

REFERENCE: B-5989

PROJECT: 47845

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA  
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS  
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	B-5989 47845	1	18

CONTENTS

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	TITLE SHEET
2	LEGEND (SOIL & ROCK)
3	SITE PLAN
4-5	PROFILES
6-7	BENT CROSS SECTIONS
8-13	BORELOGS
14-18	CORE PHOTOS

STRUCTURE  
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY MADISON  
PROJECT DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 71 ON SR 1395  
OVER BIG LAUREL CREEK

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (919) 707-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

- NOTES:
1. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.
  2. BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

PERSONNEL

CD JOHNSON \_\_\_\_\_

DO CHEEK \_\_\_\_\_

CJ COFFEY \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

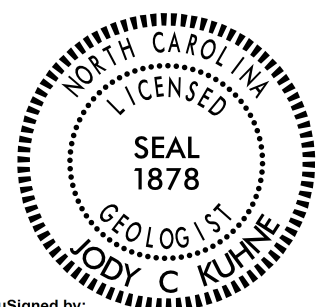
INVESTIGATED BY J KUHNE

DRAWN BY J KUHNE

CHECKED BY \_\_\_\_\_

SUBMITTED BY J KUHNE

DATE \_\_\_\_\_



DocuSigned by:  
Jody C. Kuhne  
4F9C0666A1BC400... 4/8/2020

SIGNATURE DATE

DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL  
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION
SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM D1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE, VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6

SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION
Table with columns for GRANULAR MATERIALS (A-1 to A-7) and SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (A-4 to A-7). Includes symbols for soil types and material characteristics.

CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS
Table with columns for PRIMARY SOIL TYPE, COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY, RANGE OF STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE (N-VALUE), and RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TENS/FT²).

TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE
Table with columns for U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (MM) and soil components: BOULDER (BLDR.), COBBLE (COB.), GRAVEL (GR.), COARSE SAND (CS, SD.), FINE SAND (F SD.), SILT (SL.), and CLAY (CL.).

SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS
Table with columns for SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS), FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION, and GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION.

PLASTICITY
Table with columns for PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) and DRY STRENGTH.

COLOR
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.

GRADATION
WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE.
UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE.
GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.

ANGULARITY OF GRAINS
THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.

MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION
MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.

COMPRESSIBILITY
SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31
MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50
HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50

PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL
ORGANIC MATERIAL GRANULAR SOILS SILT - CLAY SOILS OTHER MATERIAL
TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%
LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20%
MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35%
HIGHLY ORGANIC > 10% > 20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE

GROUND WATER
Water level symbols and descriptions: WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING, STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS, PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA, SPRING OR SEEP.

MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS
ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION, SOIL SYMBOL, ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT, INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY, INFERRED ROCK LINE, ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY, DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES, TEST BORING, AUGER BORING, CORE BORING, MONITORING WELL, PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION, SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION, CONE PENETROMETER TEST, SOUNDING ROD, TEST BORING WITH CORE, SPT N-VALUE.

RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS
UNDERCUT, SHALLOW UNDERCUT, UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNSUITABLE WASTE, UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE DEGRADABLE ROCK, UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL.

ABBREVIATIONS
AR - AUGER REFUSAL, BT - BORING TERMINATED, CL - CLAY, CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST, CSE - COARSE, DMT - DILATOMETER TEST, DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, e - VOID RATIO, F - FINE, FOSS. - FOSSILIFEROUS, FRAC. - FRACTURED, FRACTURES, FRAGS. - FRAGMENTS, HI. - HIGHLY, MED. - MEDIUM, MICA - MICACEOUS, MOD. - MODERATELY, NP - NON PLASTIC, ORG. - ORGANIC, PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST, SAP. - SAPROLITIC, SD. - SAND, SANDY, SL. - SILT, SILTY, SLI. - SLIGHTLY, TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL, w - MOISTURE CONTENT, V - VERY, VST - VANE SHEAR TEST, WEA. - WEATHERED, UG - UNIT WEIGHT, UG - DRY UNIT WEIGHT, SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS: S - BULK, SS - SPLIT SPOON, ST - SHELBY TUBE, RS - ROCK, RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL, CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO.

EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT
DRILL UNITS: CME-45C, CME-55, CME-550, VANE SHEAR TEST, PORTABLE HOIST.
ADVANCING TOOLS: CLAY BITS, 6" CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER, 8" HOLLOW AUGERS, HARD FACED FINGER BITS, TUNG-CARBIDE INSERTS, CASING w/ ADVANCER, TRICONE STEEL TEETH, TRICONE TUNG-CARB., CORE BIT.
HAMMER TYPE: AUTOMATIC, MANUAL.
CORE SIZE: B, H, N.
HAND TOOLS: POST HOLE DIGGER, HAND AUGER, SOUNDING ROD, VANE SHEAR TEST.

ROCK DESCRIPTION
HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:

WEATHERED ROCK (WR)
NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.

CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR)
FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.

NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR)
FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.

COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK (CPS)
COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC.

WEATHERING
FRESH: ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.
VERY SLIGHT (IV SLI.): ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN. CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.

SLIGHT (SLI)
ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.

MODERATE (MOD.)
SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.

MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.)
ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.

SEVERE (SEV.)
ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF.

VERY SEVERE (IV SEV.)
ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF.

COMPLETE
ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.

ROCK HARDNESS
VERY HARD: CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.
HARD: CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.

MODERATELY HARD: CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.

MEDIUM HARD: CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PIECES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.

SOFT: CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.

VERY SOFT: CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGER NAIL.

FRACTURE SPACING and BEDDING tables. Includes terms like VERY WIDE, WIDE, MODERATELY CLOSE, CLOSE, VERY CLOSE and terms like VERY THICKLY BEDDED, THICKLY BEDDED, THINLY BEDDED, VERY THINLY BEDDED, THICKLY LAMINATED, THINLY LAMINATED.

TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.
AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.
ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.
ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.

ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.

CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.

CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.

DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.
DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.

FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.

FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLOGGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.
FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.

FORMATION (FM) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.
JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.

LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.

MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.
PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.

RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.
SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.

SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.
STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.

STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

TOPSOIL (TS) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.

BENCH MARK: \*1 N 806107 E 919773
ELEVATION: 2049.58 FEET

NOTES:

**NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**  
**DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS**  
**GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT**  

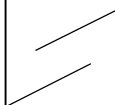
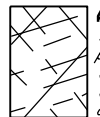
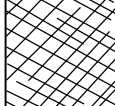
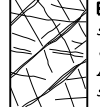



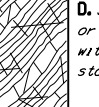

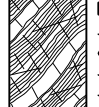


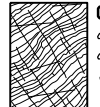


---

**SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION**

**SUPPLEMENTAL LEGEND, GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) TABLES**  
**FROM AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS**

