Cost Proposal dated January 31, 2022, and our Revised Technical and Cost Proposal dated February 15, 2022. The objective of this work was to assist the NCDOT – Geotechnical Engineering Unit with identifying potential environmental concerns regarding effects on soil from underground storage tanks (USTs) within the rights-of-way and/or easements of the above-referenced site. This investigation included a geophysical survey to identify subsurface metallic features such as UST systems, and the advancement of five soil borings to test for the presence of constituents in the areas of the site that are in construction rights of way.

2.0 HISTORY

Based on historical documents obtained from the North Carolina of Environmental Quality (NCDEQ), one 1,000-gallon UST and three 3,000-gallon USTs were removed from the site in 1994. These USTs were located adjacent and to the north of the structure onsite, outside the investigation area of this investigation. A Limited Site Assessment report (LSA) prepared by Shield Engineering, Inc. dated March 12, 2004, indicated that petroleum constituents in soil and groundwater were not detected at concentrations greater than regulatory standards.

3.0 METHODS

SynTerra called NC811 on March 24, 2022, and requested utilities be marked in the areas of investigation. NC811 notified Centurylink, Winston Salem Sewer and Water, Duke Energy, North State Communications, Piedmont Natural Gas, and Charter Communications. The clearance was valid through April 14, 2022. SynTerra also contracted with Probe Utility, a private utility locator, to identify subsurface utilities at the site.

3.1 Geophysics

Geo Solutions Limited, Inc. (Geo Solutions), under contract to SynTerra, performed a geophysical survey of the site on March 15, 2022. Geo Solutions used a Geophex Model GEM-2 electromagnetic profiler connected to a GPS unit to create an electromagnetic profile of the site. Geo Solutions followed this with a ground penetrating radar (GPR) evaluation using a GSSI SIR 4000 with a 400 megahertz (MHz) antenna.

3.2 Soil Borings

Regional Probing Services (Regional Probing), under contract to SynTerra, used a Geoprobe 5410 equipped with direct-push technology to advance five soil borings (P2SB-1 through P2SB-

Geoenvironmental Phase II Investigation

NCDOT Parcel 002 Kernersville, North Carolina

5) on April 1, 2022. The locations of those borings are shown on **Figure 2**. The driller advanced these borings in the right of way along the east and north perimeters of the site in the areas of the proposed drainage installation.

Regional Probing advanced the borings to a depth of 10 feet, as requested by NCDOT. The water table was not encountered while performing the soil borings. SynTerra used a Trimble Geo $7x^{\circ}$ handheld data collector to determine the locations of each boring. A GPS unit error caused a displacement in the recorded coordinates; however, locations were correct relative to each other, and coordinates were corrected based on locations of select borings relative to landmarks. Approximate Northings, Eastings, and elevations above sea level for the borings are shown in **Table 1**.

The driller collected soil samples in clear acetate sleeves. SynTerra collected samples of material at 2-foot intervals and placed the samples in zip-top plastic bags. After allowing the bags to sit untouched for approximately 15 minutes, a photoionization detector (PID) was used to screen the headspace in each bag for volatile organic compounds (VOCs).

Synterra collected one soil sample for analysis from each boring from the interval with the greatest concentration of VOCs based on the PID screening. The deepest interval was selected if PID screening results were consistent throughout the recovered core. To better vertically delineate potential petroleum constituents based on PID field screening in P2SB-3, two soil samples were collected from different intervals at this boring. Due to the presence of overhead power lines and encroachment restrictions to the north, and the UST to the south, additional soil borings in these directions could not be performed. Therefore, petroleum constituents in soil could not be delineated in these directions.

SynTerra placed samples in laboratory-supplied bottle ware, placed the samples on ice in a cooler, and shipped them under chain-of-custody to RED Lab, LLC (RED Lab) in Wilmington North Carolina. RED Lab analyzed the samples for benzene-toluene-ethylbenzene-xylene (BTEX), gasoline range organics (TPH-GRO), diesel range organics (TPH-DRO), total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH), total aromatics, and benzo[a]pyrene (BaP).

4.0 RESULTS

4.1 Geophysics

The Geo Solutions *Geophysical Survey* report, dated March 29, 2022, is in **Appendix A**. Geo Solutions identified an existing non-metallic UST in the northeastern portion of the parking lot of the site. Location of this tank is shown on **Figure 2**.

4.2 Soil Borings

Table 2 summarizes the laboratory results and PID screening values for soil samples. Boring logs are in **Appendix B**. The soil samples were not stained and did not exhibit hydrocarbon odor, with the exception of P2SB-3, which exhibited a weathered hydrocarbon odor.

RED Lab detected several analytes, with greatest concentrations detected in the two samples from P2SB-3. Analytical results from the 8-10 foot interval indicated TPH-GRO and TPH-DRO concentrations greater than NCDEQ TPH action levels. In samples where hydrocarbons were detected, RED Lab identified the fingerprints as residual hydrocarbon, road tar, or did not identify a fingerprint match. The Laboratory Report is included in **Appendix C.**

5.0 CONCLUSIONS

5.1 Geophysics

Geo Solutions identified one existing UST in the investigation area of this parcel, located in the north-east corner of the parking lot.

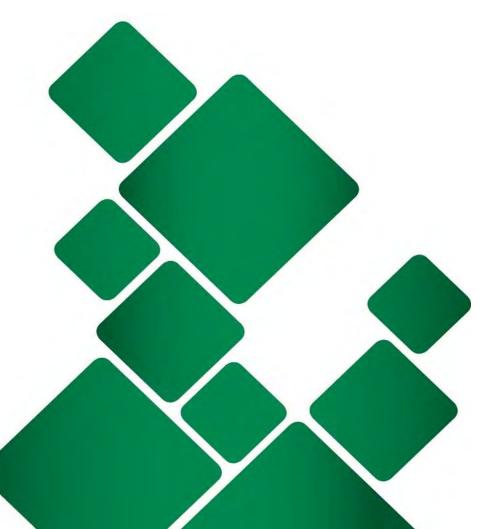
5.2 Soil

Based on analytical results and field screenings, soil at the location of P2SB-3 exhibited elevated petroleum constituent concentrations, with TPH concentrations greater than NCDEQ action levels. The adjacent borings P2SB-2 and P2SB-4, however, did not exhibit elevated constituent concentrations, indicating that the petroleum constituents in soil are restricted to a relatively small area of the site. SynTerra estimates that approximately 9,000 cubic feet of soil is present.

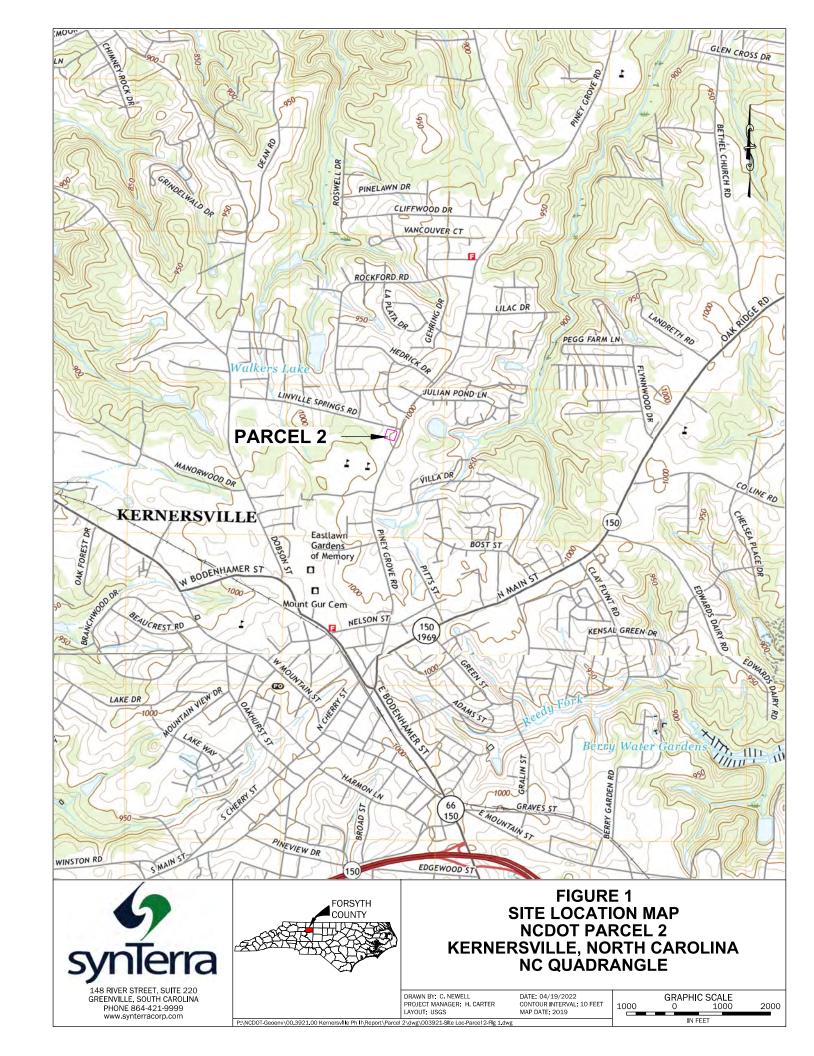
6.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

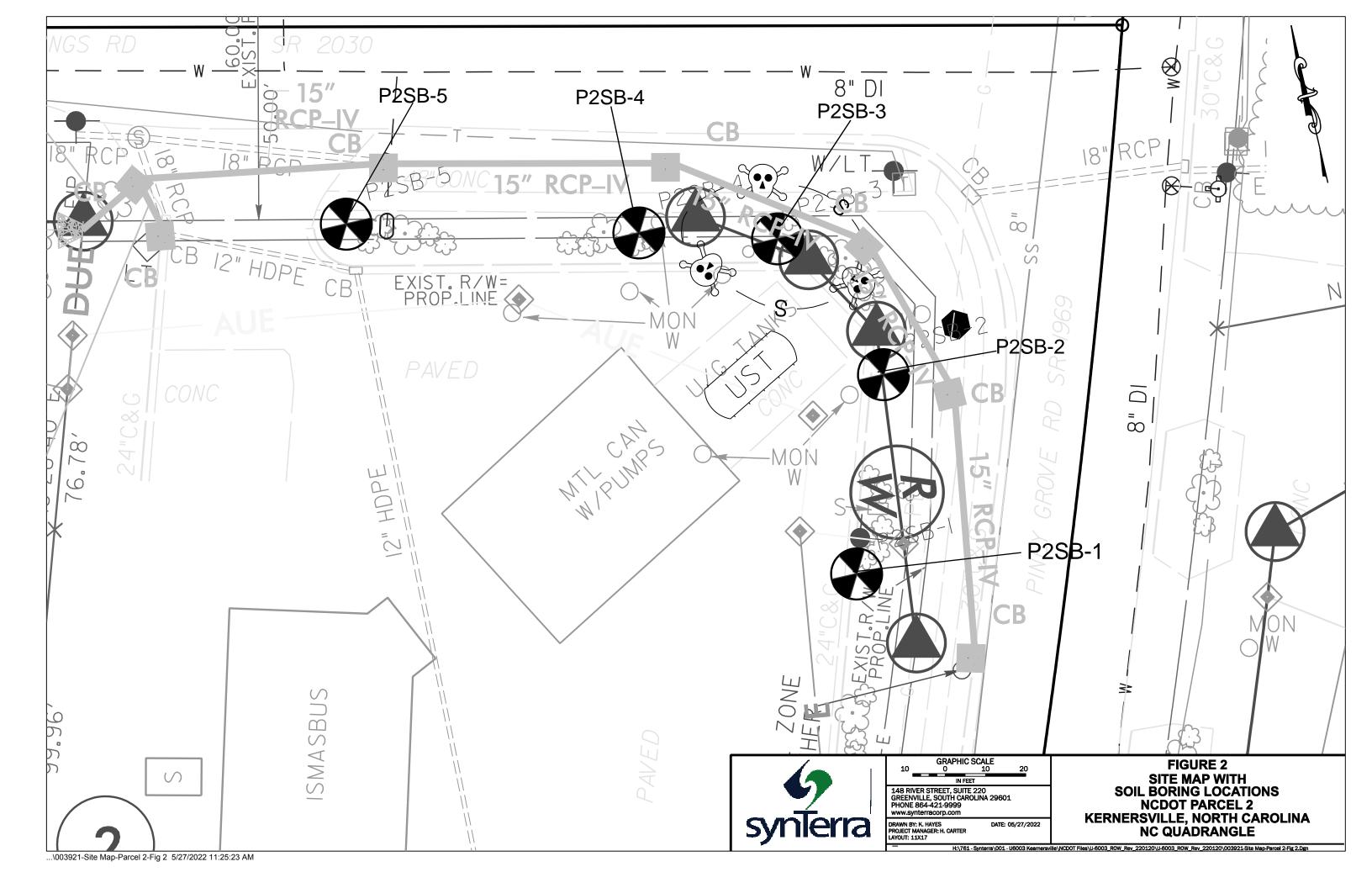
Based on elevated petroleum constituent concentrations at P2SB-3, SynTerra recommends that worker precautions, including but not limited to breathing zone air monitoring and PPE to limit soil contact be implemented if excavation is performed at that location. Based on proximity to the existing UST, further investigation may be warranted to confirm the integrity of this tank.

