STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION RALEIGH, N.C.

PROPOSAL

DATE AND TIME OF BID OPENING: Nov 21, 2023 AT 02:00 PM

CONTRACT ID C204880

WBS 47138.3.1

FEDERAL-AID NO. STATE FUNDED

COUNTY FORSYTH

T.I.P NO. U-6003

MILES 0.962

ROUTE NO.

LOCATION NEW ROAD WITH BICYCLE/PEDESTRIAN ACCOMMODATIONS FROM SR-

1969 (PINEY GROVE ROAD) TO NC-150 (NORTH MAIN STREET).

TYPE OF WORK GRADING, DRAINAGE, PAVING, SIGNALS, AND CULVERTS.

NOTICE:

ALL BIDDERS SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE LAWS REGULATING THE PRACTICE OF GENERAL CONTRACTING AS CONTAINED IN CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA WHICH REQUIRES THE BIDDER TO BE LICENSED BY THE N.C. LICENSING BOARD FOR CONTRACTORS WHEN BIDDING ON ANY NON-FEDERAL AID PROJECT WHERE THE BID IS \$30,000 OR MORE, EXCEPT FOR CERTAIN SPECIALTY WORK AS DETERMINED BY THE LICENSING BOARD. BIDDERS SHALL ALSO COMPLY WITH ALL OTHER APPLICABLE LAWS REGULATING THE PRACTICES OF ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING, HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING AND REFRIGERATION CONTRACTING AS CONTAINED IN CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA. NOTWITHSTANDING THESE LIMITATIONS ON BIDDING, THE BIDDER WHO IS AWARDED ANY FEDERAL - AID FUNDED PROJECT SHALL COMPLY WITH CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR LICENSING REQUIREMENTS WITHIN 60 CALENDAR DAYS OF BID OPENING.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED AS SHOWN BELOW:

THIS IS A ROADWAY & CULVERT PROPOSAL

5% BID BOND OR BID DEPOSIT REQUIRED

PROPOSAL FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF CONTRACT No. C204880 IN FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA

The Bidder has carefully examined the location of the proposed work to be known as Contract No. C204880 has carefully examined the plans and specifications, which are acknowledged to be part of the proposal, the special provisions, the proposal, the form of contract, and the forms of contract payment bond and contract performance bond; and thoroughly understands the stipulations, requirements and provisions. The undersigned bidder agrees to be bound upon his execution of the bid and subsequent award to him by the Board of Transportation in accordance with this proposal to provide the necessary contract payment bond and contract performance bond within fourteen days after the written notice of award is received by him. The undersigned Bidder further agrees to provide all necessary machinery, tools, labor, and other means of construction; and to do all the work and to furnish all materials, except as otherwise noted, necessary to perform and complete the said contract in accordance with the 2018 Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures by the dates(s) specified in the Project Special Provisions and in accordance with the requirements of the Engineer, and at the unit or lump sum prices, as the case may be, for the various items given on the sheets contained herein.

The Bidder shall provide and furnish all the materials, machinery, implements, appliances and tools, and perform the work and required labor to construct and complete State Highway Contract No. C204880 in Forsyth County, for the unit or lump sum prices, as the case may be, bid by the Bidder in his bid and according to the proposal, plans, and specifications prepared by said Department, which proposal, plans, and specifications show the details covering this project, and hereby become a part of this contract.

The published volume entitled North Carolina Department of Transportation, Raleigh, Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures. January 2018 with all amendments and supplements thereto, is by reference incorporated into and made a part of this contract; that, except as herein modified, all the construction and work included in this contract is to be done in accordance with the specifications contained in said volume, and amendments and supplements thereto, under the direction of the Engineer.

If the proposal is accepted and the award is made, the contract is valid only when signed either by the Contract Officer or such other person as may be designated by the Secretary to sign for the Department of Transportation. The conditions and provisions herein cannot be changed except over the signature of the said Contract Officer.

The quantities shown in the itemized proposal for the project are considered to be approximate only and are given as the basis for comparison of bids. The Department of Transportation may increase or decrease the quantity of any item or portion of the work as may be deemed necessary or expedient.

An increase or decrease in the quantity of an item will not be regarded as sufficient ground for an increase or decrease in the unit prices, nor in the time allowed for the completion of the work, except as provided for the contract.

Accompanying this bid is a bid bond secured by a corporate surety, or certified check payable to the order of the Department of Transportation, for five percent of the total bid price, which deposit is to be forfeited as liquidated damages in case this bid is accepted and the Bidder shall fail to provide the required payment and performance bonds with the Department of Transportation, under the condition of this proposal, within 14 calendar days after the written notice of award is received by him, as provided in the Standard Specifications; otherwise said deposit will be returned to the Bidder.

OCCUPATION DAVERS

State Contract Officer

Ronald Elton Davenport, Ir. F81B6038A47A442... 10/18/2023

C204880 U-6003 Forsyth County

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PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

GENERAL

CONTRACTOR PREQUALIFICATION:

(10-18-22)(Rev. 7-18-23) 102 SP1 G01

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-9, Subarticle 102-2(A)(1) Bidder Prequalification, lines 34-36, delete and replace the first sentence with the following:

Applicant shall submit a completed Department Prequalification Application and *Bidder Experience Questionnaire*, along with any additional supporting information requested by the Department, as noted in the application and experience questionnaire package.

Page 1-10, Subarticle 102-2(A) Bidder Prequalification, lines 30-31, delete and replace the first sentence with the following:

Prospective bidders shall obtain prequalification approval at least two business days prior to any letting in which they intend to submit a bid. It is recommended that the prospective bidder file all required statements and documents with the State Prequalifications Engineer no less than 4 weeks before a given letting.

Page 1-10, Subarticle 102-2(B) Purchase Order Bidder Prequalification, lines 34-39, delete and replace the title and first paragraph with the following:

(B) Purchase Order (PO) Prime Contractor Prequalification

Contractors who have been approved to be placed on the Prequalified Bidders' List as noted above may perform work for the Department as a Purchase Order (PO) Prime Contractor and need not apply further. However, Purchase Order (PO) Prime Contractors will not be placed on the Prequalified Bidders' List unless they submit through the prequalification process described above.

Page 1-9, Subarticle 102-2(B)(1) Purchase Order Bidder Prequalification, lines 40-42, delete and replace the first sentence with the following:

Applicant shall submit a completed Department Prequalification Application along with any additional supporting information requested by the Department, as noted in the application.

Page 1-11, Subarticle 102-2(B) Purchase Order Bidder Prequalification, lines 16-18, delete and replace the first sentence with the following:

Prospective bidders shall obtain prequalification approval at least two business days prior to any letting in which they intend to submit a bid. It is recommended that the applicant file all required statements and documents with the State Prequalifications Engineer no less than 4 weeks before a given bid opening for their bid to be considered.

Page 1-11, Subarticle 102-2(C) Subcontractor Prequalification, lines 22-26, delete and replace the first paragraph with the following:

Contractors who have been approved to be placed on the Prequalified Bidders' List or the Purchase Order (PO) Prime Contractor's List as noted above may perform work for the Department as a subcontractor and need not apply further. However, subcontractors will not be placed on the Prequalified List or the Purchase Order (PO) Prime Contractor's List unless they submit through the prequalification process described above.

Page 1-11, Subarticle 102-2(C)(1) Subcontractor Prequalification, lines 27-28, delete and replace the first sentence with the following:

Applicant shall submit a completed Department Prequalification Application along with any additional supporting information requested by the Department, as noted in the application.

Page 1-11, Subarticle 102-2(C) Subcontractor Prequalification, lines 44-45, delete and replace the first sentence with the following:

The subcontractor shall file all required statements and documents with the State Prequalifications Engineer no less than 4 weeks before beginning work.

Page 1-12, Subarticle 102-2(E) Renewal and Requalification, lines 38-40, delete and replace the first sentence with the following:

It is recommended that the renewing or requalifying firm file all required statements and documents with the State Prequalifications Engineer no less than 4 weeks before a given letting for their bid to be considered.

INTERESTED PARTIES LIST:

(6-21-22)(Rev. 7-19-22) 102 SPI G02

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-12, Article 102-3 PROPOSALS AND PLAN HOLDER LISTS, lines 45-49, delete and replace with the following:

102-3 PROPOSALS AND INTERESTED PARTIES LIST

On Department projects advertised, the prospective bidder shall sign up on the *Interested Parties List* no later than one business day prior to the Letting day of that project, for which he intends to submit a bid. There is no cost for signing up on the *Interested Parties List* that can be found on the Department's website at connect.ncdot.gov/letting.

Page 1-12, Article 102-3 PROPOSALS AND PLAN HOLDER LISTS, lines 1-3, delete and replace the first sentence of the second paragraph with the following:

The proposal will state the location of the contemplated construction and show a schedule of

contract items with the approximate quantity of each of these items for which bid prices are invited.

Page 1-14, Article 102-8 PREPARATION AND SUBMISSION OF BIDS, lines 30-31, delete and replace the first paragraph with the following:

Prior to submitting a bid on a project, the bidder shall sign up on the *Interested Parties List* in conformance with Article 102-3. The bidder shall submit a unit or lump sum price for every item in the proposal other than items that are authorized alternates to those items for which a bid price has been submitted.

LIABILITY INSURANCE:

(5-16-23) 107 SP1 G05

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-64, Article 107-15 LIABILITY INSURANCE, replace the first sentence with the following:

The Contractor shall at its sole cost and expense obtain and furnish to the Department an original standard Association for Cooperative Operations Research and Development (ACORD) certificate of liability insurance evidencing commercial general liability with a limit for bodily injury and property damage in the amount of \$5,000,000 per occurrence and \$5,000,000 general aggregate, covering the Contractor from claims or damages for bodily injury, personal injury, or for property damages that may arise from operating under the contract by the employees and agents of the Contractor.

CONTRACT TIME AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(8-15-00) (Rev. 5-16-23) 108 SP1 G08 A

The date of availability for this contract is **January 8, 2024**, except that work in jurisdictional waters and wetlands shall not begin until a meeting between the DOT, Regulatory Agencies, and the Contractor is held as stipulated in the permits contained elsewhere in this proposal. This delay in availability has been considered in determining the contract time for this project.

The completion date for this contract is **January 11, 2027**.

Except where otherwise provided by the contract, observation periods required by the contract will not be a part of the work to be completed by the completion date and/or intermediate contract times stated in the contract. The acceptable completion of the observation periods that extend beyond the final completion date shall be a part of the work covered by the performance and payment bonds.

The liquidated damages for this contract are **Two Hundred Dollars** (\$ 200.00) per calendar day. These liquidated damages will not be cumulative with any liquidated damages which may become chargeable under Intermediate Contract Time Number 1.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 1 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

(7-1-95) (Rev. 2-21-12) SP1 G13 A

Except for that work required under the Project Special Provisions entitled *Planting, Reforestation* and/or Permanent Vegetation Establishment, included elsewhere in this proposal, the Contractor will be required to complete all work included in this contract and shall place and maintain traffic on same.

The date of availability for this intermediate contract time is January 8, 2024.

The completion date for this intermediate contract time is July 15, 2026.

The liquidated damages for this intermediate contract time are Two Thousand Dollars (\$ 2,000.00) per calendar day.

Upon apparent completion of all the work required to be completed by this intermediate date, a final inspection will be held in accordance with Article 105-17 and upon acceptance, the Department will assume responsibility for the maintenance of all work except *Planting*, Reforestation and/or Permanent Vegetation Establishment. The Contractor will be responsible for and shall make corrections of all damages to the completed roadway caused by his planting operations, whether occurring prior to or after placing traffic through the project.

INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 2 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES: (2-20-07) 108 SP SP1 G14 A

The Contractor shall complete the required work of installing, maintaining, and removing the traffic control devices for lane closures and restoring traffic to the existing traffic pattern. The Contractor shall not close or narrow a lane of traffic on Piney Grove Road, Linville Springs Road and/or NC 150 (N. Main Street) during the following time restrictions:

DAY AND TIME RESTRICTIONS

Monday thru Friday, 7:00 AM to 9:00 AM and 4:00 PM to 6:00 PM

In addition, the Contractor shall not close or narrow a lane of traffic on Piney Grove Road, Linville Springs Road and/or NC 150 (N. Main Street) detain and/or alter the traffic flow on or during holidays, holiday weekends, special events, or any other time when traffic is unusually heavy, including the following schedules:

HOLIDAY AND HOLIDAY WEEKEND LANE CLOSURE RESTRICTIONS

- 1. For **unexpected occurrence** that creates unusually high traffic volumes, as directed by the Engineer.
- For New Year's Day, between the hours of 7:00 AM December 31st and 6:00 PM 2. January 2nd. If New Year's Day is on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday, then until **6:00 PM** the following Tuesday.
- For Easter, between the hours of 7:00 AM Thursday and 6:00 PM Monday. 3.

- 4. For **Memorial Day**, between the hours of **7:00 AM** Friday and **6:00 PM** Tuesday.
- 5. For **Independence Day**, between the hours of **7:00 AM** the day before Independence Day and **6:00 PM** the day after Independence Day.

If **Independence Day** is on a Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday, then between the hours of **7:00 AM** the Thursday before Independence Day and **6:00 PM** the Tuesday after Independence Day.

- 6. For **Labor Day**, between the hours of **7:00 AM** Friday and **6:00 PM** Tuesday.
- 7. For **Thanksgiving**, between the hours of **7:00 AM** Tuesday and **6:00 PM** Monday.
- 8. For **Christmas**, between the hours of **7:00 AM** the Friday before the week of Christmas Day and **6:00 PM** the following Tuesday after the week of Christmas Day.

Holidays and holiday weekends shall include New Year's, Easter, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving, and Christmas. The Contractor shall schedule his work so that lane closures will not be required during these periods, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

The time of availability for this intermediate contract work shall be the time the Contractor begins to install all traffic control devices for lane closures according to the time restrictions listed herein.

The completion time for this intermediate contract work shall be the time the Contractor is required to complete the removal of all traffic control devices for lane closures according to the time restrictions stated above and place traffic in the existing traffic pattern.

The liquidated damages are Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$ 250.00) per hour.

<u>INTERMEDIATE CONTRACT TIME NUMBER 3 AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:</u> (2-20-07) 108 SP1 G14 C

The Contractor shall complete the required work of installing, maintaining and removing the traffic control devices for lane closures and restoring traffic to the existing traffic pattern. The Contractor shall not close or narrow a lane of traffic on **Piney Grove Road and/or Linville Springs Road** during the following time restrictions:

DAY AND TIME RESTRICTIONS

When School is in Session 2:00 PM to 4:00 PM

The time of availability for this intermediate contract time will be the time the Contractor begins to install traffic control devices required for the lane closures according to the time restrictions stated herein.

The completion time for this intermediate contract time will be the time the Contractor is required to complete the removal of traffic control devices required for the lane closures according to the time restrictions stated herein and restore traffic to the existing traffic pattern.

The liquidated damages are Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$ 250.00) per hour.

PERMANENT VEGETATION ESTABLISHMENT:

(2-16-12) (Rev. 10-15-13) 104 SPI G16

Establish a permanent stand of the vegetation mixture shown in the contract. During the period between initial vegetation planting and final project acceptance, perform all work necessary to establish permanent vegetation on all erodible areas within the project limits, as well as, in borrow and waste pits. This work shall include erosion control device maintenance and installation, repair seeding and mulching, supplemental seeding and mulching, mowing, and fertilizer topdressing, as directed. All work shall be performed in accordance with the applicable section of the 2018 Standard Specifications. All work required for initial vegetation planting shall be performed as a part of the work necessary for the completion and acceptance of the Intermediate Contract Time (ICT). Between the time of ICT and Final Project acceptance, or otherwise referred to as the vegetation establishment period, the Department will be responsible for preparing the required National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) inspection records.

Once the Engineer has determined that the permanent vegetation establishment requirement has been achieved at an 80% vegetation density (the amount of established vegetation per given area to stabilize the soil) and no erodible areas exist within the project limits, the Contractor will be notified to remove the remaining erosion control devices that are no longer needed. The Contractor will be responsible for, and shall correct any areas disturbed by operations performed in permanent vegetation establishment and the removal of temporary erosion control measures, whether occurring prior to or after placing traffic on the project.

Payment for Response for Erosion Control, Seeding and Mulching, Repair Seeding, Supplemental Seeding, Mowing, Fertilizer Topdressing, Silt Excavation, and Stone for Erosion Control will be made at contract unit prices for the affected items. Work required that is not represented by contract line items will be paid in accordance with Articles 104-7 or 104-3 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. No additional compensation will be made for maintenance and removal of temporary erosion control items.

CONSTRUCTION MORATORIUM:

(1-19-16) SP1 G18C

No tree cutting operations will be allowed from June 1st through October 15th of any year.

Additionally, no tree cutting operations will be allowed from **April 1**st through **May 31**st of any year, unless the ambient air temperature is 50°F or above at the time of tree cutting operations.

DELAY IN RIGHT OF ENTRY:

(7-1-95) (Rev. 7-15-14) 108 SPI G22

The Contractor will not be allowed right of entry to the following parcel(s) prior to the listed date(s) unless otherwise permitted by the Engineer.

| Parcel No. | Property Owner | <u>Date</u> |
|------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| 2 | Quality Oil Company, LLC | 11-30-2023 |
| 10 | Michele D. Badenhop, et al | 11-30-2023 |
| 13 | Green Salix Real Estate, LLC | 11-30-2023 |
| 20 | Anna Brooks, Heirs | 11-30-2023 |
| 22 | Julian Pond Homeowners Assoc., Inc. | 11-30-2023 |

MAJOR CONTRACT ITEMS:

(2-19-02) 104 SP1 G28

The following listed items are the major contract items for this contract (see Article 104-5 of the 2018 Standard Specifications):

| Line# | Description |
|-------|--|
| 8 | Select Granular Material |
| 36 | Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type B25.0 C |
| 37 | Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course, Type I19.0 C |
| 38 | Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5 B |

SPECIALTY ITEMS:

(7-1-95)(Rev. 7-20-21) 108-6 SP1 G37

Items listed below will be the specialty items for this contract (see Article 108-6 of the 2018 Standard Specifications).

| Description |
|-----------------------------|
| Guardrail |
| Fencing |
| Signing |
| Long-Life Pavement Markings |
| Permanent Pavement Markers |
| Utility Construction |
| Erosion Control |
| Signals/ITS System |
| |

FUEL PRICE ADJUSTMENT:

(11-15-05) (Rev. 11-15-22) 109-8 SPI G43

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-87, Article 109-8, Fuel Price Adjustments, add the following:

The base index price for DIESEL #2 FUEL is \$ 3.4209 per gallon. Where any of the following are included as pay items in the contract, they will be eligible for fuel price adjustment.

The pay items and the fuel factor used in calculating adjustments to be made will be as follows:

| Description | Units | Fuel Usage |
|---|---------|---------------|
| | | Factor Diesel |
| Unclassified Excavation | Gal/CY | 0.29 |
| Borrow Excavation | Gal/CY | 0.29 |
| Class IV Subgrade Stabilization | Gal/Ton | 0.55 |
| Aggregate Base Course | Gal/Ton | 0.55 |
| Sub-Ballast | Gal/Ton | 0.55 |
| Erosion Control Stone | Gal/Ton | 0.55 |
| Rip Rap, Class | Gal/Ton | 0.55 |
| Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type | Gal/Ton | 0.90 or 2.90 |
| Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course, Type | Gal/Ton | 0.90 or 2.90 |
| Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type | Gal/Ton | 0.90 or 2.90 |
| Open-Graded Asphalt Friction Course | Gal/Ton | 0.90 or 2.90 |
| Permeable Asphalt Drainage Course, Type | Gal/Ton | 0.90 or 2.90 |
| Sand Asphalt Surface Course, Type | Gal/Ton | 0.90 or 2.90 |
| Ultra-thin Bonded Wearing Course | Gal/Ton | 0.90 or 2.90 |
| Aggregate for Cement Treated Base Course | Gal/Ton | 0.55 |
| Portland Cement for Cement Treated Base Course | Gal/Ton | 0.55 |
| > 11" Portland Cement Concrete Pavement | Gal/SY | 0.327 |
| Concrete Shoulders Adjacent to > 11" Pavement | Gal/SY | 0.327 |
| 9" to 11" Portland Cement Concrete Pavement | Gal/SY | 0.272 |
| Concrete Shoulders Adjacent to 9" to 11" Pavement | Gal/SY | 0.272 |
| < 9" Portland Cement Concrete Pavement | Gal/SY | 0.245 |
| Concrete Shoulders Adjacent to < 9" Pavement | Gal/SY | 0.245 |

For the asphalt items noted in the chart as eligible for fuel adjustments, the bidder may include the *Fuel Usage Factor Adjustment Form* with their bid submission if they elect to use the fuel usage factor. The *Fuel Usage Factor Adjustment Form* is found at the following link:

 $\frac{https://connect.ncdot.gov/letting/LetCentral/Fuel\%20Usage\%20Factor\%20Adjustment\%20Form\ \%20-\%20\%20Starting\%20Nov\%202022\%20Lettings.pdf}$

Select either 2.90 Gal/Ton fuel factor or 0.90 Gal/Ton fuel factor for each asphalt line item on the *Fuel Usage Factor Adjustment Form*. The selected fuel factor for each asphalt item will remain in effect for the duration of the contract.

Failure to complete the *Fuel Usage Factor Adjustment Form* will result in using 2.90 gallons per ton as the Fuel Usage Factor for Diesel for the asphalt items noted above. The contractor will not be permitted to change the Fuel Usage Factor after the bids are submitted.

STEEL PRICE ADJUSTMENT:

(4-19-22)(Rev. 11-21-23)

SP1 G47

Description and Purpose

Steel price adjustments will be made to the payments due the Contractor for items as defined herein that are permanently incorporated into the work, when the price of raw steel mill products utilized on the contract have fluctuated. The Department will adjust monthly progress payments up or down as appropriate for cost changes in steel according to this provision.

Eligible Items

The list of eligible bid items for steel price adjustment can be found on the Departments website at the following address:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/letting/LetCentral/Eligible%20Bid%20Items%20for%20Steel%20Price%20Adjustment.xlsx

Nuts, bolts, anchor bolts, rebar chairs, connecting bands and other miscellaneous hardware associated with these items shall not be included in the price adjustment.

Adjustments will only be made for fluctuations in the material cost of the steel used in the above products as specified in the Product Relationship Table below. The producing mill is defined as the source of steel product before any fabrication has occurred (e.g., coil, plate, rebar, hot rolled shapes, etc.). No adjustment will be made for changes in the cost of fabrication, coating, shipping, storage, etc.

No steel price adjustments will be made for any products manufactured from steel having an adjustment date, as defined by the Product Relationship Table below, prior to the letting date.

Bid Submittal Requirements

The successful bidder, within 14 calendar days after the notice of award is received by him, shall provide the completed Form SPA-1 to the Department (State Contract Officer or Division Contract Engineer) along with the payment bonds, performance bonds and contract execution signature sheets in a single submittal. If Form SPA-1 is not included in the same submittal as the payment bonds, performance bonds and contract execution signature sheets, the Contractor will not be eligible for any steel price adjustment for any item in the contract for the life of the contract. Form SPA-1 can be found on the Department's website at the following address:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/letting/LetCentral/Form%20SPA-1.xlsm

The Contractor shall provide Form SPA-1 listing the Contract Line Number, (with corresponding Item Number, Item Description, and Category) for the steel products they wish to have an

adjustment calculated. Only the contract items corresponding to the list of eligible item numbers for steel price adjustment may be entered on Form SPA-1. The Contractor may choose to have steel price adjustment applied to any, all, or none of the eligible items. However, the Contractor's selection of items for steel price adjustment or non-selection (non-participation) may not be changed once Form SPA-1 has been received by the Department. Items the Bidder chooses for steel price adjustment must be designated by writing the word "Yes" in the column titled "Option" by each Pay Item chosen for adjustment. Should the bidder elect an eligible steel price item, the entire quantity of the line item will be subject to the price adjustment for the duration of the Contract. The Bidder's designations on Form SPA-1 must be written in ink or typed and signed by the Bidder (Prime Contractor) to be considered complete. Items not properly designated, designated with "No", or left blank on the Bidder's Form SPA-1 will automatically be removed from consideration for adjustment. No steel items will be eligible for steel price adjustment on this Project if the Bidder fails to return Form SPA-1 in accordance with this provision.

Establishing the Base Price

The Department will use a blend of monthly average prices as reported from the Fastmarkets platform to calculate the monthly adjustment indices (BI and MI). This data is typically available on the first day of the month for the preceding month. The indices will be calculated by the Department for the different categories found on the Product Relationship Table below. For item numbers that include multiple types of steel products, the category listed for that item number will be used for adjusting each steel component.

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The bidding index for Category 1 Steel items is $ 42.25 per hundredweight. The bidding index for Category 2 Steel items is $ 71.45 per hundredweight. The bidding index for Category 3 Steel items is $ 62.50 per hundredweight. The bidding index for Category 4 Steel items is $ 37.30 per hundredweight. The bidding index for Category 5 Steel items is $ 53.94 per hundredweight. The bidding index for Category 6 Steel items is $ 65.26 per hundredweight. The bidding index for Category 7 Steel items is $ 43.68 per hundredweight.
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The bidding index represents a selling price of steel based on Fastmarkets data for the month of **September 2023**.

- MI = Monthly Index. in Dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices from the month the steel was shipped from the producing mill, received on the project, or member cast as defined in the Product Relationship Table.
- BI = Bidding Index. in Dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices as listed in the proposal.

| Product Relationship Table | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------|
| Steel Product (Title) | BI, MI* | Adjustment Date for MI | Category |
| Reinforcing Steel, Bridge | Based on one or more | Delivery Date from | 1 |
| Deck, and SIP Forms | Fastmarkets indices | Producing Mill | |

| Structural Steel and | Based on one or more | Delivery Date from | 2 |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---|
| Encasement Pipe | Fastmarkets indices | Producing Mill | |
| Steel H-Piles, Soldier Pile | Based on one or more | Delivery Date from | 3 |
| Walls | Fastmarkets indices | Producing Mill | |
| Guardrail Items and Pipe | Based on one or more | Material Received | 4 |
| Piles | Fastmarkets indices | Date** | |
| Fence Items | Based on one or more | Material Received | 5 |
| | Fastmarkets indices | Date** | |
| Overhead Sign Assembly, | Based on one or more | Material Received | 6 |
| Signal Poles, High Mount | Fastmarkets indices | Date** | |
| Standards | | | |
| Prestressed Concrete | Based on one or more | Cast Date of Member | 7 |
| Members | Fastmarkets indices | | |
| 1 | | | |

^{*} BI and MI are in converted units of Dollars per Hundredweight (\$/CWT)

Submit documentation to the Engineer for all items listed in the Contract for which the Contractor is requesting a steel price adjustment.

Submittal Requirements

The items in categories 1,2, and 3, shall be specifically stored, labeled, or tagged, recognizable by color marking, and identifiable by Project for inspection and audit verification immediately upon arrival at the fabricator.

Furnish the following documentation for all steel products to be incorporated into the work and documented on Form SPA-2, found on the Departments website at the following address:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/Form%20SPA-2.xlsx

Submit all documentation to the Engineer prior to incorporation of the steel into the completed work. The Department will withhold progress payments for the affected contract line item if the documentation is not provided and at the discretion of the Engineer the work is allowed to proceed. Progress payments will be made upon receipt of the delinquent documentation.

Step 1 (Form SPA -2)

Utilizing Form SPA-2, submit separate documentation packages for each line item from Form SPA-1 for which the Contractor opted for a steel price adjustment. For line items with multiple components of steel, each component should be listed separately. Label each SPA-2 documentation package with a unique number as described below.

a. Documentation package number: (Insert the contract line-item) - (Insert sequential package number beginning with "1").

Example: 412 - 1, 412 - 2, 424 - 1,

^{**} Material Received Date is defined as the date the materials are received on the project site. If a material prepayment is made for a Category 4-6 item, the Adjustment Date to be used will be the date of the prepayment request instead of the Materials Received Date.

424 - 2, 424 - 3, etc.

- b. The steel product quantity in pounds
 - i. The following sources should be used, in declining order of precedence, to determine the weight of steel/iron, based on the Engineers decision:
 - 1. Department established weights of steel/iron by contract pay item per pay unit;
 - 2. Approved Shop Drawings;
 - 3. Verified Shipping Documents;
 - 4. Contract Plans;
 - 5. Standard Drawing Sheets;
 - 6. Industry Standards (i.e., AISC Manual of Steel Construction, AWWA Standards, etc.); and
 - 7. Manufacture's data.
 - ii. Any item requiring approved shop drawings shall have the weights of steel calculated and shown on the shop drawings or submitted and certified separately by the fabricator.
- c. The date the steel product, subject to adjustment, was shipped from the producing mill (Categories 1-3), received on the project (Categories 4-6), or casting date (Category 7).

Step 2 (Monthly Calculator Spreadsheet)

For each month, upon the incorporation of the steel product into the work, provide the Engineer the following:

- 1) Completed NCDOT Steel Price Adjustment Calculator Spreadsheet, summarizing all the steel submittal packages (Form SPA-2) actually incorporated into the completed work in the given month.
 - a. Contract Number
 - b. Bidding Index Reference Month
 - c. Contract Completion Date or Revised Completion Date
 - d. County, Route, and Project TIP information
 - e. Item Number
 - f. Line-Item Description
 - g. Submittal Number from Form SPA-2
 - h. Adjustment date
 - i. Pounds of Steel
- 2) An affidavit signed by the Contractor stating the documentation provided in the NCDOT Steel Price Adjustment Calculator Spreadsheet is true and accurate.

Price Adjustment Conditions

Download the Monthly Steel Adjustment Spreadsheet with the most current reference data from the Department's website each month at the following address:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/Form%20SPA-3%20NCDOT%20Steel%20Price%20Adjustment%20Calculator.xlsx

If the monthly Fastmarkets data is not available, the data for the most recent immediately preceding month will be used as the basis for adjustment.

Price Adjustment Calculations

The price adjustment will be determined by comparing the percentage of change in index value listed in the proposal (BI) to the monthly index value (MI). (See included sample examples). Weights and date of shipment must be documented as required herein. The final price adjustment dollar value will be determined by multiplying this percentage increase or decrease in the index by the represented quantity of steel incorporated into the work, and the established bidding index (BI) subject to the limitations herein.

Price increase/decrease will be computed as follows:

SPA = ((MI/BI) - 1) * BI * (Q/100)

Where;

SPA = Steel price adjustment in dollars

- MI = Monthly Shipping Index. in Dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices from the month the steel was shipped from the producing mill, received on the project, or member cast as defined in the Product Relationship Table.
- BI = Bidding Index. in Dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices as listed in the proposal.
- Q = Quantity of steel, product, pounds actually incorporated into the work as documented by the Contractor, or Design Build Team and verified by the Engineer.

Calculations for price adjustment shall be shown separate from the monthly progress estimate and will not be included in the total cost of work for determination of progress or for extension of Contract time in accordance with Subarticle 108-10(B)(1).

Any apparent attempt to unbalance bids in favor of items subject to price adjustment may result in rejection of the bid proposal.

Adjustments will be paid or charged to the Contractor only. Any Contractor receiving an adjustment under this provision shall distribute the proper proportional part of such adjustments to the subcontractor who performed the applicable work.

Delays to the work caused by steel shortages may be justification for a Contract time extension but will not constitute grounds for claims for standby equipment, extended office overhead, or other costs associated with such delays.

If an increase in the steel material price is anticipated to exceed 50% of the original quoted price, the contractor must notify the Department within 7 days prior to purchasing the material. Upon

receipt of such notification, the Department will direct the Contractor to either (1) proceed with the work or (2) suspend the work and explore the use of alternate options.

If the decrease in the steel material exceeds 50% of the original quoted price, the contractor may submit to the Department additional market index information specific to the item in question to dispute the decrease. The Department will review this information and determine if the decrease is warranted.

When the steel product adjustment date, as defined in the Product Relationship Table, is after the approved contract completion date, the steel price adjustments will be based on the lesser value of either the MI for the month of the approved contract completion date or the MI for the actual adjustment date.

If the price adjustment is based on estimated material quantities for that time, and a revision to the total material quantity is made in a subsequent or final estimate, an appropriate adjustment will be made to the price adjustment previously calculated. The adjustment will be based on the same indices used to calculate the price adjustment which is being revised. If the adjustment date of the revised material quantity cannot be determined, the adjustment for the quantity in question, will be based on the indices utilized to calculate the steel price adjustment for the last initial documentation package submission, for the steel product subject to adjustment, that was incorporated into the particular item of work, for which quantities are being finalized. Example: Structural steel for a particular bridge was provided for in three different shipments with each having a different mill shipping date. The quantity of structural steel actually used for the bridge was calculated and a steel price adjustment was made in a progress payment. At the conclusion of the work an error was found in the plans of the final quantity of structural steel used for the bridge. The quantity to be adjusted cannot be directly related to any one of the three mill shipping dates. The steel price adjustment for the quantity in question would be calculated using the indices that were utilized to calculate the steel price adjustment for the quantity of structural steel represented by the last initial structural steel documentation package submission. The package used will be the one with the greatest sequential number.

Extra Work/Force Account:

When steel products, as specified herein, are added to the contract as extra work, in accordance with the provisions of Article 104-7 or 104-3, the Engineer will determine and specify in the supplemental agreement, the need for application of steel price adjustments on a case-by-case basis. No steel price adjustments will be made for any products manufactured from steel having an adjustment date prior to the supplemental agreement execution date. Price adjustments will be made as provided herein, except the Bidding Index will be based on the month in which the supplemental agreement pricing was executed.

For work performed on force account basis, reimbursement of actual material costs, along with the specified overhead and profit markup, will be considered to include full compensation for the current cost of steel and no steel price adjustments will be made.

Examples Form SPA-2

Steel Price Adjustment Submission Form

| Contract Number | <u>C203394</u> | Bid Reference Month | January 2019 |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Submittal Date | 8/31/2019 | | |
| Contract Line Item | 237 | | |
| Line Item Description | APPROXLBS Structural | Steel | |
| Sequential Submittal Number | 2 | | |

| Supplier | Description of material | Location information | Quantity in lbs. | Adjustment Date |
|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| XYZ mill | Structural Steel | Structure 3, Spans A-C | 1,200,000 | May 4, 2020 |
| ABC distributing | Various channel & angle shapes | Structure 3 Spans A-C | 35,000 | July 14, 2020 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Total Pounds of Steel | 1,235,000 | |

Note: Attach the following supporting documentation to this form.

- Bill of Lading to support the shipping dates
- Supporting information for weight documentation (e.g., Pay item reference, Shop drawings, shipping documents, Standards Sheets, industry standards, or manufacturer's data)

By providing this data under my signature, I attest to the accuracy of and validity of the data on this form and certify that no deliberate misrepresentation in any manner has occurred.

| Printed Name | Signature |
|--------------|-----------|
| | |
| | |
| | |

Examples Form SPA-2

Steel Price Adjustment Submission Form

| Contract Number | <u>C203394</u> | Bid Reference Month | January 2019 |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Submittal Date | August 31, 2019 | | |
| Contract Line Item | <u>237</u> | | |
| Line Item Description | SUPPORT, OVRHD SIGN STI | R -DFEB – STA 36+00 | |
| Sequential Submittal Number | <u>2</u> | | |

| Supplier | Description of material | Location | Quantity | Adjustment Date |
|------------------|--|--------------------------|----------|-------------------|
| | | information | in lbs. | |
| XYZ mill | Tubular Steel (Vertical legs) | <u>-DFEB – STA 36+00</u> | 12000 | December 11, 2021 |
| PDQ Mill | 4" Tubular steel (Horizontal legs) | <u>-DFEB – STA 36+00</u> | 5900 | December 11, 2021 |
| ABC distributing | Various channel & angle shapes (see quote) | <u>-DFEB – STA 36+00</u> | 1300 | December 11, 2021 |
| | Catwalk assembly | <u>-DFEB – STA 36+00</u> | 2000 | December 11, 2021 |
| Nucor | Flat plate | -DFEB - STA 36+00 | 650 | December 11, 2021 |
| | | Total Pounds of Steel | 21,850 | |

Note: Attach the following supporting documentation to this form.

- Bill of Lading to support the shipping dates
- Supporting information for weight documentation (e.g., Pay item reference, Shop drawings, shipping documents, Standards Sheets, industry standards, or manufacturer's data)

By providing this data under my signature, I attest to the accuracy of and validity of the data on this form and certify that no deliberate misrepresentation in any manner has occurred.

| Printed Name | Signature |
|--------------|-----------|
| | |
| | |

Price Adjustment Sample Calculation (increase)

Project bid on September 17, 2019

Line Item 635 "Structural Steel" has a plan quantity of 2,717,000 lbs.

Bidding Index for Structural Steel (Category 2) in the proposal was \$36.12/CWT = BI

450,000 lbs. of Structural Steel for Structure 2 at Station 44+08.60 were shipped to fabricator from the producing mill in same month, May 2021.

Monthly Index for Structural Steel (Category 2) for May 2021 was \$64.89/CWT = MI

The Steel Price Adjustment formula is as follows:

$$SPA = ((MI/BI) - 1) * BI * (Q/100)$$

Where; SPA = Steel price adjustment in dollars

BI = Bidding Index – in dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices as listed in the proposal.

MI = Mill Shipping Index – in dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices from the month the steel was shipped from the producing mill, received on the project, or member cast as defined in the Product Relationship Table.

Q = Quantity of steel product, in pounds (lbs.) actually incorporated into the work as documented by the Contractor, or Design Build Team and verified by the Engineer.

BI = \$36.12/CWT

MI = \$64.89 / CWT

% change = ((MI/BI)-1) = (\$64.89 / \$36.12 - 1) = (1.79651 - 1) = 0.79651162791

Q = 450,000 lbs.

SPA = 0.79651162791x \$36.12 x (450,000/100)

SPA = 0.79651162791* \$36.12 *4,500

SPA = \$129,465 pay adjustment to Contractor for Structural Steel (Structure 2 at Station 44+08.60)

Price Adjustment Sample Calculation (decrease)

Project bid on December 18, 2018

Line Item 635 Structural Steel has a plan quantity of 2,717,000 lbs.

Bidding Index for Structural Steel (Category 2) in the proposal was \$46.72/CWT = BI

600,000 lbs. of Structural Steel for Structure 1 at Station 22+57.68 were shipped to fabricator from the producing mill in same month, August 2020.

Monthly Index for Structural Steel (Category 2) for August 2020 was \$27.03/CWT = MI

The Steel Price Adjustment formula is as follows:

$$SPA = ((MI/BI) - 1) * BI * (Q/100)$$

Where; SPA = Steel price adjustment in dollars

BI = Bidding Index – in dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices as listed in the proposal.

MI = Mill Shipping Index – in dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices from the month the steel was shipped from the producing mill, received on the project, or member cast as defined in the Product Relationship Table.

Q = Quantity of steel product, in pounds (lbs.) actually incorporated into the work as documented by the Contractor, or Design Build Team and verified by the Engineer.

BI = \$46.72/ CWT

MI = \$27.03 / CWT

% change = ((MI/BI)-1) = (\$27.03/\$46.72-1) = (0.57855-1) = -0.421446917808

Q = 600,000 lbs.

SPA = -0.421446917808 * \$46.72 * (600,000/100)

SPA = -0.421446917808 * \$46.72 *6,000

SPA = \$118,140.00 Credit to the Department for Structural Steel (Structure 1 at Station 22+57.68)

Price Adjustment Sample Calculation (increase)

Project bid on July 16, 2020

Line Item 614 Reinforced Concrete Deck Slab has a plan quantity of 241974 lbs.

Bidding Index Reference Month was May 2020. Bidding Index for Reinforced Concrete Deck Slab (Category 1) in the proposal was \$29.21/CWT = BI

51,621 lbs. of reinforcing steel and 52,311 lbs. of epoxy coated reinforcing steel for Structure 2 at Station 107+45.55 -L- was shipped to fabricator from the producing mill in same month, May 2021.

Monthly Index for Reinforced Concrete Deck Slab (Category 1) for May 2021 was \$43.13/CWT = MI

The Steel Price Adjustment formula is as follows:

$$SPA = ((MI/BI) - 1) * BI * (Q/100)$$

Where; SPA = Steel price adjustment in dollars

BI = Bidding Index – in dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices as listed in the proposal.

MI = Mill Shipping Index – in dollars (\$) per hundredweight (CWT). Use the adjustment indices from the month the steel was shipped from the producing mill, received on the project, or member cast as defined in the Product Relationship Table.

Q = Quantity of steel product, in pounds (lbs.) actually incorporated into the work as documented by the Contractor, or Design Build Team and verified by the Engineer.

BI = \$29.21/CWT

MI = \$43.13 / CWT

% change = ((MI/BI)-1) = (\$43.13 / \$29.21 - 1) = (1.47655 - 1) = 0.47654912701

Q = 103932 lbs.

SPA = 0.47654912701 * \$29.21 * (103,932/100)

SPA = 0. 47654912701 * \$29.21 *1,039.32

SPA = \$14,467.33 Pay Adjustment to Contractor for Reinforced Concrete Deck Slab (Category 1) at Station 107+45.55 -L-

SCHEDULE OF ESTIMATED COMPLETION PROGRESS:

(7-15-08) (Rev. 6-20-23) 108-2 SP1 G58

The Contractor's attention is directed to the Standard Special Provision entitled *Availability of Funds Termination of Contracts* included elsewhere in this proposal. The Department of Transportation's schedule of estimated completion progress for this project as required by that Standard Special Provision is as follows:

| <u>Fiscal Year</u> | | <u>Fiscal Year</u> | <u>Progress (% of Dollar Value)</u> | | |
|--------------------|------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| | 2024 | (7/01/23 - 6/30/24) | 25% of Total Amount Bid | | |
| | 2025 | (7/01/24 - 6/30/25) | 44% of Total Amount Bid | | |
| | 2026 | (7/01/25 - 6/30/26) | 30 % of Total Amount Bid | | |
| | 2027 | (7/01/26 - 6/30/27) | 1% of Total Amount Bid | | |

The Contractor shall also furnish his own progress schedule in accordance with Article 108-2 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Any acceleration of the progress as shown by the Contractor's progress schedule over the progress as shown above shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer.

MINORITY BUSINESS ENTERPRISE AND WOMEN BUSINESS ENTERPRISE:

(10-16-07)(Rev. 8-17-21) 102-15(J) SPI G66

Description

The purpose of this Special Provision is to carry out the North Carolina Department of Transportation's policy of ensuring nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts financed in whole or in part with State funds.

Definitions

Additional MBE/WBE Subcontractors - Any MBE/WBE submitted at the time of bid that will <u>not</u> be used to meet the Combined MBE /WBE Goal. No submittal of a Letter of Intent is required.

Combined MBE/WBE Goal: A portion of the total contract, expressed as a percentage that is to be performed by committed MBE/WBE subcontractors.

Committed MBE/WBE Subcontractor - Any MBE/WBE submitted at the time of bid that is being used to meet the Combined MBE /WBE goal by submission of a Letter of Intent. Or any MBE or WBE used as a replacement for a previously committed MBE or WBE firm.

Contract Goal Requirement - The approved participation at time of award, but not greater than the advertised Combined MBE/WBE contract goal.

Goal Confirmation Letter - Written documentation from the Department to the bidder confirming the Contractor's approved, committed participation along with a listing of the committed MBE and WBE firms.

Manufacturer - A firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces on the premises, the materials or supplies obtained by the Contractor.

MBE Participation (Anticipated) - A portion of the total contract, expressed as a percentage that is anticipated to be performed by committed MBE subcontractor(s).

Minority Business Enterprise (MBE) - A firm certified as a Disadvantaged Minority-Owned Business Enterprise through the North Carolina Unified Certification Program.

Regular Dealer - A firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials or supplies required for the performance of the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold to the public in the usual course of business. A regular dealer engages in, as its principal business and in its own name, the purchase and sale or lease of the products in question. A regular dealer in such bulk items as steel, cement, gravel, stone, and petroleum products need not keep such products in stock, if it owns and operates distribution equipment for the products. Brokers and packagers are not regarded as manufacturers or regular dealers within the meaning of this section.

Replacement / Substitution – A full or partial reduction in the amount of work subcontracted to a committed (or an approved substitute) MBE/WBE firm.

North Carolina Unified Certification Program (NCUCP) - A program that provides comprehensive services and information to applicants for MBE/WBE certification. The MBE/WBE program follows the same regulations as the federal Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program in accordance with 49 CFR Part 26.

United States Department of Transportation (USDOT) - Federal agency responsible for issuing regulations (49 CFR Part 26) and official guidance for the DBE program.

WBE Participation (Anticipated) - A portion of the total contract, expressed as a percentage, that is anticipated to be performed by committed WBE subcontractor(s).

Women Business Enterprise (WBE) - A firm certified as a Disadvantaged Women-Owned Business Enterprise through the North Carolina Unified Certification Program.

Forms and Websites Referenced in this Provision

Payment Tracking System - On-line system in which the Contractor enters the payments made to MBE and WBE subcontractors who have performed work on the project. https://apps.dot.state.nc.us/Vendor/PaymentTracking/

DBE-IS Subcontractor Payment Information - Form for reporting the payments made to all MBE/WBE firms working on the project. This form is for paper bid projects only. https://connect.ncdot.gov/business/Turnpike/Documents/Form%20DBE-IS%20Subcontractor%20Payment%20Information.pdf

RF-1 *MBE/WBE Replacement Request Form* - Form for replacing a committed MBE or WBE. http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/DBE%20MBE%20WBE%20Replacement%20Request%20Form.pdf

SAF *Subcontract Approval Form* - Form required for approval to sublet the contract. http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20Forms/Subcontract%20Approval%20Form%20Rev.%202012.zip

JC-1 *Joint Check Notification Form* - Form and procedures for joint check notification. The form acts as a written joint check agreement among the parties providing full and prompt disclosure of the expected use of joint checks.

http://connect.ncdot.gov/projects/construction/Construction%20 Forms/Joint%20 Check%20 Notification%20 Form.pdf

Letter of Intent - Form signed by the Contractor and the MBE/WBE subcontractor, manufacturer or regular dealer that affirms that a portion of said contract is going to be performed by the signed MBE/WBE for the estimated amount (based on quantities and unit prices) listed at the time of bid. http://connect.ncdot.gov/letting/LetCentral/Letter%20of%20Intent%20to%20Perform%20as%20 a%20Subcontractor.pdf

Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors Form - Form for entering MBE/WBE subcontractors on a project that will meet the Combined MBE/WBE goal. This form is for paper bids only. http://connect.ncdot.gov/municipalities/Bid%20Proposals%20for%20LGA%20Content/09%20MBE-WBE%20Subcontractors%20(State).docx

Subcontractor Quote Comparison Sheet - Spreadsheet for showing all subcontractor quotes in the work areas where MBEs and WBEs quoted on the project. This sheet is submitted with good faith effort packages.

http://connect.ncdot.gov/business/SmallBusiness/Documents/DBE%20Subcontractor%20Quote%20Comparison%20Example.xls

Combined MBE/WBE Goal

The Combined MBE/WBE Goal for this project is 5.0 %

The Combined Goal was established utilizing the following anticipated participation for Minority Business Enterprises and Women Business Enterprises:

- (A) Minority Business Enterprises 2.0 %
 - (1) If the anticipated MBE participation is more than zero, the Contractor shall exercise all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that MBEs participate in at least the percent of the contract as set forth above.
 - (2) If the anticipated MBE participation is zero, the Contractor shall make an effort to recruit and use MBEs during the performance of the contract. Any MBE participation obtained shall be reported to the Department.

- (B) Women Business Enterprises 3.0 %
 - (1) If the anticipated WBE participation is more than zero, the Contractor shall exercise all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that WBEs participate in at least the percent of the contract as set forth above.
 - (2) If the anticipated WBE participation is zero, the Contractor shall make an effort to recruit and use WBEs during the performance of the contract. Any WBE participation obtained shall be reported to the Department.

The Bidder is required to submit only participation to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal. The Combined Goal may be met by submitting all MBE participation, all WBE participation, or a combination of MBE and WBE participation.

Directory of Transportation Firms (Directory)

Real-time information is available about firms doing business with the Department and firms that are certified through NCUCP in the Directory of Transportation Firms. Only firms identified in the Directory as MBE and WBE certified shall be used to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal. The Directory can be found at the following link.

https://www.ebs.nc.gov/VendorDirectory/default.html

The listing of an individual firm in the directory shall not be construed as an endorsement of the firm's capability to perform certain work.

Listing of MBE/WBE Subcontractors

At the time of bid, bidders shall submit <u>all</u> MBE and WBE participation that they anticipate to use during the life of the contract. Only those identified to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal will be considered committed, even though the listing shall include both committed MBE/WBE subcontractors and additional MBE/WBE subcontractors. Any additional MBE/WBE subcontractor participation above the goal will follow the banking guidelines found elsewhere in this provision. All other additional MBE/WBE subcontractor participation submitted at the time of bid will be used toward the Department's overall race-neutral goals. Only those firms with current MBE and WBE certification at the time of bid opening will be acceptable for listing in the bidder's submittal of MBE and WBE participation. The Contractor shall indicate the following required information:

(A) Electronic Bids

Bidders shall submit a listing of MBE and WBE participation in the appropriate section of the electronic submittal file.

(1) Submit the names and addresses of MBE and WBE firms identified to participate in the contract. If the bidder uses the updated listing of MBE and WBE firms shown in the electronic submittal file, the bidder may use the dropdown menu to access the name and address of the firms.

- (2) Submit the contract line numbers of work to be performed by each MBE and WBE firm. When no figures or firms are entered, the bidder will be considered to have no MBE or WBE participation.
- (3) The bidder shall be responsible for ensuring that the MBE and WBE are certified at the time of bid by checking the Directory of Transportation Firms. If the firm is not certified at the time of the bid-letting, that MBE's or WBE's participation will not count towards achieving the Combined MBE/WBE goal.

(B) Paper Bids

- (1) If the Combined MBE/WBE Goal is more than zero,
 - (a) Bidders, at the time the bid proposal is submitted, shall submit a listing of MBE/WBE participation, including the names and addresses on *Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors* contained elsewhere in the contract documents in order for the bid to be considered responsive. Bidders shall indicate the total dollar value of the MBE and WBE participation for the contract.
 - (b) If bidders have no MBE or WBE participation, they shall indicate this on the *Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors* by entering the word "None" or the number "0." This form shall be completed in its entirety. Blank forms will not be deemed to represent zero participation. Bids submitted that do not have MBE and WBE participation indicated on the appropriate form will not be read publicly during the opening of bids. The Department will not consider these bids for award and the proposal will be rejected.
 - (c) The bidder shall be responsible for ensuring that the MBE/WBE is certified at the time of bid by checking the Directory of Transportation Firms. If the firm is not certified at the time of the bid-letting, that MBE's or WBE's participation will not count towards achieving the Combined MBE/WBE Goal.
- (2) If the Combined MBE/WBE Goal is zero, entries on the Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors are not required for the zero goal, however any MBE or WBE participation that is achieved during the project shall be reported in accordance with requirements contained elsewhere in the special provision.

MBE or WBE Prime Contractor

When a certified MBE or WBE firm bids on a contract that contains a Combined MBE/WBE goal, the firm is responsible for meeting the goal or making good faith efforts to meet the goal, just like any other bidder. In most cases, a MBE or WBE bidder on a contract will meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal by virtue of the work it performs on the contract with its own forces. However, all the work that is performed by the MBE or WBE bidder and any other similarly certified

subcontractors will count toward the goal. The MBE or WBE bidder shall list itself along with any MBE or WBE subcontractors, if any, in order to receive credit toward the goal.

MBE/WBE prime contractors shall also follow Sections A and B listed under *Listing of MBE/WBE Subcontractor* just as a non-MBE/WBE bidder would.

Written Documentation - Letter of Intent

The bidder shall submit written documentation for each MBE/WBE that will be used to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal of the contract, indicating the bidder's commitment to use the MBE/WBE in the contract. This documentation shall be submitted on the Department's form titled *Letter of Intent*.

The documentation shall be received in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer or at DBE@ncdot.gov no later than 10:00 a.m. of the sixth calendar day following opening of bids, unless the sixth day falls on an official state holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer no later than 10:00 a.m. on the next official state business day.

If the bidder fails to submit the Letter of Intent from each committed MBE and WBE to be used toward the Combined MBE/WBE Goal, or if the form is incomplete (i.e. both signatures are not present), the MBE/WBE participation will not count toward meeting the Combined MBE/WBE Goal. If the lack of this participation drops the commitment below the Combined MBE/WBE Goal, the Contractor shall submit evidence of good faith efforts for the goal, completed in its entirety, to the State Contractor Utilization Engineer or DBE@ncdot.gov no later than 10:00 a.m. on the eighth calendar day following opening of bids, unless the eighth day falls on an official state holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer no later than 10:00 a.m. on the next official state business day.

Banking MBE/WBE Credit

If the bid of the lowest responsive bidder exceeds \$500,000 and if the committed MBE/WBE participation submitted exceeds the algebraic sum of the Combined MBE/WBE Goal by \$1,000 or more, the excess will be placed on deposit by the Department for future use by the bidder. Separate accounts will be maintained for MBE and WBE participation and these may accumulate for a period not to exceed 24 months.

When the apparent lowest responsive bidder fails to submit sufficient participation by MBE and WBE firms to meet the advertised goal, as part of the good faith effort, the Department will consider allowing the bidder to withdraw funds to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal as long as there are adequate funds available from the bidder's MBE and WBE bank accounts.

Submission of Good Faith Effort

If the bidder fails to meet or exceed the Combined MBE/WBE Goal, the apparent lowest responsive bidder shall submit to the Department documentation of adequate good faith efforts made to reach that specific goal.

A hard copy and an electronic copy of this information shall be received in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer or at DBE@ncdot.gov no later than 10:00 a.m. on the sixth calendar day following opening of bids unless the sixth day falls on an official state holiday. In that situation, it would be due in the office of the State Contractor Utilization Engineer no later than 10:00 a.m. on the next official state business day. If the contractor cannot send the information electronically, then one complete set and 5 copies of this information shall be received under the same time constraints above.

Note: Where the information submitted includes repetitious solicitation letters, it will be acceptable to submit a representative letter along with a distribution list of the firms that were solicited. Documentation of MBE/WBE quotations shall be a part of the good faith effort submittal. This documentation may include written subcontractor quotations, telephone log notations of verbal quotations, or other types of quotation documentation.

Consideration of Good Faith Effort for Projects with a Combined MBE/WBE Goal More Than Zero

Adequate good faith efforts mean that the bidder took all necessary and reasonable steps to achieve the goal which, by their scope, intensity, and appropriateness, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient MBE/WBE participation. Adequate good faith efforts also mean that the bidder actively and aggressively sought MBE/WBE participation. Mere *pro forma* efforts are not considered good faith efforts.

The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the different kinds of efforts a bidder has made. Listed below are examples of the types of actions a bidder will take in making a good faith effort to meet the goals and are not intended to be exclusive or exhaustive, nor is it intended to be a mandatory checklist.

- (A) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising, written notices, use of verifiable electronic means through the use of the NCDOT Directory of Transportation Firms) the interest of all certified MBEs/WBEs that are also prequalified subcontractors. The bidder must solicit this interest within at least 10 days prior to bid opening to allow the MBEs/WBEs to respond to the solicitation. Solicitation shall provide the opportunity to MBEs/WBEs within the Division and surrounding Divisions where the project is located. The bidder must determine with certainty if the MBEs/WBEs are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
- (B) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by MBEs/WBEs in order to increase the likelihood that the Combined MBE/WBE Goal will be achieved.
 - (1) Where appropriate, break out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate MBE/WBE participation, even when the prime contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
 - (2) Negotiate with subcontractors to assume part of the responsibility to meet the advertised goal when the work to be sublet includes potential for MBE/WBE participation (2nd and 3rd tier subcontractors).

- (C) Providing interested certified MBEs/WBEs that are also prequalified subcontractors with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
- (D) (1) Negotiating in good faith with interested MBEs/WBEs. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to MBE/WBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available MBE/WBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate MBE/WBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of MBEs/WBEs that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for MBEs/WBEs to perform the work.
 - (2) A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including MBE/WBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as the advertised goal into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using MBEs/WBEs is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a prime contractor to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidding contractors are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from MBEs/WBEs if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable.
- (E) Not rejecting MBEs/WBEs as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associates and political or social affiliations (for example, union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (F) Making efforts to assist interested MBEs/WBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or bidder.
- (G) Making efforts to assist interested MBEs/WBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- (H) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; Federal, State, and local minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of MBEs/WBEs. Contact within 7 days from the bid opening the Business Opportunity and Work Force Development Unit at BOWD@ncdot.gov to give notification of the bidder's inability to get MBE or WBE quotes.
- (I) Any other evidence that the bidder submits which shows that the bidder has made reasonable good faith efforts to meet the advertised goal.

In addition, the Department may take into account the following:

- (1) Whether the bidder's documentation reflects a clear and realistic plan for achieving the Combined MBE/WBE Goal.
- (2) The bidders' past performance in meeting the contract goal.
- (3) The performance of other bidders in meeting the advertised goal. For example, when the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the goal, but others meet it, you may reasonably raise the question of whether, with additional reasonable efforts the apparent successful bidder could have met the goal. If the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the advertised goal, but meets or exceeds the average MBE and WBE participation obtained by other bidders, the Department may view this, in conjunction with other factors, as evidence of the apparent successful bidder having made a good faith effort.

If the Department does not award the contract to the apparent lowest responsive bidder, the Department reserves the right to award the contract to the next lowest responsive bidder that can satisfy to the Department that the Combined MBE/WBE Goal can be met or that an adequate good faith effort has been made to meet the advertised goal.

Non-Good Faith Appeal

The State Prequalification Engineer will notify the contractor verbally and in writing of non-good faith. A contractor may appeal a determination of non-good faith made by the Goal Compliance Committee. If a contractor wishes to appeal the determination made by the Committee, they shall provide written notification to the State Prequalification Engineer or at DBE@ncdot.gov. The appeal shall be made within 2 business days of notification of the determination of non-good faith.

Counting MBE/WBE Participation Toward Meeting the Combined MBE/WBE Goal

(A) Participation

The total dollar value of the participation by a committed MBE/WBE will be counted toward the contract goal requirements. The total dollar value of participation by a committed MBE/WBE will be based upon the value of work actually performed by the MBE/WBE and the actual payments to MBE/WBE firms by the Contractor.

(B) Joint Checks

Prior notification of joint check use shall be required when counting MBE/WBE participation for services or purchases that involves the use of a joint check. Notification shall be through submission of Form JC-1 (*Joint Check Notification Form*) and the use of joint checks shall be in accordance with the Department's Joint Check Procedures.

(C) Subcontracts (Non-Trucking)

A MBE/WBE may enter into subcontracts. Work that a MBE subcontracts to another MBE firm may be counted toward the anticipated MBE participation. The same holds true for work that a WBE subcontracts to another WBE firm. Work that a MBE/WBE subcontracts to a non-MBE/WBE firm does not count toward the contract goal requirement. It should be noted that every effort shall be made by MBE and WBE contractors to subcontract to the same certification (i.e., MBEs to MBEs and WBEs to WBEs), in order to fulfill the MBE or WBE participation breakdown. This, however, may not always be possible due to the limitation of firms in the area. If the MBE or WBE firm shows a good faith effort has been made to reach out to similarly certified firms and there is no interest or availability, and they can get assistance from other certified firms, the Engineer will not hold the prime responsible for meeting the individual MBE or WBE breakdown. If a MBE or WBE contractor or subcontractor subcontracts a significantly greater portion of the work of the contract than would be expected on the basis of standard industry practices, it shall be presumed that the MBE or WBE is not performing a commercially useful function.

(D) Joint Venture

When a MBE or WBE performs as a participant in a joint venture, the Contractor may count toward its contract goal requirement a portion of the total value of participation with the MBE or WBE in the joint venture, that portion of the total dollar value being a distinct clearly defined portion of work that the MBE or WBE performs with its forces.

(E) Suppliers

A contractor may count toward its MBE/WBE requirement 60 percent of its expenditures for materials and supplies required to complete the contract and obtained from a MBE or WBE regular dealer and 100 percent of such expenditures from a MBE or WBE manufacturer.

(F) Manufacturers and Regular Dealers

A contractor may count toward its MBE/WBE requirement the following expenditures to MBE/WBE firms that are not manufacturers or regular dealers:

- (1) The fees or commissions charged by a MBE/WBE firm for providing a *bona fide* service, such as professional, technical, consultant, or managerial services, or for providing bonds or insurance specifically required for the performance of a DOT-assisted contract, provided the fees or commissions are determined to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees and commissions customarily allowed for similar services.
- (2) With respect to materials or supplies purchased from a MBE/WBE, which is neither a manufacturer nor a regular dealer, count the entire amount of fees or commissions charged for assistance in the procurement of the materials and supplies, or fees or transportation charges for the delivery of materials or supplies required on a job site (but not the cost of the materials and supplies themselves), provided the fees are

determined to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services.

Commercially Useful Function

(A) MBE/WBE Utilization

The Contractor may count toward its contract goal requirement only expenditures to MBEs and WBEs that perform a commercially useful function in the work of a contract. A MBE/WBE performs a commercially useful function when it is responsible for execution of the work of the contract and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. To perform a commercially useful function, the MBE/WBE shall also be responsible with respect to materials and supplies used on the contract, for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering the material and installing (where applicable) and paying for the material itself. To determine whether a MBE/WBE is performing a commercially useful function, the Department will evaluate the amount of work subcontracted, industry practices, whether the amount the firm is to be paid under the contract is commensurate with the work it is actually performing and the MBE/WBE credit claimed for its performance of the work, and any other relevant factors. If it is determined that a MBE or WBE is not performing a Commercially Useful Function, the contractor may present evidence to rebut this presumption to the Department.

(B) MBE/WBE Utilization in Trucking

The following factors will be used to determine if a MBE or WBE trucking firm is performing a commercially useful function:

- (1) The MBE/WBE shall be responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible on a particular contract, and there shall not be a contrived arrangement for the purpose of meeting the Combined MBE/WBE Goal.
- (2) The MBE/WBE shall itself own and operate at least one fully licensed, insured, and operational truck used on the contract.
- (3) The MBE/WBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services it provides on the contract using trucks it owns, insures, and operates using drivers it employs.
- (4) The MBE may subcontract the work to another MBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a MBE. The same holds true that a WBE may subcontract the work to another WBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a WBE. When this occurs, the MBE or WBE who subcontracts work receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the subcontracted MBE or WBE provides on the contract. It should be noted that every effort shall be made by MBE and WBE contractors to subcontract to the same certification (i.e.,

MBEs to MBEs and WBEs to WBEs), in order to fulfill the participation breakdown. This, however, may not always be possible due to the limitation of firms in the area. If the MBE or WBE firm shows a good faith effort has been made to reach out to similarly certified transportation service providers and there is no interest or availability, and they can get assistance from other certified providers, the Engineer will not hold the prime responsible for meeting the individual MBE or WBE participation breakdown.

- (5) The MBE/WBE may also subcontract the work to a non-MBE/WBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The MBE/WBE who subcontracts the work to a non-MBE/WBE is entitled to credit for the total value of transportation services provided by the non-MBE/WBE subcontractor not to exceed the value of transportation services provided by MBE/WBE-owned trucks on the contract. Additional participation by non-MBE/WBE subcontractors receives credit only for the fee or commission it receives as a result of the subcontract arrangement. The value of services performed under subcontract agreements between the MBE/WBE and the Contractor will not count towards the MBE/WBE contract requirement.
- (6) A MBE/WBE may lease truck(s) from an established equipment leasing business open to the general public. The lease must indicate that the MBE/WBE has exclusive use of and control over the truck. This requirement does not preclude the leased truck from working for others during the term of the lease with the consent of the MBE/WBE, so long as the lease gives the MBE/WBE absolute priority for use of the leased truck. This type of lease may count toward the MBE/WBE's credit as long as the driver is under the MBE/WBE's payroll.
- (7) Subcontracted/leased trucks shall display clearly on the dashboard the name of the MBE/WBE that they are subcontracted/leased to and their own company name if it is not identified on the truck itself. Magnetic door signs are not permitted.

MBE/WBE Replacement

When a Contractor has relied on a commitment to a MBE or WBE subcontractor (or an approved substitute MBE or WBE subcontractor) to meet all or part of a contract goal requirement, the contractor shall not terminate the MBE/WBE subcontractor for convenience. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform the work of the terminated subcontractor with another MBE/WBE subcontractor, a non-MBE/WBE subcontractor, or with the Contractor's own forces or those of an affiliate.