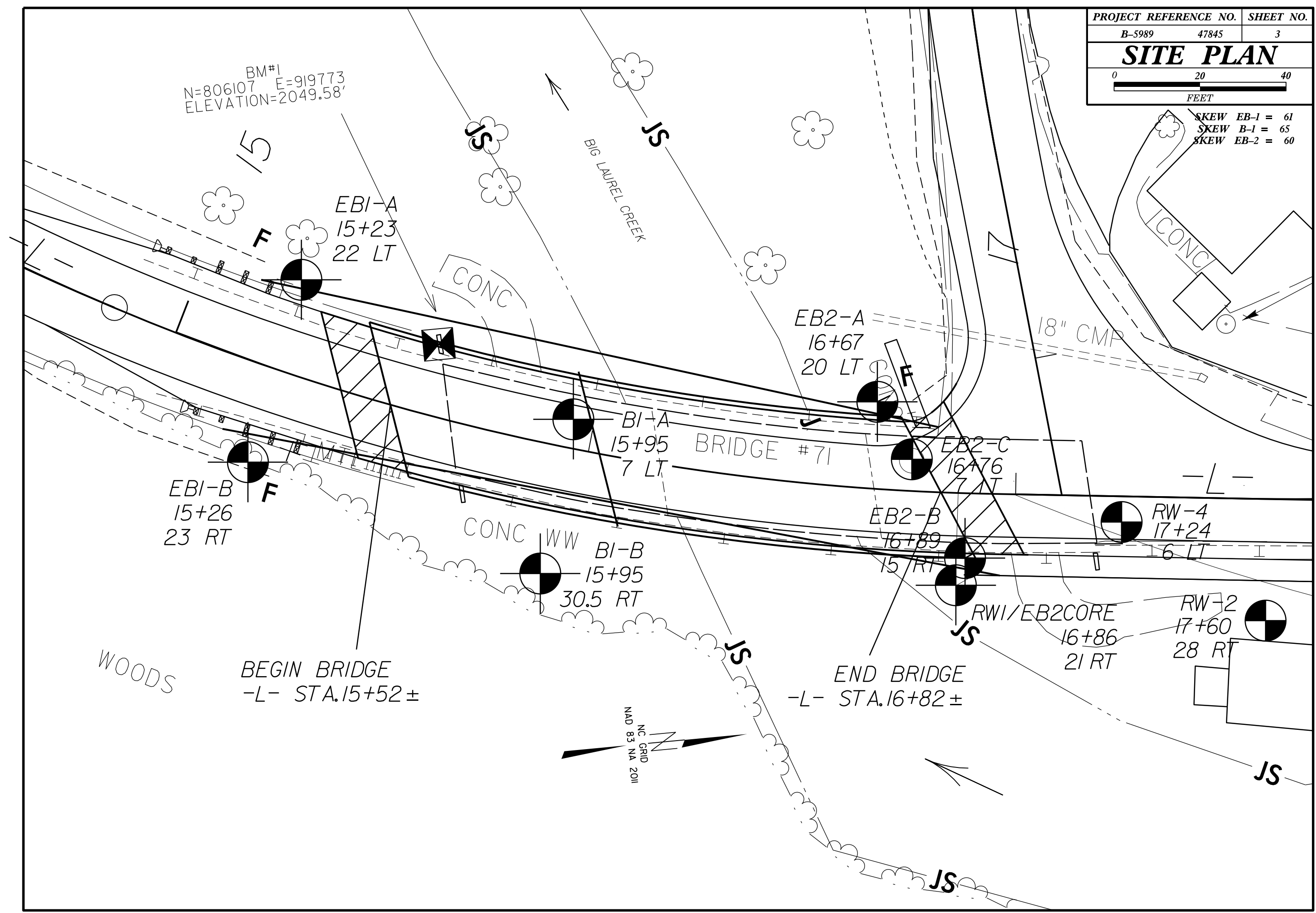
AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-1 — Determination of GSI for Jointed Rock Mass (Marinos and Hoek, 2000)

AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-2 — Determination of GSI for Tectonically Deformed Heterogeneous Rock Masses (Marinos and Hoek, 2000)

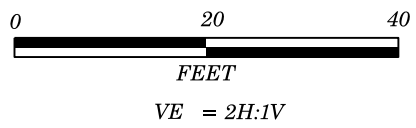
GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) FOR JOINTED ROCKS (Hoek and Marinos, 2000)		SURFACE CONDITIONS					GSI FOR HETEROGENEOUS ROCK MASSES SUCH AS FLYSCH (Marinos, P and Hoek E., 2000)		SURFACE CONDITIONS OF DISCONTINUITIES (Predominantly bedding planes)				
From the lithology, structure and surface conditions of the discontinuities, estimate the average value of GSI. Do not try to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than stating that GSI = 35. Note that the table does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where weak planar structural planes are present in an unfavorable orientation with respect to the excavation face, these will dominate the rock mass behaviour. The shear strength of surfaces in rocks that are prone to deterioration as a result of changes in moisture content will be reduced if water is present. When working with rocks in the fair to very poor categories, a shift to the right may be made for wet conditions. Water pressure is dealt with by effective stress analysis.		VERY GOOD	GOOD	FAIR	POOR	VERY POOR	From a description of the lithology, structure and surface conditions (particularly of the bedding planes), choose a box in the chart. Locate the position in the box that corresponds to the condition of the discontinuities and estimate the average value of GSI from the contours. Do not attempt to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than giving GSI = 35. Note that the Hoek-Brown criterion does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where unfavourably oriented continuous weak planar discontinuities are present, these will dominate the behaviour of the rock mass. The strength of some rock masses is reduced by the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair, poor and very poor conditions. Water pressure does not change the value of GSI and it is dealt with by using effective stress analysis.		VERY GOOD	GOOD	FAIR	POOR	VERY POOR
STRUCTURE		DECREASING SURFACE QUALITY →					COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURE						
	<b>INTACT OR MASSIVE</b> - intact rock specimens or massive in situ rock with few widely spaced discontinuities	90			N/A	N/A	 <p><b>A. Thick bedded, very blocky sandstone</b> The effect of pelitic coatings on the bedding planes is minimized by the confinement of the rock mass. In shallow tunnels or slopes these bedding planes may cause structurally controlled instability.</p>	70					
	<b>BLOCKY</b> - well interlocked undisturbed rock mass consisting of cubical blocks formed by three intersecting discontinuity sets	80	70				 <p><b>B. Sandstone with thin inter-layers of siltstone</b></p>	60	50	40	30	20	10
	<b>VERY BLOCKY</b> - interlocked, partially disturbed mass with multi-faceted angular blocks formed by 4 or more joint sets		60	50			 <p><b>C. Sandstone and siltstone in similar amounts</b></p>		40	30	20	10	
	<b>BLOCKY/DISTURBED/SEAMY</b> - folded with angular blocks formed by many intersecting discontinuity sets. Persistence of bedding planes or schistosity			40			 <p><b>D. Siltstone or silty shale with sandstone layers</b></p>		30	20	10		
	<b>DISINTEGRATED</b> - poorly interlocked, heavily broken rock mass with mixture of angular and rounded rock pieces			30			 <p><b>E. Weak siltstone or clayey shale with sandstone layers</b></p>		20	10			
	<b>LAMINATED/SHEARED</b> - Lack of blockiness due to close spacing of weak schistosity or shear planes	N/A	N/A				 <p><b>F. Tectonically deformed, intensively folded/faulted, sheared clayey shale or siltstone with broken and deformed sandstone layers forming an almost chaotic structure</b></p>		10				
							 <p><b>G. Undisturbed silty or clayey shale with or without a few very thin sandstone layers</b></p>						
							 <p><b>H. Tectonically deformed silty or clayey shale forming a chaotic structure with pockets of clay. Thin layers of sandstone are transformed into small rock pieces.</b></p>						
							→ Means deformation after tectonic disturbance						