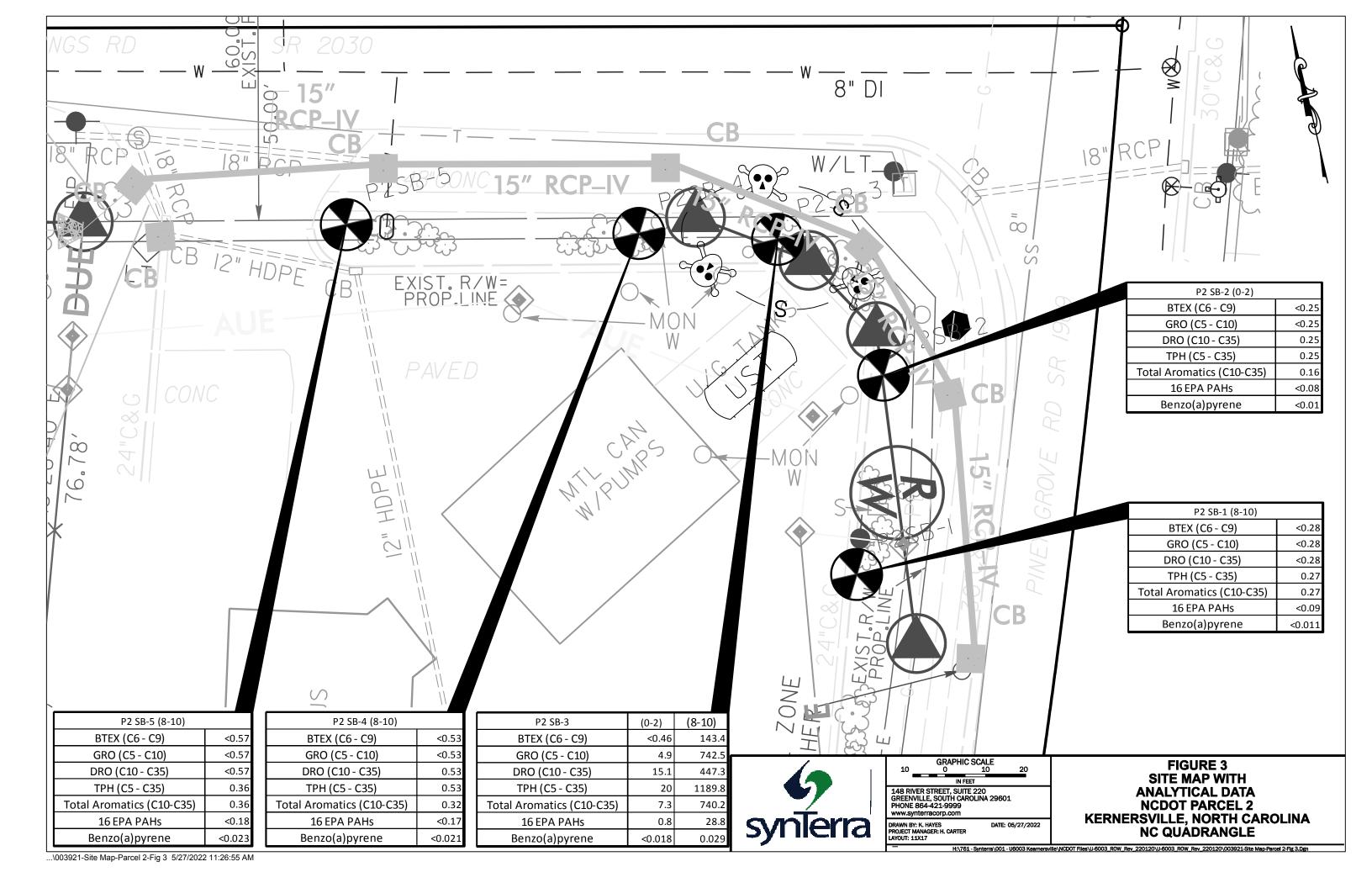
FIGURES

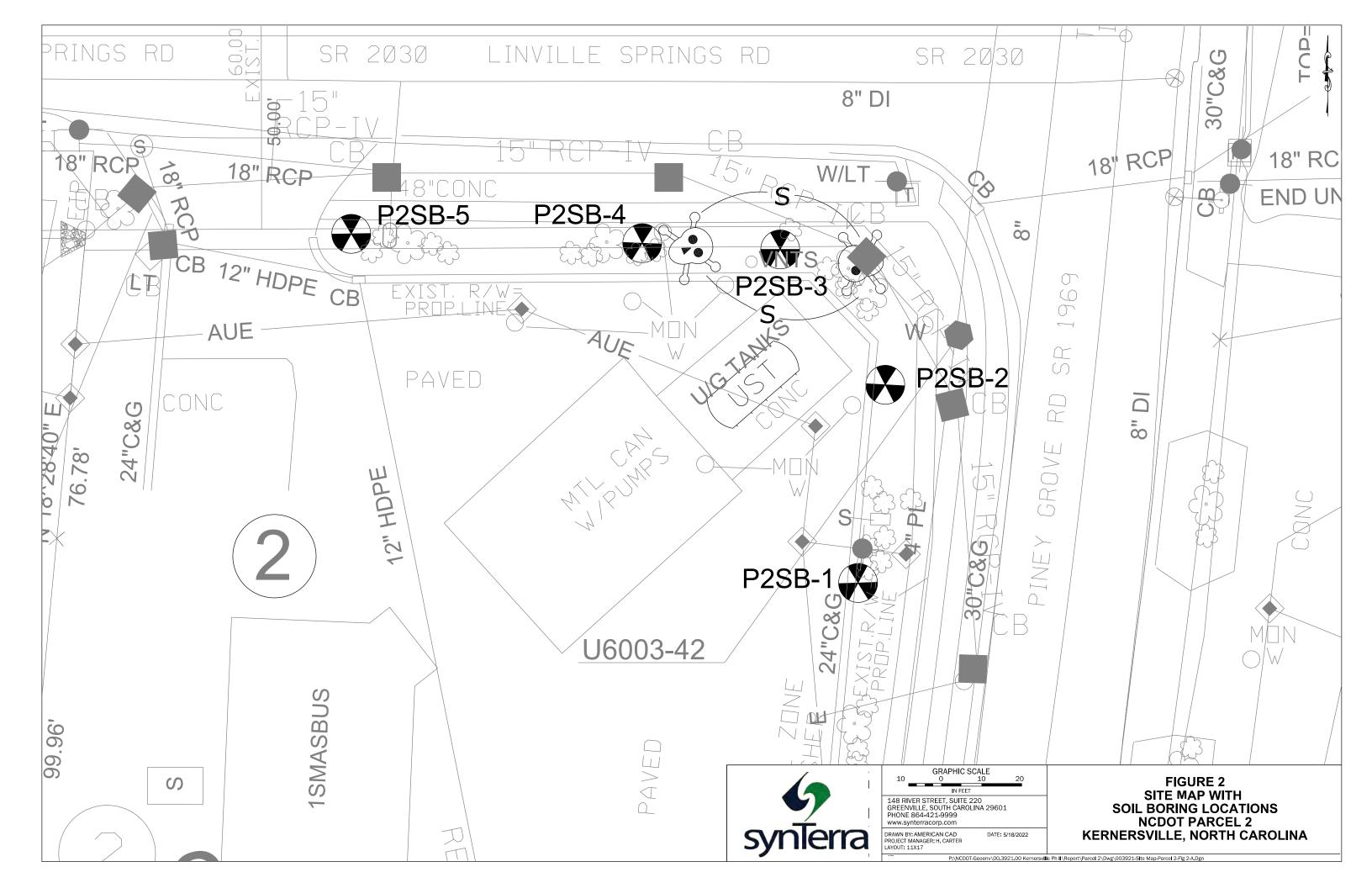


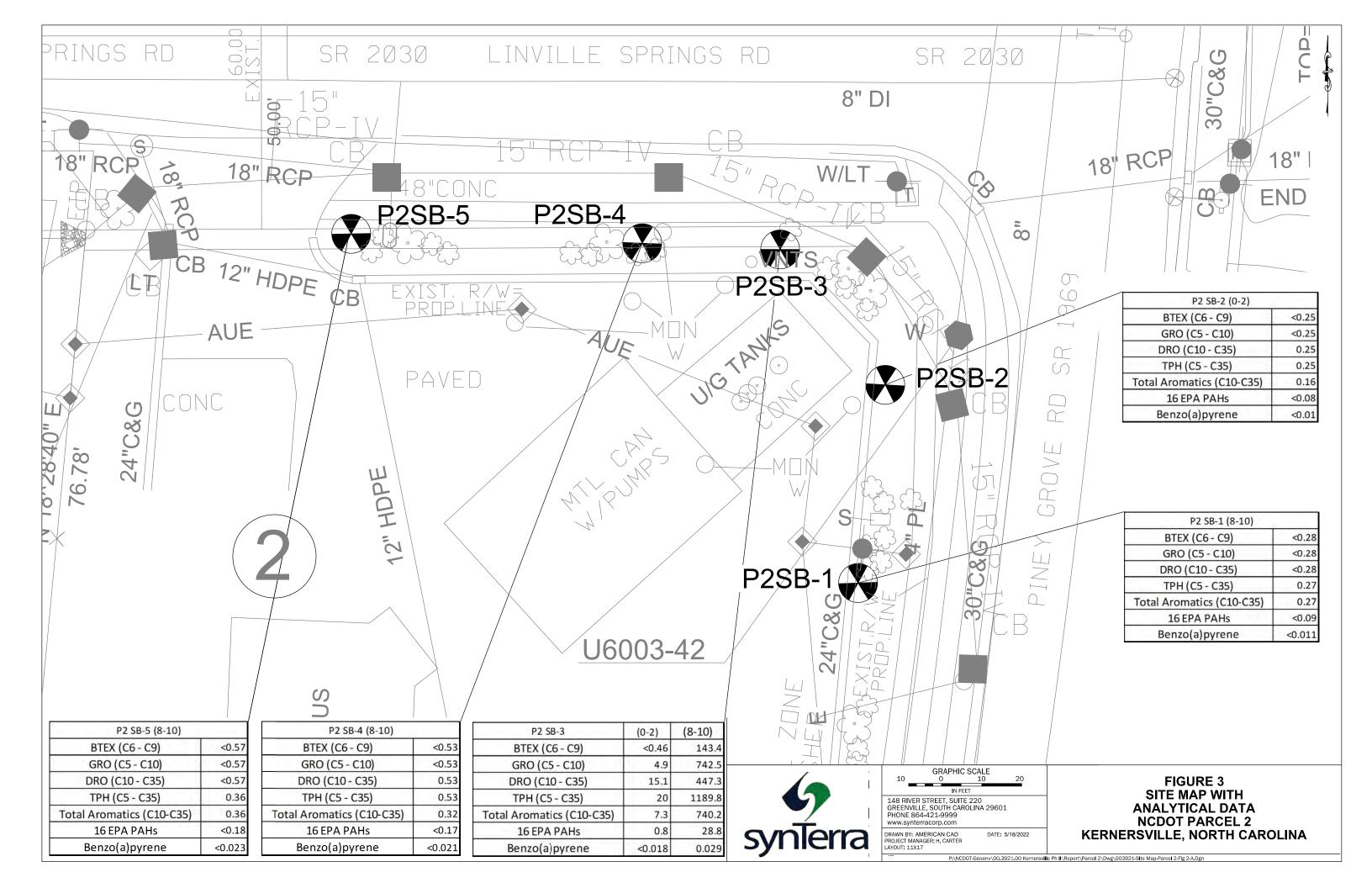












STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS CONVENTIONAL PLAN SHEET SYMBOLS

BOUNDARIES AND PROPERTY:		Note: Not to S		J.U.E. = Subsurface Utility Engineering	LJ	WATER:	
State Line —		KAILKOADS:				Water Manhole	®
County Line —		Standard Gauge —	CSX TRANSPORTATION	Hedge —		Water Meter	0
Township Line ——————		RR Signal Milepost		Woods Line		Water Valve	8
City Line —		Switch —		Orchard —		Water Hydrant —	٥
Reservation Line ————————————————————————————————————		RR Abandoned		Vineyard ————————————————————————————————————	Vineyard	U/G Water Line LOS B (S.U.E*)	
Property Line ————————————————————————————————————		RR Dismantled		EXISTING STRUCTURES:		U/G Water Line LOS C (S.U.E*) ————————————————————————————————————	
Existing Iron Pin				MAJOR:		U/G Water Line LOS D (S.U.E*)	
Computed Property Corner ———————————————————————————————————	*	RIGHT OF WAY & PROJECT C	ONTROL:	Bridge, Tunnel or Box Culvert	CONC	Above Ground Water Line ————————————————————————————————————	
Property Monument	ECM	Secondary Horiz and Vert Control Point -	. 🔷	Bridge Wing Wall, Head Wall and End Wall-) conc ** (Above Ground Water Line	
Parcel/Sequence Number —	@	Primary Horiz Control Point	. 0	MINOR:		TV: TV Pedestal —————	(F)
Existing Fence Line ————————————————————————————————————	-××	Primary Horiz and Vert Control Point		Head and End Wall —			
Proposed Woven Wire Fence —————		Exist Permanent Easment Pin and Cap	· 💠	Pipe Culvert —		14 Tower	W
Proposed Chain Link Fence		New Permanent Easement Pin and Cap —		Footbridge —	>	U/G TV Cable Hand Hole —	E
Proposed Barbed Wire Fence		Vertical Benchmark	- Ľ	Drainage Box: Catch Basin, DI or JB	Св	U/G TV Cable LOS B (S.U.E.*)	
Existing Wetland Boundary	-	Existing Right of Way Marker	· 🛆	Paved Ditch Gutter		U/G TV Cable LOS C (S.U.E.*)	
Proposed Wetland Boundary		Existing Right of Way Line		Storm Sewer Manhole —	©	U/G TV Cable LOS D (S.U.E.*)	
		New Right of Way Line	_	Storm Sewer —		U/G Fiber Optic Cable LOS B (S.U.E.*) ——	
Existing Endangered Animal Boundary		New Biolet of War Line with Bio and Con-	~ ∧			U/G Fiber Optic Cable LOS C (S.U.E.*) ——	
Existing Endangered Plant Boundary		New Right of Way Line with Pin and Cap—		UTILITIES:		U/G Fiber Optic Cable LOS D (S.U.E.*)	Ty F0
Existing Thistoric Troporty Boothdary		New Right of Way Line with Concrete or Granite RW Marker	- A (A)	POWER:		GAS:	
Known Contamination Area: Soil		New Control of Access Line with		Existing Power Pole		Gas Valve	\Diamond
Potential Contamination Area: Soil		Concrete C/A Marker	- 	Proposed Power Pole		Gas Meter	
	- % -w- % ⋅	Existing Control of Access	- - (\$) - -	_ Existing Joint Use Pole —		U/G Gas Line LOS B (S.U.E.*)	
Potential Contamination Area: Water ———		New Control of Access	- 	Proposed Joint Use Pole		U/G Gas Line LOS C (S.U.E.*)	
Contaminated Site: Known or Potential ——	W W		- ——E——	Power Manhole		U/G Gas Line LOS D (S.U.E.*)	
BUILDINGS AND OTHER CULTU	VRE:	New Temporary Construction Easement	- — F—	Power Line Tower —		Above Ground Gas Line	A/G Gos
Gas Pump Vent or U/G Tank Cap ———		New Temporary Drainage Easement —		Danier Transformer	· 🛮		
Sign —		New Permanent Drainage Easement —		_ U∕G Power Cable Hand Hole ──		SANITARY SEWER:	
Well ————	•	New Permanent Drainage / Utility Easement		H-Frame Pole	•	Sanitary Sewer Manhole	
Small Mine		New Permanent Utility Easement		U/G Power Line LOS B (S.U.E.*)		Sanitary Sewer Cleanout —————	•
Foundation —		New Temporary Utility Easement ——		U/G Power Line LOS C (S.U.E.*)		U/G Sanitary Sewer Line —————	
Area Outline	-	New Aerial Utility Easement		U/G Power Line LOS D (S.U.E.*) ————		Above Ground Sanitary Sewer ————	
Cemetery	- T	New Aeriai Olilliy Easemeni	— AUE			SS Forced Main Line LOS B (S.U.E.*) ———	
Building —		ROADS AND RELATED FEATU	DEC.	TELEPHONE:		SS Forced Main Line LOS C (S.U.E.*)——	
School —		Existing Edge of Pavement		Existing Telephone Pole		SS Forced Main Line LOS D (S.U.E.*)——	
Church —	· 📥	Existing Curb		Proposed Telephone Pole	- -0-		
Dam —		Proposed Slope Stakes Cut		relephone Mannole	- ①	MISCELLANEOUS:	
HYDROLOGY:		Proposed Slope Stakes Fill —	F	Telephone Pedestal	- 🖽	Utility Pole —	•
Stream or Body of Water —		Proposed Slope Stakes Fill		Telephone Cell Tower	- ,	Utility Pole with Base —————	
Hydro, Pool or Reservoir —		Proposed Curb Ramp		U/G Telephone Cable Hand Hole	- 🖪	Utility Located Object —————	-
Jurisdictional Stream		Existing more obtained		U/G Telephone Cable LOS B (S.U.E.*)		Utility Traffic Signal Box —	. 5
Buffer Zone 1		Proposed Guardrail		U/G Telephone Cable LOS C (S.U.E.*)		_ Utility Unknown U/G Line LOS B (S.U.E.*)	
Buffer Zone 2		Existing Cable Guiderail		U/G Telephone Cable LOS D (S.U.E.*)		LIC TO LAW TO CO. O'	
Flow Arrow		Proposed Cable Guiderail		u/G Telephone Conduit LOS B (S.U.E.*) ─			UST
Disappearing Stream —		Equality Symbol ————————————————————————————————————	- •	U/G Telephone Conduit LOS C (S.U.E.*)-			- 🗀
Spring —		Pavement Removal	− ‱	U/G Telephone Conduit LOS D (S.U.E.*)—			
Wetland	*	VEGETATION:		U/G Fiber Optics Cable LOS B (S.U.E.*)			
		Single Tree	<u> </u>	U/G Fiber Optics Cable LOS C (S.U.E.*)—			
Proposed Lateral, Tail, Head Ditch —————	- 100	Single Shrub	•	LIG Fiber Optics Cable LOS D (S.U.F.*)—		Ford of help consisting	



NO SCALE

148 RIVER STREET, SUITE 220 GREENVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA 29601 PHONE 864-421-9999 www.synterracorp.com

DRAWN BY: C. NEWELL E PROJECT MANAGER: H. CARTER LAYOUT: FIGURE 3 LEGEND SHEET NCDOT PARCEL 2 KERNERSVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

FIGURE 4

08/17/2021 4:57 PM P:\NCDOT-Geoenv\00.3921.00 Kernersville Ph II\Report\Parcel 2\Dwg\003921-LEGEND-Parcel 2-Fig 3.Dgn

TABLES

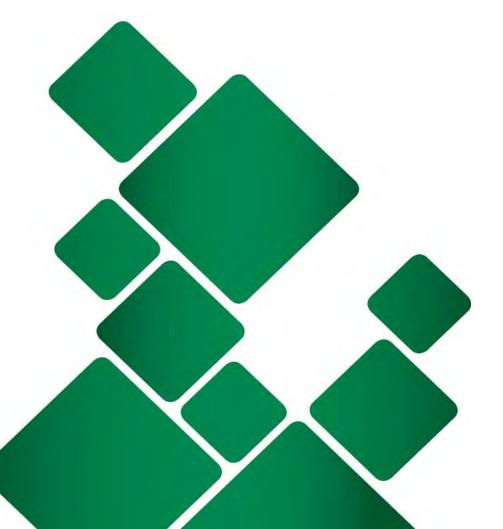




Table 1
Approximate Soil Boring Locations
Phase II Investigation Report Parcel 2
Kernersville, North Carolina

Boring Identification	Northing (feet)	Easting (feet)
P2SB-1	870926.21	1684122.12
P2SB-2	870972.78	1684139.86
P2SB-3	871011.54	1684121.96
P2SB-4	871020.80	1684088.84
P2SB-5	871039.44	1684018.71

Notes: Created by: <u>JHC</u> Checked by: <u>EMJ</u>

Coordinate system NAD83 NC State Plane - Survey Feet GPS data collected using a Trimble Geo 7x handheld data collector. A GPS device error caused a displacement in coordinate output, displacement was corrected based on select boring locations relative to known landmarks.

GPS data are approximate.

Table 2
Summary of Analytical Results
Phase II Investigation Report Parcel 2
Kernersville, North Carolina

	name of the state								
Sample ID	PID Screening	BTEX (C6 - C9)	GRO (C5 - C10)	DRO (C10 - C35)	TPH (C5 - C35)	Total Aromatics (C10-C35)	16 EPA PAHs	Benzo(a)pyrene	HC Fingerprint Match
(feet depth)	(PPM)								
P2 SB-1 (8-10)	0.0	<0.28	<0.28	<0.28	0.27	0.27	<0.09	<0.011	Residual HC
P2 SB-2 (0-2)	9.3	<0.25	<0.25	0.25	0.25	0.16	<0.08	<0.01	,(FCM),(BO),(P)
P2 SB-3 (0-2)	61.7	<0.46	4.9	15.1	20	7.3	0.8	<0.018	Road Tar 77%,(FCM)
P2 SB-3 (8-10)	1412	143.4	742.5	447.3	1189.8	740.2	28.8	0.029	No Match found
P2 SB-4 (8-10)	4.8	<0.53	<0.53	0.53	0.53	0.32	<0.17	<0.021	74.2%,(FCM)
P2 SB-5 (8-10)	1.4	<0.57	<0.57	<0.57	0.36	0.36	<0.18	<0.023	Residual HC,(P)

Notes:

Created by: EMJ Checked by: JHC

Results generated by a QED HC-1 analyser.

Concentration values in mg/kg.

Values are not corrected for moisture or stone content.

Fingerprints provide a tentative hydrocarbon identification.

BO -Background Organics

BTEX - Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylene

PAH - Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons

TPH-GRO - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons-Gasoline Range Organics

TPH-DRO - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons-Diesel Range Organics

NCDEQ Action Level for TPH-GRO - 50 mg/kg

NCDEQ Action Level for TPH-DRO - 100 mg/kg

FCM - Results calculated using Fundamental Calibration Mode.

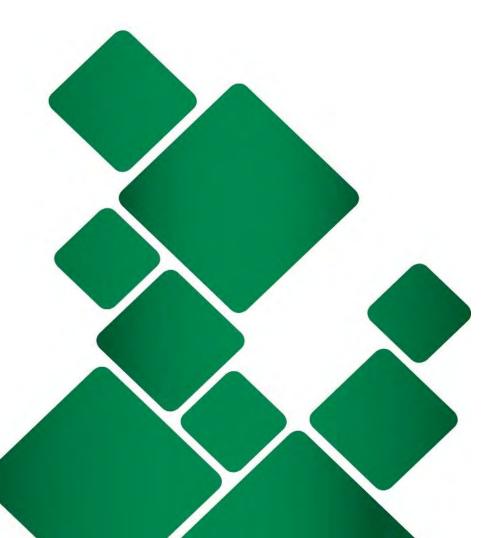
PPM - parts per million

P - Particulate present.