The Contractor must give notice in writing both by certified mail and email to the MBE/WBE subcontractor, with a copy to the Engineer of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute, and the reason for the request. The Contractor must give the MBE/WBE subcontractor five (5) business days to respond to the Contractor's Notice of Intent to Request Termination and/or Substitution. If the MBE/WBE subcontractor objects to the intended termination/substitution, the MBE/WBE, within five (5) business days must advise the Contractor and the Department of the reasons why the action should not be approved. The five-day notice period shall begin on the next business day after written notice is provided to the MBE/WBE subcontractor.

A committed MBE/WBE subcontractor may only be terminated after receiving the Department's written approval based upon a finding of good cause for the proposed termination and/or substitution. For purposes of this section, good cause shall include the following circumstances:

- (a) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (b) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the MBE/WBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the prime contractor;
- (c) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- (d) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness;
- (e) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant to 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1,200 or applicable state law:
- (f) The listed MBE/WBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (g) The listed MBE/WBE voluntarily withdraws from the project and provides written notice of withdrawal;
- (h) The listed MBE/WBE is ineligible to receive MBE/WBE credit for the type of work required;
- (i) A MBE/WBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed MBE/WBE contractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (j) Other documented good cause that compels the termination of the MBE/WBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the prime contractor seeks to terminate a MBE/WBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the prime contractor can self-perform the work for which the MBE/WBE contractor was engaged or so that the prime contractor can substitute another MBE/WBE or non-MBE/WBE contractor after contract award.

The Contractor shall comply with the following for replacement of a committed MBE/WBE:

(A) Performance Related Replacement

When a committed MBE/WBE is terminated for good cause as stated above, an additional MBE/WBE that was submitted at the time of bid may be used to fulfill the MBE/WBE commitment to meet the Combined MBE/WBE Goal. A good faith effort will only be required for removing a committed MBE/WBE if there were no additional MBE/WBEs submitted at the time of bid to cover the same amount of work as the MBE/WBE that was terminated.

If a replacement MBE/WBE is not found that can perform at least the same amount of work as the terminated MBE/WBE, the Contractor shall submit a good faith effort documenting the steps taken. Such documentation shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- (1) Copies of written notification to MBE/WBEs that their interest is solicited in contracting the work defaulted by the previous MBE/WBE or in subcontracting other items of work in the contract.
- (2) Efforts to negotiate with MBE/WBEs for specific subbids including, at a minimum:

- (a) The names, addresses, and telephone numbers of MBE/WBEs who were contacted.
- (b) A description of the information provided to MBE/WBEs regarding the plans and specifications for portions of the work to be performed.
- (3) A list of reasons why MBE/WBE quotes were not accepted.
- (4) Efforts made to assist the MBE/WBEs contacted, if needed, in obtaining bonding or insurance required by the Contractor.

(B) Decertification Replacement

- (1) When a committed MBE/WBE is decertified by the Department after the SAF (Subcontract Approval Form) has been received by the Department, the Department will not require the Contractor to solicit replacement MBE/WBE participation equal to the remaining work to be performed by the decertified firm. The participation equal to the remaining work performed by the decertified firm will count toward the contract goal requirement.
- When a committed MBE/WBE is decertified prior to the Department receiving the SAF (*Subcontract Approval Form*) for the named MBE/WBE firm, the Contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to replace the MBE/WBE subcontractor with another MBE/WBE subcontractor to perform at least the same amount of work to meet the Combined MBE/WBE goal requirement. If a MBE/WBE firm is not found to do the same amount of work, a good faith effort must be submitted to NCDOT (see A herein for required documentation).
- (3) Exception: If the MBE/WBE's ineligibility is caused solely by its having exceeded the size standard during the performance of the contract, the Department will not require the Contractor to solicit replacement MBE/WBE participation equal to the remaining work to be performed by the decertified firm. The participation equal to the remaining work performed by the decertified firm will count toward the contract goal requirement and overall goal.

All requests for replacement of a committed MBE/WBE firm shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval on Form RF-1 (DBE Replacement Request). If the Contractor fails to follow this procedure, the Contractor may be disqualified from further bidding for a period of up to 6 months.

Changes in the Work

When the Engineer makes changes that result in the reduction or elimination of work to be performed by a committed MBE/WBE, the Contractor will not be required to seek additional participation. When the Engineer makes changes that result in additional work to be performed by a MBE/WBE based upon the Contractor's commitment, the MBE/WBE shall participate in additional work to the same extent as the MBE/WBE participated in the original contract work.

When the Engineer makes changes that result in extra work, which has more than a minimal impact on the contract amount, the Contractor shall seek additional participation by MBEs/WBEs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

When the Engineer makes changes that result in an alteration of plans or details of construction, and a portion or all of the work had been expected to be performed by a committed MBE/WBE, the Contractor shall seek participation by MBEs/WBEs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

When the Contractor requests changes in the work that result in the reduction or elimination of work that the Contractor committed to be performed by a MBE/WBE, the Contractor shall seek additional participation by MBEs/WBEs equal to the reduced MBE/WBE participation caused by the changes.

Reports and Documentation

A SAF (Subcontract Approval Form) shall be submitted for all work which is to be performed by a MBE/WBE subcontractor. The Department reserves the right to require copies of actual subcontract agreements involving MBE/WBE subcontractors.

When using transportation services to meet the contract commitment, the Contractor shall submit a proposed trucking plan in addition to the SAF. The plan shall be submitted prior to beginning construction on the project. The plan shall include the names of all trucking firms proposed for use, their certification type(s), the number of trucks owned by the firm, as well as the individual truck identification numbers, and the line item(s) being performed.

Within 30 calendar days of entering into an agreement with a MBE/WBE for materials, supplies or services, not otherwise documented by the SAF as specified above, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the agreement. The documentation shall also indicate the percentage (60% or 100%) of expenditures claimed for MBE/WBE credit.

Reporting Minority and Women Business Enterprise Participation

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with an accounting of payments made to all MBE/WBE firms, including material suppliers and contractors at all levels (prime, subcontractor, or second tier subcontractor). This accounting shall be furnished to the Engineer for any given month by the end of the following month. Failure to submit this information accordingly may result in the following action:

- (A) Withholding of money due in the next partial pay estimate; or
- (B) Removal of an approved contractor from the prequalified bidders' list or the removal of other entities from the approved subcontractors list.

While each contractor (prime, subcontractor, 2nd tier subcontractor) is responsible for accurate accounting of payments to MBEs/WBEs, it shall be the prime contractor's responsibility to report all monthly and final payment information in the correct reporting manner.

Failure on the part of the Contractor to submit the required information in the time frame specified may result in the disqualification of that contractor and any affiliate companies from further bidding until the required information is submitted.

Failure on the part of any subcontractor to submit the required information in the time frame specified may result in the disqualification of that contractor and any affiliate companies from being approved for work on future DOT projects until the required information is submitted.

Contractors reporting transportation services provided by non-MBE/WBE lessees shall evaluate the value of services provided during the month of the reporting period only.

At any time, the Engineer can request written verification of subcontractor payments.

The Contractor shall report the accounting of payments through the Department's Payment Tracking System.

Failure to Meet Contract Requirements

Failure to meet contract requirements in accordance with Subarticle 102-15(J) of the 2018 Standard Specifications may be cause to disqualify the Contractor.

CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE REQUIREMENTS: 102-14

SP1 G88

If the successful bidder does not hold the proper license to perform any plumbing, heating, air conditioning, or electrical work in this contract, he will be required to sublet such work to a contractor properly licensed in accordance with Article 2 of Chapter 87 of the General Statutes (licensing of heating, plumbing, and air conditioning contractors) and Article 4 of Chapter 87 of the General Statutes (licensing of electrical contractors).

RESTRICTIONS ON ITS EQUIPMENT AND SERVICES:

SP01 G090

All telecommunications, video or other ITS equipment or services installed or utilized on this project must be in conformance with UNIFORM ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS, COST PRINCIPLES, AND AUDIT REQUIREMENTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR, § 200.216 Prohibition on certain telecommunications and video surveillance services or equipment.

USE OF UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM (UAS):

(8-20-19) SP1 G092

The Contractor shall adhere to all Federal, State and Local regulations and guidelines for the use of Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS). This includes but is not limited to US 14 CFR Part 107 Small UAS Rule, NC GS 15A-300.2 Regulation of launch and recovery sites, NC GS 63-95 Training required for the operation of unmanned aircraft systems, NC GS 63-96 Permit required for commercial operation of unmanned aircraft system, and NCDOT UAS Policy. The required operator certifications include possessing a current Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Remote Pilot Certificate, a NC UAS Operator Permit as well as operating a UAS registered with the FAA.

Prior to beginning operations, the Contractor shall complete the NCDOT UAS – Flight Operation Approval Form and submit it to the Engineer for approval. All UAS operations shall be approved by the Engineer prior to beginning the operations.

All contractors or subcontractors operating UAS shall have UAS specific general liability insurance to cover all operations under this contract.

The use of UAS is at the Contractor's discretion. No measurement or payment will be made for the use of UAS. In the event that the Department directs the Contractor to utilize UAS, payment will be in accordance with Article 104-7 Extra Work.

EQUIPMENT IDLING GUIDELINES:

(1-19-21)

SP1 G096

Exercise reduced fuel consumption and reduced equipment emissions during the construction of all work associated with this contract. Employees engaged in the construction of this project should turn off vehicles when stopped for more than thirty (30) minutes and off-highway equipment should idle no longer than fifteen (15) consecutive minutes.

These guidelines for turning off vehicles and equipment when idling do not apply to:

- 1. Idling when queuing.
- 2. Idling to verify the vehicle is in safe operating condition.
- 3. Idling for testing, servicing, repairing or diagnostic purposes.
- 4. Idling necessary to accomplish work for which the vehicle was designed (such as operating a crane, mixing concrete, etc.).
- 5. Idling required to bring the machine system to operating temperature.
- 6. Emergency vehicles, utility company, construction, and maintenance vehicles where the engines must run to perform needed work.
- 7. Idling to ensure safe operation of the vehicle.
- 8. Idling when the propulsion engine is providing auxiliary power for other than heating or air conditioning. (such as hydraulic systems for pavers)
- 9. When specific traffic, safety, or emergency situations arise.
- 10. If the ambient temperature is less than 32 degrees Fahrenheit. Limited idling to provide for the safety of vehicle occupants (e.g. to run the heater).
- 11. If the ambient temperature is greater than 90 degrees Fahrenheit. Limited idling to provide for the safety of vehicle occupants of off-highway equipment (e.g. to run the air conditioning) no more than 30 minutes.
- 12. Diesel powered vehicles may idle for up to 30 minutes to minimize restart problems. Any vehicle, truck, or equipment in which the primary source of fuel is natural gas or electricity is exempt from the idling limitations set forth in this special provision.

SUBSURFACE INFORMATION:

(7-1-95)(Rev. 8-16-22) SP1 G112 A

Subsurface information is available on the roadway portion of this project.

MAINTENANCE OF THE PROJECT:

(11-20-07) (Rev. 1-17-12) 104-10 SPI G125

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-39, Article 104-10 Maintenance of the Project, line 25, add the following after the first sentence of the first paragraph:

All guardrail/guiderail within the project limits shall be included in this maintenance.

Page 1-39, Article 104-10 Maintenance of the Project, line 30, add the following as the last sentence of the first paragraph:

The Contractor shall perform weekly inspections of guardrail and guiderail and shall report damages to the Engineer on the same day of the weekly inspection. Where damaged guardrail or guiderail is repaired or replaced as a result of maintaining the project in accordance with this article, such repair or replacement shall be performed within 7 consecutive calendar days of such inspection report.

Page 1-39, Article 104-10 Maintenance of the Project, lines 42-44, replace the last sentence of the last paragraph with the following:

The Contractor will not be directly compensated for any maintenance operations necessary, except for maintenance of guardrail/guiderail, as this work will be considered incidental to the work covered by the various contract items. The provisions of Article 104-7, Extra Work, and Article 104-8, Compensation and Record Keeping will apply to authorized maintenance of guardrail/guiderail. Performance of weekly inspections of guardrail/guiderail, and the damage reports required as described above, will be considered to be an incidental part of the work being paid for by the various contract items.

ELECTRONIC BIDDING:

(2-19-19) 101, 102, 103 SPI G140

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-4, Article 101-3, DEFINITIONS, BID (OR PROPOSAL) *Electronic Bid*, line 1, replace "Bid Express®" with "the approved electronic bidding provider".

Page 1-15, Subarticle 102-8(B), Electronic Bids, lines 39-40, replace "to Bid Express®" with "via the approved electronic bidding provider".

Page 1-15, Subarticle 102-8(B)(1), Electronic Bids, line 41, delete "from Bid Express®"

Page 1-17, Subarticle 102-9(C)(2), Electronic Bids, line 21, replace "Bid Express® miscellaneous folder within the .ebs" with "electronic submittal".

Page 1-29, Subarticle 103-4(C)(2), Electronic Bids, line 32, replace ".ebs miscellaneous data file of Expedite" with "electronic submittal file"

AWARD LIMITS:

(4-19-22) 103 SP1 G141

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-29, Subarticle 103-4(C), Award Limits, line 4-8, delete and replace the first sentence in the first paragraph with the following:

A bidder who desires to bid on more than one project on which bids are to be opened in the same letting and who desires to avoid receiving an award of more projects than he is equipped to handle, may bid on any number of projects but may limit the total amount of work awarded to him on selected projects by completing the form Award Limits on Multiple Projects for each project subject to the award limit.

TWELVE MONTH GUARANTEE:

(7-15-03) 108 SP1 G145

- (A) The Contractor shall guarantee materials and workmanship against latent and patent defects arising from faulty materials, faulty workmanship or negligence for a period of twelve months following the date of final acceptance of the work for maintenance and shall replace such defective materials and workmanship without cost to the Department. The Contractor will not be responsible for damage due to faulty design, normal wear and tear, for negligence on the part of the Department, and/or for use in excess of the design.
- (B) Where items of equipment or material carry a manufacturer's guarantee for any period in excess of twelve months, then the manufacturer's guarantee shall apply for that particular piece of equipment or material. The Department's first remedy shall be through the manufacturer although the Contractor is responsible for invoking the warranted repair work with the manufacturer. The Contractor's responsibility shall be limited to the term of the manufacturer's guarantee. NCDOT would be afforded the same warranty as provided by the Manufacturer.

This guarantee provision shall be invoked only for major components of work in which the Contractor would be wholly responsible for under the terms of the contract. Examples would include pavement structures, bridge components, and sign structures. This provision will not be used as a mechanism to force the Contractor to return to the project to make repairs or perform additional work that the Department would normally compensate the Contractor for. In addition, routine maintenance activities (i.e. mowing grass, debris removal, ruts in earth shoulders,) are not parts of this guarantee.

Appropriate provisions of the payment and/or performance bonds shall cover this guarantee for the project.

To ensure uniform application statewide the Division Engineer will forward details regarding the circumstances surrounding any proposed guarantee repairs to the Chief Engineer for review and approval prior to the work being performed.

OUTSOURCING OUTSIDE THE USA:

(9-21-04) (Rev. 5-16-06) SP1 G150

All work on consultant contracts, services contracts, and construction contracts shall be performed in the United States of America. No work shall be outsourced outside of the United States of America.

Outsourcing for the purpose of this provision is defined as the practice of subcontracting labor, work, services, staffing, or personnel to entities located outside of the United States.

The North Carolina Secretary of Transportation shall approve exceptions to this provision in writing.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL/STORMWATER CERTIFICATION:

(1-16-07) (Rev 12-15-20)

105-16, 225-2, 16

SP1 G180

General

Schedule and conduct construction activities in a manner that will minimize soil erosion and the resulting sedimentation and turbidity of surface waters. Comply with the requirements herein regardless of whether or not a National Pollution discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit for the work is required.

Establish a chain of responsibility for operations and subcontractors' operations to ensure that the *Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan* is implemented and maintained over the life of the contract.

- (A) Certified Supervisor Provide a certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor to manage the Contractor and subcontractor operations, insure compliance with Federal, State and Local ordinances and regulations, and manage the Quality Control Program.
- (B) Certified Foreman Provide a certified, trained foreman for each construction operation that increases the potential for soil erosion or the possible sedimentation and turbidity of surface waters.
- (C) Certified Installer Provide a certified installer to install or direct the installation for erosion or sediment/stormwater control practices.
- (D) Certified Designer Provide a certified designer for the design of the erosion and sediment control/stormwater component of reclamation plans and, if applicable, for the design of the project erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan.

Roles and Responsibilities

(A) Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor - The Certified Supervisor shall be Level II and responsible for ensuring the erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan is adequately implemented and maintained on the project and for conducting the quality control program. The Certified Supervisor shall be on the project within 24 hours

notice from initial exposure of an erodible surface to the project's final acceptance. Perform the following duties:

- (1) Manage Operations Coordinate and schedule the work of subcontractors so that erosion and sediment control/stormwater measures are fully executed for each operation and in a timely manner over the duration of the contract.
 - (a) Oversee the work of subcontractors so that appropriate erosion and sediment control/stormwater preventive measures are conformed to at each stage of the work.
 - (b) Prepare the required National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Inspection Record and submit to the Engineer.
 - (c) Attend all weekly or monthly construction meetings to discuss the findings of the NPDES inspection and other related issues.
 - (d) Implement the erosion and sediment control/stormwater site plans requested.
 - (e) Provide any needed erosion and sediment control/stormwater practices for the Contractor's temporary work not shown on the plans, such as, but not limited to work platforms, temporary construction, pumping operations, plant and storage yards, and cofferdams.
 - (f) Acquire applicable permits and comply with requirements for borrow pits, dewatering, and any temporary work conducted by the Contractor in jurisdictional areas.
 - (g) Conduct all erosion and sediment control/stormwater work in a timely and workmanlike manner.
 - (h) Fully perform and install erosion and sediment control/stormwater work prior to any suspension of the work.
 - (i) Coordinate with Department, Federal, State and Local Regulatory agencies on resolution of erosion and sediment control/stormwater issues due to the Contractor's operations.
 - (j) Ensure that proper cleanup occurs from vehicle tracking on paved surfaces or any location where sediment leaves the Right-of-Way.
 - (k) Have available a set of erosion and sediment control/stormwater plans that are initialed and include the installation date of Best Management Practices. These practices shall include temporary and permanent groundcover and be properly updated to reflect necessary plan and field changes for use and review by Department personnel as well as regulatory agencies.
- (2) Requirements set forth under the NPDES Permit The Department's NPDES Stormwater permit (NCS000250) outlines certain objectives and management measures pertaining to construction activities. The permit references NCG010000, General Permit to Discharge Stormwater under the NPDES, and states that the Department shall incorporate the applicable requirements into its delegated Erosion and Sediment Control Program for construction activities disturbing one or more acres of land. The Department further incorporates these requirements on all contracted bridge and culvert work at jurisdictional waters, regardless of size. Some of the requirements are, but are not limited to:

- (a) Control project site waste to prevent contamination of surface or ground waters of the state, i.e. from equipment operation/maintenance, construction materials, concrete washout, chemicals, litter, fuels, lubricants, coolants, hydraulic fluids, any other petroleum products, and sanitary waste.
- (b) Inspect erosion and sediment control/stormwater devices and stormwater discharge outfalls at least once every 7 calendar days and within 24 hours after a rainfall event equal to or greater than 1.0 inch that occurs within a 24 hour period. Additional monitoring may be required at the discretion of Division of Water Resources personnel if the receiving stream is 303(d) listed for turbidity and the project has had documented problems managing turbidity.
- (c) Maintain an onsite rain gauge or use the Department's Multi-Sensor Precipitation Estimate website to maintain a daily record of rainfall amounts and dates.
- (d) Maintain erosion and sediment control/stormwater inspection records for review by Department and Regulatory personnel upon request.
- (e) Implement approved reclamation plans on all borrow pits, waste sites and staging areas.
- (f) Maintain a log of turbidity test results as outlined in the Department's Procedure for Monitoring Borrow Pit Discharge.
- (g) Provide secondary containment for bulk storage of liquid materials.
- (h) Provide training for employees concerning general erosion and sediment control/stormwater awareness, the Department's NPDES Stormwater Permit NCS000250 requirements, and the applicable requirements of the *General Permit, NCG010000*.
- (i) Report violations of the NPDES permit to the Engineer immediately who will notify the Division of Water Quality Regional Office within 24 hours of becoming aware of the violation.
- (3) Quality Control Program Maintain a quality control program to control erosion, prevent sedimentation and follow provisions/conditions of permits. The quality control program shall:
 - (a) Follow permit requirements related to the Contractor and subcontractors' construction activities.
 - (b) Ensure that all operators and subcontractors on site have the proper erosion and sediment control/stormwater certification.
 - (c) Notify the Engineer when the required certified erosion and sediment control/stormwater personnel are not available on the job site when needed.
 - (d) Conduct the inspections required by the NPDES permit.
 - (e) Take corrective actions in the proper timeframe as required by the NPDES permit for problem areas identified during the NPDES inspections.
 - (f) Incorporate erosion control into the work in a timely manner and stabilize disturbed areas with mulch/seed or vegetative cover on a section-by-section basis.
 - (g) Use flocculants approved by state regulatory authorities where appropriate and where required for turbidity and sedimentation reduction.

- (h) Ensure proper installation and maintenance of temporary erosion and sediment control devices.
- (i) Remove temporary erosion or sediment control devices when they are no longer necessary as agreed upon by the Engineer.
- (j) The Contractor's quality control and inspection procedures shall be subject to review by the Engineer. Maintain NPDES inspection records and make records available at all times for verification by the Engineer.
- (B) Certified Foreman At least one Certified Foreman shall be onsite for each type of work listed herein during the respective construction activities to control erosion, prevent sedimentation and follow permit provisions:
 - (1) Foreman in charge of grading activities
 - (2) Foreman in charge of bridge or culvert construction over jurisdictional areas
 - (3) Foreman in charge of utility activities

The Contractor may request to use the same person as the Level II Supervisor and Level II Foreman. This person shall be onsite whenever construction activities as described above are taking place. This request shall be approved by the Engineer prior to work beginning.

The Contractor may request to name a single Level II Foreman to oversee multiple construction activities on small bridge or culvert replacement projects. This request shall be approved by the Engineer prior to work beginning.

- (C) *Certified Installers* Provide at least one onsite, Level I Certified Installer for each of the following erosion and sediment control/stormwater crew:
 - (1) Seeding and Mulching
 - (2) Temporary Seeding
 - (3) Temporary Mulching
 - (4) Sodding
 - (5) Silt fence or other perimeter erosion/sediment control device installations
 - (6) Erosion control blanket installation
 - (7) Hydraulic tackifier installation
 - (8) Turbidity curtain installation
 - (9) Rock ditch check/sediment dam installation
 - (10) Ditch liner/matting installation
 - (11) Inlet protection
 - (12) Riprap placement
 - (13) Stormwater BMP installations (such as but not limited to level spreaders, retention/detention devices)
 - (14) Pipe installations within jurisdictional areas

If a Level I *Certified Installer* is not onsite, the Contractor may substitute a Level II Foreman for a Level I Installer, provided the Level II Foreman is not tasked to another crew requiring Level II Foreman oversight.

(D) Certified Designer - Include the certification number of the Level III Certified Designer on the erosion and sediment control/stormwater component of all reclamation plans and if applicable, the certification number of the Level III Certified Designer on the design of the project erosion and sediment control/stormwater plan.

Preconstruction Meeting

Furnish the names of the Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor, Certified Foremen, Certified Installers and Certified Designer and notify the Engineer of changes in certified personnel over the life of the contract within 2 days of change.

Ethical Responsibility

Any company performing work for the North Carolina Department of Transportation has the ethical responsibility to fully disclose any reprimand or dismissal of an employee resulting from improper testing or falsification of records.

Revocation or Suspension of Certification

Upon recommendation of the Chief Engineer to the certification entity, certification for *Supervisor*, *Certified Foremen*, *Certified Installers* and *Certified Designer* may be revoked or suspended with the issuance of an *Immediate Corrective Action (ICA)*, *Notice of Violation (NOV)*, or *Cease and Desist Order* for erosion and sediment control/stormwater related issues.

The Chief Engineer may recommend suspension or permanent revocation of certification due to the following:

- (A) Failure to adequately perform the duties as defined within this certification provision.
- (B) Issuance of an ICA, NOV, or Cease and Desist Order.
- (C) Failure to fully perform environmental commitments as detailed within the permit conditions and specifications.
- (D) Demonstration of erroneous documentation or reporting techniques.
- (E) Cheating or copying another candidate's work on an examination.
- (F) Intentional falsification of records.
- (G) Directing a subordinate under direct or indirect supervision to perform any of the above actions.
- (H) Dismissal from a company for any of the above reasons.
- (I) Suspension or revocation of one's certification by another entity.

Suspension or revocation of a certification will be sent by certified mail to the certificant and the Corporate Head of the company that employs the certificant.

A certificant has the right to appeal any adverse action which results in suspension or permanent revocation of certification by responding, in writing, to the Chief Engineer within 10 calendar days after receiving notice of the proposed adverse action.

Chief Engineer 1536 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1536

Failure to appeal within 10 calendar days will result in the proposed adverse action becoming effective on the date specified on the certified notice. Failure to appeal within the time specified will result in a waiver of all future appeal rights regarding the adverse action taken. The certificant will not be allowed to perform duties associated with the certification during the appeal process.

The Chief Engineer will hear the appeal and make a decision within 7 days of hearing the appeal. Decision of the Chief Engineer will be final and will be made in writing to the certificant.

If a certification is temporarily suspended, the certificant shall pass any applicable written examination and any proficiency examination, at the conclusion of the specified suspension period, prior to having the certification reinstated.

Measurement and Payment

Certified Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Supervisor, Certified Foremen, Certified Installers and Certified Designer will be incidental to the project for which no direct compensation will be made.

PROCEDURE FOR MONITORING BORROW PIT DISCHARGE:

(2-20-07) (Rev. 4-5-19)

105-16, 230, 801

SP1 G181

Water discharge from borrow pit sites shall not cause surface waters to exceed 50 NTUs (nephelometric turbidity unit) in streams not designated as trout waters and 10 NTUs in streams, lakes or reservoirs designated as trout waters. For lakes and reservoirs not designated as trout waters, the turbidity shall not exceed 25 NTUs. If the turbidity exceeds these levels due to natural background conditions, the existing turbidity level shall not be increased.

If during any operating day, the downstream water quality exceeds the standard, the Contractor shall do all of the following:

- (A) Either cease discharge or modify the discharge volume or turbidity levels to bring the downstream turbidity levels into compliance, or
- (B) Evaluate the upstream conditions to determine if the exceedance of the standard is due to natural background conditions. If the background turbidity measurements exceed the standard, operation of the pit and discharge can continue as long as the stream turbidity levels are not increased due to the discharge.
- (C) Measure and record the turbidity test results (time, date and sampler) at all defined sampling locations 30 minutes after startup and at a minimum, one additional sampling of all sampling locations during that 24-hour period in which the borrow pit is discharging.
- (D) Notify DWQ within 24 hours of any stream turbidity standard exceedances that are not brought into compliance.

During the Environmental Assessment required by Article 230-4 of the 2018 Standard Specifications, the Contractor shall define the point at which the discharge enters into the State's surface waters and the appropriate sampling locations. Sampling locations shall include points upstream and downstream from the point at which the discharge enters these waters. Upstream sampling location shall be located so that it is not influenced by backwater conditions and represents natural background conditions. Downstream sampling location shall be located at the point where complete mixing of the discharge and receiving water has occurred.

The discharge shall be closely monitored when water from the dewatering activities is introduced into jurisdictional wetlands. Any time visible sedimentation (deposition of sediment) on the wetland surface is observed, the dewatering activity will be suspended until turbidity levels in the stilling basin can be reduced to a level where sediment deposition does not occur. Staining of wetland surfaces from suspended clay particles, occurring after evaporation or infiltration, does not constitute sedimentation. No activities shall occur in wetlands that adversely affect the functioning of a wetland. Visible sedimentation will be considered an indication of possible adverse impacts on wetland use.

The Engineer will perform independent turbidity tests on a random basis. These results will be maintained in a log within the project records. Records will include, at a minimum, turbidity test results, time, date and name of sampler. Should the Department's test results exceed those of the Contractor's test results, an immediate test shall be performed jointly with the results superseding the previous test results of both the Department and the Contractor.

The Contractor shall use the NCDOT Turbidity Reduction Options for Borrow Pits Matrix, available at https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/roadside/FieldOperationsDocuments/TurbidityReductionOptionSheet.pdf to plan, design, construct, and maintain BMPs to address water quality standards. Tier I Methods include stilling basins which are standard compensatory BMPs. Other Tier I methods are noncompensatory and shall be used when needed to meet the stream turbidity standards. Tier II Methods are also noncompensatory and are options that may be needed for protection of rare or unique resources or where special environmental conditions exist at the site which have led to additional requirements being placed in the DWQ's 401 Certifications and approval letters, Isolated Wetland Permits, Riparian Buffer Authorization or a DOT Reclamation Plan's Environmental Assessment for the specific site. Should the Contractor exhaust all Tier I Methods on a site exclusive of rare or unique resources or special environmental conditions, Tier II Methods may be required by regulators on a case by case basis per supplemental agreement.

The Contractor may use cation exchange capacity (CEC) values from proposed site borings to plan and develop the bid for the project. CEC values exceeding 15 milliequivalents per 100 grams of soil may indicate a high potential for turbidity and should be avoided when dewatering into surface water is proposed.

No additional compensation for monitoring borrow pit discharge will be paid.

NOTES TO CONTRACTOR:

The Contractor's attention is directed to the Modification to Conference Opinion and the Conference Opinion for the Extension of Macy Grove Road from North Main Street (NC 150) to

Piney Grove Road (SR 1969) in Kernersville, Forsyth County, North Carolina document(s) found as an additional resource on the Departments Bidding and Letting site <u>Central Letting Details</u> (<u>ncdot.gov</u>). This document will be reviewed and discussed at the Environmental Preconstruction meeting the Department will facilitate onsite prior to ground disturbing activities.

The Department will facilitate an Environmental Preconstruction meeting on the project site prior to any ground disturbing activities. The Department will provide a biologist with knowledge of bat biology and the Conference Opinion for onsite training. The prime contractor and clearing subcontractor shall attend this on-site training to review requirements of the Conference Opinion, species biological needs and how to report any wildlife observations.

No blasting shall occur at night.

Blast monitoring shall be required per NCDOT's Section 220 Standard Specifications if within 1000 feet of a utility or structure but is not limited to an adjacent structure and may be in excess of 1000 feet and includes using seismographs capable of measuring air overpressure and vibration in the vertical, longitudinal, and transverse directions at the closet utility or structure to each blast.

Blast mats or soil cover shall be used for all blasts.

Tree Clearing shall be minimized to what is required to implement the project safely.

Lighting used for nighttime construction shall be limited to what is necessary to maintain safety standards. Temporary lighting shall only direct light towards active work areas except in instances necessitating balloon lighting.

Fell as many trees as possible prior to April 1. Fell all trees prior to June 1.

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

ROADWAY

CLEARING AND GRUBBING - METHOD III:

(4-6-06) (Rev.8-18-15) 200

SP2 R02B

Perform clearing on this project to the limits established by Method "III" shown on Standard Drawing No. 200.03 of the 2018 Roadway Standard Drawings. Conventional clearing methods may be used except where permit drawings or conditions have been included in the proposal which require certain areas to be cleared by hand methods.

BURNING RESTRICTIONS:

(7-1-95) 200, 210, 215 SP2 R05

Open burning is not permitted on any portion of the right-of-way limits established for this project. Do not burn the clearing, grubbing or demolition debris designated for disposal and generated from the project at locations within the project limits, off the project limits or at any waste or borrow sites in this county. Dispose of the clearing, grubbing and demolition debris by means other than burning, according to state or local rules and regulations.

SHOULDER AND FILL SLOPE MATERIAL:

(5-21-02) 235, 560

SP2 R45 A

Description

Perform the required shoulder and slope construction for this project in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 560 and Section 235 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Measurement and Payment

Where the material has been obtained from an authorized stockpile or from a borrow source and *Borrow Excavation* is not included in the contract, no direct payment will be made for this work, as the cost of this work will be part of the work being paid at the contract lump sum price for *Grading*. If *Borrow Excavation* is included in this contract and the material has been obtained from an authorized stockpile or from a borrow source, measurement and payment will be as provided in Section 230 of the 2018 Standard Specifications for Borrow Excavation.

CORRUGATED ALUMINUM ALLOY CULVERT PIPE:

(9-21-21) 305, 310 SP3 R34

Revise the *Standard Specifications* as follows:

Page 3-5, Article 305-2, MATERIALS, add the following after line 16:

| Item | Section |
|------------------|---------|
| Waterborne Paint | 1080-9 |
| Hot Bitumen | 1081-3 |

Page 3-5, Article 305-3, CONSTRUCTION METHODS, add the following after line 24:

Coating must be applied to the aluminum when in contact with concrete. Immediately prior to coating, aluminum surfaces to be coated shall be cleaned by a method that will remove all dirt, oil, grease, chips, and other foreign substances. Aluminum to be coated shall be given one coat of suitable quality coating such as:

Approved Waterborne paint (Section 1080-9) Approved Hot Bitumen (Section 1081-3)

Other coating materials may be submitted to the Engineer for approval.

Page 3-7, Article 310-6, MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, lines 6-11, delete the fourth sentence and replace with the following:

Select bedding and backfill material and coating will be included in the cost of the installed pipe. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all materials, labor, equipment, and other incidentals necessary to complete the work.

CULVERT PIPE:

(8-20-19)(Rev. 5-17-22) 305,310 SP3 R35

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 3-5, Article 305-1 DESCRIPTION, lines 12-14, replace with the following:

Where shown in the plans, the Contractor may use reinforced concrete pipe, aluminum alloy pipe, aluminized corrugated steel pipe, galvanized corrugated steel pipe, HDPE pipe, Polypropylene pipe or PVC pipe in accordance with the following requirements.

Page 3-5, Article 305-2 MATERIALS, add the following after line 16:

| Item | Section |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| Polypropylene Pipe | 1032-9 |
| Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe | 1032-3 |

Page 3-6, Article 310-2 MATERIALS, add the following after line 9:

| Item | Section |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| Polypropylene Pipe | 1032-9 |
| Galvanized Corrugated Steel Pipe | 1032-3 |

Page 3-6, Article 310-4 SIDE DRAIN PIPE, lines 24-25, replace the first sentence of the second paragraph with the following:

Where shown in the plans, side drain pipe may be Class II reinforced concrete pipe, aluminized corrugated steel pipe, galvanized corrugated steel pipe, corrugated aluminum alloy pipe, Polypropylene pipe, HDPE pipe or PVC pipe.

Page 3-7, Article 310-5 PIPE END SECTIONS, lines 2-4, replace the second sentence with the following:

Both corrugated steel and concrete pipe end sections will work on concrete pipe, corrugated steel pipe, Polypropylene pipe and HDPE smooth lined corrugated plastic pipe.

Page 3-7, Article 310-6 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, add the following after line 14:

Pay ItemPay Unit_" Polypropylene PipeLinear Foot

Page 10-60, add Article 1032-9:

(A) General

Use polypropylene pipe from sources participating in the Department's Polypropylene Pipe QA/QC Program. A list of participating sources is available from the Materials and Tests Unit. The Department will remove a manufacturer of polypropylene pipe from this program if the monitoring efforts indicated that non-specification material is being provided or test procedures are not being followed.

Use polypropylene culvert pipe that meets AASHTO M 330 for Type S or Type D, or ASTM F2881 or ASTM F2764 Double or Triple wall; and has been evaluated by NTPEP.

(B) End Treatments, Pipe Tees and Elbows

End treatments, pipe tees and elbows shall meet AASHTO M 330, Section 7.7, or ASTM F2764, Section 6.6.

(C) Marking

Clearly mark each section of pipe, end section, tee and elbow and other accessories according to the Department's Polypropylene Pipe QC/QA Program:

- (1) AASHTO or ASTM Designation
- (2) The date of manufacture
- (3) Name or trademark of the manufacturer

When polypropylene pipe, end sections, tees and elbows have been inspected and accepted a sticker will be applied to the inside of the pipe. Do no use pipe sections, flared end sections, tees or elbows which do not have this seal of approval.

AUTOMATED FINE GRADING:

(1-16-96) 610 SP5 R05

On mainline portions and ramps of this project, prepare the subgrade and base beneath the pavement structure in accordance with the applicable sections of the 2018 Standard Specifications except use an automatically controlled fine grading machine using string lines, laser controls or other approved methods to produce final subgrade and base surfaces meeting the lines, grades and cross sections required by the plans or established by the Engineer.

No direct payment will be made for the work required by this provision as it will be considered incidental to other work being paid for by the various items in the contract.

AGGREGATE SUBGRADE:

(5-15-18)(Rev. 4-18-23) 505 SP5 R8

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 5-8, Section 505 AGGREGATE SUBGRADE, lines 3-32, replace the section with the following:

505-1 DESCRIPTION

Construct aggregate subgrades in accordance with the contract. Install geotextile for subgrade stabilization and place Class IV subgrade stabilization at locations shown in the plans and as directed by the Engineer.

Undercut natural soil materials if necessary to construct aggregate subgrades. Define "subsoil" as the portion of the roadbed below the Class IV subgrade stabilization. For Type 2 aggregate subgrades, undercut subsoil as needed. The types of aggregate subgrade with thickness and compaction requirements for each are as shown below.

Type 1 – A 6 to 24 inch thick aggregate subgrade with Class IV subgrade stabilization compacted to 92% of AASHTO T 180 as modified by the Department or to the highest density that can be reasonably obtained.

Type 2 – An 8 inch thick aggregate subgrade on a proof rolled subsoil with Class IV subgrade stabilization compacted to 97% of AASHTO T 180 as modified by the Department.

505-2 MATERIALS

Refer to Division 10.

| Item | Section |
|---|---------|
| Geotextile for Subgrade Stabilization, Type 5 | 1056 |
| Select Material, Class IV | 1016 |

Use Class IV select material for Class IV subgrade stabilization.

505-3 CONSTRUCTION METHODS

When shallow undercut is required to construct aggregate subgrades, undercut 6 inches to 24 inches as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. For Type 2 aggregate subgrades, proof roll subsoil in accordance with Section 260 before installing geotextile for subgrade stabilization. Perform undercut excavation in accordance with Section 225.

Do not leave geotextiles exposed for more than 7 days before covering geotextiles with Class IV subgrade stabilization (standard size no. ABC). Install geotextile for subgrade stabilization on subsoil with the long dimension, i.e., machine direction (MD), of the roll parallel to the roadway

centerline and completely cover subsoil with geotextiles. For fill sections, the minimum roll width is required under roadway edges and shoulders nearest to fill slopes as shown in the plans. Overlap adjacent geotextiles at least 18 inches in the direction that ABC will be placed to prevent lifting the edge of the top geotextile. Pull geotextiles taut so they are in tension and free of kinks, folds, wrinkles or creases. Hold geotextiles in place as needed with wire staples or anchor pins.

Place Class IV subgrade stabilization by end dumping ABC on geotextiles. Do not operate heavy equipment on geotextiles until geotextiles are covered with Class IV subgrade stabilization. Compact ABC as required for the type of aggregate subgrade constructed.

Maintain Class IV subgrade stabilization in an acceptable condition and minimize the use of heavy equipment on ABC in order to avoid damaging aggregate subgrades. Provide and maintain drainage ditches and drains as required to prevent entrapping water in aggregate subgrades.

505-4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Shallow Undercut of natural soil materials from subsoil for Type 1 aggregate subgrades will be measured and paid in cubic yards, measured in the original position and computed by the average end area method that is acceptably excavated in accordance with the contract. The contract unit price for Shallow Undercut will be full compensation for excavating, hauling and disposing of materials to construct aggregate subgrades.

Undercut Excavation of natural soil materials from subsoil for Type 2 aggregate subgrades will be measured and paid in accordance with Article 225-7 or 226-3. No measurement will be made for any undercut excavation of fill materials from subsoil.

Class IV Subgrade Stabilization will be measured and paid in tons. Class IV subgrade stabilization will be measured by weighing material in trucks in accordance with Article 106-7. The contract unit price for Class IV Subgrade Stabilization will be full compensation for furnishing, hauling, handling, placing, compacting and maintaining ABC.

Geotextile for Subgrade Stabilization will be measured and paid in square yards. Geotextiles will be measured along the ground surface as the square yards of exposed geotextiles before placing ABC. No measurement will be made for overlapping geotextiles. The contract unit price for Geotextile for Subgrade Stabilization will be full compensation for providing, transporting and installing geotextiles, wire staples and anchor pins.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitShallow UndercutCubic YardClass IV Subgrade StabilizationTonGeotextile for Subgrade StabilizationSquare Yard

INCIDENTAL MILLING:

(11-15-22)(Rev. 1-17-23) 607 SP6 R02R

Page 6-5, Article 607-3 CONSTRUCTION METHODS, add the following paragraph after line 45:

Variable depth milling is intended to improve the cross-sectional slope of the pavement.

Page 6-6, Article 607-3 CONSTRUCTION METHODS, line 9, delete and replace the first sentence in the sixth paragraph with the following:

The Engineer may require re-milling of any area exhibiting pavement laminations, scabbing or other defects.

Page 6-6, Article 607-4 TOLERANCE, lines 17-18, delete and replace the second sentence with the following:

The Engineer may vary the depth of milling by not more than one inch. In the event the directed depth of milling cut is altered by the Engineer more than one inch, either the Department or the Contractor may request an adjustment in unit price in accordance with Article 104-3. In administering Article 104-3, the Department will give no consideration to value given to RAP due to the deletion or reduction in quantity of milling. Article 104-3 will not apply to the item of *Incidental Milling*.

Page 6-6, Subarticle 607-5(A) Milled Asphalt Pavement, lines 21-23, delete and replace the first sentence with the following:

Milled Asphalt Pavement, __" Depth will be measured and paid as the actual number of square yards of pavement surface milled in accordance with this specification.

Page 6-6, Subarticle 607-5(A) Milled Asphalt Pavement, lines 24-28, delete and replace the third and fourth sentence with the following:

The width will be the width required by the plans or directed by the Engineer, measured along the pavement surface. Areas to be paid under this item include mainline travel lanes, full width turn lanes greater than 500 feet in length, collector lanes, shoulders, and any additional equipment necessary to remove pavement in the area of manholes, water valves, curb, gutter and other obstructions.

Page 6-6, Subarticle 607-5(B) Milled Asphalt Pavement Depth Varies from Required Depth, lines 29-37, delete and replace the title and first paragraph with the following:

(B) Variable Depth Milled Asphalt Pavement

Milling Asphalt Pavement, __" to __" will be measured and paid as the actual number of square yards of pavement surface milled in accordance with this specification. In measuring this quantity, the length will be the actual length milled, measured along the pavement surface. The width will be the width required by the plans or directed by the Engineer, measured along the pavement surface. Areas to be paid under this item include mainline travel lanes, full width turn lanes greater

than 500 feet in length, collector lanes, shoulders, and any additional equipment necessary to remove pavement in the area of manholes, water valves, curb, gutter and other obstructions.

Page 6-6, Subarticle 607-5(C) Incidental Milling, lines 45-49, delete and replace the first and second sentence with the following:

Incidental Milling will be measured and paid as the actual number of square yards of surface milled where the Contractor is required to mill butt joints, irregular areas, full width turn lanes 500 feet or less, intersections and re-mill areas that are not due to the Contractor's negligence. In measuring this quantity, the length will be the actual length milled, measured along the pavement surface. The width will be the width required by the plans or directed by the Engineer, measured along the pavement surface.

Page 6-7, Subarticle 607-5(D) Milling of Defects, lines 6-10, delete and replace the second sentence with the following:

If the Engineer directs re-milling of an area and is not due to the Contractor's negligence, the remilled area will be measured as provided in Subarticle 607-5(C) and paid at the contract unit price per square yard for *Incidental Milling*.

PRICE ADJUSTMENT - ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX:

(11-21-00)

620

SP6 R25

Price adjustments for asphalt binder for plant mix will be made in accordance with Section 620 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

The base price index for asphalt binder for plant mix is \$ 612.50 per ton.

This base price index represents an average of F.O.B. selling prices of asphalt binder at supplier's terminals on October 1, 2023.

MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT:

(1-15-19)

607

SP6 R59

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 6-5, Article 607-2, EQUIPMENT, lines 14-16, delete the seventh sentence of this Article and replace with the following:

Use either a non-contacting laser or sonar type ski system with a minimum of three referencing stations mounted on the milling machine at a length of at least 24 feet.

ASPHALT CONCRETE PLANT MIX PAVEMENTS:

(2-20-18) (Rev. 7-18-23)

510, 1012

SP6 R65

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 6-14, Table 609-3, LIMITS OF PRECISION FOR TEST RESULTS, replace with the following:

| TABLE 609-3 LIMITS OF PRECISION FOR TEST RESULTS | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| Mix Property | Limits of Precision | | | |
| 25.0 mm sieve (Base Mix) | ± 10.0% | | | |
| 19.0 mm sieve (Base Mix) | ± 10.0% | | | |
| 12.5 mm sieve (Intermediate & Type P-57) | ± 6.0% | | | |
| 9.5 mm sieve (Surface Mix) | ± 5.0% | | | |
| 4.75 mm sieve (Surface Mix) | ± 5.0% | | | |
| 2.36 mm sieve (All Mixes, except S4.75A) | ± 5.0% | | | |
| 1.18 mm sieve (S4.75A) | ± 5.0% | | | |
| 0.075 mm sieve (All Mixes) | $\pm~2.0\%$ | | | |
| Asphalt Binder Content | $\pm~0.5\%$ | | | |
| Maximum Specific Gravity (G _{mm}) | $\pm~0.020$ | | | |
| Bulk Specific Gravity (Gmb) | $\pm \ 0.030$ | | | |
| TSR | \pm 15.0% | | | |
| QA retest of prepared QC Gyratory Compacted Volumetric Specimens | ± 0.015 | | | |
| Retest of QC Core Sample | ± 1.2% (% Compaction) | | | |
| Comparison QA Core Sample | ± 2.0% (% Compaction) | | | |
| QA Verification Core Sample | ± 2.0% (% Compaction) | | | |
| Density Gauge Comparison of QC Test | ± 2.0% (% Compaction) | | | |
| QA Density Gauge Verification Test | ± 2.0% (% Compaction) | | | |

Page 6-17, Table 610-1, MIXING TEMPERATURE AT THE ASPHALT PLANT, replace with the following:

| TABLE 610-1 MIXING TEMPERATURE AT THE ASPHALT PLANT | | | |
|--|-----------------|--|--|
| Binder Grade | JMF Temperature | | |
| PG 58-28; PG 64-22 | 250 - 290°F | | |
| PG 76-22 | 300 - 325°F | | |

Page 6-17, Subarticle 610-3(C), Job Mix Formula (JMF), lines 38-39, delete the fourth paragraph.

Page 6-18, Subarticle 610-3(C), Job Mix Formula (JMF), line 12, replace "SF9.5A" with "S9.5B".

Page 6-18, Table 610-3, MIX DESIGN CRITERIA, replace with the following:

| | TABLE 610-3 MIX DESIGN CRITERIA | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------------|------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----------|---------|------------------|
| Mix Design Binder Compaction Max. Volumetric Propertie | | | | Properties ^B | | | | | |
| Type | ESALs millions A | PG Grade | Gm | m (a) | Depth | VMA VTM VFA %Gm | | | %G _{mm} |
| | IIIIIIIIIIII | Grade | Nini | Ndes | (mm) | % Min. | % | MinMax. | @ Nini |
| S4.75A | < 1 | 64 - 22 | 6 | 50 | 11.5 | 16.0 | 4.0 - 6.0 | 65 - 80 | ≤ 91.5 |
| S9.5B | 0 - 3 | 64 - 22 | 6 | 50 | 9.5 | 16.0 | 3.0 - 5.0 | 70 - 80 | ≤ 91.5 |
| S9.5C | 3 - 30 | 64 - 22 | 7 | 65 | 6.5 | 15.5 | 3.0 - 5.0 | 65 - 78 | ≤ 90.5 |
| S9.5D | > 30 | 76 - 22 | 8 | 100 | 4.5 | 15.5 | 3.0 - 5.0 | 65 - 78 | ≤ 90.0 |
| I19.0C | ALL | 64 - 22 | 7 | 65 | - | 13.5 | 3.0 - 5.0 | 65 - 78 | ≤ 90.5 |
| B25.0C | ALL | 64 - 22 | 7 | 65 | - | 12.5 | 3.0 - 5.0 | 65 - 78 | ≤ 90.5 |
| | Design Parameter | | | | | Design Criteria | | | |
| All Mix | All Mix Dust to Binder Ratio (P _{0.075} / P _{be}) | | | | 0.6 - 1.4 ^C | | | | |
| Types Tensile Strength Ratio (TSR) D 85% Min. E | | | | | | | | | |

- **A.** Based on 20 year design traffic.
- **B.** Volumetric Properties based on specimens compacted to N_{des} as modified by the Department.
- C. Dust to Binder Ratio $(P_{0.075} / P_{be})$ for Type S4.75A is 1.0 2.0.
- **D.** NCDOT-T-283 (No Freeze-Thaw cycle required).
- E. TSR for Type S4.75A & B25.0C mixes is 80% minimum.

Page 6-19, Table 610-5, BINDER GRADE REQUIREMENTS (BASED ON RBR%), replace with the following:

| Mix Type | %RBR ≤ 20% | $21\% \le \% RBR \le 30\%$ | %RBR > 30% |
|----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|------------|
| S4.75A, S9.5B, | | | |
| S9.5C, I19.0C, | PG 64-22 | PG 64-22 ^A | PG-58-28 |
| B25.0C | | | |
| S9.5D, OGFC | PG 76-22 ^B | n/a | n/a |

- **A.** If the mix contains any amount of RAS, the virgin binder shall be PG 58-28.
- B. Maximum Recycled Binder Replacement (%RBR) is 18% for mixes using PG 76-22 binder.

Page 6-20, Table 610-6, PLACEMENT TEMPERATURES FOR ASPHALT, replace with the following:

| TABLE 610-6 PLACEMENT TEMPERATURES FOR ASPHALT | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Asphalt Concrete Mix Type | Minimum Surface and Air Temperature | | |
| B25.0C | 35°F | | |
| I19.0C | 35°F | | |
| S4.75A, S9.5B, S9.5C | 40°F ^A | | |
| S9.5D | 50°F | | |

A. For the final layer of surface mixes containing recycled asphalt shingles (RAS), the minimum surface and air temperature shall be 50°F.

Page 6-21, Article 610-8, SPREADING AND FINISHING, lines 34-35, delete the second sentence and replace with the following:

Use an MTV for all surface mix regardless of binder grade on Interstates, US Routes, and NC Routes (primary routes) that have 4 or more lanes and are median divided.

Page 6-21, Article 610-8, SPREADING AND FINISHING, lines 36-38, delete the fourth sentence and replace with the following:

Use MTV for all ramps, loops, and Y-lines that have 4 or more lanes and are median divided, and all full width acceleration lanes, full width deceleration lanes, and full width turn lanes that are greater than 1000 feet in length.

Page 6-23, Table 610-7, DENSITY REQUIREMENTS, replace with the following:

| TABLE 610-7 DENSITY REQUIREMENTS | | | |
|--|-------------------|--|--|
| Mix Type Mix Type (Maximum Specific Gravity) | | | |
| S4.75A | 85.0 ^A | | |
| S9.5B | 90.0 | | |
| S9.5C, S9.5D, I19.0C, B25.0C | 92.0 | | |

A. Compaction to the above specified density shall be required when the S4.75A mix is applied at a rate of 100 lbs/sy or higher.

Page 6-24, Article 610-13, FINAL SURFACE TESTING, lines 35-36, delete the second sentence and replace with the following:

Final surface testing is not required on ramps, loops and turn lanes.

Page 6-26, Subarticle 610-13(A)(1), Acceptance for New Construction, lines 29-30, delete the second sentence and replace with the following:

Areas excluded from testing by the profiler may be tested using a 10-foot straightedge in accordance with Article 610-12.

Page 6-27, Subarticle 610-13(B), Option 2- North Carolina Hearne Straightedge, lines 41-46, delete the eighth and ninth sentence of this paragraph and replace with the following:

Take profiles over the entire length of the final surface travel lane pavement exclusive of structures, approach slabs, paved shoulders, tapers, or other irregular shaped areas of pavement, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Test in accordance with this provision all mainline travel lanes, full width acceleration or deceleration lanes and collector lanes.

Page 6-28, Subarticle 610-13(B), Option 2- North Carolina Hearne Straightedge, lines 1-2, delete these two lines.

Page 6-32, Article 610-16 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, replace with the following:

| Pay Item | Pay Unit |
|---|----------|
| Asphalt Concrete Base Course, Type B25.0C | Ton |
| Asphalt Concrete Intermediate Course, Type I19.0C | Ton |
| Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S4.75A | Ton |
| Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5B | Ton |
| Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5C | Ton |
| Asphalt Concrete Surface Course, Type S9.5D | Ton |

Page 10-30, Table 1012-1, AGGREGATE CONSENSUS PROPERTIES, replace with the following:

TABLE 1012-1 AGGREGATE CONSENSUS PROPERTIES^A

| Mix Type | Coarse Aggregate Angularity ^B | Fine Aggregate Angularity % Minimum | Sand Equivalent % Minimum | Flat and Elongated 5:1 Ratio % Maximum |
|--------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Test Method | ASTM D5821 | AASHTO T 304 | AASHTO T 176 | ASTM D4791 |
| S4.75A; S9.5B | 75 / - | 40 | 40 | - |
| S9.5C; I19.0C; B25.0C | 95 / 90 | 45 | 45 | 10 |
| S9.5D | 100 / 100 | 45 | 50 | 10 |
| OGFC | 100 / 100 | 45 | 45 | 10 |
| UBWC | 100 / 85 | 45 | 45 | 10 |

A. Requirements apply to the design aggregate blend.

Page 10-30, Subarticle 1012-1(B)(6), Toughness (Resistance to Abrasion), line 12, replace "OGAFC" with "OGFC".

SUPPLEMENTAL SURVEYING:

(4-20-21) 801 SP8 R03

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 8-7, Article 801-3 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, lines 10-11, replace with the following:

Supplemental Surveying Office Calculations will be paid at the stated price of \$85.00 per hour. Supplemental Field Surveying will be paid at the stated price of \$145.00 per hour. The

B. 95/90 denotes that 95% of the coarse aggregate has one fractured face and 90% has 2 or more fractured faces.

GUARDRAIL END UNITS & TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE - TL-2:

(10-21-08) (Rev. 5-16-23)

862

SP8 R64

Description

Furnish and install guardrail end units in accordance with the details in the plans, the applicable requirements of Section 862 of the *Standard Specifications*, and at locations shown in the plans.

Materials

Furnish guardrail end units listed on the NCDOT APL. Units shall not be modified by the manufacturer and installer once approved and on the NCDOT APL.

Prior to installation the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer certified working drawings and assembling instructions from the manufacturer for each guardrail end unit in accordance with Article 105-2 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Perform installation in accordance with the details in the plans, and details and assembling instructions furnished by the manufacturer.

Construction Methods

Guardrail end delineation is required on all approach and trailing end sections for both temporary and permanent installations. Guardrail end delineation consists of yellow reflective sheeting applied to the entire end section of the guardrail in accordance with Article 1088-3 of the *Standard Specifications* and is incidental to the cost of the guardrail end unit.

Measurement and Payment

Measurement and payment will be made in accordance with Article 862-6 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitGuardrail End Units, Type TL-2EachTemporary Guardrail End Units, Type TL-2Each

ADJUSTMENT OF CATCH BASINS, MANHOLES, DROP INLETS, METER BOXES AND VALVE BOXES:

(11-15-22) 858 SP8 R98R

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 8-38, Article 858-4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, lines 10-11, delete and replace the fifth paragraph with the following:

Where any catch basin, drop inlet, manhole, meter box or valve box is adjusted more than once because of milling operations, each adjustment will be measured and paid.

FOUNDATIONS AND ANCHOR ROD ASSEMBLIES FOR METAL POLES:

(1-17-12) (Rev. 1-16-18) 9, 14, 17 SP9 R05

Description

Foundations for metal poles include foundations for signals, cameras, overhead and dynamic message signs (DMS) and high mount and light standards supported by metal poles or upright trusses. Foundations consist of footings with pedestals and drilled piers with or without grade beams or wings. Anchor rod assemblies consist of anchor rods (also called anchor bolts) with nuts and washers on the exposed ends of rods and nuts and a plate or washers on the other ends of rods embedded in the foundation.

Construct concrete foundations with the required resistances and dimensions and install anchor rod assemblies in accordance with the contract and accepted submittals. Construct drilled piers consisting of cast-in-place reinforced concrete cylindrical sections in excavated holes. Provide temporary casings or polymer slurry as needed to stabilize drilled pier excavations. Use a prequalified Drilled Pier Contractor to construct drilled piers for metal poles. Define "excavation" and "hole" as a drilled pier excavation and "pier" as a drilled pier.

This provision does not apply to foundations for signal pedestals; see Section 1743 of the 2018 Standard Specifications and 2018 Roadway Standard Drawing No. 1743.01.

Materials

Refer to the 2018 Standard Specifications.

| Item | Section |
|--------------------------|-------------|
| Conduit | 1091-3 |
| Grout, Type 2 | 1003 |
| Polymer Slurry | 411-2(B)(2) |
| Portland Cement Concrete | 1000 |
| Reinforcing Steel | 1070 |
| Rollers and Chairs | 411-2(C) |
| Temporary Casings | 411-2(A) |

Provide Type 3 material certifications in accordance with Article 106-3 of the 2018 Standard Specifications for conduit, rollers, chairs and anchor rod assemblies. Store steel materials on blocking at least 12" above the ground and protect it at all times from damage; and when placing in the work make sure it is free from dirt, dust, loose mill scale, loose rust, paint, oil or other foreign materials. Load, transport, unload and store foundation and anchor rod assembly materials so materials are kept clean and free of damage. Bent, damaged or defective materials will be rejected.

Use conduit type in accordance with the contract. Use Class A concrete for footings and pedestals, Class Drilled Pier concrete for drilled piers and Class AA concrete for grade beams and wings including portions of drilled piers above bottom of wings elevations. Corrugated temporary casings may be accepted at the discretion of the Engineer. A list of approved polymer slurry products is available from:

connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Products.aspx

Provide anchor rod assemblies in accordance with the contract consisting of the following:

- (A) Straight anchor rods,
- (B) Heavy hex top and leveling nuts and flat washers on exposed ends of rods, and
- (C) Nuts and either flat plates or washers on the other ends of anchor rods embedded in foundations.

Do not use lock washers. Use steel anchor rods, nuts and washers that meet ASTM F1554 for Grade 55 rods and Grade A nuts. Use steel plates and washers embedded in concrete with a thickness of at least 1/4". Galvanize anchor rods and exposed nuts and washers in accordance with Article 1076-4 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. It is not necessary to galvanize nuts, plates and washers embedded in concrete.

Construction Methods

Install the required size and number of conduits in foundations in accordance with the plans and accepted submittals. Construct top of piers, footings, pedestals, grade beams and wings flat, level and within 1" of elevations shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer. Provide an Ordinary Surface finish in accordance with Subarticle 825-6(B) of the 2018 Standard Specifications for portions of foundations exposed above finished grade. Do not remove anchor bolt templates or pedestal or grade beam forms or erect metal poles or upright trusses onto foundations until concrete attains a compressive strength of at least 3,000 psi.

(A) Drilled Piers

Before starting drilled pier construction, hold a predrill meeting to discuss the installation, monitoring and inspection of the drilled piers. Schedule this meeting after the Drilled Pier Contractor has mobilized to the site. The Resident or Division Traffic Engineer, Contractor and Drilled Pier Contractor Superintendent will attend this predrill meeting.

Do not excavate holes, install piles or allow equipment wheel loads or vibrations within 20 ft of completed piers until 16 hours after Drilled Pier concrete reaches initial set.

Check for correct drilled pier alignment and location before beginning drilling. Check plumbness of holes frequently during drilling.

Construct drilled piers with the minimum required diameters shown in the plans. Install piers with tip elevations no higher than shown in the plans or approved by the Engineer.

Excavate holes with equipment of the sizes required to construct drilled piers. Depending on the subsurface conditions encountered, drilling through rock and boulders may be required. Do not use blasting for drilled pier excavations.

Contain and dispose of drilling spoils and waste concrete as directed and in accordance with Section 802 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Drilling spoils consist of all materials and fluids removed from excavations.

If unstable, caving or sloughing materials are anticipated or encountered, stabilize holes with temporary casings and/or polymer slurry. Do not use telescoping temporary casings. If it becomes necessary to replace a temporary casing during drilling, backfill the excavation, insert a larger casing around the casing to be replaced or stabilize the excavation with polymer slurry before removing the temporary casing.

If temporary casings become stuck or the Contractor proposes leaving casings in place, temporary casings should be installed against undisturbed material. Unless otherwise approved, do not leave temporary casings in place for mast arm poles and cantilever signs. The Engineer will determine if casings may remain in place. If the Contractor proposes leaving temporary casings in place, do not begin drilling until a casing installation method is approved.

Use polymer slurry and additives to stabilize holes in accordance with the slurry manufacturer's recommendations. Provide mixing water and equipment suitable for polymer slurry. Maintain the required slurry properties at all times except for sand content.

Define a "sample set" as slurry samples collected from mid-height and within 2 ft of the bottom of holes. Take sample sets from excavations to test polymer slurry immediately after filling holes with slurry, at least every 4 hours thereafter and immediately before placing concrete. Do not place Drilled Pier concrete until both slurry samples from an excavation meet the required polymer slurry properties. If any slurry test results do not meet the requirements, the Engineer may suspend drilling until both samples from a sample set meet the required polymer slurry properties.

Remove soft and loose material from bottom of holes using augers to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Assemble rebar cages and place cages and Drilled Pier concrete in accordance with Subarticle 411-4(E) of the 2018 Standard Specifications except for the following:

- (1) Inspections for tip resistance and bottom cleanliness are not required,
- (2) Temporary casings may remain in place if approved, and
- (3) Concrete placement may be paused near the top of pier elevations for anchor rod assembly installation and conduit placement or
- (4) If applicable, concrete placement may be stopped at bottom of grade beam or wings elevations for grade beam or wing construction.

If wet placement of concrete is anticipated or encountered, do not place Drilled Pier concrete until a concrete placement procedure is approved. If applicable, temporary casings and fluids may be removed when concrete placement is paused or stopped in accordance with the exceptions above provided holes are stable. Remove contaminated concrete from exposed Drilled Pier concrete after removing casings and fluids. If holes are unstable, do not remove temporary casings until a procedure for placing anchor rod assemblies and conduit or constructing grade beams or wings is approved.

Use collars to extend drilled piers above finished grade. Remove collars after Drilled Pier concrete sets and round top edges of piers.

If drilled piers are questionable, pile integrity testing (PIT) and further investigation may be required in accordance with Article 411-5 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. A drilled pier will be considered defective in accordance with Subarticle 411-5(D) of the 2018 Standard Specifications and drilled pier acceptance is based in part on the criteria in Article 411-6 of the 2018 Standard Specifications except for the top of pier tolerances in Subarticle 411-6(C) of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

If a drilled pier is under further investigation, do not grout core holes, backfill around the pier or perform any work on the drilled pier until the Engineer accepts the pier. If the drilled pier is accepted, dewater and grout core holes and backfill around the pier with approved material to finished grade. If the Engineer determines a pier is unacceptable, remediation is required in accordance with Article 411-6 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. No extension of completion date or time will be allowed for remediation of unacceptable drilled piers or post repair testing.

Permanently embed a plate in or mark top of piers with the pier diameter and depth, size and number of vertical reinforcing bars and the minimum compressive strength of the concrete mix at 28 days.

(B) Footings, Pedestals, Grade Beams and Wings

Excavate as necessary for footings, grade beams and wings in accordance with the plans, accepted submittals and Section 410 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. If unstable, caving or sloughing materials are anticipated or encountered, shore foundation excavations as needed with an approved method. Notify the Engineer when foundation excavation is complete. Do not place concrete or reinforcing steel until excavation dimensions and foundation material are approved.

Construct cast-in-place reinforced concrete footings, pedestals, grade beams and wings with the dimensions shown in the plans and in accordance with Section 825 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Use forms to construct portions of pedestals and grade beams protruding above finished grade. Provide a chamfer with a 3/4" horizontal width for pedestal and grade beam edges exposed above finished grade. Place concrete against undisturbed soil or backfill and fill in accordance with Article 410-8 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. Proper compaction around footings and wings is critical for foundations to resist uplift and torsion forces.