SKEW EB-1 = 61  
 SKEW B-1 = 65  
 SKEW EB-2 = 60

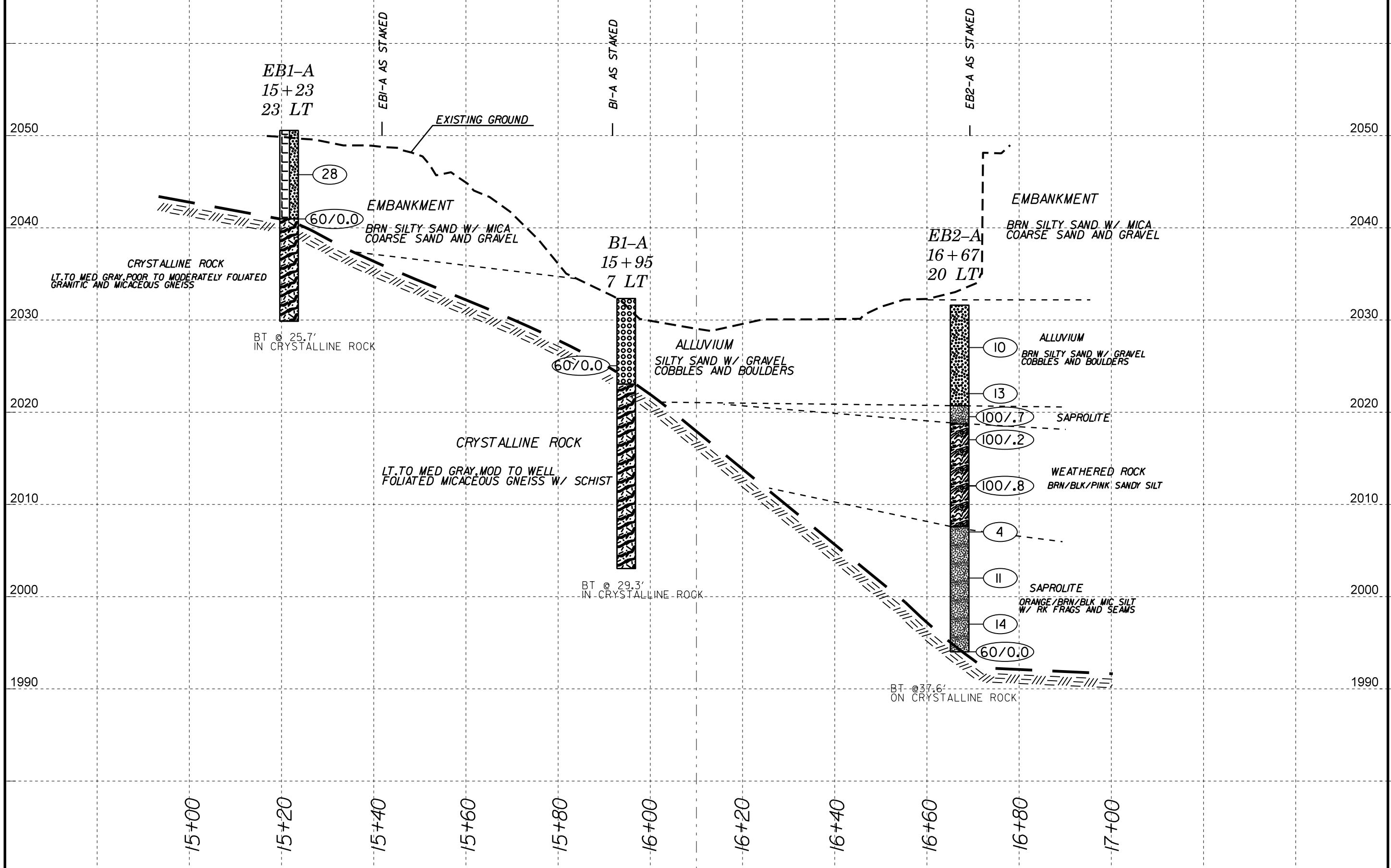
BM#1  
 N=806107 E=919773  
 ELEVATION=2049.58'