% - Confidence for sample fingerprint match to library.

APPENDIX A

GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY REPORT





Technical Report

Geophysical Evaluation

NCDOT – U-6003

Piney Grove Road Kernersville, North Carolina



Prepared For:

SynTerra Corporation, Inc

Prepared By:

Geo Solutions Limited, Inc.

March 29, 2022

Geo Solutions Ltd.P.O. Box 293

Conway, NC 27820 (252) 578-3233

March 29, 2022

Harrison Carter, PG SynTerra Corporation 511 Keisler Drive, Suite 102 Cary, North Carolina 27518

Re: Geophysical Evaluation – NCDOT U-6003 – Kernersville, NC

File: Report

Dear Mr. Carter:

Geo Solutions Limited, Inc. (Geo Solutions) is pleased to submit this report to SynTerra Corporation, Inc (SynTerra) of a geophysical evaluation in support of an environmental site assessment of a North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) site located at 743 and 744 Piney Grove Road, Kernersville, North Carolina.

Background

SynTerra is completing an environmental site assessment of the NCDOT planned right of way (ROW) for a new roadway construction project know as the Kernersville Loop that will connect Piney Grove Road to NC-150 in Kernersville, NC. Two of the properties within the planned NCDOT ROW (Parcel #002 and Parcel #014) are the sites of either active or former fuel stations. As such, SynTerra contracted Geo Solutions to complete a geophysical evaluation of these properties within the proposed ROW. The objective of the geophysical evaluation was to detect and map any UST or other buried structures on these sites. Figure 1 below and at the rear of this report is a site map with the geophysical evaluation boundaries delineated.



Figure 1. Site map of the area of the geophysical boundary of Parcels #002 and #014 delineated in yellow.

Technical Approach

Geo Solutions completed the evaluation utilizing two geophysical methods to investigate the two adjacent properties along Piney Grove Road in Kernersville, North Carolina. The field work for this project was completed on March 15, 2022.

Multifrequency Electromagnetic (EM) Evaluation

A high resolution electromagnetic (EM) evaluation was completed over the two sites using a Geophex Model GEM-2 multifrequency electromagnetic profiler which collects at a rate of 30 times per second. The EM data was collected on a hand-held data logger that communicated with the GEM-2 unit via Bluetooth. The GEM-2 was connected to a Hemisphere Model A-325 GPS unit which is augmented by the Wide Area Augmentation System (WAAS) and is capable of submeter accuracy. The EM profile spacing was

approximately 3 feet or less. The EM method is useful at evaluating the shallow subsurface for both metallic and non-metallic conductive materials such as steel USTs and variations in soil conductivity which may be related to former land use.

Ground-penetrating Radar (GPR) Evaluation

Geo Solutions completed a ground penetrating radar (GPR) evaluation over the two sites. Here, a GSSI SIR 4000 connected to a 400 MHz antenna mounted on a three-wheel cart was utilized. Parallel profiles spaced 3 feet or less were collected. The GPR records were post processed with GSSI Radan 7 software.

Results

Multifrequency Electromagnetic Evaluation

Geo Solutions completed an EM evaluation of the site with parallel profiles spaced approximately 3 feet apart over both sites (Figure 2). Once adequate survey coverage was achieved, the EM field data were post-processed to produce a comma separated variable (CSV) file that was then transferred to a laptop computer. These data were then processed using software developed by Geophex to calculate the apparent conductivity and in-phase values for each EM frequency collected (1470Hz, 4110 Hz, 9810 Hz, 32,190 Hz, 60000 Hz, and 90030 Hz). Typically, the in-phase data (sometimes referred to as the metal detection mode) is more representative of buried metallic materials whereas the apparent conductivity is more representative of non-metallic conductive buried materials. The apparent conductivity response can also be elevated in the presence of large metal features. By evaluating both the in-phase and apparent conductivity responses, the horizontal extents of conductive and metallic materials can be characterized. All the frequencies were evaluated and the 9,810 Hz data was chosen to create figures for this report as it provided the best contrast to background site conditions. Shown on Figure 3 and Figure 4 are the EM in-phase and apparent conductivity maps respectively with explanations for the anomalous conditions observed in the EM data. Here, anomalous conditions are shown as orange to red and blue hues where the background site conditions are shown as light yellow and green hues. At the location of Parcel #014 the presence of reinforced concrete across the parking lot of the site caused a strong in-phase EM response. These areas of both strong negative and positive responses are typical of EM data collected over reinforced concrete. A known abandoned UST basin is present on site. The dispensers have been abandoned as well. In these areas where the excavation occurred, the area was covered over with non-reinforced concrete. At Parcel #002 a known active UST is present within the geophysical boundary. Here, the EM response was very weak in both the in-phase and apparent conductivity data. This would indicate that the UST is not constructed of steel. The UST is likely composed of fiberglass. A strong EM response was detected at the location of a metal sign and alarm system for the UST. There is another UST at the southwest side of Parcel #002 but it is located outside of the geophysical boundary and planned ROW.

Ground-penetrating Radar (GPR) Evaluation

Figure 5 is a map documenting the results of the GPR evaluation. At Parcel #014 the known abandoned UST basin, fuel line trench, and abandoned dispenser basin was delineated with pink ground-marking paint. A small anomaly was detected near the west side of the building. There were no subsurface structures detected at Parcel #014. At Parcel #002 the known active UST was detected with GPR. This appears to be a single tank with multiple fuel cells. The approximate dimensions of the UST are 14 ft x 35 ft. The footprint of the UST and vent lines were marked with pink ground paint. Appendix A. is photographic log of these site features. Shown on Figure 6 are cross sectional images of the UST basin and dispenser basin at Parcel #014. Figure 7 is a cross sectional image of the known active UST at Parcel #002.

•

Conclusions

• Geo Solutions completed a detailed EM and GPR evaluation over two parcels along

Piney Grove Road in Kernersville, North Carolina where the NCDOT plans to

construct a new roadway.

• A known abandoned UST and dispenser basin along with the former trench for the

product lines were detected at Parcel #014.

A known active UST was detected at Parcel #002. This UST is not constructed of

steel. It is likely constructed of fiberglass.

Limitations

The detection of subsurface objects is dependent upon parameters that include size,

physical composition, and depth of burial. The combination of these parameters may

produce a response that is below the detection threshold for a given geophysical method.

The presence of reinforced concrete limits GPR and EM detections of subsurface structures

below the slabs.

Please don't hesitate to call if you have any questions concerning this report. We appreciate

the opportunity to have worked with you on this project.

Very truly yours,

GEO SOLUTIONS LIMITED, INC.

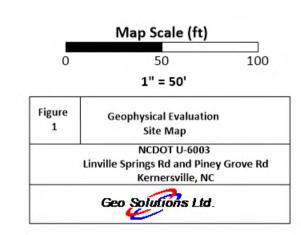
John DeLoatch, PG

Project Manager



Geophysical Boundary









Indicates Location of EM Data Point



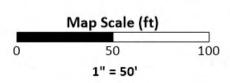


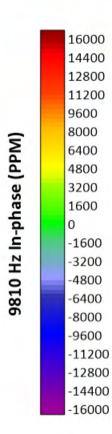
Figure Geophysical Evaluation
2 EM Profile Location Map

NCDOT U-6003
Linville Springs Rd and Piney Grove Rd
Kernersville, NC

Geo Solutions Ltd.







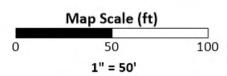
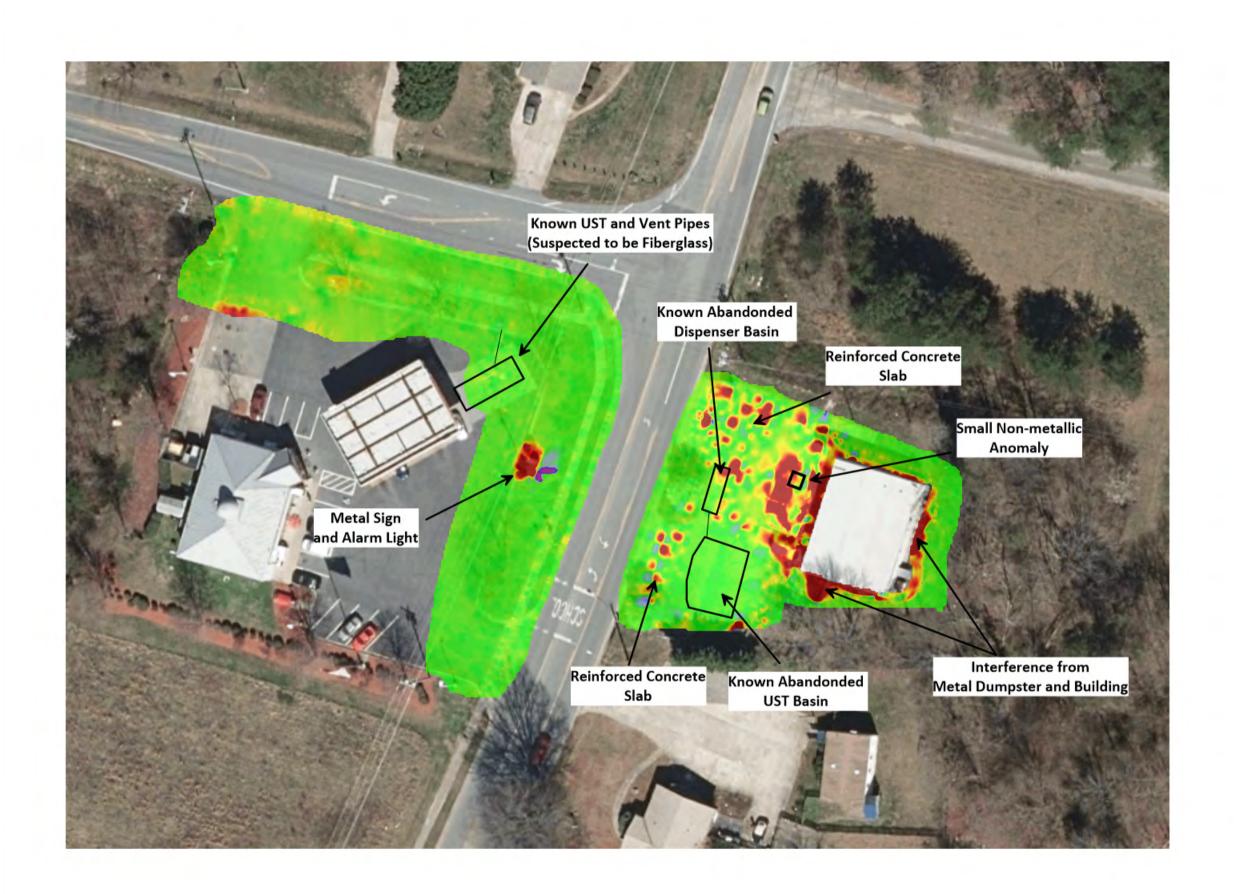
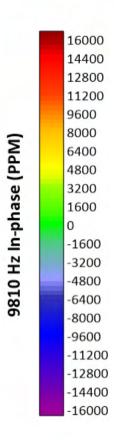


Figure 3	Geophysical Evaluation EM In-phase (Metal Detection) Results Map
	NCDOT U-6003 Linville Springs Rd and Piney Grove Rd Kernersville, NC







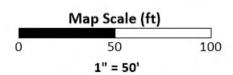
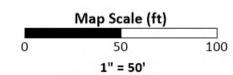


Figure 4

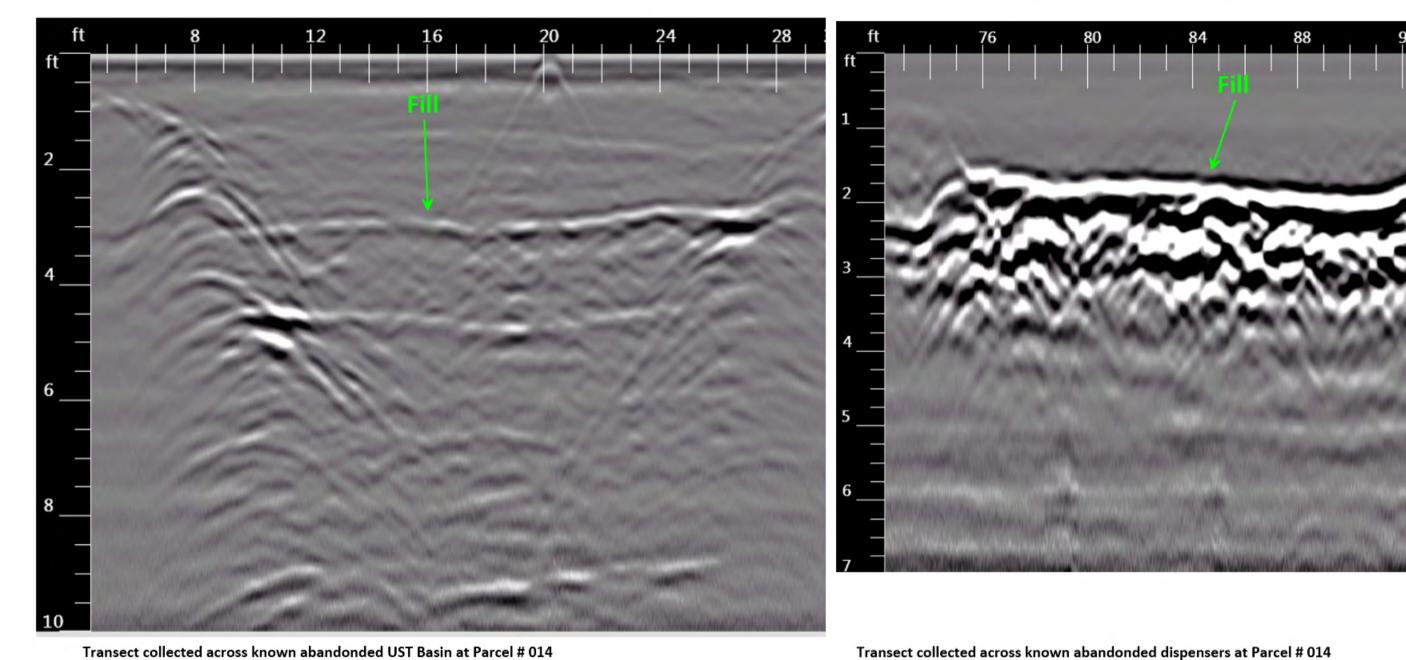






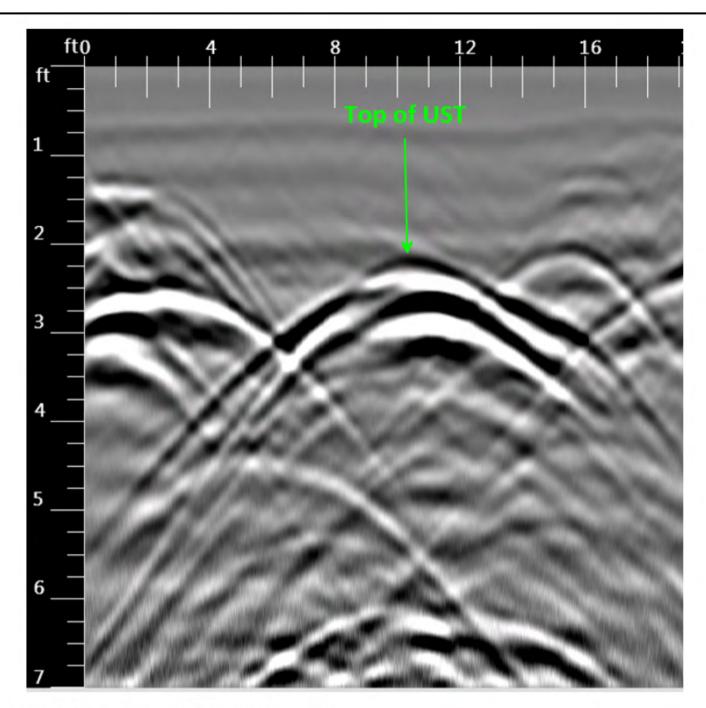


Geophysical Evaluation Ground-penetrating Radar Results Map				
NCDOT U-6003				
Linville Springs Rd and Piney Grove Rd				
Kernersville, NC				
Geo Solutions Ltd.				



Transect collected across known abandonded dispensers at Parcel # 014

Geophysical Evaluation Ground-penetrating Radar Cross Section of Known UST at Parcel # 02 Figure NCDOT U-6003 Linville Springs Rd and Piney Grove Rd Kernersville, NC Geo Solutions Ltd.



Transect collected across known UST at Parcel # 2.
Suspected to be composed of Fiberglass

Figure
7
Geophysical Evaluation
Ground-penetrating Radar
Cross Section of Known UST at Parcel # 02
NCDOT U-6003
Linville Springs Rd and Piney Grove Rd
Kernersville, NC



Appendix A. Draft Photograph Log – NCDOT– Kernersville, NC



Photograph 1. Known active UST at Shell Station property.



Photograph 2. Known abandoned UST Basin at the Quick Mart property.



Photograph 3. Known abandoned UST Basin look toward former fuel dispensers at the Quick Mart property.



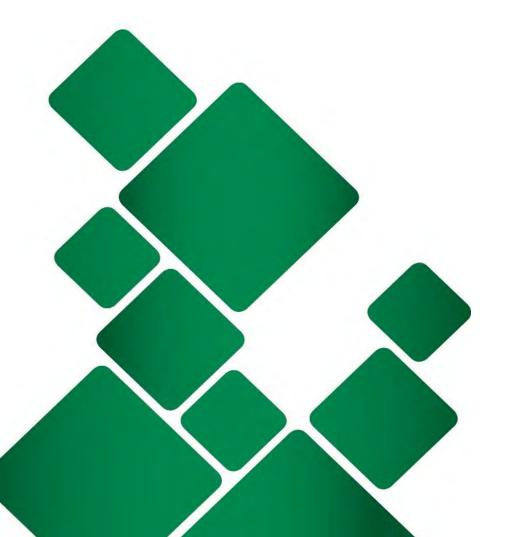
Photograph 4. Small Anomaly at Quick Mart property.