(C) Anchor Rod Assemblies

Size anchor rods for design and the required projection above top of foundations. Determine required anchor rod projections from nut, washer and base plate thicknesses, the protrusion of 3 to 5 anchor rod threads above top nuts after tightening and the distance of one nut thickness between top of foundations and bottom of leveling nuts.

Protect anchor rod threads from damage during storage and installation of anchor rod assemblies. Before placing anchor rods in foundations, turn nuts onto and off rods past leveling nut locations. Turn nuts with the effort of one workman using an ordinary wrench

without a cheater bar. Report any thread damage to the Engineer that requires extra effort to turn nuts.

Arrange anchor rods symmetrically about center of base plate locations as shown in the plans. Set anchor rod elevations based on required projections above top of foundations. Securely brace and hold rods in the correct position, orientation and alignment with a steel template. Do not weld to reinforcing steel, temporary casings or anchor rods.

Install top and leveling (bottom) nuts, washers and the base plate for each anchor rod assembly in accordance with the following procedure:

- (1) Turn leveling nuts onto anchor rods to a distance of one nut thickness between the top of foundation and bottom of leveling nuts. Place washers over anchor rods on top of leveling nuts.
- (2) Determine if nuts are level using a flat rigid template on top of washers. If necessary, lower leveling nuts to level the template in all directions or if applicable, lower nuts to tilt the template so the metal pole or upright truss will lean as shown in the plans. If leveling nuts and washers are not in full contact with the template, replace washers with galvanized beveled washers.
- (3) Verify the distance between the foundation and leveling nuts is no more than one nut thickness.
- (4) Place base plate with metal pole or upright truss over anchor rods on top of washers. High mount luminaires may be attached before erecting metal poles but do not attach cables, mast arms or trusses to metal poles or upright trusses at this time.
- (5) Place washers over anchor rods on top of base plate. Lubricate top nut bearing surfaces and exposed anchor rod threads above washers with beeswax, paraffin or other approved lubricant.
- (6) Turn top nuts onto anchor rods. If nuts are not in full contact with washers or washers are not in full contact with the base plate, replace washers with galvanized beveled washers.
- (7) Tighten top nuts to snug-tight with the full effort of one workman using a 12" wrench. Do not tighten any nut all at once. Turn top nuts in increments. Follow a star pattern cycling through each nut at least twice.
- (8) Repeat (7) for leveling nuts.
- (9) Replace washers above and below the base plate with galvanized beveled washers if the slope of any base plate face exceeds 1:20 (5%), any washer is not in firm contact with the base plate or any nut is not in firm contact with a washer. If any washers are replaced, repeat (7) and (8).

(10) With top and leveling nuts snug-tight, mark each top nut on a corner at the intersection of 2 flats and a corresponding reference mark on the base plate. Mark top nuts and base plate with ink or paint that is not water-soluble. Use the turn-of-nut method for pretensioning. Do not pretension any nut all at once. Turn top nuts in increments for a total turn that meets the following nut rotation requirements:

| NUT ROTATION REQUIREMENTS | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| (Turn-of-Nut Pretensioning Method) | | | | |
| Anchor Rod Diameter, inch | Requirement | | | |
| ≤ 1 1/2 | 1/3 turn (2 flats) | | | |
| > 1 1/2 | 1/6 turn (1 flat) | | | |

Follow a star pattern cycling through each top nut at least twice.

- (11) Ensure nuts, washers and base plate are in firm contact with each other for each anchor rod. Cables, mast arms and trusses may now be attached to metal poles and upright trusses.
- (12) Between 4 and 14 days after pretensioning top nuts, use a torque wrench calibrated within the last 12 months to check nuts in the presence of the Engineer. Completely erect mast arm poles and cantilever signs and attach any hardware before checking top nuts for these structures. Check that top nuts meet the following torque requirements:

| TORQUE REQUIREMENTS | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Anchor Rod Diameter, inch | Requirement, ft-lb | | | |
| 7/8 | 180 | | | |
| 1 | 270 | | | |
| 1 1/8 | 380 | | | |
| 1 1/4 | 420 | | | |
| ≥ 1 1/2 | 600 | | | |

If necessary, retighten top nuts in the presence of the Engineer with a calibrated torque wrench to within \pm 10 ft-lb of the required torque. Do not overtighten top nuts.

(13) Do not grout under base plate.

Measurement and Payment

Foundations and anchor rod assemblies for metal poles and upright trusses will be measured and paid for elsewhere in the contract.

No payment will be made for temporary casings that remain in drilled pier excavations. No payment will be made for PIT. No payment will be made for further investigation of defective piers. Further investigation of piers that are not defective will be paid as extra work in accordance with Article 104-7 of the 2018 Standard Specifications. No payment will be made for remediation of unacceptable drilled piers or post repair testing.

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PRODUCTION AND DELIVERY:

(9-15-20) 1000, 1014, 1024 SP10 R01

Page 10-6, Table 1000-1, REQUIREMENTS FOR CONCRETE, replace with the following:

| TABLE 1000-1 REQUIREMENTS FOR CONCRETE | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|---------------------|--|--------------|---|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| د_ م | essive 8 days | Maximum Water-Cement Ratio | | | Consi Max | istency imum ımp | Cement Content | | | | |
| Class of Concrete | Min. Compressive Strength at 28 days | Air-Entrained Concrete Rounded Angular | | Non-Air- Entrained Concrete Rounded Angular Aggregate Aggregate | | | Vibrated | Vib | rated | Non-V | ibrated |
| | St. | Aggregate | Aggregate | Aggregate | Aggregate | | > | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. |
| Units | psi | | | | | inch | inch | lb/cy | lb/cy | lb/cy | lb/cy |
| AA | 4500 | 0.381 | 0.426 | | | 3.5 ^A | | 639 | 715 | | |
| AA Slip Form | 4500 | 0.381 | 0.426 | | | 1.5 | | 639 | 715 | | |
| Drilled Pier | 4500 | | | 0.450 | 0.450 | | 5 – 7 dry 7 - 9 wet | | | 640 | 800 |
| A | 3000 | 0.488 | 0.532 | 0.550 | 0.594 | 3.5 A | 4.0 | 564 | | 602 | |
| В | 2500 | 0.488 | 0.567 | 0.559 | 0.630 | 1.5 machine placed 2.5 A hand placed | 4.0 | 508 | | 545 | |
| Sand Light- weight | 4500 | | 0.420 | | | 4.0 A | | 715 | | | |
| Latex Modified | 3000 (at 7 days) | 0.400 | 0.400 | | | 6.0 | | 658 | | | |
| Flowable Fill excavatable | 150 max. (at 56 days) | as needed | as needed | as needed | as needed | | Flowable | | | 40 | 100 |
| Flowable Fill non- excavatable | 125 | as needed | as needed | as needed | as needed | | Flowable | | | 100 | as needed |
| Pavement | 4500 Design, field 650 flexural, design only | 0.559 | 0.559 | | | 1.5 slip form 3.0 hand placed | | 526 | | | |
| Precast | See Table 1077-1 | as needed | as needed | | | 6.0 | as needed | as needed | as needed | as needed | as needed |
| Prestressed | per contract | See Table 1078-1 | See Table 1078-1 | | | 8.0 | | 564 | as needed | | |

A. The slump may be increased to 6 inches, provided the increase in slump is achieved by adding a chemical admixture conforming to Section 1024-3. In no case shall the water-cement ratio on the approved design be exceeded. Concrete exhibiting segregation and/or excessive bleeding will be rejected. Utilizing an Admixture to modify slump does not relinquish the contractor's responsibility to ensure the final product quality and overall configuration meets design specifications. Caution should be taken when placing these modified mixes on steep grades to prevent unintended changes to the set slope.

THERMOPLASTIC INTERMIXED BEAD TESTING:

7-19-22 1087 SP10 R04

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 10-183, Subarticle 1087-7(B) Thermoplastic Pavement Marking Material Composition, delete line 34 and 35.

Page 10-184, Article 1087-8 MATERIAL CERTIFICATION, delete and replace with the following after line 34:

| Drop-on Glass Beads | Type 3 Material Certification and Type 4 Material Certification |
|----------------------|---|
| Intermix Glass Beads | Type 2 Material Certification and Type 3 Material Certification |
| Paint | Type 3 Material Certification |
| Removable Tape | Type 3 Material Certification |
| Thermoplastic | Type 3 Material Certification and Type 4 Material Certification |
| Cold Applied Plastic | Type 2 Material Certification and Type 3 Material Certification |
| Polyurea | Type 2 Material Certification and Type 3 Material Certification |

THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING MATERIAL – COLOR TESTING:

3-19-19 1087 SP10 R05

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Pages 10-183 and 10-184, Subarticle 1087-7(D)(1)(b) Yellow, lines 9-11, delete and replace with the following:

Obtain Color Values Y,x,y per ASTM E1349 using C/2° illuminant/observer. Results shall be $Y \ge 45\%$, and x,y shall fall within PR#1 chart chromaticity limits.

NON-CAST IRON SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKERS:

10-19-21 (Rev. 11-16-21) 1086, 1250, 1253 SP10 R08

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Pages 10-177 and 10-178, Subarticle 1086-3 SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKERS, delete items (A), (B) and (C)(1) and replace with the following:

(A) General

Use non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers evaluated by NTPEP. The non-cast iron snowplowable pavement marker shall consist of a housing with one or more glass or plastic face lens type reflective lenses to provide the required color designation. The marker shall be designed or installed in a manner that minimizes damage from snowplow blades. Plastic lens faces shall use an abrasion resistant coating.

(B) Housings

(1) Dimensions

The dimension, slope and minimum area of reflecting surface shall conform to dimensions as shown in the plans. The minimum area of each reflecting surface shall be 1.44 sq.in.

(2) Materials

Use non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers that are on the NCDOT Approved Products List.

(3) Surface

The surface of the housing shall be free of scale, dirt, rust, oil, grease or any other contaminant which might reduce its bond to the epoxy adhesive.

(4) Identification

Mark the housing with the manufacturer's name and model number of marker.

(C) Reflectors

(1) General

Laminate the reflector to an elastomeric pad and attach with adhesive to the housing. The thickness of the elastomeric pad shall be 0.04".

Pages 12-14, Subarticle 1250-3(C) Removal of Existing Pavement Markers, lines 19-29, delete and replace with the following:

Remove the existing raised pavement markers or the snowplowable pavement markers including the housings, before overlaying an existing roadway with pavement. Repair the pavement by filling holes as directed by the Engineer.

When traffic patterns are changed in work zones due to construction or reconstruction, remove all raised pavement markers or snowplowable markers including housings that conflict with the new traffic pattern before switching traffic to the new traffic pattern. Lens removal in lieu of total housing removal is not an acceptable practice for snowplowable markers.

Properly dispose of the removed pavement markers. No direct payment will be made for removal or disposal of existing pavement markers or repair of pavement, as such work will be incidental to other items in the contract.

Pages 12-16, Subarticle 1253-1 DESCRIPTION, lines 4-5, delete and replace with the following:

Furnish, install and maintain non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers in accordance with the contract.

Pages 12-16 and 12-17, Subarticle 1253-3 CONSTRUCTION METHODS, delete items (A), (B) and (C) and replace with the following:

(A) General

Bond marker housings to the pavement with epoxy adhesive. Mechanically mix and dispense epoxy adhesives as required by the manufacturer's specifications. Place the markers immediately after the adhesive has been mixed and dispensed.

If saw cutting, milling, or grooving operations are used, promptly remove all resulting debris from the pavement surface. Install the marker housings within 7 calendar days after saw cutting, milling, or grooving the pavement. Remove and dispose of loose material from the slots by brushing, blow cleaning, or vacuuming. Dry the slots before applying the epoxy adhesive. Install non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

Protect the non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers until the epoxy has initially cured and is track free.

(B) Reflector Replacement

In the event that a reflector is damaged, replace the damaged reflector by using adhesives and methods recommended by the manufacturer of the markers and approved by the Engineer. This work is considered incidental if damage occurs during the initial installation of the marker housings and maintenance of initial non-cast iron snowplowable markers specified in this section. This work will be paid for under the pay item for the type of reflector replacement if the damage occurred after the initial installation of the non-cast iron snowplowable pavement marker.

Missing housings shall be replaced. Broken housings shall be removed and replaced. In both cases the slot for the housings shall be properly prepared prior to installing the new housing; patch the existing marker slots as directed by the Engineer and install the new marker approximately one foot before or after the patch. Removal of broken housings and preparation of slots will be considered incidental to the work of replacing housings.

Pages 12-17, Subarticle 1253-4 MAINTENANCE, lines 5, delete and replace with the following:

Maintain all installed non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers until acceptance.

Pages 12-17, Subarticle 1253-5 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, lines 7-8, delete and replace with the following:

Non-Cast Iron Snowplowable Pavement Markers will be measured and paid as the actual number of non-cast iron snowplowable pavement markers satisfactorily placed and accepted by the Engineer.

Pages 12-17, Subarticle 1253-5 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, lines 11, delete and replace with the following:

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitNon-Cast Iron Snowplowable Pavement MarkerEachReplace Snowplowable Pavement Marker ReflectorEach

MATERIALS FOR PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE:

(9-15-20) 1000, 1024 SP10 R24

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 10-52, Article 1024-4, WATER, lines 3-6, delete and replace with the following:

Test water from wells at all locations. Test public water supplies from all out of state locations and in the following counties: Beaufort, Bertie, Brunswick, Camden, Carteret, Chowan, Craven, Currituck, Dare, Gates, Hyde, New Hanover, Onslow, Pamlico, Pasquotank, Pender, Perquimans, Tyrell and Washington unless the Engineer waives the testing requirements.

Page 10-52, Table 1024-2, PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF WATER, replace with the following:

| Property | Requirement | Test Method |
|--|---|--------------|
| Compression Strength, minimum percent of control at 3 and 7 days | 90% | ASTM C1602 |
| Time of set, deviation from control | From 1:00 hr. earlier to 1:30 hr. later | ASTM C1602 |
| рН | 4.5 to 8.5 | ASTM D1293 * |
| Chloride Ion Content, Max. | 250 ppm | ASTM D512 * |
| Total Solids Content (Residue), Max. | 1,000 ppm | SM 2540B * |
| Resistivity, Min. | 0.500 kohm-cm | ASTM D1125 * |

^{*}Denotes an alternate method is acceptable. Test method used shall be referenced in the test report.

GEOSYNTHETICS:

(03-21-23)(Rev. 4-18-23) 1056 SP10 R56

Revise the Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 10-77, Article 1056-1 DESCRIPTION, lines 13-16, delete and replace the second sentence in the second paragraph with the following:

Steel anchor pins shall have a diameter of at least 3/16 inch, a length of at least 18 inches, a point at one end and a head at the other end that will retain a steel washer with an outside diameter of at least 1.5 inches.

Page 10-77, Article 1056-2 HANDLING AND STORING, lines 20-21, delete and replace the third sentence in the first paragraph with the following:

Geosynthetics with defects, flaws, deterioration or damage will be rejected by the Engineer.

Page 10-77, Article 1056-3 CERTIFICATIONS AND IDENTIFICATION, lines 25-27, delete and replace the first sentence in the first paragraph with the following:

Provide Type 1, Type 2 or Type 4 material certifications in accordance with Article 106-3 for geosynthetics except certifications are not required for Type 1 through Type 5 geotextiles.

Page 10-77, Article 1056-3 CERTIFICATIONS AND IDENTIFICATION, lines 32-35, delete the second paragraph.

Page 10-77, Article 1056-3 CERTIFICATIONS AND IDENTIFICATION, lines 36-41, delete and replace the third paragraph with the following:

Allow the Engineer to visually identify geosynthetic products before installation. Open packaged geosynthetics just before use in the presence of the Engineer to verify the correct product. Geosynthetics that are missing original packaging or product labels or that have been unwrapped or previously opened will be rejected unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

Page 10-77, Article 1056-4 GEOTEXTILES, lines 43-45, delete the first paragraph.

Page 10-78, Article 1056-4 GEOTEXTILES, before line 1 and lines 1-5, delete Table 1056-1 and lines 1-5 and replace with the following:

| | | | ABLE 1056 TILE REQU | 5-1 IREMENTS | | |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| DwanawtyA | | | quirement (| | | |
| Property ^A | Type 1 | Type 2 | Type 3 ^B | Type 4 | Type 5 ^C | Test |
| Typical | Shoulder | Under | Silt Fence | Soil | Subgrade | Method |
| Application | Drains | Rip Rap | Fabric | Stabilization | Stabilization | |
| Elongation (MD & CD) | ≥ 50% | ≥ 50% | ≤ 25% | < 50% | < 50% | ASTM D4632 |
| Grab Strength (MD & CD) ^A | | | 100 lb | | | ASTM D4632 |
| Tear Strength (MD & CD) ^A | Table 1 ^D , Class 3 | Table 1 ^D , Class 1 | _ | Table 1 ^D , Class 3 | _ | ASTM D4533 |
| Puncture Strength | | | _ | | | ASTM D6241 |
| Ultimate Tensile Strength (MD & CD) ^A | _ | _ | _ | _ | Table 12 ^D , Class 4A | ASTM D4595 |
| Permittivity | Table 2 ^D , | Table 6 ^D , | | | | ASTM D4491 |
| Apparent Opening Size | 15% to 50% in | 15% to 50% in | Table 7 ^D | Table 5 ^D | Table 12 ^D , | ASTM D4751 |
| UV Stability (Retained Strength) | Passing 0.075 mm | Situ Soil Passing 0.075 mm | | | Class 4A | ASTM D4355 |

- **A.** MD, CD and MARV per Article 1056-3.
- **B.** Minimum roll width of 36 inches required.
- **C.** Minimum roll width of 13 feet required unless otherwise approved by the Engineer for the application.
- D. Per AASHTO M 288.

Page 10-78, Article 1056-5 GEOCOMPOSITE DRAINS, before line 9 and lines 9-10, delete Table 1056-2 and lines 9-10 and replace with the following:

| TABLE 1056-2 GEOCOMPOSITE DRAIN REQUIREMENTS | | | | |
|---|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Requirement | | | | Test |
| Property | Sheet Drain Strip Drain Wick Drain | | | |
| Width | ≥ 12" | 12" ±1/4" | 4" ±1/4" | N/A |
| In-Plane Flow Rate ^A (with gradient of 1.0 | 6 gpm/ft @ applied normal | 15 gpm/ft @ applied normal | 1.5 gpm ^B @ applied normal | ASTM |
| and 24-hour seating | compressive | compressive | compressive | D4716 |
| period) | stress of 10 psi | stress of 7.26 psi | stress of 1.45 psi | |

- **A.** MARV per Article 1056-3.
- **B.** Per foot of width tested.

Page 10-79, Article 1056-5 GEOCOMPOSITE DRAINS, before line 3, delete Table 1056-3 and replace with the following:

| TABLE 1056-3 DRAINAGE CORE REQUIREMENTS | | | | |
|--|--------------------|-------------|------------------------|--|
| Requirement Test Method | | | Test Method | |
| Property | Sheet Drain | Strip Drain | | |
| Thickness | 1/4" | 1" | ASTM D1777 or D5199 | |
| Compressive Strength ^A | 40 psi | 30 psi | ASTM D6364 | |

A. MARV per Article 1056-3.

Page 10-79, Article 1056-5 GEOCOMPOSITE DRAINS, before line 6 and lines 6-11, delete Table 1056-4, lines 6-7 and the last paragraph and replace with the following:

| TABLE 1056-4 WICK DRAIN GEOTEXTILE REQUIREMENTS | | | |
|---|---|--------------------|--|
| Property | Requirement | Test Method | |
| Elongation | ≥ 50% | ASTM D4632 | |
| Grab Strength | T-1-1- 1A | ASTM D4632 | |
| Tear Strength | Table 1 ^A , Class 3 | ASTM D4533 | |
| Puncture Strength | Class 3 | ASTM D6241 | |
| Permittivity ^B | 0.7 sec ⁻¹ | ASTM D4491 | |
| Apparent Opening Size (AOS) | Table 2 ^A , > 50% in Situ Soil | ASTM D4751 | |
| UV Stability (Retained Strength) | Passing 0.075 mm | ASTM D4355 | |

- A. Per AASHTO M 288.
- **B.** MARV per Article 1056-3.

For wick drains with a geotextile fused to both faces of a corrugated drainage core along the peaks of the corrugations, use wick drains with an ultimate tensile strength of at least 1,650 lbs. per 4 inch width in accordance with ASTM D4595 and geotextiles with a permittivity, AOS and UV stability that meet Table 1056-4.

Page 10-80, Article 1056-6 GEOCELLS, before line 1 and lines 1-4, delete Table 1056-5 and lines 1-4 and replace with the following:

| TABLE 1056-5 GEOCELL REQUIREMENTS | | | |
|---|------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Property | Requirement | Test Method | |
| Cell Depth | 4" | N/A | |
| Fully Expanded Cell Area | 100 sq.in. max | N/A | |
| Sheet Thickness | 50 mil -5%, +10% | ASTM D5199 | |
| Density | 58.4 pcf min | ASTM D1505 | |
| Carbon Black Content | 1.5% min | ASTM D1603 or D4218 | |
| ESCR ^A | 5000 hr min | ASTM D1693 | |
| Coefficient of Direct Sliding (with material that meets AASHTO M 145 for soil classification A-2) | 0.85 min | ASTM D5321 | |
| Short-Term Seam (Peel) Strength (for 4" seam) 320 lb min | | USACE ^C Technical | |
| Long-Term Seam (Hang) Strength ^B (for 4" seam) | 160 lb min | Report GL-86-19, Appendix A | |

- A. Environmental Stress Crack Resistance.
- **B.** Minimum test period of 168 hours with a temperature change from 74°F to 130°F in 1-hour cycles.
- C. US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE).

MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT STORAGE & PARKING OF PERSONAL VEHICLES: 11-17-21(Rev. 8-16-22) SP11 R0

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 11-2, Article 1101-8 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT STORAGE, line 35-38, delete and replace with the following:

When work is not in progress, keep all personnel, equipment, machinery, tools, construction debris, materials and supplies away from active travel lanes that meets Table 1101-1.

| TABLE 1101-1 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT STORAGE FROM ACTIVE TRAVEL LANES | | | |
|---|---------------|--|--|
| Posted Speed Limit (mph) | Distance (ft) | | |
| 40 or less | ≥ 18 | | |
| 45-50 | ≥ 28 | | |
| 55 | ≥ 32 | | |
| 60 or higher | ≥ 40 | | |

When vehicles, equipment and materials are protected by concrete barrier or guardrail, they shall be offset at least 5 feet from the barrier or guardrail.

Page 11-2, Article 1101-9 PARKING OF PERSONAL VEHICLES, line 40-41, delete and replace with the following:

Provide staging areas for personal vehicle parking in accordance with Article 1101-8 or as directed by the Engineer before use.

WORK ZONE INSTALLER:

(7-20-21)(Rev. 8-16-22) 1101, 1150 SP11 R04

Provide the service of at least one qualified work zone installer during the setup, installation, and removal of temporary traffic control within the highway right of way. The qualified work zone installer shall serve as crew leader and shall be on site and directing the installation and removal of temporary traffic control. If multiple temporary traffic control installations or removals are occurring simultaneously, then each shall have a qualified work zone installer.

The work zone installer shall be qualified by an NCDOT approved training agency or other NCDOT approved training provider in the safe and competent set up of temporary traffic control. For a complete listing of approved training agencies, see the Work Zone Safety Training webpage.

A work zone supervisor, in accordance with Article 1101-13 of the *Standard Specifications*, may fulfill the role of the work zone installer during the setup, installation, and removal of temporary traffic control within the highway right of way provided they are on site and directing the installation and removal of temporary traffic control.

All other individuals participating in the setup, installation, and removal of temporary traffic control within the highway right of way shall be certified as a qualified flagger in accordance with Article 1150-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, even if flagging is not being performed as part of the traffic control.

Provide the name and contact information of all qualified work zone installers to the Engineer prior to or at the preconstruction conference. Additionally, provide a qualification statement that all other individuals participating in the setup, installation, and removal of temporary traffic control are qualified flaggers that have been properly trained through an NCDOT approved training agency or other NCDOT approved training provider.

All certification records for qualified work zone installers and flaggers shall be uploaded by the approved training agency or other NCDOT approved training provider to the Department's Work Zone Education Verification App (WZ-EVA) prior to the qualified work zone installer or flagger performing any traffic control duties on the project. For more information about WZ-EVA, see the Work Zone Safety Training webpage.

PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS:

(9-20-22)(Rev. 11-15-22) 1089, 1120 SP11 R10

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 10-197, Subarticle 1089-7(D) Controller, line 16, add the following after the third sentence of the first paragraph:

Change the controller password from the factory default and periodically change the controller password to deter unauthorized programming of the controller.

Page 10-197, Subarticle 1089-7(D) Controller, lines 16-19, replace the forth sentence of the first paragraph with the following:

The password system is recommended to include at least two levels of security such that operators at one level may only change message sequences displayed using preprogrammed sequences and operators at a higher level may create and store messages or message sequences.

Page 10-197, Subarticle 1089-7(D) Controller, line 24 replace the sentence with the following:

The controller shall be stored in a locked, weather and vandal resistant box when not in use and after changes to the messages are made.

Page 11-8, Article 1120-3 CONSTRUCTION METHODS, lines 26-32, replace the second paragraph with the following:

Provide an experienced operator for the portable changeable message sign during periods of operation to ensure that the messages displayed on the sign panel are in accordance with the plans and Subarticle 1089-7(D). Change the controller password from the factory default and periodically change the controller password to deter unauthorized programming of the controller. Using two levels of password security is recommended such that operators at one level may only change message sequences displayed using preprogrammed sequences and operators at a higher level may create and store messages or message sequences. Lock the controller in a weather and vandal resistant box when not in use and after changes to the messages are made.

LAW ENFORCEMENT:

(6-21-22)(Rev. 11-15-22) 1190 SP11 R30

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 11-19, Article 1190-1 DESCRIPTION, lines 4-5, replace the paragraph with the following:

Furnish Law Enforcement Officers and official Law Enforcement vehicles to direct traffic in accordance with the contract.

Page 11-19, Article 1190-2 CONSTRUCTION METHODS, lines 7-10, replace the first and second paragraph with the following:

Use off duty uniformed Law Enforcement Officers and official Law Enforcement vehicles equipped with blue lights to direct or control traffic as required by the plans or by the Engineer.

Law Enforcement vehicles shall not be parked within the buffer space on any roadway. Law Enforcement vehicles shall not be used to close or block an active travel lane on multilane roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or higher, except as allowed during rolling roadblock operations as shown in the *Roadway Standard Drawings* or while responding to an emergency.

Page 11-19, Article 1190-3 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, lines 14-15, replace the second sentence of the first paragraph with the following:

There will be no direct payment for official Law Enforcement vehicles as they are considered incidental to the pay item.

EXTRUDED THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING THICKNESS:

3-19-19 (Rev. 6-21-22) 1205

SP12 R05

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 12-6, Subarticle 1205-4(A)(1) General, lines 5-8, delete the second sentence and replace with the following:

Use application equipment that provides multiple width settings ranging from 4 inches to 12 inches and multiple thickness settings to achieve the required thickness above the surface of the pavement as shown in Table 1205-3.

Page 12-7, Table 1205-3, THICKNESS REQUIREMENTS FOR THERMOPLASTIC, replace with the following:

| TABLE 1205-3 | | | | |
|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| MIN | MINIMUM THICKNESS REQUIREMENTS FOR THERMOPLASTIC | | | |
| Thickness | Location | | | |
| 240 mils | In-lane and shoulder-transverse pavement markings (rumble strips). May be | | | |
| | placed in 2 passes. | | | |
| 90 mils | Center lines, skip lines, transverse bands, mini-skip lines, characters, bike lane | | | |
| | symbols, crosswalk lines, edge lines, gore lines, diagonals, and arrow symbols | | | |

PERMANENT SEEDING AND MULCHING:

(7-1-95) 1660 SP16 R02

The Department desires that permanent seeding and mulching be established on this project as soon as practical after slopes or portions of slopes have been graded. As an incentive to obtain an early stand of vegetation on this project, the Contractor's attention is called to the following:

For all permanent seeding and mulching that is satisfactorily completed in accordance with the requirements of Section 1660 in the 2018 Standard Specifications and within the following percentages of elapsed contract times, an additional payment will be made to the Contractor as an incentive additive. The incentive additive will be determined by multiplying the number of acres of seeding and mulching satisfactorily completed times the contract unit bid price per acre for Seeding and Mulching times the appropriate percentage additive.

| Percentage of Elapsed Contract Time | Percentage Additive |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 0% - 30% | 30% |
| 30.01% - 50% | 15% |

Percentage of elapsed contract time is defined as the number of calendar days from the date of availability of the contract to the date the permanent seeding and mulching is acceptably completed divided by the total original contract time.

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS – TERMINATION OF CONTRACTS

(5-20-08)

Z-2

General Statute 143C-6-11. (h) Highway Appropriation is hereby incorporated verbatim in this contract as follows:

(h) Amounts Encumbered. – Transportation project appropriations may be encumbered in the amount of allotments made to the Department of Transportation by the Director for the estimated payments for transportation project contract work to be performed in the appropriation fiscal year. The allotments shall be multiyear allotments and shall be based on estimated revenues and shall be subject to the maximum contract authority contained in General Statute 143C-6-11(c). Payment for transportation project work performed pursuant to contract in any fiscal year other than the current fiscal year is subject to appropriations by the General Assembly. Transportation project contracts shall contain a schedule of estimated completion progress, and any acceleration of this progress shall be subject to the approval of the Department of Transportation provided funds are available. The State reserves the right to terminate or suspend any transportation project contract, and any transportation project contract shall be so terminated or suspended if funds will not be available for payment of the work to be performed during that fiscal year pursuant to the contract. In the event of termination of any contract, the contractor shall be given a written notice of termination at least 60 days before completion of scheduled work for which funds are available. In the event of termination, the contractor shall be paid for the work already performed in accordance with the contract specifications.

Payment will be made on any contract terminated pursuant to the special provision in accordance with Subarticle 108-13(D) of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION NCDOT GENERAL SEED SPECIFICATION FOR SEED QUALITY

(5-17-11) Z-3

Seed shall be sampled and tested by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory. When said samples are collected, the vendor shall supply an independent laboratory report for each lot to be tested. Results from seed so sampled shall be final. Seed not meeting the specifications shall be rejected by the Department of Transportation and shall not be delivered to North Carolina Department of Transportation warehouses. If seed has been delivered it shall be available for pickup and replacement at the supplier's expense.

Any re-labeling required by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory, that would cause the label to reflect as otherwise specified herein shall be rejected by the North Carolina Department of Transportation.

Seed shall be free from seeds of the noxious weeds Johnsongrass, Balloonvine, Jimsonweed, Witchweed, Itchgrass, Serrated Tussock, Showy Crotalaria, Smooth Crotalaria, Sicklepod, Sandbur, Wild Onion, and Wild Garlic. Seed shall not be labeled with the above weed species on the seed analysis label. Tolerances as applied by the Association of Official Seed Analysts will NOT be allowed for the above noxious weeds except for Wild Onion and Wild Garlic.

Tolerances established by the Association of Official Seed Analysts will generally be recognized. However, for the purpose of figuring pure live seed, the found pure seed and found germination percentages as reported by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Seed Testing Laboratory will be used. Allowances, as established by the NCDOT, will be recognized for minimum pure live seed as listed on the following pages.

The specifications for restricted noxious weed seed refers to the number per pound as follows:

| Restricted Noxious Weed | Limitations per Lb. Of Seed | Restricted Noxious Weed | Limitations per Lb. of Seed |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Blessed Thistle | 4 seeds | Cornflower (Ragged Robin) | 27 seeds |
| Cocklebur | 4 seeds | Texas Panicum | 27 seeds |
| Spurred Anoda | 4 seeds | Bracted Plantain | 54 seeds |
| Velvetleaf | 4 seeds | Buckhorn Plantain | 54 seeds |
| Morning-glory | 8 seeds | Broadleaf Dock | 54 seeds |
| Corn Cockle | 10 seeds | Curly Dock | 54 seeds |
| Wild Radish | 12 seeds | Dodder | 54 seeds |
| Purple Nutsedge | 27 seeds | Giant Foxtail | 54 seeds |
| Yellow Nutsedge | 27 seeds | Horsenettle | 54 seeds |
| Canada Thistle | 27 seeds | Quackgrass | 54 seeds |
| Field Bindweed | 27 seeds | Wild Mustard | 54 seeds |
| Hedge Bindweed | 27 seeds | | |

Seed of Pensacola Bahiagrass shall not contain more than 7% inert matter, Kentucky Bluegrass, Centipede and Fine or Hard Fescue shall not contain more than 5% inert matter whereas a maximum of 2% inert matter will be allowed on all other kinds of seed. In addition, all seed shall

not contain more than 2% other crop seed nor more than 1% total weed seed. The germination rate as tested by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture shall not fall below 70%, which includes both dormant and hard seed. Seed shall be labeled with not more than 7%, 5% or 2% inert matter (according to above specifications), 2% other crop seed and 1% total weed seed.

Exceptions may be made for minimum pure live seed allowances when cases of seed variety shortages are verified. Pure live seed percentages will be applied in a verified shortage situation. Those purchase orders of deficient seed lots will be credited with the percentage that the seed is deficient.

FURTHER SPECIFICATIONS FOR EACH SEED GROUP ARE GIVEN BELOW:

Minimum 85% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 83% pure live seed will not be approved.

Sericea Lespedeza Oats (seeds)

Minimum 80% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 78% pure live seed will not be approved.

Tall Fescue (all approved varieties)

Kobe Lespedeza

Bermudagrass

Browntop Millet

Carpetgrass

Minimum 78% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 76% pure live seed will not be approved.

Common or Sweet Sundangrass

Minimum 76% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 74% pure live seed will not be approved.

Rye (grain; all varieties)
Kentucky Bluegrass (all approved varieties)
Hard Fescue (all approved varieties)
Shrub (bicolor) Lespedeza

Minimum 70% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 144 noxious weed seed per pound. Seed less than 70% pure live seed will not be approved.

Centipedegrass Japanese Millet
Crownvetch Reed Canary Grass

Pensacola Bahiagrass Zoysia

Creeping Red Fescue

Minimum 70% pure live seed; maximum 1% total weed seed; maximum 2% total other crop seed; maximum 5% inert matter; maximum 144 restricted noxious weed seed per pound.

Barnyard Grass Big Bluestem Little Bluestem Bristly Locust Birdsfoot Trefoil Indiangrass Orchardgrass Switchgrass

Yellow Blossom Sweet Clover

ERRATA

(10-16-18) (Rev. 6-20-23) Z-4

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Division 1

- Page 1-1, Article 101-2 Abbreviations, line 13, replace "American National Standards Institute, Inc." with "American National Standards Institute".
- Page 1-1, Article 101-2 Abbreviations, line 32, replace "Equivalent Single Axis Load" with "Equivalent Single Axle Load".
- **Page 1-16, Subarticle 102-9(A) General, line 26,** replace "10 U.S.C. 2304(g)" with "10 U.S.C. 3205".
- Page 1-43, Article 104-13 RECYCLED PRODUCTS OR SOLID WASTE MATERIALS, line 4, replace "104-13(B)(2)" with "104-13(B)".
- Page 1-52, Article 106-1 RECYCLED PRODUCTS OR SOLID WASTE MATERIALS, line 25, replace "13 NCAC 7CF.0101(a)(99)" with "29 CFR 1910.1200".
- Page 1-79, Article 109-1 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, Test Method prior to line 34, replace "AASHTO M 32" with "AASHTO M 336".

Division 2

- **Page 2-5, Article 210-2 CONSTRUCTION METHODS, line 21,** replace "NCGS §§ 130A-444 to -452" with "NCGS §§ 130A-444 to -453".
- Page 2-13, Article 225-2 EROSION CONTROL REQUIREMENTS, line 17, replace "the Sedimentation and Pollution Control Act" with "Article 107-12".
- Page 2-20, Subarticle 230-4(B)(3) Reclamation Plan, line 12, replace "Department's borrow and waste site reclamation procedures for contracted projects" with "Department's Borrow Waste and Staging Site Reclamation Procedures for Contract Projects".
- Page 2-25, Subarticle 235-3(E) Surcharges and Waiting Periods, line 21 and 27, delete "Department's Materials and Tests Unit.".
- Page 2-27, Article 240-4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 23, replace "Section 225" with "Article 225-7".
- Page 2-30, Article 275-4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 33, replace "Section 815" with "Article 815-4".

Division 4

Page 4-18, Subarticle 411-5(C)(3) Coring, line 11, replace "in accordance with ASTM D5079" with "with methods acceptable to the Engineer".

- Page 4-50, Article 430-2 MATERIALS, prior to line 15, replace Section "1080-9" with "1080-7".
- Page 4-53, Article 440-2 MATERIALS, prior to line 6, replace Section "1080-9" with "1080-7".
- Page 4-58, Article 442-2 MATERIALS, prior to line 15, replace Section "1080-6" with "1080-12".
- Page 4-59, Subarticle 442-7(A) Blast Cleaning, line 36, replace Article "1080-6" with "1080-12".
- Page 4-76, Article 454-2 MATERIALS, prior to line 24, replace Section "815-2" with "1044".
- Page 4-79, Article 455-2 MATERIALS, prior to line 21, replace Section "815" with "1044".
- Page 4-80, Subarticle 455-3(B) Precast Gravity Wall Designs, line 23 and lines 25-26, replace "AASHTO LRFD specifications" with "AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications".
- Page 4-84, Article 458-5 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 31, replace article number "454-1" with "458-1".

Division 6

- Page 6-7, Article 609-1 DESCRIPTION, line 29, replace article number "609-10" with "609-9".
- Page 6-10, Subarticle 609-6(C) Control Charts, line 17, replace Section number "7021" with "7.20.1".
- Page 6-13, Article 609-9 QUALITY ASSURANCE, line 31, replace Section number "7.60" with "7.6".
- Page 6-26, Subarticle 610-13(A)(1) Acceptance for New Construction, line 31, replace Table number "610-7" with "610-8".
- Page 6-29, Subarticle 610-13(B) North Carolina Hearne Straightedge, line 32, replace Table number "610-8" with "610-9".
- Page 6-31, Article 610-14 DENSITY ACCEPTANCE, Specified Density prior to line 30 and line 32, replace Table number "610-6" with "610-7".
- Page 6-37, Article 650-5 CONSTRUCTION METHODS, line 10, replace Section number "9.5(E)" with "9.5.1(E)".
- Page 6-44, Subarticle 660-8(B) Asphalt Mat and Seal, line 40, replace Subarticle number "660-8(A)" with "660-8(C)".

Page 6-44, Subarticle 660-8(B) Asphalt Mat and Seal, line 42, replace Subarticle number "660-8(C)" with "660-8(A)".

Division 7

Page 7-11, Subarticle 700-15(E) Compressive Strength, line 5, replace "AASHTO T 23" with "AASHTO R 100".

Page 7-24, Article 723-4 Very High Early Strength Concrete for Concrete Pavement Repair, line 4, replace "AASHTO T126" with "AASHTO R 39".

Page 7-24, Article 723-5 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 34, replace "Section 225" with "Article 225-7".

Page 7-24, Article 723-5 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 36, replace "Section 270" with "Article 270-4".

Page 7-27, Article 725-1 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 4, replace article number "725-1" with "724-4".

Page 7-28, Article 725-1 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 10, replace article number "725-1" with "725-3".

Division 8

Page 8-11, Article 815-1 MATERIALS, after line 35, replace "1080-12" with "1080-10".

Page 8-13, Article 816-1 MATERIALS, after line 28, replace "1080-12" with "1080-10".

Page 8-17, Article 825-1 Description, line 5, delete "853" and "855".

Division 10

Page 10-2, Subarticle 1000-3(B) Air Entrainment, line 33, replace "Chase" with "Chace".

Page 10-4, Subarticle 1000-4(A) Composition and Design, after line 17, replace "T23" with "R100".

Page 10-4, Subarticle 1000-4(B) Air Entrainment, line 31 and 33, replace "Chase" with "Chace".

Page 10-4, Subarticle 1000-4(C) Strength of Concrete, line 39 and 41, replace "T 23" with "R 100".

Page 10-15, Subarticle 1000-11(B) Mixing Time for Central Mixed Concrete, after line 35, replace "T 23" with "R 100".

Page 10-22, Article 1003-3 COMPOSITION AND DESIGN, line 9, replace "Engineer" with "engineer".

Page 10-23, Article 1003-4 GROUT REQUIREMENTS, line 16 and 18, replace "T 23" with "R 100".

Page 10-26, Article 1005-4 TESTING, after line 26, replace " $1014-2 \in (6)$ " with " $1014-2 \in (6)$ " in C. of Table 1005-1 footnote and replace "Lightweight^B" with "Lightweight^C".

Page 10-29, Subarticle 1012-1(B)(4) Flat and Elongated Pieces, line 44, delete "SF9.5A"

Page 10-36, Subarticle 1012-2(E) Toughness (Resistance to Abrasion), line 31, replace "course" with "coarse".

Page 10-37, Article 1012-4, LIGHTWEIGHT AGGREGATE, line 4, replace Table number "1012-8" with "1012-5".

Page 10-48, Subarticle 1020-10(A) Mineral Fibers, line 27, replace "Table 1012-5" with "Table 1020-2".

Page 10-52, Article 1024-5 FLY ASH, line 12, replace "Table 2" with "Table 3".

Page 10-60, Subarticle 1032-6(F) Joint Materials, line 15, replace "AASHTO M 198" with "ASTM C990" and delete "Type B".

Page 10-61, Article 1034-3 CONCRETE SEWER PIPE, line 33, replace "AASHTO M 198" with "ASTM C990" and delete "Type A or B".

Page 10-64, Article 1040-1 BRICK, line 12, replace "ASTM C62" with "ASTM C62 or ASTM C216".

Page 10-67, Article 1044-7 CORRUGATED PLASTIC PIPE AND FITTINGS, line 24, replace "AASHTO M 294 for heavy duty tubing" with "Article 1032-7 and AASHTO M 252".

Page 10-68, Subarticle 1046-3(D) Offset Blocks, lines 30-32, delete "Before beginning the installation of recycled offset block, submit the FHWA acceptance letter for each type of block to the Engineer for approval."

Page 10-69, Subarticle 1046-3(D) Offset Blocks, before line 1, replace "WIRE DIAMETER" with "COMPOSITE OFFSET BLOCKS" as the title of Table 1046-1, delete "Testing" property and associated requirement from Table 1046-1, and replace "Approval" requirement of "Approved for use by the FHWA" with "Approved for use on the NCDOT APL" in Table 1046-1.

Page 10-80, Article 1060-2 FERTILIZER, line 18, replace "North Carolina Fertilizer Law" with "North Carolina Commercial Fertilizer Law".

Page 10-83, Article 1060-9 WATER, line 9, replace "15 NCAC 2B.0200" with "15A NCAC 02B.0200".

Page 10-86, Article 1070-3 COLD DRAWN STEEL WIRE AND WIRE REINFORCEMENT, line 23 and 25, replace "M 32" and "M 55" with "M 336".

Page 10-87, Article 1070-6 DOWELS AND TIE BARS FOR PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT, line 17, replace "AASHTO M 32" with "AASHTO M 336".

Page 10-88, Subarticle 1070-7(D) Handling, Storage and Transportation, line 40, replace "Section" with "Subarticle".

Page 10-89, Article 1070-8 SPIRAL COLUMN REINFORCING STEEL, line 21, replace "AASHTO M 32" with "AASHTO M 336".

Page 10-91, Article 1072-3 BEARING PLATE ASSEMBLIES, line 44, replace "Article 1080-9" with "Article 1080-7".

Page 10-92, Subarticle 1072-5(A) General, after line 30, replace "SAMPLING REQUIREMENTS FOR HIGH STRENGTH BOLTS, NUTS AND WASHERS" with "SAMPLING REQUIREMENTS FOR HIGH STRENGTH BOLTS, NUTS AND WASHERS TO INCLUDE DIRECT TENSION INDICATORS" as the title of Table 1072-1.

Page 10-95, Subarticle 1072-5(D)(7)(a) Mill Test Report(s), line 18, replace title with "Mill Test Report(s) (MTR)".

Page 10-95, Subarticle 1072-5(D)(7)(b) Manufacturer Certified Test Report(s), line 24, replace title with "Manufacturer Certified Test Report(s) (MCTR)".

Page 10-96, Subarticle 1072-5(D)(7)(c) Distributor Certified Test Report(s), line 1, replace title with "Distributor Certified Test Report(s) (DCTR)".

Page 10-98, Subarticle 1072-5(F) Galvanized High Strength Bolts, Nuts and Washers, line 11, replace "Article 1080-9" with "Article 1080-7".

Page 10-111, Subarticle 1072-18(B) General, line 24, replace "Structural Welding Code-Reinforcing Steel" with "Structural Welding Code-Steel Reinforcing Bars".

Page 10-117, Article 1074-1 WELDING, lines 21-22, replace "Structural Welding Code-Reinforcing Steel" with "Structural Welding Code-Steel Reinforcing Bars".

Page 10-119, Article 1074-7(B) Gray Iron Castings, line 16, replace "M306" with "AASHTO M 306".

Page 10-121, Article 1076-7, REPAIR OF GALVANIZING, line 8, replace article number "1080-9" with "1080-7".

Page 10-125, Subarticle 1077-5(B) Testing, line 31, replace "T 23" with "R 100".

Page 10-131, Subarticle 1078-4(A) Composition and Design, after line 23, in Table 1078-2 replace "T 23" with "R 100".

Page 10-135, Subarticle 1078-4(J)(2) Mixing Time for Central Mixed Concrete, line 46, replace "Table 1078-2" with "Table 1078-3"

- Page 10-136, Subarticle 1078-4(J)(2) Mixing Time for Central Mixed Concrete, after line 17, replace "T23" with "R100".
- Page 10-153, Subarticle 1079-1 PREFORMED BEARING PADS, line 8, replace "MIL-C882-D" with "MIL-C-882-E".
- Page 10-154, Subarticle 1079-2(A) General, line 6, delete "and 1079-2(E)".
- Page 10-156, Article 1080-5 SELF-CURING INORGANIC ZINC PAINT, line 8, replace "AASHTO M 252" with "AASHTO M 300".
- Page 10-156, Article 1080-5 SELF-CURING INORGANIC ZINC PAINT, line 20, replace "AASHTO M 253" with "AASHTO M 300".
- **Page 10-156, Subarticle 1080-9(A) Composition, line 40,** replace "Tables 1080-7 through 1080-14" with "Tables 1080-1 through 1080-3".
- **Page 10-157, Subarticle 1080-9(B) Properties, line 5,** replace "Tables 1080-7 through 1080-14" with "Tables 1080-1 through 1080-3".
- **Page 10-157, Subarticle 1080-9(B) Properties, line 35,** replace "Materials and Tests Standards CLS-P-1.0" with "Structural Steel Shop Coatings Program".
- Page 10-159, Subarticle 1080-9(E) Color Variation, Table 1080-1, replace "ASTM D1159" with "ASTM D1199".
- Page 10-159, Subarticle 1080-9(E) Color Variation, Table 1080-1, replace "NCDOT M&T P-10" with "ASTM D6280".
- Page 10-161, Subarticle 1080-9(E) Color Variation, Table 1080-3, replace "ASTM D13278" and "ASTM D3278".
- **Page 10-161, Subarticle 1080-9(E) Color Variation, Table 1080-3,** replace "NCDOT M&T P-10" and "Structural Steel Shop Coatings Program".
- Page 10-161, Subarticle 1080-9(E) Color Variation, Table 1080-3, add Test Method "ASTM D4400" for the Leneta Sag Test property in Table 1080-3.
- Page 10-161, Subarticle 1080-9(E) Color Variation, Table 1080-3, add Test Method "ASTM D523" for the Gloss, Specular property in Table 1080-3.
- **Page 10-161, Subarticle 1080-9(E) Color Variation, Table 1080-3,** replace Test Method "ASTM" with "ASTM E70" for the pH property in Table 1080-3.
- Page 10-162, Article 1080-50 PAINT FOR VERTICAL MARKERS, line 1, replace article number "1080-50" with "1080-10".

Page 10-162, Article 1080-61 EPOXY RESIN FOR REINFORCING STEEL, line 5, replace article number "1080-61" with "1080-11".

Page 10-162, Article 1080-72 ABRASIVE MATERIALS FOR BLAST CLEANING STEEL, line 22, replace article number "1080-72" with "1080-12".

Page 10-163, Article 1080-83 FIELD PERFORMANCE AND SERVICES, line 25, replace article number "1080-83" with "1080-13".

Page 10-166, Subarticle 1081-1(E) Prequalification, line 24, replace "Value Management Unit" with "Product Evaluation Program".

Page 10-168, Subarticle 1081-3(A) Physical Requirements, after line 25, replace "Subarticle 1081-4(B)" with "Subarticle 1081-3(B)" in Table 1081-2.

Page 10-168, Subarticle 1087-2(A) Paint Composition, lines 19-20, replace "Federal Specification TTP 1952F" with "Federal Specification TT-P-1952".

Page 10-200, Subarticle 1090-1(C) Anchor Bolts, line 38, replace ASTM number "A325" with "F3125".

Page 10-202, Subarticle 1091-3(F) Solid Wall HDPE Conduit, line 5, replace ", Table 1091-1, 1091-2 and 1091-3" with "and Table 1091-1".

Page 10-208, Subarticle 1094-1(A) Breakaway or Simple Steel Beam Sign Supports, line 19, replace ASTM number "A325" with "F3125".

Page 10-209, Subarticle 1094-1(D) Steel Square Tube Posts, line 10, replace ASTM number "A123" with "A653".

Page 10-209, Subarticle 1094-1(E) Wood Supports, line 17, replace "Article 1082-2 and 1082-3" with "Section 1082".

Page 10-212, Subarticle 1098-1(H) Electrical Service, line 21, replace "NEMA Type 3R" with "NEMA 3R".

Page 10-212, Subarticle 1098-1(H) Electrical Service, line 36, replace "UL Standard 231" with "UL Standard UL-231".

Page 10-212, Subarticle 1098-1(H) Electrical Service, line 37, replace "UL Standard 67" with "UL Standard UL-67".

Page 10-224, Subarticle 1098-14(H)(1) Type I – Pedestrian Pushbutton Post, line 3, replace ASTM number "325" with "F3125".

Page 10-224, Article 1098-16 CABINET BASE ADAPTER/EXTENDER, line 33, replace Section number "6.7" with "6.8".

Division 14

Page 14-11, Subarticle 1401-2(B) Lowering Device, line 36, replace Military Specification "MIL-W-83420E" with "MIL-DTL-83420".

Page 14-22, Article 1412-2 MATERIALS, line 29, replace UL Standard "1572" with "1598".

Division 15

Page 15-6, Subarticle 1510-3(B) Testing and Sterilization, line 40, replace Section number "4.4.3" with "4.4".

Page 15-14, Article 1525-2 MATERIALS, line 9, replace "AASHTO M 198" with "ASTM C990".

Page 15-14, Article 1525-2 MATERIALS, lines 17-18, delete "in the Grout Production and Delivery provision".

Page 15-19, Article 1550-2 MATERIALS, line 16, replace "AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications" with "AASHTO LRFD Bridge Construction Specifications".

Division 16

Page 16-9, Article 1630-3 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 7, replace "Section 225" with "Article 225-7".

Page 16-9, Article 1630-3 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 8, replace "Section 230" with "Article 230-5".

Page 16-16, Article 1637-5 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, line 17, replace "Section 310" with "Article 310-6".

Division 17

Page 17-15, Article 1715-4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT, lines 42-44, replace the second sentence with the following:

An example is an installation of a single 1.25 inch HDPE conduit would be paid as:

Directional Drill (1)(1.25") Linear Foot

Page 17-15, Subarticle 1715-3(E) Bore and Jack, line 5, replace article number "1540-4" with "1550-4".

Page 17-15, Subarticle 1715-3(E) Bore and Jack, lines 10 & 11, replace "NCDOT Policies and Procedures for Accommodating Utilities on Highway Rights of Way" with "NCDOT Utilities Accommodations Manual".

PLANT AND PEST QUARANTINES

(Imported Fire Ant, Gypsy Moth, Witchweed, Emerald Ash Borer, Guava Root Knot Nematode, And Other Noxious Weeds)

(3-18-03) (Rev. 5-21-19) Z-04a

Within Quarantined Area

This project may be within a county regulated for plant and/or pests. If the project or any part of the Contractor's operations is located within a quarantined area, thoroughly clean all equipment prior to moving out of the quarantined area. Comply with federal/state regulations by obtaining a certificate or limited permit for any regulated article moving from the quarantined area.

Originating in a Quarantined County

Obtain a certificate or limited permit issued by the N.C. Department of Agriculture/United States Department of Agriculture. Have the certificate or limited permit accompany the article when it arrives at the project site.

Contact

Contact the N.C. Department of Agriculture/United States Department of Agriculture at 1-800-206-9333, 919-707-3730, or https://www.ncagr.gov/plantindustry/Plant/quaran/table2.htm to determine those specific project sites located in the quarantined area or for any regulated article used on this project originating in a quarantined county.

Regulated Articles Include

- 1. Soil, sand, gravel, compost, peat, humus, muck, and decomposed manure, separately or with other articles. This includes movement of articles listed above that may be associated with cut/waste, ditch pulling, and shoulder cutting.
- 2. Plants with roots including grass sod.
- 3. Plant crowns and roots.
- 4. Bulbs, corms, rhizomes, and tubers of ornamental plants.
- 5. Hay, straw, fodder, and plant litter of any kind.
- 6. Clearing and grubbing debris.
- 7. Used agricultural cultivating and harvesting equipment.
- 8. Used earth-moving equipment.
- 9. Any other products, articles, or means of conveyance, of any character, if determined by an inspector to present a hazard of spreading imported fire ant, gypsy moth, witchweed, emerald ash borer, guava root knot nematode, or other noxious weeds.

MINIMUM WAGES

(7-21-09) Z-5

FEDERAL: The Fair Labor Standards Act provides that with certain exceptions every employer shall pay wages at the rate of not less than SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

The North Carolina Minimum Wage Act provides that every employer shall pay to each of his employees, wages at a rate of not less than SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

The minimum wage paid to all skilled labor employed on this contract shall be SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

The minimum wage paid to all intermediate labor employed on this contract shall be SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

The minimum wage paid to all unskilled labor on this contract shall be SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

This determination of the intent of the application of this act to the contract on this project is the responsibility of the Contractor.

The Contractor shall have no claim against the Department of Transportation for any changes in the minimum wage laws, Federal or State. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to keep fully informed of all Federal and State Laws affecting his contract.

TITLE VI AND NONDISCRIMINATION:

(6-28-77)(Rev 6/19/2018)

Z-6

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Replace Article 103-4(B) with the following:

The North Carolina Department of Transportation is committed to carrying out the U.S. Department of Transportation's policy of ensuring nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts.

The provisions of this section related to United States Department of Transportation (US DOT) Order 1050.2A, Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) part 21, 23 United States Code (U.S.C.) 140 and 23 CFR part 200 (or 49 CFR 303, 49 U.S.C. 5332 or 49 U.S.C. 47123) are applicable to all North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) contracts and to all related subcontracts, material supply, engineering, architectural and other service contracts, regardless of dollar amount. Any Federal provision that is specifically required not specifically set forth is hereby incorporated by reference.

(1) Title VI Assurances (USDOT Order 1050.2A, Appendix A)

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees as follows:

- (a) Compliance with Regulations
 - The contractor (hereinafter includes consultants) shall comply with the Acts and the Regulations relative to Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.
- (b) Nondiscrimination
 - The contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and the Regulations, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.
- (c) Solicitations for Subcontractors, Including Procurements of Materials and Equipment In all solicitations, either by competitive bidding, or negotiation made by the contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier shall be notified by the contractor of the contractor's obligations under this contract and the Acts and the Regulations relative to Nondiscrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.

(d) Information and Reports

The contractor shall provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto and shall permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Recipient or the FHWA to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Acts,

Regulations, and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish the information, the contractor shall so certify to the Recipient or the FHWA, as appropriate, and shall set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.

(e) Sanctions for Noncompliance:

In the event of a contractor's noncompliance with the Non-discrimination provisions of this contract, the Recipient will impose such contract sanctions as it and/or the FHWA may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:

- (i) Withholding payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies; and/or
- (ii) Cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.

(f) Incorporation of Provisions

The contractor shall include the provisions of paragraphs (a) through (f) in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto. The contractor shall take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Recipient or the FHWA may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, that if the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the contractor may request the Recipient to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Recipient. In addition, the contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

(2) Title VI Nondiscrimination Program (23 CFR 200.5(p))

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) has assured the USDOT that, as a condition to receiving federal financial assistance, NCDOT will comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and all requirements imposed by Title 49 CFR part 21 and related nondiscrimination authorities to ensure that no person shall, on the ground of race, color, national origin, limited English proficiency, sex, age, or disability (including religion/creed or income-level, where applicable), be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any programs, activities, or services conducted or funded by NCDOT. Contractors and other organizations under contract or agreement with NCDOT must also comply with Title VI and related authorities, therefore:

- (a) During the performance of this contract or agreement, contractors (e.g., subcontractors, consultants, vendors, prime contractors) are responsible for complying with NCDOT's Title VI Program. Contractors are not required to prepare or submit Title VI Programs. To comply with this section, the prime contractor shall:
 - 1. Post NCDOT's Notice of Nondiscrimination and the Contractor's own Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Policy in conspicuous locations accessible to all employees, applicants and subcontractors on the jobsite.
 - 2. Physically incorporate the required Title VI clauses into all subcontracts on federally-assisted and state-funded NCDOT projects, and ensure inclusion by subcontractors into all lower-tier subcontracts.
 - 3. Required Solicitation Language. The Contractor shall include the following notification in all solicitations for bids and requests for work or material, regardless of funding source:
 - "The North Carolina Department of Transportation, in accordance with the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252, 42 US.C. §§ 2000d to 2000d-4) and the Regulations, hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively ensure that any contract

entered into pursuant to this advertisement, disadvantaged business enterprises will be afforded full and fair opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation and will not be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in consideration for an award. In accordance with other related nondiscrimination authorities, bidders and contractors will also not be discriminated against on the grounds of sex, age, disability, low-income level, creed/religion, or limited English proficiency in consideration for an award."

- 4. Physically incorporate the FHWA-1273, in its entirety, into all subcontracts and subsequent lower tier subcontracts on Federal-aid highway construction contracts only.
- 5. Provide language assistance services (i.e., written translation and oral interpretation), free of charge, to LEP employees and applicants. Contact NCDOT OCR for further assistance, if needed.
- 6. For assistance with these Title VI requirements, contact the NCDOT Title VI Nondiscrimination Program at 1-800-522-0453.
- (b) Subrecipients (e.g. cities, counties, LGAs, planning organizations) may be required to prepare and submit a Title VI Plan to NCDOT, including Title VI Assurances and/or agreements. Subrecipients must also ensure compliance by their contractors and subrecipients with Title VI. (23 CFR 200.9(b)(7))
- (c) If reviewed or investigated by NCDOT, the contractor or subrecipient agrees to take affirmative action to correct any deficiencies found within a reasonable time period, not to exceed 90 calendar days, unless additional time is granted by NCDOT. (23 CFR 200.9(b)(15))
- (d) The Contractor is responsible for notifying subcontractors of NCDOT's External Discrimination Complaints Process.
 - 1. Applicability

Title VI and related laws protect participants and beneficiaries (e.g., members of the public and contractors) from discrimination by NCDOT employees, subrecipients and contractors, regardless of funding source.

2. Eligibility

Any person—or class of persons—who believes he/she has been subjected to discrimination based on race, color, national origin, Limited English Proficiency (LEP), sex, age, or disability (and religion in the context of employment, aviation, or transit) may file a written complaint. The law also prohibits intimidation or retaliation of any sort.

3. Time Limits and Filing Options

Complaints may be filed by the affected individual(s) or a representative and must be filed no later than 180 calendar days after the following:

- (i) The date of the alleged act of discrimination; or
- (ii) The date when the person(s) became aware of the alleged discrimination; or
- (iii) Where there has been a continuing course of conduct, the date on which that conduct was discontinued or the latest instance of the conduct.

Title VI and related discrimination complaints may be submitted to the following entities:

- North Carolina Department of Transportation, Office of Civil Rights, Title VI Program, 1511 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1511; toll free 1-800-522-0453
- Federal Highway Administration, North Carolina Division Office, 310 New Bern Avenue, Suite 410, Raleigh, NC 27601, 919-747-7010

➤ US Department of Transportation, Departmental Office of Civil Rights, External Civil Rights Programs Division, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE, Washington, DC 20590; 202-366-4070

4. Format for Complaints

Complaints must be in writing and signed by the complainant(s) or a representative, and include the complainant's name, address, and telephone number. Complaints received by fax or e-mail will be acknowledged and processed. Allegations received by telephone will be reduced to writing and provided to the complainant for confirmation or revision before processing. Complaints will be accepted in other languages, including Braille.

5. Discrimination Complaint Form
Contact NCDOT Civil Rights to receive a full copy of the Discrimination
Complaint Form and procedures.

6. Complaint Basis

Allegations must be based on issues involving race, color, national origin (LEP), sex, age, disability, or religion (in the context of employment, aviation or transit). "Basis" refers to the complainant's membership in a protected group category.

| TABLE 103-1 COMPLAINT BASIS | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Protected Categories | Definition | Examples | Applicable Nondiscrimination Authorities | |
| Race and Ethnicity | An individual belonging to one of the accepted racial groups; or the perception, based usually on physical characteristics that a person is a member of a racial group | Black/African American, Hispanic/Latino, Asian, American Indian/Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, White | Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; 49 CFR Part 21; 23 CFR 200; 49 U.S.C. 5332(b); 49 U.S.C. 47123. (Executive Order 13166) | |
| Color | Color of skin, including shade of skin within a racial group | Black, White, brown, yellow, etc. | | |
| National Origin (Limited English Proficiency) | Place of birth. Citizenship is not a factor. (Discrimination based on language or a person's accent is also covered) | Mexican, Cuban, Japanese, Vietnamese, Chinese | | |
| Sex | Gender. The sex of an individual. Note: Sex under this program does not include sexual orientation. | Women and Men | 1973 Federal-Aid Highway Act; 49 U.S.C. 5332(b); 49 U.S.C. 47123. | |
| Age | Persons of any age | 21-year-old person | Age Discrimination Act of 1975 49 U.S.C. 5332(b); 49 U.S.C. 47123. | |
| Disability | Physical or mental impairment, permanent or temporary, or perceived. | Blind, alcoholic, para-amputee, epileptic, diabetic, arthritic | Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 | |

| Religion (in the context of employment) (Religion/ Creed in all aspects of any aviation or transit-related construction) | An individual belonging to a religious group; or the perception, based on distinguishable characteristics that a person is a member of a religious group. In practice, actions taken as a result of the moral and ethical beliefs as to what is right and wrong, which are sincerely held with the strength of traditional religious views. <i>Note:</i> Does not have to be associated with a recognized religious group or church; if an individual sincerely holds to the belief, it is a protected religious practice. | Muslim, Christian, Sikh, Hindu, etc. | Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; 23 CFR 230; FHWA-1273 Required Contract Provisions. (49 U.S.C. 5332(b); 49 U.S.C. 47123) |
|--|--|---|---|
|--|--|---|---|

(3) Pertinent Nondiscrimination Authorities

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest agrees to comply with the following non-discrimination statutes and authorities, including, but not limited to:

- (a) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq., 78 stat. 252), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin); and 49 CFR Part 21.
- (b) The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 U.S.C. § 4601), (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);
- (c) Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, (23 U.S.C. § 324 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex);
- (d) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (29 U.S.C. § 794 et seq.), as amended, (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability) and 49 CFR Part 27;
- (e) The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, (42 U.S.C. § 6101 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age);
- (f) Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, (49 USC § 471, Section 47123), as amended, (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);
- (g) The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, (PL 100-209), (Broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms "programs or activities" to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal-aid recipients, sub-recipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not);
- (h) Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities (42 U.S.C. §§ 12131-12189) as implemented by Department of Transportation regulations at 49 C.F.R. parts 37 and 38;
- (i) The Federal Aviation Administration's Nondiscrimination statute (49 U.S.C. § 47123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, and sex);
- (j) Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, which ensures Nondiscrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with

- disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations;
- (k) Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination because of Limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, you must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs (70 Fed. Reg. at 74087 to 74100);
- (1) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating because of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq).
- (m) Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000e et seq., Pub. L. 88-352), (prohibits employment discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin).