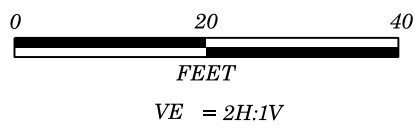




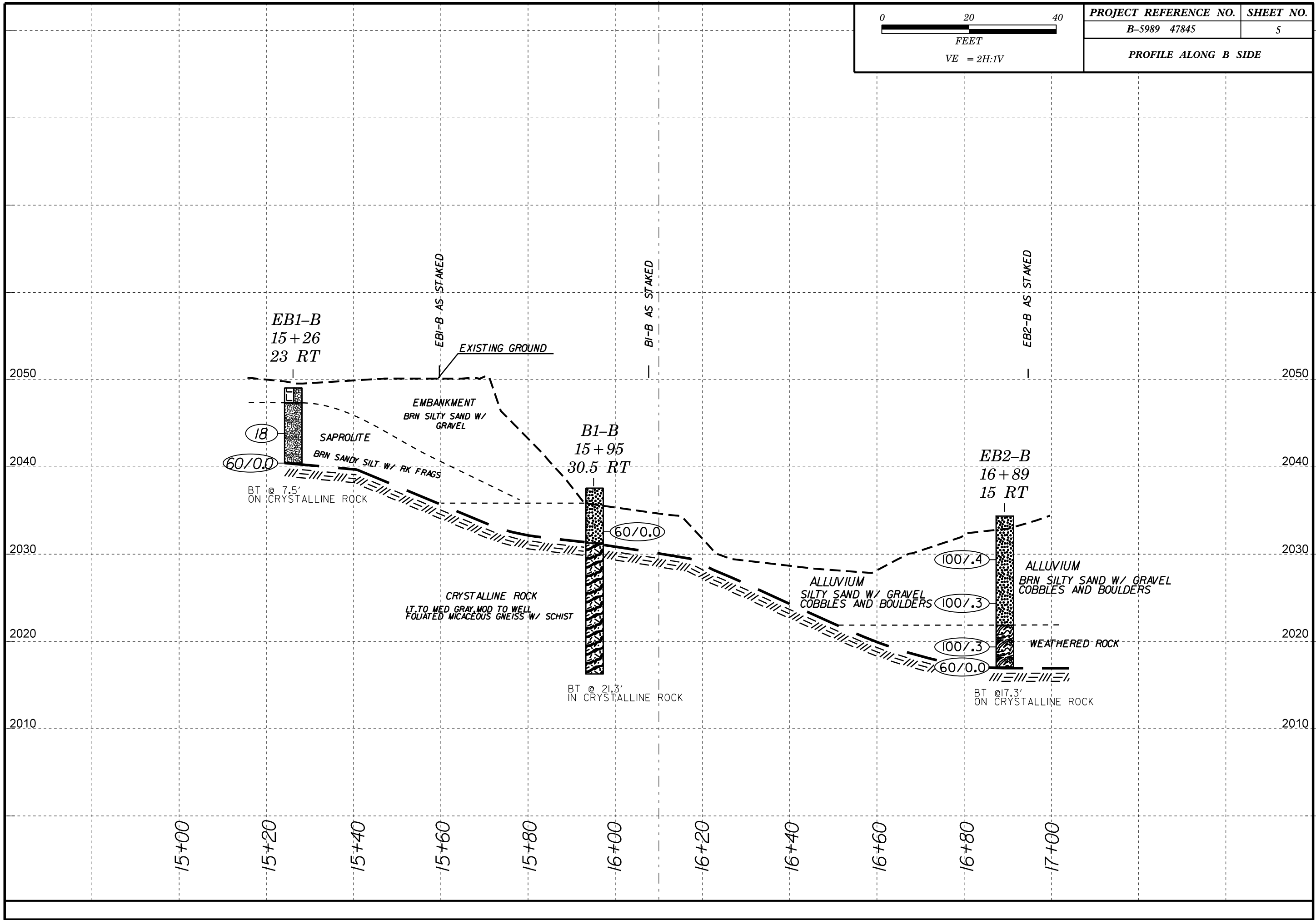


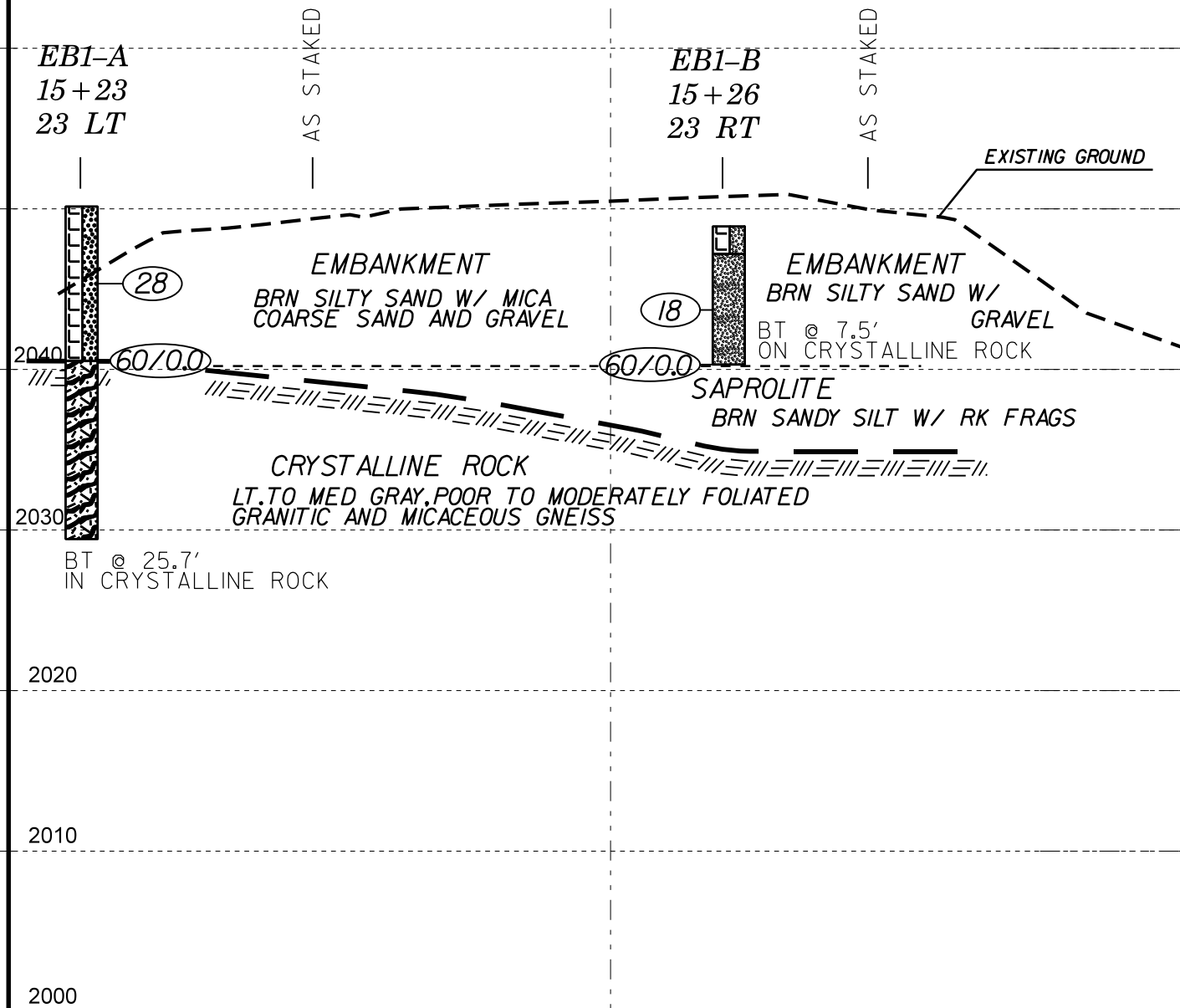
**PROFILE ALONG A SIDE**



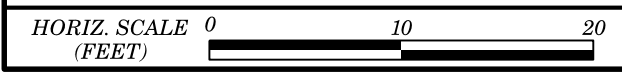


<b>PROJECT REFERENCE NO.</b>	<b>SHEET NO.</b>
B-5989 47845	5
<b>PROFILE ALONG B SIDE</b>	



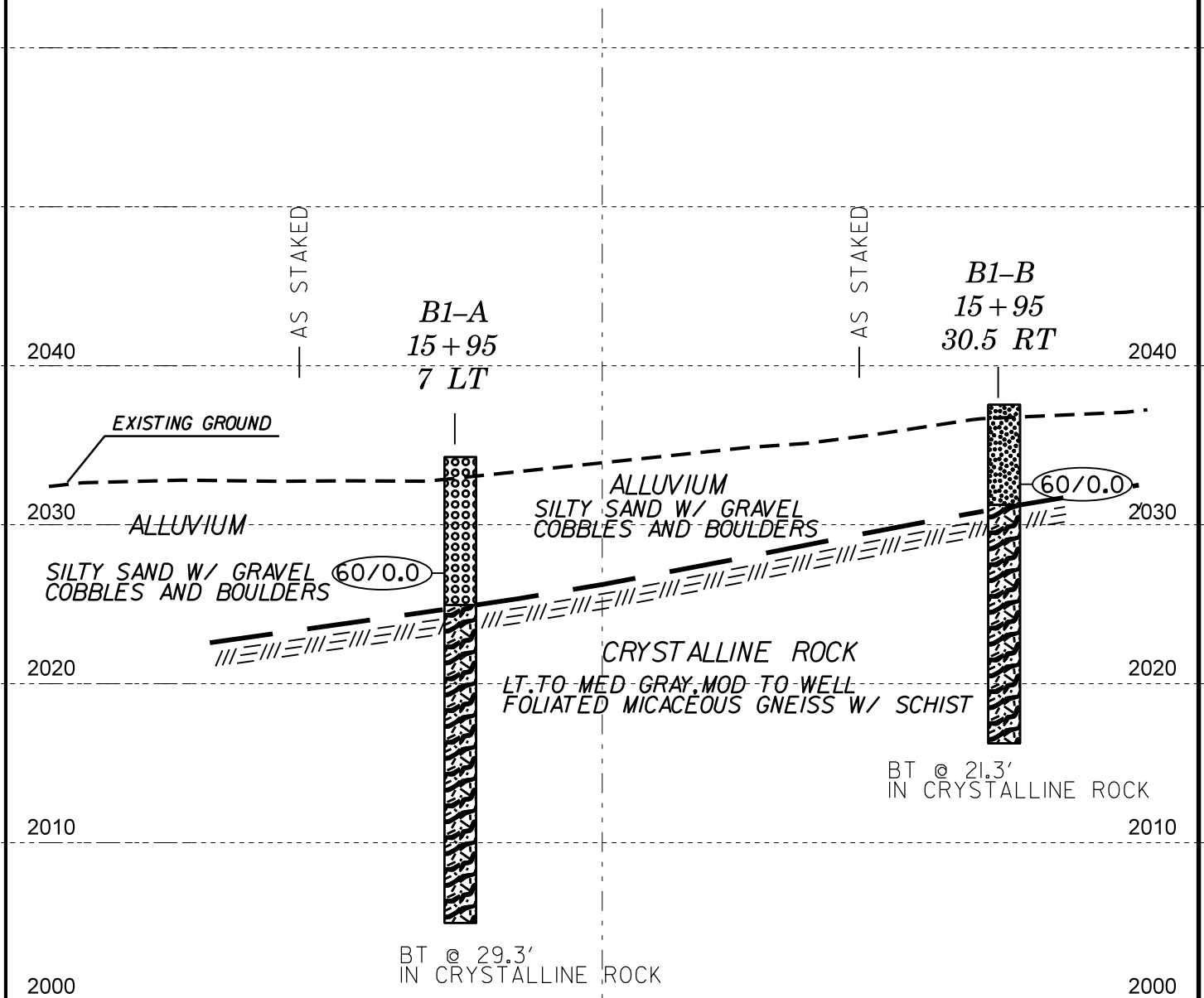


**SKEW = 61**

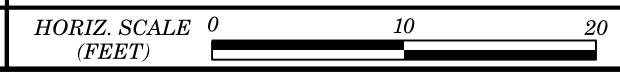


VE = 1:1

**SECTION THROUGH EB-1**

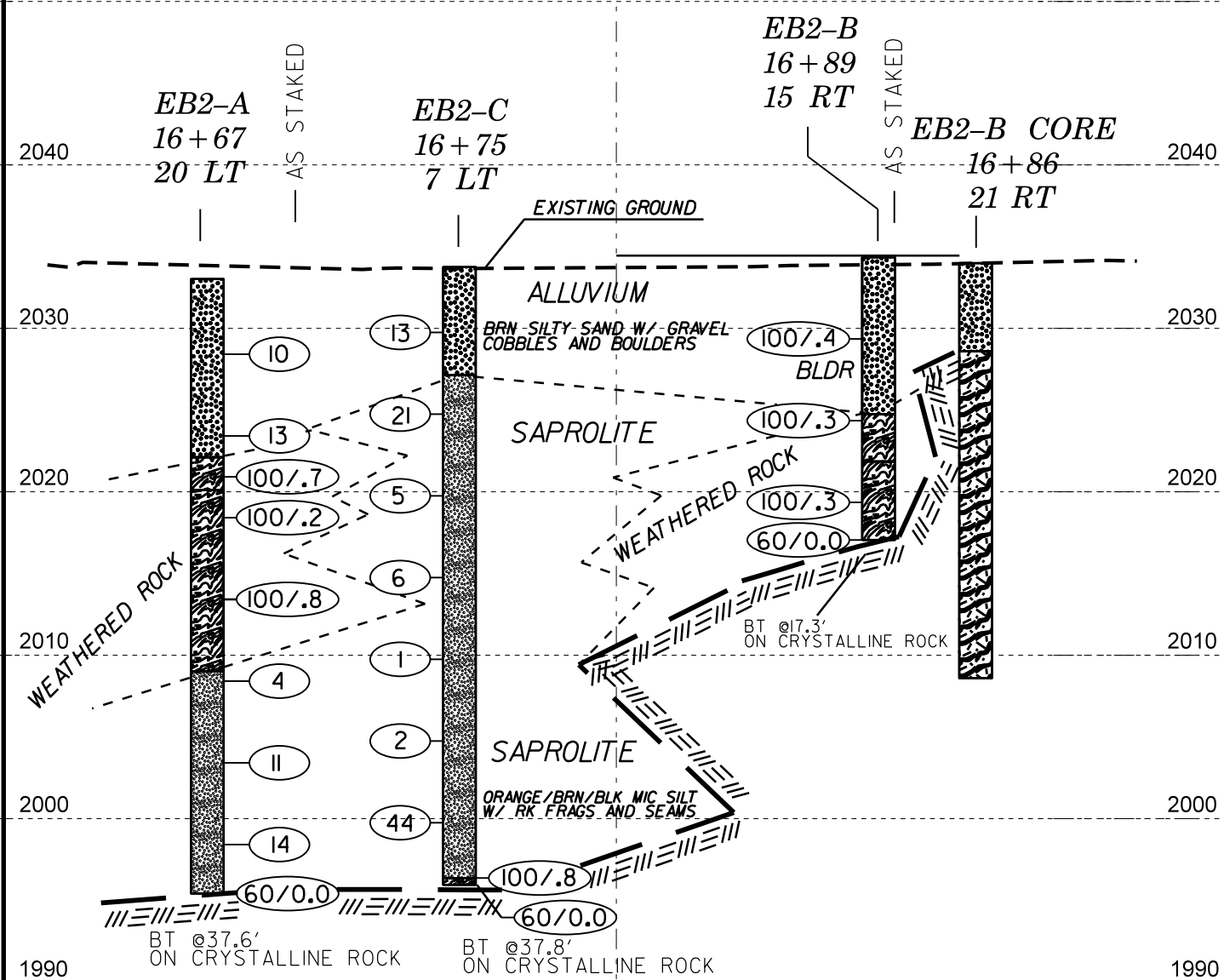


**SKEW = 65**



VE = 1:1

**SECTION THROUGH B-1**



**SKEW = 60**



VE = 1:1

**SECTION THROUGH EB-2**

# GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT BORE LOG

# GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT CORE LOG

WBS 47845.1.1		TIP B-5989		COUNTY MADISON		GEOLOGIST Johnson, C. D.									
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 71 ON SR 1395 OVER BIG LAUREL CREEK, RET. WALL							GROUND WTR (ft)								
BORING NO. EB1-A		STATION 15+23		OFFSET 22 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-									
COLLAR ELEV. 2,050.1 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 25.7 ft		NORTHING 806,076		EASTING 919,755									
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE AFO6744 CME - 45C 92% 07/31/2017			DRILL METHOD NW Casing WSPT & Core			HAMMER TYPE Automatic									
DRILLER Cheek, D. O.		START DATE 08/19/19		COMP. DATE 08/19/19		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A									
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100					
2055															
2050														2,050.1	0.0
2045	2,045.3	4.8	2	8	20							M	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT BRN SANDY SILTY W/ MICA, COARSE SAND AND GRAVEL		
2040	2,040.5	9.6											CRYSTALLINE ROCK LT TO MED GRAY, POORLY TO MODERATELY FOLIATED GRANITIC GNEISS AND MICACEOUS GNEISS	2,040.5	9.6
2035															
2030														2,029.4	20.7
2025															
Boring Terminated WITH STANDARD PENETRATION TEST REFUSAL at Elevation 2,024.4 ft IN CRYSTALLINE ROCK, SCHIST															