Photograph 5. Vent line at Shell Station property.

APPENDIX B

BORING LOGS





Project: DOT Kerhovsning	Boring Number DZ 53 /
Project Location:	Sheet 1 of
Project Number:	Sheet 101

Start Date	End Date	Logged By	Reviewed By
Drilling Method	21.	Drilling Contractor	Total Depth of Borehole
Sampling Method	1	Groundwater Level(s)	Surface Casing Depth
Size and Type of Well Casing		Screen Interval	Ground Surface Elevation
TOC height		Location	Boring Diameter

SA	MPLES			Control of the Contro
feet Type and Number	Recovery. % PID 4	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Completion Schematic	FIELD NOTES ANI WELL DETAILS
	0.0	Ted silty cley, mocacons moist, No oder		11
1	0.0			
1		Market Sign		
	0.0	1		
	0.0	sandy clayer 5,14, mo:51	e	
	2.0	Sap. texture		Scimpled 8-10
			A constraint	0820
		Control of the Season S		082

	ect Loc ect Nur	nber	-	Total .	Kernersnine Bo		per <u>SB-Z</u>
Depth, feet	Type and Number S	Recovery, %	S PP OIL	USCS Code	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well	FIELD NOTES AND WELL DETAILS
2			9.3		Red Silfy (lay, me	015 F	Sampled 0.2 0840
(-			4.8				
			>.3		Some Suprolitic testure	A A COMPANY	
2		c	0.2	-			
1111111					-		
1					6		

Project: Project Location: Project Number:	130 (4)			to	2883
Depth, feet Type and Number Recovery, %	USCS Code	MATERIAL DESCRIP	TION	Well Completion Schematic	FIELD NOTES AND WELL DETAILS
61.5	Lu	l silty (law, m	Caceaus,		5 amount 0 - 2 - 0855
3.7	2				
60	4.6 Hya	locarborador, w	certhere gosoline		
6 			Throughout	-	
8-1 14		Te/Brown lights	sion to	S	Euro leck
10		(3 month cut	iged silt.		0900
	5			,	
		synlerra		_ i	

	ect Lo		4000	er en eve					et 1 of_	PZSE4	
Start D	ate	-	End D	ate	- APPRILLE	Logged By	a - India - Colonia Territ	Review	ed By		
Drilling						Drilling Contractor	lepth hole				
Sampli Method		-				Groundwater Level(s)		and the same of	Casing D	Depth	
	nd Type Casing					Screen Interval		Ground Elevation	Surface		
OC h						Location		Boring (Diameter		
	SA	MPLE	S	T							
Depth, feet	Type and Number	Recovery, %	PPW GL	USCS Code		MATERIAL DESC			Well Completion Schematic.	FIELD NOTES AND WELL DETAILS	
Standard of			3		Sur	ne ag	P2585	493			
The state of			2	1	No	hydrocarb	or odor				
-	The state of the s			1				4		Ĭ.	
-			1.6	1						74.0	
1	1		-				(22)		4		
-			-	-				357			
-				+						1	
1			1.8	1			*	-			
1					1/2 1						
4			-	-				-			
+	100			+				1			
1		1	2.4	İ							
]	1	1						1		Course	
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1			1	+			4.	-		+ 1	
1			1	t				1	1		
-			1	-					1/41		
1			1			synlera			-		

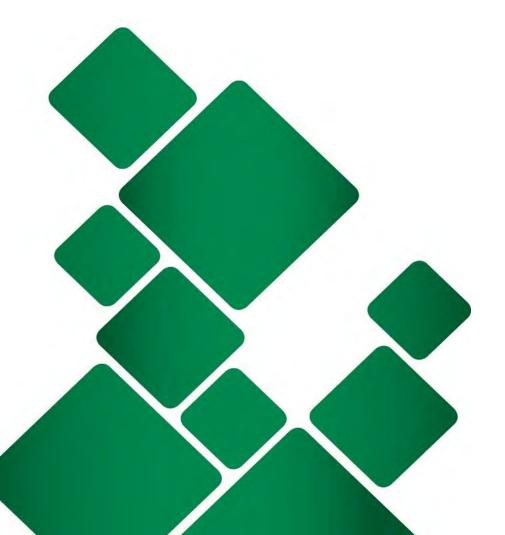
Project:	Boring Number 2555
Project Location:	
Project Number:	Sheet 1 of

Start Date	End Date	Logged By	Reviewed By			
Drilling Method		Drilling Contractor	Total Depth of Borehole			
Sampling Method		Groundwater Level(s)	Surface Casing Depth			
Size and Type of Well Casing	0	Screen Interval	Ground Surface Elevation			
OC height		Location				

	SA	MPLE	-	0			_10.45b.do.2000ayaya
Depth, feet	Type and Number	Recovery, %	DP	USCS Code	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Completion Schematic	FIELD NOTES AND WELL DETAILS
The Land			0.4		No hydrocarbon		
,	44				No hydrocarbon		
17					odor		1
1386			1.1				# F
1-			典				
			1.0				-
-				Th.			
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1			, -				180
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+		_	1	-			.50
1	-		16				*
-							
1		1	1		6		

APPENDIX C

LABORATORY REPORT











Hydrocarbon Analysis Results

Client: SYNTERRA

Samples taken

3/31/22-4/1/22

Address:

Samples extracted

3/31/22-4/1/22

Samples analysed

Wednesday, April 6, 2022

Contact: HARRISON CARTER

Operator

TORI KELLY

Project: DOT KERNERSVILLE

													U04049
Matrix	Sample ID	Dilution used	BTEX (C6 - C9)	GRO (C5 - C10)	DRO (C10 - C35)	TPH (C5 - C35)	Total Aromatics (C10-C35)	16 EPA PAHs	ВаР		Ratios HC Fingerprint Match		HC Fingerprint Match
										% light	% mid	% heavy	
S	P14 SB-1 (8-10)	22.6	<0.57	<0.57	<0.57	<0.57	<0.11	<0.18	<0.023	0	0	0	PHC not detected,(P)
S	P14 SB-2 (8-10)	11.2	<0.28	<0.28	<0.28	<0.28	<0.06	<0.09	<0.011	0	0	0	Residual HC
S	P14 SB-3 (4-6)	21.8	<0.55	<0.55	0.55	0.55	0.46	<0.17	<0.022	0	84.6	15.4	Deg Fuel 82.3%,(FCM)
S	P14 SB-4 (6-8)	20.6	<0.52	0.81	<0.52	0.81	<0.1	<0.17	<0.021	100	0	0	Residual HC
S	P14 SB5 (6-8)	21.8	<0.55	<0.55	<0.55	<0.55	<0.11	<0.17	<0.022	0	0	0	PHC not detected
s	P14 SB-6 (8-10)	25.0	< 0.63	< 0.63	< 0.63	< 0.63	<0.13	<0.2	<0.025	0	0	0	PHC not detected
S	P14 SB-7 (6-8)	21.8	<0.55	<0.55	<0.55	<0.55	<0.11	<0.17	<0.022	97.6	2.4	0	Residual HC
s	P14 SB-8 (6-8)	9.5	<0.24	0.48	0.24	0.72	0.23	<0.08	<0.01	75.7	20.4	3.8	Deg.PHC 56%,(FCM)
s	P2 SB-1 (8-10)	11.2	<0.28	<0.28	<0.28	0.27	0.27	<0.09	<0.011	0	66.2	33.8	Residual HC
S	P2 SB-2 (0-2)	9.9	<0.25	<0.25	0.25	0.25	0.16	<0.08	<0.01	0	39.8	60.2	,(FCM),(BO),(P)
		Initial Calibrator (QC check	OK					Final F0	CM QC	Check	OK	97.5 %

Results generated by a QED HC-1 analyser. Concentration values in mg/kg for soil samples and mg/L for water samples. Soil values are not corrected for moisture or stone content Fingerprints provide a tentative hydrocarbon identification. The abbreviations are:- FCM = Results calculated using Fundamental Calibration Mode : % = confidence for sample fingerprint match to library

(SBS) or (LBS) = Site Specific or Library Background Subtraction applied to result : (PFM) = Poor Fingerprint Match : (T) = Turbid : (P) = Particulate present







Hydrocarbon Analysis Results

Client: SYNTERRA

Address:

Samples taken Samples extracted 3/31/22-4/1/22 3/31/22-4/1/22

Samples analysed

Wednesday, April 6, 2022

Contact: HARRISON CARTER Operator TORI KELLY

Project: DOT KERNERSVILLE

													U04049
Matrix	Sample ID	Dilution used	BTEX (C6 - C9)	GRO (C5 - C10)	DRO (C10 - C35)	TPH (C5 - C35)	Total Aromatics (C10-C35)	16 EPA PAHs	ВаР		Ratios		HC Fingerprint Match
										% light	% mid	% heavy	
S	P2 SB-3 (0-2)	18.4	<0.46	4.9	15.1	20	7.3	8.0	<0.018	44.5	47.2	8.3	Road Tar 77%,(FCM)
S	P2 SB-3 (8-10)	23.0	143.4	742.5	447.3	1189.8	740.2	28.8	0.029	98	1.8	0.2	No Match found
s	P2 SB-4 (8-10)	21.1	<0.53	<0.53	0.53	0.53	0.32	<0.17	<0.021	74.8	18.7	6.5	74.2%,(FCM)
S	P2 SB-5 (8-10)	22.8	<0.57	<0.57	<0.57	0.36	0.36	<0.18	<0.023	0	100	0	Residual HC,(P)

Initial Calibrator QC check OK

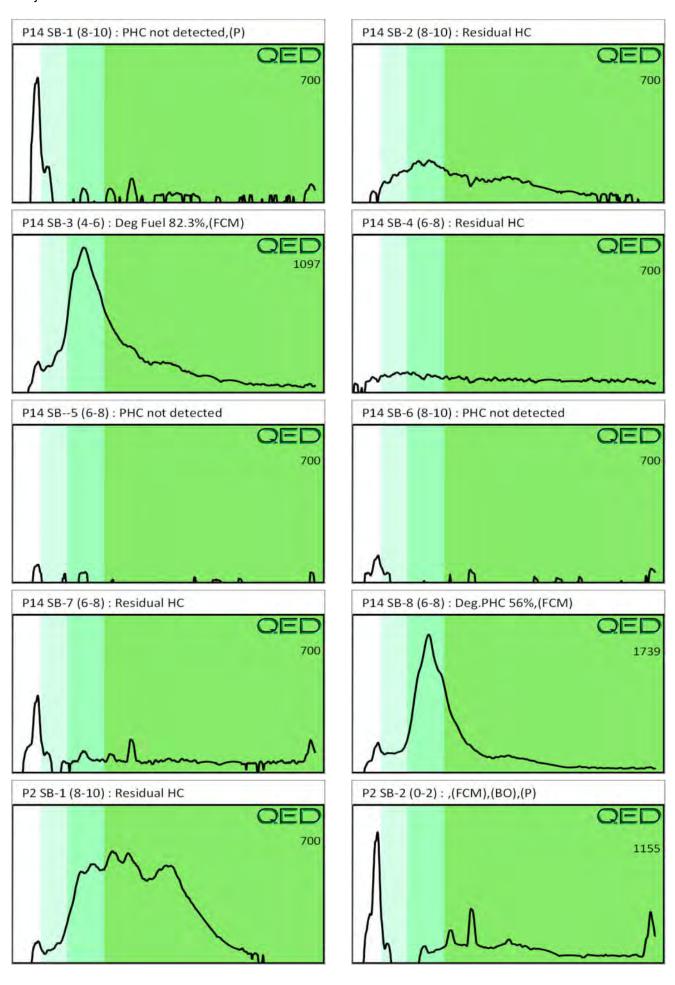
Final FCM QC Check OK

98.8 %

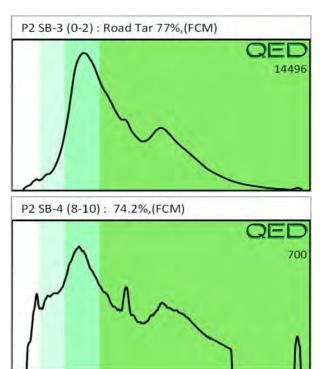
Results generated by a QED HC-1 analyser. Concentration values in mg/kg for soil samples and mg/L for water samples. Soil values are not corrected for moisture or stone content Fingerprints provide a tentative hydrocarbon identification. The abbreviations are:- FCM = Results calculated using Fundamental Calibration Mode: % = confidence for sample fingerprint match to library

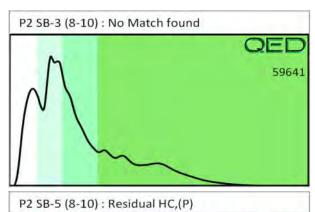
(SBS) or (LBS) = Site Specific or Library Background Subtraction applied to result: (PFM) = Poor Fingerprint Match: (T) = Turbid: (P) = Particulate present

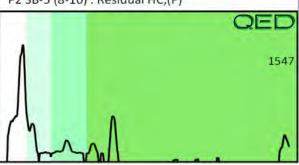
Project: DOT KERNERSVILLE



Project: DOT KERNERSVILLE







Address:					5508 M2	5598 Marvin V Macr Lan	000
				TM TM	MARBIO	MARBIONC Bldg, Suite 2003	e 2003
Contact:	4000 SOW	ander		1	Wilmingt	Wilmington, NC 28409	6
Project Ket.:	-	SOLW Y			Each UVF s	Each UVF sample will be analyzed for	nalyzed for
Email:	100	internacy Pic	100		total BTEX,	total BTEX, GRO, DRO, TPH, PAH total	H, PAH total
Phone #:	704 CK 1-063	HAI KAI	ID ENVIR	HAPID ENVIRONMENTAL DIAGNOSTICS	Analyses ar	Analyses are for BTEX and Chlorinated	Chlorinated
Collected by:	H. Carter	CHAIN OF CU	USTODY	STODY AND ANALYTICAL REQUEST FORM		Solvents: VC, 1,1 DCE, 1,2 cis DCE, 1,2 trans DCE, TCE, and PCE. Specify target analytes in the space provided helow	cis DCE, 1,2 pecify target
Sample Collection	TAT Requested	Analysis Type			1	o id pando a	
Date/Time	24 Hour 48 Hour	UVF GC	Initials	Sample ID	Total Wt.	Tare Wt.	Sample Wt.
3/3/ 1310				(01-8) 1-25/110	515	40.0	5
1320				(01-8) 2-85 HIG	52.6	-	175
1330				(9-17) E - 8.5 hid	51.9	40.0	6.
1.340				P145B-4(6-87	57.5	399	17 61
(350			7	(8-9)5-25HIB	\$1.9	40.0	0
1440				P14513-6(8-10)	50.5	40.1	1.0.1
1506				(8-9) ± - 25 hid	51.9	40.0	6
-1				PIMSB-8(6-8)	5.4.8	40.0	47
4/1 0820		1		7258-1 (8-10)	526	40.1	125
0800				7258-2(0-2)	54.0	39.9	10
0855				PZ58-3(0.2)	8.8	39.9	186
0000			T.	PZ SB- 3(8-10)	513	40.0	112
0630				745B-4(6-10)	52.4	40.1	12.3
× 0950				PZ 53-5(8-10)	51.6	40,7	
						•	
7							
COMMENTS/REQUESTS:	ESTS:			TARGET GC/UVF ANALYTES:	-		
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16/20	2	1550	12	77	3- 2013-2	2	
/ Relinqu	Relinquished by		Accepted by	ed by Date/Time			
			VVV	11/101		2	\



GEOENVIRONMENTAL PHASE II INVESTIGATION

NCDOT PARCEL 014 MALIK AND NYLA ASLAM KERNERSVILLE - KERNERSVILLE LOOP FROM SR 1969 (PINEY GROVE RD) TO NC 150 (N. MAIN ST) 744 PINEY GROVE RD FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA **WBS NUMBER 47138.1.1** TIP NUMBER U-6003 FORSYTH COUNTY PIN # 6887-40-2970.000

5/19/2022

PREPARED FOR

North Carolina Department of Transportation Geotechnical Engineering Unit Geoenvironmental Section Raleigh, North Carolina

Todd Plating, P.G.

Senior Peer Review

J. Harrison Carter, P.G.

NC# 2675 **Project Geologist**

DocuSigned by:

J. Dim Cente A4821DBC2816438...

06/02/2022

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4.0	RESULTS	3
4.1 4.2	Geophysics	
5.0	CONCLUSIONS	3
5.1 5.2	Geophysics	
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Table 2 Summary of Analytical Results

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Appendix A Geophysical Survey Report

Appendix B Boring Logs

Appendix C Laboratory Report

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

SynTerra Corporation (SynTerra) conducted a Phase II investigation of the parcel located at 744 Piney Grove Road (Site) located on the eastern side of Piney Grove Road north of Kernersville in Forsyth County, North Carolina (**Figures 1** and **2**). The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) plans to widen Piney Grove Road and extend Linville Springs Road through the adjacent intersection. SynTerra's work is consistent with the NCDOT's *Request for Technical and Cost Proposal* dated January 31, 2022, and our *Revised Technical and Cost Proposal* dated February 15, 2022. The objective of this work was to assist the NCDOT – Geotechnical Engineering Unit with identifying potential environmental concerns regarding effects on soil from underground storage tanks (USTs) within the rights-of-way and/or easements of the above-referenced site. This investigation included a geophysical survey to identify subsurface metallic features such as UST systems, and the advancement of eight soil borings to test for the presence of constituents in the accessible areas of the site.