(4) Additional Title VI Assurances

- **The following Title VI Assurances (Appendices B, C and D) shall apply, as applicable
- (a) Clauses for Deeds Transferring United States Property (1050.2A, Appendix B) The following clauses will be included in deeds effecting or recording the transfer of real property, structures, or improvements thereon, or granting interest therein from the United States pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 4.

NOW, THEREFORE, the U.S. Department of Transportation as authorized by law and upon the condition that the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) will accept title to the lands and maintain the project constructed thereon in accordance with the North Carolina General Assembly, the Regulations for the Administration of the Federal-Aid Highway Program, and the policies and procedures prescribed by the Federal Highway Administration of the U.S. Department of Transportation in accordance and in compliance with all requirements imposed by Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, U.S. Department of Transportation, Subtitle A, Office of the Secretary, Part 21, Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S Department of Transportation pertaining to and effectuating the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252; 42 U.S.C. § 2000d to 2000d-4), does hereby remise, release, quitclaim and convey unto the NCDOT all the right, title and interest of the U.S. Department of Transportation in and to said lands described in Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof.

(HABENDUM CLAUSE)

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD said lands and interests therein unto the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) and its successors forever, subject, however, to the covenants, conditions, restrictions and reservations herein contained as follows, which will remain in effect for the period during which the real property or structures are used for a purpose for which Federal financial assistance is extended or for another purpose involving the provision of similar services or benefits and will be binding on the NCDOT, its successors and assigns.

The NCDOT, in consideration of the conveyance of said lands and interests in lands, does hereby covenant and agree as a covenant running with the land for itself, its successors and assigns, that (1) no person will on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination with regard to any facility located wholly or in part on, over, or under such lands hereby conveyed [,] [and]* (2) that the NCDOT will use the lands and interests in lands and interests in lands so conveyed, in compliance with all requirements imposed by or pursuant to Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, U.S. Department of Transportation, Subtitle A, Office of the Secretary, Part 21, Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Effectuation of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and as said Regulations and Acts may be amended [, and (3) that in the event of breach of any of the above-mentioned nondiscrimination conditions, the Department will have a right to enter or re-enter said lands and facilities on said land, and that above described land and facilities will thereon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of the U.S. Department of Transportation and its assigns as such interest existed prior to this instruction].*

- (*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary in order to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)
- (b) Clauses for Transfer of Real Property Acquired or Improved Under the Activity, Facility, or Program (1050.2A, Appendix C)

The following clauses will be included in deeds, licenses, leases, permits, or similar instruments entered into by the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 7(a):

- 1. The (grantee, lessee, permittee, etc. as appropriate) for himself/herself, his/her heirs, personal representatives, successors in interest, and assigns, as a part of the consideration hereof, does hereby covenant and agree [in the case of deeds and leases add "as a covenant running with the land"] that:
 - (i.) In the event facilities are constructed, maintained, or otherwise operated on the property described in this (deed, license, lease, permit, etc.) for a purpose for which a U.S. Department of Transportation activity, facility, or program is extended or for another purpose involving the provision of similar services or benefits, the (grantee, licensee, lessee, permittee, etc.) will maintain and operate such facilities and services in compliance with all requirements imposed by the Acts and Regulations (as may be amended) such that no person on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination in the use of said facilities.
- 2. With respect to licenses, leases, permits, etc., in the event of breach of any of the above Nondiscrimination covenants, the NCDOT will have the right to terminate the (lease, license, permit, etc.) and to enter, re-enter, and repossess said lands and facilities thereon, and hold the same as if the (lease, license, permit, etc.) had never been made or issued. *
- 3. With respect to a deed, in the event of breach of any of the above Nondiscrimination covenants, the NCDOT will have the right to enter or re-enter the lands and facilities thereon, and the above described lands and facilities will there upon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of the NCDOT and its assigns. *

- (*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)
- (c) Clauses for Construction/Use/Access to Real Property Acquired Under the Activity, Facility or Program (1050.2A, Appendix D)

The following clauses will be included in deeds, licenses, permits, or similar instruments/ agreements entered into by the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 7(b):

- 1. The (grantee, licensee, permittee, etc., as appropriate) for himself/herself, his/her heirs, personal representatives, successors in interest, and assigns, as a part of the consideration hereof, does hereby covenant and agree (in the case of deeds and leases add, "as a covenant running with the land") that (1) no person on the ground of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination in the use of said facilities, (2) that in the construction of any improvements on, over, or under such land, and the furnishing of services thereon, no person on the ground of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subjected to discrimination, (3) that the (grantee, licensee, lessee, permittee, etc.) will use the premises in compliance with all other requirements imposed by or pursuant to the Acts and Regulations, as amended, set forth in this Assurance.
- 2. With respect to (licenses, leases, permits, etc.), in the event of breach of any of the above Non¬ discrimination covenants, the NCDOT will have the right to terminate the (license, permit, etc., as appropriate) and to enter or re-enter and repossess said land and the facilities thereon, and hold the same as if said (license, permit, etc., as appropriate) had never been made or issued. *
- 3. With respect to deeds, in the event of breach of any of the above Nondiscrimination covenants, the NCDOT will there upon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of the NCDOT and its assigns. *

(*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)

ON-THE-JOB TRAINING

(10-16-07) (Rev. 4-21-15)

Z-10

Description

The North Carolina Department of Transportation will administer a custom version of the Federal On-the-Job Training (OJT) Program, commonly referred to as the Alternate OJT Program. All contractors (existing and newcomers) will be automatically placed in the Alternate Program. Standard OJT requirements typically associated with individual projects will no longer be applied at the project level. Instead, these requirements will be applicable on an annual basis for each contractor administered by the OJT Program Manager.

On the Job Training shall meet the requirements of 23 CFR 230.107 (b), 23 USC – Section 140, this provision and the On-the-Job Training Program Manual.

The Alternate OJT Program will allow a contractor to train employees on Federal, State and privately funded projects located in North Carolina. However, priority shall be given to training employees on NCDOT Federal-Aid funded projects.

Minorities and Women

Developing, training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journeyman level status is a primary objective of this special training provision. Accordingly, the Contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority and women as trainees to the extent that such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not.

Assigning Training Goals

The Department, through the OJT Program Manager, will assign training goals for a calendar year based on the contractors' past three years' activity and the contractors' anticipated upcoming year's activity with the Department. At the beginning of each year, all contractors eligible will be contacted by the Department to determine the number of trainees that will be assigned for the upcoming calendar year. At that time the Contractor shall enter into an agreement with the Department to provide a self-imposed on-the-job training program for the calendar year. This agreement will include a specific number of annual training goals agreed to by both parties. The number of training assignments may range from 1 to 15 per contractor per calendar year. The Contractor shall sign an agreement to fulfill their annual goal for the year.\

Training Classifications

The Contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journeyman level workers in the construction craft/operator positions. Preference shall be given to providing training in the following skilled work classifications:

Equipment Operators Office Engineers

Truck Drivers Estimators

Carpenters Iron / Reinforcing Steel Workers

Concrete Finishers Mechanics
Pipe Layers Welders

The Department has established common training classifications and their respective training requirements that may be used by the contractors. However, the classifications established are not all-inclusive. Where the training is oriented toward construction applications, training will be allowed in lower-level management positions such as office engineers and estimators. Contractors shall submit new classifications for specific job functions that their employees are performing. The Department will review and recommend for acceptance to FHWA the new classifications proposed by contractors, if applicable. New classifications shall meet the following requirements:

Proposed training classifications are reasonable and realistic based on the job skill classification needs, and

The number of training hours specified in the training classification is consistent with common practices and provides enough time for the trainee to obtain journeyman level status.

The Contractor may allow trainees to be trained by a subcontractor provided that the Contractor retains primary responsibility for meeting the training and this provision is made applicable to the subcontract. However, only the Contractor will receive credit towards the annual goal for the trainee.

Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training. The number of trainees shall be distributed among the work classifications on the basis of the contractor's needs and the availability of journeymen in the various classifications within a reasonable area of recruitment.

No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which they have successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman level status or in which they have been employed as a journeyman.

Records and Reports

The Contractor shall maintain enrollment, monthly and completion reports documenting company compliance under these contract documents. These documents and any other information as requested shall be submitted to the OJT Program Manager.

Upon completion and graduation of the program, the Contractor shall provide each trainee with a certification Certificate showing the type and length of training satisfactorily completed.

Trainee Interviews

All trainees enrolled in the program will receive an initial and Trainee/Post graduate interview conducted by the OJT program staff.

Trainee Wages

Contractors shall compensate trainees on a graduating pay scale based upon a percentage of the prevailing minimum journeyman wages (Davis-Bacon Act). Minimum pay shall be as follows:

| 60 percent | of the journeyman wage for the first half of the training period |
|------------|---|
| 75 percent | of the journeyman wage for the third quarter of the training period |
| 90 percent | of the journeyman wage for the last quarter of the training period |

In no instance shall a trainee be paid less than the local minimum wage. The Contractor shall adhere to the minimum hourly wage rate that will satisfy both the NC Department of Labor (NCDOL) and the Department.

Achieving or Failing to Meet Training Goals

The Contractor will be credited for each trainee employed by him on the contract work who is currently enrolled or becomes enrolled in an approved program and who receives training for at least 50 percent of the specific program requirement. Trainees will be allowed to be transferred between projects if required by the Contractor's scheduled workload to meet training goals.

If a contractor fails to attain their training assignments for the calendar year, they may be taken off the NCDOT's Bidders List.

Measurement and Payment

No compensation will be made for providing required training in accordance with these contract documents.

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS GEOENVIRONMENTAL

CONTAMINATED SOIL (5/26/2022)

The Contractor's attention is directed to the fact that soil contaminated with petroleum hydrocarbon compounds exist within the project area. The known areas of contamination are indicated on corresponding plans sheets. Information relating to these contaminated areas, sample locations, and investigation reports will be available at the following web address by navigating to the correct letting year and month then selecting, "Plans and Proposals", "U-6003", "Individual Sheets/520 GeoEnvironmental":

http://dotw-xfer01.dot.state.nc.us/dsplan/

Petroleum contaminated soil may be encountered during any earthwork activities on the project. The Contractor shall only excavate those soils that the Engineer designates necessary to complete a particular task. The Engineer shall determine if soil is contaminated based on areas shown on the plans, petroleum odors, and unusual soil staining. Contaminated soil not required to be excavated is to remain in place and undisturbed. Undisturbed soil shall remain in place, whether contaminated or not. The Contractor shall transport all contaminated soil excavated from the project to a facility licensed to accept contaminated soil.

In the event that a stockpile is needed, the stockpile shall be created within the property boundaries of the source material and in accordance with the Diagram for Temporary Containment and Treatment of Petroleum-Contaminated Soil per North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality's (NCDEQ) Division of Waste Management UST Section GUIDELINES FOR EX SITU PETROLEUM CONTAMINATED SOIL REMEDIATION. If the volume of contaminated material exceeds available space on site, the Contractor shall obtain a permit from the NCDEQ UST Section's Regional Office for off-site temporary storage. The Contractor shall provide copies of disposal manifests completed per the disposal facilities requirements and weigh tickets to the Engineer.

Measurement and Payment:

The quantity of contaminated soil hauled and disposed of shall be the actual number of tons of material, which has been acceptably transported and weighed with certified scales as documented by disposal manifests and weigh tickets. The quantity of contaminated soil, measured as provided above, shall be paid for at the contract unit price per ton for "Hauling and Disposal of Petroleum Contaminated Soil".

The above price and payment shall be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to stockpiling, loading, transportation, weighing, laboratory testing, disposal, equipment, decontamination of equipment, labor, and personal protective equipment.

Payment shall be made under:

Pay Item

Hauling and Disposal of Petroleum Contaminated Soil



Project: U-6003 UC-1 County: Forsyth

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Utility Construction 10/18/2023

RK&K 8601 Six Forks Road Forum 1, Suite 700 Raleigh, NC 27615



DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

The proposed utility construction shall meet the NCDOT 2018 "Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures" with amendments noted below.

In these Project Special Provisions, where manufacturers are listed for certain products, the cited examples are used only to denote the quality standard of the products desired, and they do not restrict bidders to a specific brand, make, manufacturer or specific name; they are used only to set forth and convey to bidders the general style, type, character and quality of products desired; and equivalent products will be acceptable, subject to review and approval by the utility system owner.

Revise the 2018 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 2-1, Sub-article 200-3, Construction Methods (D)

Delete the following:

Cut off and plug at the right-of-way or construction limits any private water or sewer line intercepted during the construction of the project.

Replace with the following:

Locate and do not damage any private water or sewer line intercepted during the construction of the project. Immediately repair any water or sewer line damaged during construction of the project.

Project: U-6003 UC-2 County: Forsyth

Page 2-8, Sub-article 220-3, Construction Methods

Add the following:

All blasting operations will be conducted in strict conformance with the existing ordinances of the City of Winston-Salem (or any other governing authority) and accepted safe practices relative to the storage and use of explosives.

Page 3-2, Article 300-4 Preparation of Pipe Foundation:

Delete the last 2 sentences of the second paragraph.

Page 3-3, Article 300-7 Backfilling:

add the following to line 39:

Flowable fill, if approved, must not come in contact with the pipe.

Page 10-61, Sub-article 1034-2, Plastic Pipe

Delete in its entirety. City does not allow PVC pipe in its gravity sewer system and there is no force main replacement included in this project.

Page 10-61, Sub-article 1034-3, Concrete Pipe

Delete in its entirety. City does not allow new concrete pipe in its sewer system.

Page 10-61, Sub-article 1034-4, Ductile Iron Pipe, third paragraph

Add the following sentences to paragraph 2:

Rubber gasket joints shall conform to ANSI A21.11 (AWWA C111). Pipe design laying condition will be Type 2, flat-bottom trench with backfill lightly consolidated to centerline of pipe. Pipe for sanitary sewer shall be minimum thickness Class 50. Pipe for water shall be pressure Class 350 for 3" – 16" and pressure Class 250 for 18" and above.

The interior of pipe for sanitary sewer will be lined with 40 mils of ceramic epoxy. All bells and spigots for sanitary sewer pipe must be lined with a minimum of 8 mils of joint compound. The exterior of all pipe shall be coated with a bituminous coating.

For fittings, all glands shall be ductile iron, not gray iron. Fittings shall have a minimum pressure rating of 250 psi. Rubber gasket joints shall conform to ANSI A21.11 (AWWA C111). "DI" or "Ductile" shall be cast on each fitting.

The interior of fittings for sanitary sewer will be lined with 40 mils of ceramic epoxy. All bells and spigots for sanitary sewer fittings must be lined with a minimum of 8 mils of joint compound. The exterior of all fittings shall be coated with a bituminous coating. Fittings coated on the interior and exterior with 8 mils of fusion bonded epoxy in accordance with

ANSI/AWWA C116 and ANSI/AWWA C550 are acceptable.

Restrained joint pipe and fittings with a gripping gasket as the only means of restraint will not be allowed.

Page 10-61, Sub-article 1034-4(B) Force Main Sewer Pipe

Delete last sentence in the second paragraph with: The interior of fittings for sanitary sewer will be lined with a Ceramic Epoxy Lining.

Page 10-61, Section 1034 Sanitary Sewer Pipe and Fittings: add the following:

1034-5 Cast Iron Soil Pipe

All cast iron soil pipe and fittings will conform to ASTM A74 and be classified as SV (service weight). Single or double hub is acceptable. No-hub pipe shall not be used. All pipe and fittings shall be uniformly coated with bituminous coating. Joints will be rubber gasket. Rubber gaskets shall conform to ASTM C564. 4" x 4" combination wye and eighth bends shall be short pattern - Fig. No. SV-32 by Charlotte Pipe and Foundry (or approved equal). 4" cleanouts shall consist of a 4" service weight cast iron ferrule (with 3" iron pipe size tap) and a 3" brass plug. The plug shall have a low raised square head (Southern Code). Cleanouts shall be Part Number 184 by Jumbo Manufacturing Company (or approved equal).

Page 10-62, Sub-article 1036-2, Copper Pipe second paragraph Delete:

"Use flared or"

Page 10-63; Section 1036 Water Pipe And Fitting; Sub-article 1036-5 Ductile Iron Pipe And **Fittings:**

add the following paragraphs:

Ductile Iron Pipe:

- (1) Ductile iron pipe shall be designed to conform to ANSI A21.50 (AWWA C150) and shall be manufactured to conform to ANSI A21.51 (AWWA C151). The interior of pipe for water will be cement lined in accordance with ANSI A21.4 (AWWA C104). The exterior of all pipe shall be coated with a bituminous coating.
- (2) Pipe for water shall be pressure Class 350 for 3" 16" and pressure Class 250 for 18" and above. Any deviations in class shall be otherwise specified or otherwise shown on the Engineer's drawings. If for any reason the Engineer finds any or all ductile iron pipe unacceptable, the Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining acceptable pipe. The Engineer's acceptance or rejection of all pipe will be final.

Ductile Iron Flexible Restrained Joint Pipe and Fittings:

(1) All restrained joint pipe and fittings shall have flexible push-on joints unless otherwise

approved by the Engineer. At locations where field cutting of restrained joint pipe is required for fittings, the TR Flex Gripper Ring may be used. Field welding will not be allowed. Restrained joint pipe and fittings with a gripping gasket as the only means of restraint will not be allowed. Pipe and fittings shall be Flex-Ring by American, TR Flex by U.S. Pipe, or TR Flex by McWane (* or approved equal). If for any reason the Engineer finds any or all ductile iron flexible restrained joint pipe unacceptable, the Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining acceptable pipe. The Engineer's acceptance or rejection of all pipe will be final.

Page 10-63; Section 1036 Water Pipe And Fitting; Sub-article 1036-6 Fire Hydrants: Add the following paragraphs:

(1) All hydrants will have a dry top with O-ring seals which permanently seal off the stem operating threads from water and keep the lubricant in. All hydrants shall be opened by turning the operating nut on top of the hydrant counterclockwise. The operating nut and cap nuts shall be pentagon-shaped, 1 1/2" measured point to flat. The main valve shall be a compression type valve with a valve opening of 5 1/4". Each hydrant will have two hose nozzles and one steamer nozzle. The 2 ½" hose nozzles shall have national standard threads. The steamer nozzle shall have a 5" integral Storz connection. The nozzle shall be fastened into the hydrant barrel by mechanical means, but shall not be leaded into the barrel. Nozzle caps shall be chained to the barrel. All hydrants will be furnished with a breakable traffic feature that will break upon impact. The feature shall consist of a breakable safety flange on the barrel and a breakable safety coupling in the main valve stem. Hydrants must have a bronze main valve seat ring that threads into a bronze drain ring. Each hydrant shall have at least two bronze drain outlets. All hydrants will have 6" mechanical joint base connections or the Alpha connection by American Flow Control or approved equal unless otherwise specified by the Engineer. Hydrants shall be designed for a minimum working pressure of 250 psi. Assembled hydrants shall be subjected to hydrostatic tests of twice the rated working pressure in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C502. All exterior iron surfaces below ground level shall be covered with two coats of asphaltic varnish or fusion bonded epoxy. All exterior iron surfaces above ground level shall be painted yellow to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Yellow paint shall be Rust-Oleum 7446, Rust-Oleum V2148, Kimball Midwest 80-942, or manufacturer's standard equivalent. All interior iron surfaces of the hydrant shoe which are in contact with water (including the lower valve plate and nut) shall be coated with a minimum of 8 mils of fusion bonded epoxy or liquid epoxy in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C550. All hydrants shall have a thrust or anti-friction washer in the operating area of the hydrant bonnet. A weather cap around the operating nut on top of the hydrant is required. Hydrants accepted by the City of Winston- Salem are as follows:

Owner Preference:

Super Centurion 250, manufactured by Mueller Company B-84-B-5, manufactured by American Flow Control K-81D Guardian, manufactured by Kennedy Valve Company Medallion, manufactured by Clow Valve Company *or approved equal Project: U-6003 County: Forsyth

Page 10-63; Section 1036 Water Pipe And Fitting; Sub-article 1036-7 Water Valves; (C) Tapping Valves

Add the following paragraphs:

All tapping valves shall meet the specifications for "gate valves" except that the valve shall have an inlet flange (with centering ring) for connection to the flanged sleeve outlet.

Tapping Valves Owner Preference:

- (1) Clow Valve Company
- (2) M & H Valve Company
- (3) American Flow Control
- (4) U.S. Pipe and Foundry Company
- (5) Mueller Company
- (6) Kennedy Valve Company

Page 10-63; Section 1036 Water Pipe And Fitting; Sub-article 1036-8 Sleeves, Couplings and Miscellaneous; (A) Tapping Sleeves

Add the following paragraphs:

Tapping sleeves shall be a split sleeves with mechanical joint end connections and a flanged outlet. Sleeves shall be designed for a minimum working pressure of 200 psi.

Tapping Sleeves Owner Preference:

Mueller Company

American Flow Control

Tyler Pipe Company

U.S. Pipe and Foundry Company

Kennedy Valve Company

*or approved equal

Tapping Saddles Owner Preference:

American Flow Control

U.S. Pipe and Foundry Company

Page 10-63, Sub-article 1036-7 (B) Bronze Gate Valves:

replace with the following:

The use of bronze gate valves shall not be permitted.

Page 10-64, Sub-article 1036-9, Service Line Valves and Fittings, Paragraph 1 Add the following:

All corporation cocks shall be made of brass. All brass fittings shall be manufactured in accordance with AWWA C800 and ASTM B-584. All brass components in contact with potable water must be made from CDA/UNS Brass Alloy C89833 with a maximum lead content of .25%

^{*}or approved equal

^{*}or approved equal

by weight. Brass alloys not listed in ANSI/AWWA C800 Paragraph 4.1.2 are not approved. All fittings shall be UL classified to NSF/ANSI 61 and NSF/ANSI 372 standards and stamped or embossed with a mark or name indicating that the product is manufactured from the low-lead alloy as specified. All corporation cocks shall be of the ball valve type with AWWA inlet threads.

1036-12 Brass Fittings

All brass fittings shall be manufactured in accordance with AWWA C800 and ASTM B-584. All brass components in contact with potable water must be made from CDA/UNS Brass Alloy C89833 with a maximum lead content of .25% by weight. Brass alloys not listed in ANSI/AWWA C800 Paragraph 4.1.2 are not approved. All fittings shall be UL classified to NSF/ANSI 61 and NSF/ANSI 372 standards and stamped or embossed with a mark or name indicating that the product is manufactured from the low-lead alloy as specified.

Page 15-1, Sub-article 1500-2 Cooperation with the Utility Owner, paragraph 2: Add the following sentences:

The utility owner is the City of Winston-Salem. The primary contact person for the owner is Todd Lewis, PE; He can be reached by phone, office phone: 336-747-6842. The contractor shall provide access for the owner's representatives to all phases of construction. The owner shall also be notified two (2) weeks prior to commencement of any work and one (1) week prior to service interruption.

Page 15-2, Sub-article 1500-7, Submittals and Records

Add the following after the third paragraph:

As a final measure required for acceptance, the Contractor shall clean and televise all sanitary sewer mains prior to requesting final inspection. The Contractor shall televise the entire sewer main and all service connections using standardized NASSCO (PACP, MACP, & LACP) practices, unless otherwise specified.

Two copies of the entire video inspection along with a properly formatted PACP standard exchange database shall be submitted to the Engineer on a data disc (DVD or flash drive).

Page 15-2, Sub-article 1500-9 Placing Pipelines into Service

Add the following sentences:

Obtain approval from City prior to placing a new water line into service. Use backflow prevention assemblies for temporary connections to isolate new water lines from existing water line. A representative from City will witness all tests performed on their water facilities.

Obtain approval from City prior to placing a new sewer line into service. A representative from

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City will witness all tests performed on their sewer facilities.

Page 15-3, Article 1505-2 Materials:

replace line 12 with the following:

Use Class VI select material for foundation conditioning and bedding.

Page 15-4, Sub-article 1505-3 (C), Bedding:

replace the first three (3) sentences with the following:

The limits for stone bedding will normally be shown on the profile of the Engineer's drawing. Stone bedding shall have a minimum thickness beneath the pipe of four inches (4") or one-eighth of the outside diameter of the pipe, whichever is greater. The required thickness shall be determined by the Engineer.

Page 15-4, Sub-article 1505-3 (E), Thrust Restraint:

replace the fourth paragraph with the following:

Concrete thrust blocks shall be constructed as directed by the Engineer at all bends, tees, tapping sleeves, tapping saddles, reducers, plugs, etc. to provide restraint against thrust resulting from internal pressure. Any exceptions to this such as restrained joints or mechanical joints with retainer glands will be noted on the Engineer's drawings or otherwise specified. Thrust blocks will not be required for restrained joint pipe (exception - blocking will be required when connecting restrained pipe to existing pipe). All thrust blocks will be constructed of a minimum of Class A concrete. Thrust blocks for bends, fire hydrants, tees and stub-outs shall be constructed in accordance with the City of Winston-Salemthrust block detail drawings. Polyethylene shall be placed over all fittings before the concrete is poured. All nuts and bolts shall be clear of concrete so that the joint will be accessible. Plywood shall be used as forms for blocking. Concrete is to be poured only against stable undisturbed soil and should be allowed to set prior to any backfilling. Thrust blocks should be allowed to cure two days prior to pressure testing the water main. Higher strength concrete may be required when it is necessary to pressure test prior to the end of the two day curing time.

Page 15-8, sub-article 1515-3(B) Meters

Add the following paragraph:

For relocated meters (with change to horizontal location):

The Contractor shall install a new meter box, angle valves, yoke, tee and ball valve as directed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall expose a portion of the water line from the dwelling or business to determine the material and have proper fittings for reconnection to the new meter box. At the approval of the Engineer, the Contractor shall remove the existing meter and install it in the new yoke. The Contractor shall reconnect the property side water line from the existing meter box to the new meter box. This reconnection shall be directed by the Engineer and

performed in a timely manner so that the property is without water for a minimal amount of time. The Contractor shall remove and dispose of the existing meter box and yoke and backfill as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

Page 15-8, Article 1515-3 Construction Methods:

add the following:

(H) Tapping Sleeves

Tapping sleeves and valves shall be used for "wet" taps into existing water mains as indicated on the Engineer's drawings. The Contractor shall verify the type of material, size, etc., of the existing main prior to ordering the sleeve. For taps on larger mains (24" and above), a saddle may be used in lieu of a sleeve, but only if the tap is less than or equal to half the size of the line to be tapped. All tapping sleeves and valves shall be water tested before the tap is made. Test pressure shall be 200 psi for 15 minutes without any drop in pressure. All tapping sleeves and valves shall be installed level. The Engineer must be present during the entire tapping and testing process.

Page 15-10, Sub-article 1520-2, Materials

Delete the following:

Use screw type plastic or brass cleanouts.

Replace with the following:

Cleanouts shall be constructed of cast iron soil pipe with brass plug.

Page 15-10, Sub-article 1520-2 Materials:

add the following sentences:

(1) Ductile iron pipe for sanitary sewer will be lined with 40 mils of a Ceramic Epoxy lining. All bells and spigots for sanitary sewer pipe must be lined with a minimum of 8 mils of Ceramic Epoxy. The exterior of all pipe shall be coated with a bituminous coating. (2) Pipe joints will be single rubber gasket push-on type or mechanical joint type unless otherwise specified or otherwise shown on the Engineer's drawings. Rubber gasket joints shall conform to ANSI A21.11 (AWWA C111). Pipe design laying condition will be Type 2, flat-bottom trench with backfill lightly consolidated to centerline of pipe. (3) Pipe for sanitary sewer shall be minimum thickness Class 50. Any deviations in class shall be otherwise specified or otherwise shown on the Engineer's drawings. If for any reason the Engineer finds any or all ductile iron pipe unacceptable, the Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining acceptable pipe. The Engineer's acceptance or rejection of all pipe will be final.

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Page 15-10, Sub-article 1520-3, Construction Method

Delete third paragraph in its entirety. No PVC pipe is allowed on this project.

Page 15-10, Sub-article 1520-3, Construction Methods

Add the following to the third sentence of the fifth paragraph: "or within fenced areas"

Page 15-10, Sub-article 1520-3, Construction Methods

Delete the seventh paragraph in its entirety.

Replace with the following:

The standard fall through manhole is 1"(0.08") including 6" connections into a manhole.

Page 15-10, Article 1520-3 Construction Methods:

add the following:

Sewer connections shall be installed as shown on the appropriate City of Winston-Salem detail drawing. Wyes or taps will not be allowed within 5 feet of a manhole. Only one bend will be allowed for connecting the sewer connection to the sewer main. If more than one bend is needed (Ex: bored sewer connection), the road shall be open cut and the connection installed properly. Sewer connections shall be a maximum of 75 feet from the sewer main to the cleanout. Cleanouts shall be installed between property corners of the lot for which the connection is intended. Connections into manholes will require a flexible sleeve at the manhole. If approved by the Engineer, four-inch (4") connections will be allowed to spill into deep manholes. For connections which spill, the 4" pipe shall protrude a minimum of 4" and a maximum of 6" beyond the inside wall of the manhole. Connections into manholes must be at least 6" from the nearest manhole step. Six-inch (6") connections must connect into a manhole.

When installing new sewer connections intended to replace existing ones, the new sewer connection shall be of like size to the existing. Reconnection of the old connection to the new shall be performed by a qualified utility contractor or by a licensed plumbing contractor. The Contractor shall be responsible for all permits and inspections required for the reconnection.

Page 15-11, Sub-article 1520-3, Construction Methods

(A) Gravity Sanitary Sewer (2) Testing
Delete in its entirety and replace with the following:

A low-pressure air test shall be performed by the Contractor after the pipeline is completely backfilled and before being placed into service. The Engineer must be present during the entire testing process. Any work done without their supervision will not be accepted.

(a) Low Pressure Air Testing Requirements:

The Contractor shall use an approved pressure gauge and perform the test in accordance with ASTM C-828. Each section of pipeline (including connections) between manholes will be tested by plugging the upstream manhole and the downstream manhole. By using mirrors, lights, etc., the Contractor must show the Engineer that the 2 plugs are at the proper location and that the line is clear between the plugs. Air is added to the line until the pressure is between 3.0 psi and 4.0 psi. If the pressure drops more than 1.0 psi during the time shown on the chart below, the line is presumed to have failed the test. An obvious leak in any section will be corrected even if the section passes testing. The Contractor will be responsible for the complete removal of all plugs.

Air test time shall be as follows:

| Main Size | Time (minutes per 100 feet of pipe) |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| 8" | 1.5 |
| 10" | 1.8 |
| 12" | 2.1 |
| 15" | 2.4 |
| 18" | 2.7 |
| 21" | 3.3 |
| 24" | 3.9 |
| 27" | 4.5 |
| 30" | 5.1 |

Minimum Air Test Time

(b) Video Inspection:

As a final measure required for acceptance, the Contractor shall clean and televise all sanitary sewer mains prior to requesting final inspection. The Contractor shall televise the entire sewer main and all service connections using standardized NASSCO (PACP, MACP, & LACP) practices, unless otherwise specified below. The process shall begin at the upstream manhole for each segment, and proceed to the downstream manhole for that same segment. Connections shall be televised from the cleanout to the main. Video inspection may occur only after Record Drawings are accepted and approved by the City of Winston-Salem. Prior to beginning the process, a 24 hour notice must be given by the Contractor to the Engineer. Prior to video inspection in paved areas, structures must be raised to final grade and 2" of asphalt must be in place. The City will not accept video that is more than 180 days old unless approved by the Engineer.

The cameras used for inspection shall be ones specifically designed and constructed for sanitary sewer pipeline inspection. Lighting for the cameras shall be suitable to provide a clear color picture of the entire periphery of the pipe. The cameras used for mains must be able to pan, tilt and zoom in order to allow for 360 degree viewing. The television system shall be equipped to indicate the camera travel distance in feet by display on the video viewing screen. All television equipment (camera, monitor, etc.) must be capable of

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producing picture quality which is satisfactory to the Engineer.

Within 2 hours of the video inspection, the Contractor shall clean the sewer mains and service connections with a high velocity water jet. All debris shall be collected in the downstream manhole and removed by the Contractor. Debris shall not be released into the existing sewer system. During the entire video process, the distance counter must be set at zero at each upstream manhole for each segment (set the counter at zero at the ground for each service connection). The Contractor will be required to pan and tilt at each manhole and at each service connection. The interior of each manhole must be marked with the manhole station (or manhole number) with paint or some other legible identifier (6" - 12" high letters or numbers). Each cleanout stack must be marked with the house number or the lot number. For mains, the Contractor will also be required to pan, tilt and zoom at all couplings, at all dates for Protecto 401 lined ductile iron pipe, and when any potential problems or abnormalities are noticed or suspected. Travel speed for the camera will be 15 - 30 feet per minute. The following video screen data will be required:

- · Project name and project number
- · Date of inspection
- · Travel distance and time
- · Station of start and end manholes
- · Depth of start and end manholes
- · Size of main
- · Type of pipe

All above data shall be shown at the start and end manholes of each segment. While the camera is moving through the main and service connections, distance shall be the only data shown on the screen (top left or top right of screen).

For mains, a stream of water approximately 1" in width must be flowing during the entire video process. For service connections, a minimum of 5 gallons of water must be introduced into each cleanout stack just prior to the video process. In all cases, the flow must be shown on the bottom of the video screen.

Two copies of the entire video inspection along with a properly formatted PACP standard exchange database shall be submitted to the Engineer on a data disc (DVD or flash drive). A "properly formatted PACP standard exchange database" includes properly PACP coded defects (NASSCO version 6.x), proper media paths to associated video files, and all asset IDs used in the inspection must match what the submitted record drawings indicate for each asset. The video file shall be formatted to MPEG-4 (MP4) with software compatible and readable by the City of Winston-Salem. The City of Winston-Salem shall not be responsible for purchasing additional software necessary to view the video file. Each inspection (manhole to manhole or cleanout to main) shall be separated into its own chapter or file. In the event of a main inspection, the chapter or file shall be named to indicate the

upstream manhole station or number and then the downstream manhole station or number (e.g. MH1-MH2). In the event of a service connection inspection, the chapter or file shall be named to indicate the house number or lot number associated with the inspection. All file naming should match the identification numbers (manhole station or number, house number, or lot number) shown on the Record Drawings. The submitted video must have the ability to be viewed using fast forward and rewind.

Any video that does not clearly show the pipe and service connections will be rejected. In the event that repairs are made, the segment receiving the repairs shall be flushed and televised again. The Engineer must oversee the entire cleaning and televising process. Final approval of the video inspection will only be after the Engineer has reviewed the video in the office (videos will not be field approved).

No direct payment will be made for cleaning and video inspection, as such work will be incidental to the installation of the pipe and/or service connections.

Page 15-14, Sub-article 1525-2, Materials

First paragraph, add the following after the second sentence:

All manhole joints shall be sealed on the outside of the manhole with butyl adhesive tape (minimum 6" wide). When unstable subgrade is encountered, manholes shall be bedded on stabilization stone.

Page 15-14, Sub-article 1525-2, Materials

First paragraph, delete third sentence in its entirety.

Replace with the following:

Flexible manhole connectors shall conform to ASTM C923.

Page 15-14, Article 1525-2, Materials, line 10:

add the following:

Connectors shall be manufactured by Press-Seal Gasket Corporation, Hamilton Kent, NPC Inc. or approved equal.

Page 15-14; Section 1525 Utility Manholes; Sub-article 1525-2 Materials Add the following paragraphs:

Manhole Rings and Covers (Type 1):

(1) Type 1 manhole rings and covers will be made of cast iron and will conform to ASTM A48, Class 35B. In addition, all manhole rings and covers shall be designed to support an H-20 wheel load. All castings will conform to the shape and dimensions shown on the City of Winston-Salem detail drawing for "Manhole Ring and Cover (Type 1)" and will

be free from holes, cracks or any other defects. Rings and covers will have machined seats so that the cover will not rattle. Rings will weigh a minimum of 190 pounds and covers a minimum of 120 pounds. The name of the manufacturer and the part number shall be cast permanently on the ring and the cover. Castings that do not meet specifications shall be rejected.

Owner Preference:

East Jordan Iron Works, Inc. (Product No. 41384110 & 41384072) U.S. Foundry & Manufacturing Corp. (Ring - Part No. 669; Cover - Part No. KL) * or approved equal

Manhole Rings and Covers (Type 2):

(1) Type 2 manhole rings and covers shall meet all specifications for Type 1 rings and covers and shall conform to the City of Winston-Salem detail drawing for "Manhole Ring and Cover (Type 2)". Rings and covers furnished

Owner Preference:

East Jordan Iron Works, Inc. (Product No. 41385072)
U.S. Foundry & Manufacturing Corp. (Ring - Part No. 669-2WS; Cover - Part No. KL-2WS)
* or approved equal

Manhole Rings and Covers (Type 3):

(1) Type 3 manhole rings and covers shall meet all specifications for Type 1 rings and covers, except that rings will weigh a minimum of 136 pounds and covers a minimum of 120 pounds. All rings and covers shall conform to the City of Winston-Salem detail drawing for "Manhole Ring and Cover (Type 3)".

Owner Preference:

East Jordan Iron Works, Inc. (Product No. 42384041W01)

U.S. Foundry & Manufacturing Corp. (Ring - Part No. 571WS; Cover - Part No. KKWS * or approved equal

MANHOLE STEPS:

(1) All manhole steps shall conform to current OSHA standards and ASTM C478. The approved step shall conform to the City of Winston-Salem detail drawing for "Polypropylene Manhole Step". All other steps must be approved by the Engineer prior to being installed.

Page 15-14, Sub-article 1525-3, Construction Methods

Second paragraph, first sentence, delete the following: "resilient"

Replace with the following: "flexible"

Delete the second and third sentences in their entirety.

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Page 15-14, Sub-article 1525-3, Construction Methods

Fifth paragraph, fourth sentence, delete the following:

"recommended but not required"

Replace with the following:

"required"

Page 15-15, Sub-Article 1525-3 (D), Testing:

replace with the following:

Each manhole constructed by the Contractor shall be vacuum tested by the Contractor after assembly of the manhole. Prior to testing, and as directed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall clean out each manhole without foreign material being discharged into the existing sanitary sewer system. The test shall be conducted in accordance with ASTM C-1244. The test shall be performed after all grade rings and rings and covers have been installed. After the testing equipment is in place, a vacuum of 10 inches of mercury shall be drawn on the manhole. The time for the vacuum to drop to 9 inches of mercury must be greater than the minimum time listed below:

Minimum Vacuum Test Time (Seconds)

| | | Diameter of Manhole | |
|---------------|----------|---------------------|----------|
| Manhole Depth | 4' | 5' | 6' |
| 0 - 10' | 60 sec. | 75 sec. | 90 sec. |
| 10 - 5' | 75 sec. | 90 sec. | 105 sec. |
| 15 - 25' | 90 sec. | 105 sec. | 120 sec. |
| 25 - 30' | 105 sec. | 120 sec. | 135 sec. |

The Engineer shall be present during the entire testing process. Any subsequent repairs to manholes which fail the vacuum test must be made on the inside and outside of each manhole. The Contractor will be responsible for the complete removal of all plugs.

No direct payment will be made for vacuum testing of manholes, as such work will be incidental to the installation of the manhole.

Page 15-16, Article 1530-3 Construction Methods:

add the following:

(E) Abandoning Sewer Connections

Sewer connections shall be abandoned by removing the cleanout stack (if one exists) and plugging the lateral at the base of the stack. If no cleanout exists, the Contractor shall plug

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the lateral at the right-of-way line.

Page 15-17; Section 1540 Encasement; Sub-article 1035-15 (d) Carries Pipe Installation Add the following paragraphs:

Casing Spacers:

(1) Casing spacers shall be made of Type 304 stainless steel (including risers and hardware). Each shell shall be PVC lined and shall have bolted flanges. Casing spacer runners shall be constructed of ultra high molecular weight polymer (minimum 1½" wide) with a friction coefficient of not more than .12. Risers shall be 10 gauge. Risers and runners for top and bottom shells shall be of equal height. With approval of the Engineer, unequal height risers and runners may be used to obtain proper grade for sanitary sewer mains. Casing spacers must be designed to ensure that only the runners of the spacer are in contact with the steel encasement pipe. The bell of the carrier pipe will not be allowed to be in contact with the encasement. Approved casing spacers are as follows:

Owner Preference:

Cascade Waterworks Manufacturing Company Advance Products and Systems, Inc.

BWM Company

Black Widow by Spider Manufacturing, Inc.

* or approved equal

Page 15-18, Sub-article 1540-3 (D), Carrier Pipe Installation, lines 16-18: replace with the following:

Carrier pipe installed through encasement shall be ductile iron flexible restrained joint pipe. Casing spacers are required and shall be placed at 10 foot intervals within the encasement. One spacer shall be placed not more than 2 feet from each end of the encasement. Only the runners of the casing spacer shall be in contact with the encasement. The bell of the carrier pipe will not be allowed to be in contact with the encasement. The Engineer must be present to observe the entire installation of the carrier pipe.

Page 15-20, Sub-article 1550-4 (A) Bore and Jack:

add the following paragraphs after line 44:

As the boring operation progresses each new section of encasement pipe shall be butt welded to the previously installed section. Voids are to be filled with a Portland cement grout consisting of one (1) part Portland cement grout to three (3) parts sand at sufficient pressure to insure there will be no settlement of the highway or railroad. In the event that an obstruction is encountered during the dry boring operation, the auger is to be withdrawn, the excess pipe cut off and capped, and the pipe abandoned by completely filling the void with Portland cement grout as described above.

Encasement pipe installed either trenchless or by open-cut shall be installed prior to laying the

carrier pipe within 50 feet of either end of the encasement. The Contractor is responsible for using the methods and equipment needed to attain the alignment, grade and elevation shown on the Engineer's drawings. Any deviations shall be corrected at the Contractor's expense.

Additional attempts may be required at alternate locations as directed by the Engineer. The option to install the encasement by open cutting shall not be permitted unless approved by the Engineer and, when applicable, the North Carolina Department of Transportation. If approved, open-cut encasement shall be installed per Section 1505 for excavation, trenching, pipe laying and backfill.

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PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Utilities by Others



5430 Wade Park Boulevard., Suite 106,

Raleigh, NC 27607

TELE: 919-929-1173 FAX: 919-493-6548

NC License #P-0189

General:

The following utility company has facilities that will be in conflict with the construction of this project:

- A) Duke Energy Power
- B) Brightspeed Telephone
- C) Lumos Communications
- D) Spectrum CATV
- E) Piedmont Natural Gas (Distribution) Gas
- F) Piedmont Natural Gas (Transmission) Gas

The conflicting facilities of these concerns will be adjusted/relocated by the date of May 1, 2024, unless otherwise noted and are therefore listed in these special provisions for the benefit of the Contractor. All utility work listed herein will be done by the utility owner. All utilities are shown on the plans from the best available information.

The Contractor's attention is directed to Article 105-8 of the 2018 Standard Specifications.

Utilities Requiring Adjustment:

Utility relocations are shown on the Utilities by Others Plans.

A) Duke Energy

Cindi Ball 919-278-2529 cynthia.ball@duke-energy.com

- 1) See "Utilities By Others" plans for utility relocations.
- 2) Utilities to be adjusted/relocated by the date of May 1, 2024.

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PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS Utilities by Others

B) Brightspeed

Timmie Hylton (O)336-789-0016 (M)276-692-5081 timmie.hylton2@brightspeed.com

- 1) See "Utilities By Others" plans for utility relocations.
- 2) Utilities to be adjusted/relocated by the date of May 1, 2024.
- C) Lumos

Burke Wall 336-821-8813 burke.wall@lumosfiber.com

- 1) See "Utilities By Others" plans for utility relocations.
- 2) Utilities to be adjusted/relocated by the date of May 1, 2024.
- D) Spectrum

Kevin Burgess (O)336-217-7811 (M)336-270-1539 kevin.w.burgess@charter.com

- 1) See "Utilities By Others" plans for utility relocations.
- 2) Utilities to be adjusted/relocated by the date of May 1, 2024.
- E) Piedmont Natural Gas (Distribution)

Kenneth State 336-403-9984 kenneth.state@duke-energy.com

- 1) See "Utilities By Others" plans for utility relocations.
- 2) Utilities to be adjusted/relocated by the date of May 1, 2024.
- F) Piedmont Natural Gas (Transmission)
 Jerry Bentley (O)336-726-7804 (M)336-442-0297 jerry.bentley@duke-energy.com

1) No conflicts within the project limits.

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Project Special Provisions Erosion Control

STABILIZATION REQUIREMENTS:

(4-30-2019)

Stabilization for this project shall comply with the time frame guidelines as specified by the NCG-010000 general construction permit effective April 1, 2019 issued by the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Water Resources. Temporary or permanent ground cover stabilization shall occur within 7 calendar days from the last land-disturbing activity, with the following exceptions in which temporary or permanent ground cover shall be provided in 14 calendar days from the last land-disturbing activity:

- Slopes between 2:1 and 3:1, with a slope length of 10 ft. or less
- Slopes 3:1 or flatter, with a slope of length of 50 ft. or less
- Slopes 4:1 or flatter

The stabilization timeframe for High Quality Water (HQW) Zones shall be 7 calendar days with no exceptions for slope grades or lengths. High Quality Water Zones (HQW) Zones are defined by North Carolina Administrative Code 15A NCAC 04A.0105 (25). Temporary and permanent ground cover stabilization shall be achieved in accordance with the provisions in this contract and as directed.

SEEDING AND MULCHING:

(West)

The kinds of seed and fertilizer, and the rates of application of seed, fertilizer, and limestone, shall be as stated below. During periods of overlapping dates, the kind of seed to be used shall be determined. All rates are in pounds per acre.

Shoulder and Median Areas

| August 1 - June 1 | | May 1 - S | eptember 1 |
|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| 20# | Kentucky Bluegrass | 20# | Kentucky Bluegrass |
| 75# | Hard Fescue | 75# | Hard Fescue |
| 25# | Rye Grain | 10# | German or Browntop Millet |
| 500# | Fertilizer | 500# | Fertilizer |
| 4000# | Limestone | 4000# | Limestone |

Areas Beyond the Mowing Pattern, Waste and Borrow Areas:

| August 1 - June 1 | | May 1 - Sep | tember 1 |
|-------------------|--------------------|-------------|---------------------------|
| 100# | Tall Fescue | 100# | Tall Fescue |
| 15# | Kentucky Bluegrass | 15# | Kentucky Bluegrass |
| 30# | Hard Fescue | 30# | Hard Fescue |
| 25# | Rye Grain | 10# | German or Browntop Millet |
| 500# | Fertilizer | 500# | Fertilizer |

4000# Limestone 4000# Limestone

Approved Tall Fescue Cultivars

Escalade 06 Dust **Justice** Serengeti 2nd Millennium Essential Kalahari Shelby 3rd Millennium Kitty Hawk 2000 Sheridan Evergreen 2 Apache III Falcon IV Legitimate Signia Avenger Falcon NG Lexington Silver Hawk Falcon V LSD Sliverstar **Barlexas** Faith Barlexas II Magellan Shenandoah Elite Matador Bar Fa Fat Cat Sidewinder Barrera Festnova Millennium SRP Skyline Solara Barrington **Fidelity** Monet Finelawn Elite Southern Choice II Barrobusto Mustang 4 Barvado Finelawn Xpress Ninja 2 Speedway Biltmore Finesse II Ol' Glory Spyder LS Bingo Firebird Olympic Gold Sunset Gold Firecracker LS Padre Taccoa **Bizem** Blackwatch Tanzania Firenza Patagonia Pedigree Blade Runner II Five Point Trio Bonsai Focus Picasso Tahoe II **Piedmont** Braveheart Forte Talladega Bravo Garrison Plantation Tarheel Bullseye Gazelle II Proseeds 5301 Terrano Cannavaro Gold Medallion **Prospect** Titan ltd Titanium LS Pure Gold Catalyst Grande 3 Cayenne Greenbrooks Ouest Tracer Greenkeeper Traverse SRP Cessane Rz Raptor II Chipper Gremlin Rebel Exeda Tulsa Time Cochise IV Greystone Rebel Sentry Turbo Constitution Guardian 21 Rebel IV Turbo RZ Corgi Guardian 41 Regiment II Tuxedo RZ Corona Hemi Regenerate Ultimate Coyote Honky Tonk Rendition Venture Rhambler 2 SRP Darlington Hot Rod Umbrella Davinci Hunter Rembrandt Van Gogh Desire Inferno Reunion Watchdog Dominion Innovator Riverside Wolfpack II Dynamic Integrity **RNP** Xtremegreen Jaguar 3 **Dynasty** Rocket Endeavor **Jamboree** Scorpion

Approved Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars:

| 4-Season | Blue Velvet | Gladstone | Quantum Leap |
|---------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| Alexa II | Blueberry | Granite | Rambo |
| America | Boomerang | Hampton | Rhapsody |
| Apollo | Brilliant | Harmonie | Rhythm |
| Arcadia | Cabernet | Impact | Rita |
| Aries | Champagne | Jefferson | Royce |
| Armada | Champlain | Juliet | Rubicon |
| Arrow | Chicago II | Jump Start | Rugby II |
| Arrowhead | Corsair | Keeneland | Shiraz |
| Aura | Courtyard | Langara | Showcase |
| Avid | Delight | Liberator | Skye |
| Award | Diva | Madison | Solar Eclipse |
| Awesome | Dynamo | Mercury | Sonoma |
| Bandera | Eagleton | Midnight | Sorbonne |
| Barduke | Emblem | Midnight II | Starburst |
| Barnique | Empire | Moon Shadow | Sudden Impact |
| Baroness | Envicta | Moonlight SLT | Total Eclipse |
| Barrister | Everest | Mystere | Touche |
| Barvette HGT | Everglade | Nu Destiny | Tsunami |
| Bedazzled | Excursion | NuChicago | Unique |
| Belissimo | Freedom II | NuGlade | Valor |
| Bewitched | Freedom III | Odyssey | Voyager II |
| Beyond | Front Page | Perfection | Washington |
| Blacksburg II | Futurity | Pinot | Zinfandel |
| Blackstone | Gaelic | Princeton 105 | |
| Blue Note | Ginney II | Prosperity | |

Approved Hard Fescue Cultivars:

| Aurora II | Eureka II | Oxford | Scaldis II |
|-------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Aurora Gold | Firefly | Reliant II | Spartan II |
| Berkshire | Granite | Reliant IV | Stonehenge |
| Bighorn GT | Heron | Rescue 911 | |
| Chariot | Nordic | Rhino | |

On cut and fill slopes 2:1 or steeper add 20# Sericea Lespedeza January 1 - December 31.

Fertilizer shall be 10-20-20 analysis. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 1-2-2 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as a 10-20-20 analysis and as directed.

Native Grass Seeding And Mulching (West)

Native Grass Seeding and Mulching shall be performed on the disturbed areas of wetlands and riparian areas, and adjacent to Stream Relocation and/or trout stream construction within a 50 foot zone on both sides of the stream or depression, measured from top of stream bank or center of

depression. The stream bank of the stream relocation shall be seeded by a method that does not alter the typical cross section of the stream bank. Native Grass Seeding and Mulching shall also be performed in the permanent soil reinforcement mat section of preformed scour holes, and in other areas as directed.

The kinds of seed and fertilizer, and the rates of application of seed, fertilizer, and limestone, shall be as stated below. During periods of overlapping dates, the kind of seed to be used shall be determined. All rates are in pounds per acre.

| August 1 - June 1 | | May 1 - | – September 1 |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------|---------------------------|
| 18# | Creeping Red Fescue | 18# | Creeping Red Fescue |
| 8# | Big Bluestem | 8# | Big Bluestem |
| 6# | Indiangrass | 6# | Indiangrass |
| 4# | Switchgrass | 4# | Switchgrass |
| 35# | Rye Grain | 25# | German or Browntop Millet |
| 500# | Fertilizer | 500# | Fertilizer |
| 4000# | Limestone | 4000# | Limestone |

Approved Creeping Red Fescue Cultivars:

| Aberdeen | Boreal | Epic | Cindy Lou |
|----------|--------|------|-----------|
| | | | |

Fertilizer shall be 10-20-20 analysis. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 1-2-2 ratio is maintained and the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as a 10-20-20 analysis and as directed.

Native Grass Seeding and Mulching shall be performed in accordance with Section 1660 of the *Standard Specifications* and vegetative cover sufficient to restrain erosion shall be installed immediately following grade establishment.

Measurement and Payment

Native Grass *Seeding and Mulching* will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1660-8 of the *Standard Specifications*.

TEMPORARY SEEDING:

Fertilizer shall be the same analysis as specified for *Seeding and Mulching* and applied at the rate of 400 pounds and seeded at the rate of 50 pounds per acre. German Millet, or Browntop Millet shall be used in summer months and rye grain during the remainder of the year. The Engineer will determine the exact dates for using each kind of seed.

FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING:

Fertilizer used for topdressing shall be 16-8-8 grade and shall be applied at the rate of 500 pounds per acre. A different analysis of fertilizer may be used provided the 2-1-1 ratio is maintained and

the rate of application adjusted to provide the same amount of plant food as 16-8-8 analysis and as directed.

SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING:

The kinds of seed and proportions shall be the same as specified for *Seeding and Mulching*, and the rate of application may vary from 25# to 75# per acre. The actual rate per acre will be determined prior to the time of topdressing and the Contractor will be notified in writing of the rate per acre, total quantity needed, and areas on which to apply the supplemental seed. Minimum tillage equipment, consisting of a sod seeder shall be used for incorporating seed into the soil as to prevent disturbance of existing vegetation. A clodbuster (ball and chain) may be used where degree of slope prevents the use of a sod seeder.

MOWING:

The minimum mowing height on this project shall be six inches.

RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL:

Description

Furnish the labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary to move personnel, equipment, and supplies to the project necessary for the pursuit of any or all of the following work as shown herein, by an approved subcontractor.

| Section | Erosion Control Item | Unit |
|---------|----------------------------------|--------|
| 1605 | Temporary Silt Fence | LF |
| 1606 | Special Sediment Control Fence | LF/TON |
| 1615 | Temporary Mulching | ACR |
| 1620 | Seed - Temporary Seeding | LB |
| 1620 | Fertilizer - Temporary Seeding | TN |
| 1631 | Matting for Erosion Control | SY |
| SP | Coir Fiber Mat | SY |
| 1640 | Coir Fiber Baffles | LF |
| SP | Permanent Soil Reinforcement Mat | SY |
| 1660 | Seeding and Mulching | ACR |
| 1661 | Seed - Repair Seeding | LB |
| 1661 | Fertilizer - Repair Seeding | TON |
| 1662 | Seed - Supplemental Seeding | LB |

| 1665 | Fertilizer Topdressing | TON |
|------|-------------------------------|-----|
| SP | Safety/Highly Visible Fencing | LF |
| SP | Response for Erosion Control | EA |

Construction Methods

Provide an approved subcontractor who performs an erosion control action as described in the NPDES Inspection Form SPPP30. Each erosion control action may include one or more of the above work items.

Measurement and Payment

Response for Erosion Control will be measured and paid for by counting the actual number of times the subcontractor moves onto the project, including borrow and waste sites, and satisfactorily completes an erosion control action described in Form 1675. The provisions of Article 104-5 of the Standard Specifications will not apply to this item of work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item Pay Unit

Response for Erosion Control

Each

MINIMIZE REMOVAL OF VEGETATION:

The Contractor shall minimize removal of vegetation within project limits to the maximum extent practicable. Vegetation along stream banks and adjacent to other jurisdictional resources outside the construction limits shall only be removed upon approval of Engineer. No additional payment will be made for this minimization work.

STOCKPILE AREAS:

The Contractor shall install and maintain erosion control devices sufficient to contain sediment around any erodible material stockpile areas as directed.

ACCESS AND HAUL ROADS:

At the end of each working day, the Contractor shall install or re-establish temporary diversions or earth berms across access/haul roads to direct runoff into sediment devices. Silt fence sections that are temporarily removed shall be reinstalled across access/haul roads at the end of each working day.

CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS MANAGEMENT

(3-19-19) (rev. 04-27-20)

Description

The requirements set forth shall be adhered to in order to meet the applicable materials handling requirements of the NCG010000 permit. Structural controls installed to manage construction materials stored or used on site shall be shown on the E&SC Plan. Requirements for handling materials on construction sites shall be as follows:

Polyacrylamides (PAMS) and Flocculants

Polyacrylamides (PAMS) and flocculants shall be stored in leak-proof containers that are kept under storm-resistant cover or surrounded by secondary containment structures designed to protect adjacent surface waters. PAMS or other flocculants used shall be selected from the NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants The concentration of PAMS and other flocculants used shall not exceed those specified in the NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. The NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants is available at:

https://files.nc.gov/ncdeq/Water+Quality/Environmental+Sciences/ATU/PAM8_30_18.pdf

Equipment Fluids

Fuels, lubricants, coolants, and hydraulic fluids, and other petroleum products shall be handled and disposed of in a manner so as not to enter surface or ground waters and in accordance with applicable state and federal regulations. Equipment used on the site must be operated and maintained properly to prevent discharge of fluids. Equipment, vehicle, and other wash waters shall not be discharged into E&SC basins or other E&SC devices. Alternative controls should be provided such that there is no discharge of soaps, solvents, or detergents.

Waste Materials

Construction materials and land clearing waste shall be disposed of in accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, Chapter 130A, Article 9 - Solid Waste Management, and rules governing the disposal of solid waste (15A NCAC 13B). Areas dedicated for managing construction material and land clearing waste shall be at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless it can be shown that no other alternatives are reasonably available. Paint and other liquid construction material waste shall not be dumped into storm drains. Paint and other liquid construction waste washouts should be located at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets unless there is no alternative. Other options are to install lined washouts or use portable, removable bags or bins. Hazardous or toxic waste shall be managed in accordance with the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and NC Hazardous Waste Rules at 15A NCAC, Subchapter 13A. Litter and sanitary waste shall be managed in a manner to prevent it from entering jurisdictional waters and shall be disposed of offsite.

Herbicide, Pesticide, and Rodenticides

Herbicide, pesticide, and rodenticides shall be stored and applied in accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, North Carolina Pesticide Law of 1971 and labeling restrictions

Concrete Materials

Concrete materials onsite, including excess concrete, must be controlled and managed to avoid contact with surface waters, wetlands or buffers. No concrete or cement slurry shall be discharged from the site. (Note that discharges from onsite concrete plants require coverage under a separate NPDES permit – NCG140000.) Concrete wash water shall be managed in accordance with the *Concrete Washout Structure* provision. Concrete slurry shall be managed and disposed of in accordance with *NCDOT DGS and HOS DCAR Distribution of Class A Residuals Statewide* (Permit No. WQ0035749). Any hardened concrete residue will be disposed of, or recycled on site, in accordance with state solid waste regulations.

Earthen Material Stock Piles

Earthen material stock piles shall be located at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless it can be shown that no other alternatives are reasonably available.

Measurement and Payment

Conditions set within the *Construction Materials Management* provision are incidental to the project for which no direct compensation will be made.

WASTE AND BORROW SOURCES:

(2-16-11) (Rev. 3-17-22)

Payment for temporary erosion control measures, except those made necessary by the Contractor's own negligence or for his own convenience, will be paid for at the appropriate contract unit price for the devices or measures utilized in borrow sources and waste areas.

No additional payment will be made for erosion control devices or permanent seeding and mulching in any commercial borrow or waste pit. All erosion and sediment control practices that may be required on a commercial borrow or waste site will be done at the Contractor's expense.

All offsite Staging Areas, Borrow and Waste sites shall be in accordance with "Borrow and Waste Site Reclamation Procedures for Contracted Projects" located at:

 $\frac{https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/roadside/FieldOperationsDocuments/Contract\%20Reclamation\%20Procedures.pdf}{}$

All forms and documents referenced in the "Borrow and Waste Site Reclamation Procedures for Contracted Projects" shall be included with the reclamation plans for offsite staging areas, and borrow and waste sites.

TEMPORARY DIVERSION:

This work consists of installation, maintenance, and cleanout of *Temporary Diversions* in accordance with Section 1630 of the *Standard Specifications*. The quantity of excavation for installation and cleanout will be measured and paid for as *Silt Excavation* in accordance with Article 1630-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

TEMPORARY EARTH BERMS:

Description

This work consists of installing, maintaining, and removing any and all material required for the construction of temporary earth berms. The temporary earth berms shall be used to direct the flow of water to specific erosion control device(s), or to direct water flowing from offsite around/away from specific area(s) of construction.

Construction Methods

The Contractor shall install the temporary earth berms in accordance with the details in the plans and at locations indicated in the plans, and as directed. Upon installation, the earth berms shall be immediately stabilized as provided in Section 1620 of the *Standard Specifications*. Other stabilization methods may be utilized with prior approval from the Engineer.

Upon completion of the project, the temporary earth berms shall be removed. The earth material can be utilized in the filling of silt ditches and detention devices, or graded to match the existing contours and permanently seeded and mulched.

Measurement and Payment

The installation of the temporary earth berms will be paid for as *Borrow Excavation* as provided in Section 230 of the *Standard Specifications* or included in the lump sum price for grading.

Stabilization of the temporary earth berms will be paid for as *Temporary Seeding* as provided in Section 1620 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Such price and payment shall be considered full compensation for all work covered by this section including all materials, construction, maintenance, and removal of the temporary earth berms.

CLEAN WATER DIVERSION:

Description

This work consists of installing, maintaining, and removing any and all material required for the construction of clean water diversions. The clean water diversions shall be used to direct water flowing from offsite around/away from specific area(s) of construction.

Materials

Refer to Division 10

ItemSectionGeotextile for Soil Stabilization, Type 41056

Construction Methods

The Contractor shall install the clean water diversions in accordance with the details in the plans and at locations indicated in the plans, and as directed. Upon installation, the excavated material shall be immediately stabilized as provided in Section 1620 of the *Standard Specifications*. Other stabilization methods may be utilized with prior approval from the Engineer.

Line clean water diversion with geotextile unrolled in the direction of flow and lay smoothly but loosely on soil surface without creases. Bury top of slope geotextile edge in a trench at least 5" deep and tamp securely. Make vertical overlaps a minimum of 18" with upstream geotextile overlapping the downstream geotextile.

Secure geotextile with eleven gauge wire staples shaped into a u shape with a length of not less than 6" and a throat not less than 1" in width. Place staples along outer edges and throughout the geotextile a maximum of 3 ft. horizontally and vertically.

Measurement and Payment

Silt Excavation will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1630-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Geotextile for Soil Stabilization will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 270-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Stabilization of the excavated material will be paid for as *Temporary Seeding* as provided in Section 1620 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Such price and payment shall be considered full compensation for all work covered by this section including all materials, construction, maintenance, and removal of the clean water diversions.

SAFETY FENCE AND JURISDICTIONAL FLAGGING:

Description

Safety Fence shall consist of furnishing materials, installing and maintaining polyethylene or polypropylene fence along the outside riparian buffer, wetland, or water boundary, or other boundaries located within the construction corridor to mark the areas that have been approved to

infringe within the buffer, wetland, endangered vegetation, culturally sensitive areas or water. The fence shall be installed prior to any land disturbing activities.

Interior boundaries for jurisdictional areas noted above shall be delineated by stakes and highly visible flagging.

Jurisdictional boundaries at staging areas, waste sites, or borrow pits, whether considered outside or interior boundaries shall be delineated by stakes and highly visible flagging.

Materials

(A) Safety Fencing

Polyethylene or polypropylene fence shall be a highly visible preconstructed safety fence approved by the Engineer. The fence material shall have an ultraviolet coating.

Either wood posts or steel posts may be used. Wood posts shall be hardwood with a wedge or pencil tip at one end, and shall be at least 5 ft. in length with a minimum nominal 2" x 2" cross section. Steel posts shall be at least 5 ft. in length, and have a minimum weight of 0.85 lb/ft of length.

(B) Boundary Flagging

Wooden stakes shall be 4 feet in length with a minimum nominal 3/4" x 1-3/4" cross section. The flagging shall be at least 1" in width. The flagging material shall be vinyl and shall be orange in color and highly visible.

Construction Methods

No additional clearing and grubbing is anticipated for the installation of this fence. The fence shall be erected to conform to the general contour of the ground.

(A) Safety Fencing

Posts shall be set at a maximum spacing of 10 ft., maintained in a vertical position and hand set or set with a post driver. Posts shall be installed a minimum of 2 ft. into the ground. If hand set, all backfill material shall be thoroughly tamped. Wood posts may be sharpened to a dull point if power driven. Posts damaged by power driving shall be removed and replaced prior to final acceptance. The tops of all wood posts shall be cut at a 30-degree angle. The wood posts may, at the option of the Contractor, be cut at this angle either before or after the posts are erected.

The fence geotextile shall be attached to the wood posts with one 2" galvanized wire staple across each cable or to the steel posts with wire or other acceptable means.