WBS 47845.1.1		TIP B-5989		COUNTY MADISON		GEOLOGIST Johnson, C. D.				
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 71 ON SR 1395 OVER BIG LAUREL CREEK, RET. WALL							GROUND WTR (ft)			
BORING NO. EB1-A		STATION 15+23		OFFSET 22 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-				
COLLAR ELEV. 2,050.1 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 25.7 ft		NORTHING 806,076		EASTING 919,755				
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE AFO6744 CME - 45C 92% 07/31/2017			DRILL METHOD NW Casing WSPT & Core			HAMMER TYPE Automatic				
DRILLER Cheek, D. O.		START DATE 08/19/19		COMP. DATE 08/19/19		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A				
CORE SIZE NXWL		TOTAL RUN 15.5 ft		RUN		STRATA		LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	DEPTH (ft)
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %	SAMP. NO.			
	2,039.9	10.2	0.5		(0.5) 100%	(0.4) 80%				
	2,039.4	10.7	5.0		(2.4) 48%	(2.4) 48%				
2035	2,034.4	15.7	5.0		(0.4) 8%	(0.0) 0%				
2030	2,029.4	20.7	5.0		(4.4) 88%	(1.7) 34%				
2025	2,024.4	25.7								
Boring Terminated WITH STANDARD PENETRATION TEST REFUSAL at Elevation 2,024.4 ft IN CRYSTALLINE ROCK, SCHIST										
<b>GSI:</b> 10.7-15.7' 20-30 WRK SEAMS 15.7-20.7' <10 SEAMY RK/WRK 20.7-25.7' 60-70										

# GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

## BORE LOG

WBS 47845.1.1		TIP B-5989		COUNTY MADISON		GEOLOGIST Johnson, C. D.										
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 71 ON SR 1395 OVER BIG LAUREL CREEK, RET. WALL							GROUND WTR (ft)									
BORING NO. EB1-B		STATION 15+26		OFFSET 23 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-										
COLLAR ELEV. 2,049.0 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 7.5 ft		NORTHING 806,061		EASTING 919,797										
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE AFO6744 CME - 45C 92% 07/31/2017				DRILL METHOD NW Casing w/ SPT		HAMMER TYPE Automatic										
DRILLER Cheek, D. O.		START DATE 08/15/19		COMP. DATE 08/15/19		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A										
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION			
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100			ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)		
2050														2,049.0	0.0	GROUND SURFACE
														2,047.3	1.7	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT BRN MIC SANDY SILT W/ GRAVEL
2045	2,043.8	5.2	5	5	13							M				SAPROLITE BRN SANDY SILT. W/ MICA AND RK FRAGS
	2,040.4	8.6	60/0.0											2,040.4	8.6	Boring Terminated WITH STANDARD PENETRATION TEST REFUSAL at Elevation 2,041.5 ft ON CRYSTALLINE ROCK

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE B5989\_BORELOGS.GPJ NC\_DOT.GDT 12/4/19



# GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT BORE LOG

# GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT CORE LOG

WBS 47845.1.1		TIP B-5989		COUNTY MADISON		GEOLOGIST Johnson, C. D.										
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 71 ON SR 1395 OVER BIG LAUREL CREEK, RET. WALL							GROUND WTR (ft)									
BORING NO. B1-A		STATION 15+95		OFFSET 7 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-										
COLLAR ELEV. 2,034.3 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 29.3 ft		NORTHING 806,136		EASTING 919,793										
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE AFC6744 CME - 45C 92% 07/31/2017			DRILL METHOD NW Casing W/SPT & Core			HAMMER TYPE Automatic										
DRILLER Cheek, D. O.		START DATE 11/04/19		COMP. DATE 11/04/19		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A										
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)		
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100						
2035														2,034.3	GROUND SURFACE	0.0
2030															ALLUVIAL SILTY SAND W/ GRAVEL COBBLES AND BOULDERS	
2025	2,027.0	7.3	60/0.0											2,025.0	CRYSTALLINE ROCK LT TO MED GRAY, MOD/WELL FOLIATED MICA GNEISS W/ SCHIST LAYERS	9.3
2020																
2015																
2010																
														2,005.0	Boring Terminated WITH STANDARD PENETRATION TEST REFUSAL at Elevation 2,005.0 ft ON BOULDER	29.3

WBS 47845.1.1		TIP B-5989		COUNTY MADISON		GEOLOGIST Johnson, C. D.						
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 71 ON SR 1395 OVER BIG LAUREL CREEK, RET. WALL							GROUND WTR (ft)					
BORING NO. B1-A		STATION 15+95		OFFSET 7 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-						
COLLAR ELEV. 2,034.3 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 29.3 ft		NORTHING 806,136		EASTING 919,793						
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE AFC6744 CME - 45C 92% 07/31/2017			DRILL METHOD NW Casing W/SPT & Core			HAMMER TYPE Automatic						
DRILLER Cheek, D. O.		START DATE 11/04/19		COMP. DATE 11/04/19		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A						
CORE SIZE NXWL				TOTAL RUN 22.0 ft								
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	RUN		SAMP. NO.	STRATA		LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	DEPTH (ft)
					REC. (ft) %	ROD (ft) %		REC. (ft) %	ROD (ft) %			
2027.04	2,027.0	7.3	2.0	N=BLDR							Begin Coring @ 7.3 ft ALLUVIAL (continued)	
2025	2,025.0	9.3	5.0		(3.6) 72%	(0.8) 16%					CRYSTALLINE ROCK STEEPLY DIPPING JOINTS	9.3
2020	2,020.0	14.3	5.0		(4.4) 88%	(3.5) 70%						
2015	2,015.0	19.3	5.0		(5.0) 100%	(4.0) 80%						
2010	2,010.0	24.3	5.0		(4.8) 96%	(3.4) 68%						
	2,005.0	29.3									Boring Terminated WITH STANDARD PENETRATION TEST REFUSAL at Elevation 2,005.0 ft ON BOULDER	29.3

GSI:  
 7.3' - 9.3' = BLDR  
 9.3' - 15.3' = 25-35  
 15.3' - 29.3' = 55-70

# GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT BORE LOG

# GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT CORE LOG

WBS 47845.1.1		TIP B-5989		COUNTY MADISON		GEOLOGIST Johnson, C. D.									
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 71 ON SR 1395 OVER BIG LAUREL CREEK, RET. WALL							GROUND WTR (ft)								
BORING NO. B1-B		STATION 15+95		OFFSET 31 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-									
COLLAR ELEV. 2,037.6 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 21.3 ft		NORTHING 806,126		EASTING 919,829									
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE AFO6744 CME - 45C 92% 07/31/2017				DRILL METHOD N/A		HAMMER TYPE Automatic									
DRILLER Cheek, D. O.		START DATE 08/15/19		COMP. DATE 08/15/19		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A									
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100					
2040															
2035														GROUND SURFACE	0.0
2030	2,032.6	5.0	60/0.0										ALLUVIAL SILTY SAND W/ GRAVEL, COBBLES, BOULDERS	6.3	
2025													CRYSTALLINE ROCK		
2020													LT TO MED GRAY, MOD TO WELL FOLIATED MICA GNEISS W/ SCHIST LAYERS		
													Boring Terminated with Standard Penetration Test Refusal at Elevation 2,016.3 ft ON BOULDER	21.3	