2.0 HISTORY

Based on historical documents obtained from the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality (NCDEQ), the Site previously contained two 10,000-gallon USTs that were removed from the site in 2004. A Limited Site Assessment report (LSA) prepared by SEI Environmental dated October 22, 2004, indicates total petroleum hydrocarbon (TPH) concentrations in soil at concentrations greater than action levels at multiple locations near the former USTs and associated equipment. This LSA also identified petroleum constituents in groundwater. The continued presence of those petroleum constituents in groundwater was identified in subsequent investigations or monitoring events.

3.0 METHODS

SynTerra called NC811 on March 24, 2022 and requested utilities be marked in the areas of investigation. NC811 notified Centurylink, Winston Salem Sewer and Water, Duke Energy, North State Communications, Piedmont Natural Gas, and Charter Communications. The clearance was valid through April 14, 2022. SynTerra also contracted with Probe Utility, a private utility locator, to identify subsurface utilities at the site.

3.1 Geophysics

Geo Solutions Limited, Inc. (Geo Solutions), under contract to SynTerra, performed a geophysical survey of the site on March 15, 2022. Geo Solutions used a Geophex Model GEM-2 electromagnetic profiler connected to a GPS unit to create an electromagnetic profile of the site. Geo Solutions followed this with a ground penetrating radar (GPR) evaluation using a GSSI SIR 4000 with a 400 megahertz (MHz) antenna. The Geo Solutions report is included in **Appendix A**.

5/19/2022 Page 1

Kernersville, North Carolina

3.2 Soil Borings

Regional Probing Services (Regional Probing), under contract to SynTerra, used a Geoprobe 5410 equipped with direct-push technology to advance eight soil borings (P14SB-1 through P14SB-8) on March 31, 2022. The locations of those borings are shown on **Figure 2**. The driller advanced P14SB-2 in the location of the former USTs, SB-4 in the location of the former pump island, P14SB-5 at the location of a subsurface anomaly in the parking lot near the building, and the remainder of the soil borings were distributed throughout the accessible areas of the site.

Regional Probing advanced the borings to a depth of 10 feet, as requested by NCDOT. The water table was not encountered while performing the soil borings. SynTerra used a Trimble Geo $7x^{\circ}$ handheld data collector to determine the locations of each boring. A GPS unit error caused a displacement in the recorded coordinates; however, locations were correct relative to each other, and coordinates were corrected based on locations of select borings relative to landmarks. Approximate Northings, Eastings, and elevations above sea level for the borings are shown in **Table 1**.

The driller collected soil samples in clear acetate sleeves. Boring logs are provided in **Appendix B**. SynTerra collected samples of material at 2-foot intervals and placed the samples in zip-top plastic bags. After allowing the bags to sit untouched for approximately 15 minutes, a photoionization detector (PID) was used to screen the headspace in each bag for volatile organic compounds (VOCs).

Synterra collected one soil sample for analysis from each boring from the interval with the greatest concentration of VOCs based on the PID screening. The deepest interval was selected if PID screening results were consistent throughout the recovered core.

SynTerra placed samples in laboratory-supplied bottle ware, placed the samples on ice in a cooler, and shipped them under chain-of-custody to RED Lab, LLC (RED Lab) in Wilmington North Carolina. RED Lab analyzed the samples for benzene-toluene-ethylbenzene-xylene (BTEX), gasoline range organics (TPH-GRO), diesel range organics (TPH-DRO), total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH), total aromatics, and benzo[a]pyrene (BaP).

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4.0 RESULTS

4.1 Geophysics

The Geo Solutions *Geophysical Survey* report, dated March 29, 2022, is in **Appendix A**. Geo Solutions identified pits of fill material where the former USTs, pump island, and piping were located. One small anomaly was identified near the west side of the building, beneath the parking lot.

4.2 Soil Borings

Table 2 summarizes the laboratory results and PID screening values for soil samples. Boring logs are in **Appendix B**. The soil samples were not stained and did not exhibit hydrocarbon odor, except for P14SB-3; however, this boring did not exhibit elevated PID screening values.

RED Lab detected several analytes, but at relatively low concentrations that were not greater than NCDEQ action levels where applicable. In samples where hydrocarbons were detected, RED Lab identified the fingerprints predominantly as residual hydrocarbons, degraded petroleum hydrocarbons, or degraded fuel.

5.0 CONCLUSIONS

5.1 Geophysics

Geo Solutions did not identify existing USTs at this parcel. Based on record review and results from the geophysical survey, USTs, pump islands, and associated piping have been removed from this parcel.

5.2 Soil

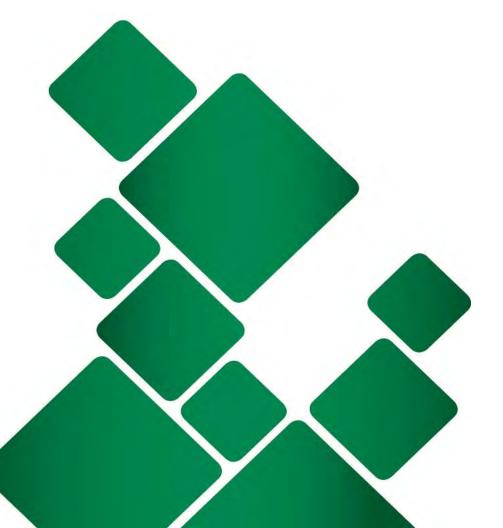
Phase II assessment activities indicate soil located in the area of investigation are less than previous investigations conducted in 2004. While petroleum related constituents were detected in three borings, no analytical results were greater than action levels. RED Lab's hydrocarbon fingerprints were, indicative of petroleum that has had a substantial amount of time to degrade.

6.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

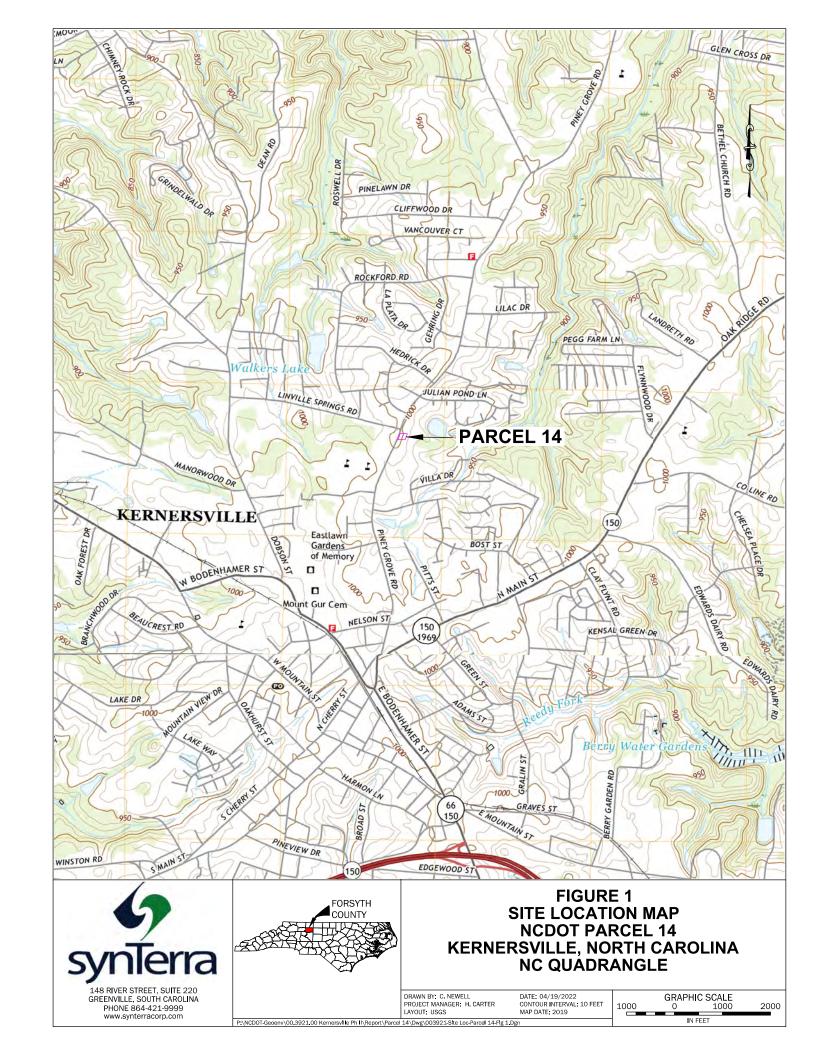
SynTerra does not have technical evidence to support the need for further soil assessment at the site.

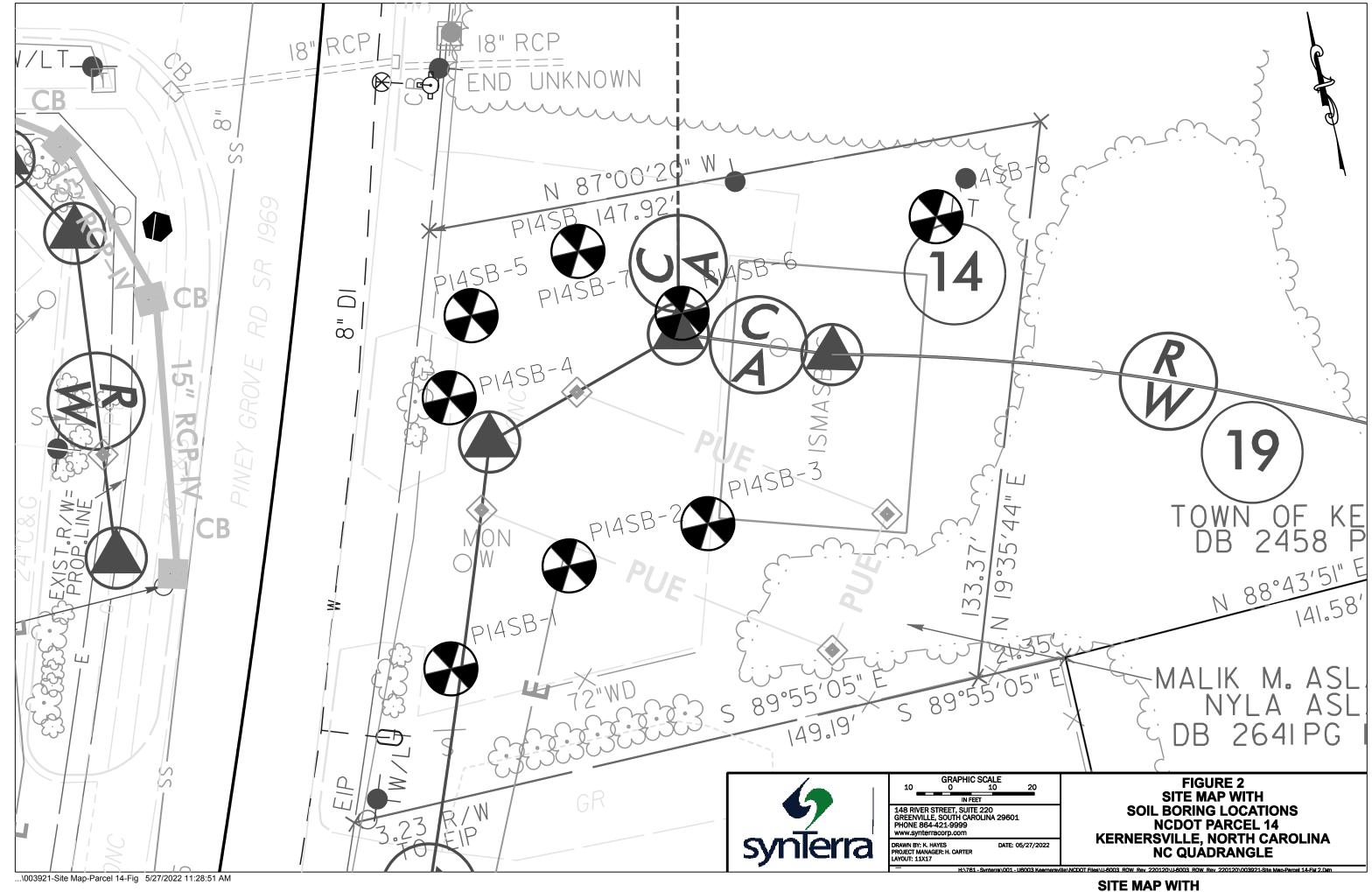
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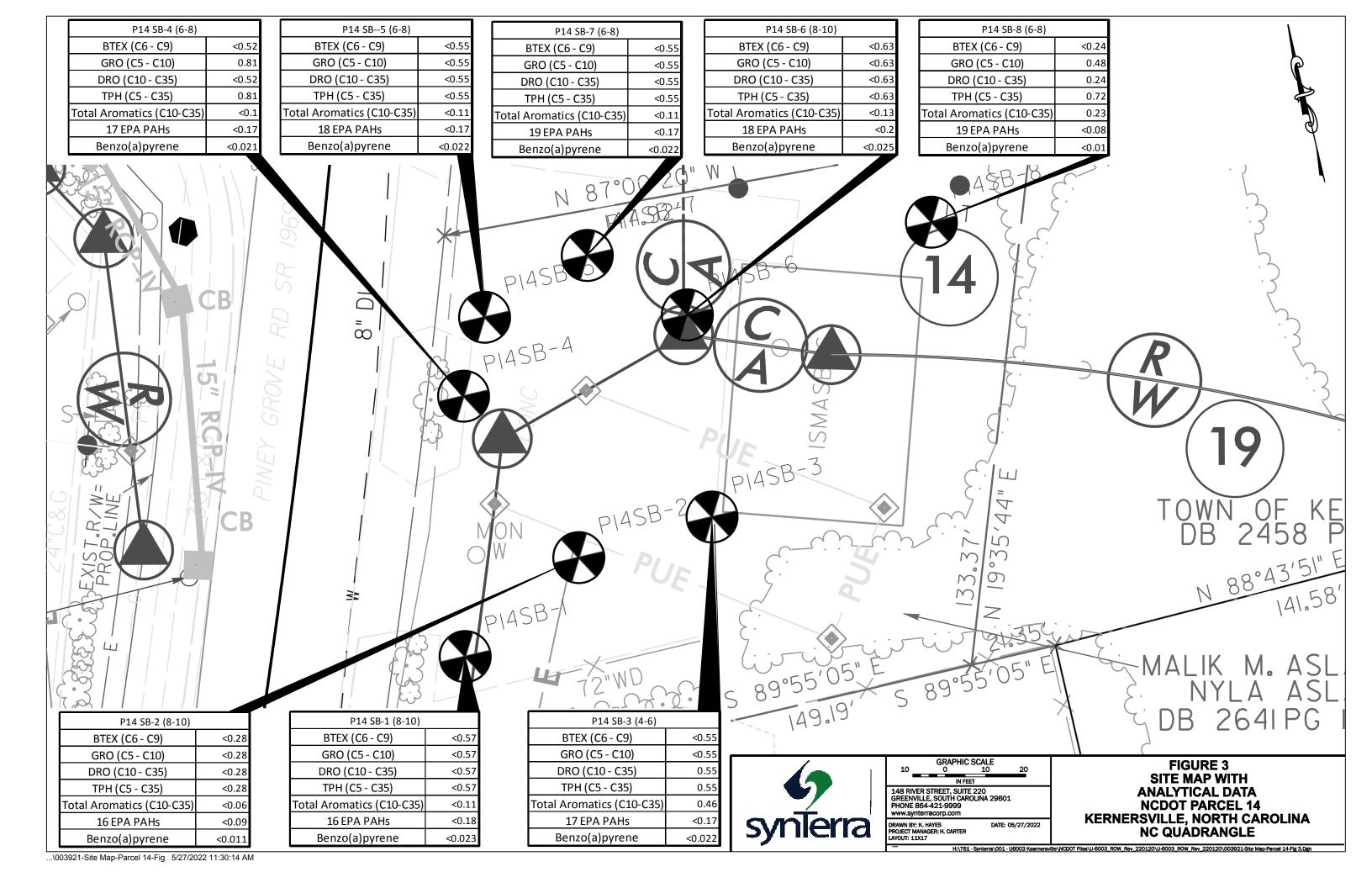
FIGURES











STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS CONVENTIONAL PLAN SHEET SYMBOLS