Place construction stakes to establish the location of the safety fence in accordance with Article 105-9 or Article 801-1 of the *Standard Specifications*. No direct pay will be made for the staking

of the safety fence. All stakeouts for safety fence shall be considered incidental to the work being paid for as "Construction Surveying", except that where there is no pay item for construction surveying, all safety fence stakeout will be performed by state forces.

The Contractor shall be required to maintain the safety fence in a satisfactory condition for the duration of the project as determined by the Engineer.

(B) Boundary Flagging

Boundary flagging delineation of interior boundaries shall consist of wooden stakes on 25 feet maximum intervals with highly visible orange flagging attached. Stakes shall be installed a minimum of 6" into the ground. Interior boundaries may be staked on a tangent that runs parallel to buffer but must not encroach on the buffer at any location. Interior boundaries of hand clearing shall be identified with a different colored flagging to distinguish it from mechanized clearing.

Boundary flagging delineation of interior boundaries will be placed in accordance with Article 105-9 or Article 801-1 of the *Standard Specifications*. No direct pay will be made for delineation of the interior boundaries. This delineation will be considered incidental to the work being paid for as *Construction Surveying*, except that where there is no pay item or construction surveying the cost of boundary flagging delineation shall be included in the unit prices bid for the various items in the contract. Installation for delineation of all jurisdictional boundaries at staging areas, waste sites, or borrow pits shall consist of wooden stakes on 25 feet maximum intervals with highly visible orange flagging attached. Stakes shall be installed a minimum of 6" into the ground. Additional flagging may be placed on overhanging vegetation to enhance visibility but does not substitute for installation of stakes.

Installation of boundary flagging for delineation of all jurisdictional boundaries at staging areas, waste sites, or borrow pits shall be performed in accordance with Subarticle 230-4(B)(5) or Subarticle 802-2(F) of the *Standard Specifications*. No direct pay will be made for this delineation, as the cost of same shall be included in the unit prices bid for the various items in the contract.

The Contractor shall be required to maintain alternative stakes and highly visible flagging in a satisfactory condition for the duration of the project as determined by the Engineer.

Measurement and Payment

Safety Fence will be measured and paid as the actual number of linear feet of polyethylene or polypropylene fence installed in place and accepted. Such payment will be full compensation including but not limited to furnishing and installing fence geotextile with necessary posts and post bracing, staples, tie wires, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete this work.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitSafety FenceLinear Foot

SKIMMER BASIN WITH BAFFLES:

Description

Provide a skimmer basin to remove sediment from construction site runoff at locations shown in the erosion control plans. See the Skimmer Basin with Baffles Detail sheet provided in the erosion control plans. Work includes constructing sediment basin, installation of temporary slope drain pipe and coir fiber baffles, furnishing, installation and cleanout of skimmer, providing and placing stone pad on bottom of basin underneath skimmer device, providing and placing a geotextile spillway liner, providing coir fiber mat stabilization for the skimmer outlet, disposing of excess materials, removing temporary slope drain, coir fiber baffles, geotextile liner and skimmer device, backfilling basin area with suitable material and providing proper drainage when basin area is abandoned.

Materials

| Item | Section |
|---|---------|
| Stone for Erosion Control, Class B | 1042 |
| Geotextile for Soil Stabilization, Type 4 | 1056 |
| Fertilizer for Temporary Seeding | 1060-2 |
| Seed for Temporary Seeding | 1060-4 |
| Seeding and Mulching | 1060-4 |
| Matting for Erosion Control | 1060-8 |
| Staples | 1060-8 |
| Coir Fiber Mat | 1060-14 |
| Temporary Slope Drain | 1622-2 |
| Coir Fiber Baffle | 1640 |

Provide appropriately sized and approved skimmer device.

Provide Schedule 40 PVC pipe with a length of 6 ft. to attach to the skimmer and the coupling connection to serve as the arm pipe. For skimmer sizes of 2.5 in. and smaller, the arm pipe diameter shall be 1.5 inches. For skimmer sizes of 3 in. and larger, refer to manufacturer recommendation.

Provide 4" diameter Schedule 40 PVC pipe to attach to coupling connection of skimmer to serve as the barrel pipe through the earthen dam.

Anchors: Staples, stakes, or reinforcement bars shall be used as anchors.

Wooden Stakes:

Provide hardwood stakes 12"- 24" long with a 2" x 2" nominal square cross section. One end of the stake must be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving through the coir fiber mat and down into the underlying soil. The other end of the stake needs to have a 1"- 2" long head at the top with a 1"- 2" notch following to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

Steel Reinforcement Bars:

Provide uncoated #10 steel reinforcement bars 24" nominal length. The bars shall have a 4" diameter bend at one end with a 4" straight section at the tip to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

Staples:

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a u shape not less than 12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

Construction Methods

Excavate basin according to the erosion control plans with basin surface free of obstructions, debris, and pockets of low-density material. Install temporary slope drain pipe and construct the primary spillway according to the Skimmer Basin with Baffles Detail sheet in the erosion control plans. Temporary slope drain pipe at inlet of basin may be replaced by geotextile as directed. Construct the coir fiber baffles according to *Roadway Standard Drawings* No. 1640.01 and Section 1640 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Install skimmer device according to manufacturer recommendations. Install 4" Schedule 40 PVC pipe into dam on the lower side of basin 1 ft. from the bottom of the basin and according to the detail, and extend the pipe so the basin will drain. Attach a 6 ft. arm pipe to the coupling connection and skimmer according to manufacturer recommendations. The coupling shall be rigid and non-buoyant and not exceed a diameter of 4" and 12" in length. Attach the rope included with the skimmer to the tee between the vent socket and the tube inlet, and the other end to a wooden stake or metal post. Clean out skimmer device when it becomes clogged with sediment and/or debris and is unable to float at the top of water in skimmer basin. Take appropriate measures to avoid ice accumulation in the skimmer device. Construct a stone pad of Class B stone directly underneath the skimmer device at bottom of basin. The pad shall be a minimum of 12" in height, and shall have a minimum cross sectional area of 4 ft. by 4 ft.

Line primary spillway with geotextile unrolled in the direction of flow and lay smoothly but loosely on soil surface without creases. Bury edges of geotextile in a trench at least 5" deep and tamp firmly. If geotextile for the primary spillway is not one continuous piece of material, make horizontal overlaps a minimum of 18" with upstream geotextile overlapping the downstream geotextile. Secure geotextile with eleven gauge wire staples shaped into a *u* shape with a length of not less than 12" and a throat not less than 1" in width. Place staples along outer edges and throughout the geotextile a maximum of 3 ft. horizontally and vertically. Geotextile shall be placed to the bottom and across the entire width of the basin according to the Skimmer Basin with Baffles detail. Place sealant inside basin around barrel pipe on top of geotextile with a minimum width of 6 in.

At the skimmer outlet, provide a smooth soil surface free from stones, clods, or debris that will prevent contact of the coir fiber matting with the soil. Unroll the matting and apply without stretching such that it will lie smoothly but loosely on the soil surface. Wooden stakes,

reinforcement bars, or staples may be used as anchors in accordance with the details in the plans and as directed. Place anchors across the matting at the ends approximately 1 ft. apart. Place anchors along the outer edges and down the center of the matting 3 ft. apart.

All bare side slope sections of the skimmer basin shall be seeded with a temporary or permanent seed mix as directed and in accordance with Articles 1620-3, 1620-4, 1620-5, 1660-4, 1660-5 and 1660-7 of the *Standard Specifications*. Straw or excelsior matting shall be installed on all bare side slope sections immediately upon the completion of seeding and in accordance with Article 1631-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Measurement and Payment

Silt Excavation will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1630-4 of the *Standard Specifications*, as calculated from the typical section throughout the length of the basin as shown on the final approved plans.

Geotextile for Soil Stabilization will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 270-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Coir Fiber Baffles will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1640-4 of the Standard Specifications.

__" Skimmer will be measured in units of each. __" Skimmer will be measured and paid for as the maximum number of each size skimmer acceptably installed and in use at any one time during the life of the project. Barrel and arm pipe, cleanout, relocation and reinstallation of __" Skimmer is considered incidental to the measurement of the quantity of __" Skimmer and no separate payment will be made. No separate payment shall be made if __" Skimmer, barrel and/or arm pipe(s) are damaged by ice accumulation.

Coir Fiber Mat will be measured and paid for as the actual number of square yards measured along the surface of the ground over which coir fiber mat is installed and accepted.

Temporary Slope Drain will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1622-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Stone for Erosion Control, Class __ will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1610-4 of the Standard Specifications.

Seeding and Mulching will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1660-8 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Seed for Temporary Seeding will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1620-6 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Fertilizer for Temporary Seeding will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1620-6 of the Standard Specifications.

Matting for Erosion Control will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1631-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

No measurement will be made for other items or for over excavation or stockpiling.

Payment will be made under:

| Pay Item | Pay Unit |
|----------------|-------------|
| " Skimmer | Each |
| Coir Fiber Mat | Square Yard |

TIERED SKIMMER BASIN WITH BAFFLES:

Description

Provide a tiered skimmer basin to remove sediment from construction site runoff at locations shown in the erosion control plans. See the Tiered Skimmer Basin Detail sheet provided in the erosion control plans. Tiered Skimmer Basins shall be installed in areas where topography creates a large elevation difference between the inlet and outlet of a single skimmer basin. Work includes constructing sediment basins, installation of coir fiber baffles, installation of temporary slope drain pipe, furnishing, installation and cleanout of skimmer, providing and placing stone pad on bottom of basin underneath skimmer device, providing and placing geotextile spillway liners, providing coir fiber mat stabilization for the skimmer outlet, disposing of excess materials, removing temporary slope drain pipe, coir fiber baffles, geotextile liner and skimmer device, backfilling basin area with suitable material and providing proper drainage when basin area is abandoned.

Materials

| Item | Section |
|---|---------|
| Stone for Erosion Control, Class B | 1042 |
| Geotextile for Soil Stabilization, Type 4 | 1056 |
| Fertilizer for Temporary Seeding | 1060-2 |
| Seed for Temporary Seeding | 1060-4 |
| Seeding and Mulching | 1060-4 |
| Matting for Erosion Control | 1060-8 |
| Staples | 1060-8 |
| Coir Fiber Mat | 1060-14 |
| Temporary Slope Drain | 1622-2 |
| Coir Fiber Baffle | 1640 |

Provide appropriately sized and approved skimmer device.

Provide Schedule 40 PVC pipe with a length of 6 ft. to attach to the skimmer and the coupling connection to serve as the arm pipe. For skimmer sizes of 2.5 in. and smaller, the arm pipe diameter shall be 1.5 inches. For skimmer sizes of 3 in. and larger, refer to manufacturer recommendation.

Provide 4" diameter Schedule 40 PVC pipe to attach to coupling connection of skimmer to serve as the barrel pipe through the earthen dam.

Anchors: Staples, stakes, or reinforcement bars shall be used as anchors.

Wooden Stakes:

Provide hardwood stakes 12"- 24" long with a 2" x 2" nominal square cross section. One end of the stake must be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving through the coir fiber mat and down into the underlying soil. The other end of the stake needs to have a 1"- 2" long head at the top with a 1"- 2" notch following to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

Steel Reinforcement Bars:

Provide uncoated #10 steel reinforcement bars 24" nominal length. The bars shall have a 4" diameter bend at one end with a 4" straight section at the tip to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

Staples:

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a u shape not less than 12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

Construction Methods

Excavate basins according to the erosion control plans with basin surface free of obstructions, debris, and pockets of low-density material. Install temporary slope drain pipe and construct the primary spillways according to the Tiered Skimmer Basin Detail sheet in the erosion control plans. Construct the coir fiber baffles according to *Roadway Standard Drawings* No. 1640.01 and Section 1640 of the *Standard Specifications*. Multiple upper basins, or Modified Silt Basins Type 'B' as labeled on the detail, may be required based on site conditions and as directed.

Install skimmer device according to manufacturer recommendations. Install 4" Schedule 40 PVC pipe into dam on the lower side of basin 1 ft. from the bottom of the basin and according to the detail, and extend the pipe so the basin will drain. Attach a 6 ft. arm pipe to the coupling connection and skimmer according to manufacturer recommendations. The coupling shall be rigid and non-buoyant and not exceed a diameter of 4" and 12" in length. Attach the rope included with the skimmer to the tee between the vent socket and the tube inlet, and the other end to a wooden stake or metal post. Clean out skimmer device when it becomes clogged with sediment and/or debris and is unable to float at the top of water in skimmer basin. Take appropriate measures to avoid ice accumulation in the skimmer device. Construct a stone pad of Class B stone directly underneath the skimmer device at bottom of basin. The pad shall be a minimum of 12" in height, and shall have a minimum cross sectional area of 4 ft. by 4 ft.

Line primary spillways with geotextile unrolled in the direction of flow and lay smoothly but loosely on soil surface without creases. Bury edges of geotextile in a trench at least 5" deep and tamp firmly. If geotextile for primary spillways is not one continuous piece of material, make horizontal overlaps a minimum of 18" with upstream geotextile overlapping the downstream geotextile. Secure geotextile with eleven gauge wire staples shaped into a *u* shape with a length of not less than 12" and a throat not less than 1" in width. Place staples along outer edges and throughout the geotextile a maximum of 3 ft. horizontally and vertically. Geotextile shall be placed to the bottom and across the entire width of the basin according to the Tiered Skimmer Basin with Baffles detail.

At the skimmer outlet, provide a smooth soil surface free from stones, clods, or debris that will prevent contact of the coir fiber matting with the soil. Unroll the matting and apply without stretching such that it will lie smoothly but loosely on the soil surface. Wooden stakes, reinforcement bars, or staples may be used as anchors in accordance with the details in the plans and as directed. Place anchors across the matting at the ends approximately 1 ft. apart. Place anchors along the outer edges and down the center of the matting 3 ft. apart. Place sealant inside basin around barrel pipe on top of geotextile with a minimum width of 6 in.

All bare side slope sections of the skimmer basin shall be seeded with a temporary or permanent seed mix as directed and in accordance with Articles 1620-3, 1620-4, 1620-5, 1660-4, 1660-5 and 1660-7 of the *Standard Specifications*. Straw or excelsior matting shall be installed on all bare side slope sections immediately upon the completion of seeding and in accordance with Article 1631-3 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Measurement and Payment

Silt Excavation will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1630-4 of the *Standard Specifications*, as calculated from the typical section throughout the length of the basin as shown on the final approved plans.

Geotextile for Soil Stabilization will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 270-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Coir Fiber Baffles will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1640-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

__" Skimmer will be measured in units of each. __" Skimmer will be measured and paid for as the maximum number of each size skimmer acceptably installed and in use at any one time during the life of the project. Barrel and arm pipe, cleanout, relocation and reinstallation of __" Skimmer is considered incidental to the measurement of the quantity of __" Skimmer and no separate payment will be made. No separate payment shall be made if __" Skimmer, barrel and/or arm pipe(s) are damaged by ice accumulation.

Coir Fiber Mat will be measured and paid for as the actual number of square yards measured along the surface of the ground over which coir fiber mat is installed and accepted.

Temporary Slope Drain will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1622-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Stone for Erosion Control, Class __ will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1610-4 of the Standard Specifications.

Seeding and Mulching will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1660-8 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Seed for Temporary Seeding will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1620-6 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Fertilizer for Temporary Seeding will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1620-6 of the Standard Specifications.

Matting for Erosion Control will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1631-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

No measurement will be made for other items or for over excavation or stockpiling.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item
__" Skimmer
Each
Coir Fiber Mat

Square Yard

WATTLES WITH POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM):

Description

Wattles are tubular products consisting of excelsior fibers encased in synthetic netting. Wattles are used on slopes or channels to intercept runoff and act as a velocity break. Wattles are to be placed at locations shown on the plans or as directed. Installation shall follow the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Work includes furnishing materials, installation of wattles, matting installation, PAM application, and removing wattles.

Materials

Wattle shall meet the following specifications:

100% Curled Wood (Excelsior) Fibers

Minimum Diameter 12 in.

Minimum Density $2.5 \text{ lb/ft}^3 +/- 10\%$

Net MaterialSyntheticNet Openings1 in. x 1 in.Net ConfigurationTotally Encased

Minimum Weight 20 lb. +/- 10% per 10 ft. length

Anchors: Stakes shall be used as anchors.

Wooden Stakes:

Provide hardwood stakes a minimum of 2-ft. long with a 2 in. x 2 in. nominal square cross section. One end of the stake must be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving down into the underlying soil.

Matting shall meet the requirements of Article 1060-8 of the *Standard Specifications*, or shall meet specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a u shape not less than 12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

Polyacrylamide (PAM) shall be applied in powder form and shall be anionic or neutrally charged. Soil samples shall be obtained in areas where the wattles will be placed, and from offsite material used to construct the roadway, and analyzed for the appropriate PAM flocculant to be utilized with each wattle. The PAM product used shall be listed on the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Water Resources web site as an approved PAM product for use in North Carolina.

Construction Methods

Wattles shall be secured to the soil by wire staples approximately every 1 linear foot and at the end of each section of wattle. A minimum of 4 stakes shall be installed on the downstream side of the wattle with a maximum spacing of 2 linear feet along the wattle, and according to the detail. Install a minimum of 2 stakes on the upstream side of the wattle according to the detail provided in the plans. Stakes shall be driven into the ground a minimum of 10 in. with no more than 2 in. projecting from the top of the wattle. Drive stakes at an angle according to the detail provided in the plans.

Only install wattle(s) to a height in ditch so flow will not wash around wattle and scour ditch slopes and according to the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Overlap adjoining sections of wattles a minimum of 6 in.

Installation of matting shall be in accordance with the detail provided in the plans, and in accordance with Article 1631-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Apply PAM over the lower center portion of the wattle where the water is going to flow over at a rate of 2 ounces per wattle, and 1 ounce of PAM on matting on each side of the wattle. PAM applications shall be done during construction activities after every rainfall event that is equal to or exceeds 0.50 in.

The Contractor shall maintain the wattles until the project is accepted or until the wattles are removed, and shall remove and dispose of silt accumulations at the wattles when so directed in accordance with the requirements of Section 1630 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Measurement and Payment

Wattles will be measured and paid for by the actual number of linear feet of wattles which are installed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to install the *Wattles*.

Matting will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1631-4 of the *Standard Specifications*, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Polyacrylamide(PAM) will be measured and paid for by the actual weight in pounds of PAM applied to the wattles. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to apply the *Polyacrylamide(PAM)*.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitPolyacrylamide(PAM)PoundWattleLinear Foot

WATTLE BARRIER:

(5-20-13) 1630

Description

Wattle barriers are tubular products consisting of excelsior fibers encased in natural or synthetic netting and used at the toe of fills or on slopes to intercept runoff. Wattle barriers are to be placed at locations shown on the plans or as directed. Installation shall follow the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Work includes furnishing materials, installation, maintenance and removing wattle barriers.

Materials

Wattle shall meet the following specifications:

| Inner Material | 100% Curled Wood (Excelsior) Fibers |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Minimum Diameter | 18" |
| Minimum Length | 10 ft. |
| Minimum Density | 2.9 lb./c.f.± 10% |
| Net Material | Synthetic |
| Net Openings | 1" x 1" |

| Net Configuration | Totally Encased |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| Minimum Weight | 5 lb./ft. ± 10% |

Stakes shall be used as anchors. Provide hardwood stakes a minimum of 2-ft long with a 2" x 2" nominal square cross section. One end of the stake shall be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving down into the underlying soil.

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a U-shape not less than 12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

Construction Methods

Align wattle barriers in an overlapping and alternating pattern. Excavate a trench the entire length of each wattle with a depth of 2" to 3" for the wattle to be placed. Secure wattle barriers to the soil by wire staples approximately every linear foot and at the end of each wattle. Install at least 4 stakes on the downslope side of the wattle with a maximum spacing of 2 linear feet, and according to the detail. Install at least 2 stakes on the upslope side of the wattle barrier according to the detail provided in the plans. Drive stakes into the ground at least 10" with no more than 2" projecting from the top of the wattle. Drive stakes at an angle according to the detail provided in the plans.

For wattle barriers used to reduce runoff velocity for large slopes, use a maximum spacing of 25 ft. for the barrier measured along the slope.

Maintain the wattle barriers until the project is accepted or until the wattle barriers are removed, and remove and dispose of silt accumulations at the wattle barriers when so directed in accordance with Section 1630 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Measurement and Payment

Wattle Barrier will be measured and paid as the actual number of linear feet of wattles installed and accepted. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this provision, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to install the wattle barrier.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitWattle BarrierLinear Foot

TEMPORARY ROCK SILT CHECK TYPE A WITH EXCELSIOR MATTING AND POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM):

Description

Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and Polyacrylamide (PAM) are devices utilized in temporary and permanent ditches to reduce runoff velocity and incorporate PAM into the construction runoff to increase settling of sediment particles and reduce turbidity of runoff. Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM are to be placed at locations shown on the plans or as directed. Installation shall follow the detail provided in the plans and as directed. Work includes furnishing materials, installation of Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A, matting installation, PAM application, and removing Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM.

Materials

Structural stone shall be class B stone that meets the requirements of Section 1042 of the *Standard Specifications* for Stone for Erosion Control, Class B.

Sediment control stone shall be #5 or #57 stone, which meets the requirements of Section 1005 of the *Standard Specifications* for these stone sizes.

Matting shall meet the requirements of Excelsior Matting in Subarticle 1060-8(B) of the *Standard Specifications*, or shall meet specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Polyacrylamide (PAM) shall be applied in powder form and shall be anionic or neutrally charged. Soil samples shall be obtained in areas where the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM will be placed, and from offsite material used to construct the roadway, and analyzed for the appropriate PAM flocculant to be utilized with each Temporary Rock Silt Check Type A. The PAM product used shall be listed on the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Water Resources web site as an approved PAM product for use in North Carolina.

Construction Methods

Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A shall be installed in accordance with Subarticle 1633-3(A) of the *Standard Specifications*, Roadway Standard Drawing No. 1633.01 and the detail provided in the plans.

Installation of matting shall be in accordance with the detail provided in the plans, and anchored by placing Class B stone on top of the matting at the upper and lower ends.

Apply PAM at a rate of 4 ounces over the center portion of the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A and matting where the water is going to flow over. PAM applications shall be done during construction activities and after every rainfall event that is equal to or exceeds 0.50 in.

The Contractor shall maintain the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM until the project is accepted or until the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM are removed, and shall remove and dispose of silt accumulations at the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A with Excelsior Matting and PAM when so directed in accordance with the requirements of Section 1630 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Measurement and Payment

Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1633-5 of the Standard Specifications, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Matting will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1631-4 of the *Standard Specifications*, or in accordance with specifications provided elsewhere in this contract.

Polyacrylamide(PAM) will be measured and paid for by the actual weight in pounds of PAM applied to the Temporary Rock Silt Checks Type A. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this section, including, but not limited to, furnishing all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to apply the *Polyacrylamide(PAM)*.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item
Polyacrylamide(PAM)
Pound

CULVERT DIVERSION CHANNEL:

Description

This work consists of providing a *Culvert Diversion Channel* to detour the existing stream around the culvert construction site at locations shown on the plans. Work includes constructing the diversion channel, disposing of excess materials, providing and placing geotextile liner, maintaining the diversion area in an acceptable condition, removing geotextile liner, backfilling diversion channel area with suitable material, and providing proper drainage when diversion channel area is abandoned.

Materials

Refer to Division 10

ItemSectionGeotextile for Soil Stabilization, Type 41056

Construction Methods

Grade channel according to the plans with channel surface free of obstructions, debris, and pockets of low-density material. Utilize suitable material and provide disposal area for unsuitable material.

Line channel with geotextile unrolled in the direction of flow and lay smoothly but loosely on soil surface without creases. Bury top of slope geotextile edge in a trench at least 5" deep and tamp

securely. Make vertical overlaps a minimum of 18" with upstream geotextile overlapping the downstream geotextile.

Secure geotextile with eleven gauge wire staples shaped into a u shape with a length of not less than 6" and a throat not less than 1" in width. Place staples along outer edges and throughout the geotextile a maximum of 3 ft. horizontally and vertically.

Measurement and Payment

Culvert Diversion Channel will be measured and paid for as the actual number of cubic yards excavated, as calculated from the typical section throughout the length of the diversion channel as shown on the final approved plans.

Geotextile for Soil Stabilization will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 270-4 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Such price and payment shall be considered full compensation for all work covered by this section including all materials, construction, maintenance, and removal of *Culvert Diversion Channel*.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item Pay Unit

Culvert Diversion Channel

Cubic Yard

IMPERVIOUS DIKE:

(9-9-11)(Rev. 11-15-22)

Description

This work consists of furnishing, installing, maintaining, pumping and removing an *Impervious Dike* for the purpose of diverting normal stream flow around the construction site. The Contractor shall construct an impervious dike in such a manner approved by the Engineer. The impervious dike shall not permit seepage of water into the construction site or contribute to siltation of the stream. The impervious dike shall be constructed of an acceptable material in the locations noted on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

Materials

Acceptable materials shall include but not be limited to sheet piles, sandbags, and/or the placement of an acceptable size stone lined with polypropylene or other impervious geotextile.

Earth material shall not be used to construct an impervious dike when it is in direct contact with the stream unless vegetation can be established before contact with the stream takes place.

Construction Methods

Where impervious dikes are shown on the plans and used to dewater or lower the water elevation, construct in accordance with Article 410-4 and 410-5.

Measurement and Payment

Impervious Dike will be measured and paid as the actual number of linear feet of impervious dike(s) constructed, measured in place from end to end of each separate installation that has been completed and accepted by the Engineer. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work including but not limited to furnishing materials, construction, maintenance, pumping and removal of the impervious dike.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item Pay Unit
Impervious Dike Linear Foot

COIR FIBER MAT:

Description

Furnish material, install and maintain coir fiber mat in locations shown on the plans or in locations as directed. Work includes providing all materials, excavating and backfilling, and placing and securing coir fiber mat with stakes, steel reinforcement bars or staples as directed.

Materials

ItemSectionCoir Fiber Mat1060-14

Anchors: Stakes, reinforcement bars, or staples shall be used as anchors.

Wooden Stakes:

Provide hardwood stakes 12"- 24" long with a 2" x 2" nominal square cross section. One end of the stake must be sharpened or beveled to facilitate driving through the coir fiber mat and down into the underlying soil. The other end of the stake needs to have a 1"- 2" long head at the top with a 1"- 2" notch following to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

Steel Reinforcement Bars:

Provide uncoated #10 steel reinforcement bars 24" nominal length. The bars shall have a 4" diameter bend at one end with a 4" straight section at the tip to catch and secure the coir fiber mat.

Staples:

Provide staples made of 0.125" diameter new steel wire formed into a u shape not less than 12" in length with a throat of 1" in width.

Construction Methods

Place the coir fiber mat immediately upon final grading. Provide a smooth soil surface free from stones, clods, or debris that will prevent the contact of the mat with the soil. Unroll the mat and apply without stretching such that it will lie smoothly but loosely on the soil surface.

For stream relocation applications, take care to preserve the required line, grade, and cross section of the area covered. Bury the top slope end of each piece of mat in a narrow trench at least 6 in. deep and tamp firmly. Where one roll of matting ends and a second roll begins, overlap the end of the upper roll over the buried end of the second roll so there is a 6 in. overlap. Construct check trenches at least 12 in. deep every 50 ft. longitudinally along the edges of the mat or as directed. Fold over and bury mat to the full depth of the trench, close and tamp firmly. Overlap mat at least 6 in. where 2 or more widths of mat are installed side by side.

Place anchors across the mat at the ends approximately 1 ft. apart. Place anchors along the outer edges and down the center of the mat 3 ft. apart.

Adjustments in the trenching or anchoring requirements to fit individual site conditions may be required.

Measurement and Payment

Coir Fiber Mat will be measured and paid for as the actual number of square yards measured along the surface of the ground over which coir fiber mat is installed and accepted.

No measurement will be made for anchor items.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitCoir Fiber MatSquare Yard

CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE:

(12-10-20)

Description

Concrete washout structures are enclosures above or below grade to contain concrete waste water and associated concrete mix from washing out ready-mix trucks, drums, pumps, or other equipment. Concrete washouts must collect and retain all the concrete washout water and solids, so that this material does not migrate to surface waters or into the ground water. These enclosures are not intended for concrete waste not associated with wash out operations.

The concrete washout structure may include constructed devices above or below ground and or commercially available devices designed specifically to capture concrete wash water.

Materials

ItemSectionTemporary Silt Fence1605

Safety Fence shall meet the specifications as provided elsewhere in this contract.

Geomembrane basin liner shall meet the following minimum physical properties for low permeability; it shall consist of a polypropylene or polyethylene 10 mil think geomembrane. If the minimum setback dimensions can be achieved the liner is not required. (5 feet above groundwater, 50 feet from top of bank of perennial stream, other surface water body, or wetland.)

Construction Methods

Build an enclosed earthen berm or excavate to form an enclosure in accordance with the details and as directed.

Install temporary silt fence around the perimeter of the enclosure in accordance with the details and as directed if structure is not located in an area where existing erosion and sedimentation control devices are capable to containing any loss of sediment.

Post a sign with the words "Concrete Washout" in close proximity of the concrete washout area, so it is clearly visible to site personnel. Install safety fence as directed for visibility to construction traffic.

The construction details for the above grade and below grade concrete washout structures can be found on the following web page link:

 $\underline{https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/roadside/SoilWaterDocuments/ConcreteWashoutStructurede}\\tail.pdf$

Alternate details for accommodating concrete washout may be submitted for review and approval.

The alternate details shall include the method used to retain and dispose of the concrete waste water within the project limits and in accordance with the minimum setback requirements. (5 feet above groundwater, 50 feet from top of bank of perennial stream, other surface water body, or wetland.)

Maintenance and Removal

Maintain the concrete washout structure(s) to provide adequate holding capacity plus a minimum freeboard of 12 inches. Remove and dispose of hardened concrete and return the structure to a functional condition after reaching 75% capacity.

Inspect concrete washout structures for damage and maintain for effectiveness.

Remove the concrete washout structures and sign upon project completion. Grade the earth material to match the existing contours and permanently seed and mulch area.

Measurement and Payment

Concrete Washout Structure will be paid for per each enclosure installed in accordance with the details. If alternate details or commercially available devices are approved, then those devices will also be paid for per each approved and installed device.

Temporary Silt Fence will be measured and paid for in accordance with Article 1605-5 of the Standard Specifications.

Safety Fence shall be measured and paid for as provided elsewhere in this contract.

No measurement will be made for other items or for over excavation or stockpiling.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item Pay Unit

Concrete Washout Structure

Each

FABRIC INSERT INLET PROTECTION DEVICE (HIGH FLOW)

(6-29-17)

Description

This work shall consist of installing, maintaining, and removing *Fabric Insert Inlet Protection Device*, of the type specified, in inlet structures (catch basins, drop inlets, etc) in areas where asphalt or concrete may prevent the proper installation of a Rock Inlet Sediment Traps Type C, or as directed.

Materials

The product shall be a fabric inlet protection device composed of a fitted woven polypropylene geotextile double sewn with nylon thread suspended sack. The *Fabric Insert Inlet Protection Device* shall be manufactured to fit the opening of the catch basin or drop inlet or shall have a deflector to direct runoff from the curb opening into the fabric sack. The *Fabric Insert Inlet Protection Device* shall have a rigid frame or support system to support the loaded weight of the product. The product shall have lifting loops for removing the device from the basin and will have dump straps attached at the bottom to facilitate the emptying of the device. The *Fabric Insert Inlet Protection Device* shall have an overflow system to allow stormwater to enter the inlet structure and avoid ponding on the roadway when the device reaches capacity.

The stitching shall meet the following physical properties:

| Physical | Test Method | English |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Average Wide Width Strength | ASTM D-4884 | 165 lb/in |

The fitted filter assembly shall have the following physical properties:

| Physical | Test Method | English |
|---------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Grab Tensile | ASTM D-4632 | 255 x 275 lbs |
| Minimum Puncture Strength | ASTM D-4833 | 125 lbs |
| Mullen Burst | ASTM D-3786 | 420 PSI |
| Minimum UV Resistance | ASTM D-4355 | 70 %. |
| Flow Rate | ASTM D-4491 | 200 gal/min/ft ² |
| Apparent Opening | ASTM D-4751 | 20 US Sieve |
| Permittivity | ASTM D-4491 | 1.5 sec ⁻¹ |

Construction Methods

Strictly comply with manufacturer's installation instructions and recommendations. Maintenance shall include regular daily inspections and after each qualifying rain event. The *Fabric Insert Inlet Protection Device* shall be emptied, cleaned and placed back into the basin when it reaches 50% capacity or as directed.

Measurement and Payment

This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per *Fabric Insert Inlet Protection Device* of the type specified, complete in place and accepted. Such payment shall be full compensation for furnishing and installing the *Fabric Insert Inlet Protection Device* in accordance with this specification and for all required maintenance.

Maintenance of the device, cleanout and disposal of accumulated sediments shall be paid for by *Fabric Insert Inlet Protection Device Cleanout*.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitFabric Insert Inlet Protection DeviceEachFabric Insert Inlet Protection Device CleanoutEach

TACK FOR MULCH FOR EROSION CONTROL:

(07-19-22)

Description

This work consists of supplying and installing of an approved material for binding mulch for erosion control in accordance with Section 1060-5, Section 1615 and Section 1660 of the *Standard*

Specifications. This provision defines acceptable materials and rates for tacking material for holding mulch in place.

Materials

(a) Emulsified Asphalt

Asphalt emulsion tack shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 140, Specification for Emulsified Asphalt. The emulsified asphalt may be rapid setting, medium setting, or slow setting. Apply emulsified asphalt tackifier at a rate of 0.10 gallons per square yard (approximately 484 gallons per acre).

(b) Cellulose Hydromulch

Cellulose hydromulch products shall be non-toxic, weed-free, prepackaged cellulose fiber (pulp) material containing no more than 3% ash or other inert materials. Cellulose hydromulches may contain dyes or binders specifically formulated to enhance the adhesive qualities of the hydromulch. Apply cellulose hydromulches at a rate of 1000 pounds (dry weight) per acre.

Wood fiber or wood fiber blend hydromulches may be substituted for cellulose hydromulch at the same application rate.

(c) Other tackifiers

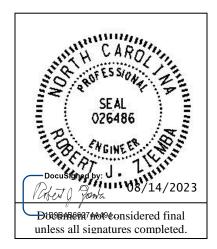
Other approved materials, specifically designed and manufactured for application as a straw mulch tacking agent, may be used at the manufacturer's recommended rate.

Construction Methods

Apply the Tack for Mulch for Erosion Control uniformly across straw mulch per Section 1615 and Section 1660 of the *Standard Specifications*.

Payment

Tack for Mulch for Erosion Control is incidental to the application of Temporary Mulching, Section 1615-4, and Seeding and Mulching, Section 1660-8, and no additional payment will be made.



U-6003 Signals and Intelligent Transportation Systems Project Special Provisions (Version 18.9)

Prepared By: J.A. Lohr 14-Aug-23

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1. 2018 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROADS & STRUCTURES

The 2018 Standard Specifications are revised as follows:

1.1. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – Materials (1098-1(H))

Page 10-212, line 12, revise title of section 1098-1(H) from "Electrical Service" to "Electrical Service for Traffic Signals".

Page 10-212, revise paragraph beginning on line 13 to read "Furnish external electrical service disconnects with a single pole 50 ampere inverse time circuit breaker with at least 10,000 RMS symmetrical amperes short circuit current rating in a lockable NEMA 3R enclosure. For electrical service to an Advanced Transportation Controller (ATC) cabinet, provide a single pole 30 ampere inverse time circuit breaker with at least 10,000 RMS symmetrical amperes short circuit current rating. Ensure service disconnects are listed as meeting UL Standard UL-489 and marked as being suitable for use as service equipment. Fabricate enclosure from galvanized steel and electrostatically apply dry powder paint finish, light gray in color, to yield a minimum thickness of 2.4 mils. Provide ground bus and neutral bus with at least 5 terminals with minimum wire capacity range of number 14 through number 4. Ensure each service has only one disconnecting means in the enclosure. Place barriers in service equipment such that no uninsulated, ungrounded service busbar, or service terminal is exposed."

1.2. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – Construction Methods (1700-3(K))

Page 17-4, revise paragraph starting on line 10 to read:

"Where electrical services do not include an external electrical service disconnect, modify service to include electrical service disconnect and a new grounding electrode system.

Provide a grounding electrode system at all new electrical services. All grounding and bonding equipment shall conform to UL Standard 467. Permanently bond grounding conductor to ground rod using an irreversible ground connector. Unless the irreversible ground connectors are designed for use with more than one conductor, only one conductor shall be used with each irreversible ground connector. Ensure all irreversible ground connectors are installed per manufacturer's installation instructions. Irreversible compression ground connectors requiring the use of a die for installation shall be made using a hydraulic, power, or ratcheting type crimper with appropriate dies. The use of handheld pliers for crimping irreversible compression ground connectors is prohibited.

Modify existing electrical services, as necessary, to meet the grounding requirements of the NEC, these Standard Specifications and the project plans. Remove any ground rods in the cabinet foundation and install a new grounding electrode system. Cut off abandoned ground rods in the cabinet foundation flush with the foundation surface.

In addition to NEC requirements, test grounding electrode resistance for a maximum of 20 ohms. Furnish and install additional ground rods to grounding electrode system as necessary to meet the Standard Specifications, Standard Drawings, and test requirements. Grounding electrode resistance test shall be verified or witnessed by the Engineer or the Engineer's designated representative.

Follow test equipment's procedures for measuring grounding electrode resistance. When using clamp-type ground resistance meters, readings of less than one ohm typically indicate a ground loop. Rework bonding and grounding circuits as necessary to remove ground loop circuits and retest. If a ground loop cannot be identified and removed to allow the proper use of a clamp-type ground resistance meter, use the three-point test method.

Submit a completed Inductive Loop & Grounding Test Form available on the Department's website.

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For ease of inspection, the top of ground rods shall be 12 inches (\pm 1 inch) below finished grade and shall remain exposed until electrical inspection is complete. Provide a length of marker tape 6 inches below finished grade directly over grounding electrodes and conductors.

For ground rods installed in areas where the slope is greater than 4:1, the top of the ground rods shall be a minimum of 24" below finished grade. Provide a length of marker tape 6 inches to 12 inches below finished grade directly over grounding electrodes and conductors."

1.3. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – Construction Methods (1700-3(L))

Page 17-4, revise paragraph starting on line 35 to read "Using an approved termination means, connect a #14 AWG minimum, 19-strand copper conductor (Type THWN) with insulation that is green or green with one or more yellow stripes to serve as an equipment grounding conductor to metal poles, vehicular and pedestrian signal pedestals, and other metallic components which are not otherwise bonded through means approved by the Engineer. For traffic signal installations, equipment grounding conductors shall have insulation that is green with one or more yellow stripes."

1.4. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS – Construction Methods (1700-3(M))

Page 17-4, Replace the sentence beginning on line 41 with "Prior to placing signal in the steady (stop-and-go) mode, the signal should be placed in the flashing mode for up to 7 days or as directed by the Engineer. The signal should not be placed in the steady (stop-and-go) mode on a Saturday or Sunday without prior approval from the Engineer. Do not place the signal in steady (stop-and-go) mode until inspected and without the prior approval of the Engineer."

1.5. WOOD POLES – Construction Methods (1720-3)

Page 17-18, revise sentence starting on line 13 to read "On new Department-owned poles, install a grounding system consisting of #6 AWG solid bare copper wire that is connected with an **irreversible ground connector** to a single ground rod installed at base of pole or to the electrical service grounding electrode system located within 10 feet of the pole."

2. SIGNAL HEADS

2.1. MATERIALS

A. General:

Fabricate vehicle signal head housings and end caps from die-cast aluminum. Provide visor mounting screws, door latches, and hinge pins fabricated from stainless steel. Provide interior screws, fasteners, and metal parts fabricated from stainless steel.

Fabricate tunnel and traditional visors from sheet aluminum.

Paint all surfaces inside and outside of signal housings and doors. Paint outside surfaces of tunnel and traditional visors, wire outlet bodies, wire entrance fitting brackets and end caps when supplied as components of messenger cable mounting assemblies, pole and pedestal mounting assemblies, and pedestrian pushbutton housings. Have electrostatically-applied, fused-polyester paint in highway yellow (Federal Standard 595C, Color Chip Number 13538) a minimum of 2.5 to 3.5 mils thick. Do not apply paint to the latching hardware, rigid vehicle signal head mounting brackets for mast-arm attachments, messenger cable hanger components or balance adjuster components.

Have the interior surfaces of tunnel and traditional visors painted an alkyd urea black synthetic baking enamel with a minimum gloss reflectance and meeting the requirements of MIL-E-10169, "Enamel Heat Resisting, Instrument Black."

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Where required, provide polycarbonate signal heads and visors that comply with the provisions pertaining to the aluminum signal heads listed on the QPL with the following exceptions:

Fabricate signal head housings, end caps, and visors from virgin polycarbonate material. Provide UV stabilized polycarbonate plastic with a minimum thickness of 0.1 ± 0.01 inches that is highway yellow (Federal Standard 595C, Color Chip 13538). Ensure the color is incorporated into the plastic material before molding the signal head housings and end caps. Ensure the plastic formulation provides the following physical properties in the assembly (tests may be performed on separately molded specimens):

| Test | Required | Method |
|--|--------------------|------------|
| Specific Gravity | 1.17 minimum | ASTM D 792 |
| Flammability | Self-extinguishing | ASTM D 635 |
| Tensile Strength, yield, PSI | 8500 minimum | ASTM D 638 |
| Izod impact strength, ft-lb/in [notched, 1/8 inch] | 12 minimum | ASTM D 256 |

For pole mounting, provide side of pole mounting assemblies with framework and all other hardware necessary to make complete, watertight connections of the signal heads to the poles and pedestals. Fabricate the mounting assemblies and frames from aluminum with all necessary hardware, screws, washers, etc. to be stainless steel. Provide mounting fittings that match the positive locking device on the signal head with the serrations integrally cast into the brackets. Provide upper and lower pole plates that have a 1 ¼-inch vertical conduit entrance hubs with the hubs capped on the lower plate and 1 ½-inch horizontal hubs. Ensure that the assemblies provide rigid attachments to poles and pedestals so as to allow no twisting or swaying of the signal heads. Ensure that all raceways are free of sharp edges and protrusions, and can accommodate a minimum of ten Number 14 AWG conductors.

For light emitting diode (LED) traffic signal modules, provide the following requirements for inclusion on the Department's Qualified Products List for traffic signal equipment.

- 1. Sample submittal,
- 2. Third-party independent laboratory testing results for each submitted module with evidence of testing and conformance with all of the Design Qualification Testing specified in section 6.4 of each of the following Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) specifications:
 - Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads Light Emitting Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement
 - Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads Light Emitting Diode (LED) Vehicle Arrow Traffic Signal Supplement
 - Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indications –Light Emitting Diode (LED) Signal Modules.

(Note: The Department currently recognizes two approved independent testing laboratories. They are Intertek ETL Semko and Light Metrics, Incorporated with Garwood Laboratories. Independent laboratory tests from other laboratories may be considered as part of the QPL submittal at the discretion of the Department,

- 3. Evidence of conformance with the requirements of these specifications,
- 4. A manufacturer's warranty statement in accordance with the required warranty, and

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- 5. Submittal of manufacturer's design and production documentation for the model, including but not limited to, electrical schematics, electronic component values, proprietary part numbers, bill of materials, and production electrical and photometric test parameters.
- 6. Evidence of approval of the product to bear the Intertek ETL Verified product label for LED traffic signal modules.

Ensure LED traffic signal modules meet the performance requirements for the minimum period of 15 years, provide a written warranty against defects in materials and workmanship for the modules for a period of 15 years after installation of the modules. During the warranty period, the manufacturer must provide new replacement modules within 45 days of receipt of modules that have failed at no cost to the State. Repaired or refurbished modules may not be used to fulfill the manufacturer's warranty obligations. Provide manufacturer's warranty documentation to the Department during evaluation of product for inclusion on Qualified Products List (QPL).

B. Vehicle Signal Heads:

Comply with the ITE standard "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads". Provide housings with provisions for attaching backplates.

Provide visors that are 10 inches in length for 12-inch vehicle signal heads.

Provide a termination block with one empty terminal for field wiring for each indication plus one empty terminal for the neutral conductor. Have all signal sections wired to the termination block. Provide barriers between the terminals that have terminal screws with a minimum Number 8 thread size and that will accommodate and secure spade lugs sized for a Number 10 terminal screw.

Mount termination blocks in the yellow signal head sections on all in-line vehicle signal heads. Mount the termination block in the red section on five-section vehicle signal heads.

Furnish vehicle signal head interconnecting brackets. Provide one-piece aluminum brackets less than 4.5 inches in height and with no threaded pipe connections. Provide hand holes on the bottom of the brackets to aid in installing wires to the signal heads. Lower brackets that carry no wires and are used only for connecting the bottom signal sections together may be flat in construction.

For messenger cable mounting, provide messenger cable hangers, wire outlet bodies, balance adjusters, bottom caps, wire entrance fitting brackets, and all other hardware necessary to make complete, watertight connections of the vehicle signal heads to the messenger cable. Fabricate messenger cable hanger components, wire outlet bodies and balance adjuster components from stainless steel or malleable iron galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153 (Class A) or ASTM A123. Provide serrated rings made of aluminum. Provide messenger cable hangers with U-bolt clamps. Fabricate washers, screws, hex-head bolts and associated nuts, clevis pins, cotter pins, U-bolt clamps and nuts from stainless steel.

Provide LED vehicular traffic signal modules (hereafter referred to as modules) that consist of an assembly that uses LEDs as the light source in lieu of an incandescent lamp for use in traffic signal sections. Use LEDs that are aluminum indium gallium phosphorus (AlInGaP) technology for red and yellow indications and indium gallium nitride (InGaN) for green indications. Install the ultra bright type LEDs that are rated for 100,000 hours of continuous operation from -40°F to +165°F. Design modules to have a minimum useful life of 15 years and to meet all parameters of this specification during this period of useful life.

For the modules, provide spade terminals crimped to the lead wires and sized for a #10 screw connection to the existing terminal block in a standard signal head. Do not provide other types of crimped terminals with a spade adapter.

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Ensure the power supply is integral to the module assembly. On the back of the module, permanently mark the date of manufacture (month & year) or some other method of identifying date of manufacture.

Tint the red, yellow and green lenses to correspond with the wavelength (chromaticity) of the LED. Transparent tinting films are unacceptable. Provide a lens that is integral to the unit with a smooth outer surface.

1. LED Circular Signal Modules:

Provide modules in the following configurations: 12-inch circular sections. All makes and models of LED modules purchased for use on the State Highway System shall appear on the current NCDOT Traffic Signal Qualified Products List (QPL).

Provide the manufacturer's model number and the product number (assigned by the Department) for each module that appears on the 2018 or most recent Qualified Products List. In addition, provide manufacturer's certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, that each module meets or exceeds the ITE "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads – Light Emitting Diode (LED) Circular Signal Supplement" dated June 27, 2005 (hereafter referred to as VTCSH Circular Supplement) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Circular Supplement:

| Module Type | Max. Wattage at 165° F | Nominal Wattage at 77° F |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12-inch red circular | 17 | 11 |
| 12-inch green circular | 15 | 15 |

For yellow circular signal modules, provide modules tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Circular Supplement to insure power required at 77° F is 22 Watts or less for the 12-inch circular module.

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of $\pm 1\%$ to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of a circular traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

2. LED Arrow Signal Modules

Provide 12-inch omnidirectional arrow signal modules. All makes and models of LED modules purchased for use on the State Highway System shall appear on the current NCDOT Traffic Signal Qualified Products List (QPL).

Provide the manufacturer's model number and the product number (assigned by the Department) for each module that appears on the 2018 or most recent Qualified Products List. In addition, provide manufacturer's certification in accordance with Article 106-3 of the *Standard Specifications*, that each module meets or exceeds the requirements for 12-inch omnidirectional modules specified in the ITE "Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads – Light Emitting Diode (LED) Vehicle Arrow Traffic Signal Supplement" dated July 1, 2007 (hereafter referred to as VTCSH Arrow Supplement) and other requirements stated in this specification.

Provide modules that meet the following requirements when tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Arrow Supplement:

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| Module Type | Max. Wattage at 165° F | Nominal Wattage at 77° F |
|---------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 12-inch red arrow | 12 | 9 |
| 12-inch green arrow | 11 | 11 |

For yellow arrow signal modules, provide modules tested under the procedures outlined in the VTCSH Arrow Supplement to insure power required at 77° F is 12 Watts or less.

Note: Use a wattmeter having an accuracy of $\pm 1\%$ to measure the nominal wattage and maximum wattage of an arrow traffic signal module. Power may also be derived from voltage, current and power factor measurements.

C. Signal Cable:

Furnish 16-4 and 16-7 signal cable that complies with IMSA specification 20-1 except provide the following conductor insulation colors:

- For 16-4 cable: white, yellow, red, and green
- For 16-7 cable: white, yellow, red, green, yellow with black stripe tracer, red with black stripe tracer, and green with black stripe tracer. Apply continuous stripe tracer on conductor insulation with a longitudinal or spiral pattern.

Provide a ripcord to allow the cable jacket to be opened without using a cutter. IMSA specification 19-1 will not be acceptable. Provide a cable jacket labeled with the IMSA specification number and provide conductors constructed of stranded copper.

3. CONTROLLERS WITH CABINETS

3.1. MATERIALS – TYPE 2070LX CONTROLLERS

Furnish model 2070LX controller units that conform to CALTRANS *Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications* (TEES) (dated March 12, 2009, plus Errata 1 dated January 21, 2010 and Errata 2 dated December 5, 2014) except as required herein.

The Department will provide software at the beginning of the burning-in period. Contractor shall give 5 working days notice before needing software. Program software provided by the Department.

Provide model 2070LX controllers with Linux kernel 2.6.18 or higher and device drivers, composed of the unit chassis and at a minimum the following modules and assemblies:

- MODEL 2070-1C, CPU Module, Single Board, with 8Mb Datakey (blue in color)
- MODEL 2070-2E+, Field I/O Module (FI/O)
 - Note: Configure the Field I/O Module to disable both the External WDT Shunt/Toggle Switch and SP3 (SP3 active indicator is "off")
- MODEL 2070-3B, Front Panel Module (FP), Display B (8x40)
- MODEL 2070-4A, Power Supply Module, 10 AMP

Provide a Board Support Package (BSP) to the state and to any specified applications software manufacturer when requested by the state to facilitate the porting of application software.

3.2. MATERIALS – GENERAL CABINETS

Provide a moisture resistant coating on all circuit boards.

Provide one 20 mm diameter radial lead UL-recognized metal oxide varistor (MOV) between each load switch field terminal and equipment ground. Electrical performance is outlined below.

| PROPERTIES OF MOV SURGE PROTECTOR | | |
|---|---------------|--|
| Maximum Continuous Applied Voltage at | 150 VAC (RMS) | |
| 185° F | 200 VDC | |
| Maximum Peak 8x20µs Current at 185° F | 6500 A | |
| Maximum Energy Rating at 185° F | 80 J | |
| Voltage Range 1 mA DC Test at 77° F | 212-268 V | |
| Max. Clamping Voltage 8x20µs, 100A at 77° F | 395 V | |
| Typical Capacitance (1 MHz) at 77° F | 1600 pF | |

Provide a power line surge protector that is a two-stage device that will allow connection of the radio frequency interference filter between the stages of the device. Ensure that a maximum continuous current is at least 10A at 120V. Ensure that the device can withstand a minimum of 20 peak surge current occurrences at 20,000A for an 8x20 microsecond waveform. Provide a maximum clamp voltage of 395V at 20,000A with a nominal series inductance of 200µh. Ensure that the voltage does not exceed 395V. Provide devices that comply with the following:

| Frequency (Hz) | Minimum Insertion Loss (dB) |
|----------------|-----------------------------|
| 60 | 0 |
| 10,000 | 30 |
| 50,000 | 55 |
| 100,000 | 50 |
| 500,000 | 50 |
| 2,000,000 | 60 |
| 5,000,000 | 40 |
| 10,000,000 | 20 |
| 20,000,000 | 25 |

3.3. MATERIALS – TYPE 170E CABINETS

A. Type 170 E Cabinets General:

Conform to the city of Los Angeles' Specification No. 54-053-08, *Traffic Signal Cabinet Assembly Specification* (dated July 2008), except as required herein.

Furnish model 332 base mounted cabinets configured for 8 vehicle phases, 4 pedestrian phases, and 6 overlaps. When overlaps are required, provide auxiliary output files for the overlaps. Do not reassign load switches to accommodate overlaps unless shown on electrical details.

Provide model 200 load switches, model 222 loop detector sensors, model 252 AC isolators, and model 242 DC isolators according to the electrical details. As a minimum, provide one (1) model 2018 conflict monitor, one (1) model 206L power supply unit, two (2) model 204 flashers, one (1) DC isolator (located in slot I14), and four (4) model 430 flash transfer relays (provide seven (7) model 430 flash transfer relays if auxiliary output file is installed) with each cabinet.

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B. Type 170 E Cabinet Electrical Requirements:

Provide a cabinet assembly designed to ensure that upon leaving any cabinet switch or conflict monitor initiated flashing operation, the controller starts up in the programmed start up phases and start up interval.

Furnish two sets of non-fading cabinet wiring diagrams and schematics in a paper envelope or container and placed in the cabinet drawer.

All AC+ power is subject to radio frequency signal suppression.

Provide surge suppression in the cabinet for each type of cabinet device. Provide surge protection for the full capacity of the cabinet input file. Provide surge suppression devices that operate properly over a temperature range of -40° F to +185° F. Ensure the surge suppression devices provide both common and differential modes of protection.

Provide a pluggable power line surge protector that is installed on the back of the PDA (power distribution assembly) chassis to filter and absorb power line noise and switching transients. Ensure the device incorporates LEDs for failure indication and provides a dry relay contact closure for the purpose of remote sensing. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

- Peak Surge Current (Single pulse, 8x20µs)......20,000A
- Occurrences (8x20µs waveform)......10 minimum @ 20,000A
- Maximum Clamp Voltage.....395VAC
- Operating Current......15 amps
- Response Time.....<5 nanoseconds

Provide a loop surge suppressor for each set of loop terminals in the cabinet. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

- Peak Surge Current (6 times, 8x20µs)
 - o (Differential Mode)......400A
 - o (Common Mode)......1,000A
- Occurrences (8x20µs waveform)......500 min @ 200A
- Maximum Clamp Voltage
 - o (Differential Mode @400A)......35V
 - o (Common Mode @1,000A)......35V
- Response Time.....<5 nanoseconds
- Maximum Capacitance......35 pF

Provide a data communications surge suppressor for each communications line entering or leaving the cabinet. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

- Peak Surge Current (Single pulse, 8x20μs)......10,000A
- Occurrences (8x20μs waveform)......100 min @ 2,000A
- Maximum Clamp Voltage......Rated for equipment protected
- Response Time.....< 1 nanosecond
- Maximum Series Resistance......15Ω

Provide a DC signal surge suppressor for each DC input channel in the cabinet. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

- Peak Surge Current (Single pulse, 8x20μs)......10,000A
- Occurrences (8x20µs waveform)......100 @ 2,000A
- Maximum Clamp Voltage......30V
- Response Time.....< 1 nanosecond

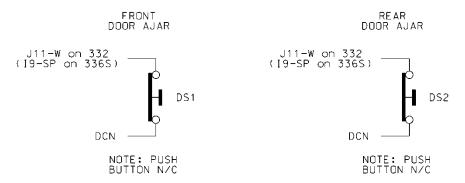
Provide a 120 VAC signal surge suppressor for each AC+ interconnect signal input. Ensure the device meets the following specifications:

- Peak Surge Current (Single pulse, 8x20μs)......20,000A
- Maximum Clamp Voltage......350VAC
- Response Time.....< 200 nanoseconds
- Discharge Voltage.....<200 Volts @ 1,000A
- Insulation Resistance.... \geq 100 M Ω

Provide conductors for surge protection wiring that are of sufficient size (ampacity) to withstand maximum overcurrents which could occur before protective device thresholds are attained and current flow is interrupted.

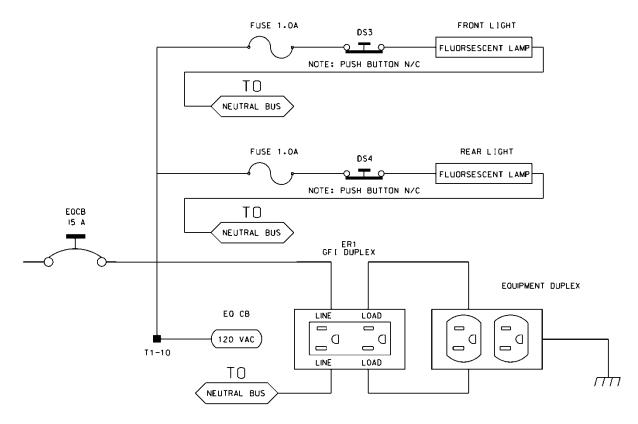
If additional surge protected power outlets are needed to accommodate fiber transceivers, modems, etc., install a UL listed, industrial, heavy-duty type power outlet strip with a minimum rating of 15 A / 125 VAC, 60 Hz. Provide a strip that has a minimum of 3 grounded outlets. Ensure the power outlet strip plugs into one of the controller unit receptacles located on the rear of the PDA. Ensure power outlet strip is mounted securely; provide strain relief if necessary.

Provide a door switch in the front and a door switch in the rear of the cabinet that will provide the controller unit with a Door Ajar alarm when either the front or the rear door is open. Ensure the door switches apply DC ground to the Input File when either the front door or the rear door is open.



Furnish a fluorescent fixture in the rear across the top of the cabinet and another fluorescent fixture in the front across the top of the cabinet at a minimum. Ensure that the fixtures provide sufficient light to illuminate all terminals, labels, switches, and devices in the cabinet. Conveniently locate the fixtures so as not to interfere with a technician's ability to perform work on any devices or terminals in the cabinet. Provide a protective diffuser to cover exposed bulbs. Install 16 watt T-4 lamps in the fluorescent fixtures. Provide a door switch to provide power to each fixture when the respective door is open. Wire the fluorescent fixtures to the 15 amp ECB (equipment circuit breaker).

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Furnish a police panel with a police panel door. Ensure that the police panel door permits access to the police panel when the main door is closed. Ensure that no rainwater can enter the cabinet even with the police panel door open. Provide a police panel door hinged on the right side as viewed from the front. Provide a police panel door lock that is keyed to a standard police/fire call box key. In addition to the requirements of LA Specification No. 54-053-08, provide the police panel with a toggle switch connected to switch the intersection operation between normal stop-and-go operation (AUTO) and manual operation (MANUAL). Ensure that manual control can be implemented using inputs and software such that the controller provides full programmed clearance times for the yellow clearance and red clearance for each phase while under manual control.

Provide a 1/4-inch locking phone jack in the police panel for a hand control to manually control the intersection. Provide sufficient room in the police panel for storage of a hand control and cord.

For model 332 base mounted cabinets, ensure terminals J14-E and J14-K are wired together on the rear of the Input File. Connect TB9-12 (J14 Common) on the Input Panel to T1-2 (AC-) on the rear of the PDA.

Provide detector test switches mounted at the top of the cabinet rack or other convenient location which may be used to place a call on each of eight phases based on the chart below. Provide three positions for each switch: On (place call), Off (normal detector operation), and Momentary On (place momentary call and return to normal detector operation after switch is released). Ensure that the switches are located such that the technician can read the controller display and observe the intersection.

Connect detector test switches for cabinets as follows:

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| 332 Cabinet | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|--|
| Detector Call Switches | Terminals | |
| Phase 1 | I1-W | |
| Phase 2 | I4-W | |
| Phase 3 | I5-W | |
| Phase 4 | I8-W | |
| Phase 5 | J1-W | |
| Phase 6 | J4-W | |
| Phase 7 | J5-W | |
| Phase 8 | J8-W | |

Provide the PCB 28/56 connector for the conflict monitor unit (CMU) with 28 independent contacts per side, dual-sided with 0.156 inch contact centers. Provide the PCB 28/56 connector contacts with solder eyelet terminations. Ensure all connections to the PCB 28/56 connector are soldered to the solder eyelet terminations.

Ensure that all cabinets have the CMU connector wired according to the 332 cabinet connector pin assignments (include all wires for auxiliary output file connection). Wire pins 13, 16, R, and U of the CMU connector to a separate 4 pin plug, P1, as shown below. Provide a second plug, P2, which will mate with P1 and is wired to the auxiliary output file as shown below. Provide an additional plug, P3, which will mate with P1 and is wired to the pedestrian yellow circuits as shown below. When no auxiliary output file is installed in the cabinet, provide wires for the green and yellow inputs for channels 11, 12, 17, and 18, the red inputs for channels 17 and 18, and the wires for the P2 plug. Terminate the two-foot wires with ring type lugs, insulated, and bundled for optional use.

| | P1 | | P2 | | Р3 | |
|-----|-----------------|---------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|---------|
| PIN | FUNCTION | CONN TO | FUNCTION | CONN TO | FUNCTION | CONN TO |
| 1 | CH-9G | CMU-13 | OLA-GRN | A123 | 2P-YEL | 114 |
| 2 | CH-9Y | CMU-16 | OLA-YEL | A122 | 4P-YEL | 105 |
| 3 | CH-10G | CMU-R | OLB-GRN | A126 | 6P-YEL | 120 |
| 4 | CH-10Y | CMU-U | OLB-YEL | A125 | 8P-YEL | 111 |

Do not provide the P20 terminal assembly (red monitor board) or red interface ribbon cable as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08.

Provide a P20 connector that mates with and is compatible with the red interface connector mounted on the front of the conflict monitor. Ensure that the P20 connector and the red interface connector on the conflict monitor are center polarized to ensure proper connection. Ensure that removal of the P20 connector will cause the conflict monitor to recognize a latching fault condition and place the cabinet into flashing operation.

Wire the P20 connector to the output file and auxiliary output file using 22 AWG stranded wires. Ensure the length of these wires is a minimum of 42 inches in length. Provide a durable braided sleeve around the wires to organize and protect the wires.

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Wire the P20 connector to the traffic signal red displays to provide inputs to the conflict monitor as shown below. Ensure the pedestrian Don't Walk circuits are wired to channels 13 through 16 of the P20 connector. When no auxiliary output file is installed in the cabinet, provide wires for channels 9 through 12 reds. Provide a wire for special function 1. Terminate the unused wires with ring type lugs, insulated, and bundled for optional use.

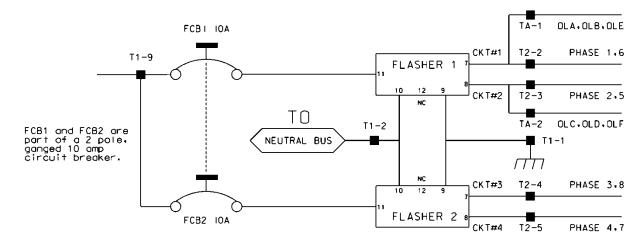
| | P20 Connector | | | | |
|-----|----------------|---------|-----|-----------------|---------|
| PIN | FUNCTION | CONN TO | PIN | FUNCTION | CONN TO |
| 1 | Channel 15 Red | 119 | 2 | Channel 16 Red | 110 |
| 3 | Channel 14 Red | 104 | 4 | Chassis GND | 01-9 |
| 5 | Channel 13 Red | 113 | 6 | N/C | |
| 7 | Channel 12 Red | AUX 101 | 8 | Spec Function 1 | |
| 9 | Channel 10 Red | AUX 124 | 10 | Channel 11 Red | AUX 114 |
| 11 | Channel 9 Red | AUX 121 | 12 | Channel 8 Red | 107 |
| 13 | Channel 7 Red | 122 | 14 | Channel 6 Red | 134 |
| 15 | Channel 5 Red | 131 | 16 | Channel 4 Red | 101 |
| 17 | Channel 3 Red | 116 | 18 | Channel 2 Red | 128 |
| 19 | Channel 1 Red | 125 | 20 | Red Enable | 01-14 |

Ensure the controller unit outputs to the auxiliary output file are pre-wired to the C5 connector. When no auxiliary output file is installed in the cabinet, connect the C5 connector to a storage socket located on the Input Panel or on the rear of the PDA.

Do not wire pin 12 of the load switch sockets.

In addition to the requirements of LA Specification No. 54-053-08, ensure relay K1 on the Power Distribution Assembly (PDA) is a four pole relay and K2 on the PDA is a two pole relay.