WBS 47845.1.1		TIP B-5989		COUNTY MADISON		GEOLOGIST Johnson, C. D.						
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 71 ON SR 1395 OVER BIG LAUREL CREEK, RET. WALL							GROUND WTR (ft)					
BORING NO. B1-B		STATION 15+95		OFFSET 31 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-						
COLLAR ELEV. 2,037.6 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 21.3 ft		NORTHING 806,126		EASTING 919,829						
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE AFO6744 CME - 45C 92% 07/31/2017				DRILL METHOD N/A		HAMMER TYPE Automatic						
DRILLER Cheek, D. O.		START DATE 08/15/19		COMP. DATE 08/15/19		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A						
CORE SIZE NXWL			TOTAL RUN 19.8 ft									
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	RUN		SAMP. NO.	STRATA		LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	DEPTH (ft)
					REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %		REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %			
2036.07	2,036.1	1.5	4.8		(0.7) 15%	(0.0) 0%					Begin Coring @ 1.5 ft	
2035	2,031.3	6.3		N=BLDR							ALLUVIAL BOULDERS	6.3
2030			5.0		(4.0) 80%	(2.2) 44%					CRYSTALLINE ROCK	
2025	2,026.3	11.3			(4.1) 82%	(2.9) 58%						
2020	2,021.3	16.3			(5.0) 100%	(5.0) 100%						
	2,016.3	21.3									Boring Terminated with Standard Penetration Test Refusal at Elevation 2,016.3 ft ON BOULDER	21.3

GSI:  
6.3' - 12.0' = 50-60  
12.0' - 21.3' = 80-90

# GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT BORE LOG

# GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT BORE LOG

WBS 47845.1.1		TIP B-5989		COUNTY MADISON		GEOLOGIST Johnson, C. D.										
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 71 ON SR 1395 OVER BIG LAUREL CREEK, RET. WALL							GROUND WTR (ft)									
BORING NO. EB2-A		STATION 16+67		OFFSET 20 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-										
COLLAR ELEV. 2,033.1 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 37.6 ft		NORTHING 806,208		EASTING 919,796										
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE AFO6744 CME - 45C 92% 07/31/2017			DRILL METHOD NW Casing w/ SPT			HAMMER TYPE Automatic										
DRILLER Cheek, D. O.		START DATE 08/12/19		COMP. DATE 08/12/19		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A										
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG MOI	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)		
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100						
2035														2,033.1	GROUND SURFACE	0.0
2030	2,028.5	4.6	4	4	6							W	ALLUVIAL BRN SILTY SAND W/ GRAVEL COBBLES AND BOULDERS			
2025	2,023.5	9.6	2	2	11							W				
2020	2,021.0	12.1	47	53/0.2									WEATHERED ROCK BRN/BLK/PINK SANDY SILT	12.9		
2015	2,018.5	14.6	100/2													
2010	2,013.5	19.6	37	63/0.3												
2005	2,008.5	24.6	6	2	2							W	SAPROLITE ORANGE/BRN/BLK MICACEOUS SILT W/ RK FRAGS AN SEAMS	24.0		
2000	2,004.5	28.6	16	5	6							W				
	1,998.5	34.6	7	8	6							M				
	1,995.5	37.6	60/0.0										ROCK	37.6		

WBS 47845.1.1		TIP B-5989		COUNTY MADISON		GEOLOGIST Johnson, C. D.										
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 71 ON SR 1395 OVER BIG LAUREL CREEK, RET. WALL							GROUND WTR (ft)									
BORING NO. RW-1/EB2-B		STATION 16+89		OFFSET 15 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-										
COLLAR ELEV. 2,034.4 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 17.3 ft		NORTHING 806,224		EASTING 919,837										
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE AFO6744 CME - 45C 92% 07/31/2017			DRILL METHOD NW Casing w/ SPT			HAMMER TYPE Automatic										
DRILLER Cheek, D. O.		START DATE 08/13/19		COMP. DATE 08/13/19		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A										
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG MOI	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)		
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100						
2035														2,034.4	GROUND SURFACE	0.0
2030	2,029.4	5.0										M	ALLUVIAL TAN/BRN SILTY SAND W/ PEBBLES, COBBLES AND BOULDERS			
2025	2,024.4	10.0										M				
2020	2,019.4	15.0											WEATHERED ROCK LT GRAY/TAN SILTY SAND	12.5		
	2,017.1	17.3											ROCK	17.3		
													Boring Terminated WITH STANDARD PENETRATION TEST REFUSAL at Elevation 2,017.1 ft ON CRYSTALLINE ROCK, SCHIST			





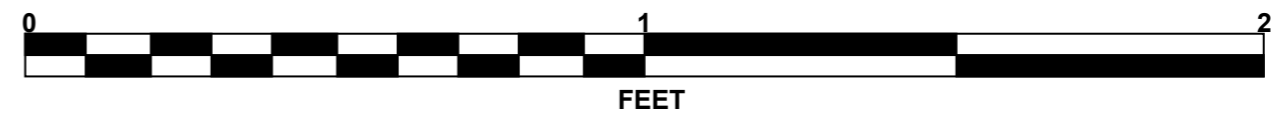
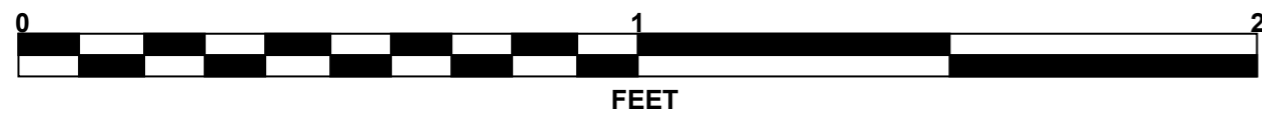
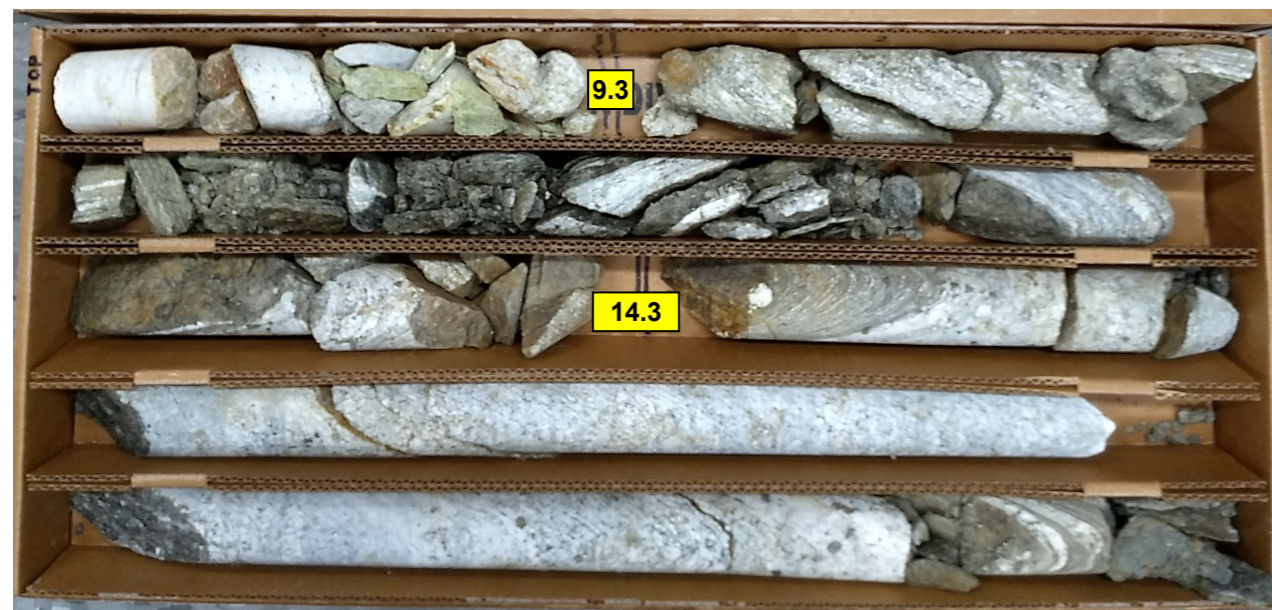


# CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

**B1-A**  
BOX 1: 7.3 - 19.3 FEET

**B1-A**  
BOX 2: 19.3 - 29.3 FEET

GSI:  
7.3-9.3' BLDR  
9.3-15.3' 25-35  
15.3-29.3' 55-70





# CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

## B1-B

BOX 1: 6.3 - 16.3 FEET

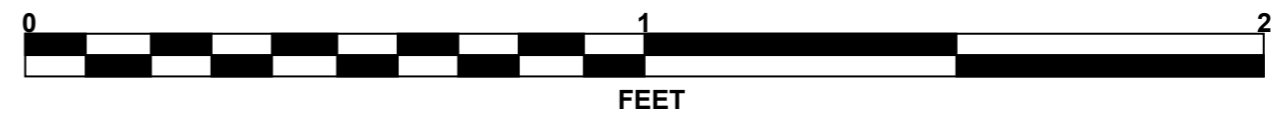
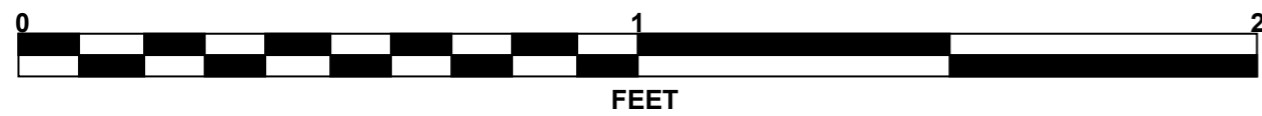
## B1-B

BOX 2: 16.3 - 21.3 FEET

GSI:

6.3-12.0' 50-60

12.0-21.3' 80-90

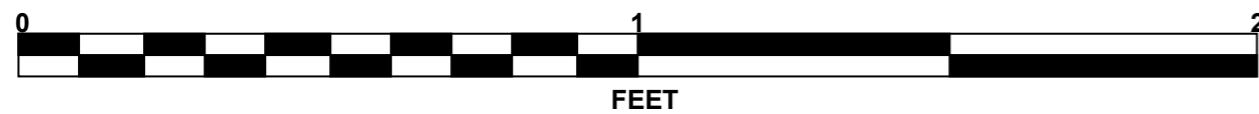
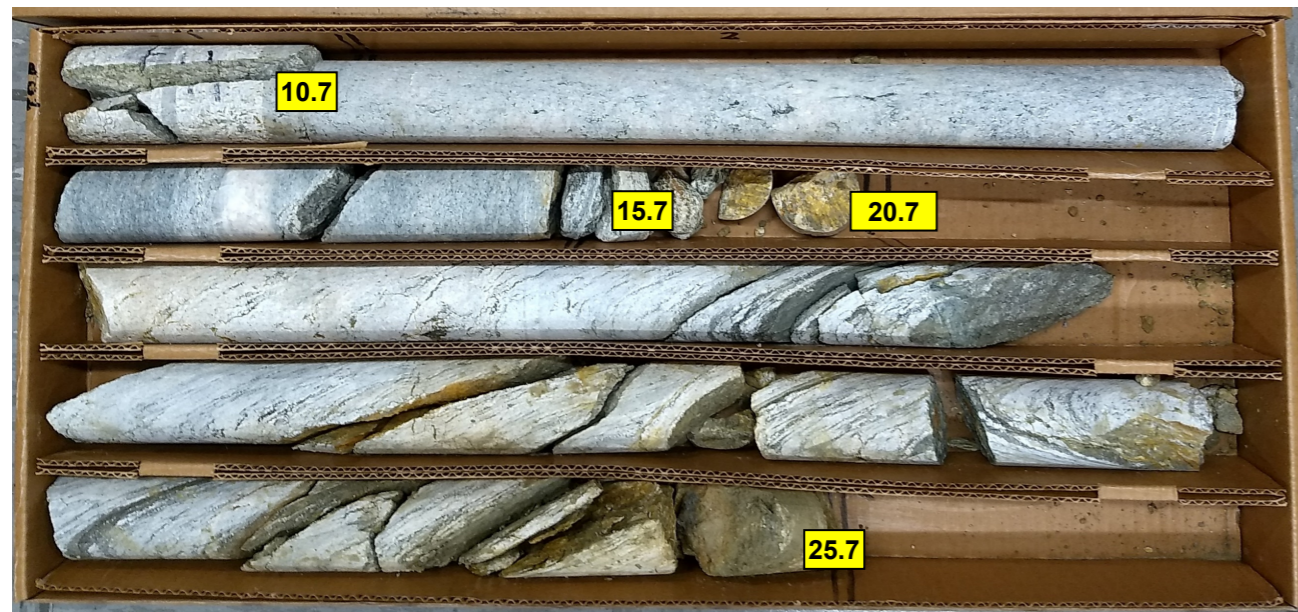


# CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

## EB1-A

BOX 1: 10.2 - 20.7 FEET

GSI:  
10.7-15.7' 20-30 SEAMS OF WRK  
15.7-20.7' <10 SEAMY RK/WRK  
20.7-25.7 60-70



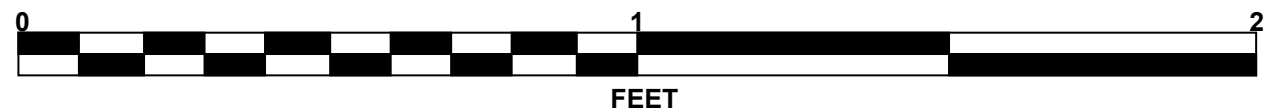


# CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

## EB2-B CORE

BOX 1 OF 3: 5.4 - 13.8 FEET

GSI 6.4 - 15.8 = 60-70  
GSI 15.8 - 22.8 = 50-60



## EB2-B CORE

BOX 2 OF 3: 13.8 - 22.4 FEET

GSI 6.4 - 15.8 = 60-70  
GSI 15.8 - 22.8 = 50-60



# CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

**EB2-B CORE**  
BOX 3 OF 3: 22.4 - 25.4 FEET

GSI 22.8 - 25.4 = 40-50