BOUNDARIES AND PROPERTY:		Note: Not to S		.U.E. = Subsurface Utility Engineering	LO	WATER:	
State Line ————————————————————————————————————		KAILKOADS:				Water Manhole —	⊗
County Line			CSX TRANSPORTATION	Woods Line		Water Meter —	0
Township Line		RR Signal Milepost ————————————————————————————————————	WILEPOST 35			Water Valve	8
City Line ————————————————————————————————————		Switch —		Orchard —		Water Hydrant —	
Reservation Line		RR Abandoned —		Vineyard ————————————————————————————————————	Vineyard	U/G Water Line LOS B (S.U.E*)	
Property Line —		RR Dismantled —————		EXISTING STRUCTURES:		U/G Water Line LOS C (S.U.E*)	
	္			MAJOR:		U/G Water Line LOS D (S.U.E*)	
Computed Property Corner —	×	RIGHT OF WAY & PROJECT C	ONTROL:	Bridge, Tunnel or Box Culvert ————	CONC	Above Ground Water Line	
		Secondary Horiz and Vert Control Point	•	Bridge Wing Wall, Head Wall and End Wall-) CONC ## (
	<u> </u>	Primary Horiz Control Point	0	MINOR:		TV: TV Pedestal ————————————————————————————————————	
Existing Fence Line ————————————————————————————————————		Primary Horiz and Vert Control Point —	•	Head and End Wall		TV Tower	⊗
Proposed Woven Wire Fence	•	Exist Permanent Easment Pin and Cap ———	. ♦	Pipe Culvert —			_
Proposed Chain Link Fence		New Permanent Easement Pin and Cap ——	•	Footbridge —		U/G TV Cable Hand Hole ————————————————————————————————————	_
Proposed Barbed Wire Fence		Vertical Benchmark		Drainage Box: Catch Basin, DI or JB		U/G TV Cable LOS C (S.U.E.*)	
Existing Wetland Boundary		Existing Right of Way Marker	. \triangle	Paved Ditch Gutter		U/G TV Cable LOS D (S.U.E.*)	
Proposed Wetland Boundary —————		Existing Right of Way Line		Storm Sewer Manhole —	©		
Existing Endangered Animal Boundary ————————————————————————————————————		New Right of Way Line	· 	Storm Sewer —	s	U/G Fiber Optic Cable LOS B (S.U.E.*)	
Existing Endangered Plant Boundary		New Right of Way Line with Pin and Cap-		UTILITIES:		U/G Fiber Optic Cable LOS C (S.U.E.*)	
Existing Historic Property Boundary			~			U/G Fiber Optic Cable LOS D (S.U.E.*)	
Known Contamination Area: Soil ————————————————————————————————————		New Right of Way Line with Concrete or Granite RW Marker	- - ② - ③	POWER: Existing Power Pole	1	GAS:	
Potential Contamination Area: Soil		New Control of Access Line with		Proposed Power Pole		Gas Valve	
Known Contamination Area: Water		Concrete C/A Marker				Gas Meter —	
Potential Contamination Area: Water ————————————————————————————————————		Existing Control of Access	- - (<u>{</u>}) - -	_ Existing Joint Use Pole	<u> </u>	U/G Gas Line LOS B (S.U.E.*)	
		New Control of Access ——————————————————————————————————	- 	Proposed Joint Use Pole		U/G Gas Line LOS C (S.U.E.*)	
Contaminated Site: Known or Potential — S		Existing Easement Line	- ——E——	Power Manhole		U/G Gas Line LOS D (S.U.E.*)	. ——-
BUILDINGS AND OTHER CULTURE:		New Temporary Construction Easement	- ——E——	Power Line Tower	. 🛛	Above Ground Gas Line —	A/G Gos
Gas Pump Vent or U/G Tank Cap ———	0	New Temporary Drainage Easement —	TDE	Power Transformer —		SANITARY SEWER:	
Sign	ç	New Permanent Drainage Easement —	- PDE	U/G Power Cable Hand Hole	•	Sanitary Sewer Manhole	
Well —	¥	New Permanent Drainage / Utility Easement	DUE	H-Frame Pole	•	Sanitary Sewer Cleanout	
Small Mine	*	New Permanent Utility Easement	PUE	U/G Power Line LOS B (S.U.E.*)		U/G Sanitary Sewer Line —	
Foundation		New Temporary Utility Easement	TUE	U/G Power Line LOS C (S.U.E.*)		Above Ground Sanitary Sewer —	
Area Outline		New Aerial Utility Easement ————	AUE	U/G Power Line LOS D (S.U.E.*)		SS Forced Main Line LOS B (S.U.E.*)	
Cemetery				TELEPHONE:		SS Forced Main Line LOS C (S.U.E.*) ———	
Building —		ROADS AND RELATED FEATU		Existing Telephone Pole			
School		Existing Edge of Pavement				SS Forced Main Line LOS D (S.U.E.*)	
Church —	₾	Existing Curb		Talankana Mankala		MISCELLANEOUS:	
Dam ————————————————————————————————————		Proposed Slope Stakes Cut —	<u>c</u>			Utility Pole	-
HYDROLOGY:		Proposed Slope Stakes Fill —	<u>F</u>	_	- ш - I	Utility Pole with Base —	
Stream or Body of Water ————————————————————————————————————		Proposed Curb Ramp	— CR	Telephone Cell Tower	- -	Utility Located Object —	_
Hydro, Pool or Reservoir —		Existing Metal Guardrail	_ 	U/G Telephone Cable Hand Hole			
Jurisdictional Stream		Proposed Guardrail —		U/G Telephone Cable LOS B (S.U.E.*)			
Buffer Zone 1 ———————————————————————————————————		Existing Cable Guiderail		U/G Telephone Cable LOS C (S.U.E.*) —			
Buffer Zone 2 ———————————————————————————————————		Proposed Cable Guiderail		U/G Telephone Cable LOS D (S.U.E.*) —			
Flow Arrow—		Equality Symbol	- •	U/G Telephone Conduit LOS B (S.U.E.*)		A.C. TI W-I C C'I	
Disappearing Stream ————————————————————————————————————		Pavement Removal	- ∞ ∞∞	U/G Telephone Conduit LOS C (S.U.E.*)—			
Spring		VEGETATION:		U/G Telephone Conduit LOS D (S.U.E.*)—		LIC Total Hole LOC A (CLIEX)	•
Wetland	*	Single Tree	— ⊹	U/G Fiber Optics Cable LOS B (S.U.E.*) —		Alamada and Assaultana de Little Danas de	•
Proposed Lateral, Tail, Head Ditch — >	→	Single Shrub	_	U/G Fiber Optics Cable LOS C (S.U.E.*)—		Ford of the Connection	,
False Sump ————	\Diamond		-	U/G Fiber Optics Cable LOS D (S.U.E.*)—	T FO	Life of information —	— E.O.I.



NO SCALE

148 RIVER STREET, SUITE 220 GREENVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA 29601 PHONE 864-421-9999 www.synterracorp.com

DRAWN BY: C. NEWELL DA'
PROJECT MANAGER: H. CARTER
LAYOUT: FIGURE 3

FIGURE 4 LEGEND SHEET NCDOT PARCEL 2 KERNERSVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

08/17/2021 4:57 PM P:\NCDOT-Geoenv\00,3921,00 Kernersville Ph ||\Report\Parcel 14\Dwg\003921-LEGEND-Parcel 14-Fig 3.Dgn

TABLES

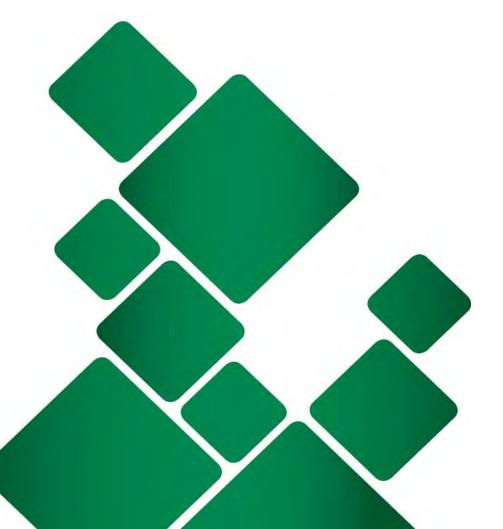




Table 1
Approximate Soil Boring Locations
Phase II Investigation Report Parcel 14
Kernersville, North Carolina

Boring Identification	Northing (feet)	Easting (feet)
P14SB-1	870862.32	1684204.23
P14SB-2	870879.78	1684237.24
P14SB-3	870882.04	1684271.69
P14SB-4	870925.24	1684218.56
P14SB-5	870943.10	1684228.09
P14SB-6	870932.02	1684277.15
P14SB-7	870952.20	1684256.35
P14SB-8	870940.78	1684341.29

Notes: Created by: <u>JHC</u> Checked by: <u>EMJ</u>

Coordinate system NAD83 NC State Plane - Survey Feet GPS data collected using a Trimble Geo 7x handheld data collector. A GPS device error caused a displacement in coordinate output, displacement was corrected based on select boring locations relative to known landmarks.

GPS data are approximate.

Table 2
Summary of Analytical Results
Phase II Investigation Report Parcel 14
Kernersville, North Carolina

Sample ID	PID Screening	BTEX (C6 - C9)	GRO (C5 - C10)	DRO (C10 - C35)	TPH (C5 - C35)	Total Aromatics (C10-C35)	16 EPA PAHs	Benzo(a)pyrene	HC Fingerprint Match
	(PPM)								
P14 SB-1 (8-10)	0.0	<0.57	<0.57	<0.57	<0.57	<0.11	<0.18	<0.023	PHC not detected,(P)
P14 SB-2 (8-10)	0.0	<0.28	<0.28	<0.28	<0.28	<0.06	<0.09	<0.011	Residual HC
P14 SB-3 (4-6)	0.1	<0.55	<0.55	0.55	0.55	0.46	<0.17	<0.022	Deg Fuel 82.3%,(FCM)
P14 SB-4 (6-8)	0.8	<0.52	0.81	<0.52	0.81	<0.1	<0.17	<0.021	Residual HC
P14 SB5 (6-8)	1.8	<0.55	<0.55	<0.55	<0.55	<0.11	<0.17	<0.022	PHC not detected
P14 SB-6 (8-10)	0.5	<0.63	<0.63	< 0.63	<0.63	<0.13	<0.2	<0.025	PHC not detected
P14 SB-7 (6-8)	1.2	<0.55	<0.55	<0.55	<0.55	<0.11	<0.17	<0.022	Residual HC
P14 SB-8 (6-8)	3.5	<0.24	0.48	0.24	0.72	0.23	<0.08	<0.01	Deg.PHC 56%,(FCM)

Notes:

Results generated by a QED HC-1 analyser.

Concentration values in mg/kg.

Values are not corrected for moisture or stone content.

Fingerprints provide a tentative hydrocarbon identification.

BTEX - Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylene

PAH - Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons

TPH-GRO - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons-Gasoline Range Organics

TPH-DRO - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons-Diesel Range Organics

NCDEQ Action Level for TPH-GRO - 50 mg/kg

NCDEQ Action Level for TPH-DRO - 100 mg/kg

FCM - Results calculated using Fundamental Calibration Mode.

PPM - parts per million

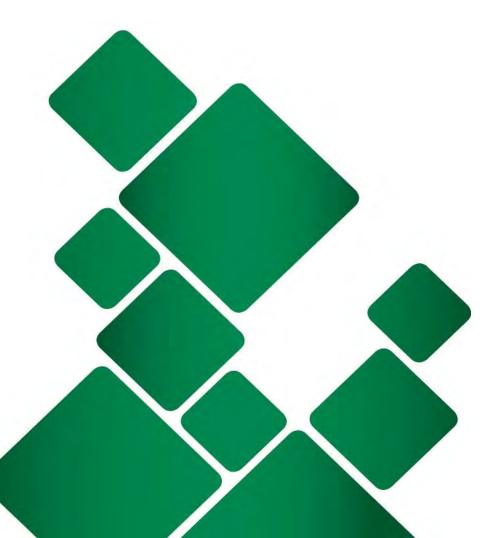
P - Particulate present.

% - Confidence for sample fingerprint match to library.

Created by: EMJ Checked by: JHC

APPENDIX A

GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY REPORT





Technical Report

Geophysical Evaluation

NCDOT – U-6003

Piney Grove Road Kernersville, North Carolina



Prepared For:

SynTerra Corporation, Inc

Prepared By:

Geo Solutions Limited, Inc.

March 29, 2022

Geo Solutions Ltd.P.O. Box 293

Conway, NC 27820 (252) 578-3233

March 29, 2022

Harrison Carter, PG SynTerra Corporation 511 Keisler Drive, Suite 102 Cary, North Carolina 27518

Re: Geophysical Evaluation – NCDOT U-6003 – Kernersville, NC

File: Report

Dear Mr. Carter:

Geo Solutions Limited, Inc. (Geo Solutions) is pleased to submit this report to SynTerra Corporation, Inc (SynTerra) of a geophysical evaluation in support of an environmental site assessment of a North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) site located at 743 and 744 Piney Grove Road, Kernersville, North Carolina.

Background

SynTerra is completing an environmental site assessment of the NCDOT planned right of way (ROW) for a new roadway construction project know as the Kernersville Loop that will connect Piney Grove Road to NC-150 in Kernersville, NC. Two of the properties within the planned NCDOT ROW (Parcel #002 and Parcel #014) are the sites of either active or former fuel stations. As such, SynTerra contracted Geo Solutions to complete a geophysical evaluation of these properties within the proposed ROW. The objective of the geophysical evaluation was to detect and map any UST or other buried structures on these sites. Figure 1 below and at the rear of this report is a site map with the geophysical evaluation boundaries delineated.



Figure 1. Site map of the area of the geophysical boundary of Parcels #002 and #014 delineated in yellow.

Technical Approach

Geo Solutions completed the evaluation utilizing two geophysical methods to investigate the two adjacent properties along Piney Grove Road in Kernersville, North Carolina. The field work for this project was completed on March 15, 2022.

Multifrequency Electromagnetic (EM) Evaluation

A high resolution electromagnetic (EM) evaluation was completed over the two sites using a Geophex Model GEM-2 multifrequency electromagnetic profiler which collects at a rate of 30 times per second. The EM data was collected on a hand-held data logger that communicated with the GEM-2 unit via Bluetooth. The GEM-2 was connected to a Hemisphere Model A-325 GPS unit which is augmented by the Wide Area Augmentation System (WAAS) and is capable of submeter accuracy. The EM profile spacing was

approximately 3 feet or less. The EM method is useful at evaluating the shallow subsurface for both metallic and non-metallic conductive materials such as steel USTs and variations in soil conductivity which may be related to former land use.

Ground-penetrating Radar (GPR) Evaluation

Geo Solutions completed a ground penetrating radar (GPR) evaluation over the two sites. Here, a GSSI SIR 4000 connected to a 400 MHz antenna mounted on a three-wheel cart was utilized. Parallel profiles spaced 3 feet or less were collected. The GPR records were post processed with GSSI Radan 7 software.

Results

Multifrequency Electromagnetic Evaluation

Geo Solutions completed an EM evaluation of the site with parallel profiles spaced approximately 3 feet apart over both sites (Figure 2). Once adequate survey coverage was achieved, the EM field data were post-processed to produce a comma separated variable (CSV) file that was then transferred to a laptop computer. These data were then processed using software developed by Geophex to calculate the apparent conductivity and in-phase values for each EM frequency collected (1470Hz, 4110 Hz, 9810 Hz, 32,190 Hz, 60000 Hz, and 90030 Hz). Typically, the in-phase data (sometimes referred to as the metal detection mode) is more representative of buried metallic materials whereas the apparent conductivity is more representative of non-metallic conductive buried materials. The apparent conductivity response can also be elevated in the presence of large metal features. By evaluating both the in-phase and apparent conductivity responses, the horizontal extents of conductive and metallic materials can be characterized. All the frequencies were evaluated and the 9,810 Hz data was chosen to create figures for this report as it provided the best contrast to background site conditions. Shown on Figure 3 and Figure 4 are the EM in-phase and apparent conductivity maps respectively with explanations for the anomalous conditions observed in the EM data. Here, anomalous conditions are shown as orange to red and blue hues where the background site conditions are shown as light yellow and green hues. At the location of Parcel #014 the presence of reinforced concrete across the parking lot of the site caused a strong in-phase EM response. These areas of both strong negative and positive responses are typical of EM data collected over reinforced concrete. A known abandoned UST basin is present on site. The dispensers have been abandoned as well. In these areas where the excavation occurred, the area was covered over with non-reinforced concrete. At Parcel #002 a known active UST is present within the geophysical boundary. Here, the EM response was very weak in both the in-phase and apparent conductivity data. This would indicate that the UST is not constructed of steel. The UST is likely composed of fiberglass. A strong EM response was detected at the location of a metal sign and alarm system for the UST. There is another UST at the southwest side of Parcel #002 but it is located outside of the geophysical boundary and planned ROW.

Ground-penetrating Radar (GPR) Evaluation

Figure 5 is a map documenting the results of the GPR evaluation. At Parcel #014 the known abandoned UST basin, fuel line trench, and abandoned dispenser basin was delineated with pink ground-marking paint. A small anomaly was detected near the west side of the building. There were no subsurface structures detected at Parcel #014. At Parcel #002 the known active UST was detected with GPR. This appears to be a single tank with multiple fuel cells. The approximate dimensions of the UST are 14 ft x 35 ft. The footprint of the UST and vent lines were marked with pink ground paint. Appendix A. is photographic log of these site features. Shown on Figure 6 are cross sectional images of the UST basin and dispenser basin at Parcel #014. Figure 7 is a cross sectional image of the known active UST at Parcel #002.

•

Conclusions

• Geo Solutions completed a detailed EM and GPR evaluation over two parcels along

Piney Grove Road in Kernersville, North Carolina where the NCDOT plans to

construct a new roadway.

• A known abandoned UST and dispenser basin along with the former trench for the

product lines were detected at Parcel #014.

A known active UST was detected at Parcel #002. This UST is not constructed of

steel. It is likely constructed of fiberglass.

Limitations

The detection of subsurface objects is dependent upon parameters that include size,

physical composition, and depth of burial. The combination of these parameters may

produce a response that is below the detection threshold for a given geophysical method.

The presence of reinforced concrete limits GPR and EM detections of subsurface structures

below the slabs.

Please don't hesitate to call if you have any questions concerning this report. We appreciate

the opportunity to have worked with you on this project.

Very truly yours,

GEO SOLUTIONS LIMITED, INC.

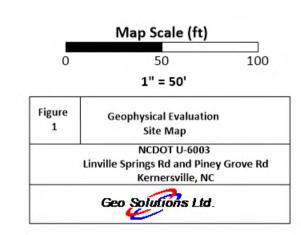
John DeLoatch, PG

Project Manager



Geophysical Boundary









Indicates Location of EM Data Point



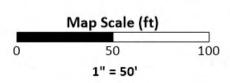


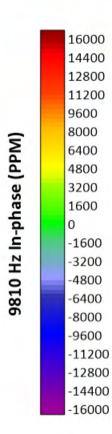
Figure Geophysical Evaluation
2 EM Profile Location Map

NCDOT U-6003
Linville Springs Rd and Piney Grove Rd
Kernersville, NC

Geo Solutions Ltd.