Provide a two pole, ganged circuit breaker for the flash bus circuit. Ensure the flash bus circuit breaker is an inverse time circuit breaker rated for 10 amps at 120 VAC with a minimum of 10,000 RMS symmetrical amperes short circuit current rating. Do not provide the auxiliary switch feature on the flash bus circuit breaker. Ensure the ganged flash bus circuit breaker is certified by the circuit breaker manufacturer to provide gang tripping operation.



Ensure auxiliary output files are wired as follows:

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| AUXILIARY OUTPUT FILE TERMINAL BLOCK TA ASSIGNMENTS | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| POSITION | FUNCTION | | | |
| 1 | Flasher Unit #1, Circuit 1/FTR1 (OLA, OLB)/FTR3 (OLE) | | | |
| 2 | Flasher Unit #1, Circuit 2/FTR2 (OLC, OLD)/FTR3 (OLF) | | | |
| 3 | Flash Transfer Relay Coils | | | |
| 4 | AC - | | | |
| 5 | Power Circuit 5 | | | |
| 6 | Power Circuit 5 | | | |
| 7 | Equipment Ground Bus | | | |
| 8 | NC | | | |

Provide four spare load resistors mounted in each cabinet. Ensure each load resistor is rated as shown in the table below. Wire one side of each load resistor to AC-. Connect the other side of each resistor to a separate terminal on a four (4) position terminal block. Mount the load resistors and terminal block either inside the back of Output File No. 1 or on the upper area of the Service Panel.

| ACCEPTABLE LOAD RESISTOR VALUES | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| VALUE (ohms) | WATTAGE | | |
| 1.5K – 1.9 K | 25W (min) | | |
| 2.0K – 3.0K | 10W (min) | | |

Provide Model 200 load switches, Model 204 flashers, Model 242 DC isolators, Model 252 AC isolators, and Model 206L power supply units that conform to CALTRANS' "Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications" dated March 12, 2009 with Erratum 1.

C. Type 170 E Cabinet Physical Requirements:

Do not mold, cast, or scribe the name "City of Los Angeles" on the outside of the cabinet door as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08. Do not provide a Communications Terminal Panel as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08. Do not provide terminal block TBB on the Service Panel. Do not provide Cabinet Verification Test Program software or associated test jigs as specified in LA Specification No. 54-053-08.

Furnish unpainted, natural, aluminum cabinet shells. Ensure that all non-aluminum hardware on the cabinet is stainless steel or a Department approved non-corrosive alternate.

Ensure the lifting eyes, gasket channels, police panel, and all supports welded to the enclosure and doors are fabricated from 0.125 inch minimum thickness aluminum sheet and meet the same standards as the cabinet and doors.

Provide front and rear doors with latching handles that allow padlocking in the closed position. Furnish 0.75 inch minimum diameter stainless steel handles with a minimum 0.5 inch shank. Place

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the padlocking attachment at 4.0 inches from the handle shank center to clear the lock and key. Provide an additional 4.0 inches minimum gripping length.

Provide Corbin #2 locks on the front and rear doors. Provide one (1) Corbin #2 and one (1) police master key with each cabinet. Ensure main door locks allow removal of keys in the locked position only.

Provide a surge protection panel with 16 loop surge protection devices and designed to allow sufficient free space for wire connection/disconnection and surge protection device replacement. For model 332 cabinets, provide an additional 20 loop surge protection devices. Provide an additional two AC+ interconnect surge devices to protect one slot and eight DC surge protection devices to protect four slots. Provide no protection devices on slot I14.

For base mounted cabinets, mount surge protection panels on the left side of the cabinet as viewed from the rear. Attach each panel to the cabinet rack assembly using bolts and make it easily removable. Mount the surge protection devices in vertical rows on each panel and connect the devices to one side of 12 position, double row terminal blocks with #8 screws. For each surge protection panel, terminate all grounds from the surge protection devices on a copper equipment ground bus attached to the surge protection panel. Wire the terminals to the rear of a standard input file using spade lugs for input file protection.

Provide permanent labels that indicate the slot and the pins connected to each terminal that may be viewed from the rear cabinet door. Label and orient terminals so that each pair of inputs is next to each other. Indicate on the labeling the input file (I or J), the slot number (1-14) and the terminal pins of the input slots (either D & E for upper or J & K for lower).

Provide a minimum 14 x 16 inch pull out, hinged top shelf located immediately below controller mounting section of the cabinet. Ensure the shelf is designed to fully expose the table surface outside the controller at a height approximately even with the bottom of the controller. Ensure the shelf has a storage bin interior which is a minimum of 1 inch deep and approximately the same dimensions as the shelf. Provide an access to the storage area by lifting the hinged top of the shelf. Fabricate the shelf and slide from aluminum or stainless steel and ensure the assembly can support the 2070L controller plus 15 pounds of additional weight. Ensure shelf has a locking mechanism to secure it in the fully extended position and does not inhibit the removal of the 2070L controller or removal of cards inside the controller when fully extended. Provide a locking mechanism that is easily released when the shelf is to be returned to its non-use position directly under the controller.

D. Model 2018 Enhanced Conflict Monitor:

Furnish Model 2018 Enhanced Conflict Monitors that provide monitoring of 18 channels. Ensure each channel consists of a green, yellow, and red field signal input. Ensure that the conflict monitor meets or exceeds CALTRANS' Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications dated March 12, 2009, with Erratum 1 (hereafter referred to as CALTRANS' 2009 TEES) for a model 210 monitor unit and other requirements stated in this specification.

Ensure the conflict monitor is provided with an 18 channel conflict programming card. Pin EE and Pin T of the conflict programming card shall be connected together. Pin 16 of the conflict programming card shall be floating. Ensure that the absence of the conflict programming card will cause the conflict monitor to trigger (enter into fault mode), and remain in the triggered state until the programming card is properly inserted and the conflict monitor is reset.

Provide a conflict monitor that incorporates LED indicators into the front panel to dynamically display the status of the monitor under normal conditions and to provide a comprehensive review of field inputs with monitor status under fault conditions. Ensure that the monitor indicates the

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channels that were active during a conflict condition and the channels that experienced a failure for all other per channel fault conditions detected. Ensure that these indications and the status of each channel are retained until the Conflict Monitor is reset. Furnish LED indicators for the following:

- AC Power (Green LED indicator)
- VDC Failed (Red LED indicator)
- WDT Error (Red LED indicator)
- Conflict (Red LED indicator)
- Red Fail (Red LED indicator)
- Dual Indication (Red LED indicator)
- Yellow/Clearance Failure (Red LED indicator)
- PCA/PC Ajar (Red LED indicator)
- Monitor Fail/Diagnostic Failure (Red LED indicator)
- 54 Channel Status Indicators (1 Red, 1 Yellow, and 1 Green LED indicator for each of the 18 channels)

Provide a switch to set the Red Fail fault timing. Ensure that when the switch is in the ON position the Red Fail fault timing value is set to 1350 +/- 150 ms (2018 mode). Ensure that when the switch is in the OFF position the Red Fail fault timing value is set to 850 +/- 150 ms (210 mode).

Provide a switch to set the Watchdog fault timing. Ensure that when the switch is in the ON position the Watchdog fault timing value is set to 1.0 + /- 0.1 s (2018 mode). Ensure that when the switch is in the OFF position the Watchdog fault timing value is set to 1.5 + /- 0.1 s (210 mode).

Provide a jumper or switch to set the AC line brown-out levels. Ensure that when the jumper is present or the switch is in the ON position the AC line dropout voltage threshold is $98 \pm 2 \text{ Vrms}$, the AC line restore voltage threshold is $103 \pm 2 \text{ Vrms}$, and the AC line brown-out timing value is set to $400 \pm 50 \text{ ms}$ (2018 mode). Ensure that when the jumper is not present or the switch is in the OFF position the AC line dropout voltage threshold is $92 \pm 2 \text{ Vrms}$, the AC line restore voltage threshold is $98 \pm 2 \text{ Vrms}$, and the AC line brown-out timing value is set to $80 \pm 1 \text{ Vrms}$ (210 mode).

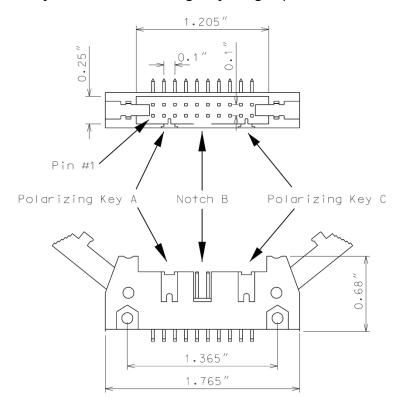
Provide a jumper or switch that will enable and disable the Watchdog Latch function. Ensure that when the jumper is not present or the switch is in the OFF position the Watchdog Latch function is disabled. In this mode of operation, a Watchdog fault will be reset following a power loss, brownout, or power interruption. Ensure that when the jumper is present or the switch is in the ON position the Watchdog Latch function is enabled. In this mode of operation, a Watchdog fault will be retained until a Reset command is issued.

Provide a jumper that will reverse the active polarity for pin #EE (output relay common). Ensure that when the jumper is not present pin #EE (output relay common) will be considered 'Active' at a voltage greater than 70 Vrms and 'Not Active' at a voltage less than 50 Vrms (Caltrans mode). Ensure that when the jumper is present pin #EE (output relay common) will be considered 'Active' at a voltage less than 50 Vrms and 'Not Active' at a voltage greater than 70 Vrms (Failsafe mode).

In addition to the connectors required by CALTRANS' 2009 TEES, provide the conflict monitor with a red interface connector mounted on the front of the monitor. Ensure the connector is a 20 pin, right angle, center polarized, male connector with latching clip locks and polarizing keys. Ensure the right angle solder tails are designed for a 0.062" thick printed circuit board. Keying of the connector shall be between pins 3 and 5, and between 17 and 19. Ensure the connector has two rows

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of pins with the odd numbered pins on one row and the even pins on the other row. Ensure the connector pin row spacing is 0.10" and pitch is 0.10". Ensure the mating length of the connector pins is 0.24". Ensure the pins are finished with gold plating 30μ " thick.



Ensure the red interface connector pins on the monitor have the following functions:

| Pin # | Function | Pin # | Function |
|-------|----------------|-------|--------------------|
| 1 | Channel 15 Red | 2 | Channel 16 Red |
| 3 | Channel 14 Red | 4 | Chassis Ground |
| 5 | Channel 13 Red | 6 | Special Function 2 |
| 7 | Channel 12 Red | 8 | Special Function 1 |
| 9 | Channel 10 Red | 10 | Channel 11 Red |
| 11 | Channel 9 Red | 12 | Channel 8 Red |
| 13 | Channel 7 Red | 14 | Channel 6 Red |
| 15 | Channel 5 Red | 16 | Channel 4 Red |
| 17 | Channel 3 Red | 18 | Channel 2 Red |
| 19 | Channel 1 Red | 20 | Red Enable |

Ensure that removal of the P20 cable connector will cause the conflict monitor to recognize a latching fault condition and place the cabinet into flashing operation.

Provide Special Function 1 and Special Function 2 inputs to the unit which shall disable only Red Fail Monitoring when either input is sensed active. A Special Function input shall be sensed active

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when the input voltage exceeds 70 Vrms with a minimum duration of 550 ms. A Special Function input shall be sensed not active when the input voltage is less than 50 Vrms or the duration is less than 250 ms. A Special Function input is undefined by these specifications and may or may not be sensed active when the input voltage is between 50 Vrms and 70 Vrms or the duration is between 250 ms and 550 ms.

Ensure the conflict monitor recognizes field signal inputs for each channel that meet the following requirements:

- consider a Red input greater than 70 Vrms and with a duration of at least 500 ms as an "on" condition;
- consider a Red input less than 50 Vrms or with a duration of less than 200 ms as an "off" condition (no valid signal);
- consider a Red input between 50 Vrms and 70 Vrms or with a duration between 200 ms and 500 ms to be undefined by these specifications;
- consider a Green or Yellow input greater than 25 Vrms and with a duration of at least 500 ms as an "on" condition;
- consider a Green or Yellow input less than 15 Vrms or with a duration of less than 200 ms as an "off" condition; and
- consider a Green or Yellow input between 15 Vrms and 25 Vrms or with a duration between 200 ms and 500 ms to be undefined by these specifications.

Provide a conflict monitor that recognizes the faults specified by CALTRANS' 2009 TEES and the following additional faults. Ensure the conflict monitor will trigger upon detection of a fault and will remain in the triggered (in fault mode) state until the unit is reset at the front panel or through the external remote reset input for the following failures:

- 1. **Red Monitoring or Absence of Any Indication (Red Failure):** A condition in which no "on" voltage signal is detected on any of the green, yellow, or red inputs to a given monitor channel. If a signal is not detected on at least one input (R, Y, or G) of a conflict monitor channel for a period greater than 1000 ms when used with a 170 controller and 1500 ms when used with a 2070 controller, ensure monitor will trigger and put the intersection into flash. If the absence of any indication condition lasts less than 700 ms when used with a 170 controller and 1200 ms when used with a 2070 controller, ensure conflict monitor will not trigger. Red fail monitoring shall be enabled on a per channel basis by the use of switches located on the conflict monitor. Have red monitoring occur when all of the following input conditions are in effect:
 - a) Red Enable input to monitor is active (Red Enable voltages are "on" at greater than 70 Vrms, off at less than 50 Vrms, undefined between 50 and 70 Vrms), and
 - b) Neither Special Function 1 nor Special Function 2 inputs are active.
 - c) Pin #EE (output relay common) is not active
- 2. **Short/Missing Yellow Indication Fault (Clearance Error):** Yellow indication following a green is missing or shorter than 2.7 seconds (with ± 0.1-second accuracy). If a channel fails to detect an "on" signal at the Yellow input for a minimum of 2.7 seconds (± 0.1 second) following the detection of an "on" signal at a Green input for that channel, ensure that the monitor triggers and generates a clearance/short yellow error fault indication. Short/missing yellow (clearance) monitoring shall be enabled on a per channel basis by the use of switches located on the conflict monitor. This fault shall not occur when the channel is programmed

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for Yellow Inhibit, when the Red Enable signal is inactive or pin #EE (output relay common) is active.

- 3. **Dual Indications on the Same Channel:** In this condition, more than one indication (R,Y,G) is detected as "on" at the same time on the same channel. If dual indications are detected for a period greater than 500 ms, ensure that the conflict monitor triggers and displays the proper failure indication (Dual Ind fault). If this condition is detected for less than 200 ms, ensure that the monitor does not trigger. G-Y-R dual indication monitoring shall be enabled on a per channel basis by the use of switches located on the conflict monitor. G-Y dual indication monitoring shall be enabled for all channels by use of a switch located on the conflict monitor. This fault shall not occur when the Red Enable signal is inactive or pin #EE (output relay common) is active.
- 4. Configuration Settings Change: The configuration settings are comprised of (as a minimum) the permissive diode matrix, dual indication switches, yellow disable jumpers, any option switches, any option jumpers, and the Watchdog Enable switch. Ensure the conflict monitor compares the current configuration settings with the previous stored configuration settings on power-up, on reset, and periodically during operation. If any of the configuration settings are changed, ensure that the conflict monitor triggers and causes the program card indicator to flash. Ensure that configuration change faults are only reset by depressing and holding the front panel reset button for a minimum of three seconds. Ensure the external remote reset input does not reset configuration change faults.

Ensure the conflict monitor will trigger and the AC Power indicator will flash at a rate of 2 Hz \pm 20% with a 50% duty cycle when the AC Line voltage falls below the "drop-out" level. Ensure the conflict monitor will resume normal operation when the AC Line voltage returns above the "restore" level. Ensure the AC Power indicator will remain illuminated when the AC voltage returns above the "restore" level. Should an AC Line power interruption occur while the monitor is in the fault mode, then upon restoration of AC Line power, the monitor will remain in the fault mode and the correct fault and channel indicators will be displayed.

Provide a flash interval of at least 6 seconds and at most 10 seconds in duration following a power-up, an AC Line interruption, or a brownout restore. Ensure the conflict monitor will suspend all fault monitoring functions, close the Output relay contacts, and flash the AC indicator at a rate of 4 Hz \pm 20% with a 50% duty cycle during this interval. Ensure the termination of the flash interval after at least 6 seconds if the Watchdog input has made 5 transitions between the True and False state and the AC Line voltage is greater than the "restore" level. If the watchdog input has not made 5 transitions between the True and False state within 10 ± 0.5 seconds, the monitor shall enter a WDT error fault condition.

Ensure the conflict monitor will monitor an intersection with a minimum of four approaches using the four-section Flashing Yellow Arrow (FYA) vehicle traffic signal as outlined by the NCHRP 3-54 research project for protected-permissive left turn signal displays. Ensure the conflict monitor will operate in the FYA mode and FYAc (Compact) mode as specified below to monitor each channel pair for the following fault conditions: Conflict, Flash Rate Detection, Red Fail, Dual Indication, and Clearance. Provide a switch to select between the FYA mode and FYAc mode. Provide a switch to select each FYA phase movement for monitoring.

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| FVΔ | mode |
|-----|--------|
| | HIIOUG |

| FYA Signal Head | Phase 1 | Phase 3 | Phase 5 | Phase 7 |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Red Arrow | Channel 9 Red | Channel 10 Red | Channel 11 Red | Channel 12 Red |
| Yellow Arrow | Channel 9 Yellow | Channel 10 Yellow | Channel 11 Yellow | Channel 12 Yellow |
| Flashing Yellow Arrow | Channel 9 Green | Channel 10 Green | Channel 11 Green | Channel 12 Green |
| Green Arrow | Channel 1 Green | Channel 3 Green | Channel 5 Green | Channel 7 Green |

If a FYA channel pair is enabled for FYA operation, the conflict monitor will monitor the FYA logical channel pair for the additional following conditions:

- 1. **Conflict:** Channel conflicts are detected based on the permissive programming jumpers on the program card. This operation remains unchanged from normal operation except for the solid Yellow arrow (FYA clearance) signal.
- 2. Yellow Change Interval Conflict: During the Yellow change interval of the Permissive Turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) the conflict monitor shall verify that no conflicting channels to the solid Yellow arrow channel (clearance) are active. These conflicting channels shall be determined by the program card compatibility programming of the Permissive Turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow). During the Yellow change interval of the Protected Turn channel (solid Green arrow) the conflict monitor shall verify that no conflicting channels to the solid Yellow arrow channel (clearance) are active as determined by the program card compatibility programming of the Protected Turn channel (solid Green arrow).
- 3. **Flash Rate Detection:** The conflict monitor unit shall monitor for the absence of a valid flash rate for the Permissive turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow). If the Permissive turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) is active for a period greater than 1600 milliseconds, ensure the conflict monitor triggers and puts the intersection into flash. If the Permissive turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) is active for a period less than 1400 milliseconds, ensure the conflict monitor does not trigger. Ensure the conflict monitor will remain in the triggered (in fault mode) state until the unit is reset at the front panel or through the external remote reset input. Provide a jumper or switch that will enable and disable the Flash Rate Detection function. Ensure that when the jumper is not present or the switch is in the OFF position the Flash Rate Detection function is enabled. Ensure that when the jumper is present or the switch is in the ON position the Flash Rate Detection function is disabled.
- 4. **Red Monitoring or Absence of Any Indication (Red Failure):** The conflict monitor unit shall detect a red failure if there is an absence of voltage on all four of the inputs of a FYA channel pair (RA, YA, FYA, GA).
- 5. **Dual Indications on the Same Channel:** The conflict monitor unit shall detect a dual indication if two or more inputs of a FYA channel pair (RA, YA, FYA, GA) are "on" at the same time.

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6. **Short/Missing Yellow Indication Fault (Clearance Error):** The conflict monitor unit shall monitor the solid Yellow arrow for a clearance fault when terminating both the Protected Turn channel (solid Green arrow) interval and the Permissive Turn channel (flashing Yellow arrow) interval.

Ensure that the conflict monitor will log at least nine of the most recent events detected by the monitor in non-volatile EEPROM memory (or equivalent). For each event, record at a minimum the time, date, type of event, status of each field signal indication with RMS voltage, and specific channels involved with the event. Ensure the conflict monitor will log the following events: monitor reset, configuration, previous fault, and AC line. Furnish the signal sequence log that shows all channel states (Greens, Yellows, and Reds) and the Red Enable State for a minimum of 2 seconds prior to the current fault trigger point. Ensure the display resolution of the inputs for the signal sequence log is not greater than 50 ms.

For conflict monitors used within an Ethernet communications system, provide a conflict monitor with an Ethernet 10/100 Mbps, RJ-45 port for data communication access to the monitor by a local notebook computer and remotely via a workstation or notebook computer device connected to the signal system local area network. The Ethernet port shall be electrically isolated from the conflict monitor's electronics and shall provide a minimum of 1500 Vrms isolation. Integrate monitor with Ethernet network in cabinet. Provide software to retrieve the time and date from a network server in order to synchronize the on-board times between the conflict monitor and the controller. Furnish and install the following Windows based, graphic user interface software on workstations and notebook computers where the signal system client software is installed: 1) software to view and retrieve all event log information, 2) software that will search and display a list of conflict monitor IP addresses and IDs on the network, and 3) software to change the conflict monitor's network parameters such as IP address and subnet mask.

For non-Ethernet connected monitors, provide a RS-232C/D compliant port (DB-9 female connector) on the front panel of the conflict monitor in order to provide communications from the conflict monitor to the 170/2070 controller or to a Department-furnished laptop computer. Electrically isolate the port interface electronics from all monitor electronics, excluding Chassis Ground. Ensure that the controller can receive all event log information through a controller Asynchronous Communications Interface Adapter (Type 170E) or Async Serial Comm Module (2070). Furnish and connect a serial cable from the conflict monitor's DB-9 connector to Comm Port 1 of the 2070 controller. Ensure conflict monitor communicates with the controller. Provide a Windows based graphic user interface software to communicate directly through the same monitor RS-232C/D compliant port to retrieve and view all event log information to a Department-furnished laptop computer. The RS-232C/D compliant port on the monitor shall allow the monitor to function as a DCE device with pin connections as follows:

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| Conflict Monitor RS-232C/D (DB-9 Female) Pinout | | | | |
|---|----------|-----|--|--|
| Pin Number | Function | I/O | | |
| 1 | DCD | О | | |
| 2 | TX Data | О | | |
| 3 | RX Data | I | | |
| 4 | DTR | I | | |
| 5 | Ground | - | | |
| 6 | DSR | О | | |
| 7 | CTS | I | | |
| 8 | RTS | 0 | | |
| 9 | NC | - | | |

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| MONITOR BOARD EDGE CONNECTOR | |
|------------------------------|--|
| | |

| Pin# | Function (Back Side) | Pin # | Function (Component Side) |
|------|-----------------------------|-------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | Channel 2 Green | A | Channel 2 Yellow |
| 2 | Channel 13 Green | В | Channel 6 Green |
| 3 | Channel 6 Yellow | C | Channel 15 Green |
| 4 | Channel 4 Green | D | Channel 4 Yellow |
| 5 | Channel 14 Green | E | Channel 8 Green |
| 6 | Channel 8 Yellow | F | Channel 16 Green |
| 7 | Channel 5 Green | Н | Channel 5 Yellow |
| 8 | Channel 13 Yellow | J | Channel 1 Green |
| 9 | Channel 1 Yellow | K | Channel 15 Yellow |
| 10 | Channel 7 Green | L | Channel 7 Yellow |
| 11 | Channel 14 Yellow | M | Channel 3 Green |
| 12 | Channel 3 Yellow | N | Channel 16 Yellow |
| 13 | Channel 9 Green | P | Channel 17 Yellow |
| 14 | Channel 17 Green | R | Channel 10 Green |
| 15 | Channel 11 Yellow | S | Channel 11 Green |
| 16 | Channel 9 Yellow | T | Channel 18 Yellow |
| 17 | Channel 18 Green | U | Channel 10 Yellow |
| | | | |
| 18 | Channel 12 Yellow | V | Channel 12 Green |
| 19 | Channel 17 Red | W | Channel 18 Red |
| 20 | Chassis Ground | X | Not Assigned |
| 21 | AC- | Y | DC Common |
| 22 | Watchdog Timer | Z | External Test Reset |
| 23 | +24VDC | AA | +24VDC |
| 24 | Tied to Pin 25 | BB | Stop Time (Output) |
| 25 | Tied to Pin 24 | CC | Not Assigned |
| 26 | Not Assigned | DD | Not Assigned |
| 27 | Relay Output, Side #3, N.O. | EE | Relay Output,Side #2,Common |
| 28 | Relay Output, Side #1, N.C. | FF | AC+ |

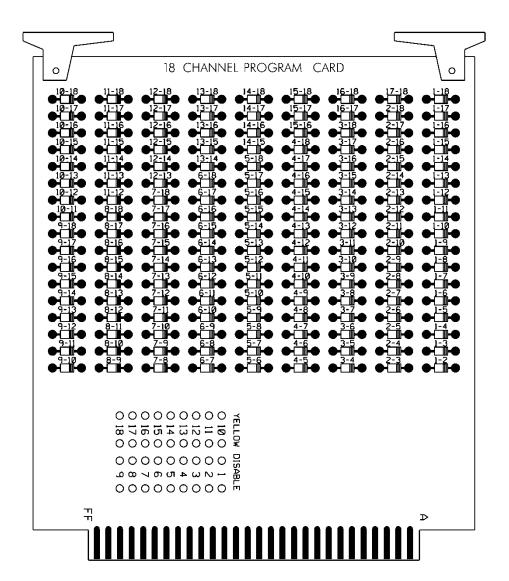
⁻⁻ Slotted for keying between Pins 17/U and 18/V

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| Pin# | Function (Back Side) | Pin# | Function (Component |
|------|-----------------------|------|------------------------|
| 1 | Channel 2 Green | A | Side) Channel 1 Green |
| 2 | Channel 3 Green | В | Channel 2 Green |
| 3 | Channel 4 Green | C | Channel 3 Green |
| 4 | Channel 5 Green | D | Channel 4 Green |
| 5 | Channel 6 Green | E | Channel 5 Green |
| 6 | Channel 7 Green | F | Channel 6 Green |
| 7 | Channel 8 Green | Н | Channel 7 Green |
| 8 | Channel 9 Green | J | Channel 8 Green |
| 9 | Channel 10 Green | K | Channel 9 Green |
| 10 | Channel 11 Green | L | Channel 10 Green |
| 11 | Channel 12 Green | M | Channel 11 Green |
| 12 | Channel 13 Green | N | Channel 12 Green |
| 13 | Channel 14 Green | P | Channel 13 Green |
| 14 | Channel 15 Green | R | Channel 14 Green |
| 15 | Channel 16 Green | S | Channel 15 Green |
| 16 | N/C | T | PC AJAR |
| 17 | Channel 1 Yellow | U | Channel 9 Yellow |
| 18 | Channel 2 Yellow | V | Channel 10 Yellow |
| 19 | Channel 3 Yellow | W | Channel 11 Yellow |
| 20 | Channel 4 Yellow | X | Channel 12 Yellow |
| 21 | Channel 5 Yellow | Y | Channel 13 Yellow |
| 22 | Channel 6 Yellow | Z | Channel 14 Yellow |
| 23 | Channel 7 Yellow | AA | Channel 15 Yellow |
| 24 | Channel 8 Yellow | BB | Channel 16 Yellow |
| | | | |
| 25 | Channel 17 Green | CC | Channel 17 Yellow |
| 26 | Channel 18 Green | DD | Channel 18 Yellow |
| 27 | Channel 16 Green | EE | PC AJAR (Program Card) |
| 28 | Yellow Inhibit Common | FF | Channel 17 Green |

⁻⁻ Slotted for keying between Pins 24/BB and 25/CC

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3.4. MATERIALS – TYPE 170 DETECTOR SENSOR UNITS

Furnish detector sensor units that comply with Chapter 5 Section 1, "General Requirements," and Chapter 5 Section 2, "Model 222 & 224 Loop Detector Sensor Unit Requirements," of the CALTRANS "Transportation Electrical Equipment Specifications" dated March 12, 2009 with Erratum 1.

3.5. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Actual number of 2070LX Controllers furnished, installed in existing signal cabinets, and accepted.

No separate measurement will be made for the conflict monitor or other equipment related to the controller or cabinet as this will be considered incidental to furnishing and installing the 2070LX controller.

Payment will be made under:

4. METAL POLE SUPPORTS

4.1. METAL POLES

A. General:

Furnish and install metal poles, grounding systems, and all necessary hardware. Work covered under this special provision includes requirements for design, fabrication, and installation of standard and custom/site-specific designed metal pole supports and associated foundations.

Comply with applicable sections of the 2018 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROADS & STRUCTURES, hereinafter referred to as the Standard Specifications. Provide designs of completed assemblies with hardware equaling or exceeding AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals 6th Edition, 2013 (hereinafter called 6th Edition AASHTO), including the latest interim specifications. Provide assemblies with a round or near-round (18 sides or more) cross-section, or a multi-sided cross section with no less than six sides. The sides may be straight, convex, or concave.

For bid purposes, pole heights shown on plans are estimated from available data. Prior to furnishing metal poles, use field measurements and adjusted cross-sections to determine whether pole heights will meet required clearances. If pole heights do not meet required clearances, the Contractor should immediately notify the Engineer of the required revised pole heights.

Standard Drawings for Metal Poles are available that supplement these project special provisions. The drawings are located on the Department's website:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/safety/pages/ITS-Design-Resources.aspx

Comply with article 1098-1B of the *Standard Specifications* for submittal requirements. Furnish shop drawings for approval. Provide copies of detailed shop drawings for each type of structure as summarized below. Ensure shop drawings include material specifications for each component. Ensure shop drawings identify welds by type and size on the <u>detail drawing only</u>, not in table format. **Do not release structures for fabrication until shop drawings have been approved by NCDOT**. Ensure shop drawings contain an itemized bill of materials for all structural components and associated connecting hardware.

Comply with article 1098-1A of the *Standard Specifications* for Qualified Products List (QPL) submittals. All shop drawings must include project location description, signal or asset inventory number(s) and project number or work order number.

Summary of information required for metal pole review submittal:

| Item | Electronic Submittal | Comments / Special Instructions |
|---|-------------------------|--|
| Sealed, Approved Signal or ITS Plan/Loading Diagram | 1 set | All structure design information needs to reflect the latest approved Signal or ITS plans |
| Custom Pole Shop Drawings | 1 set | Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media. Show NCDOT signal or asset inventory number(s), Contractor's name and relevant revision number in the title block. All drawings must have a <u>unique drawing number</u> for each project. |

| Standard Strain Pole Shop Drawings (from the QPL) | 1 set | Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media. Show NCDOT signal inventory number(s), Contractor's name and relevant revision number in the title block. All drawings must have a unique drawing number for each project. |
|--|-------|--|
| Structure Calculations | 1 set | Not required for Standard QPL Poles |
| Standard Strain Pole Foundation Drawings | 1 set | Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media. Submit a completed Standard Foundation Selection form for each pole using foundation table on Metal Pole Drawing M8. |
| Custom Foundation Drawings | 1 set | Submit drawings on 11" x 17" format media. Show NCDOT signal or asset inventory number(s), Contractor's name and relevant revision number in the title block. All drawings must have a <u>unique drawing number</u> for each project. If QPL Poles are used, include the corresponding QPL pole shop drawings with this submittal. |
| Foundation Calculations | 1 set | Submit copies of LPILE input, output, and pile tip deflection graph per Section titled Drilled Pier Foundations for Metal Poles of this specification for each foundation. Not required for Standard Strain Poles (from the QPL) |
| Soil Boring Logs and Report | 1 set | Report shall include a location plan and a soil classification report including soil capacity, water level, hammer efficiency, soil bearing pressure, soil density, etc. for each pole. |

NOTE – All shop drawings and custom foundation design drawings must be sealed by a Professional Engineer licensed in the state of North Carolina. All geotechnical information must be sealed by either a Professional Engineer or Geologist licensed in the state of North Carolina. Include a title block and revision block on the shop drawings and foundation drawings showing the NCDOT signal or asset inventory number(s).

Shop drawings and foundation drawings may be submitted together or separately for approval. However, shop drawings must be approved before foundations can be reviewed. Foundation designs will be returned without review if the associated shop drawing has not been approved. Boring reports shall include the following: Engineer's summary, boring location maps, soil classification per AASHTO Classification System, hammer efficiency, and Metal Pole Standard Foundation Selection Form. Incomplete submittals will be returned without review. The Reviewer has the right to request additional analysis and copies of the calculations to expedite the approval process.

B. Materials:

Fabricate metal pole from coil or plate steel that meet the requirements of ASTM A 572 Gr 55 or ASTM A 595 Grade A tubes. For structural steel shapes, plates, and bars use, as a minimum, ASTM A572 Gr 50, AASHTO M270 Gr 50, ASTM A709 Gr 50, or an approved equivalent. Provide pole shafts of round or near round (18 sides or more) cross-section, or multi-sided tubular cross-section

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with no less than six sides, having a uniform linear taper of 0.14 in/ft. Construct shafts from one piece of single-ply plate or coil. For anchor base fabrication, conform to the applicable bolt pattern and orientation as shown on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M2.

Use the submerged arc process, or other NCDOT previously approved process suitable for shafts, to continuously weld pole shafts along their entire length. Finish the longitudinal seam weld flush with the outside contour of the base metal. Ensure shaft has no circumferential welds except at the lower end joining the shaft to the pole base. Use full penetration groove welds with backing ring for all tube-to-transverse-plate connections in accordance with 6th Edition AASHTO. Provide welding that conforms to Article 1072-18 of the *Standard Specifications*. No field welding on any part of the pole will be permitted unless approved by a qualified Engineer.

After fabrication, hot-dip galvanize steel poles and all assembly components in accordance with section 1076-3 of the *Standard Specifications*. Design structural assemblies with weep holes large enough and properly located to drain molten zinc during the galvanization process. Galvanize hardware in accordance with section 1076-4 of the *Standard Specifications*. Ensure threaded material is brushed and retapped as necessary after galvanizing. Perform repair of damaged galvanizing in accordance with section 1076-7 of the Standard *Specifications*. *Ensure* all hardware is galvanized steel or stainless steel. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the Designer/Fabricator specifies connecting hardware and/or materials that prevent a dissimilar metal corrosive reaction.

Ensure each anchor rod is 2-inch minimum diameter and 60-inch length. Provide 10-inch minimum thread projection at the top of the rod, and 8-inch minimum at the bottom of the rod. Use anchor rod assembly and drilled pier foundation materials complying with SP09_R005, hereinafter referred to as *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles*.

Ensure anchor bolt hole diameters are ¼-inch larger than the anchor bolt diameters in the base plate.

Provide a circular anchor bolt lock plate securing the anchor bolts at the embedded end with two (2) washers and two (2) nuts. Provide a base plate template matching the bolt circle diameter of the anchor bolt lock plate. Construct plates and templates from ¼-inch minimum thick steel with a minimum width of 4 inches. Hot-dip galvanizing is not required for both plates.

Provide four (4) heavy hex nuts and four (4) flat washers for each anchor bolt. For nuts, use AASHTO M291 grade 2H, DH, or DH3 or equivalent material. For flat washers, use AASHTO M293 or equivalent material. Ensure anchor bolts have required diameters, lengths, and positions, and will develop strengths comparable to their respective poles.

For each pole, provide a grounding lug with a ½-inch minimum thread diameter, coarse thread stud and nut that will accommodate #4 AWG ground wire. Ensure the lug is electrically bonded to the pole and is conveniently located inside the pole at the hand hole.

Provide a removable pole cap with stainless steel attachment screws for the top of each pole. Ensure cap is cast aluminum conforming to Aluminum Association Alloy 356.0F. Furnish cap attached to the pole with a sturdy stainless-steel chain that is long enough to permit cap to hang clear of the pole-top opening when cap is removed.

Where required by the plans, furnish couplings 42 inches above bottom of the pole base for mounting of pedestrian pushbuttons. Provide mounting points consisting of 1½-inch internally threaded half-couplings complying with the NEC, mounted within the poles. Ensure that couplings are essentially flush with the outside surfaces of the poles and are installed before any required hotdip galvanizing. Provide a threaded plug in each mounting point. Ensure the surface of the plug is

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essentially flush with the outer end of the mounting point when installed and has a recessed slot that will accommodate a ½ "drive standard socket wrench.

Metal poles may be erected and fully loaded after concrete has attained a minimum allowable compressive strength of 3,000 psi.

Connect poles to grounding electrodes and bond them to the electrical service grounding electrodes.

When field drilling is necessary for wire or cable entrances into the pole, comply with the following requirements:

- Do not drill holes within 2 inches of any welds.
- Do not drill any holes larger than 3 inches in diameter without checking with the ITS & Signals Structure Engineers.
- Avoid drilling multiple holes along the same cross section of tube shafts.
- Install rubber grommets in all field drilled holes that wire, or cable will directly enter unless holes are drilled for installation of weather heads or couplings.
- Treat the inside of the drilled holes and repair all galvanized surfaces in accordance with Section 1076-7 of the latest edition of the *Standard Specification prior to installing grommets*, *caps*, *or plugs*.
- Cap or plug any existing field drilled holes that are no longer used with rubber, aluminum, or stainless-steel hole plugs.

When street lighting is installed on metal signal structures, isolate the conductors feeding the luminaires inside the pole shaft using liquid tight flexible metal conduit (Type LFMC), liquid tight flexible nonmetallic conduit (Type LFNC), high density polyethylene conduit (Type HDPE), or approved equivalent. All conductors supplying power for luminaires must run through an external disconnect prior to entrance into the structure. Comply with applicable National Electrical Safety Codes (NESC). Refer to Article "G" Luminaire Arms.

Install a ¼-inch thick plate for a concrete foundation tag to include the following information: concrete grade, depth, diameter, and reinforcement sizes of the installed foundation. Install galvanized wire mesh to cover gap between the base plate and top of foundation for debris and pest control. Refer to standard drawing M7 for further details.

Immediately notify the Engineer of any structural deficiency that becomes apparent in any assembly, or member of any assembly, because of the design requirements imposed by these specifications, the plans, or the typical drawings.

C. Design:

Unless otherwise specified, design all metal pole support structures using the following 6th Edition AASHTO specifications:

- Design for a 50-year service life as recommended by Table 3.8.3-2.
- Use wind pressure map developed from 3-second gust speeds, as provided in Section 3.8.
- Assume wind loads as shown in Figures 3.9.4.2-2 and 3.9.4.2-3 of the 6th Edition AASHTO for Group III loading with Ice.
- Ensure metal pole support structures include natural wind gust loading and truck-induced gust loading for fatigue design, as provided in Sections 11.7.1.2 and 11.7.1.3, respectively. Designs need not consider periodic galloping forces.

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- Assume 11.2 mph natural wind gust speed in North Carolina. For natural wind fatigue stress
 calculations, utilize a drag coefficient (C_d) based on the yearly mean wind velocity of 11.2
 mph.
- When selecting Fatigue Importance Factors, utilize Fatigue Importance Category II, as provided for in Table 11.6-1, unless otherwise specified.
- Calculate all stresses using applicable equations from Section 5. The Maximum allowable stress ratio for all metal pole support designs is 0.9.
- Conform to Sections 10.4.2 and 11.8 for deflection requirements. For CCTV and MVD support structures, ensure maximum deflection at top of pole does not exceed 2.0 percent of pole height.
- Assume the combined minimum weight of a messenger cable bundle (including messenger cable, signal cable and detector lead-in cables) is 1.3 lbs/ft. Assume the combined minimum diameter of the cable bundle is 1.3 inches.
- All CCTV and MVD poles shall meet the compact section limits per section 5.5.2 along with Table 5.5.2-1. Minimum thickness of CCTV and MVD pole shafts shall be ¼-inch.
- All CCTV and MVD poles shall use full-penetration groove weld tube-to-transverse plate connection with backing ring. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M9 for details. Fillet-welded tube-to-transverse-plate connections are not permitted.

Unless otherwise specified by special loading criteria, the following computed surface area for ice load on signal heads shall be used:

- 3-section, 12-inch, Surface area: 26.0 ft²
- 4-section, 12-inch, Surface area: 32.0 ft²
- 5-section, 12-inch, Surface area: 42.0 ft²

Design a base plate for each pole. The minimum base plate thickness for all poles is determined by the following criteria:

<u>Case 1</u> Circular or rectangular solid base plate with the upright pole welded to the top surface of base plate with full penetration butt weld, where no stiffeners are provided. A base plate with a small center hole, which is less than 1/3 of the upright diameter, and located concentrically with the upright pole, may be considered as a solid base plate.

The magnitude of bending moment in the base plate, induced by the anchoring force of each anchor bolt is $M = (P \times D_1) / 2$, where

M = bending moment at the critical section of the base plate induced by one (1) anchor bolt

P = anchoring force of each anchor bolt

 D_1 = horizontal distance between the anchor bolt center and the outer face of the upright, or the difference between the bolt circle radius and the outside radius of the upright

Locate the critical section at the face of the anchor bolt and perpendicular to the bolt circle radius. The overlapped part of two (2) adjacent critical sections is considered ineffective.

<u>Case 2</u> Circular or rectangular base plate with the upright pole socketed into and attached to the base plate with two (2) lines of fillet weld, and where no stiffeners are provided, or any base plate with a center hole that is larger in diameter than 1/3 of the upright diameter.

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The magnitude of bending moment induced by the anchoring force of each anchor bolt is $M = P \times D_2$,

where P = anchoring force of each anchor bolt

 D_2 = horizontal distance between the face of the upright and the face of the anchor bolt nut

Locate the critical section at the face of the anchor bolt top nut and perpendicular to the radius of the bolt circle. The overlapped part of two (2) adjacent critical sections is considered ineffective. If the base plate thickness calculated for Case 2 is less than Case 1, use the thickness calculated for Case 1.

The following additional requirements apply concerning pole base plates.

- Ensure that whichever case governs as defined above, the anchor bolt diameter is set to match the base plate thickness. If the minimum diameter required for the anchor bolt exceeds the thickness required for the base plate, set the base plate thickness equal to the required bolt diameter.
- For all metal poles, use a full penetration groove weld with a backing ring to connect the pole upright component to the base. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M3 or M4.

The Professional Engineer is wholly responsible for the design of all poles. Review and acceptance of these designs by the Department does not relieve the said Professional Engineer of his or her responsibility.

D. Strain Poles:

Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheets M2 and M3 for fabrication details.

Provide two (2) messenger cable (span wire) clamps and associated hardware for attachment of messenger cable. Ensure diameter of the clamp is appropriate to its location on the pole and is appropriately designed for adjustment from 1'-6" below the top, down to 6'-6" below the top of the pole. Do not attach more than one (1) support cable to a messenger cable clamp.

Provide a minimum of three (3) 2-inch holes equipped with an associated coupling and weatherhead on the messenger cable load side of the pole to accommodate passage of signal cables from inside the pole. Provide galvanized threaded plugs for all unused couplings at pole entrance points. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M3 for fabrication details.

Provide designs with a 6" x 12" hand hole with reinforcing frame for each pole.

Provide a terminal compartment with cover and screws in each pole encompassing the hand hole and containing a 12-terminal barrier type terminal block. Provide two (2) terminal screws with a removable shorting bar between them for each termination. Furnish terminal compartment covers attached to the pole by a sturdy chain or cable approved by the Engineer. Ensure chain or cable is long enough to permit cover to hang clear of the compartment opening when cover is removed and is strong enough to prevent vandalism. Ensure chain or cable will not interfere with service to cables in the pole base.

Have poles permanently stamped above the hand holes with the identification tag details as shown on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheets M2 and M3.

Provide grounding lug(s) in the approximate vicinity of the messenger cable clamp for bonding and grounding messenger cable. Lugs must accept #4 AWG wire to bond messenger cables to the pole in order to provide an effective ground fault circuit path. Refer to Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M6 for construction details.

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Install metal poles, hardware, and fittings as shown on the manufacturer's installation drawings. Ensure the installed pole, when fully loaded, is within 1 degree 40 minutes (1°40') of vertical. Install poles with the manufacturer's recommended "rake." Where required, use threaded leveling nuts to establish rake.

4.2. DRILLED PIER FOUNDATIONS FOR METAL POLES

Analysis procedures and formulas shall be based on AASHTO 6th Edition, latest ACI-318 code and the *Drilled Shafts: Construction Procedures and Design Methods* FHWA-NHI-10-016 manual. Design methods based on engineering publications or research papers must have prior approval from NCDOT. The Department reserves the right to accept or reject any method used for the analysis.

Use the following Safety Factors for the foundation design:

- 1.0 x Service (Unfactored) Loads for LPile Shaft Lateral Deflection
- 1.3 x Torsion (Unfactored) Load for Drilled Shaft Concrete and Steel Strength
- (1.3 / 1.33) x Torsion (Unfactored) Load for Shaft Soil-to-Concrete Torsion Capacity
- (2.0 / 1.33) x Axial (Unfactored) Load for Shaft Axial Capacity in Soil

Ensure deflection at top of foundation does not exceed 1 inch for worst-case lateral load.

Use LPILE Plus V6.0 or later for lateral analysis. Submit inputs, results and corresponding graphs with the design calculations.

Calculate skin friction using the α -method for cohesive soils and the β -method for cohesion-less soils (**Broms method will not be accepted**). Detailed descriptions of the " α " and " β " methods can be found in *FHWA-NHI-10-016*.

Omit first 2.5 feet for cohesive soils when calculating skin friction.

Assume a hammer efficiency of 0.70 unless value is provided.

All CCTV and MVD pole drilled shafts shall be a minimum of 4'-0" diameter. Refer to Standard Drawing Nos. M7 and M8.

Design custom foundations to carry maximum capacity of each metal pole. For standard case strain poles with custom design, use actual shear, axial and moment reactions from the Standard Strain Pole Foundation Selection Table shown on Standard Drawing No. M8.

When poor soil conditions are encountered, which could create an excessively large foundation design, consideration may be given to allow an exemption to the maximum capacity design. The Contractor must gain approval from the Engineer before reducing a foundation's capacity. On projects where poor soil is known to be present, the Contractor should have foundation designs approved before releasing poles for fabrication.

Have the Contractor notify the Engineer if the proposed foundation is to be installed on a slope other than 8H: 1V or flatter.

A. Description:

Furnish and install foundations for NCDOT metal poles with all necessary hardware in accordance with the plans and specifications.

Metal Pole Standards have been developed and implemented by NCDOT for use at signalized intersections in North Carolina. If the plans call for a standard strain pole, then a standard foundation may be selected from the plans. However, the Contractor is not required to use a standard foundation. If the Contractor chooses to design a non-standard site-specific foundation for a standard strain pole or if the plans call for a non-standard site-specific pole, design the foundation to conform to the applicable provisions in the NCDOT Metal Pole Standard Drawings and Section

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B4 (Non-Standard Foundation Design) below. If non-standard site-specific foundations are designed for standard QPL approved strain poles, the foundation designer must use the design moment specified by load case on Metal Pole Standard Drawing Sheet M8. Failure to conform to this requirement will be grounds for rejection of the design.

If the Contractor chooses to design a non-standard foundation for a standard strain pole and the soil test results indicate a standard foundation is feasible for the site, the Contractor will be paid the cost of the standard foundation. Any additional cost associated with a non-standard site-specific foundation including additional materials, labor and equipment will be considered incidental to the cost of the standard foundation. All costs for the non-standard foundation design will be considered incidental to the cost of the standard foundation.

B. Soil Test and Foundation Determination:

1. General:

Drilled piers are reinforced concrete sections, cast-in-place against in situ, undisturbed material. Drilled piers are of straight shaft type and vertical.

2. Soil Test:

Perform a soil test at each proposed metal pole location. Complete all required fill placement and excavation at each pole location to finished grade before drilling each boring. Soil tests performed that are not in compliance with this requirement may be rejected and will not be paid. Drill one boring to a depth of 26 feet within a 25-foot radius of each proposed foundation.

Perform standard penetration tests (SPT) in accordance with ASTM D 1586 at depths of 1, 2.5, 5, 7.5, 10, 15, 20 and 26 feet. Discontinue the boring if one of the following occurs:

- A total of 100 blows have been applied in any two consecutive 6-inch intervals.
- A total of 50 blows have been applied with < 3-inch penetration.

Describe each pole location along the project corridor in a manner that is easily discernible to both the Contractor's Designer and NCDOT Reviewers. If the pole is at an intersection, label the boring the "Intersection of (*Route or SR #*), (*Street Name*) and (*Route or SR #*), (*Street Name*),

______ County, Signal or Asset Inventory No. _____ ". Label borings with "B- <u>N, S, E, W, NE, NW, SE or SW</u>" corresponding to the quadrant location within the intersection.

If the pole location is located between intersections, provide a coordinate location and offset, or milepost number and offset. Pole numbers should be made available to the Drill Contractor. Include pole numbers in the boring label if they are available. If they are not available, ensure the boring labels can be cross-referenced to corresponding pole numbers. For each boring, submit a legible (hand-written or typed) boring log signed and sealed by a licensed Geologist or Professional Engineer registered in North Carolina. Include on each boring the SPT blow counts and N-values at each depth, depth of the boring, hammer efficiency, depth of water table and a general description of the soil types encountered using the AASHTO Classification System.

Borings that cannot be easily correlated to their specific pole location will be returned to the Contractor for clarification; or if approved by the Engineer, the foundation may be designed using the worst-case soil condition obtained as part of this project.

3. Standard Foundation Determination:

Use the following method for determining the Design N-value:

$$N_{AVG} = \frac{N_{@1'} + N_{@2.5'} + \dots + N_{@Deepest\ Boring\ Depth}}{Total\ Number\ of\ N\ values}$$

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$$Y = (N_{@1'})^2 + (N_{@2.5'})^2 + \dots + (N_{@Deepest\ Boring\ Depth})^2$$

$$Z = N_{@1'} + N_{@2.5'} + \dots + N_{@Deeepest\ Boring\ Depth}$$

$$N_{STD\ DEV} = \sqrt{\frac{(Total\ Number\ of\ N\ values\ \times Y) - Z^2}{(Total\ Number\ of\ N\ values) \times (Total\ Number\ of\ N\ values - 1)}}$$

Design N-value equals lesser of the following two conditions:

$$N_{AVG}-(N_{STD\ DEV}\times 0.45)$$

$$OR$$

$$Average\ of\ First\ Four\ (4)N\ values=\frac{N_{@1,}+N_{@2.5,}+N_{@5,}+N_{@7.5,}}{4}$$

Note: If less than four (4) N-values are obtained because of criteria listed in Section 2 above, use average of N-values collected for second condition. Do not include the N-value at the deepest boring depth for above calculations if the boring is discontinued at or before the required boring depth because of criteria listed in Section 2 above. Use N-value of zero (0) for weight of hammer or weight of rod. If N-value is greater than fifty (50), reduce N-value to fifty (50) for calculations.

If standard NCDOT strain poles are shown on the plans and the Contractor chooses to use standard foundations, determine a drilled pier length, "L," for each signal pole from the Standard Strain Pole Foundations Chart (sheet M8) based on the Design N-value and the predominant soil type. For each standard pole location, submit a completed "Metal Pole Standard Foundation Selection Form" signed by the Contractor's representative. Signature on form is for verification purposes only. Include the Design N-value calculation and resulting drilled pier length, "L," on each form.

If non-standard site-specific poles are shown on the plans, submit completed boring logs collected in accordance with Section 2 (Soil Test) along with pole loading diagrams from the plans to the Contractor-selected pole Fabricator to assist in the pole and foundation design.

If one of the following occurs, the Standard Foundations Chart shown on the plans may not be used and a non-standard foundation may be required. In such case, contact the Engineer.

- The Design N-value is less than four (4).
- The drilled pier length, "L", determined from the Standard Foundations Chart, is greater than the depth of the corresponding boring.

In the case where a standard foundation cannot be used, the Department will be responsible for the additional cost of the non-standard foundation.

Foundation designs are based on level ground around the traffic signal pole. If the slope around the edge of the drilled pier is steeper than 8:1 (H:V) or the proposed foundation will be less than 10

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feet from the top of an embankment slope, the Contractor is responsible for providing slope information to the foundation Designer and to the Engineer so it can be considered in the design.

The "Metal Pole Standard Foundation Selection Form" may be found at:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/safety/Pages/ITS-Design-Resources.aspx

If assistance is needed, contact the Engineer.

4. Non-Standard Foundation Design:

Design non-standard foundations based upon site-specific soil test information collected in accordance with Section 2 (Soil Test). Design drilled piers for side resistance in accordance with Section 4.6 of the 2002 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges, 17th Edition. Use computer software LPILE version-6.0 or later manufactured by Ensoft, Inc. to analyze drilled piers. Use computer software gINT V8i or later manufactured by Bentley Systems, Inc. with the current NCDOT gINT library and data template to produce SPT boring logs. Provide a drilled pier foundation for each pole with a length and diameter resulting in horizontal lateral movement less than 1 inch at top of the pier, and horizontal rotational movement less than 1 inch at the edge of pier. Contact the Engineer for pole loading diagrams of standard poles used for non-standard foundation designs. Submit non-standard foundation designs including drawings, calculations, and soil boring logs to the Engineer for review and approval before construction.

C. Drilled Pier Construction:

Construct drilled pier foundation and Install anchor rod assemblies in accordance with the *Foundations and Anchor Rod Assemblies for Metal Poles* Standard Special Provision SP09-R005 located at:

https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Specifications/Pages/2018-Specifications-and-Special-Provisions.aspx

4.3. POLE NUMBERING SYSTEM

Attach an identification tag to each pole shaft section as shown on Metal Pole Standard Sheet M2 "Typical Fabrication Details for All Metal Poles."

4.4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Actual number of metal strain signal poles (without regard to height or load capacity) furnished, installed and accepted.

Actual number of soil tests with SPT borings drilled furnished and accepted.

Actual volume of concrete poured in cubic yards of drilled pier foundation furnished, installed and accepted.

No measurement will be made for foundation designs prepared with metal pole designs, as these will be considered incidental to designing Traffic Signal, CCTV or MVD support structures.

Payment will be made under:

| Metal Strain Signal Pole | Each |
|--------------------------|------------|
| Soil Test | Each |
| Drilled Pier Foundation. | Cubic Yard |

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5. ETHERNET EDGE SWITCH

Furnish and install a managed Ethernet edge switch as specified below that is fully compatible, interoperable, and completely interchangeable and functional within the existing City, Division, or Statewide traffic signal system communications network.

5.1. DESCRIPTION

A. Ethernet Edge Switch:

Furnish and install a hardened, field Ethernet edge switch (hereafter "edge switch") for the traffic signal controller or ITS device as specified below. Ensure that the edge switch provides wire-speed, fast Ethernet connectivity at transmission rates of 1000 megabits per second from each remote traffic signal controller or ITS device location to the routing switches.

Contact the City or NCDIT to arrange for the programming of the new Field Ethernet Switches with the necessary network configuration data, including but not limited to, the IP Address, Default Gateway, Subnet Mask and VLAN ID information. Provide a minimum ten (10) working days notice to allow the City or NCDIT to program the new devices.

B. Network Management:

Ensure that the edge switch is fully compatible with the existing City, Division, or Statewide Network Management Software.

5.2. MATERIALS

A. General:

Ensure that the edge switch is fully compatible and interoperable with the trunk Ethernet network interface and that the edge switch supports half and full duplex Ethernet communications.

Furnish an edge switch that provide 99.999% error-free operation, and that complies with the Electronic Industries Alliance (EIA) Ethernet data communication requirements using single-mode fiber-optic transmission medium and copper transmission medium. Ensure that the edge switch has a minimum mean time between failures (MTBF) of 10 years, or 87,600 hours, as calculated using the Bellcore/Telcordia SR-332 standard for reliability prediction.

B. Compatibility Acceptance

The Engineer has the authority to require the Contractor to submit a sample Field Ethernet Switch and SFP along with all supporting documentation, software and testing procedures to allow a compatibility acceptance test be performed prior to approving the proposed Field Ethernet Switch and Field Ethernet Transceiver for deployment. The Compatibility Acceptance testing will ensure that the proposed device is 100% compatible and interoperable with the existing City,

Division, or Statewide Signal System network, monitoring software and Traffic Operations

Center network hardware. Allow fifteen (15) working days for the Compatibility Acceptance

Testing to be performed

C. Standards:

Ensure that the edge switch complies with all applicable IEEE networking standards for Ethernet communications, including but not limited to:

- IEEE 802.1D standard for media access control (MAC) bridges used with the Spanning Tree Protocol (STP);
- IEEE 802.1Q standard for port-based virtual local area networks (VLANs);
- IEEE 802.1P standard for Quality of Service (QoS);

- IEEE 802.1w standard for MAC bridges used with the Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP);
- IEEE 802.1s standard for MAC bridges used with the Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol;
- IEEE 802.1x standard for port based network access control, including RADIUS;
- IEEE 802.3 standard for local area network (LAN) and metropolitan area network (MAN) access and physical layer specifications;
- IEEE 802.3u supplement standard regarding 100 Base TX/100 Base FX;
- IEEE 802.3x standard regarding flow control with full duplex operation; and
- IFC 2236 regarding IGMP v2 compliance.
- IEEE 802.1AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)
- IEEE 802.3ad Ethernet Link Aggregation
- IEEE 802.3i for 10BASE-T (10 Mbit/s over Fiber-Optic)
- IEEE 802.3ab for 1000BASE-T (1Gbit/s over Ethernet)
- IEEE 802.3z for 1000BASE-X (1 Gbit/s Ethernet over Fiber-Optic)

D. Functional:

Ensure that the edge switch supports all Layer 2 management features and certain Layer 3 features related to multicast data transmission and routing. These features shall include, but not be limited to:

- An STP healing/convergence rate that meets or exceeds specifications published in the IEEE 802.1D standard.
- An RSTP healing/convergence rate that meets or exceeds specifications published in the IEEE 802.1w standard.
- An Ethernet edge switch that is a port-based VLAN and supports VLAN tagging that meets or exceeds specifications as published in the IEEE 802.1Q standard, and has a minimum 4-kilobit VLAN address table (254 simultaneous).
- A forwarding/filtering rate that is a minimum of 14,880 packets per second for 10 megabits per second and 148,800 packets per second for 100 megabits per second.
- A minimum 4-kilobit MAC address table.
- Support of Traffic Class Expediting and Dynamic Multicast Filtering.
- Support of, at a minimum, snooping of Version 2 & 3 of the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP).
- Support of remote and local setup and management via telnet or secure Web-based GUI and command line interfaces.
- Support of the Simple Network Management Protocol version 3 (SNMPv3). Verify that the Ethernet edge switch can be accessed using the resident EIA-232 management port, a telecommunication network, or the Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP).
- Port security through controlling access by the users. Ensure that the Ethernet edge switch has the capability to generate an alarm and shut down ports when an unauthorized user accesses the network.
- Support of remote monitoring (RMON-1 & RMON-2) of the Ethernet agent.
- Support of the TFTP and SNTP. Ensure that the Ethernet edge switch supports port mirroring for troubleshooting purposes when combined with a network analyzer.

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E. Physical Features:

Ports: Provide 10/100/1000 Mbps auto-negotiating ports (RJ-45) copper Fast Ethernet ports for all edge switches. Provide auto-negotiation circuitry that will automatically negotiate the highest possible data rate and duplex operation possible with attached devices supporting the IEEE 802.3 Clause 28 auto-negotiation standard.

Optical Ports: Ensure that all fiber-optic link ports operate at 1310 or 1550 nanometers in single mode. Provide Type LC connectors for the optical ports, as specified in the Plans or by the Engineer. Do not use mechanical transfer registered jack (MTRJ) type connectors.

Provide an edge switch having a minimum of two optical 100/1000 Base X ports capable of transmitting data at 100/1000 megabits per second. Ensure that each optical port consists of a pair of fibers; one fiber will transmit (TX) data and one fiber will receive (RX) data. Ensure that the optical ports have an optical power budget of at least 15 dB. Provide small form-factor pluggable modules (SFPs) with a maximum range that meets or exceeds the distance requirement as indicated on the Plans.

Copper Ports: Provide an edge switch that includes a minimum of four copper ports. Provide Type RJ-45 copper ports and that auto-negotiate speed (i.e., 10/100/1000 Base) and duplex (i.e., full or half). Ensure that all 10/100/1000 Base TX ports meet the specifications detailed in this section and are compliant with the IEEE 802.3 standard pinouts. Ensure that all Category 6 unshielded twisted pair/shielded twisted pair network cables are compliant with the EIA/TIA-568-B standard.

Port Security: Ensure that the edge switch supports/complies with the following (remotely) minimum requirements:

- Ability to configure static MAC addresses access;
- Ability to disable automatic address learning per ports; know hereafter as Secure Port.
 Secure Ports only forward; and
- Trap and alarm upon any unauthorized MAC address and shutdown for programmable duration. Port shutdown requires administrator to manually reset the port before communications are allowed.

F. Management Capabilities:

Ensure that the edge switch supports all Layer 2 management features and certain Layer 3 features related to multicast data transmission and routing. These features shall include, but not be limited to:

- An STP healing/convergence rate that meets or exceeds specifications published in the IEEE 802.1 D standards;
- An RSTP healing/convergence rate that meets or exceeds specifications published in the IEEE 802.1w standard;
- An Ethernet edge switch that is a port-based VLAN and supports VLAN tagging that meets or exceeds specifications as published in the IEEE 802.1Q standard, and has a minimum 4-kilobit VLAN address table (254 simultaneous);
- A forwarding/filtering rate that is a minimum of 14,880 packets per second for 10 megabits per second, 148,800 packets per second for 100 megabits per second and 1,488,000 packets per second for 1000 megabits per second;
- A minimum 4-kilobit MAC address table;
- Support of Traffic Class Expediting and Dynamic Multicast Filtering.

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- Support of, at a minimum, snooping of Version 2 & 3 of the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP);
- Support of remote and local setup and management via telnet or secure Web-based GUI and command line interfaces; and
- Support of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Verify that the Ethernet edge switch can be accessed using the resident EIA-232 management port, a telecommunication network, or the Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP).

Network Capabilities: Provide an edge switch that supports/complies with the following minimum requirements:

- Provide full implementation of IGMPv2 snooping (RFC 2236);
- Provide full implementation of SNMPv1, SNMPv2c, and/or SNMPv3;
- Provide support for the following RMON–I groups, at a minimum:
 - Part 1: StatisticsPart 3: AlarmPart 2: HistoryPart 9: Event
- Provide support for the following RMON–2 groups, at a minimum:
 - Part 13: Address Map
 Part 17: Layer Matrix
 Part 16: Layer Host
 Part 18: User History
- Capable of mirroring any port to any other port within the switch;
- Meet the IEEE 802.1Q (VLAN) standard per port for up to four VLANs;
- Meet the IEEE 802.3ad (Port Trunking) standard for a minimum of two groups of four ports;
- Password manageable;
- Telnet/CLI;
- HTTP (Embedded Web Server) with Secure Sockets Layer (SSL); and
- Full implementation of RFC 783 (TFTP) to allow remote firmware upgrades.

Network Security: Provide an edge switch that supports/complies with the following (remotely) minimum network security requirements:

- o Multi-level user passwords;
- o RADIUS centralized password management (IEEE 802.1X);
- o SNMPv3 encrypted authentication and access security;
- Port security through controlling access by the users: ensure that the Ethernet edge switch
 has the capability to generate an alarm and shut down ports when an unauthorized user
 accesses the network;
- o Support of remote monitoring (RMON-1&2) of the Ethernet agent; and
- Support of the TFTP and SNTP. Ensure that the Ethernet edge switch supports port mirroring for troubleshooting purposes when combined with a network analyzer.

G. Electrical Specifications:

Ensure that the edge switch operates and power is supplied with 115 volts of alternating current (VAC). Ensure that the edge switch has a minimum operating input of 110 VAC and a maximum operating input of 130 VAC. Ensure that if the device requires operating voltages other than 120 VAC, supply the required voltage converter. Ensure that the maximum power consumption does not

exceed 50 watts. Ensure that the edge switch has diagnostic light emitting diodes (LEDs), including link, TX, RX, speed (for Category 6 ports only), and power LEDs.

H. Environmental Specifications:

Ensure that the edge switch performs all of the required functions during and after being subjected to an ambient operating temperature range of -30 degrees to 165 degrees Fahrenheit as defined in the environmental requirements section of the NEMA TS 2 standard, with a noncondensing humidity of 0 to 95%.

Provide certification that the device has successfully completed environmental testing as defined in the environmental requirements section of the NEMA TS 2 standard. Provide certification that the device meets the vibration and shock resistance requirements of Sections 2.1.9 and 2.1.10, respectively, of the NEMA TS 2 standard. Ensure that the edge switch is protected from rain, dust, corrosive elements, and typical conditions found in a roadside environment.