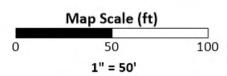
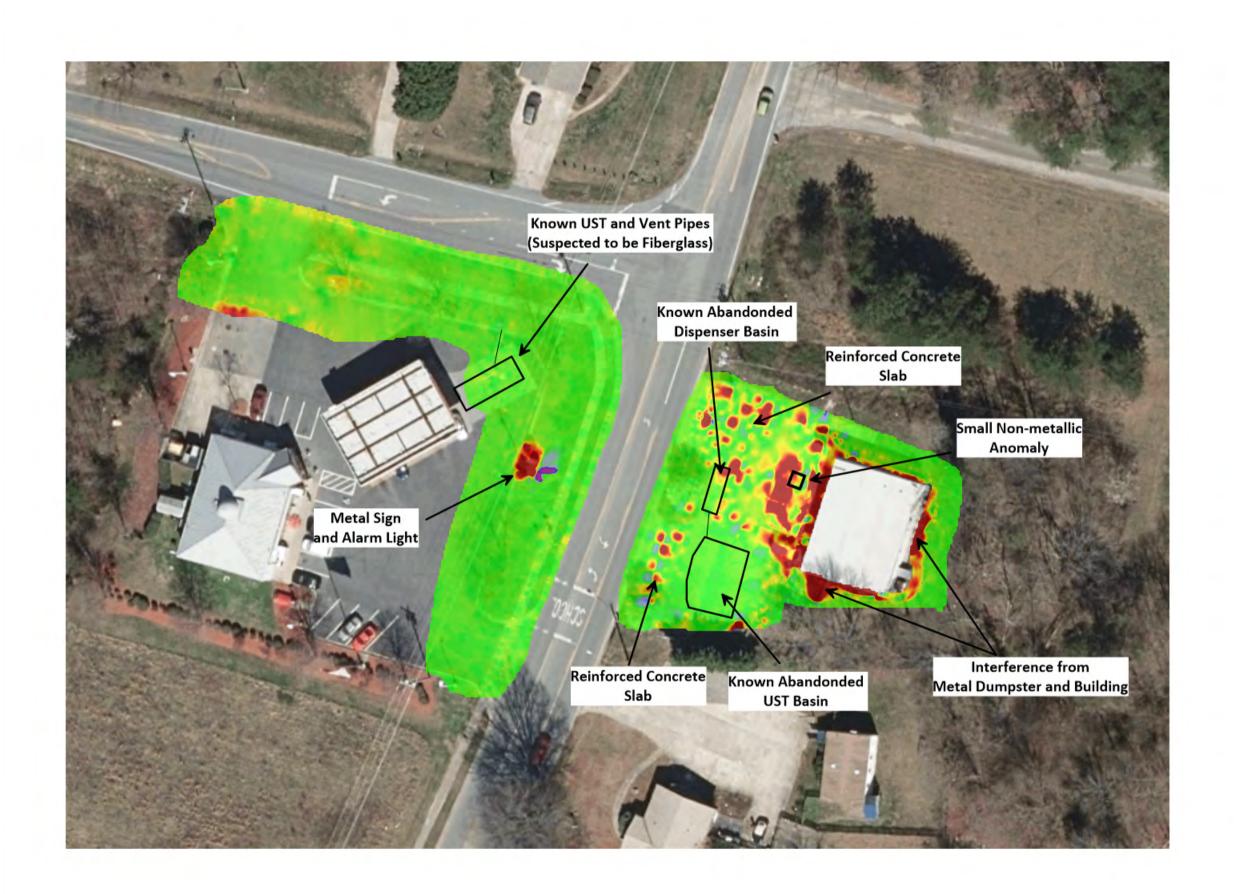
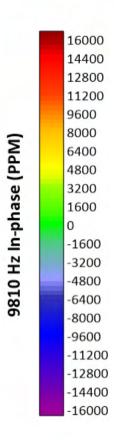


Figure 3	Geophysical Evaluation EM In-phase (Metal Detection) Results Map
	NCDOT U-6003 Linville Springs Rd and Piney Grove Rd Kernersville, NC







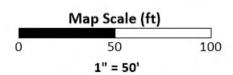
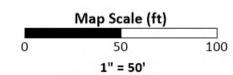


Figure 4

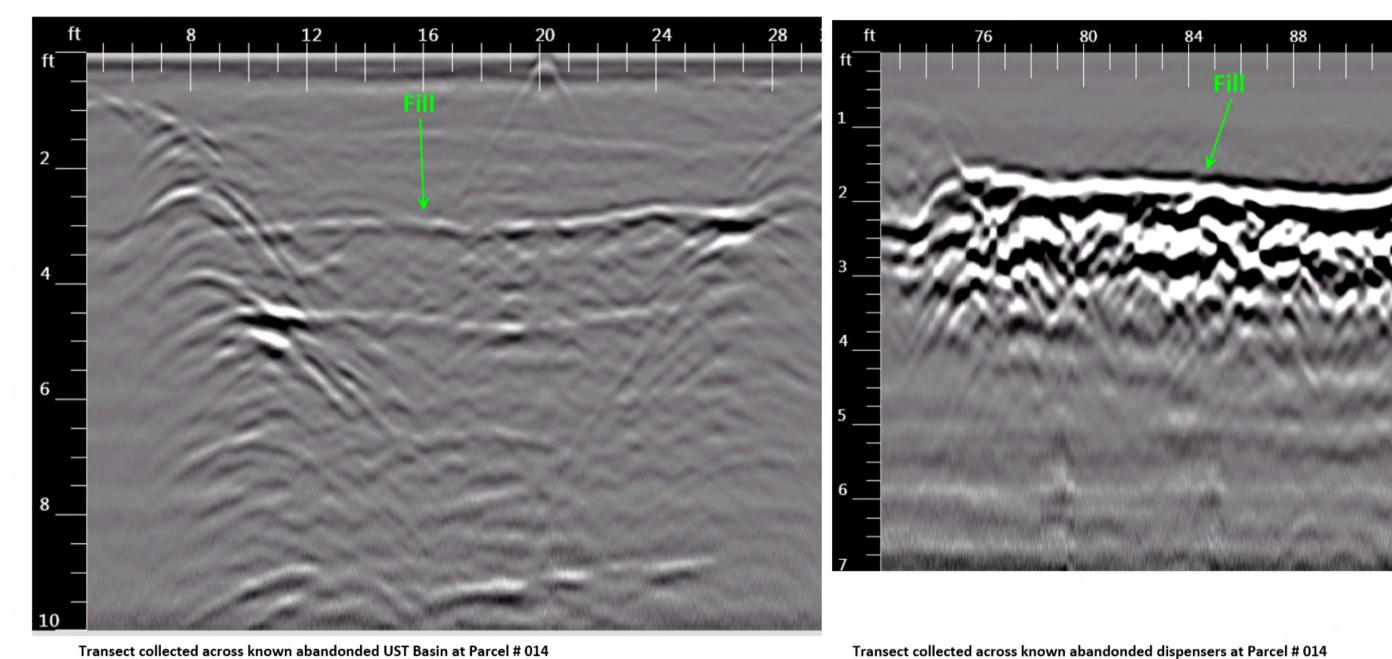






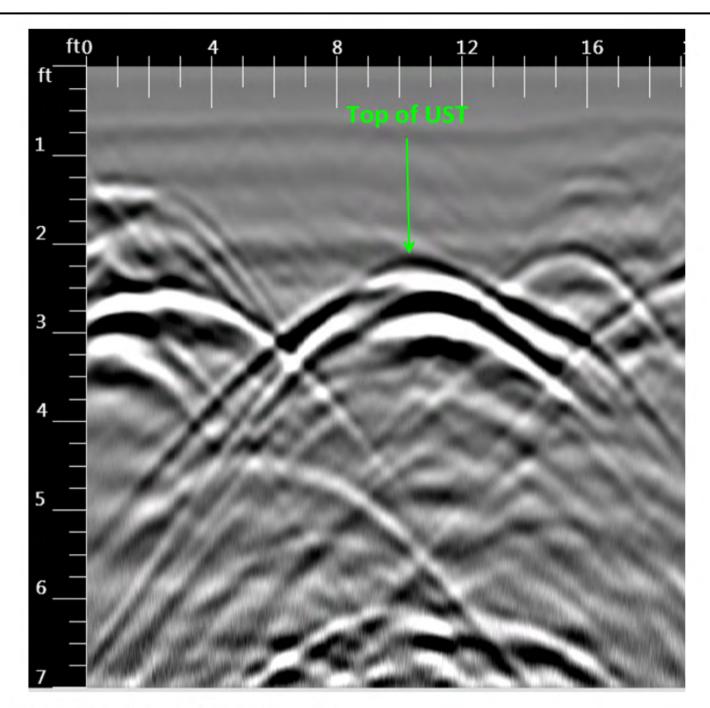


Geophysical Evaluation Ground-penetrating Radar Results Map
NCDOT U-6003
Linville Springs Rd and Piney Grove Rd
Kernersville, NC
Geo Solutions Ltd.



Transect collected across known abandonded dispensers at Parcel # 014

Geophysical Evaluation Ground-penetrating Radar Cross Section of Known UST at Parcel # 02 Figure NCDOT U-6003 Linville Springs Rd and Piney Grove Rd Kernersville, NC Geo Solutions Ltd.



Transect collected across known UST at Parcel # 2.
Suspected to be composed of Fiberglass

Figure
7
Geophysical Evaluation
Ground-penetrating Radar
Cross Section of Known UST at Parcel # 02
NCDOT U-6003
Linville Springs Rd and Piney Grove Rd
Kernersville, NC



Appendix A. Draft Photograph Log – NCDOT– Kernersville, NC



Photograph 1. Known active UST at Shell Station property.



Photograph 2. Known abandoned UST Basin at the Quick Mart property.



Photograph 3. Known abandoned UST Basin look toward former fuel dispensers at the Quick Mart property.



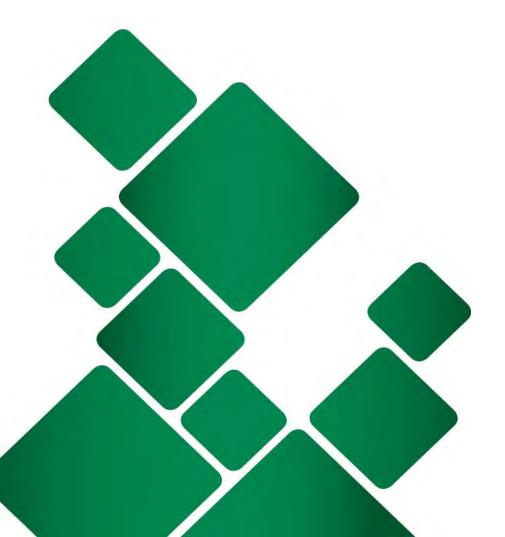
Photograph 4. Small Anomaly at Quick Mart property.



Photograph 5. Vent line at Shell Station property.

APPENDIX B

BORING LOGS





	SA	MPLE	S	0				
Depth, feet	Type and Number	Recovery, %	DIO OIL	USCS Code	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	ON	Well Completion Schematic	FIELD NOTES AI
			0.0		Red MBrown mothling NO odov moist	c leur		
			0.0					
/			0.0		Sandy silt, white, me Some saproliticteptu	3		
6		0	0.0		Sampled 8-10 1310			
9		+	-					
1								

Pro	ject: DOT ILEVN ect Location: ect Number:	Boring	Number <u>P14 SB-</u> Z Sheet <u>/</u> of <u>/</u>
epth,	SAMPLES page and social services and services are services and servic	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	FIELD NOTES AND WELL DETAILS

Depth, feet	Type and Number	PID Ad	USCS Code	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Completion Schematic	FIELD NOTES AND WELL DETAILS
		0.0		Back Silled Tunk Pit		
2		0.0		Back Silled Tamk Pit Turry Sines Turry Sand No odor		
4-		0.0		Noodor		
6						
8		0.0		Cam 7 (01) 5-10	24	
10-		0.0		Sampled 8-10 1320		
				6		

synTerra

Project: Project Loc Project Nur		Boring Number 583 Sheet 1 of		
Start Date	End I	Date	Reviewed By	
Drilling	Lina		Drilling Contractor	Total Depth of Borehole
Method Sampling			Groundwater Level(s)	Surface Casing Depth
Method Size and Type			Screen Interval	Ground Surface Elevation
of Well Casing TOC height		-	Location	Boring Diameter
Depth, feet Type and Number	MPLES GOVERY. %	USCS Code	MATERIAL DESCRI	PTION Well DETAILS
4	0.(red Solfy clay, mother accounts, No. 1514 gray color, Possible Hydroco odor, may 1741 brown sam 5114, Saprolitic red t white moth	slight Sampled whom bestaining 4-6 133

synTerra

	ect: ect Loc ect Nur		Do	OT	Ker	nersing	Bori			nber <u>58-4</u>		
Start F	nate		End I	Date		Logged By		Review	ed By			
Drilling						Drilling	-	Total D of Bore	epth			
Metho	ing	-	-			Contractor Groundwater Level(s)	-	-	ce Casing Depth			
Metho: Size a	nd Type	170		-		Screen Interval		Ground	Surface	TIGHT VILLE OF		
TOC h	I Casing neight		-			Location			Diameter			
	SA	MPLES										
Depth, feet	Type and Number	% '/טו	Pina	USCS Code		MATERIAL DESC	CRIPTION		Well Completion Schematic	FIELD NOTES AND WELL DETAILS		
1 1 1			3 17	(FIE)	Rev	l-orange Hy Clay 10 odor noist						
7	1	-	_			10 -1-1						
-					L	odor				Mila.		
			2.0		·	noist			1			
1			5.5									
									1			
6		6	- d		Sand	u Blayey 8.	THE CHOCK	er.	5	Siste		
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8		+			DA	Brown red wot	4 sty		1	3540		
		0	.6							The state of the s		
0						_						

synTema

Project: Project Loc Project Nur	ation:	Kernes 15119	Boring Number 58-5_ Sheet 1 of
Start Date Drilling Method Sampling Method Sampling Method Size and Type of Well Casing	End Date	Logged By Drilling Contractor Groundwater Level(s) Screen Interval Location	Reviewed By Total Depth of Borehole Surface Casing Depth Ground Surface Elevation Boring Diameter
Depth, feet Type and Number	PID A PID A USCS Code	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	on Schematic Completion Well DETAILS
	0.1	Some as 58-4	SB-5 Sammed The (6-8)
		synTerra	

PILI

Project: DOT Project Location: Project Number:	Kernersville	Boring Number 53-6 Sheet 1 of
Start Date End Date Drilling Method Sampling Method Size and Type of Well Casing TOC height	Logged By Drilling Contractor Groundwater Level(s) Screen Interval Location	Reviewed By Total Depth of Borehole Surface Casing Depth Ground Surface Elevation Boring Diameter
Depth, feet Type and Number Recovery, % PID USCS Code	MATERIAL DESCRIPT	WELL DETAILS
0.1 0.1 0.1 8- 0.5	Red Claye (5) 14, likely foll, milas Jraysand-appears anamy Cines use Backery during to Backery during to SB-Zpiy ligh Brown sandy of 5itt, appears to Samolitic texture	stobe ed to -ank puy
	synTerra	

	ect Loc ect Nur	-	n:	70	Kernessille	Boring Number SR-Z
Start D	ate		End I	Date	Logged By	Devicement Dr.
Drilling			73	-	Reviewed By Total Depth	
Sampli	ng	-			Contractor Groundwater	of Borehole Surface Casing Depth
Size ar	nd Type Casing				Level(s) Screen	Ground Surface
roc h	-	77		-	Interval Location	Elevation
	SA	MPLE	e		LOCATION	Boring Diameter
Depth, feet	Type and Number	Recovery, %	PPM CIA	USCS Code	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Completion Schematic MELL DETAILS
in the state of the			G.		Red 5. Hy clay wicas small pockeds of gray sand - likely	The state of the s
1		-	3			
		0	.7			
The same of			1,2		Sandys Hu Clayers: Serp. tex, moffling, ligh	14 Sampler 14 6-8 1500
).2		mosst E	
-						

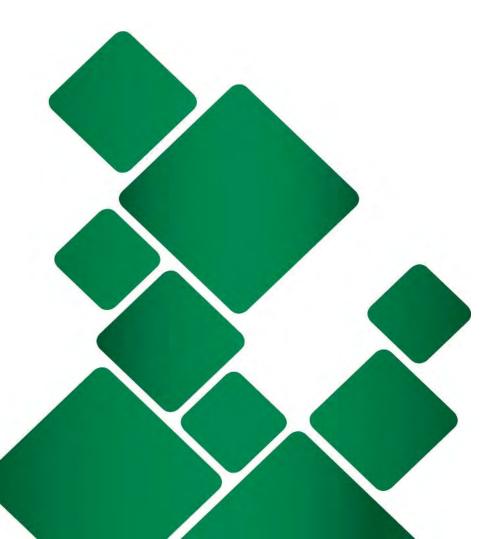
	P14
Project: Dot Kornershine Project Location: Project Number:	Boring Number State Sheet 1 of

Start Date	End Date	Logged By	Reviewed By
Drilling Method		Drilling Contractor	Total Depth of Borehole
Sampling Method		Groundwater Level(s)	Surface Casing Depth
Size and Type of Well Casing		Screen Interval	Ground Surface Elevation
TOC height		Location	Boring Diameter

Depth, feet	Type and Number	Recovery, %	USCS Code	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Completion Schematic	FIELD NOTES AND WELL DETAILS
0		0.9		Red Clay morst		Behous
4		0.9		Mo over		
6		0.6				
8		3.5	- 5-		4	52456d 5-8 153c
10		1.7		Darker Brown		
				synTerra		

APPENDIX C

LABORATORY REPORT











Hydrocarbon Analysis Results

Client: SYNTERRA

Samples taken

3/31/22-4/1/22

Address:

Samples extracted

3/31/22-4/1/22

Samples analysed

Wednesday, April 6, 2022

Contact: HARRISON CARTER

Operator

TORI KELLY

Project: DOT KERNERSVILLE

													U04049
Matrix	Sample ID	Dilution used	BTEX (C6 - C9)	GRO (C5 - C10)	DRO (C10 - C35)	TPH (C5 - C35)	Total Aromatics (C10-C35)	16 EPA PAHs	ВаР		Ratios		HC Fingerprint Match
										% light	% mid	% heavy	
S	P14 SB-1 (8-10)	22.6	<0.57	<0.57	<0.57	<0.57	<0.11	<0.18	<0.023	0	0	0	PHC not detected,(P)
s	P14 SB-2 (8-10)	11.2	<0.28	<0.28	<0.28	<0.28	<0.06	<0.09	<0.011	0	0	0	Residual HC
s	P14 SB-3 (4-6)	21.8	<0.55	<0.55	0.55	0.55	0.46	<0.17	<0.022	0	84.6	15.4	Deg Fuel 82.3%,(FCM)
s	P14 SB-4 (6-8)	20.6	<0.52	0.81	<0.52	0.81	<0.1	<0.17	<0.021	100	0	0	Residual HC
s	P14 SB5 (6-8)	21.8	<0.55	<0.55	<0.55	<0.55	<0.11	<0.17	<0.022	0	0	0	PHC not detected
s	P14 SB-6 (8-10)	25.0	<0.63	<0.63	< 0.63	< 0.63	<0.13	<0.2	<0.025	0	0	0	PHC not detected
s	P14 SB-7 (6-8)	21.8	<0.55	<0.55	<0.55	<0.55	<0.11	<0.17	<0.022	97.6	2.4	0	Residual HC
s	P14 SB-8 (6-8)	9.5	<0.24	0.48	0.24	0.72	0.23	<0.08	<0.01	75.7	20.4	3.8	Deg.PHC 56%,(FCM)
s	P2 SB-1 (8-10)	11.2	<0.28	<0.28	<0.28	0.27	0.27	<0.09	<0.011	0	66.2	33.8	Residual HC
s	P2 SB-2 (0-2)	9.9	<0.25	<0.25	0.25	0.25	0.16	<0.08	<0.01	0	39.8	60.2	,(FCM),(BO),(P)
		Initial Calibrator (C check	OK					Final F	$^{\circ}$ M OC	Check	OK	97.5 %

Results generated by a QED HC-1 analyser. Concentration values in mg/kg for soil samples and mg/L for water samples. Soil values are not corrected for moisture or stone content Fingerprints provide a tentative hydrocarbon identification. The abbreviations are:- FCM = Results calculated using Fundamental Calibration Mode : % = confidence for sample fingerprint match to library

(SBS) or (LBS) = Site Specific or Library Background Subtraction applied to result : (PFM) = Poor Fingerprint Match : (T) = Turbid : (P) = Particulate present







Hydrocarbon Analysis Results

Client: SYNTERRA

Address:

Samples taken Samples extracted 3/31/22-4/1/22 3/31/22-4/1/22

Samples analysed

Wednesday, April 6, 2022

Contact: HARRISON CARTER Operator TORI KELLY

Project: DOT KERNERSVILLE

													U04049
Matrix	Sample ID	Dilution used	BTEX (C6 - C9)	GRO (C5 - C10)	DRO (C10 - C35)	TPH (C5 - C35)	Total Aromatics (C10-C35)	16 EPA PAHs	ВаР	Ratios			HC Fingerprint Match
										% light	% mid	% heavy	
s	P2 SB-3 (0-2)	18.4	<0.46	4.9	15.1	20	7.3	8.0	<0.018	44.5	47.2	8.3	Road Tar 77%,(FCM)
S	P2 SB-3 (8-10)	23.0	143.4	742.5	447.3	1189.8	740.2	28.8	0.029	98	1.8	0.2	No Match found
s	P2 SB-4 (8-10)	21.1	<0.53	<0.53	0.53	0.53	0.32	<0.17	<0.021	74.8	18.7	6.5	74.2%,(FCM)
S	P2 SB-5 (8-10)	22.8	<0.57	<0.57	<0.57	0.36	0.36	<0.18	<0.023	0	100	0	Residual HC,(P)

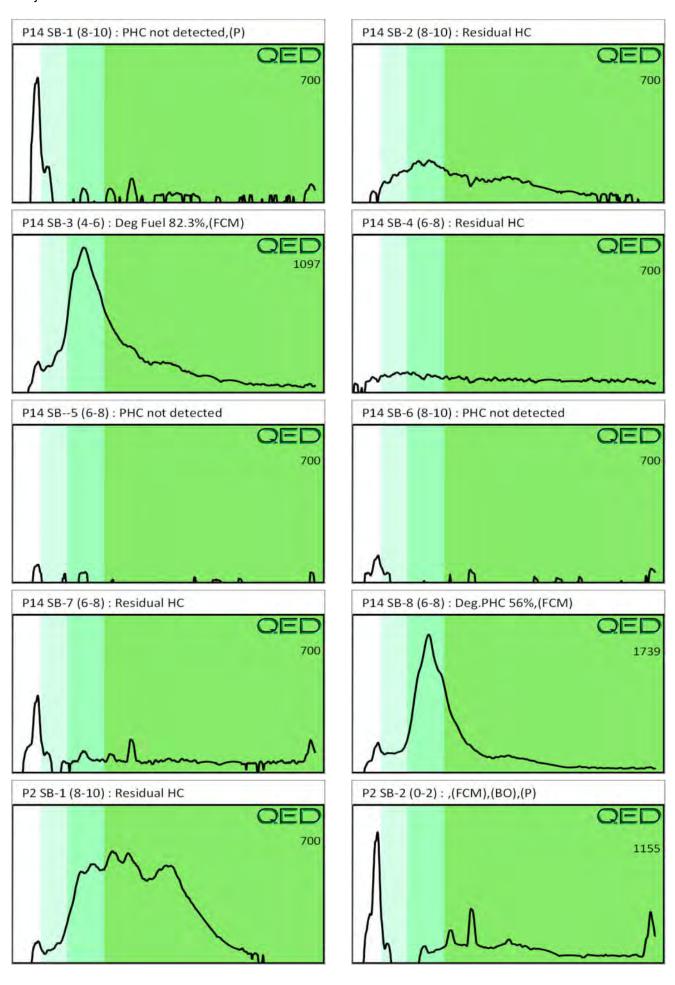
Initial Calibrator QC check OK

Final FCM QC Check OK

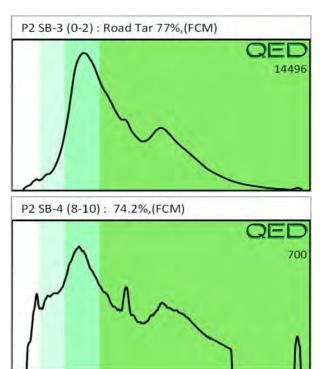
98.8 %

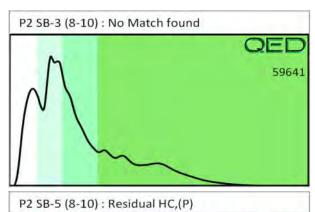
Results generated by a QED HC-1 analyser. Concentration values in mg/kg for soil samples and mg/L for water samples. Soil values are not corrected for moisture or stone content Fingerprints provide a tentative hydrocarbon identification. The abbreviations are:- FCM = Results calculated using Fundamental Calibration Mode: % = confidence for sample fingerprint match to library (SBS) or (LBS) = Site Specific or Library Background Subtraction applied to result : (PFM) = Poor Fingerprint Match : (T) = Turbid : (P) = Particulate present

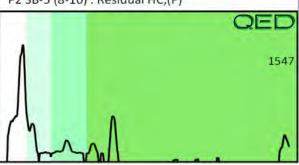
Project: DOT KERNERSVILLE



Project: DOT KERNERSVILLE







Address:					5508 M3	SEGS Maryin V Macr Land	000
				TW.	MARBIOI	MARBIONC Bldg, Suite 2003	e 2003
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Project Ket.:	-	SOLW Y			Each UVF s	Each UVF sample will be analyzed for	nalyzed for
Email:	100	internacy Pic	100		total BTEX,	total BTEX, GRO, DRO, TPH, PAH total	H, PAH total
Phone #:	704 CK 1-063	HAI KAI	ID ENVIR	HAPID ENVIRONMENTAL DIAGNOSTICS	Analyses ar	Analyses are for BTEX and Chlorinated	Chlorinated
Collected by:	H. Carter	CHAIN OF CU	USTODY	STODY AND ANALYTICAL REQUEST FORM		Solvents: VC, 1,1 DCE, 1,2 cis DCE, 1,2 trans DCE, TCE, and PCE. Specify target analytes in the space provided helow	cis DCE, 1,2 pecify target
Sample Collection	TAT Requested	Analysis Type			1	o id pando a	
Date/Time	24 Hour 48 Hour	UVF GC	Initials	Sample ID	Total Wt.	Tare Wt.	Sample Wt.
3/3/ 1310				(01-8) 1-85/nld	515	40.0	5
1320				(01-8) 2-85 HIG	52.6	7.00	175
1330				(9-11) E - 8.5 hid	51.9	40.0	6.
1.340				P145B-4(6-87	57.5	399	17 61
(350			7	(8-9)5-25HIB	\$1.9	40.0	0
1440				P14513-6(8-10)	50.5	40.1	1.0.1
1506				(8-9) ± - 25 mid	51.9	40.0	6
-1				PI45B-8(6-8)	5.4.8	40.	47
4/1 0820		1		7258-1 (8-10)	975	40.1	125
0800				7258-2(0-2)	54.0	39.9	10
0855				PZ58-3(0.2)	8.8	39.9	186
0000			C4	PZSB-3(8-10)	513	40.0	112
0630				745B~4(6-10)	52.4	70.7	12.3
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COMMENTS/REQUESTS:	ESTS:			TARGET GC/UVF ANALYTES:	-		
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TRANSMITTAL

To: W. Al Blanton, PE, PLS, Project Team Lead

NCDOT Division 9 – Project Development

From: Mark L. Reep, PE

Senior Project Engineer

HDR

Subject: Final GeoEnvironmental Report for Planning for U-6003

Kernersville Loop, Piney Grove Road (SR 1969) to NC 150 (North Main Street)

Kernersville, Forsyth County

Date: May 31, 2018

Attached is the Final GeoEnvironmental Report for the subject project.

For additional information, please contact me at mark.reep@hdrinc.com or 919-900-1635 or Phillip Rogers at phillip.rogers@hdrinc.com.

MR/

cc: Connie K. James, PE, Project Engineer

Hazardous Materials Report

HDR's GeoEnvironmental staff have investigated the above referenced project to identify hazardous material sites for inclusion in the environmental document.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS EVALUATION

Purpose

The main purpose of this investigation is to identify properties within the project study area that are or may be contaminated and therefore result in increased project costs and future liability if acquired by the Department. Hazardous material impacts may include, but are not limited to, active and abandoned underground storage tank (UST) sites, hazardous waste sites, regulated landfills and unregulated dumpsites.

Techniques/Methodologies

Geographic Information System (GIS) was consulted to identify known sites of concern in relation to the project corridor. U-6003 consists of improving Piney Grove Road access to a two-lane facility with bicycle and pedestrian accommodations that would connect Piney Grove Road (SR 1969) and N. Main Street (NC 150) in Kernersville, Forsyth County, North Carolina. The purpose of the project is to relieve congestion and improve traffic operations.

HDR personnel also conducted a field reconnaissance along the above mentioned project limits on 1/22/2018. An Environmental Risk Information Services (ERIS) search of appropriate environmental agencies' databases, historic aerials, topographic maps, city directory as well as physical properties data assisted in evaluating sites identified during this study.

Findings

This section presents the results of an initial hazardous material evaluation conducted along the above referenced project corridor. The table below depicts sites with historic or current business practices of environmental concern. Those deemed as areas of concern have been further evaluated in the following pages.

Site No. (from west to east)	Site Address / Name	Potential Concern	Risk	Database Records / Additional Information
1	743 Piney Grove Road – Quality Mart/ Shell / Piney Grove Hardware	LUST(s) / Current Business	Moderate	UST Registry/Site Reconnaissance
2	744 Piney Grove Road – The Pantry 278 / AAA Quick Mart	LUST(s) / Current Business	Moderate	UST Registry/Site Reconnaissance
3	Villa Drive – Winston- Salem Collection	Spills / Current Business	Low	Site Reconnaissance
4	1025 N. Main Street – County Line Grocery/ K&L Grab-N-Go	UST(s) / Current Business	Low	UST Registry/Site Reconnaissance
5	933 N. Main Street – Hubbard Transmission & Auto Repair	Current Business	Low	Site Reconnaissance

UST Facilities

Based on the HDR study, three (3) sites may contain petroleum USTs and/or contamination concerns from past UST/AST's within the project limits.

Hazardous Waste Sites

Based on our study, none of the aforementioned sites were known as a Hazardous Waste Site as identified near the project corridor. Kernersville Rubber Dump is located close to the city center at 231 Green Street, but was not further evaluated due to gradient and distance from the project corridor.

Landfills

No apparent landfills were identified within the project limits.

Drycleaners

No apparent drycleaners were identified within the project limits.

Other GeoEnvironmental Concerns

Two (2) additional site with potential GeoEnvironmental concerns were further identified within the project corridor. These included an auto transmission auto repair business as well as the Winston-Salem Collection System near Villa Drive which experience numerous sanitary system overflows of varying volumes (i.e. 15-150 gallons).

These sites' presence/extent of contamination is unknown at this time, however.

Anticipated Impacts

In conclusion, five (5) potential GeoEnvironmental sites of concern were identified within the proposed project limits for further assessment and contained on the following pages for additional detail and evaluation.

HDR anticipates low to moderate monetary and potential scheduling impacts resulting from these GeoEnvironmental sites.

(See the table above, details below and the attached plan sheets)

Known and Potential Hazardous Material Sites

NCDOT PIN: 6887-40-0932.00

1) **Property Owner**

Shell/Piney Grove Hardware/Quality Mart Quality Oil Company 743 Piney Grove Road Incident No. 14435

Kernersville, NC 27284 Facility ID: 00-2-0000016019



This current gas station and convenience store is located on the west side of Piney Grove Road. According to the UST Section Registry there are three (3) tanks currently onsite (1-12,000 gallon diesel, 1-10,000 gallon gasoline, & 1-15,000 gallon gasoline tanks). The current gasoline tanks were all installed on or about March 2000 and the diesel tank on or about December 2006. A total of four (4) historic tanks (1-1,000 gallon kerosene & 3-3,000 gasoline tanks) were installed in 1967 and removed in 1994. This property appears in the Underground Storage Tank (UST), Leaking Underground Storage Tank (LUST) and LUST TRUST database. According to the ERIS database search, groundwater has been impacted with dissolved-phase petroleum compounds which were from the former onsite UST system and extends in the upgradient, lateral and downgradient directions. Soil contamination goes to 17 feet deep, approximately 2,500 tons. Due historic and current business practice, LUST and registry database inclusion this site has been included in this report.

This site is anticipated to present moderate GeoEnvironmental impacts to the project.

2) **Property Owner**The Pantry #278
744 Piney Grove Road
Kernersville, NC 27284

NCDOT PIN: 6887-40-2970.00 Malik M & Nyla Aslam Incident No. 30428



This current convenience store is located on the east side of Piney Grove Road. According to the UST Section Registry a total of two (2) historic tanks (2-10,000 gallon gasoline tanks) were installed in 1980 and removed in August of 2004. This property appears in the UST, LUST, LUST TRUST, and FUEL STATIONS database. According to the ERIS database search, the groundwater monitoring event conducted in May 2015 indicated a number of the 12 monitoring wells contained petroleum constituents exceeding NCDEQ 2L Standards. Groundwater data indicated a general decrease of contaminant concentration between February 2013 and January 2015, however with a "fairly small plume." The groundwater data indicated some migration of the source downgradient but the majority of the in-use water supply wells are located upgradient and side-gradient of the source area. Continued maintenance and change out of booms were recommended. Due historic business practice, LUST and registry database inclusion this site has been included in this report.

This site is anticipated to present moderate GeoEnvironmental impacts to the project.

3) **Property Owner**

NCDOT PIN: Miscellaneous
Winston-Salem Collection System

Various Between 469-489 Villa Drive Kernersville, NC 27284



The Winston-Salem Collection System in the proximity of the 400 block of Villa Drive in Kernersville has had multiple Sanitary Sewer Overflow (SSO) notice of violations. In September 2007, approximately 400 gallons overflowed, in April 2009 approximately 410 gallons overflowed, in November 2013 some 15 gallons overflowed, and May of 2017 approximately 150 gallons overflowed. Although, sanitary sewer based, runoff and unknown consistency has led to further inclusion and proximity to residents and the Torn of Kernersville pump station. These violations or spills have warranted registry database inclusion and due to numerous instances it has been included in this report.

This site is anticipated to present low GeoEnvironmental impacts to the project.

4) **Property Owner**

NCDOT PIN: 6886-88-3894.00

County Line Grocery/K & L's Grab-N-Go Clinard Oil Company, Inc. 1025 N Main Street

Kernersville, NC 27284 Facility ID: 00-0-0000031423



This current gas station and convenience store is located on the west side of North Main Street. According to the UST Section Registry there are three (3) tanks currently onsite (3 - 6,000 gallon gasoline tanks). The current gasoline tanks were all installed on or about October 1989. This property appears in the UST and FUEL STATIONS database. Due historic and current business practice, UST/FUEL STATIONS and registry database inclusion this site has been included in this report.

This site is anticipated to present low GeoEnvironmental impacts to the project.

5) **Property Owner**

Hubbard Transmission & Auto Repair 933 N Main Street Kernersville, NC 27284 Same

NCDOT PIN: 6886-78-7548.00



This current auto service and repair business is located on the west side of North Main Street. There is no current UST Section Registry listing under this address or name, however it may be documented under different ownership or PO Box and further evaluation may be warranted. It was also not listed in any ERIS databases either. Although no spills nor registry database records were documented, this site has been included in this report based on site reconnaissance and business practice.

This site is anticipated to present low GeoEnvironmental impacts to the project.

WBS No. 47138.1.1 T.I.P.#: U-6003

Page 8 of 8

Please note that discovery of additional sites not recorded by regulatory agencies and not reasonably discernible during the project corridor reconnaissance may occur. The GeoEnvironmental Section should be notified immediately after discovery of such sites so their potential impact(s) may be assessed.

If there are questions regarding these preliminary GeoEnvironmental concerns, please contact us at 704-338-6700.

Sean Quarry

Senior Environmental Scientist

HDR Engineering, Inc. of the Carolinas

Attachments: Site Location Plan Sheets

cc:

Cyrus Parker, LG, PE, CPM, GeoEnvironmental Supervisor Mark Reep, PE – HDR – Project Manager John Jamison – HDR – Environmental Scientist row-notify@ncdot.gov File