The edge switch shall meet or exceed the following environmental standards:

- IEEE 1613 (electric utility substations)
- IEC 61850-3 (electric utility substations)
- IEEE 61800-3 (variable speed drive systems)
- IEC 61000-6-2 (generic industrial)
- EMF FCC Part 15 CISPR (EN5502) Class A

I. Ethernet Patch Cable:

Furnish a factory pre-terminated/pre-connectorized Ethernet patch cable with each edge switch. Furnish Ethernet patch cables meeting the following physical requirements:

- Five (5)-foot length
- Category 6 or better
- Factory-installed RJ-45 connectors on both ends
- Molded anti-snag hoods over connectors
- Gold plated connectors
- Copper-clad aluminum is **NOT** allowed.

Furnish Fast Ethernet patch cords meeting the following minimum performance requirements:

• TIA/EIA-568-B-5, Additional Transmission Performance Specifications for 4-pair 100 Ω Enhanced Category 6 Cabling

| | Elimaneed ediegory o edoming | |
|---|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| • | Frequency Range: | 1-100 MHz |
| • | Near-End Crosstalk (NEXT): | 30.1 dB |
| • | Power-sum NEXT: | 27.1 dB |
| • | Attenuation to Crosstalk Ratio (ACR): | 6.1 dB |
| • | Power-sum ACR: | 3.1 dB |
| • | Return Loss: | 10dB |
| • | Propagation Delay: | 548 nsec |

5.3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

A. General:

Ensure that the edge switch is UL listed.

Verify that network/field/data patch cords meet all ANSI/EIA/TIA requirements for Category 6 four-pair unshielded twisted pair cabling with stranded conductors and RJ45 connectors.

Contact the City, Division, or NCDIT a minimum of 10 working days prior to installation to allow for the programming of the edge switch.

B. Edge Switch:

Mount the edge switch inside each field cabinet by securely fastening the edge switch to the upper end of the right rear vertical rail of the equipment rack using manufacturer-recommended or Engineer-approved attachment methods, attachment hardware and fasteners.

Ensure that the edge switch is mounted securely in the cabinet and is fully accessible by field technicians without blocking access to other equipment. Verify that fiber-optic jumpers consist of a length of cable that has connectors on both ends, primarily used for interconnecting termination or patching facilities and/or equipment.

5.4. MEASURMENT AND PAYMENT

Ethernet edge switch will be measured and paid as the actual number of Ethernet edge switches furnished, installed, and accepted.

No separate measurement will be made for Ethernet patch cable, small form factor pluggable modules (SFPs), power cord, mounting hardware, nuts, bolts, brackets, or edge switch programming as these will be considered incidental to furnishing and installing the edge switch.

Payment will be made under:

6. MODIFY WIRELESS RADIO

6.1. DESCRIPTION

Make modifications to existing Radio installations.

6.2. MATERIALS

Material, equipment, and hardware furnished under this section shall be pre-approved on the Departments' QPL.

Reference Article 1098 of the 2018 Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures and any applicable sections in these project special provisions.

6.3. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

This item of work involves making modifications to existing wireless installations which include relocating an existing radio from an existing cabinet to a new cabinet, and/or relocating existing components of the radio system from an existing pole to new poles (wood poles, metal strain poles, metal poles with mast arms, etc.). This item of work includes, but may not be limited to, the following:

- Relocating existing radio from an existing cabinet to a new cabinet
- Relocating or installing new Coaxial or PoE Cable
- Furnishing and installing new Connectors
- Furnishing new Coaxial Cable, PoE Cable and/or Shield Grounding Kits
- Relocating Antenna Mounting Hardware

• Relocating Antennas

This item of work may also involve converting an existing standalone radio site to a repeater site. This item of work includes, but may not be limited to, the following:

- Furnishing and installing new antenna(s)
- Furnishing and installing new antenna mounting hardware kits
- Furnishing and installing new 6 foot coaxial cable jumpers with Connectors
- Furnishing and installing new coaxial cable power divider (Splitters)

6.4. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Modify Radio Installation will be measured as the actual number of modified radio installations that are modified and accepted.

This item includes relocating the radio, and furnishing and/or relocating and installing coaxial cable and/or PoE cable, Connectors, coaxial cable shield grounding kits, antenna mounting hardware, antennas, 6 foot coaxial cable jumpers and power dividers. This item of work may also involve furnishing and installing new decals and furnishing or relocating signs. This item of work may also involve re-programming the radio.

Payment for new risers will be covered separately.

Payment will be made under:

Modify Radio Installation Each

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Project U-6003 Forsyth County

Project Special Provisions

Culverts

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OPTIONAL PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE BOX CULVERTS AT STATIONS 30+67.88 AND 44+49.00 -L-

(12-12-13)

1.0 GENERAL

This Special Provision covers the design, fabrication and construction of precast reinforced concrete box culverts intended for the conveyance of storm water.

If the option is indicated on the plans, the submittal for a precast reinforced box culvert in lieu of a cast-in-place culvert is permitted. Design the precast culvert sections in accordance with ASTM C1577 or the current edition of the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications. Rate all sizes of precast reinforced concrete box culverts in accordance with the current edition of the AASHTO Manual for Bridge Evaluation. Ensure the culvert rates for the AASHTO design loads and North Carolina's legal loads (see Section 2.0 for North Carolina's legal loads). Provide the size and number of barrels as indicated on the plans. Detail the culvert with cast-in-place wings walls and footings. Precast wing walls and footings will not be allowed. Provide a precast box culvert that meets the requirements of Section 1077 and any other applicable parts of the Standard Specifications.

The design and rating of the precast and cast-in-place members is the responsibility of the Contractor and is subject to review, comments and approval. Submit two sets of detailed plans and rating sheets for review. Include all details in the plans, including the size and spacing of the required reinforcement necessary to build the precast box and cast-in-place members. Have a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer check and seal the plans, rating sheets and design calculations. After the plans, rating sheets and design calculations are reviewed and, if necessary, the corrections made, submit one set of plans and rating sheets on 22" x 34" sheets to become part of the contract plans.

If the span, rise and design earth cover for the precast reinforced concrete box culvert are identical to a previously approved submittal, the Contractor may request the previously approved design calculations and plans be considered as the submittal for review and approval. However, a set of plans and rating sheets will need to be submitted to become part of the contract plans.

2.0 NORTH CAROLINA'S LEGAL LOADS

Apply the following legal loads to all structures carrying interstate traffic:

| | SINGLE VEHICLE(SV) | | | TRUCK TRACTOR SEMI-TRAILER(TTST) |
|-------|--|----------------------|-----|--|
| REF.# | # SCHEMATIC | | | SCHEMATIC |
| SH | 5K 20K ○ ○ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ | 25K 12.5 TON | T4A | 11K 7.5K 19K 19K 9' 9' 4' |
| S3A | 7.5K 19K 19K | 45.5K 22.75 TON | T5B | 56.5K 28.25 TON 6.5K 19K 19K 9.75K 9.75K 0 0 0 0 1 9' 4' 1 9' 4' 1 |
| s3C | 5K 19K 19K | 43K 21.5 TON | | 64K 32 TON |
| S4A | 11.5K 4K 19K 19K | 53.5K 26.75 TON | T6A | 9' 4' 4' 9' 4' 72K 36 TON |
| \$5A | 11K 6K 19K 19K 6K 9' 4' 4' 4' 21' | 61K 30.5 TON | Т7А | 9' 4' 4' 9' 4' 4' 80K 40 TON |
| S6A | 11K 6.66K 6.67K 19K 19K 6.67K | 69K 34.5 TON | Т7В | 11K 9.5K 9.5K 6K 6K 19K 19K 9' 4' 9' 4' 4' 4' 4' 80K |
| S7A | 9' 4' 4' 4' 4' 9' 34' | 11K 80K 40 TON | | 40 TON |
| S7B | 11K 7K 7K 19K 19K 7K 7K 9' 4' 4' 4' 4' 4' 4' 4' | 77K 38.5 TON | | |

Apply the following legal loads to all structures carrying non-interstate traffic:

| | SINGLE VEHICLE (SV) | | TRUCK TRACTOR SEMI-TRAILER (TTST) | | | |
|----------|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| REF.# | SCHEMATIC | | REF. # | SCHEMATIC | , ,, | |
| SNSH | 5K 22K | 27K 13.5 TON | TNAGRIT3 | 22K 22K 22K | 66K 33 Ton | |
| SNGARBS2 | 23.5K 16.5K | 40K 20 TON | TNT4A | 12.1K 12.05K 21K21K | 66.15K 33.075 TON | |
| SNAGRIS2 | 22K 22K | 44K 22 Ton | TNAGRIT4 | 22K 22K 21K 21K 9' 9' 4' 22' | 86K 43 TON | |
| SNCOTTS3 | 4.5K 25K 25K | 54.5K 27.25 TON | TNAGT5A | 22K 21K 21K 13K | 90K 45 TON | |
| SNAGGRS4 | 16K 15.85K 19K 19K | 69.85K 34.925 TON | TNAGT5B | 6K 21K 21K 21K 2 9' 4' 9' 4' 26' | \circ | |
| SNS5A | 12.1K 8.5K 21K 21K 8.5K 9' 4' 4' 4' 4' 4' 4' 4' | 71.1K 35.55 TON | TNT6A | 12.1K 8.2K 21K 21K 10.45K 2 | 10.45K 83.2K 41.6 TON | |
| SNS6A | 12.1K 8.6K 8.6K 21K 21K 8.6K | 79.9K 39.95 TON | TNT7A | 4.1K 4K 21K 21K 11.3K 1 | 1.3K 11.3K 1.3K 11.3K 84K 42 TON | |
| SNS7B | 7.6K 8.6K 8.6K 21K 21K 8.6K 8.6 9' 4' 4' 4' 4' 4' 4' 4' 4' 4' 4' 4' 4' 4' | 6K) 84K 42 TON | TNT7B | 4.1K 10.5K 10.5K 8.45K 8.45K 9' 4' 9' 4' 34' | 21K 21K 4' 4' 84K 42 TON | |

3.0 PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE BOX SECTIONS

The precast reinforced concrete box culvert sections shall match the size and hydraulic opening indicated in the contract plans.

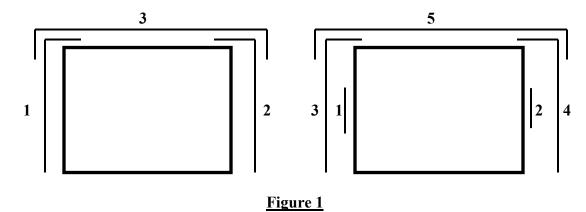
A. Design

- 1. Design Fill The design earth cover is reported on the plans as the elevation difference between the point of maximum fill and the bottom of the top slab.
- 2. Placement of Reinforcement Provide a 1 inch concrete cover over the reinforcement subject to the provisions of Section F. Extend the inside reinforcement into the tongue portion of the joint and the outside reinforcement into the groove portion of the joint. Detail the clear distance of the end wires so it is not less than 1/2 inch or more than 2 inches from the ends of the box section. Assemble reinforcement per the requirements of ASTM C1577 or the approved design. The exposure of the ends of the wires used to position the reinforcement is not a cause for rejection.
- 3. Laps and Spacing Use lap splices for the transverse reinforcement. Detail the transverse wires so that the center to center spacing is not less than 2 inches or more than 4 inches. Do not detail the longitudinal wires with a center to center spacing of more than 8 inches.

B. Joints

- 1. Produce the precast reinforced concrete box section with tongue and groove ends. Design and form these ends of the box section so, when the sections are laid together, they make a continuous line of box sections with a smooth interior free of appreciable irregularities in the flowline, all compatible with the permissible variations given in Section F. The internal joint formed at the tongue and groove ends of the precast units shall be sealed with either bitumen/butyl sealant or closed-cell neoprene material. The internal joint material shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. The material shall be shown on the shop drawings when they are submitted for review.
- 2. Seal the external joint with an outside sealer wrap conforming to ASTM C877 that is at least 12 inches wide and covers the joint on both the sides and the top of the box section. Use ConWrap CS-212 from Concrete Sealants, Inc., EZ-Wrap from Press-Seal Gasket Corporation, Seal Wrap from Mar-Mac Manufacturing Co., Inc., Cadilloc External Pipe Joint from Cadilloc, or an approved equal for the outside sealer wrap. If the outside sealer wrap is not applied in a continuous strip along the entire joint, a 12 inch minimum lap of the outside sealer wrap is permitted. Before placing the outside sealer wrap, clean and prime the area receiving the outside sealer wrap in accordance with the sealer wrap manufacturer recommendations. The joint wrap manufacturer installation recommendations shall be included with shop

drawings submitted for review. The external joint wrap shall be installed in pieces, as indicated on Figure 1 below:



Cover the external joint sealer with a 3 foot strip of filter fabric conforming to Type 4 requirements in Section 1056 of the Standard Specifications.

Place multiple lines of a precast reinforced concrete box culvert such that the longitudinal joint between the sections has a minimum width of 3 inches. Fill the joint between multiple lines of precast box sections with Class A concrete. Use Class A concrete that meets the requirements listed in the Standard Specifications except that Field Compressive Strength Specimens are not required.

C. Manufacture

Manufacture precast reinforced concrete box culvert sections by either the wet cast method or dry cast method.

- 1. Mixture In addition to the requirements of Section 1077 of the Standard Specifications, do not proportion the mix with less than 564 lb/yd³ of portland cement.
- 2. Strength Concrete shall develop a minimum 28-day compressive strength of 5000 psi. Movement of the precast sections should be minimized during the initial curing period. Any damage caused by moving or handling during the initial curing phase will be grounds for rejection of that precast section.
- 3. Air Entrainment Air entrain the concrete in accordance with Section 1077 5(A) of the Standard Specifications. For dry cast manufacturing, air entrainment is not required.
- 4. Testing Test the concrete in accordance with the requirements of Section 1077 5(B).

5. Handling – Handling devices or holes are permitted in each box section for the purpose of handling and placing. Submit details of handling devices or holes for approval and do not cast any concrete until approval is granted. Remove all handling devices flush with concrete surfaces as directed. Fill holes in a neat and workmanlike manner with an approved non-metallic non-shrink grout, concrete, or hole plug.

D. Physical Requirements

Acceptability of precast culvert sections is based on concrete cylinders made and tested in accordance with ASTM C31 and ASTM C39.

E. Permissible Variations

- 1. Flatness All external surfaces shall be flat, true, and plumb. Irregularities, depressions, or high spots on all external surfaces shall not exceed 1/2 inch in 8 feet.
- 2. Internal Dimensions Produce sections so that the internal and haunch dimensions do not vary more than 1/4 inch from the plan dimensions.
- 3. Adjacent Sections Internal, external, and haunch dimensions for connecting sections shall not vary more than 1/2 inch.
- 4. Length of Tongue and Groove The minimum length of the tongue shall be 4 inches. The minimum length of the groove shall be 4 inches. The dimensions of the tongue and groove shall not vary more than 1/4 inch from the plan dimensions.
- 5. Slab and Wall Thickness Produce sections so that the slab and wall thickness are not less than that shown on the plans by more than 5% or 3/16 inch, whichever is greater. A thickness more than that required on the plans is not a cause for rejection.
- 6. Length of Opposite Surfaces Produce sections so that variations in laying lengths of two opposite surfaces of the box section meet the requirements of ASTM C1577, Section 11.3.
- 7. Length of Section Produce sections so that the underrun in length of a section is not more than 1/2 inch in any box section.
- 8. Position of Reinforcement Produce sections so that the maximum variation in the position of the reinforcement is ±3/8 inch for slab and wall thicknesses of 5 inches or less and ±1/2 inch for slab and wall thicknesses greater than 5 inches. Produce sections so that the concrete cover is never less than 5/8 inch as measured to the internal surface or the external surface. The preceding minimum cover limitations do not apply at the mating surfaces of the joint.
- 9. Area of Reinforcement Use the design steel shown on the plans for the steel reinforcement. Steel areas greater than those required are not cause for rejection. The permissible variation in diameter of any wire in finished fabric is prescribed for the wire before fabrication by either AASHTO M32 or M225.

F. Marking

- 1. Each section shall be match-marked in order of intended installation as indicated on the approved shop drawings. Ensure that pieces fit together neatly and in a workmanlike manner. In order to ensure a good, neat field fit, the Department will verify assembly of the first five adjacent sections or 20% of the total culvert length, whichever is greater, at the producer's facility and match-mark the pieces. This will require that a minimum of three adjacent sections of the culvert be fitted at the production yard at a time and then match-marked. Once three sections have been match-marked, the first section may be removed for shipment and a fourth section set for marking. Continue in a progressive manner until all sections have been properly match-marked. The producer shall document the GO-NO-GO dimensional measurements of each box culvert section produced through the post-pour inspection process.
- 2. Clearly mark each section of the box culvert in accordance with ASTM C1577, Section 15. The information requirements of Section 15.1 shall be clearly marked on the inner surface of each section.

G. Construction

- 1. Pre-installation Meeting A pre-installation meeting is required prior to installation. Representatives from the Contractor, the precast box manufacturer, and the Department should attend this meeting. The precast box manufacturer representative shall be on site during installation.
- 2. Foundation Foundation for precast box culvert shall meet the requirements of Section 414 of the Standard Specifications. In addition, Type VI foundation material shall be encapsulated in filter fabric conforming to Type 4 requirements in Section 1056 of the Standard Specifications. The filter fabric shall be placed perpendicular to the culvert barrel. Provide sufficient overhang beyond the excavation to allow a minimum lap of 3 feet when the foundation material is placed and fabric wrapped on top. Perpendicular sections of fabric shall be continuous. A minimum lap of 2 feet shall be provided between sections of fabric.
- 3. Installation Sections shall be placed at the beginning of the outlet end of the culvert with the groove end being laid upgrade. Tongue sections shall be laid into the groove sections. Positive means shall be provided to pull each section firmly into the previously placed section so that the joints are tightly homed. Use a "come-along", box pullers or other approved methods to create a positive means of joining box sections. Construction equipment shall not have direct contact with the box section. The load of the box shall be suspended by lifting device during joining procedure.
- 4. Backfill Complete backfill in accordance with Section 414 of the Standard Specifications.

4.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

Any additional cost of redesigning will be paid for by the Contractor if Precast Reinforced Concrete Culvert is used in lieu of the cast-in-place culvert shown on the plans. Except for Foundation Conditioning Material and Culvert Excavation, payment for the Precast Box Culvert will be a lump sum amount equal to the payment that would be allowed for construction of a Cast-in-Place Box Culvert. Plan quantities and unit bid prices will be used to compute the lump sum amount. Such price and payment will be full compensation for all work covered by this Special Provision, the plans and applicable parts of the Standard Specifications and will include, but not be limited to, furnishing all labor, materials (including all filter fabric), equipment and other incidentals necessary to complete this work. Such price and payment will also be full compensation for concrete, reinforcing steel, labor, equipment and all other related materials necessary for the completion of the barrel section, and the construction of the headwalls, leveling pad, end curtain walls, wings and wing footings.

FALSEWORK AND FORMWORK

(2-14-22)

5.0 DESCRIPTION

Use this Special Provision as a guide to develop temporary works submittals required by the Standard Specifications or other provisions; no additional submittals are required herein. Such temporary works include, but are not limited to, falsework and formwork.

Falsework is any temporary construction used to support the permanent structure until it becomes self-supporting. Formwork is the temporary structure or mold used to retain plastic or fluid concrete in its designated shape until it hardens. Access scaffolding is a temporary structure that functions as a work platform that supports construction personnel, materials, and tools, but is not intended to support the structure. Scaffolding systems that are used to temporarily support permanent structures (as opposed to functioning as work platforms) are considered to be falsework under the definitions given. Shoring is a component of falsework such as horizontal, vertical, or inclined support members. Where the term "temporary works" is used, it includes all of the temporary facilities used in bridge construction that do not become part of the permanent structure.

Design and construct safe and adequate temporary works that will support all loads imposed and provide the necessary rigidity to achieve the lines and grades shown on the plans in the final structure.

6.0 MATERIALS

Select materials suitable for temporary works; however, select materials that also ensure the safety and quality required by the design assumptions. The Engineer has authority to reject material on the basis of its condition, inappropriate use, safety, or nonconformance with the plans. Clearly identify allowable loads or stresses for all materials or manufactured devices on the plans. Revise the plan and notify the Engineer if any change to materials or material strengths is required.

7.0 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

A. Working Drawings

Provide working drawings for items as specified in the contract, or as required by the Engineer, with design calculations and supporting data in sufficient detail to permit a structural and safety review of the proposed design of the temporary work.

On the drawings, show all information necessary to allow the design of any component to be checked independently as determined by the Engineer.

When concrete placement is involved, include data such as the drawings of proposed sequence, rate of placement, direction of placement, and location of all construction joints.

When required, have the drawings and calculations prepared under the guidance of, and sealed by, a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer who is knowledgeable in temporary works design.

If requested by the Engineer, submit with the working drawings manufacturer's catalog data listing the weight of all construction equipment that will be supported on the temporary work. Show anticipated total settlements and/or deflections of falsework and forms on the working drawings. Include falsework footing settlements, joint take-up, and deflection of beams or girders.

As an option for the Contractor, overhang falsework hangers may be uniformly spaced, at a maximum of 36 inches, provided the following conditions are met:

| Member Type (PCG) | Member Depth, (inches) | Max. Overhang Width, (inches) | Max. Slab Edge Thickness, (inches) | Max. Screed Wheel Weight, (lbs.) | Bracket Min. Vertical Leg Extension, (inches) |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| II | 36 | 39 | 14 | 2000 | 26 |
| III | 45 | 42 | 14 | 2000 | 35 |
| IV | 54 | 45 | 14 | 2000 | 44 |
| MBT | 63 | 51 | 12 | 2000 | 50 |
| MBT | 72 | 55 | 12 | 1700 | 48 |

Overhang width is measured from the centerline of the girder to the edge of the deck slab. For Type II, III & IV prestressed concrete girders (PCG), 45-degree cast-in-place half hangers and rods must have a minimum safe working load of 6,000 lbs.

For MBT prestressed concrete girders, 45-degree angle holes for falsework hanger rods shall be cast through the girder top flange and located, measuring along the top of the member, 1'-2 ½" from the edge of the top flange. Hanger hardware and rods must have a minimum safe working load of 6,000 lbs.

For links slabs, the tops of girders directly beneath the link slab shall be free of overhang falsework attachments or other hardware. Submit calculations and working drawings for overhang falsework in the link slab region.

The overhang bracket provided for the diagonal leg shall have a minimum safe working load of 3,750 lbs. The vertical leg of the bracket shall extend to the point that the heel bears on the girder bottom flange, no closer than 4 inches from the bottom of the member. However, for 72-inch members, the heel of the bracket shall bear on the web, near the bottom flange transition.

Provide adequate overhang falsework and determine the appropriate adjustments for deck geometry, equipment, casting procedures and casting conditions.

If the optional overhang falsework spacing is used, indicate this on the falsework submittal and advise the girder producer of the proposed details. Failure to notify the

Engineer of hanger type and hanger spacing on prestressed concrete girder casting drawings may delay the approval of those drawings.

Falsework hangers that support concentrated loads and are installed at the edge of thin top flange concrete girders (such as bulb tee girders) shall be spaced so as not to exceed 75% of the manufacturer's stated safe working load. Use of dual leg hangers (such as Meadow Burke HF-42 and HF-43) are not allowed on concrete girders with thin top flanges. Design the falsework and forms supporting deck slabs and overhangs on girder bridges so that there will be no differential settlement between the girders and the deck forms during placement of deck concrete.

When staged construction of the bridge deck is required, detail falsework and forms for screed and fluid concrete loads to be independent of any previous deck pour components when the mid-span girder deflection due to deck weight is greater than ³/₄".

Note on the working drawings any anchorages, connectors, inserts, steel sleeves or other such devices used as part of the falsework or formwork that remains in the permanent structure. If the plan notes indicate that the structure contains the necessary corrosion protection required for a Corrosive Site, epoxy coat, galvanize or metalize these devices. Electroplating will not be allowed. Any coating required by the Engineer will be considered incidental to the various pay items requiring temporary works.

Design falsework and formwork requiring submittals in accordance with the 1995 AASHTO *Guide Design Specifications for Bridge Temporary Works* except as noted herein.

1. Wind Loads

Table 2.2 of Article 2.2.5.1 is modified to include wind velocities up to 110 mph. In addition, Table 2.2A is included to provide the maximum wind speeds by county in North Carolina.

| Height Zone | Pressure, lb/ft ² for Indicated Wind Velocity, mph | | | | |
|-------------------|---|----|----|-----|-----|
| feet above ground | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 | 110 |
| 0 to 30 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 |
| 30 to 50 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 |
| 50 to 100 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 |
| over 100 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |

Table 2.2 - Wind Pressure Values

2. Time of Removal

The following requirements replace those of Article 3.4.8.2.

Do not remove forms until the concrete has attained strengths required in Article 420-16 of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Do not remove forms until the concrete has sufficient strength to prevent damage to the surface.

Table 2.2A - Steady State Maximum Wind Speeds by Counties in North Carolina

| COUNTY | 25 YR (mph) | COUNTY | 25 YR (mph) | COUNTY | 25 YR (mph) |
|------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| Alamance | 70 | Franklin | 70 | Pamlico | 100 |
| Alexander | 70 | Gaston | 70 | Pasquotank | 100 |
| Alleghany | 70 | Gates | 90 | Pender | 100 |
| Anson | 70 | Graham | 80 | Perquimans | 100 |
| Ashe | 70 | Granville | 70 | Person | 70 |
| Avery | 70 | Greene | 80 | Pitt | 90 |
| Beaufort | 100 | Guilford | 70 | Polk | 80 |
| Bertie | 90 | Halifax | 80 | Randolph | 70 |
| Bladen | 90 | Harnett | 70 | Richmond | 70 |
| Brunswick | 100 | Haywood | 80 | Robeson | 80 |
| Buncombe | 80 | Henderson | 80 | Rockingham | 70 |
| Burke | 70 | Hertford | 90 | Rowan | 70 |
| Cabarrus | 70 | Hoke | 70 | Rutherford | 70 |
| Caldwell | 70 | Hyde | 110 | Sampson | 90 |
| Camden | 100 | Iredell | 70 | Scotland | 70 |
| Carteret | 110 | Jackson | 80 | Stanley | 70 |
| Caswell | 70 | Johnston | 80 | Stokes | 70 |
| Catawba | 70 | Jones | 100 | Surry | 70 |
| Cherokee | 80 | Lee | 70 | Swain | 80 |
| Chatham | 70 | Lenoir | 90 | Transylvania | 80 |
| Chowan | 90 | Lincoln | 70 | Tyrell | 100 |
| Clay | 80 | Macon | 80 | Union | 70 |
| Cleveland | 70 | Madison | 80 | Vance | 70 |
| Columbus | 90 | Martin | 90 | Wake | 70 |
| Craven | 100 | McDowell | 70 | Warren | 70 |
| Cumberland | 80 | Mecklenburg | 70 | Washington | 100 |
| Currituck | 100 | Mitchell | 70 | Watauga | 70 |
| Dare | 110 | Montgomery | 70 | Wayne | 80 |
| Davidson | 70 | Moore | 70 | Wilkes | 70 |
| Davie | 70 | Nash | 80 | Wilson | 80 |
| Duplin | 90 | New Hanover | 100 | Yadkin | 70 |
| Durham | 70 | Northampton | 80 | Yancey | 70 |
| Edgecombe | 80 | Onslow | 100 | | |
| Forsyth | 70 | Orange | 70 | | |

B. Review and Approval

The Engineer is responsible for the review and approval of temporary works' drawings.

Submit the working drawings sufficiently in advance of proposed use to allow for their review, revision (if needed), and approval without delay to the work.

The time period for review of the working drawings does not begin until complete drawings and design calculations, when required, are received by the Engineer.

Do not start construction of any temporary work for which working drawings are required until the drawings have been approved. Such approval does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the accuracy and adequacy of the working drawings.

8.0 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

All requirements of Section 420 of the Standard Specifications apply.

Construct temporary works in conformance with the approved working drawings. Ensure that the quality of materials and workmanship employed is consistent with that assumed in the design of the temporary works. Do not weld falsework members to any portion of the permanent structure unless approved. Show any welding to the permanent structure on the approved construction drawings.

Provide tell-tales attached to the forms and extending to the ground, or other means, for accurate measurement of falsework settlement. Make sure that the anticipated compressive settlement and/or deflection of falsework does not exceed 1 inch. For cast-in-place concrete structures, make sure that the calculated deflection of falsework flexural members does not exceed 1/240 of their span regardless of whether or not the deflection is compensated by camber strips.

A. Maintenance and Inspection

Inspect and maintain the temporary work in an acceptable condition throughout the period of its use. Certify that the manufactured devices have been maintained in a condition to allow them to safely carry their rated loads. Clearly mark each piece so that its capacity can be readily determined at the job site.

Perform an in-depth inspection of an applicable portion(s) of the temporary works, in the presence of the Engineer, not more than 24 hours prior to the beginning of each concrete placement. Inspect other temporary works at least once a month to ensure that they are functioning properly. Have a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer inspect the cofferdams, shoring, sheathing, support of excavation structures, and support systems for load tests prior to loading.

B. Foundations

Determine the safe bearing capacity of the foundation material on which the supports for temporary works rest. If required by the Engineer, conduct load tests to verify proposed bearing capacity values that are marginal or in other high-risk situations.

The use of the foundation support values shown on the contract plans of the permanent structure is permitted if the foundations are on the same level and on the same soil as those of the permanent structure.

Allow for adequate site drainage or soil protection to prevent soil saturation and washout of the soil supporting the temporary works supports.

If piles are used, the estimation of capacities and later confirmation during construction using standard procedures based on the driving characteristics of the pile is permitted. If preferred, use load tests to confirm the estimated capacities; or, if required by the Engineer conduct load tests to verify bearing capacity values that are marginal or in other high risk situations.

The Engineer reviews and approves the proposed pile and soil bearing capacities.

9.0 REMOVAL

Unless otherwise permitted, remove and keep all temporary works upon completion of the work. Do not disturb or otherwise damage the finished work.

Remove temporary works in conformance with the contract documents. Remove them in such a manner as to permit the structure to uniformly and gradually take the stresses due to its own weight.

10.0 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

Unless otherwise specified, temporary works will not be directly measured.

11.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

Payment at the contract unit prices for the various pay items requiring temporary works will be full compensation for the above falsework and formwork.

SUBMITTAL OF WORKING DRAWINGS

(2-14-22)

12.0 GENERAL

Submit working drawings in accordance with Article 105-2 of the *Standard Specifications* and this provision. For this provision, "submittals" refers to only those listed in this provision. The list of submittals contained herein does not represent a list of required submittals for the project. Submittals are only necessary for those items as required by the contract. Make submittals that are not specifically noted in this provision directly to the Engineer. Either the Structures Management Unit or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit or both units will jointly review submittals.

If a submittal contains variations from plan details or specifications or significantly affects project cost, field construction or operations, discuss the submittal with and submit all copies to the Engineer. State the reason for the proposed variation in the submittal. To minimize review time, make sure all submittals are complete when initially submitted. Provide a contact name and information with each submittal. Direct any questions regarding submittal requirements to the Engineer, Structures Management Unit contacts or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit contacts noted below.

To facilitate in-plant inspection by NCDOT and approval of working drawings, provide the name, address and telephone number of the facility where fabrication will actually be done if different than shown on the title block of the submitted working drawings. This includes, but is not limited to, precast concrete items, prestressed concrete items and fabricated steel or aluminum items.

13.0 ADDRESSES AND CONTACTS

For submittals to the Structures Management Unit, use the following addresses:

Via Email: <u>SMU-wdr@ncdot.gov</u> (do not cc SMU Working Drawings staff)

Via US mail: Via other delivery service:

Mr. B. C. Hanks, P. E.
State Structures Engineer
North Carolina Department
of Transportation
Structures Management Unit

Mr. B. C. Hanks, P. E.
State Structures Engineer
North Carolina Department
of Transportation
Structures Management Unit

1581 Mail Service Center 1000 Birch Ridge Drive
Raleigh, NC 27699-1581 Raleigh, NC 27610

Attention: Mr. J. L. Bolden, P. E. Attention: Mr. J. L. Bolden, P. E.

For submittals to the Geotechnical Engineering Unit, use the following addresses:

For projects in Divisions 1-7, use the following Eastern Regional Office addresses:

Via Email: EastGeotechnicalSubmittal@ncdot.gov

Via US mail: Via other delivery service:

Mr. David Hering, L.G., P. E.
Assistant State Geotechnical
Engineer – Eastern Region
North Carolina Department

Mr. David Hering, L.G., P. E.
Assistant State Geotechnical
Engineer – Eastern Region
North Carolina Department

of Transportation of Transportation

Geotechnical Engineering Unit Geotechnical Engineering Unit

Eastern Regional Office Eastern Regional Office

1570 Mail Service Center 3301 Jones Sausage Road, Suite 100

Raleigh, NC 27699-1570 Garner, NC 27529

For projects in Divisions 8-14, use the following Western Regional Office addresses:

Via Email: WestGeotechnicalSubmittal@ncdot.gov

Via US mail or other delivery service:

Mr. Eric Williams, P. E. Assistant State Geotechnical Engineer – Western Region North Carolina Department of Transportation Geotechnical Engineering Unit Western Regional Office 5253 Z Max Boulevard Harrisburg, NC 28075

The status of the review of structure-related submittals sent to the Structures Management Unit can be viewed from the Unit's website, via the "<u>Drawing Submittal Status</u>" link. The status of the review of geotechnical-related submittals sent to the Geotechnical Engineering Unit can be viewed from the Unit's website, via the "<u>Geotechnical Construction Submittals</u>" link.

Direct any questions concerning submittal review status, review comments or drawing markups to the following contacts:

Primary Structures Contact: James Bolden (919) 707 – 6408

ilbolden@ncdot.gov

Secondary Structures Contacts: Emmanuel Omile (919) 707 – 6451

eomile@ncdot.gov

Madonna Rorie (919) 707 – 6508

mrorie@ncdot.gov

Eastern Regional Geotechnical Contact (Divisions 1-7):

David Hering (919) 662 – 4710

dthering@ncdot.gov

Western Regional Geotechnical Contact (Divisions 8-14):

Eric Williams (704) 455 – 8902

ewilliams3@ncdot.gov

14.0 SUBMITTAL COPIES

Furnish one complete copy of each submittal, including all attachments, to the Engineer. At the same time, submit a copy of the same complete submittal directly to the Structures Management Unit and/or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit as specified in the tables below.

The first table below covers "Structure Submittals." The Engineer will receive review comments and drawing markups for these submittals from the Structures Management Unit. The second table in this section covers "Geotechnical Submittals." The Engineer will receive review comments and drawing markups for these submittals from the Geotechnical Engineering Unit.

Unless otherwise required, submit one set of supporting calculations to either the Structures Management Unit or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit unless both units require submittal copies in which case submit a set of supporting calculations to each unit. Provide additional copies of any submittal as directed.

STRUCTURE SUBMITTALS

| Submittal | Submittal Required by Structures Management Unit? | Submittal Required by Geotechnical Engineering Unit? | Contract Reference Requiring Submittal ¹ |
|--|---|--|--|
| Arch Culvert Falsework | Y | N | Plan Note, SN Sheet & "Falsework and Formwork" |
| Box Culvert Falsework ⁷ | Y | N | Plan Note, SN Sheet & "Falsework and Formwork" |
| Cofferdams | Y | Y | Article 410-4 |
| Foam Joint Seals ⁶ | Y | N | "Foam Joint Seals" |
| Expansion Joint Seals (hold down plate type with base angle) | Y | N | "Expansion Joint Seals" |
| Expansion Joint Seals (modular) | Y | N | "Modular Expansion Joint Seals" |

| Expansion Joint Seals (strip seals) | Y | N | "Strip Seal Expansion Joints" |
|--|---|---|--|
| Falsework & Forms ² (substructure) | Y | N | Article 420-3 & "Falsework and Formwork" |
| Falsework & Forms (superstructure) | Y | N | Article 420-3 & "Falsework and Formwork" |
| Girder Erection over Railroad | Y | N | Railroad Provisions |
| Maintenance and Protection of Traffic Beneath Proposed Structure | Y | N | "Maintenance and Protection of Traffic Beneath Proposed Structure at Station" |
| Metal Bridge Railing | Y | N | Plan Note |
| Metal Stay-in-Place Forms | Y | N | Article 420-3 |
| Metalwork for Elastomeric Bearings ^{4,5} | Y | N | Article 1072-8 |
| Miscellaneous Metalwork ^{4,5} | Y | N | Article 1072-8 |
| Disc Bearings ⁴ | Y | N | "Disc Bearings" |
| Overhead and Digital Message Signs (DMS) (metalwork and foundations) | Y | N | Applicable Provisions |
| Placement of Equipment on Structures (cranes, etc.) | Y | N | Article 420-20 |
| Prestressed Concrete Box Beam (detensioning sequences) ³ | Y | N | Article 1078-11 |
| Precast Concrete Box Culverts | Y | N | "Optional Precast Reinforced Concrete Box Culvert at Station" |
| Prestressed Concrete Cored Slab (detensioning sequences) ³ | Y | N | Article 1078-11 |
| Prestressed Concrete Deck Panels | Y | N | Article 420-3 |
| Prestressed Concrete Girder (strand elongation and detensioning sequences) | Y | N | Articles 1078-8 and 1078- 11 |
| Removal of Existing Structure over Railroad | Y | N | Railroad Provisions |

| Revised Bridge Deck Plans (adaptation to prestressed deck panels) | Y | N | Article 420-3 |
|---|---|---|---|
| Revised Bridge Deck Plans (adaptation to modular expansion joint seals) | Y | N | "Modular Expansion Joint Seals" |
| Sound Barrier Wall (precast items) | Y | N | Article 1077-2 & "Sound Barrier Wall" |
| Sound Barrier Wall Steel Fabrication Plans ⁵ | Y | N | Article 1072-8 & "Sound Barrier Wall" |
| Structural Steel ⁴ | Y | N | Article 1072-8 |
| Temporary Detour Structures | Y | Y | Article 400-3 & "Construction, Maintenance and Removal of Temporary Structure at Station" |
| TFE Expansion Bearings ⁴ | Y | N | Article 1072-8 |

FOOTNOTES

- 1. References are provided to help locate the part of the contract where the submittals are required. References in quotes refer to the provision by that name. Articles refer to the *Standard Specifications*.
- 2. Submittals for these items are necessary only when required by a note on plans.
- 3. Submittals for these items may not be required. A list of pre-approved sequences is available from the producer or the Materials & Tests Unit.
- 4. The fabricator may submit these items directly to the Structures Management Unit.
- 5. The two sets of preliminary submittals required by Article 1072-8 of the *Standard Specifications* are not required for these items.
- 6. Submittals for Fabrication Drawings are not required. Submittals for Catalogue Cuts of Proposed Material are required. See Section 5.A of the referenced provision.
- 7. Submittals are necessary only when the top slab thickness is 18" or greater.

GEOTECHNICAL SUBMITTALS

| Submittal | Submittals Required by Geotechnical Engineering Unit | Submittals Required by Structures Management Unit | Contract Reference Requiring Submittal ¹ |
|---|--|---|--|
| Drilled Pier Construction Plans ² | Y | N | Subarticle 411-3(A) |
| Crosshole Sonic Logging (CSL) Reports ² | Y | N | Subarticle 411-5(A)(2) |
| Pile Driving Equipment Data Forms ^{2,3} | Y | N | Subarticle 450-3(D)(2) |
| Pile Driving Analyzer (PDA) Reports ² | Y | N | Subarticle 450-3(F)(3) |
| Retaining Walls ⁴ | Y; drawings and calculations | Y; drawings | Applicable Provisions |
| Temporary Shoring ⁴ | Y; drawings and calculations | Y; drawings | "Temporary Shoring" & "Temporary Soil Nail Walls" |

FOOTNOTES

- 1. References are provided to help locate the part of the contract where the submittals are required. References in quotes refer to the provision by that name. Subarticles refer to the *Standard Specifications*.
- 2. Submit one hard copy of submittal to the Engineer. Submit a second copy of submittal electronically (PDF via email), US mail or other delivery service to the appropriate Geotechnical Engineering Unit regional office. Electronic submission is preferred.
- 3. The Pile Driving Equipment Data Form is available from:
 https://connect.ncdot.gov/resources/Geological/Pages/Geotech_Forms_Details.aspx
 See second page of form for submittal instructions.
- 4. Electronic copy of submittal is required. See referenced provision.

CRANE SAFETY (6-20-19)

Comply with the manufacturer specifications and limitations applicable to the operation of any and all cranes and derricks. Prime contractors, sub-contractors, and fully operated rental companies shall comply with the current Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations.

Submit all items listed below to the Engineer prior to beginning crane operations. Changes in personnel or equipment must be reported to the Engineer and all applicable items listed below must be updated and submitted prior to continuing with crane operations.

CRANE SAFETY SUBMITTAL LIST

- A. <u>Competent Person:</u> Provide the name and qualifications of the "Competent Person" responsible for crane safety and lifting operations. The named competent person will have the responsibility and authority to stop any work activity due to safety concerns.
- B. <u>Riggers:</u> Provide the qualifications and experience of the persons responsible for rigging operations. Qualifications and experience should include, but not be limited to, weight calculations, center of gravity determinations, selection and inspection of sling and rigging equipment, and safe rigging practices.
- C. <u>Crane Inspections:</u> Inspection records for all cranes shall be current and readily accessible for review upon request.
- D. <u>Certifications:</u> Crane operators shall be certified by the National Commission for the Certification of Crane Operators (NCCCO) or the National Center for Construction Education and Research (NCCER). Other approved nationally accredited programs will be considered upon request. In addition, crane operators shall have a current CDL medical card. Submit a list of crane operator(s) and include current certification for each type of crane operated (small hydraulic, large hydraulic, small lattice, large lattice) and medical evaluations for each operator.

GROUT FOR STRUCTURES

(12-1-17)

1.0 DESCRIPTION

This special provision addresses grout for use in pile blockouts, grout pockets, shear keys, dowel holes and recesses for structures. This provision does not apply to grout placed in post-tensioning ducts for bridge beams, girders, decks, end bent caps, or bent caps. Mix and place grout in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications and this provision.

2.0 MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS

Unless otherwise noted on the plans, use a Type 3 Grout in accordance with Section 1003 of the Standard Specifications.

Initial setting time shall not be less than 10 minutes when tested in accordance with ASTM C266.

Construction loading and traffic loading shall not be allowed until the 3 day compressive strength is achieved.

3.0 SAMPLING AND PLACEMENT

Place and maintain components in final position until grout placement is complete and accepted. Concrete surfaces to receive grout shall be free of defective concrete, laitance, oil, grease and other foreign matter. Saturate concrete surfaces with clean water and remove excess water prior to placing grout.

4.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

No separate payment will be made for "Grout for Structures". The cost of the material, equipment, labor, placement, and any incidentals necessary to complete the work shall be considered incidental to the structure item requiring grout.

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISION

(10-18-95) (Rev. 8-15-23)

PERMITS

Z-1a

The Contractor's attention is directed to the following permits, which have been issued to the Department of Transportation by the authority granting the permit.

PERMIT AUTHORITY GRANTING THE PERMIT

| | Dredge and Fill and/or Work in Navigable Waters (404) | U. S. Army Corps of Engineers |
|---------------------|--|--|
| Water Quality (401) | | Division of Environmental Management, DEQ State of North Carolina |

The Contractor shall comply with all applicable permit conditions during construction of this project.

Agents of the permitting authority will periodically inspect the project for adherence to the permits.

The Contractor's attention is also directed to Articles 107-10 and 107-13 of the 2018 Standard Specifications and the following:

Should the Contractor propose to utilize construction methods (such as temporary structures or fill in waters and/or wetlands for haul roads, work platforms, cofferdams, etc.) not specifically identified in the permit (individual, general, or nationwide) authorizing the project it shall be the Contractor's responsibility to coordinate with the Engineer to determine what, if any, additional permit action is required. The Contractor shall also be responsible for initiating the request for the authorization of such construction method by the permitting agency. The request shall be submitted through the Engineer. The Contractor shall not utilize the construction method until it is approved by the permitting agency. The request normally takes approximately 60 days to process; however, no extensions of time or additional compensation will be granted for delays resulting from the Contractor's request for approval of construction methods not specifically identified in the permit.

Where construction moratoriums are contained in a permit condition which restricts the Contractor's activities to certain times of the year, those moratoriums will apply only to the portions of the work taking place in the restricted waters, wetlands or buffer zones, provided that activities outside those areas is done in such a manner as to not affect the restricted waters, wetlands or buffer zones.



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

WILMINGTON DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS 69 DARLINGTON AVENUE WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA 28403-1343

August 8, 2023

Regulatory Division

Action ID. SAW-2018-00393

NC DOT TIP No.: U-6003 Macy Grove Road Extension, Forsyth County, North Carolina

Ms. Amy Euliss, PDEA Engineer
North Carolina Department of Transportation, Division 9
375 Silas Creek Parkway
Winston-Salem, North Carolina 27127
aeuliss@ncdot.gov

Dear Ms. Euliss:

Reference the Department of the Army (DA) permit issued on April 26, 2023, for the discharge of fill material into waters and wetlands associated with the Macy Grove Road extension project from Piney Grove Road (SR 1969) to Linville Springs Road (SR 2030) in Forsyth County, North Carolina. This request includes the modification of Department of Army Permit special condition to incorporate the conservation measures and terms of the US Fish and Wildlife Service, "Modification to Conference Opinion, Extension of Macy Grove Road from North Main Street (NC 150) to Piney Grove Road (SR 1969) in Kernersville Forsyth County, North Carolina" dated July 31, 2023.

I have determined that the proposed project modifications described above are not contrary to the public interest and are consistent with the 404 (B) (1) Guidelines and therefore, the DA permit is hereby modified. The authorized work shall be completed in accordance with the attached drawings, as included in the permit issuance on April 26, 2023. All other conditions of the original permit remain applicable, and the expiration date is unchanged. The permit modification will specifically modify Special Condition 10 in the permit issued on April 26, 2023.

Modified Special Conditions: See enclosed Special Conditions Modification #1 dated August 8, 2023, as part of the Department of Army Authorization for this project. This includes all special conditions from the existing permit dated April 26, 2023, and revisions as required as part of Modification #1. All revisions are shown by straight-line edits (language removed) or highlighted language (language added).

Please note that all other terms and conditions of your Department of the Army permit dated April 26, 2023, shall remain in effect.

This approved modification should be attached to the original permit and will be utilized for future compliance reviews of the project. If you have questions, please contact Stephen A. Brumagin of the Charlotte Regulatory Field Office, at stephen.a.brumagin@usace.army.mil or telephone (704) 798-6471.

FOR THE DISTRICT ENGINEER

Monte 2023.00.02 Matthews 15:38:13-04'00' Monte K. Matthews NCDOT/WRDA Branch Chief Wilmington District

Enclosures:

Attachment A: copy of USFWS Modification to Conference Opinion, Extension of Macy Grove Road from North Main Street (NC 150) to Piney Grove Road (SR 1969) in Kernersville Forsyth County, North Carolina dated July 31, 2023

Attachment B: copy of USFWS Modification to Conference Opinion, Extension of Macy Grove Road from North Main Street (NC 150) to Piney Grove Road (SR 1969) in Kernersville Forsyth County, North Carolina dated January 4, 2023

Permit Plans (as issued April 26, 2023) Project 401 WQC as issued by NC DEQ dated March 21, 2023 Special Conditions for SAW-2018-00393, Modification #1 dated August 8,2023

Furnished (electronic):

Ms. Holland Youngman, USFWS holland youngman@fws.bov

Mr. Dave McHenry, NC WRC <u>david.mchenry@ncwildlife.org</u>

U-6003 Macy Grove Road Extension, Forsyth Co., N.C. Modification #1, Dated August 8, 2023

Special Condition 1: Work Limits: All work authorized by this permit shall be performed in strict compliance with the attached permit plans as provided in the February 3, 2023, permit application, which are a part of this permit. The Permittee shall ensure that the construction design plans for this project do not deviate from the permit plans attached to this authorization. Any modification to the attached permit plans must be approved by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) prior to any active construction in waters or wetlands.

Special Condition 2: Permit Distribution: The Permittee shall require its contractors and/or agents to comply with the terms and conditions of this permit in the construction and maintenance of this project and shall provide each of its contractors and/or agents associated with the construction or maintenance of this project with a copy of this permit. A copy of this permit, including all conditions and drawings shall be available at the project site during construction and maintenance of this project.

Special Condition 3: Preconstruction Meeting: The Permittee shall conduct an onsite preconstruction meeting between its representatives, the contractor's representatives and the appropriate U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Project Manager prior to undertaking any work within jurisdictional waters and wetlands to ensure that there is a mutual understanding of all terms and conditions contained within the Department of the Army permit. The Permittee shall schedule the preconstruction meeting for a time frame when the Corps and NCDWR Project Managers can attend. The Permittee shall invite the Corps and NCDWR Project Managers a minimum of thirty (30) days in advance of the scheduled meeting to provide those individuals with ample opportunity to schedule and participate in the required meeting. The thirty (30) day requirement can be waived with the concurrence of the Corps.

Special Condition 4: Notification of Construction Commencement and Completion: The Permittee shall notify the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers in writing prior to beginning the work authorized by this permit and again upon completion of the work authorized by this permit.

Special Condition 5: Reporting Address: All reports, documentation, and correspondence required by the conditions of this permit shall be submitted to the following: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington District, Charlotte Regulatory Field Office, Attn: Stephen Brumagin 8340 University Executive Park Drive, Charlotte, North Carolina 28262, or stephen.a.brumagin@usace.army.mil. The Permittee shall reference the following permit number, SAW-2018-00393, on all submittals.

U-6003 Macy Grove Road Extension, Forsyth Co., N.C. Modification #1, Dated August 8, 2023

Special Condition 6: Permit Revocation: The Permittee, upon receipt of a notice of revocation of this permit or upon its expiration before completion of the work will, without expense to the United States and in such time and manner as the Secretary of the Army or his authorized representative may direct, restore the water or wetland to its preproject condition.

Special Condition 7: Reporting Violations: Violation of these permit conditions or violation of Section 404 of the Clean Water Act or Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act shall be reported to the Corps in writing and by telephone at: 704-798-6471 within 24 hours of the Permittee's discovery of the violation.

Special Condition 8: Clean Fill: The Permittee shall use only clean fill material for this project. The fill material shall be free from items such as trash, construction debris, metal and plastic products, and concrete block with exposed reinforcement bars. Soils used for fill shall not be contaminated with any toxic substance in concentrations governed by Section 307 of the Clean Water Act. Unless otherwise authorized by this permit, all fill material placed in waters or wetlands shall be generated from an upland source.

Special Condition 9: Endangered Species Act: The Permittee shall implement all necessary measures to ensure the authorized activity does not kill, injure, capture, harass, or otherwise harm any federally-listed threatened or endangered species. While accomplishing the authorized work, if the Permittee discovers or observes an injured or dead threatened or endangered species, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington District Charlotte Field Office, Attn: Stephen A. Brumagin at (704) 798-6471, or stephen.a.brumagin@usace.army.mil will be immediately notified to initiate the required Federal coordination.

Special Condition 10: Endangered Species Act: The Wilmington District, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), and the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) have conducted Section 7(a)(2) consultation for the Tricolored bat (TCB) for this project. The result of this consultation is a Conference Opinion (CO) issued modified by the USFWS titled, "Conference Opinion, Extension of Macy Grove Road from North Main Street (NC 150) to Piney Grove Road (SR 1969) in Kernersville, Forsyth County, North Carolina", dated January 4, 2023 (Attachment A) "Modification to Conference Opinion, Extension of Macy Grove Road from North Main Street (NC 150) to Piney Grove Road (SR 1969) in Kernersville, Forsyth County, North Carolina", dated July 31, 2023 (Attachment A). This CO contains agreed upon conservation measures which would minimize take of TCB. As noted in the CO, specific conservation measures, reasonable and prudent measures and terms and conditions, are necessary

U-6003 Macy Grove Road Extension, Forsyth Co., N.C. Modification #1, Dated August 8, 2023

or appropriate to minimize the amount or extent of incidental take of TCB caused by the Action. Department of the Army (DA) authorization under the standard permit (Individual Permit) is conditional upon the permittee's compliance with applicable, agreed upon conservation measures, reasonable and prudent measures and terms and conditions of the CO, which is incorporated by reference in this authorization. Failure to comply with the applicable conservation measures, reasonable and prudent measures and terms and conditions, where a take of the TCB occurs, would constitute an unauthorized take by the permittee, and would also constitute permittee non-compliance with this permit. The USFWS is the appropriate authority to determine compliance with the terms and conditions of its CO and the ESA.

Special Condition 11: Sediment and Erosion Control:

- 1) During the clearing phase of the project, heavy equipment shall not be operated in surface waters or stream channels. Temporary stream crossings will be used to access the opposite sides of stream channels. All temporary diversion channels and stream crossings will be constructed of non-erodible materials. Grubbing of riparian vegetation will not occur until immediately before construction begins on a given segment of stream channel.
- 2) No fill or excavation impacts for the purposes of sedimentation and erosion control shall occur within jurisdictional waters, including wetlands, unless the impacts are included on the plan drawings and specifically authorized by this permit. This includes, but is not limited to, sediment control fences and other barriers intended to catch sediment losses.
- 3) The Permittee shall remove all sediment and erosion control measures placed in waters and/or wetlands, and shall restore natural grades on those areas, prior to project completion.
- 4) The Permittee shall use appropriate sediment and erosion control practices which equal or exceed those outlined in the most recent version of the "North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Planning and Design Manual" to ensure compliance with the appropriate turbidity water quality standard. Erosion and sediment control practices shall be in full compliance with all specifications governing the proper design, installation and operation and maintenance of such Best Management Practices to ensure compliance with the appropriate turbidity water quality standards. This shall include, but is not limited to, the immediate installation of silt fencing or similar appropriate devices around all areas subject to soil disturbance or the movement of earthen fill, and the immediate stabilization of all disturbed areas. Additionally, the

U-6003 Macy Grove Road Extension, Forsyth Co., N.C. Modification #1, Dated August 8, 2023

project shall remain in full compliance with all aspects of the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act of 1973 (North Carolina General Statutes Chapter 113A Article 4). Adequate sedimentation and erosion control measures shall be implemented prior to any ground disturbing activities to minimize impacts to downstream aquatic resources. These measures shall be inspected and maintained regularly, especially following rainfall events. All fill material shall be adequately stabilized at the earliest practicable date to prevent sediment from entering into adjacent waters or wetlands.

Special Condition 12: Temporary Fills: Within thirty (30) days of the date of completing the authorized work, the Permittee shall remove all temporary fills in waters of the United States and restore the affected areas to pre-construction contours and elevations. The affected areas shall be re-vegetated with native, non-invasive vegetation as necessary to minimize erosion and ensure site stability.

Special Condition 13: Borrow and Waste: To ensure that all borrow and waste activities occur on high ground and do not result in the degradation of adjacent waters and wetlands, except as authorized by this permit, the Permittee shall require its contractors and/or agents to identify all areas to be used as borrow and/or waste sites associated with this project. The Permittee shall provide the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers with appropriate maps indicating the locations of proposed borrow and/or waste sites as soon as such information is available. The Permittee shall submit to the Corps site-specific information needed to ensure that borrow and/or waste sites comply with all applicable Federal requirements, to include compliance with the Endangered Species Act and the National Historic Preservation Act, such as surveys or correspondence with agencies (e.g., the USFWS, the NC-HPO, etc.). The required information shall also include the location of all aquatic features, if any, out to a distance of 400 feet beyond the nearest boundary of the site. The Permittee shall not approve any borrow and/or waste sites before receiving written confirmation from the Corps that the proposed site meets all Federal requirements, whether or not waters of the U.S., including wetlands, are located in the proposed borrow and/or waste site. All delineations of aquatic sites on borrow and/or waste sites shall be verified by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and shown on the approved reclamation plans. The Permittee shall ensure that all borrow and/or waste sites comply with Special Condition 13 of this permit. Additionally, the Permittee shall produce and maintain documentation of all borrow and waste sites associated with this project. This documentation will include data regarding soils, vegetation, hydrology, any delineation(s) of aquatic sites, and any jurisdictional determinations made by the Corps to clearly demonstrate compliance with Special Condition 14. All information will be available to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers upon request. The Permittee shall require its contractors to complete and

U-6003 Macy Grove Road Extension, Forsyth Co., N.C. Modification #1, Dated August 8, 2023

execute reclamation plans for each borrow and/or waste site and provide written documentation that the reclamation plans have been implemented and all work is completed. This documentation will be provided to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers within 30 days of the completion of the reclamation work.

Special Condition 14: Except as authorized by this permit or any U.S. Army Corps of Engineers approved modification to this permit, no excavation, fill, or mechanized land-clearing activities shall take place at any time in the construction or maintenance of this project, within waters or wetlands, or shall any activities take place that cause the degradation of waters or wetlands. There shall be no excavation from, waste disposal into, or degradation of, jurisdictional wetlands or waters associated with this permit without appropriate modification of this permit, including appropriate compensatory mitigation. This prohibition applies to all borrow and waste activities connected with this project. In addition, except as specified in the plans attached to this permit, no excavation, fill or mechanized land-clearing activities shall take place at any time in the construction or maintenance of this project, in such a manner as to impair normal flows and circulation patterns within, into, or out of waters or wetlands or to reduce the reach of waters or wetlands.

Special Condition 15: Culverts:

- 1) Unless otherwise requested in the application and depicted on the approved permit plans, culverts greater than 48 inches in diameter shall be buried at least one foot below the bed of the stream. Culverts 48 inches in diameter and less shall be buried or placed on the stream bed as practicable and appropriate to maintain aquatic passage, and every effort shall be made to maintain existing channel slope. The bottom of the culvert shall be placed at a depth below the natural stream bottom to provide for passage during drought or low flow conditions. Culverts shall be designed and constructed in a manner that minimizes destabilization and head cutting.
- 2) Measures shall be included in the culvert construction/installation that will promote the safe passage of fish and other aquatic organisms. The dimension, pattern, and profile of the stream above and below a culvert or pipe shall not be modified by widening the stream channel or by reducing the depth of the stream in connection with the construction activity. The width, height, and gradient of a proposed opening shall be such as to pass the average historical low flow and spring flow without adversely altering flow velocity. Spring flow should be determined from gauge data, if available. In the absence of such data, bank full flow can be used as a comparable level.

U-6003 Macy Grove Road Extension, Forsyth Co., N.C. Modification #1, Dated August 8, 2023

- 3) The Permittee shall implement all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure that equipment, structures, fill pads, work, and operations associated with this project do not adversely affect upstream and/or downstream reaches. Adverse effects include, but are not limited to, channel instability, flooding, and/or stream bank erosion. The Permittee shall routinely monitor for these effects, cease all work when detected, take initial corrective measures to correct actively eroding areas, and notify this office immediately. Permanent corrective measures may require additional authorization by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.
- 4) Culverts placed within wetlands must be installed in a manner that does not restrict the flows and circulation patterns of waters of the United States. Culverts placed across wetland fills purely for the purposes of equalizing surface water shall not be buried, but the culverts must be of adequate size and/or number to ensure unrestricted transmission of water.

Special Condition 16: In order to compensate for impacts associated with this permit, mitigation shall be provided in accordance with the provisions outlined on the most recent version of the attached Compensatory Mitigation Responsibility Transfer Form. The requirements of this form, including any special conditions listed on this form, are hereby incorporated as special conditions of this permit.



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

WILMINGTON DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS 69 DARLINGTON AVENUE WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA 28403-1343

April 26, 2023

Regulatory Division

Action ID. SAW-2018-00393

North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) Attn: Matt Jones, P.E. Division 9 Project Development Engineer 375 Silas Creek Parkway Winston-Salem. NC 27127

Dear Mr. Jones

In accordance with the written request of February 2, 2023, and the ensuing administrative record, enclosed is a permit to place fill material to construct a new two lane, median divided roadway segment of Macy Grove Road Extension (U-6003) for approximately one mile from the intersection of Piney Grove Road (SR 1969) and Linville Springs Road (SR 2030) to a location on NC 105 (North Main Street near the intersection of NC 105 and Macy Grove Road Extension in Kernersville, Forsyth County, North Carolina. Total permanent aquatic impacts associated with this project include 1,103 linear feet (If) of stream impact and 0.01 acre of wetland impact. In addition, temporary aquatic impacts associated with this project include 304 If of stream impact.

Any deviation in the authorized work will likely require modification of this permit. If any change in the authorized work is necessary, you should promptly submit revised plans to the Corps showing the proposed changes. You may not undertake the proposed changes until the Corps notifies you that your permit has been modified.

Carefully read your permit. The general and special conditions are important. Your failure to comply with these conditions could result in a violation of Federal law. Certain significant general conditions require that:

- a. You must complete construction before December 31, 2028.
- b. You must notify this office in advance as to when you intend to commence and complete work.
- c. You must allow representatives from this office to make periodic visits to your worksite as deemed necessary to assure compliance with permit plans and conditions.

You should address all questions regarding this authorization to Stephen A. Brumagin at the Charlotte Regulatory Field Office, telephone (704) 798-6471, or via email at stephen.a.brumagin@usace.army.mil.

FOR THE CHIEF, REGULATORY DIVISION

2023.04.26

07:10:49 -04'00'

Monte K. Matthews WRDA/Transportation Permitting Wilmington District

Enclosures

Department of the Army Permit Special Conditions Plans

Electronic Copies Furnished (with enclosures):

Chief, Source Data Unit NOAA/National Ocean Service 1315 East-west Highway, Room 7316 Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282

U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service Asheville Ecological Services Field Office 160 Zillicoa Street Asheville, North Carolina 28801

Mr. Todd Bowers
Wetlands and Marine Regulatory Section
Water Protection Division – Region IV
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
61 Forsyth St. SW
Atlanta, Georgia 30303-8931

North Carolina, Division of Water Resources Department of Environmental Quality 1617 Mail Service Center Raleigh, North Carolina 27699

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY PERMIT

Permittee: North Carolina Department of Transportation, Attn: Matt Jones, P.E.

Permit No. **SAW-2018-00393, STIP U-6003**

Issuing Office **CESAW-RG-D**

NOTE: The term "you" and its derivatives, as used in this permit, means the permittee or any future transferee. The term "this office" refers to the appropriate district or division office of the Corps of Engineers having jurisdiction over the permitted activity or the appropriate official of that office acting under the authority of the commanding officer.

You are authorized to perform work in accordance with the terms and conditions specified below.

Project Description: To place fill material to construct a new two lane, median divided roadway segment of Macy Grove Road Extension for approximately one mile from the intersection of Piney Grove Road (SR 1969) and Linville Springs Road (SR 2030) to a location on NC 105 (North Main Street near the intersection of NC 105 and Macy Grove Road Extension in Kernersville, Forsyth County, North Carolina. Total permanent aquatic impacts associated with this project include 1,103 linear feet (lf) of stream impact and 0.01 acre of wetland impact. In addition, temporary aquatic impacts associated with this project include 304 lf of stream impact.

Project Location: This project is located from a location near the intersection of Piney Grove Road (SR 1969) and Linville Springs Road (SR 2030) to a location on NC 105 (North Main Street near the intersection of NC 105 and Macy Grove Road Extension in Kernersville, Forsyth County, North Carolina.

Permit Conditions:

General Conditions:

- 1. The time limit for completing the work authorized ends on <u>December 31, 2028.</u> If you find that you need more time to complete the authorized activity, submit your request for a time extension to this office for consideration at least one month before the above date is reached.
- 2. You must maintain the activity authorized by this permit in good condition and in conformance with the terms and conditions of this permit. You are not relieved of this requirement if you abandon the permitted activity, although you may make a good faith transfer to a third party in compliance with General Condition 4 below. Should you wish to cease to maintain the authorized activity or should you desire to abandon it without a good faith transfer, you must obtain a modification of this permit from this office, which may require restoration of the area.
- 3. If you discover any previously unknown historic or archeological remains while accomplishing the activity authorized by this permit, you must immediately notify this office of what you have found. We will initiate the Federal and state coordination required to determine if the remains warrant a recovery effort or if the site is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.
- 4. If you sell the property associated with this permit, you must obtain the signature of the new owner in the space provided and forward a copy of the permit to this office to validate the transfer of this authorization.
- 5. If a conditioned water quality certification has been issued for your project, you must comply with the conditions specified in the certification as special conditions to this permit. For your convenience, a copy of the certification is attached if it contains such conditions.

ENG FORM 1721, Nov 86

EDITION OF SEP 82 IS OBSOLETE.

(33 CFR 325 (Appendix A))

6. You must allow representatives from this office to inspect the authorized activity at any time deemed necessary to ensure that it is being or has been accomplished in accordance with the terms and conditions of your permit.

Special Conditions:

SEE ATTACHED SPECIAL CONDITIONS

Further Information:

- 1. Congressional Authorities: You have been authorized to undertake the activity described above pursuant to:
 - () Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 (33 U.S.C. 403).
 - (X) Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1344).
 - () Section 103 of the Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act of 1972 (33 U.S.C. 1413).
- 2. Limits of this authorization.
 - a. This permit does not obviate the need to obtain other Federal, state, or local authorizations required by law.
 - b. This permit does not grant any property rights or exclusive privileges.
 - c. This permit does not authorize any injury to the property or rights of others.
 - d. This permit does not authorize interference with any existing or proposed Federal project.
- 3. Limits of Federal Liability. In issuing this permit, the Federal Government does not assume any liability for the following:
- a. Damages to the permitted project or uses thereof as a result of other permitted or unpermitted activities or from natural causes.
- b. Damages to the permitted project or uses thereof as a result of current or future activities undertaken by or on behalf of the United States in the public interest.
- c. Damages to persons, property, or to other permitted or unpermitted activities or structures caused by the activity authorized by this permit.
 - d. Design or construction deficiencies associated with the permitted work.
 - e. Damage claims associated with any future modification, suspension, or revocation of this permit.
- 4. Reliance on Applicant's Data: The determination of this office that issuance of this permit is not contrary to the public interest was made in reliance on the information you provided.
- 5. Reevaluation of Permit Decision. This office may reevaluate its decision on this permit at any time the circumstances warrant. Circumstances that could require a reevaluation include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. You fail to comply with the terms and conditions of this permit.

ENG FORM 1721, Nov 86

EDITION OF SEP 82 IS OBSOLETE.

(33 CFR 325 (Appendix A))

- b. The information provided by you in support of your permit application proves to have been false, incomplete, or inaccurate (See 4 above).
- c. Significant new information surfaces which this office did not consider in reaching the original public interest decision.

Such a reevaluation may result in a determination that it is appropriate to use the suspension, modification, and revocation procedures contained in 33 CFR 325.7 or enforcement procedures such as those contained in 33 CFR 326.4 and 326.5. The referenced enforcement procedures provide for the issuance of an administrative order requiring you to comply with the terms and conditions of your permit and for the initiation of legal action where appropriate. You will be required to pay for any corrective measures ordered by this office, and if you fail to comply with such directive, this office may in certain situations (such as those specified in 33 CFR 209.170) accomplish the corrective measures by contract or otherwise and bill you for the cost.

6. Extensions. General condition 1 establishes a time limit for the completion of the activity authorized by this permit, Unless there are circumstances requiring either a prompt completion of the authorized activity or a reevaluation of the public interest decision, the Corps will normally give favorable consideration to a request for an extension of this time limit.

Your signature below, as permittee, indicates that you accept and agree to comply with the terms and conditions of this permit.

-DocuSigned by:

| Matthew Jones 0845D6C71F00459 | 04/25/2023 |
|---|---|
| NCDOT, Attn: Matt Jones, P.E. | (DATE) |
| This permit becomes effective when the Federal official, design | gnated to act for the Secretary of the Army, has signed below. |
| FOR THE DISTRICT COMMANDER | |
| | |
| | |
| FOR: Benjamin A. Bennett, Colonel | (DATE) |
| conditions of this permit will continue to be binding on the ne | Il in existence at the time the property is transferred, the terms and ew owner(s) of the property. To validate the transfer of this permitist terms and conditions, have the transferee sign and date below. |
| | |
| (TRANSFEREE) | (DATE) |

ROY COOPER Governor ELIZABETH S. BISER Secretary RICHARD E. ROGERS, JR. Director



March 21, 2023

Ms. Amy Euliss NCDOT, Division 9 PDEA Engineer 375 Silas Creek Parkway Winston Salem, NC 27127

Subject: 401 Water Quality Certification Pursuant to Section 401 of the Federal Clean Water Act with ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS for Proposed new route (Kernersville Loop) from SR 1969 (Piney Grove Road) to NC 105 (North Main Street); TIP U-6003; in Forsyth County; NCDWR Project No. 20230184; WQC No. WQ005764.

Dear Ms. Euliss:

Attached hereto is a copy of Certification No. 005764 issued to NCDOT dated March 21, 2023.

This approval is for the purpose and design described in your application dated February 2, 2023. The plans and specifications for this project are incorporated by reference as part of this Water Quality Certification. If you change your project, you must notify the Division and you may be required to submit a new application package with the appropriate fee. If the property is sold, the new owner must be given a copy of this Certification and is responsible for complying with all conditions. [15A NCAC 02H .0507(d)(2)]. This Certification does not relieve the permittee of the responsibility to obtain all other required Federal, State, or Local approvals before proceeding with the project, including those required by, but not limited to, Sediment and Erosion Control, Non-Discharge, Water Supply Watershed, and Trout Buffer regulations.

This letter completes the review of the Division under section 401 of the Clean Water Act and 15A NCAC 02H .0500. Please contact Dave Wanucha at 336-403-5655 or dave.wanucha@ncdenr.gov if you have any questions or concerns.

Sincer Poly, Signed by:

Omy Chapman

909886312D0D474...

Richard E. Rogers Jr., Director

Division of Water Resources

Electronic copy only distribution:

Steve Brumagin US Army Corps of Engineers Eric Alsmeyer, US Army Corps of Engineers Amanetta Somerville, USEPA Rebekah Reid, US Fish and Wildlife Service David McHenry, NC Wildlife Resources Commission

File Copy



Individual 401 Water Quality Certification Pursuant to Section 401 of the Federal Clean Water Act with ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS

THIS CERTIFICATION is issued in conformity with the requirements of Section 401 Public Laws 92-500 and 95-217 of the United States and subject to the North Carolina Division of Water Resources (NCDWR) Regulations in 15 NCAC 2H .0500. This certification authorizes NCDOT to impact 1,317 linear feet of jurisdictional streams and 0.01 acres of wetlands in Forsyth County. The project shall be constructed pursuant to your application dated February 2, 2023. The authorized impacts are as described below:

Stream Impacts (Fill) in the Roanoke River Basin (linear feet).

| | Perennial Stream | | | | Intermittent Stream | | | Impacts |
|--------|-----------------------|--------------|-------|-----------|-----------------------|---------|-----------|-------------------------|
| Site | Permanent | | | Temporary | Permanent | | Temporary | Requiring Mitigation |
| | Bank Stabilization | Culvert | Ditch | Dewater | Bank Stabilization | Culvert | Dewater | * |
| 1 | - | 211 | - | 40 | - | - | - | 1-1 |
| 2 | - | 7 - 7 | 1-/ | | | 332 | 59 | - |
| 3 | 86 | 92 | 1=1 | н | | = | 44 | .= |
| 4 | - | - | 26 | 28 | | - | _ | |
| 5 | - | 245 | 1-/ | 105 | - | - | | - |
| 7 | E | H | н | Е | 21 | - | 28 | H |
| Totals | 86 | 548 | 26 | 173 | 21 | 332 | 131 | - |

^{*}Mitigation required by USACE.

Total Stream Impacts for Project: 1,317 linear feet

Wetland Impacts (acres) in the Roanoke River Basin (riverine).

| Site | Fill | Temporary Fill | Excavation | Mechanized Clearing | Hand Clearing | Total Wetland Impact |
|-------|------|-------------------|------------|------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| 6 | 0.01 | - | - | = | = | 0.01 |
| Total | 0.01 | - | - | - | = | 0.01 |

Total Wetland Impact for Project: 0.01 acres.

This approval is valid solely for the purpose and design described in your application (unless modified below). Should your project change, you must notify the NCDWR and submit a new application. If the property is sold, the new owner must be given a copy of this Certification and approval letter and is thereby responsible for complying with all the conditions. If total wetland fills for this project (now or in the future) exceed one acre, or of total impacts to streams (now or in the future) exceed 300 linear feet, compensatory mitigation may be required as described in 15A NCAC 2H .0506 (h) (6) and (7). For this approval to remain valid, you must adhere to the conditions listed in the attached certification(s) and any additional conditions listed below.

Condition(s) of Certification:

Project Specific Conditions



- 1. All work in or adjacent to stream waters shall be conducted per approved BMP measures from the most current version of NCDOT Construction and Maintenance Activities manual. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]
- 2. The Permittee shall ensure that the final design drawings adhere to the permit and to the permit drawings submitted for approval. [15A NCAC 02H .0507 (c) and 15A NCAC 02H .0506 (b)(2) and (c)(2)]
- 3. For the segments of streams being impacted due to site dewatering activities, the site shall be graded to its preconstruction contours and revegetated with appropriate native species. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- 4. Design and placement of box culverts (Sites 3 and 5) shall be installed in such a manner that the original stream profiles are not significantly altered (i.e., the depth of the channel must not be reduced by a widening of the streambed). The culverts shall be designed and installed, per the plans, to allow for aquatic life movement as well as prevent head cutting of the stream. The applicant may be required to provide evidence that equilibrium has been maintained if requested in writing by the NCDWR. Pipe installations at Sites 1 and 2 do not require burial as explained in the application. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]

General Conditions

- If concrete is used during construction, a dry work area shall be maintained to prevent direct contact between curing concrete and stream water. Water that inadvertently contacts uncured concrete shall not be discharged to surface waters due to the potential for elevated pH and possible aquatic life and fish kills. [15A NCAC 02B.0200]
- 2. The dimension, pattern and profile of the stream above and below the crossing shall not be modified. Disturbed floodplains and streams shall be restored to natural geomorphic conditions. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- 3. The use of rip-rap above the Normal High Water Mark shall be minimized. Any rip-rap placed for stream stabilization shall be placed in stream channels in such a manner that it does not impede aquatic life passage. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- 4. The Permittee shall ensure that the final design drawings adhere to the permit and to the permit drawings submitted for approval. [15A NCAC 02H .0507(c) and 15A NCAC 02H .0506 (b)(2) and (c)(2)]
- 5. No rock, sand or other materials shall be dredged from the stream channel except where authorized by this certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3)]
- 6. Discharging hydroseed mixtures and washing out hydroseeders and other equipment in or adjacent to surface waters is prohibited. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3)]
- 7. The permittee and its authorized agents shall conduct its activities in a manner consistent with State water quality standards (including any requirements resulting from compliance with §303(d) of the Clean Water Act) and any other appropriate requirements of State and Federal law. If the NCDWR determines that such standards or laws are not being met (including the failure to sustain a designated or achieved use) or that State or federal law is being violated, or that further conditions are necessary to assure compliance, the NCDWR may reevaluate and modify this certification. [15A NCAC 02B.0200]
- 8. All fill slopes located in jurisdictional wetlands shall be placed at slopes no flatter than 3:1, unless otherwise authorized by this certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(2)]
- 9. A copy of this Water Quality Certification shall be maintained on the construction site at all times. In addition, the Water Quality Certification, and all subsequent modifications, if any, shall be maintained with the Division Engineer and the on-site project manager. [15A NCAC 02H .0507(c) and 15A NCAC 02H .0506 (b)(2) and (c)(2)]
- 10. The outside buffer, wetland or water boundary located within the construction corridor approved by this authorization shall be clearly marked by highly visible fencing prior to any land disturbing activities. Impacts to



- areas within the fencing are prohibited unless otherwise authorized by this certification. [15A NCAC 02H.0501 and .0502]
- 11. The issuance of this certification does not exempt the Permittee from complying with any and all statutes, rules, regulations, or ordinances that may be imposed by other government agencies (i.e. local, state, and federal) having jurisdiction, including but not limited to applicable buffer rules, stormwater management rules, soil erosion and sedimentation control requirements, etc.
- 12. The Permittee shall report any violations of this certification to the Division of Water Resources within 24 hours of discovery. [15A NCAC 02B.0506(b)(2)]
- 13. Upon completion of the project (including any impacts at associated borrow or waste sites), the Division Engineer (or appointee) shall complete and return the enclosed "Certification of Completion Form" to notify the NCDWR when all work included in the 401 Certification has been completed. [15A NCAC 02H.0502(f)]
- 14. Native riparian vegetation must be reestablished in the riparian areas within the construction limits of the project by the end of the growing season following completion of construction. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]
- 15. There shall be no excavation from, or waste disposal into, jurisdictional wetlands or waters associated with this permit without appropriate modification. Should waste or borrow sites, or access roads to waste or borrow sites, be located in wetlands or streams, compensatory mitigation will be required since that is a direct impact from road construction activities. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]
- 16. Erosion and sediment control practices must be in full compliance with all specifications governing the proper design, installation and operation and maintenance of such Best Management Practices in order to protect surface water standards [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3]):
 - a. The erosion and sediment control measures for the project must be designed, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the most recent version of the *North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Planning and Design Manual*.
 - b. The design, installation, operation, and maintenance of the sediment and erosion control measures must be such that they equal, or exceed, the requirements specified in the most recent version of the *North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Manual*. The devices shall be maintained on all construction sites, borrow sites, and waste pile (spoil) projects, including contractor-owned or leased borrow pits associated with the project.
 - c. For borrow pit sites, the erosion and sediment control measures must be designed, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the most recent version of the *North Carolina Surface Mining Manual*.
 - d. The reclamation measures and implementation must comply with the reclamation in accordance with the requirements of the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act.
- 17. Where placement of sediment and erosion control devices in wetlands and/or waters is unavoidable, they shall be removed, and the natural grade restored upon completion of the project. [15A NCAC 02H.0506(b)(3) and (c)(3)]

This approval and its conditions are final and binding unless contested [G.S. 143-215.5]. Please be aware that impacting waters without first applying for and securing the issuance of a 401 Water Quality Certification violates Title 15A of the North Carolina Administrative Code (NCAC) 2H .0500. Title 15A NCAC 2H .0500 requires certifications pursuant to Section 401 of the Clean Water Act whenever construction or operation of facilities will result in a discharge into navigable waters, including wetlands, as described in 33 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 323. It also states any person desiring issuance of the State certification or coverage under a general certification required by Section 401 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act shall file with the Director of the North Carolina Division of Water Quality. Pursuant to G.S. 143-215.6A, these violations and any future violations are subject to a civil penalty assessment of up to a maximum of \$25,000.00 per day for each violation.



This Certification can be contested as provided in Chapter 150B of the North Carolina General Statutes by filing a Petition for a Contested Case Hearing (Petition) with the North Carolina Office of Administrative Hearings (OAH) within sixty (60) calendar days. Requirements for filing a Petition are set forth in Chapter 150B of the North Carolina General Statutes and Title 26 of the North Carolina Administrative Code. Additional information regarding requirements for filing a Petition and Petition forms may be accessed at http://www.ncoah.com/ or by calling the OAH Clerk's Office at (919) 431-3000.

A party filing a Petition must serve a copy of the Petition on: William F. Lane, General Counsel Department of Environmental Quality 1601 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1601

If the party filing the Petition is not the permittee, then the party must also serve the recipient of the Certification in accordance with N.C.G.S 150B-23(a).

This the 21st of March 2023

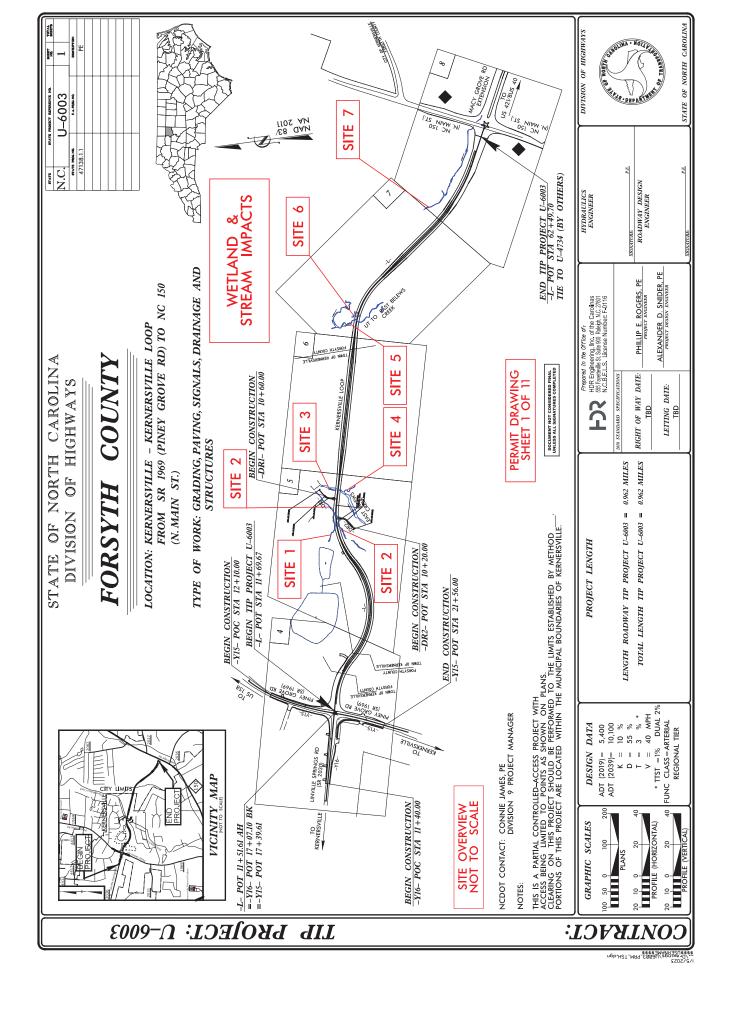
DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES

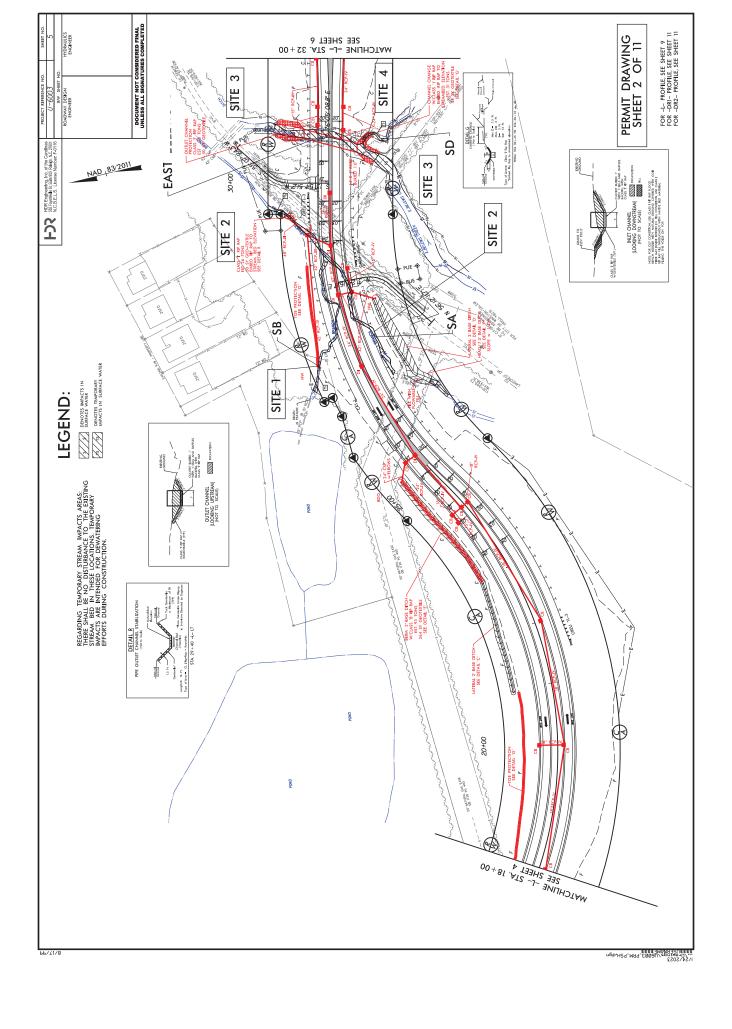
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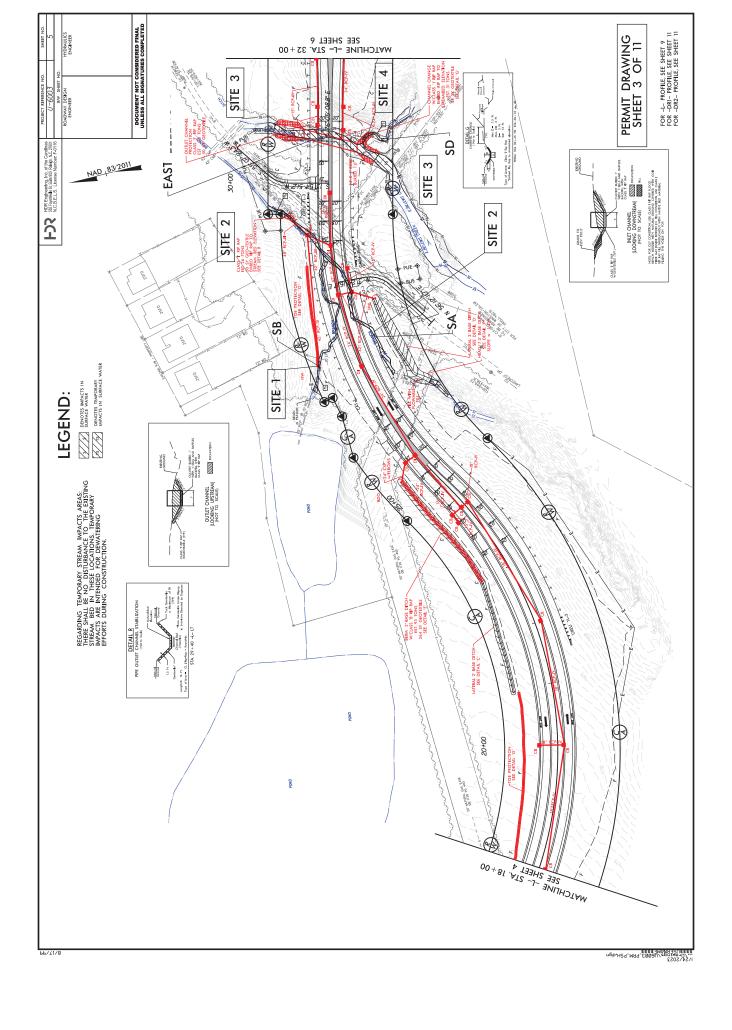
Richard E. Rogers Jr., Director

WQC No. 005764

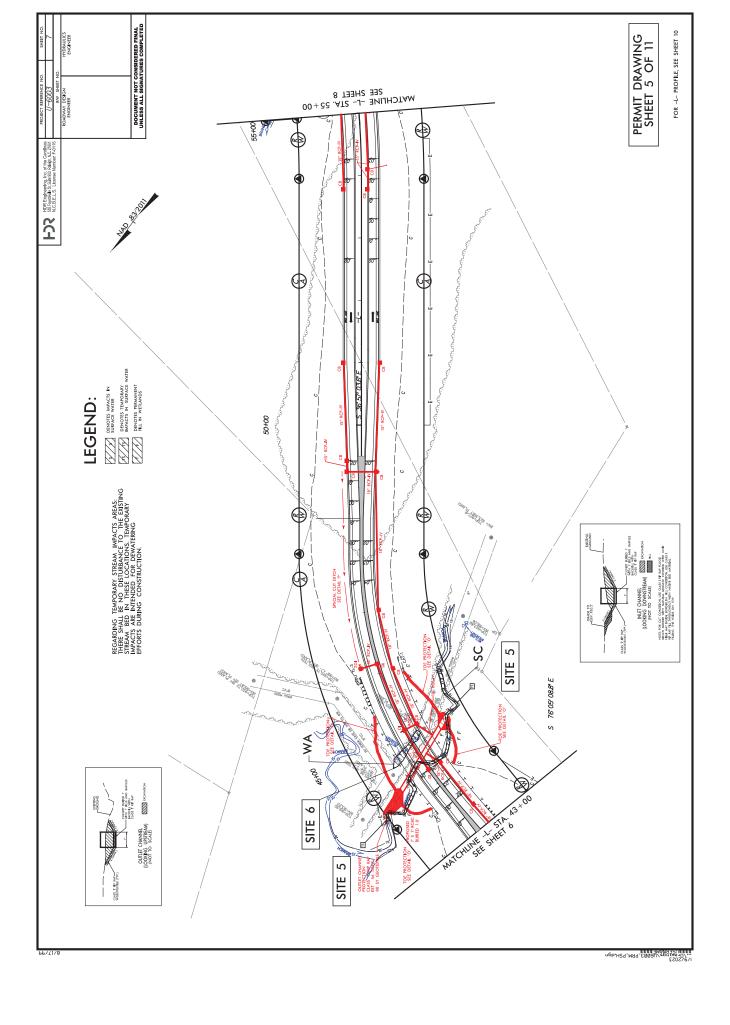


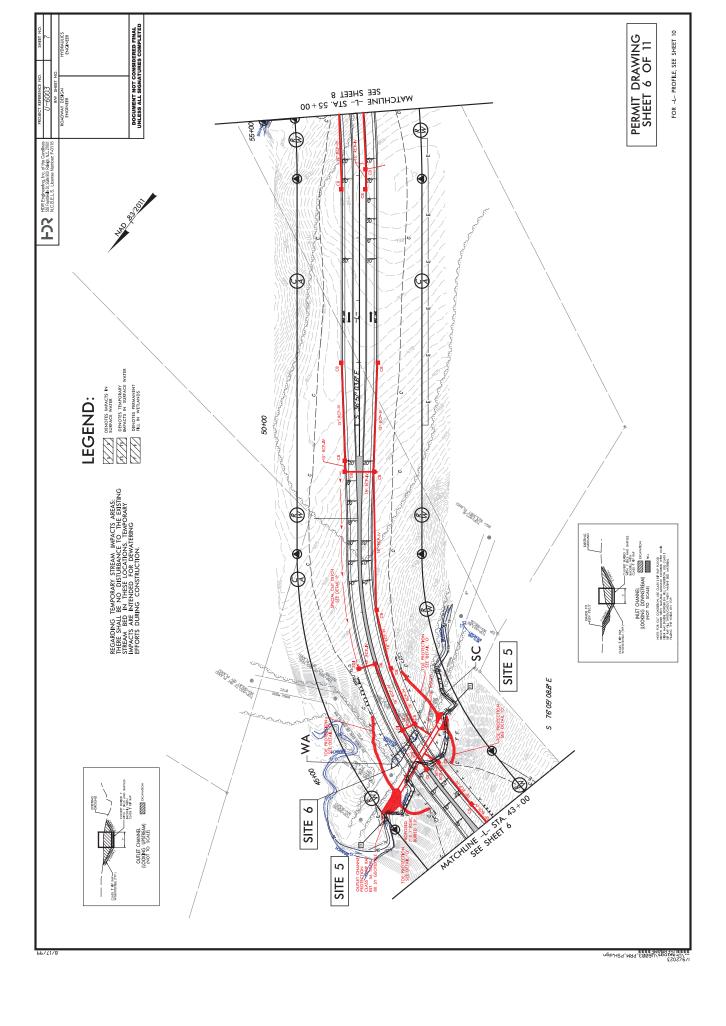




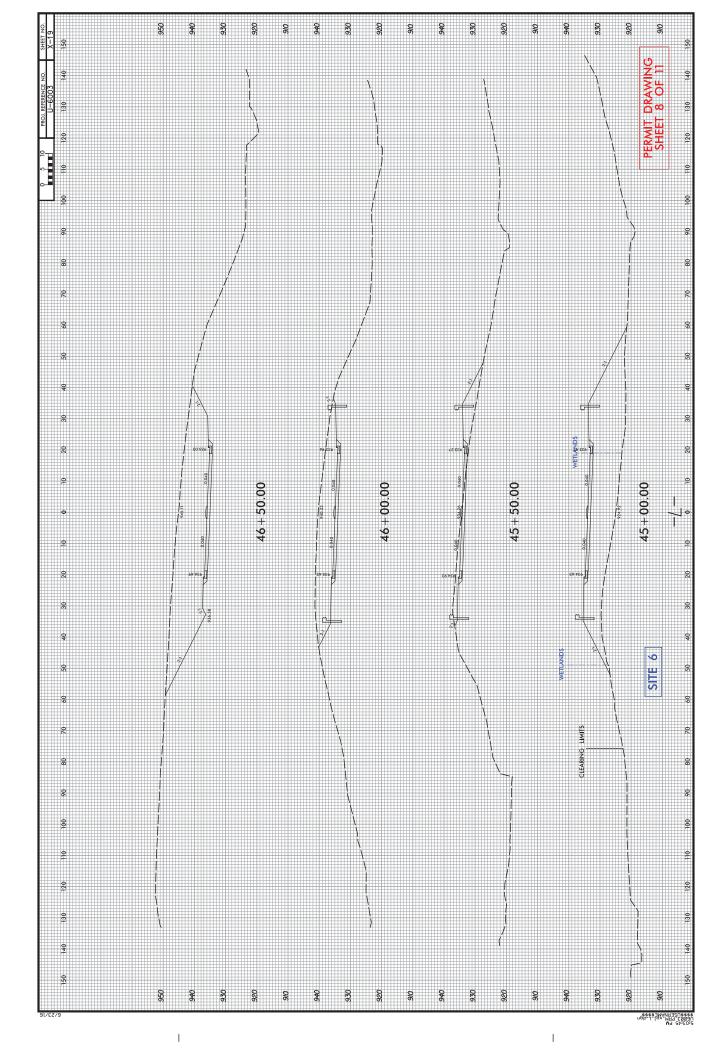


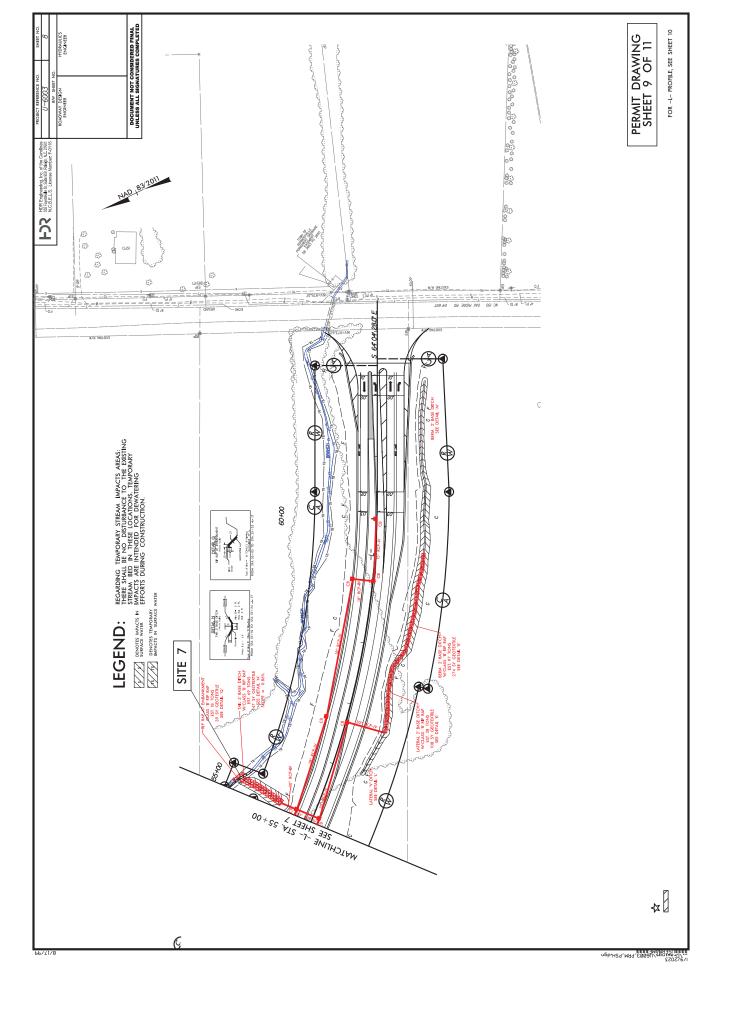
PERMIT DRAWING SHEET 4 OF 11 1"=100' HORIZONTAL 1"=20' VERTICAL HDR Engineering, Inc. of the Carolinas 556 Faveteelle 81, Sule 900 Ralety, MC, 27001 N.C. B.E.L.S. License Number F-0116 150)00) PROFILE ALONG & OF CULVERT 20 SITE 3 20 100 150′ 930

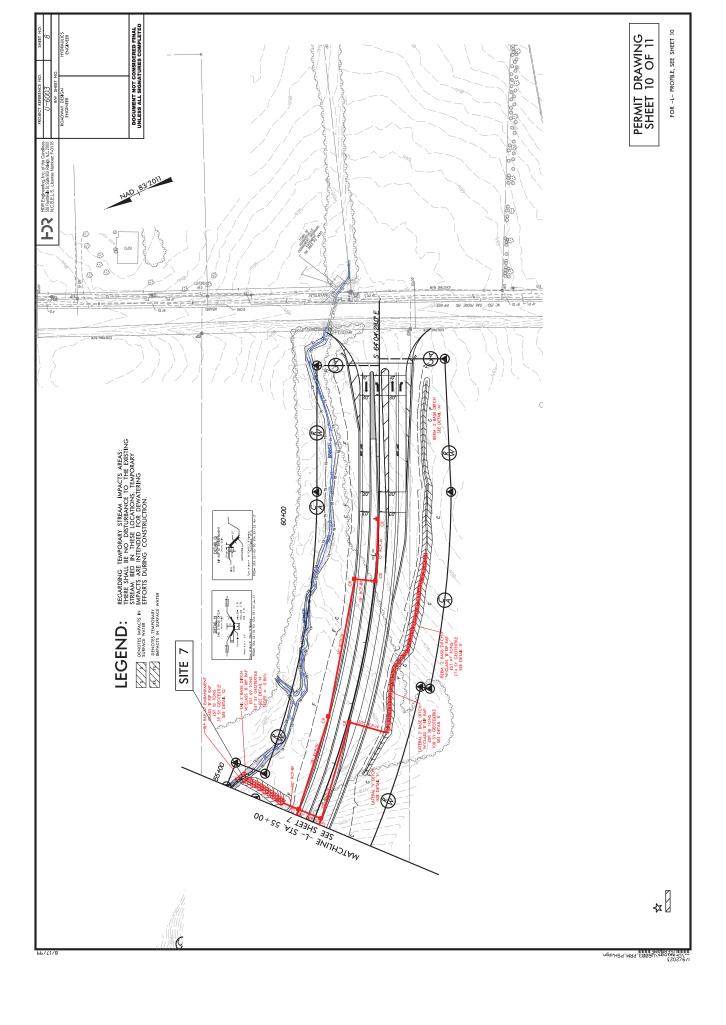




PERMIT DRAWING SHEET 7 OF 11 E: 1"=100' HORIZONTAL 1"=20' VERTICAL HDR Engineering, Inc. of the Carolinas 555 Favetielle St, Sille 900 Ralety, NC, 27001 N.C. B.E.L.S. License Number F-0116 150 00 PROFILE ALONG & OF CULVERT 50, SITE 5 44+49 C-5KEW = 62 7 × 7 RCBC BURIED 1 GP ELEY = 935-0 50′ 00 150 EXISTING LEFT-TOP OF BANK EXISTING RIGHT TOP OF BANK







| | | | | WETLAN | LAND AND SURFA WETLAND IMPACTS | WETLAND AND SURFACE WATER IMPACTS SUMMARY WETLAND IMPACTS | ATER IMF | ACTS SUI | MMARY | I MMARY SURFACE WATER IMPAC | PACTS | |
|----------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------|----------|-----------------------------------|---|----------|-----------|---------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|---------|
| | | | Permanent | Temp | Excavation | Excavation Mechanized | Hand | Permanent | Temp | Existing | Existing Channel | Natural |
| Site | Station | Structure | Fill In | Fill In | .⊑ | Clearing | ï | SW | SW | Impacts | Impacts | Stream |
| No. | (From/To) | Size / Type | Wetlands | Wetlands | Wetlands | in Wetlands | Wetlands | impacts | impacts | Permanent | | Design |
| | | | (ac) | (ac) | (ac) | (ac) | (ac) | (ac) | (ac) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) |
| 1 | -L- 26+95/28+83 | 42" RCP-III | | | | | | 0.01 | < 0.01 | 211 | 40 | |
| 2 | -L- 26+66/29+53 | 42" RCP-III | | | | | | 0.03 | < 0.01 | 332 | 29 | |
| 3 | -L- 30+22/30+97 | 14'X7' RCBC | | | | | | 0.02 | 0.02 | 92 | 44 | |
| | | BANK STABILIZATION | | | | | | 0.02 | | 98 | | |
| 4 | -L- 30+59/30+86 | 3' BASE DITCH | | | | | | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | 56 | 28 | |
| 5 | -L- 43+96/44+93 | 7'X7' RCBC | | | | | | 0.02 | < 0.01 | 245 | 105 | |
| 9 | -L- 44+57/44+91 | ROADWAY FILL | 0.01 | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | -L- 55+03/55+39 | BANK STABILIZATION | | | | | | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | 21 | 28 | |
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| TOTALS*: | .S*: | | 0.01 | | | | | 0.12 | 0.04 | 1013 | 304 | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

*Rounded totals are sum of actual impacts

NOTES:

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS 01/17/2023FORSYTH COUNTY U-6003 47138.1.1SHEET 11OF 11

| Line # | Item Number | Sec # | Description | Quantity | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|--|--------------|-----------|--------|
| | | | ROADWAY ITEMS | | | |
| 0001 | 0000100000-N | 800 | MOBILIZATION | Lump Sum | L.S. | |
| 0002 | 0000400000-N | 801 | CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING | Lump Sum | L.S. | |
| 0003 | 0015000000-N | 205 | SEALING ABANDONED WELLS | 1 EA | | |
| 0004 | 0036000000-E | 225 | UNDERCUT EXCAVATION | 8,800 CY | | |
| 0005 | 0043000000-N | 226 | GRADING | Lump Sum | L.S. | |
| 0006 | 0050000000-E | 226 | SUPPLEMENTARY CLEARING & GRUBBING | 2 ACR | | |
| 0007 | 0134000000-E | 240 | DRAINAGE DITCH EXCAVATION | 1,213 CY | | |
| 0008 | 0195000000-E | 265 | SELECT GRANULAR MATERIAL | 18,000 CY | | |
| 0009 | 0196000000-E | 270 | GEOTEXTILE FOR SOIL STABILIZATION | 21,400 SY | | |
| 0010 | 0255000000-E | SP | GENERIC GRADING ITEM HAULING AND DISPOSAL OF PETROLEUM CONTAMINATED SOIL | 50 TON | | |
| 0011 | 0318000000-E | 300 | FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATERIAL, MINOR STRUCTURES | 730 TON | | |
| 0012 | 0320000000-E | 300 | FOUNDATION CONDITIONING GEOTEXTILE | 2,290 SY | | |
| 0013 | 0343000000-E | 310 | 15" SIDE DRAIN PIPE | 56 LF | | |
| 0014 | 0366000000-E | 310 | 15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III | 92 LF | | |
| 0015 | 0372000000-E | 310 | 18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III | 40 LF | | |
| 0016 | 0396000000-E | 310 | 42" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III | 388 LF | | |
| 0017 | 0402000000-E | 310 | 48" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS III | 32 LF | | |
| | | | | | | |

| Item Number | Sec # | Description | Quantity | Unit Cost | Amount |
|--------------|--|--|---|--|---|
| 0448200000-E | 310 | 15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV | 1,928 LF | | |
| 0448300000-E | 310 | 18" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV | 3,370 LF | | |
| 0448400000-E | 310 | 24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV | 480 LF | | |
| 0448500000-E | 310 | 30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV | 288 LF | | |
| 0582000000-E | 310 | 15" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK | 68 LF | | |
| 0588000000-E | 310 | 18" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK | 72 LF | | |
| 0594000000-E | 310 | 24" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK | 28 LF | | |
| 0636000000-E | 310 | **" CS PIPE ELBOWS, *****" THICK (15", 0.064") | 2 EA | | |
| 0636000000-E | 310 | **" CS PIPE ELBOWS, *****" THICK (18", 0.064") | 2 EA | | |
| 0636000000-E | 310 | **" CS PIPE ELBOWS, *****" THICK (24", 0.064") | 2 EA | | |
| 0995000000-E | 340 | PIPE REMOVAL | 405 LF | | |
| 1004500000-E | 505 | GENERIC GRADING ITEM GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBGRADE STABILIZATION | 3,800 SY | | |
| 1099500000-E | 505 | SHALLOW UNDERCUT | 1,000 CY | | |
| 1099700000-E | 505 | CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION | 2,500 TON | | |
| 1220000000-E | 545 | INCIDENTAL STONE BASE | 500 TON | | |
| 1297000000-E | 607 | MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT, ***" DEPTH (1-1/2") | 395 SY | | |
| 1297000000-E | 607 | MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT, ***" DEPTH (4") | 700 SY | | |
| | 0448200000-E 0448300000-E 0448400000-E 0582000000-E 0588000000-E 0636000000-E 0636000000-E 1004500000-E 1099700000-E 1220000000-E | # 0448200000-E 310 0448300000-E 310 0448500000-E 310 0582000000-E 310 0594000000-E 310 0636000000-E 310 0636000000-E 310 0995000000-E 310 1004500000-E 505 11099700000-E 505 | # 0448200000-E 310 15" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV 0448300000-E 310 24" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV 0448500000-E 310 30" RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV 0582000000-E 310 15" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK 0588000000-E 310 18" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK 0594000000-E 310 24" CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064" THICK 0636000000-E 310 "" CS PIPE ELBOWS, """ THICK 1004500000-E 340 PIPE REMOVAL 1004500000-E 505 GENERIC GRADING ITEM GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBGRADE STABILIZATION 10995000000-E 505 CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION 1220000000-E 545 INCIDENTAL STONE BASE 1297000000-E 545 INCIDENTAL STONE BASE | 0448200000-E 310 15"RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV 1.928 0448300000-E 310 18"RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV 3.370 0448400000-E 310 24"RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV 480 0582000000-E 310 15"CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064"THICK 68 0582000000-E 310 18"CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064"THICK 72 0594000000-E 310 18"CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064"THICK 72 0594000000-E 310 24"CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064"THICK 28 0636000000-E 310 ""CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064"THICK 28 0636000000-E 310 ""CS PIPE ELBOWS, """THICK 2A 0636000000-E 310 ""CS PIPE ELBOWS, """"THICK 2A 0636000000-E 340 PIPE ELBOWS, """"THICK 2A 0636000000-E 340 PIPE ELBOWS, """" THICK 3A 0995000000-E 3A00 PIPE ELBOWS, """" THICK 3A 099500000-E 3A00 PIPE ELBOWS, """" THICK 3AS 0995000000-E 3A00 PIPE ELBOWS, """" THICK 3AS 099500000-E 3A00 PIPE ELBOWS, """" THICK 3AS 099500000-E 3A00 PIPE ELBOWS, """" THICK 3AS 099500000-E 3A00 PIPE ELBOWS, """" THICK 3AS 0995000000-E 3A00 PIPE ELBOWS, """" THICK 3AS 099500000-E 3A00 PIPE ELBOWS, """ THICK 3AS 099500000-E 3A00 PIPE ELBOWS, """" THICK 3AS 0995000 | 0448200000-E 310 15"RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV 1,928 LF 0448300000-E 310 18"RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV 3,370 LF 0448400000-E 310 24"RC PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV 480 LF 0448500000-E 310 15"CS PIPE CULVERTS, CLASS IV 288 LF 0582000000-E 310 15"CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064"THICK 68 LF 0588000000-E 310 18"CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064"THICK 72 LF 0594000000-E 310 24"CS PIPE CULVERTS, 0.064"THICK 28 LF 0636000000-E 310 "" CS PIPE ELBOWS, """ THICK 2A LF 0636000000-E 310 "" CS PIPE ELBOWS, """ THICK 2 EA 0636000000-E 310 "" CS PIPE ELBOWS, """ THICK 2 EA 0636000000-E 310 "" CS PIPE ELBOWS, """ THICK 2 EA 0636000000-E 310 "" CS PIPE ELBOWS, """ THICK 2 EA 0636000000-E 310 "" CS PIPE ELBOWS, """ THICK 2 EA 00995000000-E 300 PIPE REMOVAL 405 LF 1004500000-E 505 GENERIC GRADING ITEM GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBGRADE STABILIZATION 2.500 TON 10995000000-E 505 CLASS IV SUBGRADE STABILIZATION 2.500 TON 1220000000-E 545 INCIDENTAL STONE BASE 500 TON 1227000000-E 607 MILLING ASPHALT PAVEMENT. """ 700 |

| Line # | Item Number | Sec # | Description | Quantity | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|---|--------------|-----------|--------|
| 0035 | 1330000000-E | 607 | INCIDENTAL MILLING | 1,600 SY | | |
| 0036 | 1491000000-E | 610 | ASPHALT CONC BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C | 7,440 TON | | |
| 0037 | 1503000000-E | 610 | ASPHALT CONC INTERMEDIATE COURSE, TYPE I19.0C | 6,460 TON | | |
| 0038 | 1519000000-E | 610 | ASPHALT CONC SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B | 6,560 TON | | |
| 0039 | 1575000000-E | 620 | ASPHALT BINDER FOR PLANT MIX | 1,085 TON | | |
| 0040 | 1693000000-E | 654 | ASPHALT PLANT MIX, PAVEMENT REPAIR | 190 TON | | |
| 0041 | 2000000000-N | 806 | RIGHT-OF-WAY MARKERS | 64 EA | | |
| 0042 | 2022000000-E | 815 | SUBDRAIN EXCAVATION | 168 CY | | |
| 0043 | 2026000000-E | 815 | GEOTEXTILE FOR SUBSURFACE DRAINS | 1,000 SY | | |
| 0044 | 2036000000-E | 815 | SUBDRAIN COARSE AGGREGATE | 168 CY | | |
| 0045 | 2044000000-E | 815 | 6" PERFORATED SUBDRAIN PIPE | 1,000 LF | | |
| 0046 | 2070000000-N | 815 | SUBDRAIN PIPE OUTLET | 2 EA | | |
| 0047 | 2077000000-E | 815 | 6" OUTLET PIPE | 12 LF | | |
| 0048 | 2209000000-E | 838 | ENDWALLS | 9 CY | | |
| 0049 | 2286000000-N | 840 | MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES | 73 EA | | |
| 0050 | 2308000000-E | 840 | MASONRY DRAINAGE STRUCTURES | 32 LF | | |
| 0051 | 2363000000-N | 840 | FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.***** (840.18) | 1 EA | | |

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| County: | FORSTIH | | | | | |
|-----------|--------------|----------|--|-------------|-----------|--------|
| Line # | Item Number | Sec # | Description | Quantity | Unit Cost | Amount |
| 0052 | 2364000000-N | 840 | FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.16 | 5 EA | | |
| 0053 | 2366000000-N | 840 | FRAME WITH TWO GRATES, STD 840.24 | 1 EA | | |
| 0054 | 2374000000-N | 840 | FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (E) | 5 EA | | |
| 0055 | 2374000000-N | 840 | FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (F) | 32 EA | | |
| 0056 | 2374000000-N | 840 | FRAME WITH GRATE & HOOD, STD 840.03, TYPE ** (G) | 31 EA | | |
| 0057 | 2396000000-N | 840 | FRAME WITH COVER, STD 840.54 | 1 EA | | |
| 0058 | 2440000000-N | 852 | CONCRETE TRANSITIONAL SECTION FOR CATCH BASIN | 8 EA | | |
| 0059 | 2451000000-N | 852 | CONCRETE TRANSITIONAL SECTION FOR DROP INLET | 5 EA | | |
| 0060 | 2538000000-E | 846 | **'-**" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER (2'-9") | 4,200 LF | | |
| 0061 | 2549000000-E | 846 | 2'-6" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER | 8,600 LF | | |
| 0062 | 2591000000-E | 848 | 4" CONCRETE SIDEWALK | 250 SY | | |
| 0063 | 2605000000-N | 848 | CONCRETE CURB RAMPS | 3 EA | | |
| 0064 | 2612000000-E | 848 | 6" CONCRETE DRIVEWAY | 50 SY | | |
| 0065 | 2619000000-E | 850 | 4" CONCRETE PAVED DITCH | 33 SY | | |
| 0066 | 2655000000-E | 852 | 5" MONOLITHIC CONCRETE ISLANDS (KEYED IN) | 1,150 SY | | |
| 0067 | 2830000000-N | 858 | ADJUSTMENT OF MANHOLES | 6 EA | | |
| 0068 | 2845000000-N | 858 | ADJUSTMENT OF METER BOXES OR VALVE BOXES | 4 EA | | |
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| Line # | Item Number | Sec # | Description | Quantity | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|--|-------------|-----------|--------|
| 0069 | 3030000000-E | 862 | STEEL BEAM GUARDRAIL | 1,838 LF | | |
| 0070 | 3150000000-N | 862 | ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS | 5 EA | | |
| 0071 | 3210000000-N | 862 | GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE CAT-1 | 6 EA | | |
| 0072 | 3288000000-N | SP | GUARDRAIL END UNITS, TYPE TL-2 | 6 EA | | |
| 0073 | 3503000000-E | 866 | WOVEN WIRE FENCE, 47" FABRIC | 9,800 LF | | |
| 0074 | 3506000000-E | 866 | 4" TIMBER FENCE POSTS, ***** LONG (7'-6") | 590 EA | | |
| 0075 | 3512000000-E | 866 | 5" TIMBER FENCE POSTS, ***** LONG (7'-6") | 200 EA | | |
| 0076 | 3628000000-E | 876 | RIP RAP, CLASS I | 200 TON | | |
| 0077 | 3649000000-E | 876 | RIP RAP, CLASS B | 620 TON | | |
| 0078 | 3656000000-E | 876 | GEOTEXTILE FOR DRAINAGE | 4,360 SY | | |
| 0079 | 4072000000-E | 903 | SUPPORTS, 3-LB STEEL U-CHANNEL | 363 LF | | |
| 080 | 4102000000-N | 904 | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE E | 32 EA | | |
| 0081 | 4108000000-N | 904 | SIGN ERECTION, TYPE F | 2 EA | | |
| 0082 | 4155000000-N | 907 | DISPOSAL OF SIGN SYSTEM, U- CHANNEL | 13 EA | | |
| 0083 | 440000000-E | 1110 | WORK ZONE SIGNS (STATIONARY) | 256 SF | | |
| 0084 | 4405000000-E | 1110 | WORK ZONE SIGNS (PORTABLE) | 416 SF | | |
| 0085 | 4410000000-E | 1110 | WORK ZONE SIGNS (BARRICADE MOUNTED) | 60 SF | | |

| Line # | Item Number | Sec # | Description | Quantity | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|---|--------------|-----------|--------|
| 0086 | 4415000000-N | 1115 | FLASHING ARROW BOARD | 1 EA | | |
| 0087 | 4420000000-N | 1120 | PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN | 2 EA | | |
| 0088 | 4430000000-N | 1130 | DRUMS | 136 EA | | |
| 0089 | 4435000000-N | 1135 | CONES | 33 EA | | |
| 0090 | 4445000000-E | 1145 | BARRICADES (TYPE III) | 216 LF | | |
| 0091 | 4455000000-N | 1150 | FLAGGER | 60 DAY | | |
| 0092 | 448000000-N | 1165 | TMA | 2 EA | | |
| 0093 | 4510000000-N | 1190 | LAW ENFORCEMENT | 32 HR | | |
| 0094 | 4516000000-N | 1180 | SKINNY DRUM | 33 EA | | |
| 0095 | 4650000000-N | 1251 | TEMPORARY RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS | 159 EA | | |
| 0096 | 4685000000-E | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4", 90 MILS) | 27,089 LF | | |
| 0097 | 4695000000-E | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8", 90 MILS) | 2,826 LF | | |
| 0098 | 4700000000-E | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12", 90 MILS) | 761 LF | | |
| 0099 | 4709000000-E | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24", 90 MILS) | 487 LF | | |
| 0100 | 4720000000-E | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER (90 MILS) | 14 EA | | |
| 0101 | 4725000000-E | 1205 | THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL (90 MILS) | 62 EA | | |
| 0102 | 4726110000-E | 1205 | HEATED-IN-PLACE THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING SYMBOL (90 MILS) | 20 EA | | |

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| Line # | Item Number | Sec # | Description | Quantity | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|---|--------------|-----------|--------|
| 0103 | 4810000000-E | 1205 | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (4") | 12,201 LF | | |
| 0104 | 4820000000-E | 1205 | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (8") | 1,024 LF | | |
| 0105 | 4825000000-E | 1205 | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (12") | 57 LF | | |
| 0106 | 4835000000-E | 1205 | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING LINES (24") | 269 LF | | |
| 0107 | 4840000000-N | 1205 | PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING CHARACTER | 12 EA | | |
| 0108 | 4845000000-N | 1205 | | 26 EA | | |
| 0109 | 4905100000-N | SP | NON-CAST IRON SNOWPLOWABLE PAVEMENT MARKER | 322 EA | | |
| 0110 | 5325600000-E | 1510 | 6" WATER LINE | 39 LF | | |
| 0111 | 5329000000-E | 1510 | DUCTILE IRON WATER PIPE FITTINGS | 1,095 LB | | |
| 0112 | 5571600000-E | 1515 | 6" TAPPING SLEEVE & VALVE | 1 EA | | |
| 0113 | 5643000000-E | 1515 | **" WATER METER (5/8") | 1 EA | | |
| 0114 | 5648000000-N | 1515 | RELOCATE WATER METER | 9 EA | | |
| 0115 | 5666000000-N | 1515 | FIRE HYDRANT | 2 EA | | |
| 0116 | 5672000000-N | 1515 | RELOCATE FIRE HYDRANT | 1 EA | | |
| 0117 | 5673000000-E | 1515 | FIRE HYDRANT LEG | 109 LF | | |
| 0118 | 5686500000-E | 1515 | WATER SERVICE LINE | 218 LF | | |
| 0119 | 5691300000-E | 1520 | 8" SANITARY GRAVITY SEWER | 538 LF | | |
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| Item Number | Sec | Description | | | |
|--------------|---|--|--|-----------|--------|
| | # | Description | Quantity | Unit Cost | Amount |
| 5709600000-E | 1520 | 12" FORCE MAIN SEWER | 290 LF | | |
| 5768000000-N | 1520 | SANITARY SEWER CLEAN-OUT | 4 EA | | |
| 5768500000-E | 1520 | SEWER SERVICE LINE | 85 LF | | |
| 5775000000-E | 1525 | 4' DIA UTILITY MANHOLE | 5 EA | | |
| 5781000000-E | 1525 | UTILITY MANHOLE WALL 4' DIA | 10.5 LF | | |
| 5800000000-E | 1530 | ABANDON 6" UTILITY PIPE | 35 LF | | |
| 5801000000-E | 1530 | ABANDON 8" UTILITY PIPE | 608 LF | | |
| 5804000000-E | 1530 | ABANDON 12" UTILITY PIPE | 233 LF | | |
| 5815000000-N | 1530 | REMOVE WATER METER | 1 EA | | |
| 5815500000-N | 1530 | REMOVE FIRE HYDRANT | 2 EA | | |
| 5828000000-N | 1530 | REMOVE UTILITY MANHOLE | 3 EA | | |
| 5835800000-E | 1540 | 18" ENCASEMENT PIPE | 236 LF | | |
| 5836000000-E | 1540 | 24" ENCASEMENT PIPE | 124 LF | | |
| 6000000000-E | 1605 | TEMPORARY SILT FENCE | 19,370 LF | | |
| 6006000000-E | 1610 | STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS A | 380 TON | | |
| 6009000000-E | 1610 | STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS B | 4,040 TON | | |
| 6012000000-E | 1610 | SEDIMENT CONTROL STONE | 2,415 TON | | |
| | 576800000-N 5768500000-E 5775000000-E 5781000000-E 5801000000-E 5804000000-E 581500000-N 5828000000-N 5835800000-E 600000000-E 6006000000-E | 5768000000-N 1520 5768500000-E 1520 5775000000-E 1525 5781000000-E 1530 5801000000-E 1530 580400000-E 1530 581500000-N 1530 582800000-N 1530 582800000-N 1530 5835800000-E 1540 600000000-E 1605 6006000000-E 1610 6009000000-E 1610 | 5768000000-N 1520 SANITARY SEWER CLEAN-OUT 5768500000-E 1520 SEWER SERVICE LINE 5775000000-E 1525 4' DIA UTILITY MANHOLE 5781000000-E 1525 UTILITY MANHOLE WALL 4' DIA 5800000000-E 1530 ABANDON 6" UTILITY PIPE 5804000000-E 1530 ABANDON 12" UTILITY PIPE 581500000-N 1530 REMOVE WATER METER 5815500000-N 1530 REMOVE FIRE HYDRANT 5828000000-N 1530 REMOVE UTILITY MANHOLE 5835800000-E 1540 18" ENCASEMENT PIPE 5836000000-E 1540 24" ENCASEMENT PIPE 6000000000-E 1605 TEMPORARY SILT FENCE 6006000000-E 1610 STONE FOR EROSION CONTROL, CLASS B | LF | LF |

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| County. | TOKOTTI | | | | | |
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| Line # | Item Number | Sec # | Description | Quantity | Unit Cost | Amount |
| 0137 | 6015000000-E | 1615 | TEMPORARY MULCHING | 45 ACR | | |
| 0138 | 6018000000-E | 1620 | SEED FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING | 2,200 LB | | |
| 0139 | 6021000000-E | 1620 | FERTILIZER FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING | 13 TON | | |
| 0140 | 6024000000-E | 1622 | TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAINS | 2,635 LF | | |
| 0141 | 6029000000-E | SP | SAFETY FENCE | 560 LF | | |
| 0142 | 6030000000-E | 1630 | SILT EXCAVATION | 10,760 CY | | |
| 0143 | 6036000000-E | 1631 | MATTING FOR EROSION CONTROL | 37,500 SY | | |
| 0144 | 6037000000-E | SP | COIR FIBER MAT | 500 SY | | |
| 0145 | 6042000000-E | 1632 | 1/4" HARDWARE CLOTH | 4,895 LF | | |
| 0146 | 6046000000-E | 1636 | TEMPORARY PIPE FOR STREAM CROSSING | 125 LF | | |
| 0147 | 6069000000-E | 1638 | STILLING BASINS | 255 CY | | |
| 0148 | 6070000000-N | 1639 | SPECIAL STILLING BASINS | 4 EA | | |
| 0149 | 6071010000-E | SP | WATTLE | 600 LF | | |
| 0150 | 6071013000-E | SP | WATTLE BARRIER | 3,310 LF | | |
| 0151 | 6071020000-E | SP | POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM) | 580 LB | | |
| 0152 | 6071030000-E | 1640 | COIR FIBER BAFFLE | 2,520 LF | | |
| 0153 | 6071050000-E | SP | **" SKIMMER (1-1/2") | 6 EA | | |
| | | | | | | |

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| Line # | Item Number | Sec # | Description | Quantity | Unit Cost | Amount |
| 0154 | 6071050000-E | SP | **" SKIMMER (2") | 2 EA | | |
| 0155 | 6084000000-E | 1660 | SEEDING & MULCHING | 39 ACR | | |
| 0156 | 6087000000-E | 1660 | MOWING | 33 ACR | | |
| 0157 | 6090000000-E | 1661 | SEED FOR REPAIR SEEDING | 450 LB | | |
| 0158 | 6093000000-E | 1661 | FERTILIZER FOR REPAIR SEEDING | 1.5 TON | | |
| 0159 | 6096000000-E | 1662 | SEED FOR SUPPLEMENTAL SEEDING | 900 LB | | |
| 0160 | 6108000000-E | 1665 | FERTILIZER TOPDRESSING | 26.5 TON | | |
| 0161 | 6111000000-E | SP | IMPERVIOUS DIKE | 135 LF | | |
| 0162 | 6114500000-N | 1667 | SPECIALIZED HAND MOWING | 10 MHR | | |
| 0163 | 6117000000-N | SP | RESPONSE FOR EROSION CONTROL | 100 EA | | |
| 0164 | 6117500000-N | SP | CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE | 6 EA | | |
| 0165 | 6120000000-E | SP | CULVERT DIVERSION CHANNEL | 2,073 CY | | |
| 0166 | 6132000000-N | SP | GENERIC EROSION CONTROL ITEM FABRIC INSERT INLET PROTECTION DEVICE | 8 EA | | |
| 0167 | 6132000000-N | SP | GENERIC EROSION CONTROL ITEM FABRIC INSERT INLET PROTECTION DEVICE CLEANOUT | 24 EA | | |
| 0168 | 7060000000-E | 1705 | SIGNAL CABLE | 3,250 LF | | |
| 0169 | 7120000000-E | 1705 | VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 3 SECTION) | 10 EA | | |
| 0170 | 7132000000-E | 1705 | VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 4 SECTION) | 7 EA | | |
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| Line # | Item Number | Sec # | Description | Quantity | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|--|-------------|-----------|--------|
| 0171 | 7144000000-E | 1705 | VEHICLE SIGNAL HEAD (12", 5 SECTION) | 6 EA | | |
| 0172 | 7279000000-E | 1715 | TRACER WIRE | 5,400 LF | | |
| 0173 | 7288000000-E | 1715 | PAVED TRENCHING (*********) (1, 2") | 25 LF | | |
| 0174 | 730000000-E | 1715 | UNPAVED TRENCHING (********) (1, 2") | 975 LF | | |
| 0175 | 730000000-E | 1715 | UNPAVED TRENCHING (********) (2, 2") | 4,400 LF | | |
| 0176 | 7301000000-E | 1715 | | 1,000 LF | | |
| 0177 | 7312000000-N | 1716 | JUNCTION BOX (**************) (SPECIAL OVERSIZED) | 2 EA | | |
| 0178 | 7324000000-N | 1716 | JUNCTION BOX (STANDARD SIZE) | 9 EA | | |
| 0179 | 7348000000-N | 1716 | JUNCTION BOX (OVER-SIZED, HEAVY DUTY) | 11 EA | | |
| 0180 | 7444000000-E | 1725 | INDUCTIVE LOOP SAWCUT | 3,150 LF | | |
| 0181 | 7456000000-E | 1726 | LEAD-IN CABLE (************) (14-2) | 6,730 LF | | |
| 0182 | 7516000000-E | 1730 | COMMUNICATIONS CABLE (** FIBER) (24) | 6,050 LF | | |
| 0183 | 7528000000-E | 1730 | DROP CABLE | 175 LF | | |
| 0184 | 7540000000-N | 1731 | SPLICE ENCLOSURE | 2 EA | | |
| 0185 | 7552000000-N | 1731 | INTERCONNECT CENTER | 2 EA | | |
| 0186 | 7566000000-N | 1733 | DELINEATOR MARKER | 11 EA | | |
| 0187 | 7575142060-N | SP | MODIFY RADIO INSTALLATION | 1 EA | | |

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| Line # | Item Number | Sec # | Description | Quantity | Unit Cost | Amount |
|-----------|--------------|----------|--|------------------|-----------|--------|
| 0188 | 7576000000-N | SP | METAL STRAIN SIGNAL POLE | 4 EA | | |
| 0189 | 7613000000-N | SP | SOIL TEST | 4 EA | | |
| 0190 | 7614100000-E | SP | DRILLED PIER FOUNDATION | 24 CY | | |
| 0191 | 7636000000-N | 1745 | SIGN FOR SIGNALS | 3 EA | | |
| 0192 | 7684000000-N | 1750 | SIGNAL CABINET FOUNDATION | 1 EA | | |
| 0193 | 7696000000-N | 1751 | CONTROLLERS WITH CABINET (************************************ | 1 EA | | |
| 0194 | 7744000000-N | 1751 | DETECTOR CARD (TYPE 170) | 13 EA | | |
| 0195 | 7901000000-N | 1753 | CABINET BASE EXTENDER | 1 EA | | |
| 0196 | 7980000000-N | SP | GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM 2070LX CONTROLLER | 2 EA | | |
| 0197 | 7980000000-N | SP | GENERIC SIGNAL ITEM ETHERNET EDGE SWITCH | 2 EA | | |
| | | | CULVERT ITEMS | | | |
| 0198 | 8126000000-N | 414 | CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA ****** (30+67.88 -L-) | Lump Sum | L.S. | |
| 0199 | 8126000000-N | 414 | CULVERT EXCAVATION, STA ****** (44+49.00 -L-) | Lump Sum | L.S. | |
| 0200 | 8133000000-E | 414 | FOUNDATION CONDITIONING MATERIAL, BOX CULVERT | 227 TON | | |
| 0201 | 8196000000-E | 420 | CLASS A CONCRETE (CULVERT) | 317.2 CY | | |
| 0202 | 8245000000-E | 425 | REINFORCING STEEL (CULVERT) | 35,359 LB | | |

1359/Oct02/Q340842.7/D876705625060/E202

Total Amount Of Bid For Entire Project :